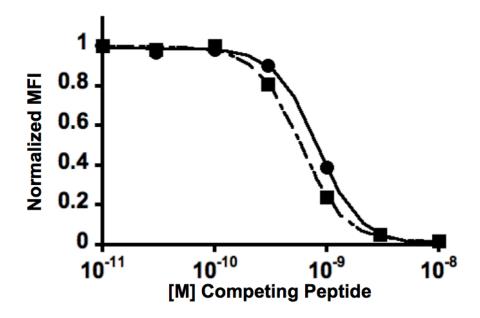
## SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

## A Radiofluorinated Divalent Cystine Knot Peptide for Tumor PET Imaging

Lei Jiang, †,‡,§ Richard H. Kimura,<sup>‡,§</sup> Xiaowei Ma,<sup>‡</sup> Yingfeng Tu,<sup>‡</sup> Zheng Miao,<sup>‡</sup> Bin Shen,<sup>‡</sup> Frederick T. Chin,<sup>‡</sup> Hongcheng Shi,<sup>†</sup> Sanjiv Sam Gambhir,<sup>‡</sup> and Zhen Cheng\*,<sup>‡</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>Molecular Imaging Program at Stanford (MIPS), Department of Radiology and Bio-X Program, Canary Center at Stanford for Cancer Early Detection, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305, United States



**SUPPLEMENTAL FIGURE 1. Binding Affinity of 3-4A and <sup>19</sup>F-FP-3-4A.** The IC<sub>50</sub> of <sup>19</sup>F-FP-3-4A was compared that of to 3-4A. These competing peptides were incubated with yeast (surface) displaying 3-4A c-myc fusion protein, and allowed to compete with the soluble peptides for 20nM integrin  $\alpha_v\beta_3$ . The IC<sub>50</sub> of soluble 3-4A and <sup>19</sup>F-FP-3-4A was 615.6 +/- 305.8 pM and 810.4+/-343.6pM, respectively

**SUPPLEMENTAL METHOD 1**. Saccharomyces Cerevisiae cells were transformed with plasmid, pCT, encoding dual RGD knottin 3-4A. Cells were grown in SD-CAA media and proteins were induced in SG-CAA (1). For each time point, 100,000 cells expressing 3-4A was incubated with 20nM integrin avb3 (<a href="www.rndsystems.com">www.rndsystems.com</a>), and several serially-diluted concentrations of peptides 3-4A and 19F-FP-3-4A to generate titration curves. Yeast surface expression of fusion proteins was measured with a chicken anti-c-myc IgY antibody (A-21281, <a href="www.invitrogen.com">www.invitrogen.com</a>), and Alexa-555 labeled goat anti-chicken IgG antibody (A-21437, <a href="www.invitrogen.com">www.invitrogen.com</a>). Integrin avb3 binding was measured with FITC-labeled anti integrin av antibody (Clone NKI-M9, <a href="www.biolegend.com">www.biolegend.com</a>).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Department of Nuclear Medicine, Zhongshan Hospital, Fudan University, 180 Fenglin Road, Shanghai, China 200032

Mean Fluorescence Intensity (MFI) is defined by FITC signal intensity divided by Alexa 555 signal intensity. MFI values (Y-axis) were determined for each concentration of competing peptide (X-axis). Kaleidagraph (www.synergy.com) was used to determine the IC<sub>50</sub> values.

## **REFERENCES**

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