

## Supporting Information

# Designing Anion-Derived Solid Electrolyte Interphase in Siloxane-Based Electrolyte for Lithium Metal Batteries

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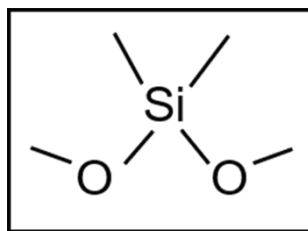
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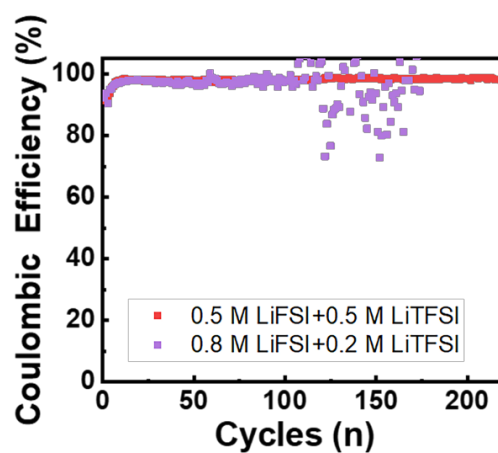
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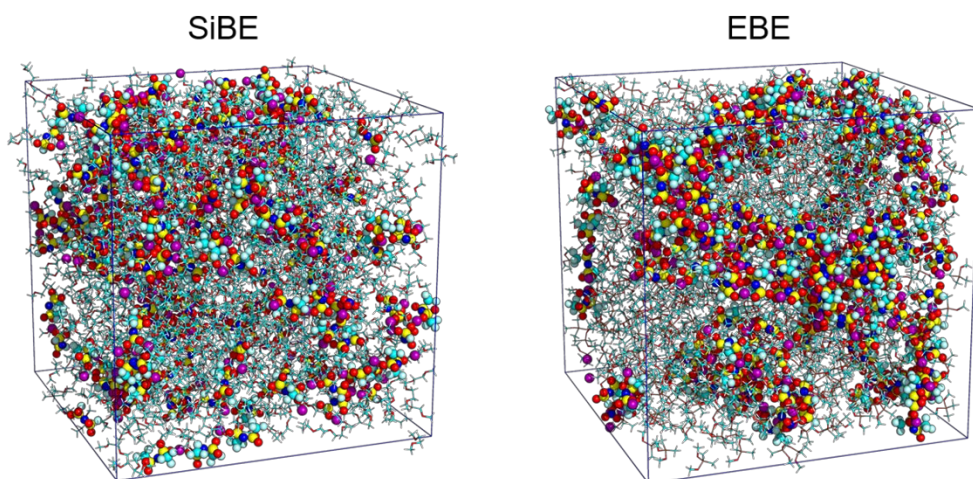
**Figure S1.** The molecular structure of dimethyl dimethoxy silicane (DMSi).

Electrolytes	Conductivity(mS/cm) at 25 °C
0.8 M LiFSI+0.2 M LiTFSI+0.05 M LiNO <sub>3</sub> -DMSi	0.98
0.5 M LiFSI+0.5 M LiTFSI+0.05 M LiNO <sub>3</sub> -DMSi	0.59
0.2 M LiFSI+0.8 M LiTFSI+0.05 M LiNO <sub>3</sub> -DMSi	0.015

