

Biodegradable and pH-Responsive Nanoparticles Designed for Site-Specific Delivery in Agriculture

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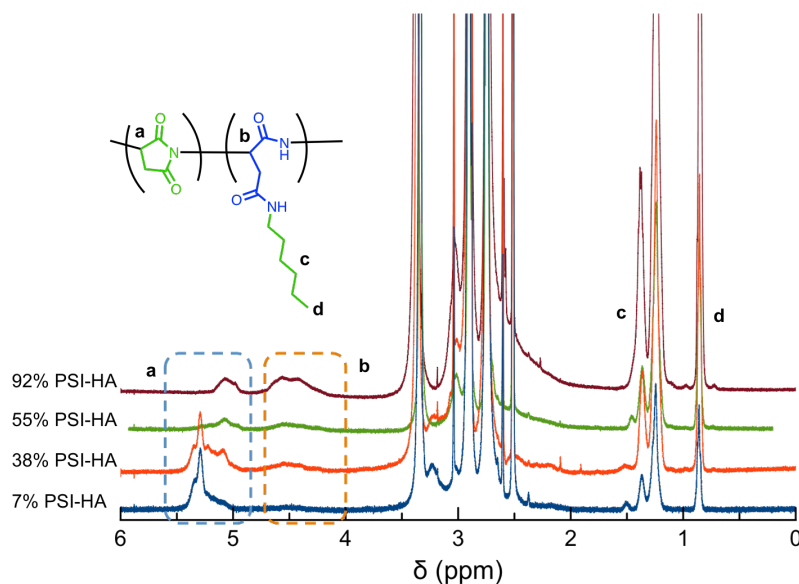


Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectra of PSI-HA copolymers with functionalization 7-92%.

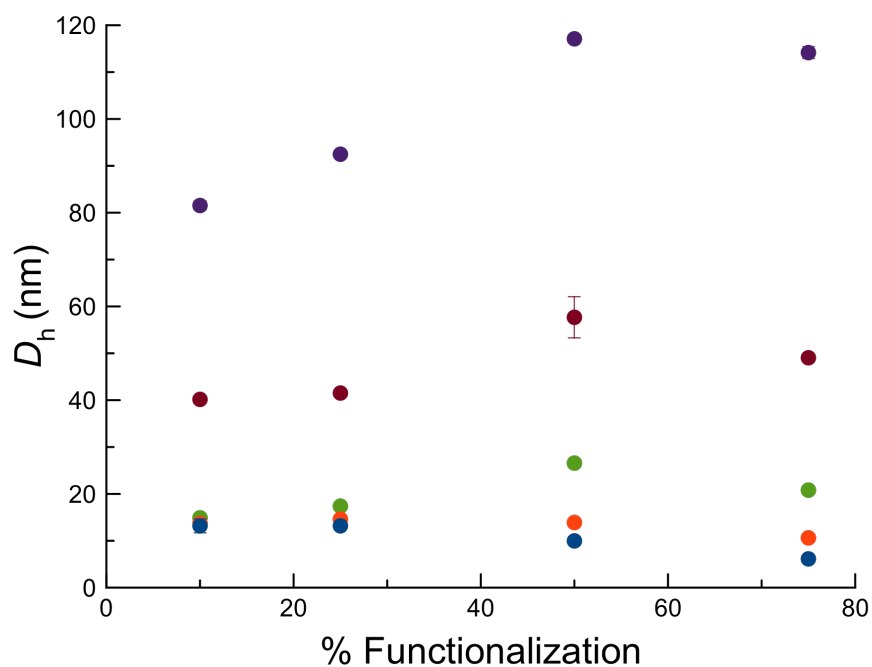


Figure S2. Hydrodynamic diameter (D_h (nm)) as determined by DLS of PSI-nanoparticles versus percent functionalization with HA for nanoparticles precipitated at different concentrations (• 100 mg/mL, • 50 mg/mL, • 20 mg/mL, • 10 mg/mL, and • 5 mg/mL).

