

Supporting information for

Revealing the surface chemistry for CO₂ hydrogenation on Cu/CeO_{2-x} using near-ambient pressure X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy

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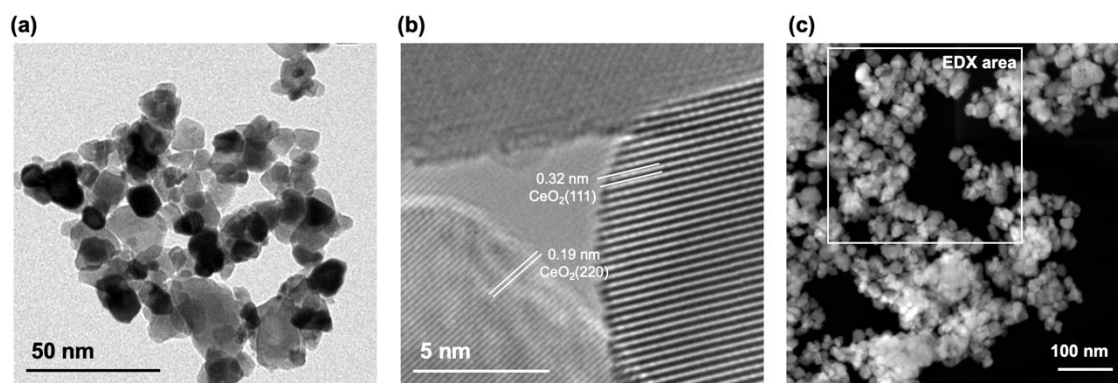


