

Supporting Information:

Discovery of a potent adenine-benzyltriazolo-
pleuromutilin conjugate with pronounced
antibacterial activity against MRSA

Christoffer V. Heidtmann,[†] Faidra Voukia,[†] Louise N. Hansen,[†] Stine H. Sørensen,[†] Brian Urlund,[†] Salli Nielsen,[†] Mona Pedersen,[†] Noor Kelawi,[†] Brian N. Andersen,[†] Maria Pedersen,[†] Peter Reinholdt,[†] Jacob Kongsted,[†] Carsten U. Nielsen,[†] Janne K. Klitgaard,[§] Poul Nielsen.^{,†}*

[†]Department of Physics, Chemistry and Pharmacy, and [§]1 Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Research Unit of Molecular Microbiology,² Institute of Clinical Research, Research Unit of Clinical Microbiology, University of Southern Denmark, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

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Experimental procedures

General methods

Commercially available solvents and starting materials were used unless otherwise stated. TLC was performed using silica gel 60 F254 plates and visualized at 254 nm or by staining with PMA, ninhydrin or KMnO₄ stains. For Flash Chromatography purification, silica gel 60 (0.040–0.063 mm, Merck) was used. ¹H and ¹³C spectra were recorded at 400 and 101 MHz respectively, on a Bruker Avance III 400 at 300 K. RPLC analysis was performed using a Gemini C18 column (5 μm, 4.6 mm × 150 mm); flow, 1 mL/min.; 10% MeCN in water (0–1 min.), 10–100% MeCN in water (1–10 min.), 100% MeCN (11–15 min.), both solvents with 0.1% trifluoro acetic acid as modifier, UV detection at 254 nm.

General Procedures

General Procedure 1: TMS deprotection with TBAF

The trimethylsilyl protected acetylene analogue (1 eq.) was dissolved in THF (~1 M) under argon, after which tetra-n-butylammonium fluoride (TBAF) in tetrahydrofuran (1 M, 1.2–1.6 eq.) was added. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in dichloromethane, washed with brine (3 x 10 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM or EtOAc:PE) to yield the deprotected alkyne.

General Procedure 2: TMS deprotection with K₂CO₃/MeOH

The trimethylsilyl protected acetylene analogue (1 eq.) was dissolved in MeOH (140 mM) after which K₂CO₃ was added (1 eq.). The suspension was stirred for 1–24 h. before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water and extracted with Et₂O (3 x). The combined organics phases were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash chromatography in EtOAc:PE unless otherwise stated to yield the deprotected acetylene as an oil or solid.

General Procedure 3: Bromination of benzyl alcohols

The appropriate benzyl alcohol (1 eq.) and 1,8-Diazabicyclo(5.4.0)undec-7-ene (DBU, 1.3 eq.) were dissolved in anhydrous dichloromethane (1 M). The vessel was purged with argon and cooled to 0 °C before phosphorous tribromide (1.1 eq.) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred overnight, during which it reached room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with ice water, before extraction with dichloromethane (3 x). The combined organic layers were washed with 5% H₂SO₄ (2 x), sat. NaHCO₃ (2 x) and brine (2 x) before being dried over MgSO₄. The combined organic phases were evaporated *in vacuo*. Purification was either not necessary or by Flash Chromatography to yield the pure benzyl bromide.

General Procedure 4: N-alkylation of secondary amines

To a small, dry microwave vial, the appropriate benzylbromide was dissolved in anhydrous THF (250 mM) before the desired amine (4 eq.) was added. The vessel was purged with argon, sealed and stirred at 55 °C for 1–2 h. The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, diluted with water and acidified with 5% H₂SO₄ before extraction with DCM. The aqueous phase was basified with conc. NH₄OH and then extracted with DCM (5 x). The combined organic phases were concentrated to afford the desired benzyl amines as oils.

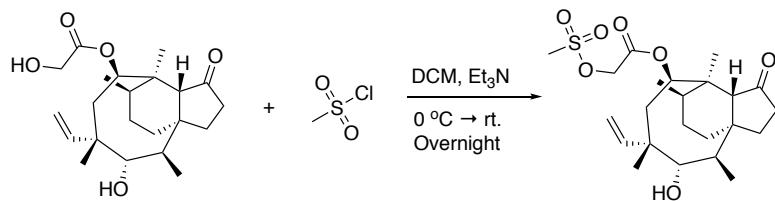
General Procedure 5: Suzuki cross-coupling

A round bottom flask was vac-filled with argon, before the benzylbromide (1 eq.), the appropriate boronic acid (1 eq.), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (0.01 eq.), and tetrahydrofuran (1 M) were added. The mixture was stirred for 5 min. at room temperature, vac-filled with argon again and then 1.5 mL of 2 M aqueous Na₂CO₃ solution was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C overnight, before being cooled to room temperature. The mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 5 mL) and the organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%) to afford the product as an oil.

General Procedure 6: TMS deprotection with MeOH/DCM and K₂CO₃

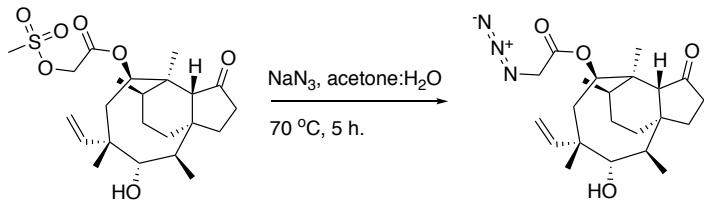
The trimethylsilyl protected acetylene analogue (1 eq.) was dissolved in 6.0 mL of 2:1 MeOH/DCM (v/v), after which K₂CO₃ was added (0.17 eq.). The suspension was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with water (6.0 mL) and extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 6 ml). The combined organics were washed with brine (6 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%) to afford the product as an oil or solid;

22-O-Mesylpleuromutilin (8)



A large dry microwave-vial was charged with (+)-pleuromutilin (**1**) (2.00 g, 5.28 mmol) and vac-filled three times with argon before anhydrous dichloromethane (10.0 mL) and anhydrous triethylamine (0.89 mL, 6.35 mmol) was added. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C followed by dropwise addition of methanesulfonyl chloride (0.41 mL, 5.28 mmol) after which the vial was capped. The mixture was allowed to reach room temperature and stirred overnight resulting in consumption of **1**. Saturated ammonium chloride (1.5 mL) was added to quench the reaction and the mixture was separated. The aqueous layer was washed with diethyl ether (3 x 10 mL). The organic layers were combined and washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 5% → 10% → 20% 50%) to give 1.49 g of **8** (62%, 3.27 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 6.14 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.15–5.03 (m, 2H), 4.89–4.72 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.47–3.39 (m, 1H), 3.24 (s, 3H), 2.47–2.40 (m, 1H), 2.27–2.01 (m, 4H), 1.72–1.57 (m, 2H), 1.56–1.22 (m, 7H), 1.07 (s, 3H), 0.83 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.63 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 217.0, 170.3, 165.4, 140.7, 115.3, 72.6, 70.4, 65.8, 59.7, 57.2, 44.9, 44.2, 43.2, 41.5, 37.6, 36.5, 36.2, 34.0, 30.1, 28.6, 26.6, 24.4, 20.7, 15.9, 14.4, 14.1, 11.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₂₃H₃₆NaO₇S (M+Na⁺) 479.2074 found 479.2078, Ref. Chen, J. Mulin acetate comprising substituted squaric acid, and application thereof. CN103204787A, 2012.³⁴

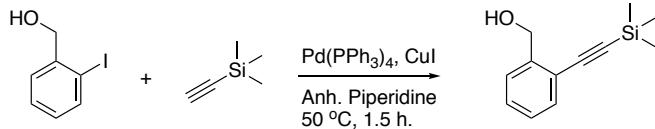
22-Azido-22-deoxypeluromutilin (9)



Compound **8** (1.43 g, 3.13 mmol) was dissolved in acetone (14.0 mL) to which a solution of NaN₃ (254 mg, 3.91 mmol) in water (5.3 mL) was slowly added. The mixture was refluxed at 70 °C for 5 h. before cooling to room temperature and concentration *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 mL) and washed with water (15 mL), brine (15 mL) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic layer was evaporated *in vacuo* before purification by Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 5% → 10% → 30%) to yield 1.035 g of **9** (82%, 2.56 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.49 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (p, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.30–2.16 (m, 2H), 2.16–2.08 (m, 2H), 1.78 (dq, *J* = 14.5, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.73–1.60 (m, 2H), 1.57 (s, 1H), 1.56–1.48 (m, 1H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.44 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (dq, *J* = 11.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.17–1.09 (m, 1H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.73 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 101 MHz) δ 216.7, 167.2, 138.8, 117.5,

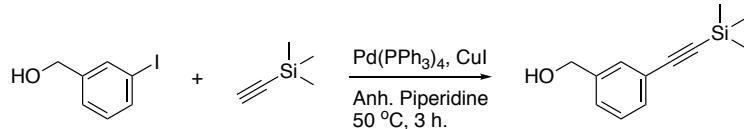
74.6, 70.3, 58.2, 51.2, 45.5, 44.9, 44.0, 41.9, 36.7, 36.1, 34.4, 30.4, 26.9, 26.4, 24.9, 16.7, 14.9, 11.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{22}H_{33}N_3NO_4$ ($M+Na^+$) 426.2363 found 426.2345, Ref: Lolk et al. A Click Chemistry Approach to Pleuromutilin Conjugates with Nucleosides or Acyclic Nucleoside Derivatives and Their Binding to the Bacterial Ribosome. *J. Med. Chem.* **2008**, *51*, 4957–4967.³³

2-(Trimethylsilyl-ethynyl)benzyl alcohol (**48**)



