## **Supporting Information**

## Hybridized Electromagnetic-Triboelectric Nanogenerator for Scavenging Air-Flow Energy to Sustainably Power Temperature Sensors

Xue Wang, <sup>†</sup> Shuhua Wang, <sup>†</sup> Ya Yang, <sup>†,\*</sup> and Zhong Lin Wang<sup>†,||,\*</sup>

<sup>†</sup>Beijing Institute of Nanoenergy and Nanosystems, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China

School of Materials Science and Engineering, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Georgia 30332-0245, United States
\*To whom correspondence should be addressed: Emails: <u>yayang@binn.cas.cn</u>; <u>zlwang@gatech.edu</u>

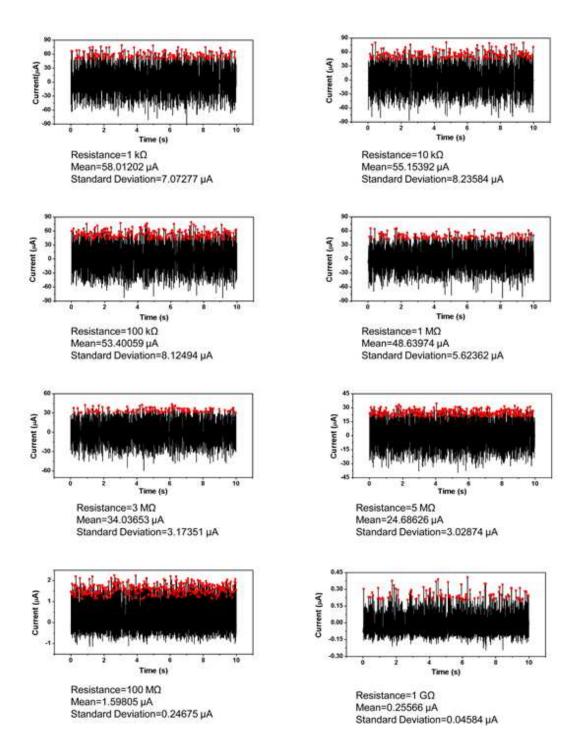


Figure S1 Original data of TENG 1 under the different loading resistances.

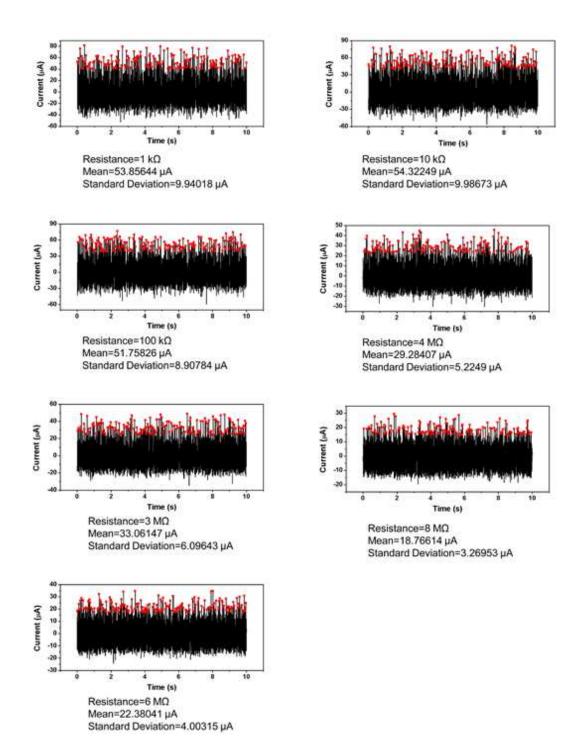
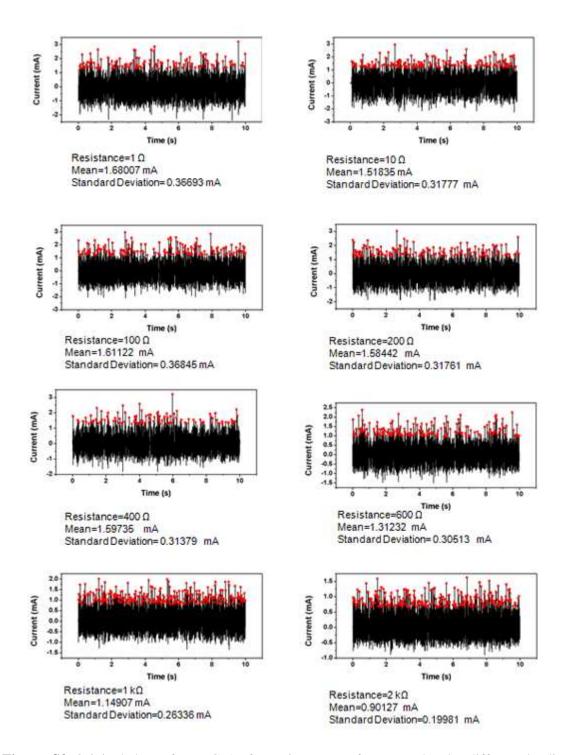


Figure S2 Original data of TENG 2 under the different loading resistances.



