

Supporting Information

All-atom Simulations Reveal a Key Interaction Network in the HLA-E/NKG2A/CD94 Immune Complex Fine-tuned by the Nonamer Peptide

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Supporting Figures

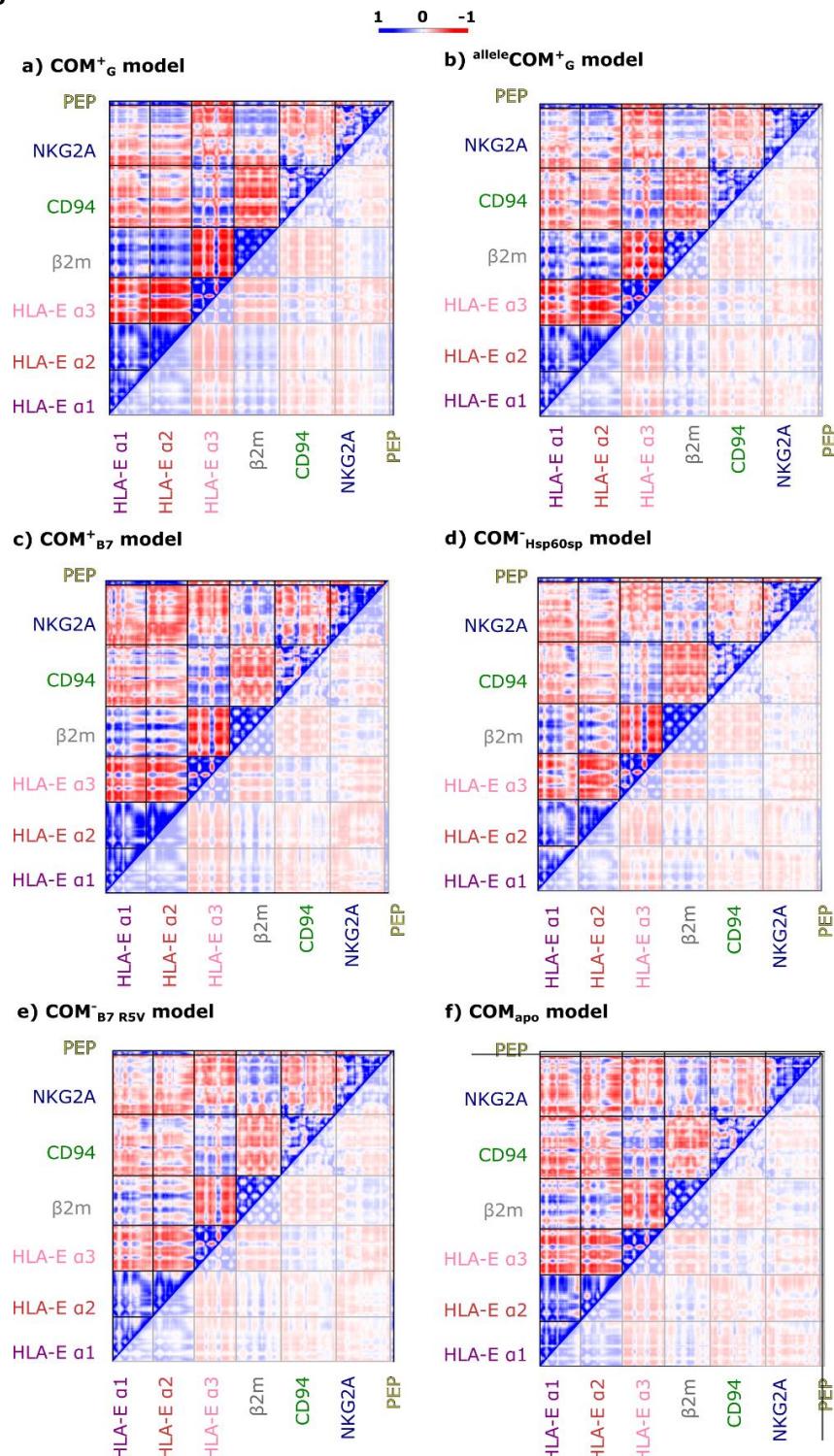


Figure S1. Cross-correlation matrices for models a) **COM⁺_G**, b) **alleleCOM⁺_G** and c) **COM⁺_{B7}** that provide NK cell protection, models d) **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** and e) **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}** with absent NK cell protection, and model f) **COM_{apo}**.

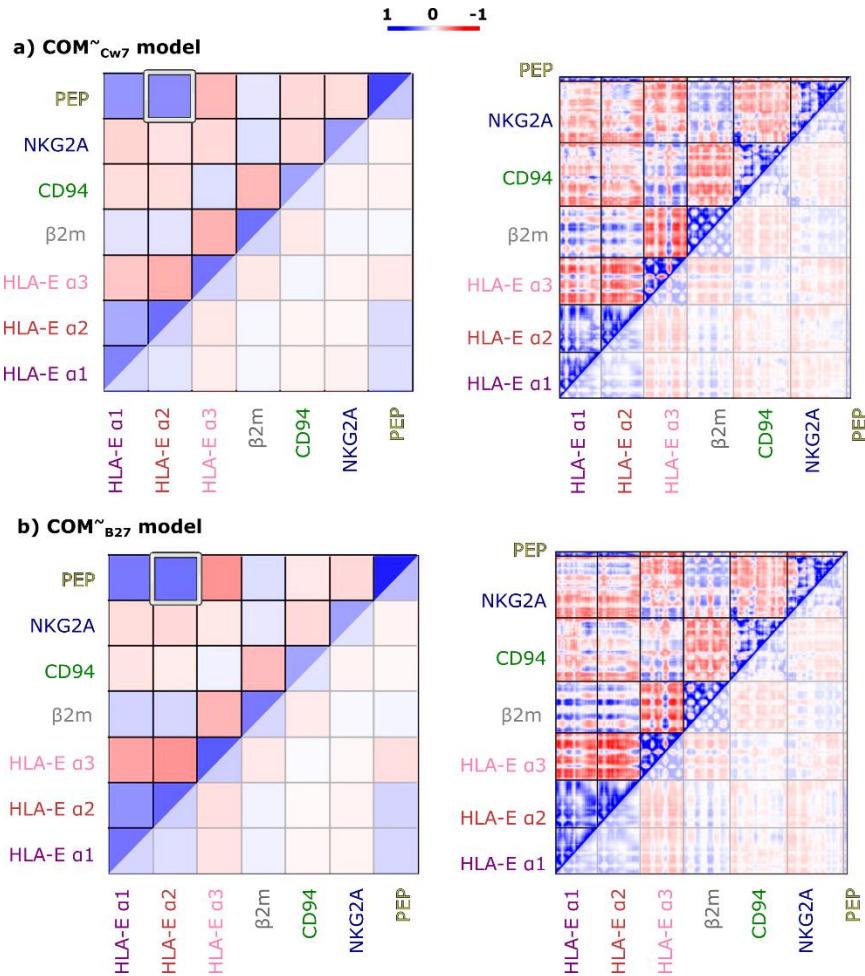


Figure S2. Cross-correlation matrices for models a) $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$ and b) $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ with inconclusive NK cell protection.

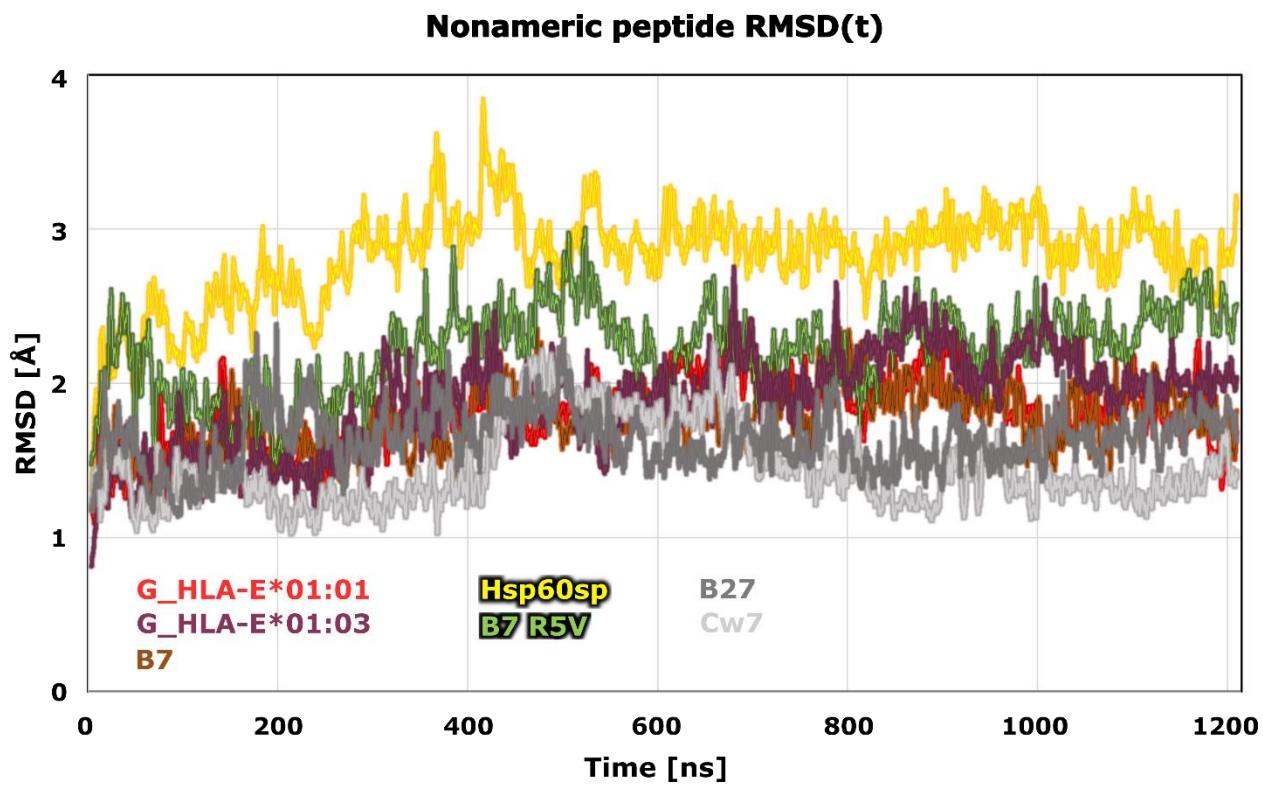


Figure S3. Nonameric peptide's root mean square deviation (RMSD) for models COM^+_{G} , allele COM^+_{B7} , and COM^+_{B7} that provide NK cell protection (red shades), models $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$ with inconclusive (gray shades) and models $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ and $\text{COM}^-_{\text{B7_R5V}}$ with absent NK cell protection (yellow and green). The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

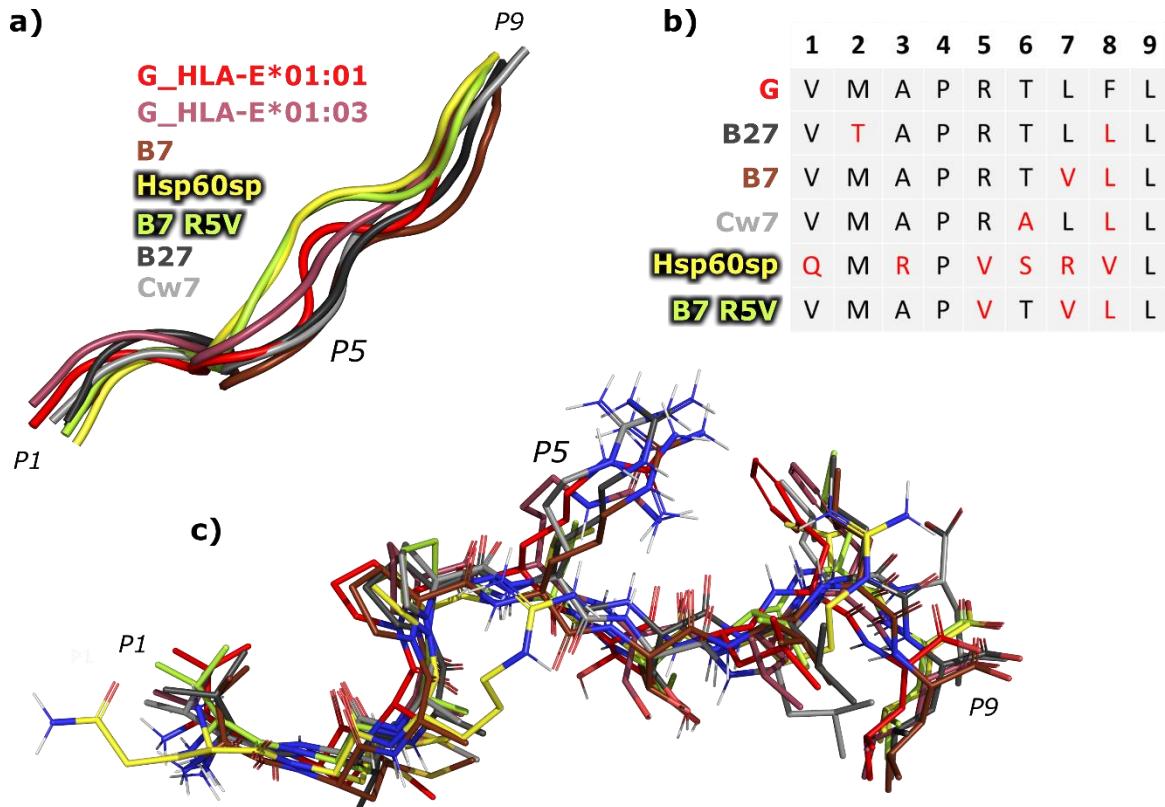


Figure S4. Comparison of nonameric peptide's conformations in the binding pockets of different model complexes. a) Alignment of cartoon representations of nonameric peptides of **COM⁺_G** (red), **^{allele}COM⁺_G** (pink), **COM⁺_{B7}** (brown), **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** (yellow), **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}** (green), **COM[~]_{B27}** (grey), **COM[~]_{Cw7}** (light grey) shows apparent differences in P5 position. b) Sequence alignment of peptides G, B27, B7, Cw7, Hsp60sp, and B7 R5V, where residues that differ from the peptide G sequence are marked in red. c) Alignment of nonameric peptides G of both HLA-E *01:01 and *01:03 allelic variant models, B7, Cw7, B27, Hsp60sp, and B7 R5V (red, pink, brown, light gray, dark gray, yellow and green respectively) in licorice representation with only polar hydrogens displayed.

