

## Supporting Information

### Highly Selective Detection of H<sup>+</sup> and OH<sup>-</sup> with a Single Emissive Iridium(III) Complex: A Mild Approach to Conversion of Non-AIEE to AIEE Complex

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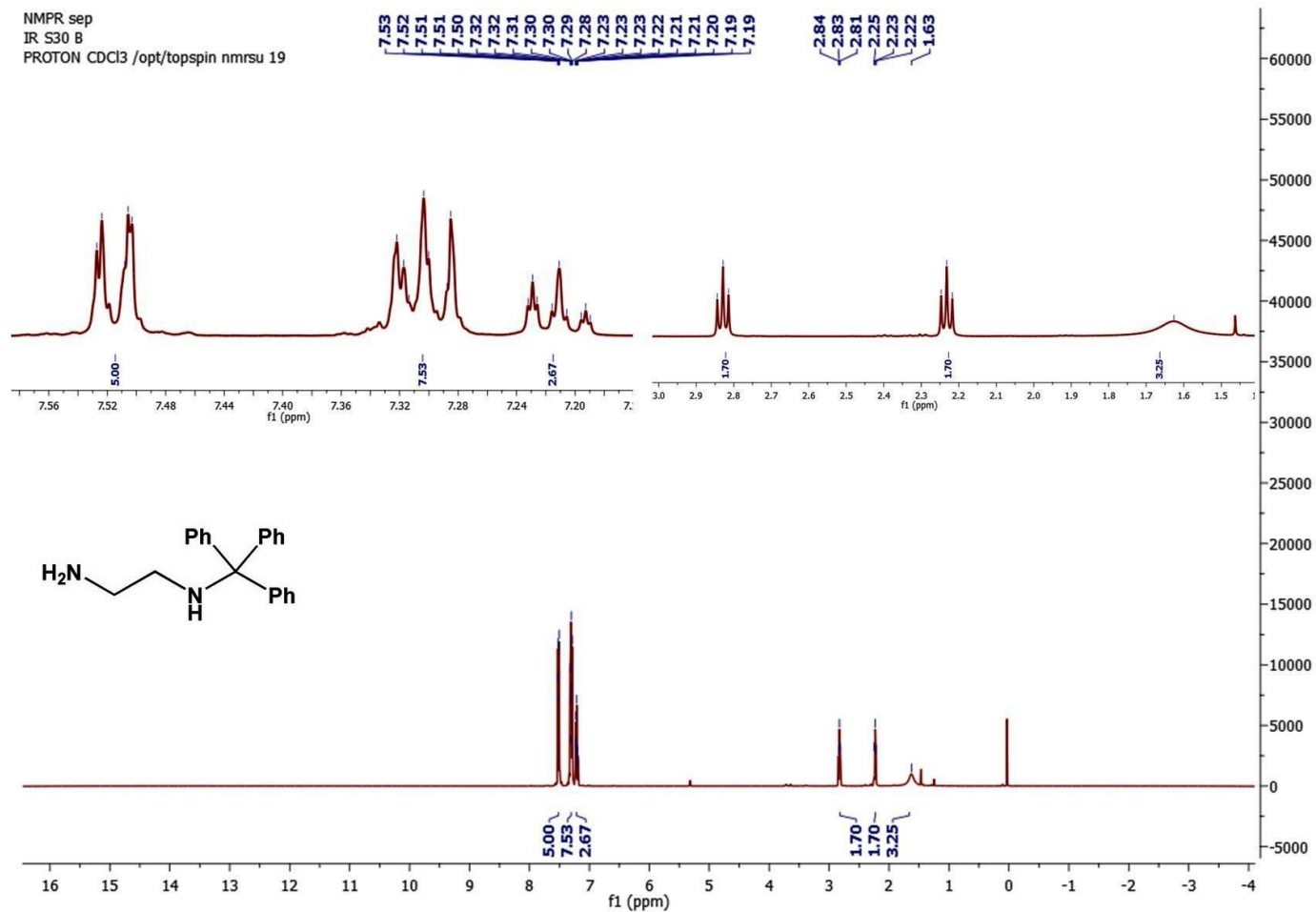
Corresponding author: [ir\\_laskar@pilani.bits-pilani.ac.in](mailto:ir_laskar@pilani.bits-pilani.ac.in)

## Table of Content

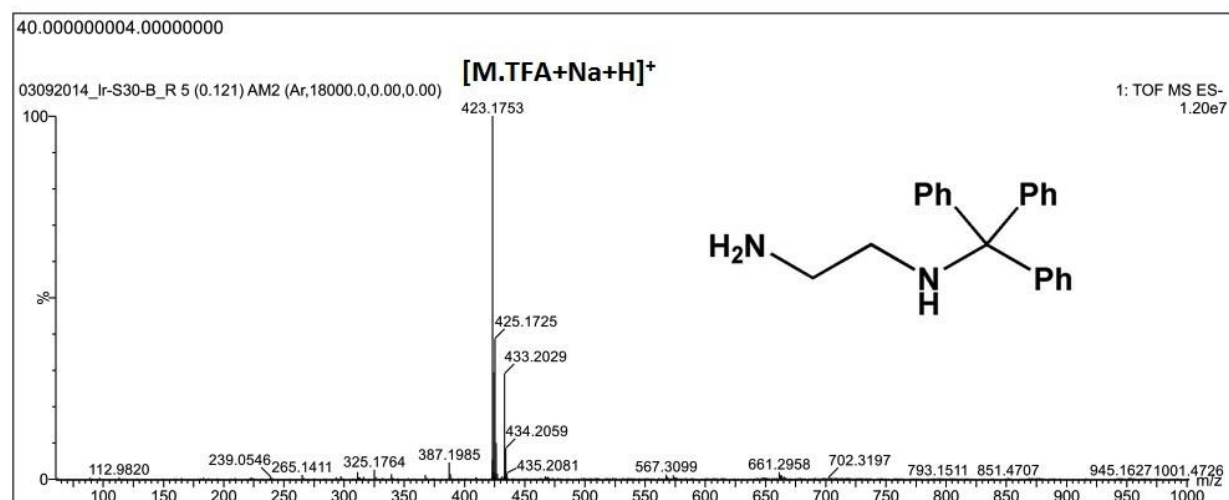
<b>Figure S1a.</b> <sup>1</sup> H NMR for for N <sup>1</sup> -tritylethane-1,2-diamine [ <b>L1</b> ]	S3
<b>Figure S1b.</b> HRMS for for N <sup>1</sup> -tritylethane-1,2-diamine [ <b>L1</b> ]	S4
<b>Figure S2a.</b> <sup>1</sup> H NMR for for <b>1</b>	S5
<b>Figure S2b.</b> <sup>19</sup> F NMR for for <b>1</b>	S6
<b>Figure S2c.</b> HRMS for for <b>1</b>	S7
<b>Figure S3a.</b> <sup>1</sup> H NMR for for <b>2</b>	S8
<b>Figure S3b.</b> <sup>19</sup> F NMR for for <b>2</b>	S9
<b>Figure S3c.</b> <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectra of <b>1</b> after addition of 1M NaOH	S10
<b>Figure S3d.</b> <sup>19</sup> F NMR spectra of <b>1</b> after addition of 1M NaOH	S11
<b>Figure S3e.</b> HRMS for for <b>2</b>	S12
<b>Figure S3f.</b> Expansion of HRMS for <b>2</b>	S13
<b>Figure S3g.</b> IR spectra for <b>2</b>	S14
<b>Figure S4a.</b> <sup>1</sup> H NMR for <b>3</b>	S15
<b>Figure S4b.</b> <sup>19</sup> F NMR for <b>3</b>	S16
<b>Figure S4c.</b> HRMS for for <b>3</b>	S17
<b>Figure S4d.</b> Expansion of HRMS for <b>3</b>	S18
<b>Figure S5a.</b> <sup>1</sup> H NMR for <b>1</b> after addition of AcOH	S19
<b>Figure S5b.</b> <sup>19</sup> F NMR for <b>1</b> after addition of AcOH	S20

<b>Figure S6.</b> Emission spectra of <b>1</b> in different solvents keeping concentration same, [c]=1x10 <sup>-5</sup> .....	S21
<b>Figure S7.</b> Cyclic voltammogram of <b>1</b> , recorded in ACN at a scan rate of 0.05 V s <sup>-1</sup> .....	S21
<b>Figure S8.</b> Optimized structure of <b>1</b> , (using Gaussian 09 program suite) in DCM solvent.....	S22
<b>Figure S9.</b> Absorbance spectra of <b>1</b> with increasing concentration of TFA (0-15 µL) with [c] =1x10 <sup>-5</sup> .....	S23
<b>Figure S10.</b> Emission spectra of <b>1</b> in DCM , DCM+ TFA and THF+ 1M NaOH in water (1:9,v/v) .....	S24
<b>Figure S11.</b> Emission spectra of <b>1</b> in presence of different water fraction (0- 90%).....	S24
<b>Figure S12.</b> Thin film emission of <b>1</b> and <b>2</b> .....	S25
<b>Figure S13.</b> Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) image of complex <b>2</b> in different water fraction (40% and 90%).....	S26
<b>Figure S14.</b> (a) Size distribution graph for <b>1</b> .....	S27
(b) Size distribution graph for <b>2</b> .....	S28
<b>Table S1.</b> Crystal data and structure refinement for <b>1</b> .....	S29
<b>Table S2.</b> Selected Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for <b>1</b> .....	S30
<b>Table S3</b> Photophysical properties of <b>1</b> and <b>2</b> .....	S31
<b>Table S4.</b> Comparison of some selected structural parameters (i.e., bond distances and bond angles) for the complex <b>1</b> obtained from experiment (i.e., X-ray study) and theoretical calculation.....	S32
<b>Detection limit calculation</b> .....	S33