Figure S1 Representative (a) TEM, (b) HRTEM, (c) HAADF-STEM images of the Cu/CeO_{2-x} catalyst. The area for EDX element map is shown in (c).

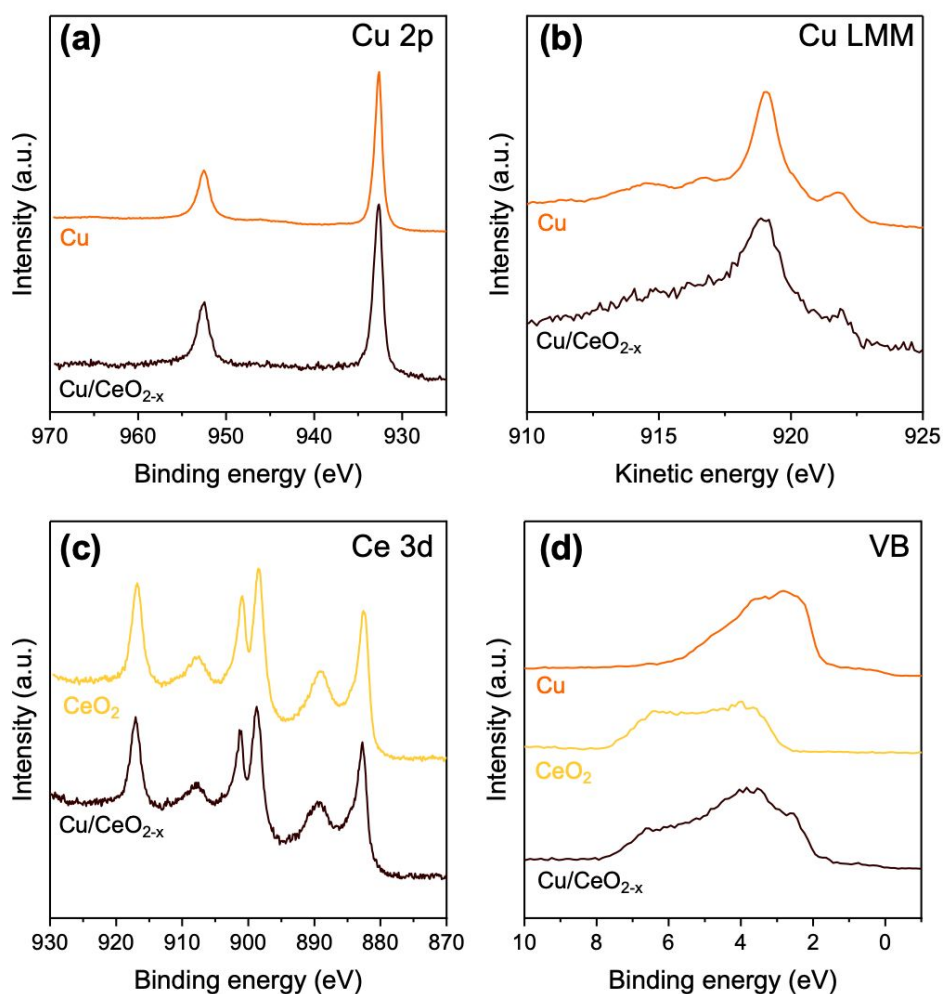
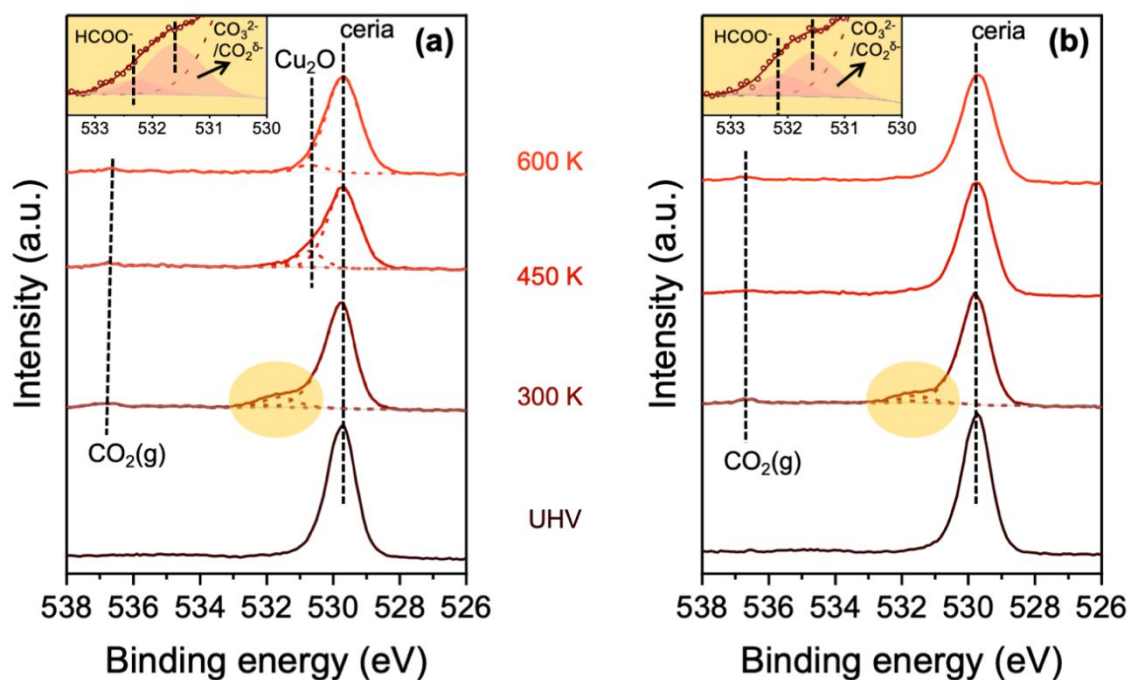


