

Supporting Information

An "umpolung relay" Strategy: One-pot, Twice Polarity

Inversion Cascade Synthesis of Diversified

[60]Fulleroindoles

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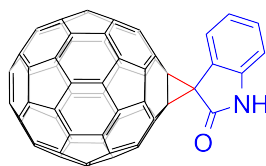
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1. Experimental Procedures and Spectral Data of 2a-5lj

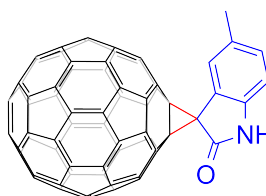
Synthesis of 2a



2a

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole (7.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μL, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (34 mg, 0.15 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (6.0 mg, 17%) and **2a** (15.1 mg, 35%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.37 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 169.25(1C, carbonyl C), 145.3, 144.9, 144.4, 144.35, 144.29, 144.27, 144.25(1C), 144.2, 144.0, 143.9, 143.81, 143.80, 143.7, 143.6(1C), 143.5, 143.4, 143.0, 142.7, 142.31, 142.28, 142.2, 142.1, 142.0, 141.5, 141.4(4C), 140.9, 140.5, 140.3, 140.0, 138.0(1C, aryl C), 128.8(1C, aryl C), 124.6(1C, aryl C), 122.9(1C, aryl C), 121.0(1C, aryl C), 110.1(1C, aryl C), 75.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 42.2(1C); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₈H₅NO 851.0371; found 851.0376.

Synthesis of 2b

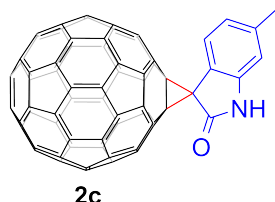


2b

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-methylindole (8 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μL, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60

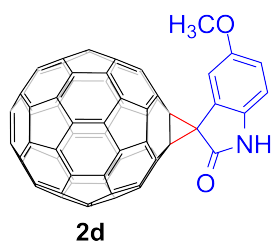
minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (7.1 mg, 20%) and **2b** (27.8 mg, 64%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.26 (s, N-H, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 169.3(1C, carbonyl C), 145.5, 144.9, 144.5, 144.38, 144.35, 144.3(4C), 144.2, 144.1, 143.9, 143.8, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6(1C), 143.5, 143.4, 143.0, 142.8, 142.4(1C), 142.32(1C), 142.27, 142.2, 142.1, 141.6, 141.49, 141.45, 141.0, 140.5, 140.4, 140.0, 139.9(1C), 138.0(1C, aryl C), 129.9(1C, aryl C), 129.3(1C, aryl C), 124.8(1C, aryl C), 123.6(1C, aryl C), 109.9(1C, aryl C), 75.1(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 42.2(1C), 21.1(1C, -CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₇NO 865.0528; found 865.0532.

Synthesis of 2c



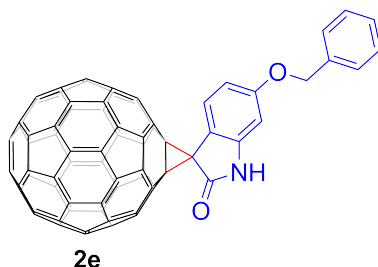
C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 6-methylindole (8 μL, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (45 μL, 0.5 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (3.3 mg, 9%) and **2c** (10.2 mg, 24%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.29 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 169.6(1C, carbonyl C), 145.6, 144.9, 144.5, 144.4, 144.33, 144.31, 144.30, 144.21, 144.17, 143.9, 143.8(4C), 143.73, 143.66(1C), 143.5, 143.4, 143.0, 142.8, 142.4(1C), 142.4(1C), 142.34(1C), 142.26, 142.2, 142.1, 141.5, 141.5, 141.4, 140.9, 140.5, 140.4, 140.1, 138.7 (1C, aryl C), 138.0(1C, aryl C), 122.7(1C, aryl C), 121.8(1C, aryl C), 121.6(1C, aryl C), 111.0(1C, aryl C), 75.1(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 42.3(1C), 21.3(1C, -CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₇NO 865.0528; found 865.0530.

Synthesis of 2d



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-methoxyindole (9 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μL, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (8.1 mg, 23%) and **2d** (21.1 mg, 48%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.17 (s, N-H, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 169.24(1C, carbonyl C), 154.3(1C, aryl C), 145.3, 144.9, 144.43, 144.39, 144.33, 144.30, 144.29(1C), 144.2, 144.0, 143.89, 143.86, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6(1C), 143.5, 143.4, 143.0, 142.8, 142.4 (1C), 142.32(1C), 142.27, 142.2, 142.0, 141.6, 141.5, 141.4, 140.9, 140.5, 140.4, 140.0, 137.9, 135.6(1C, aryl C), 125.7 (1C, aryl C), 112.7(1C, aryl C), 111.3(1C, aryl C), 110.1(1C, aryl C), 75.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 54.9(1C, -OCH₃), 42.3(1C); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₇NO₂ 881.0477; found 881.0481.

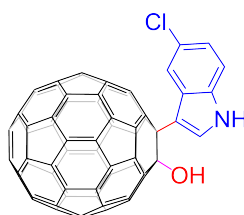
Synthesis of 2e



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 6-benzyloxyindole (14 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μL, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56

mg, 0.25 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (12.3 mg, 34%) and **2e** (23.1 mg, 48%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.31 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR(100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 169.8(1C, carbonyl C), 159.4(1C, aryl C), 145.7, 145.0(1C, aryl C), 144.5, 144.4, 144.32(4C), 144.27, 144.2(4C), 143.9, 143.8(4C), 143.7, 143.7(1C), 143.6(1C), 143.5, 143.4, 143.0, 142.8, 142.33(1C), 142.32(1C), 142.2, 142.1, 142.0, 141.4(4C), 141.4, 140.9, 140.5, 140.4, 140.1, 137.9, 136.1(1C, aryl C), 127.8(aryl C), 127.2(1C, aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 123.7(1C, aryl C), 116.8(1C, aryl C), 107.0(1C, aryl C), 97.9(1C, aryl C), 75.2(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 69.2(1C, -OCH₂-), 42.3(1C); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₅H₁₁O₂N 957.0790; found 957.0793.

Synthesis of **3f**

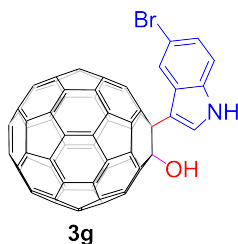


3f

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-chloroindole (9 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μL, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and H₂O (36 μL, 2 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (5 mg, 14%) and **3f** (17.9 mg, 41%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.42 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 7.83.-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR(100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 156.0, 153.8, 147.7(1C), 147.1(1C), 145.8, 145.7, 145.4(4C), 145.2(4C), 145.0(4C), 144.63, 144.62, 144.5, 144.20, 144.18, 142.3, 141.9, 141.82, 141.77, 141.62, 141.58, 141.4, 141.0, 140.6, 139.2, 138.7, 135.4, 134.9, 129.5(1C, aryl C), 126.4(1C, aryl C), 124.40(1C, aryl C), 124.36(1C, aryl C), 121.3(1C, aryl C), 119.9(1C, aryl C), 115.0(1C, aryl C), 112.5(1C, aryl C), 86.1(1C, *sp*³-C of C₆₀),

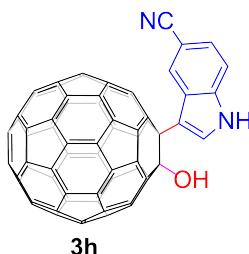
65.0(1C, sp^3 -C of C_{60}); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z $[M]^-$ calcd for $C_{68}H_6ClNO$ 887.0138; found 887.0142.

Synthesis of 3g



C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF_3SO_3H (180 μ L, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and H_2O (36 μ L, 2 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (13 mg, 36%) and **3g** (23.2 mg, 50%) as black amorphous solid. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CS_2/d_6 -DMSO) δ 11.43 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR(100 MHz, CS_2/d_6 -DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 156.0, 153.8, 147.8(1C), 147.1(1C), 145.8, 145.7, 145.4(4C), 145.2(4C), 145.0(4C), 144.64, 144.62, 144.5, 144.20, 144.18, 142.3, 141.9, 141.82, 141.77, 141.62, 141.59, 141.4, 141.0, 140.6, 139.2, 138.7, 135.4, 135.2, 134.7(1C, aryl C), 130.2(1C, aryl C), 126.3(1C, aryl C), 123.8(1C, aryl C), 122.9(1C, aryl C), 114.9(1C, aryl C), 113.0(1C, aryl C), 112.5(1C, aryl C), 86.1(1C, sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 65.0(1C, sp^3 -C of C_{60}); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z $[M]^-$ calcd for $C_{68}H_6BrNO$ 930.9633; found 930.9637.

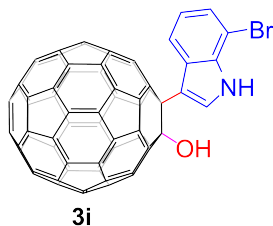
Synthesis of 3h



C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30

minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μ L, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and H₂O (36 μ L, 2 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane/ethyl acetate(6:2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (13.3 mg, 37%) and **3h** (16 mg, 36%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.81 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO)(all 2C unless indicated) δ 155.7, 147.7(1C), 147.1(1C), 145.8, 145.7, 145.4(4C), 145.2(4C), 144.9, 144.9(4C), 144.6(4C), 144.5, 144.18, 144.15, 142.2, 141.9, 141.84(4C), 141.76, 141.62, 141.56, 141.4, 141.1, 140.6, 139.2, 138.7, 138.2, 135.3(1C, aryl C), 128.3(1C, aryl C), 127.1(1C, aryl C), 126.1(1C, aryl C), 123.7(1C, aryl C), 119.8(-CN), 116.5(1C, aryl C), 112.6(1C, aryl C), 101.9(1C, aryl C), 86.2(1C, *sp*³-C of C₆₀), 64.8(1C, *sp*³-C of C₆₀); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₆N₂O 878.0480; found 878.0485.

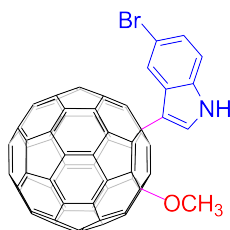
Synthesis of **3i**



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 7-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (180 μ L, 2 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and H₂O (36 μ L, 2 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (10 mg, 28%) and **3i** (27 mg, 58%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.38 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 2C unless indicated) δ 156.0, 153.9, 147.7(1C), 147.1(1C), 145.8, 145.7, 145.4(4C), 145.2(4C), 145.03, 145.00, 144.63, 144.61, 144.5, 144.20, 144.18, 142.3, 141.84, 141.82, 141.7, 141.61, 141.59, 141.3, 141.0, 140.6, 139.2, 138.7, 135.4, 134.8, 134.8(1C, aryl C), 130.2(1C, aryl C), 126.2(1C, aryl C),

123.7(1C, aryl C), 120.3(1C, aryl C), 120.0(1C, aryl C), 116.4(1C, aryl C), 104.5(1C, aryl C), 86.2(1C, sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 65.2(1C, sp^3 -C of C₆₀); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₈H₆BrNO 930.9633; found 930.9637.

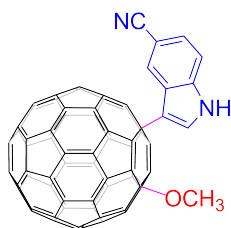
Synthesis of 5ga



5ga

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μ L, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μ L, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (2.1 mg, 6 %) and **5ga** (18.9 mg, 40 %) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.59 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 154.0, 152.0, 149.0, 148.2, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.4, 146.24(2C), 146.18(2C), 146.1, 145.9, 145.80, 145.77, 145.0(2C), 144.8, 144.20, 144.18, 143.9, 143.8(2C), 143.7, 143.6, 143.50, 143.47(4C), 143.4, 143.2, 143.0, 142.7, 142.63, 142.58, 142.56, 142.55, 142.4(2C), 142.18(2C), 142.16, 142.03, 142.00, 141.82, 141.80, 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.0, 139.6, 139.1, 138.8, 136.74, 136.67, 135.3(aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 121.8(aryl C), 113.8(aryl C), 113.4(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 80.5(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 55.4(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 54.0(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₈BrNO 944.9789; found 944.9794.

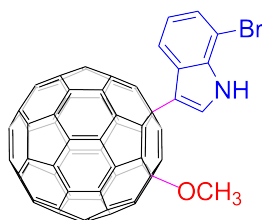
Synthesis of 5ha



5ha

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (10 mg, 28%) and **5ha** (26 mg, 58%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.99 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 153.8, 153.4, 151.4, 148.6, 147.9, 147.4, 146.8, 146.5, 146.2, 146.01, 145.96, 145.94, 145.89, 145.8, 145.7, 145.53, 145.50, 144.7(2C), 144.6, 144.0, 143.9, 143.6, 143.5, 143.4(2C), 143.3(2C), 143.23, 143.19(3C), 143.1, 143.0, 142.6, 142.5, 142.4, 142.3(3C), 142.14, 142.08, 142.0(2C), 141.9, 141.8, 141.7, 141.6, 141.5, 141.3, 141.2, 140.1, 139.8, 139.5, 138.8, 138.4, 138.0, 136.6, 136.5(aryl C), 126.5(aryl C), 124.6(aryl C), 124.5(aryl C), 123.8(aryl C), 119.0(-CN), 114.8(aryl C), 112.7(aryl C), 102.3(aryl C), 80.2(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 54.8(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 53.6(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₀H₈N₂O 892.0637; found 892.0639.

Synthesis of **5ia**

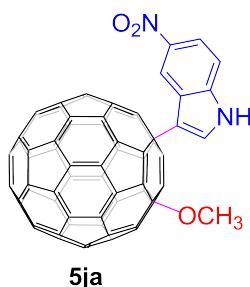


5ia

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 7-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed

from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μ L, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (8.4 mg, 23%) and **5ia** (17.7 mg, 37%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.55 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 153.8, 152.0, 149.2, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.4, 146.3, 146.23, 146.17, 146.14, 146.10, 145.9, 145.81, 145.75, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2(2C), 143.9, 143.80, 143.78, 143.7, 143.51, 143.50, 143.45(3C), 143.41, 143.38, 143.3, 143.1, 142.7, 142.63, 142.57, 142.55, 142.5, 142.40, 142.38, 142.21, 142.17(2C), 142.0(2C), 141.79, 141.75, 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.0, 139.7, 139.0, 138.7, 136.82, 136.75, 135.0(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 125.4(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 120.3(aryl C), 119.0(aryl C), 115.2(aryl C), 105.2(aryl C), 80.5(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 55.5(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 54.2(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₈BrNO 944.9789; found 944.9792.

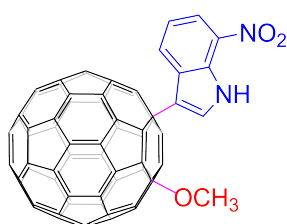
Synthesis of **5ja**



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-nitroindole (9.8 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μ L, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μ L, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (10.5 mg, 29%) and **5ja** (15.5 mg, 34%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 12.13 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.54 (s, 1H), 8.13 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.0, 153.4, 151.5, 148.9, 148.2,

147.7, 147.1, 146.8, 146.4, 146.3, 146.23, 146.20(2C), 146.1, 145.9, 145.81, 145.77, 145.0(2C), 144.8, 144.3, 144.2, 143.81, 143.78, 143.69, 143.67, 143.6, 143.53, 143.50, 143.5(2C), 143.4, 143.2, 142.9, 142.74, 142.65, 142.61, 142.58, 142.56, 142.42, 142.35, 142.3, 142.24, 142.18, 142.03, 141.95, 141.82, 141.81, 141.6, 141.5, 141.1(2C), 140.3, 140.04, 139.98, 139.7(2C), 139.1, 138.6(aryl C), 136.9(aryl C), 136.7(aryl C), 127.8(aryl C), 124.2(aryl C), 116.9(aryl C), 116.7(aryl C), 111.9(aryl C), 80.5(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 55.0(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 54.1(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₈N₂O₃ 912.0535; found 912.0538.

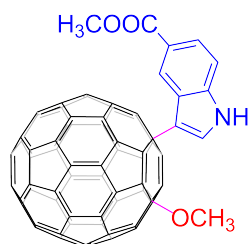
Synthesis of 5ka



5ka

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-nitroindole (9.8 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (11 mg, 31%) and **5ka** (16.4 mg, 36%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 12.32 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.94 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.0, 153.4, 151.5, 148.9, 148.2, 147.7, 147.1, 146.8, 146.4, 146.3, 146.20(2C), 146.16, 146.1, 145.9, 145.79, 145.76, 144.98, 144.96, 144.8, 144.3, 144.2, 143.81, 143.75, 143.71, 143.66, 143.49, 143.47(3C), 143.41(2C), 143.3, 143.2, 143.0, 142.72, 142.66, 142.6(2C), 142.5, 142.44, 142.38, 142.3, 142.2(2C), 141.96, 141.93, 141.81, 141.77, 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.0(2C), 139.0, 138.6, 136.9, 136.8, 132.8(aryl C), 129.4(aryl C), 129.2(aryl C), 127.9(aryl C), 127.5(aryl C), 118.7(aryl C), 118.5(aryl C), 115.7(aryl C), 80.5(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 54.8(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 54.1(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₈N₂O₃ 912.0535; found 912.0540.

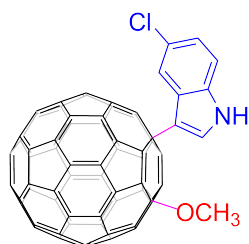
Synthesis of 5la



5la

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), methyl indole-5-carboxylate (10.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (34 mg, 0.15 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 120 °C for 30 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (4 mg, 11%) and **5la** (16.6 mg, 36%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.75 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 166.0(acyl C), 154.6, 154.0, 152.0, 149.1, 148.2, 147.6(2C), 147.1, 146.9, 146.4, 146.3, 146.24, 146.16(5C), 145.9, 145.84, 145.77, 144.9(3C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.0, 143.8(2C), 143.7, 143.6, 143.5(4C), 143.4, 143.2, 143.1, 142.7, 142.6, 142.58, 142.55, 142.4, 142.37, 142.2, 142.18, 142.17, 142.0, 141.8, 141.6, 141.5, 141.1, 140.3, 140.0 139.7, 139.2, 139.1, 138.8, 136.8, 136.7(aryl C), 125.7(aryl C), 124.6(aryl C), 122.8(aryl C), 122.5(aryl C), 121.2(aryl C), 115.6(aryl C), 111.4(aryl C), 80.5(sp³-C of C₆₀), 55.4(sp³-C of C₆₀), 54.1(-OCH₃), 50.7(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₁H₁₁NO₃ 925.0739; found 925.0743.

Synthesis of 5fa

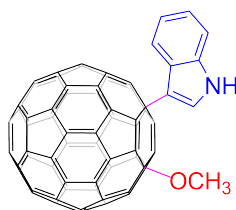


5fa

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-chloroindole (9 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred

in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (3 mg, 8%) and **5fa** (18.7 mg, 42%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.58 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.41 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 154.0, 152.0, 149.0, 148.2, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.4, 146.27, 146.25, 146.2(2C), 146.1, 145.9, 145.82, 145.77, 145.00(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.2, 144.0, 143.82, 143.80, 143.7, 143.6, 143.49(3C), 143.48(2C), 143.4, 143.2, 143.1, 142.7, 142.64, 142.58(3C), 142.4(2C), 142.2(3C), 142.04, 142.01, 141.82, 141.81, 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.0, 139.6, 139.1, 138.8, 136.8, 136.7, 135.1(aryl C), 126.1(aryl C), 125.7(aryl C), 124.9(aryl C), 121.7(aryl C), 118.8(aryl C), 113.8(aryl C), 113.0(aryl C), 80.5(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 55.4(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 54.0(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₈ClNO 901.0294; found 901.0298.

Synthesis of **5aa**

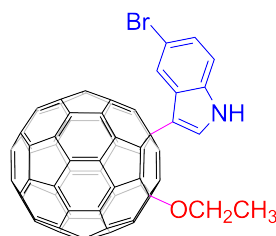


5aa

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole (7.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (5.5 mg, 15%) and **5aa** (14 mg, 32%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.36 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.34 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 155.0, 154.3, 152.5, 149.3, 148.1, 147.6, 147.2, 147.0, 146.4, 146.4, 146.22, 146.16, 146.1(2C), 145.9(2C), 145.7, 144.93, 144.92, 144.8, 144.22, 144.15, 144.0, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6, 143.53, 143.49, 143.48, 143.43, 143.40(2C), 143.3, 143.2, 142.7, 142.63, 142.56, 142.55, 142.5, 142.4, 142.3, 142.2(2C), 142.1, 142.03, 142.00, 141.79, 141.77,

141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 139.9, 139.5, 139.0, 138.9, 136.73, 136.66, 136.6(aryl C), 125.2(aryl C), 123.9(aryl C), 121.5(aryl C), 119.6(aryl C), 119.2(aryl C), 114.1(aryl C), 111.8(aryl C), 80.6(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 55.8(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 54.2(-OCH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₆₉H₉NO 867.0684; found 867.0686.

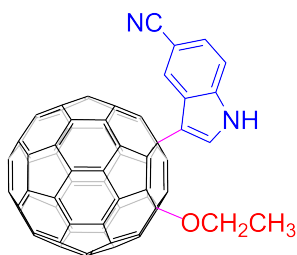
Synthesis of 5gb



5gb

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μ L, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃CH₂OH (58 μ L, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (1.1 mg, 3%) and **5gb** (27.4 mg, 57%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.59 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.53 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.60 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 153.7, 151.6, 149.6, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.5, 146.4, 146.3, 146.2, 146.17(2C), 145.9, 145.8, 145.75, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.17, 144.0, 143.8, 143.76, 143.7, 143.6, 143.5(5C), 143.4, 143.2, 143.0, 142.7, 142.6, 142.59(2C), 142.5, 142.4(2C), 142.2, 142.15(2C), 142.04, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.1, 139.92, 138.9, 138.7, 136.8, 136.7, 135.3(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 125.6(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 121.9(aryl C), 113.6(aryl C), 113.4(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 79.9(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 62.5(-OCH₂-), 55.3(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 15.7(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₀H₁₀BrNO 958.9946; found 958.9949.

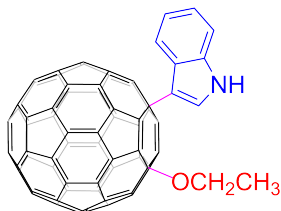
Synthesis of 5hb



5hb

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃CH₂OH (58 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (5.2 mg, 14%) and **5hb** (18.1 mg, 40%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 12.00 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.65 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.1, 153.4, 151.2, 149.4, 148.2, 147.7, 147.0, 146.8, 146.5, 146.4, 146.3, 146.24, 146.21, 146.2, 145.9, 145.8, 145.75, 145.0, 144.9, 144.8, 144.3, 144.2, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.7, 143.6, 143.5(2C), 143.47, 143.4(2C), 143.37, 143.2, 142.9, 142.7, 142.67, 142.62, 142.6, 142.5, 142.4, 142.3, 142.25, 142.2, 142.17, 142.1, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.2, 140.0, 139.0, 138.7, 138.2(2C), 136.8(aryl C), 136.7(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 124.8(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 119.2(-CN), 115.0(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 102.6(aryl C), 79.9(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 62.5(-OCH₂-), 55.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 15.6(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₁H₁₀N₂O 906.0793; found 906.0797.

Synthesis of 5ab

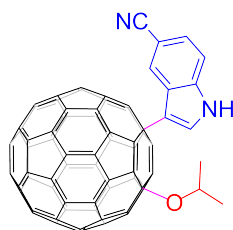


5ab

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole (7.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90

μL , 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ (58 μL , 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (4.5 mg, 13%) and **5ab** (13.8 mg, 31%) as black amorphous solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) δ 11.31 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.43 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.49 (qd, $J = 7.2, 3.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.58 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 155.0, 154.2, 152.1, 149.7, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 147.0, 146.54, 146.46, 146.4, 146.21, 146.17, 146.1, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.21, 144.16, 144.1, 143.9, 143.8, 143.64, 143.58, 143.48(2C), 143.46(2C), 143.41, 143.37, 143.3, 143.2, 142.7, 142.62, 142.61, 142.6, 142.5, 142.4, 142.3, 142.14(3C), 142.05(2C), 141.8, 141.75, 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 139.9, 139.86, 138.8(2C), 136.7, 136.67, 136.6(aryl C), 125.2(aryl C), 124.0(aryl C), 121.5(aryl C), 119.7(aryl C), 119.1(aryl C), 114.0(aryl C), 111.7(aryl C), 80.0($sp^3\text{-C}$ of C_{60}), 62.5($-\text{OCH}_2-$), 55.8($sp^3\text{-C}$ of C_{60}), 15.6($-\text{CH}_3$); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z $[\text{M}]^-$ calcd for $\text{C}_{70}\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}$ 881.0841; found 881.0845.

Synthesis of **5hc**

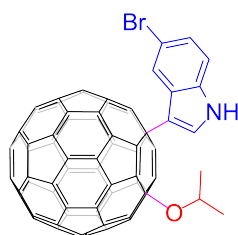


5hc

C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ (90 μL , 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and $\text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_3$ (76 μL , 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (6.7 mg, 19%) and **5hc** (13.9 mg, 30%) as black amorphous solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) δ 11.97 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.08 (m, 1H), 1.63 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.1,

153.2, 150.8, 149.8, 148.1, 147.7, 147.2, 146.9, 146.8, 146.5, 146.3, 146.2, 145.9, 145.8, 145.6, 145.0, 144.9, 144.8, 144.3, 144.2, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6, 143.59, 143.5, 143.45, 143.4(5C), 143.2, 143.0, 142.7(2C), 142.67(2C), 142.5, 142.4, 142.35, 142.3, 142.24, 142.2, 142.1, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.7, 140.3, 140.0, 138.8, 138.6, 138.2(2C), 136.9, 136.9(aryl C), 126.9(aryl C), 125.1(aryl C), 124.7(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 119.3(-CN), 114.9(aryl C), 112.8(aryl C), 102.5(aryl C), 79.2(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 69.6(-OCH-), 55.0(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 24.1(2C, -CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for $C_{72}H_{12}N_2O$ 920.0950; found 920.0955.

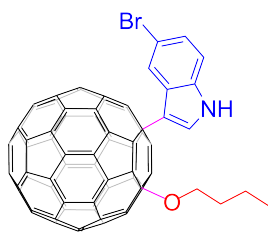
Synthesis of 5gc



5gc

C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μ L, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃CHOHCH₃ (76 μ L, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (3.5 mg, 10%) and **5gc** (18.6 mg, 38%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.58 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.08-5.03 (m, 1H), 1.59 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.3, 153.5, 151.1, 150.0, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.8, 146.4, 146.37, 146.2, 146.1(2C), 145.8, 145.7, 145.6, 144.9, 144.8, 144.76, 144.2, 144.1, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6, 143.5, 143.4(4C), 143.38, 143.3, 143.14, 143.1, 142.6(4C), 142.5, 142.34, 142.32, 142.14(3C), 142.06, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.5, 141.4, 140.5, 140.3, 139.9, 138.7, 138.6, 136.8(2C), 135.3(aryl C), 126.6(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 122.0(aryl C), 113.6(aryl C), 113.2(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 79.2(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 69.3(-OCH-), 55.3(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 24.1(2C, -CH₃).; HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for $C_{71}H_{12}BrNO$ 973.0102; found 973.0105.

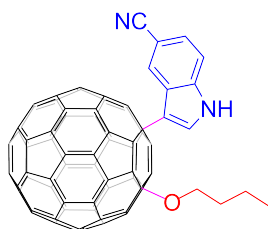
Synthesis of 5gd



5gd

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂OH (92 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (2.9 mg, 8%) and **5gd** (24.3 mg, 49%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.60 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 1.97-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.03 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.4, 153.8, 151.6, 149.6, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.6, 146.4, 146.3, 146.2, 146.2, 146.17, 145.9, 145.8, 145.76, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.18, 144.0, 143.8(2C), 143.7, 143.6, 143.5(2C), 143.46(3C), 143.4, 143.2, 143.1, 142.7, 142.6, 142.6, 142.59, 142.5, 142.4, 142.35, 142.2, 142.16(2C), 142.1, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.1, 140.0, 138.9, 138.7, 136.8, 136.76, 135.3(aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 125.6(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 121.9(aryl C), 113.58(aryl C), 113.37(aryl C), 112.90(aryl C), 79.98(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 66.66(-OCH₂-), 55.3(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 32.0(-CH₂-), 19.3(-CH₂-), 13.7(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₂H₁₄BrNO 987.0259; found 987.0263.

Synthesis of 5hd

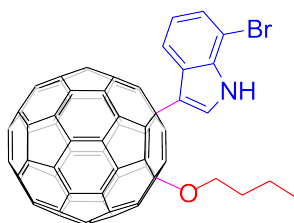


5hd

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30

minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂OH (92 µL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (6.4 mg, 18%) and **5hd** (16.5 mg, 35%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 12.02 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.97 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.04 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.0, 153.4, 151.2, 149.4, 148.1, 147.7, 147.0, 146.7, 146.5, 146.4, 146.2, 146.2, 146.17(2C), 145.9, 145.8(2C), 144.9, 144.91, 144.8, 144.2, 144.1, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7(2C), 143.5, 143.47(2C), 143.4(3C), 143.3, 143.2, 142.9, 142.7, 142.6, 142.58(2C), 142.5, 142.4, 142.3, 142.2, 142.17, 142.15, 142.0, 141.95, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.2, 140.0, 139.0, 138.6, 138.2, 136.8, 136.8(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 124.8(2C, aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 119.2(-CN), 114.9(aryl C), 112.8(aryl C), 102.6(aryl C), 79.9(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 66.6(-OCH₂-), 55.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 31.9(-CH₂-), 19.3(-CH₂-), 13.7(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [*M*]⁻ calcd for C₇₃H₁₄N₂O 934.1106; found 934.1109.

Synthesis of **5id**

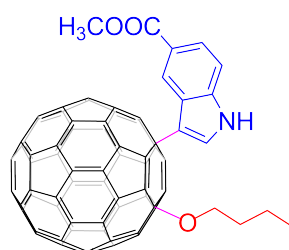


5id

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 7-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂OH (92 µL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (6.1 mg, 17%) and **5id** (21.3 mg, 43%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.51 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.43 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (td, *J* = 6.4, 2.4 Hz, 2H),

1.96-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.04 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.4, 153.7, 151.6, 149.6, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.5, 146.4, 146.38, 146.2, 146.16, 146.15, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.17, 144.0, 143.8, 143.7, 143.65, 143.5, 143.45(2C), 143.4(2C), 143.37(2C), 143.2, 143.1, 142.7, 142.6(2C), 142.5, 142.5, 142.4, 142.35, 142.2, 142.1(2C), 142.0(2C), 141.8, 141.7, 141.6, 141.4, 140.3, 140.2, 139.9, 138.9, 138.7, 136.8(2C), 135.0(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 120.2(aryl C), 119.1(aryl C), 115.1(aryl C), 105.1(aryl C), 80.0($sp^3\text{-C}$ of C_{60}), 66.6($-\text{OCH}_2-$), 55.5($sp^3\text{-C}$ of C_{60}), 32.0($-\text{CH}_2-$), 19.3($-\text{CH}_2-$), 13.7($-\text{CH}_3$); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z $[\text{M}]^-$ calcd for $\text{C}_{72}\text{H}_{14}\text{BrNO}$ 987.0259; found 987.0261.

Synthesis of 5ld

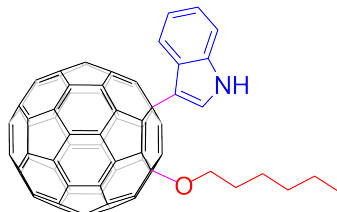


5ld

C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), methyl indole-5-carboxylate (10.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ (90 μL , 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (34 mg, 0.15 mmol) and $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ (92 μL , 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 120 °C for 30 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (7.5 mg, 21%) and **5ld** (19.5 mg, 40%) as black amorphous solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) δ 11.71 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, $J = 8.4, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.44-4.40 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 1.92-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.01 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 165.8(acyl C), 154.4, 153.7, 151.6, 149.6, 148.1(2C), 147.6, 147.0, 146.9, 146.5, 146.4, 146.38, 146.2, 146.15, 146.1, 145.8(2C), 145.7, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.15, 144.0, 143.8(3C), 143.6(2C), 143.5, 143.49, 143.45, 143.4(2C), 143.38(3C), 143.2, 143.1, 142.6, 142.60(2C), 142.2, 142.14, 142.1, 142.0(2C), 141.8(2C), 141.5, 141.4, 140.3, 140.2, 139.9, 139.1, 138.9, 138.7, 136.9, 136.8(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.6(aryl C), 122.7(aryl C), 122.5(aryl C), 121.1(aryl C), 115.4(aryl C), 111.3(aryl C), 80.0($sp^3\text{-C}$ of C_{60}), 66.6($-\text{OCH}_2-$), 55.3($sp^3\text{-C}$ of C_{60}), 50.6($-\text{CH}_3$), 31.9($-\text{CH}_2-$), 19.2($-\text{CH}_2-$),

13.6(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₄H₁₇NO₃ 967.1208; found 967.1213.

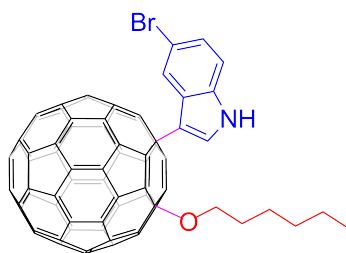
Synthesis of 5ae



5ae

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole (7.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (126 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (7.8 mg, 22%) and **5ae** (19 mg, 41%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.27 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.40 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (t, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42-4.38 (m, 2H), 1.95-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.53 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (t, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 4H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 155.0, 154.2, 152.0, 149.8, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 147.0, 146.6, 146.5, 146.4, 146.2, 146.15, 146.1, 145.8(2C), 145.7, 144.9(2C), 144.7, 144.2, 144.1, 144.0, 143.8, 143.79, 143.6, 143.56, 143.5(2C), 143.44(2C), 143.4, 143.3, 143.23, 143.2, 142.7, 142.6(2C), 142.54, 142.5, 142.4, 142.3, 142.1(3C), 142.0(2C), 141.8, 141.7, 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.0, 139.8, 138.8, 138.78, 136.7, 136.66, 136.6(aryl C), 125.1(aryl C), 123.9(aryl C), 121.5(aryl C), 119.7(aryl C), 119.1(aryl C), 114.0(aryl C), 111.7(aryl C), 80.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 67.0(-OCH₂-), 55.7(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 31.3(-CH₂-), 29.9(-CH₂-), 25.6(-CH₂-), 22.5(-CH₂-), 13.9(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₄H₁₉NO 937.1467; found 937.1471.

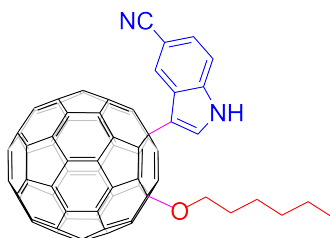
Synthesis of 5ge



5ge

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (126 μL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (3.2 mg, 9%) and **5ge** (24 mg, 47%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.59 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.98-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 4H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 153.7, 151.6, 149.6, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.6, 146.4, 146.29, 146.2, 146.18, 146.16, 145.9, 145.8, 145.75, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.19, 144.0, 143.8(2C), 143.7, 143.6, 143.5(2C), 143.46(2C), 143.4, 143.39, 143.2, 143.1, 142.7, 142.6, 142.61, 142.6, 142.5, 142.4, 142.35, 142.2, 142.16(2C), 142.1, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.1, 139.9, 138.9, 138.7, 136.8, 136.7, 135.3(aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 121.9(aryl C), 113.6(aryl C), 113.3(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 80.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 67.0(-OCH₂-), 55.3(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 31.3(-CH₂-), 30.0(-CH₂-), 25.6(-CH₂-), 22.5(-CH₂-), 13.9(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₄H₁₈BrNO 1015.0572; found 1015.0574.

Synthesis of 5he

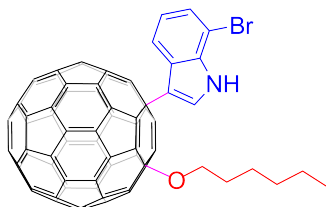


5he

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the

solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (126 µL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (8 mg, 22%) and **5he** (19.9 mg, 41%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.99 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.02-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.37 (m, 4H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.1, 153.4, 151.2, 149.4, 148.2, 147.7, 147.0, 146.8, 146.6, 146.4, 146.3, 146.22, 146.2, 146.18, 145.9, 145.8, 145.78, 145.0, 144.9, 144.8, 144.3, 144.2, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.68, 143.6, 143.51, 143.5, 143.4(3C), 143.38, 143.2, 142.9, 142.7, 142.66, 142.6(2C), 142.5, 142.4, 142.35, 142.3, 142.2, 142.18, 142.1, 142.0, 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.26, 140.0, 139.0, 138.7, 138.3(2C), 136.9(aryl C), 136.8(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 124.8(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 119.3(-CN), 114.9(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 102.6(aryl C), 79.9(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 67.0(-OCH₂-), 55.0(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 31.23(-CH₂-), 29.9(-CH₂-), 25.6(-CH₂-), 22.5(-CH₂-), 13.9(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₅H₁₈N₂O 962.1419; found 962.1424.

Synthesis of **5ie**

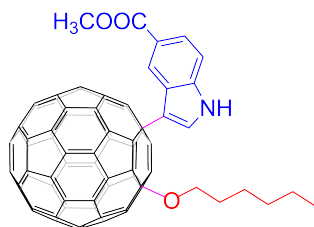


5ie

C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 7-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (126 µL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (7.1 mg, 20%) and **5ie** (29.4 mg, 58%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.49 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88

(d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.40 (td, $J = 6.8$, 2.8 Hz, 2H), 1.95-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.35 (m, 4H), 0.96 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 153.7, 151.6, 149.6, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.6, 146.4, 146.3, 146.2, 146.16, 146.1, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 144.9(2C), 144.8, 144.2, 144.17, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.65, 143.5, 143.44(3C), 143.4, 143.36(2C), 143.2, 143.1, 142.7, 142.6(2C), 142.52, 142.5, 142.4, 142.35, 142.2, 142.1(2C), 142.0(2C), 141.8, 141.7, 141.5, 141.4, 140.3, 140.16, 139.9, 138.8, 138.7, 136.8, 136.8, 135.0(aryl C), 126.8(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 120.2(aryl C), 119.1(aryl C), 115.1(aryl C), 105.1(aryl C), 80.0(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 67.0(- OCH_2 -), 55.4(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 31.3(- CH_2 -), 29.9(- CH_2 -), 25.6(- CH_2 -), 22.5(- CH_2 -), 13.9(- CH_3); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z $[\text{M}]^-$ calcd for $\text{C}_{74}\text{H}_{18}\text{BrNO}$ 1015.0572; found 1015.0576.

Synthesis of 5le

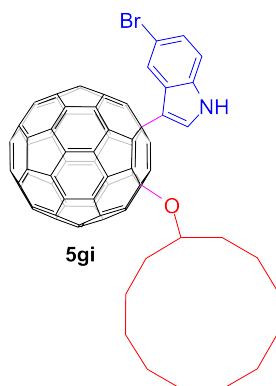


5le

C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), methyl indole-5-carboxylate (10.2 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ (90 μL , 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (34 mg, 0.15 mmol) and $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_5\text{OH}$ (126 μL , 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 120 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 30 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (5.1 mg, 14%) and **5le** (20 mg, 40%) as black amorphous solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) δ 11.75 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.42-4.38 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 1.91-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.50 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.35 (s, 4H), 0.95 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/d_6\text{-DMSO}$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 165.9(acyl C), 154.5, 153.7, 151.6, 149.7, 148.1, 147.6, 147.1, 146.9, 146.6, 146.4, 146.38, 146.2, 146.18, 146.1, 145.9(2C), 145.8, 144.9(2C), 144.8(2C), 144.2, 144.19(2C), 144.0, 143.8(2C), 143.7, 143.6, 143.5, 143.47(3C), 143.4(2C), 143.2, 143.1, 142.6(2C), 142.58, 142.5, 142.4, 142.36, 142.2, 142.17(2C), 142.0(2C), 141.8(2C), 141.6, 141.5, 140.3, 140.2, 140.0, 139.2, 138.9, 138.7, 136.8(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.6(aryl C), 122.7(aryl C), 122.5(aryl C), 121.1(aryl C), 115.4(aryl C), 111.4(aryl C), 80.0(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 67.0(- OCH_2 -), 55.3(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 50.7(- OCH_3), 32.7(- CH_2 -), 31.3(- CH_2 -),

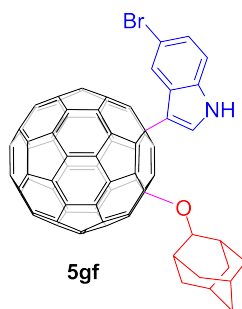
25.6(-CH₂-), 22.5(-CH₂-), 13.9(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₆H₂₁NO₃ 995.1521; found 995.1524.

Synthesis of **5gi**



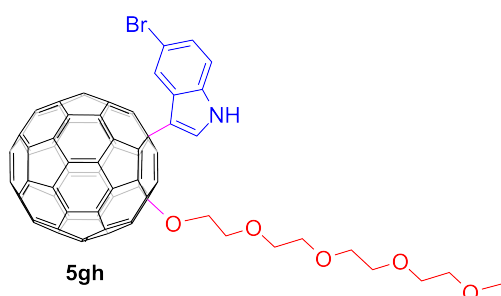
C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and cyclododecanol (184 mg, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (4.1mg, 11%) and **5gi** (30 mg, 55%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) δ 10.73 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 1.55-1.32 (m, 22H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.5, 153.4, 151.0, 150.2, 148.1, 147.6, 147.3, 147.0, 146.8, 146.4, 146.4, 146.2(3C), 145.9, 145.8, 145.6, 144.9, 144.8(2C), 144.2, 144.15, 144.0, 143.8, 143.76, 143.7, 143.6, 143.5, 143.44(2C), 143.4(2C), 143.3, 143.2, 143.15, 142.7(4C), 142.5, 142.4(2C), 142.2, 142.17(2C), 142.1, 142.0, 141.84, 141.8, 141.6, 141.4, 140.7, 140.3, 139.9, 138.7, 138.5, 136.7, 136.7, 135.3(aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 122.0(aryl C), 113.6(aryl C), 113.2(aryl C), 112.9(aryl C), 79.5(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 74.2(-OCH-), 55.3(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 31.2, 31.1, 29.7, 29.4, 23.9, 23.9, 23.5, 23.3, 23.2, 21.2, 21.1; HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₈₀H₂₈BrNO 1097.1354; found 1097.1356.

Synthesis of **5gf**



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and 2-adamantanol (152 mg, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (3.9 mg, 11%) and **5gf** (19.4 mg, 36%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) δ 11.70 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 2H), 1.97-1.87 (m, 6H), 1.67 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 1.55 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/d₆-DMSO) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 154.6, 153.7, 151.1, 150.4, 148.1, 147.6, 147.4, 147.0, 146.9, 146.4, 146.3, 146.2, 146.19, 146.1, 145.9, 145.8, 145.7, 144.9, 144.8(2C), 144.3, 144.2, 143.9(2C), 143.8, 143.7, 143.6, 143.54, 143.5, 143.47, 143.4(2C), 143.3, 143.2, 143.16, 142.8, 142.7, 142.6, 142.55, 142.5, 142.4, 142.38, 142.3, 142.2, 142.17, 142.1, 142.06, 141.83, 141.82, 141.6, 141.4, 140.9, 140.4, 139.9, 138.6, 138.4, 137.1, 136.8, 135.3(aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 125.3(aryl C), 124.29(aryl C), 121.8(aryl C), 113.8(aryl C), 113.4(aryl C), 113.0(aryl C), 79.5(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 78.9, 55.2(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 37.3, 36.3(2C), 34.1, 34.0, 31.4, 31.4, 27.37, 27.0; HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₈H₂₀BrNO 1065.0728; found 1065.0732.

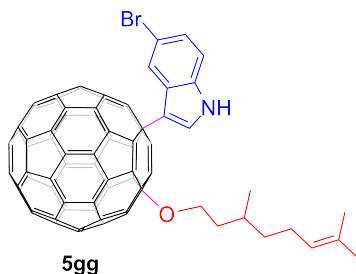
Synthesis of 5gh



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar

atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and methyl tetraglycol (210 µL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane/ethyl acetate(6:2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (4.5 mg, 13%) and **5gh** (18 mg, 32%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) δ 10.59 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 3.98 – 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.65 (m, 10H), 3.53 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 155.3, 154.8, 153.2, 150.0, 149.4, 148.9, 148.2, 147.9, 147.7, 147.65, 147.5, 147.42, 147.4, 147.12, 147.1, 147.0, 146.97, 146.2, 146.17, 146.0, 145.6, 145.3, 145.2, 145.1, 145.0, 144.9, 144.8, 144.76, 144.7, 144.69, 144.67(3C), 144.5, 144.3, 143.9, 143.89, 143.8(3C), 143.7, 143.6, 143.4, 143.3(2C), 143.29(2C), 143.0(2C), 142.8, 142.6, 141.5, 141.4, 140.7, 140.6, 140.1, 138.8, 137.9, 136.3(aryl C), 128.0(aryl C), 127.7(aryl C), 125.5(aryl C), 123.1(aryl C), 114.8(aryl C), 114.3(2C, aryl C), 81.1(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 72.4, 71.5, 71.3, 71.3, 71.1, 71.0(2C), 67.7, 59.0(-CH₃), 56.6(*sp*³-C of C₆₀); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₇₇H₂₄BrNO₅ 1121.0838; found 1121.0842.

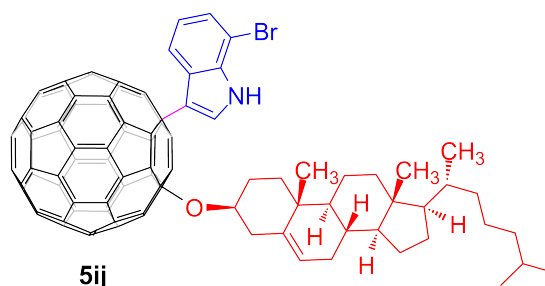
Synthesis of **5gg**



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and citronellol (182 mg, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (4.5 mg, 13%) and **5gg** (18.1 mg, 34%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) δ 10.61 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz,

1H), 7.29 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.46-4.39 (m, 2H), 1.98 – 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.72 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.39-1.35 (m, 1H), 1.27 (m, 2H), 0.93 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/\text{Acetone-}d_6$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 155.6, 154.8, 152.7, 150.9, 149.5, 149.0, 148.4, 148.2, 147.9, 147.87, 147.8, 147.6, 147.56, 147.5, 147.49, 147.2, 147.1(2C), 146.3, 146.2, 146.1, 145.6, 145.5, 145.3, 145.1, 145.07, 145.0, 144.9, 144.8(2C), 144.76(3C), 144.7, 144.5, 144.4, 144.0, 143.96(2C), 143.9, 143.85, 143.7(2C), 143.6, 143.5(2C), 143.34, 143.3, 143.1(2C), 142.9, 142.8, 141.7, 141.3, 140.2, 140.0, 138.2, 138.1, 136.5(aryl C), 131.1(alkene C), 128.1(aryl C), 126.3(aryl C), 126.0(aryl C), 125.9(alkene C), 123.4(aryl C), 115.8(aryl C), 114.5(aryl C), 114.1(aryl C), 81.3(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 66.6, 56.5(sp^3 -C of C_{60}), 38.0(2C), 30.6, 26.4(2C), 20.2(- CH_3), 18.3(- CH_3); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z $[\text{M}]^-$ calcd for $\text{C}_{78}\text{H}_{24}\text{BrNO}$ 1069.1041; found 1069.1045.

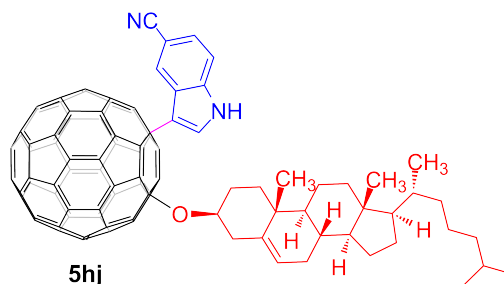
Synthesis of **5ij**



C_{60} (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 7-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ (90 μL , 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and cholesterol (386 mg, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C_{60} (4.8 mg, 13%) and **5ij** (25.4 mg, 39%) as black amorphous solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/\text{Acetone-}d_6$) δ 10.44 (s, N-H, 1H), 8.28 (dd, $J = 7.6, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.99 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.32-4.30 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.45 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.63 (m, 4H), 1.51-1.00 (m, 20H), 0.94 (s, 3H), 0.86 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.80 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H), 0.60 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{CS}_2/\text{Acetone-}d_6$) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 156.0, 155.0, 154.8, 152.4, 152.3, 151.7, 149.5, 149.1, 148.8, 148.5, 148.3, 147.8, 147.6(3C), 147.5, 147.3, 147.2, 147.1, 146.3, 146.2(2C), 145.7(2C), 145.2(3C), 144.9(3C), 144.8(3C), 144.6(2C), 144.1, 144.1, 144.0, 143.9(2C), 143.8(2C), 143.7(2C), 143.6, 143.6, 143.4, 143.2, 143.0, 142.8, 142.4, 142.3, 141.8, 141.3, 140.9(alkene C), 140.0, 139.7, 138.6, 138.1, 136.3(aryl C), 127.9(aryl C), 126.1(aryl C), 125.6(aryl C),

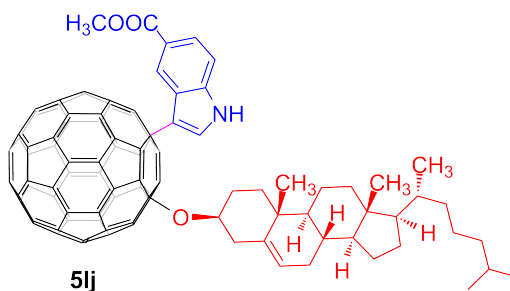
122.6(aryl C), 122.0(alkene C), 120.7(aryl C), 117.5(aryl C), 106.2(aryl C), 80.8(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 77.9, 57.8, 57.1, 56.6(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 50.6, 43.0, 42.0, 40.6, 40.4, 38.3, 37.1, 36.7, 32.8, 32.6, 31.7, 29.0(2C), 25.3, 24.9, 23.5, 23.3(2C, -CH₃), 21.9, 20.0(-CH₃), 19.5(-CH₃), 12.6(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₉₅H₅₀BrNO 1299.3076; found 1299.3080.

Synthesis of 5hj



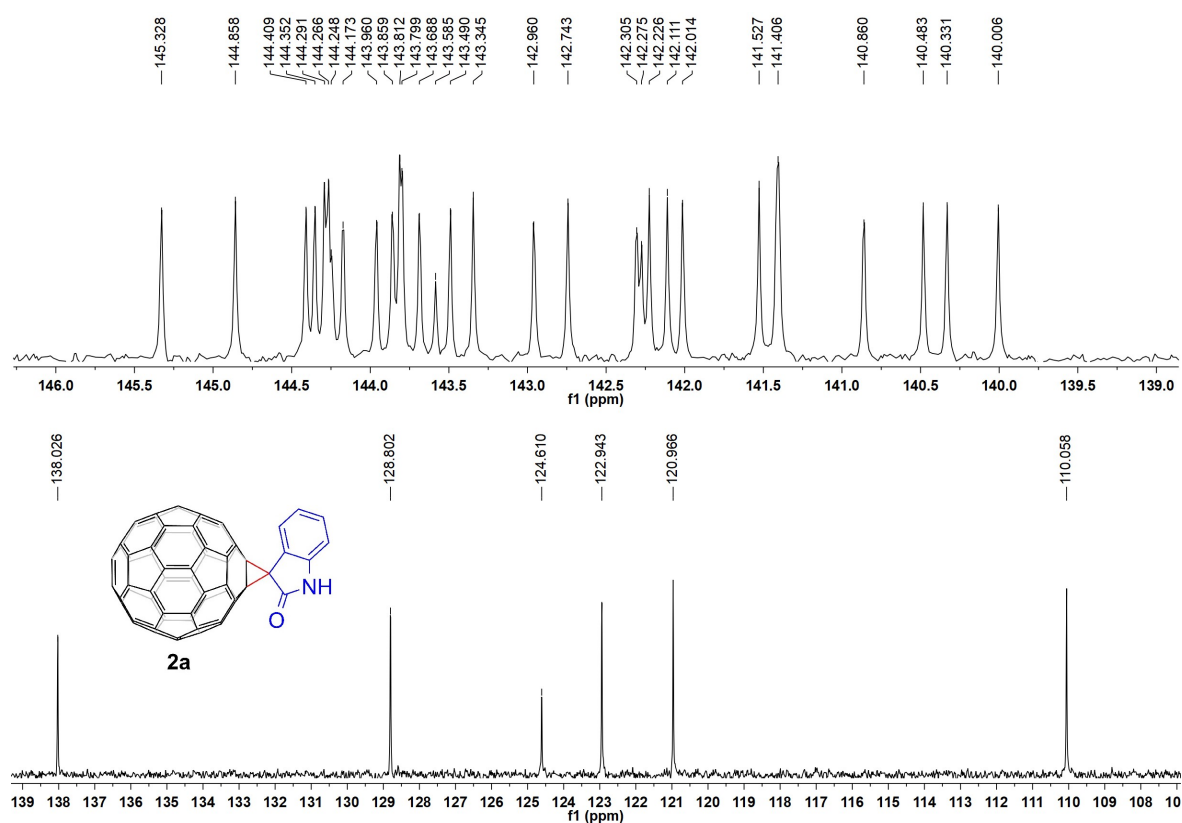
C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), indole-5-carbonitrile (8.6 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μ L, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and cholesterol (386 mg, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (7.9 mg, 22%) and **5hj** (27.3 mg, 44%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) δ 11.08 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.06 (s, 1H), 8.04 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 4.60-4.55 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.62 (m, 2H), 2.21 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.85 (m, 5H), 1.55 – 1.14 (m, 17H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 1.06-1.00 (m, 3H), 0.96 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91-0.89 (m, 6H), 0.72 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 155.3, 154.4, 154.3, 151.9, 151.1, 149.4, 149.0, 148.5, 148.2, 148.1, 147.8, 147.5(2C), 147.4, 147.2, 147.1, 146.9, 146.3, 146.2, 146.15, 145.6, 145.5, 145.0, 144.99, 144.9, 144.8(2C), 144.7(5C), 144.5, 144.2, 144.0, 143.97(2C), 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6, 143.58, 143.5, 143.4, 143.3, 143.1(2C), 142.9, 142.8, 142.2, 142.2, 141.7, 141.3, 141.1(alkene C), 141.1, 139.9, 139.85, 139.0, 138.4, 138.1(aryl C), 127.7(aryl C), 126.7(aryl C), 126.1(aryl C), 125.7(aryl C), 122.7(aryl C), 120.3(alkene C), 117.1(-CN), 113.7(aryl C), 104.4(aryl C), 80.5(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 78.0, 57.5, 56.9, 56.1(sp^3 -C of C₆₀), 50.8, 43.0, 42.1, 42.0, 40.7, 40.3, 38.4, 37.2, 37.1, 36.6, 32.8, 32.5, 31.7, 28.9, 25.3, 24.7, 23.5(-CH₃), 23.3(-CH₃), 21.9, 20.0(-CH₃), 19.3(-CH₃), 12.6(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): m/z [M]⁻ calcd for C₉₆H₅₀N₂O 1246.3923; found 1246.3926.