NMPR sep  
IR S30 B  
PROTON CDCl3 /opt/topspin nmrsu 19



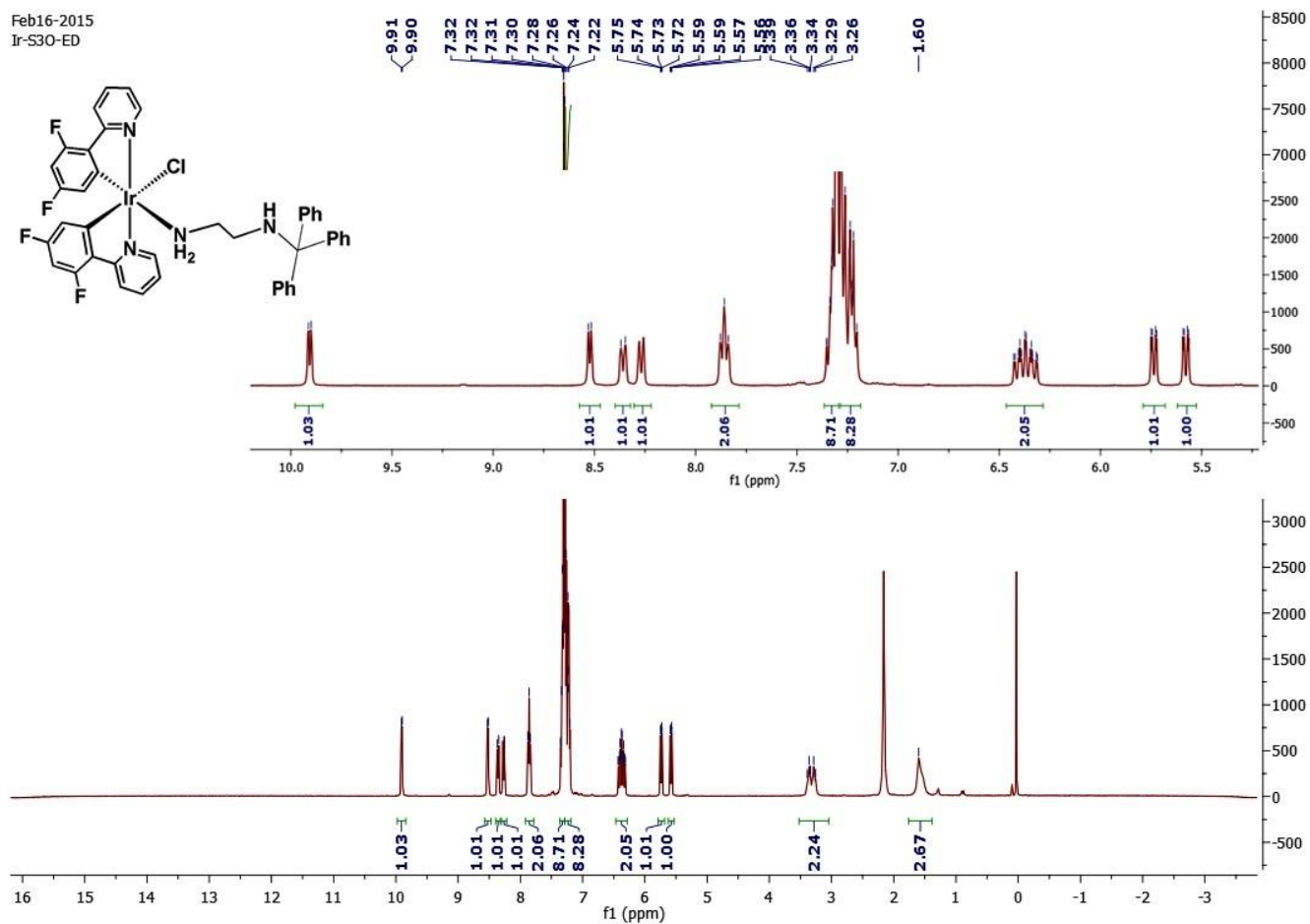
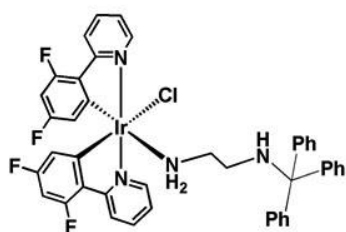
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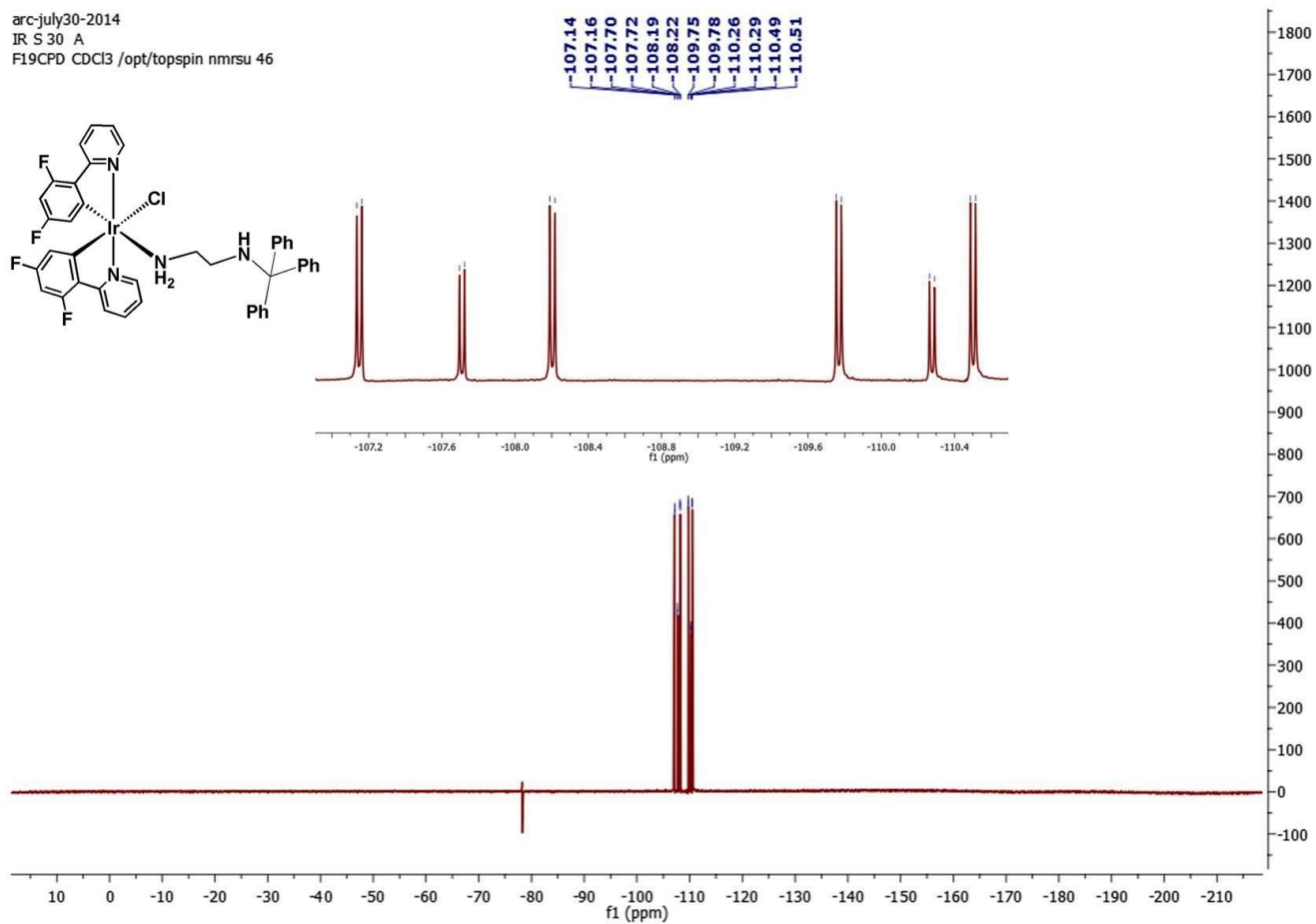
**Figure S1.** (a) <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of ligand in CDCl<sub>3</sub> (b) HRMS data of the ligand.

Feb16-2015  
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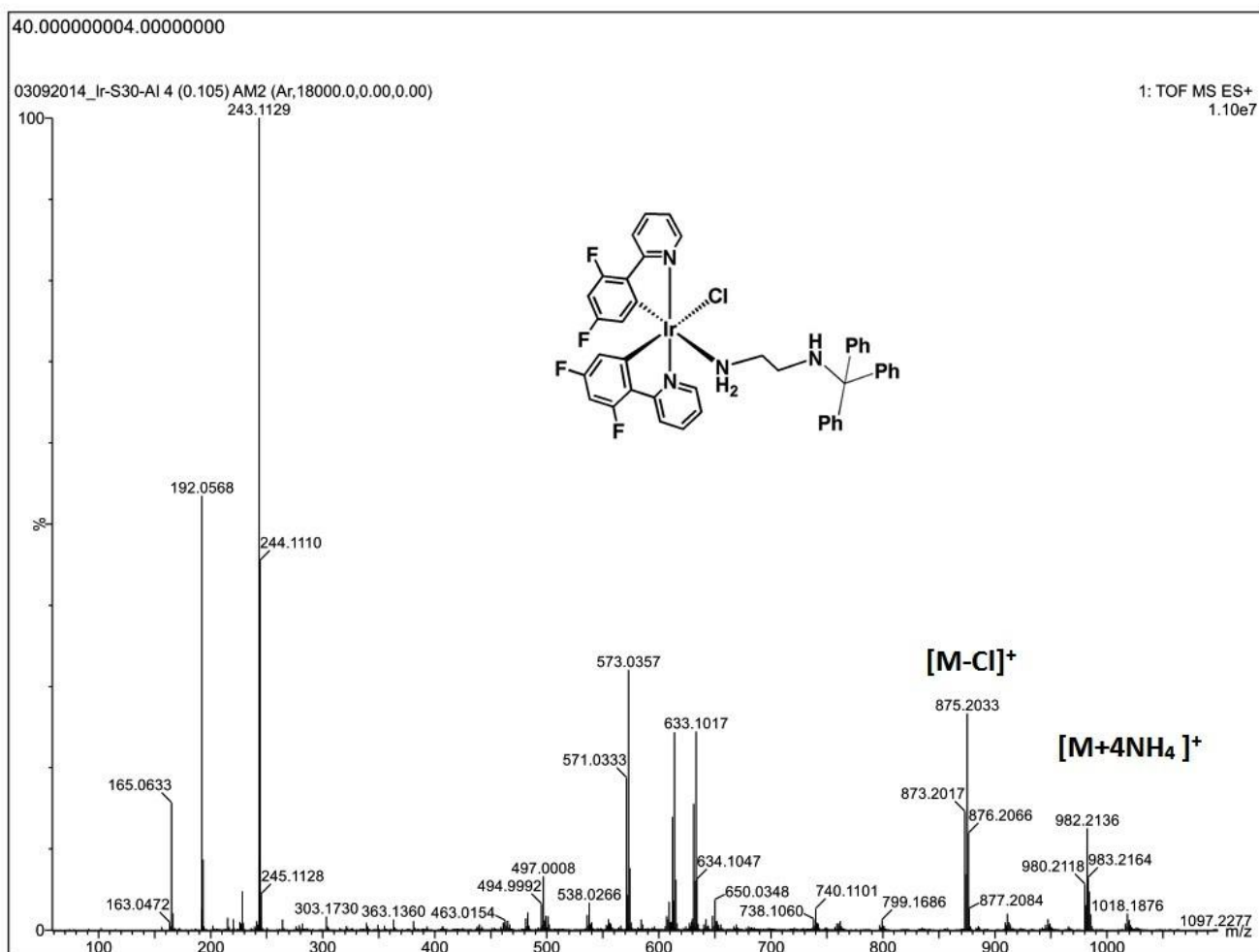