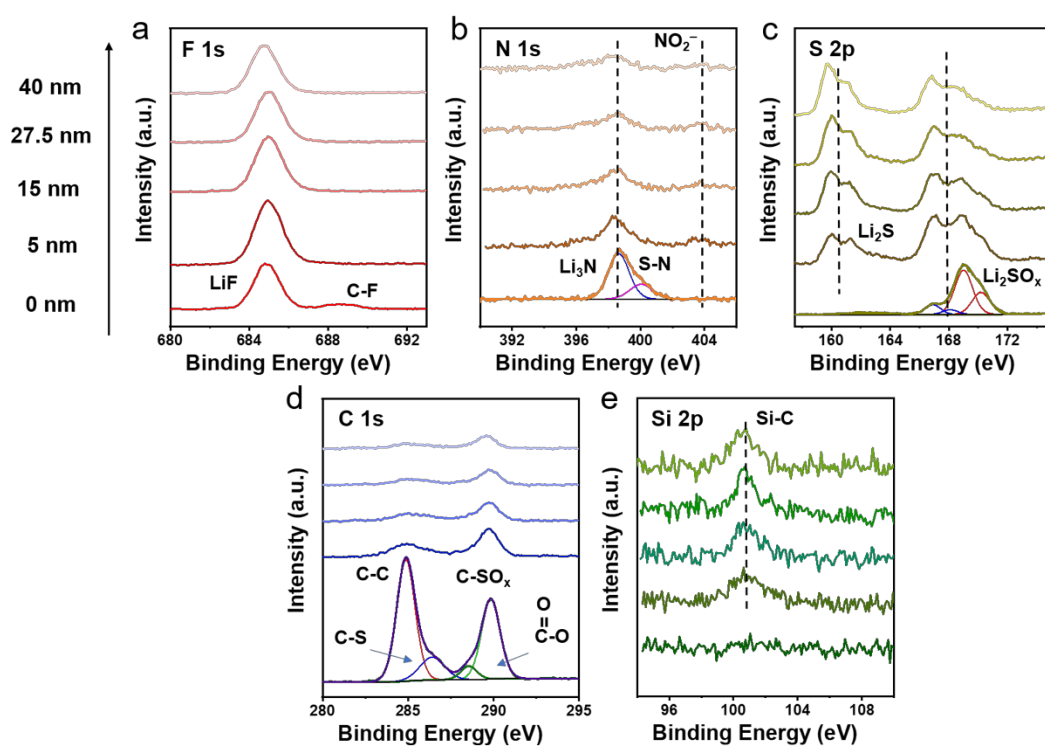
**Table S1.** Conductivity data of different electrolytes.



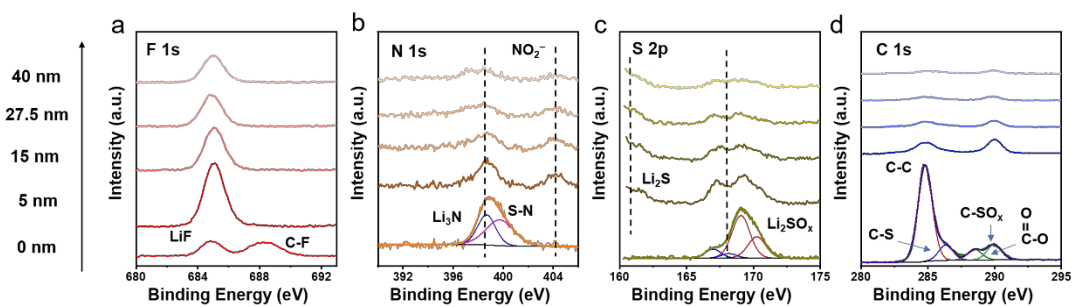
**Figure S2.** The cycling performance of Li||Cu half cells using different electrolytes at 2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/2 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup>



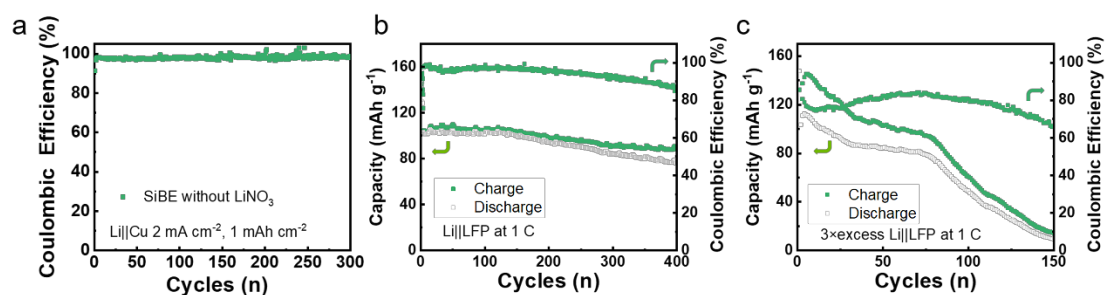
**Figure S3.** Snapshots of the (a) SiBE and the (b) EBE electrolytes obtained by MD simulations.