Synthesis of 5lj

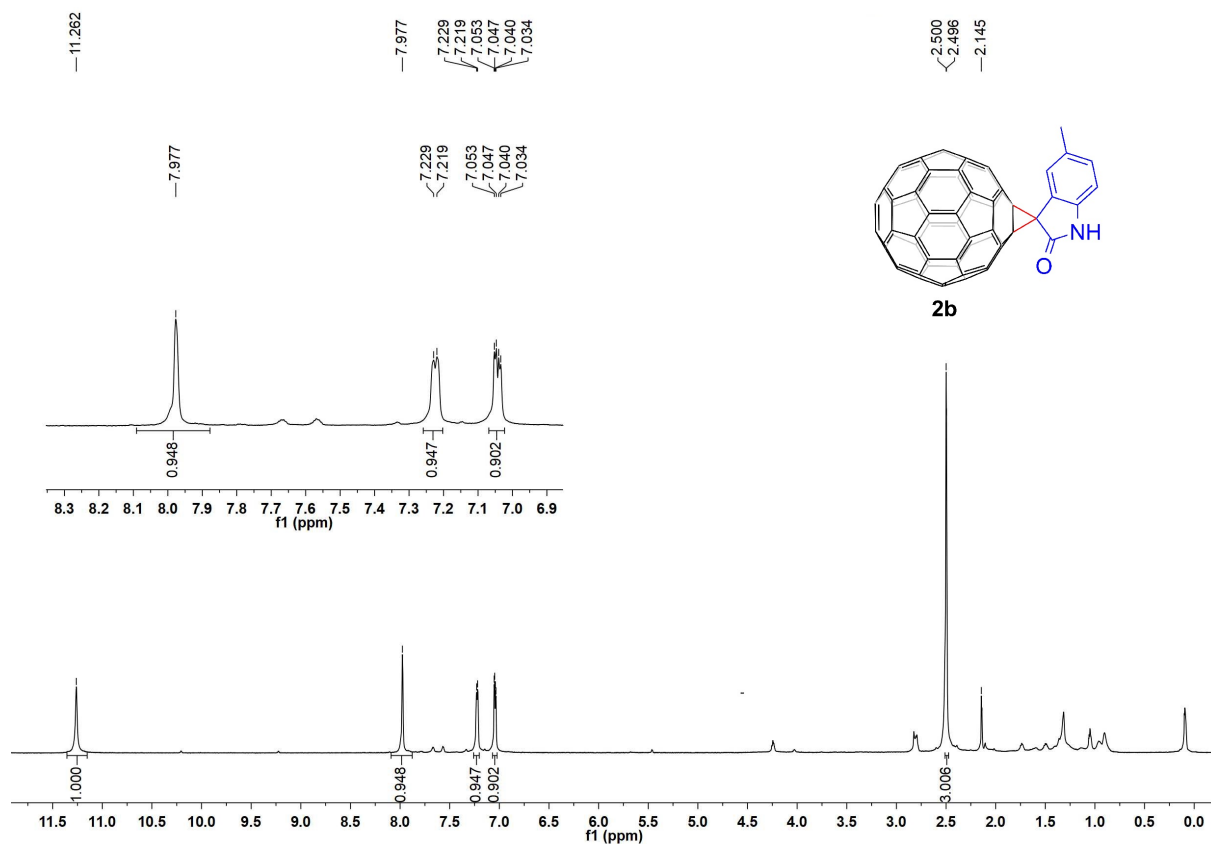


C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (4 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 μL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol) and Cholesterol (386 mg, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (6.5 mg, 18%) and **5lj** (32.1 mg, 50%) as black amorphous solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) δ 10.89 (s, N-H, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 4.51- 4.50 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.61 – 2.58 (m, 2H), 2.41 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 1.90 – 1.79 (m, 4H), 1.60– 1.40 (m, 19H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.97 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H), 0.72(s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CS₂/Acetone-*d*₆) (all 1C unless indicated) δ 167.21(acyl C), 155.8, 154.9, 154.8, 152.4, 152.3, 151.5, 149.4, 149.0, 148.6, 148.5, 148.4, 148.2, 147.8, 147.7, 147.6, 147.48, 147.2, 147.1, 147.0, 146.2, 146.16(2C), 145.6, 145.55, 145.1(3C), 145.0, 144.9, 144.8, 144.75(2C), 144.6, 144.5, 144.46, 144.1, 144.0, 143.96, 143.9, 143.8, 143.7, 143.6, 143.5, 143.49, 143.4(2C), 143.1(2C), 142.9, 142.8, 142.3, 142.1, 141.7, 141.3, 141.0(alkene C), 140.3, 140.0, 139.8, 138.4, 138.2(aryl C), 126.6(aryl C), 126.0(aryl C), 124.3(aryl C), 124.1(aryl C), 122.9(aryl C), 122.5(alkene C), 117.5(aryl C), 112.4(aryl C), 80.6(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 77.7, 57.5, 57.0, 56.5, 56.6(*sp*³-C of C₆₀), 51.9(-CH₃), 50.6, 43.0, 42.0 41.9, 40.7, 40.3, 38.2, 38.2, 37.1, 32.8, 32.5, 31.6, 28.9, 25.3, 24.8, 23.5(-CH₃), 23.3(-CH₃), 21.9, 19.9(-CH₃), 19.5(-CH₃), 12.6(-CH₃); HRMS (MALDI-TOF-MS, DCTB as matrix, negative mode): *m/z* [M]⁻ calcd for C₉₇H₅₃NO₃ 1279.4025; found 1279.4029.

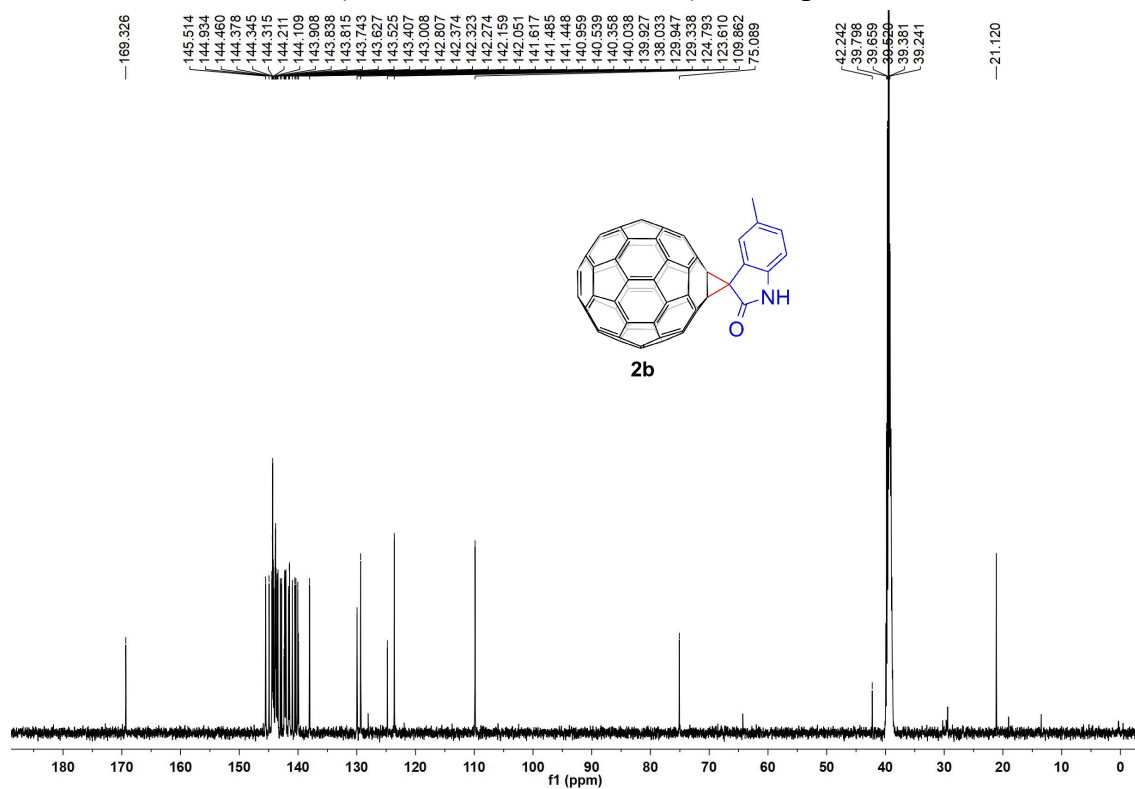
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2a



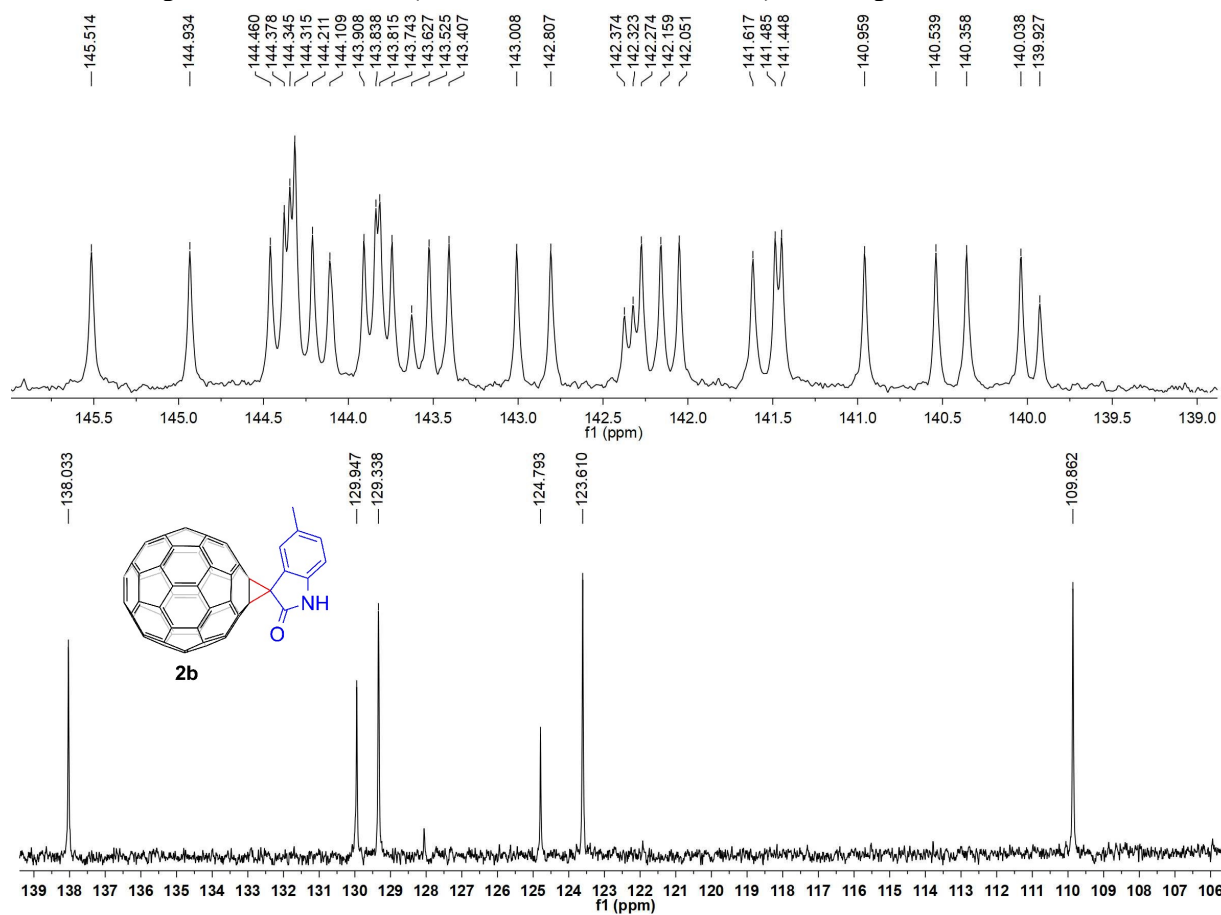
^1H NMR (600 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2b



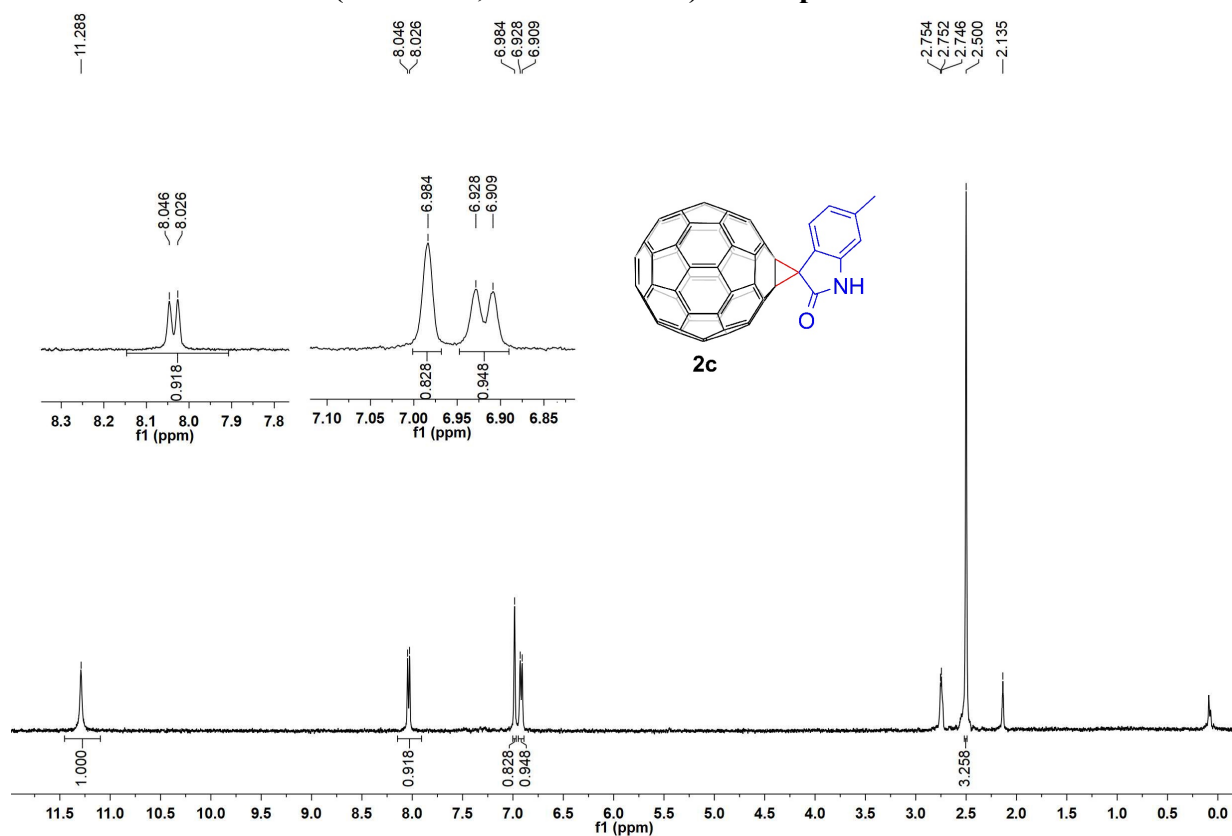
^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2b



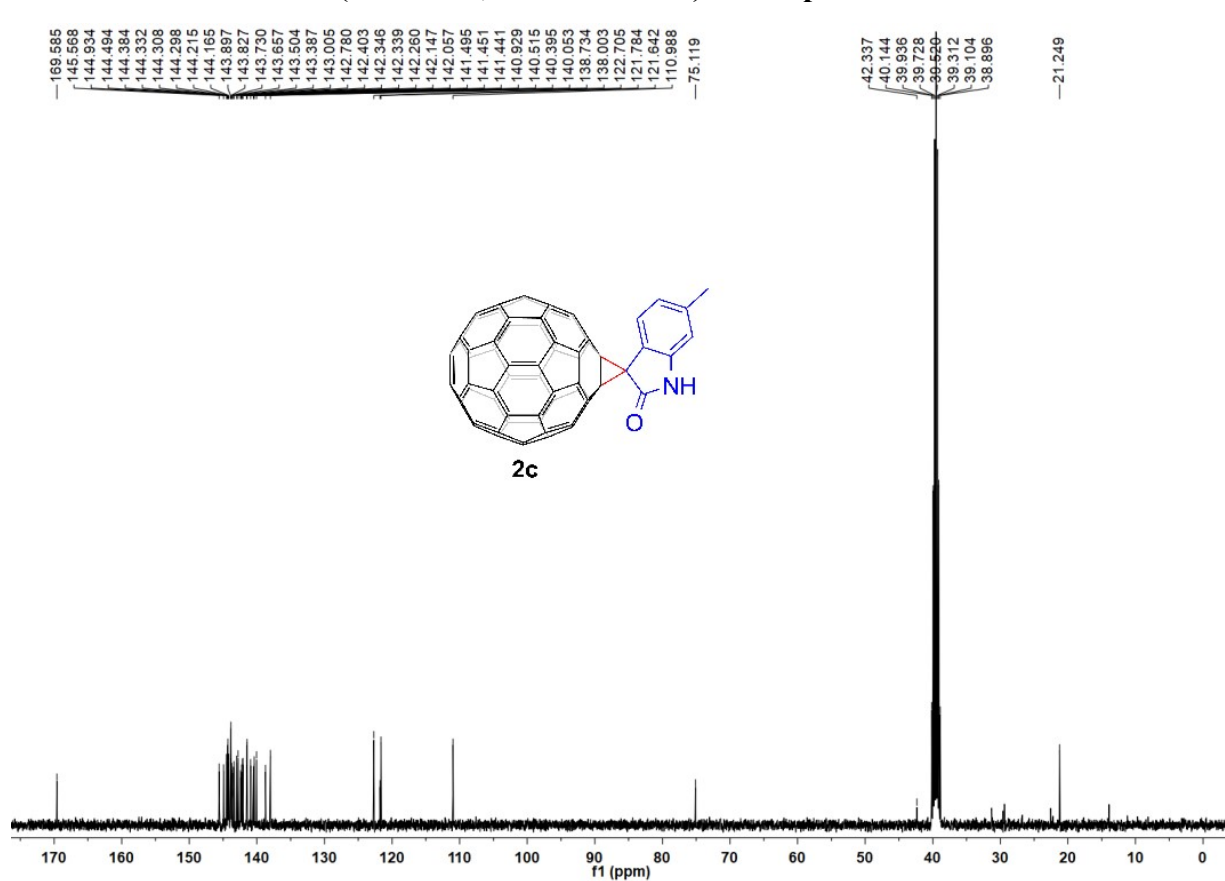
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2b



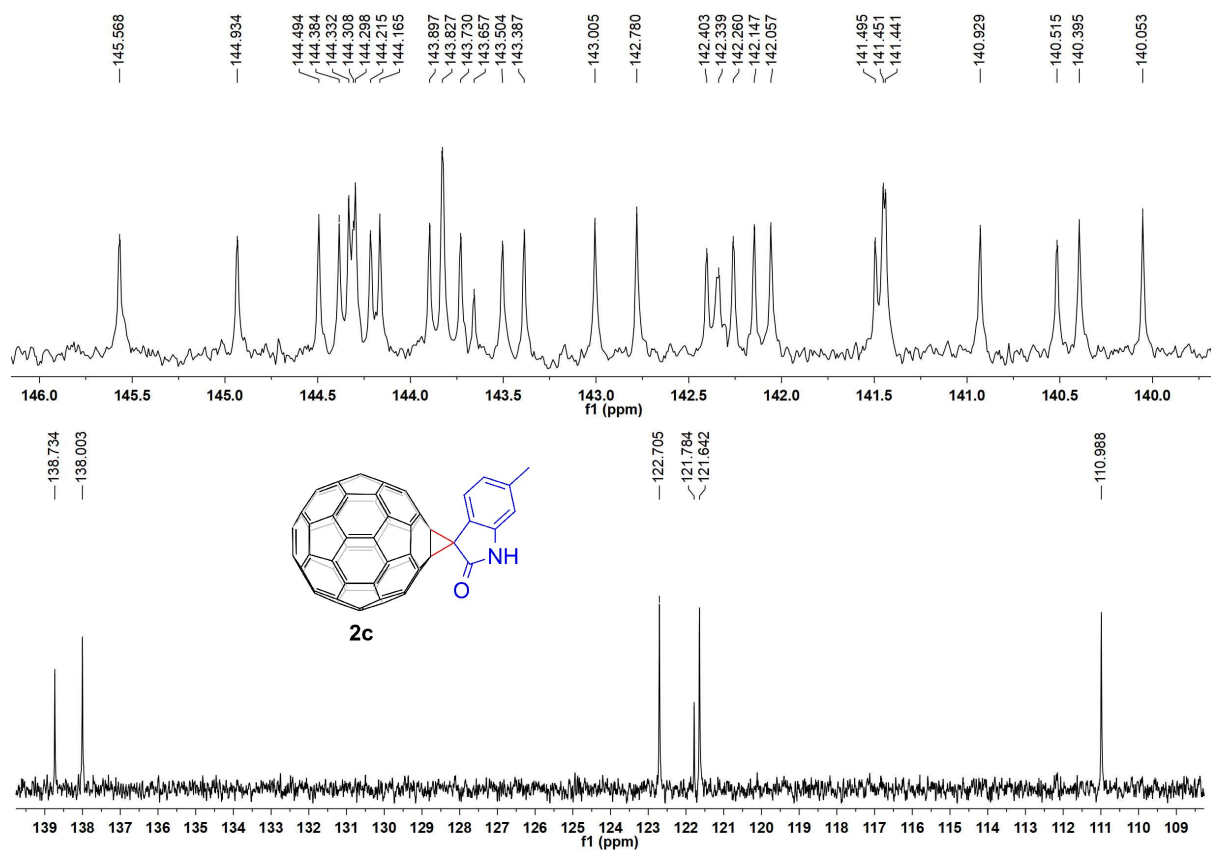
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 2c



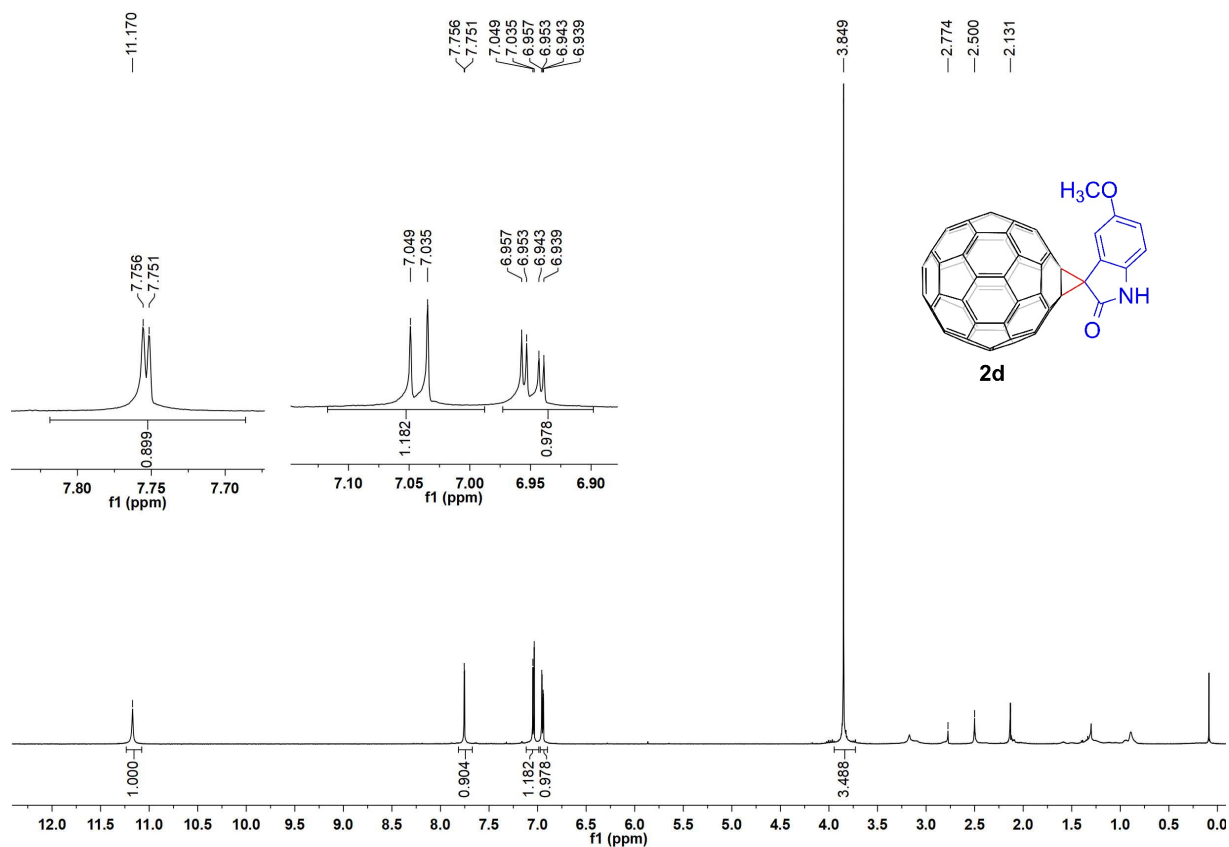
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 2c



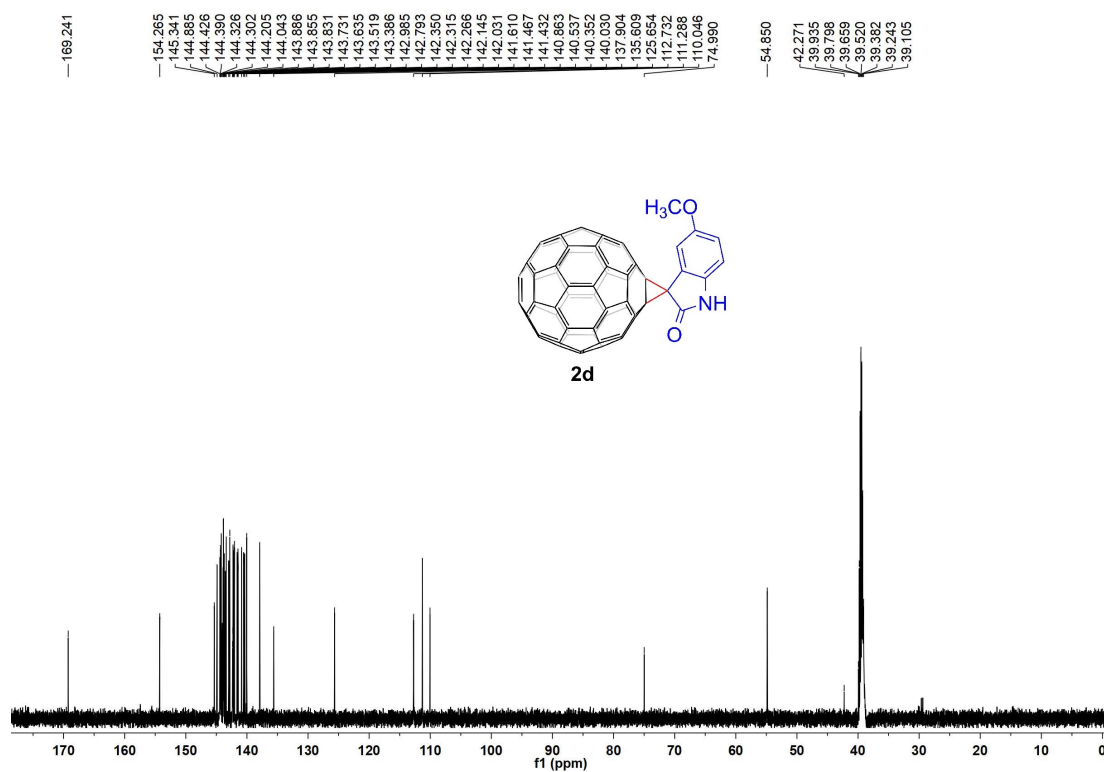
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **2c**



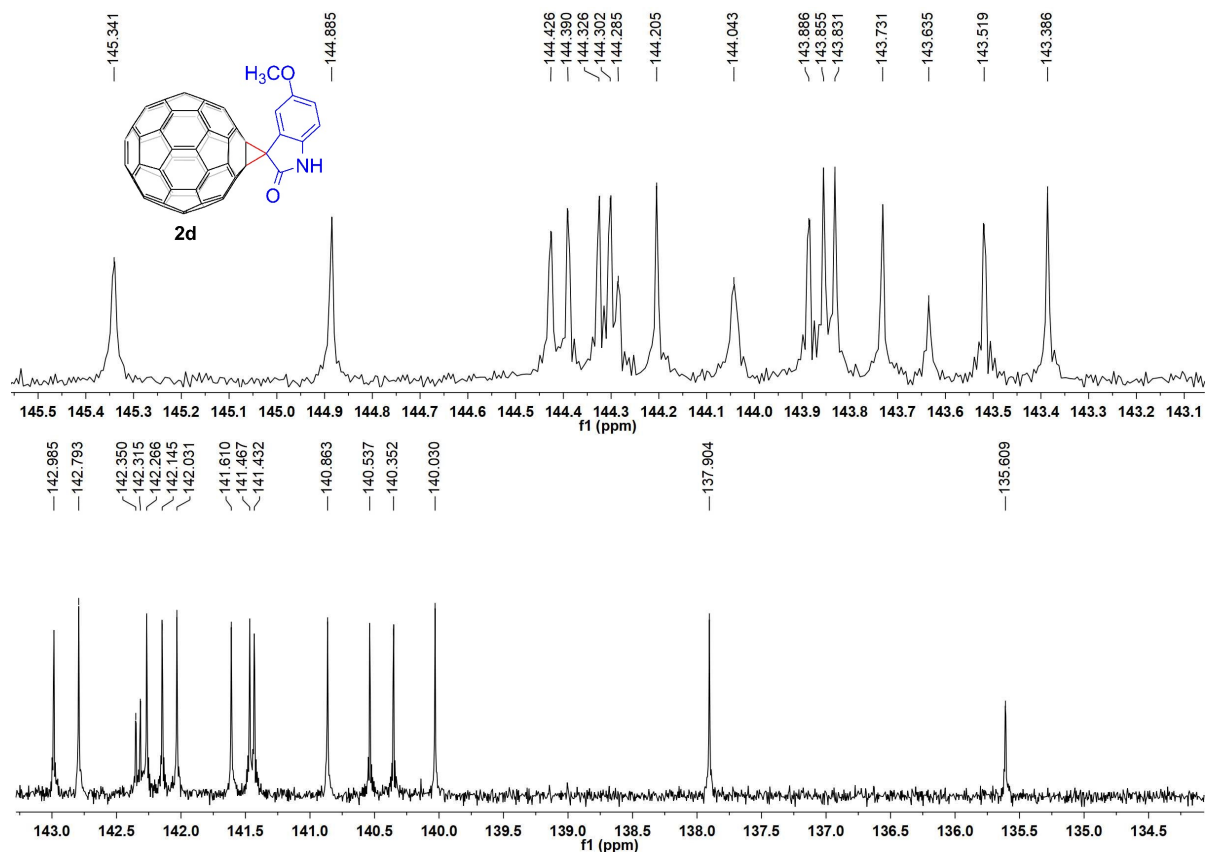
^1H NMR (600 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **2d**



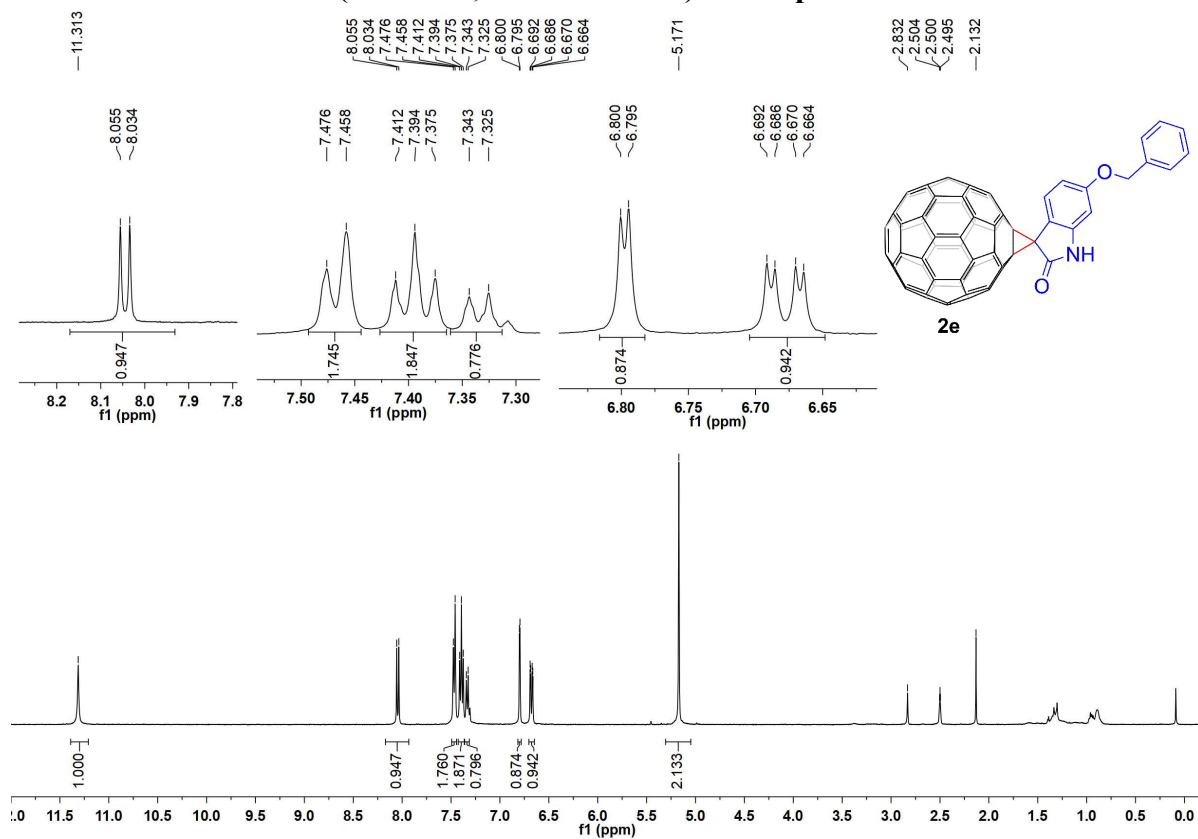
^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2d



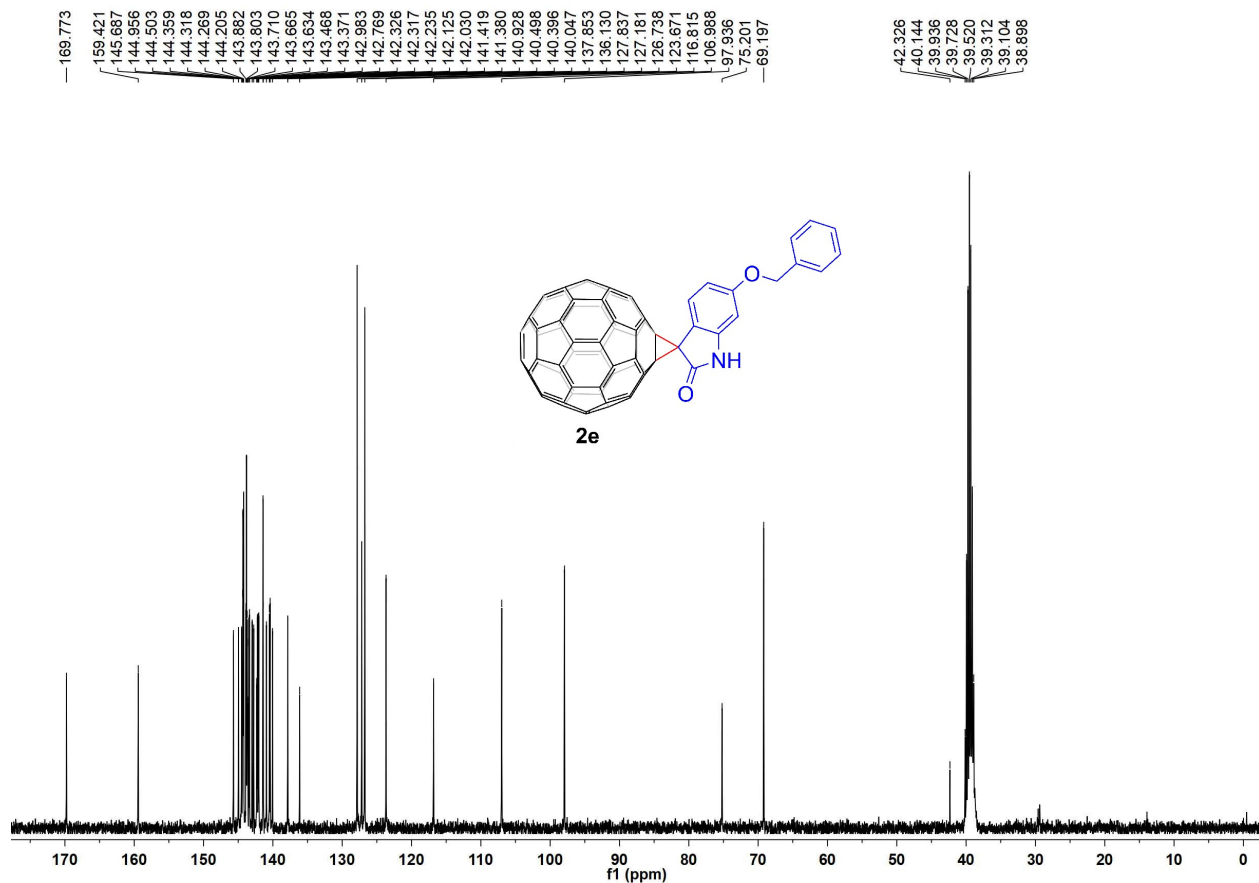
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2d



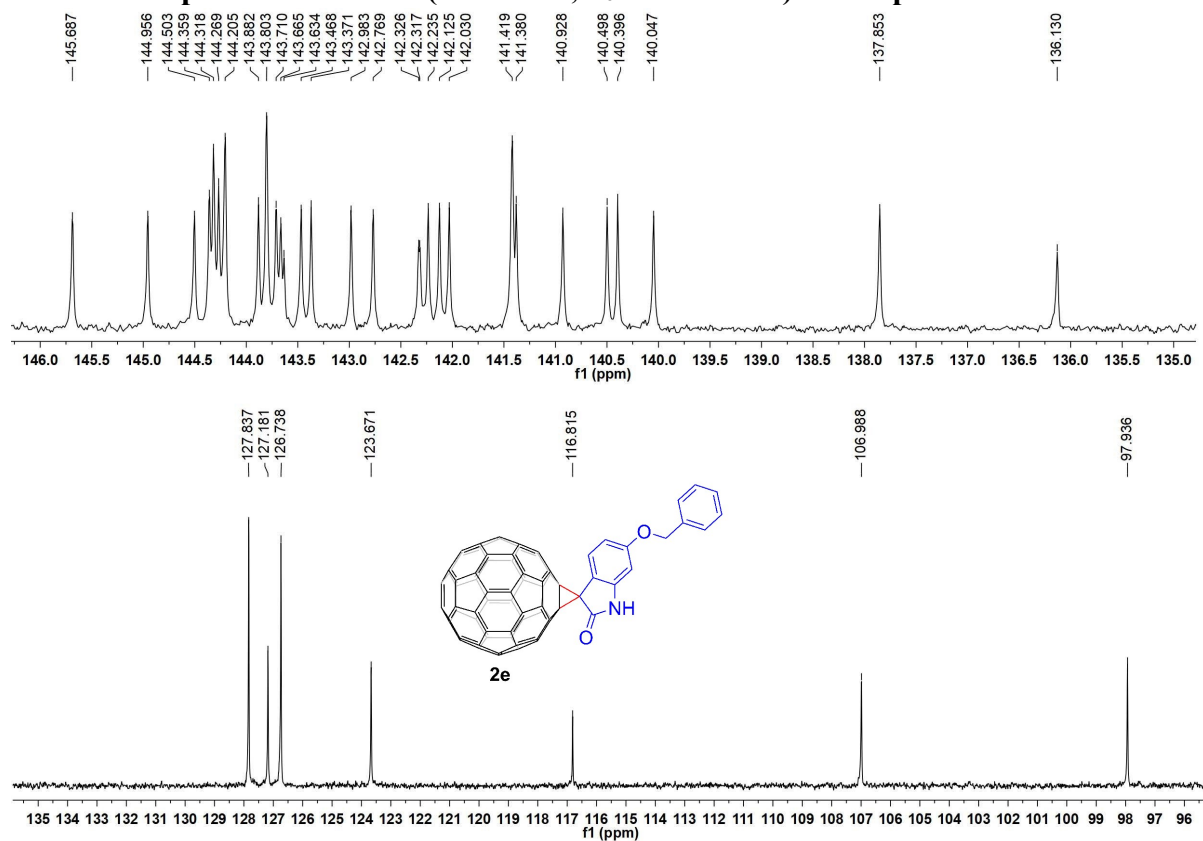
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 2e



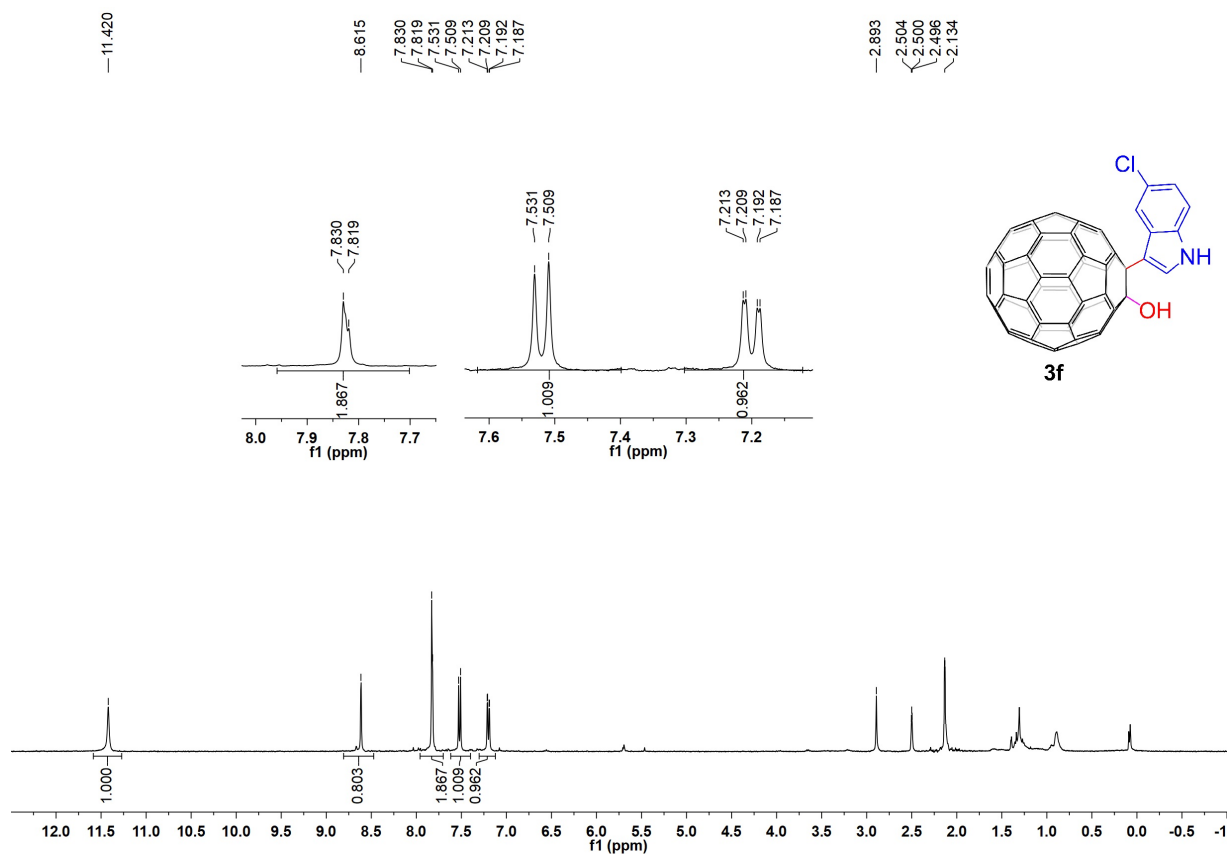
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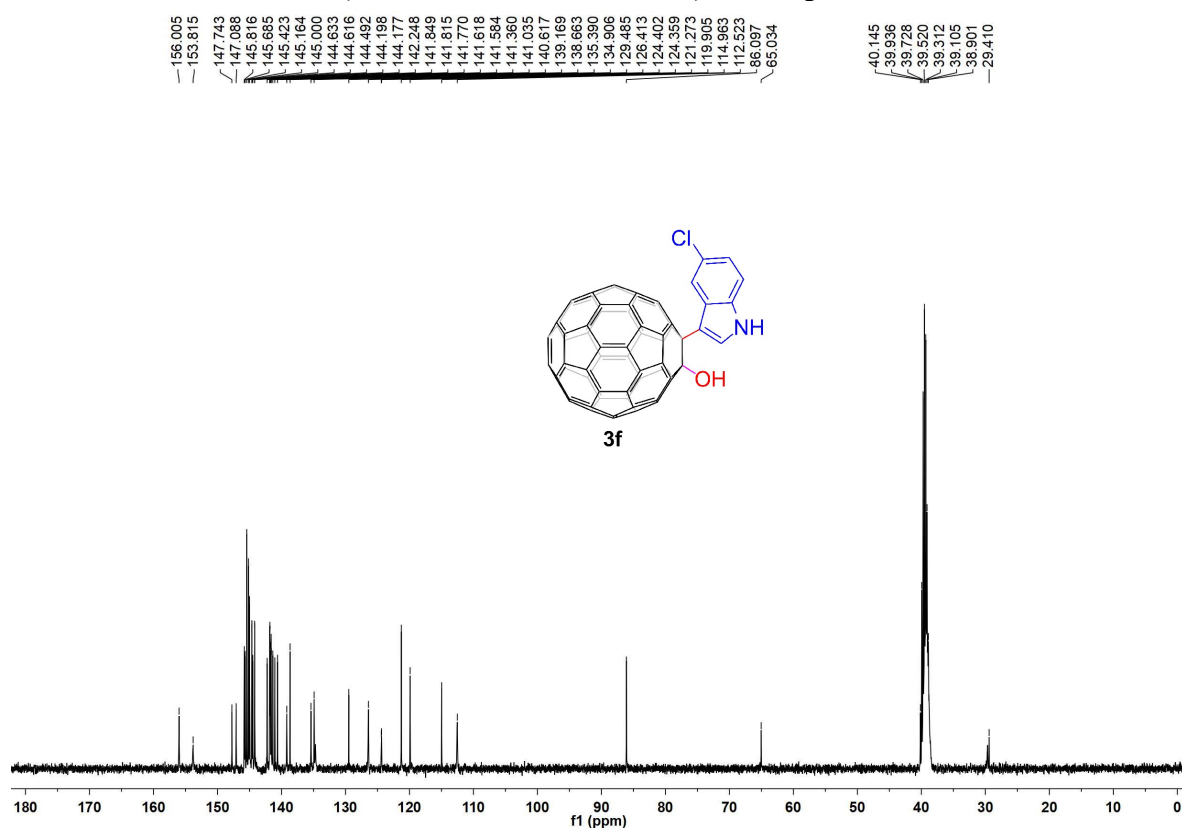
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 2e



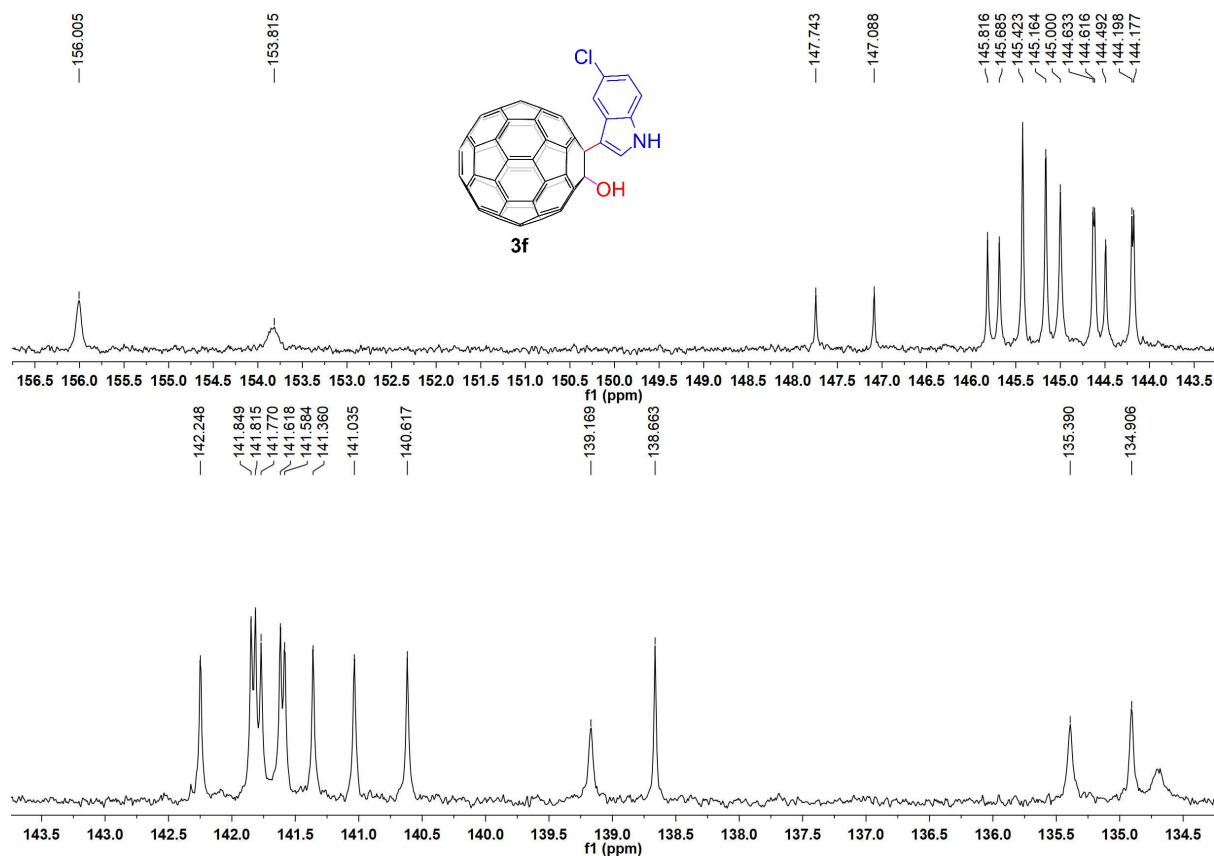
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3f



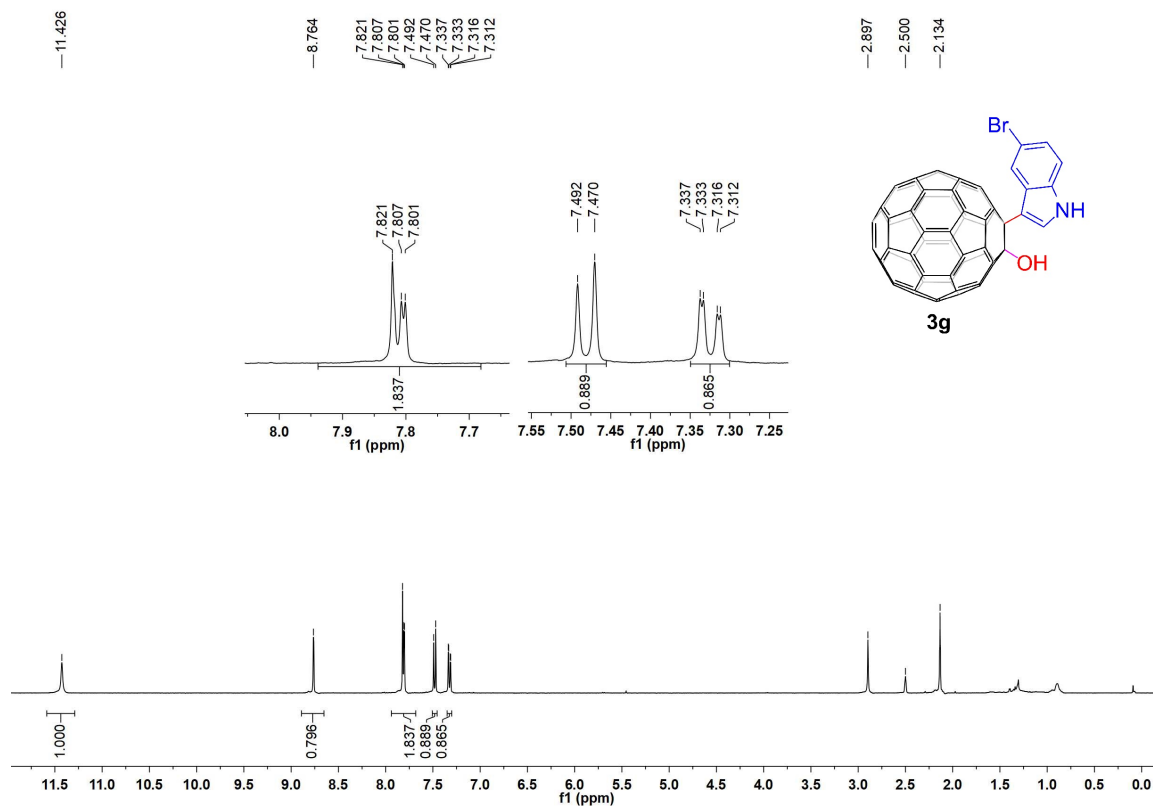
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3f



