

Supporting Information

Self-terminated Artificial SEI Layer for Nickel-rich Layered Cathode Material via Mixed Gas Chemical Vapor Deposition

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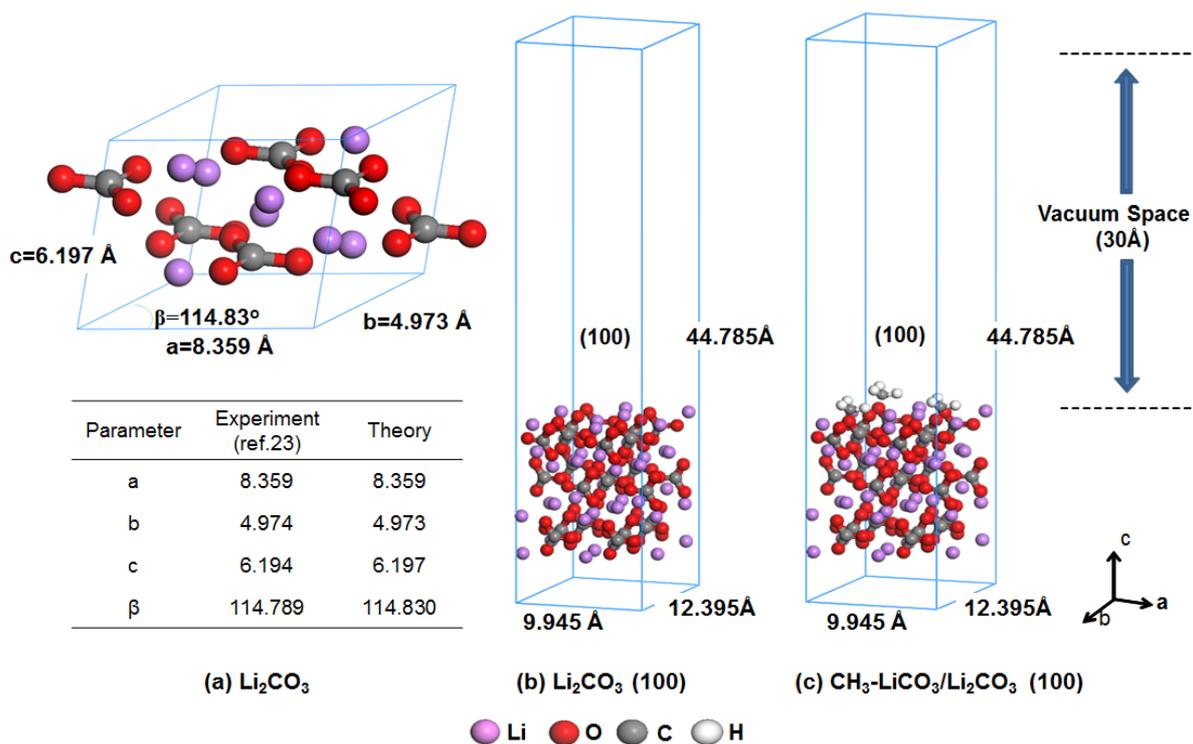


Figure S1. (a) Unit cell structure of Li_2CO_3 , and model structures of (b) 2×4 Li_2CO_3 (100) and (c) 2×4 $\text{CH}_3\text{-LiCO}_3/\text{Li}_2\text{CO}_3$ (100) for DFT calculation. Inset table shows the lattice parameters of Li_2CO_3 to evaluate the model structure in comparison with experiment results.