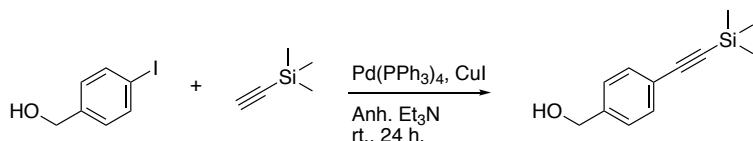
A round bottom flask was charged with tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (397 mg, 0.344 mmol) and copper(I) iodide (135.2 mg, 0.687 mmol). The vial was vac-filled with argon before anhydrous piperidine (40.0 mL), 2-iodobenzyl alcohol **45** (2.00 g, 8.54 mmol) and trimethylsilylacetylene (1.46 mL, 10.3 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 h., before being cooled to room temperature. and diluted with Et₂O (40 mL). The mixture was washed with sat. NH₄Cl (40 mL), 2 M HCl (40 mL) and H₂O (40 mL) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic layer was evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 25%) to yield 1.35 g of **48** (78%, 6.61 mmol); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 0.25 (s, 9H); ¹³CNMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 132.5, 129.0, 127.4, 127.2, 121.2, 102.7, 99.6, 64.0, 0.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{12}H_{17}OSi$ ($M+H^+$) 205.1036 found 205.1049

3-(Trimethylsilyl-ethynyl)benzyl alcohol (**49**)



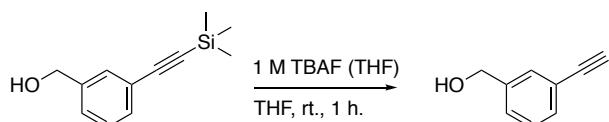
A large microwave vial was charged with tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (182 mg, 0.157 mmol) and copper(I) iodide (120 mg, 0.629 mmol). The vial was vac-filled with argon (3 x) before anhydrous piperidine (25 mL), 3-iodobenzyl alcohol **46** (0.95 mL, 7.47 mmol) and trimethylsilylacetylene (1.18 mL, 8.26 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 3 h. before being cooled to room temperature and diluted with Et₂O (70 mL). The mixture was washed with sat. NH₄Cl (40 mL), 2 M HCl (50 mL) and H₂O (50 mL) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic phases were evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0–50%) to yield 1.30 g of **49** (85%, 6.37 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.41–7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33–7.28 (m, 2H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.71 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 0.25 (d, *J* = 0.4 Hz, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.0, 131.2, 130.5, 128.5, 127.0, 123.5, 104.9, 94.4, 64.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{12}H_{16}NaOSi$ ($M+Na^+$) 227.0863 found 227.0870.

4-(Trimethylsilyl-ethynyl)benzyl alcohol (50**)**



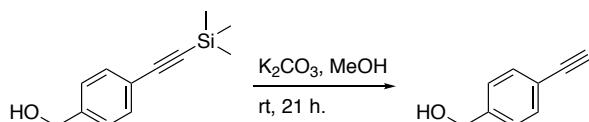
A round bottom flask was charged with 4-iodobenzyl alcohol **47** (5.00 g, 21.4 mmol), copper(I) iodide (40.7 mg, 0.214 mmol) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (494 mg, 0.427 mmol). The vial was vac-filled with argon (3 x) before anhydrous triethylamine (43 mL) and trimethylsilylacetylene (3.65 mL, 25.6 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was filtered over Celite and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 2%) to yield 4.33 g of **50** (21.2 mmol, 99%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.50–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.27 (m, 2H), 4.68 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.75 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 0.25 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.2, 132.2, 126.7, 122.4, 104.9, 94.2, 65.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{NaOSi}$ ($\text{M}+\text{Na}^+$) 227.0863 found 227.0872.

3-(Ethynyl)benzyl alcohol (51**)**



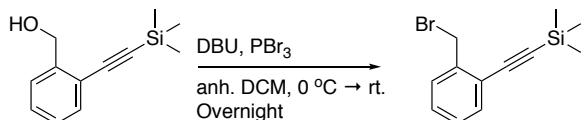
General Procedure 1 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **49** (540 mg, 2.64 mmol), anhydrous THF (3 mL) and 1 M TBAF in THF (3.2 mL, 3.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Purification by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 25%) yielded 230 mg of **51** (65%, 1.72 mmol); ^1H NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40 (dt, J = 6.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.25–7.33 (m, 2H), 4.61 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (s, 1H), 2.32 (br s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 141.2, 131.4, 130.6, 128.7, 127.5, 122.4, 83.6, 77.4, 64.7; EI MS m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}$ (M^+) 132.0 found 132.0.

4-(Ethynyl)benzyl alcohol (52**)**



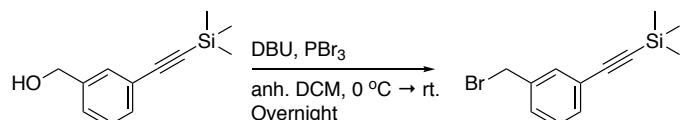
General Procedure 2 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **50** (1.50 g, 7.34 mmol) dissolved in MeOH (52 mL) after which K_2CO_3 was added (1.01 g, 7.34 mmol). The suspension was stirred for 21 h. at room temperature before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 5–20%) to afford 782 mg of **52** (81%, 5.92 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 3.07 (s, 1H), 1.76 (br s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 141.6, 132.3, 126.7, 121.4, 83.5, 77.2, 64.9; EI MS m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}$ (M^+) 132.0 found 132.0.

2-(Trimethylsilyl-ethynyl)benzyl bromide (**53**)



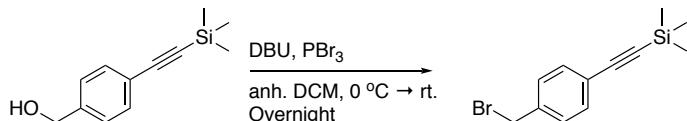
General Procedure 3 was applied with compound **48** (500 mg, 2.45 mmol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo(5.4.0)undec-7-ene (DBU, 0.48 mL, 3.18 mmol), anhydrous dichloromethane (2.5 mL) and phosphorous tribromide (0.26 mL, 2.7 mmol). Extraction and Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 20%) afforded 501 mg of the bromide **53** (77%, 1.87 mmol); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48–7.39 (m, 2H) 7.30 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 0.29 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 132.5, 129.0, 127.4, 121.2, 102.7, 99.6, 64.0, 0.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₂H₁₆BrSi (M+H⁺) 267.0199 found 267.0169

3-(Trimethylsilyl-ethynyl)benzyl bromide (**54**)



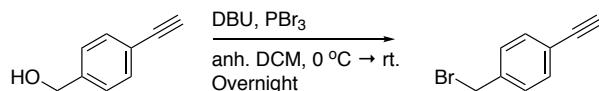
General Procedure 3 was applied with compound **49** (1.20 g, 5.87 mmol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo(5.4.0)undec-7-ene (DBU, 1.14 mL, 7.23 mmol), anhydrous dichloromethane (5.9 mL) and phosphorous tribromide (0.61 mL, 6.46 mmol). After extraction, no further purification was necessary yielding 1.30g of **54** (83%, 4.87 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dt, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 0.25 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.0, 132.6, 131.9, 129.2, 128.8, 123.8, 104.4, 95.0, 32.7; MS (EI) m/z calculated for C₁₂H₁₄Si (M⁺ -HBr) 187.1 found 187.2

4-(Trimethylsilyl-ethynyl)benzyl bromide (**55**)



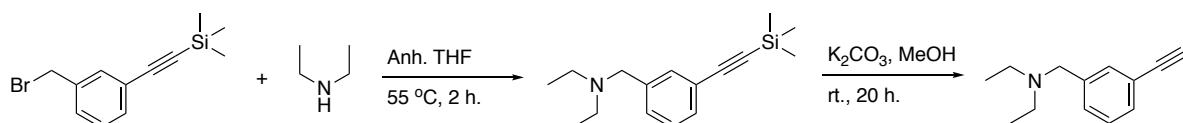
General Procedure 3 was applied with compound **50** (750 mg, 3.67 mmol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo(5.4.0)undec-7-ene (DBU, 0.72 mL, 4.77 mmol), anhydrous dichloromethane (3.7 mL) and phosphorous tribromide (0.39 mL, 4.05 mmol). Extraction and Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 20%) afforded 612 mg of the bromide **55** (62%, 2.29 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54–7.51 (m, 2H), 7.43–7.38 (m, 2H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 0.35 (d, *J* = 0.7 Hz, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.1, 132.4, 129.0, 123.4, 104.5, 95.3, 32.9, 0.3; HRMS (EI): m/z calculated for C₁₂H₁₅BrSi (M⁺) 266.0 found 266.0

4-(Ethynyl)benzyl bromide (56**)**



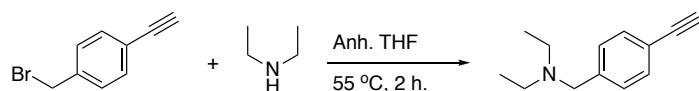
General Procedure 3 was applied with compound **52** (735 mg, 5.56 mmol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo(5.4.0)undec-7-ene (DBU, 1.10 g, 7.23 mmol), dichloromethane (5.6 mL) and phosphorous tribromide (0.58 mL, 6.12 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 19 h. After extraction, no further purification was necessary yielding 938 mg of **56** (87%, 4.81 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49–7.44 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.32 (m, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 3.10 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.4, 132.5, 129.0, 122.3, 83.1, 78.0, 32.7; EI MS m/z calculated for C₉H₇Br (M⁺) 194.0 found 193.9.