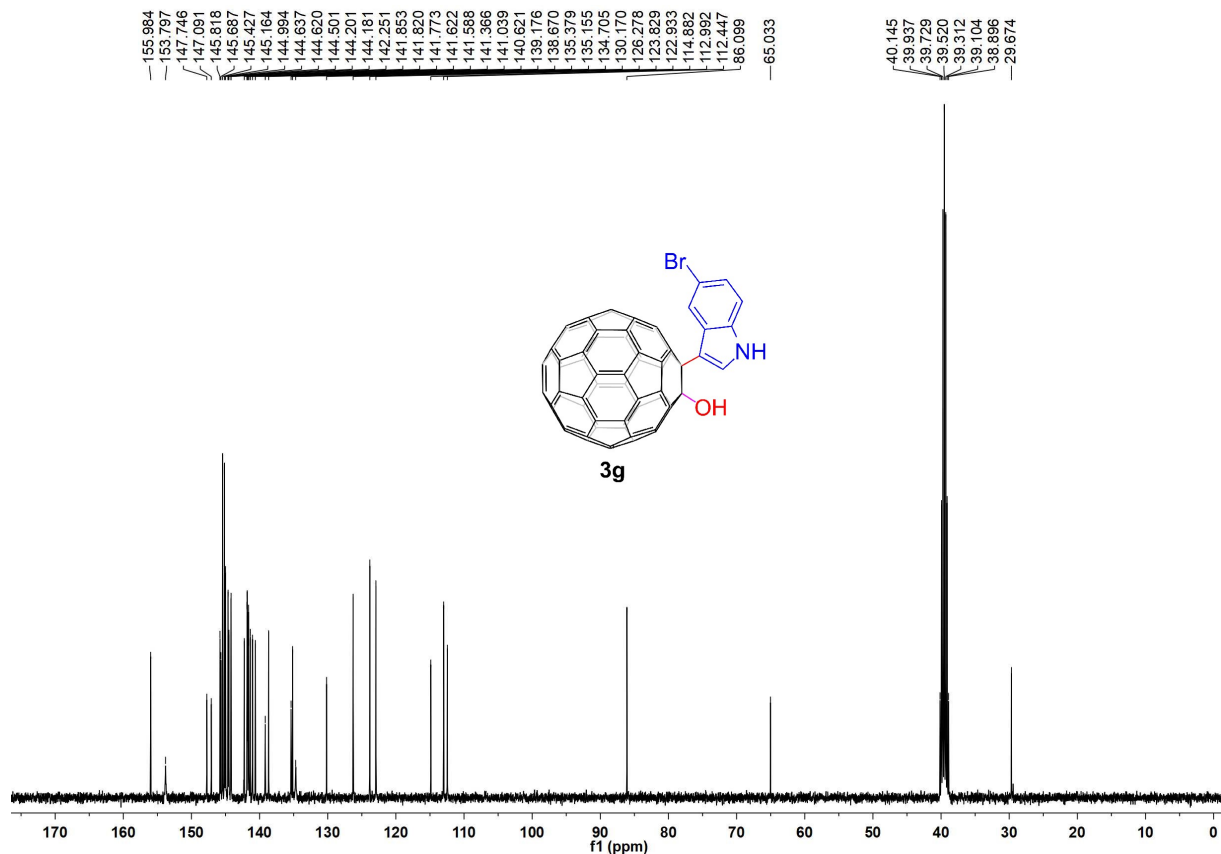
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3f



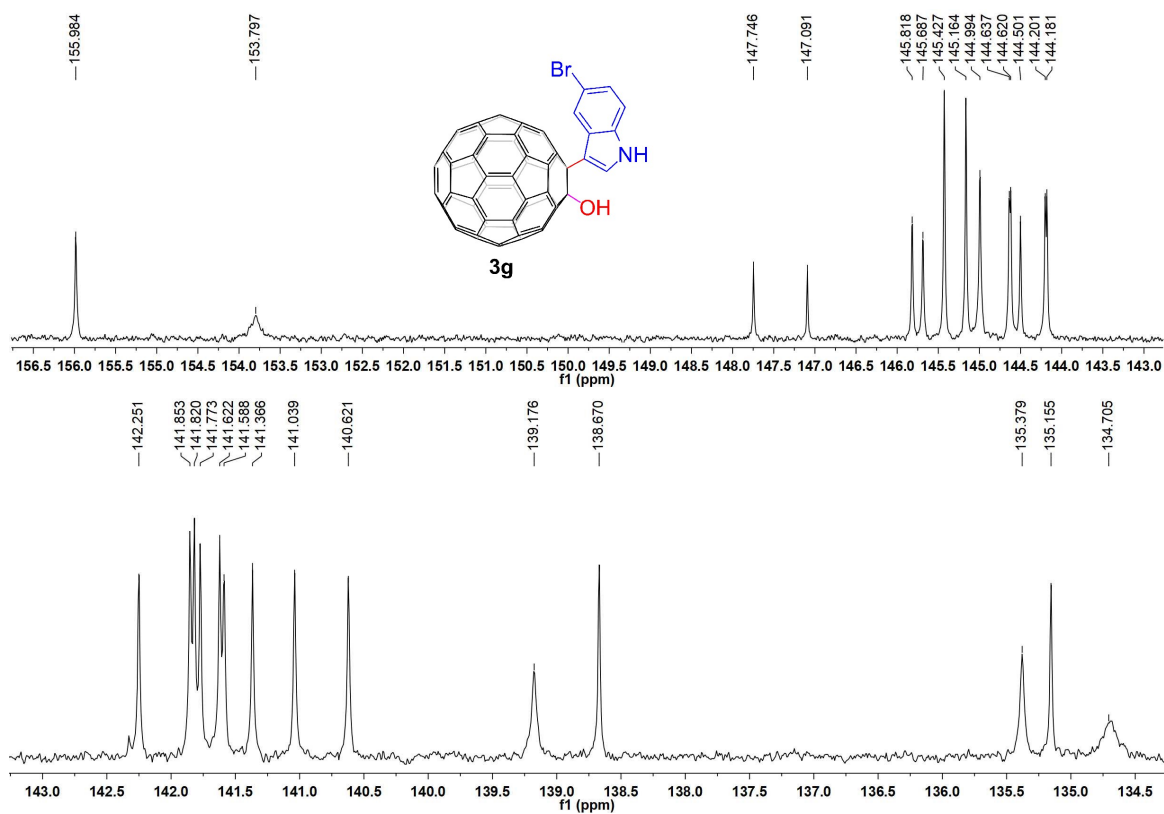
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 3g



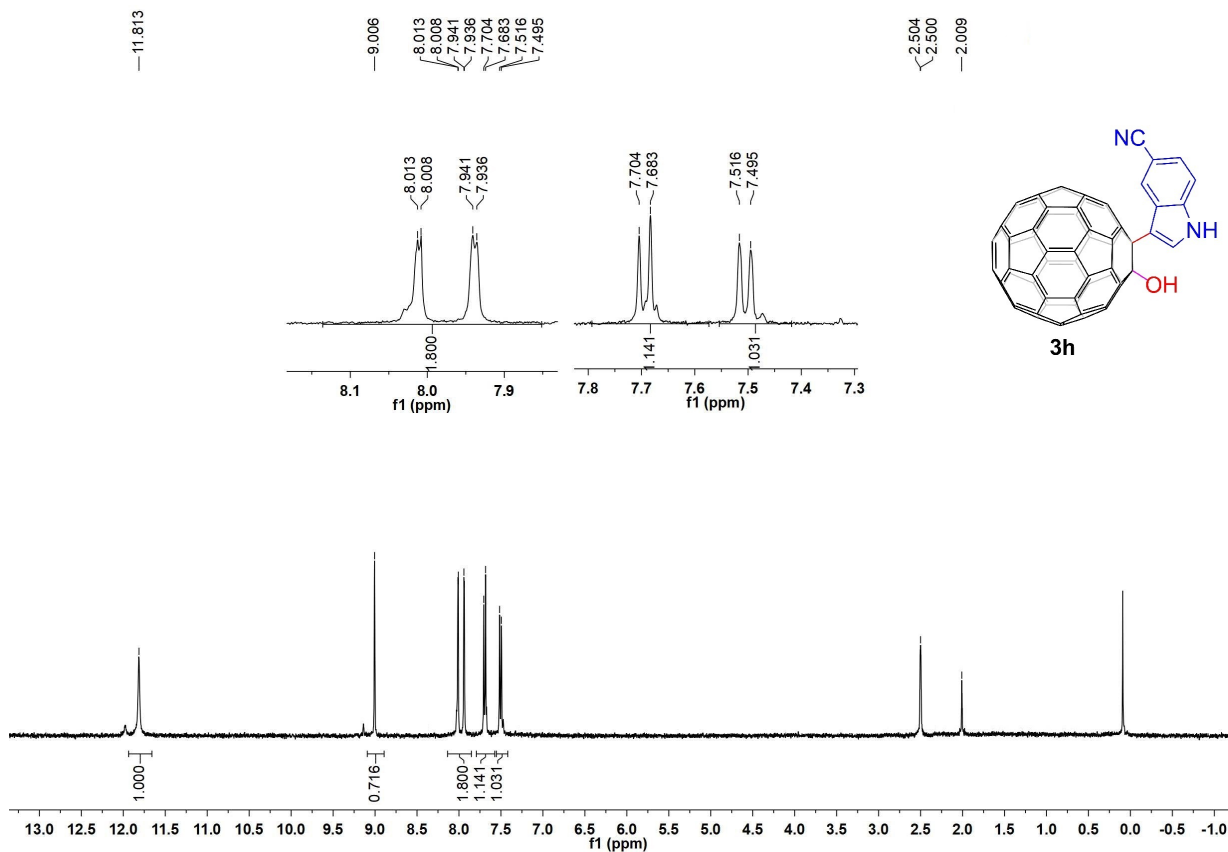
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 3g



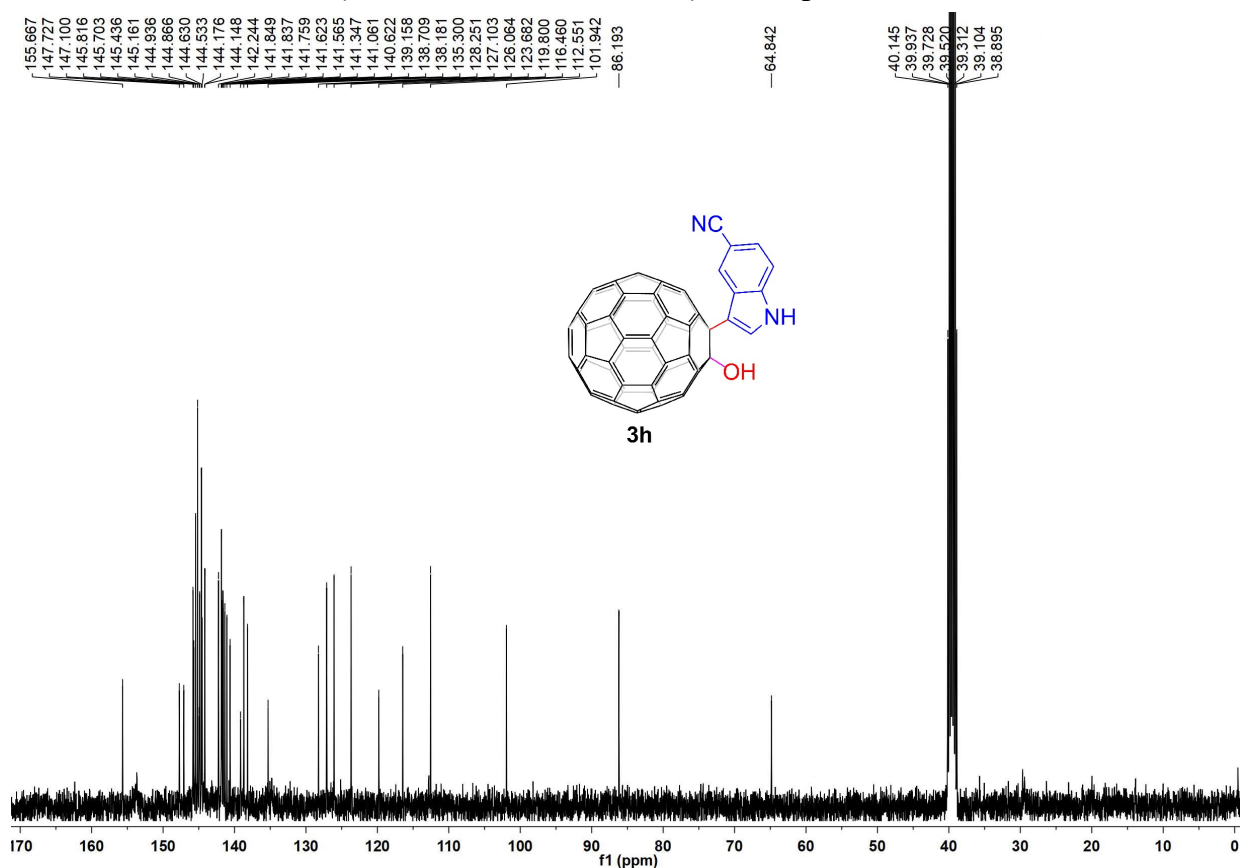
Expanded ¹³C NMR (100 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 3g



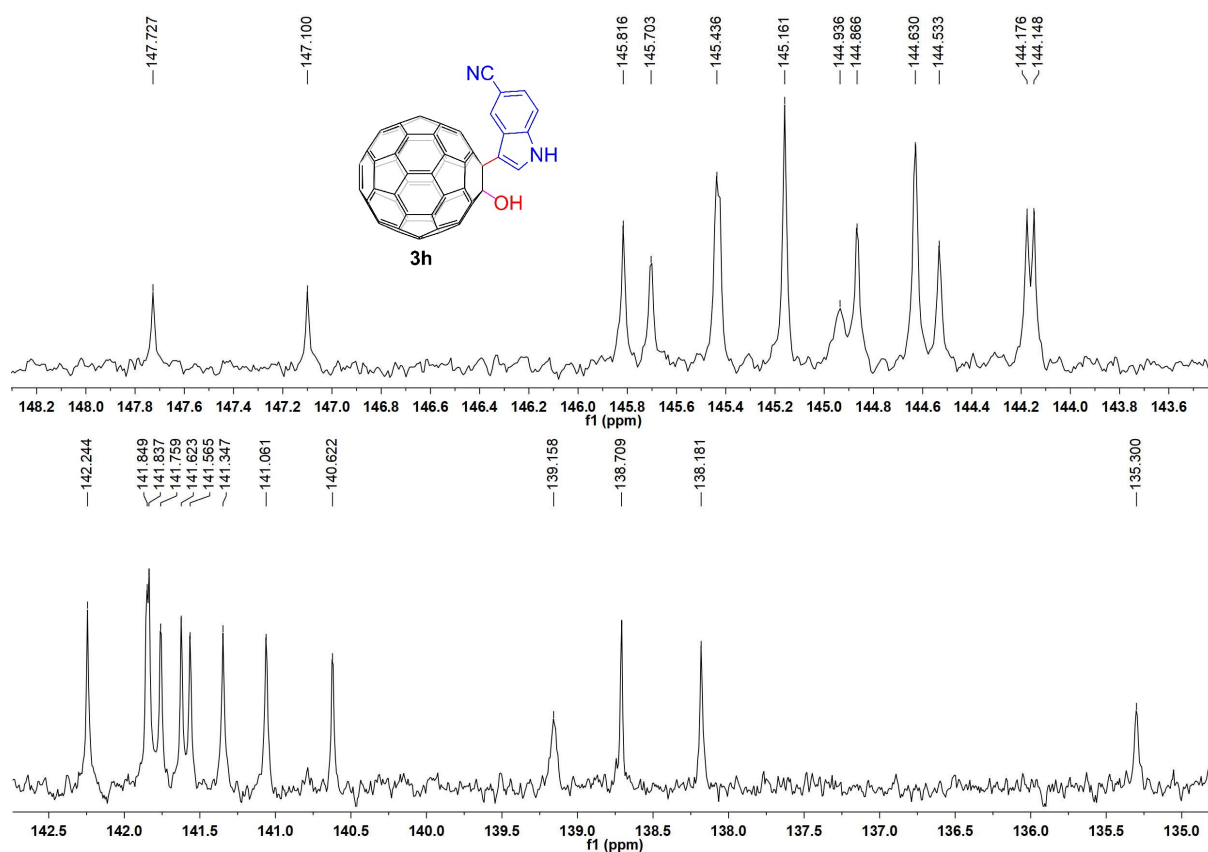
¹H NMR (400 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 3h



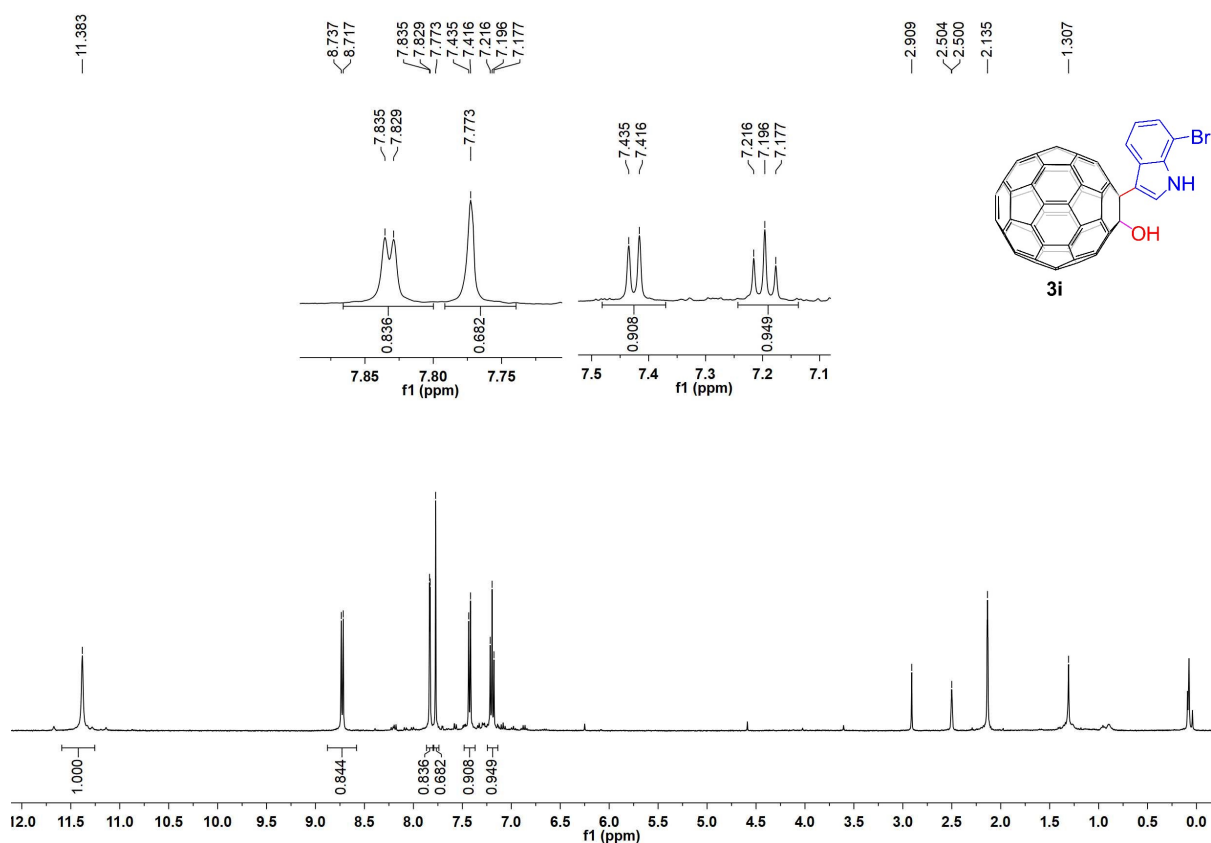
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3h



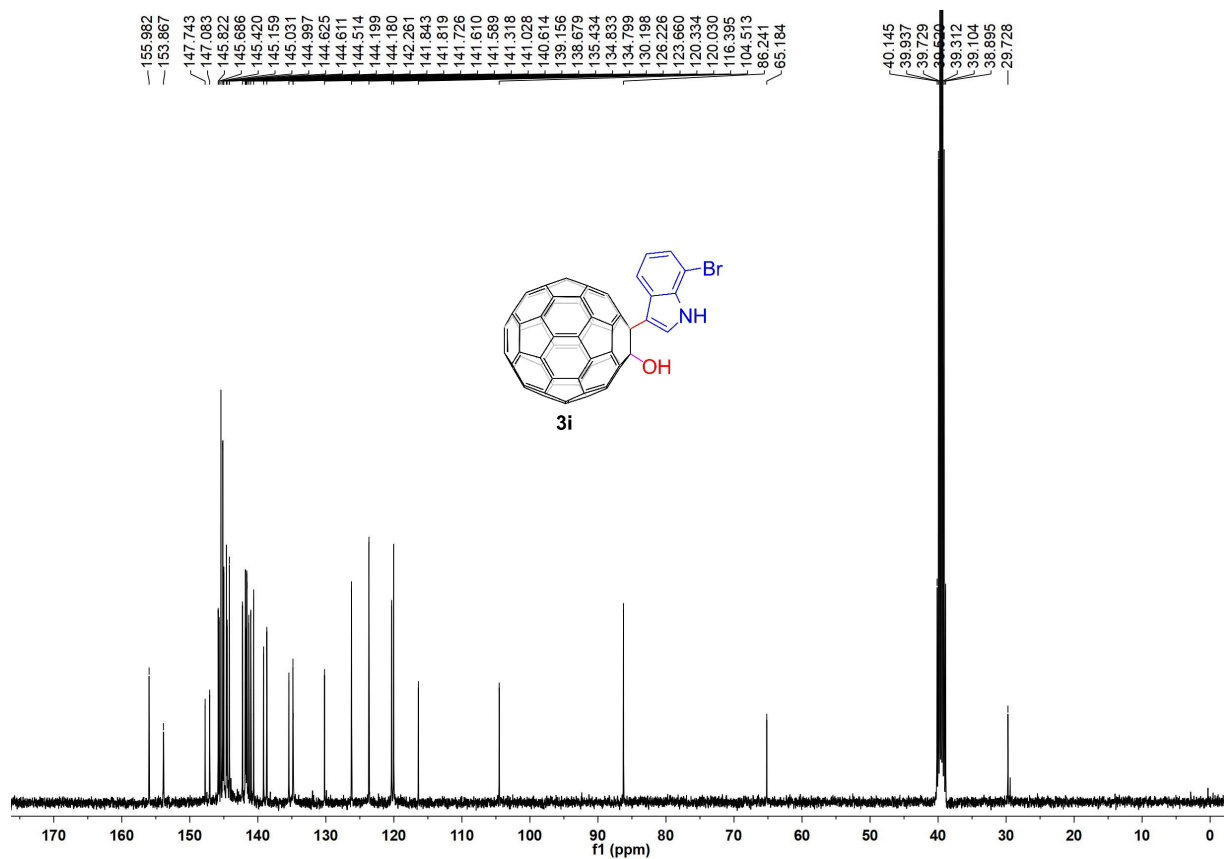
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3h



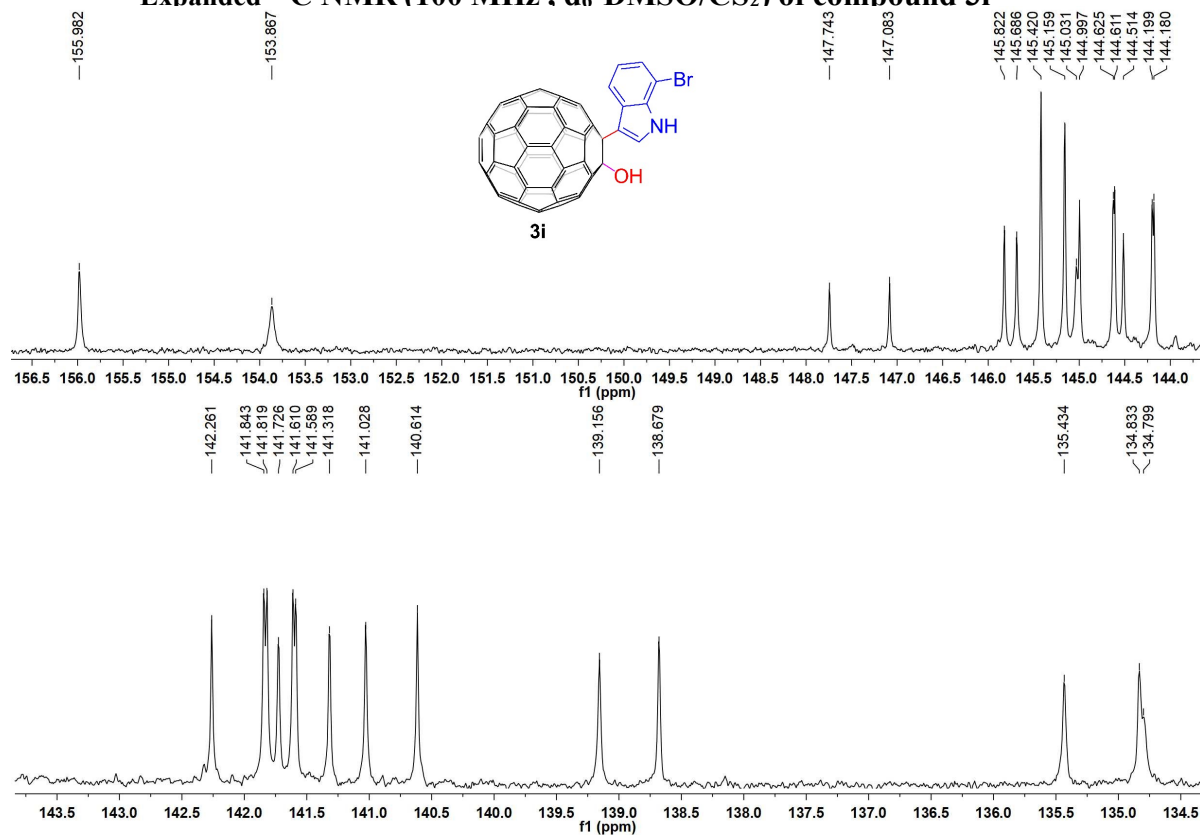
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3i



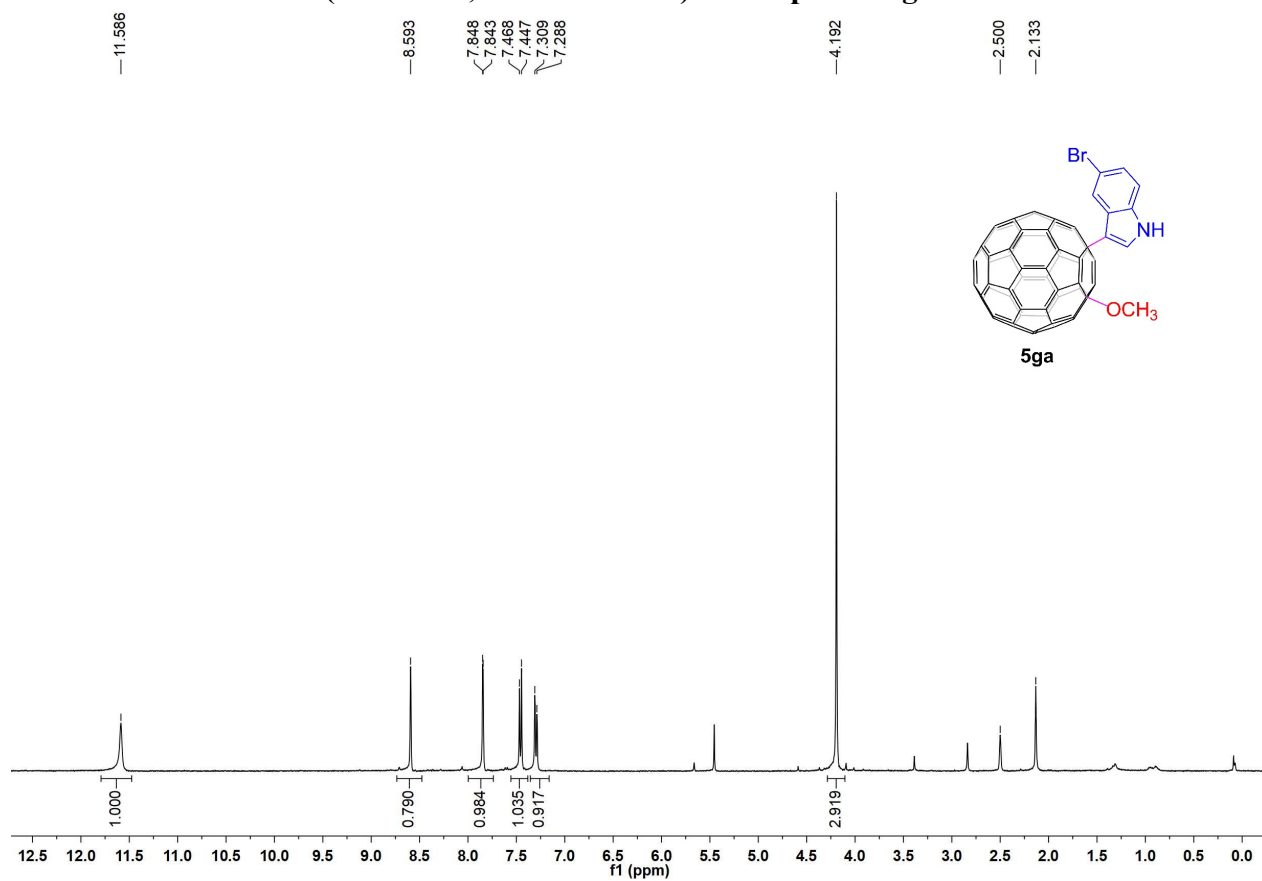
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 3i

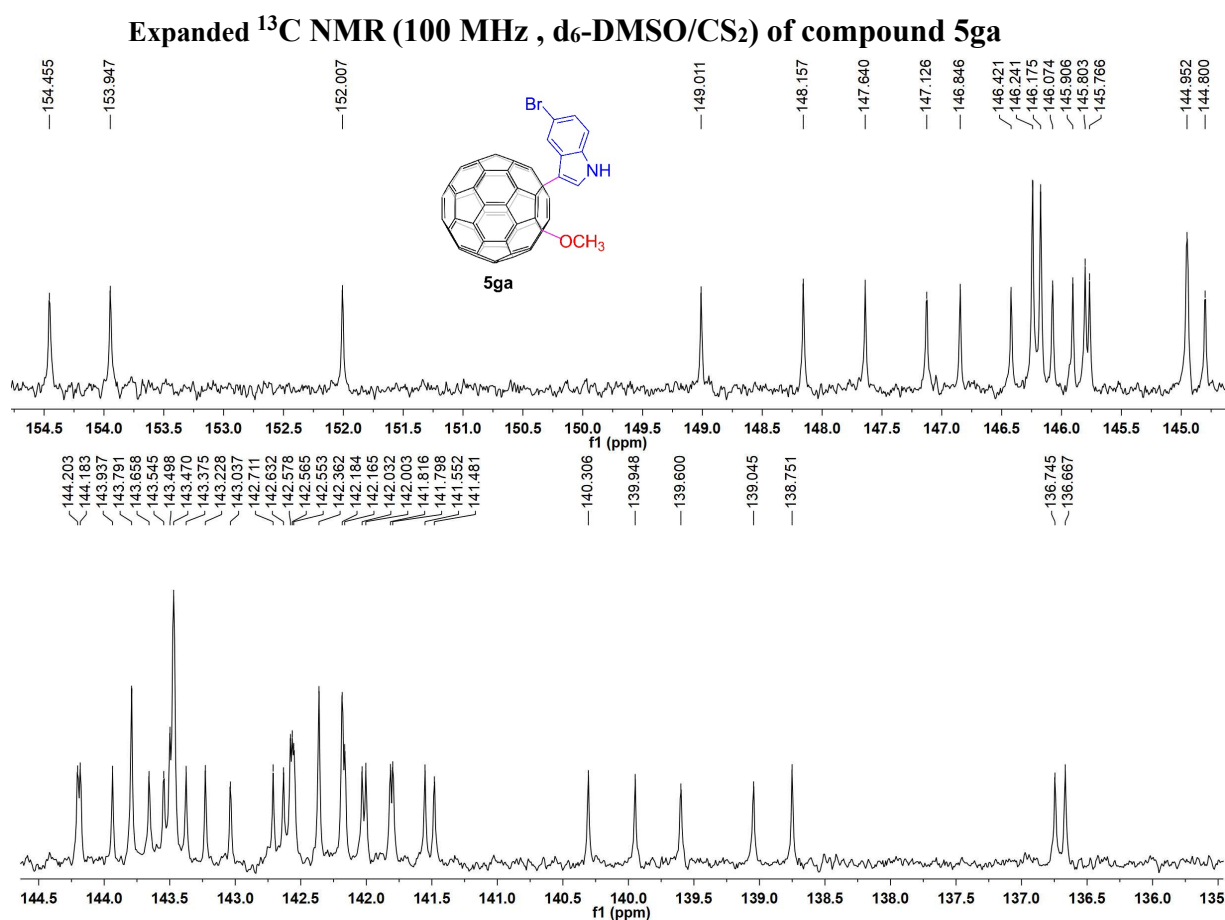
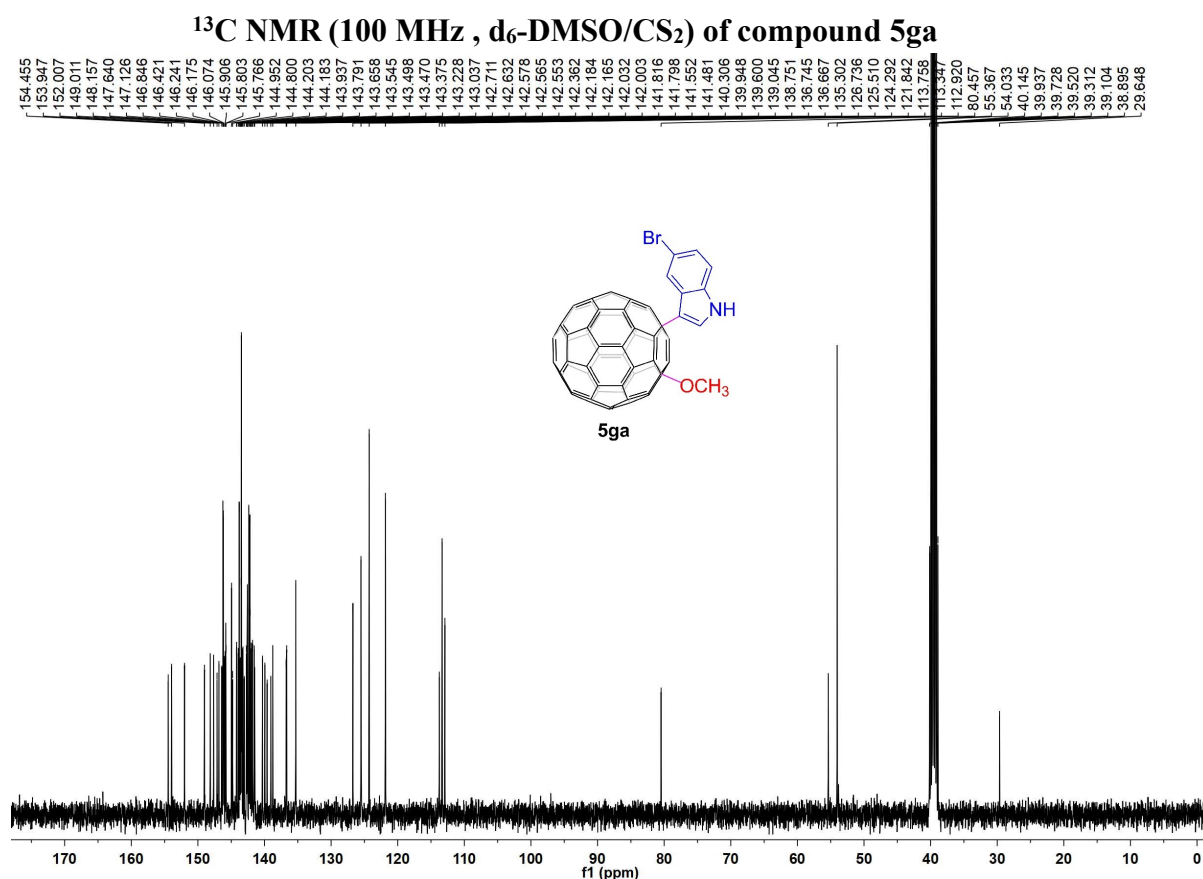


Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **3i**

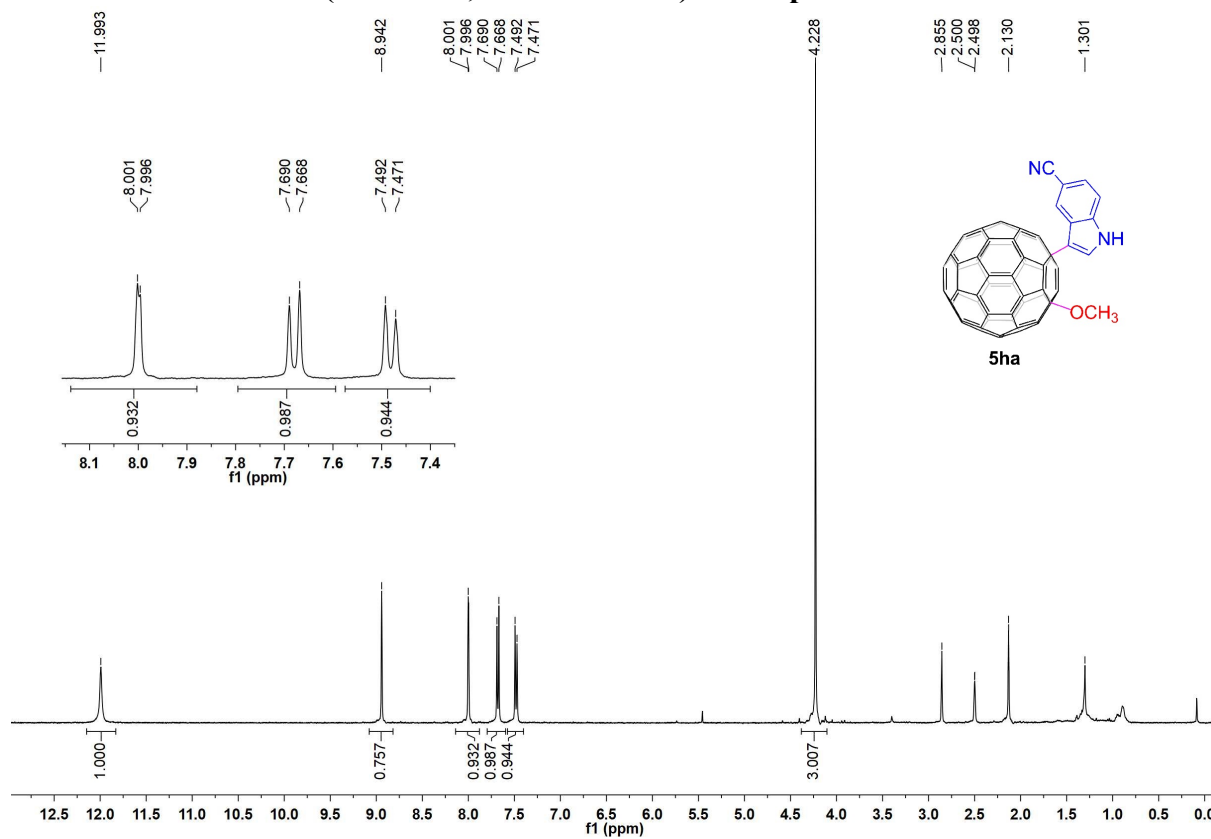


^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **5ga**

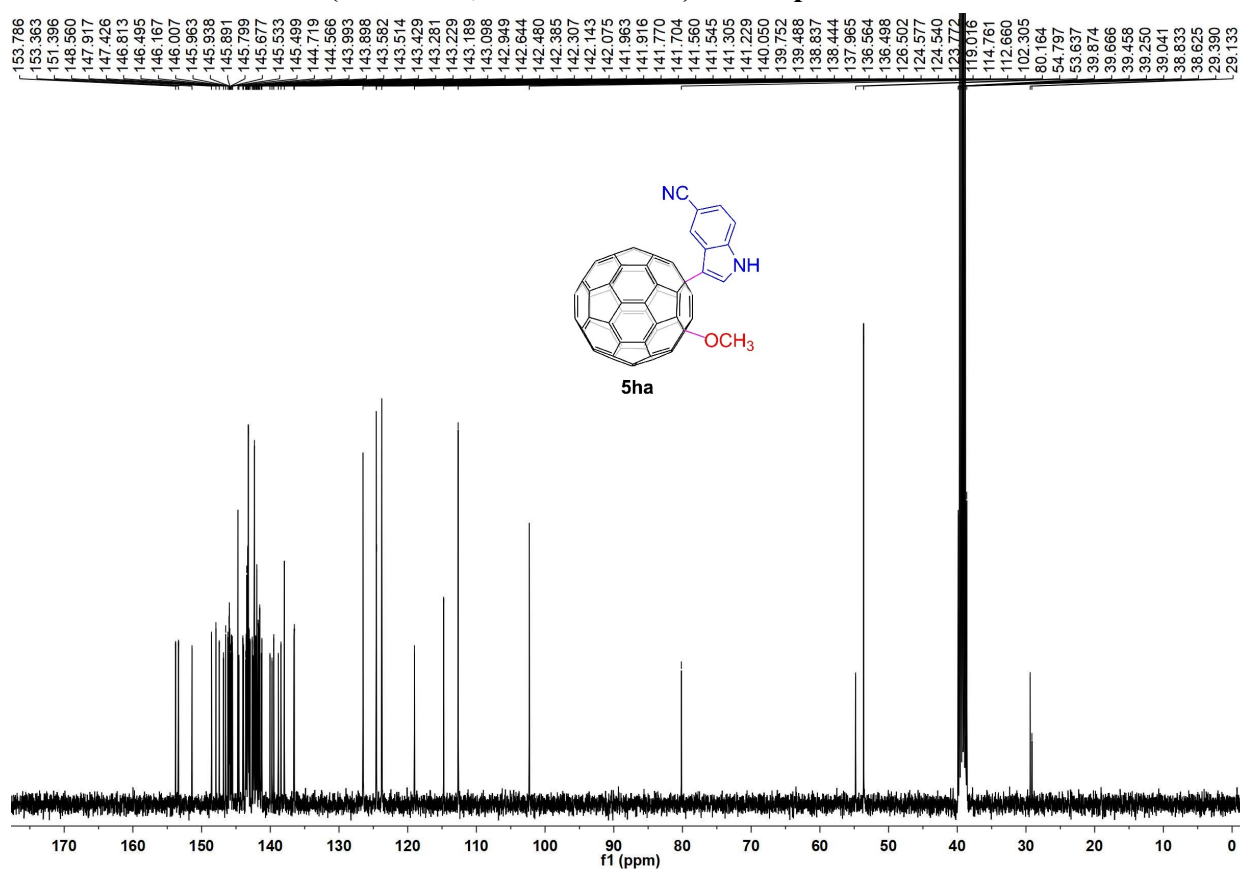




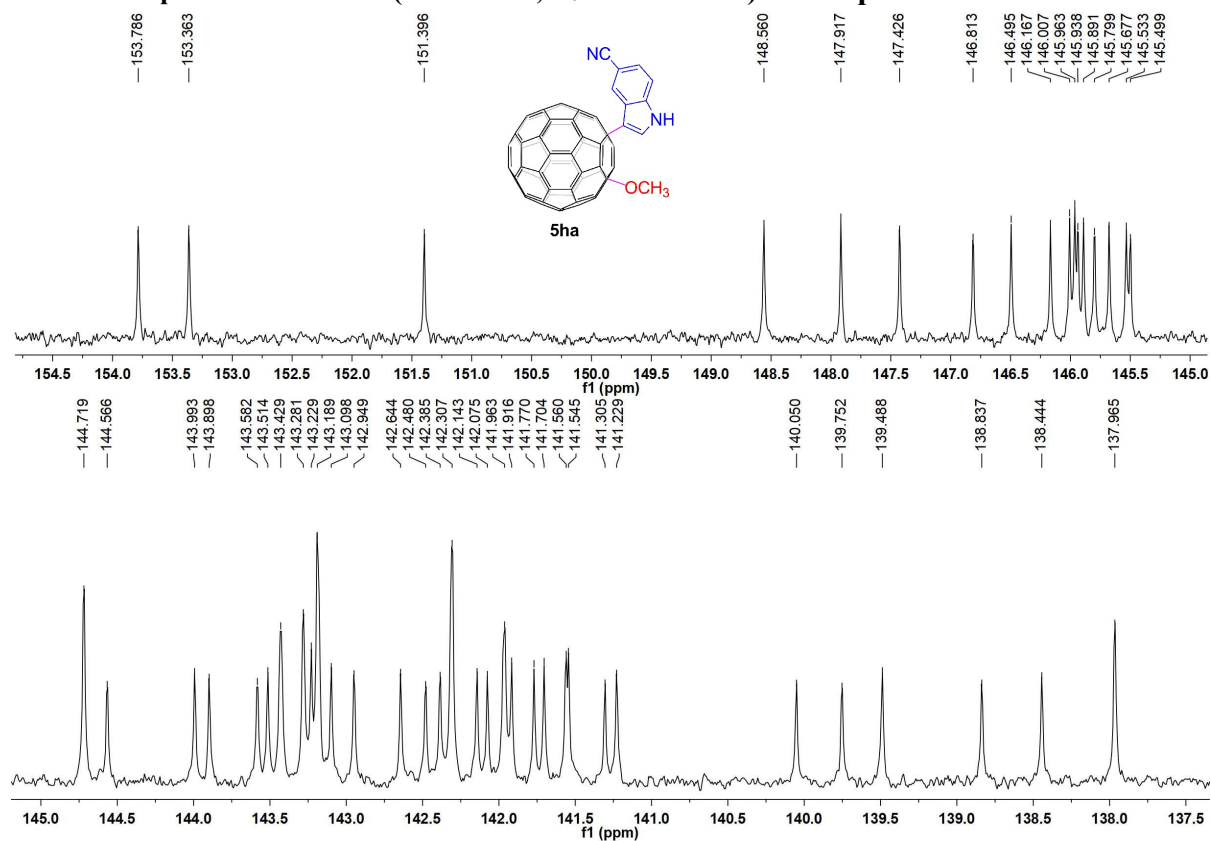
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5ha



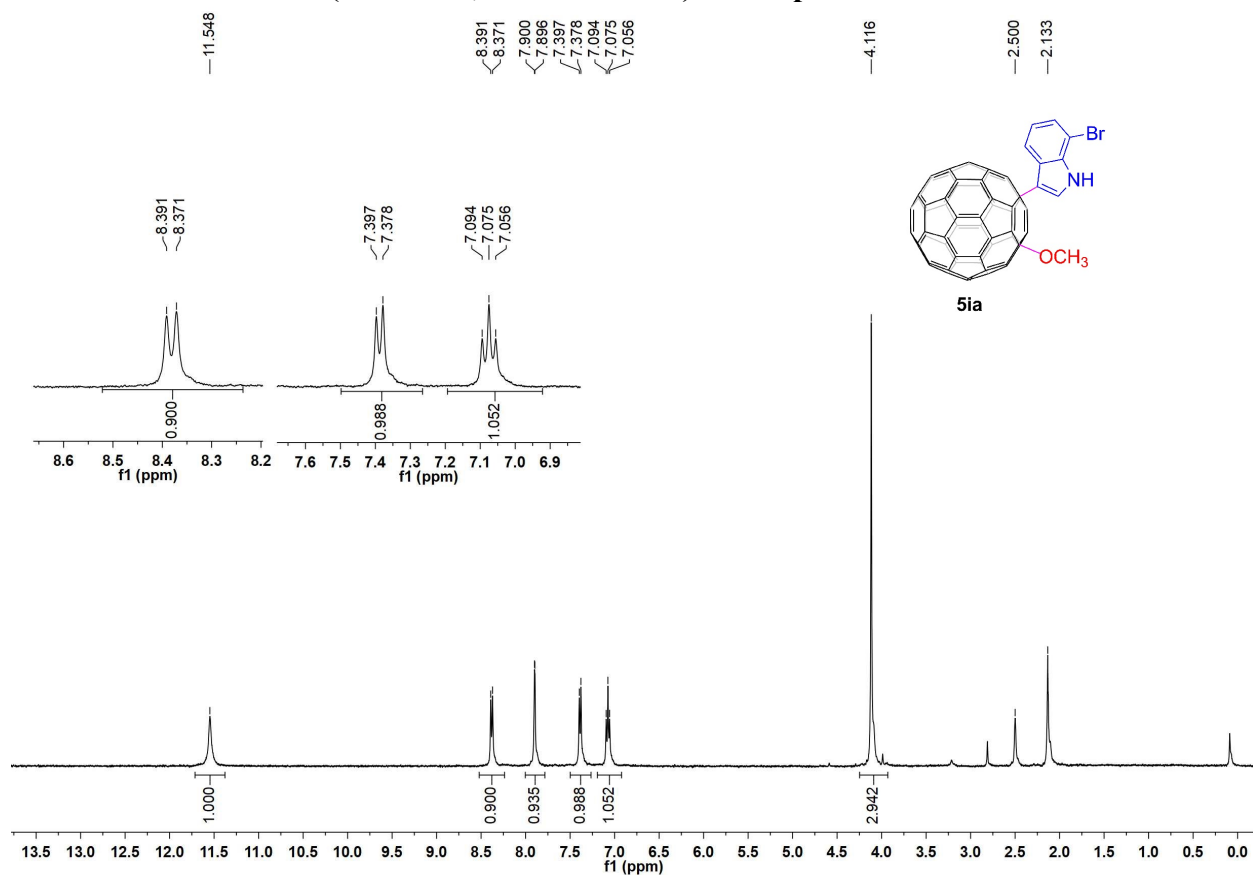
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5ha



Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, d_6 -DMSO/ CS_2) of compound 5ha



^1H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO/ CS_2) of compound 5ia



Chemical structure of **5ia** is shown above the spectrum. The structure is a C₈₀ fullerene cage substituted with a 2-bromo-1-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl group.

1H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃) data:

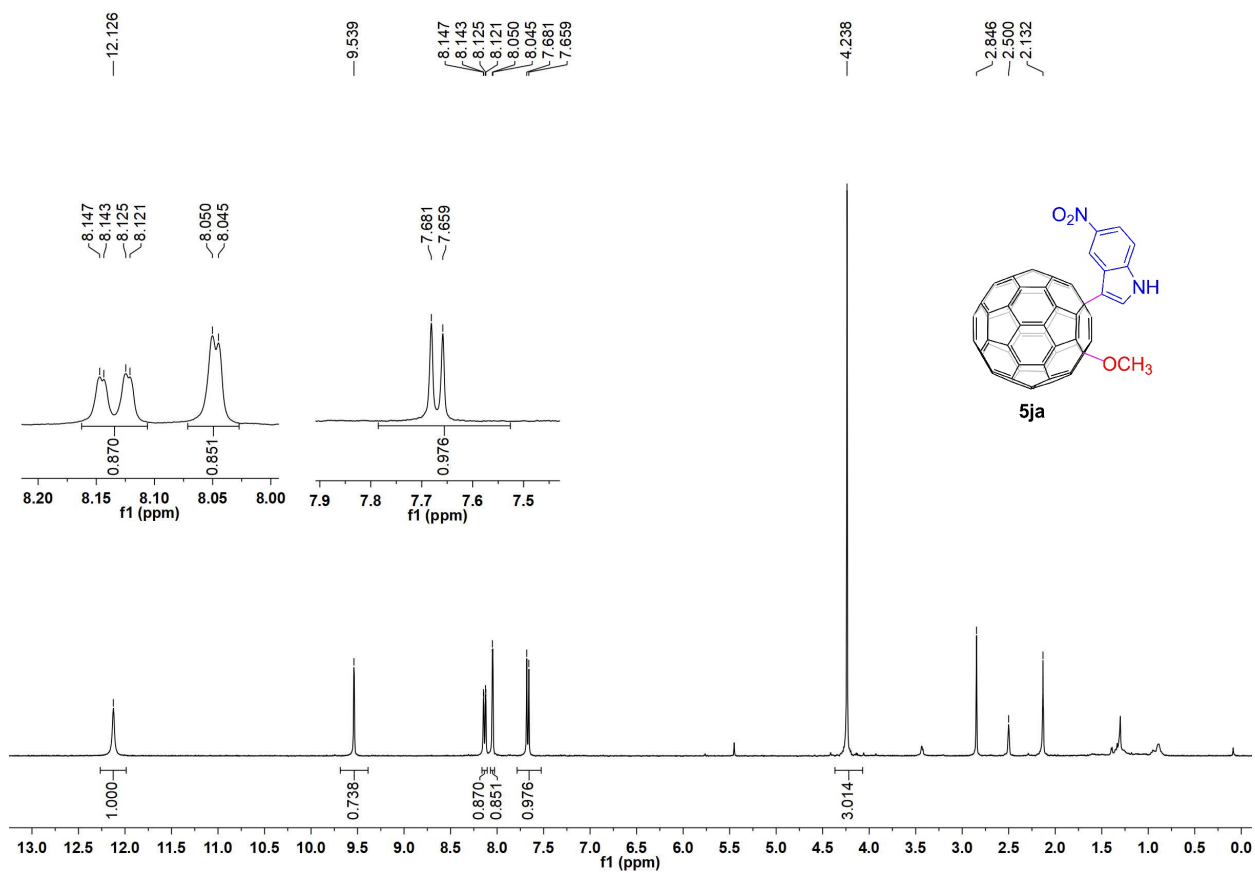
Chemical Shift (ppm)
154.44
153.84
151.99
149.148
148.142
147.620
147.137
146.898
146.408
146.320
146.233
146.173
146.137
146.102
145.890
145.810
145.748
144.929
144.797
144.184
143.941
143.796
143.776
143.672
143.511
143.500
143.449
143.411
143.376
143.250
143.082
142.697
142.629
142.565
142.552
142.495
142.397
142.376
142.208
142.166
141.978
141.792
141.750
141.557
141.451
140.326
139.951
139.721
138.954
138.741
136.822
136.746
135.003
126.747
125.367
124.116
120.282
118.968
115.201
105.187
80.514
55.484
54.167
40.145
39.937
39.728
39.520
39.312
39.104
38.896
29.653
29.398

Figure S10 displays the ^{13}C NMR spectra of compound **5ia**. The chemical structure of **5ia** is shown above the spectra, featuring a C₆₀ fullerene cage with a bromophenyl group and a methoxy group.

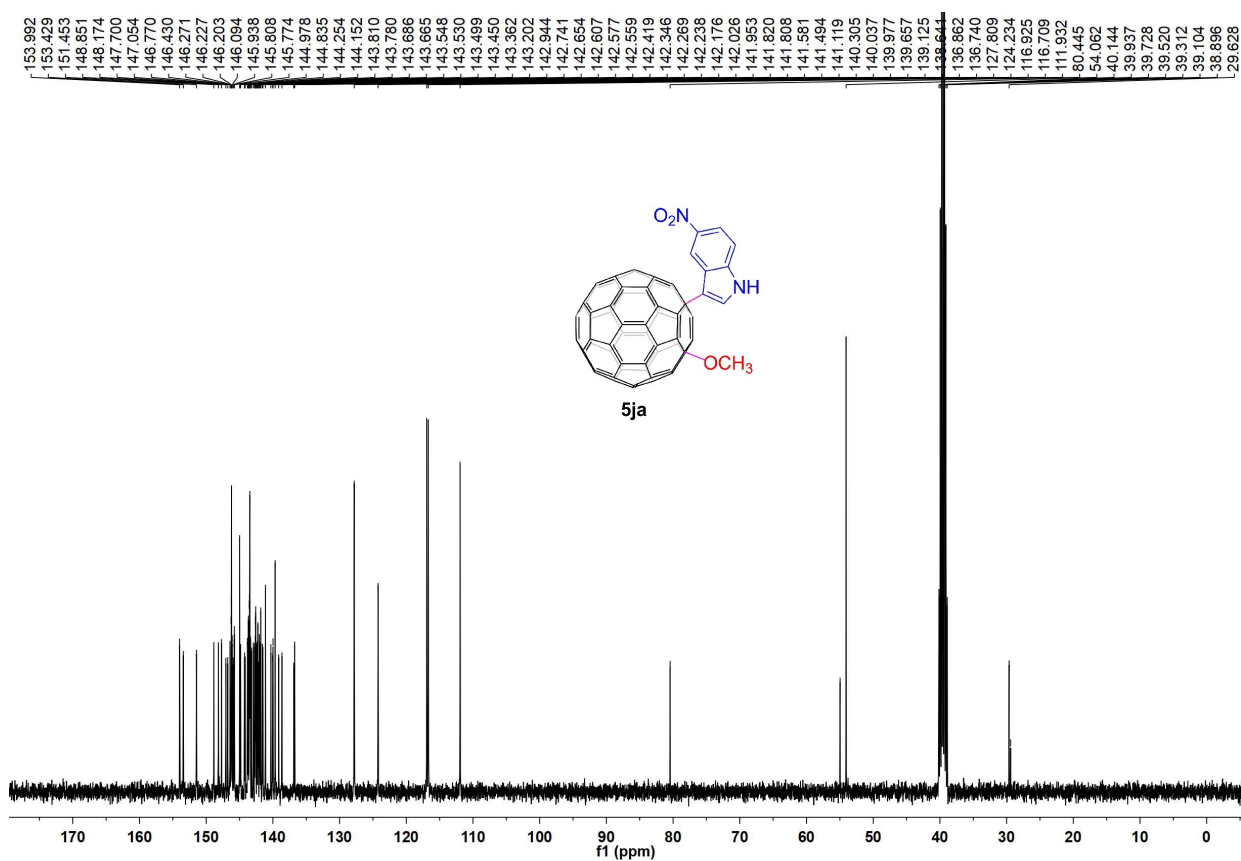
The top spectrum shows the ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5ia** in CDCl_3 . The x-axis represents the chemical shift in ppm, ranging from 155.0 to 144.5. Key peaks are labeled with their chemical shifts: 154.445, 153.841, 151.993, 149.148, 148.142, 147.620, 147.137, 146.898, 146.408, 146.320, 146.233, 146.173, 146.137, 146.102, 145.890, 145.810, 145.748, 144.929, and 144.797.

