Enantioselective β-Protonation by a Cooperative Catalysis Strategy

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Supporting Information

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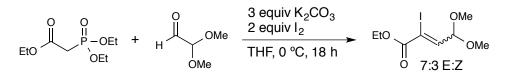
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General Information

All reactions were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere in oven-dried glassware with magnetic stirring. THF, toluene, and DMF were purified by passage through a bed of activated alumina.¹ Reagents were purified prior to use unless otherwise stated following the guidelines of Perrin and Armarego.² 1,2-Dichloroethane (DCE) was distilled from CaH₂. Purification of reaction products was carried out by flash chromatography using EM Reagent silica gel 60 (230-400 mesh). Analytical thin layer chromatography was performed on EM Reagent 0.25 mm silica gel 60-F plates. Visualization was accomplished with UV light and ceric ammonium nitrate stain or potassium permangenate stain followed by heating. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 37 FT-IR spectrometer. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on AVANCE III 500 MHz w/ direct cryoprobe (500 MHz) spectrometer and are reported in ppm using solvent as an internal standard (CDCl₃ at 7.26 ppm). Data are reported as (ap = apparent, s =singlet, d = doublet, t = apparent triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, b = broad; coupling constant(s) in Hz; integration.) Proton-decoupled ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on an AVANCE III 500 MHz w/ direct cryoprobe (125 MHz) spectrometer and are reported in ppm using solvent as an internal standard (CDCl₃ at 77.16 ppm). ¹⁹F NMR spectra were acquired at 26 °C on a 400 MHz Agilent 400MR-DD2 spectrometer equipped with a OneNMR probe and a 7600AS autosampler; this system was funded by NSF CRIF grant CHE-104873. Optical rotations were measured on a Perkin Elmer Model 341 Polarimeter with a sodium lamp. Mass spectra were obtained on a WATERS Acquity-H UPLC-MS with a single quad detector (ESI) or on a Varian 1200 Quadrupole Mass Spectrometer and Micromass Quadro II Spectrometer (ESI).

Triazolium precatalyst **A** is commercially available. Co-catalyst **HBD3** was synthesized according to Taylor, et. al.³

General Procedure for the Synthesis of Vinyl Iodide



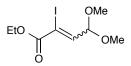
To a mixture of ethyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (10 g, 44.6 mmol, 1 equiv), K_2CO_3 (18.49 g, 134 mmol, 3 equiv), and iodine (22.64 g, 89 mmol, 2 equiv) in THF (112 ml, 0.4 M) at 0 °C was added 2,2-dimethoxyacetaldehyde (60 wt. % in H₂O, 8.51 g, 49.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv) dropwise over 1 h. The mixture was allowed to warm to 23 °C overnight. Conversion was monitored by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz). After complete

Pangborn, A. B.; Giardello, M. A.; Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers F. J., Organometallics 1996, 15, 1518-1520.

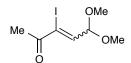
^[2] Perrin, D. D.; Armarego, W. L. Purification of Laboratory Chemicals; 3rd Ed., Pergamon Press, Oxford. 1988.

^[3] Rostami, A.; Colin, A.; Li, X. Y.; Chudzinski, M. G.; Lough, A. J.; Taylor, M. S. J. Org. Chem. 2010, 75, 3983-3992.

conversion, the mixture was filtered through Celite and eluted with Et₂O. The organic phase was washed with saturated $Na_2S_2O_3$ solution, water, and brine, and then dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated. The crude mixture was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc/hex; TLC 20% EtOAc/hex, UV, KMnO₄ or CAM, R_f 0.7) to afford ethyl 2-iodo-4,4-dimethoxybut-2-enoate (12.6 g, 41.9 mmol, 94%) as a clear yellow oil as a 7:3 mixture of Z:E isomers.

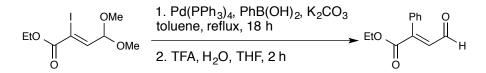


Ethyl 2-iodo-4,4-dimethoxybut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using ethyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (10 g, 44.6 mmol) and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc/hex; TLC 20% EtOAc/hex, UV, KMnO₄ or CAM, R_f 0.7) to afford ethyl 2-iodo-4,4-dimethoxybut-2-enoate (12.6 g, 41.9 mmol, 94%) as a clear yellow oil as a 7:3 mixture of Z:E isomers. Analytical data: Z isomer: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (s, 6H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). E isomer: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.70 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (s, 6H), 1.34 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.0, 162.6, 148.2, 146.5, 105.8, 100.6, 97.3, 89.3, 63.3, 62.7, 53.8, 53.7, 14.3, 14.1; IR (film) 2982, 2935, 2830, 1717, 1622, 1444, 1366, 1347, 1298, 1237, 1191, 1122, 1089, 1053,1033, 973, 912, 863, 748, 671, 639, 614, 606 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₇H₁₀IO₃ [M-OMe]⁺: 269; found 269.



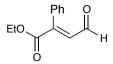
(Z)-3-iodo-5,5-dimethoxypent-3-en-2-one: Prepared according to the general procedure using diethyl (2-oxopropyl)phosphonate (2 g, 10.30 mmol, 1 equiv) and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% EtOAc/hex; TLC 20% EtOAc/hex, UV, KMnO₄, R_f 0.5) to afford 3-iodo-5,5-dimethoxypent-3-en-2-one (1.2 g, 4.32 mmol, 42%) as a clear yellow oil as a >20:1 mixture of Z:E isomers. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.97 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (s, 6H), 2.52 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.6, 146.3, 113.0, 106.6, 54.2, 25.2; IR (film) 2996, 2934, 2831, 1687, 1613, 1442, 1354, 1222, 1190, 1126, 1057, 970 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₆H₈IO₂ [M-OMe]⁺: 239; found 239.

General Procedure for the Synthesis of Unsaturated Aldehyde

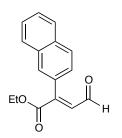


To a stirred suspension of (Z)-ethyl 2-iodo-4,4-dimethoxybut-2-enoate (3 g, 10.00 mmol, 1 equiv), phenylboronic acid (1.828 g, 15.00 mmol, 1.5 equiv), and K_2CO_3 (2.76 g, 19.99 mmol, 2 equiv) in toluene (50.0 ml, 0.2 M) under N₂ was added Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.058 g, 0.050

mmol, 0.005 equiv) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 18 h and monitored by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500MHz). When complete, the mixture was filtered through Celite and eluted with EtOAc. The filtrate was then washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution and brine. Dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated. The oil was then passed through a plug of silica, eluting with 10% EtOAc/hex and concentrated to give ethyl 4.4-dimethoxy-2phenylbut-2-enoate as a pale yellow oil, which was carried on without further purification. In a round-bottom flask equipped with stir bar and septum, the acetal was dissolved in THF (19.98 ml, 0.5 M) and H₂O (7.20 ml, 400 mmol, 40 equiv) was added. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and trifluoroacetic acid (7.70 ml, 100 mmol, 10 equiv) was added dropwise via syringe. The solution was allowed to warm to 23 °C, stirred for 2 h, and monitored by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz). Once complete, the solution was diluted with Et₂O and carefully neutralized with saturated NaHCO₃ solution. The organic phase was separated, and the aqueous was extracted with Et_2O (2 x 25 mL). The organics were combined and washed with brine. The crude was dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated, and purified by flash column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hex; TLC 20% EtOAc/hex, UV, CAM or KMnO4, R_f 0.6) to afford (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (1.0 g, 4.96 mmol, 50% over 2 steps) as a yellow solid. Note: Several of the enal substrates will solidify upon standing over a period of 2 weeks. This process can be rapidly accelerated by azeotroping the oil with Et₂O, and then placing the oil in a -30 °C freezer for 3-18 h.

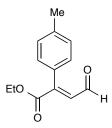


Ethyl (*E*)-4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (1): Prepared according to the general procedure using phenylbronic acid (1.8 g, 15.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv) to afford 1.0 g (50% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.66 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 193.68, 166.59, 149.66, 134.75, 131.91, 130.60(2C), 129.91, 128.37(2C), 62.40, 14.23; IR (film) 3059, 2983, 2939, 2850, 2757, 1721, 1682, 1608, 1574, 1495, 1466, 1444, 1390, 1369, 1340, 1299, 1175, 1106, 1025, 1000, 865, 782, 712, 696 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 205; found 205.

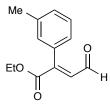


Ethyl (E)-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using naphthalen-2-ylboronic acid (1.72 g, 10 mmol, 1.5 equiv) to afford to afford 0.82 g (49% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.67 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.94 – 7.83 (m, 3H), 7.85 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.62 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.47 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 193.7,

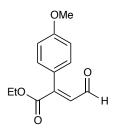
166.7, 149.7, 135.1, 133.7, 132.6, 131.1, 129.5, 128.5, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 127.14, 127.07, 62.5, 14.3; IR (film) 3060, 2983, 2932, 2906, 2852, 2749, 1721, 1679, 1600, 1505, 1469, 1446, 1391, 1370, 1325, 1241, 1209, 1185, 1164, 1130, 1102, 1035, 909, 863, 822, 779, 732 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{16}H_{15}O_3$ [M+H]⁺: 255; found 255.



Ethyl (*E*)-4-oxo-2-(*p*-tolyl)but-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using *p*-tolylboronic acid (0.997 g, 7.33 mmol, 1.1 equiv) to afford 0.9 g (62% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.64 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (m, 4H), 6.94 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8, 166.8, 149.7, 140.3, 134.4, 130.7(2C), 129.1(2C), 129.0, 62.3, 21.5, 14.2; IR (film) 3030, 2982, 2940, 2923, 2848, 2755, 1721, 1682, 1612, 1476, 1390, 1338, 1280, 1107, 1094, 1001, 829, 732 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₃H₁₅O₃ [M+H]⁺: 219; found 219.

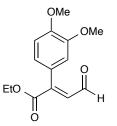


Ethyl (*E*)-4-oxo-2-(*m*-tolyl)but-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using *m*-tolylboronic acid (1.994 g, 14.66 mmol, 1.1 equiv) to afford 1.1 g (38% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.64 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); 13C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8, 166.7, 149.9, 138.2, 134.6, 131.8, 131.2, 130.7, 128.3, 127.8, 62.4, 21.5, 14.2; IR (film) 3058, 2982, 2940, 2923, 2849, 2754, 1720, 1687, 1559, 1582, 1389, 1344, 1334, 1238, 1151, 1109, 1037, 999, 861, 797, 724, 683 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{13}H_{15}O_3$ [M+H]⁺: 219; found 219.

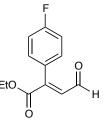


Ethyl (E)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (4-methoxyphenyl)boronic acid (0.608 g, 0.40 mmol, 1.2 equiv) to afford 0.448 g (58% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow oil. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.66 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (dd, J

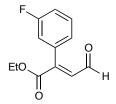
= 18.8, 8.3 Hz, 3H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 193.7, 193.5, 168.8, 153.6, 135.7, 134.7, 134.1, 129.0(2C), 128.8(2C), 62.1, 52.8, 31.6, 14.1; IR (film) 2982, 2962, 2937, 2900, 2841, 2755, 1719,1675, 1605, 1569, 1512, 1464, 1443, 1389, 1369, 1338, 1294, 1242, 1174, 1107, 1027, 910, 837, 772 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₃H₁₅O₄ [M+H]⁺: 235; found 235.



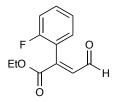
Ethyl (E)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)boronic acid (1.09 g, 6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) to afford 483 mg (36% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow oil. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95 – 6.87 (m, 4H), 4.33 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.8, 166.9, 150.8, 149.2, 148.7, 134.2, 124.6, 124.4, 113.3, 110.6, 62.3, 56.1, 14.3; IR (film) 2985, 2963, 2937, 2906,2840, 1720, 1676, 1600, 1579, 1516, 1464, 1388, 1369, 1350, 1321, 1259, 1144, 1108, 1025, 914, 865, 816, 778, 731, 635 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{14}H_{17}O_5$ [M+H]⁺: 265; found 265.



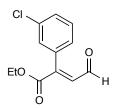
Ethyl (**E**)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (4-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (0.513 g, 3.67 mmol, 1.1 equiv) to afford 0.435 g (59% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.66 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 193.2, 166.4, 163.7 (d, $J_{C-F} = 250.9$ Hz), 148.3, 135.0(2C), 132.6 (2C, d, $J_{C-F} = 8.4$ Hz), 127.9 (d, $J_{C-F} = 3.5$ Hz), 115.6 (d, $J_{C-F} = 21.9$ Hz), 62.5, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz; CDCl₃): δ –110.5 (m); IR (film) 3108, 3075, 2985, 2938, 2917, 2850, 2758, 1723, 1684, 1601, 1508, 1472, 1447, 1394, 1369, 1338, 1301, 1242, 1176, 1163, 1106, 1031, 1015, 981, 866, 843, 772, 738 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₃F [M+H]⁺: 223; found 223.



Ethyl (E)-2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (3-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (0.466 g, 3.33 mmol, 1.0 equiv) to afford 0.384 g (52% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow oil. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.64 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 193.1, 166.0, 162.4 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 248.0 Hz), 148.1 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 2.1 Hz), 135.3, 133.8 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 8.1 Hz), 130.0 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 8.4 Hz), 126.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 3.1 Hz), 117.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 22.8 Hz), 117.0 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 21.1 Hz), 62.6, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz; CDCl₃): δ -112.3 (m); IR (film) 3070, 2984, 2939, 2917, 2850, 2757, 2727, 1722, 1683, 1608, 1582, 1487, 1440, 1391, 1369, 1343, 1300, 1244, 1143, 1104, 1033, 1002, 906, 881, 795, 765, 726, 684 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₃F [M+H]⁺: 223; found 223.

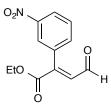


Ethyl (E)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (2-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (0.466 g, 3.33 mmol, 1.0 equiv) to afford 0.322 g (44% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow oil. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.64 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.23 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.8, 165.7, 161.1, 159.1, 144.1, 136.1, 132.5, 132.5, 124.2, 124.2, 116.2, 116.0, 62.5, 14.2; IR (film) 2983, 2939, 2906, 2849, 1721, 1682, 1488, 1449, 1242, 1220, 1174, 1153, 1111, 1096, 1026, 837, 758, 748, 693 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₂FO₃ [M+H]⁺: 223; found 223.

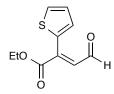


Ethyl (E)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (3-chlorophenyl)boronic acid (0.860 g, 5.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv) to afford 0.620 g (52% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.63 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.0, 166.0, 148.0, 135.4, 134.6, 133.6, 130.4, 130.0, 129.7, 128.8, 62.6, 14.2; IR (film) 3067, 2983, 2938, 2906, 2850, 2754,

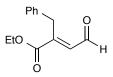
1722, 1681, 1243, 1199, 1178, 1110, 1032 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{12}H_{12}ClO_3$ [M+H]⁺: 239; found 239.



Ethyl (E)-2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using (3-nitrophenyl)boronic acid (1.40 g, 8.4 mmol, 1.2 equiv) to afford 1.03 g (60% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.63 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (dt, J = 7.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 192.1, 165.5, 148.1, 146.6, 136.4, 136.1, 133.5, 129.6, 125.3, 124.6, 62.9, 14.2; IR (film) 3115, 3086, 2984, 2941, 2907, 2873, 2759, 1772, 1723, 1681, 1524, 1465, 1431, 1303, 1235, 1186, 1127, 1033, 1001, 908, 864, 811, 801, 772, 723, 689, 616 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₁NO₅ [M+H]⁺: 249; found 249.

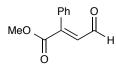


Ethyl (Z)-4-oxo-2-(thiophen-2-yl)but-2-enoate: Prepared according to the general procedure using thiophen-2-ylboronic acid (1.02 g, 8.0 mmol, 1.2 equiv) to afford 0.716 g (51% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.87 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 5.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.0, 166.2, 141.6, 133.8, 133.6, 132.7, 131.7, 127.2, 62.7, 14.2; IR (film) 3098, 3083, 3061, 2988, 2942, 2905, 2885, 1710, 1665, 1627, 1581, 1512, 1473, 1423, 1363, 1321, 1250, 1239, 1143, 1110, 1099, 1089, 1056, 1027, 1002, 978, 885, 867, 853, 812, 788, 769, 746, 729, 679, 613 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₀H₁₁SO₃ [M+H]⁺: 211; found 211.

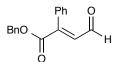


Ethyl (E)-2-benzyl-4-oxobut-2-enoate: To a 100 mL rbf was added ethyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-phenylpropanoate (1.2799 g, 4.07 mmol, 1 equiv), 2,2-dimethoxyacetaldehyde (1.060 g, 6.11 mmol, 60 wt% in H₂O, 1.5 equiv), heptane (10.18 ml, 0.4 molar), and K₂CO₃ (0.844 g, 6.11 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The mixture was stirred and refluxed overnight. Monitored by ¹H NMR. Upon completion, reaction mixture was cooled to 23 °C, diluted with Et₂O. The aqueous was separated and was back extracted.

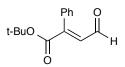
Combined organics was washed with water and then brine. Dried over MgSO4 and concentrated. The crude contained a 6:4 E/Z ratio of products, and was carried on without further purification. The crude acetal was dissolved in acetone (40 mL, 0.1 molar) and water (0.798 mL) was added. Amberlyst 15 (0.50 g, approx. 0.5 equiv by weight) was added and the mixture stirred overnight. Once complete, the Amberlyst was filtered off, and the filtrate concentrated. The crude was diluted with Et₂O, washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and brine, and then dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered, and concentrated. Purification by flash column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 0.296 g (33% yield over two steps) of product as yellow oil. Analytical data: ¹H 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.26 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.9, 166.8, 148.0, 137.3, 134.1, 128.9, 128.6, 127.1, 62.1, 32.7, 14.1; IR (film) 3063, 3029, 2982, 2938, 2870, 2760, 1716, 1677,1600, 1495, 1453, 1368, 1315, 1294,1248, 1192, 1124, 1095, 1077, 1049, 1029, 1010, 935, 891, 858, 831, 742, 697 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{13}H_{15}O_3$ [M+H]⁺: 219: found 219.



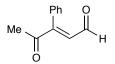
Methyl (E)-4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate: To methyl а mixture of 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (3.15 g, 15 mmol), K₂CO₃ (6.22 g, 45.0 mmol, 3 equiv), and iodine (7.61 g, 30.0 mmol, 2 equiv) in THF (37.5 ml) at 0 °C was added 2,2dimethoxyacetaldehyde (2.86 g, 16.50 mmol, 60 wt% in H₂O, 1.1 equiv) dropwise. The mixture was allowed to warm to 23 °C overnight and then filtered through Celite and eluted with Et_2O . The filtrate was washed with $Na_2S_2O_3$, then water, and brine. Dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The crude was passed through a plug of silica, eluting with EtOAc, and carried on without purification. The crude was dissolved in toluene (75 ml), and phenylboronic acid (2.74 g, 22.49 mmol, 1.5 equiv), K₂CO₃ (4.15 g, 30.0 mmol, 2 equiv), and Pd(Ph₃P)₄ (0.087 g, 0.075 mmol, 0.5 mol %) were added. The flask was flushed with nitrogen, and then the mixture was heated at reflux for 18 h. After confirming complete conversion by ¹H NMR, the mixture was filtered through Celite with a thin pad of silica on top, eluting with EtOAc. The filtrate was then washed with NaHCO₃ and brine. Dried over $MgSO_4$, concentrated, and carried on without purification. Finally, the crude was diluted with H₂O (10.80 ml, 599 mmol) and THF (Volume: 30.0 ml), and trifluoroacetic acid (11.54 ml, 150 mmol, 10 equiv) was added dropwise. After stirring for 1 h, the solution was diluted with Et₂O, carefully quenched with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ and brine. The crude was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated, and purified by flash column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford 0.599 g (21% yield over 3 steps) of product as yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.63 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.36 - 7.33 (m, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.5, 167.1, 149.3, 135.1, 131.9, 130.5, 129.9, 128.4, 53.3; IR (film) 3060, 2958, 2887, 2849, 1719, 1667, 1606, 1595, 1573, 1495, 1445, 1435, 1396, 1352, 1242, 1190, 1167, 1104, 1079, 1036, 1018, 999, 971, 930, 908, 888, 862, 853, 784, 762, 716, 695, 611 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{11}H_{11}O_3 [M+H]^+$: 191; found 191.



Benzyl (E)-4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate: Prepared according to similar procedure as methyl (*E*)-4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate using benzyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (4.29 g, 15 mmol) to afford 1.89 g (47% yield over 3 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 9.64 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.33 (m, 10H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 193.5, 166.4, 149.3, 135.2, 135.0, 131.7, 130.6, 130.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.4, 67.9; IR (film) 3066, 3034, 2959, 2848, 2758, 2721, 1718, 1678, 1498, 1260, 1170, 1105, 1010, 715, 696, 627, 618 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₇H₁₅O₃ [M+H]⁺: 267; found 267.



Tert-butyl (E)-4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate: Prepared according to similar procedure as methyl (*E*)-4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate using tert-butyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (2.018 g, 8 mmol) to afford 0.599 g (34% yield over 3 steps) of product as a yellow oil. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.60 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.32 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.0, 165.6, 151.2, 134.1, 132.3, 130.6, 129.7, 128.3, 83.2, 28.1; IR (film) 3059, 2978, 2933, 2846, 1713, 1677, 1608, 1456, 1444, 1392, 1368, 1347, 1265, 1252, 1154, 1103, 1078, 1041, 1031, 1001, 985, 888, 847, 814, 787, 773, 741, 717, 703, 969, 619, 605 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₆H₂₀NO₃ [M+H+MeCN]⁺: 274; found 274.

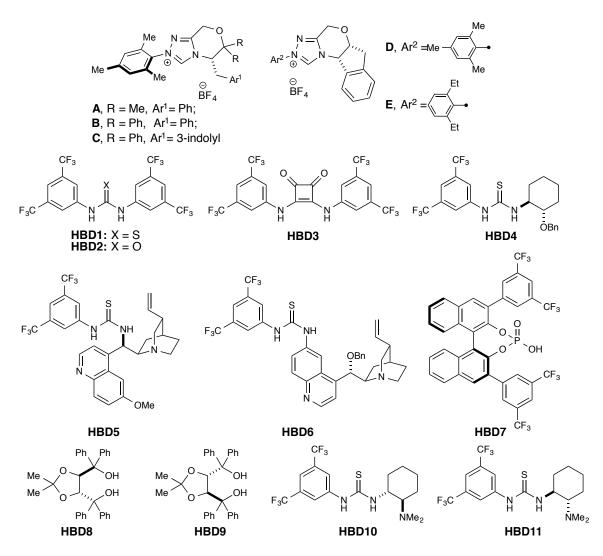


(E)-4-oxo-3-phenylpent-2-enal: Prepared according to the general procedure using (Z)-3-iodo-5,5-dimethoxypent-3-en-2-one (0.500 g, 1.851 mmol) and phenylboronic acid (0.217 g, 2.22 mmol) to afford 0.135 g (42% yield over 2 steps) of product as a yellow solid. Analytical data: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.64 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.29 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.8, 194.2, 155.5, 132.9, 132.1, 130.2, 129.8, 128.7, 28.1; IR (film) 3045, 3007, 2929, 2881, 1683, 1665, 1632, 1608, 1441, 1421, 1369, 1336, 1319, 1228, 1168, 1111, 1078, 1024, 1017, 999, 985, 930, 898, 856, 776, 738, 707, 698, 663, 638, 614 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₁H₁₁O₂ [M+H]⁺: 175; found 175.