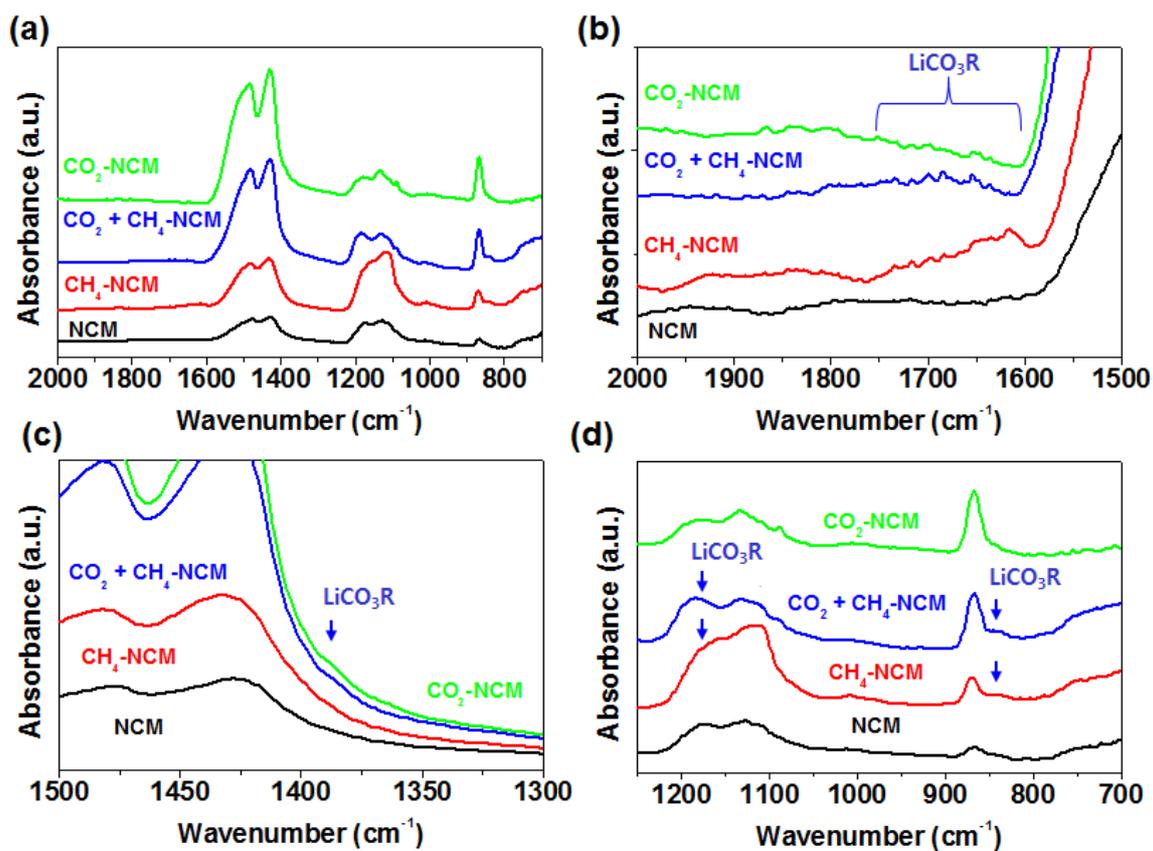


Figure S2. (a-d) *Ex-situ* ATR-FTIR spectra of pristine-NCM, CO₂-NCM, CH₄-NCM, and CO₂+CH₄-NCM after reaction for 30 min.

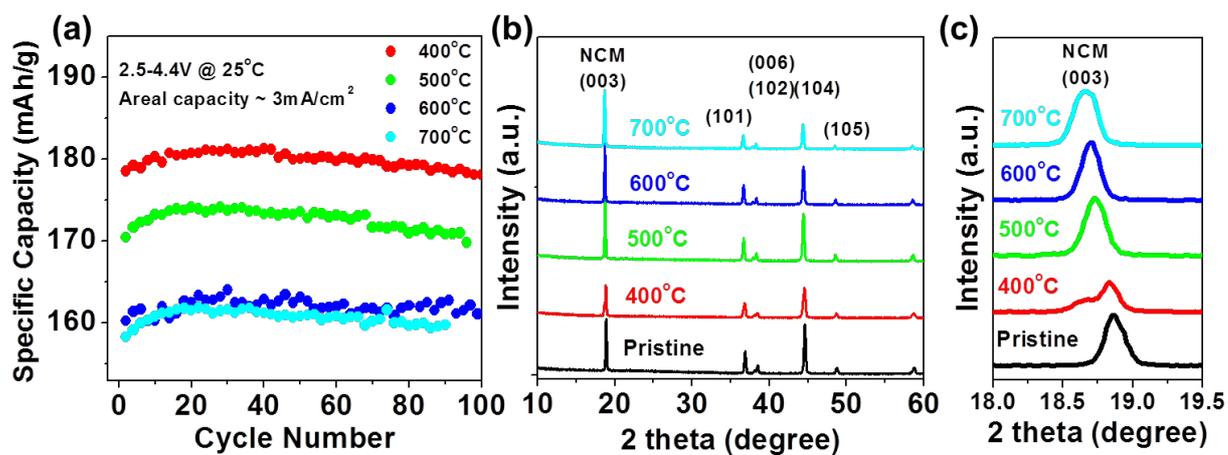


Figure S3. (a) The specific discharge capacity of CO₂+CH₄-NCM with various CVD temperatures (400-700 °C), and their XRD patterns (b-c).