N-Ethyl-*N*-(3-(ethynylbenzyl)ethanamine (**57**)



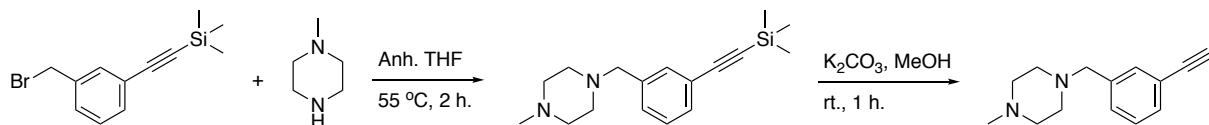
In accordance with General Procedure 4, **54** (200 mg, 0.748 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (3.0 mL) and diethylamine (0.31 mL, 2.99 mmol) after which it was stirred for 2 h. at 55 °C. Extraction yielded 174 mg of **57a** (90%, 0.671 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (td, *J* = 1.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 1H), 7.23 (td, *J* = 7.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 2.51 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.03 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H), 0.25 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.3, 132.3, 130.4, 129.2, 128.0, 122.9, 105.4, 93.7, 57.3, 46.8, 11.7, 0.0; HRMS (ESI) not recorded. General Procedure 2 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **57a** (160 mg, 0.617 mmol) MeOH (4.4 mL) and K₂CO₃ (85 mg, 0.617 mmol). The suspension was stirred for 20 h. at room temperature before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. Extraction yielded 96 mg of **57** (83%, 0.512 mmol) as a yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (dt, *J* = 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28–7.23 (m, 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.05 (s, 1H), 2.51 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.03 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.5, 132.5, 130.5, 129.4, 128.1, 121.9, 83.9, 76.8, 57.2, 46.8, 11.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₃H₁₈N (M+H⁺) 188.1434 found 188.1430.

N-Ethyl-*N*-(4-ethynylbenzyl)ethanamine (**58**)



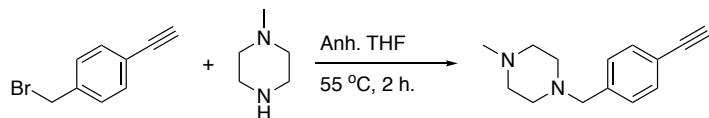
In accordance with General Procedure 4, **56** (125 mg, 0.641 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (2.6 mL) and diethylamine (0.27 mL, 2.56 mmol) after which it was stirred for 2 h. at 55 °C. Extraction yielded 119 mg of **58** (99%, 0.635 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.28 (m, 2H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.04 (s, 1H), 2.51 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.03 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.2, 132.0, 128.8, 128.7, 127.1, 120.4, 83.8, 76.7, 57.4, 46.9, 11.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₃H₁₈N (M+H⁺) 188.1434 found 188.1325.

1-(3-ethynylbenzyl)-4-methylpiperazine (59**)**



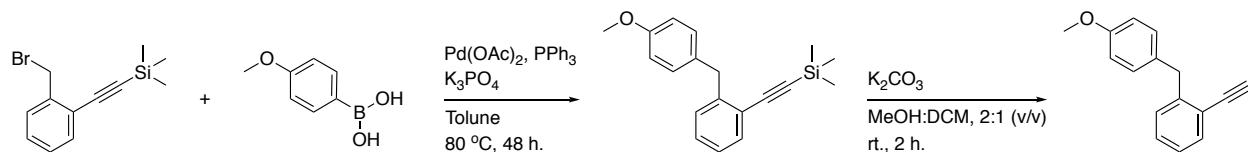
In accordance with General Procedure 4, **54** (200 mg, 0.748 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (3.0 mL) and 1-methylpiperazine (0.33 mL, 2.99 mmol) after which it was stirred for 2 h. at 55 °C. Extraction yielded 195 mg of **59a** (91%, 0.680 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (dt, *J* = 1.7, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30–7.26 (m, 1H), 7.26–7.21 (m, 1H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 2.45 (s, 8H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 0.25 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.5, 132.6, 130.7, 129.4, 128.1, 123.0, 105.2, 94.0, 62.7, 55.2, 53.2, 46.1, 0.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₇H₂₈N₂Si (M+H⁺) 287.1938 found 287.1947. General Procedure 2 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **59a** (185 mg, 0.646 mmol) dissolved in MeOH (4.6 mL) after which K₂CO₃ was added (89 mg, 0.646). The suspension was stirred for 1 h. at room temperature before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. Extraction yielded 134 mg of **59** (97%, 0.626 mmol) as a yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (td, *J* = 1.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31–7.22 (m, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 3.06 (s, 1H), 2.46 (s, 8H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.7, 132.7, 130.8, 129.7, 128.2, 122.0, 83.8, 77.0, 62.6, 55.1, 53.1, 46.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₄H₁₉N₂ (M+H⁺) 215.1543 found 215.1538.

1-(4-Ethynylbenzyl)-4-methylpiperazine (60**)**



In accordance with General Procedure 4, **56** (136 mg, 0.697 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (3.0 mL) and 1-methylpiperazine (0.31 mL, 2.78 mmol) after which it was stirred for 1 h. at 55 °C. Extraction yielded 136 mg of **60** (90%, 0.635 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.05 (s, 1H), 2.45 (s, 8H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.4, 132.0, 129.0, 120.7, 83.7, 76.9, 62.7, 55.2, 53.1, 46.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₄H₁₉N₂ (M+H⁺) 215.1543 found 215.1534.

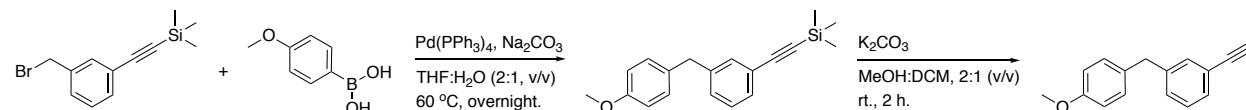
2-(4-Methoxybenzyl)phenylacetylene (61**)**



A round bottom flask was vac-filled with argon, before palladium(II) acetate (2.2 mg, 0.010 mmol), triphenylphosphine (5.3 mg, 0.020 mmol), 4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (228 mg, 1.50 mmol) and K₃PO₄ (272 mg, 1.28 mmol) were added. The flask was vac-filled with argon again and then the benzylbromide **53** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 6.0 mL toluene was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 48 h., before being cooled to room temperature and extracted with diethyl ether (6 ml). The organic phases were washed with aqueous NaOH (2 mL), brine (2 x 2 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash

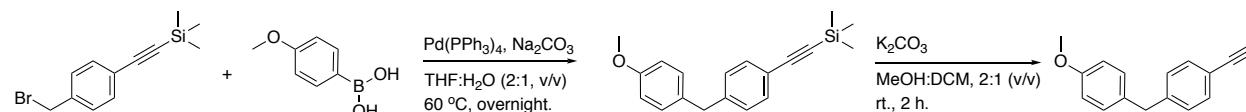
chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5%) to yield 40 mg of **61a** (14%, 0.136 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48–7.43 (m, 1H), 7.22 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19–7.09 (m, 4H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 0.24 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.1, 39.3, 55.3, 98.4, 104.1, 113.8, 122.7, 125.9, 128.7, 129.1, 130.0, 132.6, 132.8, 144.0, 158.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₉H₂₃OSi (M+H⁺) 295.1518 found 295.1438. General Procedure 6 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **61a** (87 mg, 0.30 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (6.9 g, 0.050 mmol). Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 34.0 mg of **61** (52%, 0.153 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.12–7.06 (m, 1H), 7.02–6.94 (m, 4H), 6.69–6.64 (m, 2H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.11 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 39.1, 55.2, 81.1, 82.6, 113.9, 121.7, 126.0, 129.0, 129.3, 129.9, 132.6, 132.9, 144.2, 158.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₆H₁₅O (M+H⁺) 223.1123 found 225.0858

3-(4-Methoxybenzyl)phenylacetylene (**62**)



General Procedure 5 was applied with the bromide **54** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) and 4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (152 mg, 1.00 mmol). Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 176 mg of **62a** (60%, 0.584 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.16 (m, 1H), 7.13–7.03 (m, 3H), 6.84–6.78 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 0.23 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.3, 40.8, 55.3, 93.9, 105.3, 114.0, 123.2, 128.3, 129.2, 129.7, 129.9, 132.3, 132.7, 141.6, 158.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₉H₂₃OSi (M+H⁺) 295.1518 found 295.1499. General Procedure 6 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **62a** (176 mg, 0.598 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (13.8 g, 0.100 mmol). Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 114 mg of **62** (86%, 0.513 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (dd, *J* = 6.7, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.14 (dt, *J* = 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10–7.04 (m, 2H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.02 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 40.8, 55.3, 77.0, 83.9, 114.0, 122.2, 128.5, 129.5, 129.9, 132.5, 132.6, 141.9, 158.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₆H₁₅O (M+H⁺) 223.1123 found 221.1109

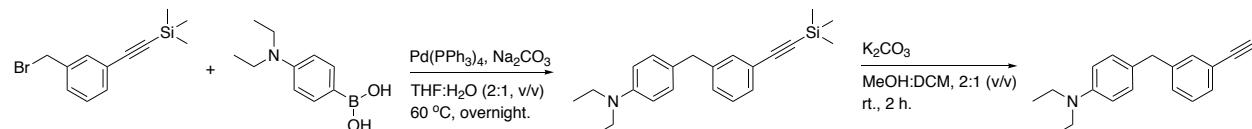
1-Ethynyl-4-(4-methoxybenzyl)benzene (**63**)



General Procedure 5 was applied with the bromide **55** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) and 4-methoxyphenylboronic acid (152 mg, 1.00 mmol). Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 158 mg of **63a** (54%, 0.537 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39–7.35 (m, 2H), 7.11–7.07 (m, 2H), 7.07–7.04 (m, 2H), 6.84–6.79 (m, 2H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 0.23 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.1, 40.9, 55.3, 93.6, 105.2, 113.9, 120.8, 125.9, 128.7, 129.8, 132.1, 142.2, 158.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₉H₂₃OSi (M+H⁺) 295.1518 found 295.1428. General Procedure 6 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **63a** (157 mg, 0.533 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (13.8 g,