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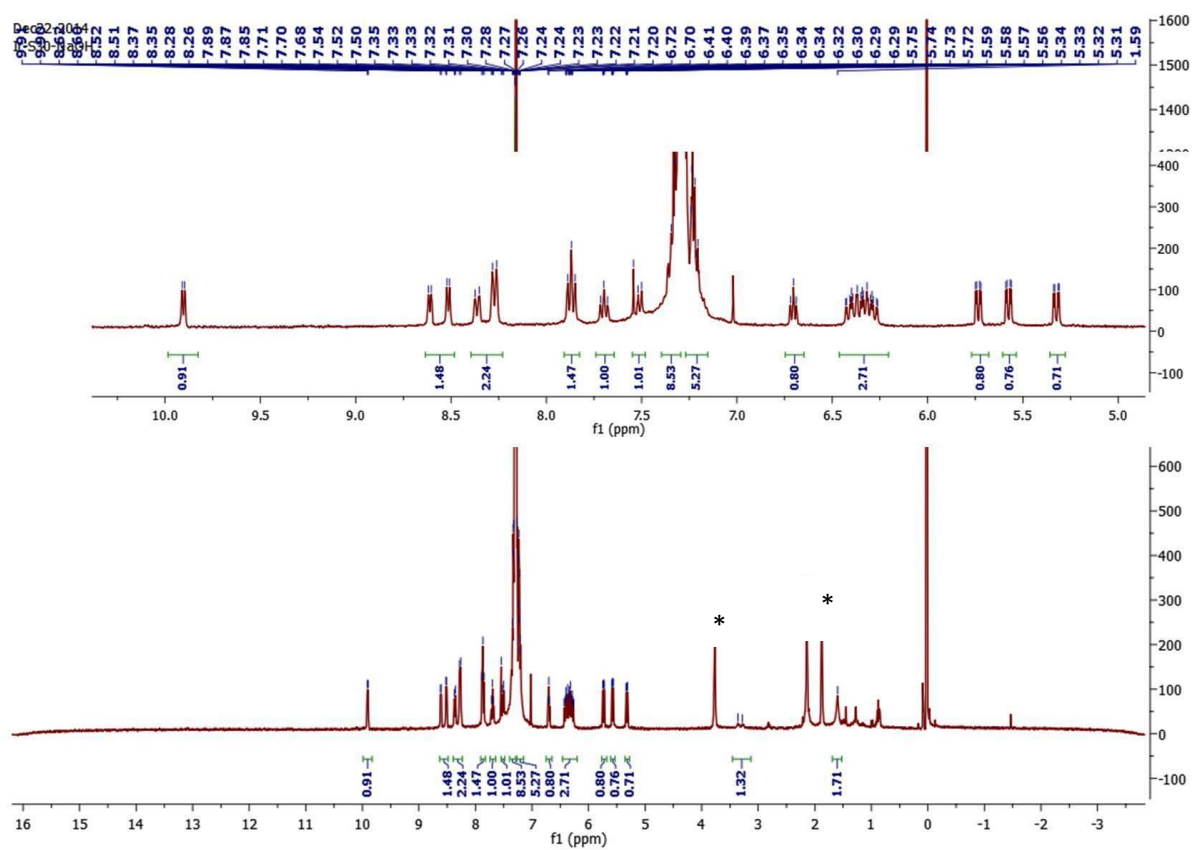


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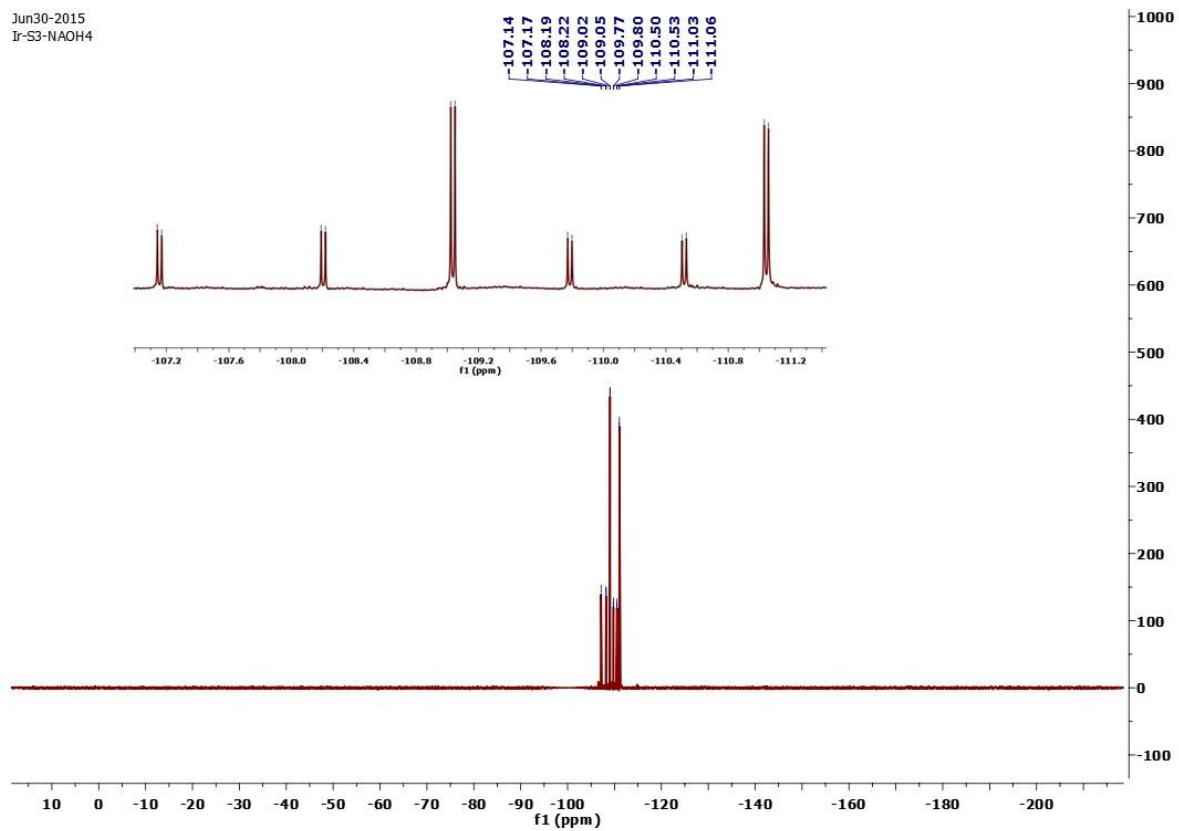
**Figure S2.** (a)  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of **1** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ; (b)  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of **1** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (c) HRMS data of **1**.



a

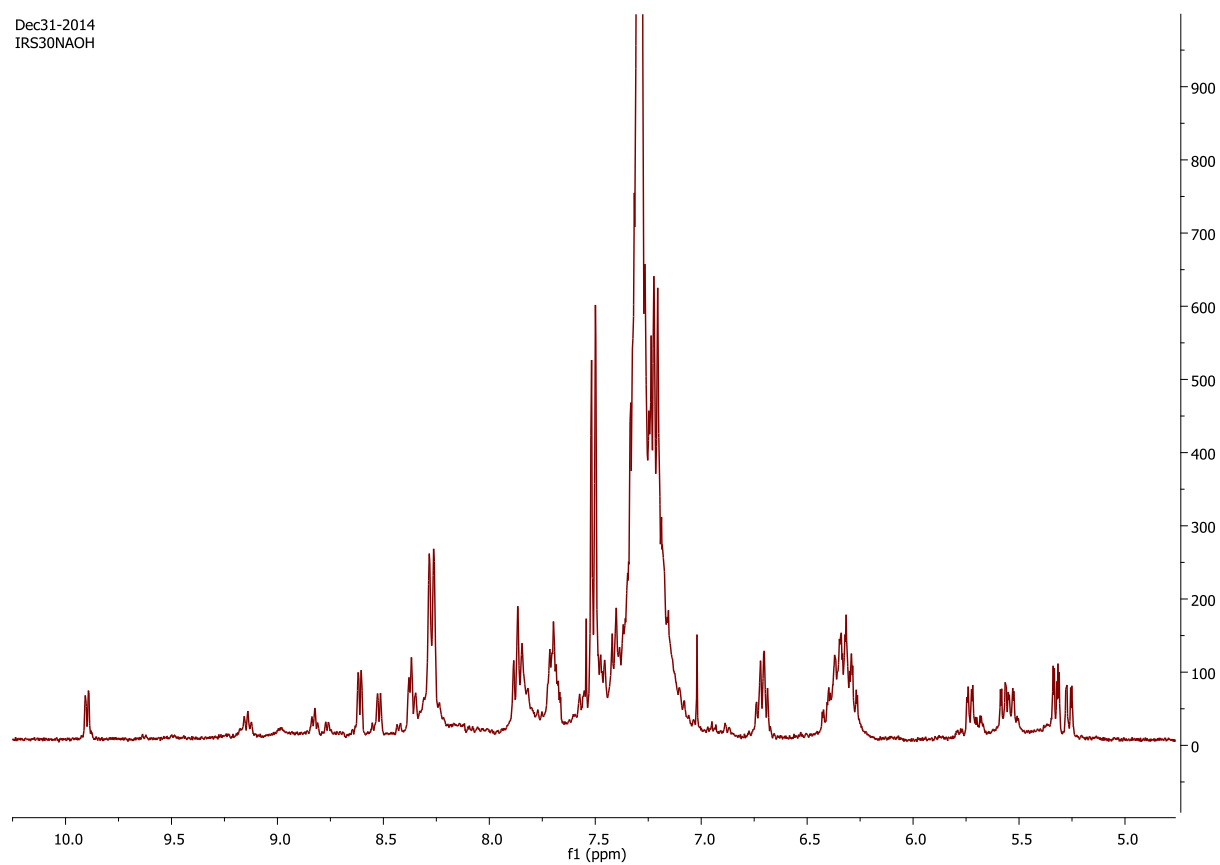


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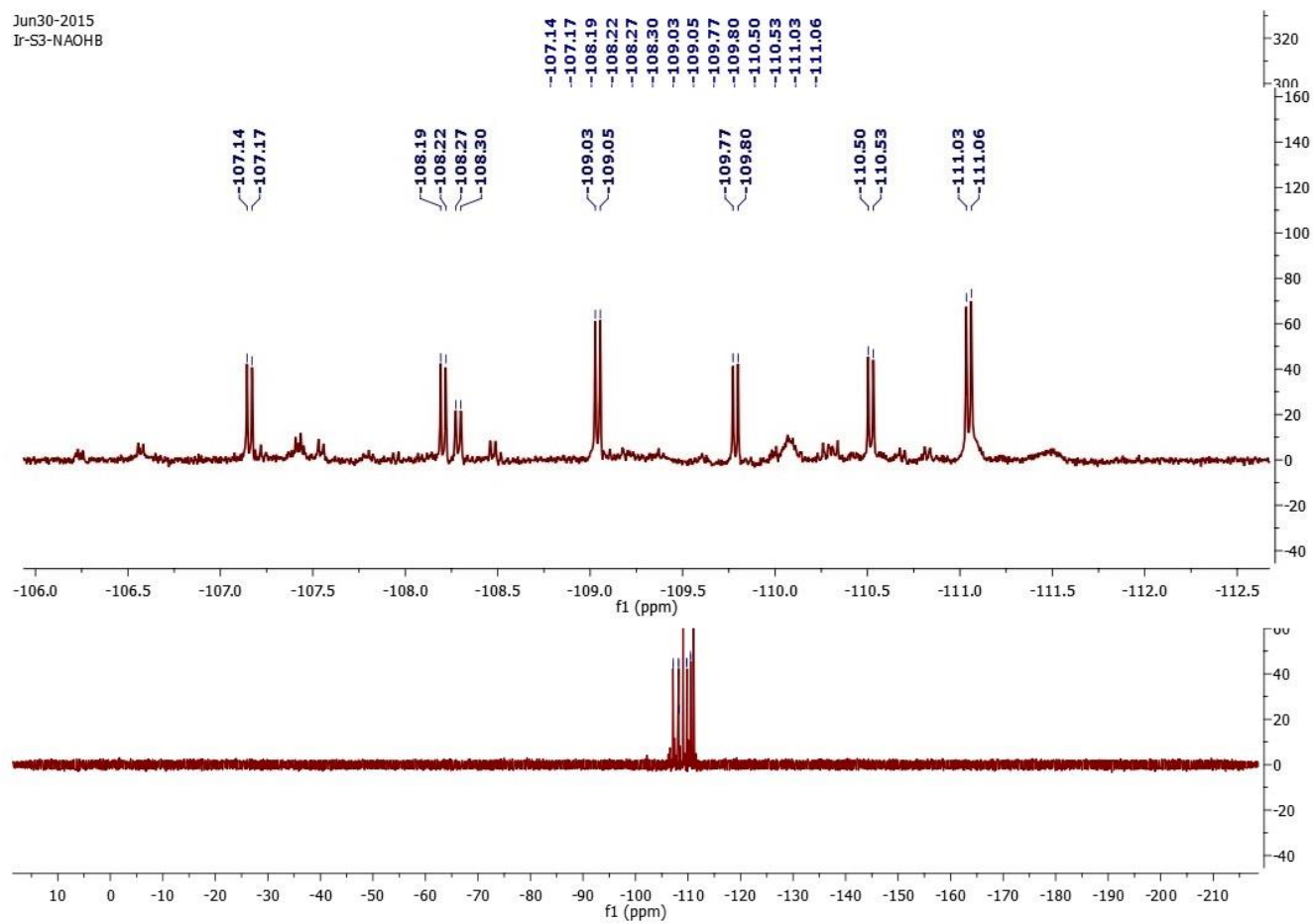
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Dec31-2014  
IRS30NAOH