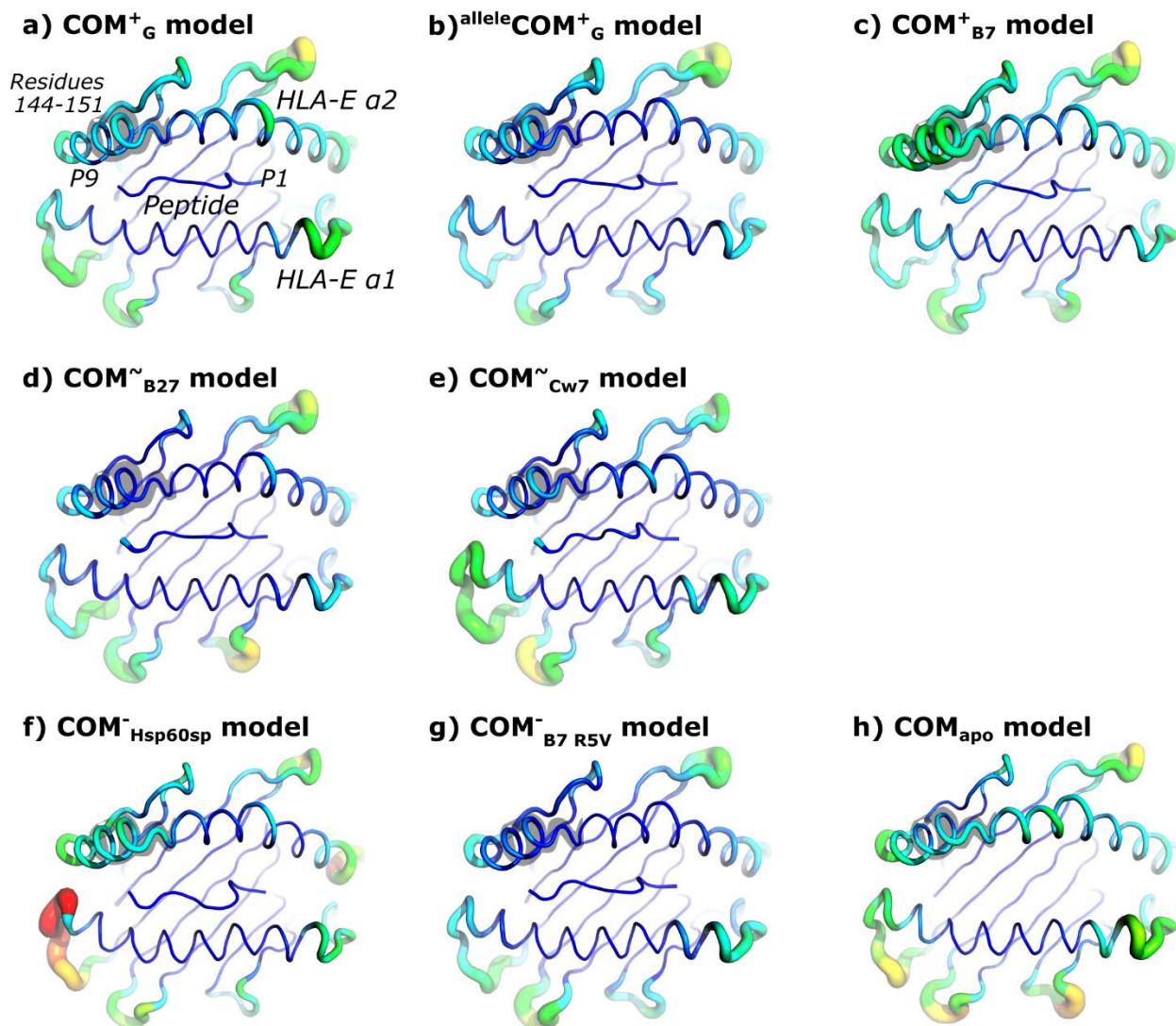


Figure S5. B-factor representation of atomic Root mean square fluctuations (RMSF) of HLA-E α 1 and α 2 domains and nonameric peptide with shaded area of HLA-E 2 α between residues 144 and 151 for a) COM⁺_G, b) ^{allele}COM⁺_G, c) COM⁺_{B7}, d) COM[~]_{B27}, e) COM[~]_{Cw7}, f) COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}, g) COM⁻_{B7_R5V} and b) COM_{apo} models.

RMSF for HLA-E residues 144-151 backbone atoms

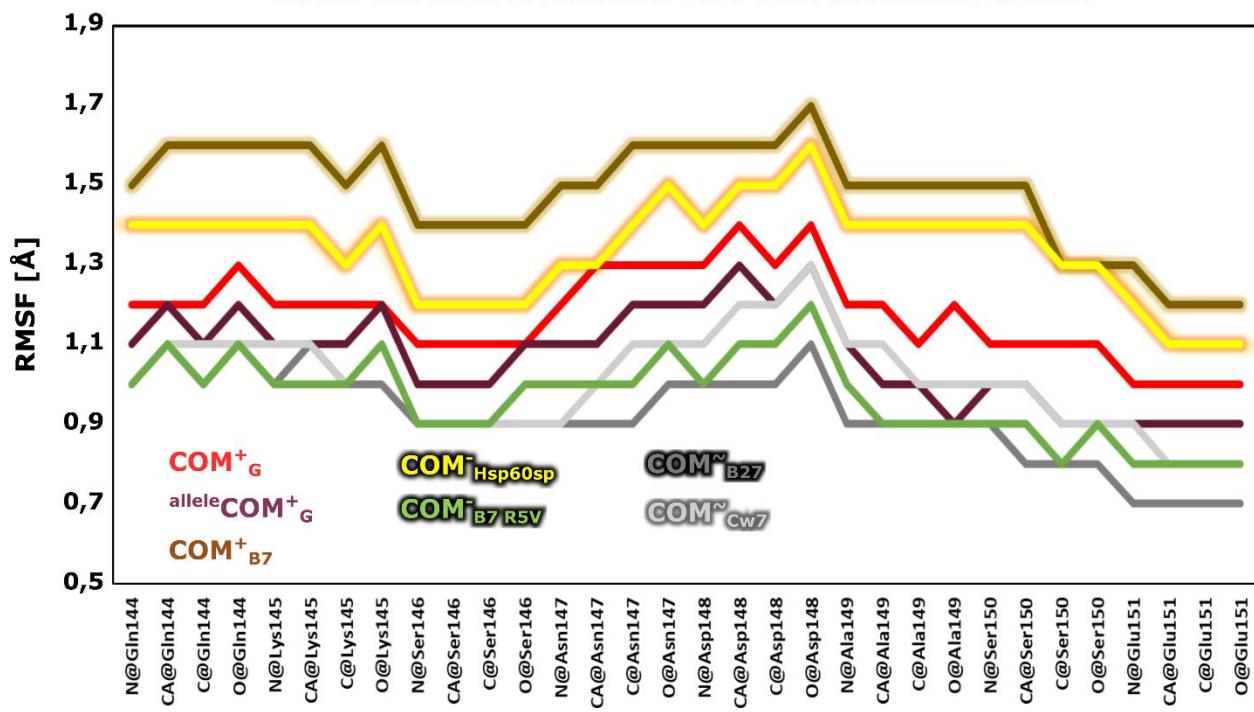


Figure S6. Atomic positional fluctuations (root mean square fluctuations (RMSF)) for backbone HLA-E residues 144-151 for the **COM⁺_G** (red), **allele COM⁺_G** (violet), **COM⁺_{B7}** (brown), **COM[~]_{B27}** (dark gray), **COM[~]_{Cw7}** (light gray), **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** (yellow), and **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}** (green) models.

RMSF for peptide backbone atoms

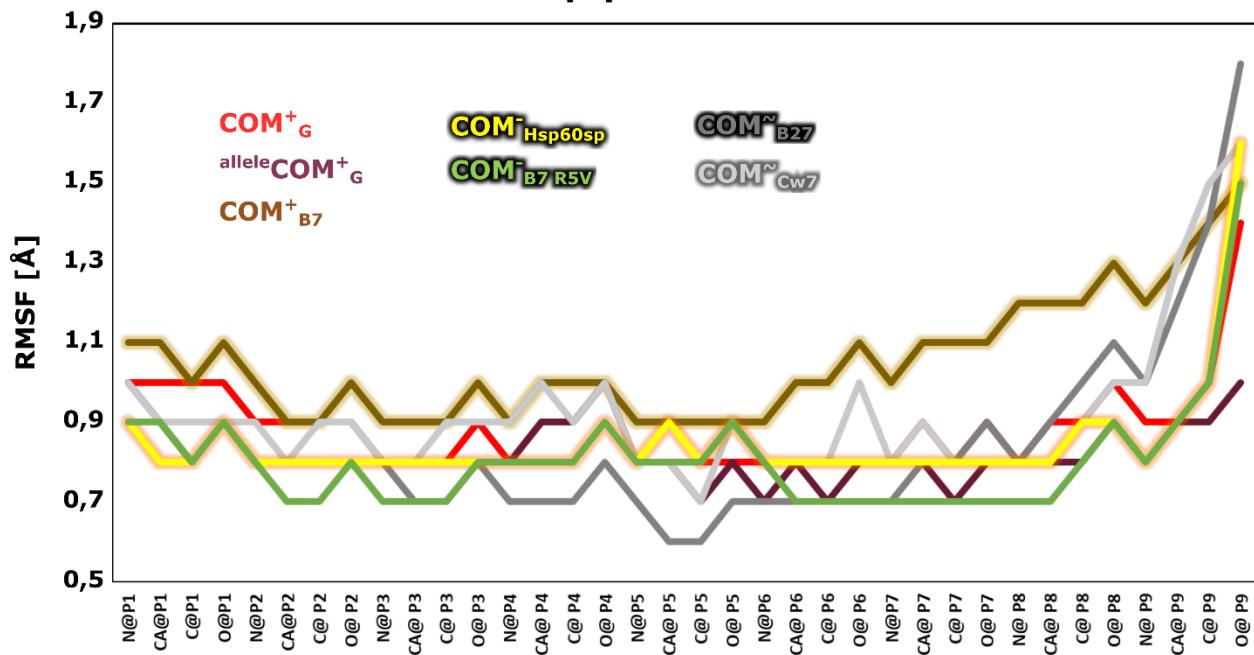


Figure S7. Atomic positional fluctuations (root mean square fluctuations (RMSF)) for peptide backbone atoms for the **COM⁺_G** (red), **alleleCOM⁺_G** (violet), **COM⁺_{B7}** (brown), **COM[~]_{B27}** (dark gray), **COM[~]_{Cw7}** (light gray), **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** (yellow), and **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}** (green) models.. Peptide is more flexible at C-terminal side.

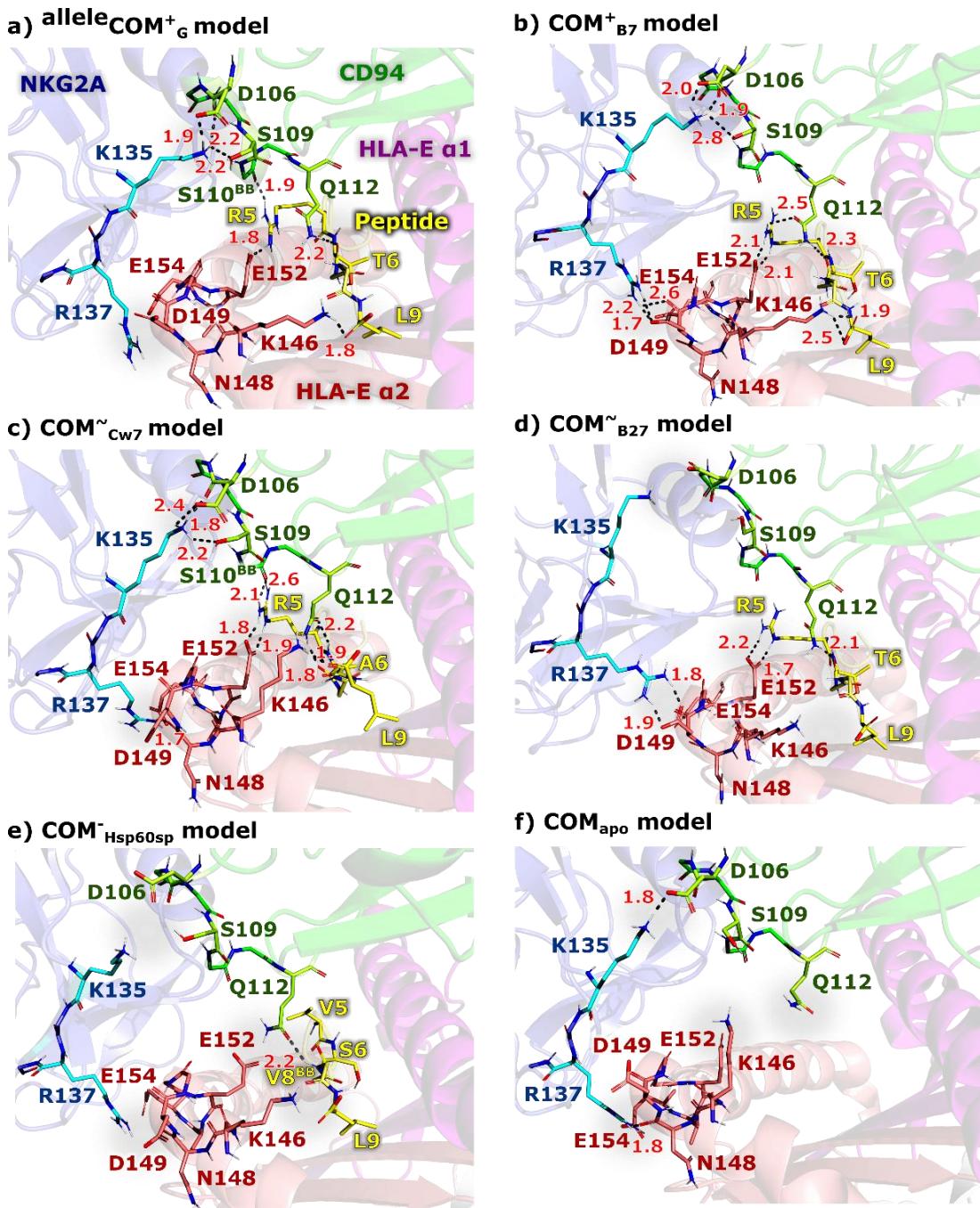


Figure S8. Comparison of predominant hydrogen bonds between NKG2A (cyan; K135), CD94 (green; D106, S109 and Q112), HLA-E (pink; K146, N148, D149, E152 and E154) and peptide (yellow) present in different models according to the most representative clusters of the simulations. Models on the panels a) **allele COM⁺_G** and b) **COM⁺_{B7}** represents ligands which allow NK cell protection, whereas for models c) **COM⁻_{Cw7}** and d) **COM⁻_{B27}** NK protection is inconclusive, and absent for models e) **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** and f) **COM_{apo}**. For clarity, only polar hydrogens are shown.

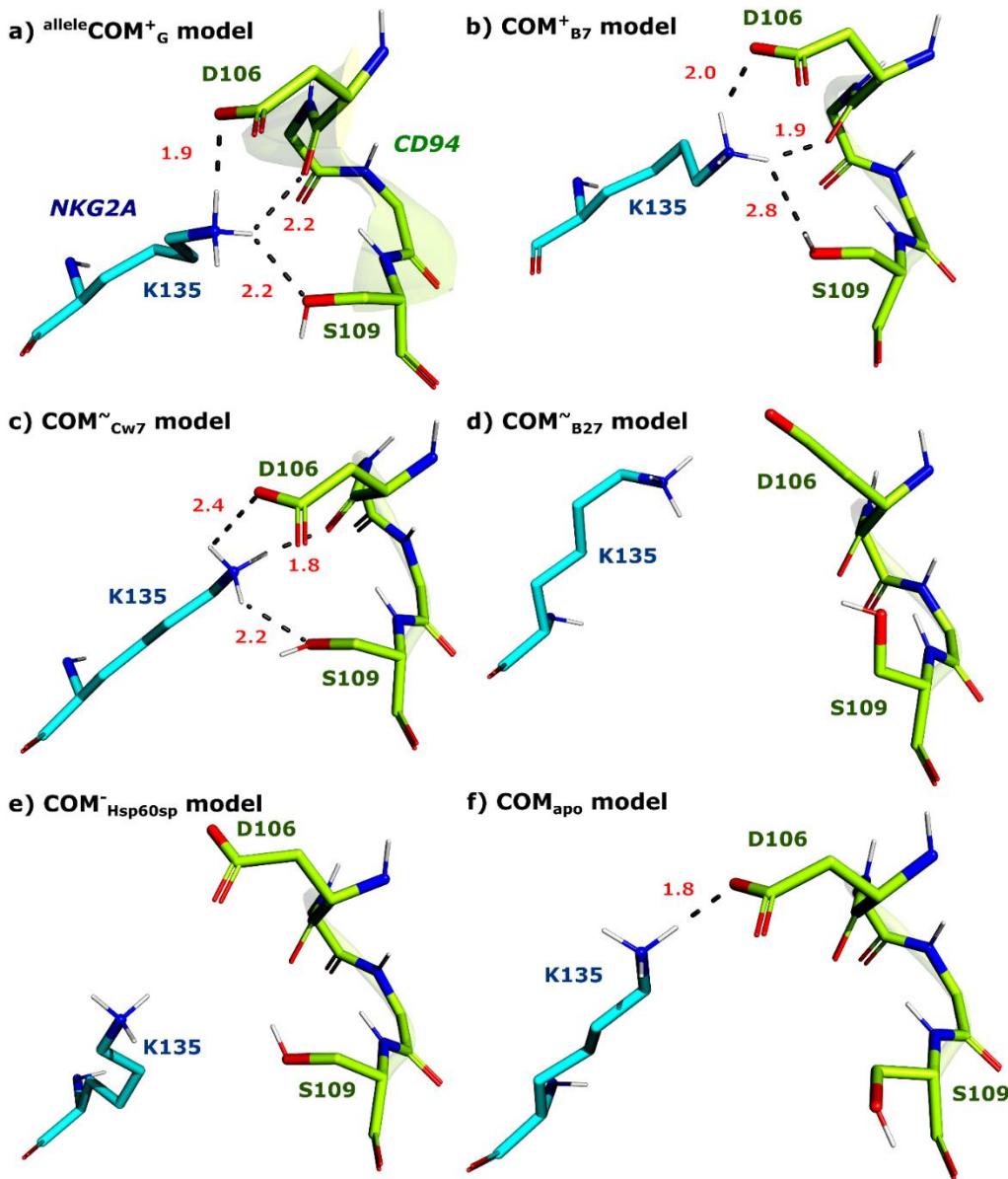


Figure S9. Comparison of predominant hydrogen bonds between NKG2A (cyan; K135) and CD94 (green; D106 and S109) present in different models according to the most representative clusters of the simulations. Models on the panels a) **alleleCOM^+_G** and b) **COM^+_{B7}** represent ligands which allow NK cell protection, whereas for models c) **COM^\sim_{Cw7}** and d) **COM^\sim_{B27}** NK protection is inconclusive, and absent for models e) **$\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$** and f) **$\text{COM}_{\text{apo}}$** . For clarity, unlabeled amino acids are depicted with their backbone atoms only, and only polar hydrogens are shown.

