1	Supporting Information
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4 5	Highly efficient forward osmosis based on porous membranes - applications and implications
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46 S1. Optical micrograph of oil/water emulsion

Fig. S1 shows a typical optical micrograph of the oil/water emulsion, observed using a digital microscope (VHX-500F, KEYENCE, United States of America). In the current study, most of the size of oil droplets ranged from $10 - 50 \mu m$ for the O/W system and 5-30 O/W/S μm for the o/w/s system.

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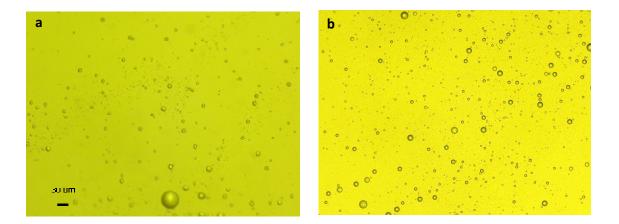


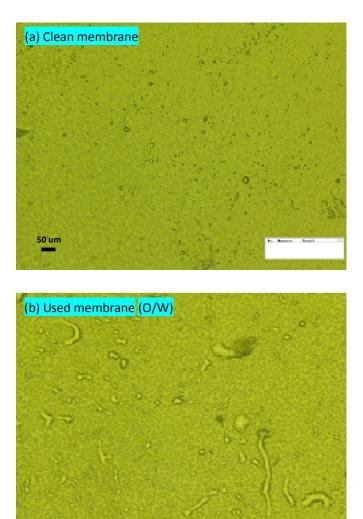
Figure S1. An optical micrograph of (a) mixture of oil and water (O/W); (b) mixture of oil, water, and SDS (O/W/S).

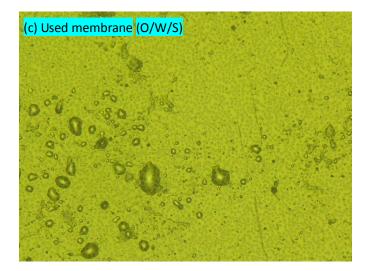
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54 S2. Micrographs of the porous UF-like FO membrane

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Figure S2 shows the optical micrographs of a clean membrane and a used membrane after oil/water separation. No discernable change of the membrane surface was observed, suggesting that the membrane has good antifouling properties against the oil/water emulsion or oil/water/surfactant emulsion.





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Figure S2. Optical micrographs of the porous UF-like FO membrane. (a) A clean membrane, (b) a used membrane after oil/water separation and gently rinsed

64 with DI water and (c) a used membrane after oil/water/surfactant separation and

65 gently rinsed with DI water.

67 S3. Comparison of UF and porous-FO fouling

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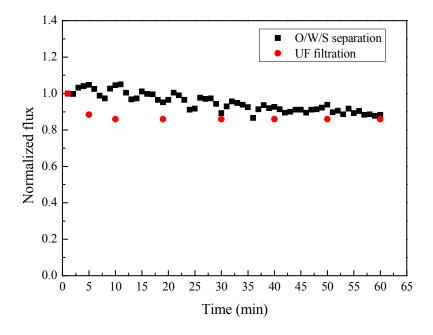
69 Figure S3 shows compares the flux behavior of the same porous UF membrane under

FO testing and UF testing. To ensure a fair comparison, the applied pressure in the UF

testing was adjusted to achieve a similar initial flux to FO testing. In the current study,

72 UF experienced fast flux decline compared to FO, especially during the initial stage.

73 Comparable flux was observed towards the end of the tests.



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75 Figure S3. Comparison of UF and porous-FO fouling.