The bottom spectrum shows the ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **5ia** in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$. The x-axis represents the chemical shift in ppm, ranging from 144.5 to 133.5. Key peaks are labeled with their chemical shifts: 144.194, 143.796, 143.776, 143.672, 143.511, 143.500, 143.449, 143.411, 143.376, 143.250, 143.087, 142.629, 142.565, 142.552, 142.495, 142.397, 142.376, 142.208, 142.166, 141.978, 141.792, 141.750, 141.557, 141.451, 140.326, 139.951, 139.721, 138.954, 138.741, 136.822, 136.746, and 135.003.

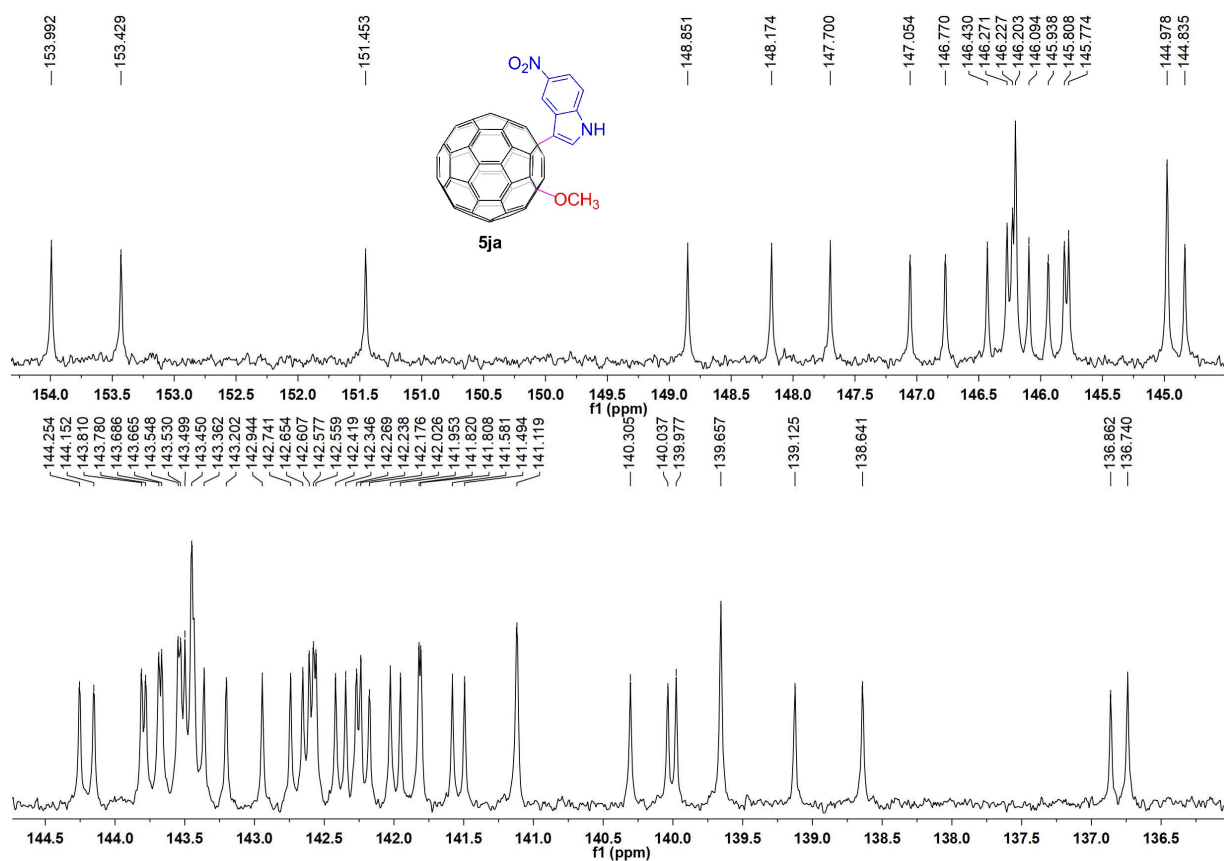
¹H NMR (400 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5ja



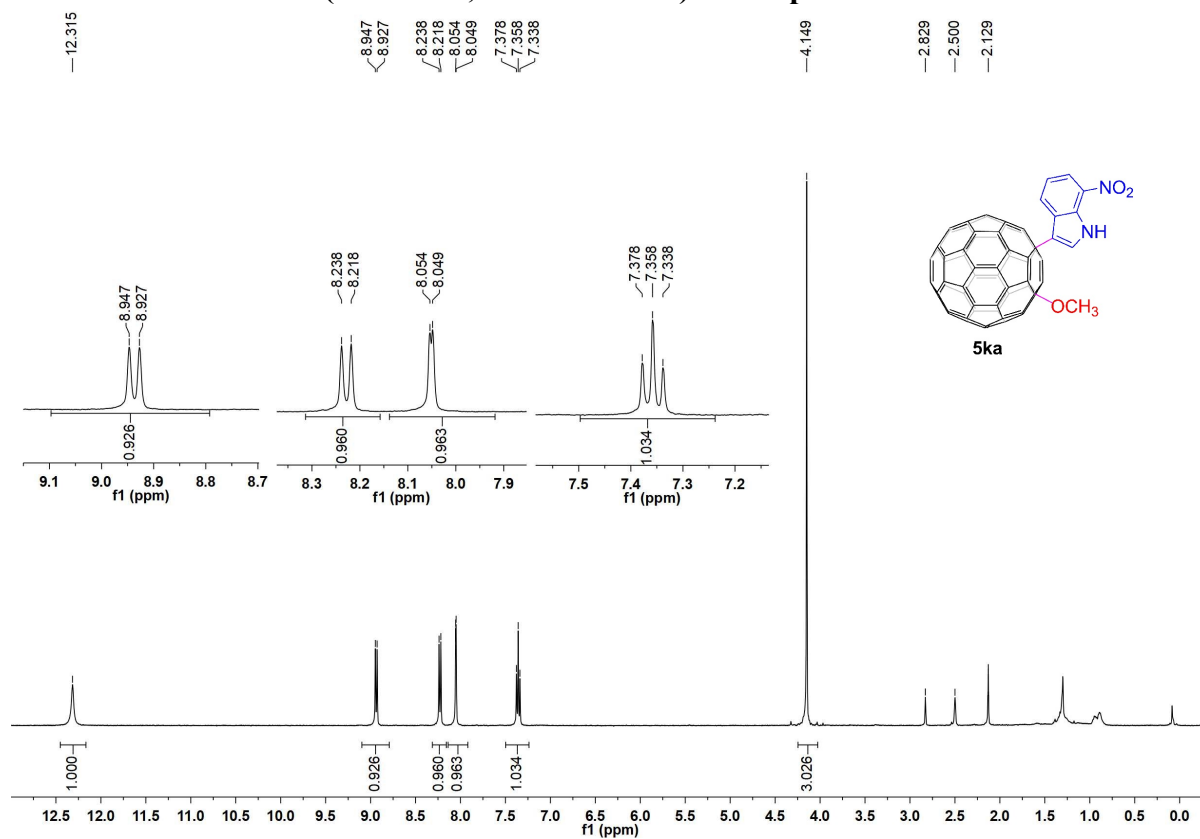
¹³C NMR (100 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5ja



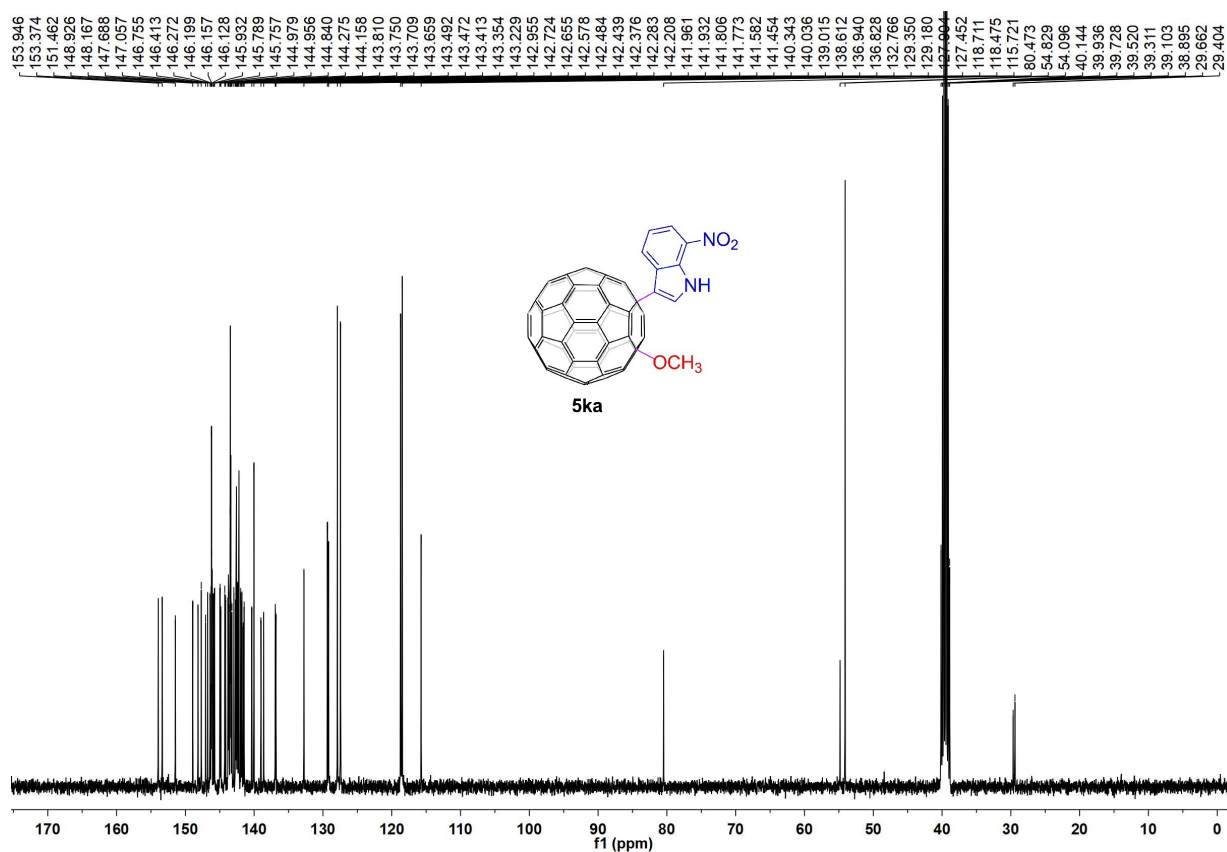
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ja



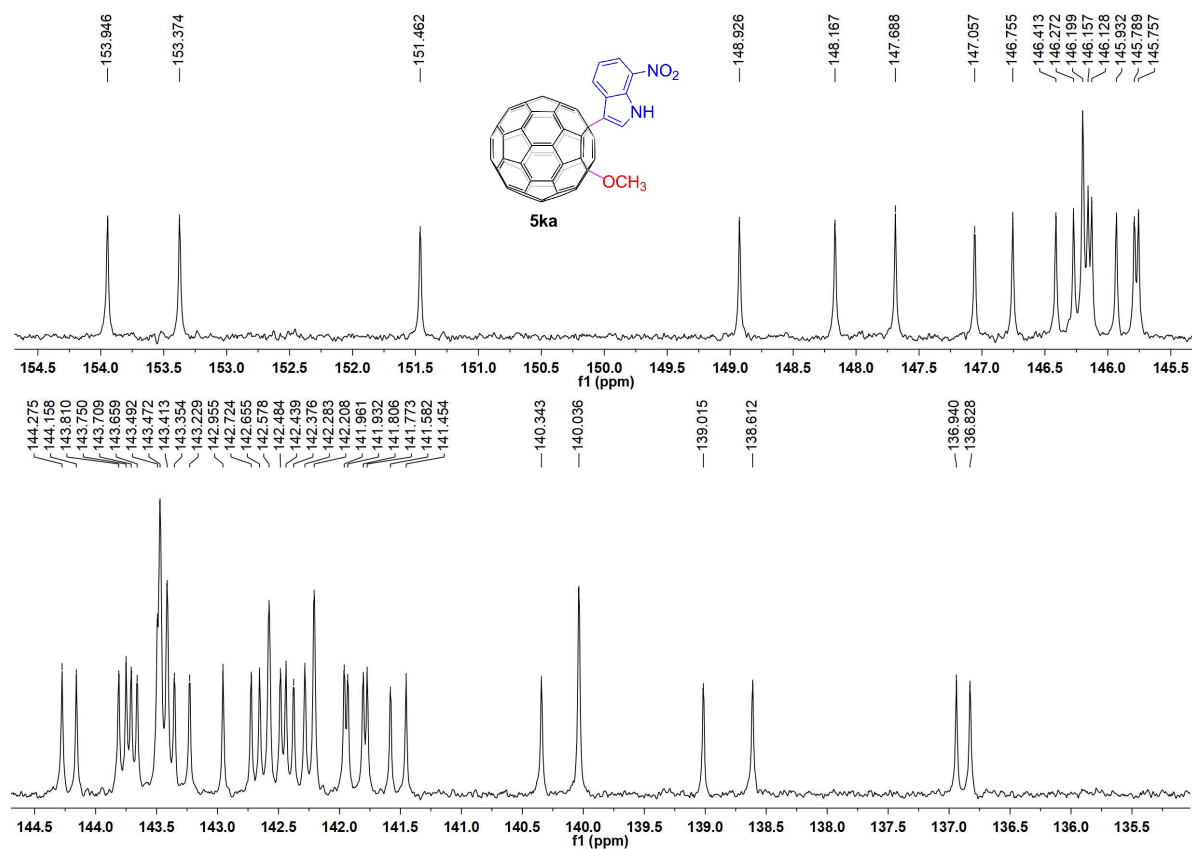
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ka



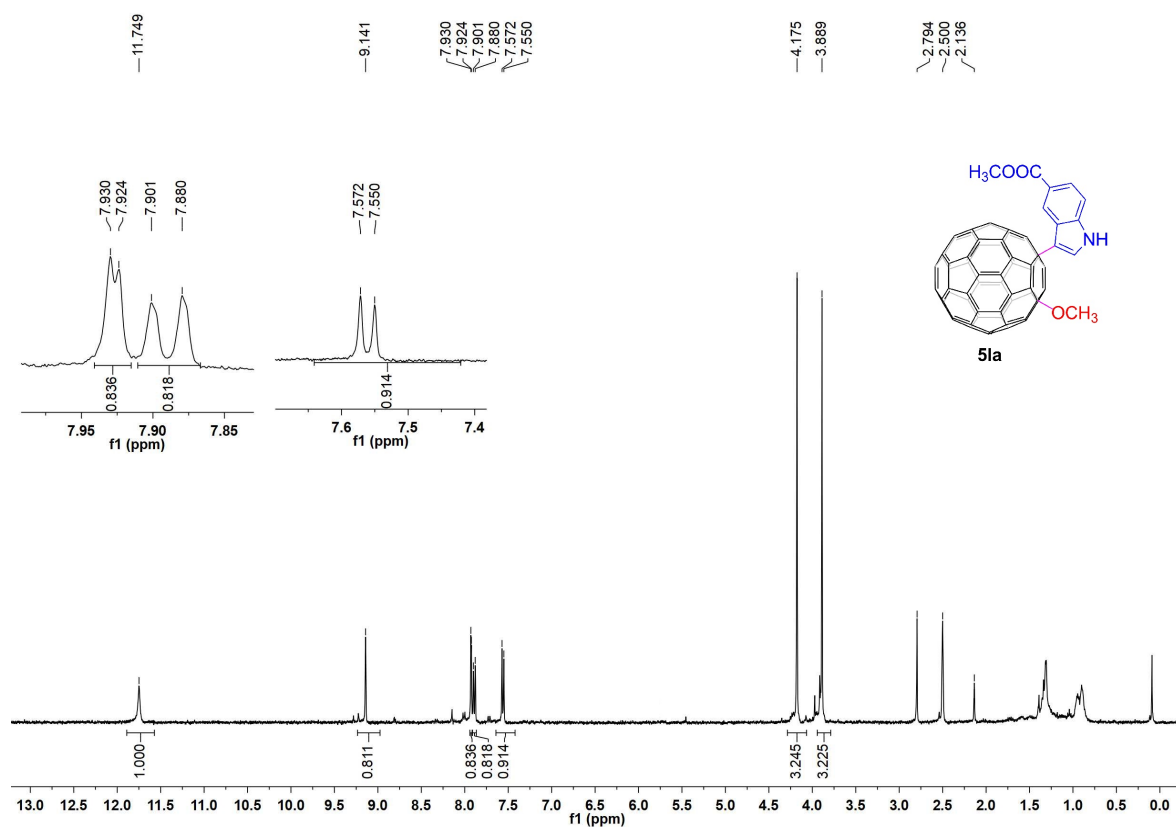
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ka



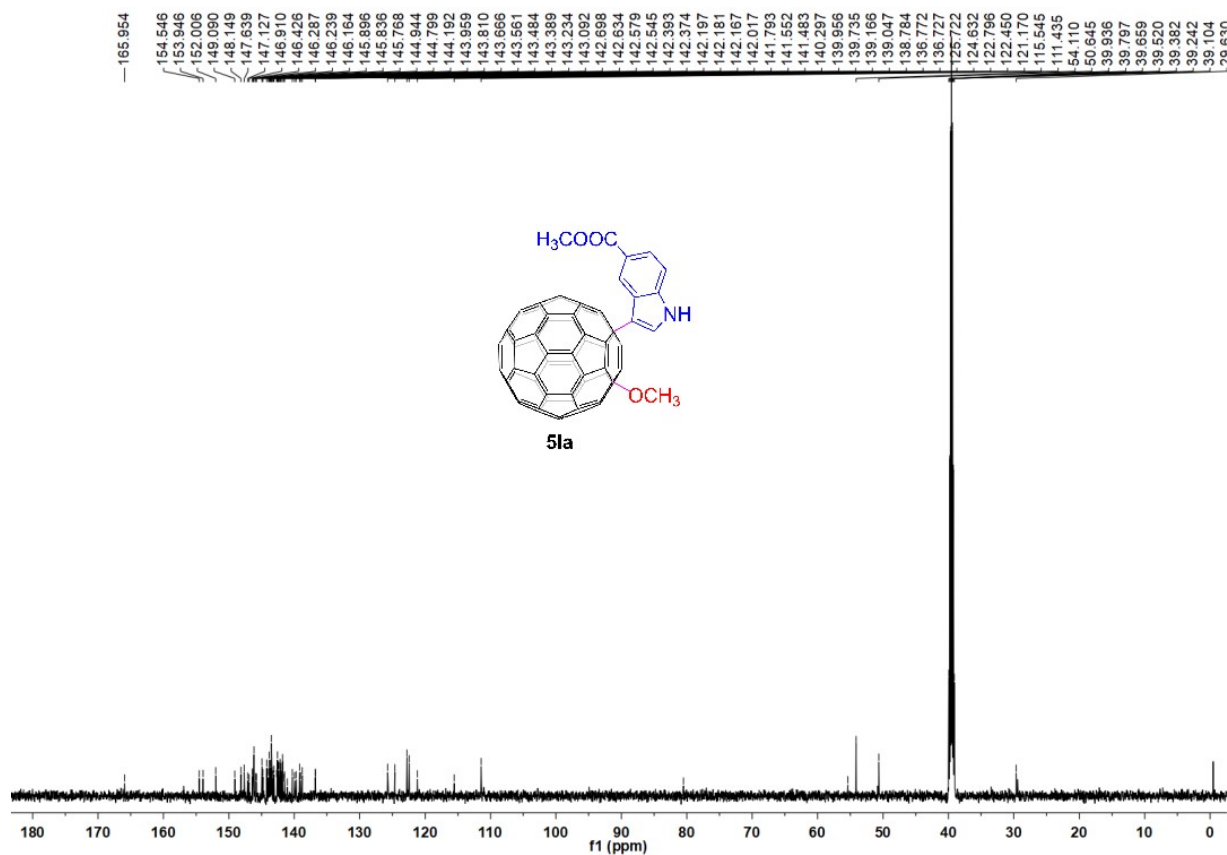
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ka



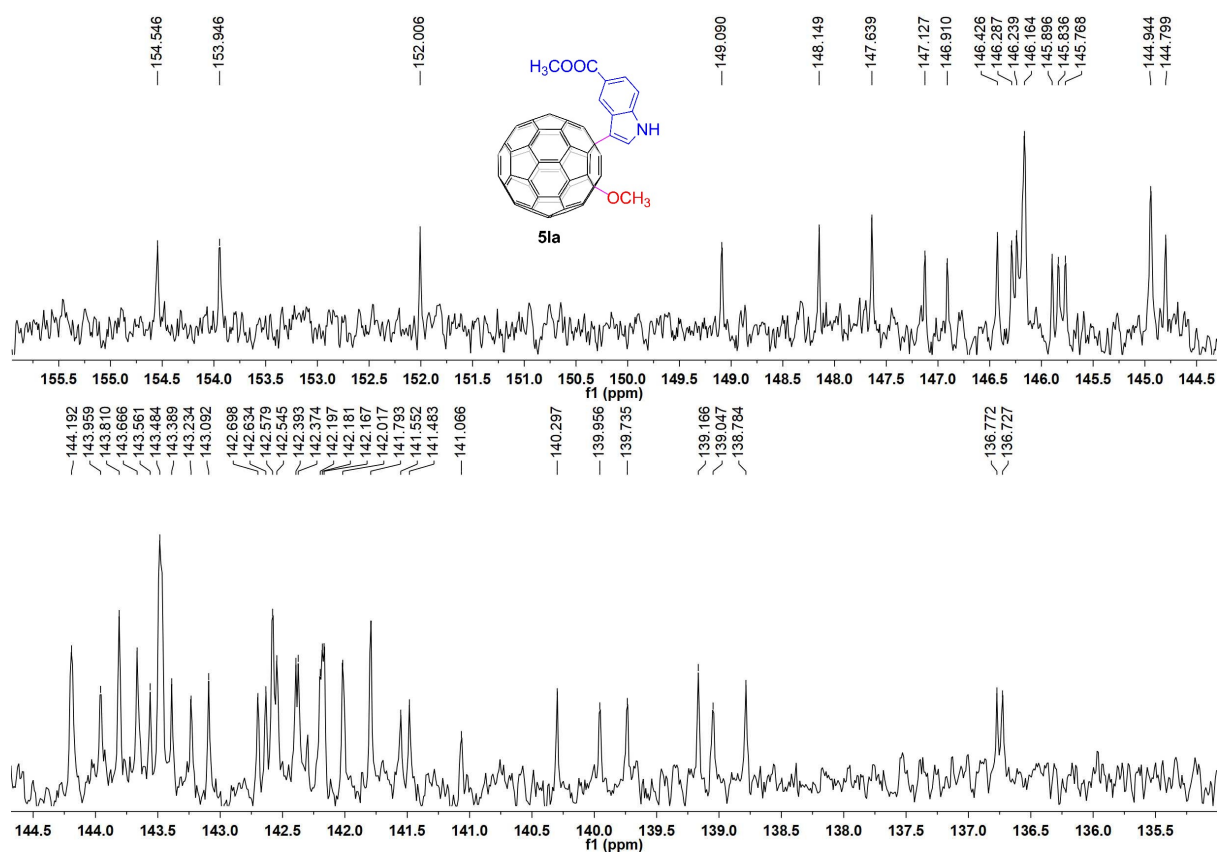
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5la



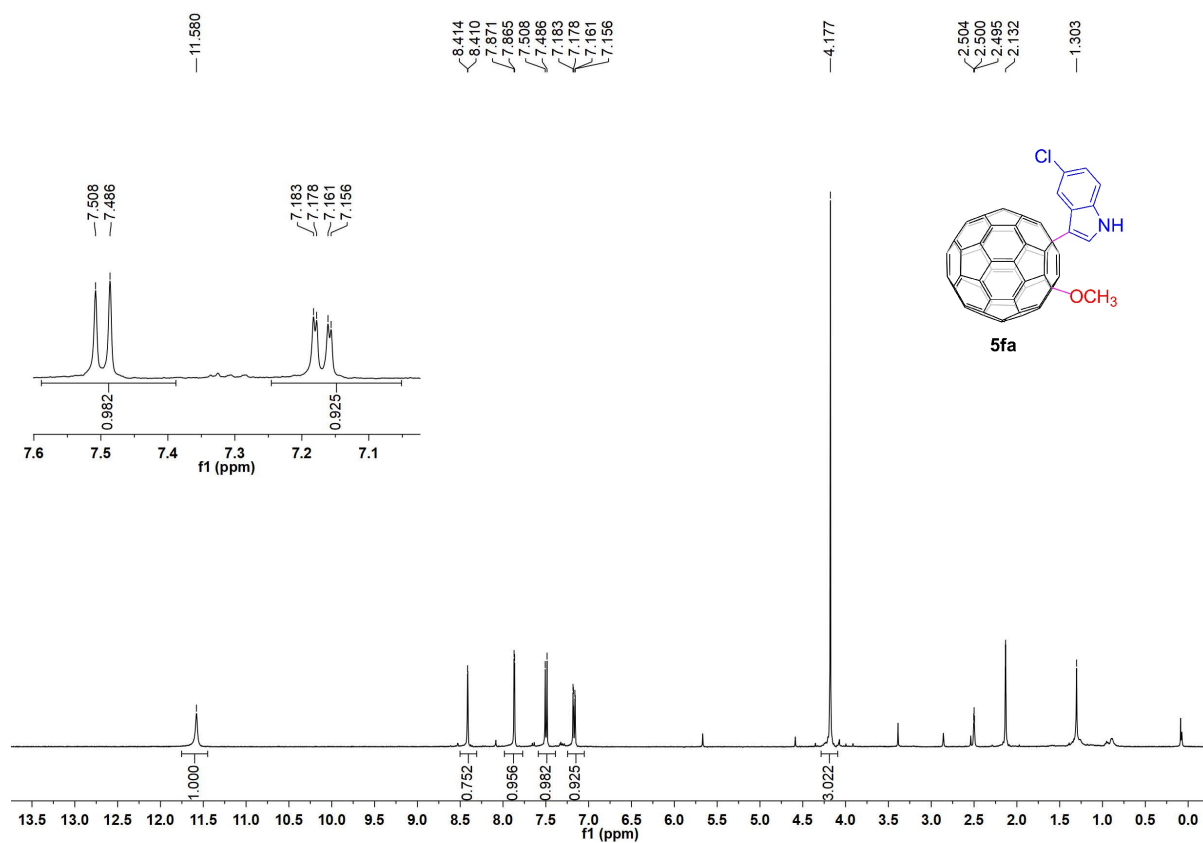
¹³C NMR (150 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5la



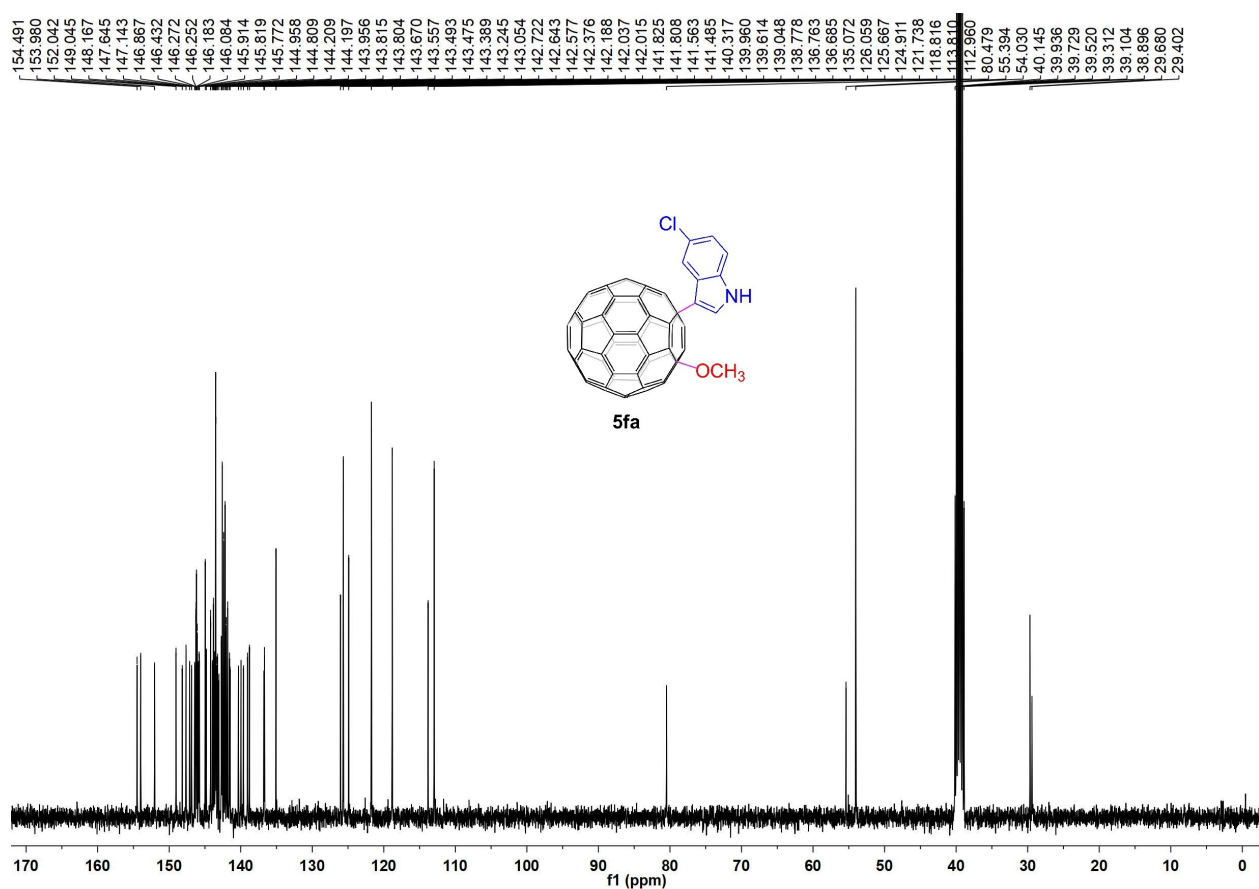
Expanded ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5la



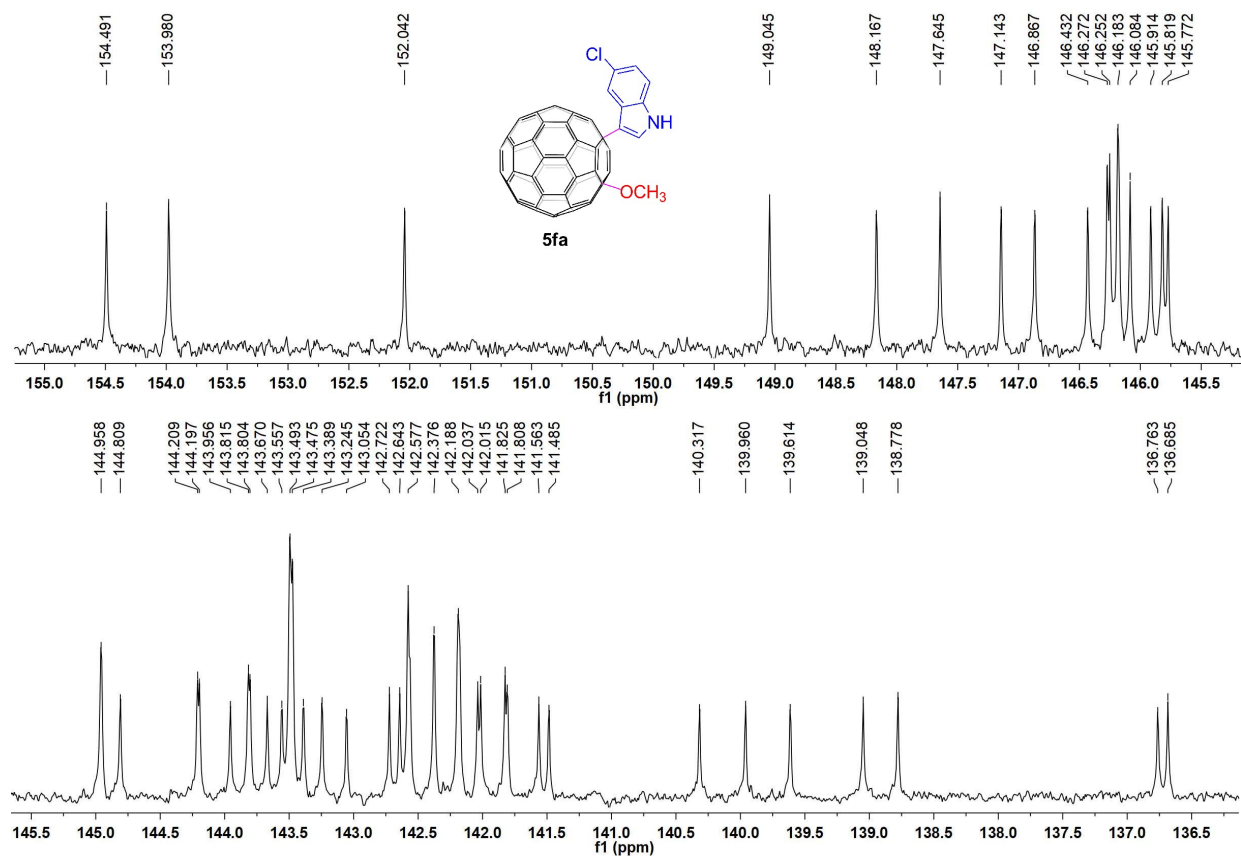
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5fa



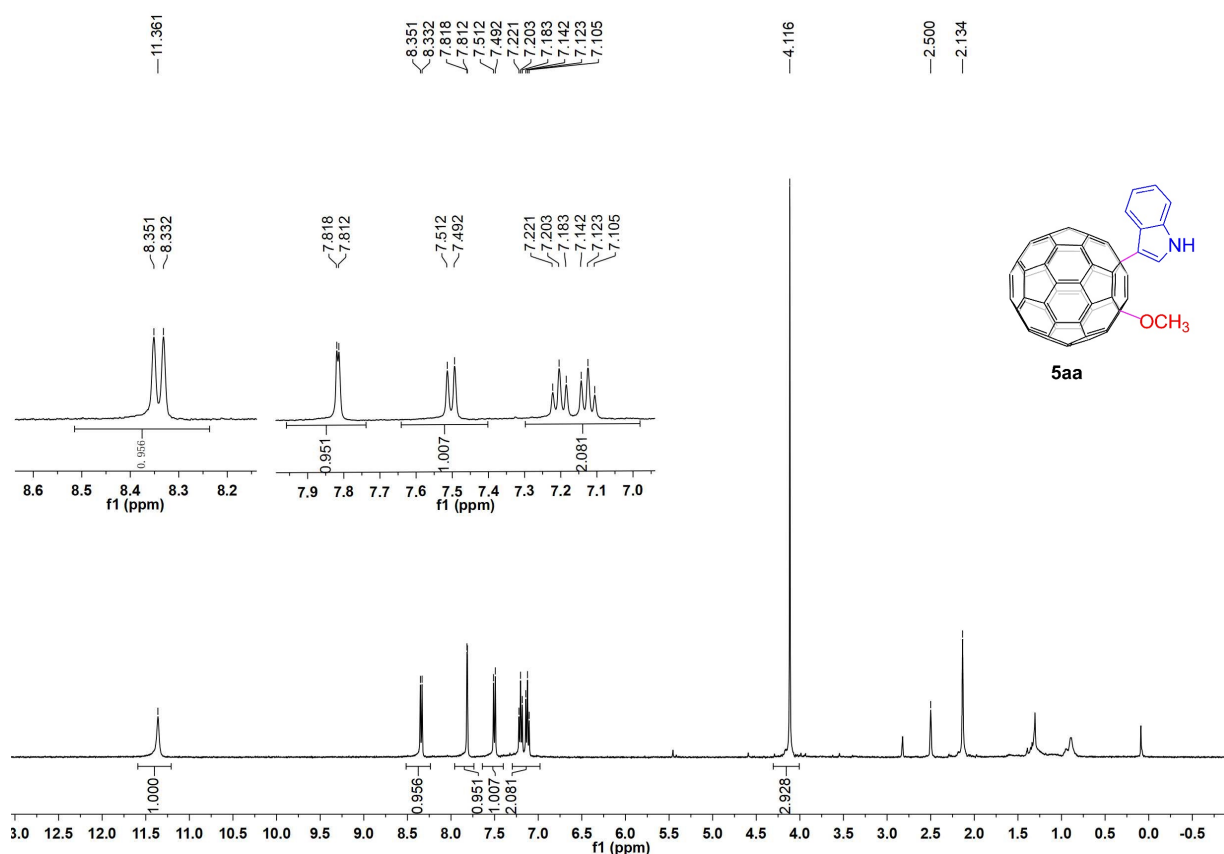
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5fa



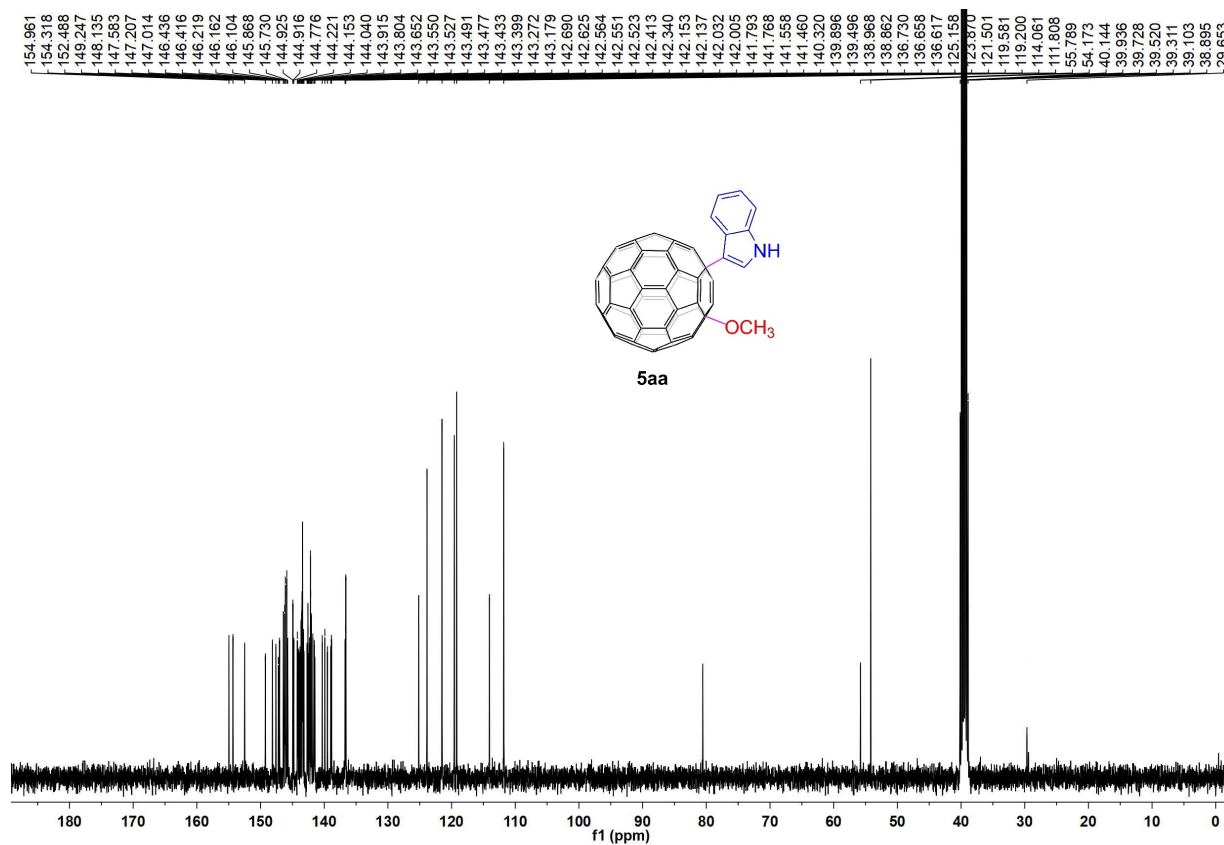
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5fa



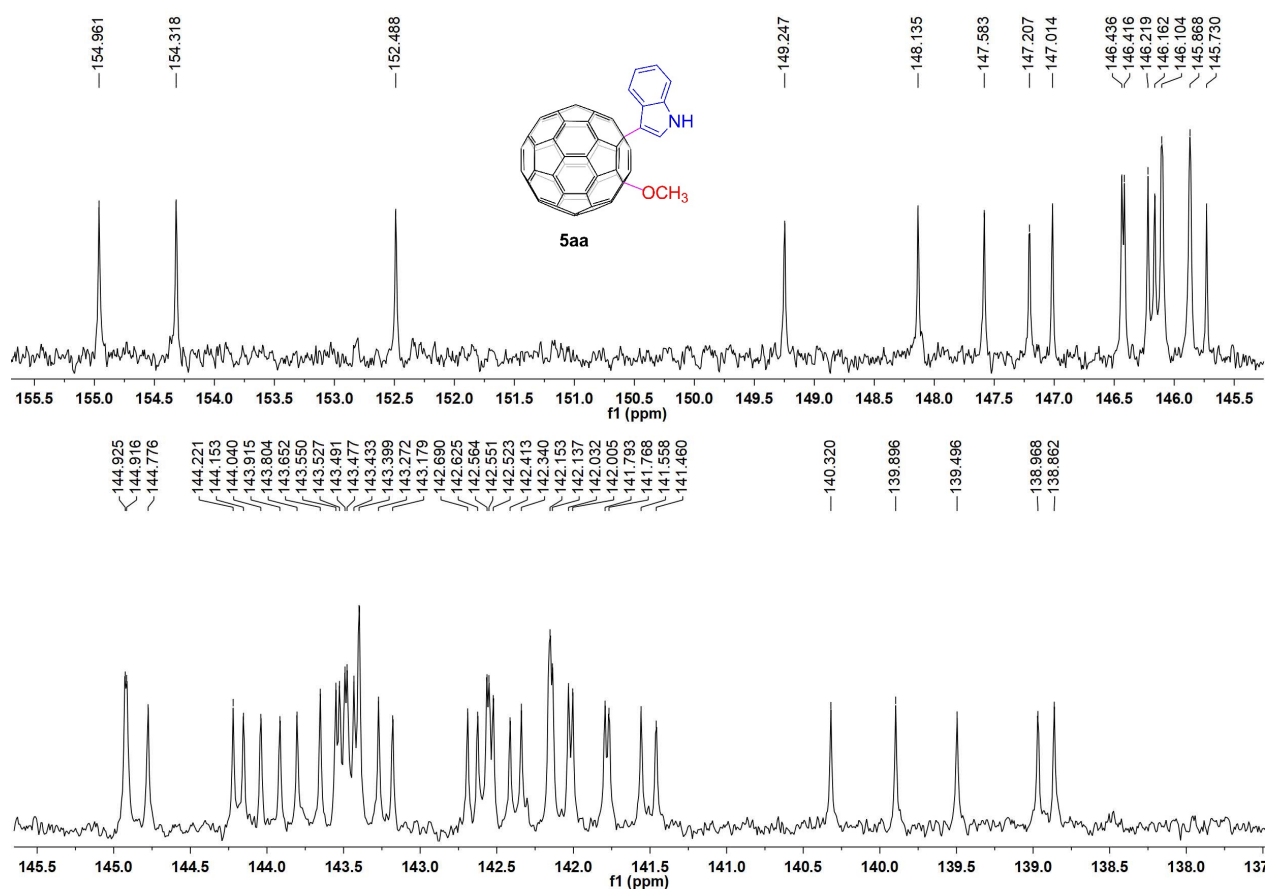
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5aa



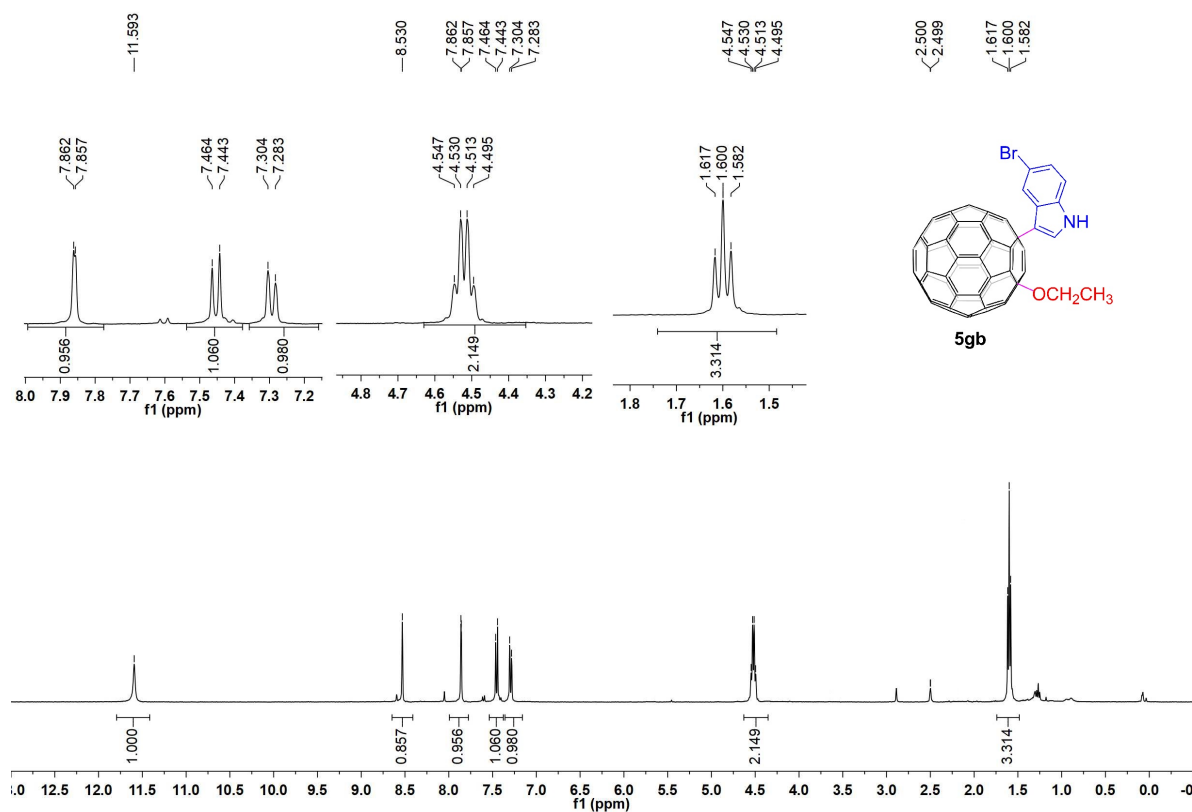
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5aa

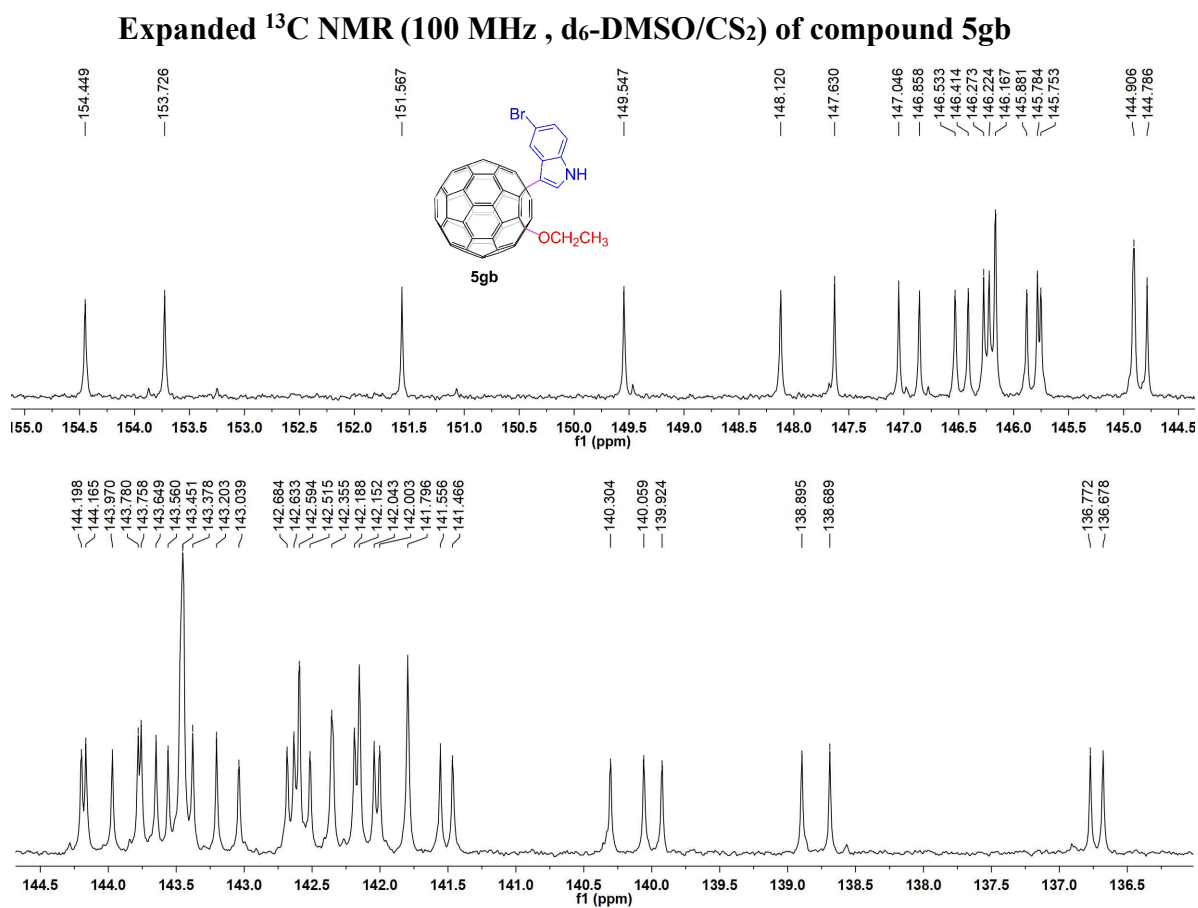
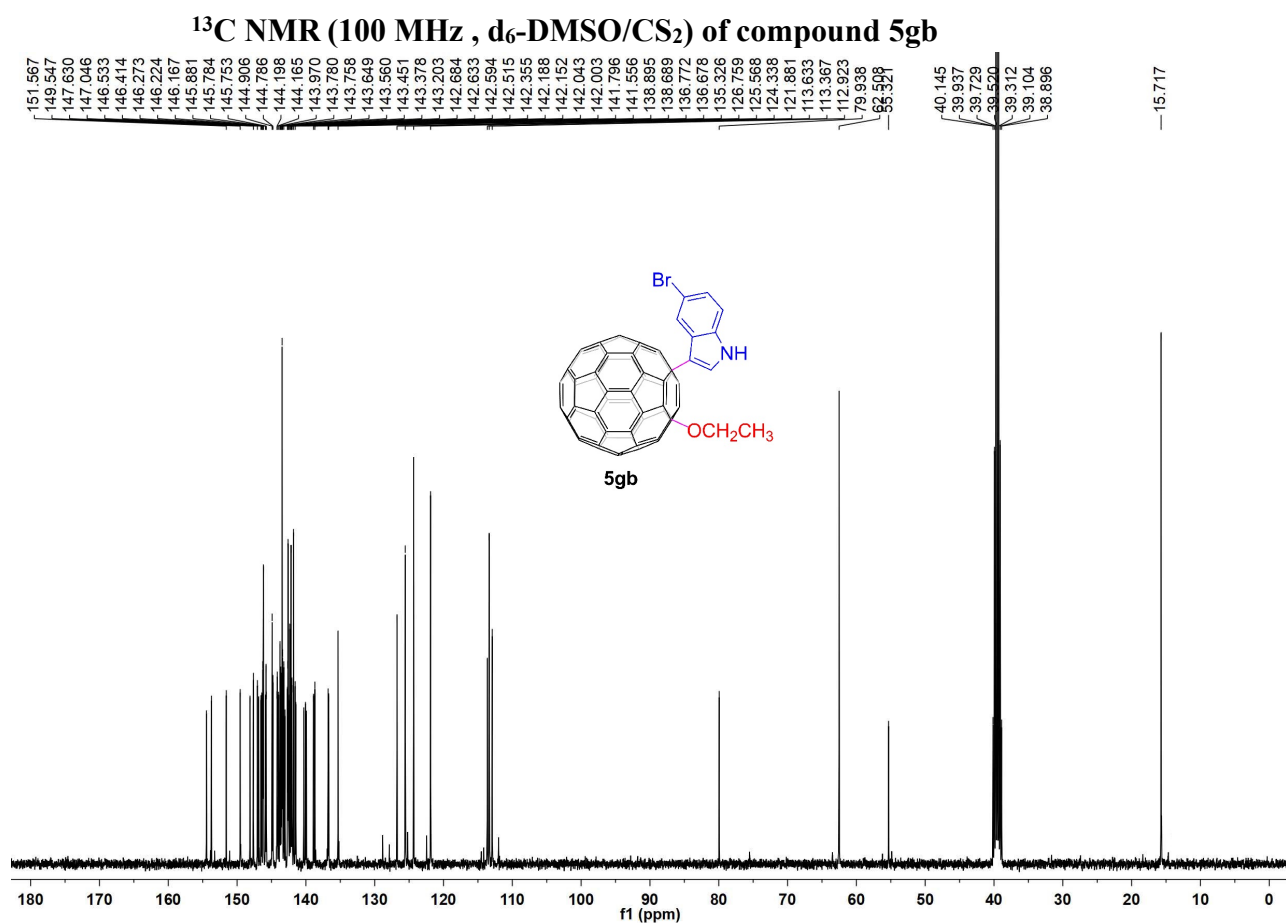