$Optimization \ Table \ for \ Enantioselective \ \beta \ Protonation$

Table 1. Optimization of reaction conditions.PhOO

		Ph O EtO. ↓ ↓	azolium		EtO.				
				0 mol % base additive DH, temp, DCE	-		OEt		
Entry	base	Additive (mol %)	Temp. (°C)	azolium (mol %)	EtOH (equiv)	Time (h)	Conv. (%)	yield (%)	er
1	<i>i</i> -Pr₂NEt	-	23	A (10)	10	12	100	80	66:34
2	Et ₃ N	-	23	A (10)	10	10	100	-	64:36
3	TMEDA	-	23	A (10)	10	8	100	-	60:40
4	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	Mg(OtBu) ₂ (20)	23	A (10)	10	24	50	-	65:35
5	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	Ti(OiPr)₄ (20)	23	A (10)	10	16	100	-	70:30
6	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	Sc(OTf) ₃ (20)	23	A (10)	10	18	100	-	64:36
7	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	LiCI (20)	23	A (10)	10	12	100	-	80:20
8	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (20)	23	A (10)	10	16	100	-	82:18
9	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30)	23	A (10)	10	12	100	44	88:12
10	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (40)	23	A (10)	10	6	100	33	90:10
11	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD4 (30)	23	A (10)	10	14	100	-	86:14
12	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD5 (30)	23	A (10)	10	18	100	-	82:18
13	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD6 (30)	23	A (10)	10	20	100	-	82:18
14	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD7 (30)	23	A (10)	10	4	100	-	64:36
15	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD8 (30)	23	A (10)	10	8	100	-	82:18
16	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD9 (30)	23	A (10)	10	8	100	-	82:18
17	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD10 (30)	23	A (10)	10	14	100	-	86:14
18	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD11 (30)	23	A (10)	10	12	100	-	85:15
19	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30)	0	A (10)	10	12	100	41	93:7
20	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30), DMAP (10) 0	A (10)	10	10	100	71	92:8
21	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30), DMAP (10) 0	B (10)	10	-	-	40	84:16
22	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30), DMAP (10) 0	C (10)	10	-	-	17	66:34
23	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30), DMAP (10) 0	D (10)	10	-	-	42	73:27
24	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD1 (30), DMAP (10) 0	E (10)	10	-	-	40	74:26
25	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD2 (30), DMAP (10) 0	A (10)	10	20	100	84	92:8
26	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30), DMAP (10) 0	A (10)	10	24	100	94	91:9
27	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30)	0	A (10)	10	36	100	81	96:4
28	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30), DMAP (5)	0	A (10)	10	24	100	85	94:6
29	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30)	0	A (5)	10	120	80	62	96:4
30	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30), DMAP (5)	0	A (5)	10	96	100	82	95:5
31	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30)	0	A (10)	7	40	100	79	96:4
32	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30)	0	A (10)	5	52	100	69	95:5
33	<i>i</i> -Pr ₂ NEt	HBD3 (30)	0	A (10)	2	72	100	54	92:8





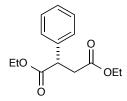
General Procedure A for the Synthesis of Succinic Diester

In a nitrogen filled dry box a screw-capped 2 dram vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with the corresponding enal 1 (0.200 mmol), triazolium precatalyst A (0.1 equiv), and **HBD3** (0.30 equiv). The vial was capped with a septum cap, removed from the drybox and put under positive N₂ pressure. The heterogeneous mixture was then diluted with degassed 1,2-dichloroethane (4.0 mL, 0.05 M) stirred, and cooled to 0 °C in an ice bath. Ethanol (120 μ L, 10 equiv), water (1.8 μ L, 5 equiv), and Hünig's base (14 μ L, 0.4 equiv) were added sequentially via syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 36 h under static nitrogen pressure. Upon consumption of the aldehyde, monitored by NMR (all reactions were completed within 48 hours), the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by flash chromatography with EtOAc/hexanes to afford the corresponding succinic diester 2.

The corresponding racemic compounds were prepared by employing a similar protocol, except achiral triazolium precatalyst 2-mesityl-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,2,4]triazol-2-ium tetrafluoroborate (10 mol %) was used instead of **A**, and the cocatalysts **HBD3** and **DMAP** were not added.

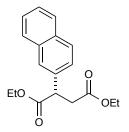
General Procedure B for the Synthesis of Succinic Diester

In a nitrogen filled dry box a screw-capped 2 dram vial equipped with a magnetic stirbar was charged with the corresponding enal **1** (0.200 mmol), triazolium precatalyst **A** (0.1 equiv), and **HBD3** (0.30 equiv). The vial was capped with a septum cap, removed from the drybox and put under positive N₂ pressure. The heterogeneous mixture was then diluted with degassed 1,2-dichloroethane (4.0 mL, 0.05 M) stirred, and cooled to 0 °C in an ice bath. Ethanol (120 μ L, 10 equiv), water (1.8 μ L, 5 equiv), DMAP (50 μ L of 0.2 M solution in 1,2-dichloroethane, 0.05 equiv) and Hünig's base (14 μ L, 0.4 equiv) was added sequentially via syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 24 h under static nitrogen pressure. Upon consumption of the aldehyde, monitored by ¹H NMR (all reactions were completed within 24 hours), the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by flash chromatography with EtOAc/hexanes to afford the corresponding succinic diester **2**.

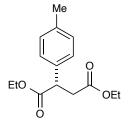


Diethyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (2): Prepared according to the general procedure using *(E)*-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.041 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 41 mg (81% yield) of **2** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **2**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 4.26 – 4.01 (m, 5H), 3.18 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (dt, J = 13.0, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 173.1, 171.7, 138.0, 128.9(2C), 127.9(2C), 127.7, 61.3, 60.9, 47.4, 38.0, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3089, 3064, 3032, 2982,

2937, 2907, 2874, 1733, 1603, 1585, 1497, 1464, 1447, 1410, 1393, 1371, 1327, 1296, 1251, 1227, 1157, 1114, 1096, 1029, 856, 773, 731, 698 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{14}H_{19}O_4$ [M+H]⁺: 251; found 251; $[a]_D^{23} = +85.7$ (CHCl₃, $c = 1.19)^4$; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Whelk-O, 0.5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm), Rt (major) = 34.0 min, Rt (minor) = 31.7 min; er = 96:4. Following general procedure B affords 42 mg (85% yield) **2**, 94:6 er.



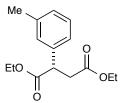
Diethyl (S)-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)succinate (3): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.051 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 46 mg (76% yield) of **3** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **3**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 – 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.76 – 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 – 4.03 (m, 5H), 3.29 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (dt, J = 15.6, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 171.7, 135.4, 133.5, 132.8, 128.7, 128.0, 127.8, 126.8, 126.4, 126.2, 125.8, 61.4, 60.9, 47.5, 38.1, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3058, 2982, 2936, 2907, 1730, 1373, 1330, 1268, 1221, 1155, 1096, 1029, 908, 859, 818, 731, 648 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₈H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺: 301; found 301; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 0.5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm), Rt (major) = 21.9 min, Rt (minor) = 29.0 min; er = 94:6.



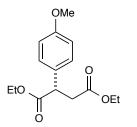
Diethyl (S)-2-(p-tolyl)succinate (4): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-(p-tolyl)but-2-enoate (0.044 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0392 g (74%) of **4** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **4**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 – 7.10 (m, 4H), 4.23 – 4.06 (m, 4H), 4.02 (dd, J = 10.2, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.21 (dt, J = 14.3, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 171.7, 135.4, 133.5, 132.8, 128.7, 128.0, 127.8, 126.8, 126.4, 126.2, 125.8, 61.4, 60.9, 47.5, 38.1, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 2981, 2926, 1732, 1514, 1445, 1412, 1370, 1336, 1293, 1256, 1227, 1157, 1096, 1031, 856, 823, 791 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₅H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺: 265; found 265; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral

⁴ Y.-C. Chung, D. Janmanchi, H.-L. Wu, Org. Lett. 14, 2766-2769 (2012).

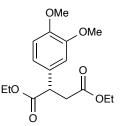
phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 6.96 min, Rt (minor) = 8.59 min; er = 91:9. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0435 g (82% yield) of **4**, 90:10 er.



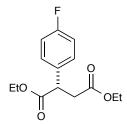
Diethyl (S)-2-(m-tolyl)succinate (5): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-(m-tolyl)but-2-enoate (0.044 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0408 g (77%)of **5** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **5**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 3H), 4.23 – 4.05 (m, 4H), 4.02 (dd, J = 10.3, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.21 (dt, J = 11.8, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.2, 171.7, 138.6, 137.9, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 124.9, 61.2, 60.8, 47.3, 38.1, 21.5, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3450, 2981, 2934, 2905, 2872, 1742, 1730, 1607, 1590, 1491, 1464, 1445, 1411, 1370, 1335, 1297, 1212, 1096, 1031, 858, 784, 735, 696 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₅H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺: 265; found 265; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 0.5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 13.9 min, Rt (minor) = 19.3 min; er = 96:4.



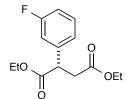
Diethyl (S)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)succinate (6): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.047 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0436 g (78%) of **6** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **6**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 4.12 (dddd, J = 21.1, 14.0, 10.8, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 4.01 (dd, J = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.15 (dd, J = 16.8, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, J = 16.8, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (dt, J = 12.9, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.2, 171.6, 159.0, 129.9, 128.8, 114.2, 61.0, 60.7, 55.3, 46.5, 38.0, 14.2, 14.1; IR (film) 2982, 2936, 2908, 2837, 1726, 1611, 1584, 1512, 1464, 1443, 1410, 1393, 1371, 1302, 1248, 1177, 1159, 1112, 1096, 1030, 906, 856, 833, 794, 727, 648 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₅H₂₁O₅ [M+H]⁺: 281; found 281; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel IA, 5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 10.2 min, Rt (minor) = 9.5 min; er = 92:8.



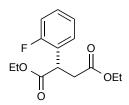
Diethyl (S)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)succinate (7): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.053 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0441 g (71%) of **7** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **7**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.82 (dd, J = 6.8, 2.8 Hz, 3H), 4.21 – 4.08 (m, 4H), 4.00 (dd, J = 10.0, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.16 (dd, J = 16.8, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 16.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (dt, J = 11.1, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.3, 171.7, 149.2, 148.6, 130.5, 120.1, 111.4, 110.9, 61.2, 60.9, 56.0, 47.0, 38.2, 31.1, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 2981, 2962, 2937, 2908, 2874, 2837, 1731, 1592, 1516, 1465, 1420, 1393, 1371, 1328, 1295, 1261, 1243, 1174, 1152, 1096, 1028, 914, 858, 808, 765, 731, 647 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₆H₂₃O₆ [M+H]⁺: 311; found 311; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ADH, 3% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 28.3 min, Rt (minor) = 24.2 min; er = 93:7. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0578 g (93% yield) of **7**, er = 90:10.



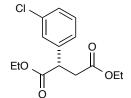
Diethyl (S)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)succinate (8): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.044 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0404 g (75%) of 8 as a colorless oil. Analytical data for 8: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.04 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.22 – 4.00 (m, 5H), 3.15 (ap dd, *J* = 16.8, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (ap dd, *J* = 16.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 172.8, 171.3, 162.2 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 246.1 Hz), 133.6 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 3.3 Hz), 129.4 (2C, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 115.7 (2C, d, *J*_{C-F} = 21.5 Hz), 61.3, 60.8, 46.5, 37.9, 14.2, 14.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz; CDCl₃): δ -114.9 (m); IR (film) 2983, 2939, 2908, 2875, 1734, 1606, 1466, 1447, 1412, 1393, 1372, 1334, 1295, 1226, 1158, 1098, 1030, 841, 811 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₄H₁₈O₄F [M+H]⁺: 269; found 269; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel IA, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 16.6 min, Rt (minor) = 12.1 min; er = 93:7.



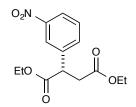
Diethyl (S)-2-(3-fluorophenyl)succinate (9): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (28 mg, 0.126 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 18.1 mg (54% yield) of **9** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **9**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz; CDCl₃): δ 7.32 (ap td, J = 8.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (ap dt, J = 7.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.34 – $3.99 \text{ (m, 5H)}, 3.19 \text{ (ap dd, } J = 16.9, 9.9 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 2.68 \text{ (ap dd, } J = 16.9, 5.5 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 1.25 \text{ Hz}, 1.01 \text$ $(t, J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}); {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} (125 \text{ MHz}; \text{CDCl}_3): \delta 172.6, 171.4,$ 163.0 (d, $J_{C-F} = 246.7$ Hz), 140.3 (d, $J_{C-F} = 7.4$ Hz), 130.4 (d, $J_{C-F} = 8.3$ Hz), 123.6 (d, $J_{C-F} = 8.3$ Hz = 2.9 Hz), 115.0 (d, J_{C-F} = 22.0 Hz), 114.7 (d, J_{C-F} = 21.0 Hz), 61.5, 61.0, 47.1, 37.8, 37.8, 14.3, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz; CDCl₃): δ –112.3 (m); IR (film) 3067, 2983, 2938, 2908, 2875, 1733, 1615, 1591, 1489, 1449, 1411, 1393, 1372, 1336, 1298, 1263, 1240, 1217, 1176, 1160, 1096, 1030, 966, 941, 899, 873, 861, 786, 688 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{14}H_{18}O_4F$ [M+H]⁺: 269; found 269; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 8.26 min, Rt (minor) = 18.4 min; er = 93:7. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0234 g (69% yield) of **9**, er = 92:8.



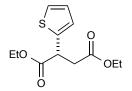
Diethyl (S)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)succinate (10): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.044 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0334 g (62%) of **10** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **10**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (dd, J = 3.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.13 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 4.38 (dd, J = 9.5, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20 – 4.10 (m, 4H), 3.17 (dd, J = 16.8, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 16.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (dt, J = 11.7, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.4, 171.5, 161.5, 159.5, 129.4, 129.4, 129.3, 125.5, 125.4, 124.5, 124.5, 116.0, 115.8, 61.5, 60.9, 40.8, 40.8, 37.0, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 2983, 2937, 1735, 1493, 1458, 1371, 130, 1301, 1233, 1161, 1096, 1029, 759 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₄H₁₈FO₄ [M+H]⁺: 269; found 269; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 8.88 min, Rt (minor) = 24.3 min; er = 89:11. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0403 g (75% yield) of **10**, er = 87:13.



Diethyl (S)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)succinate (11): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.048 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0401 g (70%) of **11** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **11**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 4.24 – 4.06 (m, 4H), 4.03 (dd, J = 9.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, J = 16.9, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 171.3, 139.8, 134.7, 130.2, 128.1, 128.0, 126.1, 61.5, 61.0, 47.1, 37.8, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3066, 2982, 2937, 2907, 2873, 1733, 1596, 1574, 1477, 1432, 1410, 1393, 1370, 1334, 1293, 1250, 1229, 1174, 1159, 1095, 1082, 1000, 856, 788, 771, 686 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₄H₁₈ClO₄ [M+H]⁺: 285; found 285; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm), Rt (major) = 8.11 min, Rt (minor) = 18.3 min; er = 93:7.

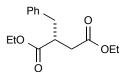


Diethyl (S)-2-(3-nitrophenyl)succinate (12): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.050 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 20% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0339 g (57%) of **12** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **12**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (ddd, J = 8.1, 2.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.23 – 4.09 (m, 5H), 3.22 (dd, J = 16.9, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, J = 16.9, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 1.26 – 1.19 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.9, 171.0, 148.6, 139.9, 134.2, 129.9, 123.1, 122.9, 61.8, 61.2, 47.0, 37.6, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3448, 3090, 2982, 2938, 1733, 1532, 1477, 1465, 1445, 1410, 1394, 1370, 1351, 1301, 1255, 1230, 1176, 1160, 1097, 1028, 736, 681 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₄H₁₈NO₆ [M+H]⁺: 296; found 296; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 3% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 25.0 min, Rt (minor) = 12.5 min; ee = 89:11. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0401 g (68% yield) of **12**, er = 83:17.



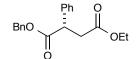
Diethyl (**R**)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)succinate (13): Prepared according to the general procedure using (Z)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-(thiophen-2-yl)but-2-enoate (0.042 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 10% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0315 g

(61%) of **13** as a clear yellow oil. Analytical data for **13**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (dd, J = 4.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 4.35 (dd, J = 10.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.25 – 4.09 (m, 4H), 3.21 (dd, J = 16.8, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dd, J = 16.8, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.1, 171.2, 139.9, 127.0, 125.6, 125.0, 61.6, 61.0, 42.6, 38.5, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3108, 2982, 2936, 1732, 1465, 1445, 1409, 1393, 1373, 1349, 1329, 1256, 1228, 1174, 1160, 1115, 1096, 1028, 854, 702 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₇O₄S [M+H]⁺: 257; found 257; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm), Rt (major) = 14.5 min, Rt (minor) = 34.1 min; er = 95:5. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0411 g (80% yield) of **12**, er = 77:23.

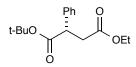


Ethyl (E)-2-benzyl-4-oxobut-2-enoate (14): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 2-benzyl-4-oxobut-2-enoate (0.044 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 23 mg (44% yield) of **14** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **14**: ¹H 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (dq, J = 10.8, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 3.13 – 3.07 (m, 1H), 3.04 (dd, J = 13.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (dd, J = 16.7, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (dd, J = 16.7, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (dt, J = 16.6, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.4, 172.0, 138.4, 129.2, 128.6, 126.8, 60.8, 60.7, 43.3, 38.0, 35.4, 14.3, 14.2; IR (film) 3028, 2980, 2930, 1728, 1496, 1454, 1446, 1393, 1371, 1348, 1327, 1256, 1176, 1158, 1096, 1076, 1030, 971, 856, 743, 699 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₅H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺: 265; found 265; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 12.6 min, Rt (minor) = 18.1 min; er = 92:8. Following general procedure B afforded 0.0302 g (57% yield) of **14**, er = 85:15.

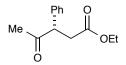
4-ethyl 1-methyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (15): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-methyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.038 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0339 g (72%) of **15** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **15**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.15 – 4.11 (m, 2H), 4.10 – 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.20 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.6, 171.6, 137.8, 129.0, 127.9, 127.8, 60.9, 52.5, 47.3, 38.1, 14.3; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₃H₁₇O₄ [M+H]⁺: 237; found 237; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel Whelk-O, 0.5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 36.0 min, Rt (minor) = 10.2 min; er = 90:10.



1-benzyl 4-ethyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (16): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-benzyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.053 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0432 g (69%)of **16** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **16**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (q, J = 5.7 Hz, 8H), 7.21 (dd, J = 7.2, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 5.12 (q, J = 12.5 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (dd, J = 10.1, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (qd, J = 7.1, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 3.21 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl3) δ 172.9, 171.6, 137.7, 135.9, 129.0, 128.6, 128.2, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 66.9, 60.9, 47.4, 37.9, 14.2; IR (film) 3065, 3033, 2980, 2918,2849, 1732, 1652, 1635, 1602, 1576, 1558, 1540, 1506, 1497, 1472, 1455, 1409, 1373, 1329, 1293, 1279, 1250, 1221, 1153, 1095, 1025, 913, 850, 774, 733, 696, 656, 603 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₉H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺: 313; found 313; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel Whelk-O, 0.5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 61.2 min, Rt (minor) = 55.2 min; er = 95:5.



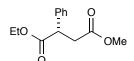
1-(tert-butyl) 4-ethyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (17): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-tert-butyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.046 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.046 g (83%) of **17** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **17**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.12 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (dd, J = 10.1, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dd, J = 16.7, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (dd, J = 16.7, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.1, 171.8, 138.5, 128.8, 127.8, 127.5, 81.2, 60.8, 48.4, 38.1, 28.0, 14.3; IR (film) 2979, 2932, 1724, 1496, 1454, 1409, 1392, 1367, 1349, 1329, 1294, 1248, 1182, 1143, 1096, 1026, 1004, 992, 846, 783, 754, 728, 697 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₄ [M-t-BuO+H₂O]⁺: 223; found 223; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel IA, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 8.26 min, Rt (minor) = 7.57 min; er = 97:3.



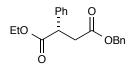
Ethyl (S)-4-oxo-3-phenylpentanoate (18): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-4-oxo-3-phenylpent-2-enal (34.8 mg, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 27 mg (62% yield) of **18** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **18**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 4.18 (dd, J = 9.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (tq, J = 7.1, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (dd, J = 17.0, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (dd, J = 17.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.0, 172.2, 137.5, 129.3, 128.4, 127.9, 60.8, 55.0, 37.2, 29.1, 14.3; IR (film) 3062, 3029, 2982, 2931, 1734, 1718, 1599, 1494, 1454,

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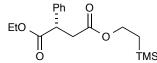
1409, 1394, 1374, 1353, 1322, 1291, 1240, 1189, 1157, 1114, 1096, 1028, 756, 701 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{13}H_{17}O_3$ [M+H]⁺: 221; found 221; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 3% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 10.7 min, Rt (minor) = 8.58 min; er = 83:17.



1-ethyl 4-methyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (19): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.041 g, 0.200 mmol) and methanol (0.081 mL, 2 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% Acetone/hexanes to afford 0.0469 g (99%) of **19** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **19**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.18 – 4.04 (m, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.20 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.0, 172.2, 138.0, 129.0, 127.9, 127.7, 77.4, 61.3, 52.0, 47.4, 37.8, 14.2; IR (film) 3031, 2982, 2953, 1727, 1496, 1454, 1436, 1409, 1365, 1329, 1294, 1250, 1226, 1197, 1154, 1113, 1095, 1072, 1021, 1004, 990, 856, 772, 731, 697 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₃H₁₇O₄ [M+H]⁺: 237; found 237; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 15.8 min, Rt (minor) = 28.3 min; er = 91:9.

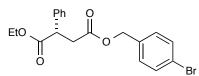


4-benzyl 1-ethyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (20): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.041 g, 0.200 mmol) and benzyl alcohol (0.208 mL, 2 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0506 g (81%) of **20** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **20**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 10H), 5.19 – 5.03 (m, 2H), 4.19 – 4.02 (m, 3H), 3.25 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.0, 171.5, 137.8, 135.8, 129.0, 128.7, 128.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 66.7, 61.3, 47.4, 38.0, 14.1; IR (film) 3089, 3065, 3033, 2982, 2939, 2905, 1730, 1602, 1497, 1455, 1408, 1384, 1371, 1329, 1294, 1254, 1228, 1156, 1095, 1021, 968, 909, 857, 731, 697, 648 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₉H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺: 313; found 313; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel Whelk-O, 5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 23.2 min, Rt (minor) = 20.7 min; er = 93:7.



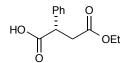
1-ethyl 4-(2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl) (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (21): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.041 g, 0.200 mmol) and 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethanol (0.287 mL, 2 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% Acetone/hexanes to afford 0.0398 g (62%) of **21** as a colorless oil. Analytical

data for **21**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 4.20 – 4.11 (m, 4H), 4.06 (dd, J = 10.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (dd, J = 9.1, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 0.02 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 171.8, 138.1, 128.9, 127.9, 127.7, 63.1, 61.2, 47.4, 38.2, 17.4, 14.2, -1.4; IR (film) 2978, 2954, 2899, 1728, 1454, 1385, 1370, 1343, 1327, 1293, 1248, 1225, 1154, 1113, 1096, 1065, 1038, 1021, 970, 937, 856, 834, 764, 729, 696, 663 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₃₄H₅₂NaO₈Si₂ [2M+Na]⁺: 667; found 667; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ADH, 1% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 11.4 min, Rt (minor) = 8.48 min; er = 91:9.