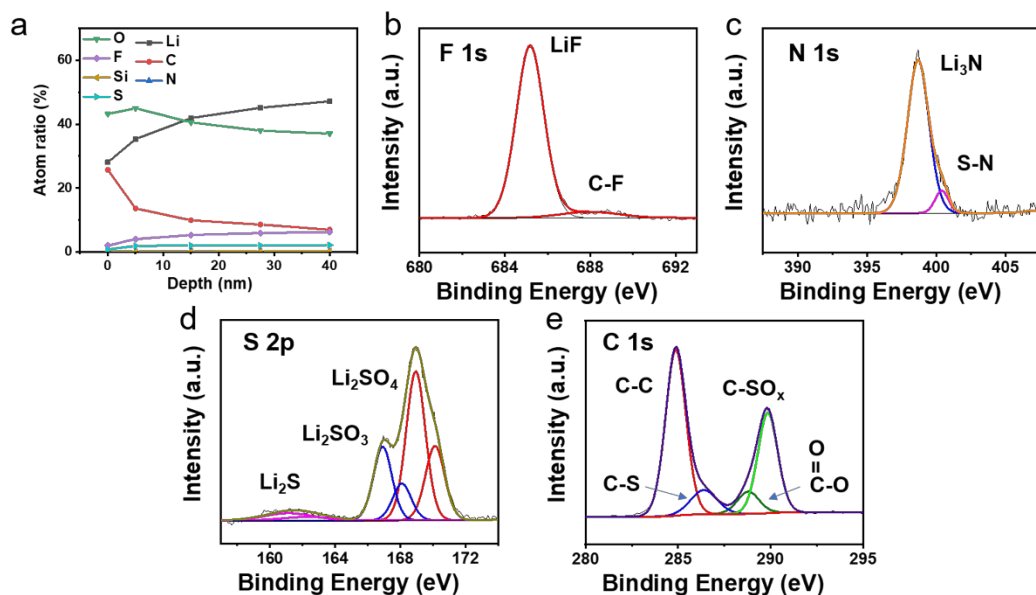
**Figure S4.** XPS characterization of SEI layers. (a) F 1s, (b) N 1s, (c) S 2p, (d) C 1s and (e) Si 2p spectra at different depths of the Li SEI layers in SiBE.



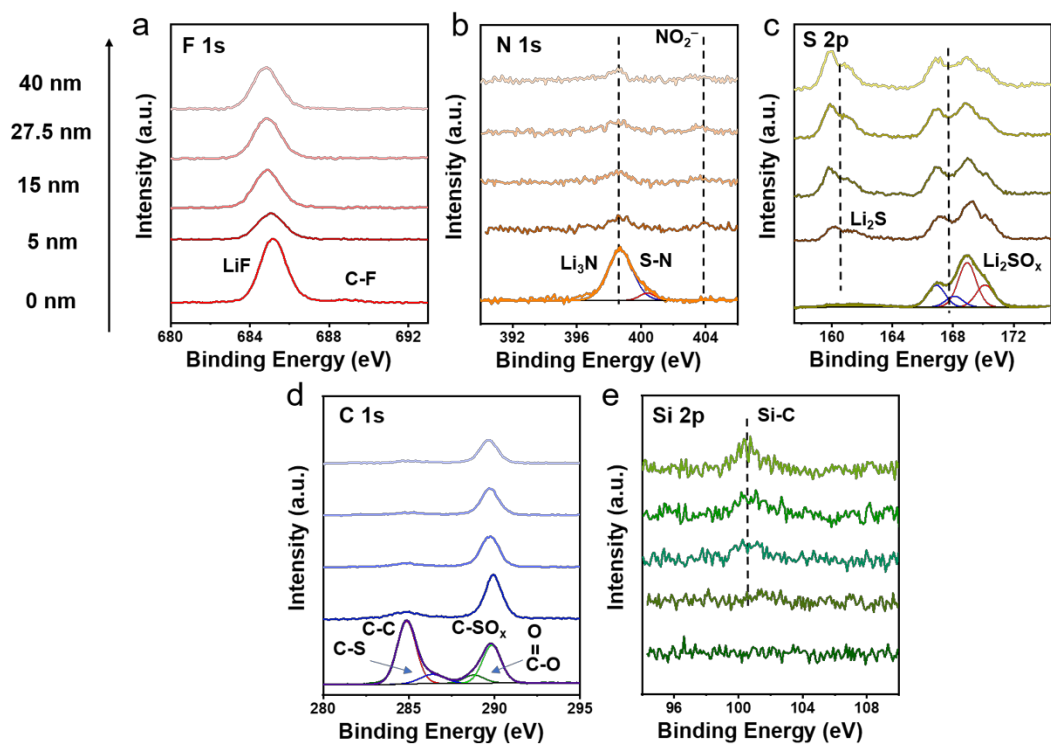
**Figure S5.** XPS characterization of SEI layers. (a) F 1s, (b) N 1s, (c) S 2p and (d) C 1s spectra at different depths of the Li SEI layers in EBE.