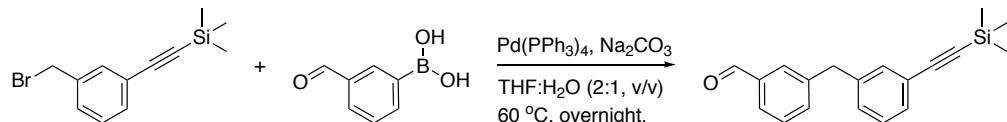
0.100 mmol). Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 90.0 mg of **63** (76%, 0.414 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.10 (m, 2H), 7.09–7.05 (m, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.02 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 40.9, 55.3, 76.7, 83.2, 113.9, 119.7, 128.7, 128.8, 129.9, 132.5, 142.6, 158.1; HRMS (EI) m/z calculated for C₁₆H₁₄O (M) 222.1 found 221.1

N,N-Diethyl-4-(3-ethynylbenzyl)aniline (**64**)



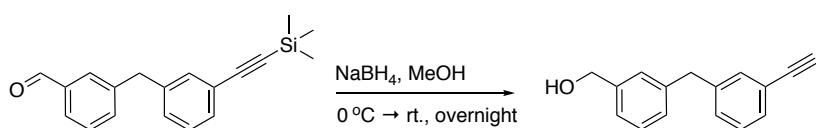
General Procedure 5 was applied with the bromide **54** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) and 4-diethylaminophenyl boronic acid (193 mg, 1.00 mmol). Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 215 mg of **64a** (64%, 0.641 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (dt, *J* = 1.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (td, *J* = 7.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dt, *J* = 7.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02–6.97 (m, 2H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (s, 2H), 3.31 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H), 0.23 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.4, 142.2, 132.4, 129.7, 129.5, 129.2, 128.2, 127.4, 123.0, 112.2, 105.5, 93.7, 44.4, 40.6, 12.6, 0.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₂₂H₃₀NSi (M+H⁺) 336.2148 found 336.2141. General Procedure 6 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **64a** (200 mg, 0.596 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (13.8 g, 0.100 mmol). Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 103 mg of **64** (66%, 0.391 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.15 (m, 2H), 7.03–6.96 (m, 2H), 6.64–6.57 (m, 2H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 3.30 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 3.01 (s, 1H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.7, 40.7, 44.4, 76.8, 84.0, 112.2, 122.0, 127.3, 128.4, 129.5, 129.7, 129.8, 132.6, 142.5, 146.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₉H₂₂N (M+H⁺) 264.1752 found 264.1736

3-(3-((Trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzyl)benzaldehyde (**65**)



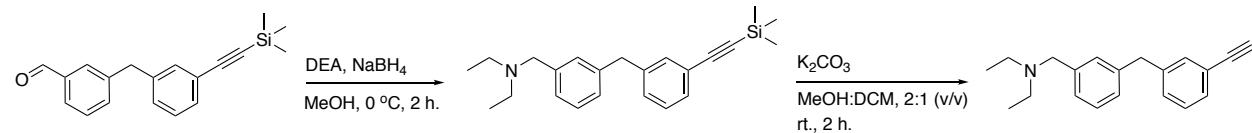
General Procedure 5 was applied with the bromide **54** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) and 3-formylphenyl boronic acid (150 mg, 1.00 mmol). Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 161 mg of **65** (55%, 0.551 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 7.72 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.47–7.42 (m, 2H), 7.35–7.30 (m, 2H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 0.24 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.3, 141.8, 140.2, 136.8, 135.0, 132.4, 130.2, 129.9, 129.2, 128.6, 128.0, 123.5, 105.0, 94.4, 41.4, 0.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₉H₂₁OSi (M+H⁺) 293.1362 found 293.1347

(3-(3-Ethynylbenzyl)phenyl)methanol (**66**)



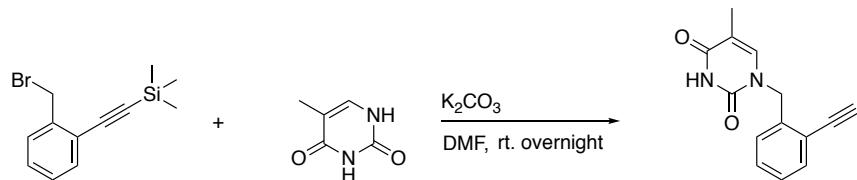
A round bottom flask was charged with compound **65** (124 mg, 0.424 mmol) and 3.0 mL of anhydrous methanol was added. The solution was then bubbled with argon and NaBH₄ (16 mg, 0.43 mmol) was subsequently added to the solution portion wise. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h., followed by overnight stirring at room temperature. After the reaction was complete, it was quenched with ice water and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in a 1:1 mixture of EtOAc and H₂O (10.0 mL) and the pH was neutralized with a 0.1 M solution of HCl. The aqueous and organic phases were separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 10 ml). The combined organic phases were dried over NaSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 10% → 20% → 40%) to yield 70.0 mg of the compound **66** (73%, 0.315 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36–7.15 (m, 7H), 7.13–7.08 (m, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 3.04 (s, 1H), 1.65 (br s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 41.6, 65.3, 77.1, 83.7, 122.2, 125.0, 127.5, 128.3, 128.5, 128.8, 129.5, 130.0, 132.6, 140.9, 141.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₆H₁₄ONa (M+Na⁺) 245.0942 found 245.0946

N-Ethyl-N-(3-(3-ethynylbenzyl)benzyl)ethanamine (**67**)



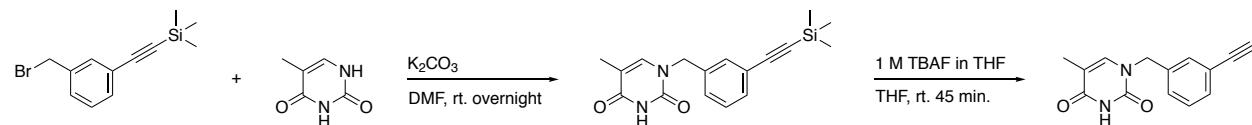
A round bottom flask was vac-filled with argon, before compound **65** (100 mg, 0.342 mmol), diethylamine (1.42 mL, 1.36 mmol) and 2.0 ml MeOH were added. The mixture was stirred for 1 h. at room temperature, before being cooled to -5 °C. Then NaBH₄ (16.7 mg, 0.441 mmol) was added in portions and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc (5 mL). The solution was washed with brine (3 x 5 ml), dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0% → 1% → 2% → 5%) to yield 47 mg of the compound **67a** (36%, 0.134 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23–7.20 (m, 1H), 7.20–7.16 (m, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 7.11–7.08 (m, 2H), 7.03 (m, 2H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 3.47 (s, 1H), 2.44 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 0.96 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H), 0.17 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.3, 140.1, 132.4, 129.9, 129.3, 128.7, 128.2, 127.5, 124.9, 105.2, 94.1, 77.0, 65.1, 57.4, 46.6, 41.6, 11.5, 0.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₂₃H₃₂NSi (M+H⁺) 350.2304 found 350.2283. General Procedure 6 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **67a** (100 mg, 0.286 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (6.9 g, 0.050 mmol). Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0 → 5% → 10%). Yield: 50 mg of **67** (66%, 0.180 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.30 (m, 2H), 7.26–7.14 (m, 5H), 7.04–7.00 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.03 (s, 1H), 2.51 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.7, 41.6, 46.8, 57.5, 76.9, 83.2, 122.1, 126.9, 127.3, 128.3, 128.4, 129.5, 129.9, 132.6, 140.3, 141.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₂₀H₂₄N (M+H⁺) 278.1909 found 278.1917

N1-(2-Ethynyl)benzyl thymine (**68**)



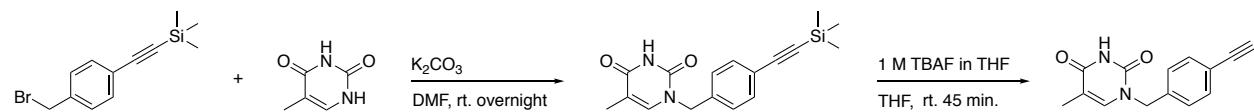
A round bottom flask was vac-filled with argon, before thymine (210 mg, 1.67 mmol), the benzylbromide **53** (373 mg, 1.40 mmol) were added and dissolved in 15.0 mL anhydrous dimethylformamide. Then K₂CO₃ (710 mg, 5.20 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in 15 mL dichloromethane, washed with brine and dried over MgSO₄. The organic solution was evaporated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0 → 2%) to yield 165 mg of **68** (47%, 0.688 mmol); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.31 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.1, 151.3, 140.2, 137.9, 133.4, 129.7, 129.2, 128.9, 128.3, 121.6, 111.2, 82.8, 81.5, 49.1, 12.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₄H₁₁N₂O₂ (M+) 240.1 found 240.3

N1-(3-Ethynyl)benzyl thymine (**69**)