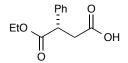


4-(4-bromobenzyl) 1-ethyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (22): Prepared according to the general procedure using (E)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.041 g, 0.200 mmol) and (4-bromophenyl)methanol (0.374 g, 2 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 10% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0554 g (71%) of **22** as a white solid. Analytical data for **22**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.10 – 4.99 (m, 2H), 4.15 – 4.04 (m, 3H), 3.24 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (dd, J = 16.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.9, 171.4, 137.7, 134.8, 131.8, 130.0, 129.0, 127.9, 127.8, 122.4, 65.8, 61.4, 47.4, 38.0, 14.1; IR (film) 3088, 3063, 3031, 2980, 2934, 2849, 1730, 1595, 1489, 1454, 1406, 1370, 1329, 1293, 1252, 1228, 1154, 1095, 1070, 1013, 855, 832, 800 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₉H₂₀BrO₄ [M+H]⁺: 393; found 393; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel Whelk-O, 5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 26.6 min, Rt (minor) = 22.9 min; er = 93:7. After recrystallization from slow evaporation of hexanes, 0.0497 g (64% yield) of **22**, er = 99:1.

General Procedures for the Synthetic Transformations



(S)-4-ethoxy-4-oxo-2-phenylbutanoic acid (23): In a 20 mL vial with a stir bar was added 1-benzyl 4-ethyl 2-phenylsuccinate (0.544 mmol), 10% palladium/carbon (0.054 mmol), and EtOAc (3.6 mL). The system was purged with H₂ via a hydrogen balloon, and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight under an H₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite plug, eluting with EtOAc, and concentrated to afford 120 mg (99% yield) of 23 as a white solid. Analytical data for 23: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 4.24 – 3.96 (m, 3H), 3.17 (dd, J = 17.0, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd, J = 17.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.0, 171.5, 137.1, 129.1, 128.1, 128.0, 61.0, 46.9, 37.6, 14.2; IR (film) 3255, 3032, 2982, 2917, 2849, 1734, 1709, 1602, 1585, 1540, 1497, 1455, 1418, 1395,1374, 1279, 1252, 1164, 1095, 1024, 856, 762, 726, 698, 656 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₅O₄ [M+H]⁺: 223; found 223.



(S)-4-ethoxy-4-oxo-3-phenylbutanoic acid (24): In a 20 mL vial with a stir bar was added 4-benzyl 1-ethyl 2-phenylsuccinate (1.201 mmol), 10% palladium/carbon (0.120 mmol), and EtOAc (8.0 mL). The system was purged with H₂ via a hydrogen balloon, and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight under an H₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite plug, eluting with EtOAc, and concentrated to afford 265 mg (99% yield) of 24 as a white solid. Analytical data for 24: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 4.14 (ddd, J = 38.9, 10.8, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (dd, J = 10.2, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (dd, J = 17.3, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.8, 137.5, 128.9, 127.7, 61.3, 47.0, 37.4, 14.0; IR (film) 3255, 3032, 2982, 2936, 1731, 1711, 1618, 1585, 1497, 1454, 1402, 1371, 1295, 1263, 1230, 1174, 1020, 699 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₅O₄ [M+H]⁺: 223; found 223.

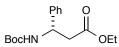


(R)-ethyl 2-phenylcyclopent-2-enecarboxylate (25)⁵: In a oven dried 20 mL vial with a stir bar was added 4-ethoxy-4-oxo-2-phenylbutanoic acid (0.225 mmol), and THF (1.5 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C and (tetrahydro-1H-furan-1-ium-1yl)trihydroborate (337 μ L, 0.337 mmol) was added dropwise by a syringe. Stirred at 0°C for 15 minutes and then warmed to 23 °C overnight. Cooled to -10 °C and trifluoroborate dietherate (70 μ L, 0.567 mmol) was added by syringe. Stirred at 0 to 23 °C overnight. Quenched by the addition of brine and extracted with EtOAc, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. Purified by flash column chromatography 30% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 32 mg (86% yield) of 25 the product lactone as an oil. Analytical data for 25: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.75 - 4.62 (m, 1H), 4.33 - 4.25 (m, 1H), 3.80 (p, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, J = 17.5, 8.7 Hz, 1H, 2.69 (dd, J = 17.5, 9.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.6, 139.5, 129.3, 127.9, 126.8, 74.2, 41.3, 35.9; IR (film) 3032, 2962, 2916, 2849, 2349, 1781, 1603, 1542, 1496, 1473, 1455, 1419, 1376, 1350, 1285, 1225, 1207, 1167, 1041, 1020, 1000, 991, 947, 898, 854, 850, 818, 762, 751, 700, 671, 664, 656, 641 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for $C_{10}H_{11}O_2$ [M+H]⁺: 163; found 163; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel IA, 1% i-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 36.2 min, Rt (minor) = 42.1 min; er = 94:6.

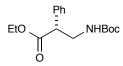
⁵ L. Zhou, X. Liu, J. Ji, Y. Zhang, X. Hu, L. Lin, X. Feng, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2012, 134, 17023-17026.



(S)-3-phenyldihydrofuran-2(3H)-one (26)⁶: Prepared analogously to 25, using 24 (0.225 mmol) to afford 27 mg (74% yield) of 26 as a clear liquid. Analytical data for 26: ¹H 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (ddd, J = 8.6, 7.2, 2.5 Hz, 3H), 4.49 (td, J = 8.7, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (td, J = 9.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.87 – 3.78 (m, 1H), 2.78 – 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.51 – 2.40 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 136.7, 129.1, 128.0, 127.8, 66.6, 45.6, 31.8; IR (film) 3063, 3030, 2988, 2915, 1766, 1732,1682, 1651, 1602, 1497, 1454, 1372, 1266, 1216, 1148, 1096, 1069, 1022, 995, 952, 918, 805, 751, 697, 667, 662, 626 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₀H₁₁O₂ [M+H]⁺: 163; found 163; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel IA, 3% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 28.2 min, Rt (minor) = 25.5 min; er = 91:9.



Ethyl (S)-3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-phenylpropanoate (27)⁷: In a oven dried 2 dram vial with a stir bar was added 4-ethoxy-4-oxo-2-phenylbutanoic acid (0.225 mmol), t-BuOH (0.5 mL), triethylamine (33 μ L, 0.237 mmol), and diphenyl phosphorazidate (51 μ L, 0.237 mmol), heated at 85°C for 48 h. Then, the mixture was cooled to 23 °C, diluted with EtOAc (5 mL), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (5 mL), H_2O (5 mL), and brine. The organic layer dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. Purified by flash column chromatography 10% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 47 mg (71%) yield) of 27 as a colorless oil. Analytical data for 27: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 (dt, J = 14.1, 7.3 Hz, 5H), 5.47 (s, 1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 4.06 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.93 – 2.73 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.16 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.0, 155.0, 141.1, 128.6, 127.5, 126.2, 79.7, 60.7, 51.2, 41.0, 28.4, 14.1; IR (film) 3360, 3064, 3032, 3979, 3931, 1715, 1496, 1455, 1391, 1366, 1289, 1246, 1166, 1096, 1080, 1044, 1023, 963, 872, 757, 699, 667, 656 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₆H₂₄NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 294; found 294; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ADH, 5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm). Rt (major) = 18.3 min, Rt (minor) = 15.4 min; er = 94:6.



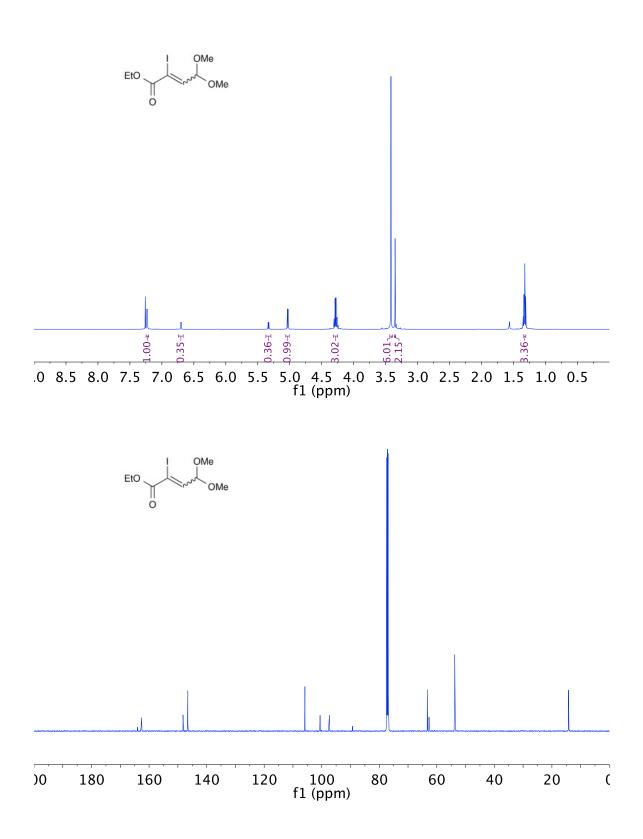
Ethyl (**R**)-3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2-phenylpropanoate (28): Prepared analogously to 27, using 24 (65 mg, 0.292 mmol) to afford 61 mg (71% yield) of 28 as a colorless oil. Analytical data for 28: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 4.27 – 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.92 – 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.64 – 3.55 (m, 1H), 3.55 – 3.44

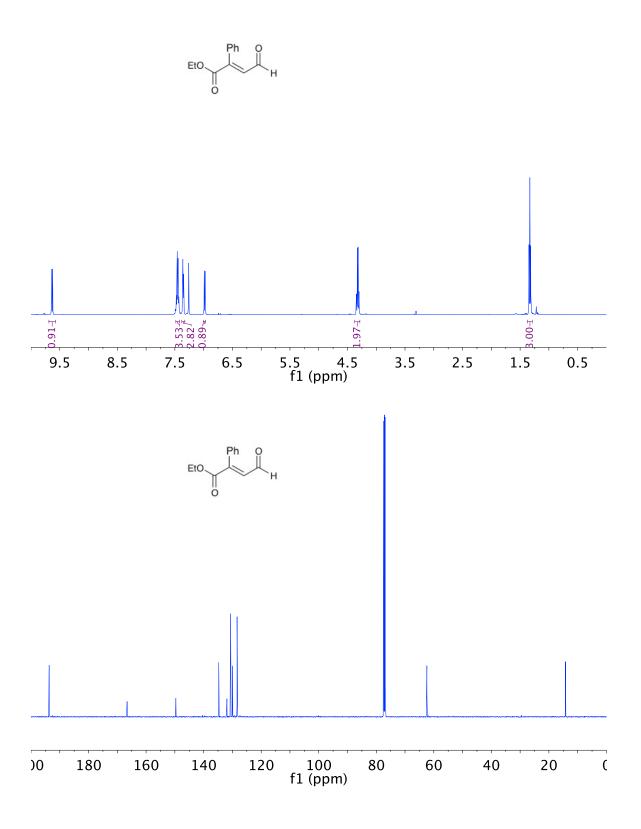
⁶ Z. Huang, Z. Chen, L. H. Lim, G. C. P. Quang, H. Hirao, J. Zhou, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2013**, *52*, 5807-5812.

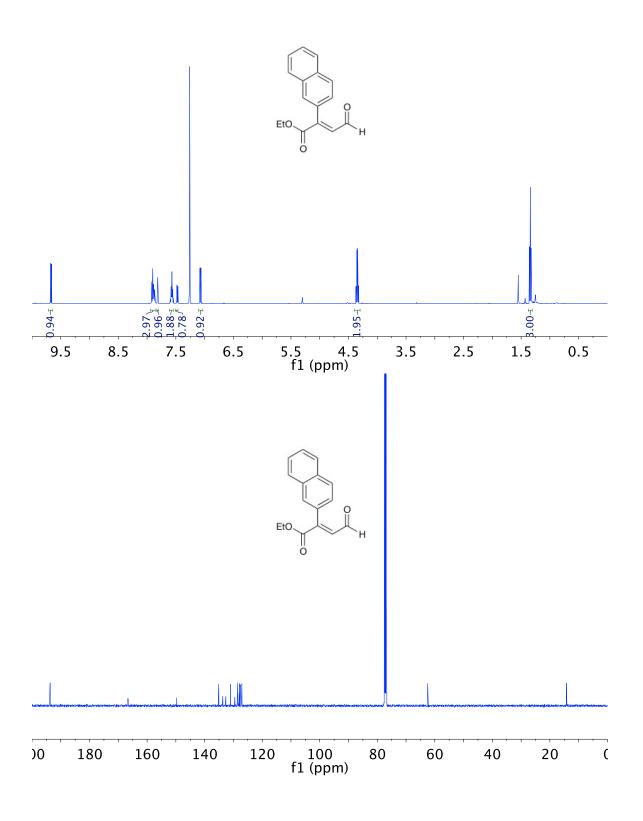
⁷ G. A. Molander, P. J. Stengel, *Tetrahedron* **1997**, *53*, 8887-8912.

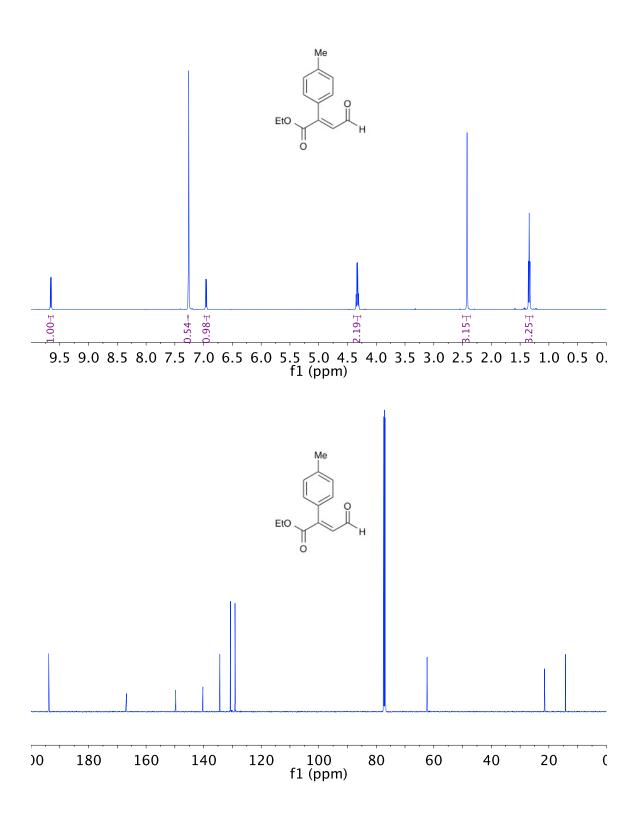
(m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 155.9, 136.7, 129.0, 128.1, 127.7, 79.6, 61.2, 51.8, 43.6, 28.5, 14.2; IR (film) 3380, 3064, 3031, 2978, 2934, 1718, 1507, 1455, 1392, 1366, 1279, 1250, 1197, 1171, 699 cm⁻¹; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₆H₂₄NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 294; found 294; Enantiomeric ratio was measured by chiral phase HPLC (Chiralcel ODH, 0.5% *i*-PrOH/Hexanes, 0.5 mL/min, 210 nm), Rt (major) = 46.0 min, Rt (minor) = 39.7 min; er = 93:7.