**Figure S6.** Cycling performance of cells using SiBE without LiNO<sub>3</sub>. (a) Li||Cu cells at 2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/1 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup>; (b) Li||LFP cells at 1 C. (c) 3×excess Li||LFP cells at 1 C.



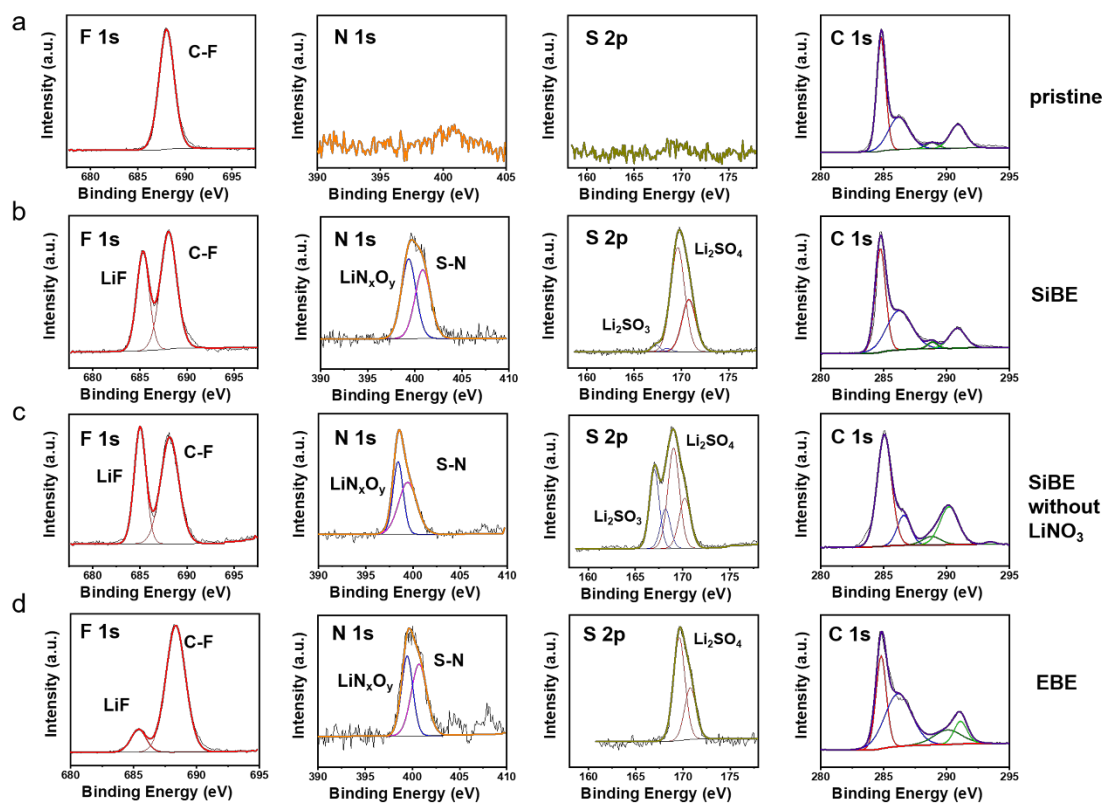
**Figure S7.** XPS characterization of SEI layers in SiBE without LiNO<sub>3</sub>. (a) Elemental distributions of the SEI layers with the depth. (b-e) F 1s, N 1s, S 2p, and C 1s spectra of SEI at 0 nm.