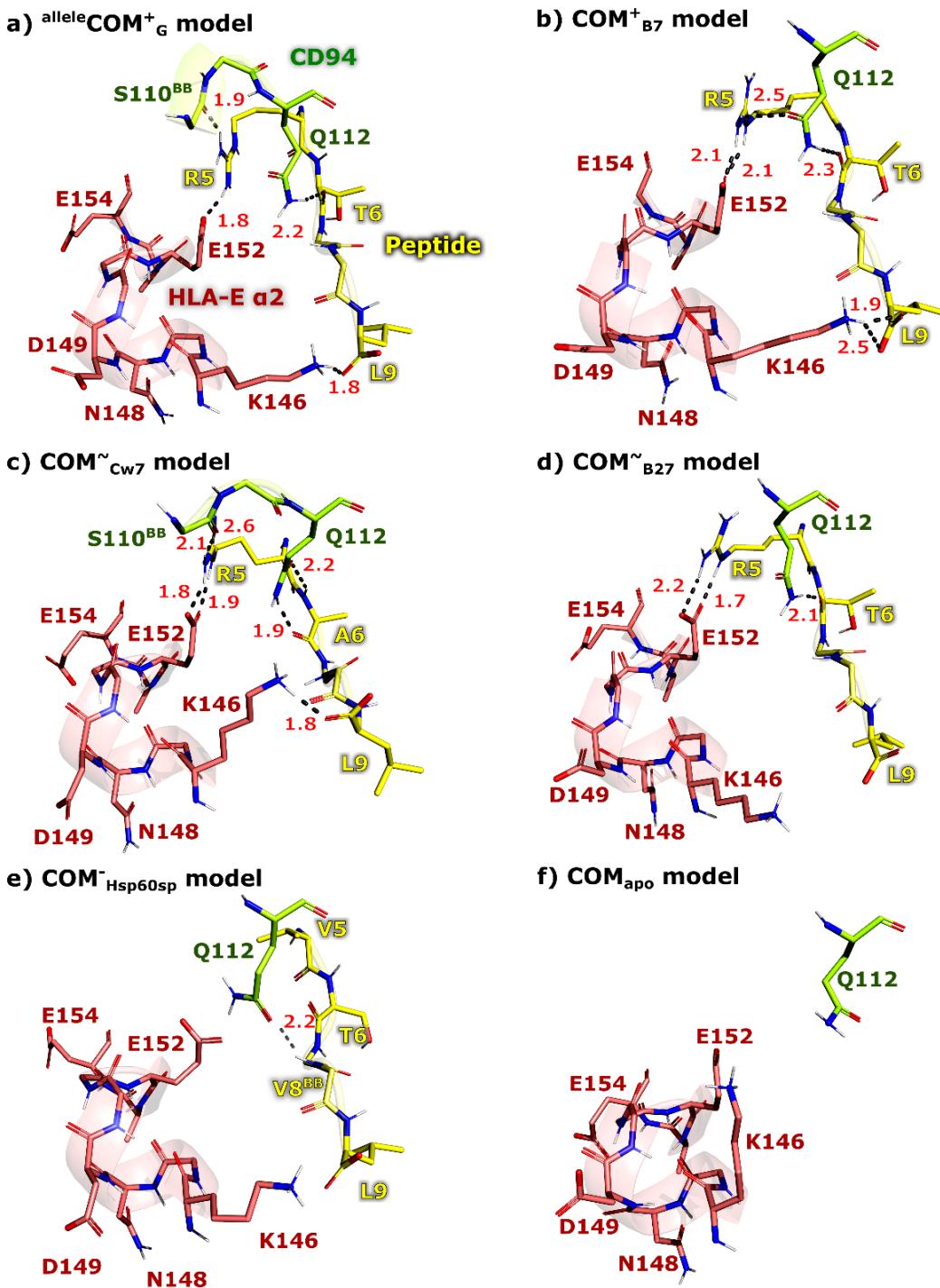


Figure S10. Comparison of predominant hydrogen bonds between nonameric peptide (yellow), CD94 (green: S110 and Q112), and HLA-E (pink; K146, N148, D149, E152 and E154) present in different models according to the most representative clusters of the simulations. Models on the panels a) $\text{allele}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ and b) $\text{COM}^+_{\text{B}_7}$ represent ligands that provide NK cell protection, whereas for models c) $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw}_7}$ and d) $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B}_27}$ NK protection is inconclusive, and absent for models e) $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ and f) COM_{apo} . For clarity, unlabeled amino acids are depicted with their backbone atoms only, and only polar hydrogens are shown.

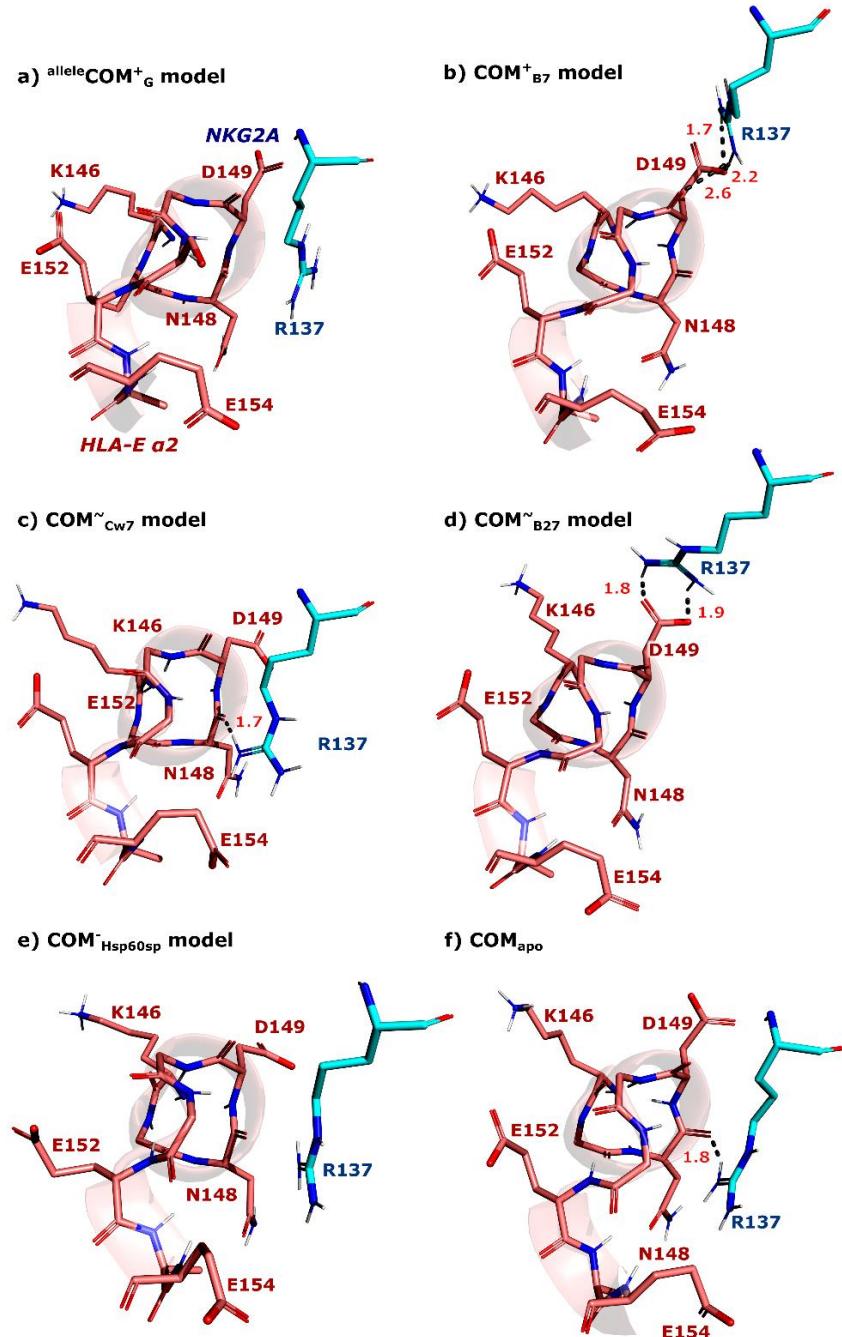


Figure S11. Comparison of predominant hydrogen bonds between Arg137 of NKG2A (cyan) and HLA-E α 2 domain (pink; K146, N148, D149, E152 and E154) according to the most representative clusters of the simulations. Models on the panels a) $\text{allele COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ and b) COM^+_{B7} represent ligands that provide NK cell protection, whereas for models c) $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$ and d) $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ NK protection is inconclusive, and absent for models e) $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ and f) COM_{apo} . For clarity, unlabeled amino acids are depicted with their backbone atoms only, and only polar hydrogens are shown.

Ser109-Lys135 distances for COM^+_{G} , $\text{allele}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ and COM^+_{B7}

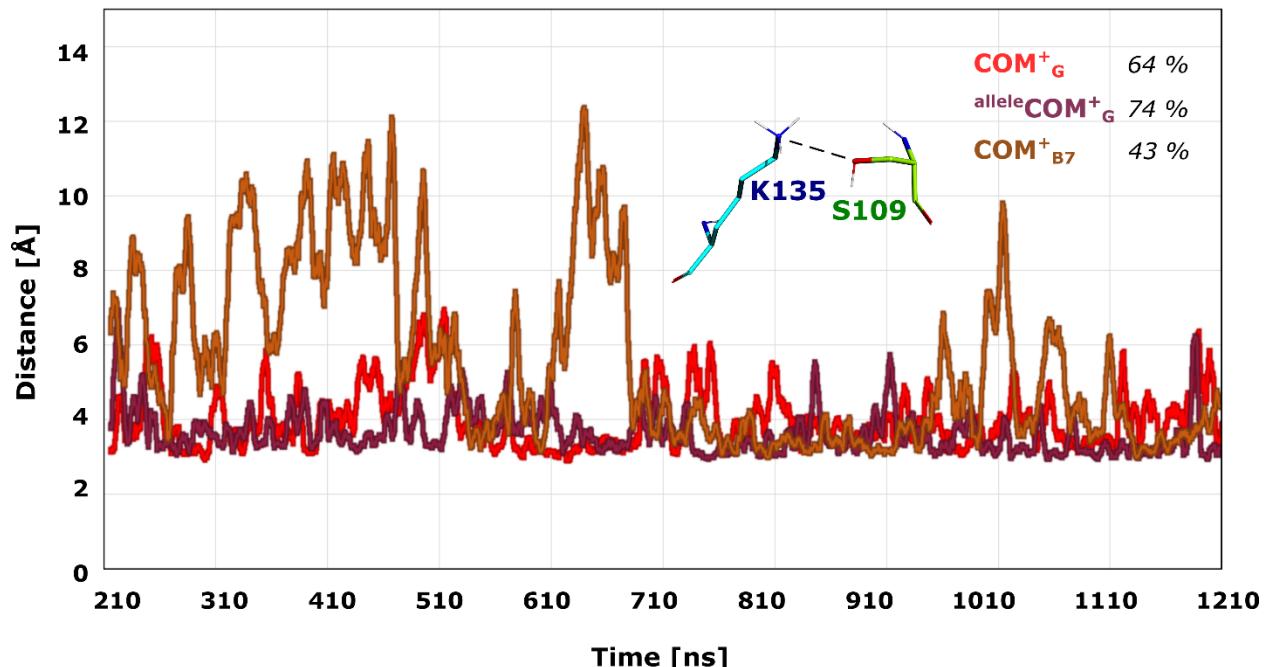


Figure S12. Distances between atoms OG@Ser109 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for COM^+_{G} (red), $\text{allele}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ (dark violet) and COM^+_{B7} (brown) models (providing NK cell protection) vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Ser109-Lys135 distances for COM⁻_{Hsp60sp} and COM⁻_{B7 R5V}

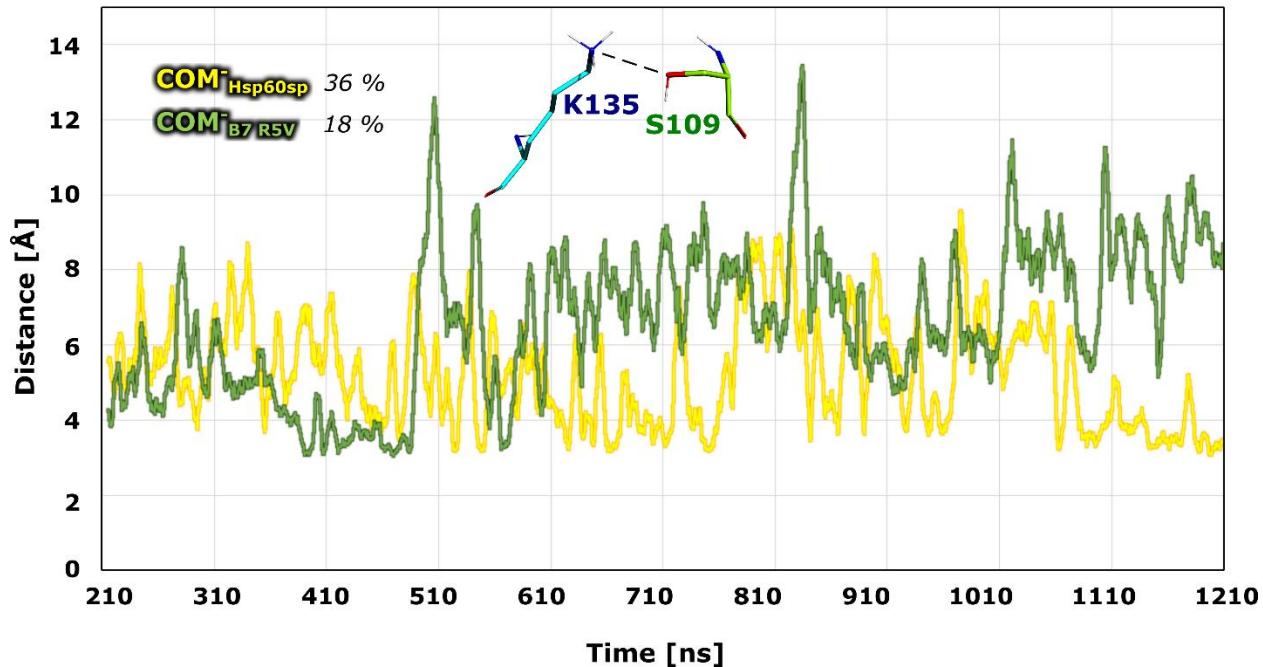


Figure S13. Distances between atoms OG@Ser109 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** (yellow) and **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}** (green) with absent NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Ser109-Lys135 distances for COM_{i2} and COM_{a1}