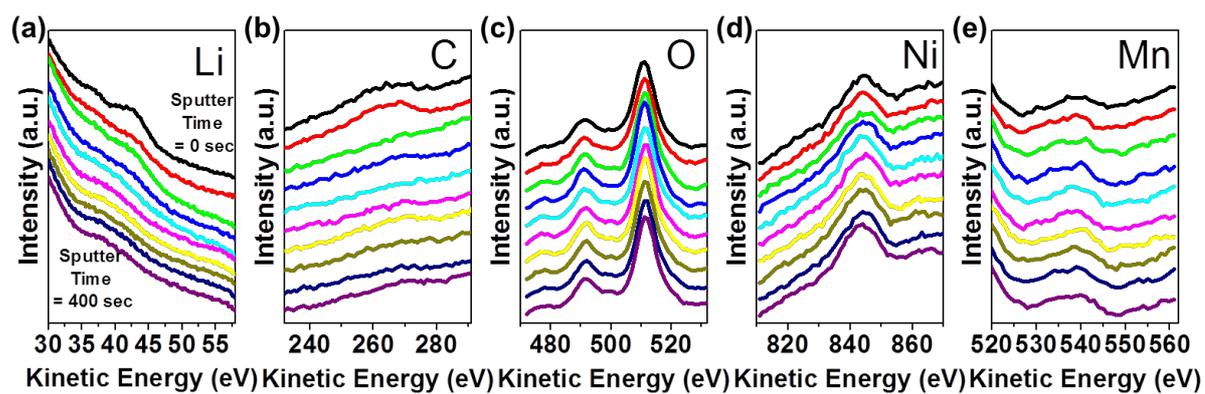


Figure S4. (a-e) Time-resolved Auger elemental depth profiles. Sputter time for each profile was 40 sec.

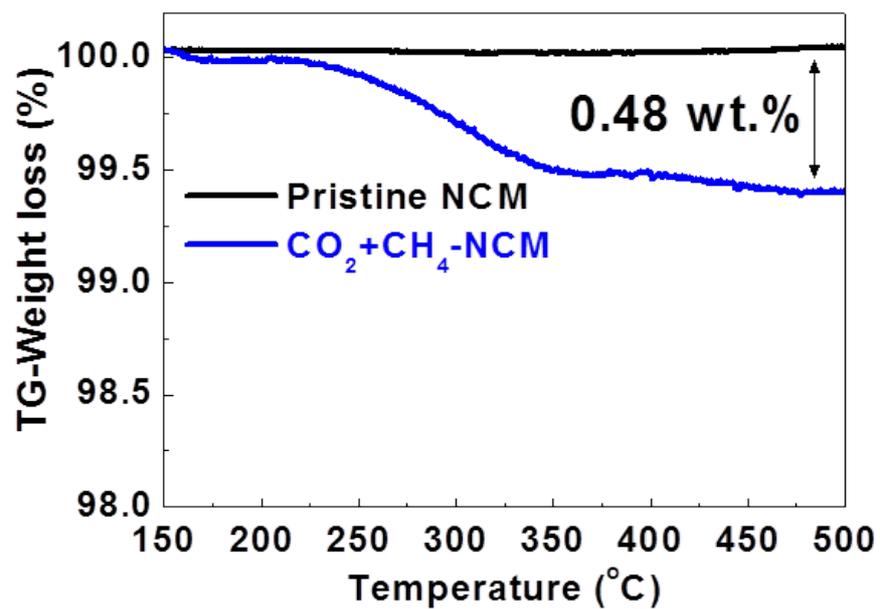


Figure S5. TGA profiles for the pristine and CO₂+CH₄-NCM.