Expanded ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5aa

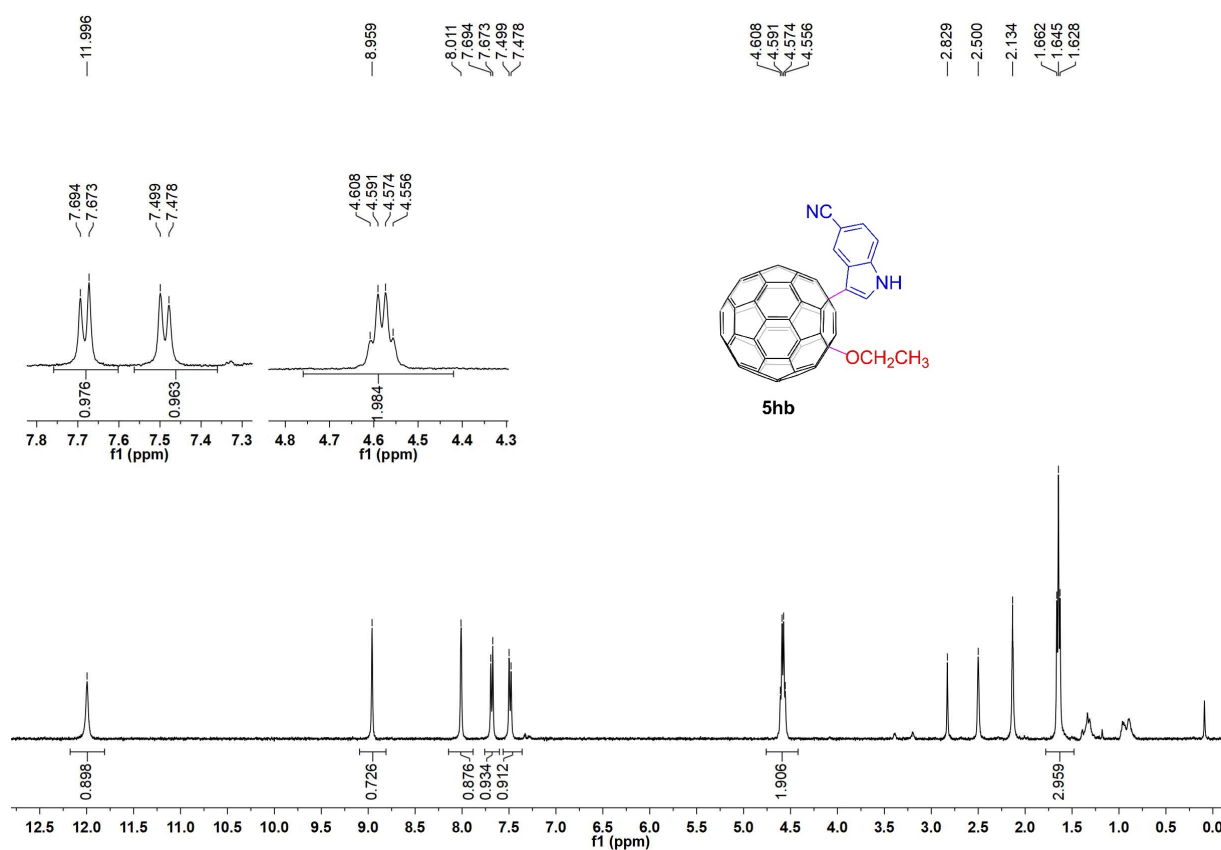


¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gb

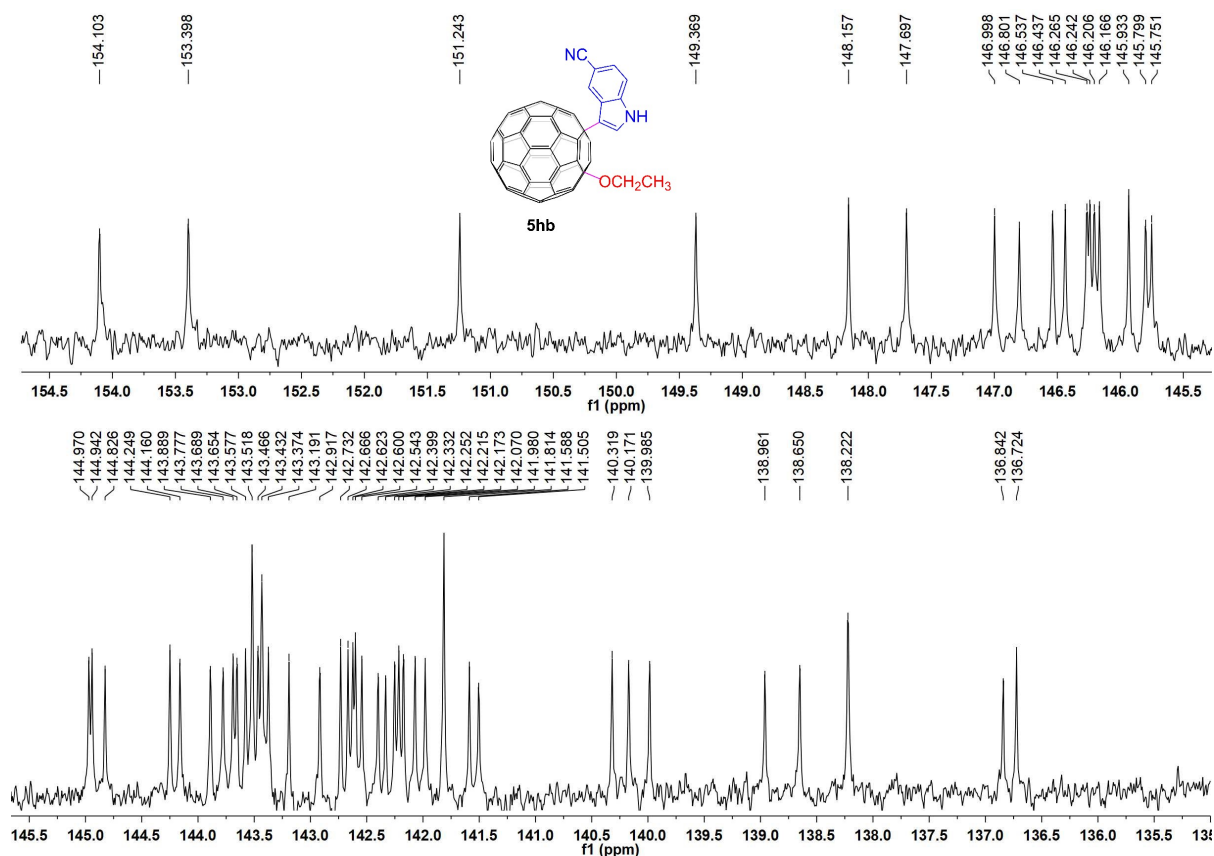




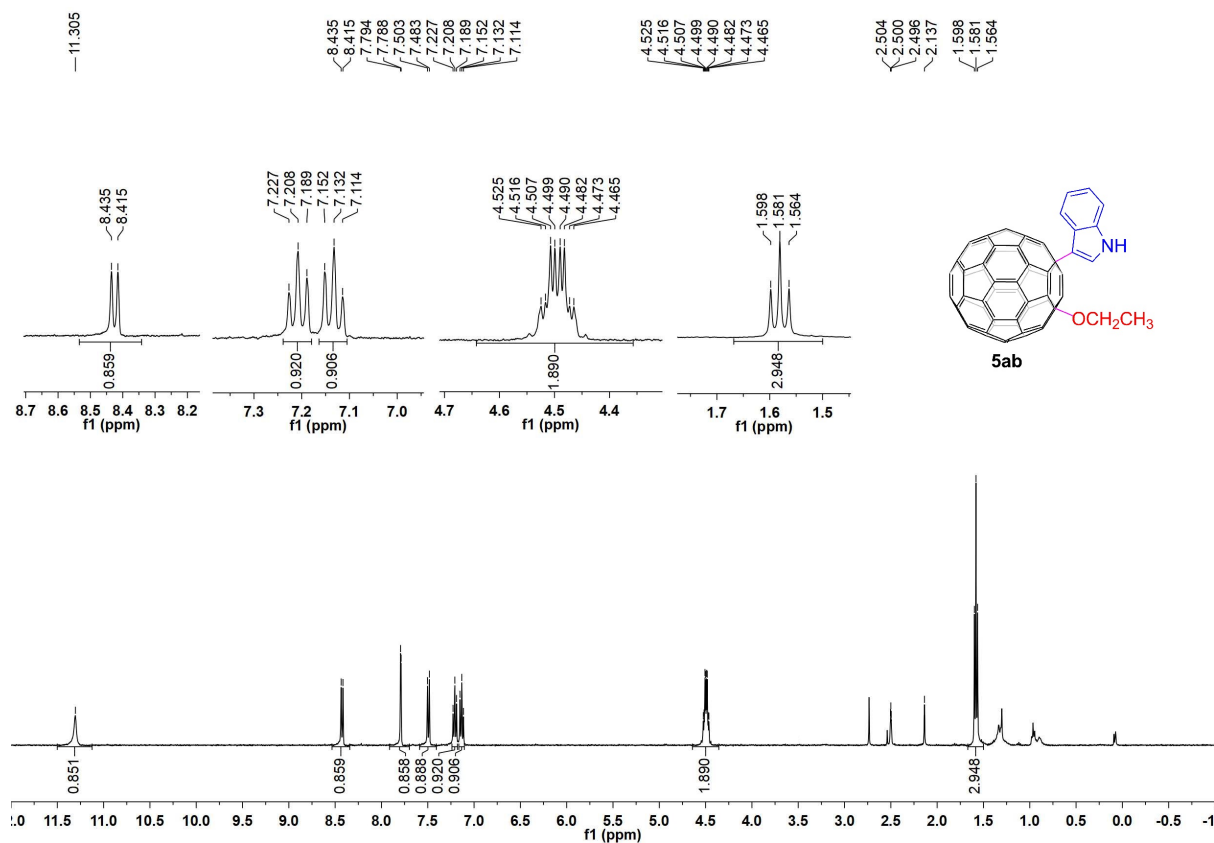
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5hb



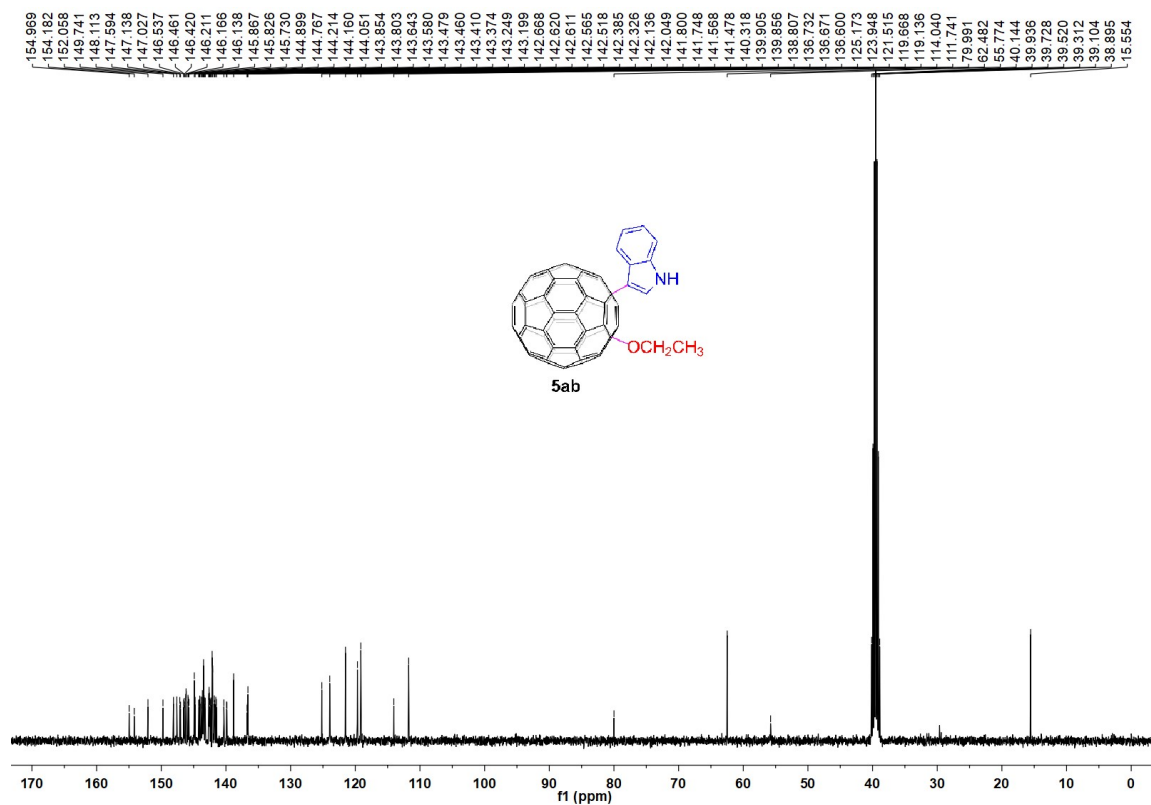
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5hb



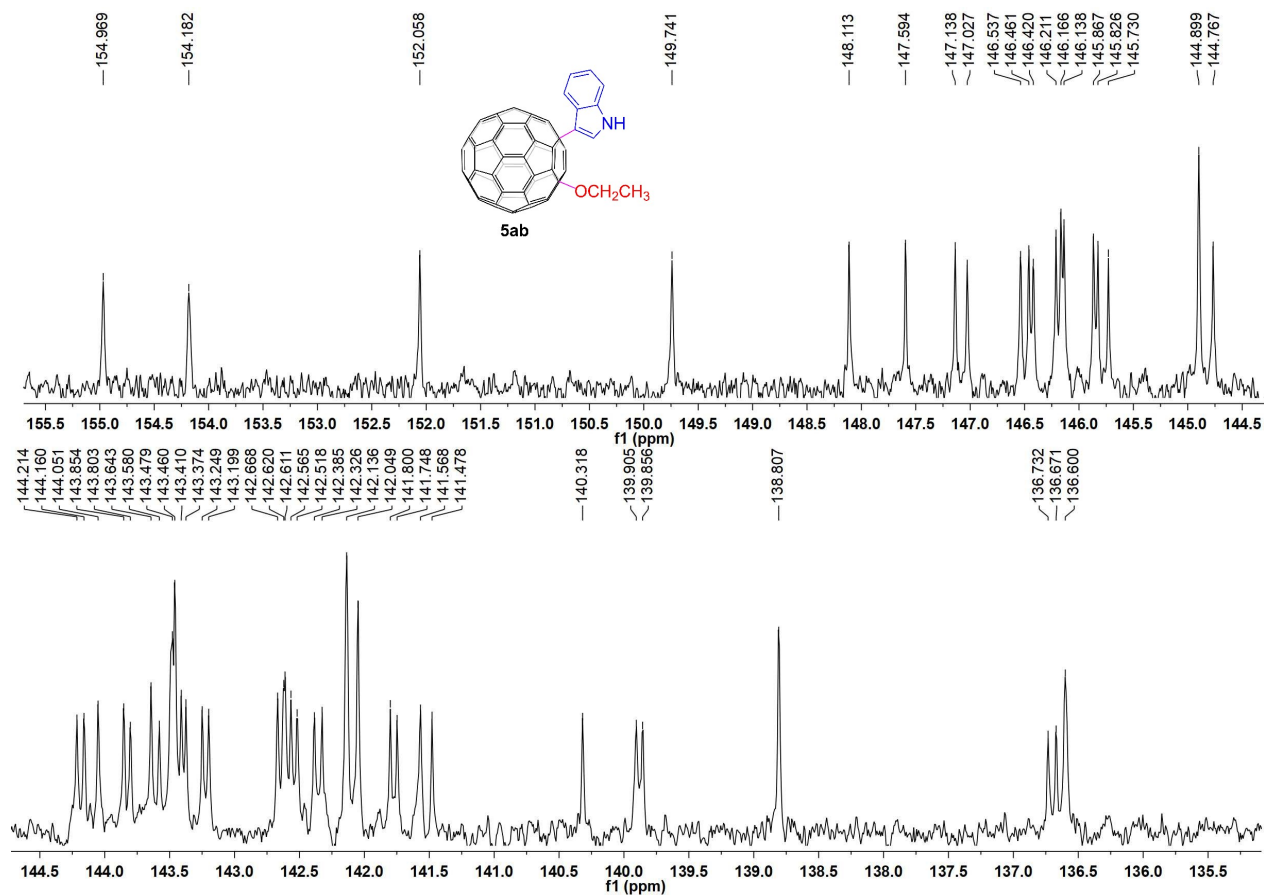
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ab



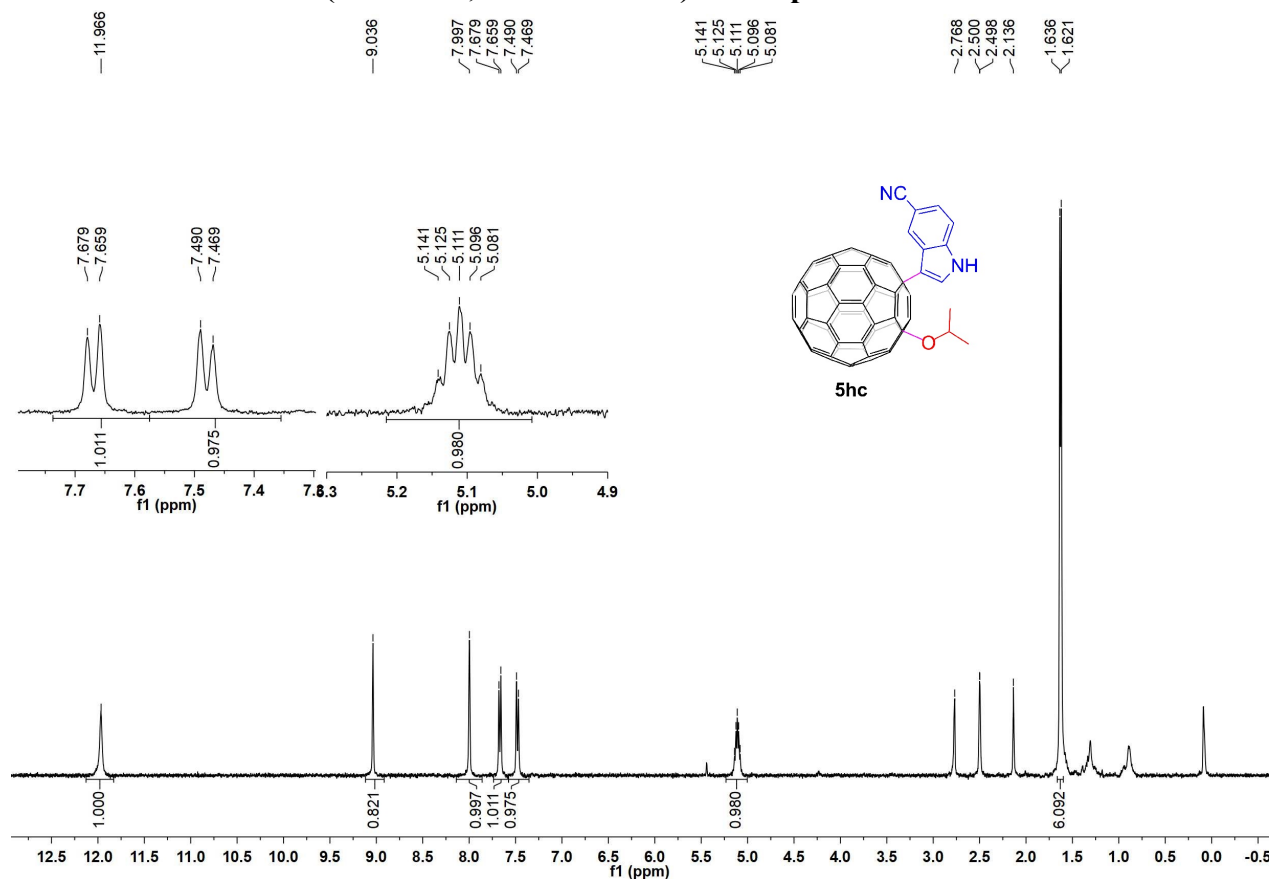
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ab



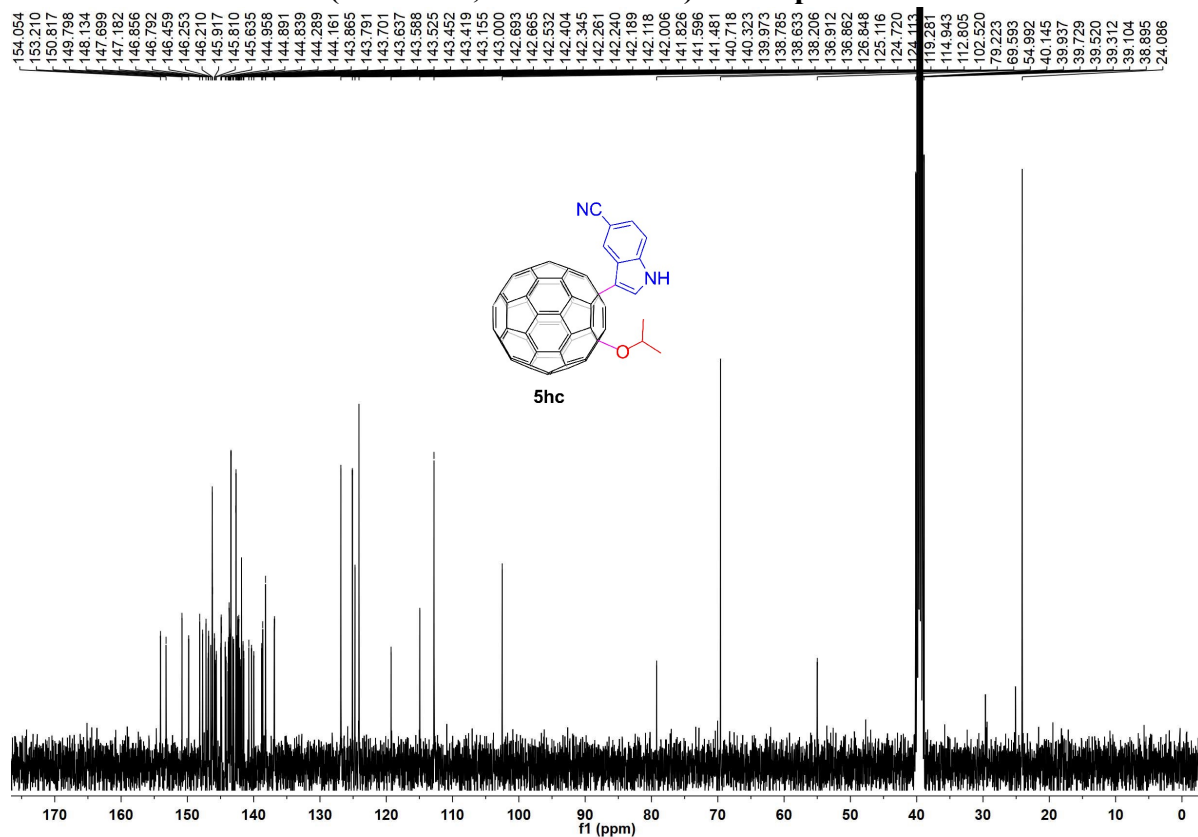
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ab



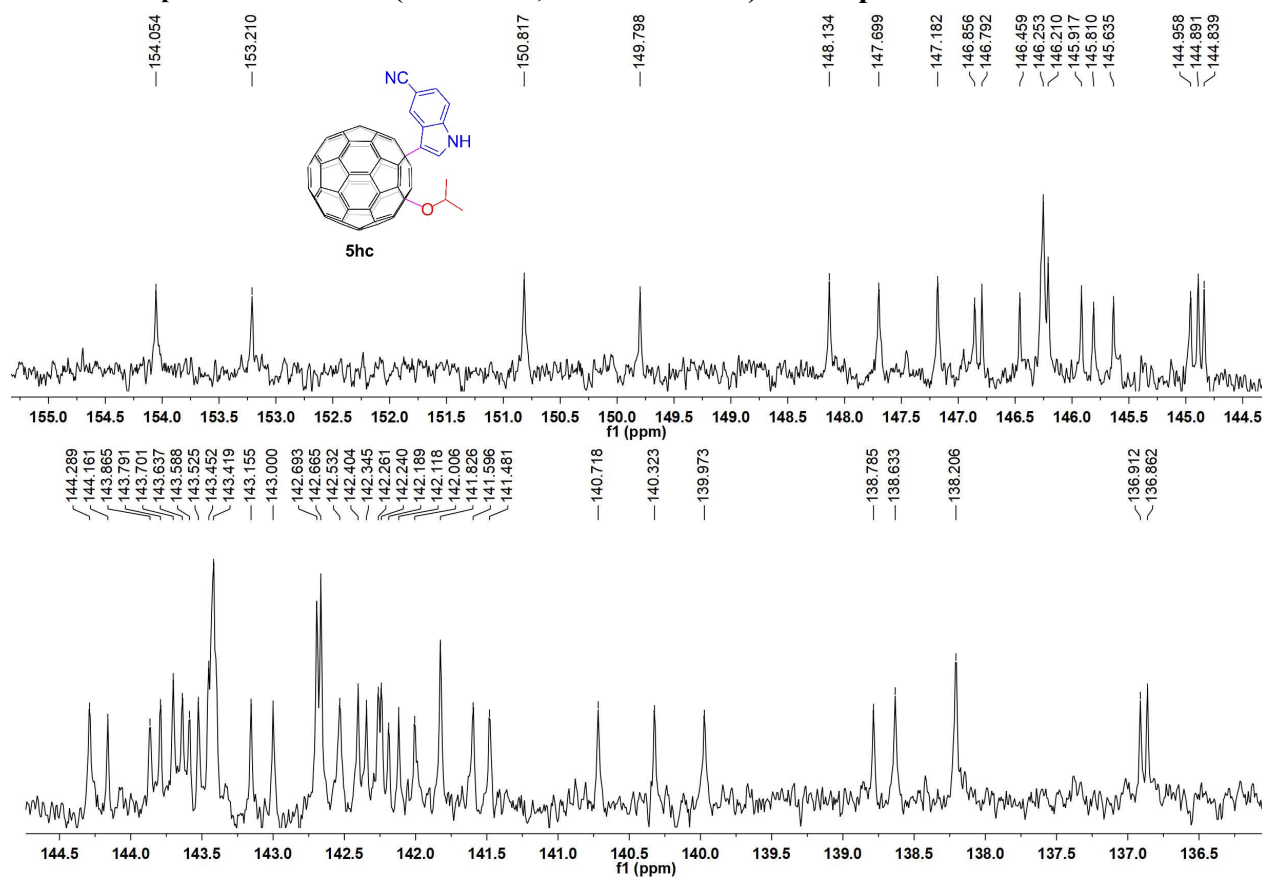
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5hc



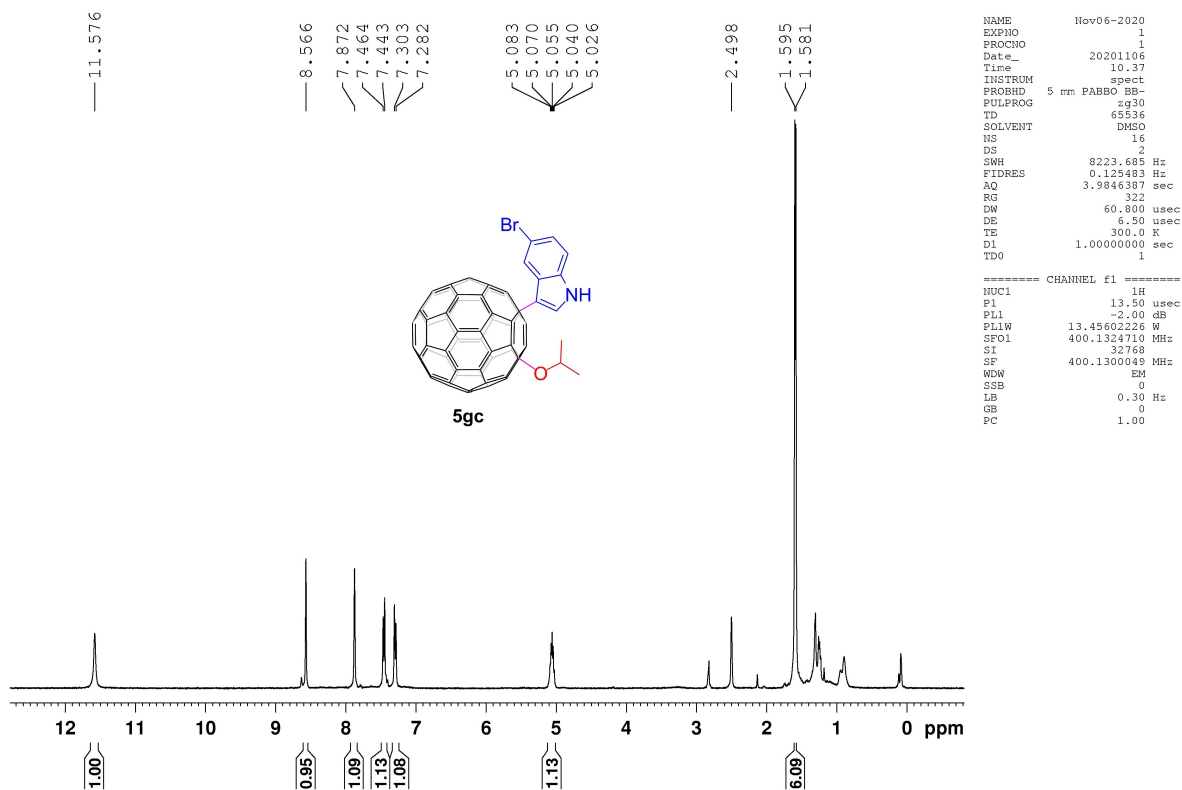
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5hc



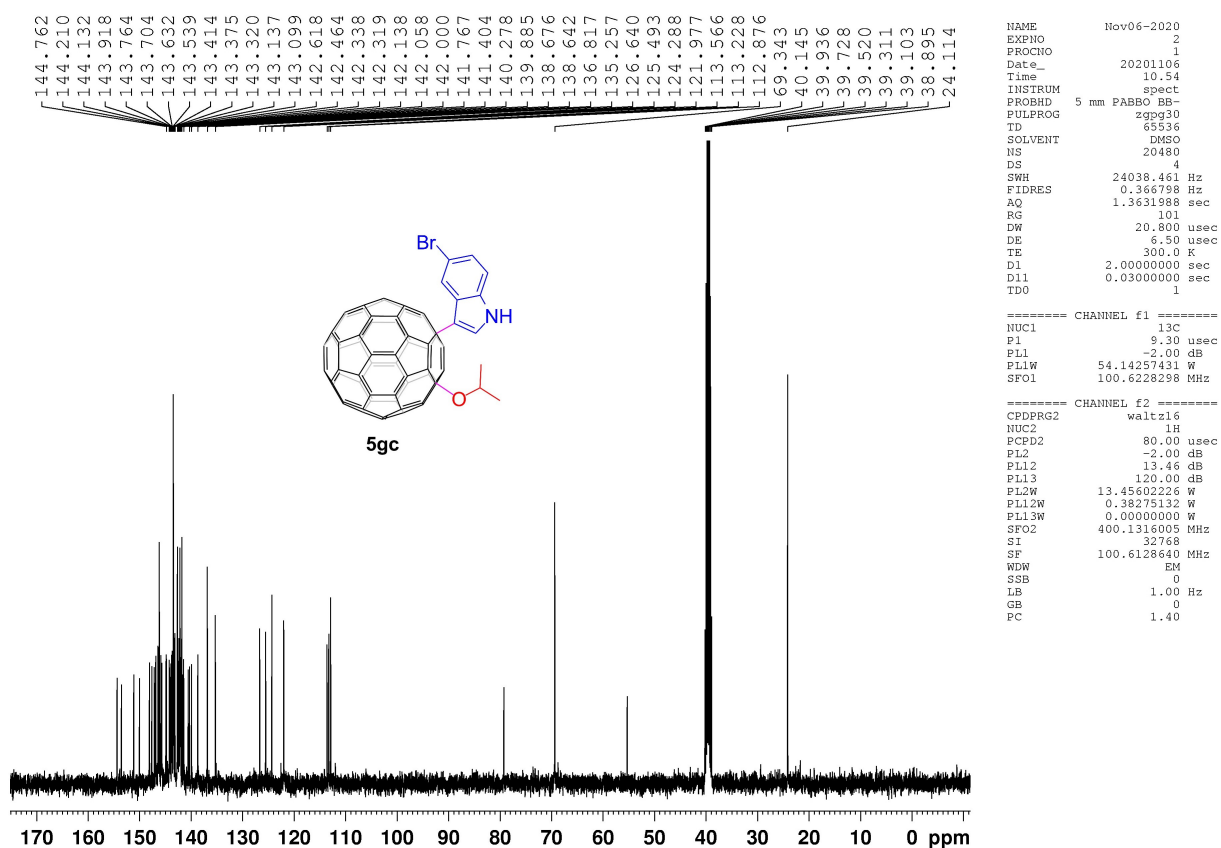
Expanded ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5hc



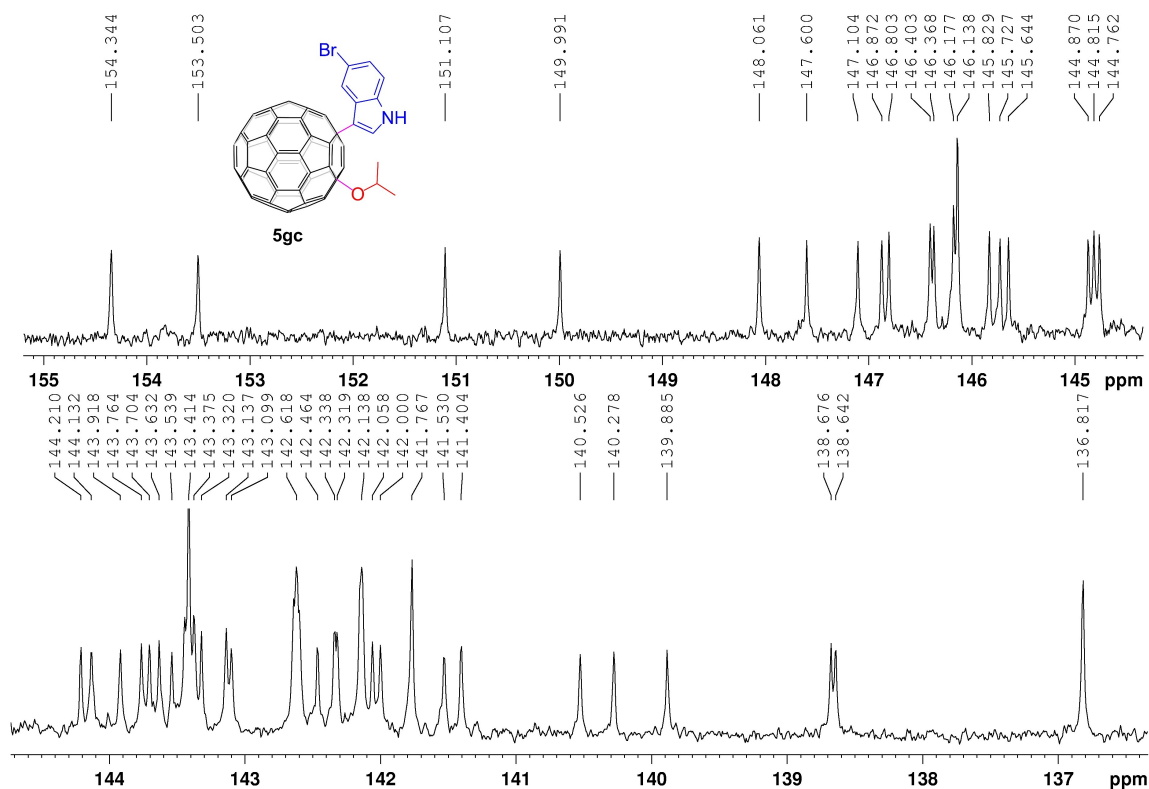
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gc



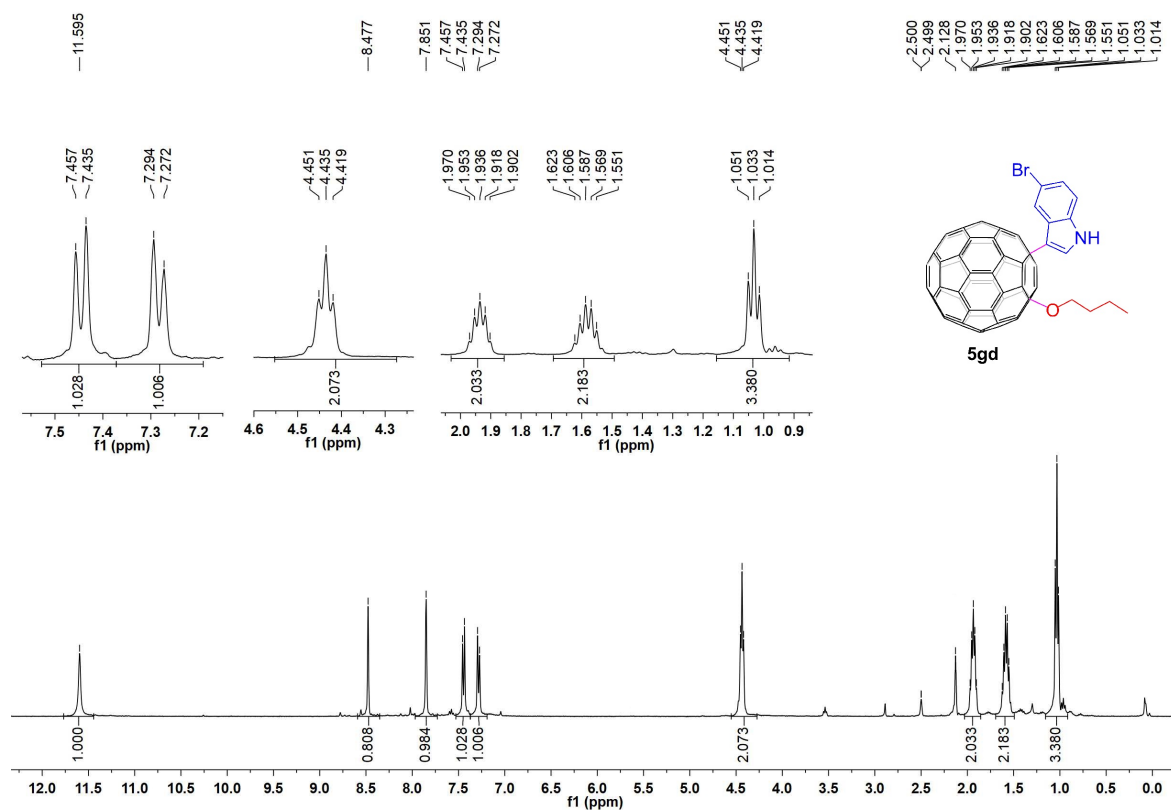
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gc



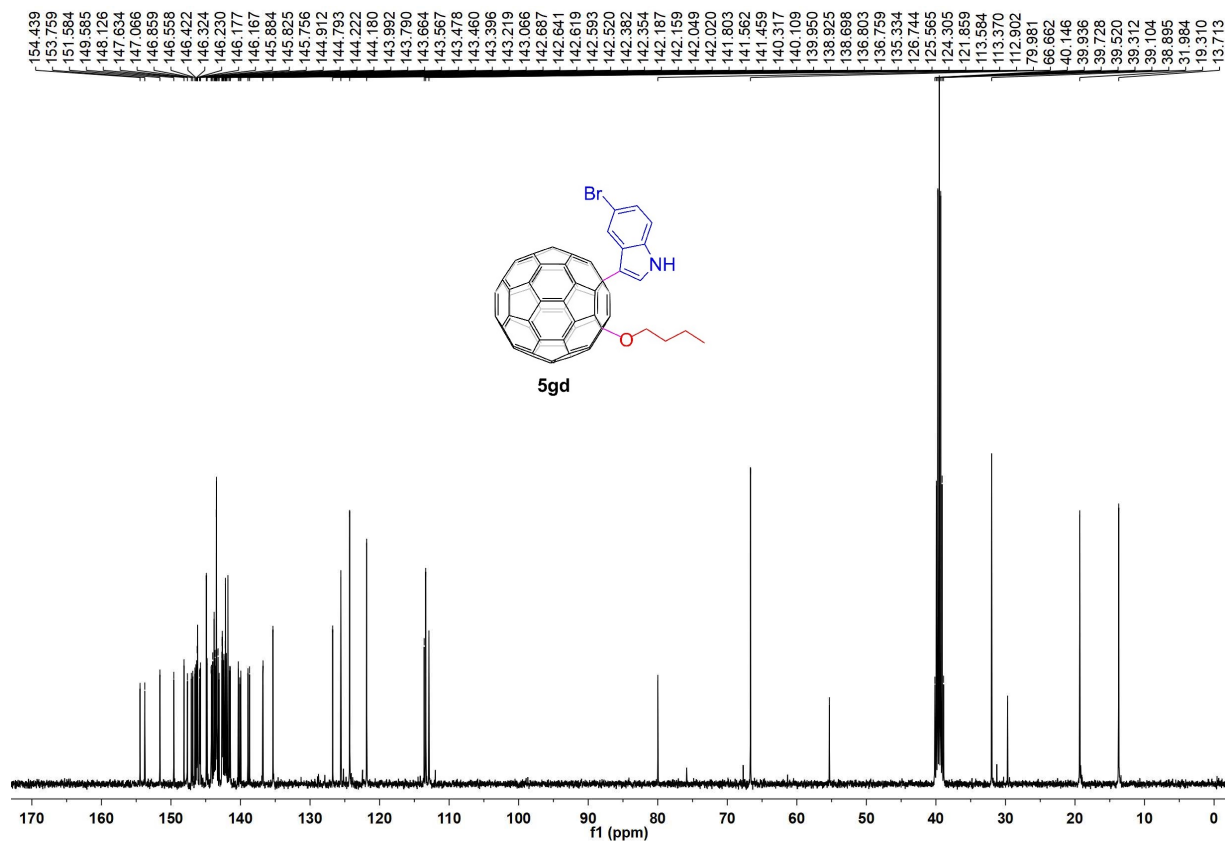
Expanded ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gc



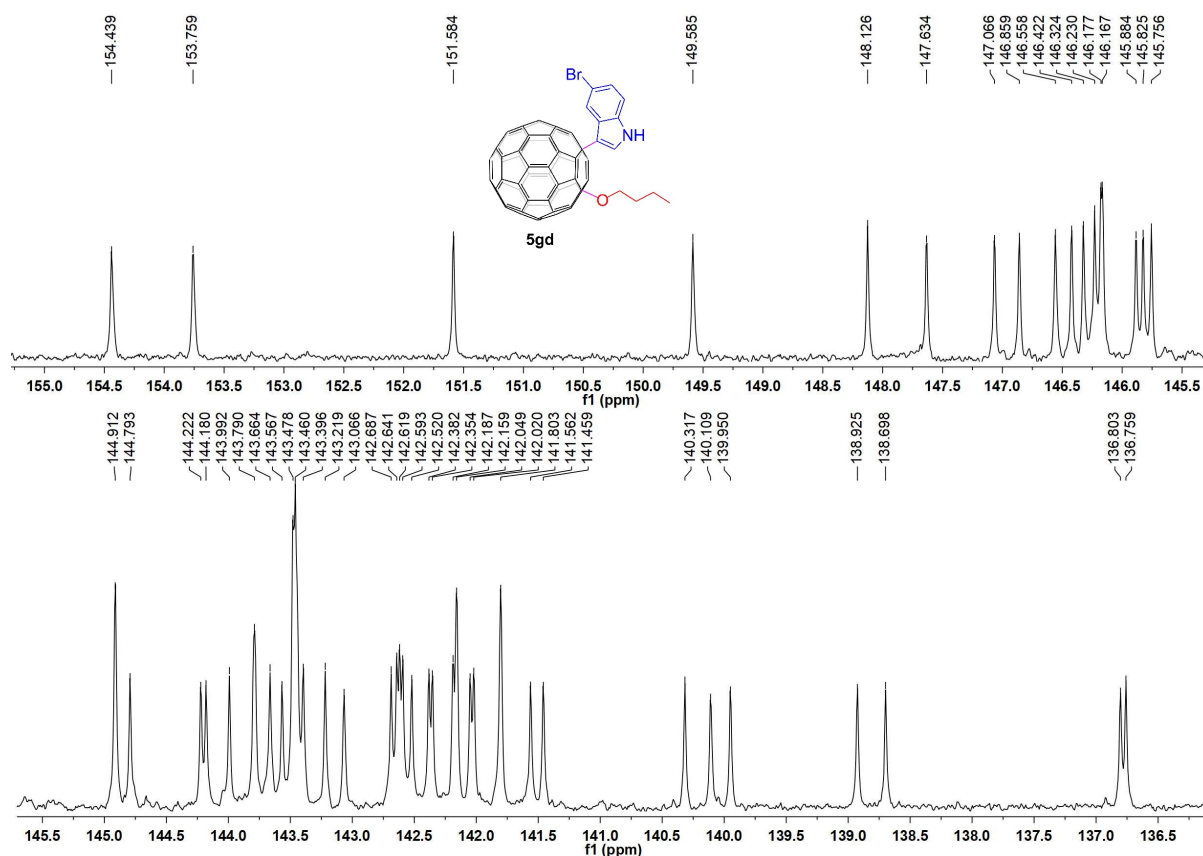
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gd



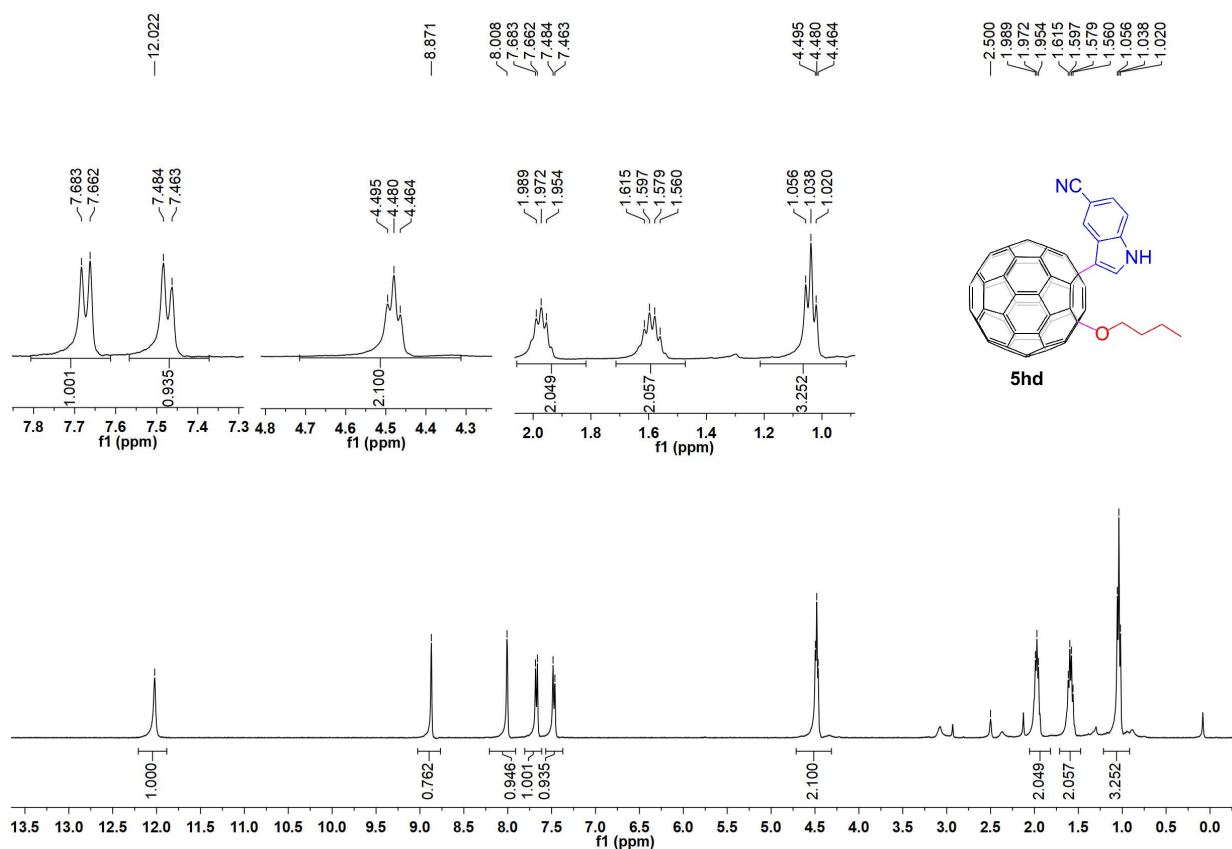
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gd



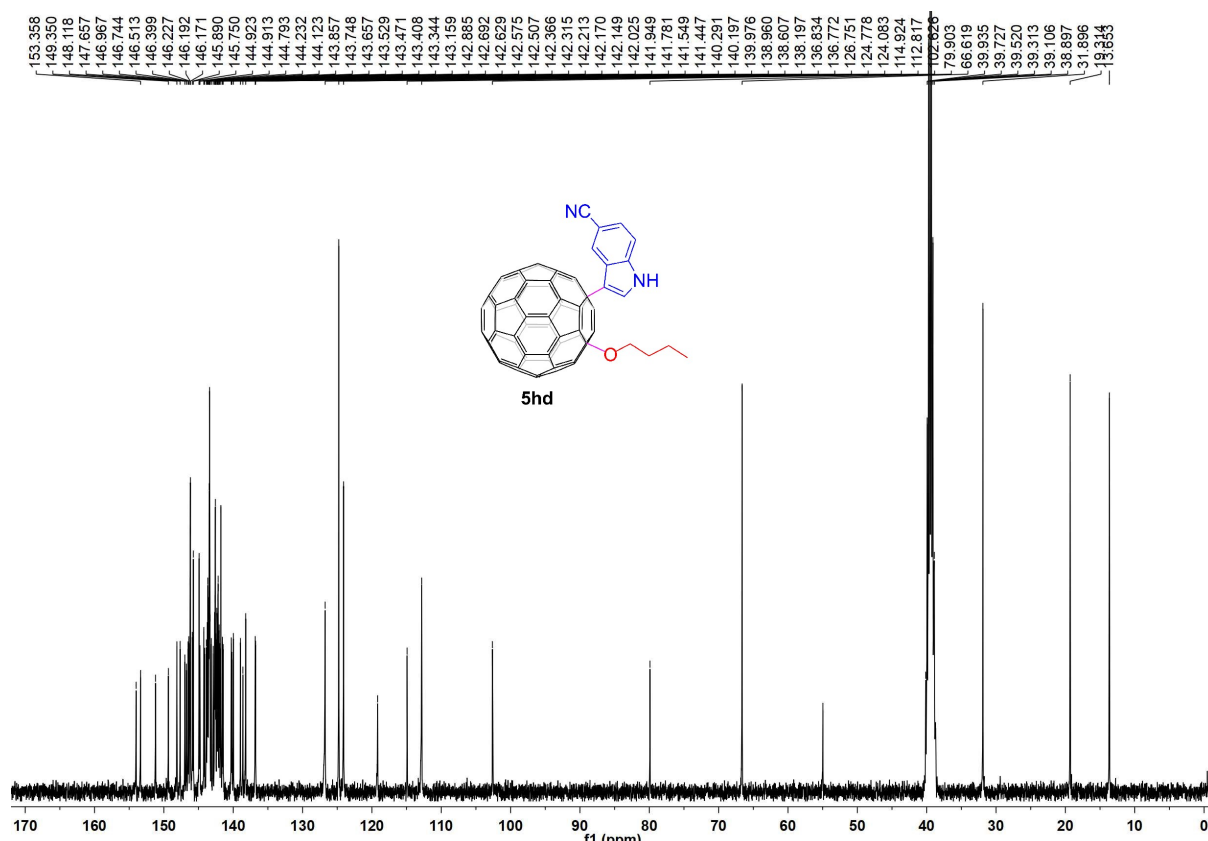
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **5gd**



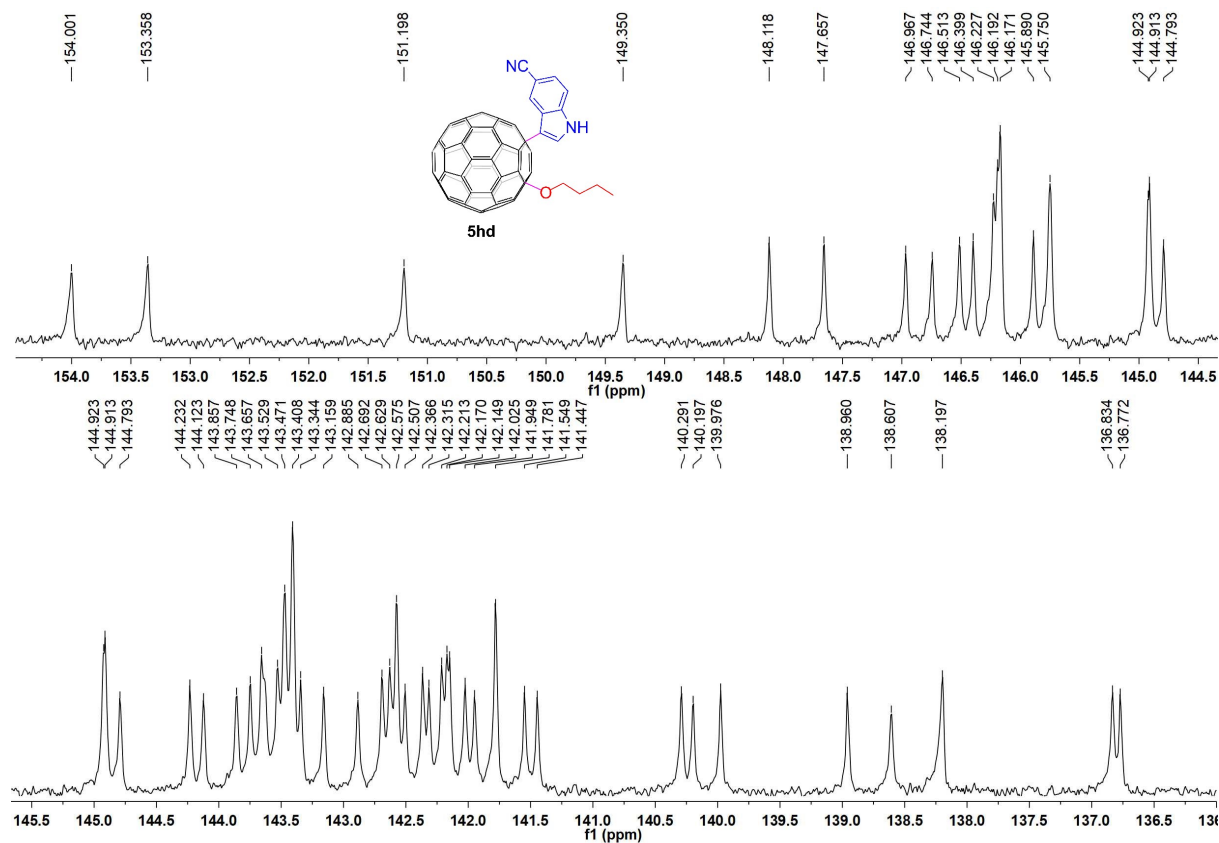
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **5hd**