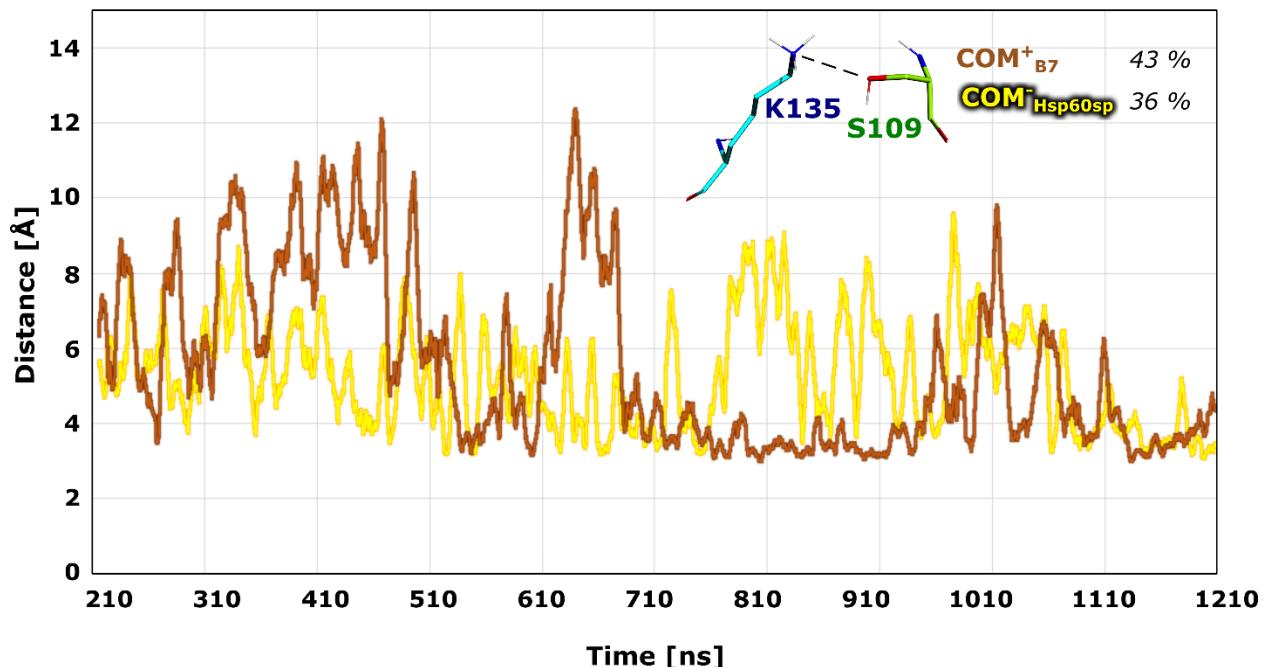


Figure S14. Distances between atoms OG@Ser109 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for the model **COM⁺_{B7}** (brown) that provides NK cell protection and model **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}** (yellow) with absent NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in processing the data.

Ser109-Lys135 distances for $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$

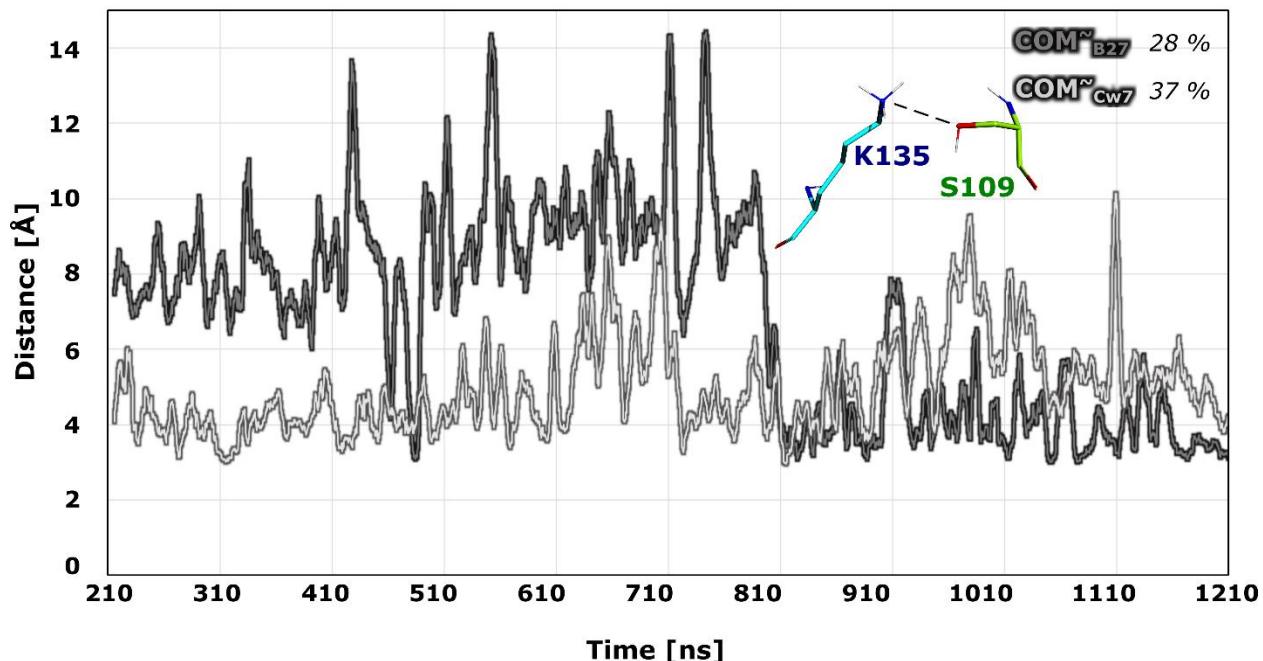


Figure S15. Distances between atoms OG@Ser109 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ (dark gray) and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$ (light gray) with inconclusive NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Ser109-Lys135 distances for COM_{apo}

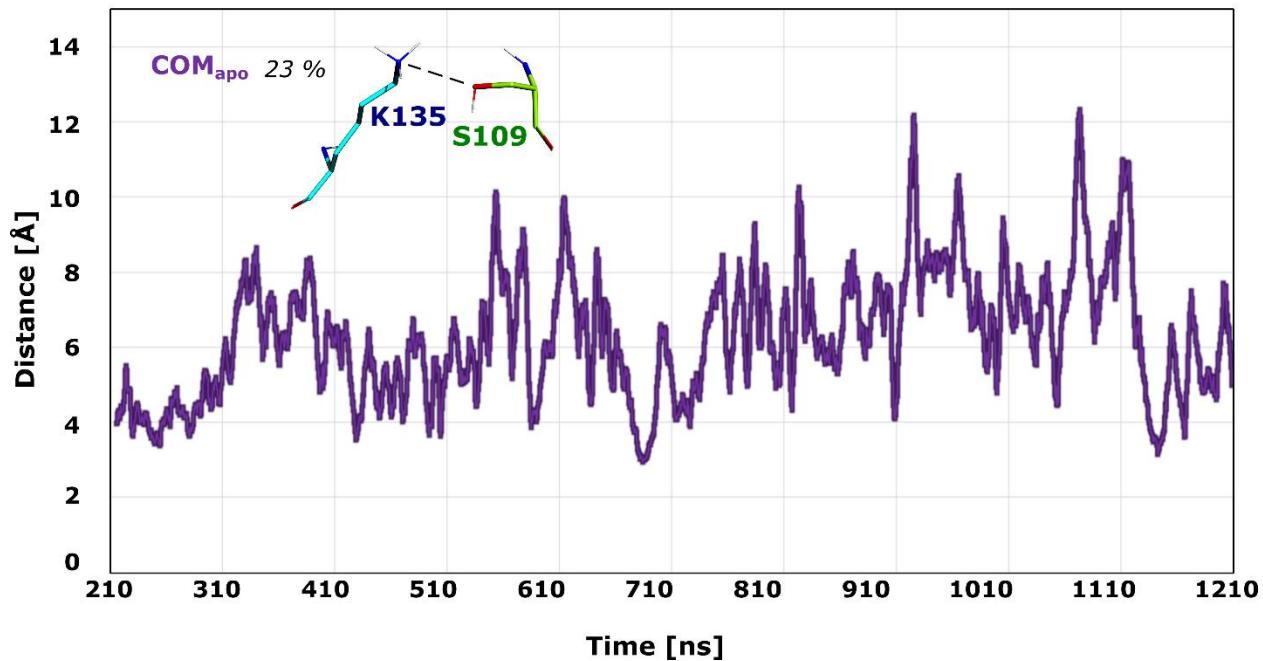


Figure S16. Distances between atoms OG@Ser109 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for model **COM_{apo}** without nonameric peptide vs. simulation time. The percentage next to the model name corresponds to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for COM^+_{G} , ${}^{\text{allele}}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ and COM^+_{B7}

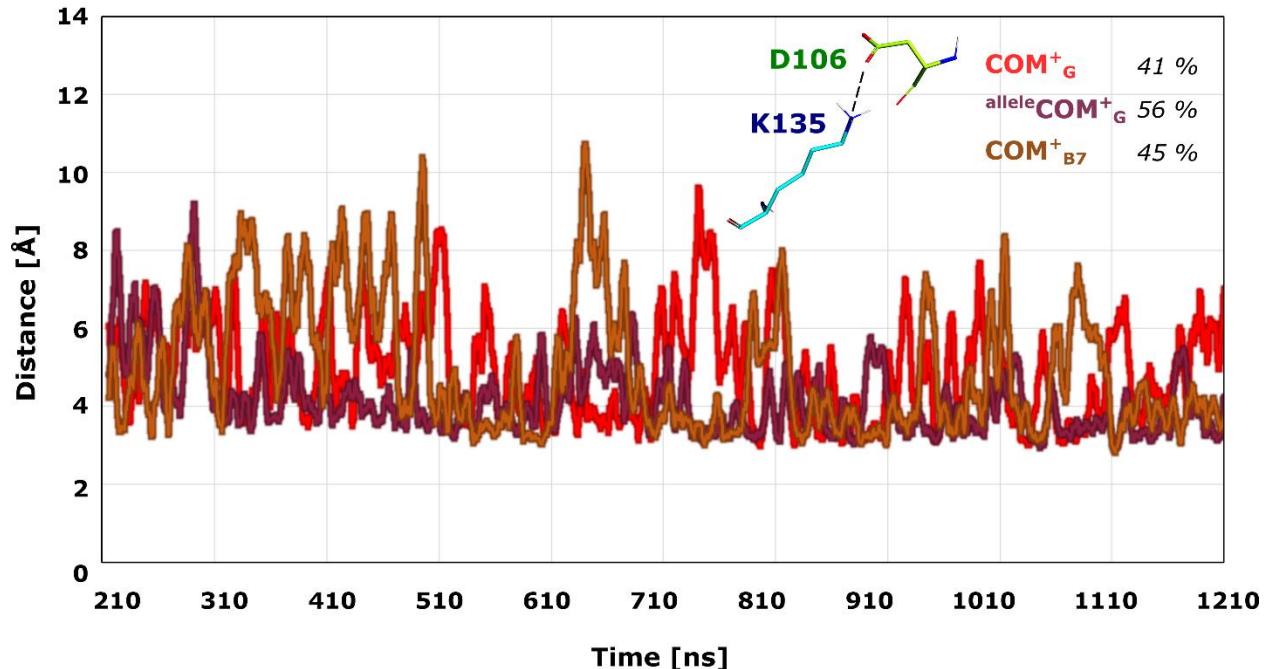


Figure S17. Distances between atom OD1@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models COM^+_{G} (red), ${}^{\text{allele}}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ (dark violet), and COM^+_{B7} (brown) that provide NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ and $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{B7 RSV}}$

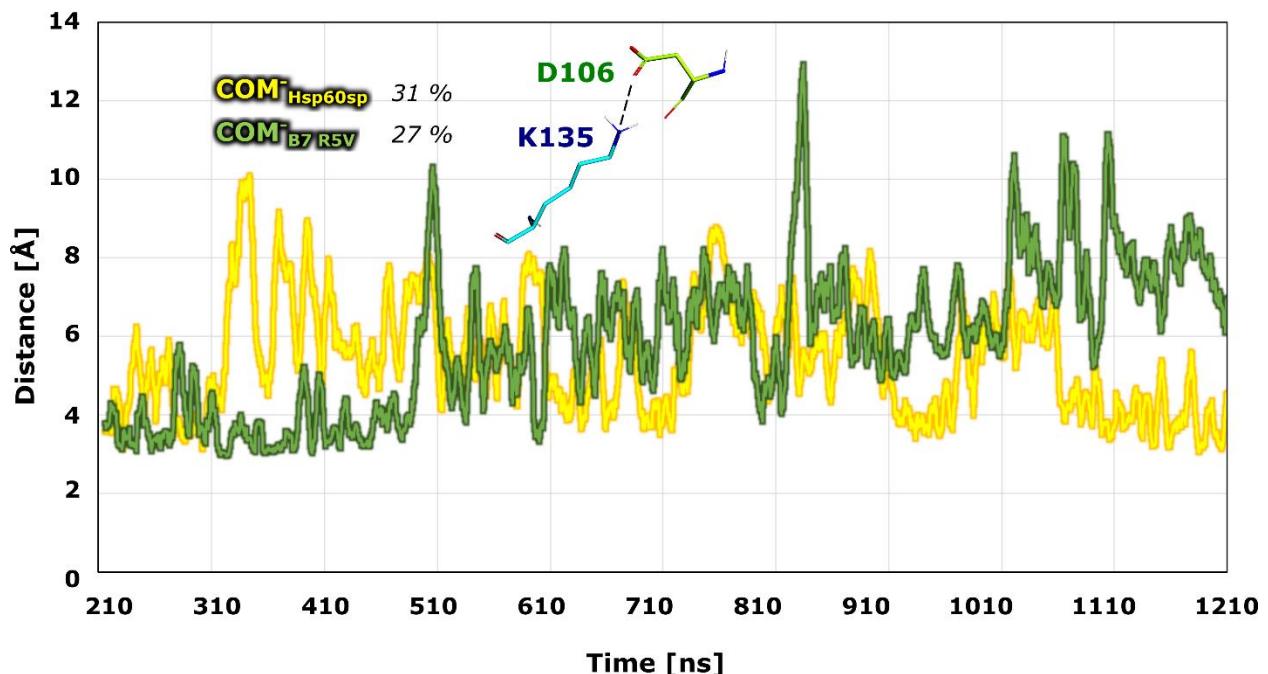


Figure S18. Distances between atoms OD1@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ (yellow) and $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{B7 RSV}}$ (green) with absent NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for COM^+_{B7} and $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$

