Supporting information

Volumetric double-layer charge storage in composites based on conducting polymer PEDOT and cellulose

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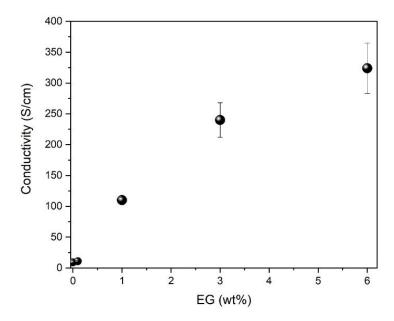


Figure S1. The electrical conductivity of Power Paper (9 μ m) as a function of different EG concentrations. Power paper samples were fabricated for 6 wt% of EG.

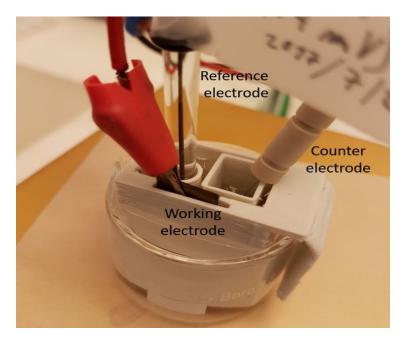


Figure S2. Picture of the three-electrode electrochemical cell.

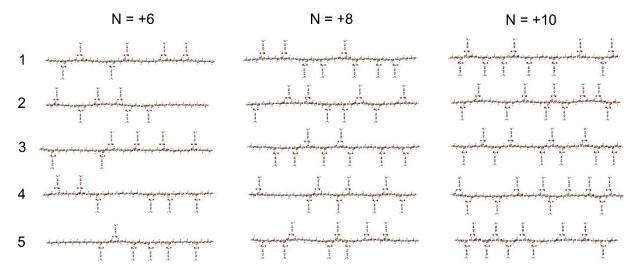


Figure S3. Examples of counterions configurations surrounding PEDOT oligomer for the first five different realizations at N = +6, +8, +10.

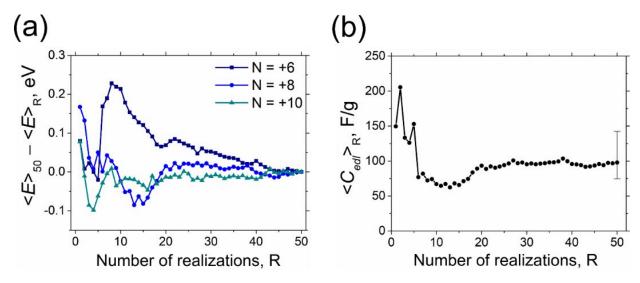


Figure S4 (a) — Dependence of the averaged total energies of PEDOT oligomer (24 monomers) charged with six, eight, or ten counterions on a number of different spatial positions of counterions. The dependence is depicted as a difference from the total energies, averaged over 50 realizations: $\langle \Delta E \rangle_{50}$ — $\langle \Delta E \rangle_R$. (b) — the change of the averaged electrostatic capacitance $\langle C_{edl} \rangle_R$, depending on the number of different counterion realizations for a PEDOT oligomer. Because the total energy of PEDOT:TOS is dependent on the TOS positions, we calculated fifty different counterion realization for q = +6, +8, +10 charged PEDOT. The final value of C_{EDL} was obtained after 50 realizations.

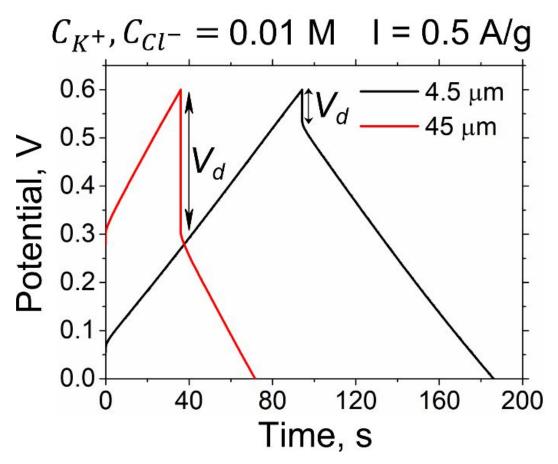


Figure S5. Voltage drop for thin (4.5 $\mu m)$ and thick (45 $\mu m)$ samples at the same current density 0.5 A/g.

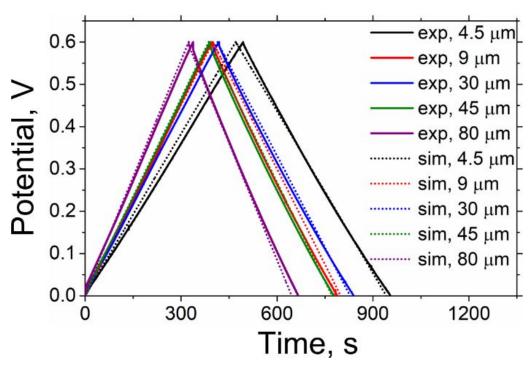


Figure S6. Experimental and simulated charge-discharge profiles for samples at all considered thicknesses and the same charging current 0.1 A/g. Due to the mass measurement errors, simulation curves were measured at slightly different currents, deviated in 10-15% from 0.1 A/g: 0.085 A/g for 4.5 μ m, 0.1 A/g for 9 μ m, 0.095 A/g for 30 μ m, 0.1 A/g for 45 μ m and 0.12 A/g for 80 μ m samples. All studies were performed in 0.1 M KCl.



Figure S7. H_2O_2 and O_2 sensor (2 mm wide, WPI) assembly with GCD test cell.

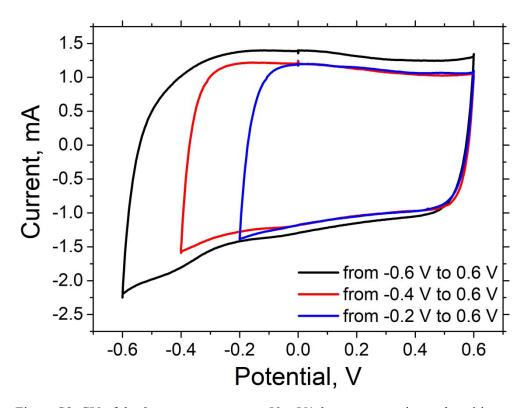


Figure S8. CV of the 9 μm power paper at 50 mV/s between negative and positive potentials.