Figure S2 (a) Cu 2p, (b) Cu LMM Auger, (c) Ce 3d region XPS spectra, and (d) X-ray excited valence band spectra of the Cu/CeO_{2-x} model surface, a fully oxidized CeO₂ thin film sample prepared by oxidation (0.5 mbar O₂, 423 K, 60 min) of the reactive deposited ceria thin film, and a sputter-cleaned metallic Cu foil.



Peak assignment	Peak position		FWHM/eV		Peak area	
	CO ₂	CO ₂ +H ₂	CO ₂	CO ₂ +H ₂	CO ₂	CO ₂ +H ₂
CO ₃ ²⁻ /CO ₂ ^{δ-}	531.6	531.6	1.1	1.1	726	461
HCOO ⁻	532.3	532.1	1.0	1.0	159	221

Figure S3 O 1s spectra of the Cu/CeO_{2-x} model surface under UHV and (a) 0.2 mbar of CO₂, and (b) 0.2 mbar CO₂ + 0.6 mbar of H₂ at 300, 450, and 600 K. The peak positions and FWHMs used in the deconvolution is shown in the table below the figures.

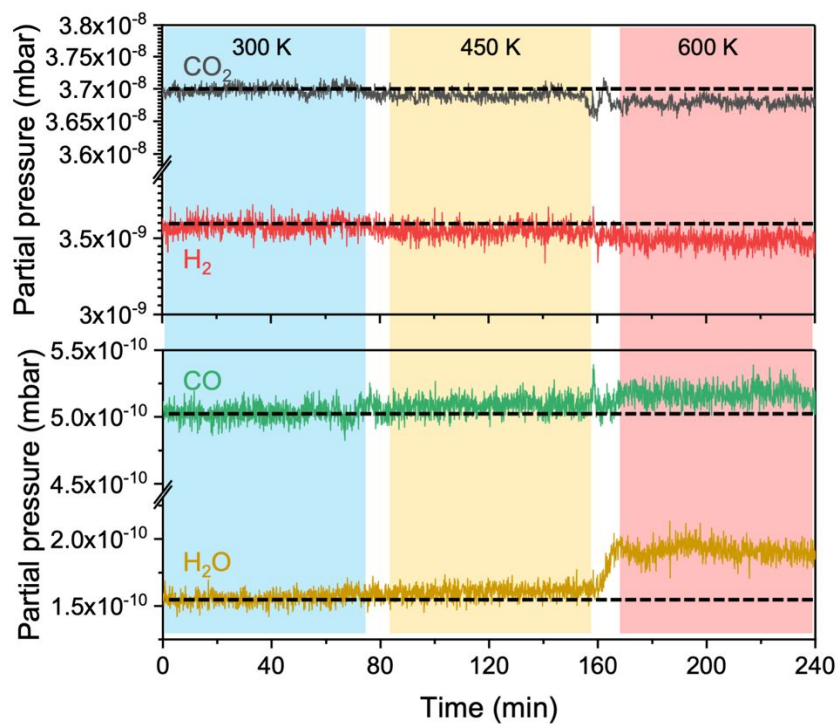


Figure S4 Gas species detected by RGA at the pre-lens stage of the NAP-XPS during measurements of the Cu/CeO_{2-x} model surface under 0.2 mbar CO₂ + 0.6 mbar of H₂ at 300, 450, and 600 K.

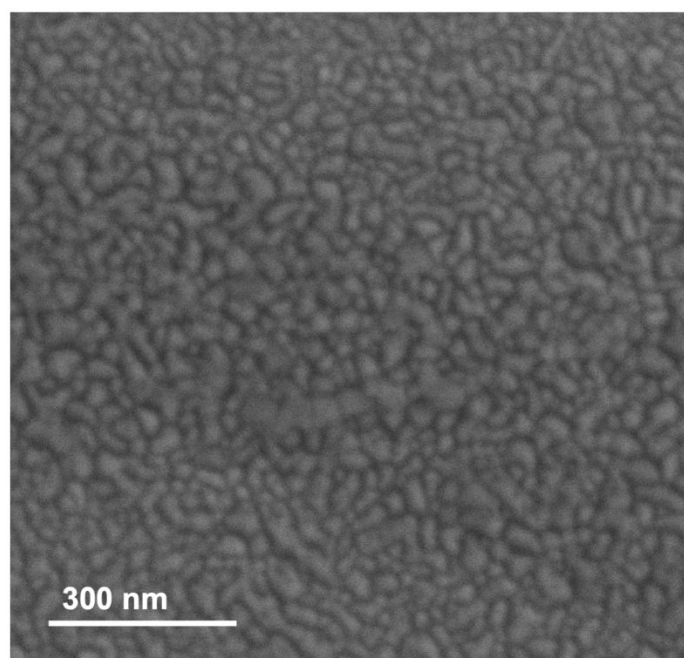


Figure S5 SEM image of as-prepared Cu/CeO_{2-x} model surface.

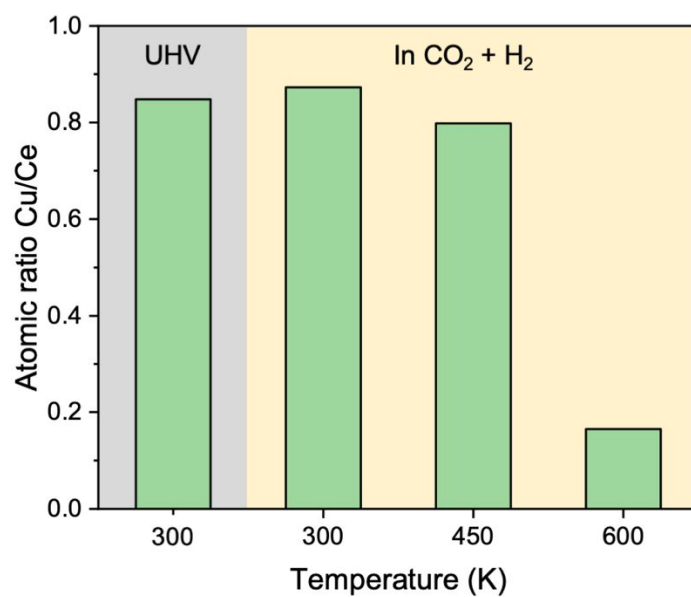
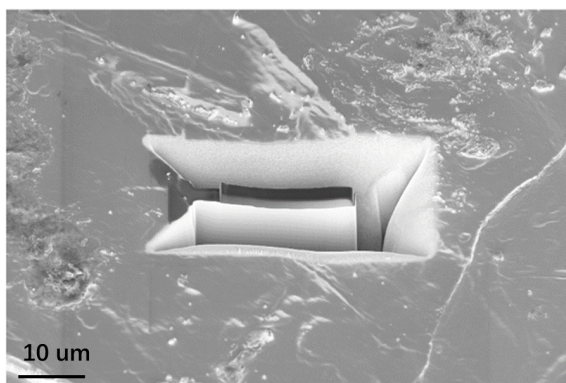