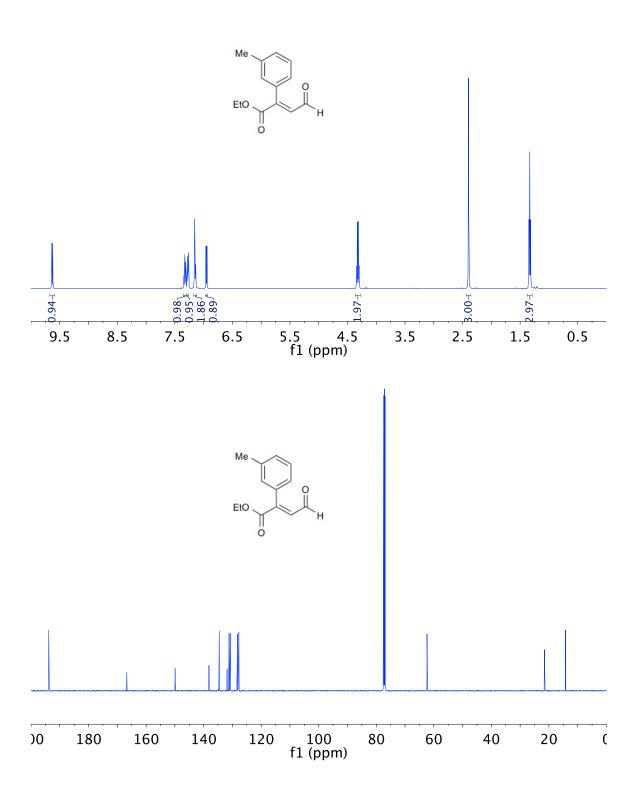
Selected NMR Spectra

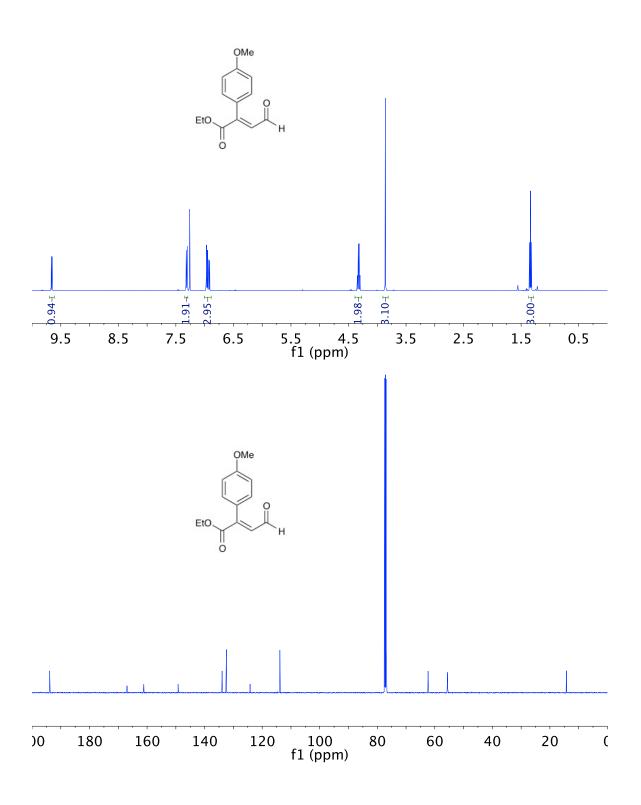


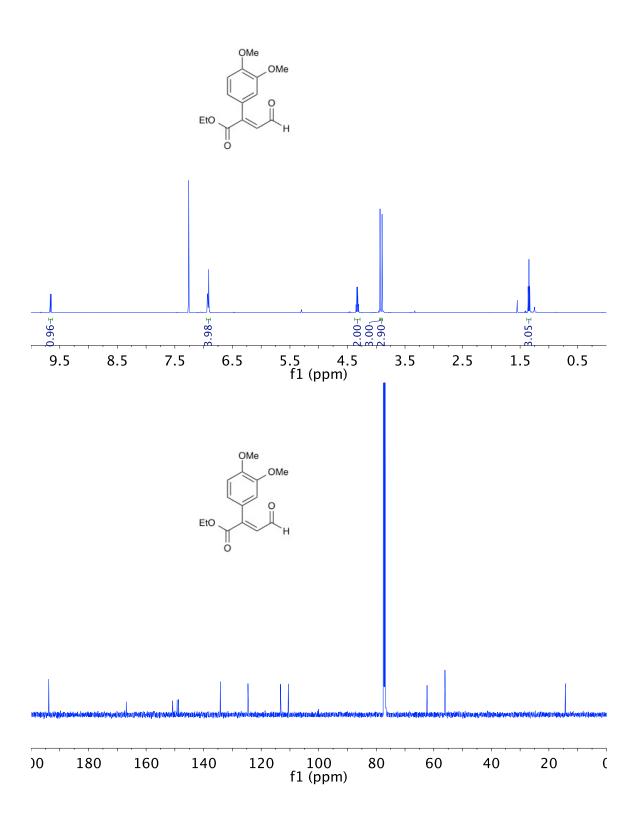


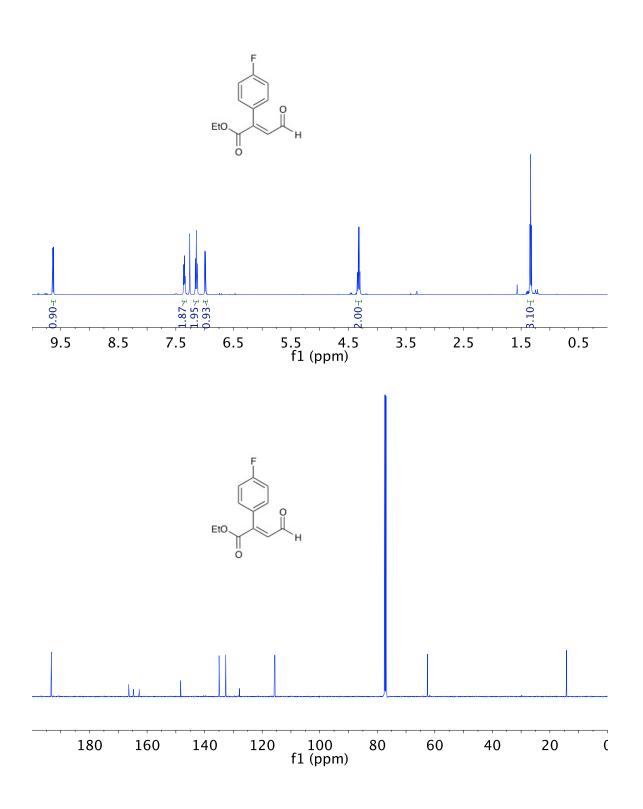


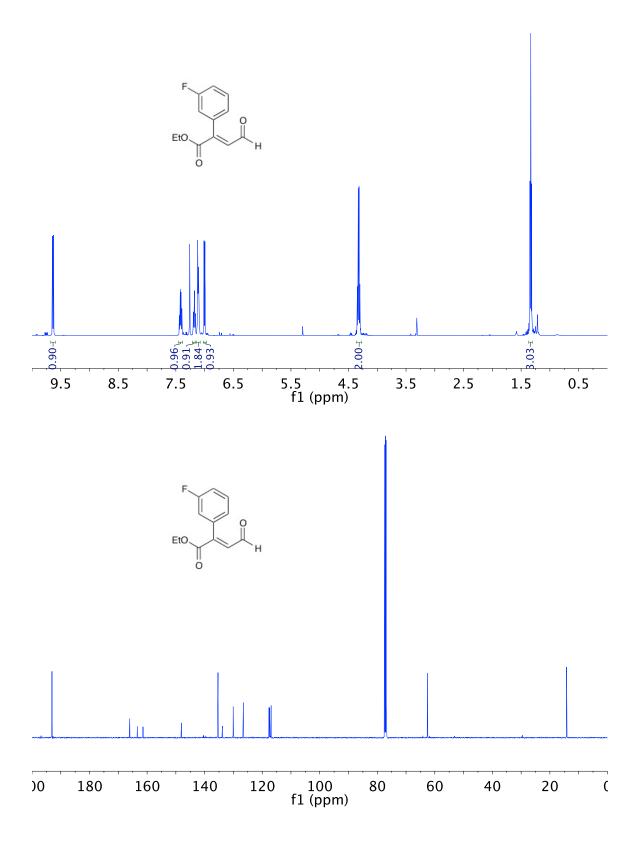


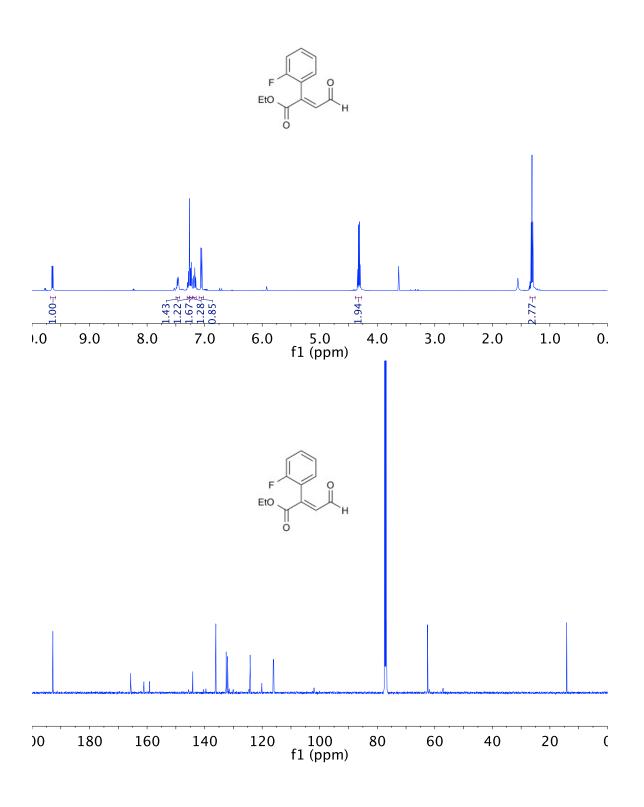


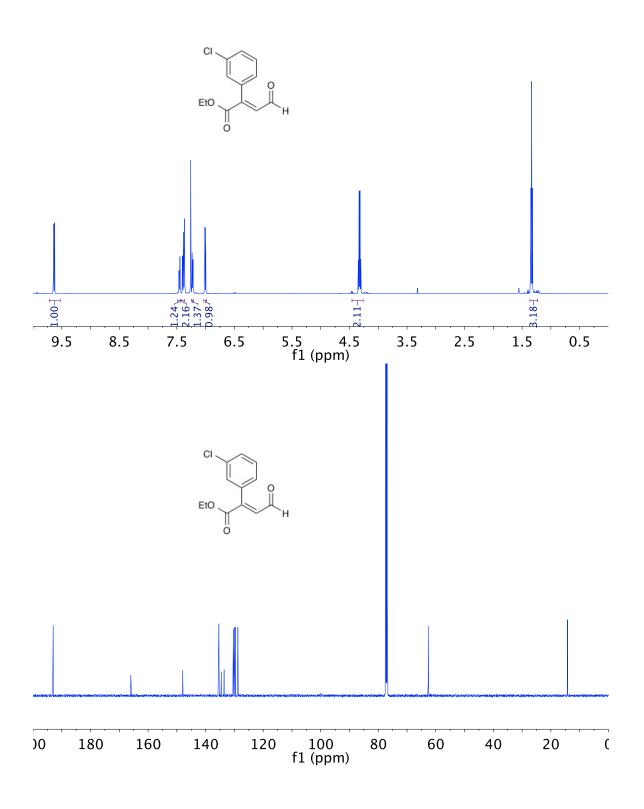


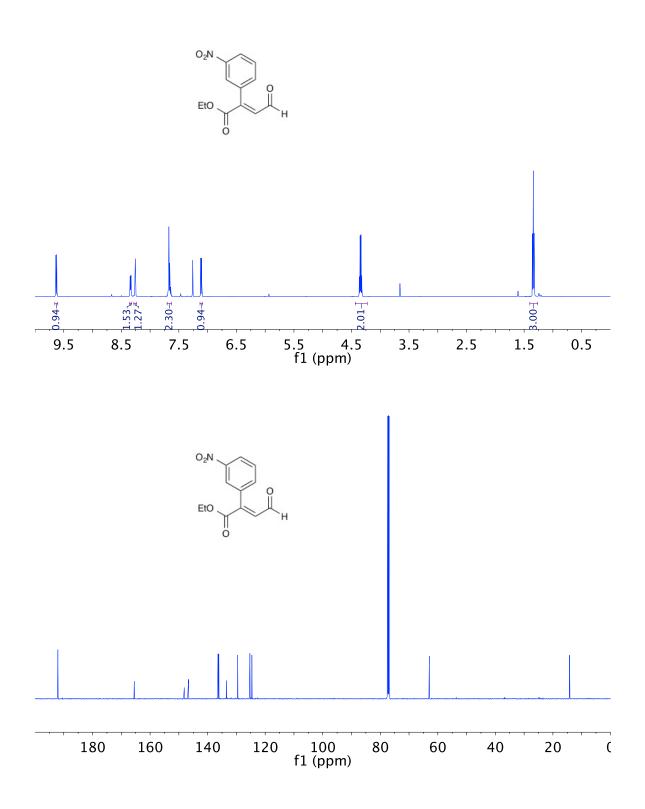


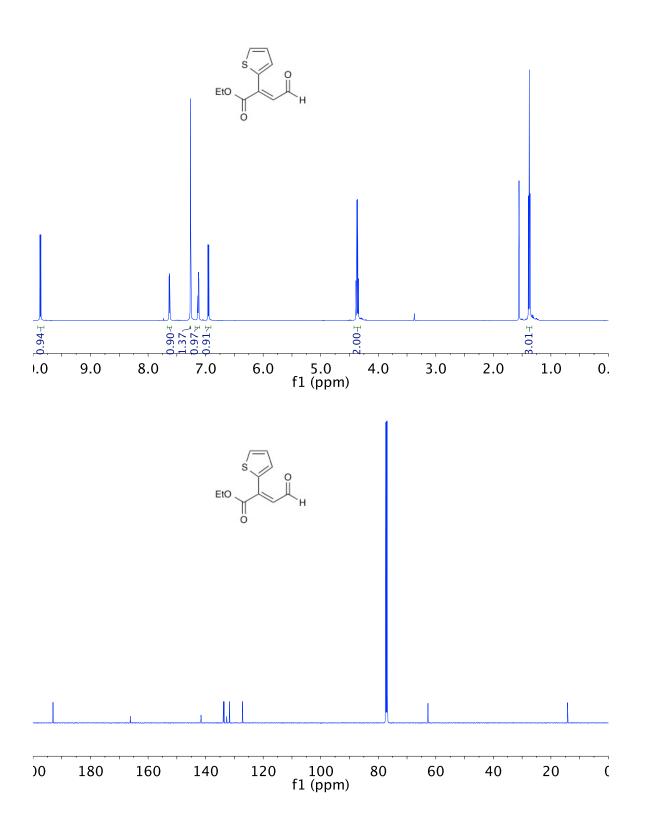


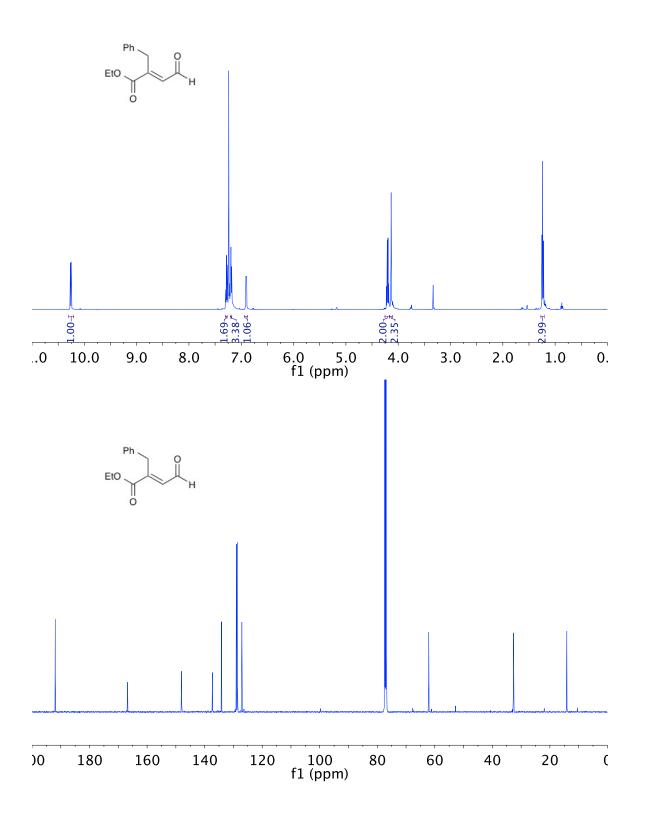


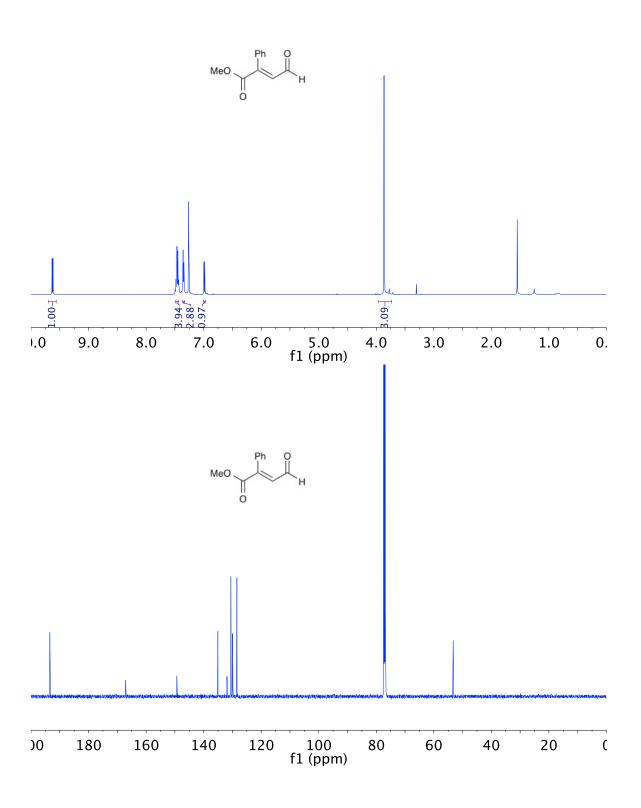


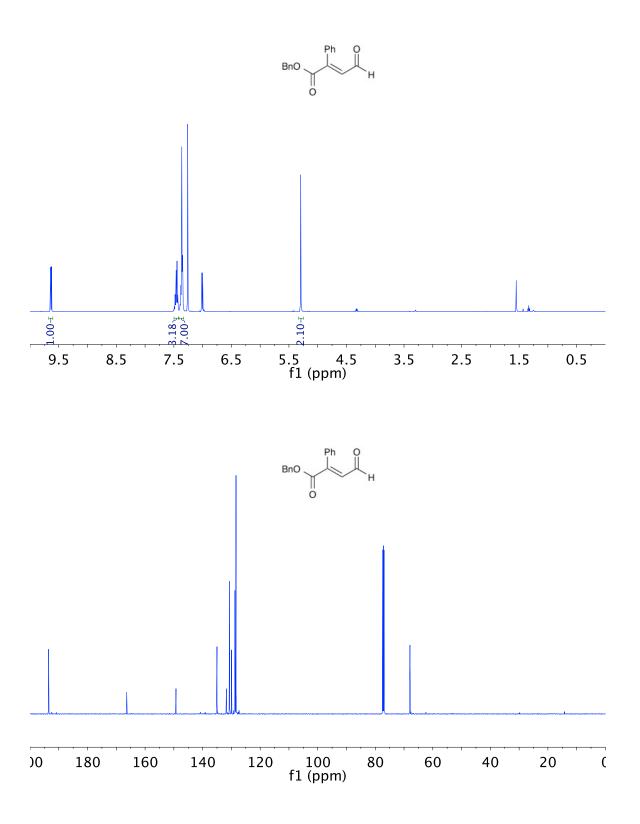


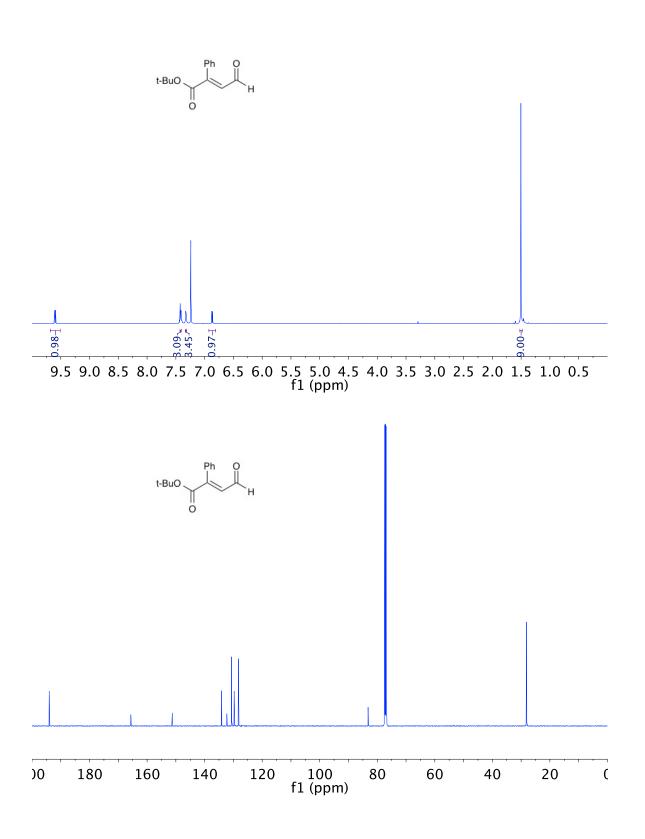


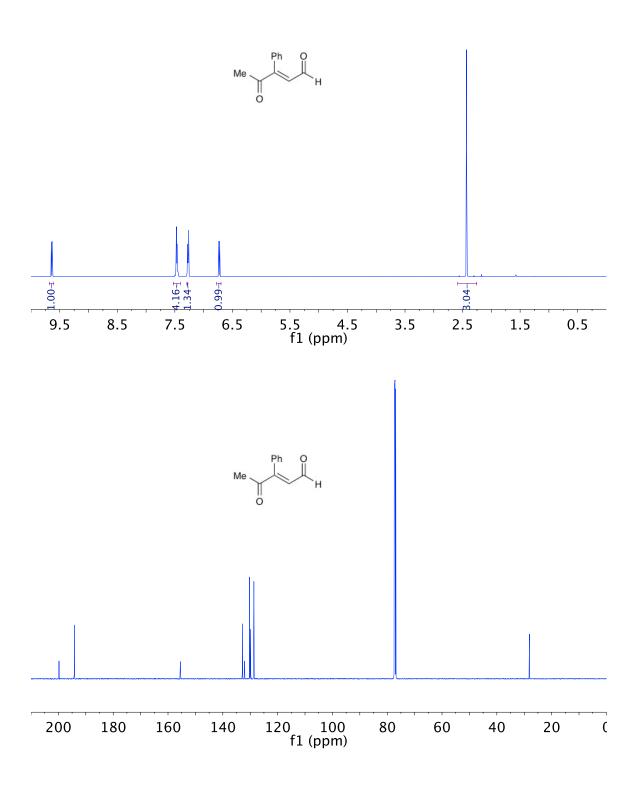


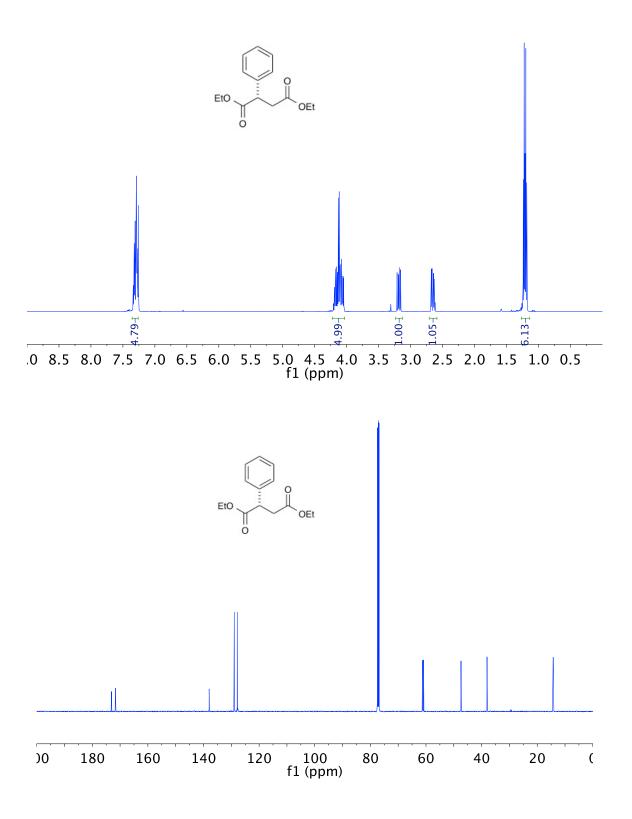


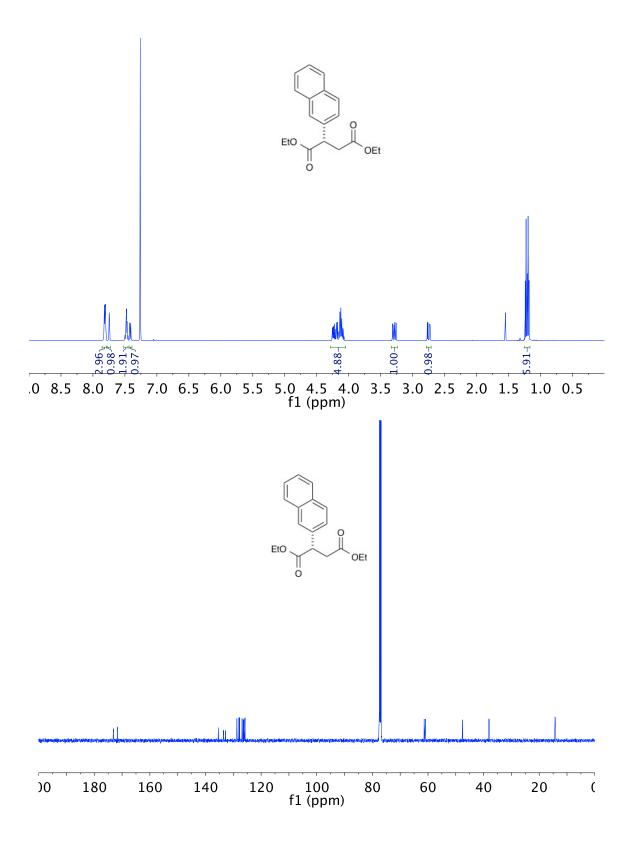


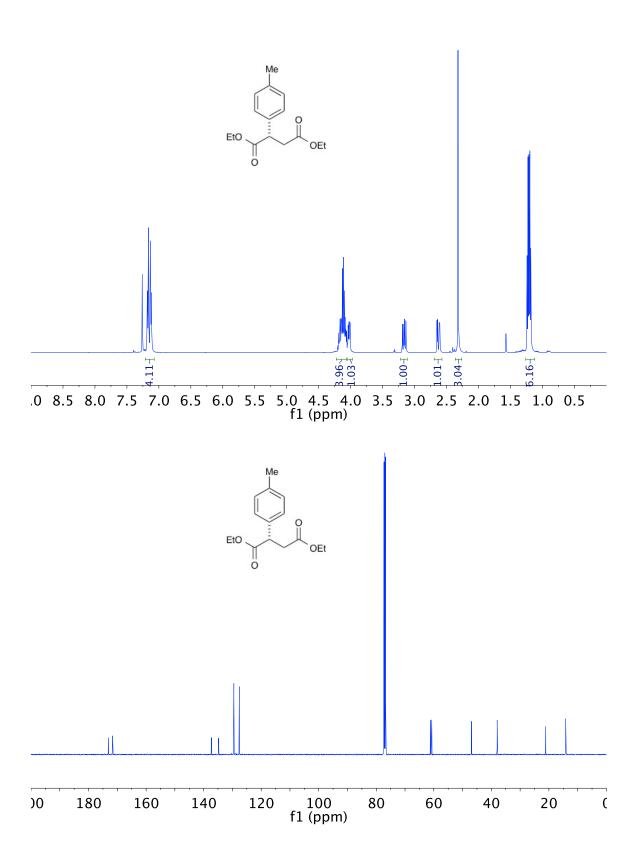


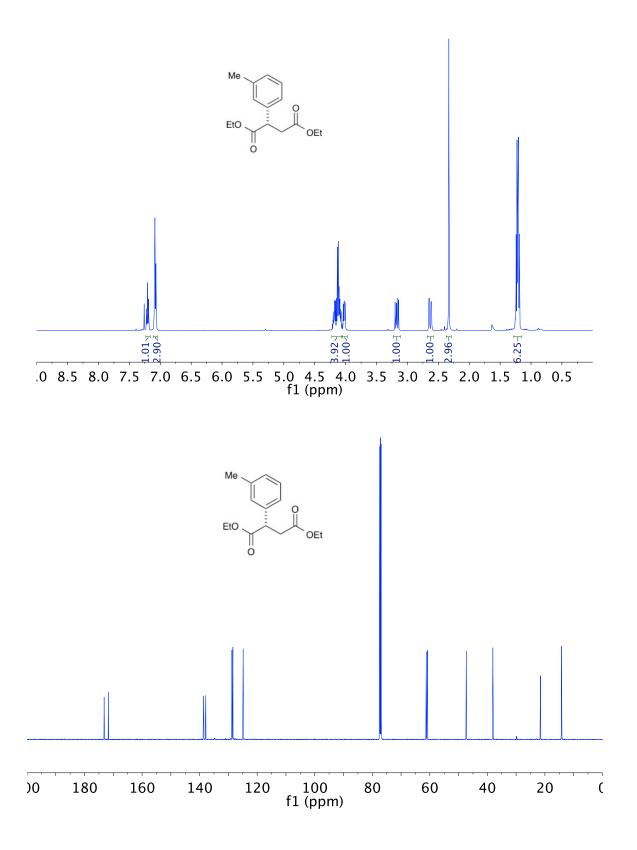


