Supporting Information for "NDI and DAN DNA: Nucleic Acid Directed Assembly of NDI and DAN"

Brian A. Ikkanda, Stevan A. Samuel, and Brent L. Iverson*

Department of Chemistry, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas, 78712

E-mail: iversonb@austin.utexas.edu

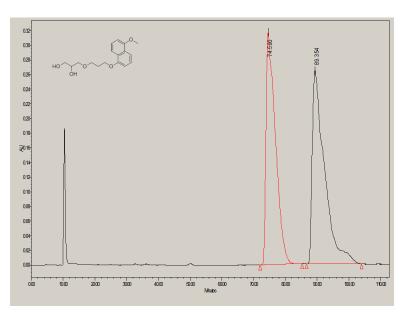
CONTENTS

General Procedures and Reagents
Figure S1. Chiral HPLC Chromatograms of 7 and 10S3-S4
Figure S2-S14. ¹ H NMR Spectra of Compounds 1-3, 5-8, 10-12, and 14
Figure S15-S26. ¹³ C NMR Spectra of Compounds 1-3, 5-8, 10-12, and 14S16-S26
Figure S27-S29. ³¹ P Spectra of Compounds 1-3
Table S1. HRMS-ESI of individual oligonucleotides S30
Figure S30. HPLC Chromatograms of oligonucleotides made using 1, 2, and/or 3
Method for Determining Extinction Coefficient of 1 and 2
Figure S31. Structures of DAN and NDI analogues used to determine extinction coefficients for
1 and 2
Figure S32. UV melting curves of DNA duplexes

General Procedures and Reagents

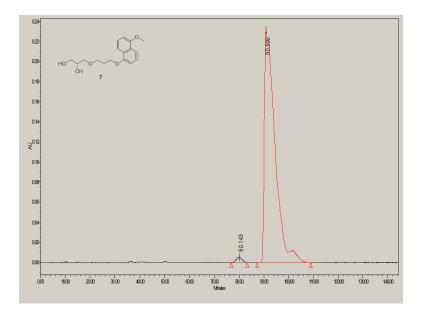
High-resolution mass spectra were analyzed by Q-TOF. Reactions were performed under an atmosphere of argon unless otherwise specified. All microwave reactions were conducted in a C.E.M. MARS microwave reactor at a power of 300W in an open vessel or C.E.M. Explorer 48 microwave reactor in a sealed vessel at a power of 300W.

Figure S1.^a Chiral HPLC Chromatograms of 7 and 10.

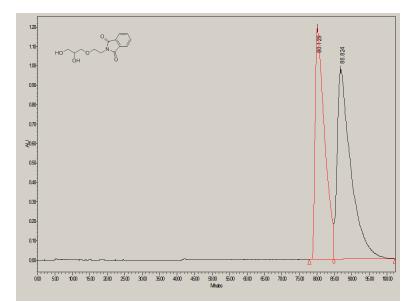


Racemic Sample

	Retention Time	Area	% Area	Height
1	80.129	226355648	45.90	1189756
2	86.824	266826823	54.10	976579
	1 2	1 80.129	1 80.129 226355648	1 80.129 226355648 45.90

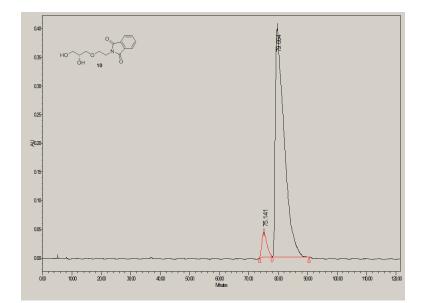


	Retention Time	Area	% Area	Height
1	75.141	5187344	5.82	43704
2	79.664	83915537	94.18	401161



Racemic Sample

	Retention Time	Area	% Area	Height
1	74.590	65668561	48.10	316870
2	89.354	70865309	51.90	263866



	Retention Time	Area	% Area	Height
1	80.143	824716	1.19	5290
2	90.900	68763657	98.81	231161

^a Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on a Chiralcel ODH column (0.46 cm I.D. x 25 cmL); eluent, hexane:*i*-PrOH, 95:5 v/v; flow rate, 1.0 mL/min; UV at 254 nm; room temperature.

