SUPPORTING INFORMATION

"Guanine Tautomerism in Ionic Complexes with Ag⁺ Investigated by IRMPD Spectroscopy and Mass Spectrometry"

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Table SI 1. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GKA(1,7)Ag-H₂O]⁺ and [GKA(1,9)Ag-H₂O]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas phase				PCM (w	ater)
Structure	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)	
[GKA(1,9)N7Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	0	0	1	0	0	1
[GKA(1,7)N9Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	4.3	4.0	1x10 ⁻³	0.2	0.3	0.6
[GKA(1,7)N3Ag—H ₂ O] ⁺	8.3	7.9	2x10 ⁻⁶	2.6	2.4	2x10 ⁻²
[GKA(1,7)OAg-H ₂ O] ⁺	19.9	18.9	2x10 ⁻¹⁴	9.5	8.6	5x10 ⁻⁷
[GKA(1,9)N3Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	23.5	23.3	8x10 ⁻¹⁸	4.1	3.9	1x10 ⁻³

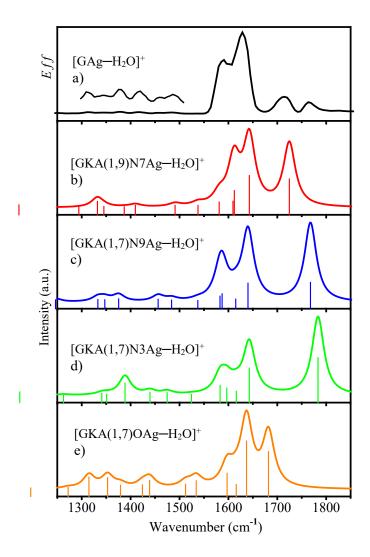
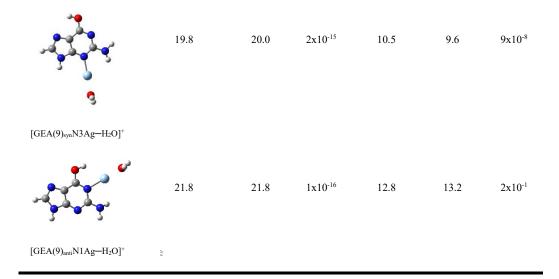


Figure SI 1. a) Experimental IRMPD spectrum of $[GAg-H_2O]^+$ complex recorded in the spectral range 1250—1850 cm⁻¹ and calculated spectra of the four lowest energy isomers calculated at the B3LYP/6-311G++(d,p) and SDD level for Ag^+ : b) $[GKA(1,9)N7Ag-H_2O]^+$, c) $[GKA(1,7)N9Ag-H_2O]^+$, d) $[GKA(1,7)N3Ag-H_2O]^+$ and e) $[GKA(1,7)OAg-H_2O]^+$. The vibrational frequencies were corrected with a factor of 0.983.

Table SI 2. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GEA(9)Ag-H₂O]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

		Gas phas	e		PCM (w	ater)
Structure	EE+ZPE (kcal/mol)	ΔG° _{298K}	R.P.	EE+ZPE (kcal/mol)	ΔG° _{298K} (kcal/mol)	R.P.
[GEA(9)antiN7Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	7.0	6.7	1x10 ⁻⁵	7.3	6.9	9x10 ⁻⁵
[GEA(9) _{syn} N1Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	11.8	12.4	8x10 ⁻¹⁰	11.1	11.4	4x10 ⁻⁹
[GEA(9) _{syn} N7Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	18.2	17.9	8x10 ⁻¹⁴	10.4	10.4	2x10 ⁻¹
	19.3	19.5	5x10 ⁻¹⁵	9.5	9.9	6x10 ⁻⁸
$[GEA(9)_{anti}N3Ag-H_2O]^+$						