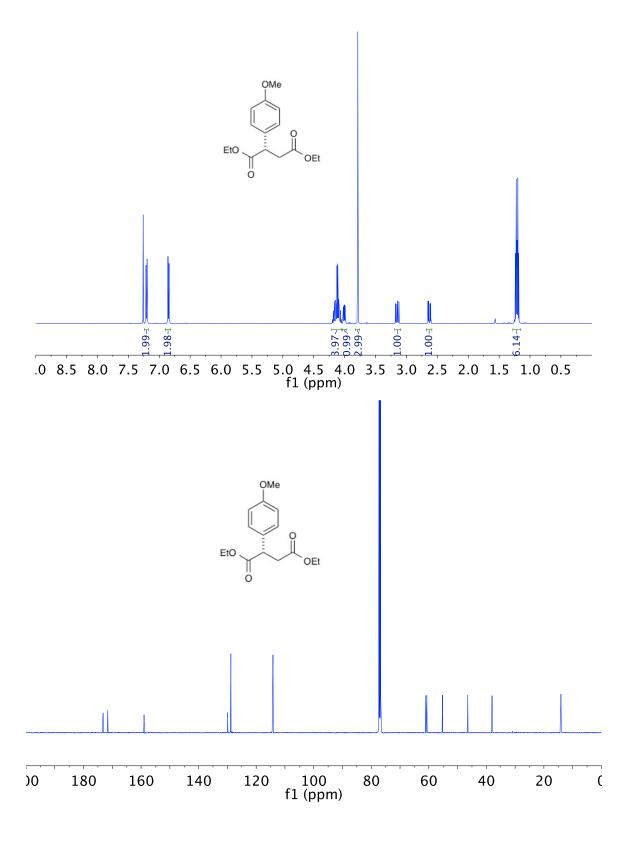


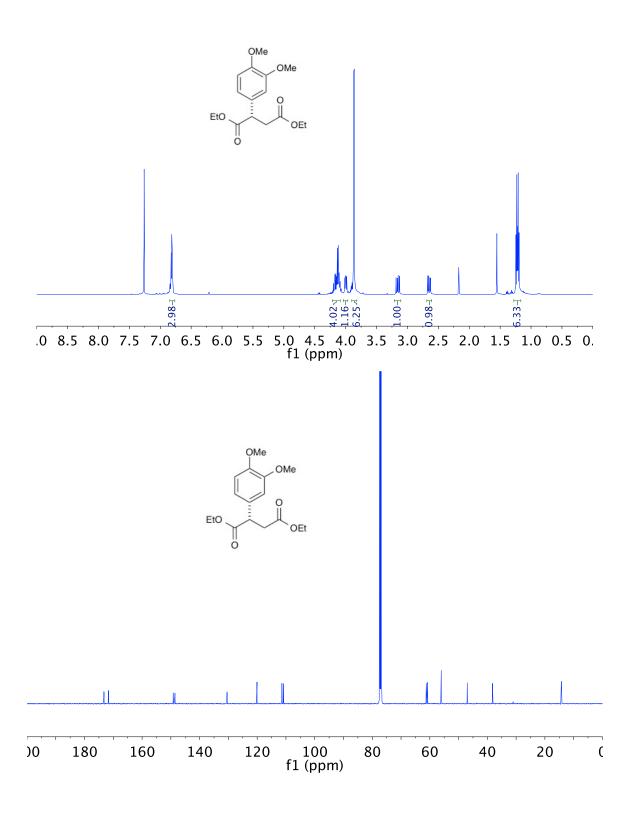


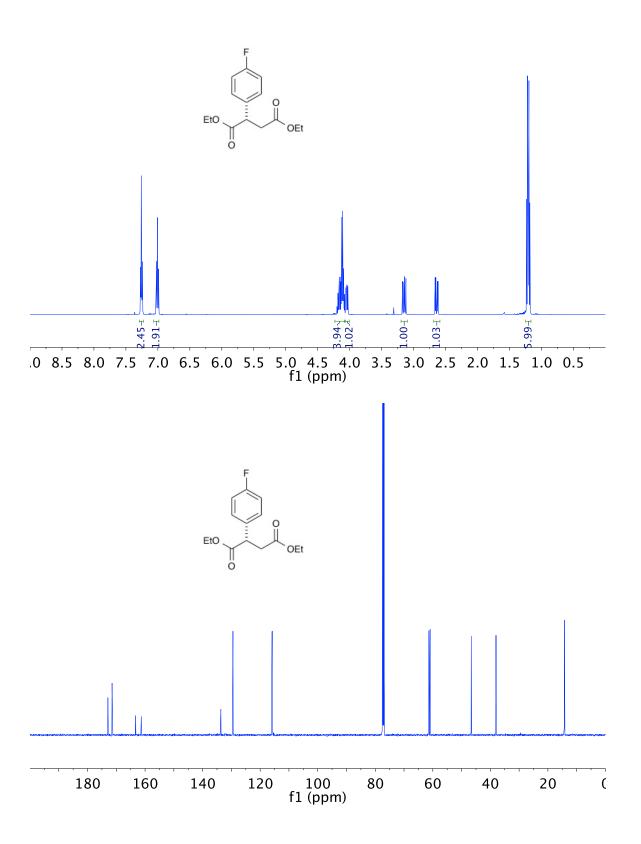


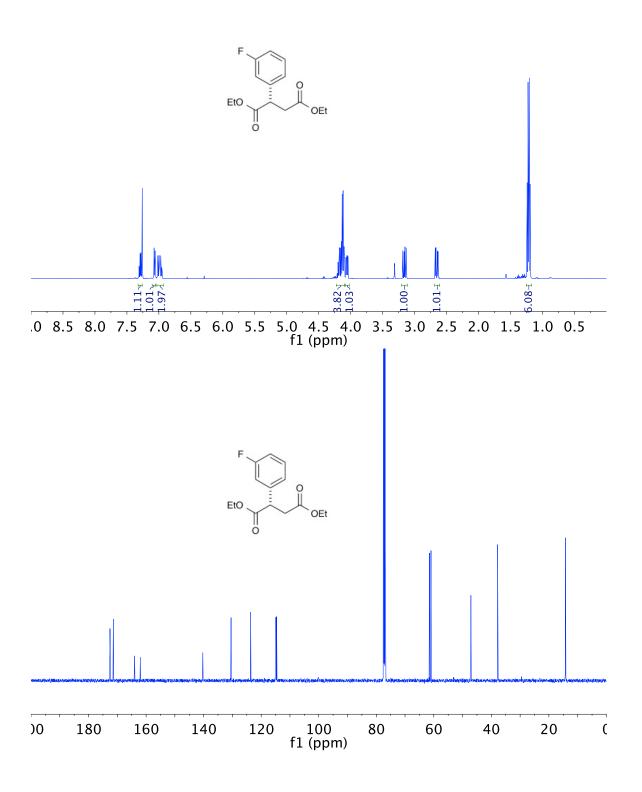


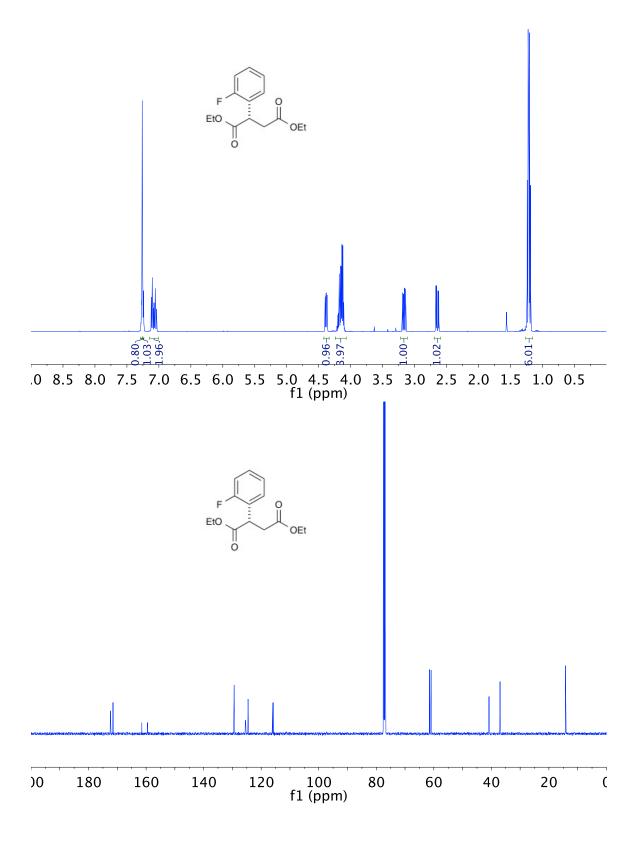


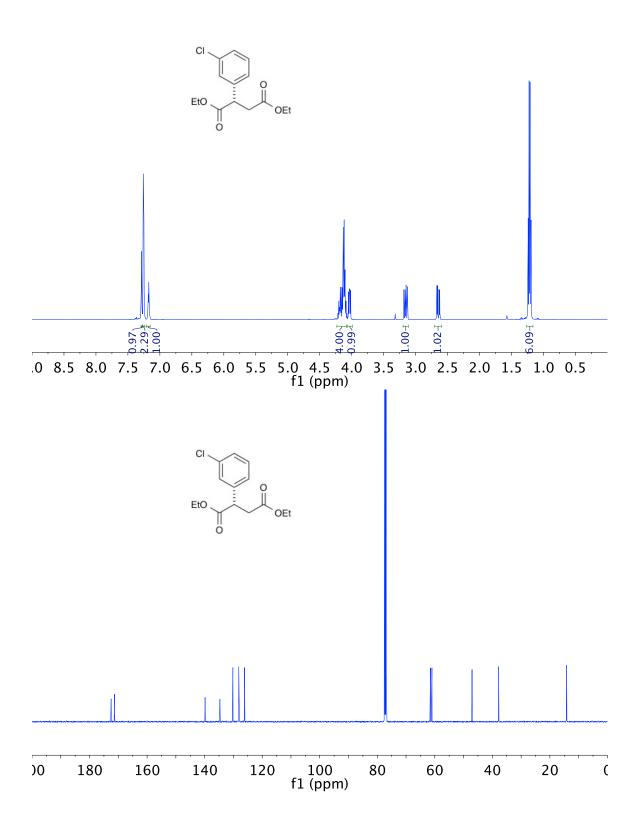


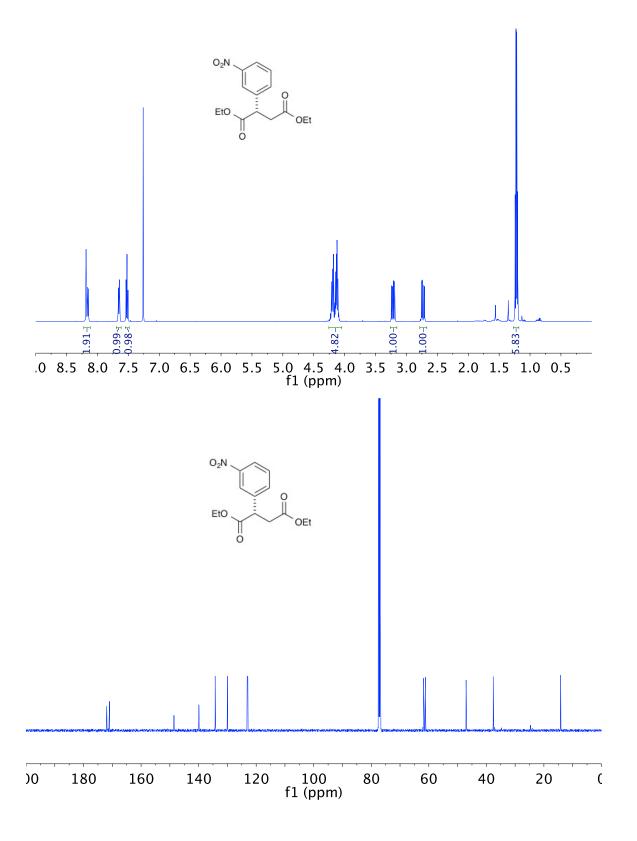


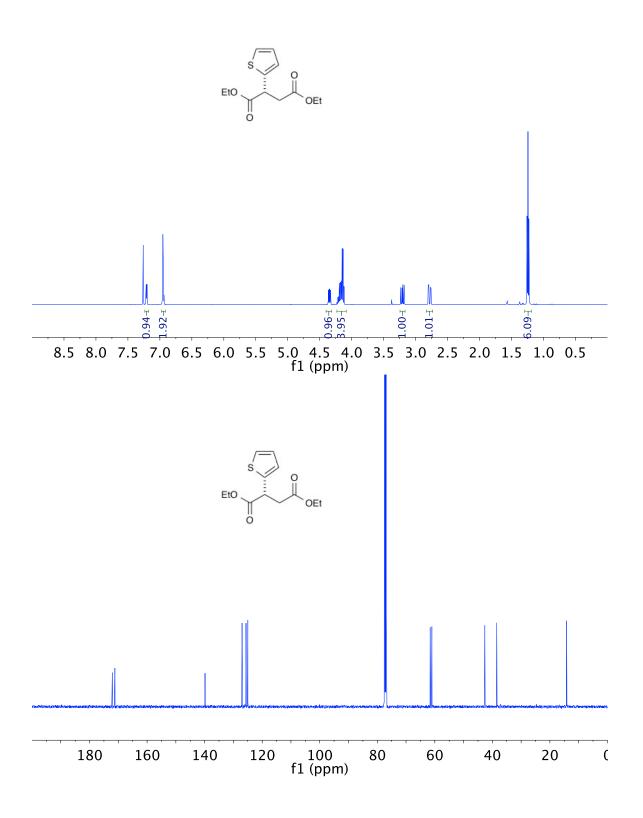


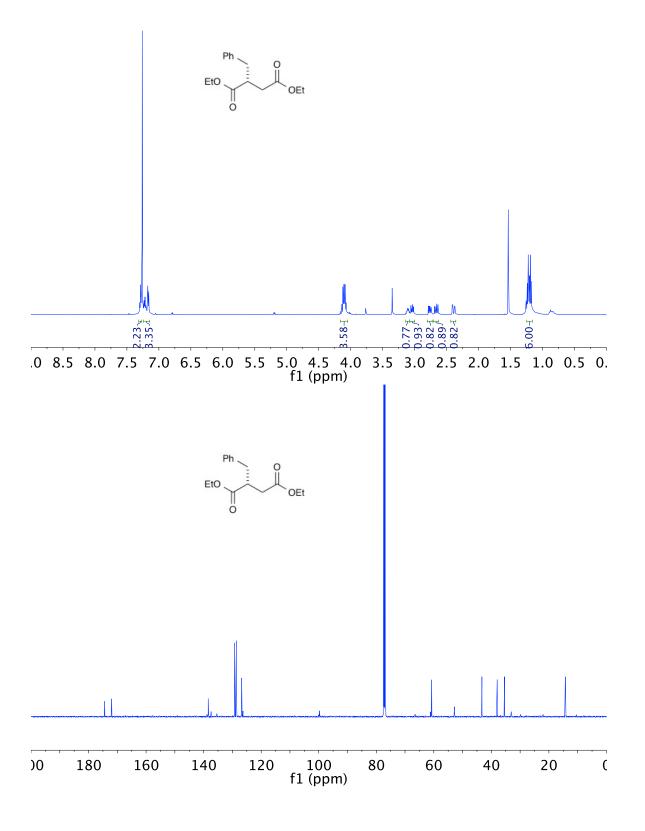


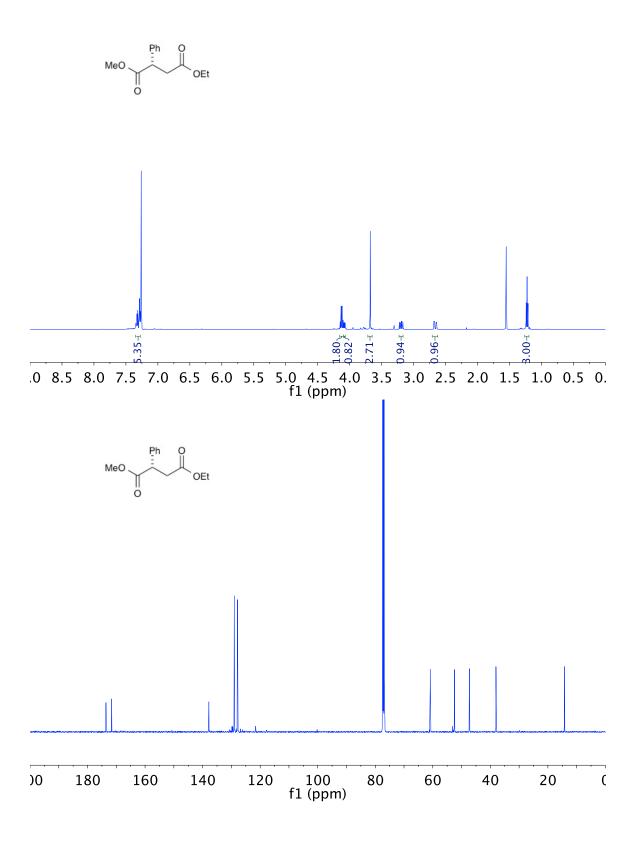


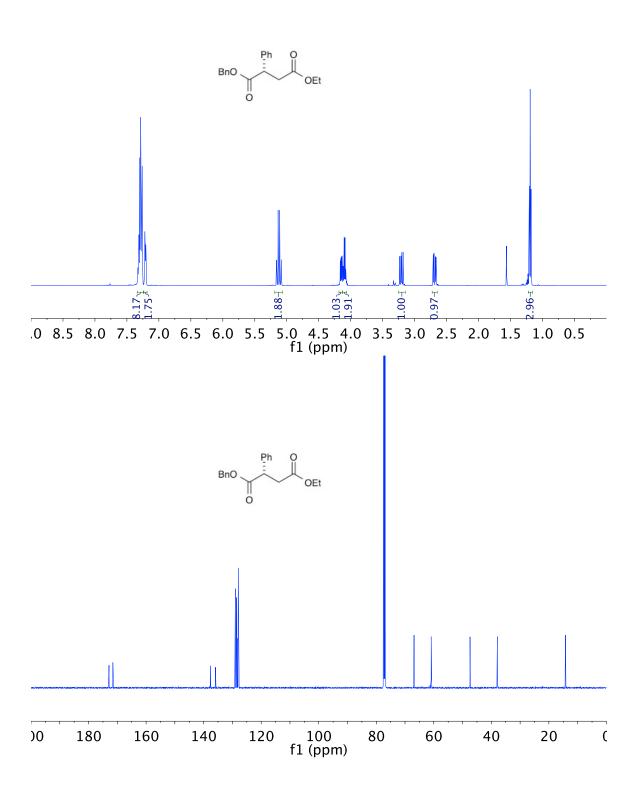


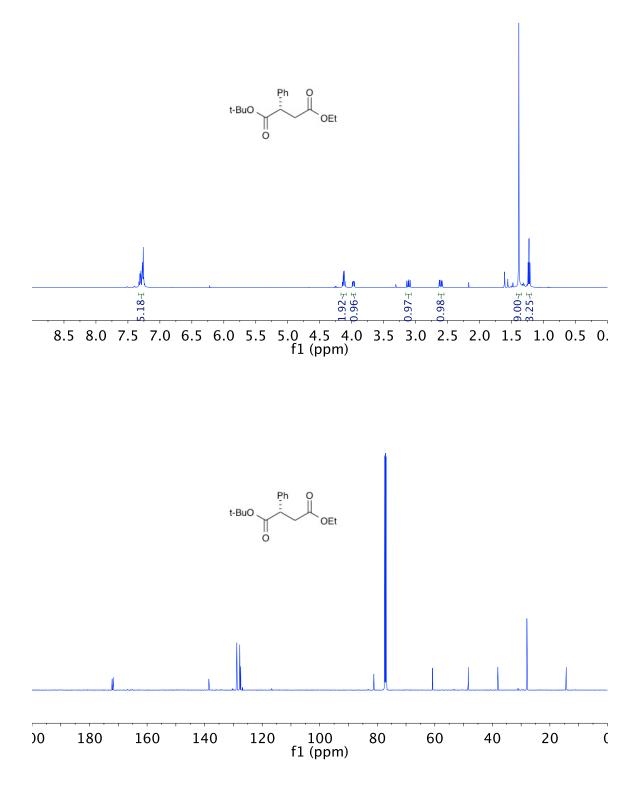


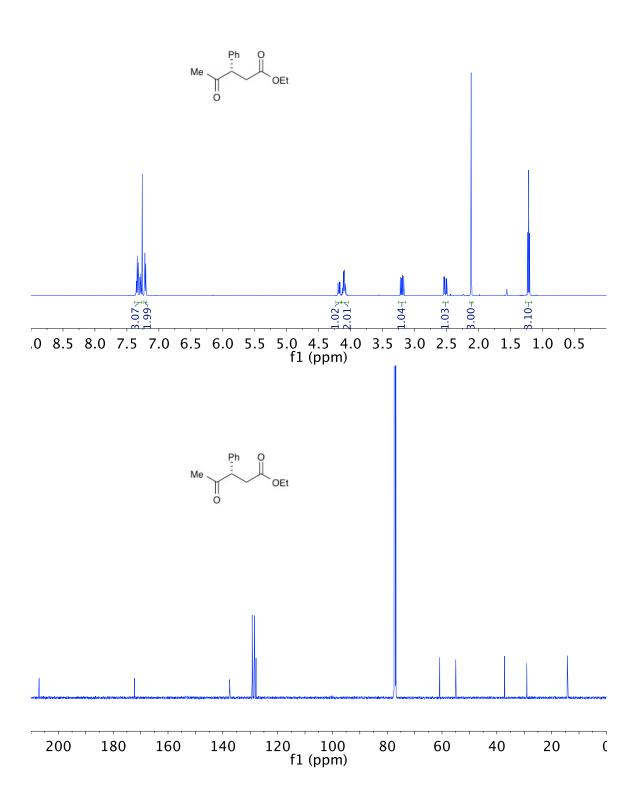


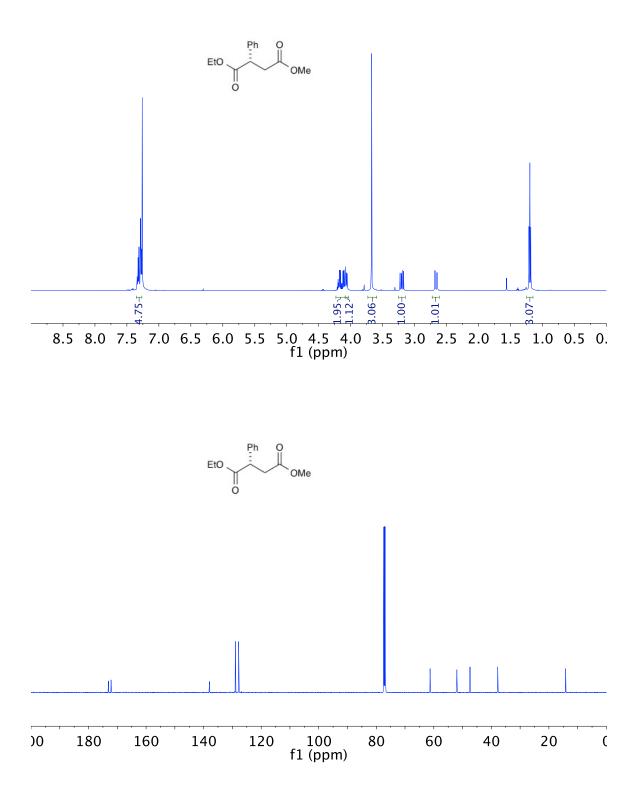


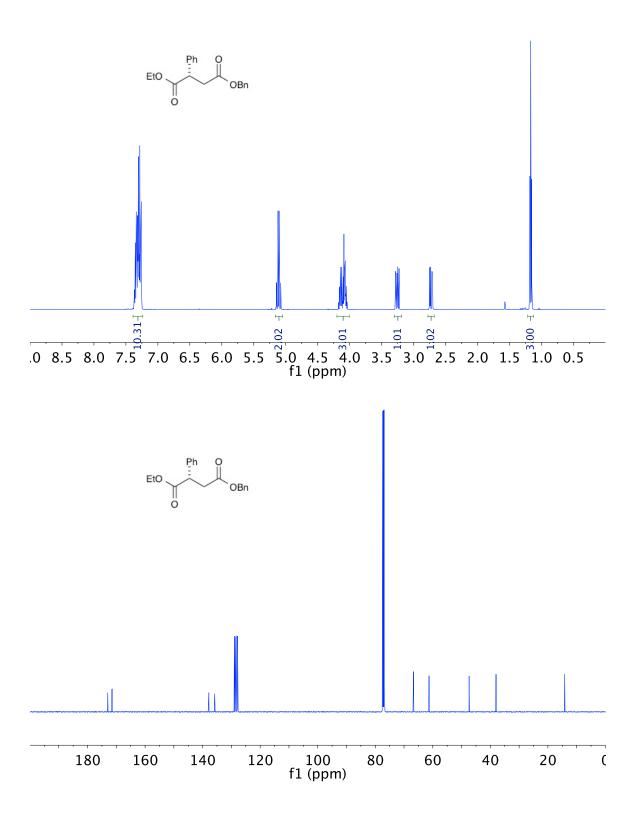


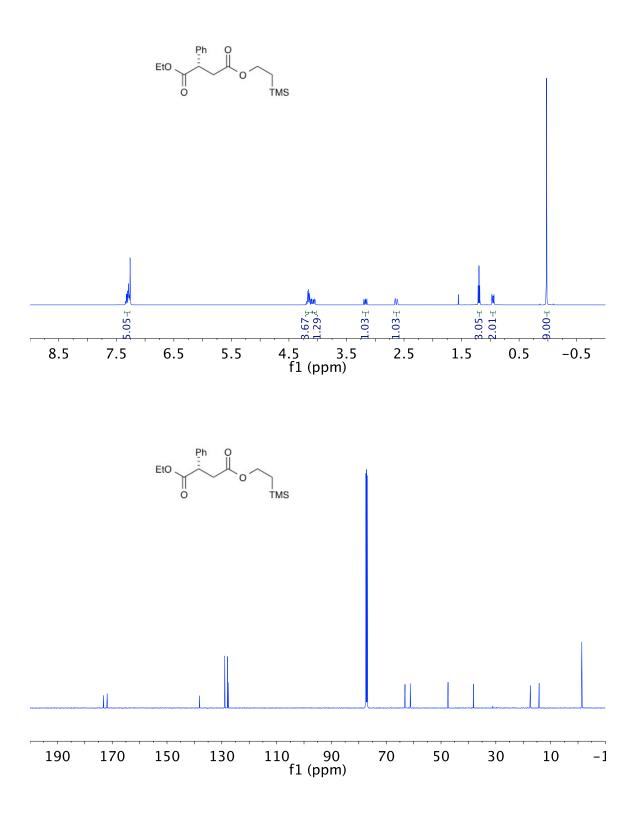


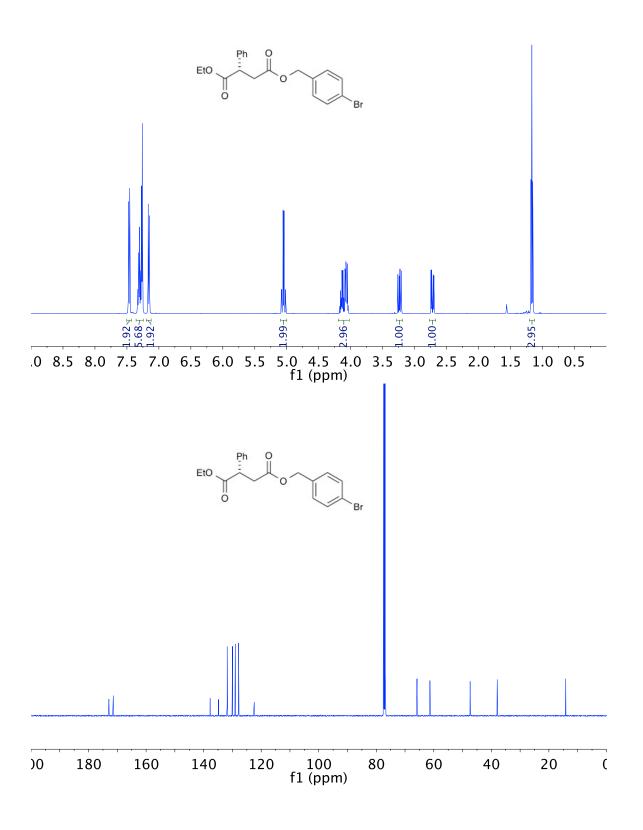


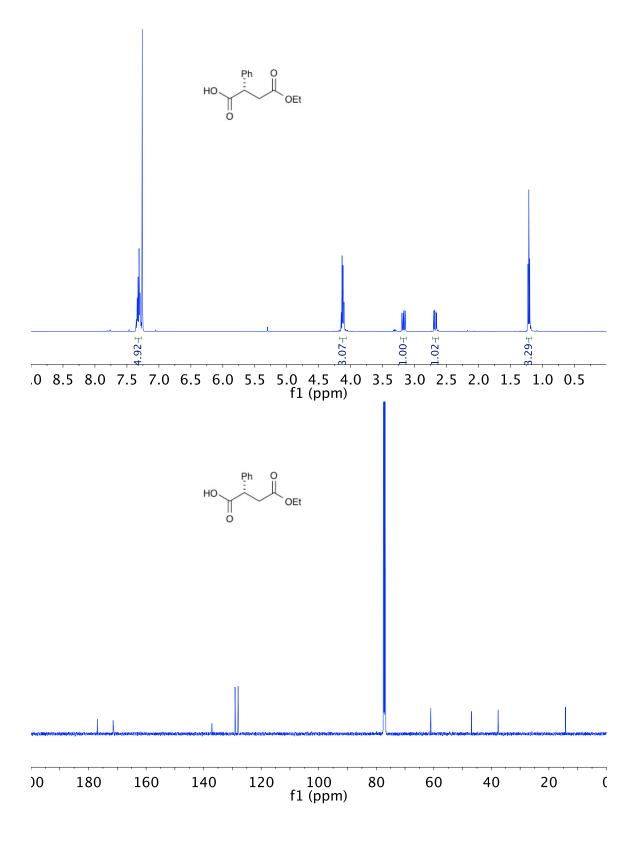


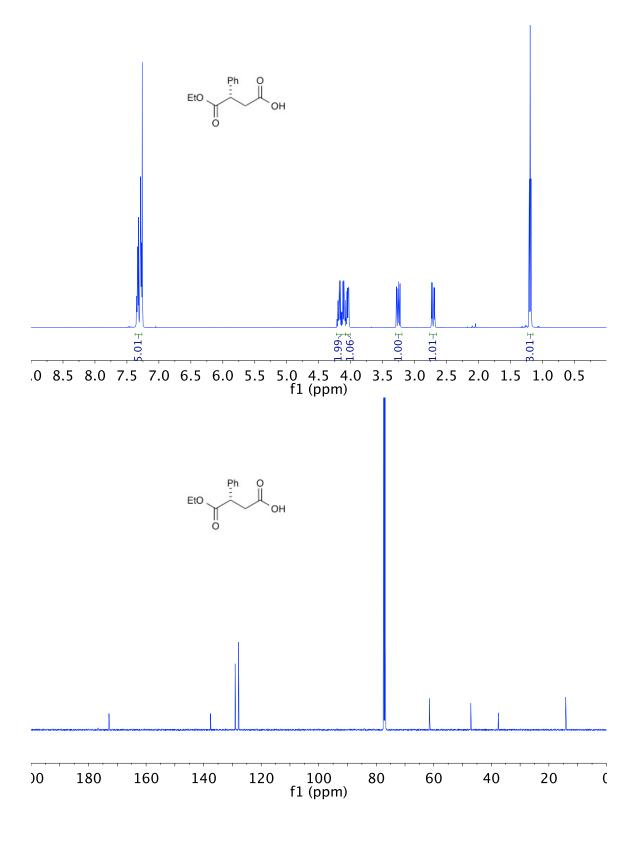