C

Jun30-2015  
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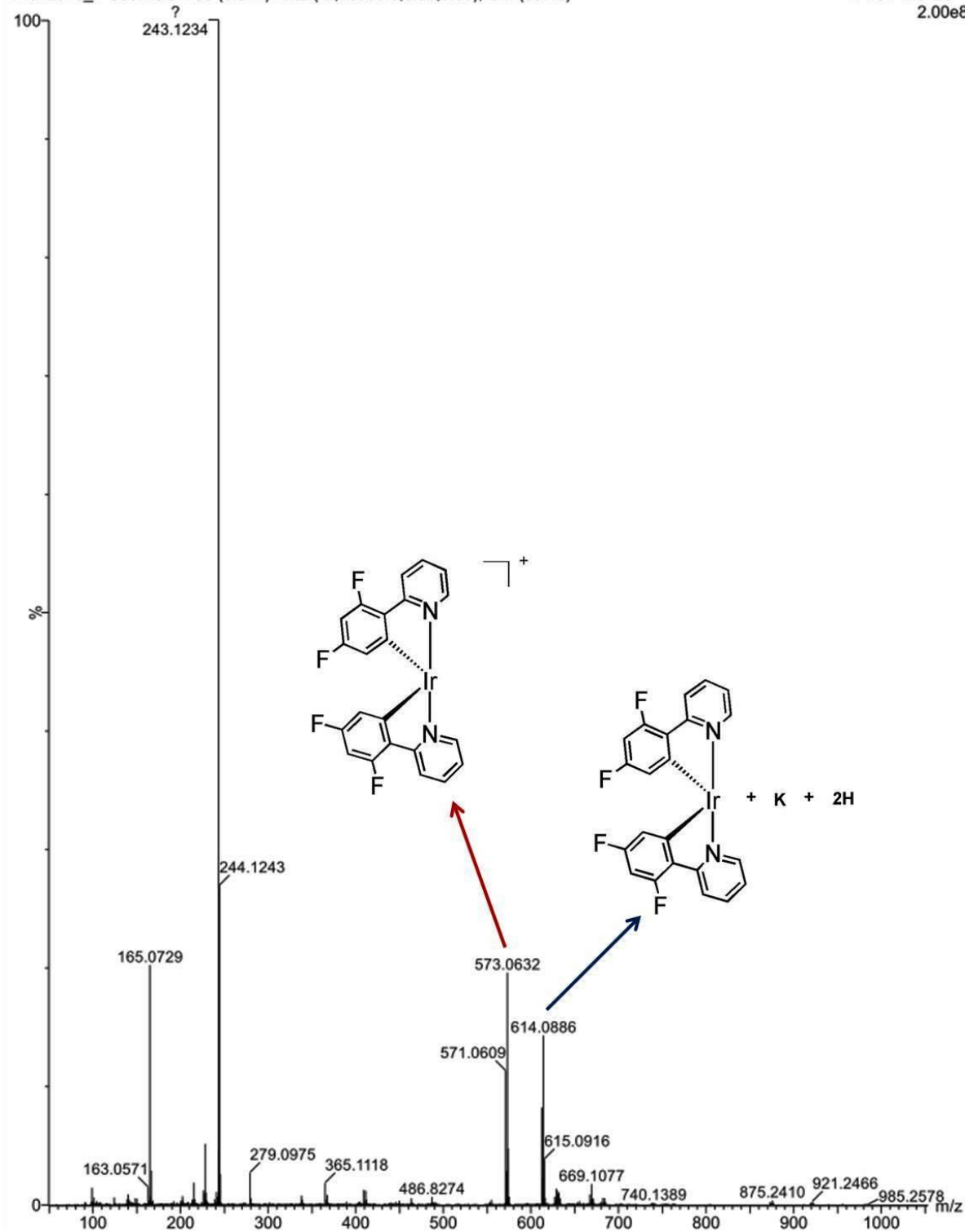