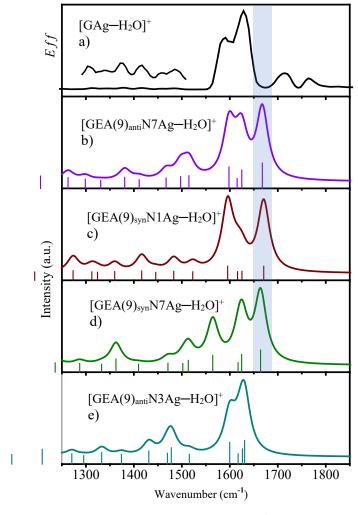


Figure SI 2. a) Experimental IRMPD spectrum of $[GAg-H_2O]^+$ complex recorded in the spectral range 1250–1850 cm⁻¹ and calculated spectra of the four lowest energy isomers calculated at the B3LYP/6-311G++(d,p) and SDD level for Ag^+ : b) $[GEA(9)_{anti}N7Ag-H_2O]^+$, c) $[GEA(9)_{syn}N1Ag-H_2O]^+$, d) $[GEA(9)_{syn}N7Ag-H_2O]^+$ and e) $[GEA(9)_{anti}N3Ag-H_2O]^+$. The vibrational frequencies were corrected with a factor of 0.983. The vertical bar indicates the diagnostic bands of the three most stable isomers of $[GEA(9)Ag-H_2O]^+$, which are absent in the IRMPD spectrum.

Table SI 3. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GEA(7)Ag-H₂O]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas phase				PCM (w	ater)
Structure	EE+ZPE	$\Delta \mathrm{G}^{\circ}_{298\mathrm{K}}$	R.P.	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)	
[GEA(7)antiN9Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	7.3	8.2	1x10 ⁻⁶	8.3	8.3	8x10 ⁻⁷
[GEA(7) _{anti} N3Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	8.0	7.8	2x10 ⁻⁶	9.2	9.2	2x10 ⁻⁷
[GEA(7) _{8yn} N3Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	16.1	15.4	5x10 ⁻¹²	12.4	12.5	7x10 ⁻¹⁰
[GEA(7) _{syn} N9Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	16.3	16.9	4x10 ⁻¹³	11.5	11.8	2x10 ⁻⁹
[GEA(7) _{syn} N1Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	23.3	23.1	1x10 ⁻¹⁷	15.2	15.2	7x10 ⁻¹²



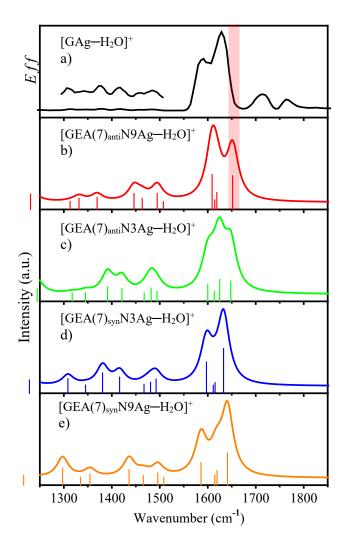


Figure SI 3. a) Experimental IRMPD spectrum of [GAg—H₂O]⁺ complex recorded in the spectral range 1250—1850 cm⁻¹ and calculated spectra of the four lowest energy isomers calculated at the B3LYP/6-311G++(d,p) and SDD level for Ag⁺: b) [GEA(7)_{anti}N9Ag—H₂O]⁺, c) [GEA(7)_{anti}N3Ag—H₂O]⁺, d) [GEA(7)_{syn}N3Ag—H₂O]⁺ and e) [GEA(7)_{syn}N9Ag—H₂O]⁺. The vibrational frequencies were corrected with a factor of 0.983. The vertical bar indicates the diagnostic band of the most stable isomer of [GEA(7)Ag—H₂O]⁺, which is absent in the IRMPD spectrum.