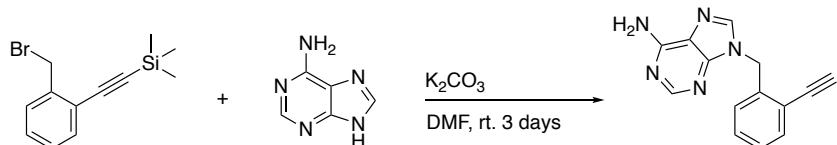
A round bottom flask was vac-filled with argon, before thymine (151 mg, 1.20 mmol), the bromide **54** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) were added and dissolved in 10.0 mL anhydrous dimethylformamide. Then K₂CO₃ (484 mg, 5.14 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was dissolved in 15 mL dichloromethane, washed with brine (2 x 15 mL) and dried over MgSO₄. Then it was evaporated *in vacuo* and the resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0% → 1% → 2%) to yield 123 mg of **69a** (39%, 0.394 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.98 (s, 1H), 7.47–7.42 (m, 1H), 7.38 (dt, *J* = 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (td, *J* = 7.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26–7.23 (m, 1H), 6.95 (q, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 1.89 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 0.25 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.0, 151.3, 139.6, 135.8, 132.1, 131.4, 129.2, 128.2, 124.2, 111.6, 104.3, 95.5, 50.7, 12.5, 0.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₇H₂₁N₂O₂Si (M+H⁺) 313.1372 found 313.1350. General Procedure 1 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **69a** (110 mg, 0.352 mmol), anhydrous THF (3 mL) and 1 M TBAF in THF (0.55 mL, 0.55 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Purification by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0% → 1% → 2%) yielded 68.0 mg of the alkyne **69** (80%, 0.283 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.25 (s, 1H), 7.46 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (td, *J* = 1.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (td, *J* = 7.6, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 1H), 6.97 (q, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 3.12 (s, 1H), 1.89 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.0, 151.1, 139.5, 135.9, 132.1, 131.4, 129.2, 128.4, 123.1, 111.5, 82.9, 78.1, 50.6, 12.4; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for C₁₄H₁₂N₂NaO₂ (M+Na⁺) 263.0796 found 263.0771

N1-(4-Ethynyl)benzyl thymine (**70**)



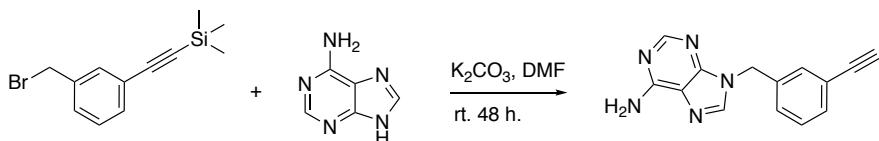
A round bottom flask was vac-filled with argon, before thymine (151 mg, 1.20 mmol), the benzylbromide **55** (267 mg, 1.00 mmol) were added and dissolved in 10.0 mL anhydrous dimethylformamide. Then K_2CO_3 (484 mg, 3.50 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in 15.0 mL dichloromethane, washed with brine (2 x 15 mL), dried over MgSO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0% \rightarrow 1% \rightarrow 2%) to yield 142 mg of **70a** (45%, 0.454 mmol); ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.45–7.47 (d, 2H), 7.21–7.23 (d, 2H), 6.92–6.94 (q, 1H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 0.24 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.1, 151.2, 139.6, 135.8, 132.7, 127.9, 123.6, 111.6, 104.3, 95.4, 50.8, 12.4, 0.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{Si} (\text{M}+\text{H}^+)$ 313.1372 found 313.1369. General Procedure 1 was applied with the trimethylsilyl acetylene **70a** (138 mg, 0.442 mmol), anhydrous THF (2.0 mL) and 1 M TBAF in THF (0.69 mL, 0.69 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Purification by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0% \rightarrow 1% \rightarrow 2%) yielded 82.0 mg of the alkyne **70** (78%, 0.341 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.85 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 3.11 (s, 1H), 1.89 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR δ 12.3, 50.7, 78.1, 82.9, 111.5, 123.5, 127.9, 132.8, 136.1, 139.5, 151.0, 163.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2 (\text{M}+\text{H}^+)$ 241.0977 found 241.0993

9-(2-Ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-amine (**71**)



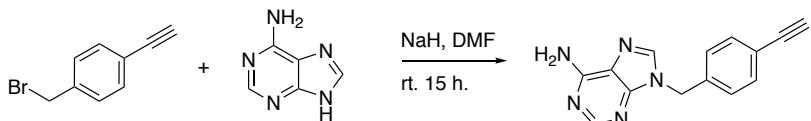
In a dry flask, adenine (872 mg, 6.45 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (2.72 g, 19.7 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (105 mL) and the solution was stirred for 20 min. before **53** (1.32 g, 4.96 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight before it was cooled and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 5–10%) to yield 652 mg of **71** (53%, 2.62 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.38–7.34 (m, 1H), 7.34–7.32 (m, 1H), 7.31 (s, 2H), 6.96 (dd, J = 7.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (s, 2H), 4.59 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 101 MHz) δ 156.0, 152.6, 149.6, 140.9, 138.5, 132.5, 129.3, 127.8, 127.2, 120.3, 118.6, 86.3, 80.7, 44.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_5 (\text{M}+\text{H}^+)$ 250.1087 found 250.1084.

9-(3-Ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-amine (72**)**



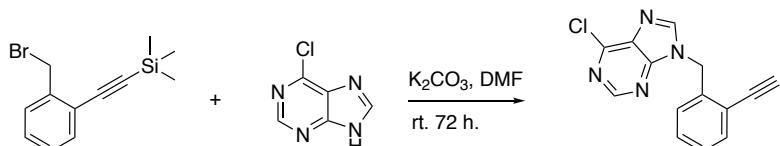
In a dry flask, adenine (254 mg, 1.89 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (579 mg, 4.19 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (10 mL) and stirred for 15 min. before **54** (280 mg, 1.05 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight before it was cooled and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (25 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The organic layers were washed with brine (13 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 5%) to yield 47 mg of **72** (18%, 0.189 mmol); ^1H -NMR: (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.27 (s, 2H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 4.21 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.0, 152.7, 149.4, 140.8, 137.7, 131.0, 130.7, 129.1, 128.2, 122.0, 118.7, 83.1, 81.1, 45.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_5$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 250.1087 found 250.1088

9-(4-Ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-amine (73**)**



In a small, dry microwave vial, adenine (73 mg, 0.539 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous DMF (2.6 mL) before addition of NaH (60% in paraffin oil, 26 mg, 0.648 mmol). The vial was purged with argon and the suspension stirred for 30 min. before **56** (100 mg, 0.513 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for additional 15 h. before the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was re-dissolved in MeOH and evaporated onto Celite 545 and purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 1–5%) to yield 62 mg of **73** (49%, 0.249 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 2H), 5.39 (s, 2H), 4.18 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 155.9, 152.6, 149.4, 140.7, 137.9, 131.9, 127.7, 121.0, 118.6, 83.0, 80.9, 45.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_5$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 250.1087 found 250.1090.

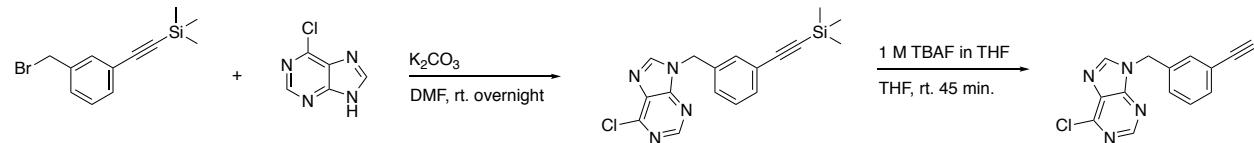
6-Chloro-9-(2-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purine (74**)**



In a dry flask, 6-chloropurine (208 mg, 1.34 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (784 mg, 5.66 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (19 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 15 min. before **53** (280 mg, 1.05 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at 40 °C for 72 h. before it was cooled and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (25 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The organic layers were washed with brine (13 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 5%) to yield 113 mg of **74**

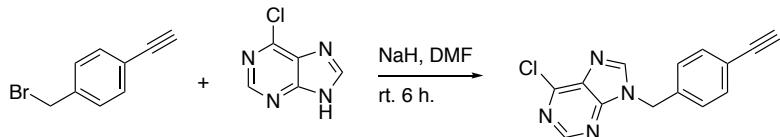
(34%, 0.357 mmol); ^1H -NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s 1H), 7.59–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.38–7.31 (m, 3H) 5.62 (s, 2H), 3.41 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 152.2, 152.1, 151.2, 145.4, 136.7, 133.7, 131.6, 129.8, 129.4, 129.0, 121.8, 83.5, 81.1, 46.4; MS (EI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{N}_4$ (M^+) 268.1 found 268.1

6-Chloro-9-(3-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purine (75)



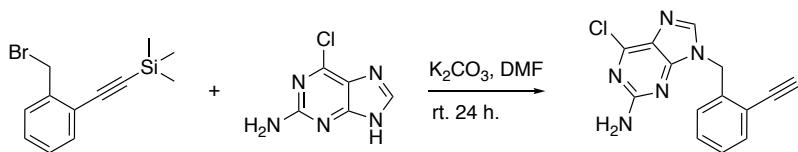
To a dry flask, 6-chloropurine (225 mg, 1.34 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (583 mg, 4.24 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (15 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 15 min. before **54** (280 mg, 1.05 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (20 mL), washed with brine (3 x 10 mL), dried over MgSO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was deprotected via General Procedure 1: anhydrous THF (3.0 mL) and 1 M TBAF in THF (1.45 mL, 1.45 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Purification by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0% \rightarrow 2%) yielded 125 mg of the alkyne **70** (38%, 0.460 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.63–8.58 (m, 1H), 8.56–8.51 (m, 1H), 7.20–7.07 (m, 4H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 3.96 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 101 MHz) δ 151.8, 151.7, 149.2, 147.4, 136.6, 131.3, 130.9, 129.2, 128.4, 126.5, 122.1, 82.9, 81.2, 46.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_4$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 269.0589 found 269.0586

6-Chloro-9-(4-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purine (76)