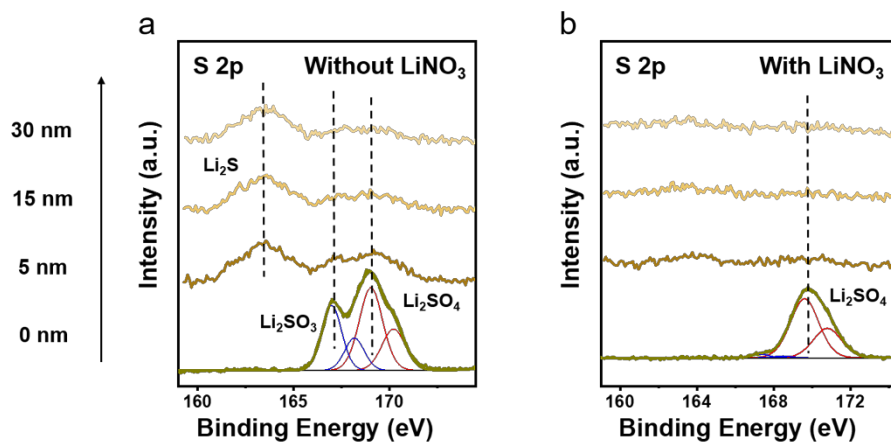
**Figure S8.** XPS characterization of SEI layers. (a) F 1s, (b) N 1s, (c) S 2p, (d) C 1s and (e) Si 2p spectra at different depths of the Li SEI layers in SiBE without LiNO<sub>3</sub>.

	C (%)	N (%)	O (%)	F (%)	S (%)	P (%)	Li (%)	Fe (%)
Pristine	47.16	-	9.20	15.98	-	2.14	24.42	0.92
SiBE	33.26	1.70	14.91	14.57	2.58	1.79	29.93	1.02
SiBE no LiNO <sub>3</sub>	25.56	2.72	30.20	10.06	6.39	0.06	23.93	0.80
EBE	43.16	0.73	18.04	10.02	0.72	1.35	25.03	0.95

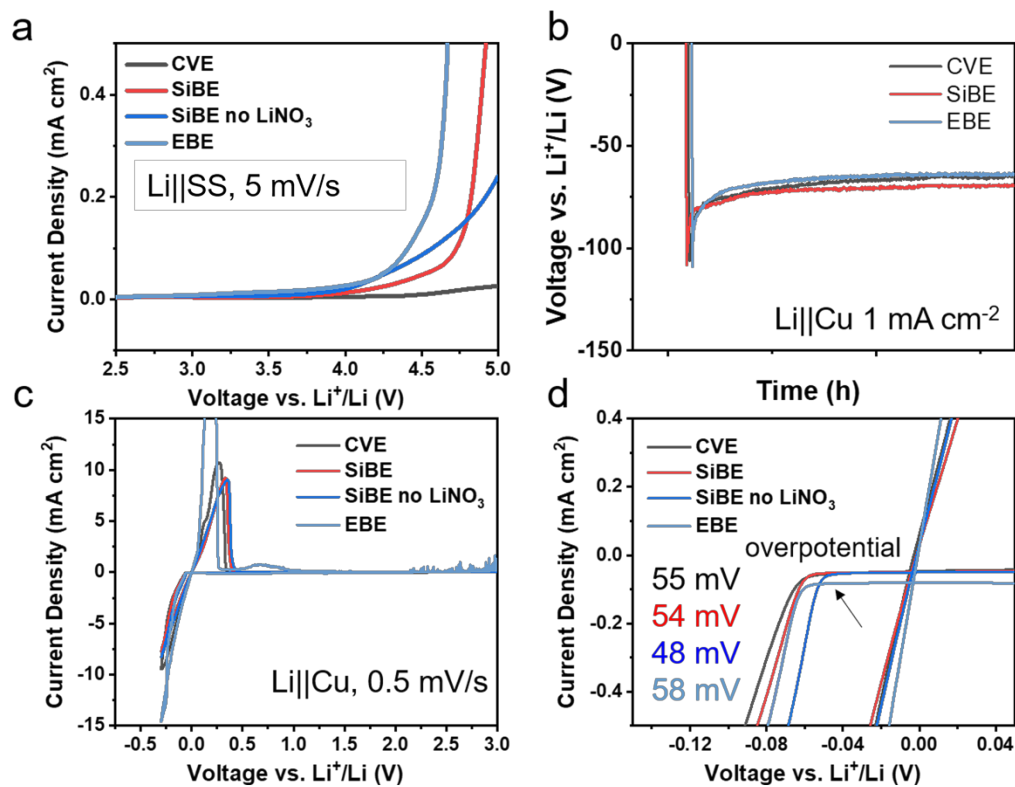
**Table S2.** Elements distributions of CEI layers for LFP cathodes in (a) pristine, (b) SiBE, (c) SiBE without LiNO<sub>3</sub>, and (d) EBE.