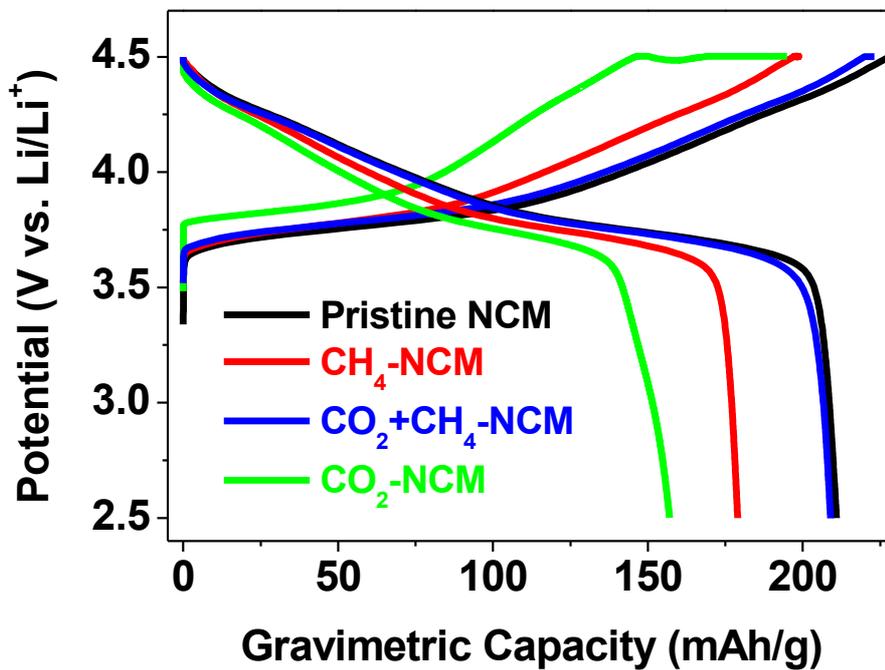


Figure S6. The initial (precycling) charge/discharge profiles of the prepared NCM half-cells at 2.5-4.5 V.

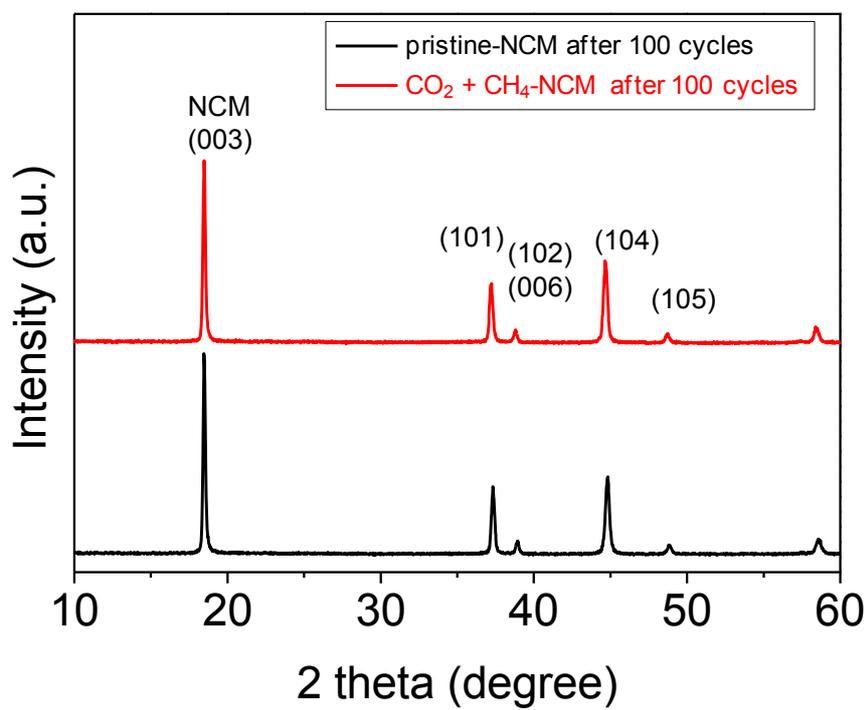


Figure S7. XRD profiles of the pristine and CO₂+CH₄ NCM after 100 cycles.

Sample	Time (h)	Extract concentration (mg/L)			
		Li	Mn	Co	Ni
Pristine- NCM	1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.5
	3	0.4	0.6	0.2	1.2
	7	0.4	0.7	0.2	1.6
CO ₂ +CH ₄ - NCM	1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
	7	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0

Table S1. Metal ion dissolution test for pristine and CO₂+CH₄ NCM using inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy (ICP-AES, ICP-AES_S, IPS-8100, Shimadzu). 0.1 g of the active material was dipped in 20 mL of the electrolyte co-solvents (EC:DEC:FEC=2:6:2=v:v:v) at 50 °C for 1, 3, and 7 hrs.