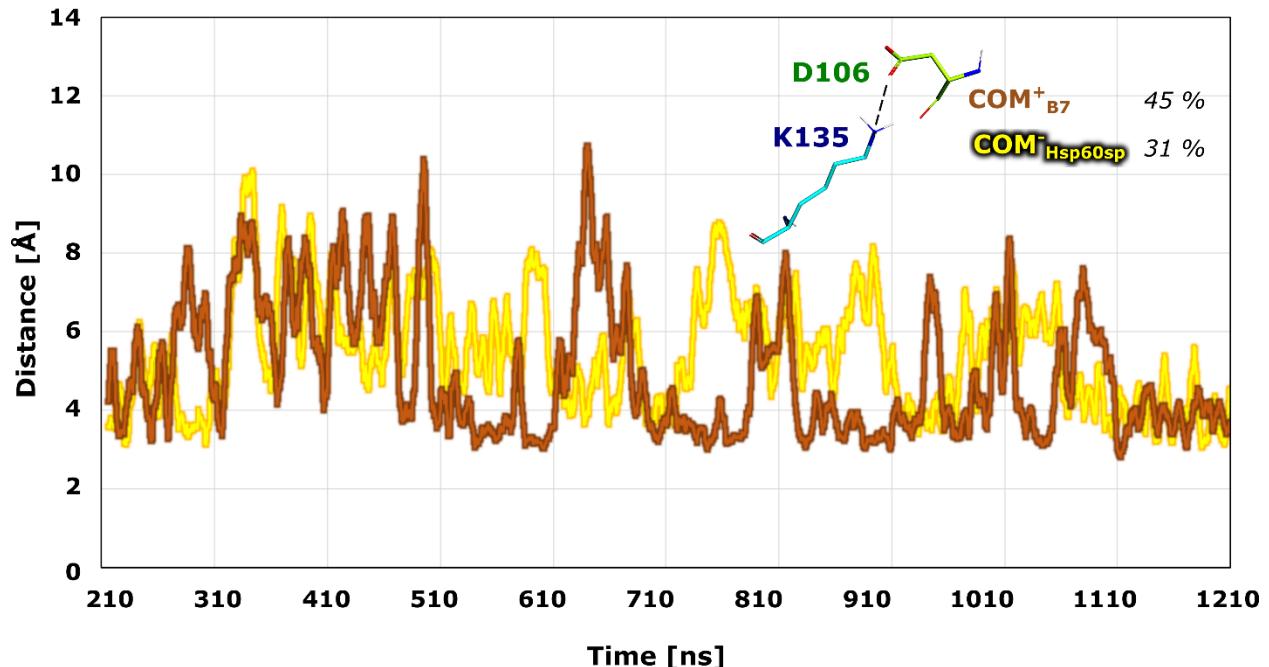


Figure S19. Distances between atoms OD1@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for model COM^+_{B7} (brown) mediating NK cell protection and for model $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ (yellow) with absent NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$

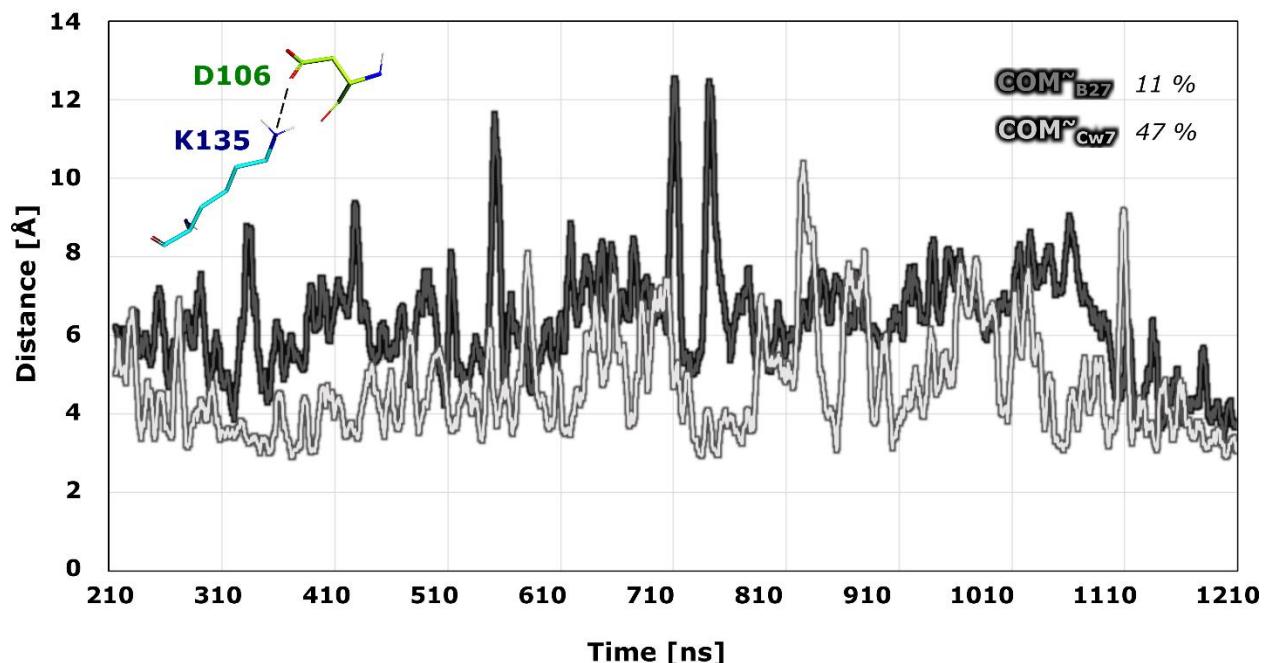


Figure S20. Distances between atoms OD1@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ (dark gray) and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$ (light gray) with inconclusive NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for COM_{apo}

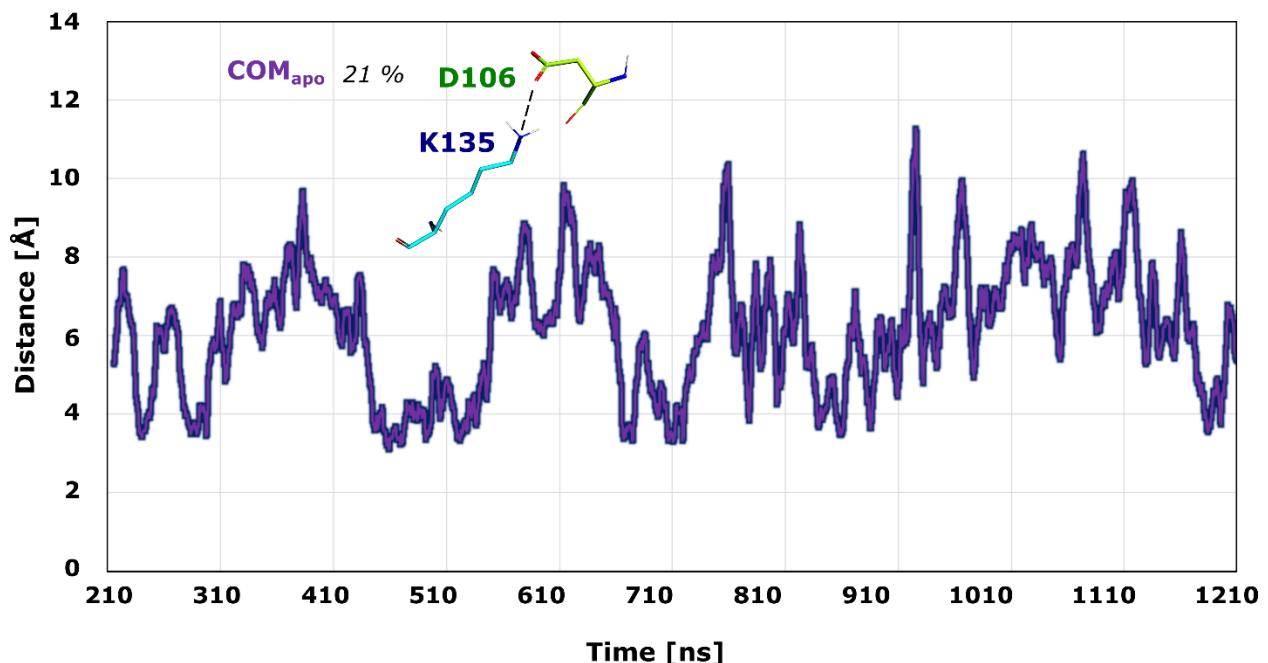


Figure S21. Distances between atoms OD1@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for model COM_{apo} without nonameric peptide vs. simulation time. The percentage next to the model name corresponds to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 \AA . The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for COM^+_{G} , $\text{allele}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ and COM^+_{B7}

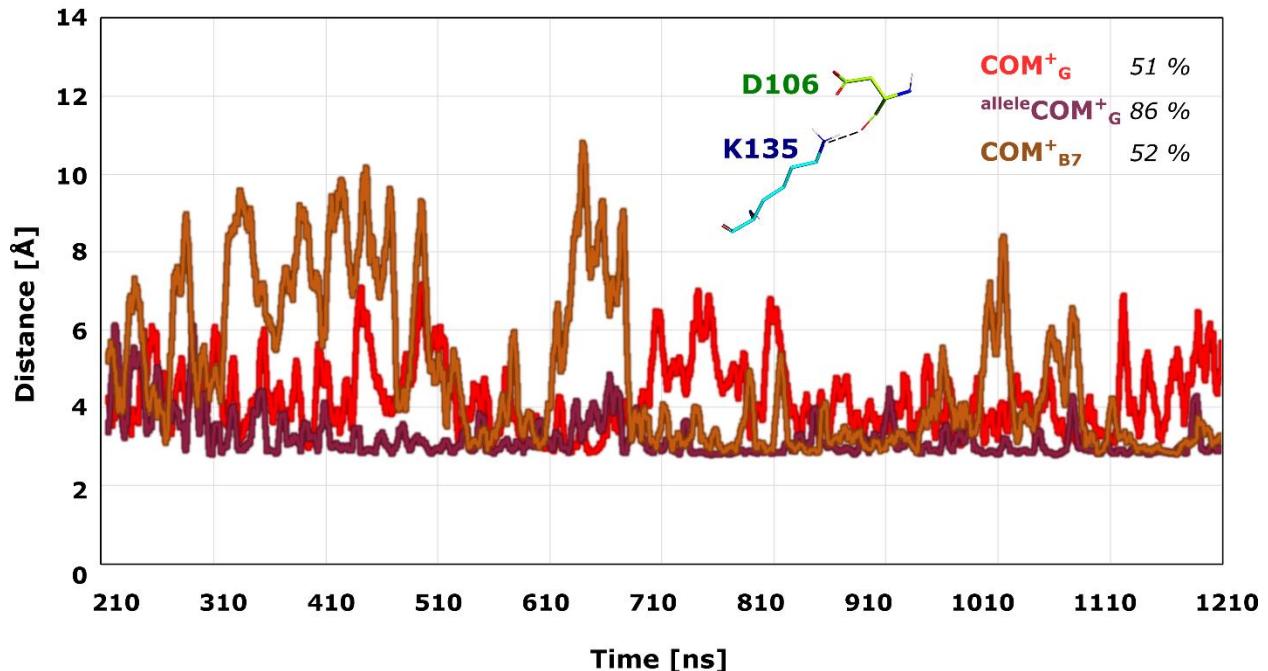


Figure S22. Distances between atoms O@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models COM^+_{G} (red), $\text{allele}\text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$ (dark violet), and COM^+_{B7} (brown) exhibiting NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ and $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{B7 R5V}}$

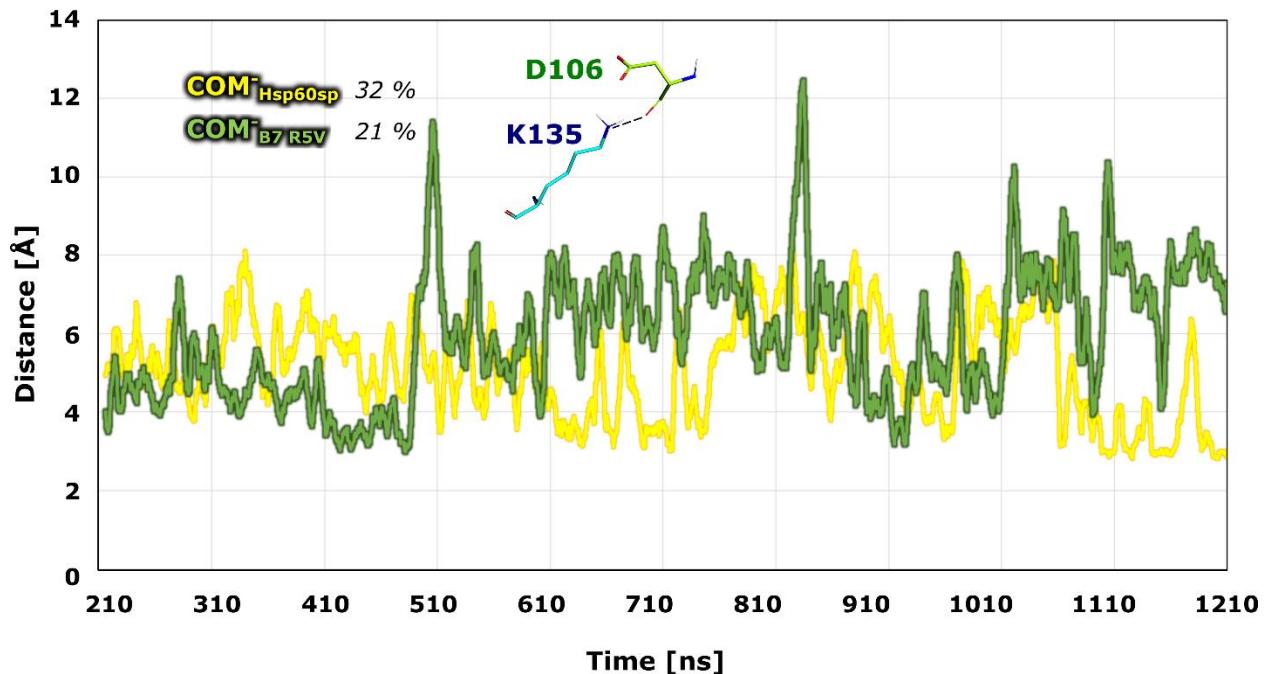


Figure S23. Distances between atoms O@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ (yellow) and $\text{COM}^{-}_{\text{B7 R5V}}$ (green) with absent NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 \AA. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for COM^+_{B7} and $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$

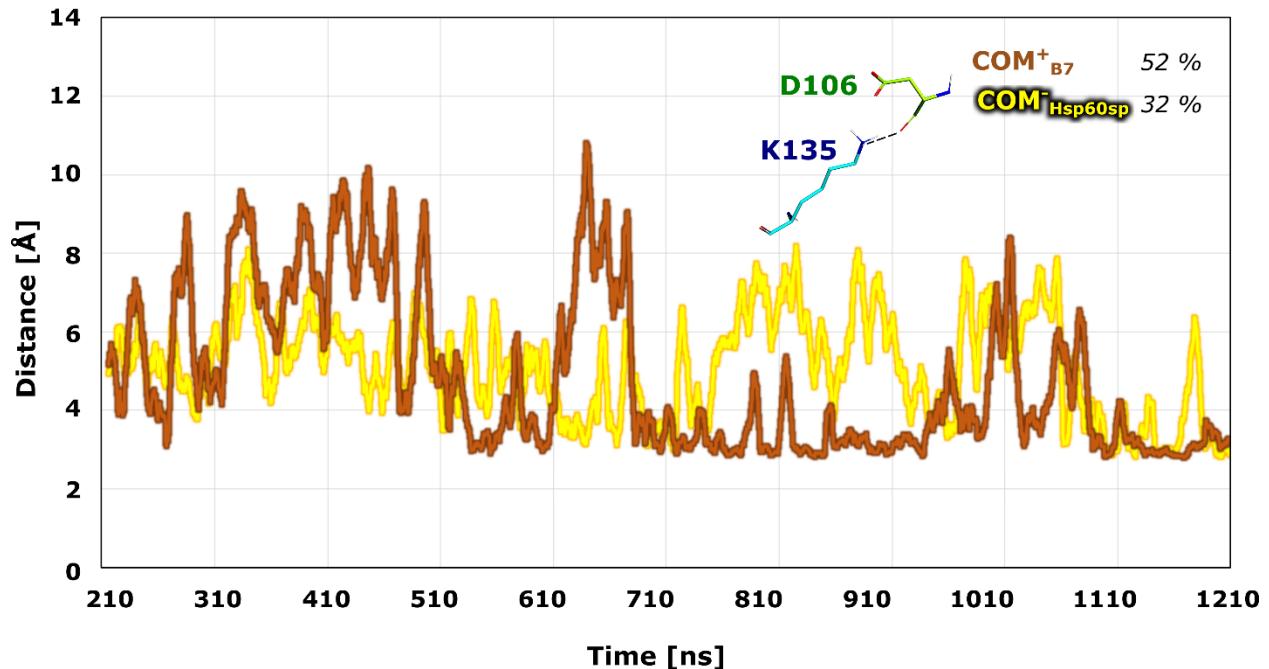


Figure S24. Distances between atoms O@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for model COM^+_{B7} (brown) providing NK cell protection and model $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$ (yellow) with absent NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$