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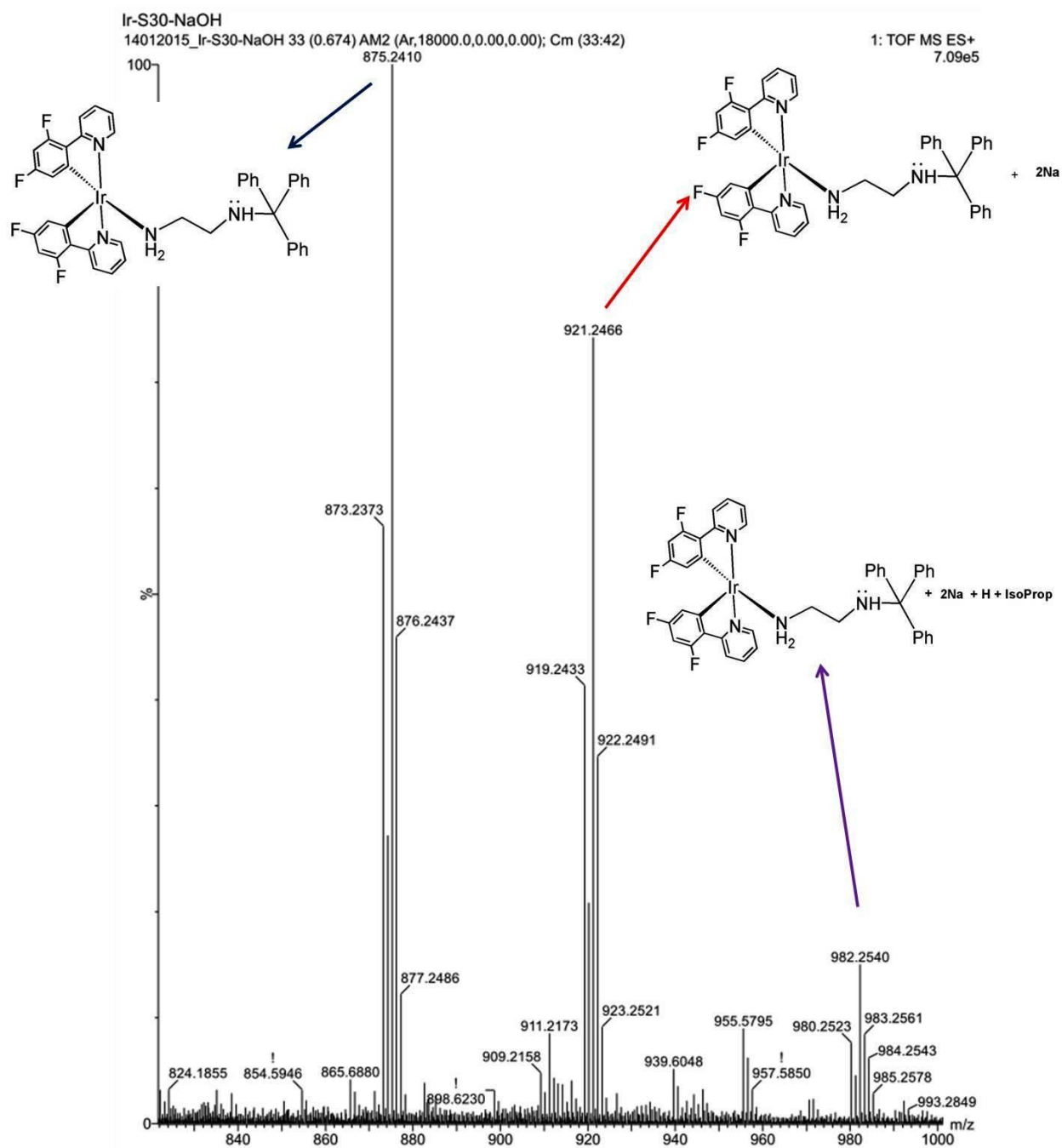
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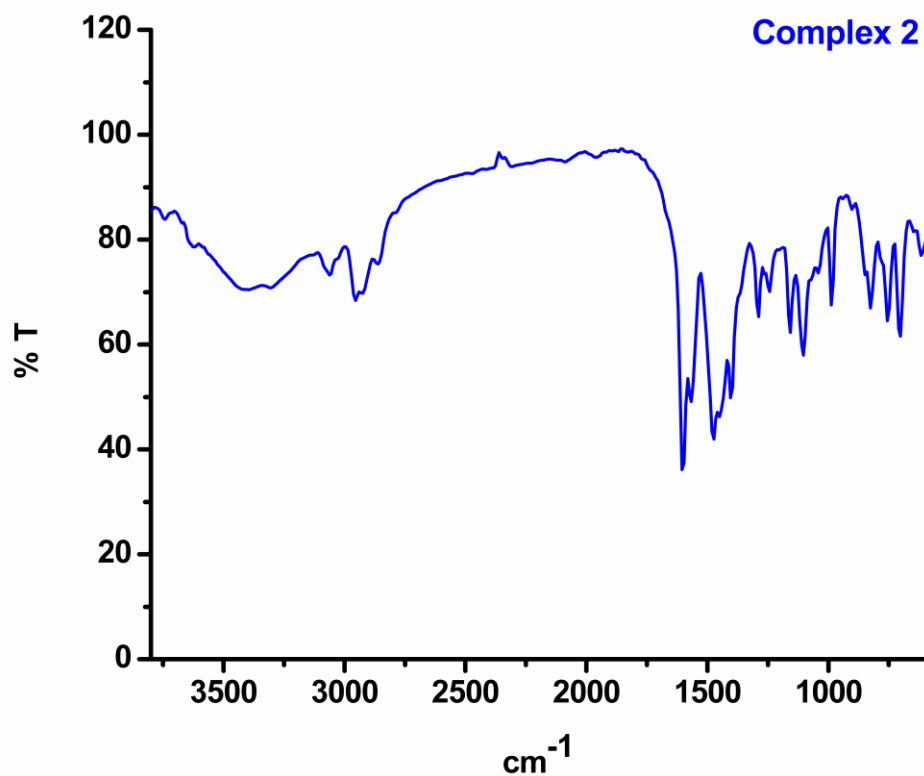
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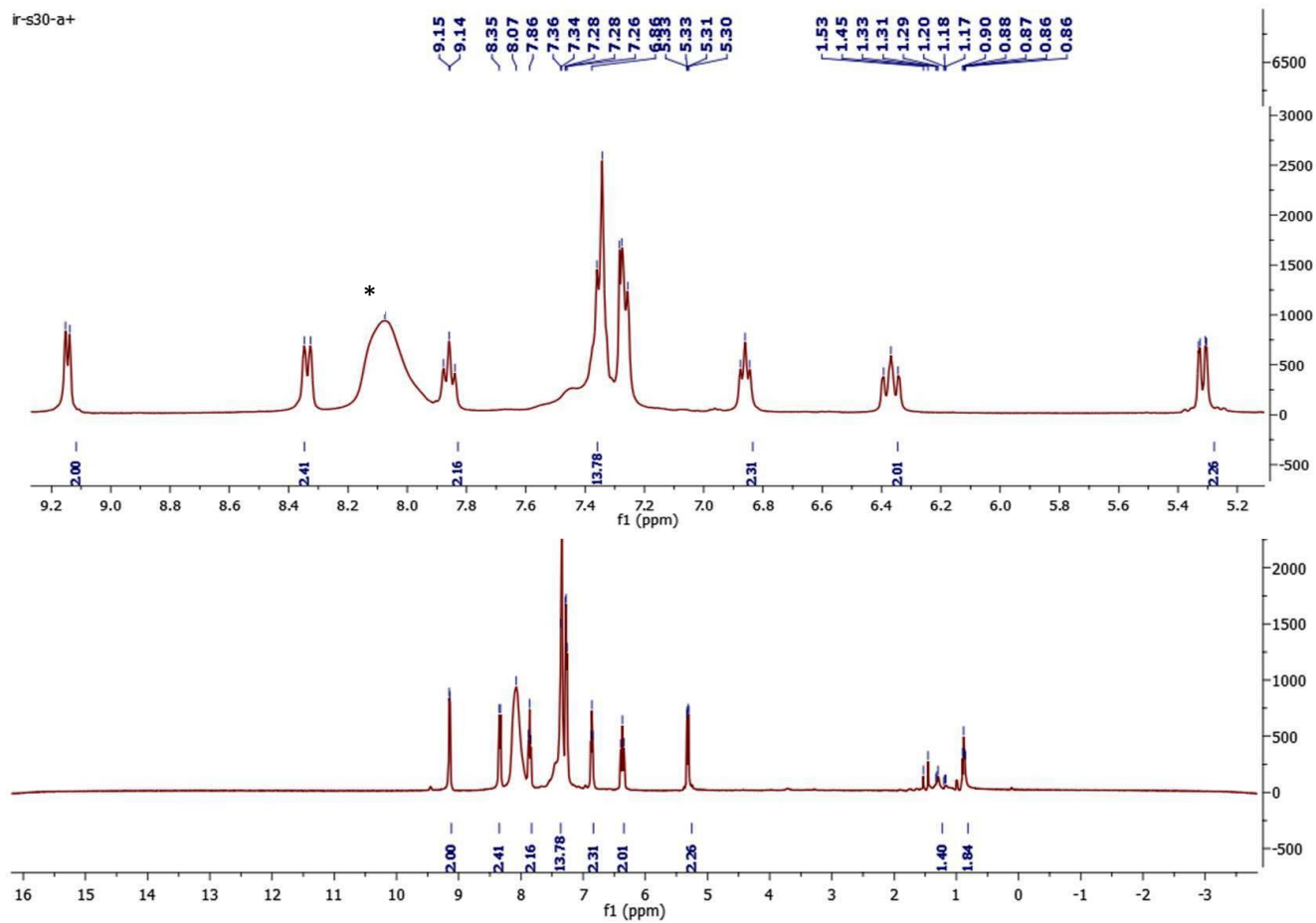
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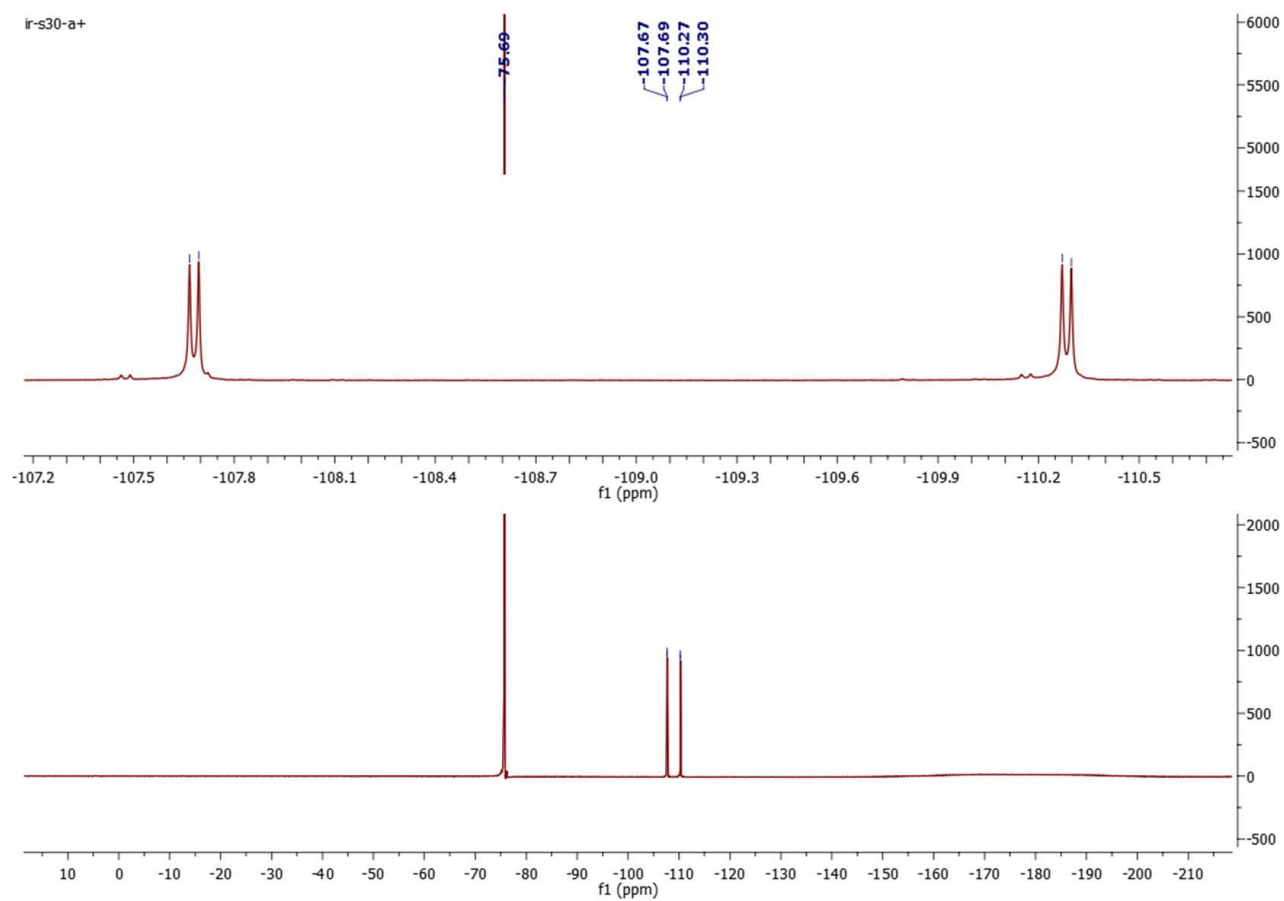
g

**Figure S3.** (a)  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of purified **2** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ; (b)  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of purified **2** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ; (c)  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of **1** after addition of 1M NaOH; (d)  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of **1** after addition of 1M NaOH (top: extended; bottom: full); (e) HRMS data of **2**; (f) Expansion of HRMS data of the **2**; (g) IR spectra of **2** showing  $-\text{OH}$  stretching frequency at  $3421\text{cm}^{-1}$