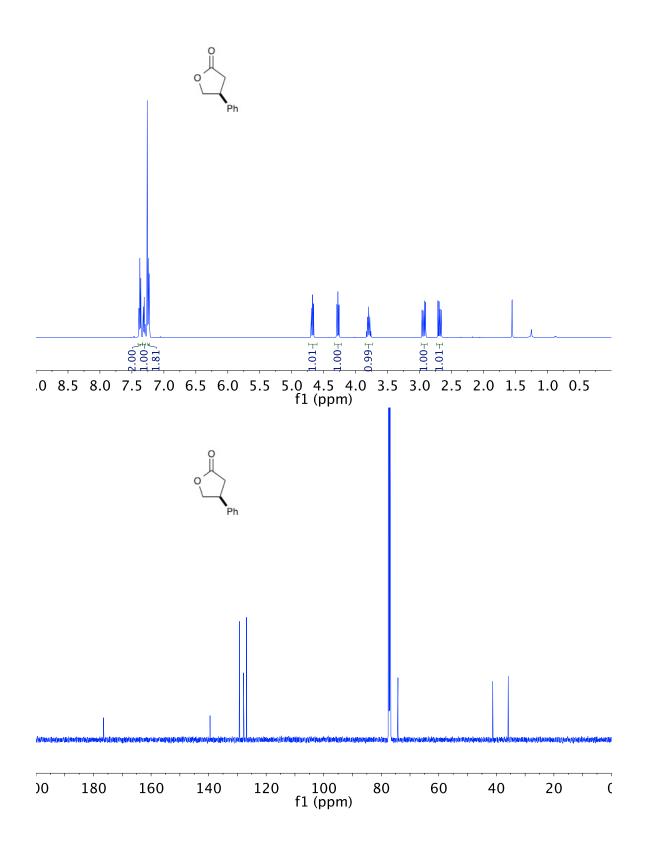


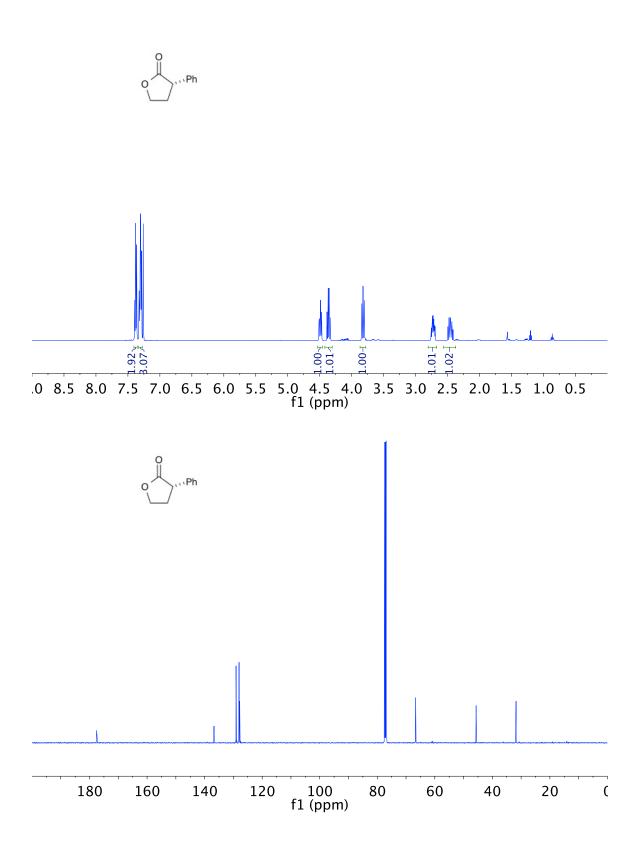


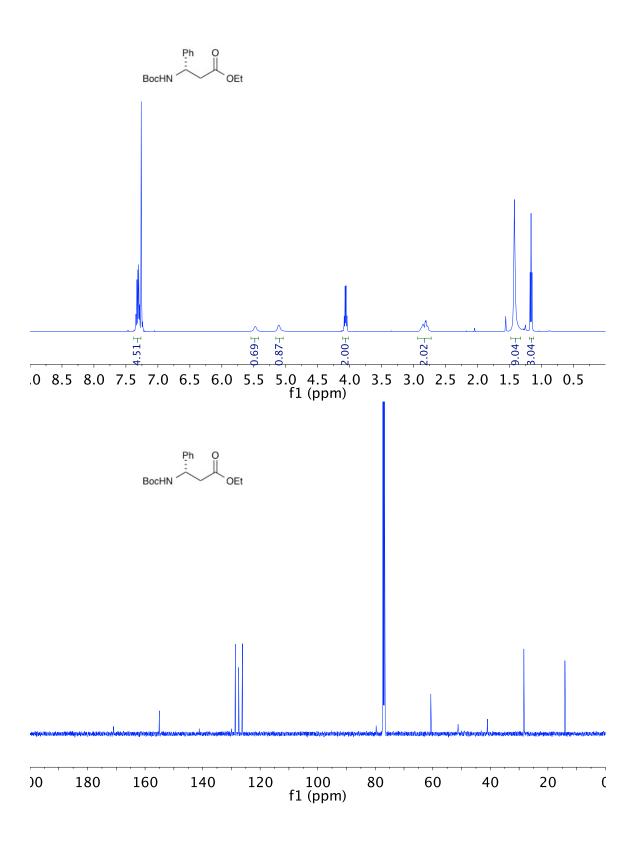


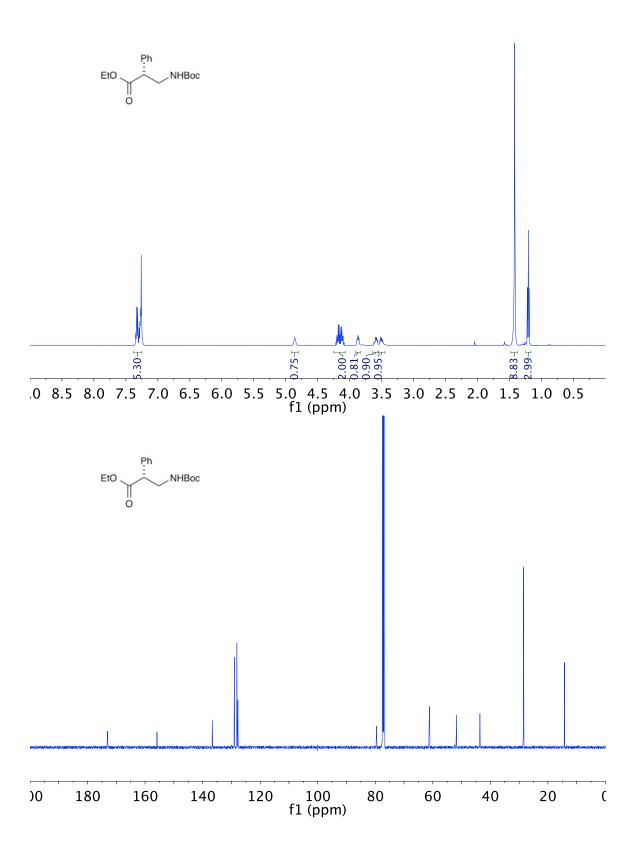


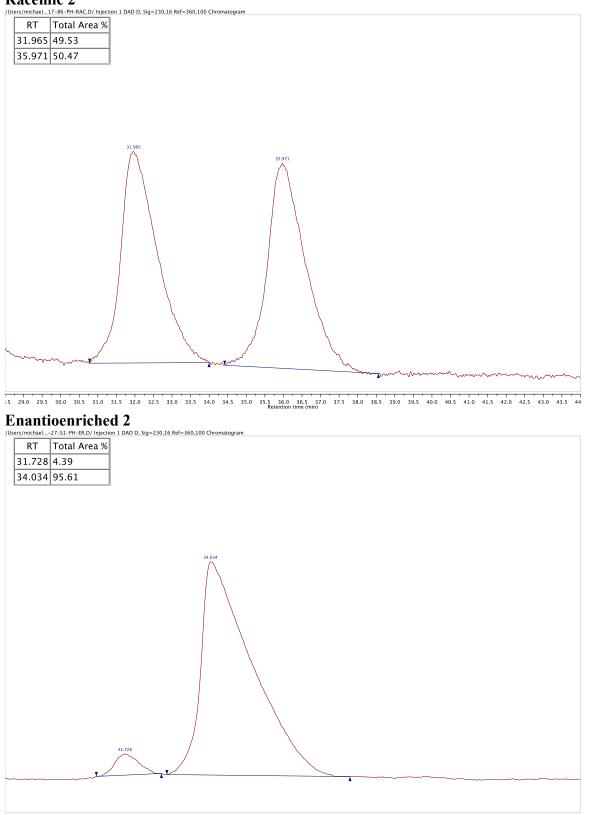






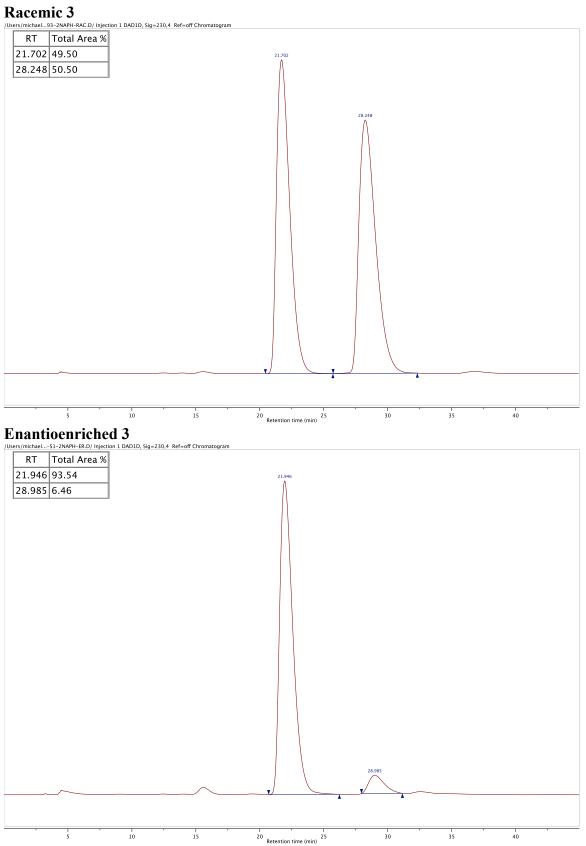


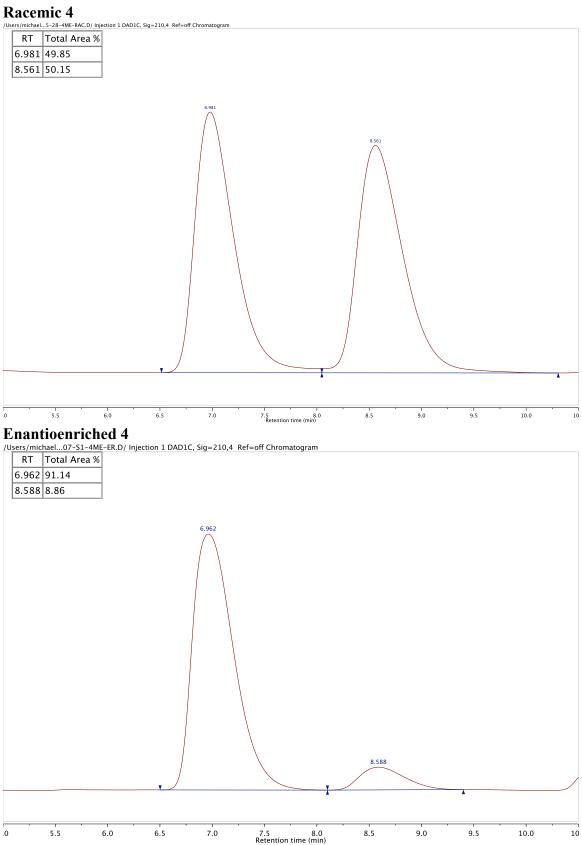




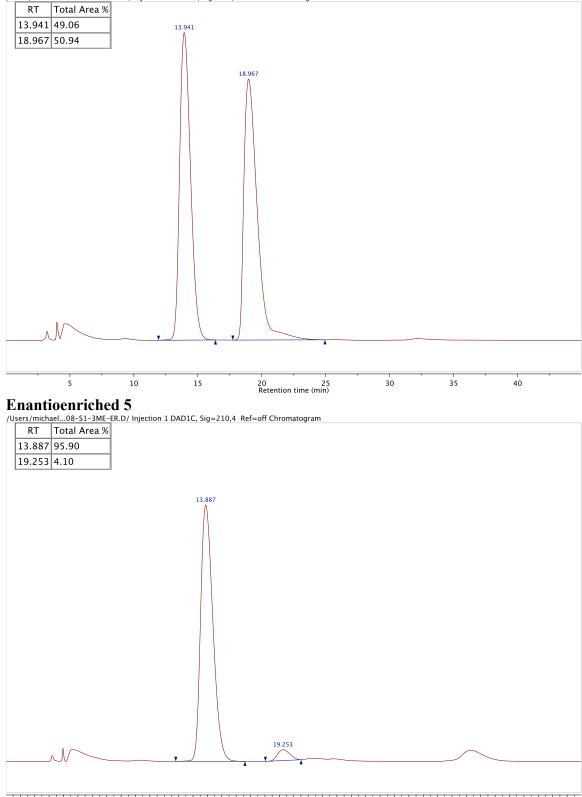
HPLC Traces of Racemic and Enantioenriched Compounds Racemic 2

Log 29.0 29.5 30.0 30.5 31.0 31.5 32.0 32.5 33.0 33.5 34.0 34.5 35.0 35.5 36.0 36.5 37.0 37.5 38.0 38.5 39.0 39.5 40.0 40.5 41.0 41.5 42.0 42.5 43.0 43.5 44. Retention time (min)

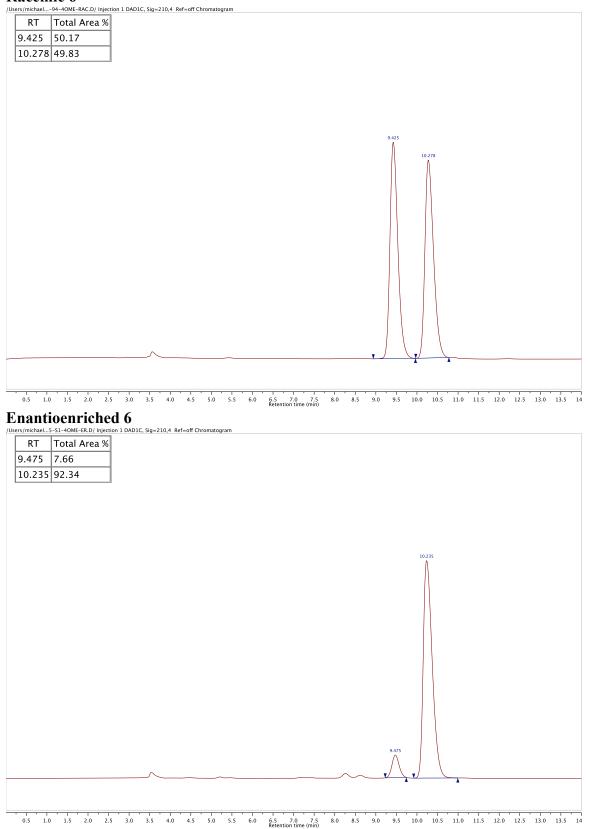


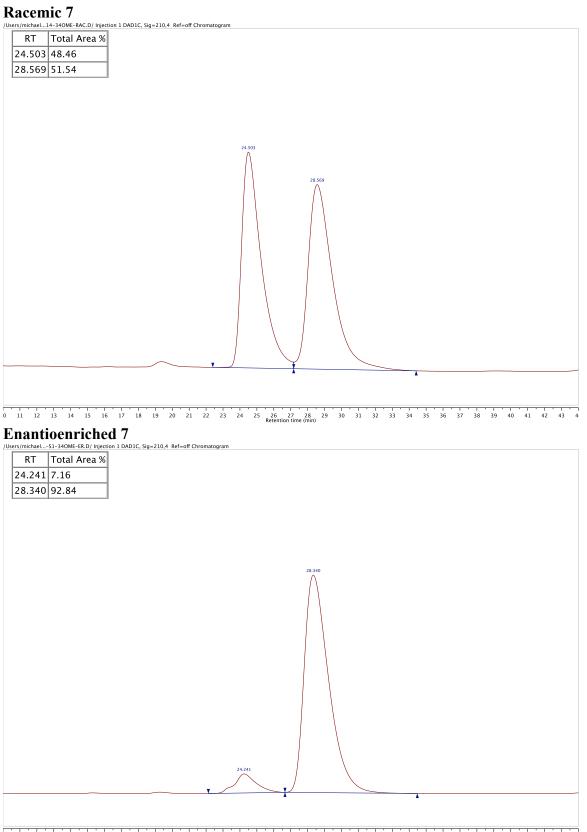




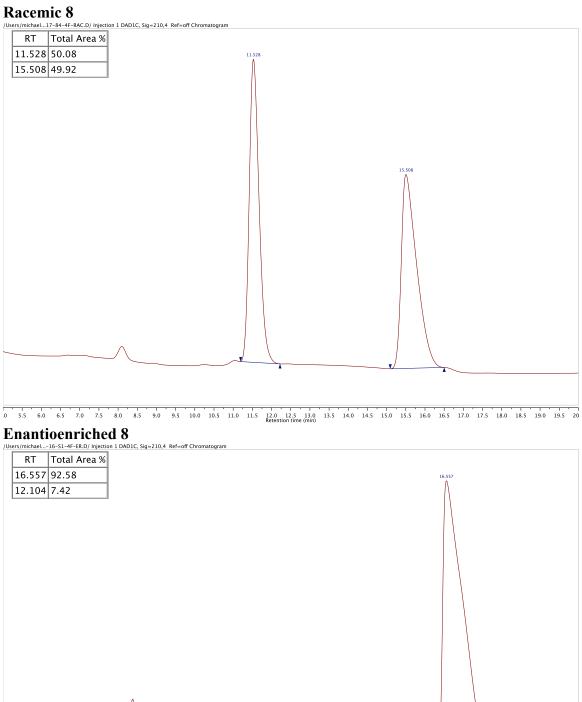


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 Retention time (min)