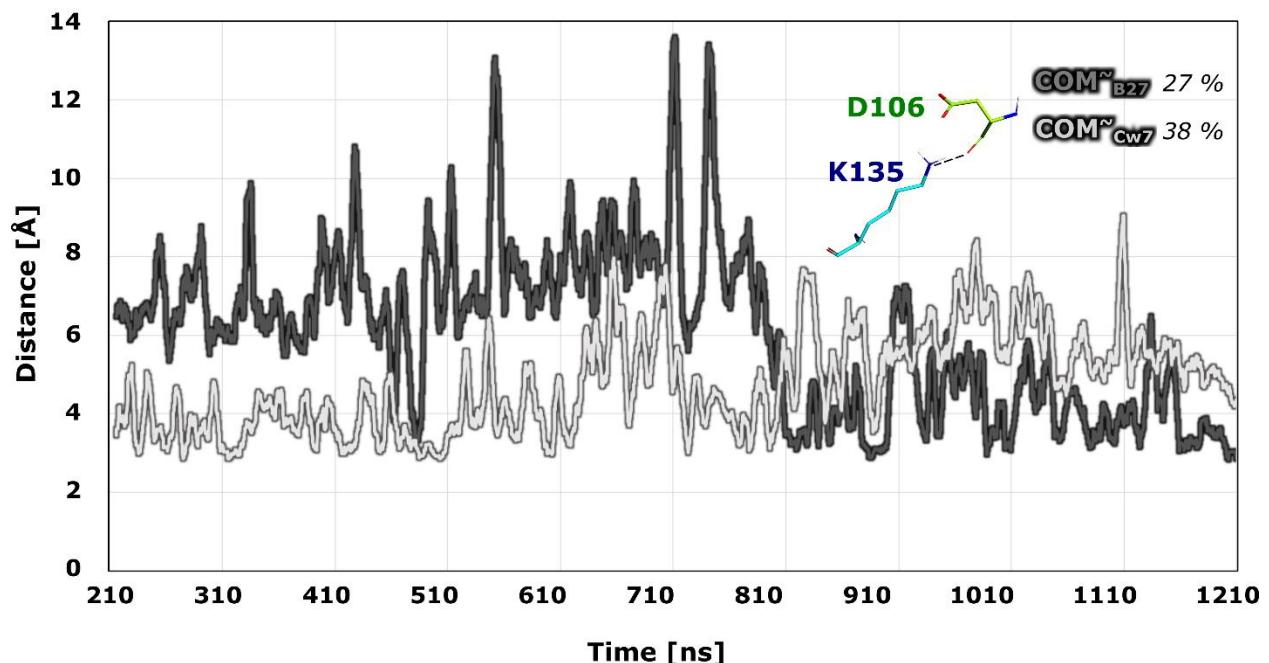


Figure S25. Distances between atoms O@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for models $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{B27}}$ (dark gray) and $\text{COM}^{\sim}_{\text{Cw7}}$ (light gray) with inconclusive NK cell protection vs. simulation time. The percentages next to the model name correspond to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

Asp106-Lys135 distances for COM_{apo}

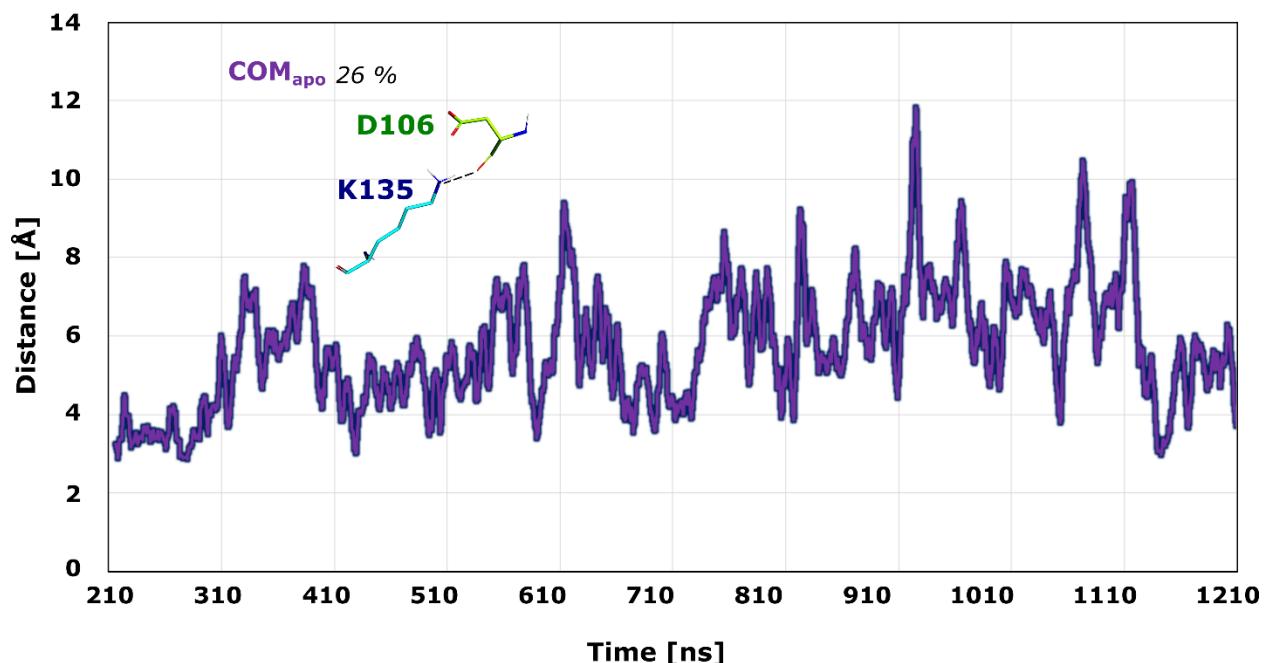


Figure S26. Distances between atoms O@Asp106 of CD94 (green) and NZ@Lys135 of NKG2A (cyan) for model **COM_{apo}** without nonameric peptide vs. simulation time. The percentage next to the model name corresponds to the fraction of the equilibrated part of the trajectories where the distance is less than 4 Å. The moving average with interval 20 was used in data processing.

**Per-residue decomposition of the binding free energy
between peptide and HLA-E/β2m/NKG2A/CD94 for peptide residues**

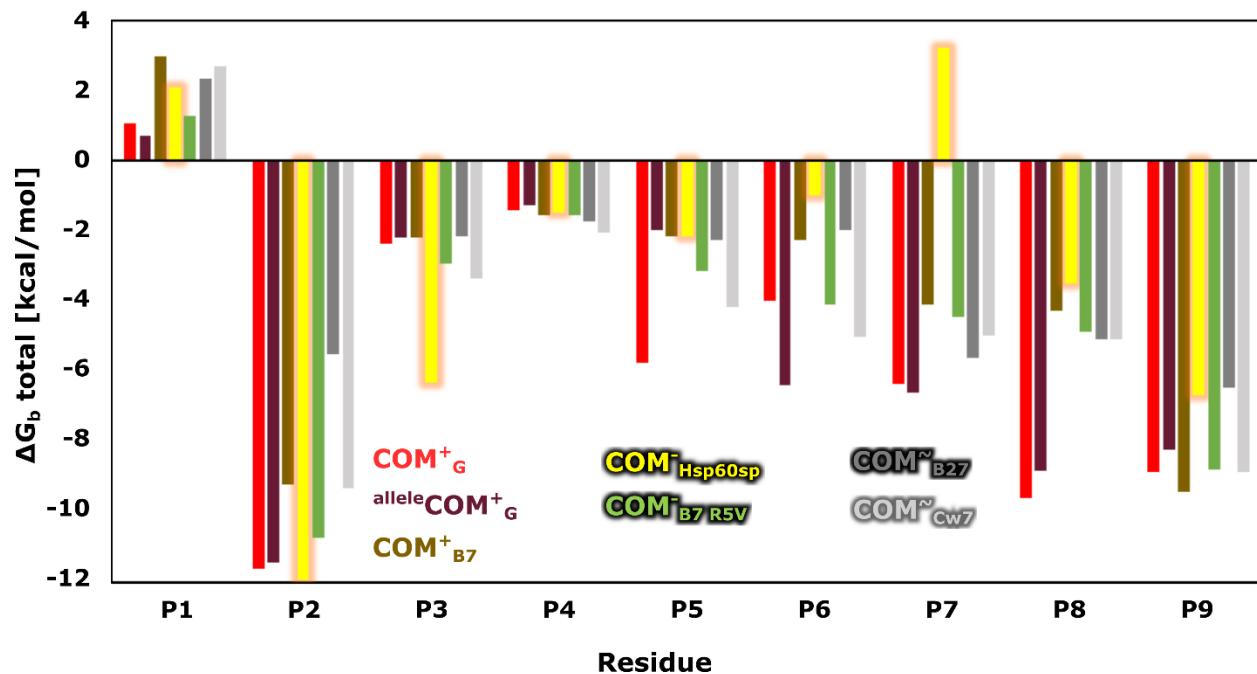


Figure S27. Peptide per-residue decomposition of the Molecular Mechanics-Generalized Born Surface area (MM-GBSA) binding free energies (ΔG_b) between the peptide and the HLA-E/β2m/NKG2A/CD94 calculated over a time interval between 600 and 900 ns of the MD trajectory in the production run for the simulated models $\text{allele } \text{COM}^+_{\text{G}}$, COM^+_{B7} , $\text{COM}^\sim_{\text{B27}}$, $\text{COM}^\sim_{\text{Cw7}}$, $\text{COM}^-_{\text{Hsp60sp}}$, and $\text{COM}^-_{\text{B7 R5V}}$.

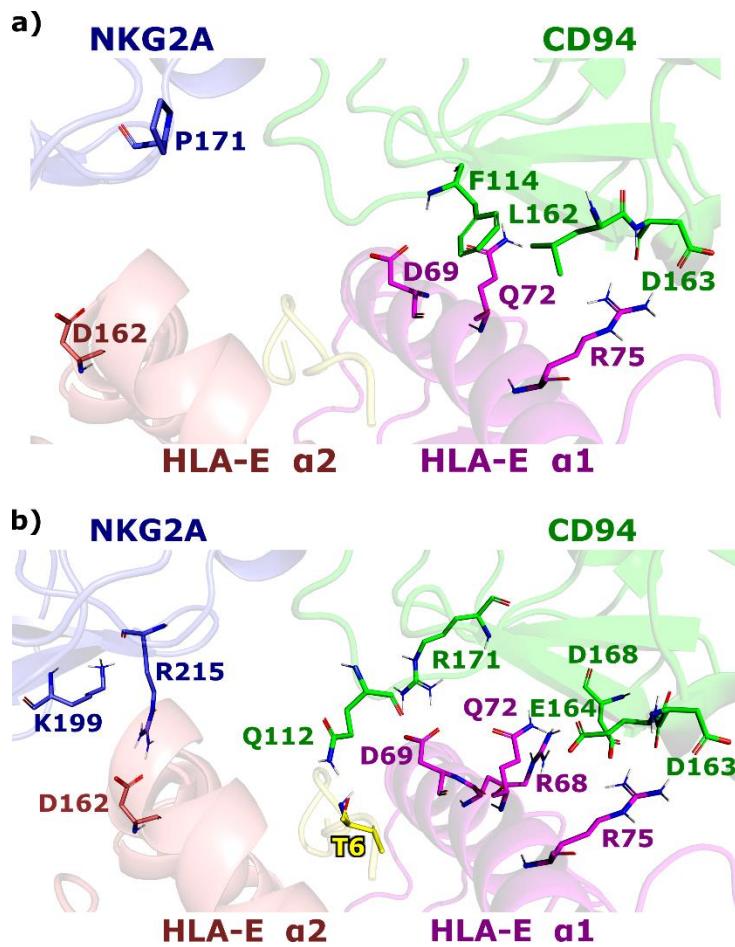


Figure S28. Interacting amino-acids with greatest contribution to the binding free energy between ligand (HLA-E/β2m/peptide) and receptor (NKG2A/CD94), determined with MM-GBSA method with a) per-residue decomposition and b) pairwise decomposition. Depicted with licorice and new cartoon representation. For clarity, only polar hydrogens are presented.

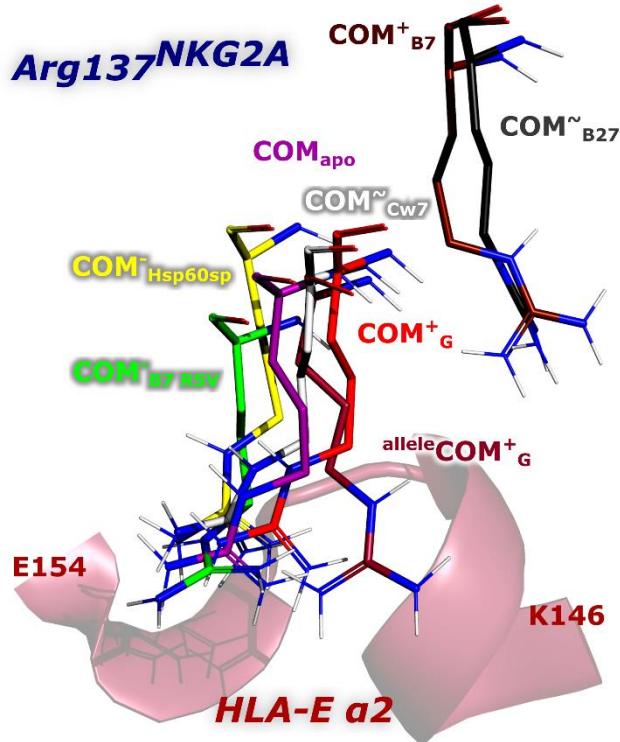


Figure S29. Alignment of Arg137^{NKG2A} and its position according to HLA-E $\alpha 2$ domain. For better visibility, only polar hydrogens are shown, meanwhile HLA-E $\alpha 2$ domain is presented as a single cartoon representation.

Supporting Tables

Table S1. Occurrence of hydrogen (H)-bonds between the selected residues of immune complex reported for the models **COM⁺_G**, ^{allele}**COM⁺_G**, **COM⁺_{B7}**, **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}**, **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}**, **COM[~]_{B27}**, and **COM[~]_{Cw7}**.