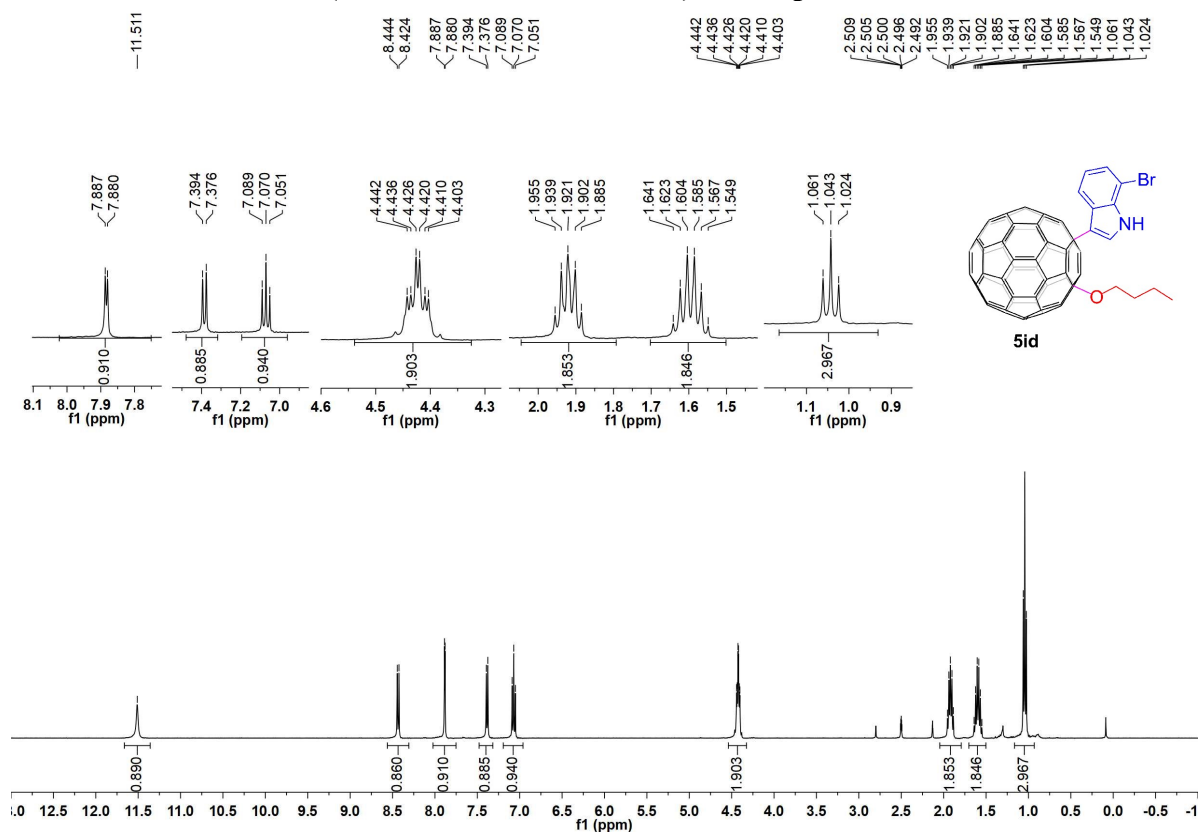
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, d_6 -DMSO/ CS_2) of compound 5hd



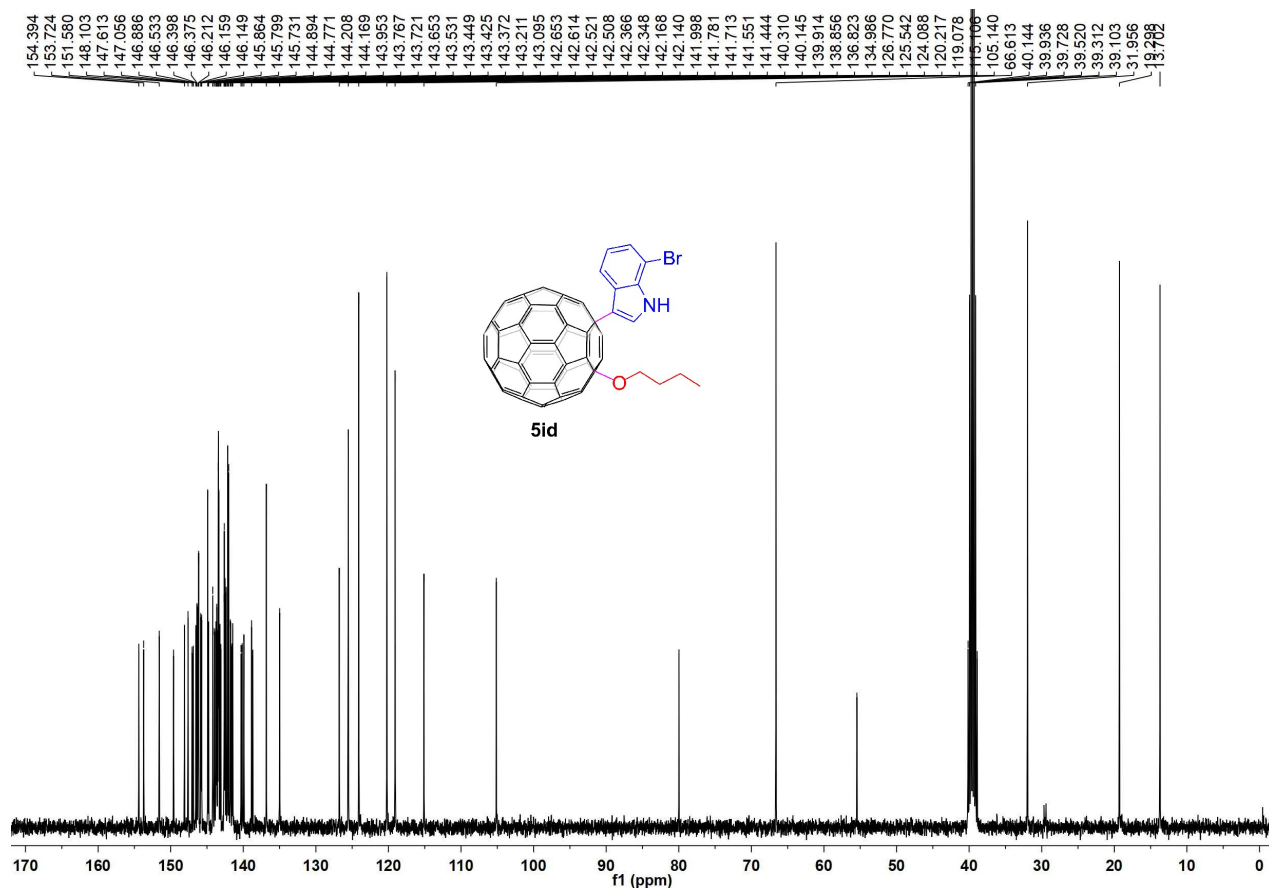
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, d_6 -DMSO/ CS_2) of compound 5hd



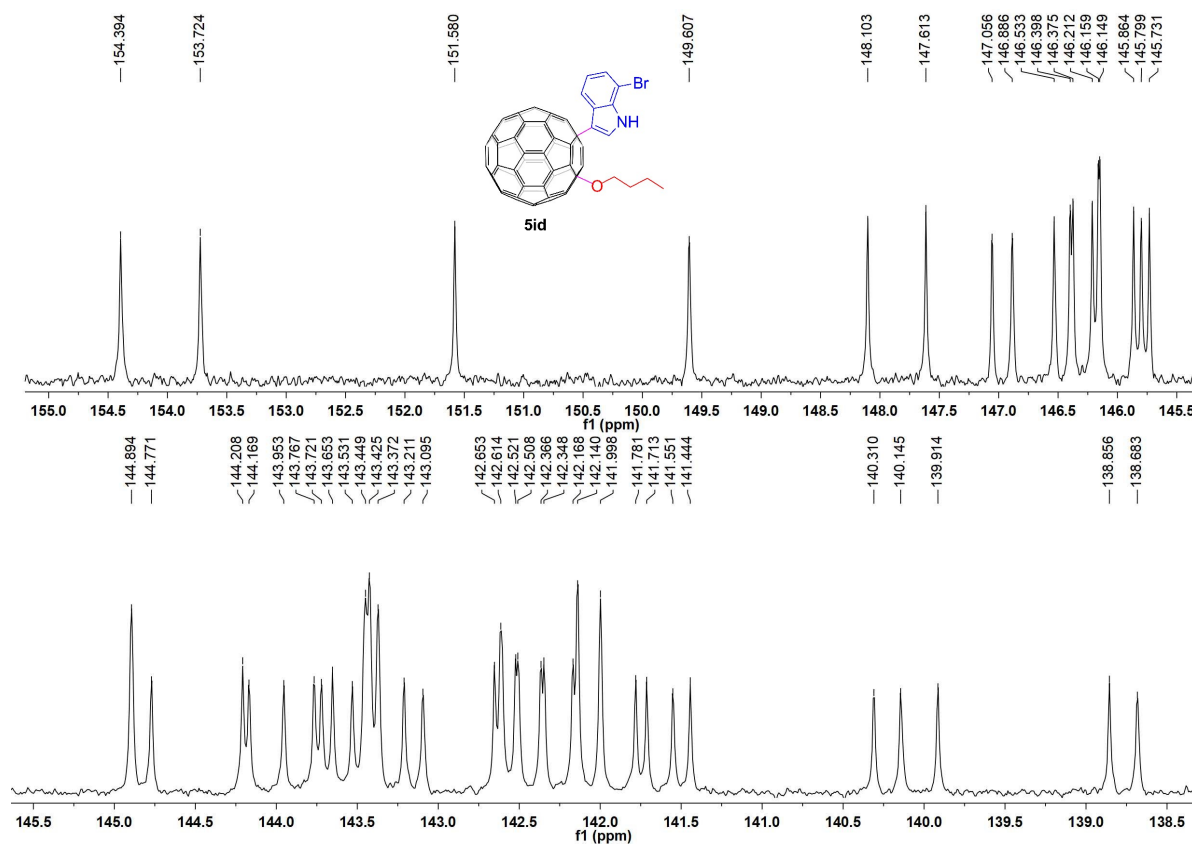
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5id



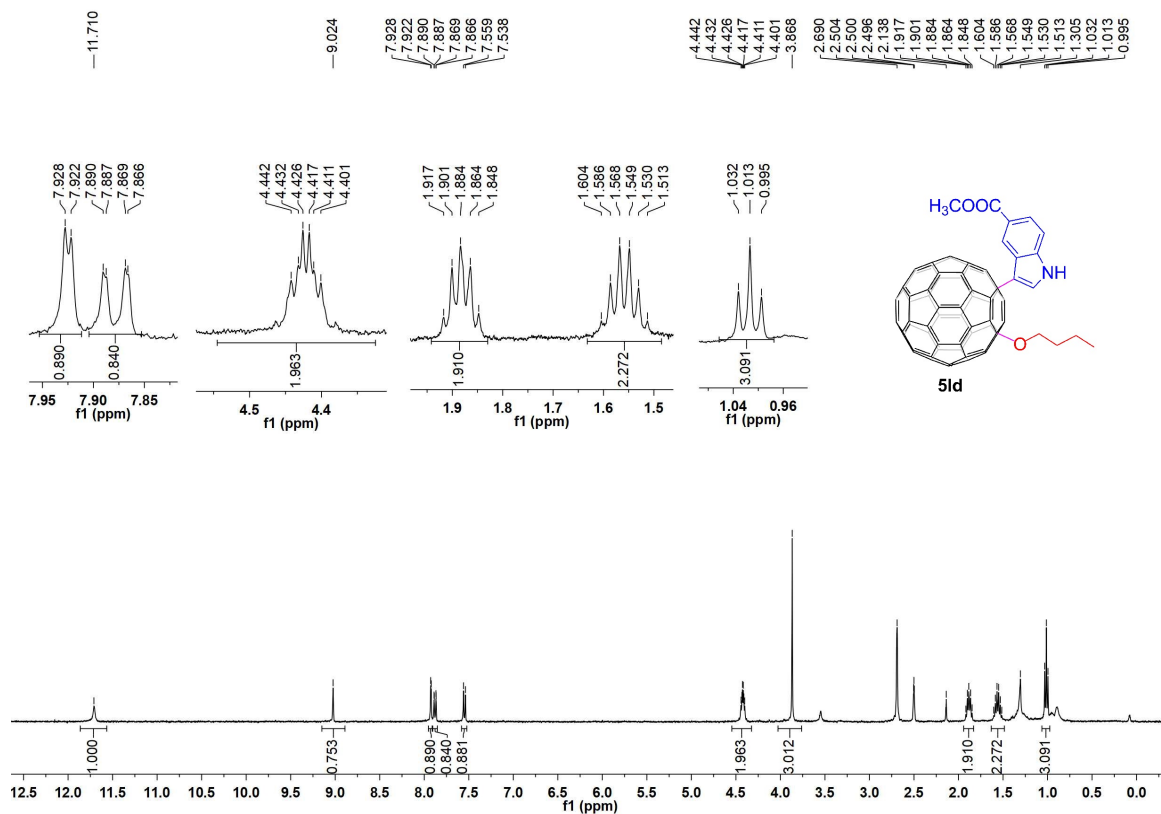
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5id



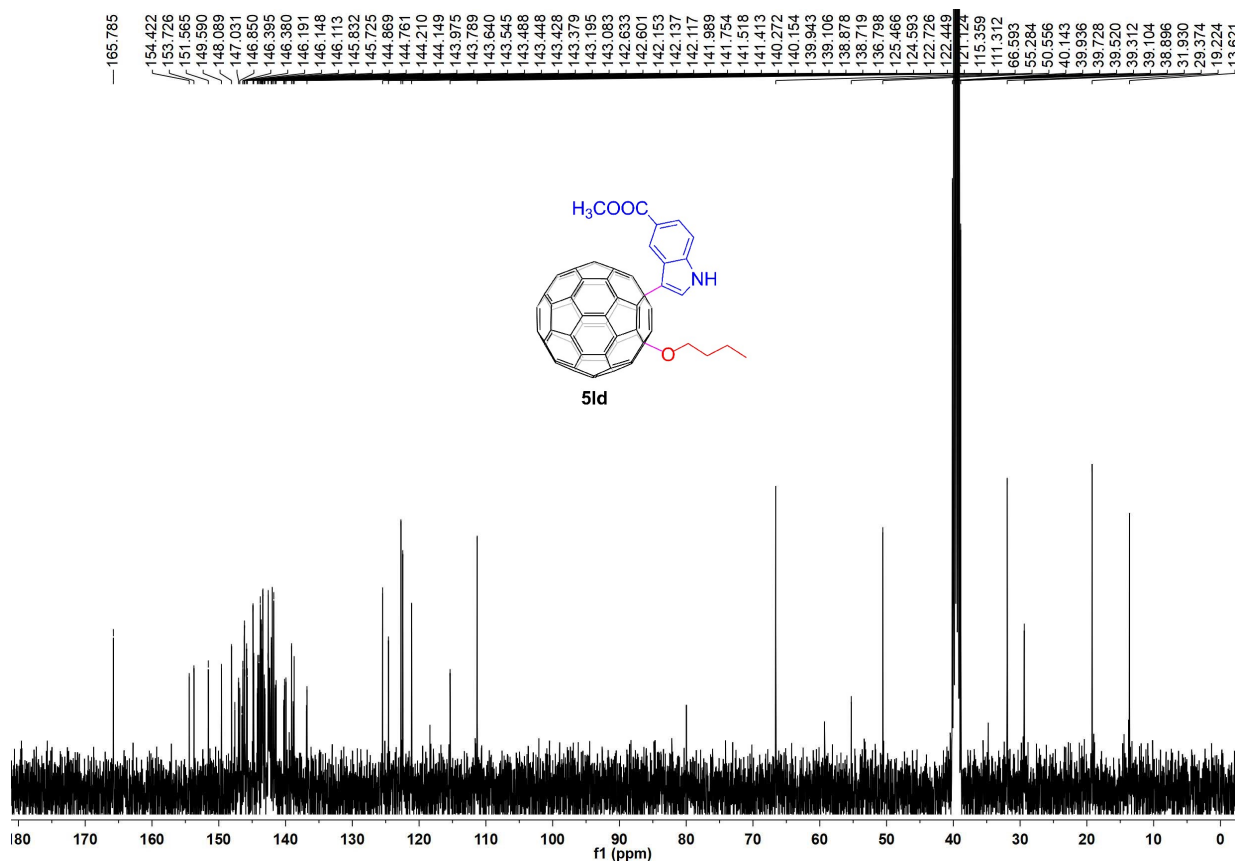
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, d_6 -DMSO/ CS_2) of compound 5Id



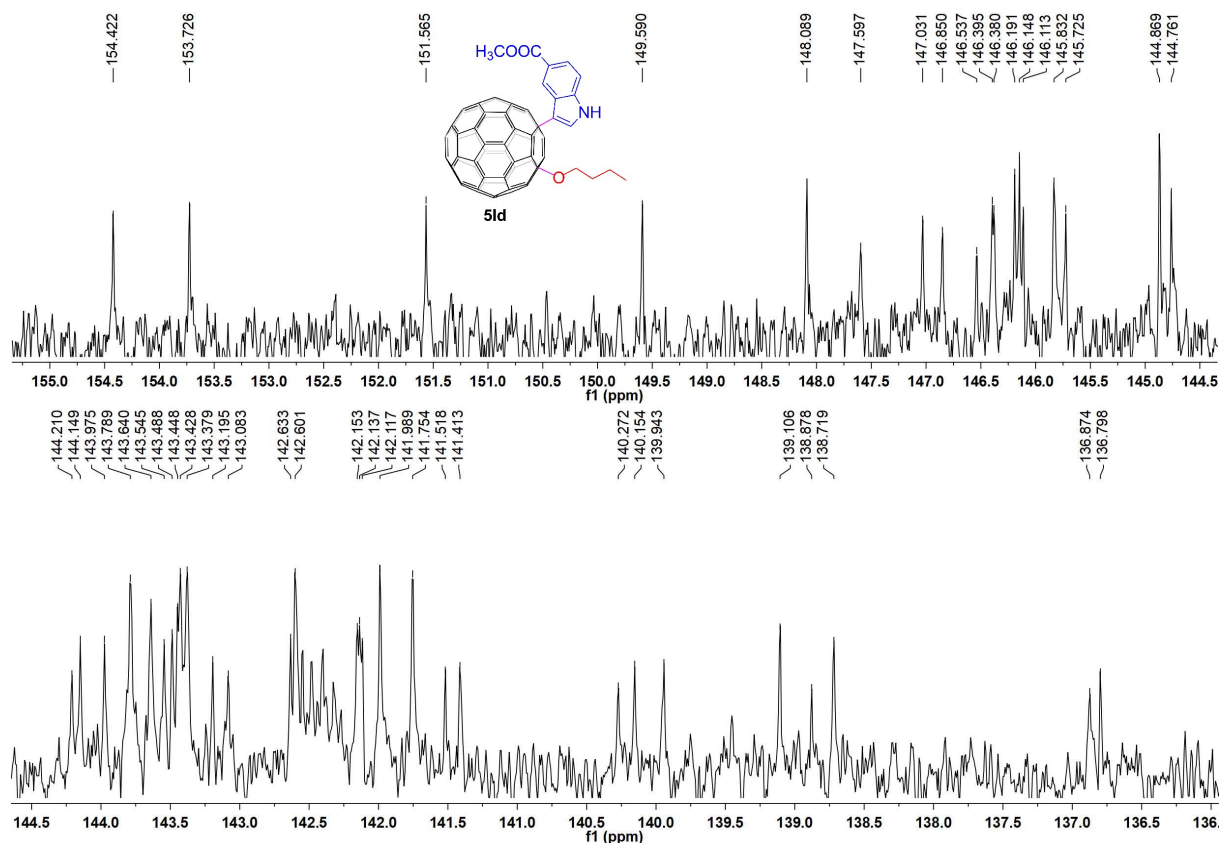
^1H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO/ CS_2) of compound 5Id



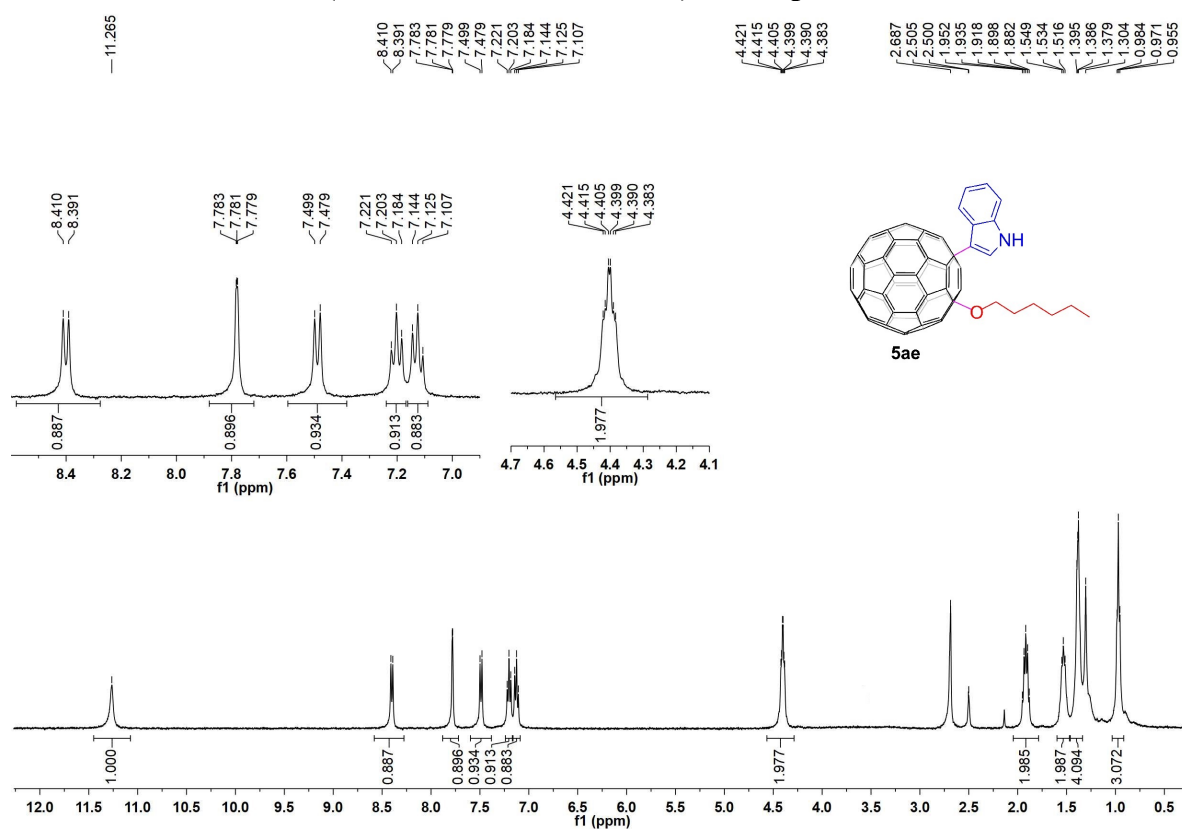
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ld



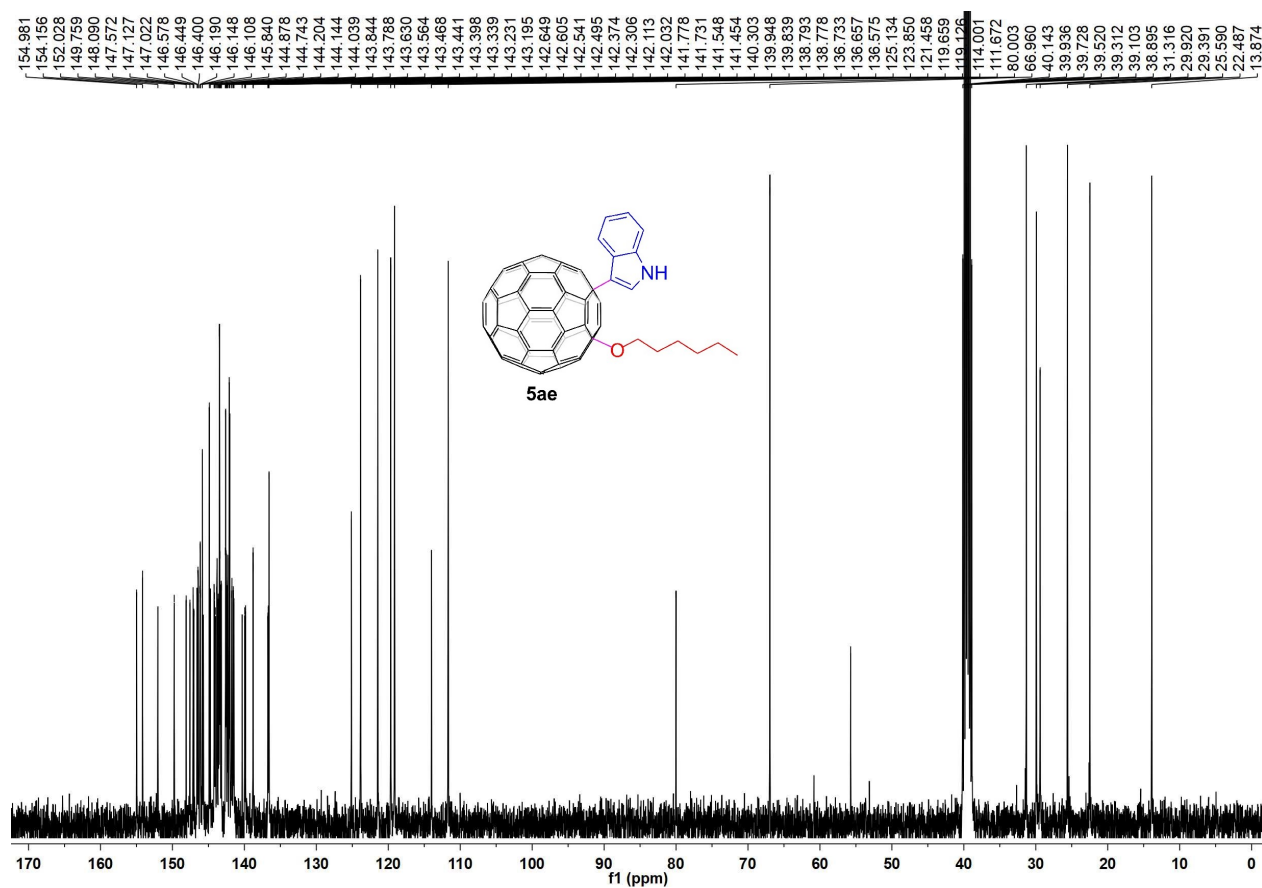
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ld



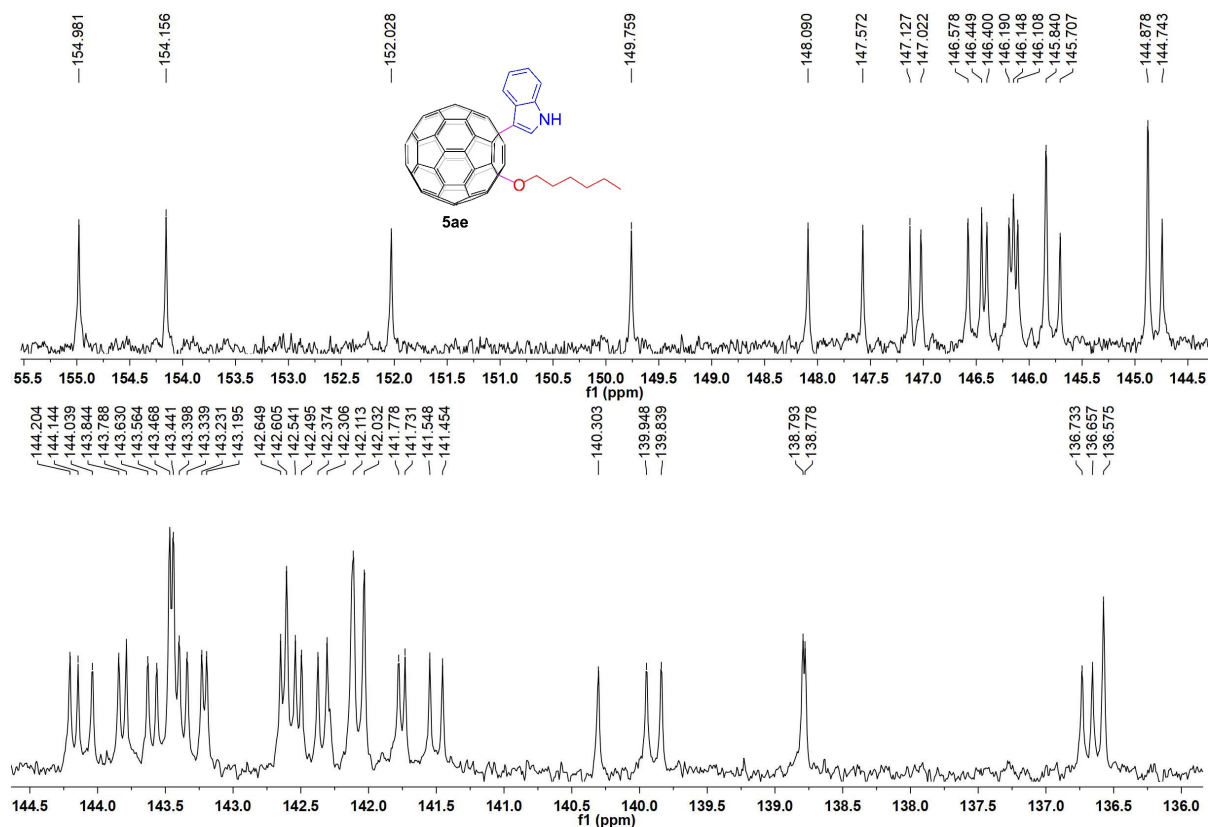
¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5ae



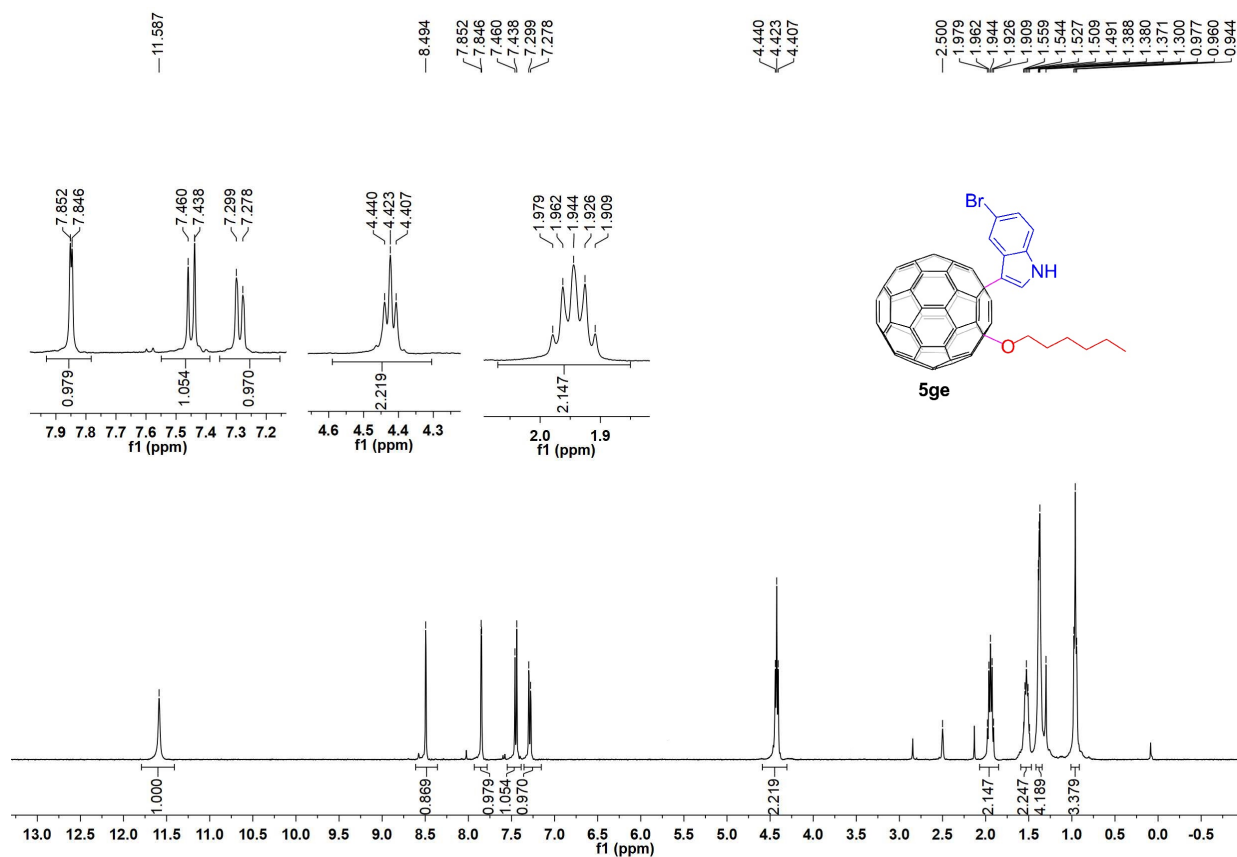
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5ae



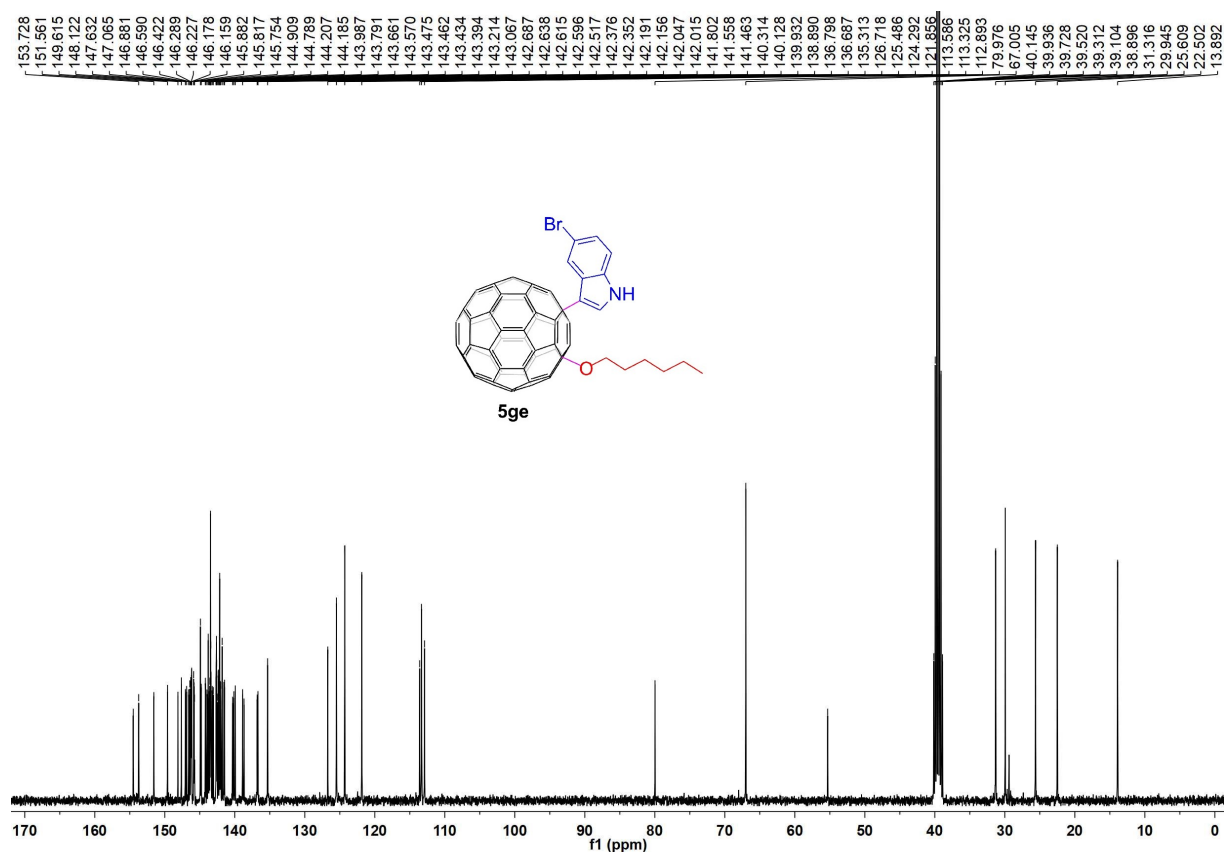
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ae



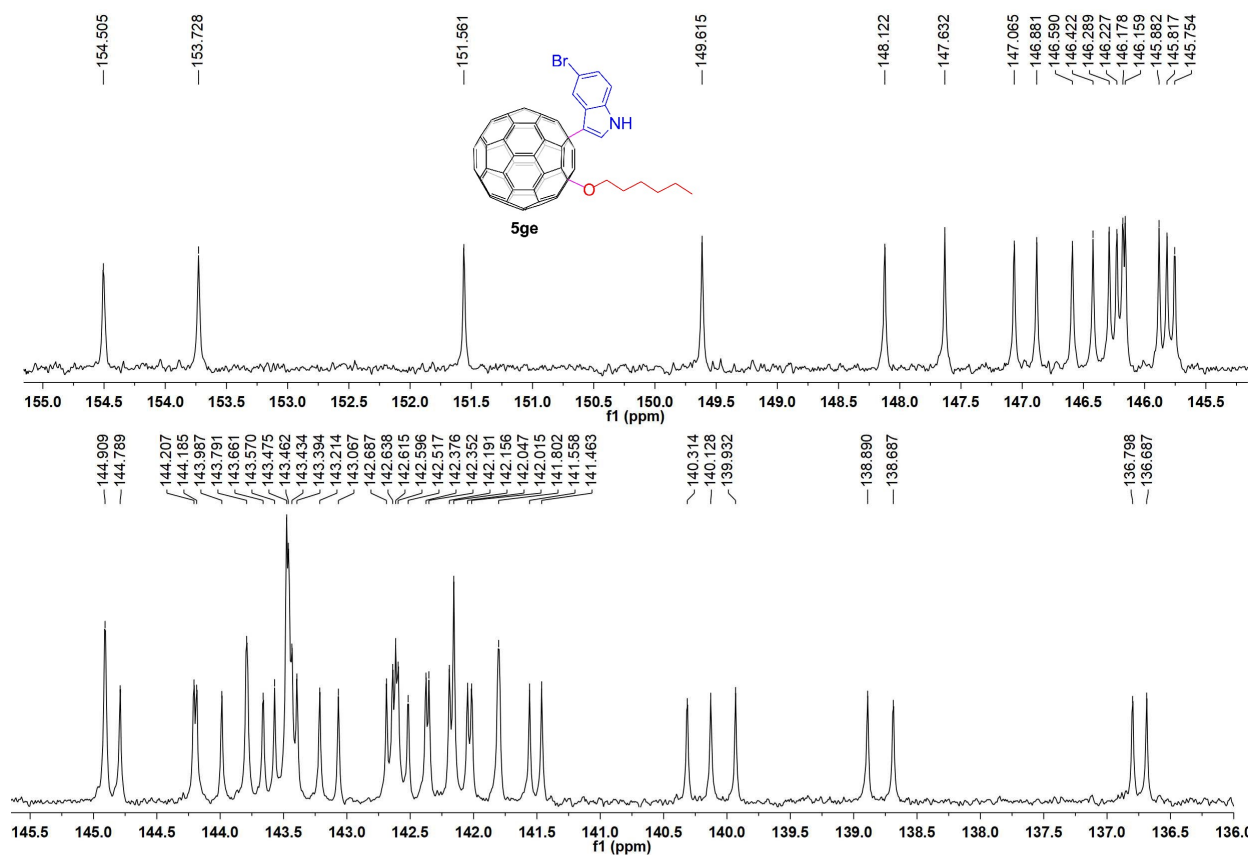
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ge



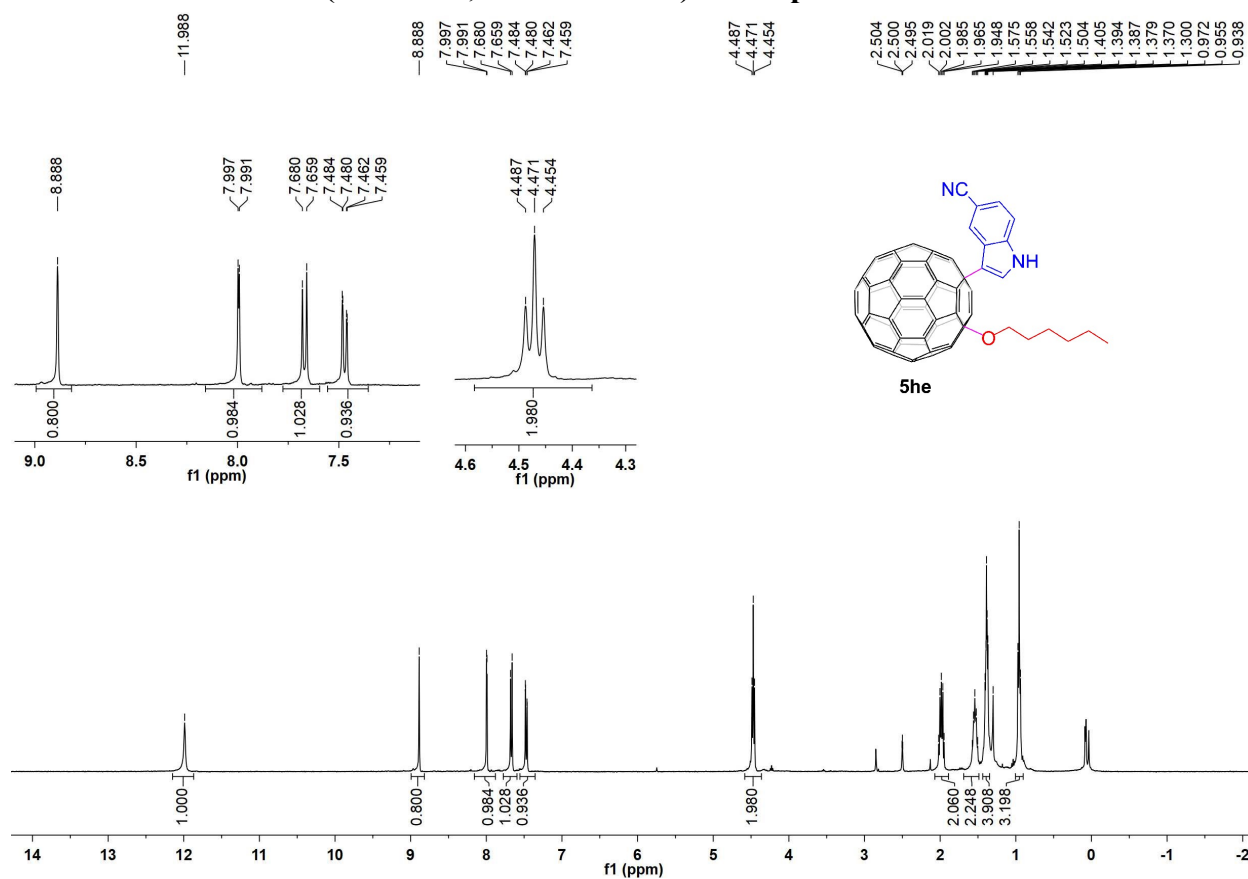
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ge



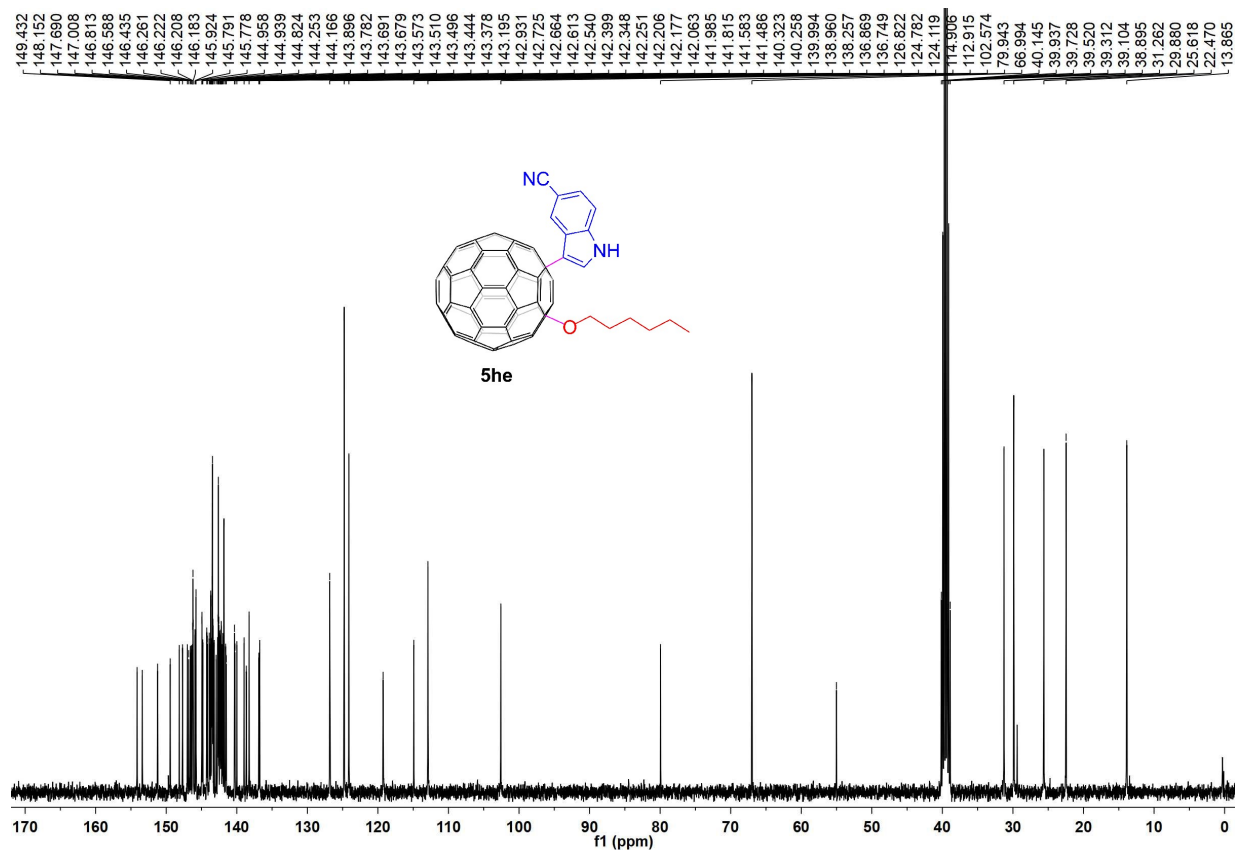
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ge



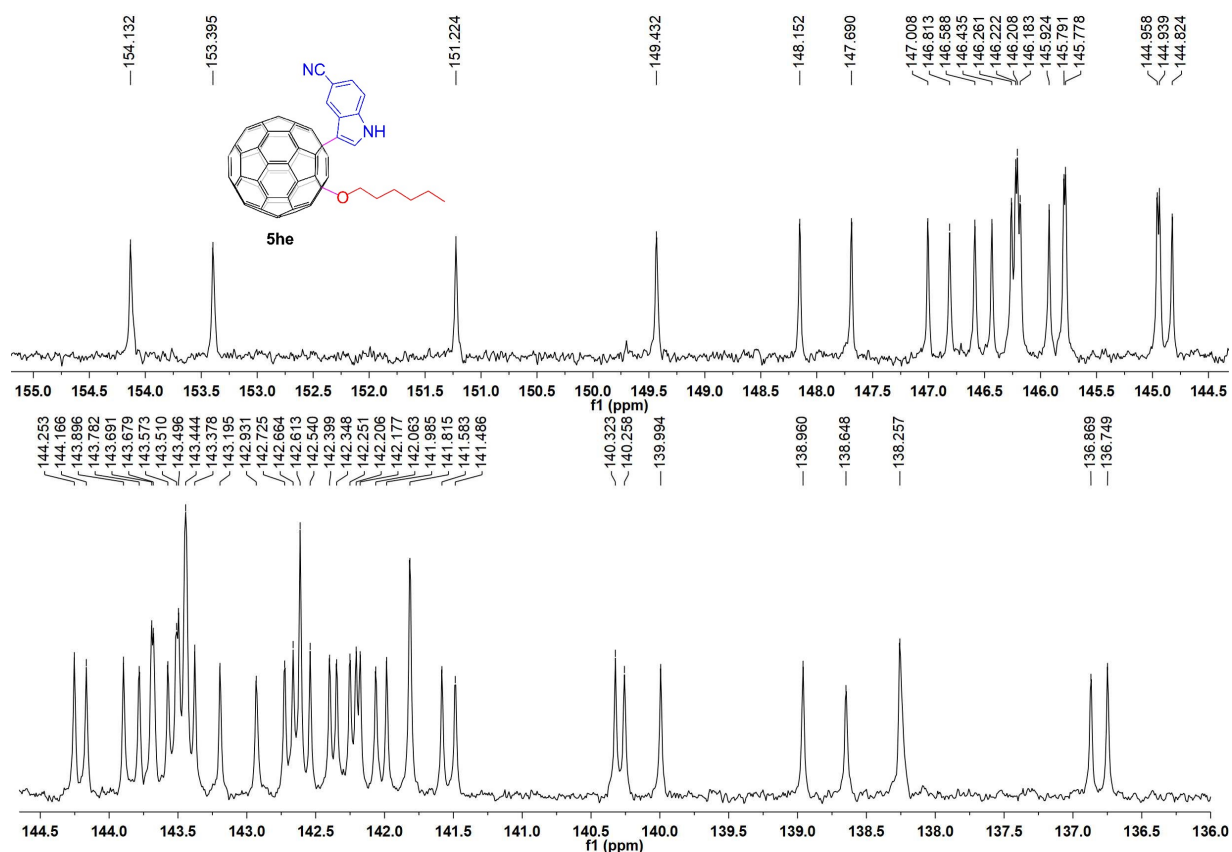
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5he



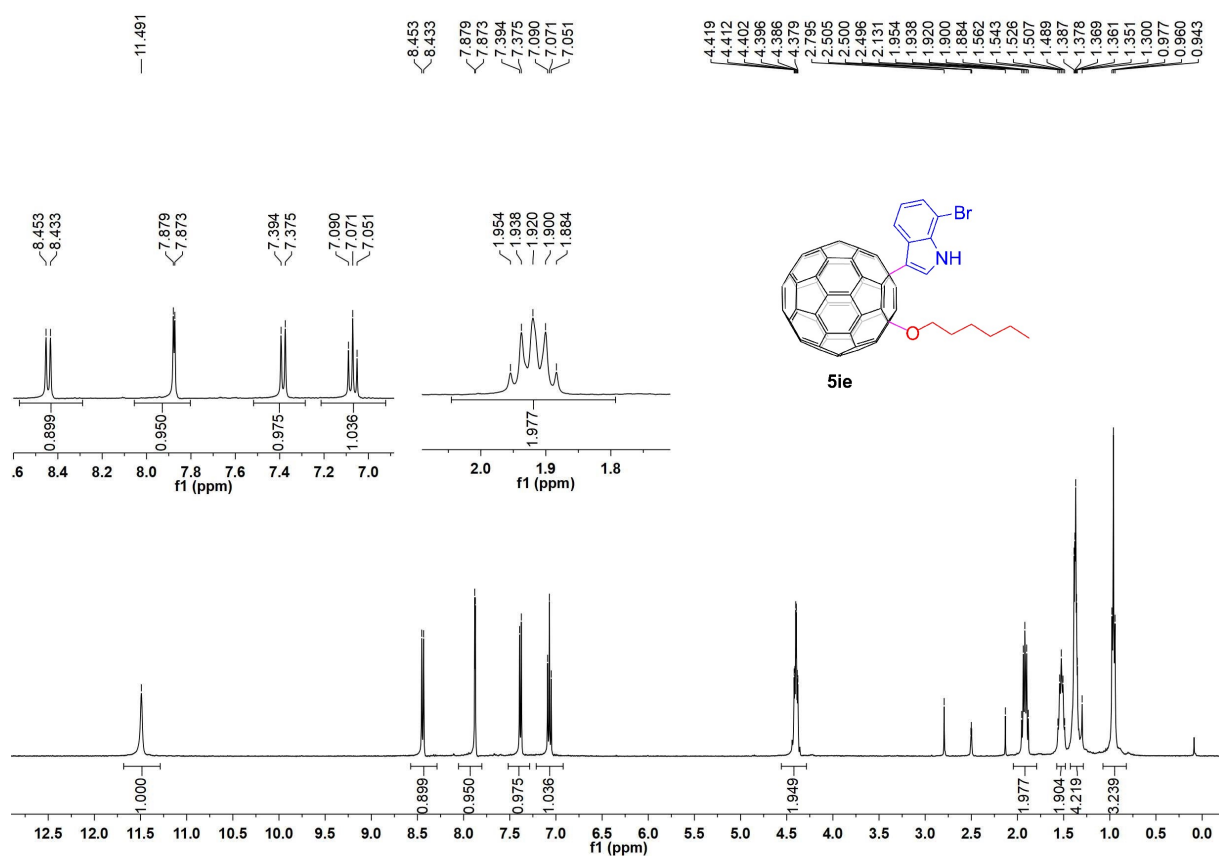
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5he



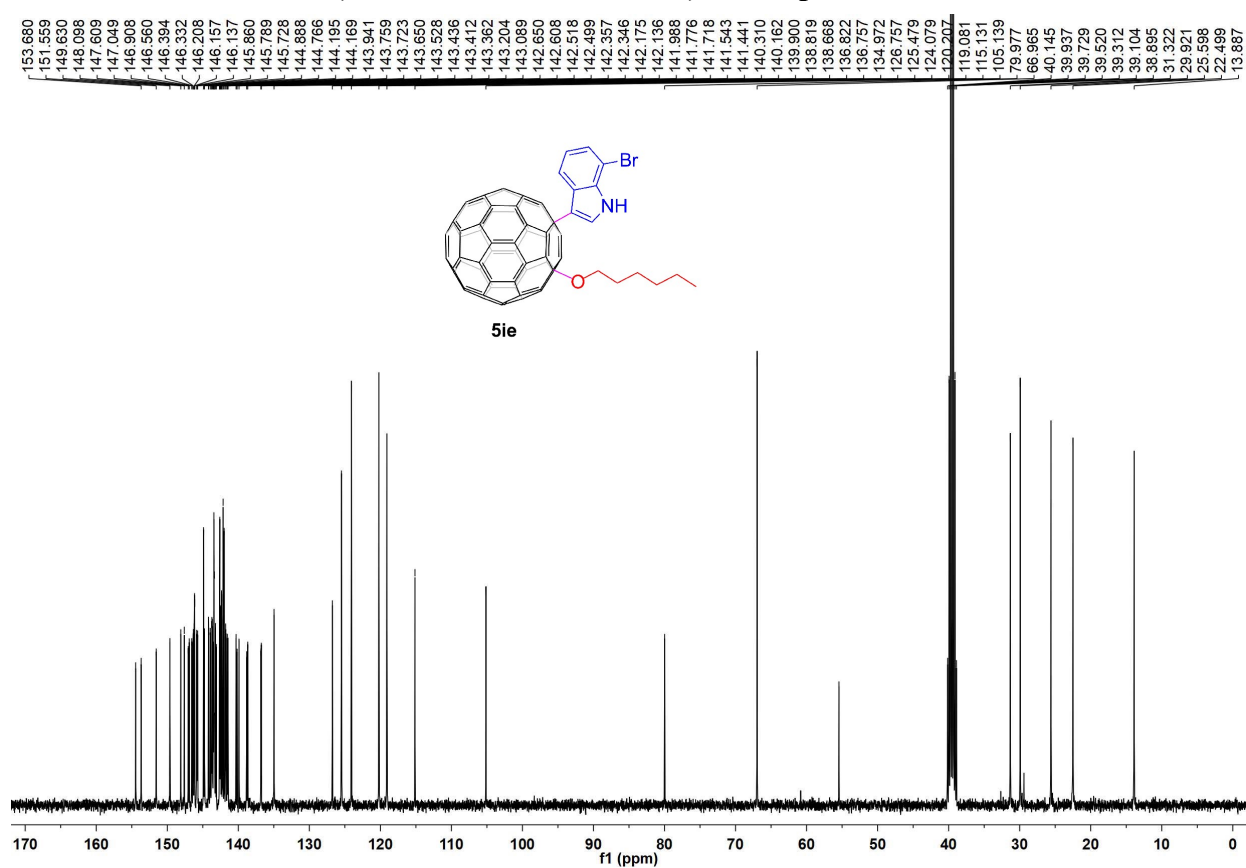
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5he