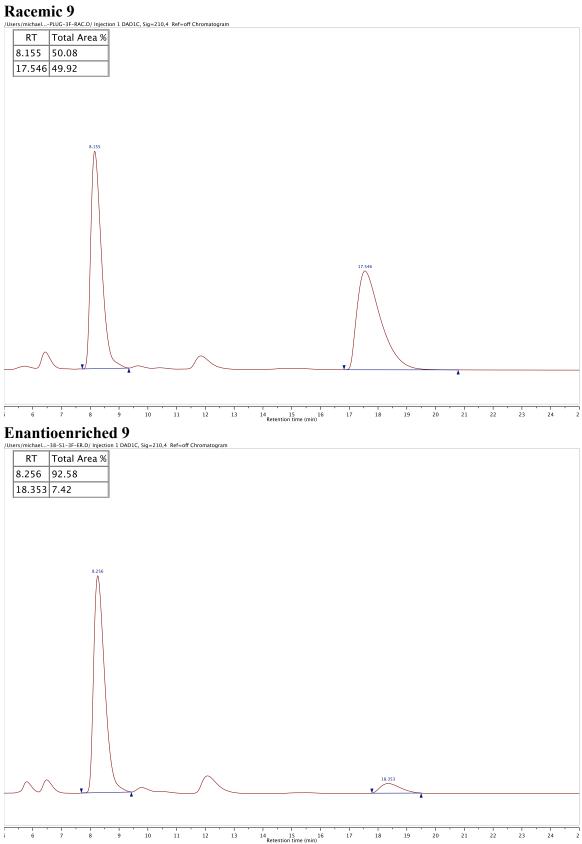


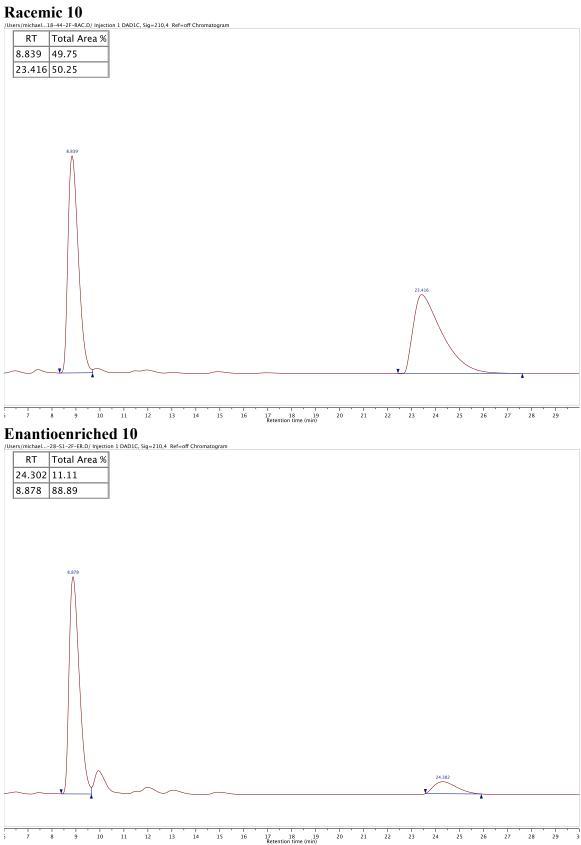


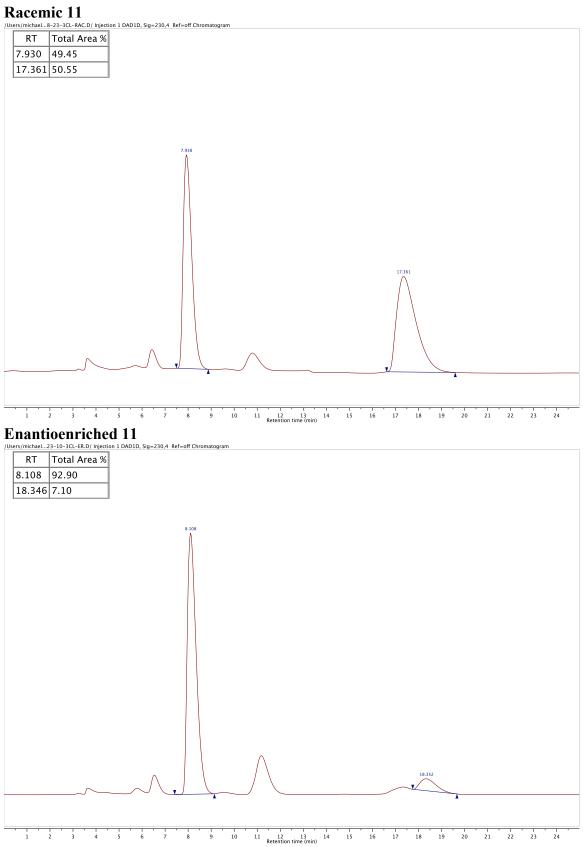
0 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 4 Retention time (min)

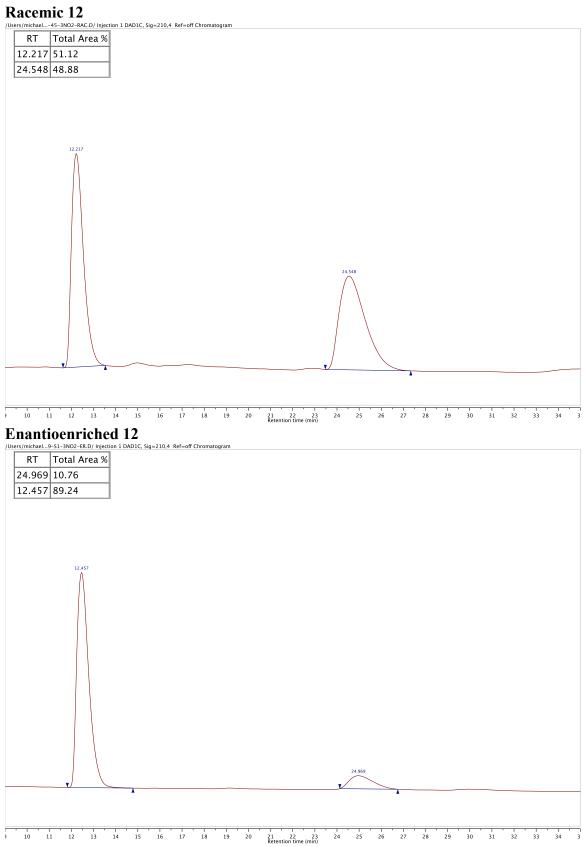


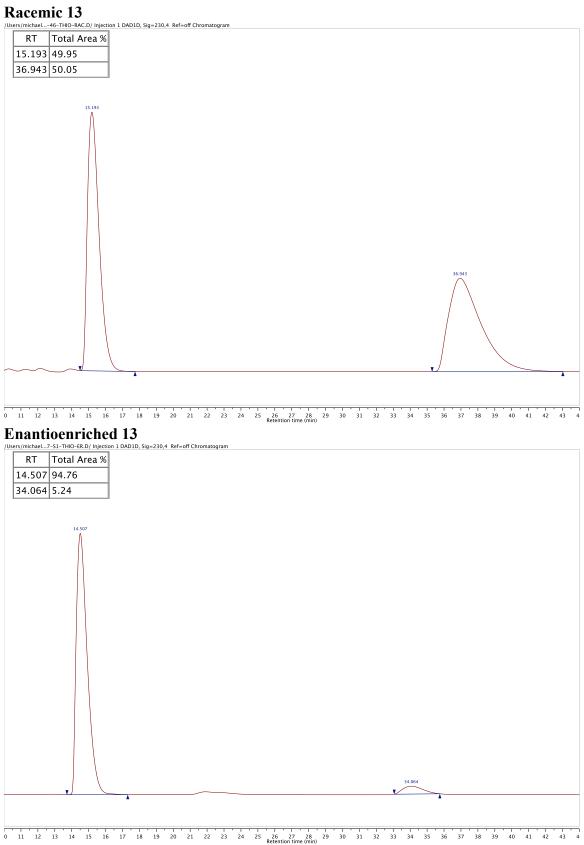
0 5.5 6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 8.0 8.5 9.0 9.5 10.0 10.5 11.0 11.5 12.0 12.5 13.0 13.5 14.0 14.5 15.0 15.5 16.0 16.5 17.0 17.5 18.0 18.5 19.0 19.5 20 Retention time (min)

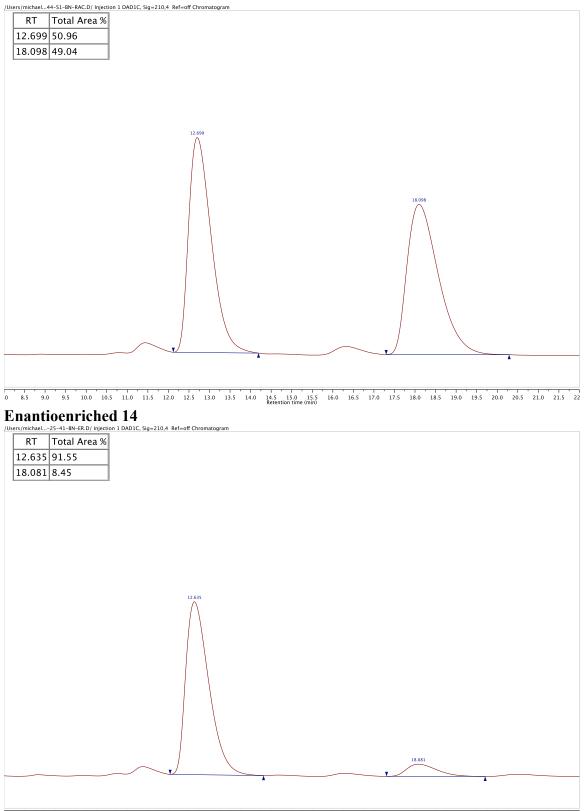




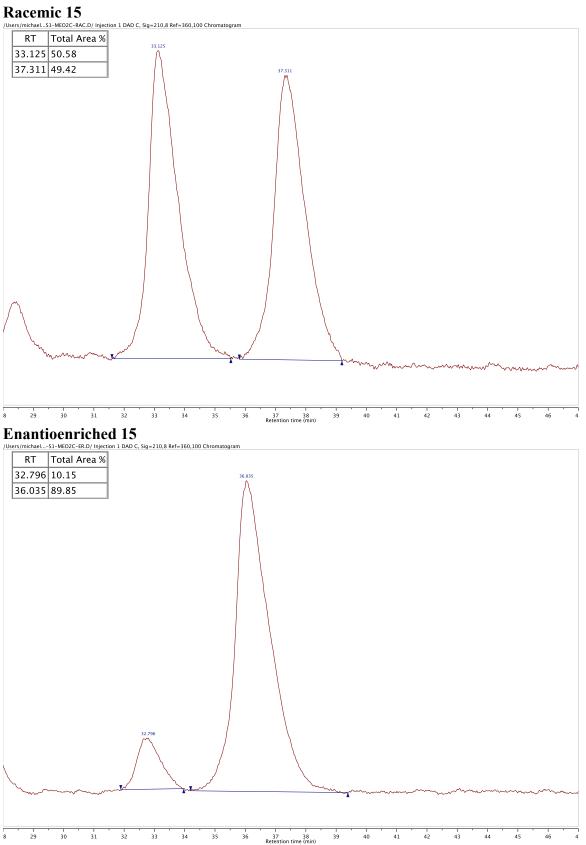


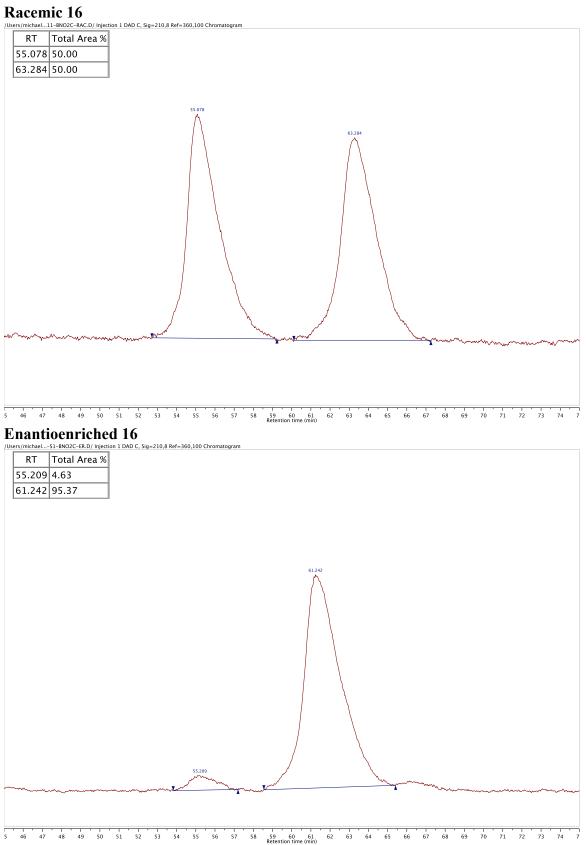


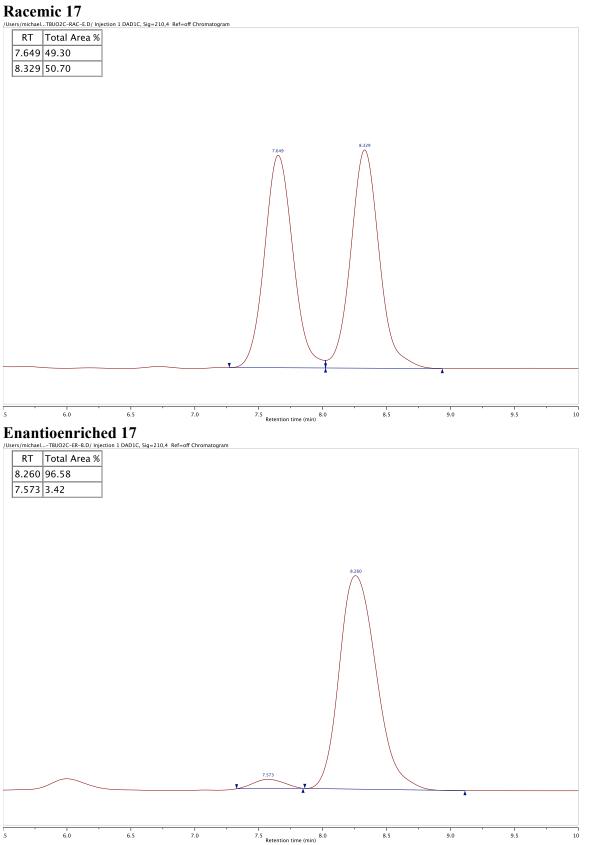


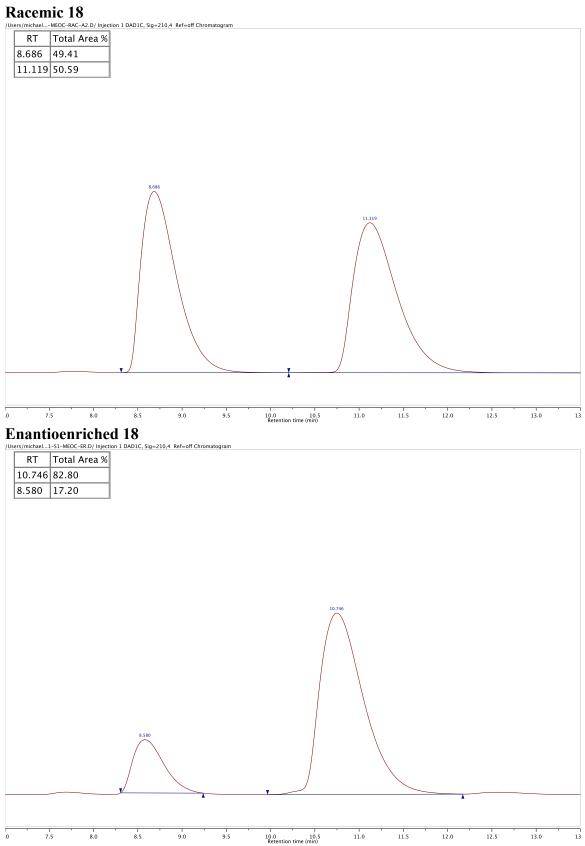


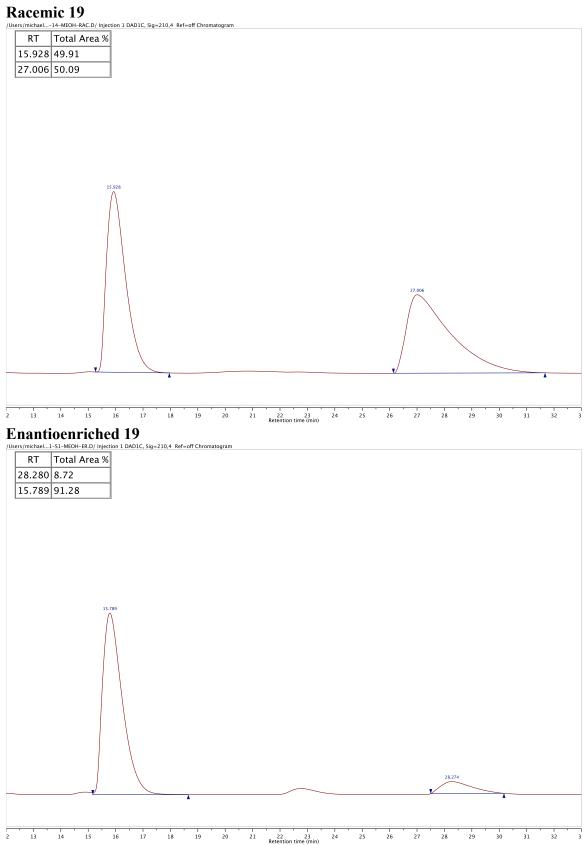
0 8.5 9.0 9.5 10.0 10.5 11.0 11.5 12.0 12.5 13.0 13.5 14.0 14.5 15.0 15.5 16.0 16.5 17.0 17.5 18.0 18.5 19.0 19.5 20.0 20.5 21.0 21.5 22 Retention time (min)

