

Supporting information

Early SDS induced collapse of α -synuclein correlates with its amyloid formation

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Figure 1S:

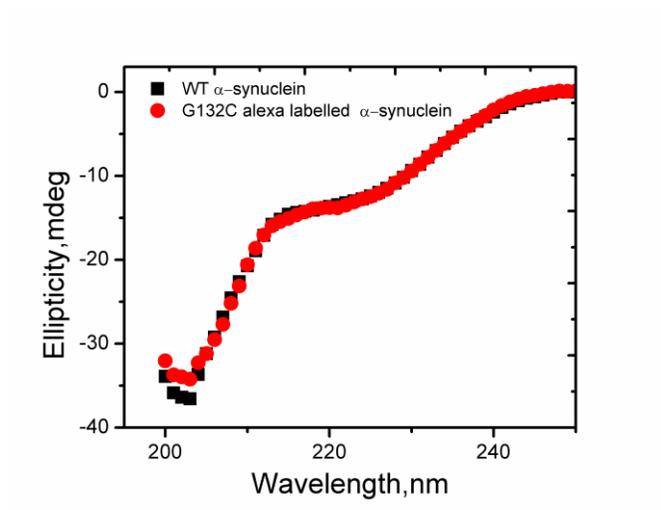


Figure 1S: Far UV CD spectra of WT- type (Black) and Alexa488 labeled A-syn (red) in 20 mM NaH_2PO_4 buffer, pH 7.4.

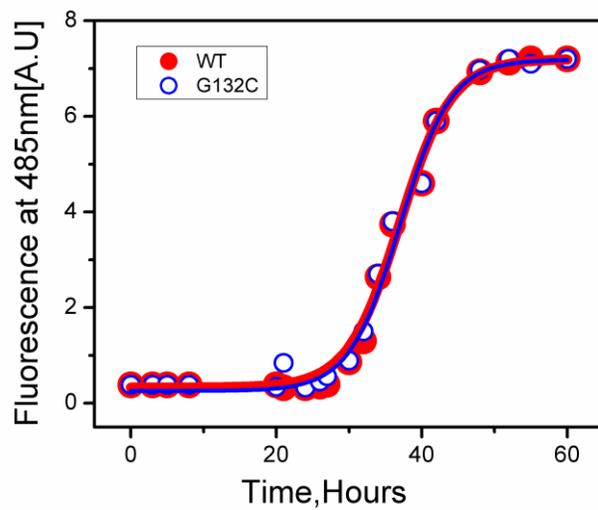


Figure 2S: Aggregation kinetics of WT and G132C mutant of A-syn using ThT binding fluorescence indicating the identical aggregation behavior of these two proteins.

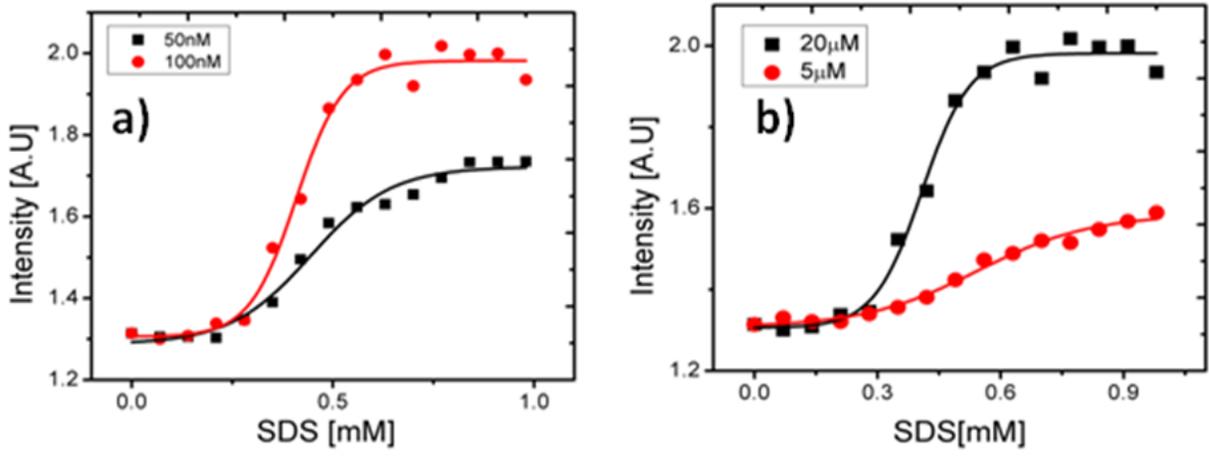


Figure 3S: Dependence of FRET data on the concentration of (a) labeled and (b) unlabeled A-syn. The concentration of the unlabeled protein in figure (a) is 20µM. The concentration of the labeled protein in figure (b) is 100nM.