**Figure S9.** XPS characterization of LFP cathodes in (a) pristine, (b) SiBE, (c) SiBE without  $\text{LiNO}_3$ , and (d) EBE.



**Figure S10.** XPS characterization of the CEI layers on LFP cathodes at different depths in (a) SiBE without  $\text{LiNO}_3$ , (b) SiBE with  $\text{LiNO}_3$ .

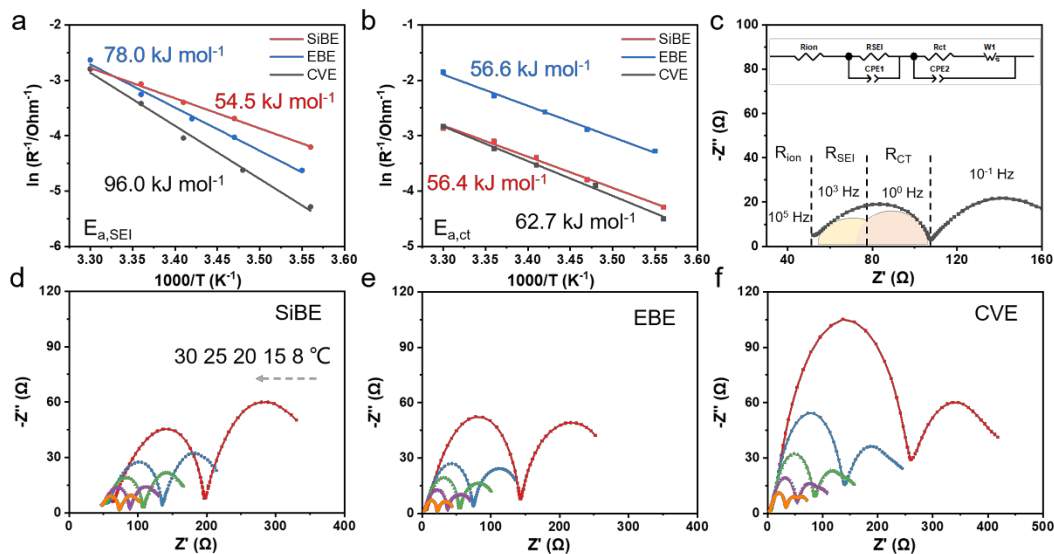


**Figure S11.** Electrochemical tests for different electrolytes. (a) LSV curves of Li||SS at 5 mV/s within the range of 2.5~5 V; (b) Voltage curves of Li||Cu cells at 1 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>; (c) CV curves of Li||Cu cells at 0.5 mV/s within the range of -0.3~3 V; (d) the zoom in view of CV curves.

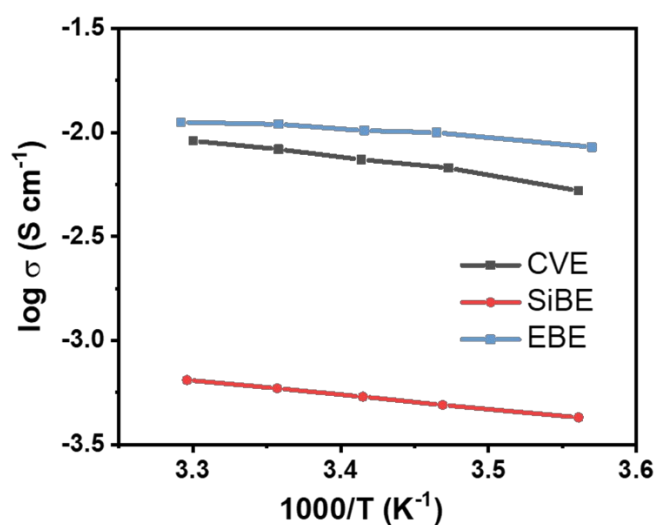
	Nucleation overpotentials (mV)	Growth overpotentials (mV)
SiBE	35.7	72.5
CVE	40.0	66
EBE	45.2	63.9