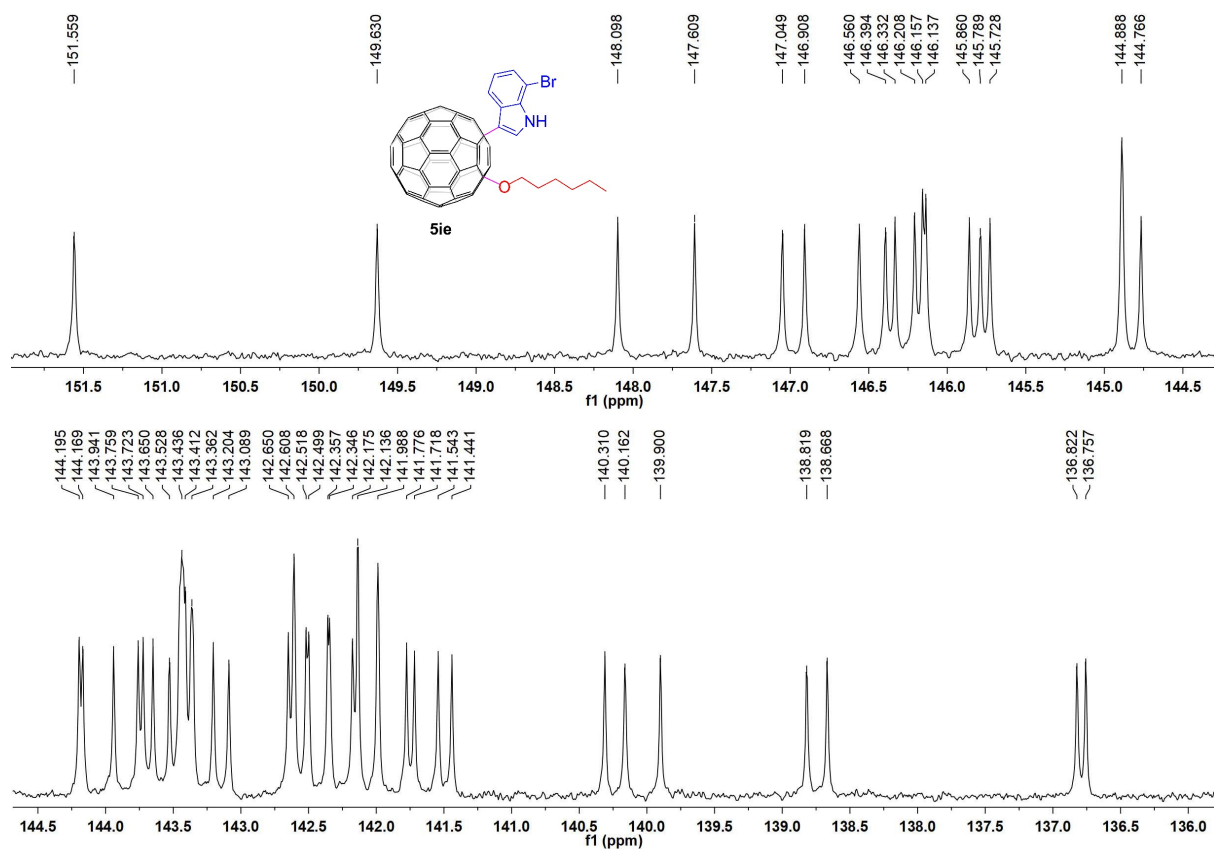
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ie



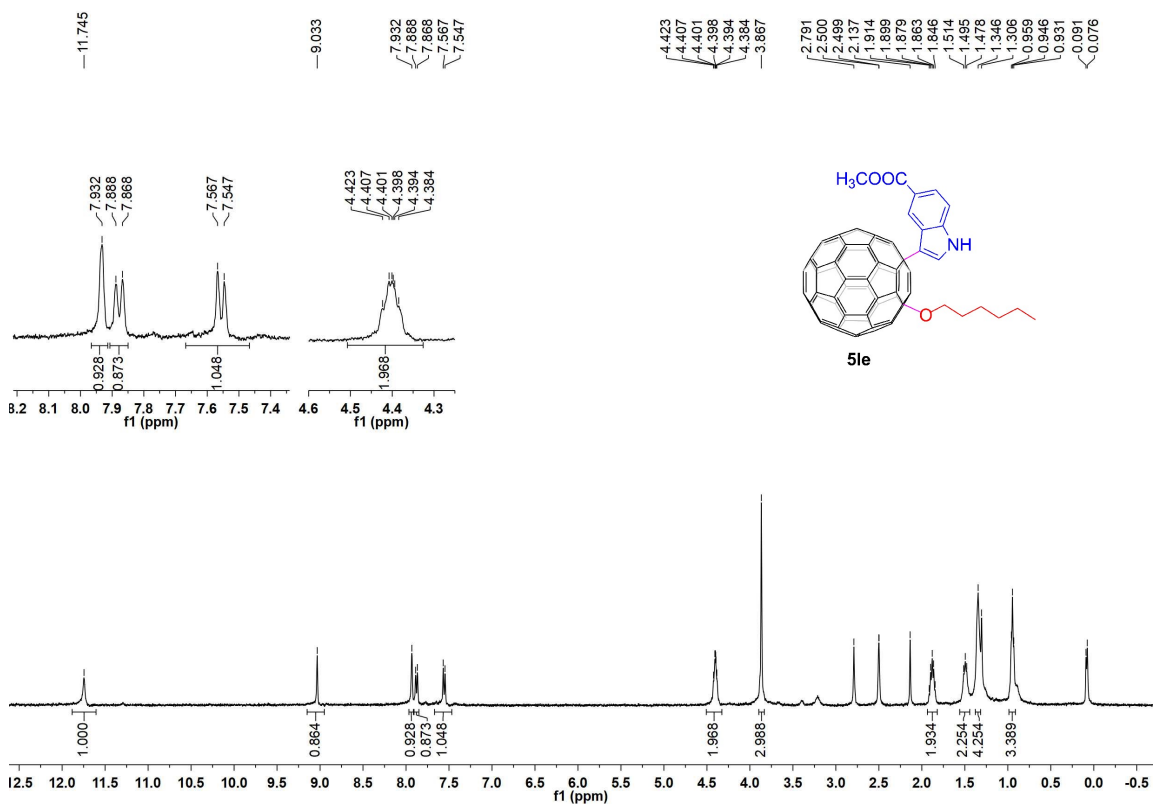
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ie



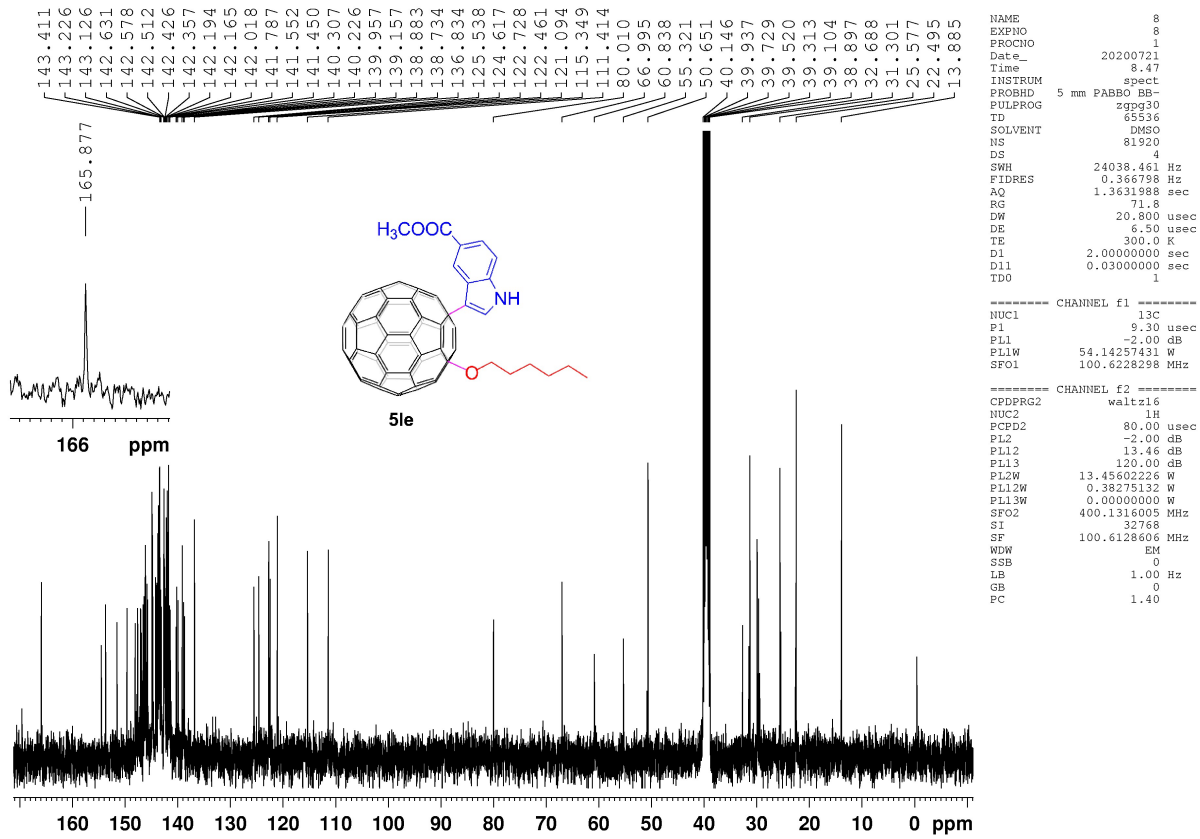
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5ie



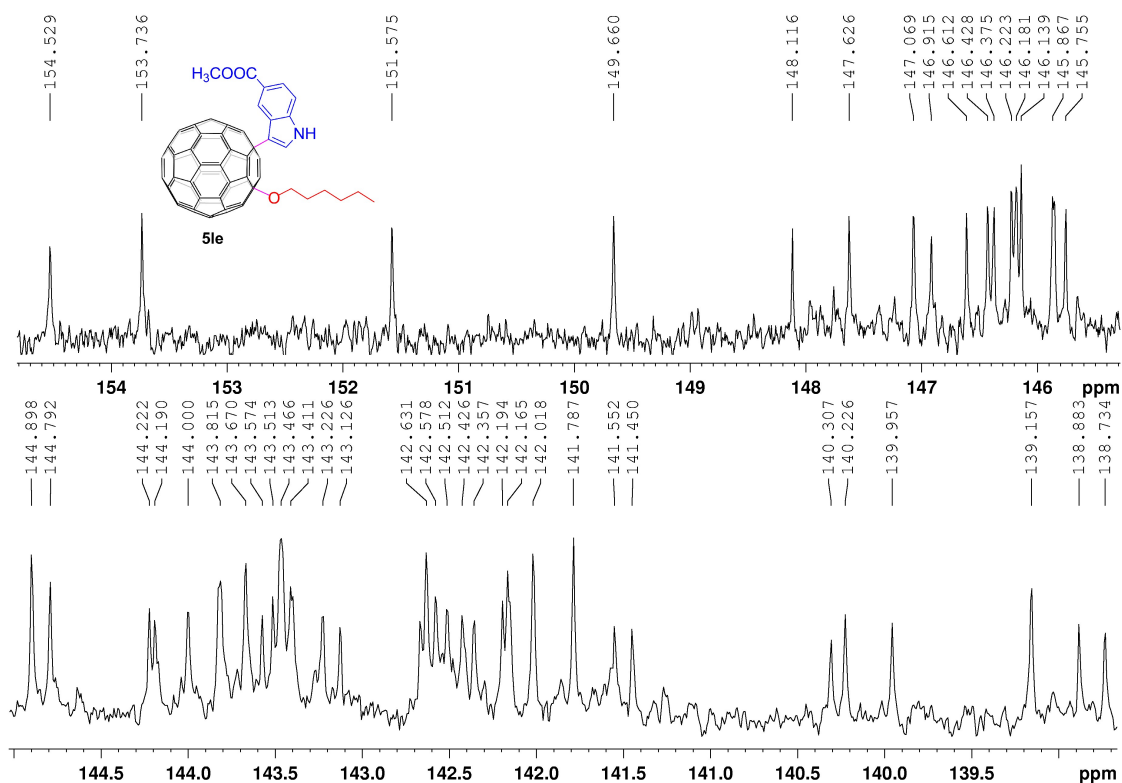
¹H NMR (400 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5le



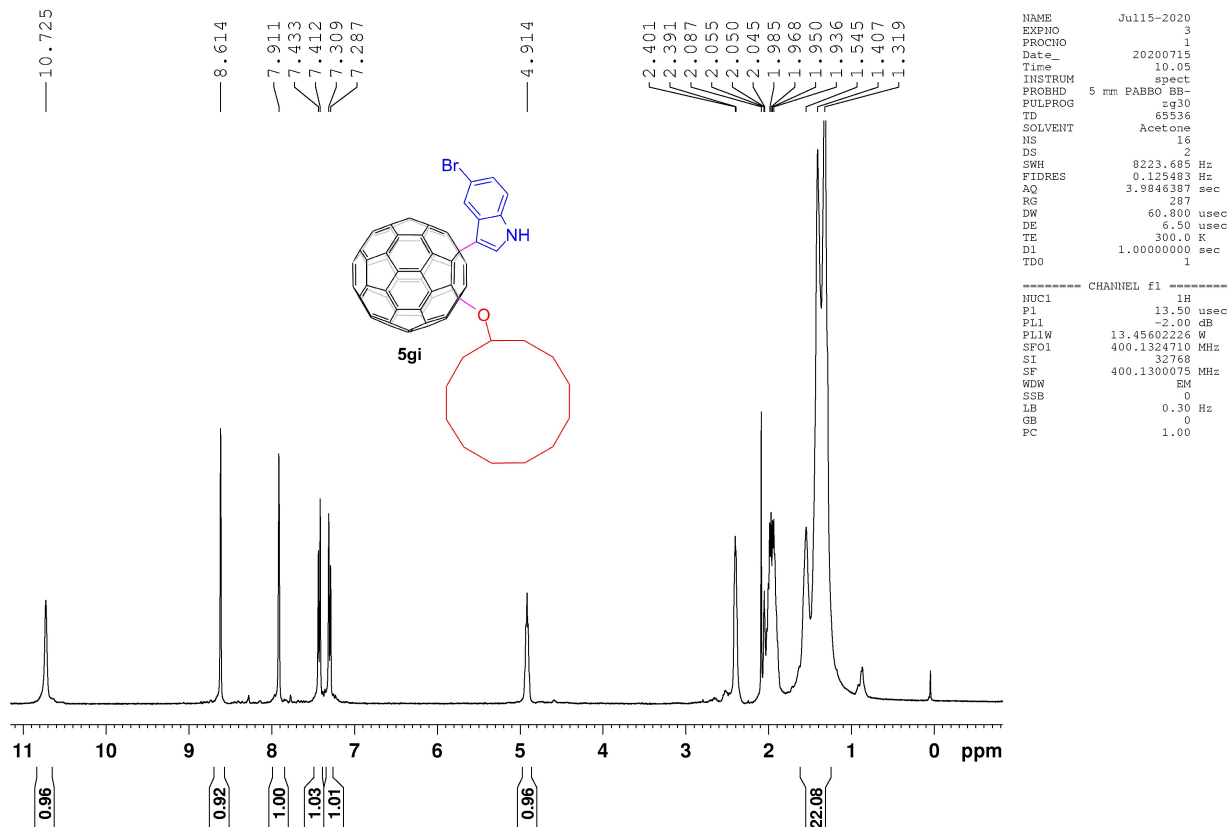
¹³C NMR (100 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5le



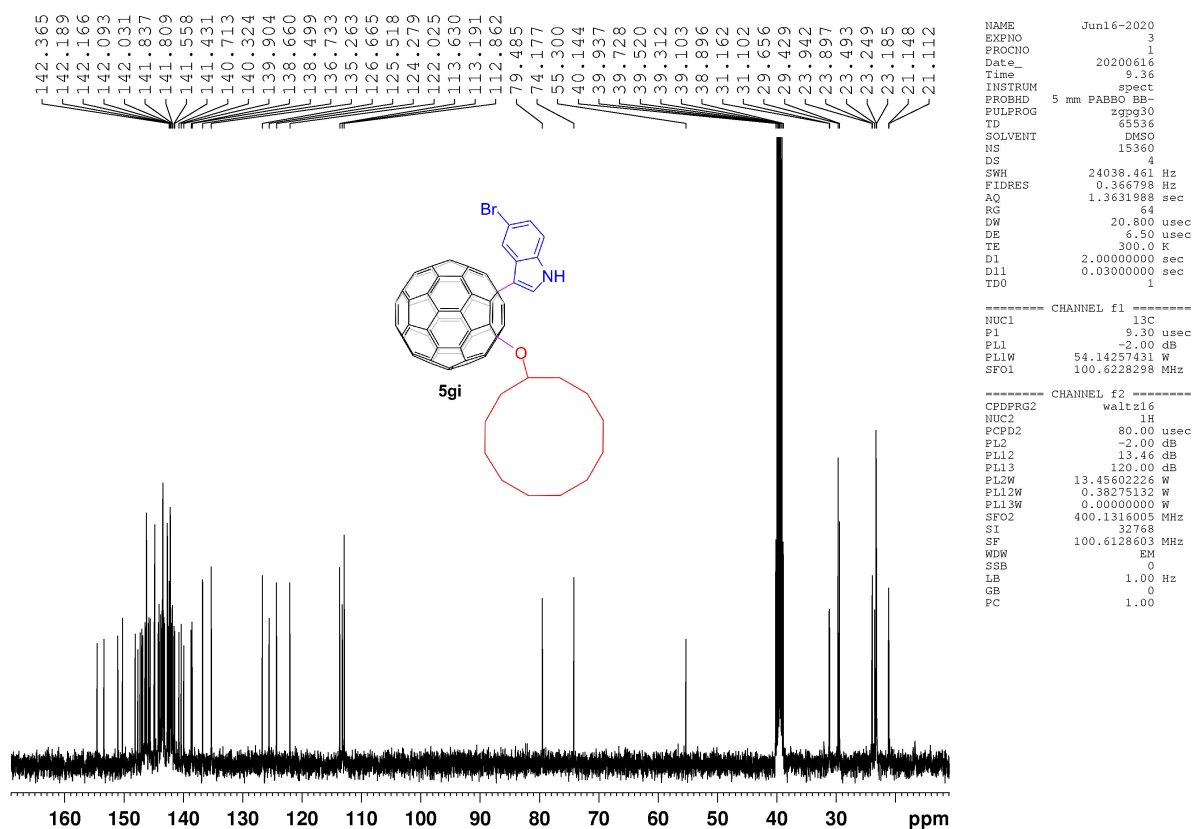
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5le



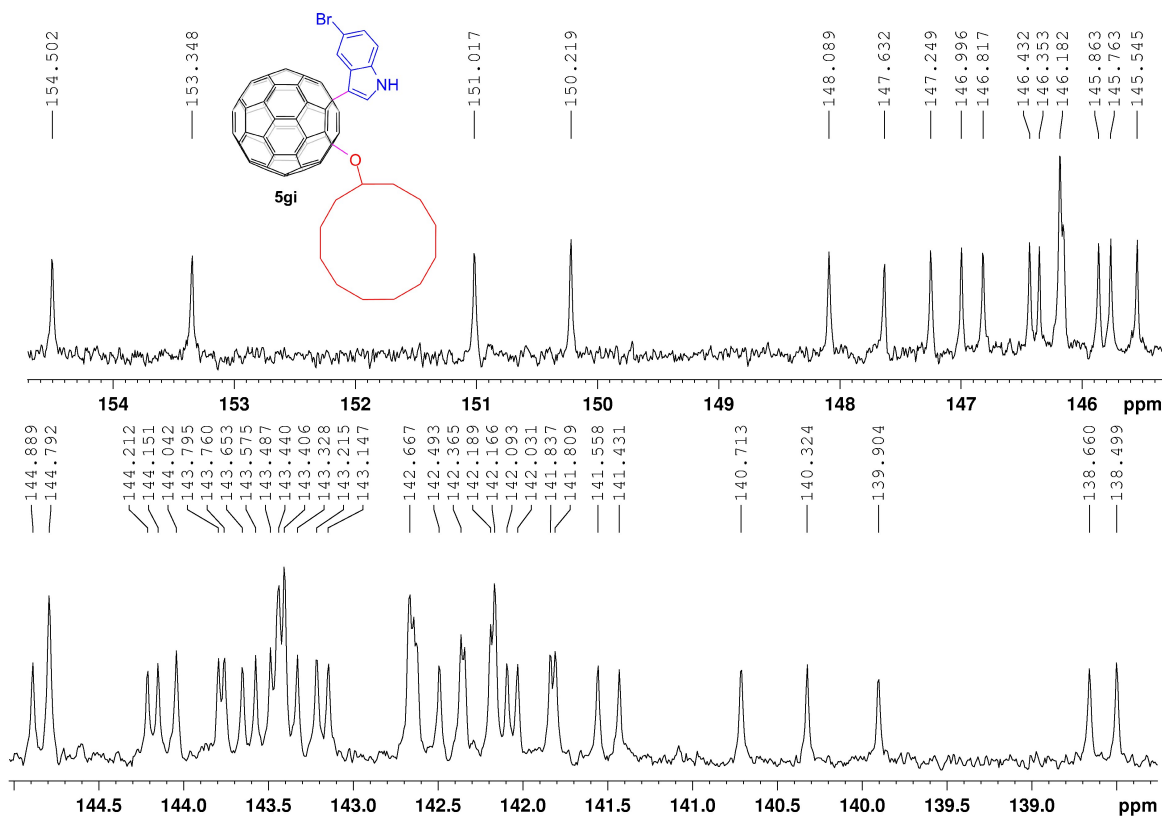
^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{Acetone-}d_6/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5gi



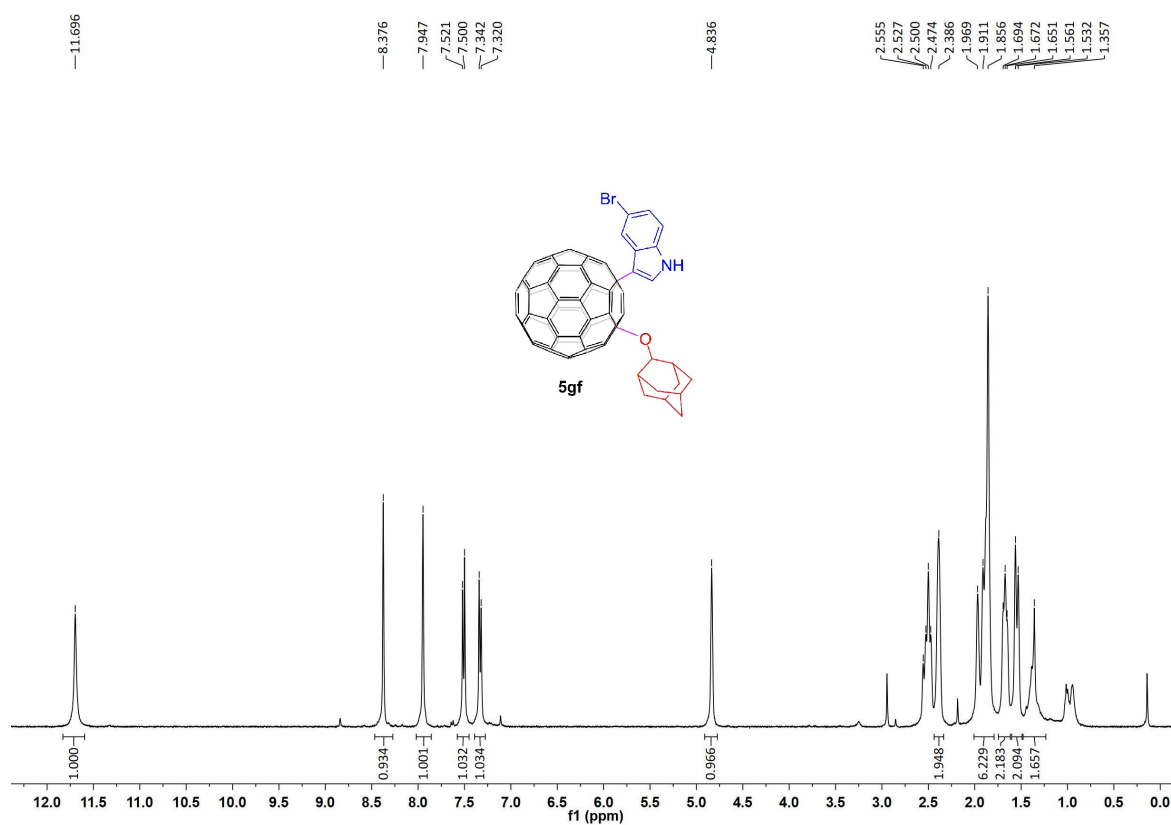
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gi



Expanded ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gi



^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5gf



^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound 5gf

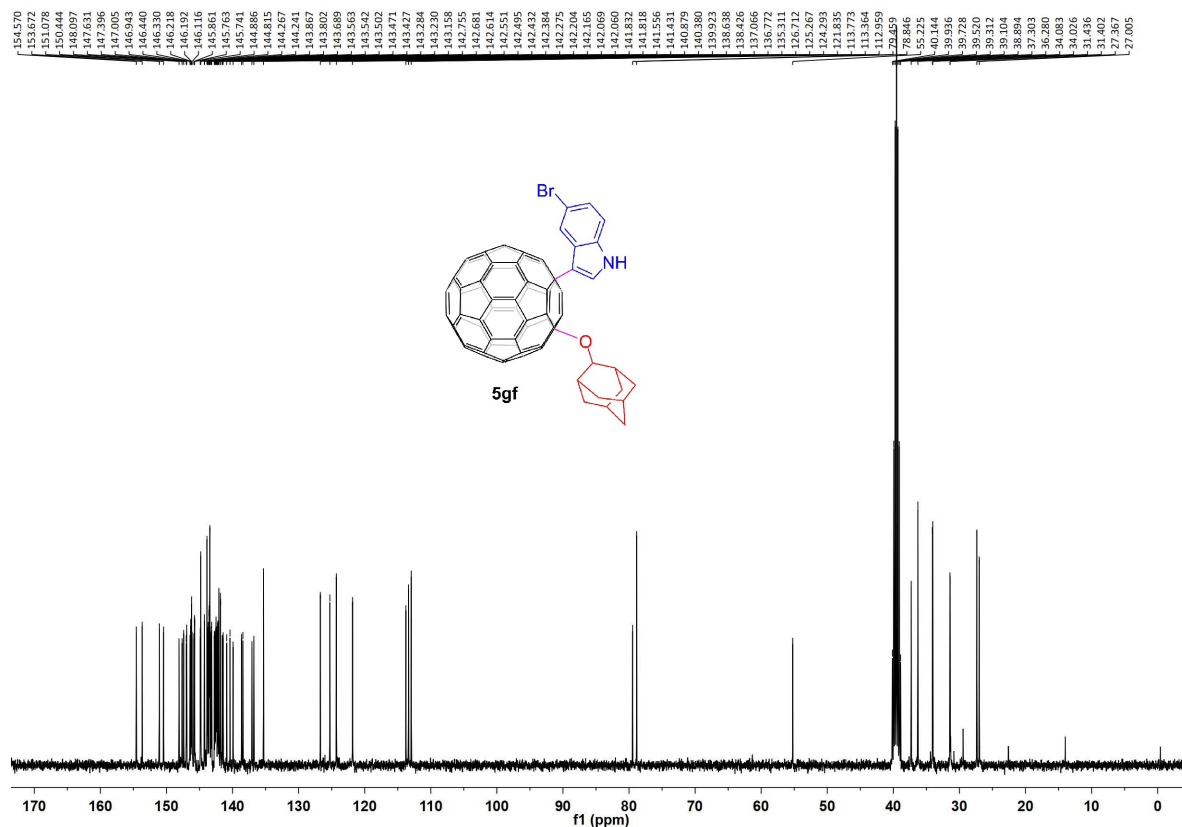
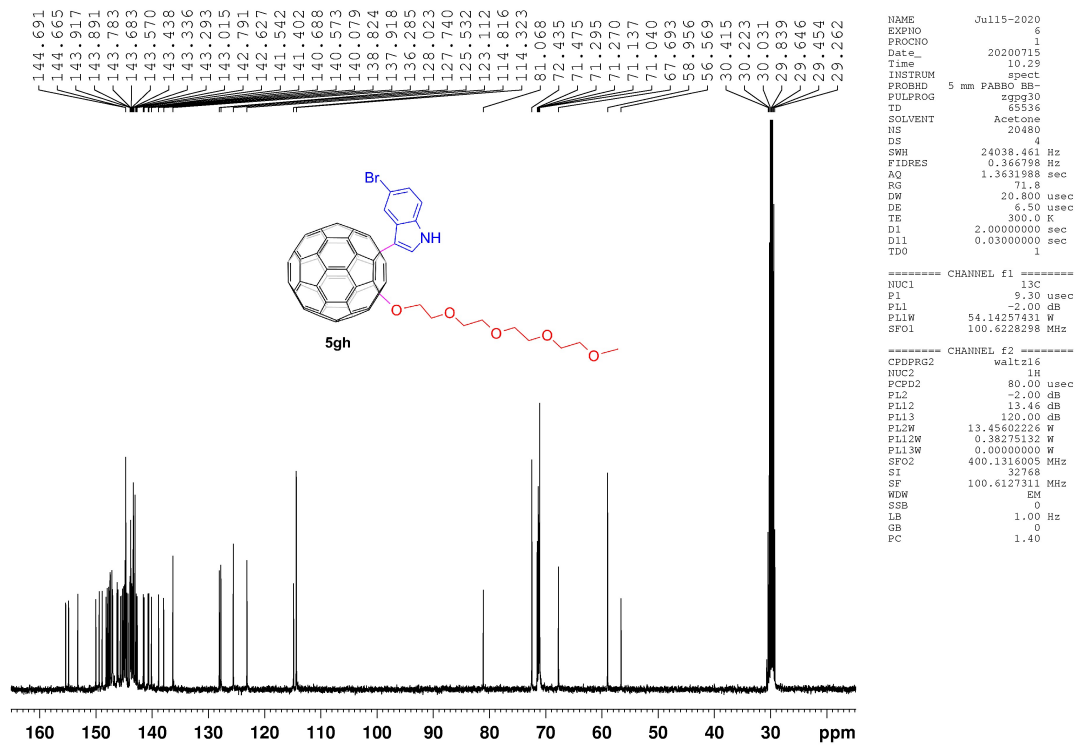


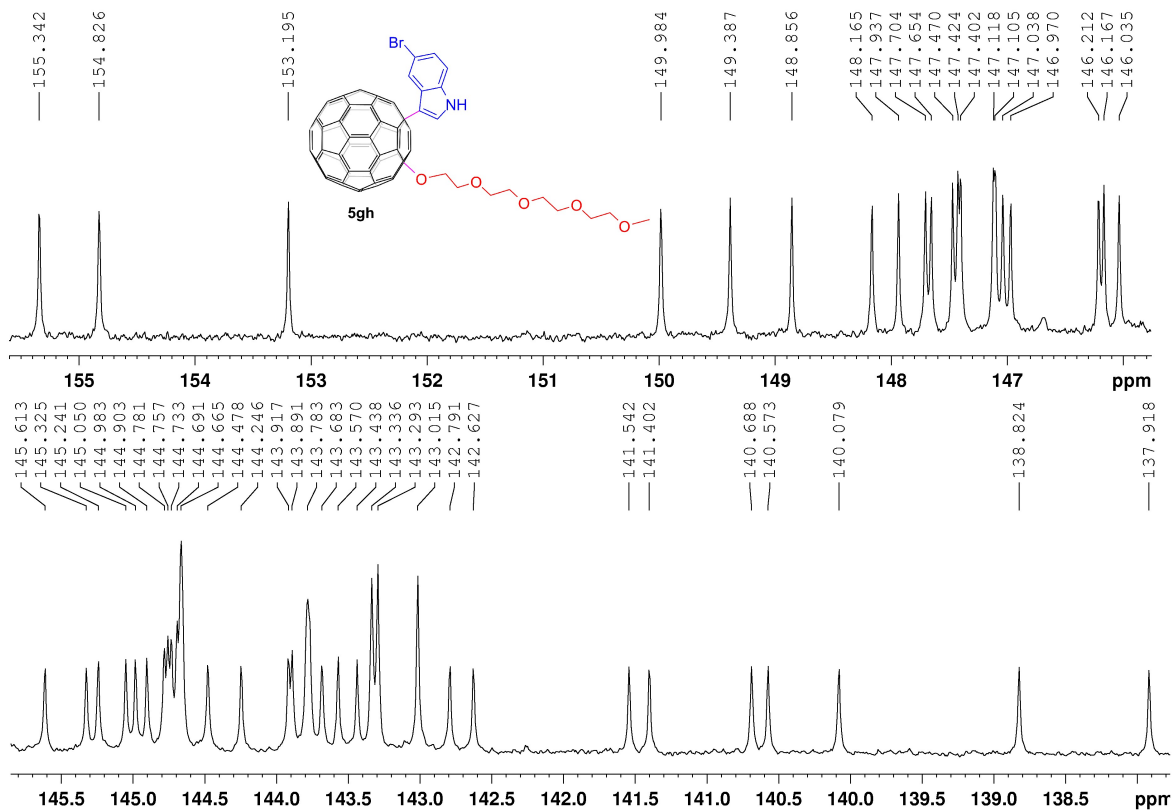
Figure 1 displays the ^{13}C NMR spectra of compound **5gf**. The top spectrum shows the full ^{13}C NMR spectrum, with chemical shifts ranging from 144.5 to 154.5 ppm. The bottom spectrum is an expansion of the aromatic region, ranging from 135.0 to 144.0 ppm. The chemical structure of **5gf** is shown, featuring a C₆₀ fullerene cage substituted with a 5-bromo-1H-indol-3-ylidene group and a 1,2,3,4,5-pentamethyl-1,2,3,4,5-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylidene group.

[illegible]

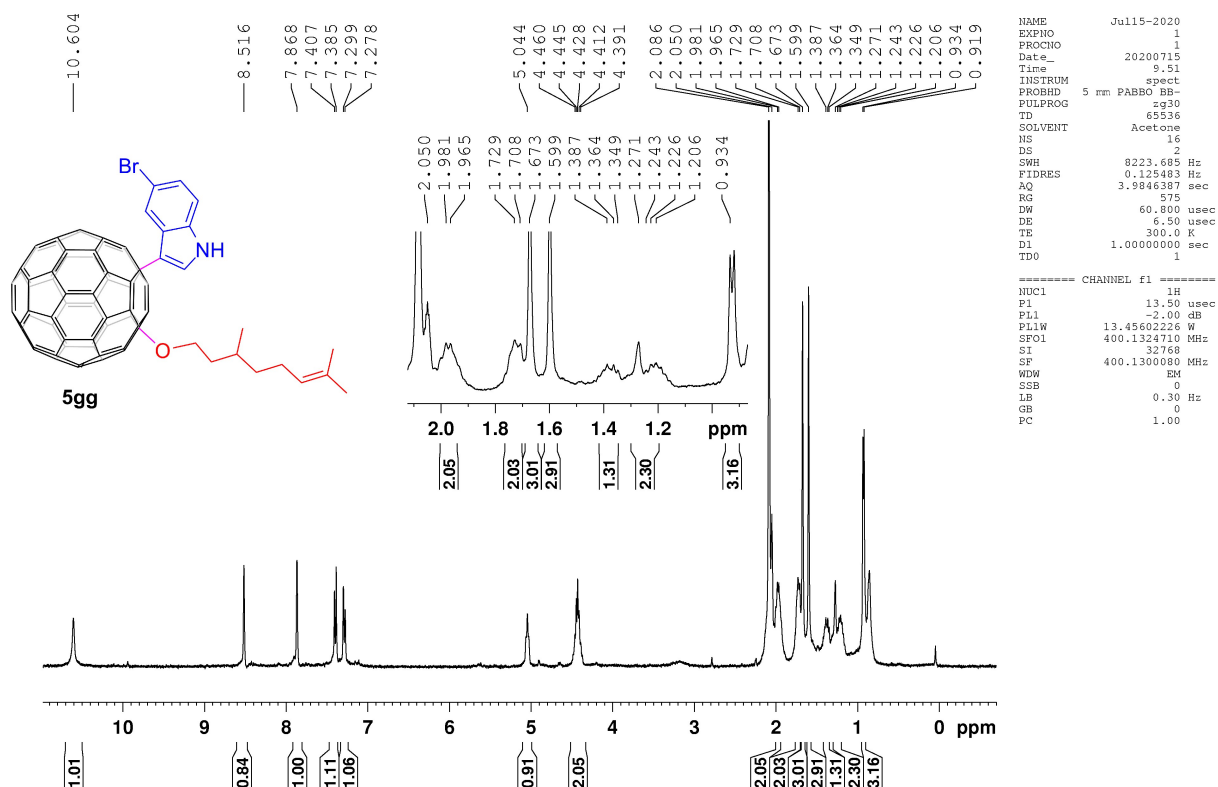
¹³C NMR (100 MHz , Acetone-*d*₆/CS₂) of compound 5gh



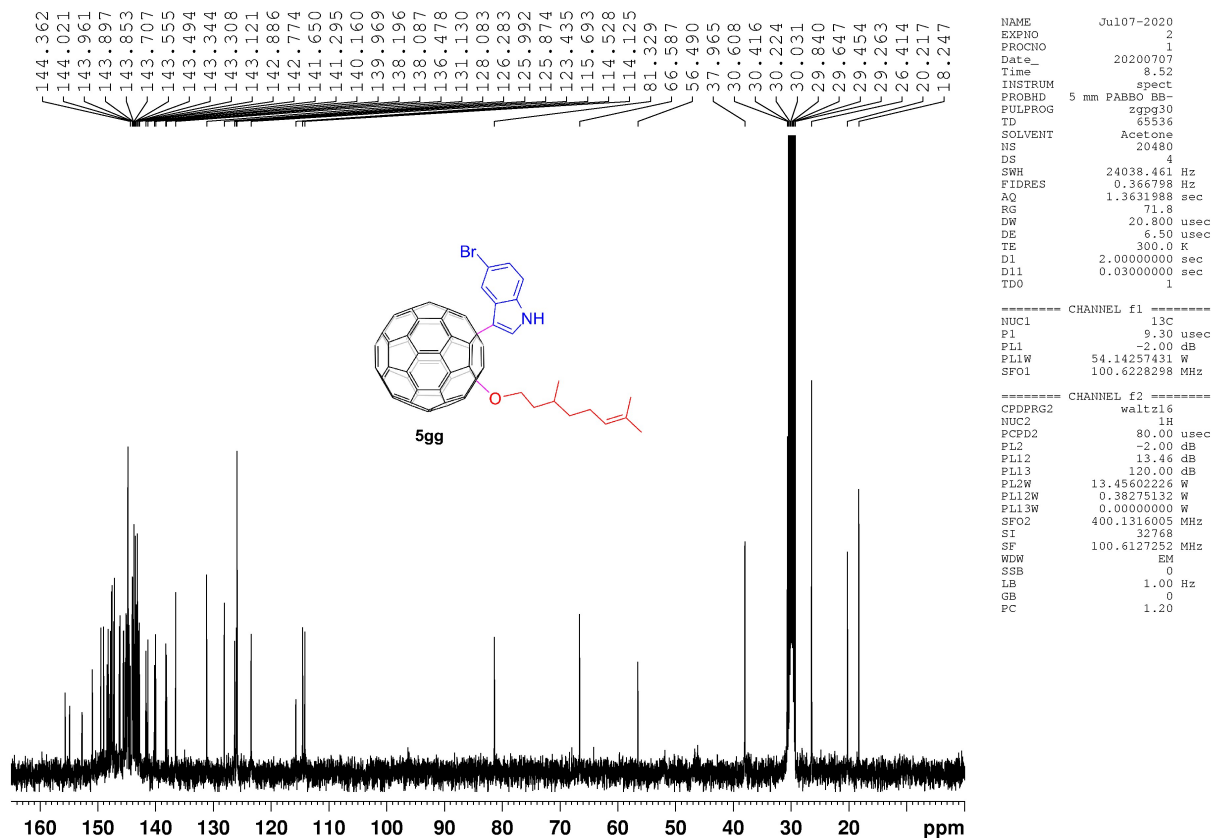
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5gh



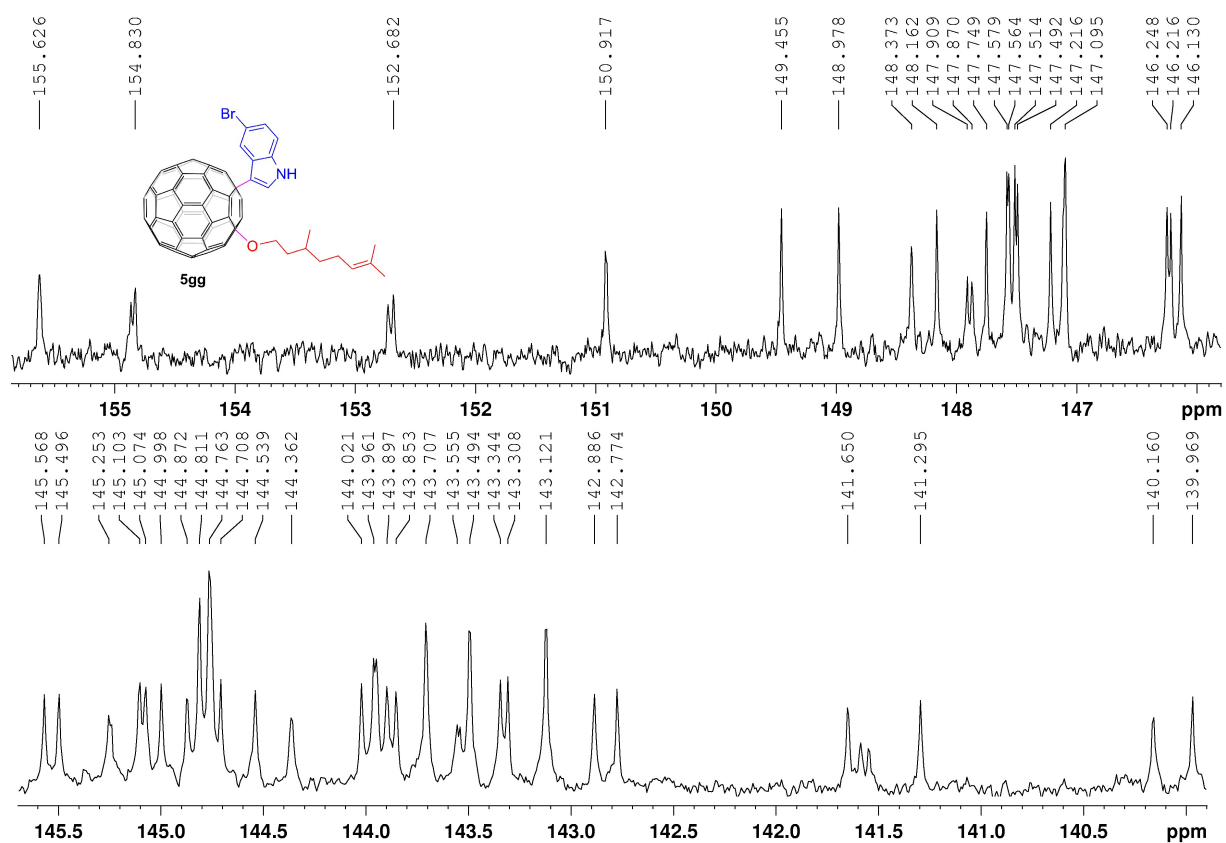
¹H NMR (400 MHz , Acetone-d₆/CS₂) of compound 5gg



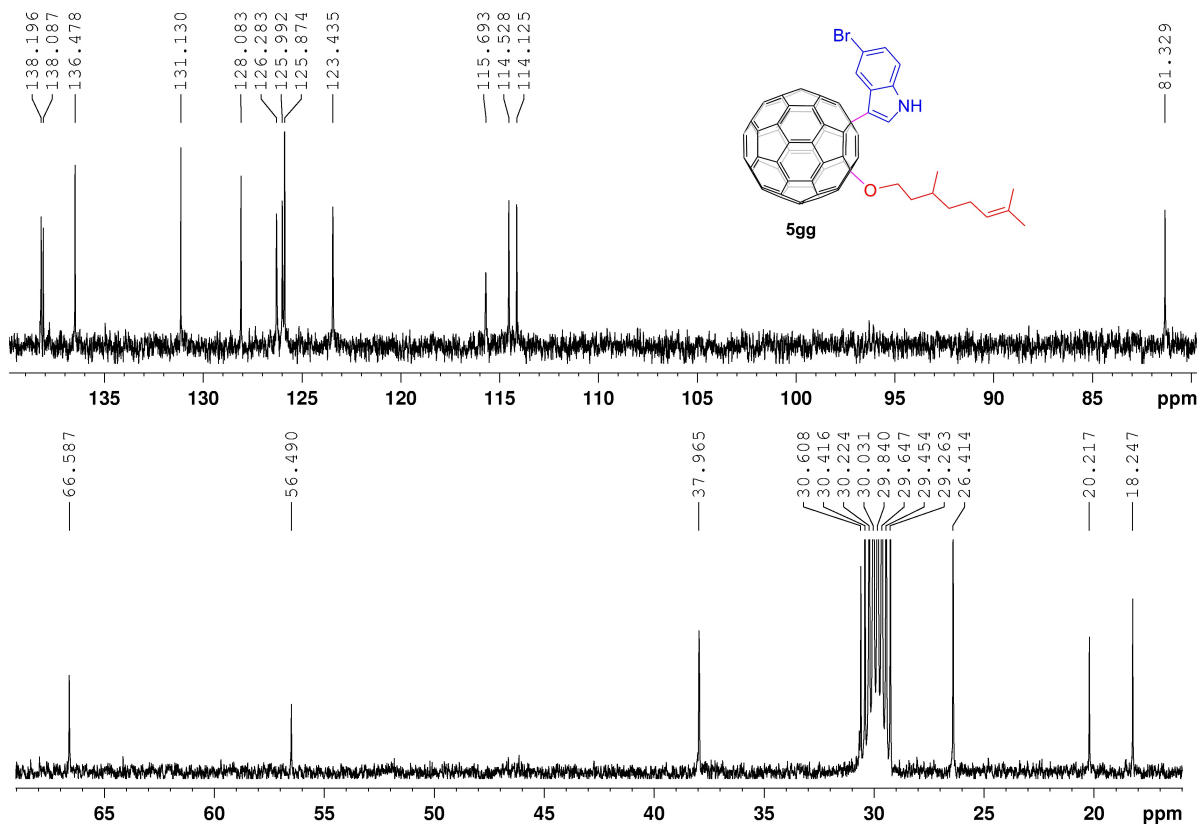
¹³C NMR (100 MHz , d₆-DMSO/CS₂) of compound 5gg



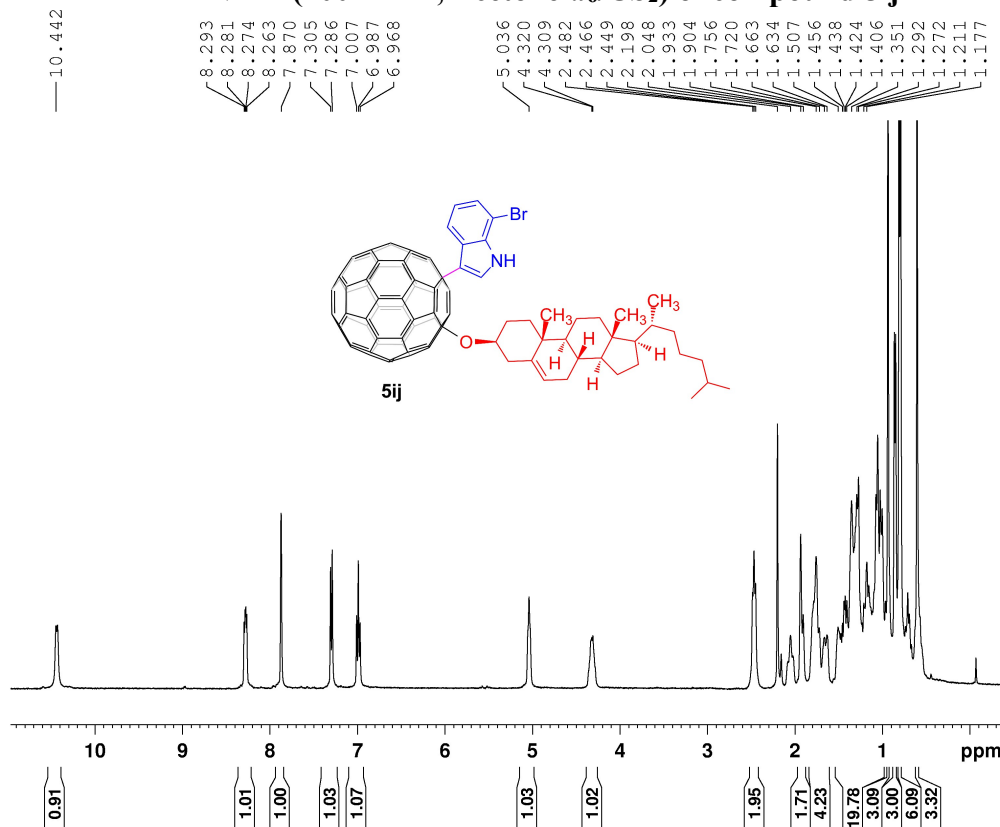
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **5gg**



Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{d}_6\text{-DMSO}/\text{CS}_2$) of compound **5gg**



¹H NMR (400 MHz , Acetone-*d*₆/CS₂) of compound 5ij

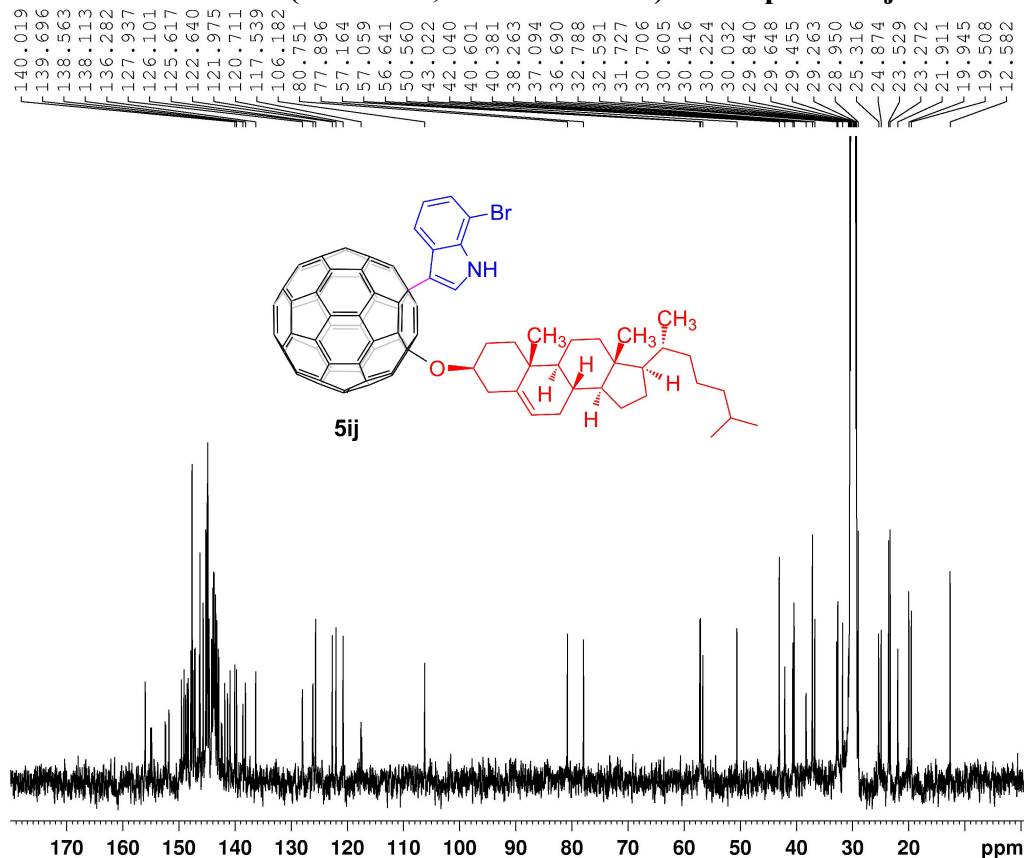


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PROCNO    1
Date_     20200720
Time      10.00
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PULPROG   zg30
TD         65536
SOLVENT   Acetone
NS         16
DS         2
SWH        8223.685 Hz
FIDRES     0.125483 Hz
AQ         3.9846387 sec
RG         287
DW         60.800 usec
DE         6.50 usec
TE         300.0 K
D1         1.00000000 sec
TD0        1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
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P1         13.50 usec
PL1        -2.00 dB
PL1W       13.45602226 W
SFO1       400.1324710 MHz
SI         32768
SF         400.1300547 MHz
WDW        EM
SSB        0
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PC         1.00
  
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¹³C NMR (100 MHz , Acetone-*d*₆/CS₂) of compound 5ij