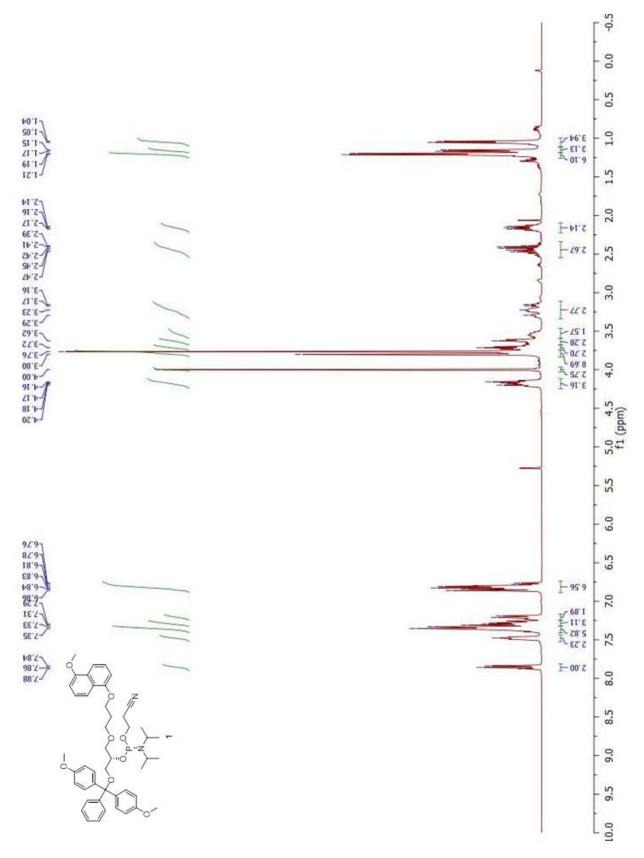


Figure S2. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 1

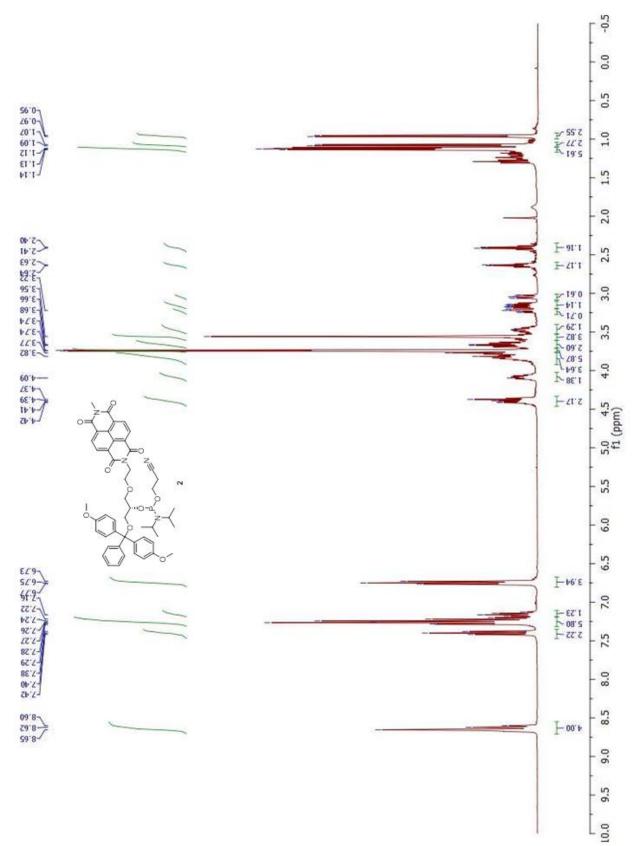


Figure S3. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 2

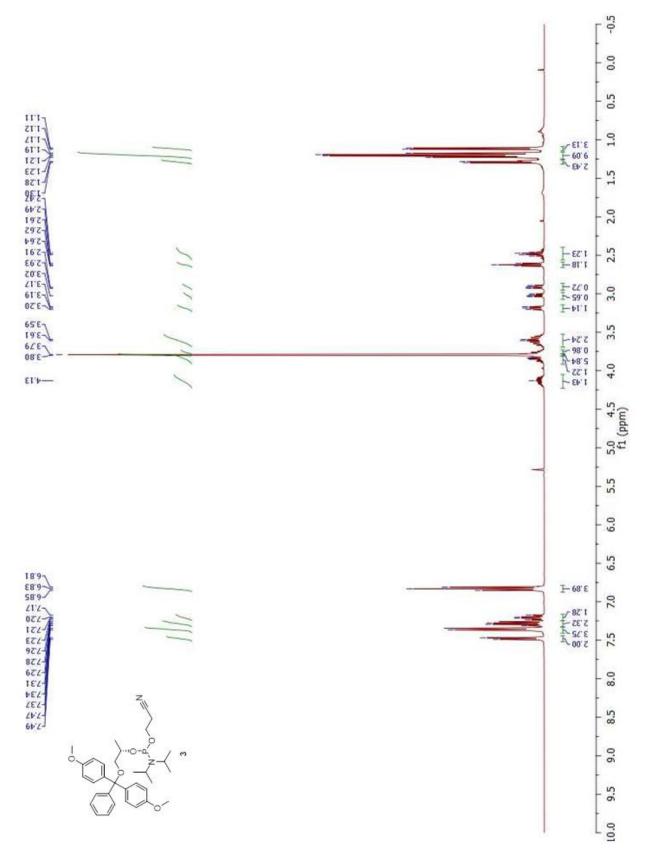


Figure S4. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 3

Figure S5. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 5

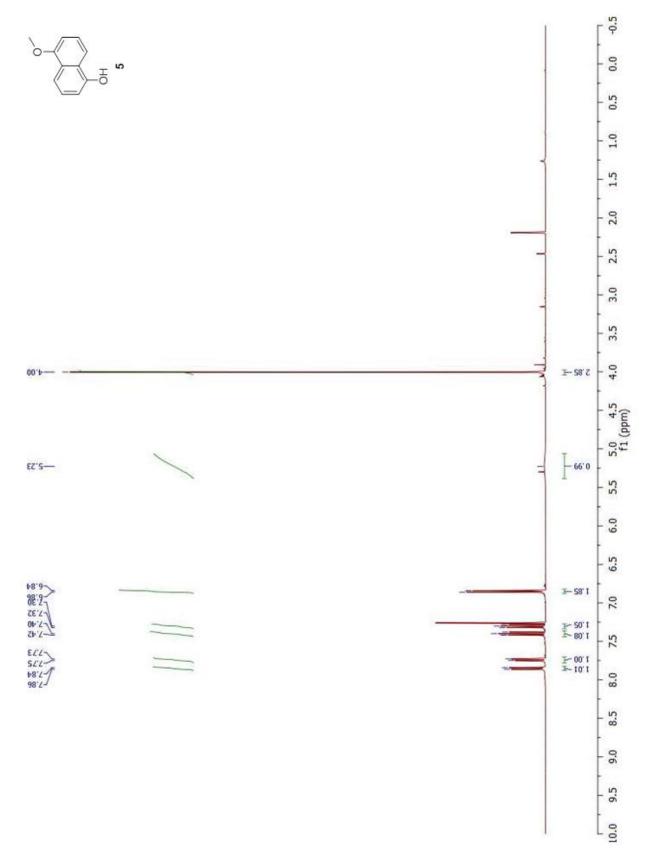


Figure S6. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 6