ir-s30-a+



a



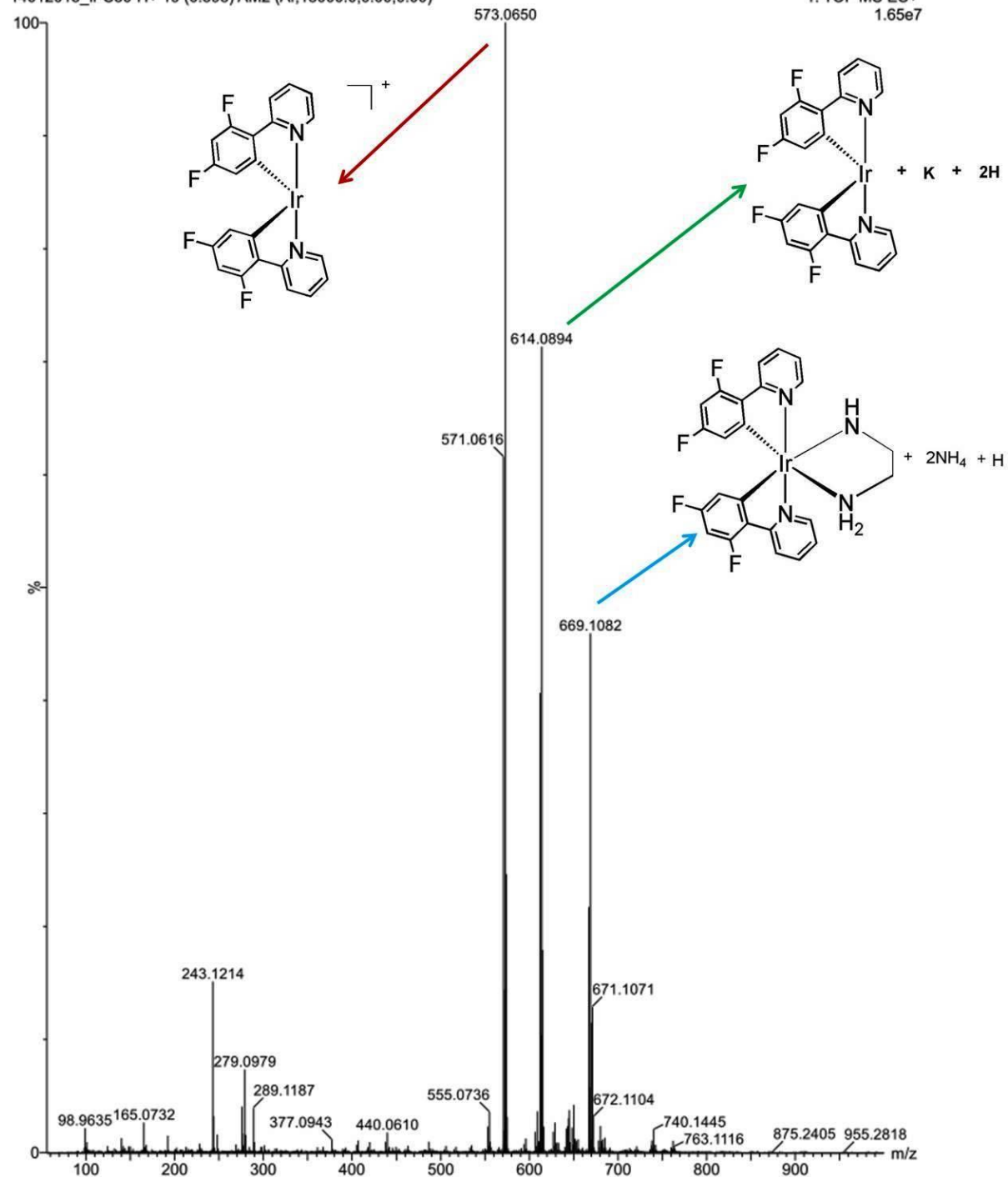
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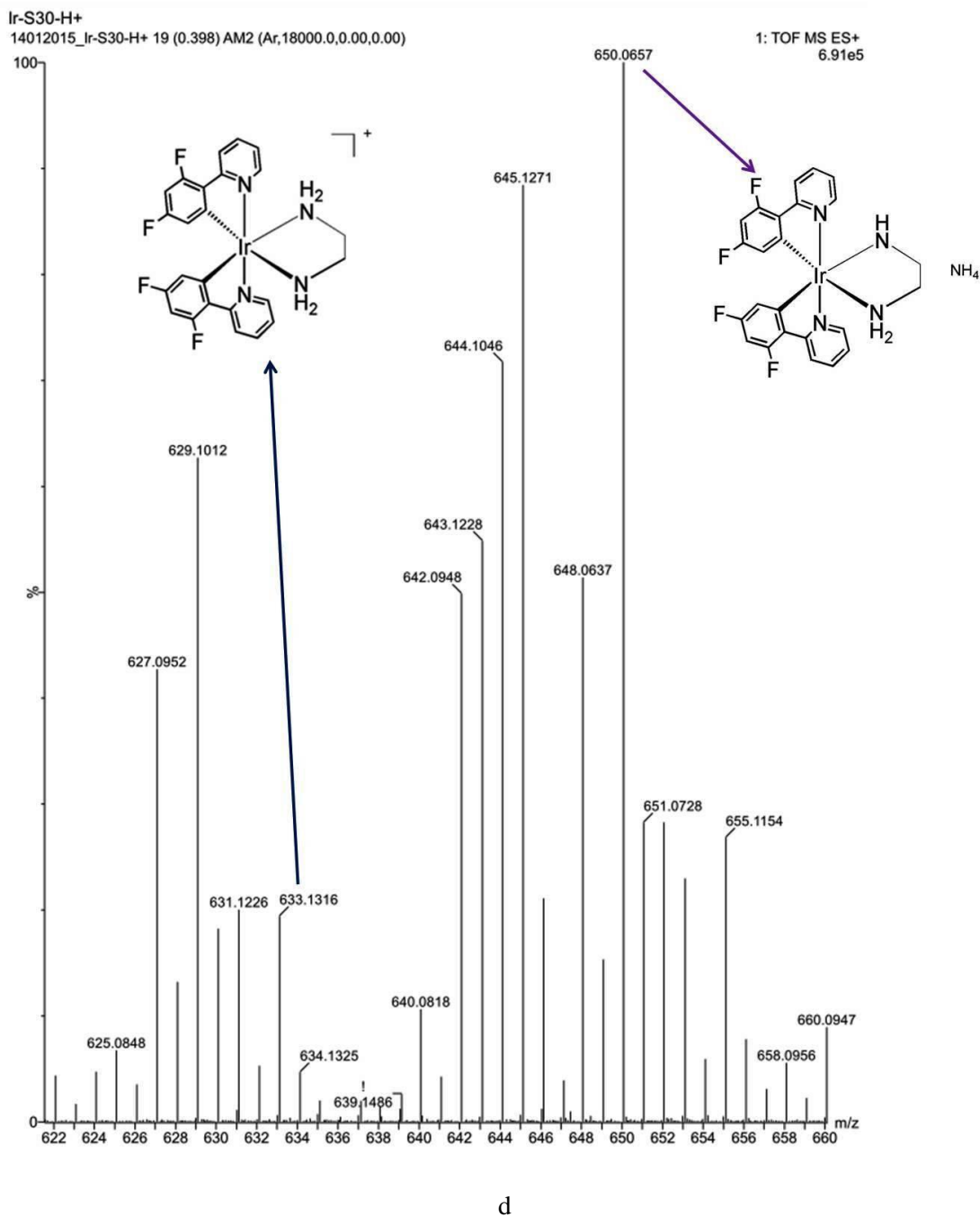
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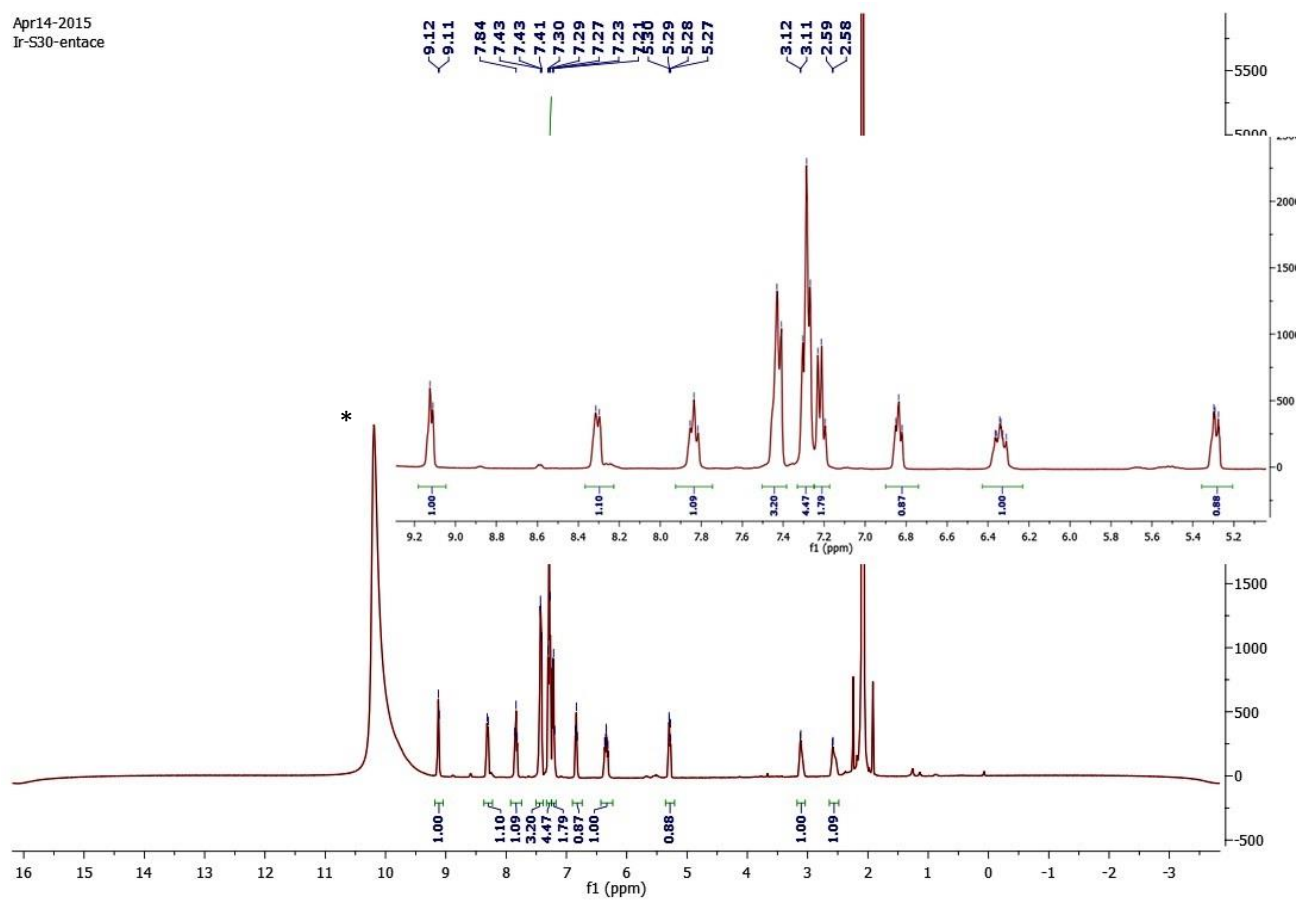


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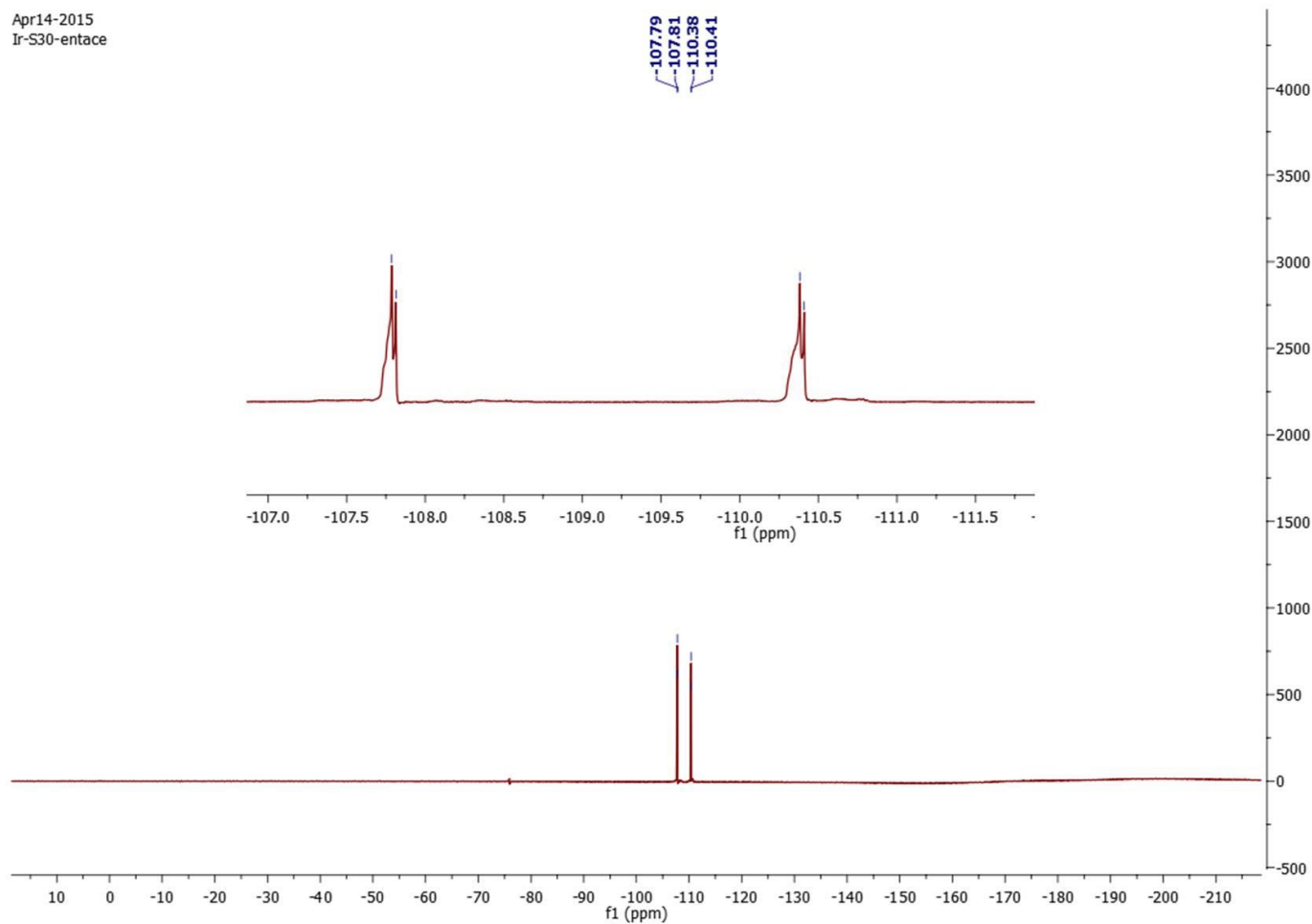
**Figure S4.** (a)  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of **3** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (\* TFA, acid proton signal in  $^1\text{H}$  NMR); (b)  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of **3** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  (c) HRMS data of **3** (d) Expansion of HRMS data of the **3**.