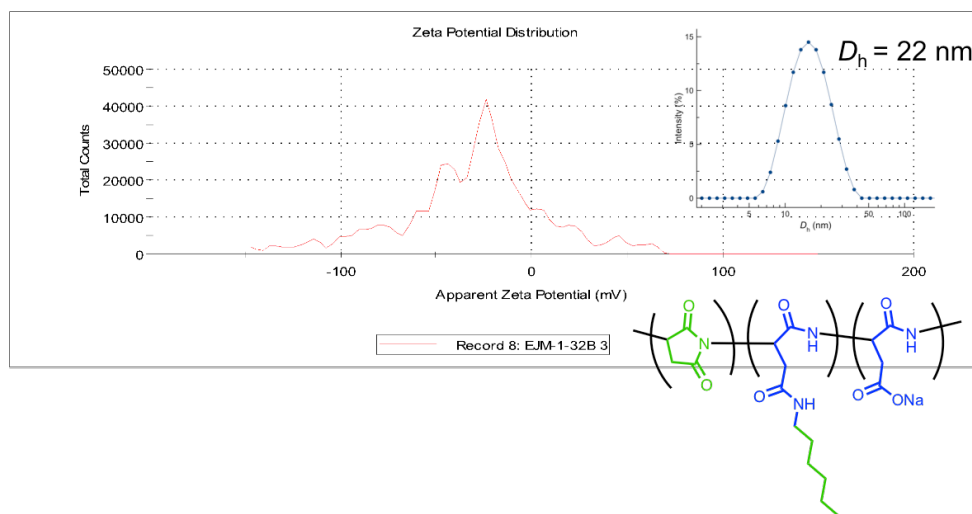


Figure S3. Zeta potential and DLS size distribution for 15% PSI-HA with 1% hydrolysis

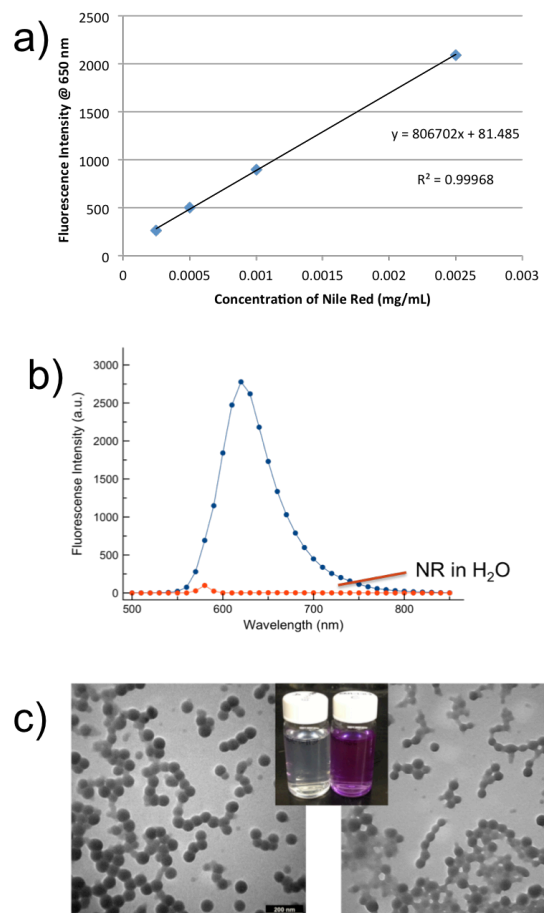


Figure S4. (a) Fluorescence calibration of Nile Red in DMF with $\lambda_{\text{excitation}} = 530 \text{ nm}$ and $\lambda_{\text{emission}} = 650 \text{ nm}$, (b) Fluorescence intensity of loaded 1% PSI-HA nanoparticles compared to Nile red in water and, (c) TEM images of 50% PSI-HA nanoparticles before Nile red loading (left, clear), and after loading (right, pink).