Table SI 4. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GKA(3,7)Ag-H₂O]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas phase				PCM (water)	
Structure	EE+ZPE	$\Delta \mathrm{G}^{\circ}_{298\mathrm{K}}$	R.P.	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)	
[GKA(3,7)O/N1Ag-H ₂ O]	8.8	7.0	7x10 ⁻⁶	8.8	7.4	4x10 ⁻⁶
[GKA(3,7)N1Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	9.4	8.4	7x10 ⁻⁷	5.4	4.8	3x10 ⁻⁴
[GKA(3,7)N9Ag−H ₂ O] ⁺	24.2	23.7	4x10 ⁻¹⁸	6.8	6.1	3x10 ⁻⁵

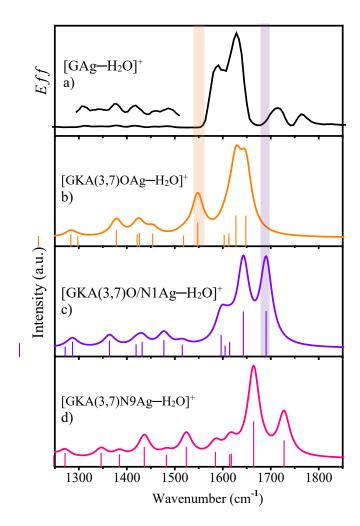


Figure SI 4. a) Experimental IRMPD spectrum of [GAg—H₂O]⁺ complex recorded in the spectral range 1250—1850 cm⁻¹ and calculated spectra of the four lowest energy isomers calculated at the B3LYP/6-311G++(d,p) and SDD level for Ag⁺: b) [GKA(3,7)OAg—H₂O]⁺, c) [GKA(3,7)O/N1Ag—H₂O]⁺ and d) [GKA(3,7)N9Ag—H₂O]⁺. The vibrational frequencies were corrected with a factor of 0.983. The vertical bars indicate the diagnostic bands of the two most stable isomers of [GKA(3,7)Ag—H₂O]⁺, which are absent in the IRMPD spectrum.

Table SI 5. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GKA(7,9)Ag-H₂O]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas phase				PCM (water)	
Structure	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)	
[GKA(7,9)N1Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	11.4	10.7	1x10 ⁻⁸	8.5	8.2	1x10 ⁻⁶
[GKA(7,9)OAg-H ₂ O] ⁺	13.4	12.1	1x10 ⁻⁹	12.9	12.7	5x10 ⁻¹⁰
[GKA(7,9)N3Ag−H ₂ O] ⁺	33.0	32.8	9.x10 ⁻²⁵	13.0	12.5	7x10 ⁻¹⁰

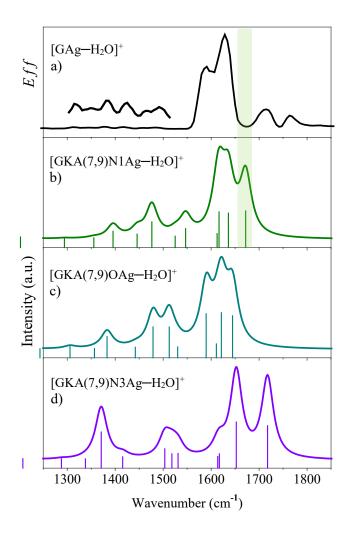


Figure SI 5. a) Experimental IRMPD spectrum of $[GAg-H_2O]^+$ complex recorded in the spectral range 1250—1850 cm⁻¹ and calculated spectra of the four lowest energy isomers calculated at the B3LYP/6-311G++(d,p) and SDD level for Ag^+ : b) $[GKA(7,9)N71Ag-H_2O]^+$, c) $[GKA(7,9)OAg-H_2O]^+$ and d) $[GKA(7,9)N3Ag-H_2O]^+$. The vibrational frequencies were corrected with a factor of 0.983. The vertical bar indicates the diagnostic band of the most stable isomer of $[GKA(7,9)Ag-H_2O]^+$, which is absent in the IRMPD spectrum.