Apr14-2015  
Ir-S30-entace



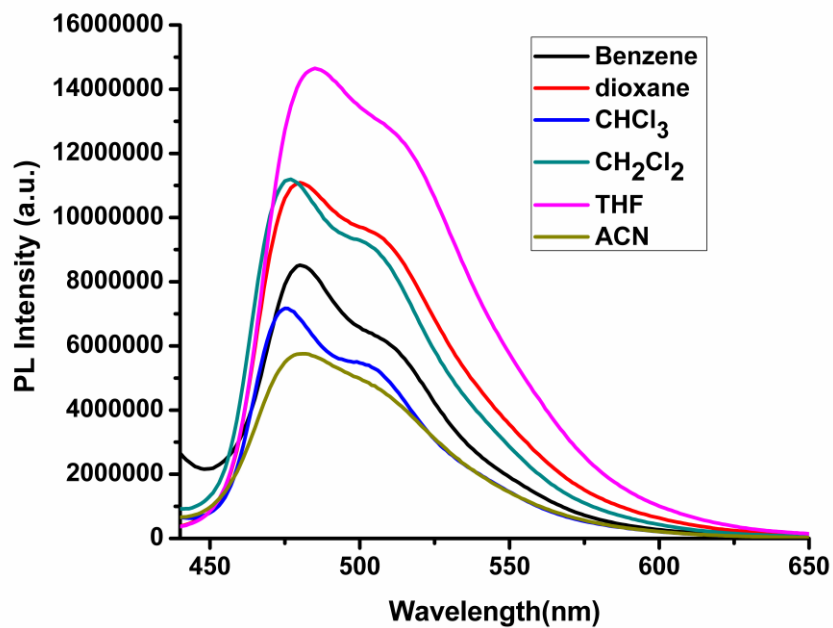
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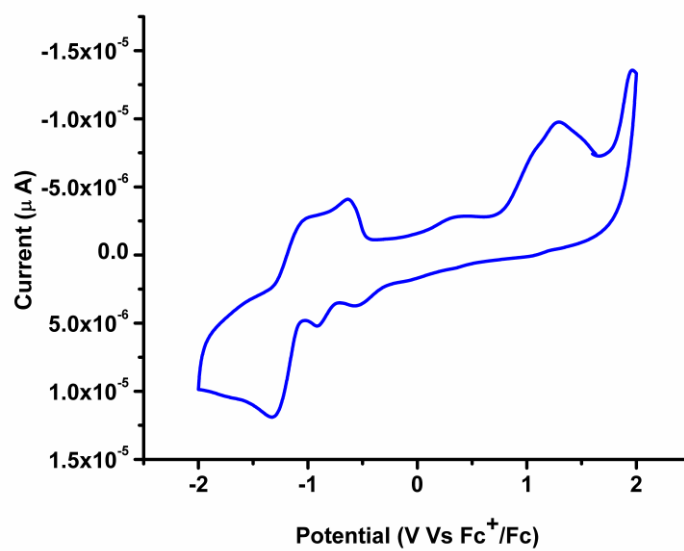


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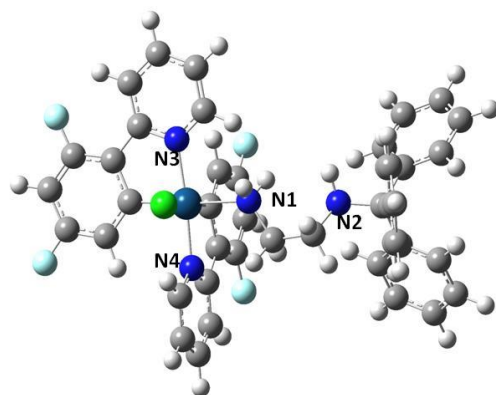
**Figure S5.** (a)  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of **1** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  after addition of AcOH (\*AcOH, acid proton signal in  $^1\text{H}$  NMR) ; (b)  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of **1** in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  after addition of AcOH



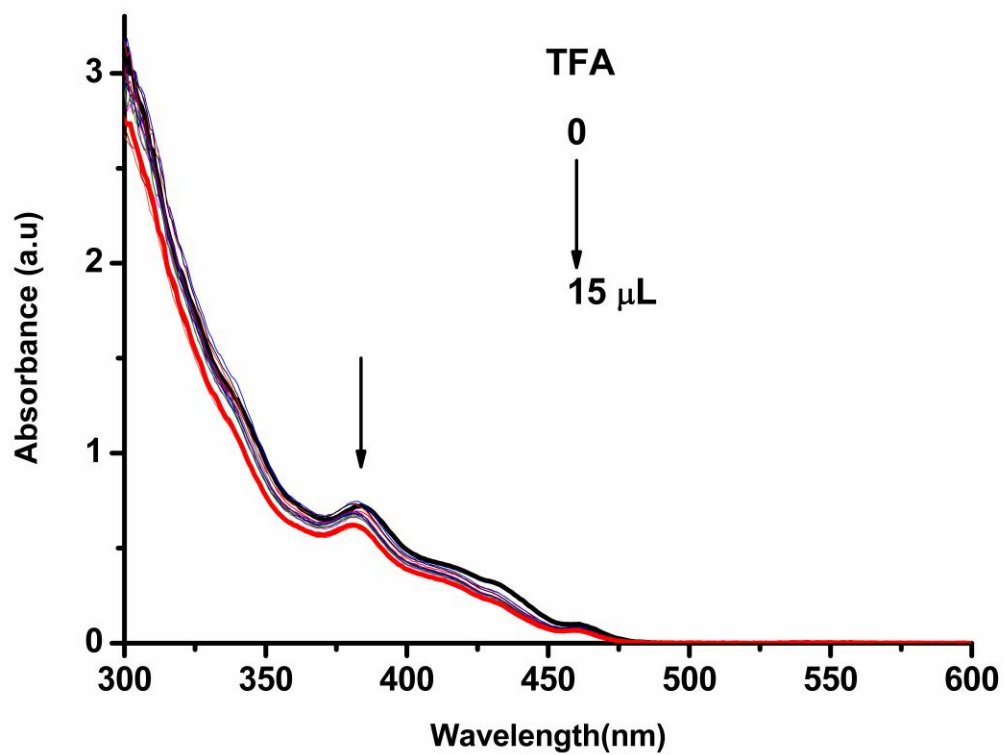
**Figure S6.** Emission spectra of **1** in different solvents keeping concentration same,  $[c]=1 \times 10^{-5}$



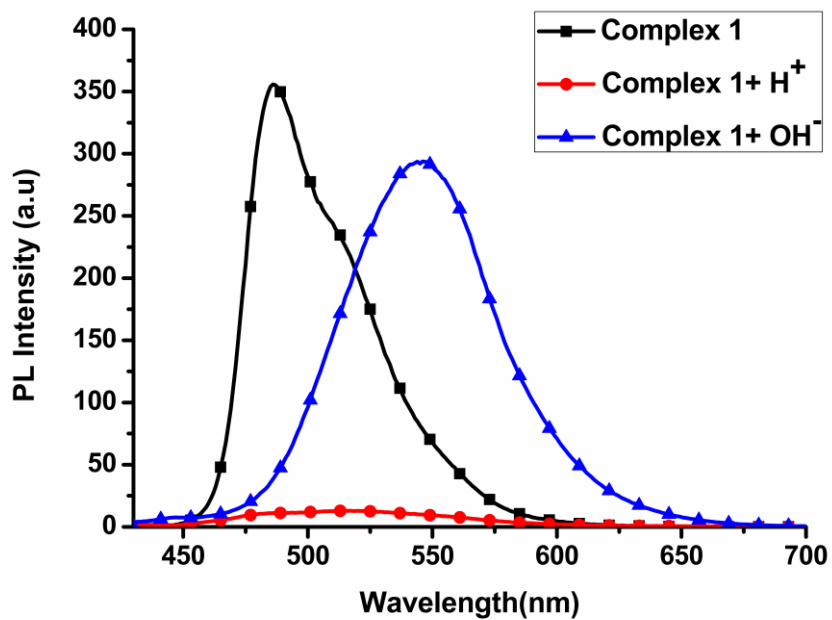
**Figure S7.** Cyclic voltammogram of **1**, recorded in ACN at a scan rate of  $0.05 \text{ V s}^{-1}$



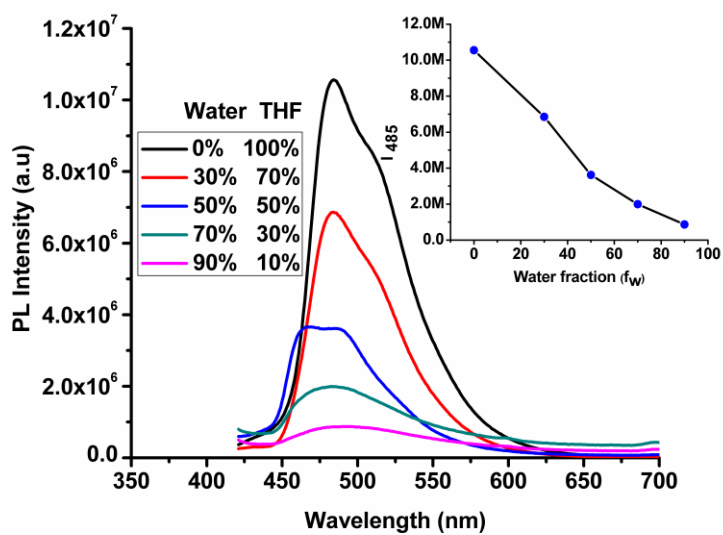
**Figure S8.** Optimized structure of **1**, (using Gaussian 09 program suite) in DCM solvent.