Interacting amino acids		Models							
Acceptor	Donor	COM ⁺ _G	^{allele} COM ⁺ _G	COM ⁺ _{B7}	COM ⁻ _{Hsp60sp}	COM ⁻ _{B7_R5V}	COM _{apo}	COM [~] _{B27}	COM [~] _{Cw7}
Asp106 ^{CD94}	Lys135 ^{NKG2A}	•	•	•			•		•
Ser109 ^{CD94}	Lys135 ^{NKG2A}	•	•	•					•
Glu152 ^{HLA-E}	P5	•	•	•				•	•
P6	Gln112 ^{CD94}	•	•	•		•		•	•
Gln112 ^{CD94}	P8				•			•	
P9	Lys146 ^{HLA-E}	•	•	•		•			•

Table S2. Molecular mechanics-generalized born surface area (MM-GBSA) binding free energies (ΔG_b) between peptide and HLA-E/ β 2m/NKG2A/CD94 and its pair-wise decomposition (kcal/mol) calculated over time interval between 600 and 900 ns of the production MD trajectory for **COM⁺_{B7}**, **COM[~]_{B27}**, **COM[~]_{Cw7}**, **COM[~]_{Hsp60sp}**, and **COM[~]_{B7_R5V}** models. The table lists five major interactions between peptide and receptor (NKG2A/CD94) and HLA-E residues.

allele COM ⁺ _G ΔG_b -120 ± 9.0 [kcal/mol]			COM ⁺ _{B7} ΔG_b -89.3 ± 8.4 [kcal/mol]			COM [~] _{B27} ΔG_b -77.8 ± 9.4 [kcal/mol]		
Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]
<i>CD94</i>								
Gln112	Thr ^{P6}	-4.0 ± 0.4	Gln112	Thr ^{P6}	-2.9 ± 1.0	Gln112	Thr ^{P6}	-2.6 ± 1.4
Gln112	Phe ^{P8}	-3.1 ± 0.5	Gln112	Leu ^{P8}	-1.9 ± 0.5	Gln112	Leu ^{P8}	-1.8 ± 0.7
Ser110	Arg ^{P5}	-3.1 ± 1.4	Gln112	Arg ^{P5}	-2.0 ± 1.1	Gln112	Arg ^{P5}	-1.8 ± 0.7
Gln112	Arg ^{P5}	-1.1 ± 0.8	Ser110	Arg ^{P5}	-2.5 ± 2.6			
Asn158	Phe ^{P8}	-1.6 ± 0.4						
<i>HLA-E</i>								
Glu63	Val ^{P1}	-25.1 ± 2.9	Pro171	Arg ^{P5}	-1.3 ± 0.3			
Glu152	Arg ^{P5}	-16.1 ± 4.2						
Gln156	Arg ^{P5}	-11.3 ± 1.1	<i>HLA-E</i>					
Lys146	Leu ^{P9}	-11.0 ± 6.6	Glu63	Val ^{P1}	-21.4 ± 3.7	Glu63	Val ^{P1}	-20.3 ± 5.0
Ser143	Leu ^{P9}	-6.8 ± 1.3	Glu152	Arg ^{P5}	-16.6 ± 3.8	Glu152	Arg ^{P5}	-16.9 ± 1.8
			Lys146	Leu ^{P9}	-15.0 ± 4.3	Lys146	Leu ^{P9}	-9.7 ± 6.4
			Ser143	Leu ^{P9}	-7.0 ± 1.1	Tyr7	Val ^{P1}	-6.0 ± 1.4
			Tyr84	Leu ^{P9}	-6.2 ± 1.2	Tyr84	Leu ^{P9}	-5.2 ± 1.7
COM[~]_{Cw7} ΔG_b -94.9 ± 8.5 [kcal/mol]								
Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	COM[~]_{Hsp60sp} ΔG_b -82.1 ± 8.3 [kcal/mol]					
<i>CD94</i>								
Gln112	Ala ^{P6}	-4.4 ± 0.3	Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]			
Gln112	Leu ^{P8}	-2.6 ± 0.4	<i>CD94</i>					
Gln112	Arg ^{P5}	-2.6 ± 1.0	Gln112	Ser ^{P6}	-0.5 ± 0.7	Gln112	Ser ^{P6}	-0.5 ± 0.7
Ser110	Arg ^{P5}	-5.2 ± 1.4	Gln112	Val ^{P8}	-1.2 ± 1.1	Gln112	Val ^{P8}	-1.2 ± 1.1
<i>NKG2A</i>			Gln112	Val ^{P5}	-1.4 ± 0.0	Gln112	Val ^{P5}	-1.4 ± 0.0
Pro171	Arg ^{P5}	-1.6 ± 0.4	Gln112	Arg ^{P7}	-1.3 ± 2.8	Gln112	Arg ^{P7}	-1.3 ± 2.8
<i>HLA-E</i>			Gln113	Val ^{P5}	-1.0 ± 0.3	Gln113	Val ^{P5}	-1.0 ± 0.3
Glu63	Val ^{P1}	-21.0 ± 4.3	<i>HLA-E</i>					
Glu152	Arg ^{P5}	-16.3 ± 1.9	Glu63	Gln ^{P1}	-23.1 ± 2.3	Glu63	Gln ^{P1}	-23.1 ± 2.3
Lys146	Leu ^{P9}	-14.1 ± 5.1	Glu152	Arg ^{P3}	-15.7 ± 2.3	Glu152	Arg ^{P3}	-15.7 ± 2.3
Ser143	Leu ^{P9}	-6.8 ± 1.1	Lys146	Leu ^{P9}	-10.1 ± 4.9	Lys146	Leu ^{P9}	-10.1 ± 4.9
Trp167	Val ^{P1}	-6.7 ± 1.7	Gln156	Arg ^{P3}	-6.9 ± 0.9	Gln156	Arg ^{P3}	-6.9 ± 0.9
			Ser143	Leu ^{P9}	-6.3 ± 1.4	Ser143	Leu ^{P9}	-6.3 ± 1.4

Table S3. Molecular mechanics-generalized born surface area (MM-GBSA) binding free energies (ΔG_b) between peptide and HLA-E/ β 2m/NKG2A/CD94 and its per-residue decomposition (kcal/mol) calculated over time interval between 600 and 900 ns of the MD trajectory in the production run for **^{allele}COM⁺_G**, **COM⁺_{B7}**, **COM[~]_{B27}**, **COM[~]_{Cw7}**, **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}**, and **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}** models. In the table are listed energies for peptide residues.

^{allele}COM⁺_G ΔG_b -120 ± 9.0 [kcal/mol]		COM⁺_{B7} ΔG_b -89.3 ± 8.4 [kcal/mol]		COM[~]_{B27} ΔG_b -77.8 ± 9.4 [kcal/mol]	
Residue	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	Residue	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	Residue	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]
Met ^{P2}	-11.5 ± 0.9	Leu ^{P9}	-9.4 ± 2.5	Leu ^{P9}	-6.4 ± 3.1
Phe ^{P8}	-8.8 ± 1.3	Met ^{P2}	-9.2 ± 1.0	Leu ^{P7}	-5.6 ± 0.8
Leu ^{P9}	-8.2 ± 3.5	Leu ^{P8}	-4.3 ± 0.9	Thr ^{P2}	-5.5 ± 1.8
Leu ^{P7}	-6.6 ± 0.9	Val ^{P7}	-4.1 ± 1.0	Leu ^{P8}	-5.1 ± 1.1
Thr ^{P6}	-6.4 ± 1.0	Thr ^{P6}	-2.2 ± 1.2	Arg ^{P5}	-2.3 ± 1.8
Ala ^{P3}	-2.2 ± 0.5	Ala ^{P3}	-2.2 ± 0.6	Ala ^{P3}	-2.1 ± 0.6
Arg ^{P5}	-2.0 ± 2.2	Arg ^{P5}	-2.1 ± 2.4	Thr ^{P6}	-2.0 ± 1.2
Pro ^{P4}	-1.3 ± 0.5	Pro ^{P4}	-1.6 ± 0.5	Pro ^{P4}	-1.7 ± 0.5
Val ^{P1}	0.7 ± 1.7	Val ^{P1}	3.0 ± 1.8	Val ^{P1}	2.4 ± 2.9
COM[~]_{Cw7} ΔG_b -94.9 ± 8.5 [kcal/mol]		COM⁻_{Hsp60sp} ΔG_b -82.1 ± 8.3 [kcal/mol]		COM⁻_{B7_R5V} ΔG_b -90.7 ± 7.5 [kcal/mol]	
Residue	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	Residue	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]	Residue	ΔG_b total [kcal/mol]
Met ^{P2}	-9.3 ± 1.1	Met ^{P2}	-11.9 ± 0.9	Met ^{P2}	-10.7 ± 1.7
Leu ^{P9}	-8.9 ± 2.8	Leu ^{P9}	-6.7 ± 2.0	Leu ^{P9}	-8.8 ± 2.8
Leu ^{P8}	-5.1 ± 1.0	Arg ^{P3}	-6.3 ± 2.1	Leu ^{P8}	-4.9 ± 0.9
Ala ^{P6}	-5.0 ± 0.6	Val ^{P8}	-3.5 ± 1.2	Val ^{P7}	-4.4 ± 0.7
Leu ^{P7}	-5.0 ± 0.7	Val ^{P5}	-2.1 ± 1.2	Thr ^{P6}	-4.1 ± 0.9
Arg ^{P5}	-4.2 ± 1.9	Pro ^{P4}	-1.5 ± 0.5	Val ^{P5}	-3.1 ± 1.0
Ala ^{P3}	-3.3 ± 0.8	Ser ^{P6}	-1.0 ± 1.2	Ala ^{P3}	-2.9 ± 0.6
Pro ^{P4}	-2.0 ± 0.6	Gln ^{P1}	2.1 ± 2.2	Pro ^{P4}	-1.5 ± 0.5
Val ^{P1}	2.7 ± 2.8	Arg ^{P7}	3.2 ± 2.3	Val ^{P1}	1.3 ± 2.1

Table S4. Peptide interaction energies, where energy is calculated between nonameric peptide and HLA-E/β2m/NKG2A/CD94 on equilibrated part of the trajectories (last 1 μs of the production run) using the gmx energy module of the Gromacs2016 software package.

	VDW [kJ/mol]	EEL [kJ/mol]	Total E [kJ/mol]	Total E [kcal/mol]
COM⁺_G	-718.3 ± 51.5	-384.0 ± 23.4	-1102.3 ± 74.8	-263.3 ± 17.9
allele COM⁺_G	-763.8 ± 79.7	-371.6 ± 23.4	-1135.3 ± 103.1	-271.2 ± 24.6
COM⁺_{B7}	-665.8 ± 53.8	-346.0 ± 29.2	-1011.8 ± 83.0	-241.7 ± 19.8
COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}	-576.7 ± 76.3	-376.9 ± 22.9	-953.6 ± 99.2	-227.8 ± 23.7
COM⁻_{B7_R5V}	-532.8 ± 60.8	-354.9 ± 20.9	-887.7 ± 81.7	-212.0 ± 19.5
COM[~]_{B27}	-606.4 ± 81.3	-331.0 ± 22.8	-937.4 ± 104.1	-223.9 ± 24.9
COM[~]_{Cw7}	-663.7 ± 99.7	-335.6 ± 25.6	-999.3 ± 125.2	-238.7 ± 29.9

Table S5. Average distances and stabilities of the top five interactions between the nonameric peptide-CD94 protein and the nonameric peptide-HLA-E protein pair of residues for the **COM⁺_G** and **COM⁺_{B7}** selected models, obtained by a pairwise decomposition of the binding free energies (ΔG_b) between the nonameric peptide and the remaining HLA-E/ β 2m/NKG2A/CD94 complex calculated by Molecular Mechanics-Generalized Born Surface Area (MM-GBSA) method. Interaction stability is given as a share of the equilibrated part of the trajectory where distances between specified atoms are below 4 Å (hydrogen bonds) or 6 Å (hydrophobic interactions and cation-π interactions).

COM⁺_G				COM⁺_{B7_R5V}			
Atom 1	Atom 2	Average distance	Interaction stability	Atom 1	Atom 2	Average distance	Interaction stability
NE2@Gln112 ^{CD94}	O@Thr ^{P6}	2.9 ± 0.2	100 %	NE2@Gln112 ^{CD94}	O@Thr ^{P6}	2.9 ± 0.4	98 %
NE2@Gln112 ^{CD94}	CD2@Phe ^{P8}	3.8 ± 0.8	98 %	NE2@Gln112 ^{CD94}	CD1@Leu ^{P8}	6.0 ± 0.6	50 %
NH2@Asn160 ^{CD94}	CE1@Phe ^{P8}	4.2 ± 1.0	91 %	ND2@Asn160 ^{CD94}	CD1@Leu ^{P8}	4.4 ± 0.7	96 %
OE1@Gln112 ^{CD94}	NH2@Arg ^{P5}	3.4 ± 0.4	100 %	NE2@Gln112 ^{CD94}	CG2@Val ^{P5}	3.7 ± 0.6	99 %
ND2@Asn158 ^{CD94}	CD2@Phe ^{P8}	5.2 ± 1.1	81 %	NE2@Gln113 ^{CD94}	CG1@Val ^{P5}	5.1 ± 1.5	67 %
OE1@Glu63 ^{HLA-E}	N@Val ^{P1}	3.1 ± 0.4	97 %	OE1@Glu63 ^{HLA-E}	N@Val ^{P1}	3.0 ± 0.4	97%
OE1@Glu152 ^{HLA-E}	NH1@Arg ^{P5}	3.4 ± 0.7	76 %	NZ@Lys146 ^{HLA-E}	O@Leu ^{P9}	3.5 ± 1.1	82 %
NZ@Lys146 ^{HLA-E}	O@Leu ^{P9}	3.5 ± 1.2	83 %	OG@Ser143 ^{HLA-E}	OXT@Leu ^{P9}	3.1 ± 0.8	81 %
OE1@Gln156 ^{HLA-E}	NH1@Arg ^{P5}	2.9 ± 0.2	99 %	OH@Tyr171 ^{HLA-E}	N@Val ^{P1}	3.1 ± 0.3	98 %
OG@Ser143 ^{HLA-E}	OXT@Leu ^{P9}	3.2 ± 0.9	73 %	OH@Tyr7 ^{HLA-E}	N@Val ^{P1}	3.2 ± 0.4	95 %

Table S6. Molecular mechanics-generalized born surface area (MM-GBSA) binding free energies (ΔG_b) between receptor (NKG2A/CD94) and ligand (HLA-E/ β 2m/peptide) and its pair-wise decomposition (kcal/mol) calculated over time interval between 600 and 900 ns of the MD trajectory in the production run for **COM⁺_G**^{allele}**COM⁺_G** and **COM⁺_{B7}** models between HLA-E/ β 2m/peptide and NKG2A/CD94. In the table are listed top 15 interactions with highest energy.