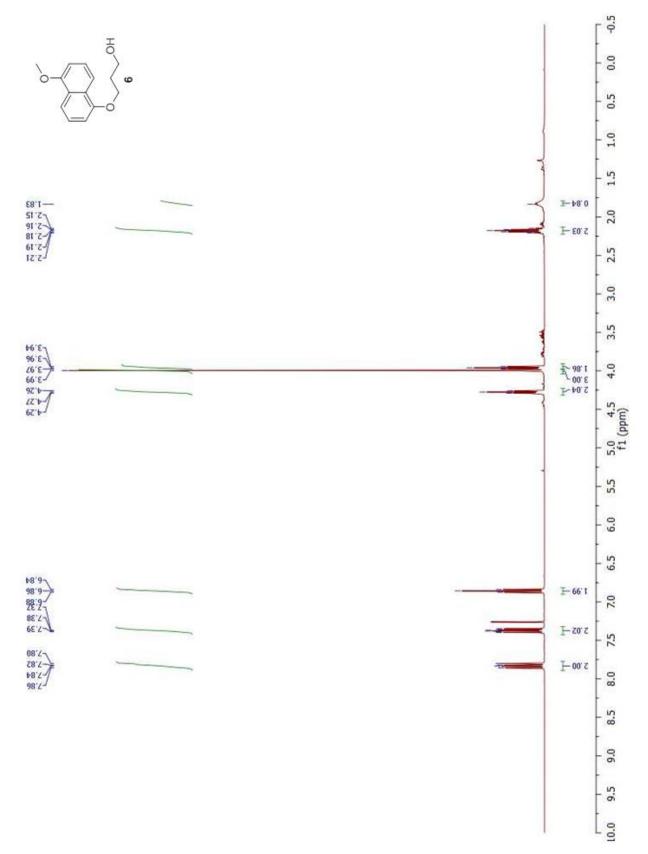


Figure S7. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 7

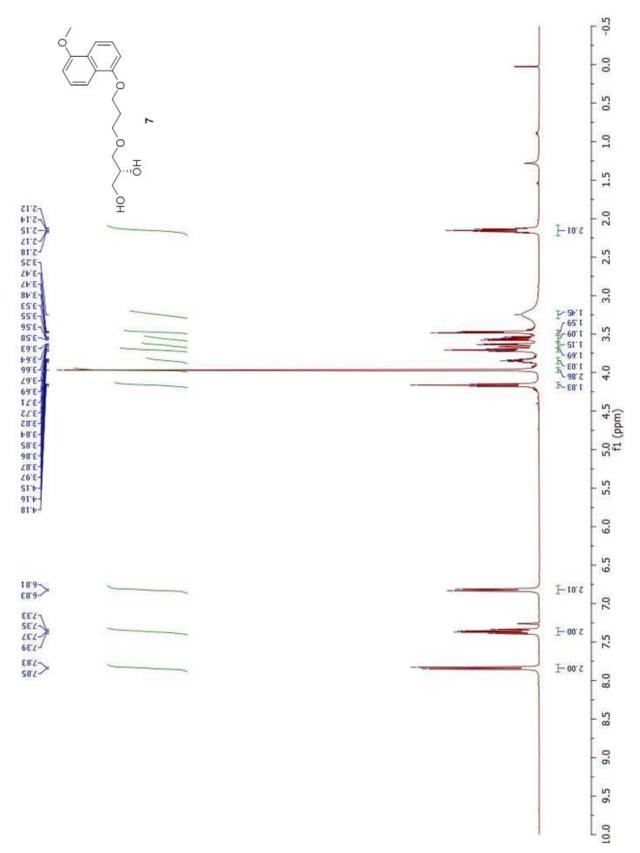


Figure S8. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 8

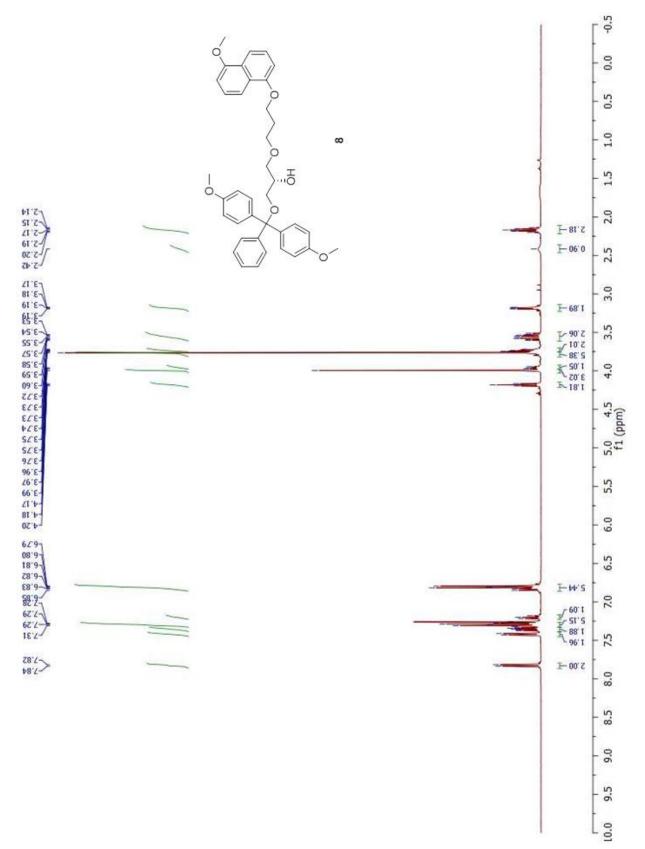


Figure S9. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 10

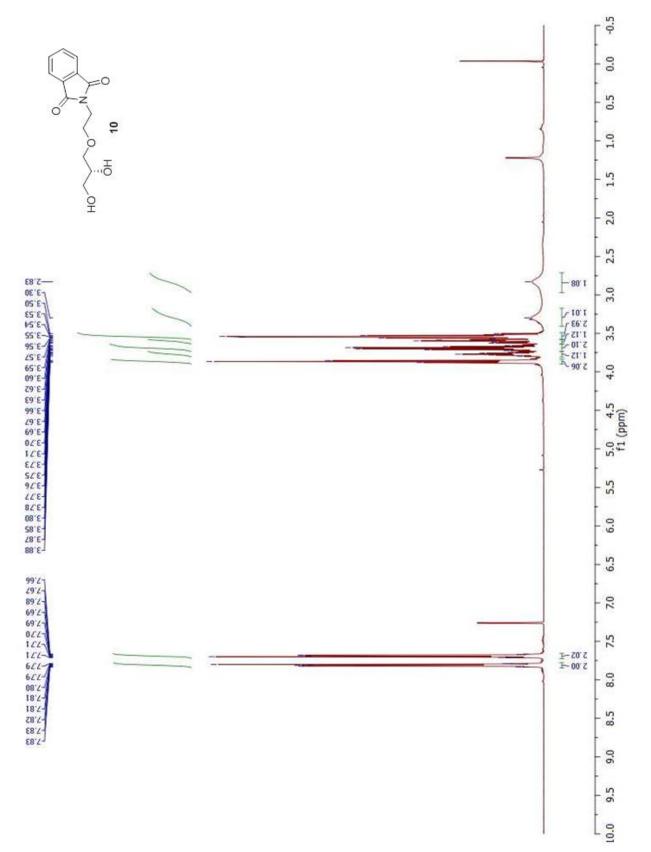


Figure S10. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 11

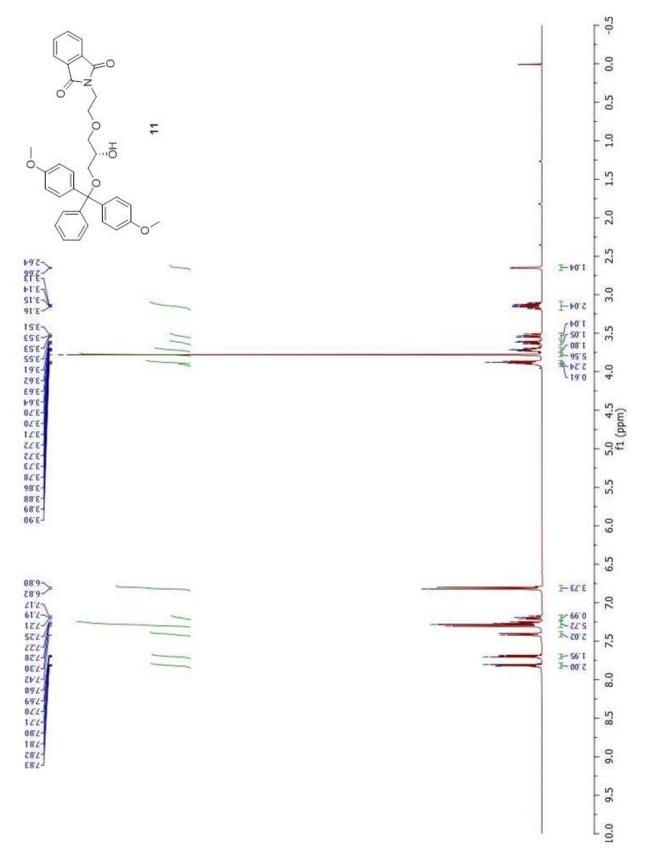