**Figure S3** Original data of TENG 1 after using a transformer under the different loading resistances.

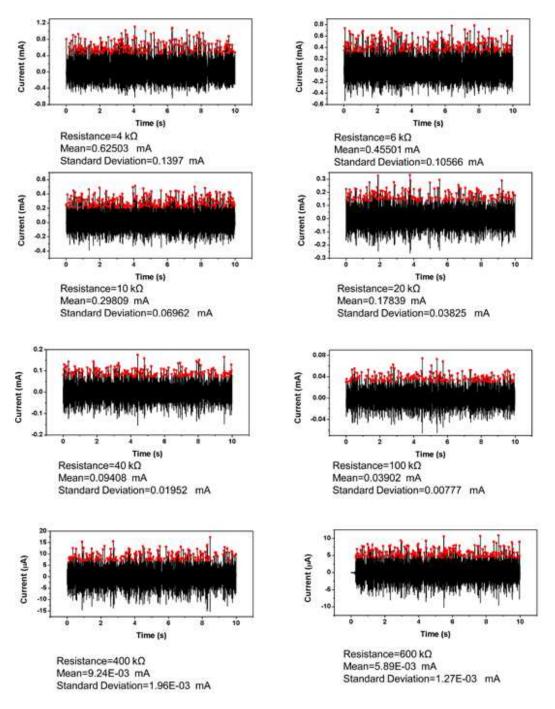


Figure S4 Original data of TENG 1 after using a transformer under the different loading resistances.

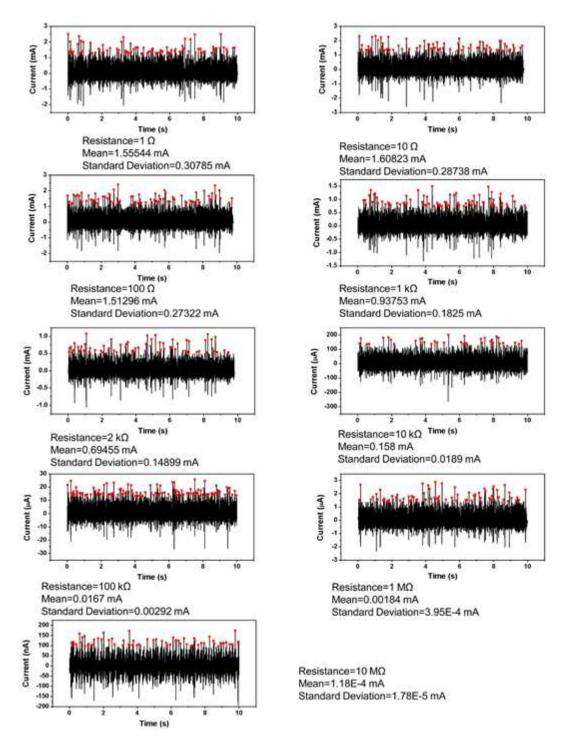


Figure S5 Original data of EMG 1 under the different loading resistances.

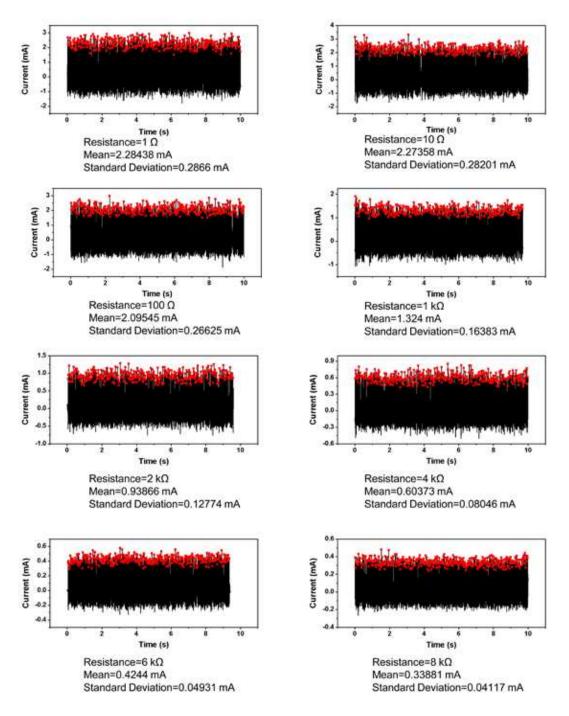


Figure S6 Original data of EMG 2 under the different loading resistances.

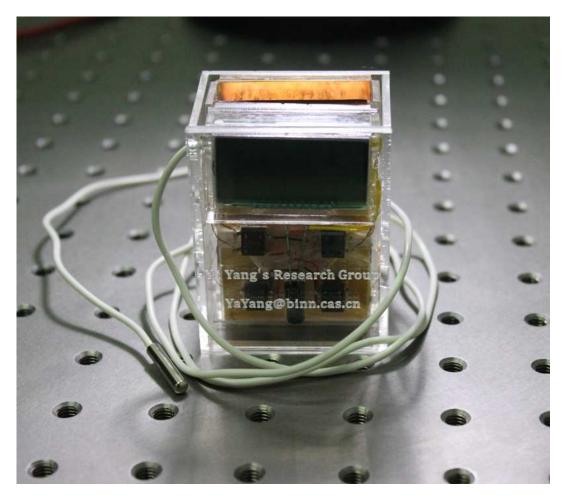


Figure S7 Photograph of a fabricated self-powered temperature sensor system.

## **Movie files**

Movie file-1. Air-flow driven vibration behavior of the kapton film.

Movie file-2. The hybridized nanogenerator driven LEDs.

**Movie file-3.** The hybridized nanogeneartor driven LEDs for providing the illumination for reading printed text.

**Movie file-4.** The hybridized nanogenerator driven capacitor for sustainably powering temperature sensors.

**Movie file-5.** The human mouth blowing induced air-flow to drive the hybridized nanogeneartor for powering a temperature sensor.

**Movie file-6.** Self-powered temperature sensor system that is based on the human mouth blowing induced air-flow to drive the hybridized nanogeneartor.