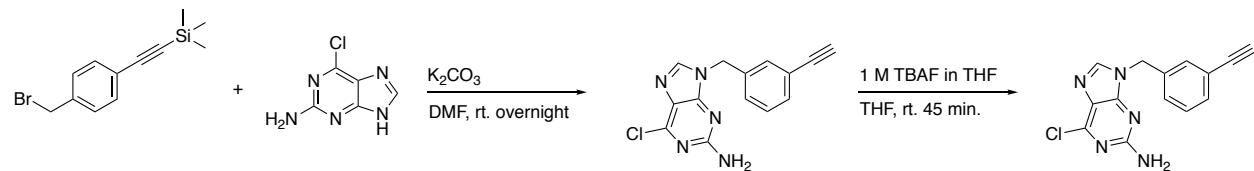
In a small, dry microwave vial, 6-chloro-9*H*-purine (167 mg, 1.08 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous DMF (5.1 mL) before the addition of NaH (60% in paraffin oil, 52 mg, 1.30 mmol). The vial was purged with argon and the suspension stirred for 30 min. before **56** (200 mg, 1.03 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 6 h. before the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was re-dissolved in MeOH and evaporated onto Celite 545 and purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 1–3%) to yield 150 mg of **76** (52%, 0.558 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.85 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.56 (s, 2H), 4.20 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 151.8, 151.7, 149.2, 147.5, 136.8, 132.1, 130.9, 127.9, 121.4, 83.0, 81.2, 46.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_4$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 269.0589 found 269.0584

6-Chloro-9-(2-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-2-amine (**77**)



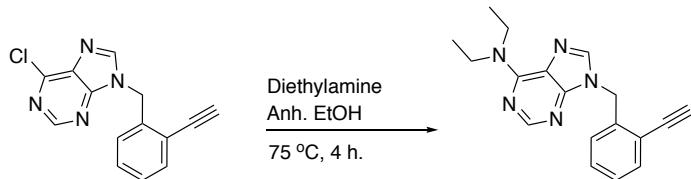
In a dry flask, 2-amino-6-chloropurine (270 mg, 1.59 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (642 mg, 4.65 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (22 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 15 min. before **53** (353 mg, 1.33 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C for 24 h. before it was cooled and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (25 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The organic layers were washed with brine (13 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0–4%) to yield 215 mg of **77** (57%, 0.758 mmol); ^1H -NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.33–7.29 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.20 (m 1H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 5.19 (s, 2H) 3.41 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 159.3, 154.1, 151.6, 142.6, 137.4, 133.5, 129.7, 128.7, 128.7, 125.3, 121.6, 83.3, 81.2, 45.6; MS (EI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_5$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 284.1 found 284.0

6-Chloro-9-(3-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-2-amine (**78**)



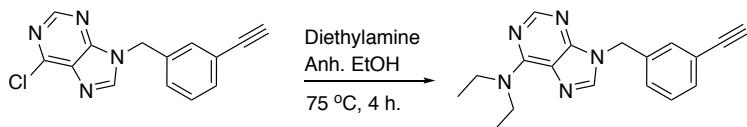
In a dry flask, 2-amino-6-chloropurine (270 mg, 1.59 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (642 mg, 4.65 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous DMF (22 mL) and stirred for 15 min. before **54** (353 mg, 1.33 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at 40 °C for 24 h. before it was cooled and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (25 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 10 mL), dried over MgSO_4 and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was deprotected via General Procedure 1: anhydrous THF (3.0 mL) and 1 M TBAF in THF (1.45 mL, 1.45 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Purification by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0–3%) yielded 173 mg of **78** (53%, 0.610 mmol); ^1H -NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.41 (dt, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1.4, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.36 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dt, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1.4 Hz, 6.95 (br s, 2H), 5.29 (s, 2H), 4.21 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 159.9, 154.0, 149.5, 143.1, 137.2, 131.0, 130.3, 129.2, 127.8, 123.3, 122.1, 83.0, 81.2, 45.6; MS (EI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_5$ (M^+) 283.1 found 283.0.

N,N-Diethyl-9-(2-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-amine (**79**)



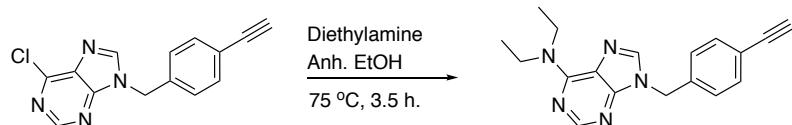
To a dry round bottom flask, the chloro-purine **74** (97 mg, 0.361 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (4.0 mL) under argon after which diethylamine (0.15 mL, 1.44 mmol) was added. The suspension was refluxed at 75 °C for 4 h. before it was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0–1%) to yield 110 mg of **79** (100%, 0.361 mmol); ¹H-NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.57–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.32–7.21 (m, 3H), 5.54 (s, 2H), 3.99 (br s, 4H), 3.41 (s, 1H) 1.30 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.0, 152.9, 150.9, 138.5, 138.4, 133.3, 129.7, 128.7, 128.3, 121.4, 119.5, 83.0, 81.4, 45.3, 43.2, 13.7; MS (EI): m/z calculated for C₁₈H₁₉N₅ (M⁺) 305.2 found 305.0

N,N-Diethyl-9-(3-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-amine (**80**)



To a dry round bottom flask, the chloro-purine **75** (143 mg, 0.534 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (5.0 mL) under argon after which diethylamine (0.22 mL, 2.13 mmol) was added. The suspension was refluxed at 75 °C for 4 h. before it was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0–2%) to yield 151 mg of **79** (93%, 0.496 mmol); ¹H-NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.45–7.43 (m, 1H), 7.41–7.34 (m, 3H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 4.20 (s, 1H), 3.88 (br s, 4H) 1.19 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.0, 152.9, 150.9, 138.5, 138.4, 133.3, 129.7, 128.7, 128.3, 121.4, 119.5, 83.0, 81.4, 45.3, 43.2, 13.7; MS (EI): m/z calculated for C₁₈H₁₉N₅ (M⁺) 305.2 found 305.0

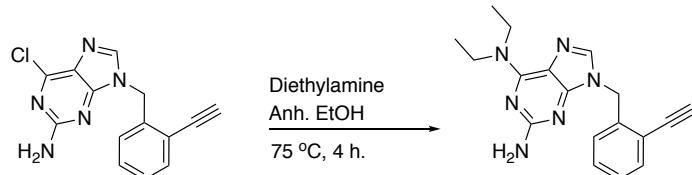
N,N-Diethyl-9-(4-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-amine (**81**)



In a small, dry microwave vial, the chloro-purine **76** (45 mg, 0.167 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (1.9 mL) after which diethylamine (0.07 mL, 0.670 mmol) was added. The vial was sealed and stirred at 75 °C for 3.5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (0–3% MeOH:DCM) to yield: 51 mg of **81** (100%, 0.167 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 0H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.35 (s, 2H), 3.99 (s, 4H), 3.08 (s, 1H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.9, 152.9, 150.7, 137.9, 136.7, 132.7, 127.9, 127.5,

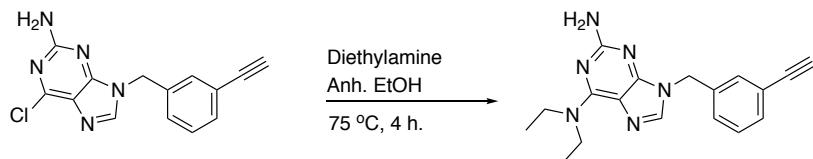
122.1, 119.5, 83.0, 77.8, 46.6, 43.1, 43.0, 13.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₈H₂₀N₅ (M+H⁺) 306.1713 found 306.1707

*N⁶,N⁶-Diethyl-9-(2-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purine-2,6-diamine (82)*



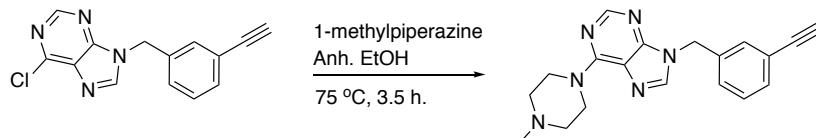
To a dry round bottom flask, the chloro-purine **77** (143 mg, 0.504 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (5.6 mL) under argon after which diethylamine (0.21 mL, 2.02 mmol) was added. The suspension was refluxed at 75 °C for 4 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 2–8%) to yield 144 mg of **82** (91%, 0.459 mmol); ¹H-NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56–7.54 (s, 1H), 7.54–7.51 (m, 1H) 7.30–7.22 (m, 2H), 7.16–7.12 (m, 1H), 5.39 (s, 2H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 3.39 (s, 1H) 1.30–1.20 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃) ; MS (EI): m/z calculated for C₁₈H₂₀N₆ (M⁺) 320.2 found 320.1

*N⁶,N⁶-Diethyl-9-(3-ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purine-2,6-diamine (83)*



To a dry round bottom flask, the chloro-purine **78** (142 mg, 0.501 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (5.0 mL) under argon after which diethylamine (0.21 mL, 2.00 mmol) was added. The suspension was refluxed at 75 °C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0–2.5%) to yield 118 mg of **83** (73%, 0.370 mmol); ¹H-NMR: (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.40 (dt, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dt, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.61 (br s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 4H), 3.06 (s, 1H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR: (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.7, 154.4, 153.1, 138.9, 136.3, 133.1, 129.6, 128.3, 127.9, 121.2, 114.6, 82.9, 81.4, 44.8, 42.7, 13.7; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₈H₂₁N₆ (M+H⁺) 321.1830 found 321.1759.