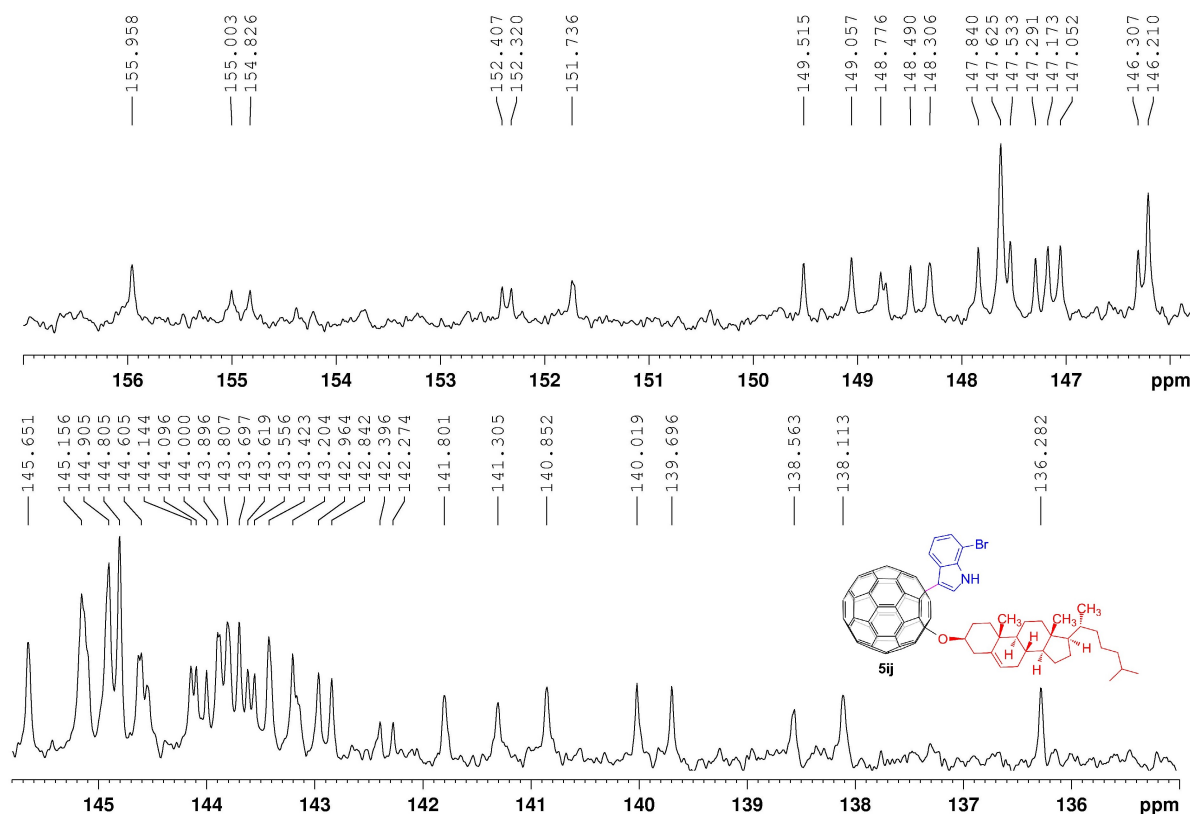
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PROCNO    1
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SWH        24038.461 Hz
FIDRES     0.366798 Hz
AQ         1.3631988 sec
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D1         2.00000000 sec
D11        0.03000000 sec
TD0        1

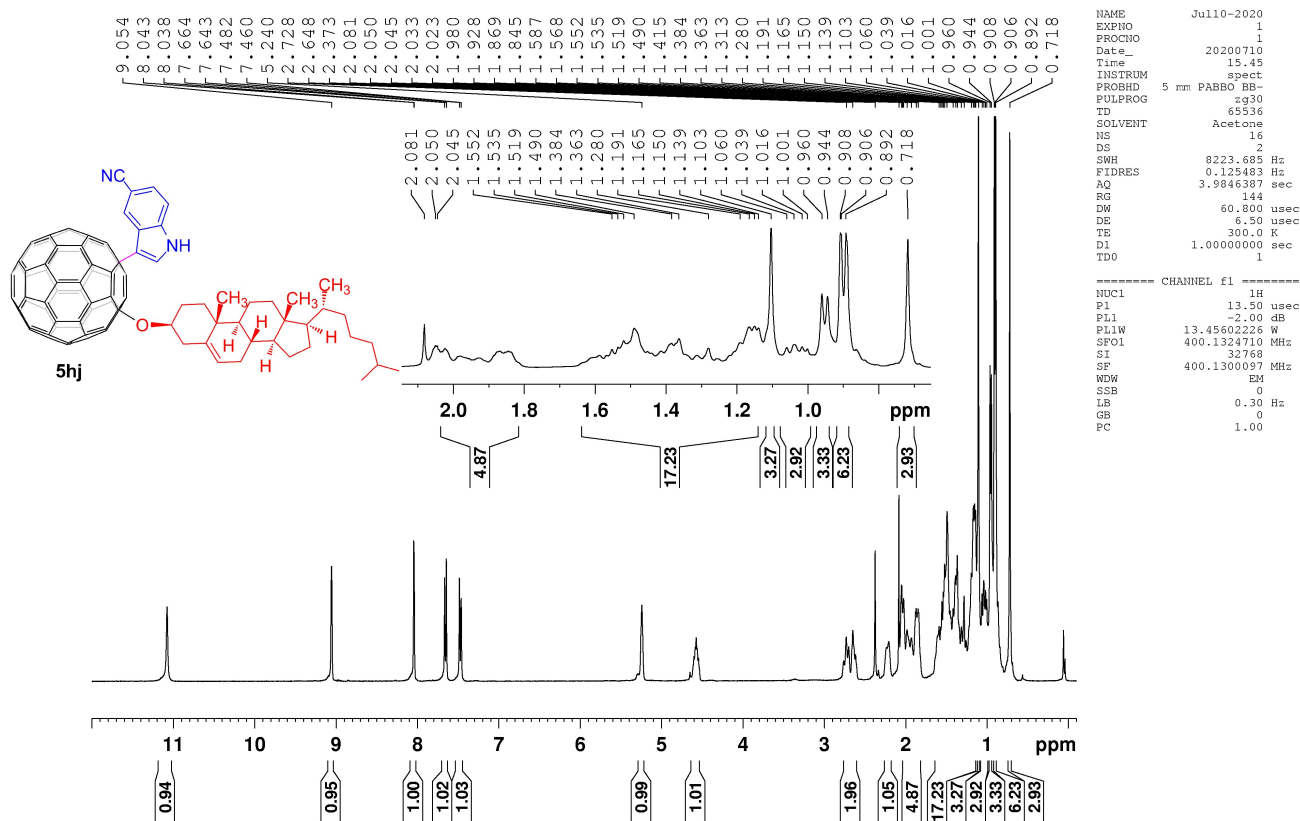
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PL1        -2.00 dB
PL1W       54.14257431 W
SFO1       100.6228238 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
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NUC2       1H
PCPD2      80.00 usec
PL2        -2.00 dB
PL12       13.46 dB
PL13       120.00 dB
PL2W       13.45602226 W
PL13W      0.38275132 W
PL13W      0.00000000 W
SFO2       400.1316005 MHz
SI         32768
SF         100.6127171 MHz
WDW        EM
SSB        0
LB         3.00 Hz
GB         0
PC         1.00
  
```

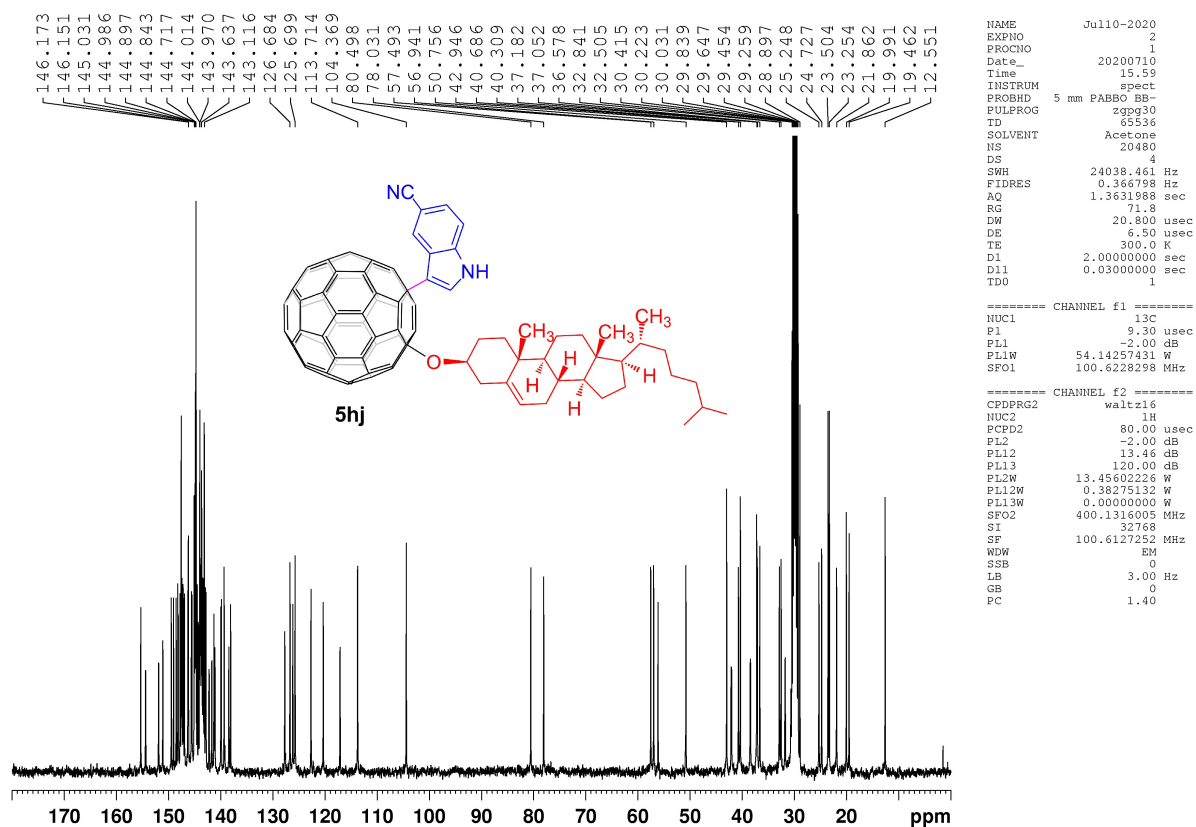
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound **5ij**



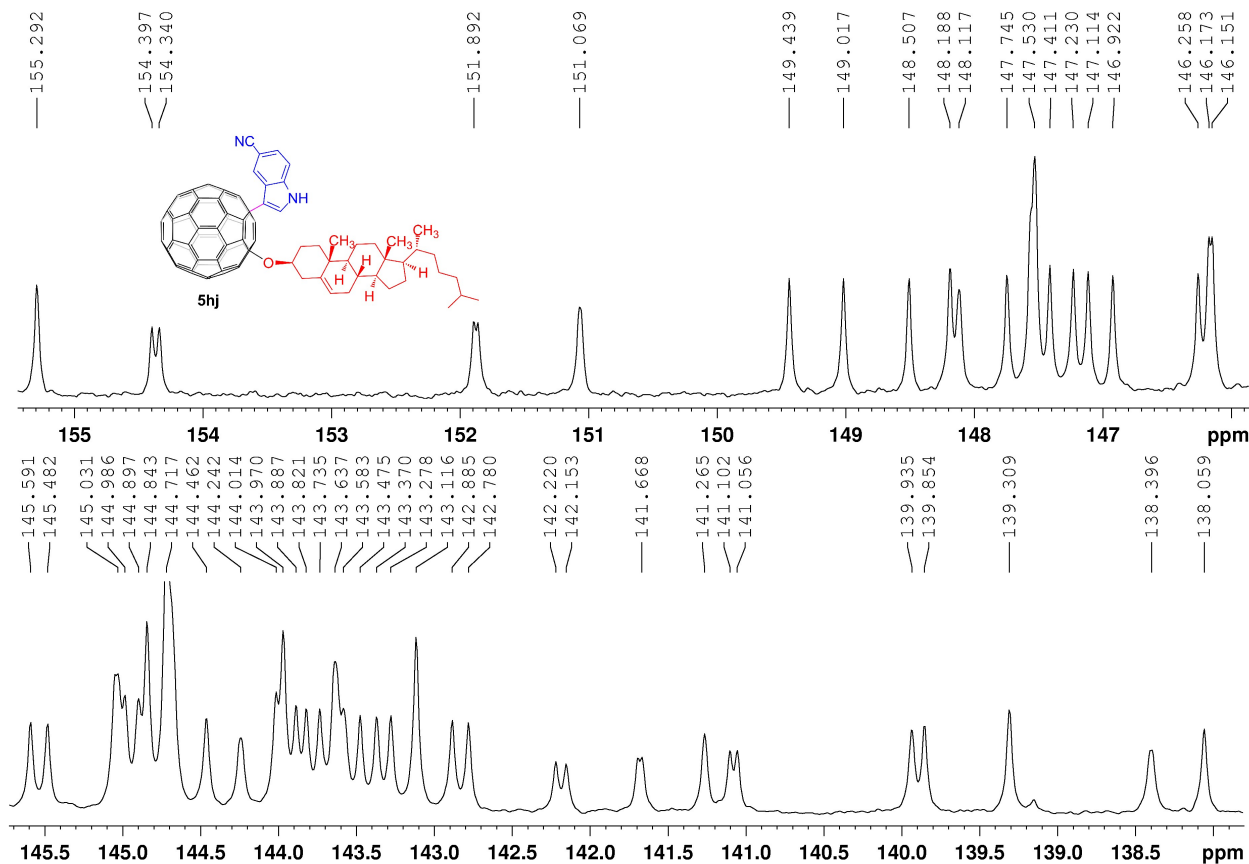
^1H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound **5hj**



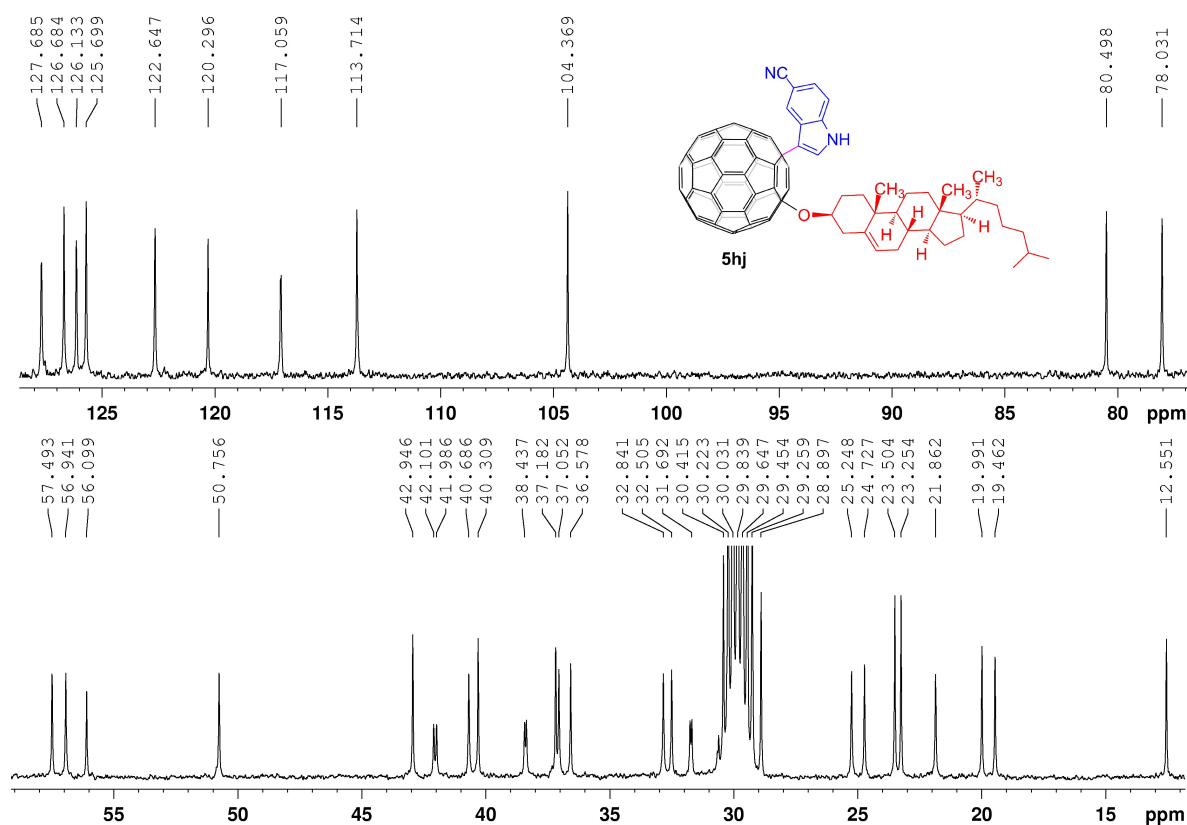
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5hj



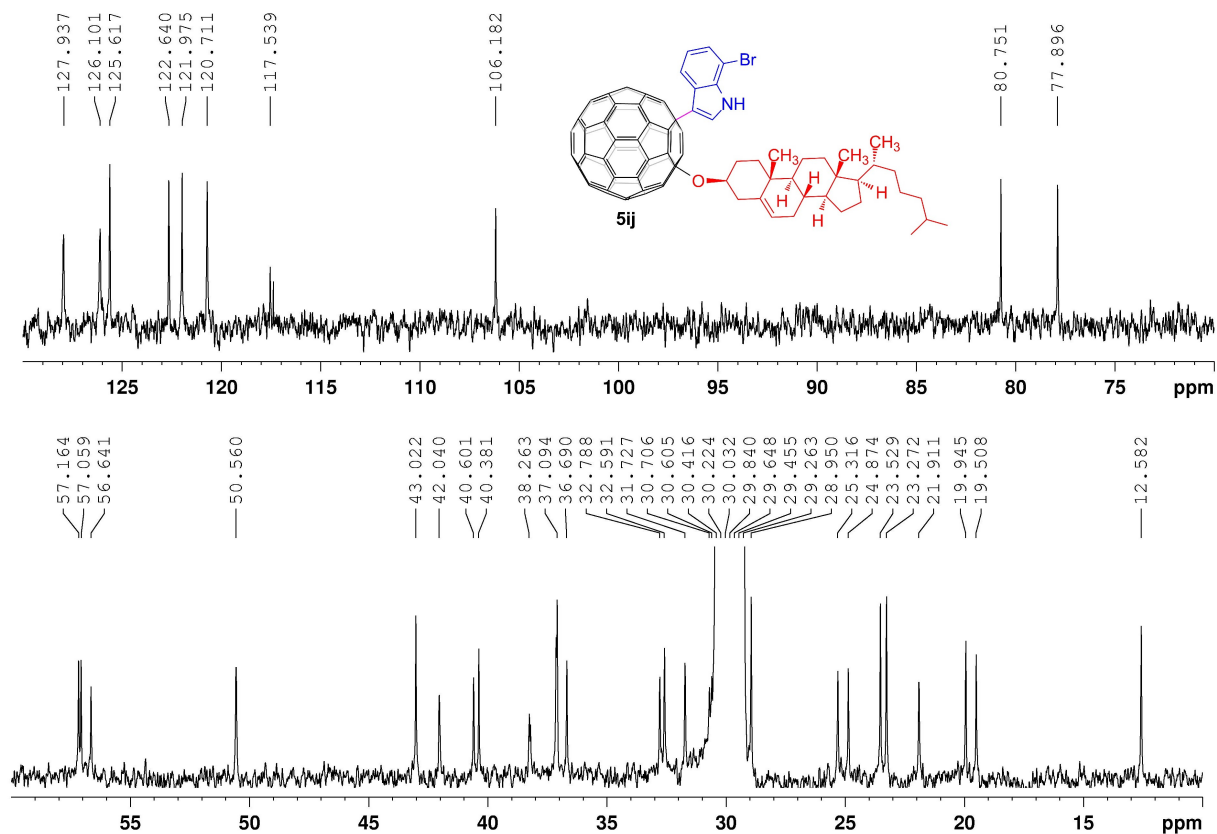
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5hj



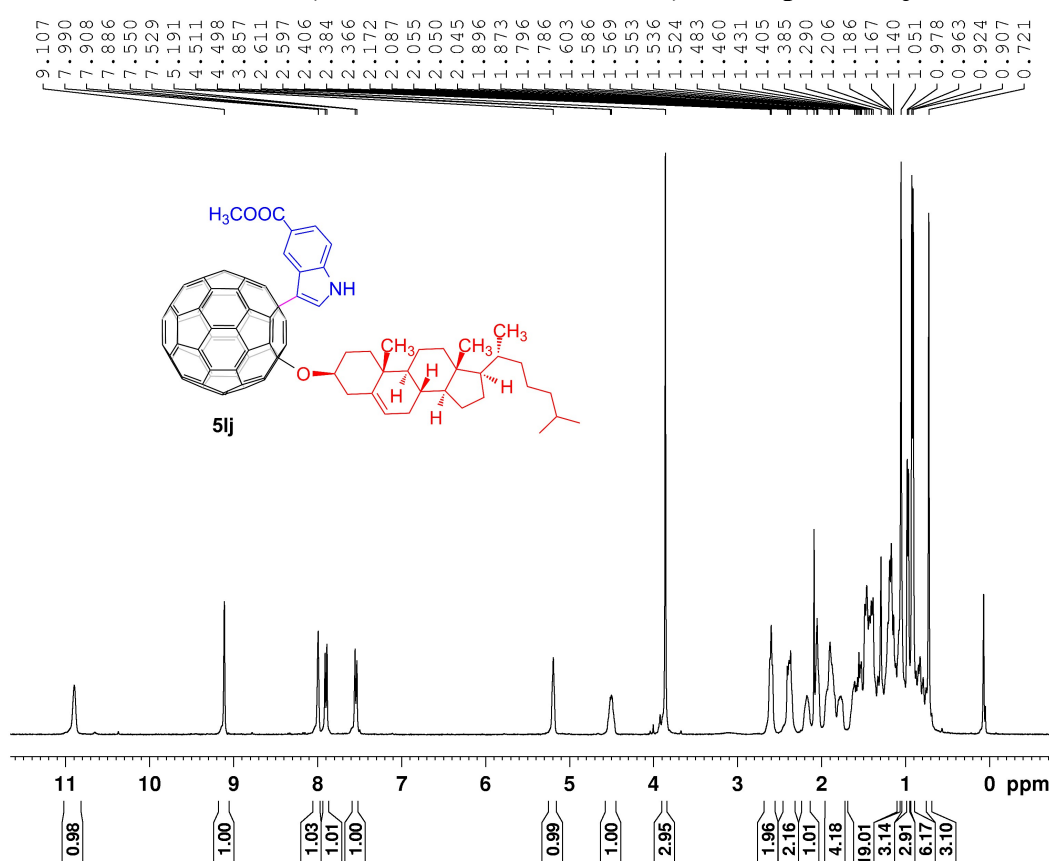
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5hj



Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5ij



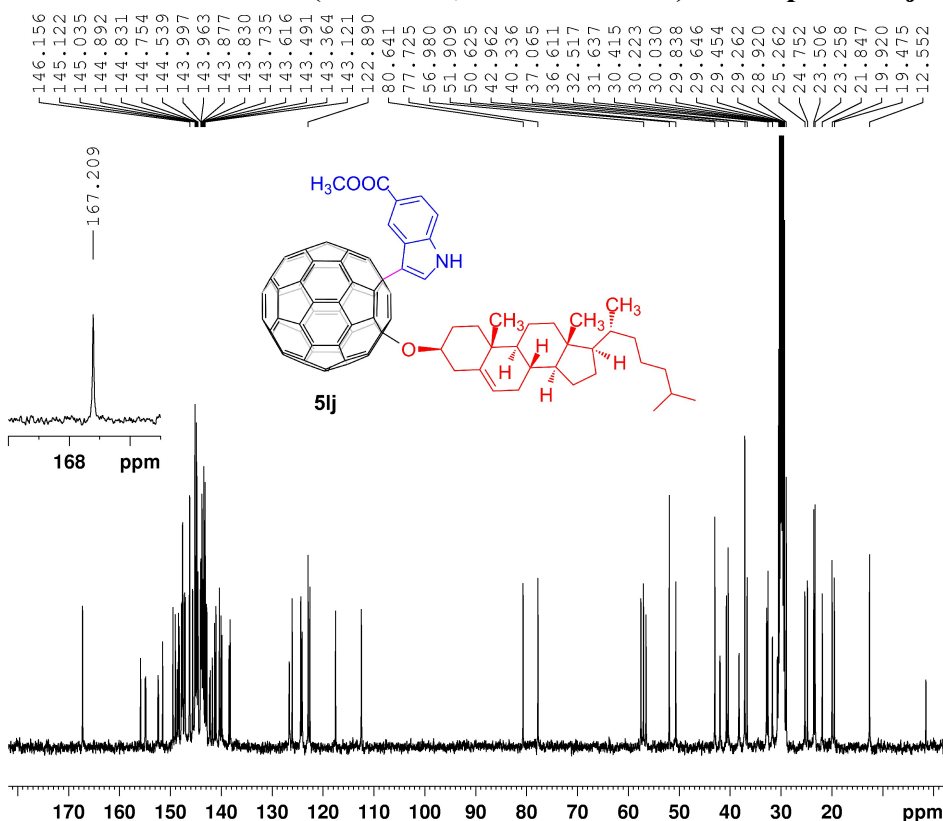
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆/CS₂) of compound 5lj



NAME Jul13-2020
EXPNO 1
PROCNO 1
Date_ 20200713
Time_ 10.05
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm PABBO BB-
PULPROG zg30
TD 65536
SOLVENT Acetone
NS 16
DS 2
SWH 8223.685 Hz
FIDRES 0.125483 Hz
AQ 3.9846387 sec
RG 161
DW 60.800 usec
DE 6.50 usec
TE 300.0 K
D1 1.00000000 sec
TD0 1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
P1 13.50 usec
PL1 -2.00 dB
PL1W 13.45602226 W
SF01 400.1324710 MHz
SI 32768
SF 400.1300075 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 0.30 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.00

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone-d₆/CS₂) of compound 5lj

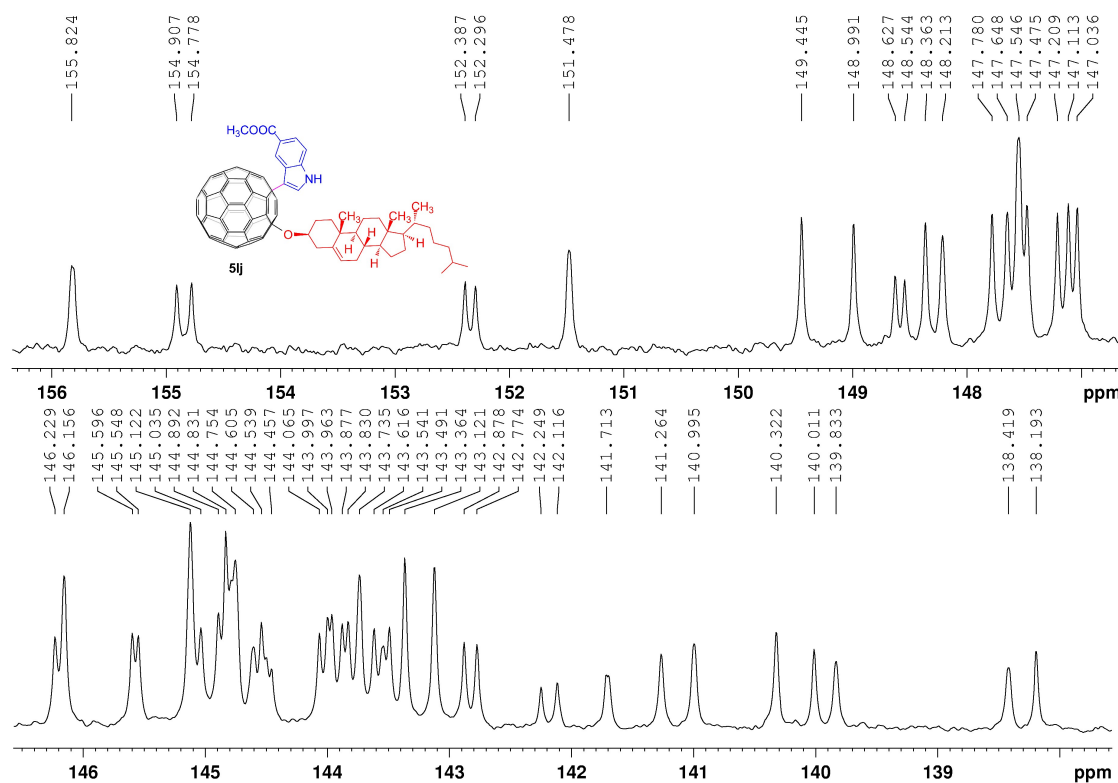


NAME Jul13-2020
EXPNO 2
PROCNO 1
Date_ 20200713
Time_ 10.18
INSTRUM spect
PROBHD 5 mm PABBO BB-
PULPROG zgpg30
TD 65536
SOLVENT Acetone
NS 20480
DS 4
SWH 24038.461 Hz
FIDRES 0.366798 Hz
AQ 1.3631988 sec
RG 80.6
DW 20.800 usec
DE 6.50 usec
TE 300.0 K
D1 2.00000000 sec
D11 0.03000000 sec
TD0 1

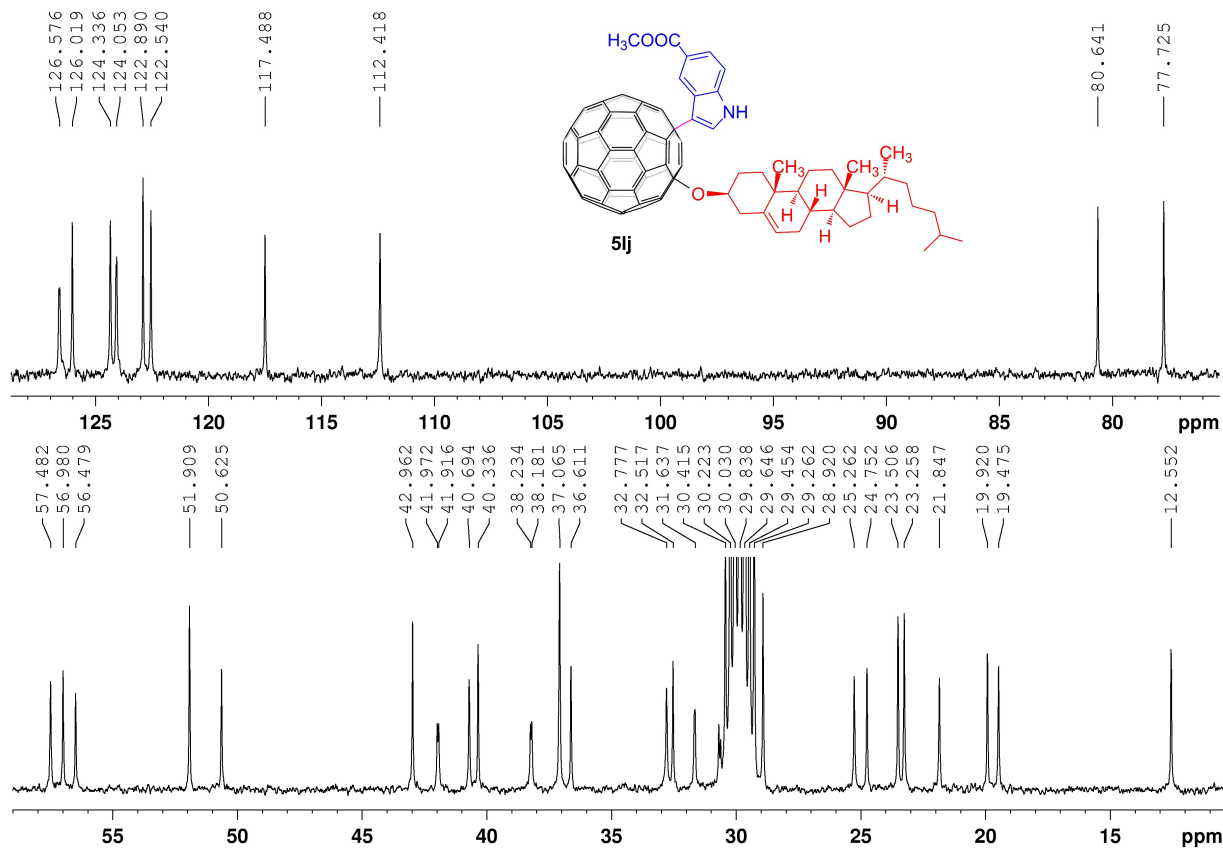
===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 13C
P1 9.30 usec
PL1 -2.00 dB
PL1W 54.14257431 W
SF01 100.6228298 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
CPDPRG2 waltz16
NUC2 1H
PCPD2 80.00 usec
PL2 -2.00 dB
PL12 13.46 dB
PL13 120.00 dB
PL2W 13.45602226 W
PL12W 0.38275132 W
PL13W 0.00000000 W
SFO2 400.1316005 MHz
SI 32768
SF 100.6127222 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
LB 3.00 Hz
GB 0
PC 1.40

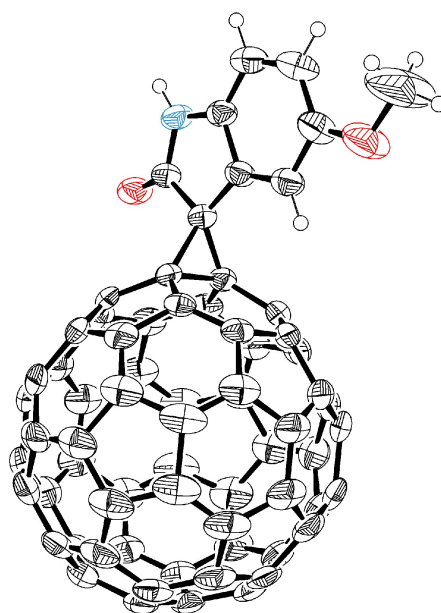
Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5lj



Expanded ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone- d_6 /CS $_2$) of compound 5lj



2. Single-Crystal X-Ray Crystallography of 2d, 3g, and 5aa



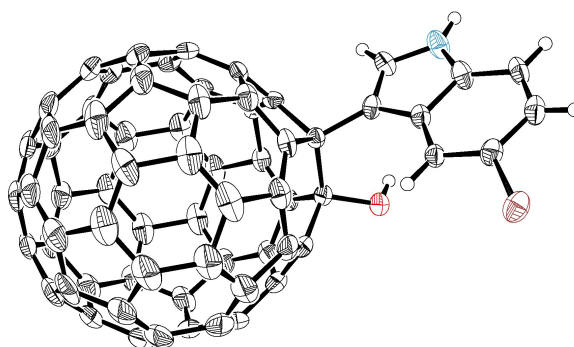
2d: X-ray crystal structure
CCDC number: 2025910

Figure S1 ORTEP diagrams of **2d** with 50% thermal ellipsoids. The solvent molecules are omitted for clarity.

Black block crystals of **2d** suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained from slow evaporation of its solution in a mixture of CS₂ and DMSO at room temperature. Single-crystal X-ray diffraction data were collected on a diffractometer (DECTRIS PILATUS 300K, STOE & Cie GmbH) equipped with a CCD area detector using graphite-monochromated Cu K α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54184$ Å) in the scan range $8.90^\circ < 2\theta < 140.22^\circ$. The structure was solved with direct methods using SHELXS-97 and refined with full-matrix least-squares refinement using the SHELXL-97 program within OLEX2. Crystallographic data have been deposited in the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre as deposition number CCDC 2025910.

Table 1 Crystal data and structure refinement for 2d.	
Identification code	2d
Empirical formula	C ₁₄₄ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₇ S ₆
Formula weight	4176.05
Temperature/K	293(2)
Crystal system	triclinic
Space group	P-1
a/Å	10.1194(5)
b/Å	17.9287(10)

c/Å	25.0200(13)
$\alpha/^\circ$	70.326(4)
$\beta/^\circ$	78.550(4)
$\gamma/^\circ$	78.428(4)
Volume/Å ³	4145.0(4)
Z	1
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$	1.673
μ/mm^{-1}	2.184
F(000)	2112.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.3 × 0.2 × 0.1
Radiation	CuK α (λ = 1.54186)
2 θ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	7.402 to 132.988
Index ranges	-5 \leq h \leq 12, -19 \leq k \leq 21, -28 \leq l \leq 29
Reflections collected	32443
Independent reflections	14135 [R_{int} = 0.0226, R_{sigma} = 0.0217]
Data/restraints/parameters	14135/0/1438
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.036
Final R indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	R_1 = 0.0856, wR_2 = 0.2462
Final R indexes [all data]	R_1 = 0.1079, wR_2 = 0.2645
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	1.14/-0.98



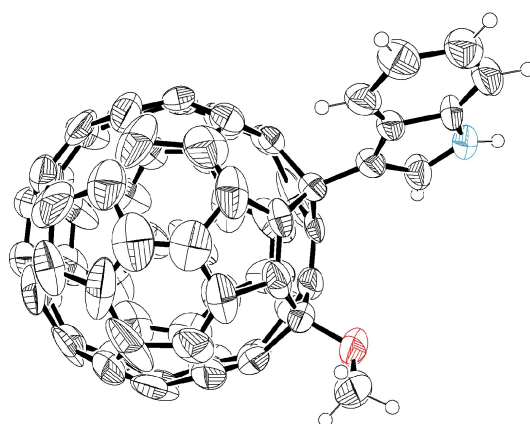
3g: X-ray crystal structure
CCDC number: 2025917

Figure S2 ORTEP diagrams of **3g** with 50% thermal ellipsoids. The solvent molecules are omitted for clarity.

Black block crystals of **3g** suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained from slow evaporation in a mixture of CS₂ and methanol at room temperature. Single-crystal

X-ray diffraction data were collected on a diffractometer (DECTRIS PILATUS 300K, STOE & Cie GmbH) equipped with a CCD area detector using graphite-monochromated Cu K α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$) in the scan range $8.90^\circ < 2\theta < 140.22^\circ$. The structure was solved with direct methods using SHELXS-97 and refined with full-matrix least-squares refinement using the SHELXL-97 program within OLEX2. Crystallographic data have been deposited in the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre as deposition number CCDC 2025917.

Table 2 Crystal data and structure refinement for 3g.	
Identification code	3g
Empirical formula	C ₆₈ H ₆ BrNO
Formula weight	932.65
Temperature/K	293(2)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /c
a/ \AA	21.873(6)
b/ \AA	10.168(3)
c/ \AA	19.646(7)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90
$\beta/^\circ$	114.02(2)
$\gamma/^\circ$	90
Volume/ \AA^3	3991(2)
Z	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{g/cm}^3$	1.552
μ/mm^{-1}	1.844
F(000)	1856.0
Crystal size/ mm^3	0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.07
Radiation	CuK α ($\lambda = 1.54186$)
2 θ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	8.852 to 139.354
Index ranges	$-20 \leq h \leq 26$, $-11 \leq k \leq 5$, $-23 \leq l \leq 20$
Reflections collected	16721
Independent reflections	7218 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0552$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0563$]
Data/restraints/parameters	7218/0/641
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.028
Final R indexes [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0835$, $wR_2 = 0.2271$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0947$, $wR_2 = 0.2368$
Largest diff. peak/hole / $e \text{ \AA}^{-3}$	1.44/-1.19



5aa: X-ray crystal structure
CCDC number: 2025919

Figure S3 ORTEP diagrams of **5aa** with 50% thermal ellipsoids. The solvent molecules are omitted for clarity.

Black block crystals of **5aa** suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained from slow evaporation in a mixture of CS₂ and methanol at room temperature. Single-crystal X-ray diffraction data were collected on a diffractometer (DECTRIS PILATUS 300K, STOE & Cie GmbH) equipped with a CCD area detector using graphite-monochromated Cu K α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54184$ Å) in the scan range $8.90^\circ < 2\theta < 140.22^\circ$. The structure was solved with direct methods using SHELXS-97 and refined with full-matrix least-squares refinement using the SHELXL-97 program within OLEX2. Crystallographic data have been deposited in the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre as deposition number CCDC 2025919.

Table 3 Crystal data and structure refinement for 5aa.	
Identification code	5aa
Empirical formula	C ₇₁ H ₉ NOS ₄
Formula weight	1020.03
Temperature/K	293(2)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	10.1582(5)
b/Å	16.9627(10)
c/Å	23.5264(12)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90
$\beta/^\circ$	95.305(4)
$\gamma/^\circ$	90
Volume/Å ³	4036.5(4)

Z	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.678
μ/mm^{-1}	2.650
F(000)	2056.0
Crystal size/ mm^3	0.3 × 0.2 × 0.1
Radiation	CuK α (λ = 1.54186)
2 θ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	9.176 to 139.614
Index ranges	-11 \leq h \leq 12, -16 \leq k \leq 20, -19 \leq l \leq 28
Reflections collected	11433
Independent reflections	5365 [R_{int} = 0.0937, R_{sigma} = 0.0804]
Data/restraints/parameters	5365/0/641
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	0.962
Final R indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	R_1 = 0.0619, wR_2 = 0.1205
Final R indexes [all data]	R_1 = 0.1420, wR_2 = 0.1587
Largest diff. peak/hole / $\text{e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$	0.17/-0.13

3. HPLC Profiles of the reaction mixtures for the synthesis of 2a, 2e, 3g and 5ie

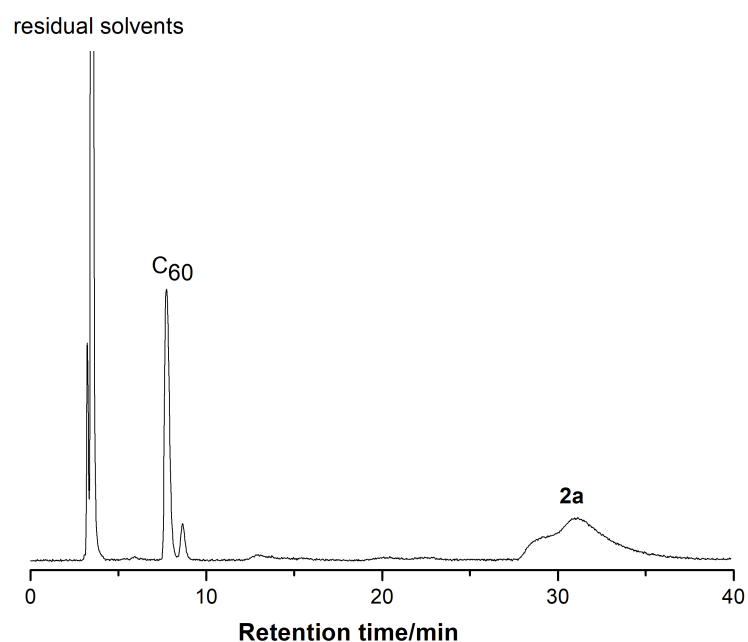


Figure S4. The HPLC profile of the reaction mixtures of toluene solution containing **2a** monitored by HPLC. HPLC column: Cosmosil Buckyprep column (4.6 × 250 mm; toluene, 1 mL/min; 326 nm; 25 °C).

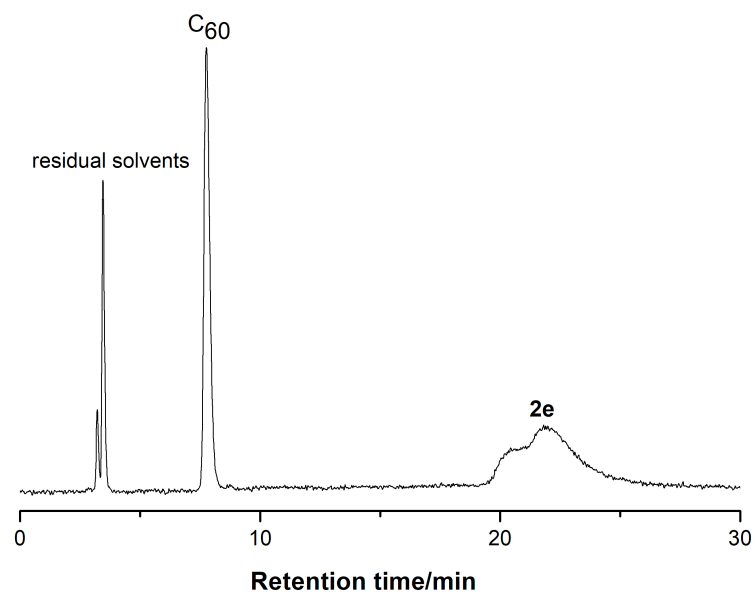


Figure S5. The HPLC profile of the reaction mixtures of toluene solution containing **2e** monitored by HPLC. HPLC column: Cosmosil Buckyprep column (4.6 ×250 mm; toluene, 1 mL/min; 326 nm; 25 °C).

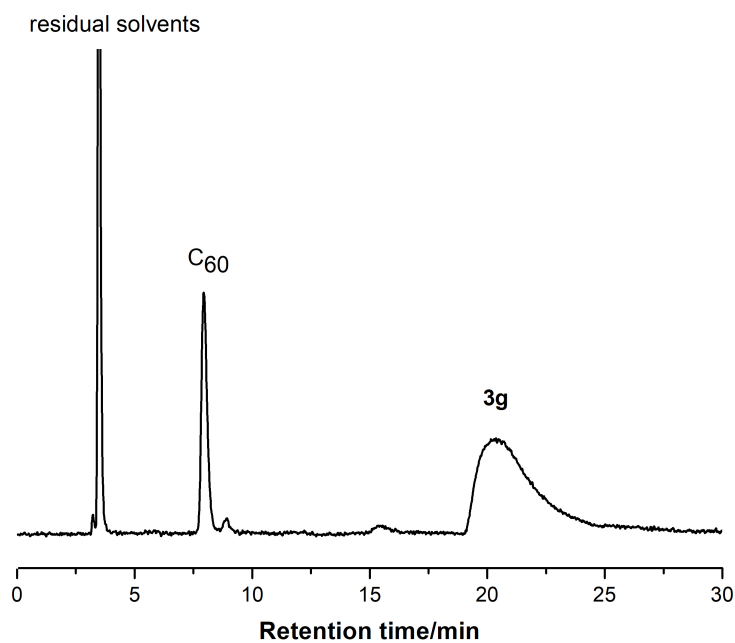


Figure S6. The HPLC profile of the reaction mixtures of toluene solution containing **3g** monitored by HPLC. HPLC column: Cosmosil Buckyprep column (4.6 ×250 mm; toluene, 1 mL/min; 326 nm; 25 °C).

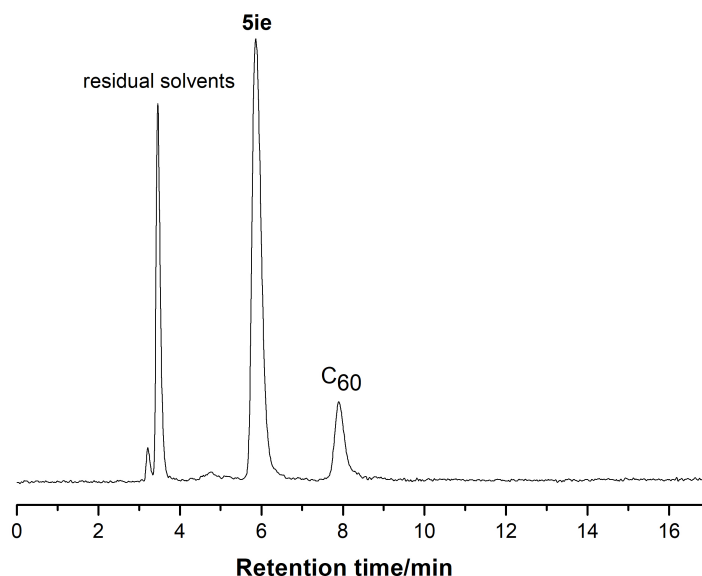
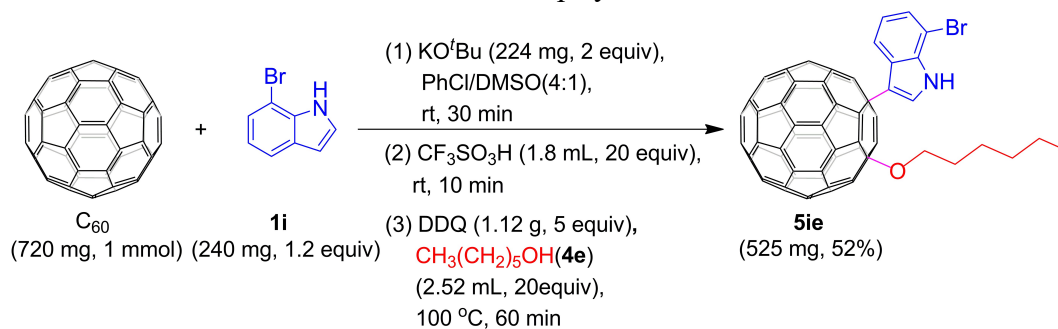


Figure S7. The HPLC profile of the reaction mixtures of toluene solution containing **5ie** monitored by HPLC. HPLC column: Cosmosil Buckyprep column (4.6 ×250 mm; toluene, 1 mL/min; 326 nm; 25 °C).

4. Scale-up procedure for synthesis of **5ie**

Scheme S1. Scale-up synthesis of **5ie**

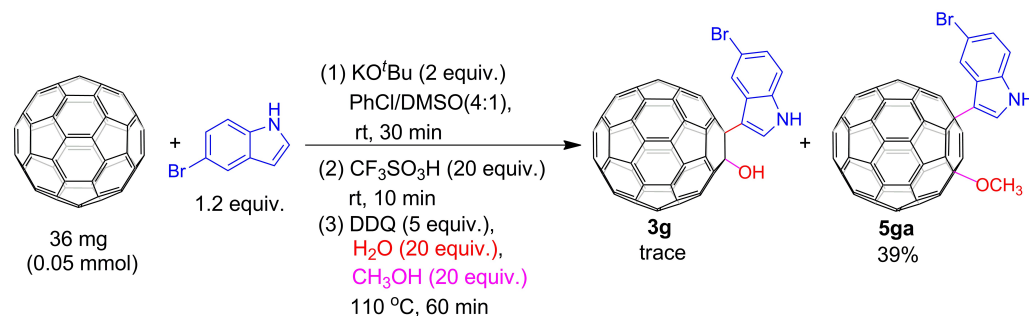


C_{60} (720 mg, 1 mmol), 7-bromoindole (240 mg, 1.2 mmol), KO^tBu (224 mg, 2 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (160 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (40 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (1.8 mL, 20 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (1.12 g, 5 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (2.52 mL, 20 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 400 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the

eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (166 mg, 23%) and **5ie** (525 mg, 52%) as black amorphous solid.

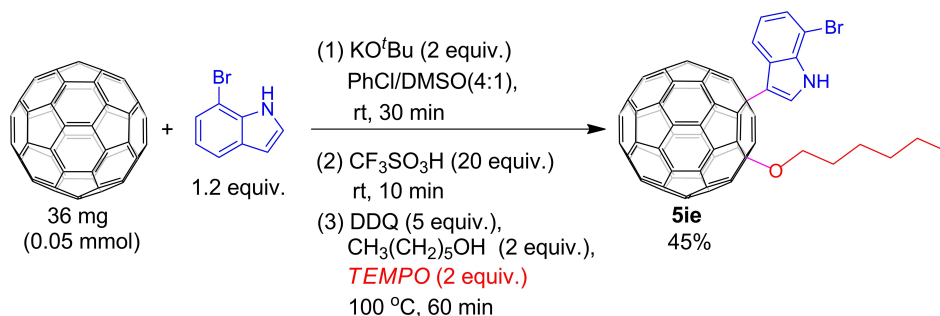
5. Experimental Procedures of Mechanism Studies

Scheme S2. Control experiment for the synthesis of **3g** and **5ga**



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 5-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol), H₂O (18 µL, 1 mmol) and CH₃OH (40 µL, 1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (1.5 mg, 4%) and **5ga** (18.3 mg, 39%) as black amorphous solid.

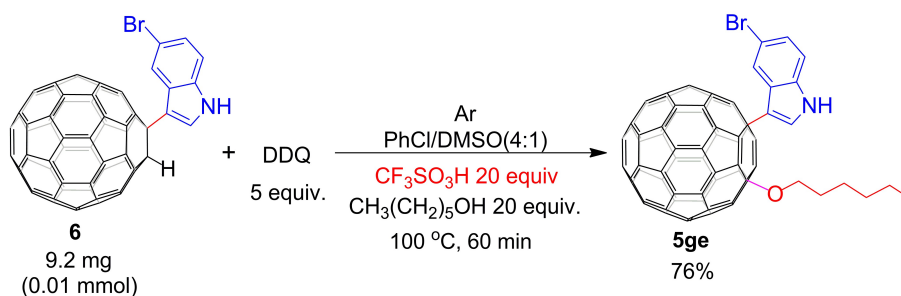
Scheme S3. Control experiment for the synthesis of **5ie**



C₆₀ (36.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), 7-bromoindole (12 mg, 0.06 mmol), KO^tBu (11.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (8 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then DMSO (2 mL) was added to the mixture and the color of the solution changed gradually from purple to dark green. After being stirred for 30 minutes, CF₃SO₃H (90 µL, 1 mmol) was added to the mixture and the color changed from dark green to yellowish brown. And after being stirred for 10 minutes, DDQ (56 mg, 0.25 mmol), CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (12.6 µL, 0.1 mmol) and TEMPO

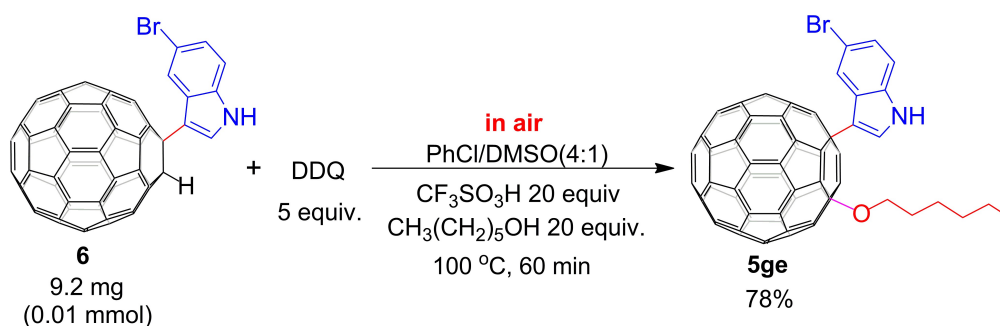
(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl) (15.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 20 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting dark-yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give unreacted C₆₀ (3.8 mg, 11%) and **5ie** (22.7 mg, 45%) as black amorphous solid.

Scheme S4. Synthesis of **5ge** from 1,2-(hydro)[60]fulleroindole **6** through DDQ oxidization.



1,2-(Hydro)[60]fulleroindole **6** (9.2 mg, 0.01 mmol) and DDQ (11.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (2 mL) and DMSO (0.5 mL) at room temperature under Ar atmosphere. Then CF₃SO₃H (18 µL, 0.2 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (25.2 µL, 0.2 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 10 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give **5ge** (7.7 mg, 76%) as black amorphous solid.

Scheme S5. Synthesis of **5ge** from 1,2-(hydro)[60]fulleroindole **6** through DDQ oxidization in air.



1,2-(Hydro)[60]fulleroindole **6** (9.2 mg, 0.01 mmol) and DDQ (11.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (2 mL) and DMSO (0.5 mL) at room temperature in air. Then CF₃SO₃H (18 µL, 0.2 mmol) and CH₃(CH₂)₅OH (25.2 µL, 0.2 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath in air at 100 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 10 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon

disulfide/dichloromethane (2:1) as the eluent to give **5ge** (8.0 mg, 78%) as black amorphous solid.

Scheme S6. Synthesis of **3g** from 1,2-(hydro)[60]fulleroindole **6** through DDQ oxidization in air.



1,2-(Hydro)[60]fulleroindole **6** (9.2 mg, 0.01 mmol) and DDQ (11.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) were dissolved in chlorobenzene (2 mL) and DMSO (0.5 mL) at room temperature in air. Then CF₃SO₃H (36 μ L, 0.4 mmol) and H₂O (9 μ L, 0.4 mmol) were added to the mixture and stirred in an oil bath in air at 110 °C for 60 minutes. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then added 10 mL carbon disulfide. Resulting yellow solution was washed with water and then evaporated in vacuo. The residue was separated on a silica gel column with carbon disulfide/dichloromethane (1:1) as the eluent to give **3g** (7.8 mg, 83%) as black amorphous solid.