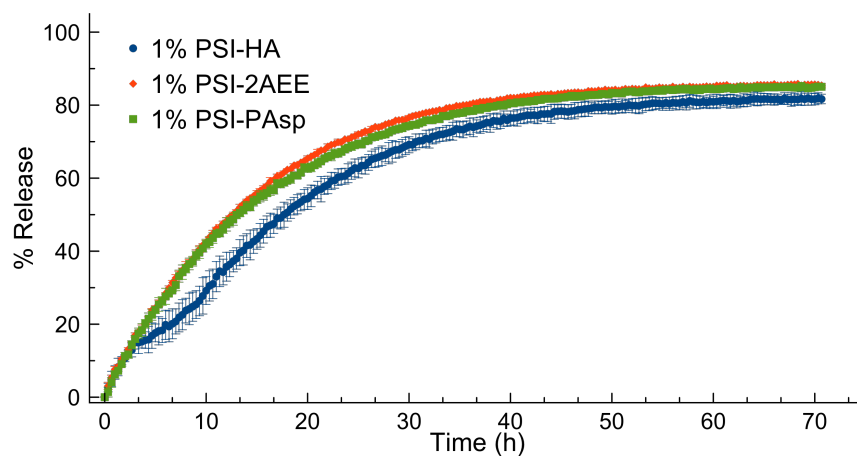


Figure S5. Release of Nile Red with varying functionalizing moieties (1% functionalization PSI-HA, PSI-2AEE, and PSI-PAsp)

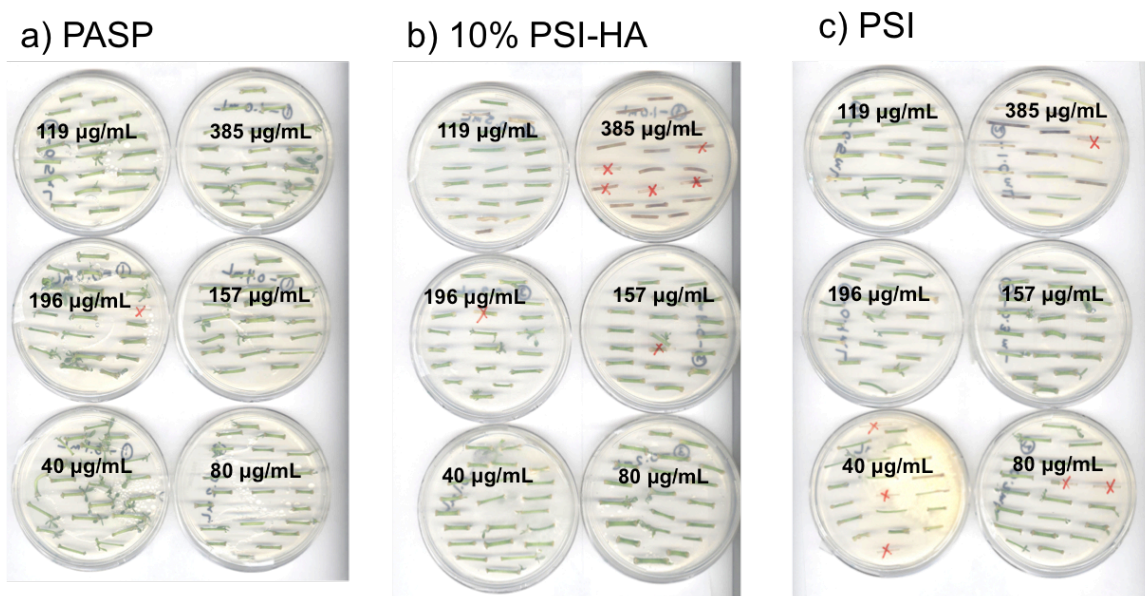


Figure S6. Plant tissue toxicity study of various polymer concentrations after 21 days of (a) PASP, (b) 10% PSI-HA, and (c) PSI