Figure S11. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 12

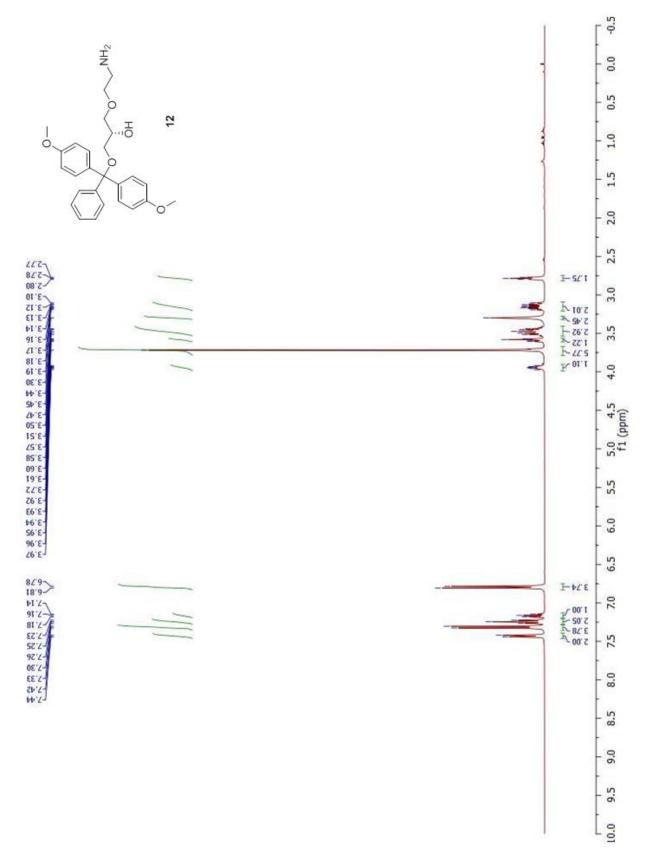


Figure S12. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of 14

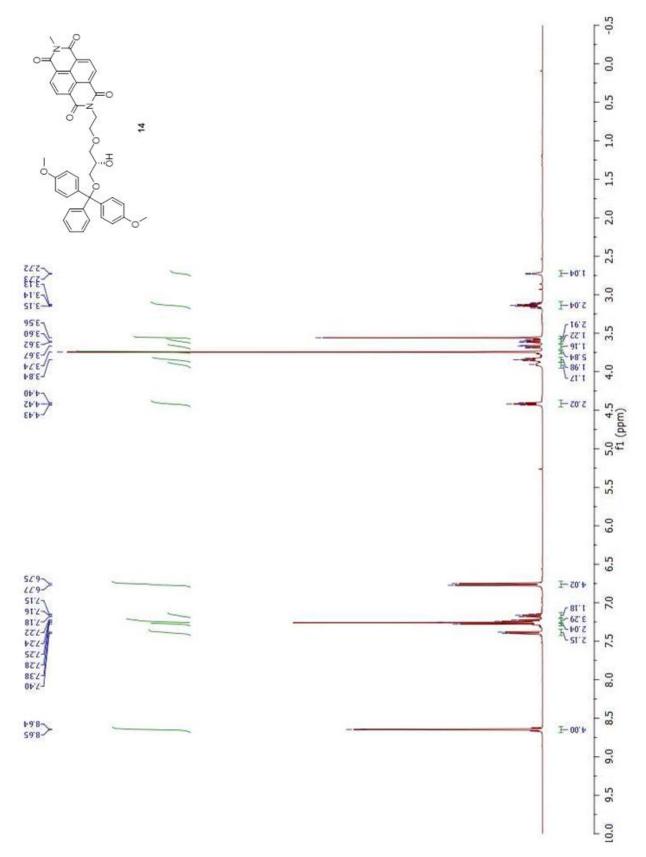


Figure S13. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 1

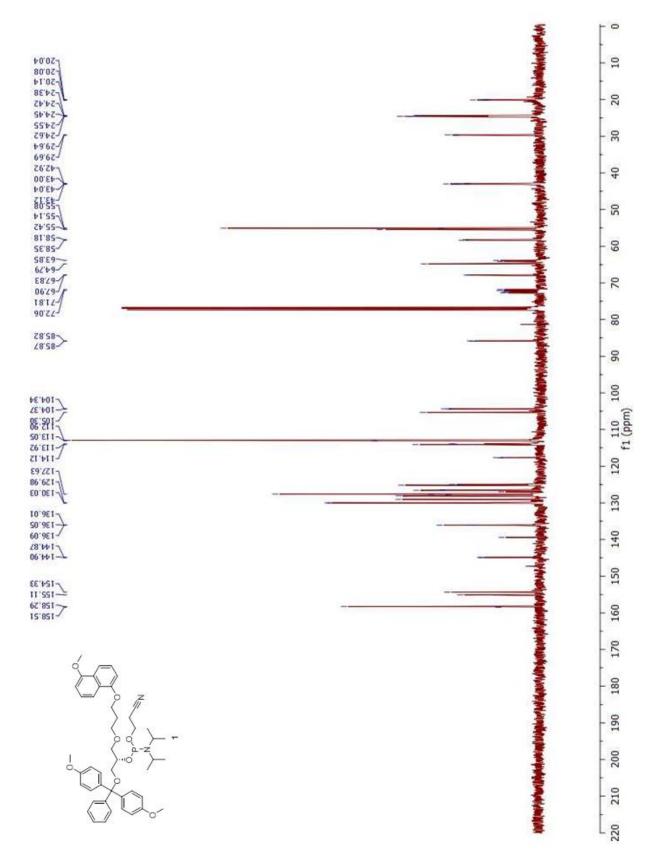


Figure S14. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 2

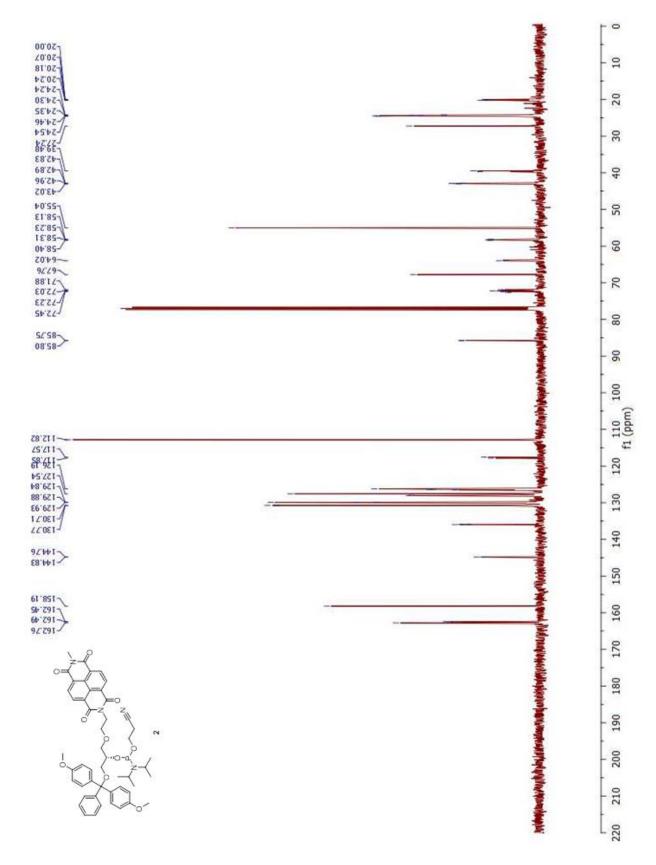
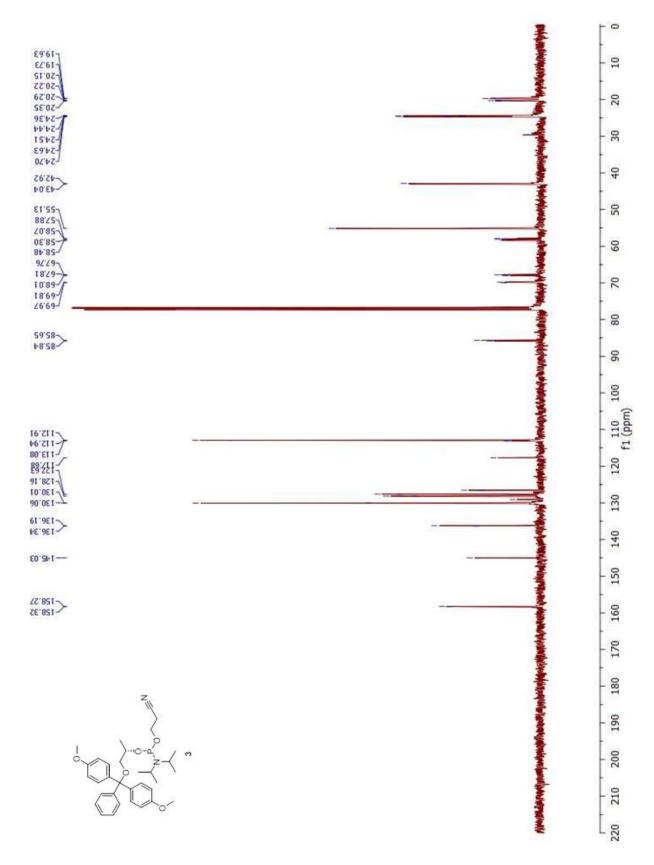