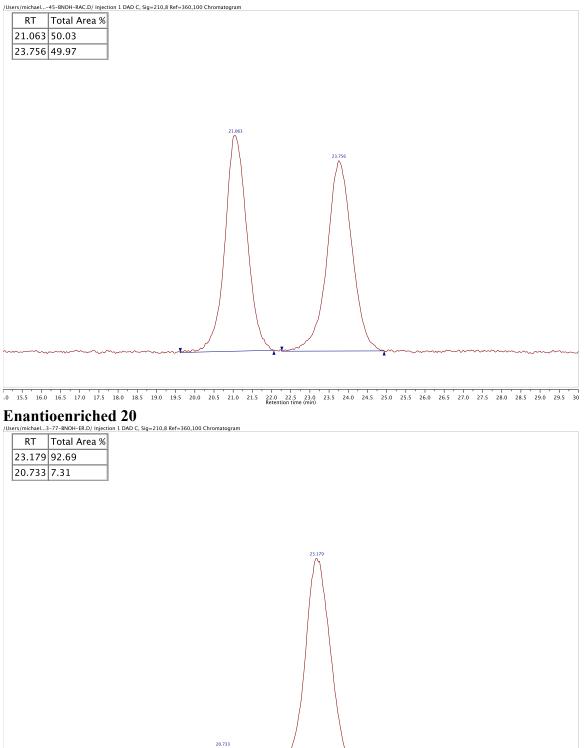




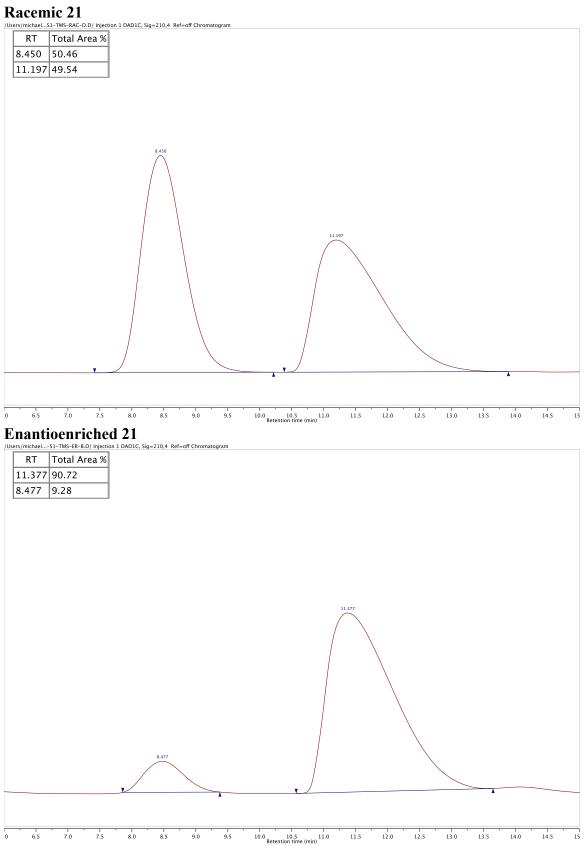


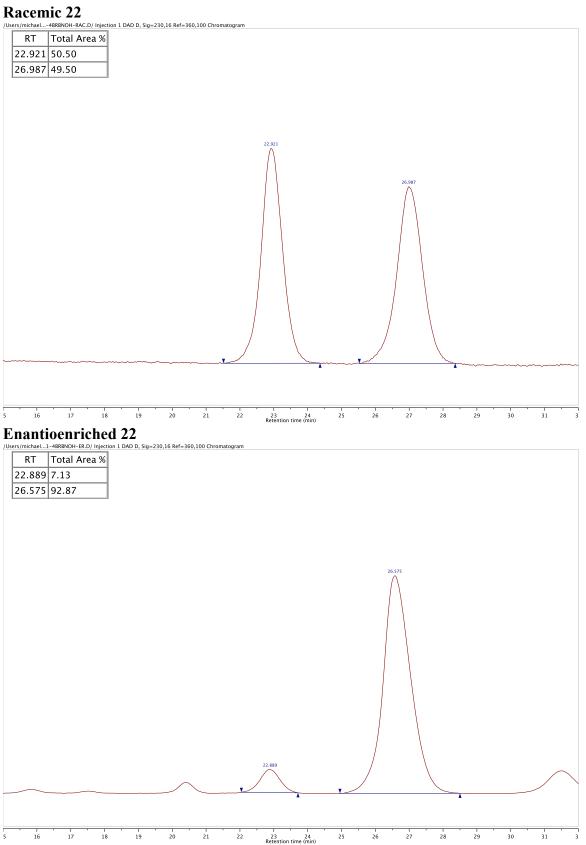


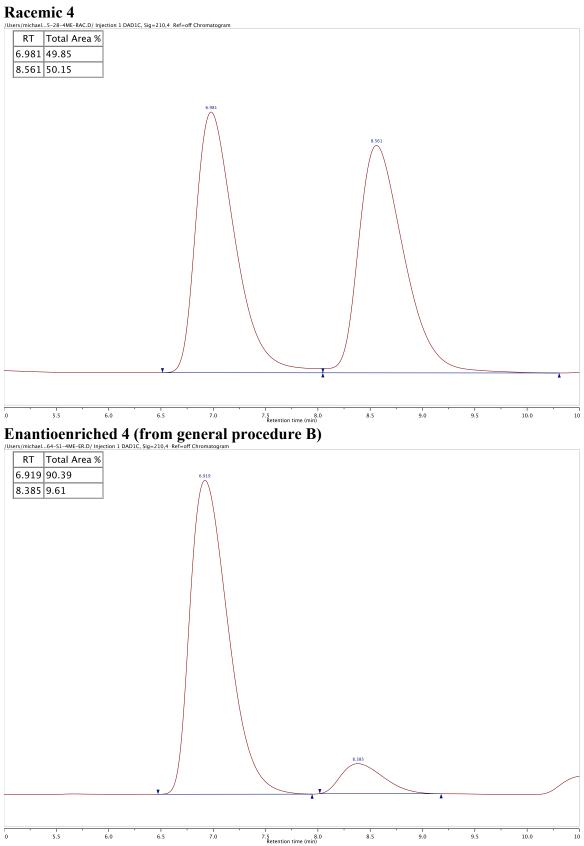


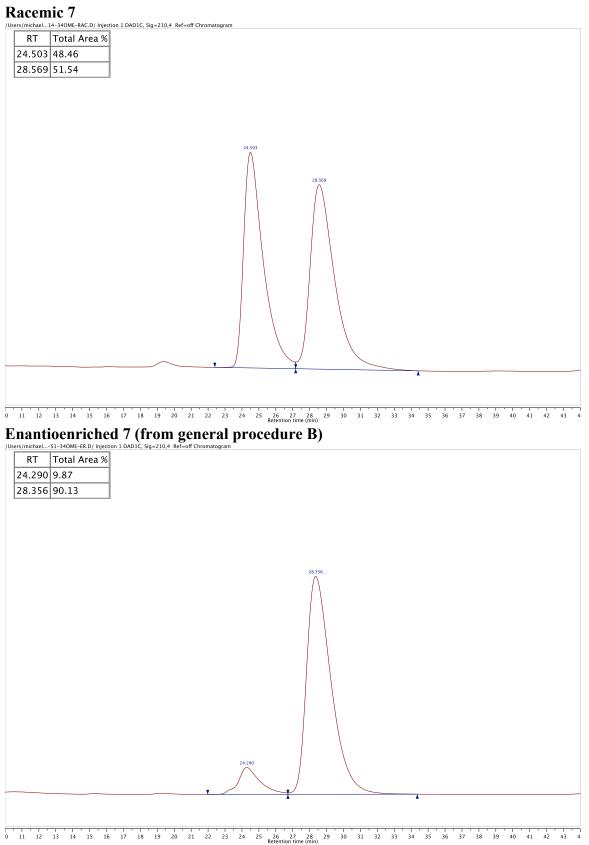


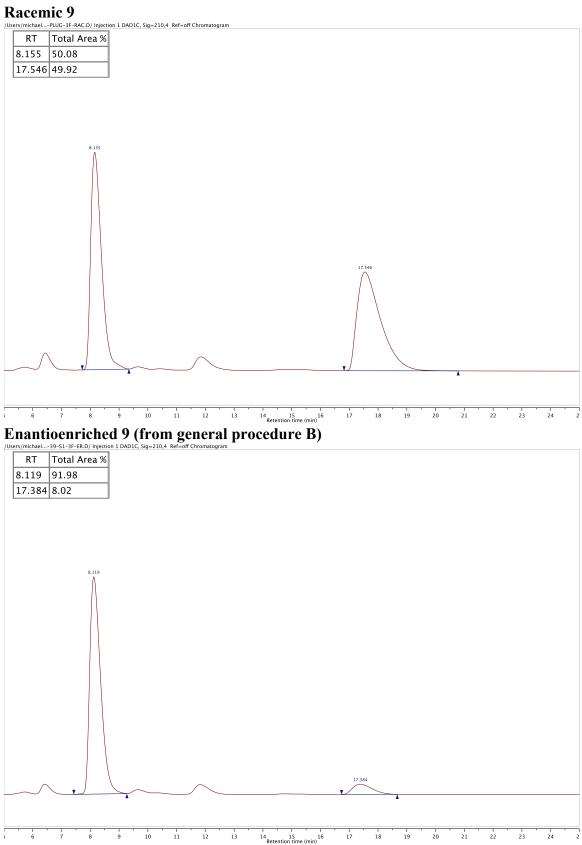
.0 15.5 16.0 16.5 17.0 17.5 18.0 18.5 19.0 19.5 20.0 20.5 21.0 21.5 22.0 22.5 23.0 23.5 24.0 24.5 25.0 25.5 26.0 26.5 27.0 27.5 28.0 28.5 29.0 29.5 30 Retention time (min)

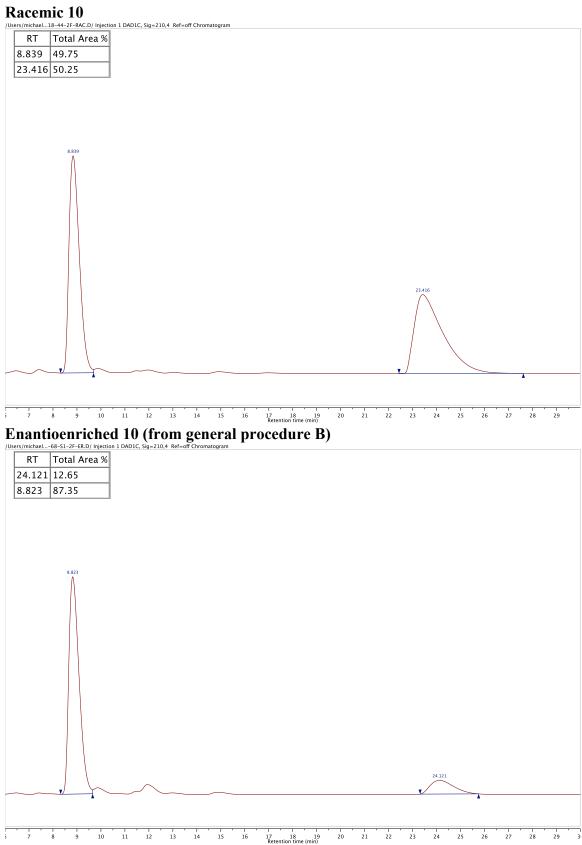


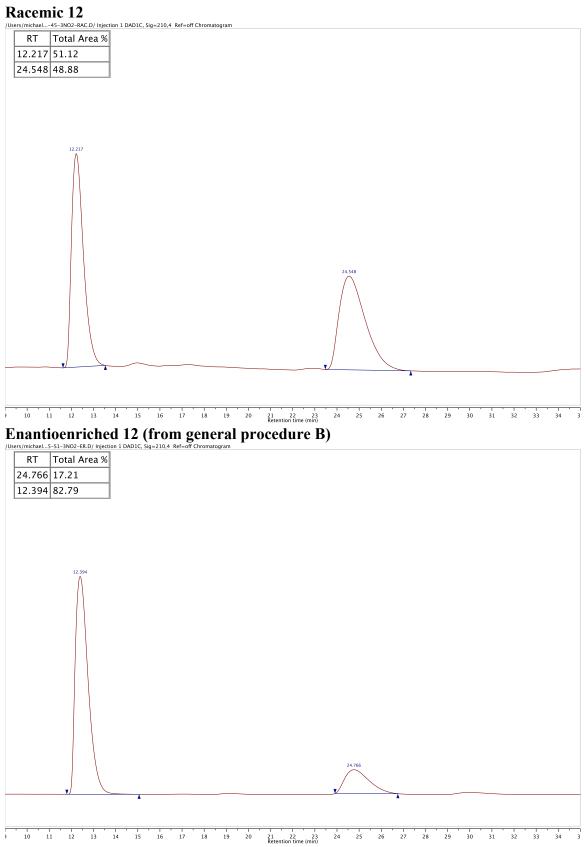


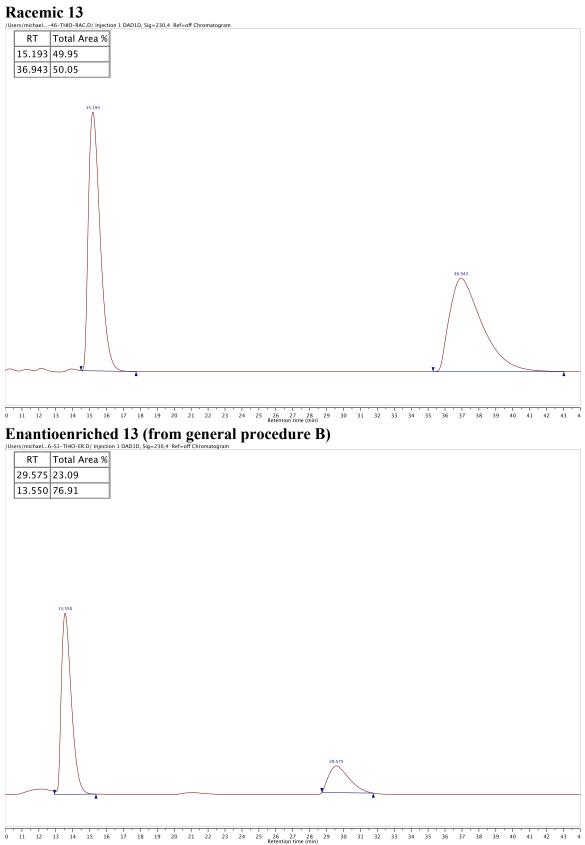


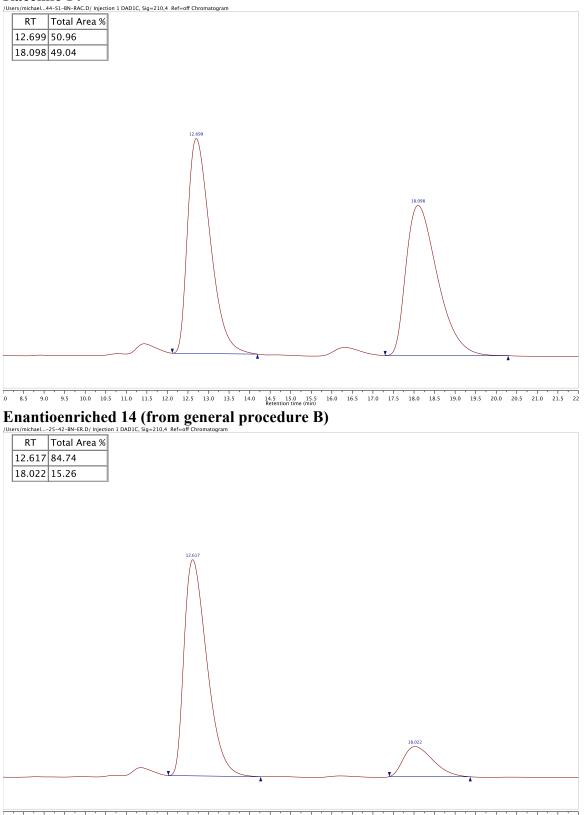




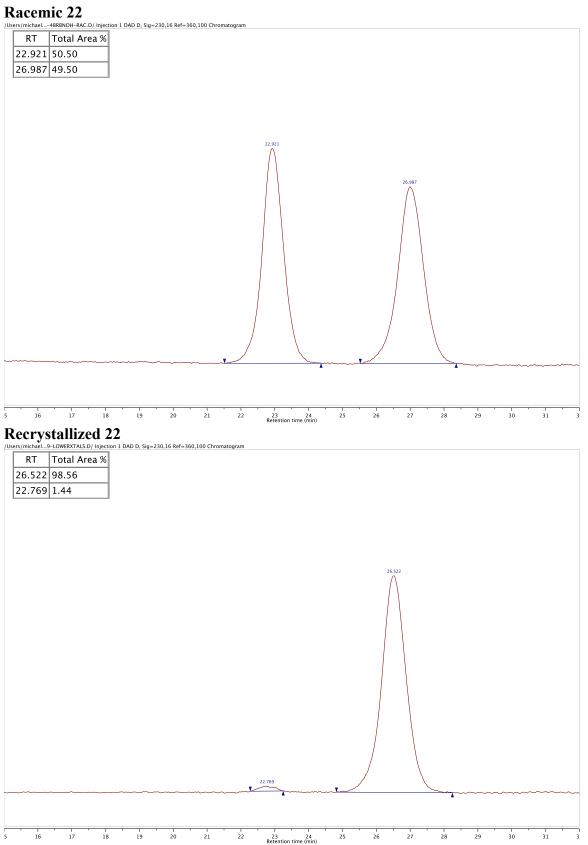


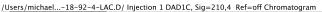


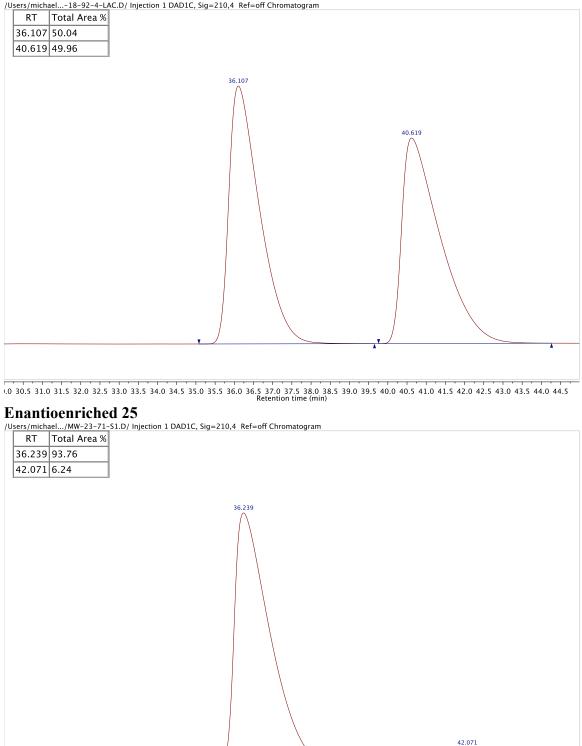




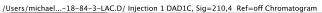
0 8.5 9.0 9.5 10.0 10.5 11.0 11.5 12.0 12.5 13.0 13.5 14.0 14.5 15.0 15.5 16.0 16.5 17.0 17.5 18.0 18.5 19.0 19.5 20.0 20.5 21.0 21.5 22 Retention time (min)

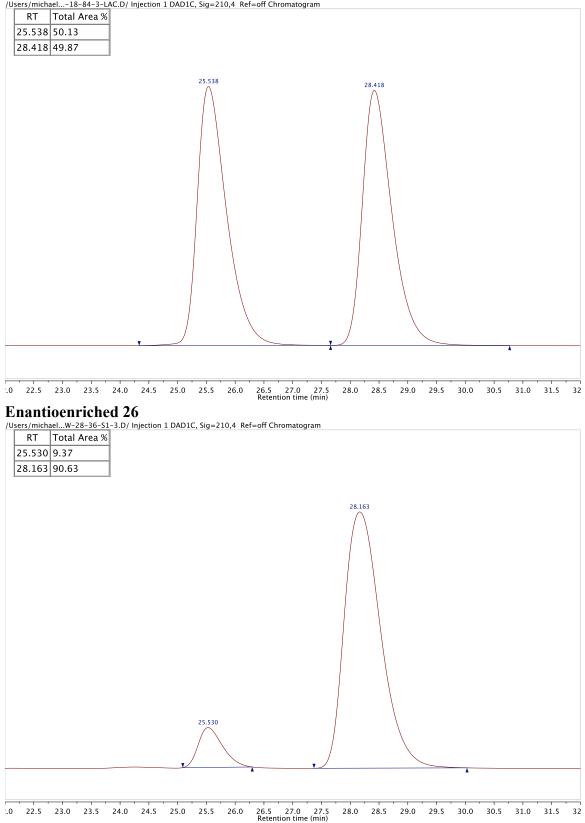




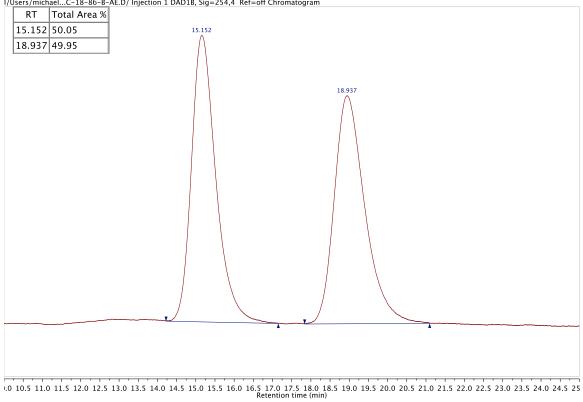


^{1.0 30.5 31.0 31.5 32.0 32.5 33.0 33.5 34.0 34.5 35.0 35.5 36.0 36.5 37.0 37.5 38.0 38.5 39.0 39.5 40.0 40.5 41.0 41.5 42.0 42.5 43.0 43.5 44.0 44.5} Retention time (min)

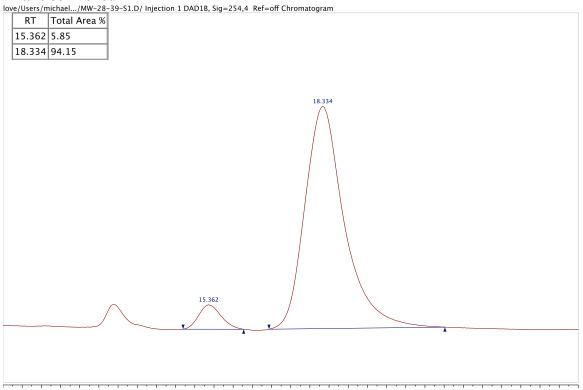




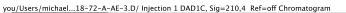


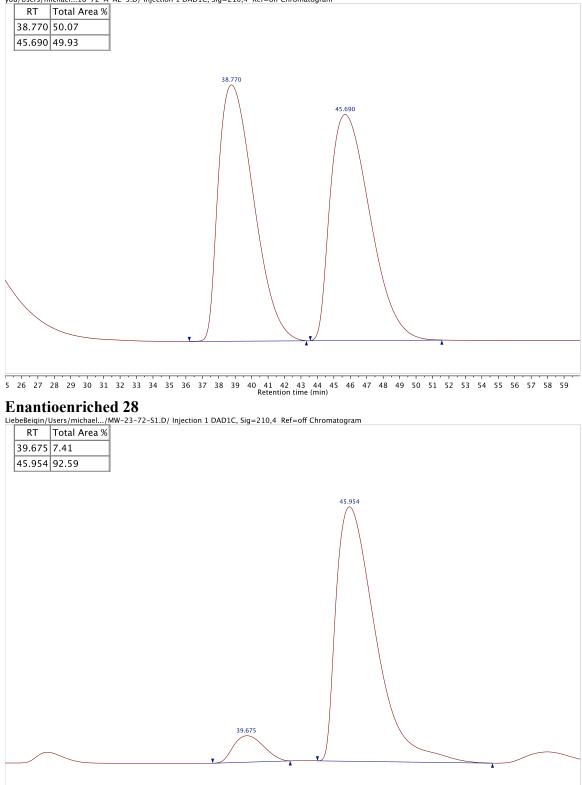


Enantioenriched 27



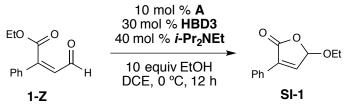
.0 10.5 11.0 11.5 12.0 12.5 13.0 13.5 14.0 14.5 15.0 15.5 16.0 16.5 17.0 17.5 18.0 18.5 19.0 19.5 20.0 20.5 21.0 21.5 22.0 22.5 23.0 23.5 24.0 24.5 25 Retention time (min)





5 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 Retention time (min)

Control experiment with Z-isomer starting material



5-ethoxy-3-phenylfuran-2(5H)-one (SI-1): Prepared according to the general procedure using (*Z*)-ethyl 4-oxo-2-phenylbut-2-enoate (0.041 g, 0.200 mmol) and purified by flash chromatography using 8% EtOAc/hexanes to afford 0.0372 mg (91% yield) of **SI-1** as a colorless oil. Analytical data for **SI-1**: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (dd, J = 6.6, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.8 Hz, 3H), 7.28 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.05 – 3.93 (m, 1H), 3.87 – 3.75 (m, 1H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.8, 141.5, 135.2, 130.1, 129.0, 128.8, 127.6, 100.8, 66.2, 15.3; LRMS (ESI): Mass calcd for C₁₂H₁₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 205; found 205.

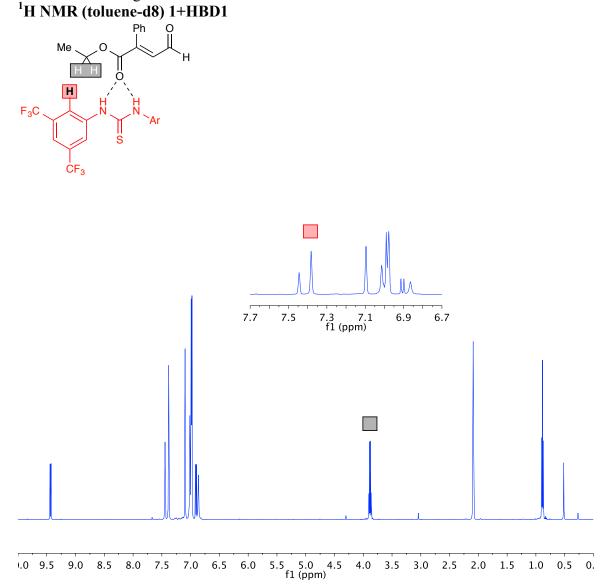
Procedure for DFT calculations

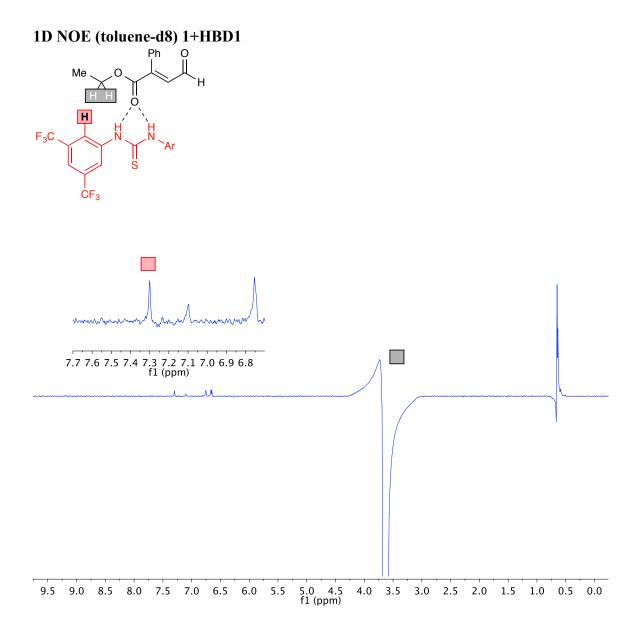
The Density Functional Theory (DFT) calculations were performed on the compounds **NHC_HE1** and **NHC_HE2** using Jaguar 7.8 implemented in the Schrodinger 9.1 suite. For this closed shell system, we used the 6-31G**++ basis set with a hybrid functional of B3LYP. Selecting a fine grid density option and applying a convergence scheme of DIIS the optimization of the compound was performed. The energy optimization was carried out along with the computations of the vibrational frequencies and other thermochemical properties.

Ref: Jaguar, version 7.8, Schrodinger, Inc., New York, 2014

Procedure for 1D NOE experiment

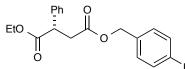
In an NMR tube was combined 1 (2.3 mg), **HBD1** (5 mg), and 0.5 mL toluene-d8. 1D NOESY was acquired with irradiation on 3.88 ppm (delta = 0.1 ppm), with 1024 scans and 800 ms mixing time.





Determination of Absolute Configuration of 22

The absolute configuration of **22** was determined by X-ray diffraction. Recrystallized from hexanes.



X-ray crystal structure of 4-(4-bromobenzyl) 1-ethyl (S)-2-phenylsuccinate (**22**): X-ray diffraction was performed at 99.88 K and raw frame data were processed using SAINT. Molecular structures was solved using direct methods and refined on F2 by fullmatrix least-square techniques. The GOF = 1.071 for 218 variables refined to R1 = 0.0252 for 2803 reflections with I>2 α (I). A multi-scan absorption correction was performed and the Flack parameter was -0.0033(10). Further information can be found in the CIF file. This crystal structure was deposited in the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre and assigned as 1037055.