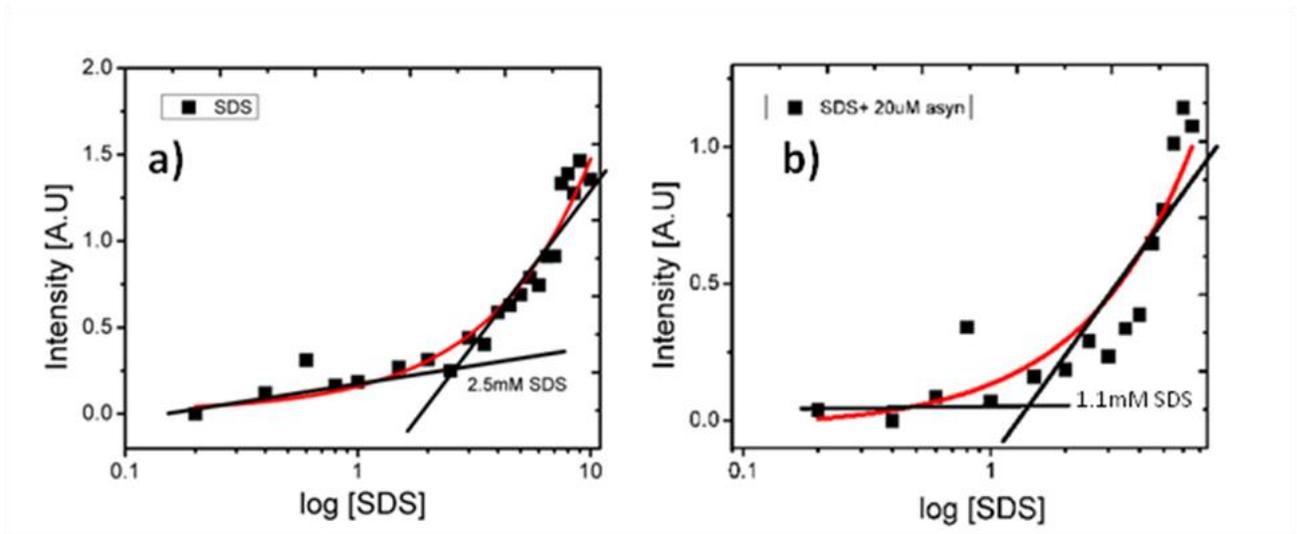


Figure 4S: Determination of CMC of SDS in the absence (a) and presence of A-syn (b) as determined by fluorescence light scattering measurements.

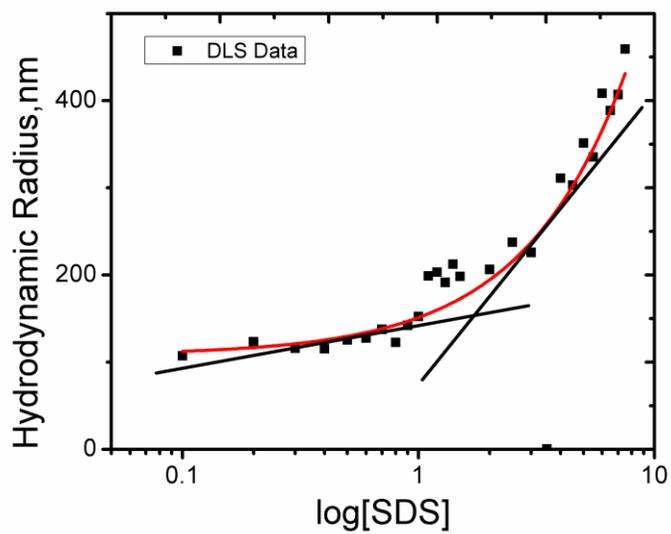


Figure 5S: Determination of the cmc of SDS in the presence of 20 μ M A-syn using the dynamic light scattering measurements.

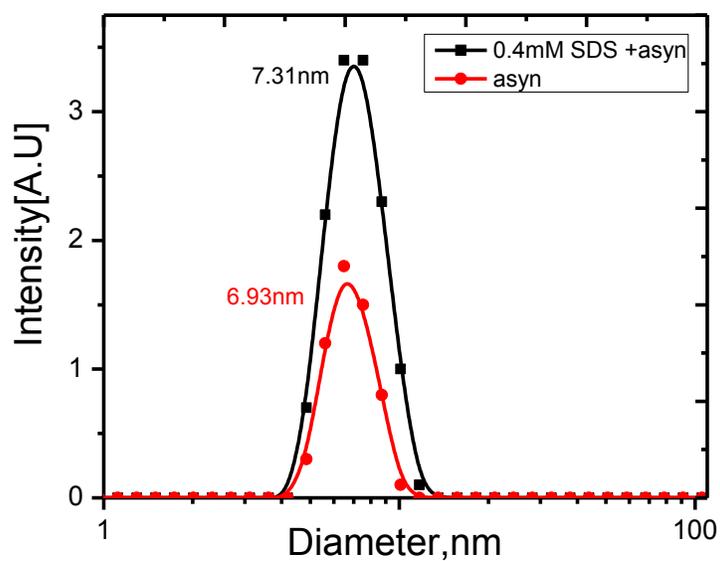


Figure 6S: Dynamic scattering data obtained with A-syn in the absence (red) and presence of 0.4mM SDS (black). The relatively modest change in hydrodynamic diameter rules out any multimer formation.