Figure S6 The atomic ratio of Cu/Ce on the Cu/CeO_{2-x} model surface under UHV and 0.2 mbar of CO₂ + 0.6 mbar of H₂ at 300, 450, and 600 K, determined by the Cu 2p and Ce 3d peak areas after correction by their corresponding RSFs

(a)



(b)

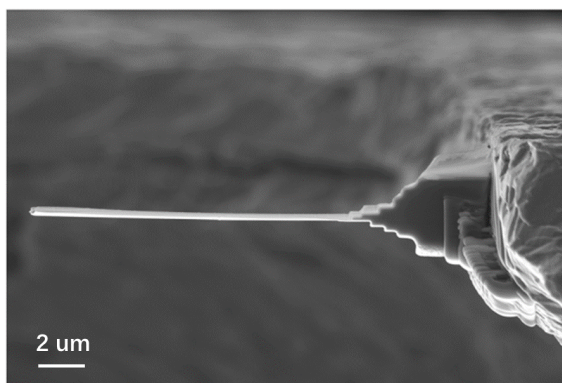


Figure S7 TEM lamella of the thin-film Cu/CeO_{2-x} sample prepared by FIB: (a) the cut volume with surface protection by carbon before lift-out, (b) the electron-transparent TEM lamella glued on Mo grid after thinning.

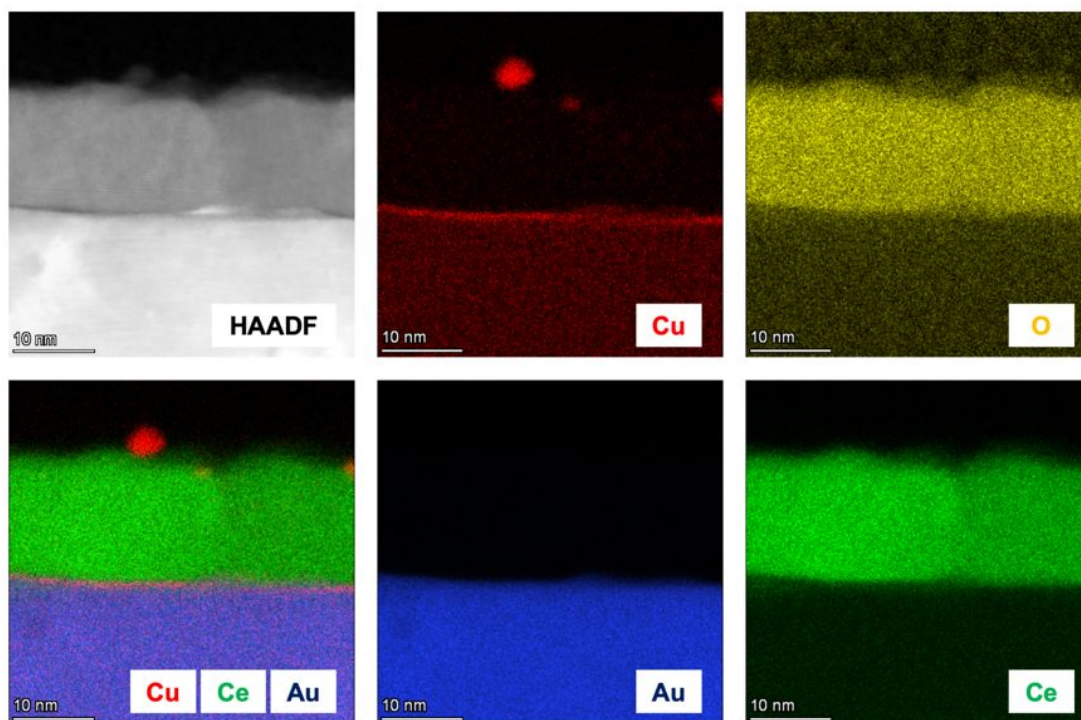


Figure S8 Additional cross-sectional STEM-HAADF image, and STEM-EDX elemental map of the Cu/CeO_{2-x} model surface after exposure to 0.2 mbar of CO₂ + 0.6 mbar of H₂ at 600 K for 1 h.