**Table S3.** Nucleation overpotentials and growth overpotentials of Li||Cu cells with different electrolytes.





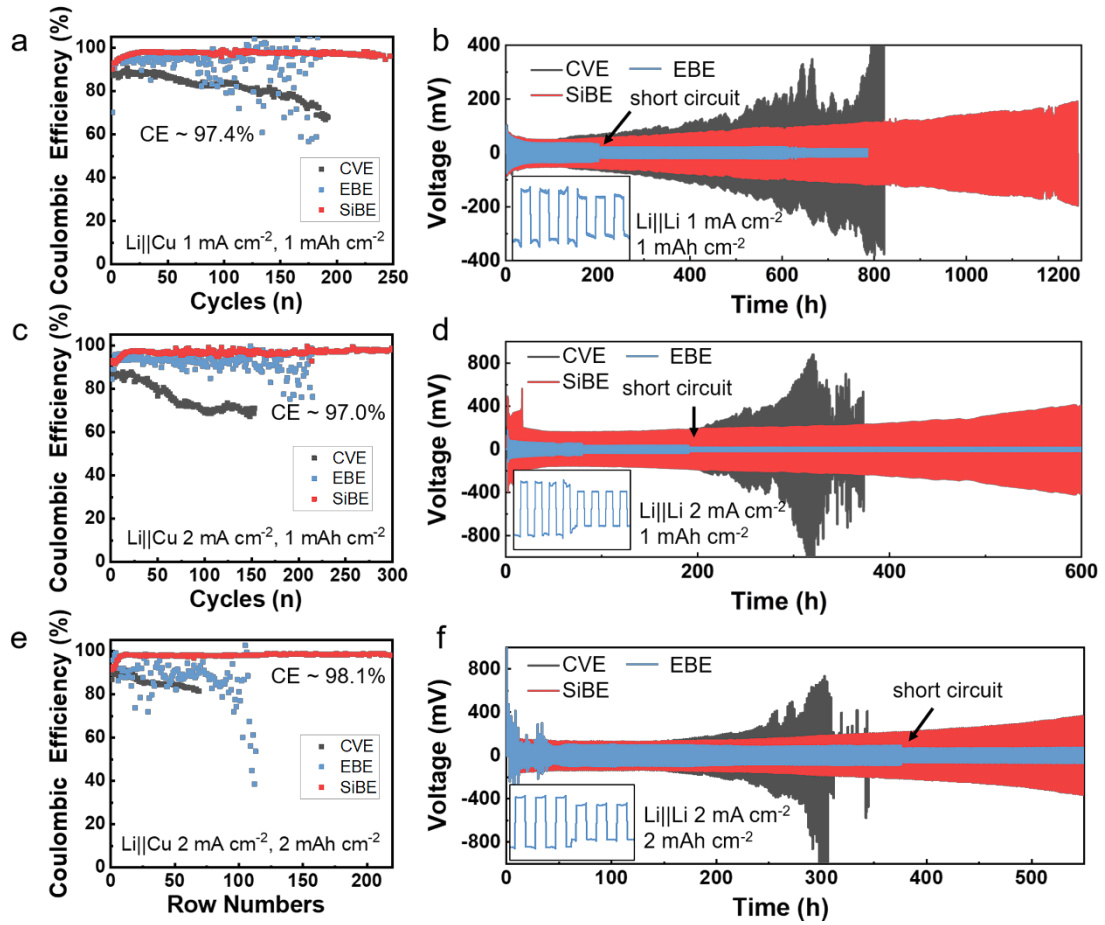
**Figure S12.** The Arrhenius plots of the activation energy  $E_a$  corresponding to (a)  $\text{Li}^+$  diffusion through the SEI layers and (b) desolvation. (c) The equivalent circuit model. The resistance-temperature profiles of Li||Li symmetrical cells using (d) SiBE, (e) EBE, and (f) CVE.