**Figure S9.** Absorbance spectra of **1** with increasing concentration of TFA (0-15  $\mu\text{L}$ ) with  $[c] = 1 \times 10^{-5}$

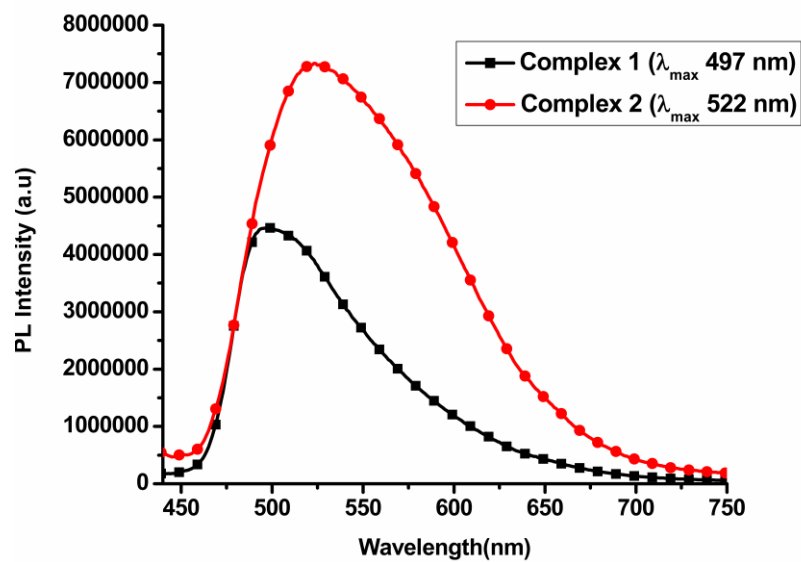


**Figure S10.** Emission spectra of **1** in DCM , DCM+ TFA and THF+ 1M NaOH in water (1:9,v/v)

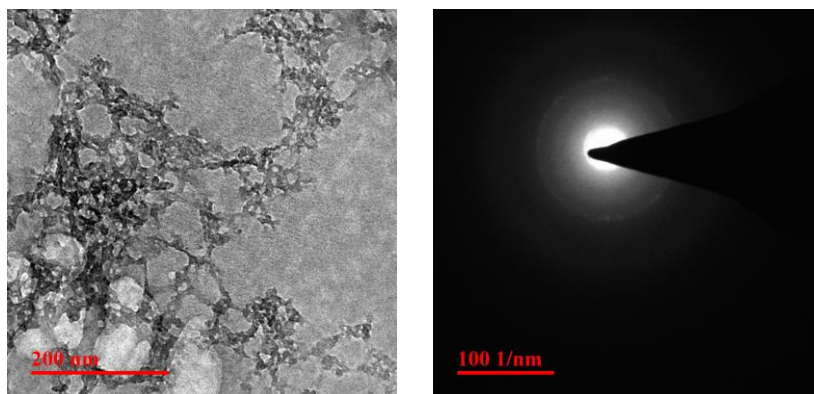


**Figure S11.** Emission spectra of **1** in presence of different water fraction (0 - 90%).

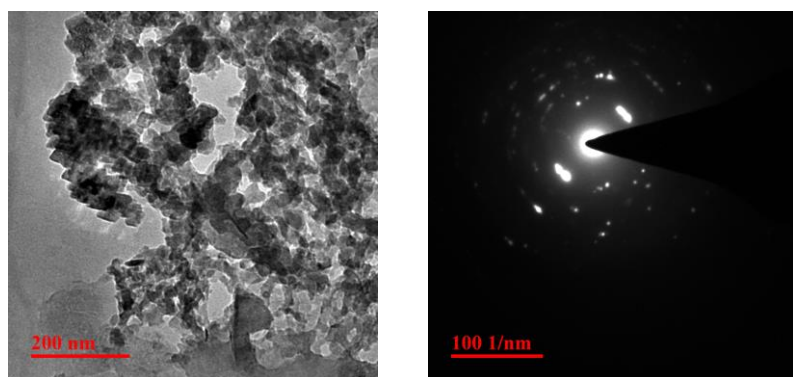




**Figure S12.** Thin film emission of **1** and **2**

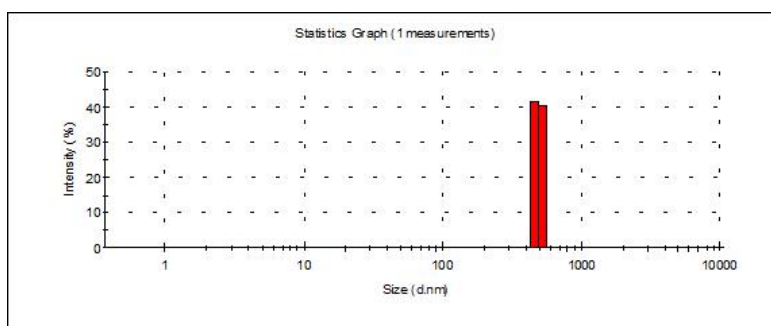


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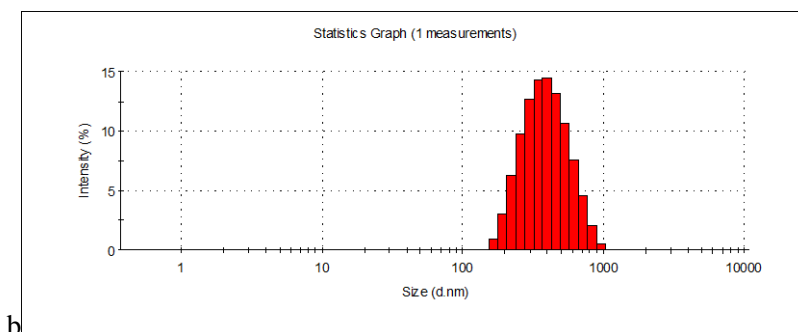


b

**Figure S13.** TEM images and ED patterns of **2** (a) amorphous nano aggregates at  $f_w=40\%$  and (b) crystalline aggregate at  $f_w=90\%$



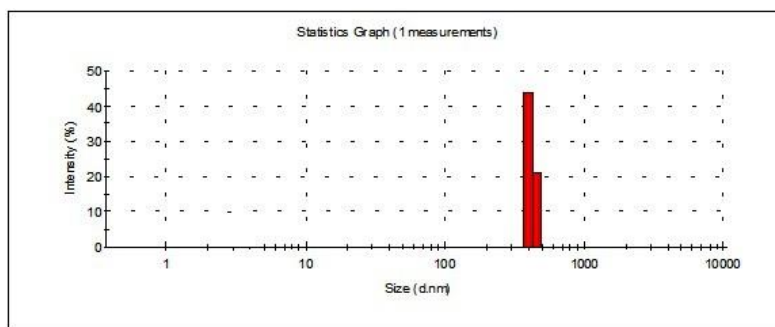
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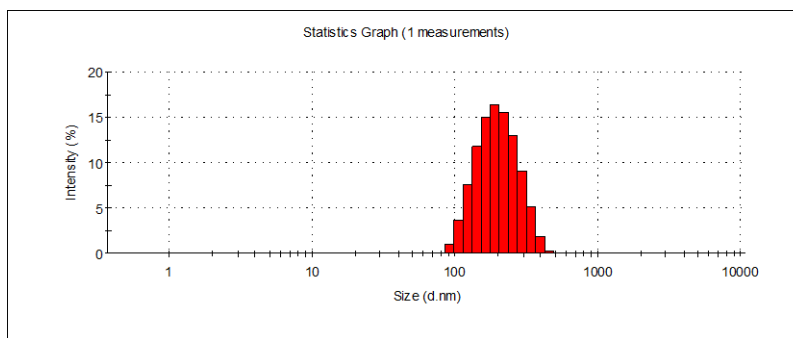
b

b

**Figure S14.** (a,b) Size distribution graph for **1** in presence of different 1M NaOH fractions (a) at 50% , (b) at 90%



a



b

**Figure S15.** Size distribution graph for **1** in presence of different water fractions (a) at 50%, (b) at 90%

**Table S1.** Crystal data and structure refinement for **1**

Empirical formula	C <sub>43</sub> H <sub>34</sub> Cl F <sub>4</sub> Ir N <sub>4</sub>
Formula weight	910.41
Temperature (K)	100 K
Crystal system	Triclinic
Space group	P -1
Unit cell dimensions	a=11.2477(14) Å b=11.5288(18) Å c=16.682(2) Å $\alpha = 103.532(7)$ , $\beta = 93.738(7)$ (4) $\gamma = 94.584(6)$
Volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	2088.6(5)
Z	2
Density (Mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.448
Absorption coefficient (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	3.311
F(000)	900.0

**Table S2.** Selected Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for **1**

Bond distances (Å)	Complex 1
Ir1- C33	2.020 (8)
Ir1- C22	2.019 (9)
Ir1-Cl1	2.485 (2)
Ir1-N3	2.052 (7)
Ir1-N4	2.049 (7)
Ir1-N1	2.193 (7)
Bond angles (°)	
N4 Ir1 Cl1	87.8 (2)
N3 Ir1 Cl1	96.5 (2)
N1 Ir1 Cl1	87.2 (2)
N3 Ir1 C22	80.4 (3)
N4 Ir 1N3	172.4 (2)
N1 Ir1 C33	176.8 (2)

**Table S3** Photophysical properties of **1**, **2** and **3**

Complex	UV-Vis absorption <sup>a</sup> nm, ( $\epsilon \times 10^4$ , M <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-1</sup> )	PL <sup>a</sup> ( $\lambda_{\text{emi}}$ ) (nm)	$\tau$ ( $\mu\text{s}$ ) <sup>b</sup>	QY <sup>c</sup>	QY <sup>d</sup>
<b>1</b> (solution)	262 (5.0), 331(1.2) 388(0.52), 436(0.32),468(0.10)	485	1.3	3.0	
<b>1</b> (Solid)		497			3.08
<b>2</b> (solution)	256(4.42), 383(0.64), 433(0.28),464(0.14)	507		2.5	
<b>2</b> (solid)		522			3.40
<b>3</b> (solution)	262(3.50), 329(0.50), 435(0.16), 468(0.08)	507		0	
<b>3</b> (Solid)		510			0

<sup>a</sup> Spectra were recorded in degassed dichloromethane (DCM) at room temperature with  $\epsilon \times 10^4$ , M<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>;

<sup>b</sup> Life time data recorded in DCM with [c]=1 x 10<sup>-4</sup> M ; <sup>c</sup>solid state quantum yield for **1-3** were calculated using integrating sphere. <sup>d</sup>quantum yields for the two complexes were measured in degassed DCM against quinine sulfate in 1.0 N sulfuric acid as reference (QY = 0.546).

**Table S4.** Comparison of some selected structural parameters (i.e., bond distances and bond angles) for the complex 1 obtained from experiment (i.e., X-ray study) and theoretical calculation.

Structural parameters	Specific bond/angle	Exp. value (Å)	Theoretical value (Å)
Bond Length	Ir-Cl	2.485 (2)	2.53
	Ir-N1	2.193 (7)	2.23
	Ir-N3	2.054 (7)	2.04
	Ir-C33	2.020 (8)	1.99
	Ir-N4	2.049 (7)	2.04
	Ir-C22	2.019 (9)	1.99
Bond angle	∠C33IrN4	80.9° (3)	80.63°
	∠C22IrN3	80.4° (3)	80.62°
	∠C22IrN4	95.6° (3)	96.05°
	∠N1IrN3	90.5° (3)	90.50°
	∠N1IrCl	87.2° (2)	87.08°
	∠C22IrC33	90.7° (3)	87.40°
	∠N3IrC33	92.7° (3)	94.03°
	∠N3IrCl	96.5° (2)	96.03°
	∠C33IrCl	92.7° (2)	94.33°
	∠N4IrN1	95.9° (3)	94.96°
	∠N1IrC22	89.7° (3)	91.04°



### Detection limit calculation <sup>1,2</sup>

To determine the Signal/Noise ratio, the emission intensity of both complexes without  $H^+/OH^-$  was measured by 10 times and the standard deviation of blank measurements was determined.

The detection limit is then calculated with the following equation.

**Detection limit =  $3\sigma/m$** ; where  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation of blank measurements,  $m$  is the slope between the plot of PL intensity versus sample concentration.

### References :

1. Yang, Mi-H.; Thirupathi, P.; Lee, K.-H.; *Org. Lett.* **2011**, *13*, 5028.
2. Kaur, . S.; Bhalla, V.; Vij, V.; Kumar, M. ; *J. Mater. Chem. C* **2014**, *2*, 3936.