Supporting Information

Transparent Conductive Silk Film with a PEDOT-OH Nano Layer

as an Electroactive Cell Interface

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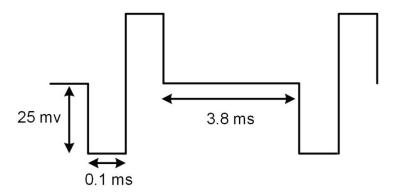


Figure S1. Illustration of the electric signal released on cells.

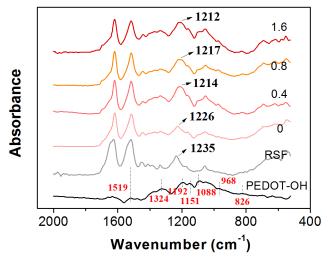


Figure S2. FTIR spectra of PEDOT-OH, pristine RSF and RSF/PEDOT-OH films with $n(\text{FeCl}_3)/n(\text{monomer}) = 0.1$ and gradient SDS dosage in FeCl₃ system.

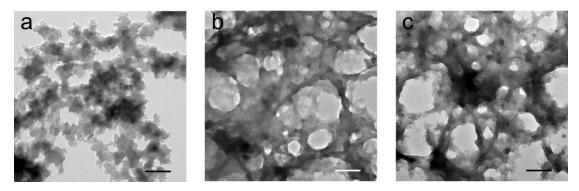


Figure S3. TEM images of PEDOT-OH polymerized in water in (a) single FeCl₃ system (b) single APS system (c) and composite oxidant system. Scale bar represents 500 nm.

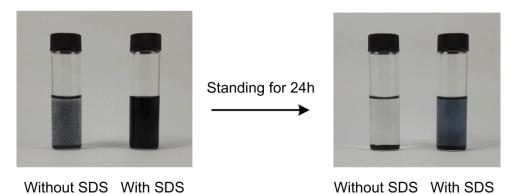


Figure S4. Photos of aqueous systems with or without SDS after polymerization in FeCl₃ system.

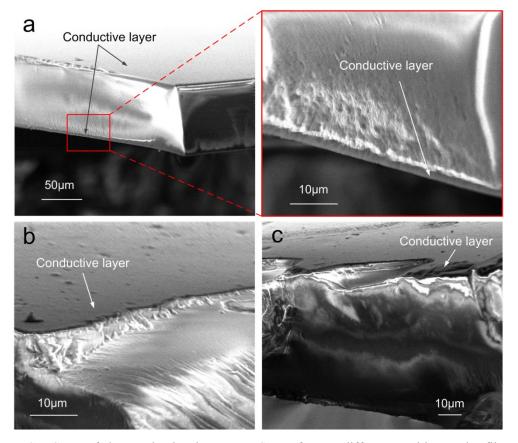


Figure S5. SEM of the conductive layer on RSF surface at different positions. The film was produced in composite oxidants system with $n(\text{FeCl}_3)/n(\text{monomer}) = 0.5$, n(APS)/n(monomer) = 1.

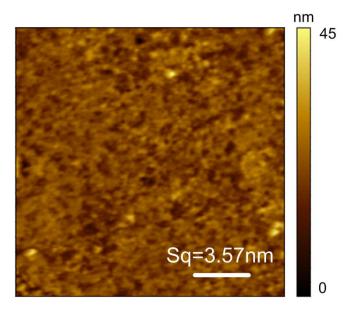


Figure S6. AFM image of the surface of the pristine RSF film. Scale bar: 1 μm.

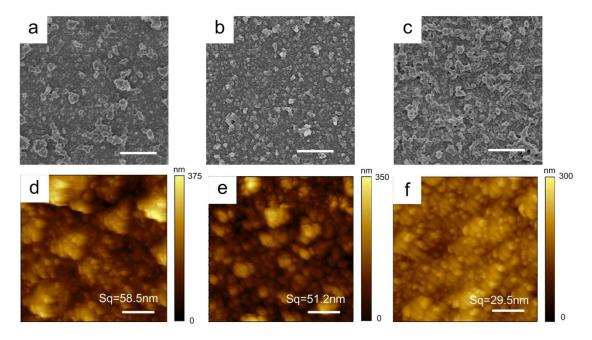


Figure S7. SEM and AFM images of the surface of RSF/PEDOT-OH films with (a) (d) n(SDS)/n(monomer) = 0.4, $n(FeCl_3)/n(monomer) = 0.5$, (b) (e) n(SDS)/n(monomer) = 0.4, $n(FeCl_3)/n(monomer) = 0.1$, (c) (f) n(SDS)/n(monomer) = 0.8, $n(FeCl_3)/n(monomer) = 0.1$. Scale bar: 1 μm .