Figure S15. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 3





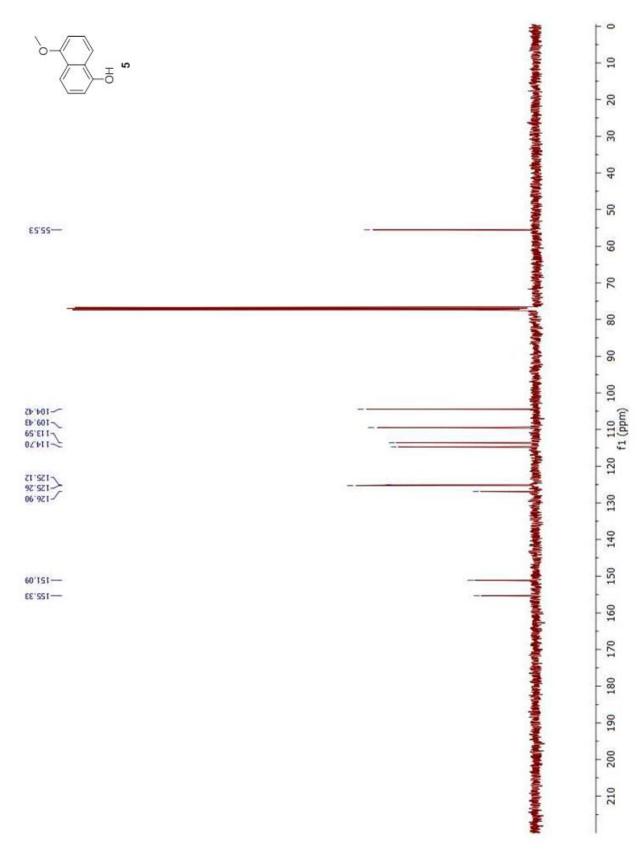
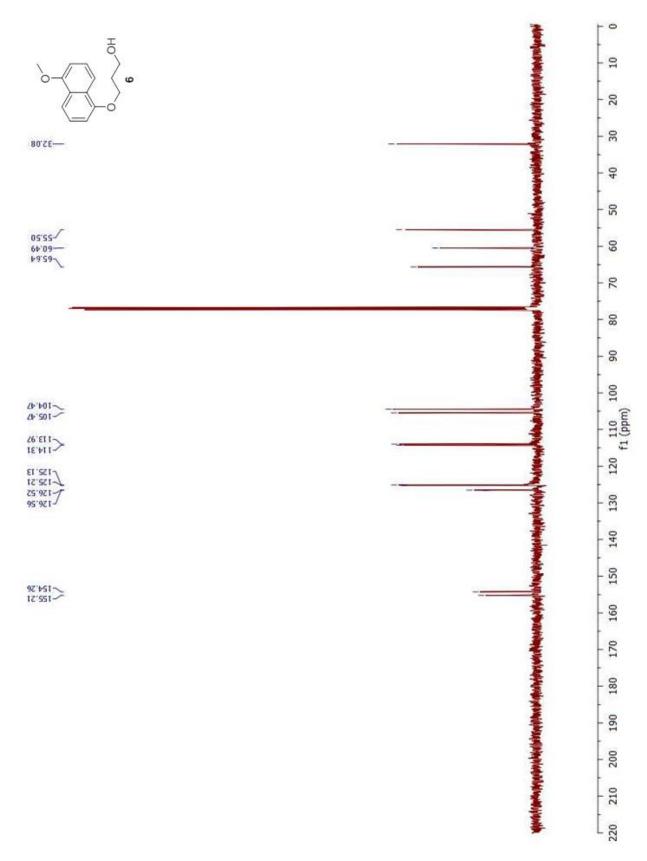


Figure S17. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 6





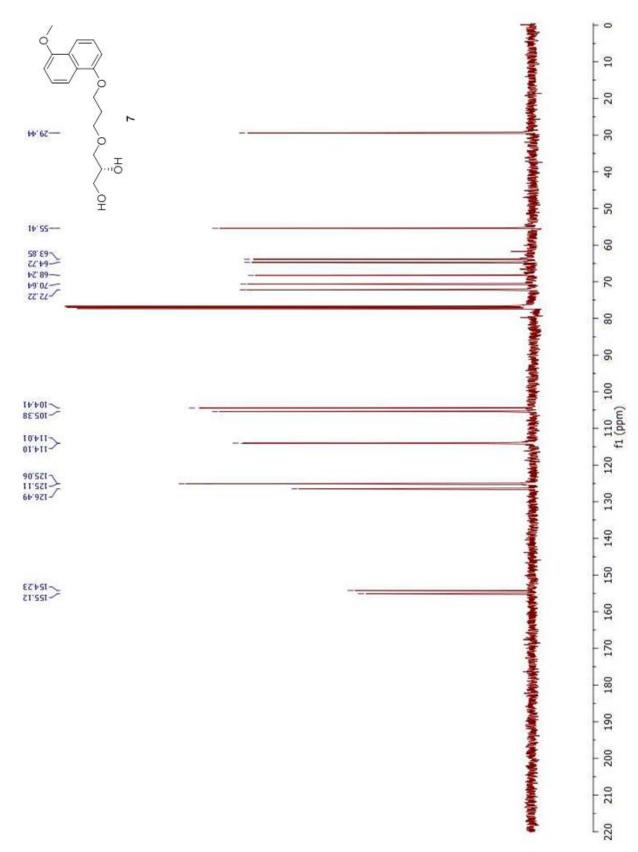
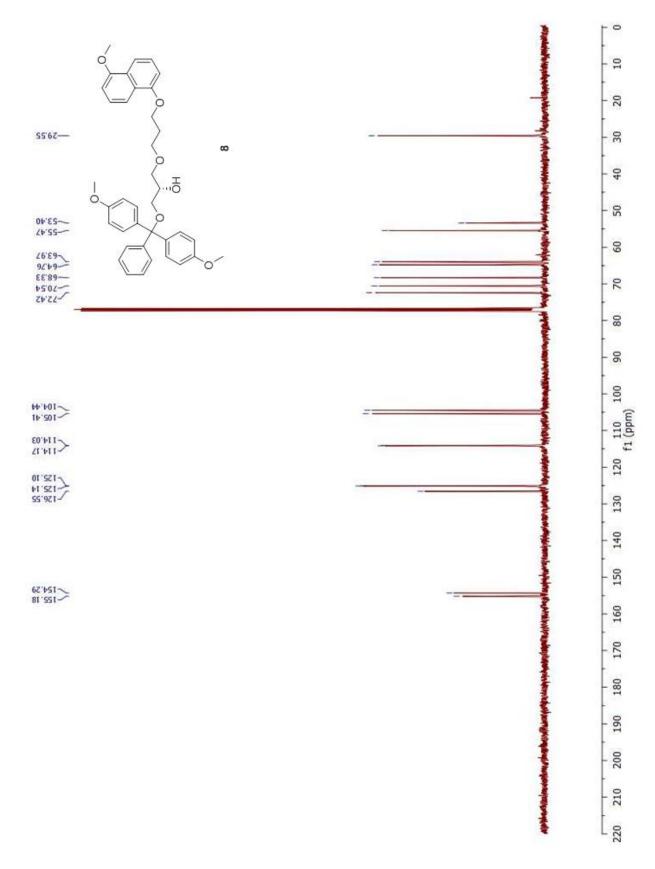