Table SI 6. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GKA(3,9)Ag-H₂O]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

		Gas phase	9		ater)	
Structure	EE+ZPE	$\Delta \mathrm{G}^{\circ}_{298\mathrm{K}}$	R.P.	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)	
[GKA(3,9)N7/OAg-H ₂ O]	15.6	14.8	2x10 ⁻¹¹	9.3	8.6	5x10 ⁻⁷
[GKA(3,9)N1Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	20.3	19.1	1x10 ⁻¹⁴	9.3	8.8	4x10 ⁻⁷

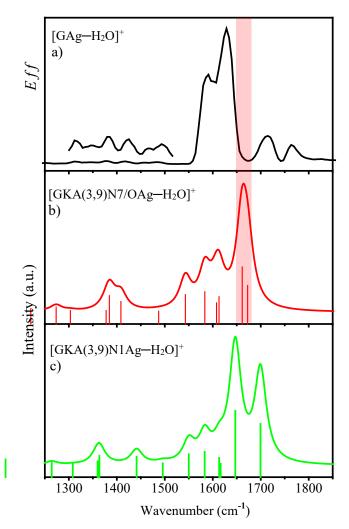


Figure SI 6. a) Experimental IRMPD spectrum of $[GAg-H_2O]^+$ complex recorded in the spectral range 1250—1850 cm⁻¹ and calculated spectra of the four lowest energy isomers calculated at the B3LYP/6-311G++(d,p) and SDD level for Ag^+ : b) $[GKA(3,9)N7/OAg-H_2O]^+$ and c) $[GKA(3,9)N1Ag-H_2O]^+$. The vibrational frequencies were corrected with a factor of 0.983. The vertical bar indicates the diagnostic band of the most stable isomer of $[GKA(3,9)Ag-H_2O]^+$, which is absent in the IRMPD spectrum.

Table SI 7. Relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the monohydrated isomers of [GKA(1,9)N7Ag]⁺. Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas pha	se
Structure	$\Delta G^{\circ}_{298\mathrm{K}}$	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	298 K
[GKA(1,9)N7Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	0	I
	8.6	5x10 ⁻⁷
[GKA(1,9)N7Ag—H ₂ O] ⁺ -1	9.7	7.8x10 ⁻⁸
[GKA(1,9)N7Ag—H ₂ O] ⁺ -2	10.1	4x10 ⁻⁸
[GKA(1,9)N7Ag—H ₂ O] ⁺ -3	12.3	9.6x10 ⁻¹⁰
[GKA(1,9)N7Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺ -4		

Table SI 8. Relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the monohydrated isomers of [GKA(1,7)N9Ag]⁺. Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas pha	se
Structure	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.
	(kcal/mol)	298 K
[GKA(1,7)N9Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺	0	1
[GKA(1,7)N9Ag—H ₂ O] ⁺ -1	9	2.5x10 ⁻⁷
	11.7	2.7x10 ⁻⁹
[GKA(1,7)N9Ag-H ₂ O] ⁺ -2	14.3	3.3x10 ⁻¹¹

Table SI 9. Relative energies including zero point energy corrections (EE+ZPE) and relative standard Gibbs energies calculated at 298K (ΔG°) for the isomers of [GAgG]⁺ complex and the correction of relative energies considering the effect of the solvent (PCM). Relative populations (R.P.) were calculated assuming a Boltzmann distribution at 298 K.

	Gas phase				PCM (water)		
Structure	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.	EE+ZPE	ΔG°_{298K}	R.P.	
	(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		(kcal/mol)	(kcal/mol)		
	0	0	1	0	0	1	
[GKA(1,9)N7-Ag-N7GKA(1,9)] ⁺							
	2.2	2.7	1x10 ⁻²	0.5	2.2	2x10 ⁻²	
[GKA(1,9)N7-Ag-N3GKA(1,7)] ⁺							
	2.9	2.8	9x10 ⁻³	0.5	1.2	0.1	
[GKA(1,9)N7-Ag-N9GKA(1,7)] ⁺							
	5.2	5.0	2x10 ⁻⁴	7.7	8.2	1x10 ⁻⁶	
$[GEA(9)_{anti}N7\text{-}Ag\text{-}N7GKA(1,9)]^+$							
[GKA(1,7)N9-Ag-N9GKA(1,7)] ⁺	6.3	5.8	6x10 ⁻⁵	1.2	2.4	2x10 ⁻²	