COM⁺_G ΔG_b -38.9 ± 11.5 [kcal/mol]			allele COM⁺_G ΔG_b -41.7 ± 11.0 [kcal/mol]		
Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total	Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total
<i>HLA-E</i>					
Asp69	Arg171 ^{CD94}	-15.6 ± 1.4	Asp69	Arg171 ^{CD94}	-19.4 ± 2.2
Arg75	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-13.6 ± 3.9	Asp162	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-18.2 ± 2.8
Asp162	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-11.8 ± 9.8	Arg75	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-15.1 ± 2.7
Asp162	Lys199 ^{NKG2A}	-9.9 ± 5.0	Arg68	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-10.4 ± 4.4
Arg68	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-7.4 ± 6.2	Asp69	Arg68 ^{HLA-E}	-7.3 ± 1.2
Gln72	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-6.4 ± 2.8	Asp162	Lys199 ^{NKG2A}	-6.7 ± 5.9
Arg68	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-5.2 ± 5.1	Gln72	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-5.9 ± 2.3
Asp162	Arg215 ^{NKG2A}	-4.9 ± 4.6	Arg68	Gln79 ^{CD94}	-5.8 ± 1.2
Asn148	Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-4.0 ± 1.7	Asp162	Arg215 ^{NKG2A}	-5.5 ± 3.3
Arg75	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-3.8 ± 4.1	Arg65	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-3.5 ± 4.8
His155	Ser172 ^{NKG2A}	-3.3 ± 0.8	Ala158	Arg212 ^{NKG2A}	-3.3 ± 1.6
Asp162	Gln212 ^{NKG2A}	-3.3 ± 2.9	Glu154	Arg157 ^{HLA-E}	-3.1 ± 0.7
Gln72	Phe114 ^{CD94}	-2.9 ± 0.4	<i>Peptide</i>		
<i>Peptide</i>			Thr ^{P6}	Gln112 ^{CD94}	-4.0 ± 0.4
Thr ^{P6}	Gln112 ^{CD94}	-3.9 ± 0.4	Arg ^{P5}	Glu152 ^{HLA}	-3.4 ± 1.4
Phe ^{P8}	Gln112 ^{CD94}	-3.1 ± 0.5	<i>NKG2A</i>		
			Lys217	Asp200 ^{NKG2A}	-4.0 ± 0.9
COM⁺_{B7} ΔG_b -37.7 ± 13.2 [kcal/mol]					
Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total			
<i>HLA-E</i>					
Asp69	Arg171 ^{CD94}	-20.2 ± 1.9			
Arg75	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-18.2 ± 2.7			
Arg68	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-10.9 ± 3.2			
Arg157	Asp200 ^{NKG2A}	-10.8 ± 9.4			
Arg65	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-10.8 ± 5.2			
Asp162	Lys199 ^{NKG2A}	-8.6 ± 5.0			
Asp162	Arg215 ^{NKG2A}	-7.1 ± 4.0			
Arg68	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-5.9 ± 4.6			
Asp69	Arg65 ^{HLA-E}	-5.6 ± 1.0			
Glu154	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-5.4 ± 4.8			
Asp149	Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-4.3 ± 4.5			
Gln72	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-3.9 ± 2.7			
Arg75	Thr146 ^{CD94}	-2.9 ± 2.0			
<i>Peptide</i>					
Arg ^{P5}	Glu152 ^{HLA-E}	-3.2 ± 1.2			
Thr ^{P6}	Gln112 ^{CD94}	-2.9 ± 1.0			

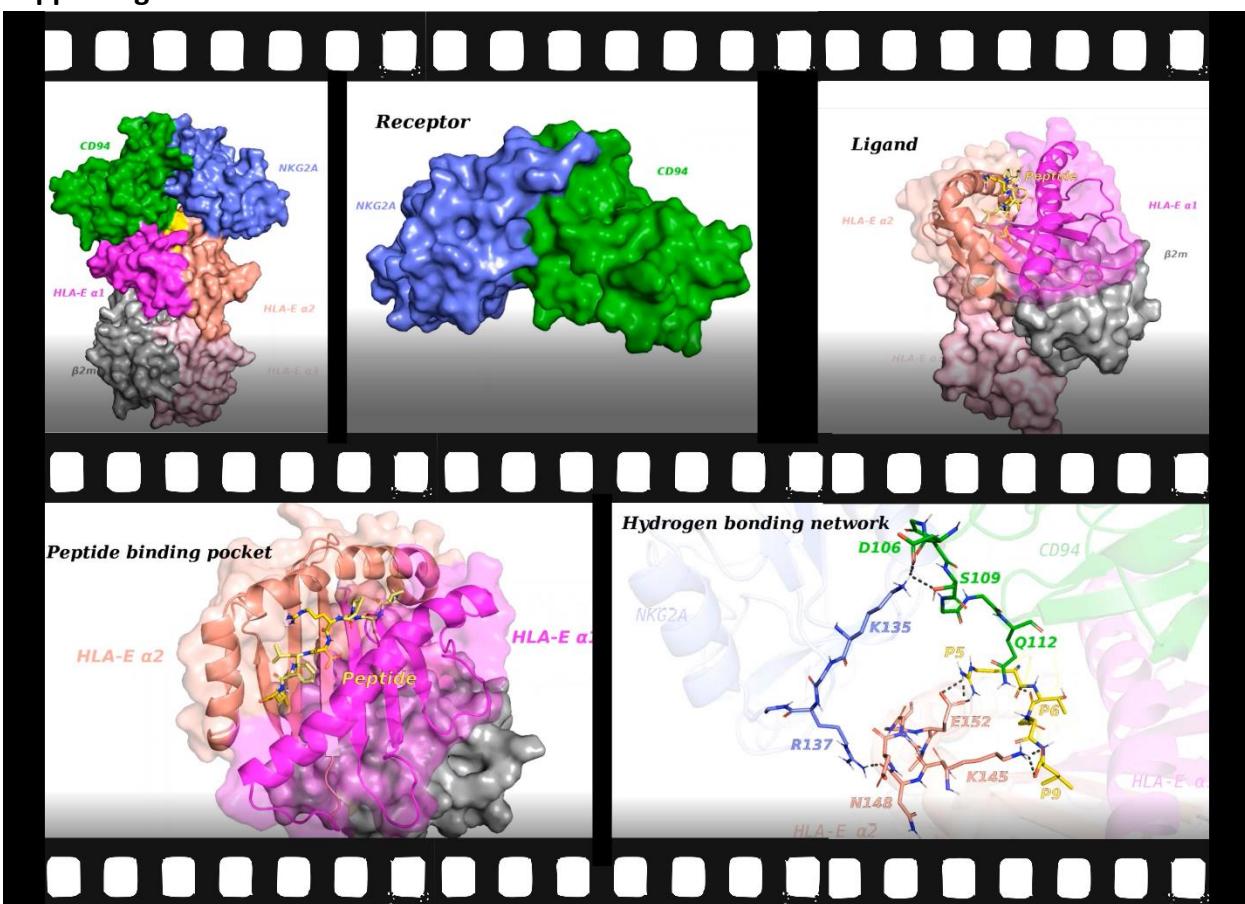
Table S7. Molecular mechanics-generalized born surface area (MM-GBSA) binding free energies (ΔG_b) receptor (NKG2A/CD94) and ligand (HLA-E/ β 2m/peptide) and its pair-wise decomposition (kcal/mol) calculated over time interval between 600 and 900 ns of the MD trajectory in the production run for **COM⁻Hsp60sp**, and **COM⁻B7_R5V** between HLA-E/ β 2m/peptide and NKG2A/CD94. In the table are gathered top 15 interactions.

COM ⁻ Hsp60sp ΔG_b -25.9 ± 12.9 [kcal/mol]			COM ⁻ B7_R5V ΔG_b -43.7 ± 13.9 [kcal/mol]					
Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total	Res 1	Res 2	ΔG_b total			
<i>HLA-E</i>								
Arg79	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-16.4 ± 2.6	Asp69	Arg171 ^{CD94}	-19.6 ± 2.2			
Asp69	Arg171 ^{CD94}	-16.4 ± 1.4	Asp162	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-16.0 ± 3.9			
Arg75	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-12.8 ± 6.0	Glu154	Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-11.8 ± 6.4			
Gln72	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-6.6 ± 2.1	Asp162	Lys199 ^{NKG2A}	-11.2 ± 3.9			
Arg75	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-5.9 ± 5.6	Arg75	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-10.0 ± 6.1			
Asp162	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-5.9 ± 3.7	Arg68	Gln79 ^{CD94}	-7.5 ± 1.3			
Arg68	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-4.8 ± 4.9	Arg75	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-7.4 ± 5.6			
Arg68	Gln79 ^{CD94}	-3.8 ± 3.3	Glu166	Arg215 ^{NKG2A}	-7.2 ± 6.4			
Asp69	Gln113 ^{CD94}	-3.2 ± 1.7	Gln72	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-6.6 ± 2.3			
Glu152	Gln112 ^{CD94}	-3.1 ± 2.7	Glu154	Arg131 ^{HLA-E}	-6.3 ± 2.1			
Arg68	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-2.7 ± 5.2	Asp69	Arg68 ^{HLA-E}	-6.2 ± 0.8			
Gln72	Asn170 ^{CD94}	-2.6 ± 0.5	Asp162	Gln212 ^{NKG2A}	-5.8 ± 1.3			
Ser151	Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-2.6 ± 1.4	Arg131	Ser223 ^{NKG2A}	-4.7 ± 1.3			
<i>Peptide</i>								
<i>NKG2A</i>								
Asp200	Arg215 ^{NKG2A}	-2.9 ± 1.4	Thr ^{P6}	Gln112 ^{CD94}	-3.6 ± 0.5			
Asp200	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-2.7 ± 1.4	<i>NKG2A</i>					
			Asp200	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-2.7 ± 1.4			

Table S8. Molecular mechanics-generalized born surface area (MM-GBSA) binding free energies (ΔG_b) between receptor (NKG2A/CD94) and ligand (HLA-E/ β 2m/peptide) and its per-residue decomposition (kcal/mol) calculated over time interval between 600 and 900 ns of the MD trajectory in the production run for **COM⁺_G**, ^{allele}**COM⁺_G**, **COM⁺_{B7}**, **COM⁻_{Hsp60sp}**, and **COM⁻_{B7_R5V}**. In the table are gathered first 10 ligand and receptor residues with the most favorable binding free energies.

COM⁺_G ΔG_b -38.9 ± 11.5 [kcal/mol]		^{allele} COM⁺_G ΔG_b -41.7 ± 11.0 [kcal/mol]		COM⁺_{B7} ΔG_b -37.7 ± 13.2 [kcal/mol]	
Residue	ΔG_b total	Residue	ΔG_b total	Residue	ΔG_b total
Asp162 ^{HLA-E}	-7.8 ± 5.1	Asp69 ^{HLA-E}	-12.0 ± 2.3	Asp69 ^{HLA-E}	-12.0 ± 2.0
Asp69 ^{HLA-E}	-5.1 ± 1.1	Asp162 ^{HLA-E}	-5.4 ± 3.3	Arg75 ^{HLA-E}	-5.8 ± 2.1
Arg68 ^{HLA-E}	-4.6 ± 2.0	Arg75 ^{HLA-E}	-4.0 ± 1.9	Asp162 ^{HLA-E}	-4.0 ± 3.1
Gln72 ^{HLA-E}	-3.7 ± 1.9	Ala158 ^{HLA-E}	-2.9 ± 1.2	Arg68 ^{HLA-E}	-3.0 ± 3.7
Arg75 ^{HLA-E}	-3.5 ± 1.8	Glu152 ^{HLA-E}	-1.8 ± 1.4	Glu154 ^{HLA-E}	-2.3 ± 2.3
Arg65 ^{HLA-E}	-3.0 ± 2.1	Glu154 ^{HLA-E}	-1.7 ± 1.5	Ile73 ^{HLA-E}	-2.0 ± 0.5
His155 ^{HLA-E}	-2.3 ± 0.8	Gln72 ^{HLA-E}	-1.4 ± 1.6	Arg62 ^{HLA-E}	-1.9 ± 3.0
Asn148 ^{HLA-E}	-1.7 ± 1.0	Ile73 ^{HLA-E}	-1.3 ± 0.4	Glu152 ^{HLA-E}	-1.8 ± 1.2
Phe ^{P8}	-5.5 ± 1.0	Phe ^{P8}	-4.6 ± 1.0	Gln72 ^{HLA-E}	-1.5 ± 2.2
Thr ^{P6}	-2.3 ± 0.5	Thr ^{P6}	-2.4 ± 0.5	His155 ^{HLA-E}	-1.4 ± 1.0
Arg171 ^{CD94}	-5.3 ± 0.8	Phe114 ^{CD94}	-5.9 ± 0.7	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-6.1 ± 1.9
Phe114 ^{CD94}	-4.6 ± 0.5	Asp163 ^{CD94}	-5.2 ± 1.4	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-5.8 ± 2.8
Asp163 ^{CD94}	-4.4 ± 1.7	Gln79 ^{CD94}	-2.9 ± 1.2	Phe114 ^{CD94}	-4.4 ± 0.7
Glu164 ^{CD94}	-2.6 ± 3.9	Asp168 ^{CD94}	-1.9 ± 2.3	Leu162 ^{CD94}	-2.0 ± 0.6
Leu162 ^{CD94}	-2.1 ± 0.5	Ser110 ^{CD94}	-1.7 ± 1.2	Thr146 ^{CD94}	-1.8 ± 1.5
Pro171 ^{NKG2A}	-1.8 ± 0.4	Leu162 ^{CD94}	-1.7 ± 0.7	Arg171 ^{CD94}	-1.8 ± 1.6
Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-1.6 ± 1.3	Lys217 ^{NKG2A}	-8.2 ± 3.4	Ser110 ^{CD94}	-1.0 ± 1.7
Ile226 ^{NKG2A}	-1.6 ± 0.3	Pro171 ^{NKG2A}	-2.4 ± 0.5	Asp200 ^{NKG2A}	-3.8 ± 4.6
Gln212 ^{NKG2A}	-1.4 ± 1.6	Ile225 ^{NKG2A}	-2.0 ± 0.4	Pro171 ^{NKG2A}	-2.2 ± 0.5
Ser172 ^{NKG2A}	-1.4 ± 0.7	Ile226 ^{NKG2A}	-2.0 ± 0.3	Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-1.6 ± 2.4
COM⁻_{Hsp60sp} ΔG_b -25.9 ± 12.9 [kcal/mol]		COM⁻_{B7_R5V} ΔG_b -43.7 ± 13.9 [kcal/mol]			
Residue	ΔG_b total	Residue	ΔG_b total		
Asp69 ^{HLA-E}	-5.7 ± 1.3	Asp69 ^{HLA-E}	-12.3 ± 2.3		
Arg79 ^{HLA-E}	-4.4 ± 1.3	Glu154 ^{HLA-E}	-9.3 ± 3.9		
Gln72 ^{HLA-E}	-3.6 ± 1.3	Asp162 ^{HLA-E}	-8.1 ± 2.7		
Arg65 ^{HLA-E}	-2.9 ± 2.8	Gln72 ^{HLA-E}	-3.7 ± 1.8		
Arg75 ^{HLA-E}	-2.5 ± 2.0	Arg75 ^{HLA-E}	-3.5 ± 1.7		
Glu166 ^{HLA-E}	-2.0 ± 1.9	His155 ^{HLA-E}	-2.1 ± 0.6		
Asp162 ^{HLA-E}	-1.8 ± 1.6	Ile73 ^{HLA-E}	-1.8 ± 0.4		
Arg68 ^{HLA-E}	-1.7 ± 3.2	Glu166 ^{HLA-E}	-1.7 ± 2.4		
Val76 ^{HLA-E}	-1.6 ± 0.5	Thr ^{P6}	-2.3 ± 0.5		
Ile73 ^{HLA-E}	-1.6 ± 0.5	Leu ^{P8}	-2.2 ± 0.4		
Asp163 ^{CD94}	-8.4 ± 4.0	Phe114 ^{CD94}	-5.2 ± 0.6		
Glu164 ^{CD94}	-6.2 ± 3.2	Glu164 ^{CD94}	-4.0 ± 2.9		
Arg171 ^{CD94}	-4.8 ± 0.8	Gln79 ^{CD94}	-3.6 ± 1.3		
Phe114 ^{CD94}	-4.4 ± 0.7	Asp63 ^{CD94}	-3.3 ± 4.4		
Thr146 ^{CD94}	-2.8 ± 1.3	Leu162 ^{CD94}	-2.5 ± 0.8		
Leu162 ^{CD94}	-1.9 ± 0.8	Ser223 ^{NKG2A}	-3.1 ± 1.3		
Asp200 ^{NKG2A}	-2.1 ± 2.3	Ile225 ^{NKG2A}	-2.1 ± 0.6		
Pro171 ^{NKG2A}	-1.6 ± 0.5	Ile226 ^{NKG2A}	-2.1 ± 0.5		
Ile226 ^{NKG2A}	-1.5 ± 0.6	Arg215 ^{NKG2A}	-2.1 ± 3.2		
Ile225 ^{NKG2A}	-1.2 ± 0.6	Arg137 ^{NKG2A}	-1.9 ± 2.1		

Supporting Movies



Movie S1. The presentation of the immune complex HLA-E/β2m/peptide/NKG2A/CD94, receptor and ligand part, placement of the nonameric peptide between HLA-E α 1 and 2 domains, and identified key signaling networks.