Constructing High-Efficiency MoO₃/Polyimide Hybrid Photocatalyst Based on Strong Interfacial Interaction

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Samples*	Reactants (g)			
	MA	PMDA	$(NH_4)_6Mo_7O_{24}\cdot 4H_2O$	$CS(NH_2)_2$
PI	0.388	0.669	—	—
BMO		—	1.227	1.431
0.5BMO/PI	0.386	0.666	0.006	0.007
1.0BMO/PI	0.384	0.662	0.012	0.014
3.0BMO/PI	0.376	0.649	0.036	0.042
5.0BMO/PI	0.368	0.635	0.060	0.070
MoO ₃		—	1.277	_
3.0MoO ₃ /PI	0.376	0.649	0.036	_
3.0S/PI	0.376	0.649	—	0.042

*All samples were synthesized by one-pot method, heating at the rate of 7 $^{\circ}$ C min⁻¹ up to 325 $^{\circ}$ C and keeping at this temperature for 4 h prior to cooling. The amounts of the reactants were calculated according to the synthesis of 1 g sample.



Figure S1. Powder XRD patterns: 3.0BMO/PI, 3.0S/PI, 3.0MoO₃/PI and PI.



Figure S2. (a) TEM and (b) SEM images of PI.



Figure S3. EDS analysis of 3.0BMO/PI composite photocatalyst.



Figure S4. (a) XRD patterns, (b) Photographs and (c) TEM images of BMO and MoO₃.



Figure S5. (a) EPR spectra of pristine MoO₃ and BMO samples at room temperature; (b) Colors of PI and (0.5-5.0)BMO/PI.



Figure S6. (a) Mo 3d XPS of MoO₃ and BMO; (b) O 1s XPS core level spectra of the pristine MoO_3 and BMO powders.



Figure S7. (a) Mo 3d XPS spectra of 3.0MoO₃/PI composite; (b) N 1s XPS spectra of PI.



Figure S8. UV-vis absorption spectra (a), VBXPS spectra (b-d) of PI, 3.0BMO/PI and BMO.



Figure S9. (a) Dependence of degradation activity on wavelength by 3.0BMO/PI; (b) UV-vis absorption spectra of MoO₃ and BMO.



Figure S10. Effects of KI and purging-N₂ as h^+ and O₂⁻⁻ scavengers on the degradation of MO in the presence of 3.0BMO/PI under visible light irradiation.



Figure S11. Mo 3d XPS spectra of used 3.0BMO/PI composite.