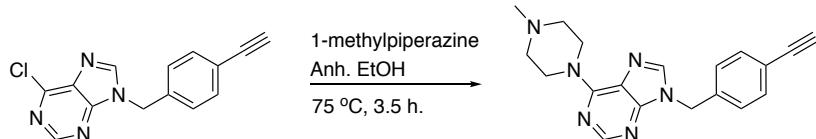
9-(3-Ethynylbenzyl)-6-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-9*H*-purine (84)



To a dry round bottom flask, the chloro-purine **75** (130 mg, 0.486 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (4.9 mL) under argon after which 1-methylpiperazine (0.22 mL, 1.94 mmol) was added. The suspension was refluxed at 75 °C for 4 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 1–2%) to yield 125 mg of **84** which was used without further purification; ¹H NMR

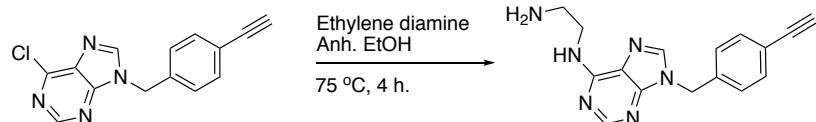
(400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.45–7.34 (m, 4H), 5.40 (s, 2H), 4.23 (m, 5H), 2.48 (br s, 4H), 2.25 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 45.4, 45.7, 54.3, 57.7, 81.1, 82.9, 118.9, 121.9, 128.2, 129.0, 130.6, 130.9, 137.5, 139.9, 150.5, 151.9, 153.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_5$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 333.1953 found 333.1830

9-(4-Ethynylbenzyl)-6-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-9*H*-purine (85)



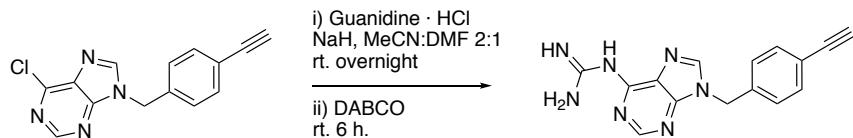
In a small, dry microwave vial, the chloro-purine 76 (45 mg, 0.167 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (1.9 mL) after which 1-methylpiperazine (0.08 mL, 0.720 mmol) was added. The vial was sealed and the mixture was stirred at 75 °C for 3.5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was purified by Flash chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 0–3%) to yield 55 mg of 85 (99%, 0.166 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 2H), 4.34 (s, 4H), 3.08 (s, 1H), 2.55 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 153.0, 151.7, 150.0, 137.0, 135.5, 131.7, 126.5, 121.2, 118.8, 81.9, 76.9, 54.1, 52.4, 45.7, 45.2, 44.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_6$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 333.1822 found 333.1834

N^l-(9-(4-Ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-yl)ethane-1,2-diamine (86)



In a small, dry microwave vial, chloro-purin 76 (90 mg, 0.335 mmol) was suspended in anhydrous ethanol (3.72 mL) after which ethylene diamine (0.09 mL, 1.34 mmol) was added. The vial was sealed and stirred at 75 °C for 3.5 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the resulting residue was used without further purification (Ethylene diamine still present) Yield: 113 mg (117%); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 4.18 (s, 1H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 2.86 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (s, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 154.6, 152.5, 140.6, 137.8, 131.9, 127.7, 127.6, 127.3, 121.0, 119.0, 117.2, 83.0, 80.9, 45.8, 40.8; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_6$ ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$) 293.1509 found 293.1509

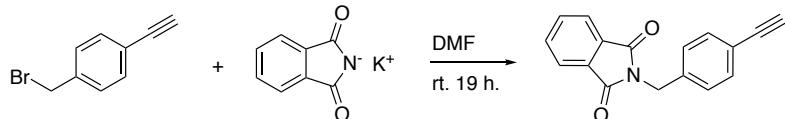
1-(9-(4-Ethynylbenzyl)-9*H*-purin-6-yl)guanidine (87)



To a suspension of NaH (60% in paraffin oil, 49 mg, 2.05 mmol) in 2:1 MeCN:DMF (6.2 mL), guanidine hydrochloride (196 mg, 2.05 mmol) was added. The mixture was purged with argon and stirred at room temperature overnight after which it was added directly to a flask containing 76 and DABCO (42 mg, 0.375 mmol). The

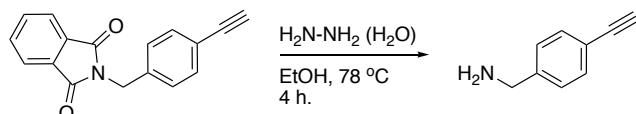
suspension was stirred at room temperature for 6 h. before the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (MeOH:DCM, 2–20%) to yield 103 mg of **87** (95%, 0.353 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.47 (br s, 3H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.09 (br s, 1H), 5.53 (s, 2H), 4.20 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 156.11, 151.34, 150.97, 150.70, 144.38, 137.11, 131.96, 127.82, 121.48, 121.24, 82.90, 81.08, 46.23; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₅H₁₄N₇ (M+H⁺) 292.1305 found 292.1302.

2-(4-Ethynylbenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (**88**)



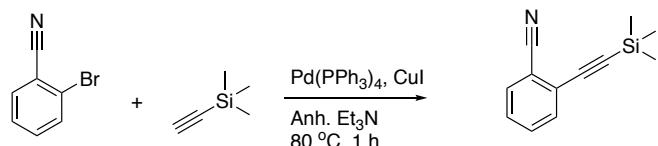
In a small, dry microwave vial, a solution of **56** (200 mg, 1.03 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (0.51 mL) was carefully added potassium phthalimide (218 mg, 1.03 mmol). The vial was sealed and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 19 h. after which it was diluted with H₂O (10 mL) followed by extraction with DCM (5 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 5–20%) to afford 215 mg of the title compound **88** (80%, 0.824 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 7.75–7.69 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.36 (m, 2H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 3.05 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.9, 137.0, 134.1, 132.4, 132.1, 128.5, 123.4, 121.7, 83.3, 77.5, 41.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₇H₁₂NO₂ (M+H⁺) 262.0863 found 262.0966.

4-(Ethynyl)benzyl amine (**89**)



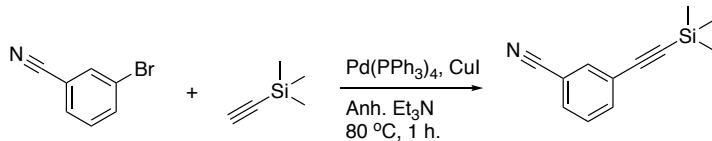
In a small microwave vial, the phthalimide **88** (165 mg, 0.632 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (3.26 mL) after which hydrazine hydrate (50–60% w/w, 0.075 mL, 1.33 mmol) was added dropwise. The vial was sealed and stirred at 78 °C for 4 h. before cooling to room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered and washed with EtOAc. The combined filtrates were evaporated *in vacuo* to afford 72 mg (91%, 0.354 mmol) of **89** which was used without further purification: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.43–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.33 (m, 2H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.15 (br s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO) δ 144.9, 131.4, 127.2, 119.4, 83.6, 80.0, 45.1; EI MS m/z calculated for C₉H₁₀N (M⁺) 131.1 found 131.0.

2-((Trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzonitrile (92**)**



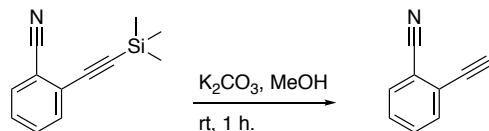
To a large, dry microwave vial, 2-bromobenzonitrile **90** (1.00 g, 5.49 mmol), copper(I) iodide (55.8 mg, 0.440 mmol), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (254 mg, 0.219 mmol) were added. The vial was vac-filled with argon (3x) before anhydrous Et₃N (13.7 mL) and trimethylsilyl acetylene (1.56 mL, 11.0 mmol) were added under the exclusion of oxygen. The vial was sealed and the mixture stirred at 80 °C for 1 h. before being cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et₂O (20 mL) and washed with sat. NH₄Cl (20 mL), 2 M HCl (20 mL) and H₂O (20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0–5%) to yield 1.10 g of **92** (100%, 5.49 mmol) as white crystals; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (ddd, *J* = 7.7, 1.3, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (ddd, *J* = 7.9, 1.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (ddd, *J* = 7.8, 7.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 0.30 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 132.9, 132.8, 132.5, 128.8, 127.3, 117.6, 116.2, 102.6, 100.9, 0.0; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₂H₁₄NNaSi (M+Na⁺) 222.0709 found 222.0714

2-((Trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzonitrile (93**)**



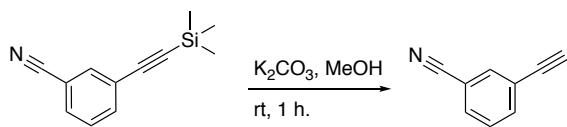
To a large, dry microwave vial, 3-bromobenzonitrile **91** (1.00 g, 5.49 mmol), copper(I) iodide (55.8 mg, 0.440 mmol), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (254 mg, 0.219 mmol) were added. The vial was vac-filled with argon (3x) before anhydrous Et₃N (13.7 mL) and trimethylsilyl acetylene (1.56 mL, 11.0 mmol) was added under the exclusion of oxygen. The vial was sealed and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 1 h. before being cooled to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et₂O (20 mL) and washed with sat. NH₄Cl (20 mL), 2 M HCl (20 mL) and H₂O (20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0–5%) to yield 1.08 g of **93** (98%, 5.39 mmol) as white crystals; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (td, *J* = 1.7, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69–7.64 (m, 1H), 7.61–7.57 (m, 1H), 7.42 (td, *J* = 7.8, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 0.26 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2, 135.6, 131.9, 129.4, 125.1, 118.2, 113.1, 102.5, 97.7; EI MS m/z calculated for C₁₂H₁₃NSi (M+) 199.1 found 199.1.

2-Ethynylbenzonitrile (94)



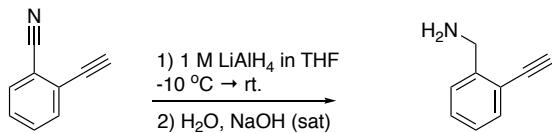
General Procedure 2 was applied with the trimethylsilyl protected acetylene **92** (1.10 g, 5.49 mmol) dissolved in MeOH (40 mL) after which K_2CO_3 was added (759 mg, 5.49 mmol). The suspension was stirred for 1 h. at room temperature before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0–10%) to yield 570 mg of **94** (81%, 4.48 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.67 (ddd, J = 7.7, 1.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64–7.60 (m, 1H), 7.57 (td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (td, J = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 133.0, 132.7, 132.4, 129.0, 126.0, 117.2, 116.0, 83.8, 79.6; EI MS m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_5\text{N} (\text{M}^+)$ 127.0 found 127.0.