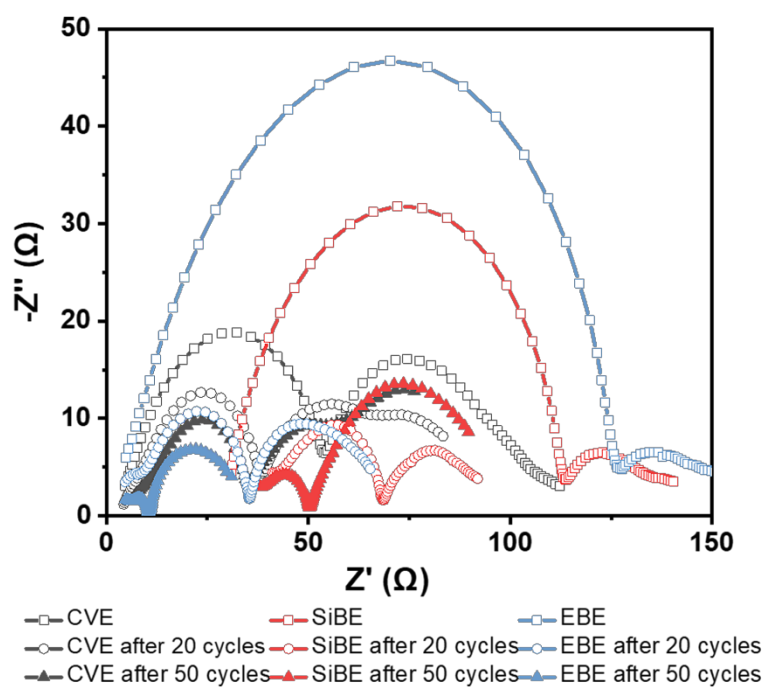
**Figure S13.** Conductivity-temperature curves of SS||SS with different electrolytes.

Conductivity(mS/cm)	8°C	15°C	20°C	25°C	30°C
CVE	5.21	6.77	7.50	8.34	9.06
SiBE	0.43	0.49	0.53	0.59	0.65
EBE	8.54	9.92	10.12	10.85	11.20

**Table S4.** Conductivity-temperature data of SS||SS with different electrolytes.



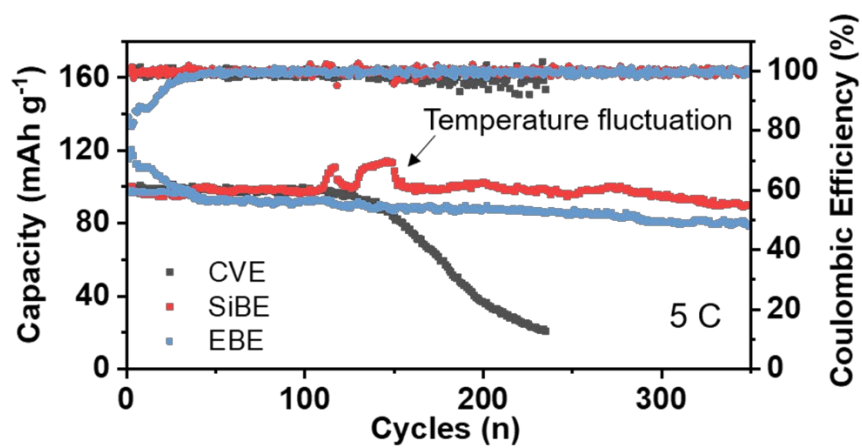
**Figure S14.** Cycling performance of Li-metal cells using CVE, EBE, and SiBE. (a, c, e) The cycling performance of Li||Cu half cells at 1 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/1 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup>, 2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/1 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup> and 2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/2 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup>. (b, d, f) The cycling performance of Li||Li symmetrical cells at 1 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/1 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup>, 2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/1 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup> and 2 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>/2 mAh cm<sup>-2</sup>.



**Figure S15.** EIS curves of Li||Li cells in different electrolytes after cycles.

Resistance ( $\Omega$ )	before	20 cycles	50 cycles
CVE- $R_{\Omega}$	4.7	4.3	6.6
CVE- $R_{SEI}$	47.2	27.1	25.9
SiBE- $R_{\Omega}$	31.0	41.2	37.6
SiBE- $R_{SEI}$	67.2	20.5	10.0
EBE- $R_{\Omega}$	4.8	4.7	4.7
EBE- $R_{SEI}$	115.9	27.7	4.4

**Table S5.** Resistance data of Li||Li cells in different electrolytes after cycles. ( $R_{\Omega}$ : ohmic impedance;  $R_{SEI}$ : the resistance of  $Li^{+}$  transport through SEI)



**Figure S16.** Cycling performance of large-excess Li||LFP using various electrolytes at 5 C.