Figure S19. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 8





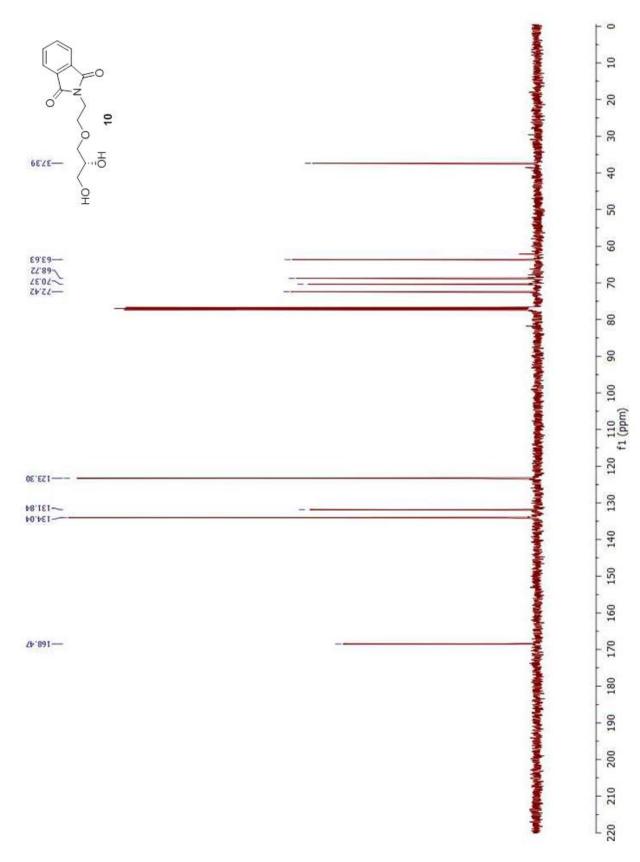


Figure S21. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 11

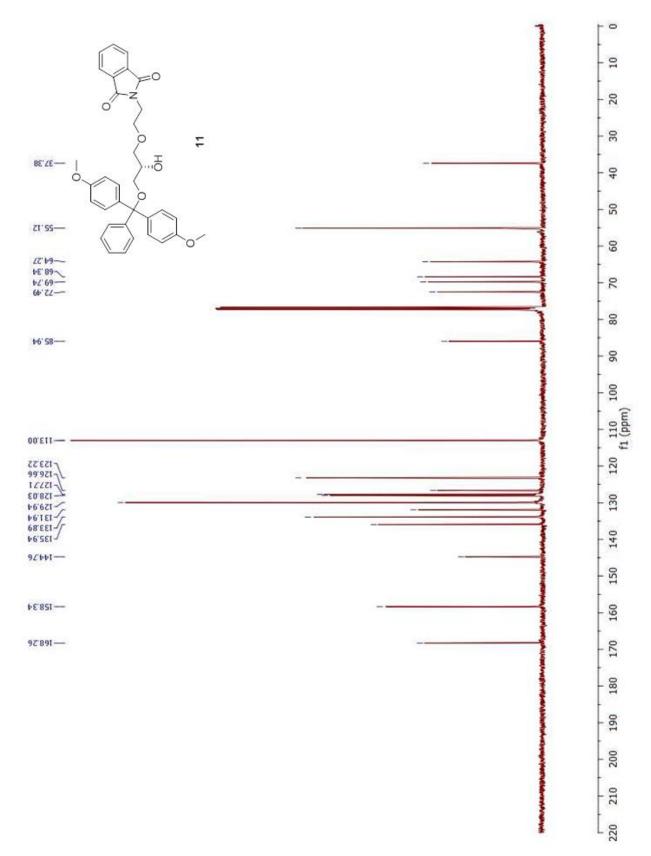
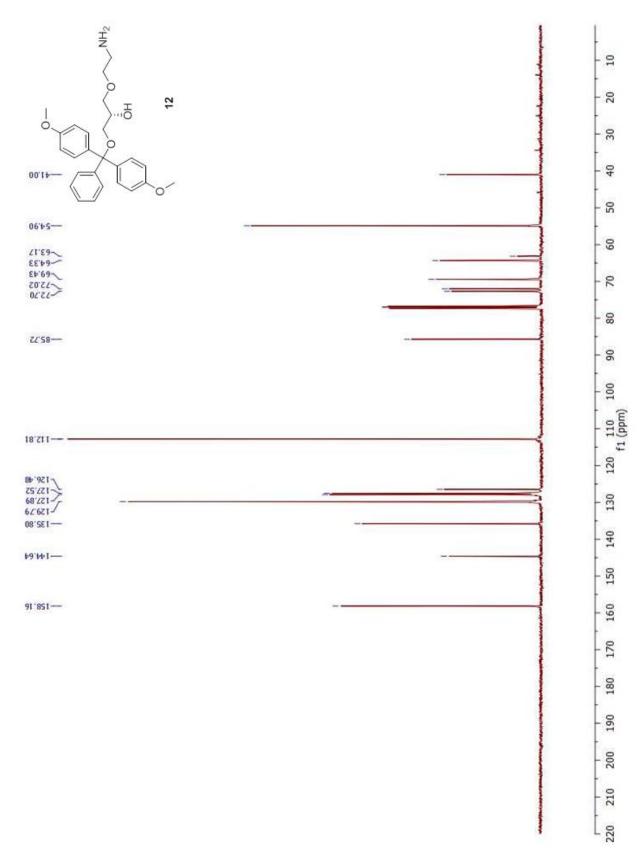