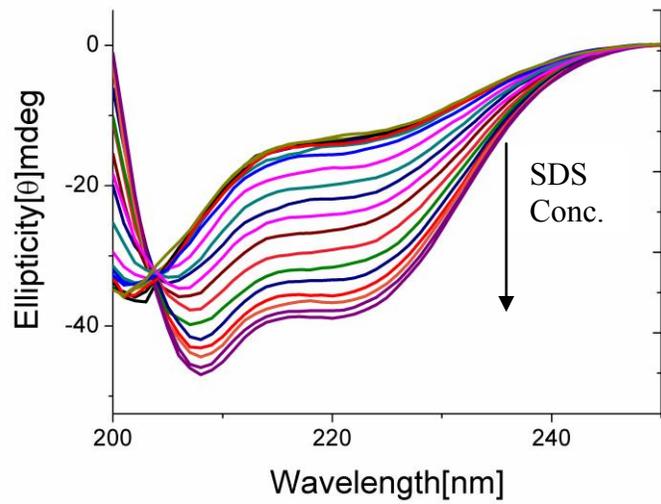


Figure 7S: Far UV CD spectra of A-syn in the absence and presence of different concentrations of SDS. The data show the transition from the natively unfolded to the alpha helical conformation.

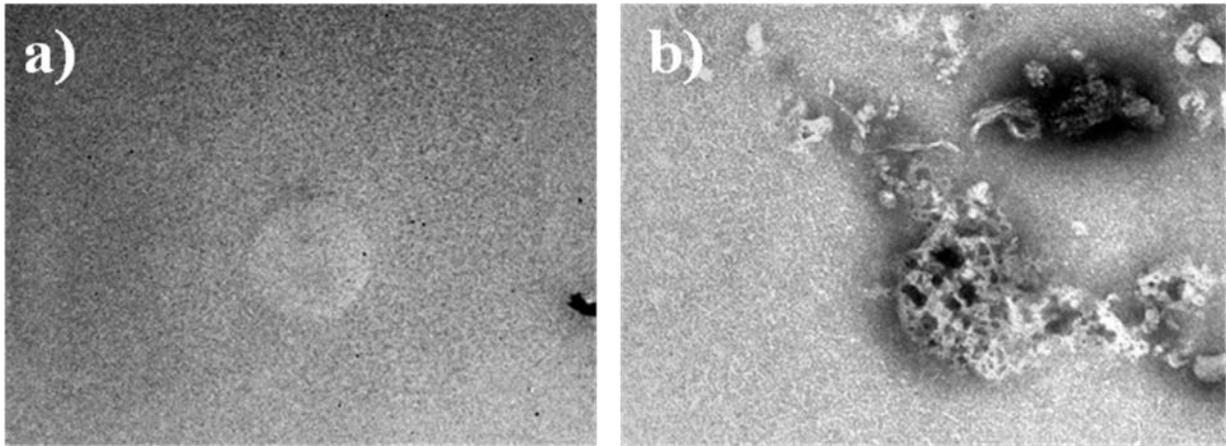


Figure 8S: TEM image of 20 μ M of alpha synuclein incubated in (a) 0.1mM and (b) 1mM SDS solution with constant shaking for 2 hours. No aggregation was observed in the presence of 0.1mM SDS. In contrast, the presence of protein aggregates was detected in the presence of 1mM SDS concentration.

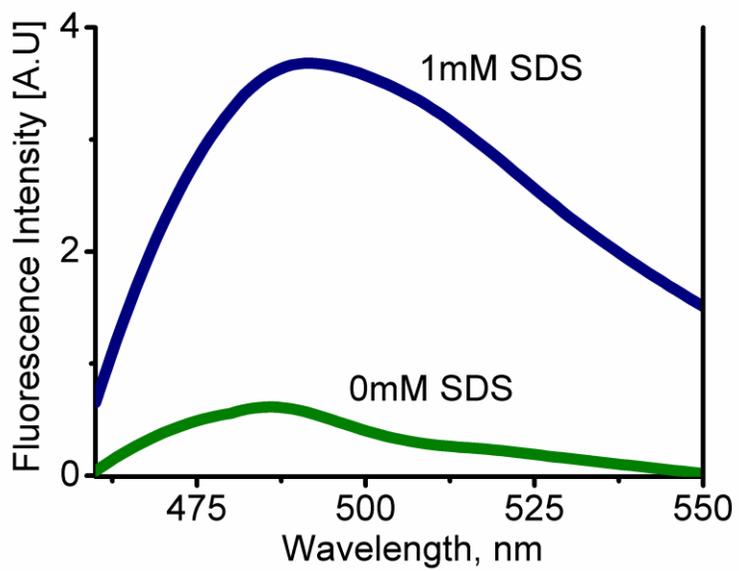


Figure 9S: Fluorescence enhancement due to ThT binding of A-syn in absence (green) and presence of 1mM SDS (blue).