Figure S22. ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) of 12





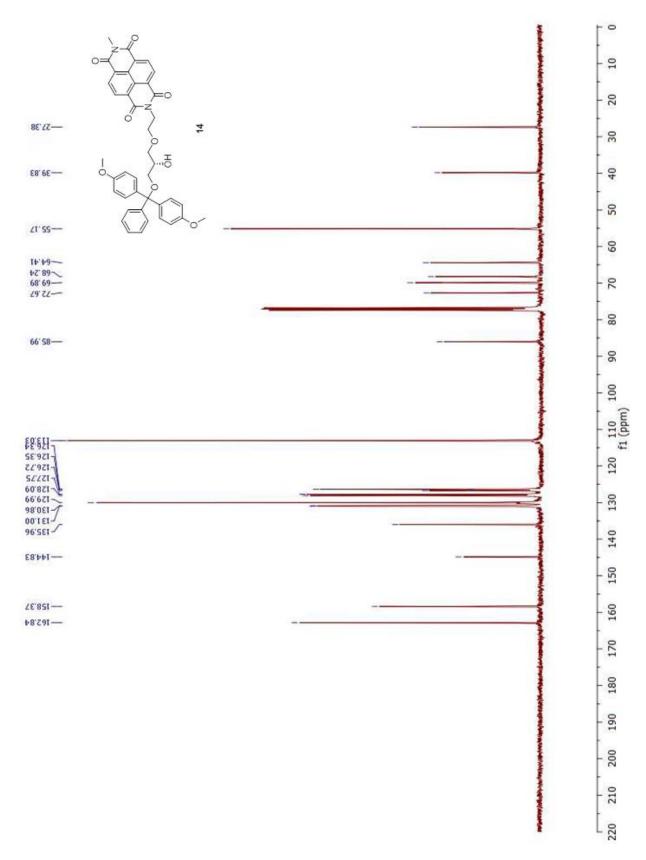


Figure S24. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃) of 1

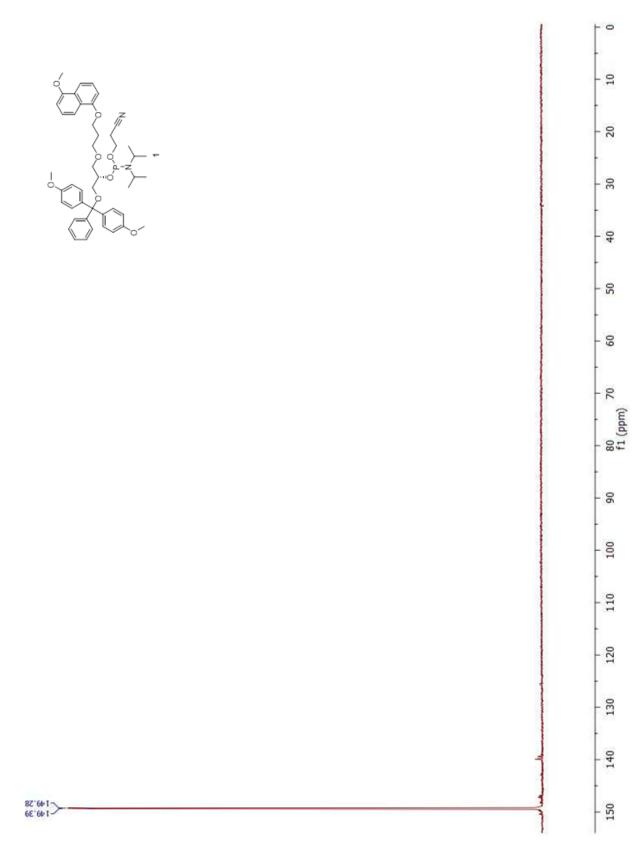


Figure S25. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃) of 2

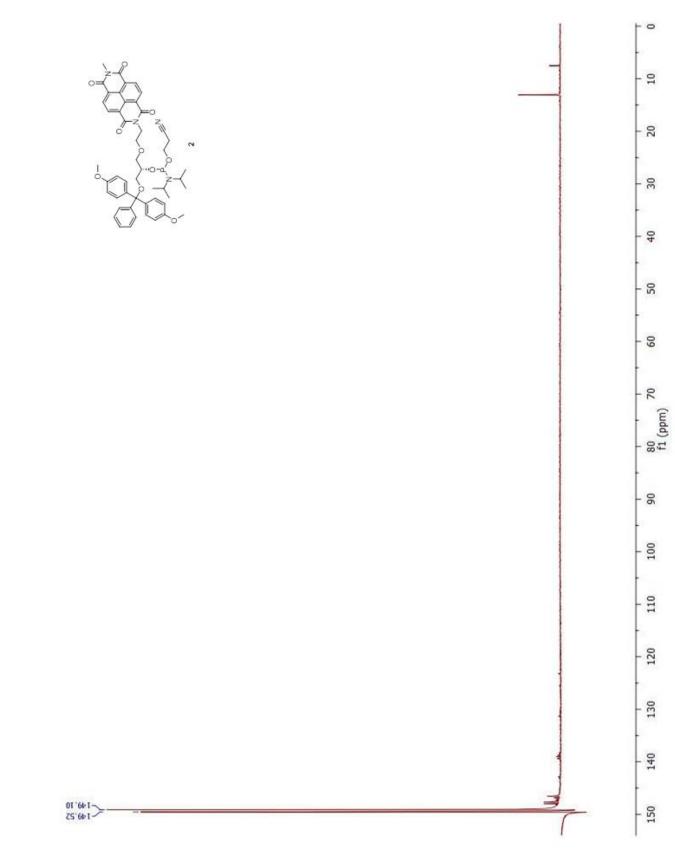
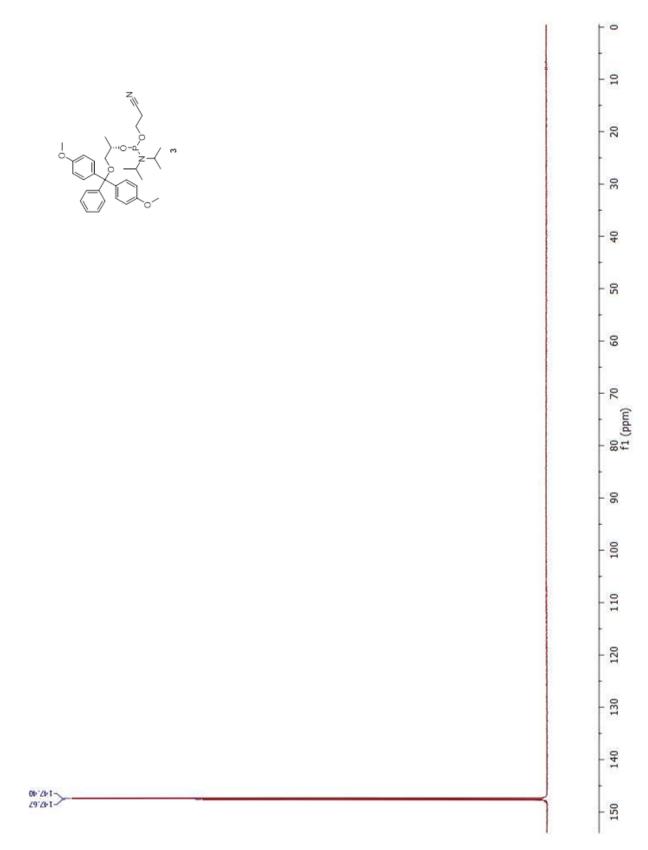


Figure S26. ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃) of 3



Sequence	Ion	Mass (calcd)	Mass (found)
5'-GACTGACCTGCG-3'	[M-4H] ⁻⁴	910.1545	910.1540
5'-CGCAGGTCAGTC-3'	[M-4H] ⁻⁴	910.1545	910.1537
5'-GACTGAAAACCTGCG-3'	[M-5H] ⁻⁵	915.7567	915.7570
5'-CGCAGGTTTTCAGTC-3'	[M-3H] ⁻³	1517.9211	1517.9144
5'-GACTGAGCGCCTGCG-3'	[M-5H] ⁻⁵	917.3524	917.3528
5'-CGCAGGCGCTCAGTC-3'	[M-3H] ⁻³	1516.2568	1516.2541
5'-GACTGASSSCCTGCG-3'	[M-4H] ⁻⁴	1013.6607	1013.6586
5'-CGCAGGSSSTCAGTC-3'	[M-5H] ⁻⁵	810.7271	810.7270
5'-GACTGADSDCCTGCG-3'	[M-3H] ⁻³	1505.2795	1505.2785
5'-CGCAGGSNSTCAGTC-3'	[M-5H] ⁻⁵	875.1389	875.1373
5'-GACTGANSNCCTGCG-3'	[M-5H] ⁻⁵	939.5506	939.5497
5'-CGCAGGSDSTCAGTC-3'	[M-4H] ⁻⁴	1071.1842	1071.1818

 Table S1.
 HRMS-ESI of individual oligonucleotides.

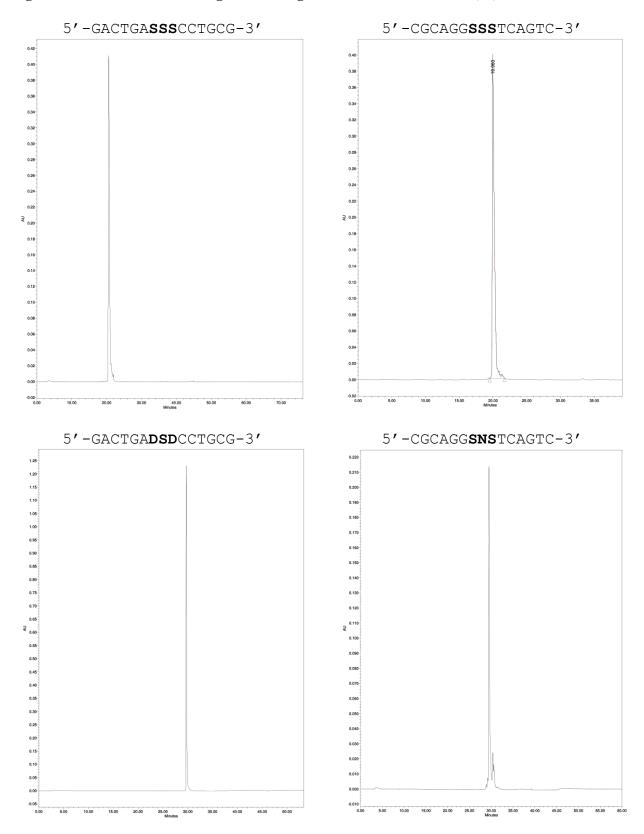
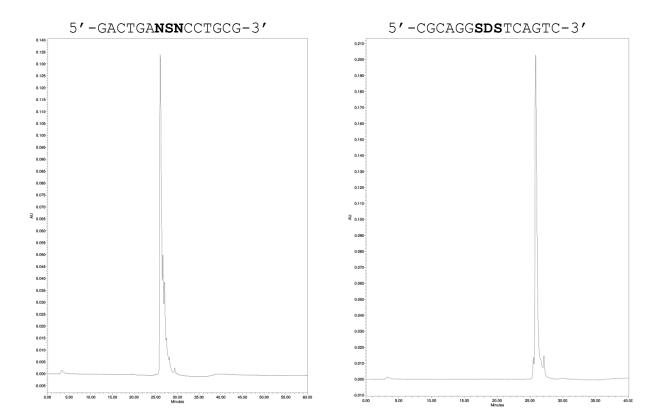


Figure S27. HPLC Chromatograms of oligonucleotides made with 1, 2, and/or 3.



Method for Determining Extinction Coefficient of 1 and 2

The extinction coefficient of **1** and **2** were determined based on dilutions and UV measurements of water-soluble DAN and NDI analogues (**Figure S28**). The DAN and NDI analogues were diluted with a phosphate buffer (pH 7, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM NaH₂PO₄, 0.1 mM EDTA) and UV absorbance measurements were taken at 260 nm. The resulting extinction coefficients (2504 and 1955 $M^{-1} \cdot cm^{-1}$) were used as an estimate for the corresponding phosphoramidites **1** and **2**, respectively. Because the content of the non-natural DNA base analogues is small compared to the amount of naturally occurring DNA bases, this approximation is unlikely to cause any major discrepancies in DNA concentration.



4,4'-(naphthalene-1,5-diylbis(oxy))dibutanoic acid

Figure S28. Structures of DAN and NDI analogues used to determine extinction coefficients for 1 and 2.

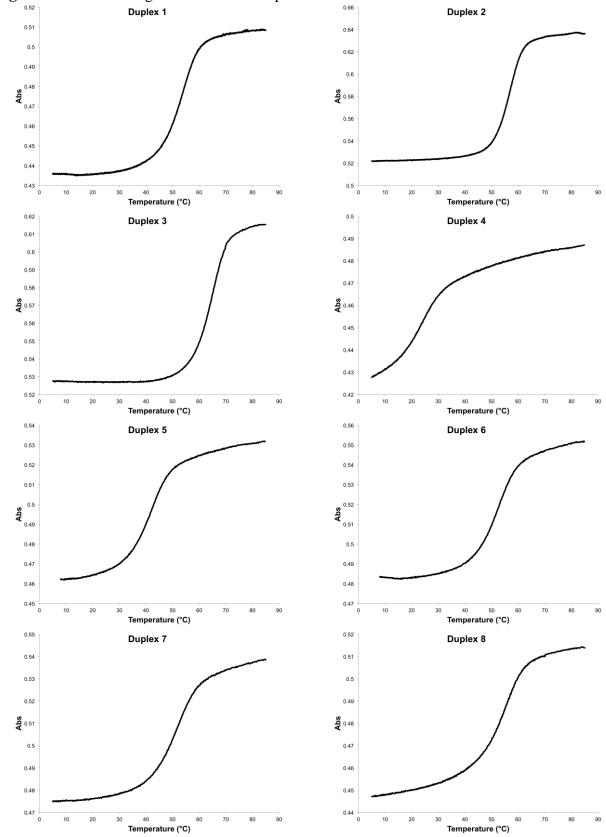


Figure S29. UV melting curves of DNA duplexes.