3-Ethynylbenzonitrile (95)



General Procedure 2 was applied with the trimethylsilyl protected acetylene **93** (1.05 g, 5.27 mmol) dissolved in MeOH (38 mL) after which K_2CO_3 was added (728 mg, 5.27 mmol). The suspension was stirred for 1 h. at room temperature before it was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by Flash Chromatography (EtOAc:PE, 0–10%) to yield 512 mg of **95** (77%, 4.03 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.77 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dt, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dt, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (td, J = 7.8, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 136.2, 135.5, 132.0, 129.3, 123.8, 117.9, 113.0, 81.2, 79.8; EI MS m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{NSi} (\text{M}^+)$ 127.0 found 127.0.

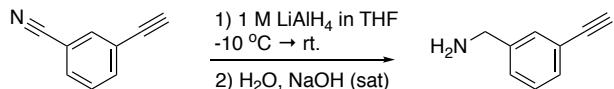
2-(Ethynyl)benzyl amine (96)



In a dry microwave vial, a solution of **94** (150 mg, 1.18 mmol) in anhydrous THF (0.47 mL) was added dropwise to a 1 M solution of LiAlH_4 in THF (2.48 mL). The mixture was stirred at -10 °C for 1 h. followed by 1 h. at room temperature. The reaction was quenched by careful addition of H_2O (0.2 mL) and sat. aq. NaOH (0.2 mL). The resultant slurry was stirred for 0.5 h. before it was added brine (1 mL) and extracted with Et_2O (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered over Celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield 130 mg of **96** (84%, 0.991 mmol); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.50 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 3.98 (s, 2H), 3.32 (s, 1H), 1.64 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.1, 133.1, 129.3, 127.4, 126.8, 120.7, 81.7, 81.6, 45.5; MS (EI) m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_9\text{N} (\text{M}^+)$ 131.1 found 131.1. Ref: Formation of indoles,

dihydroisoquinolines, and dihydroquinolines by ruthenium-catalyzed heterocyclizations By Varela-Fernandez, Alejandro et al. Synthesis, 44(21), 3285-3295; 2012³⁶

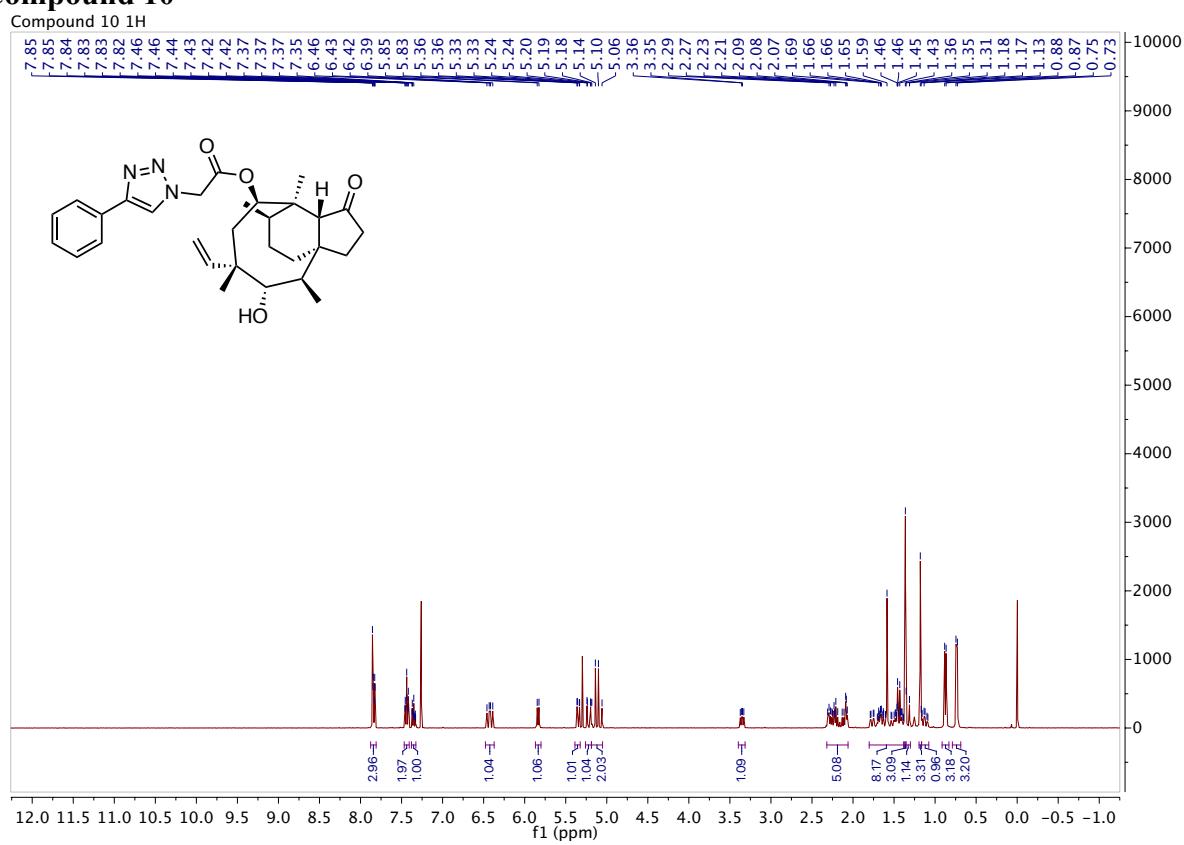
(3-Ethynylphenyl)methanamine (**97**)



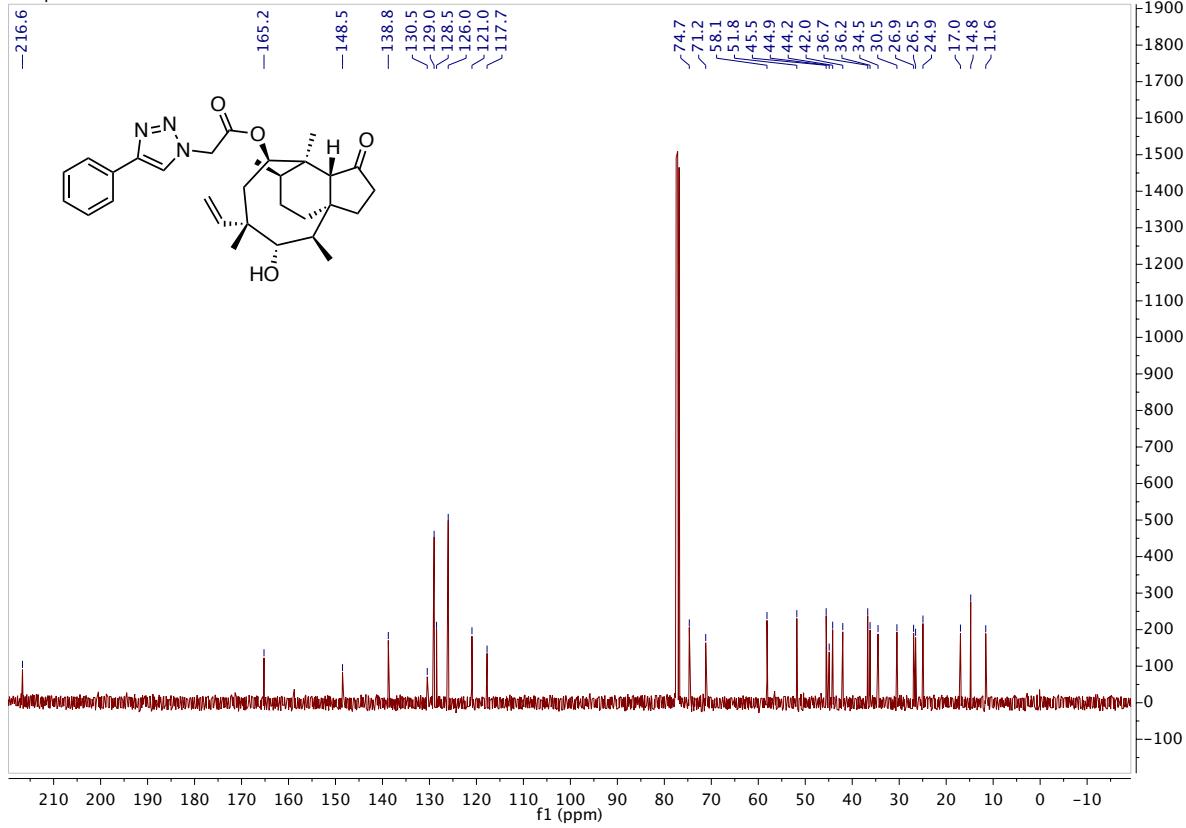
In a dry microwave vial, a solution of **93** (200 mg, 1.57 mmol) in anhydrous THF (0.63 mL) was added dropwise to a 1 M solution of LiAlH₄ in THF (3.30 mL). The mixture was stirred at -10 °C for 1 h. followed by 1 h. at room temperature. The reaction was quenched by careful addition of H₂O (0.2 mL) and sat. aq. NaOH (0.2 mL). The resultant slurry was stirred for 0.5 h. before it was separated in brine (1 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 3 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered over Celite and concentrated *in vacuo* to yield 167 mg of **97** (81%, 1.27 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48–7.44 (m, 1H), 7.40–7.36 (m, 1H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 6.2, 0.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 3.07 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.5, 130.8, 130.6, 128.5, 127.6, 122.3, 83.6, 77.2, 77.0, 46.1; EI MS m/z calculated for C₉H₉N (M⁺) 131.1 found 131.1.

^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR for compound 10–44

Compound 10

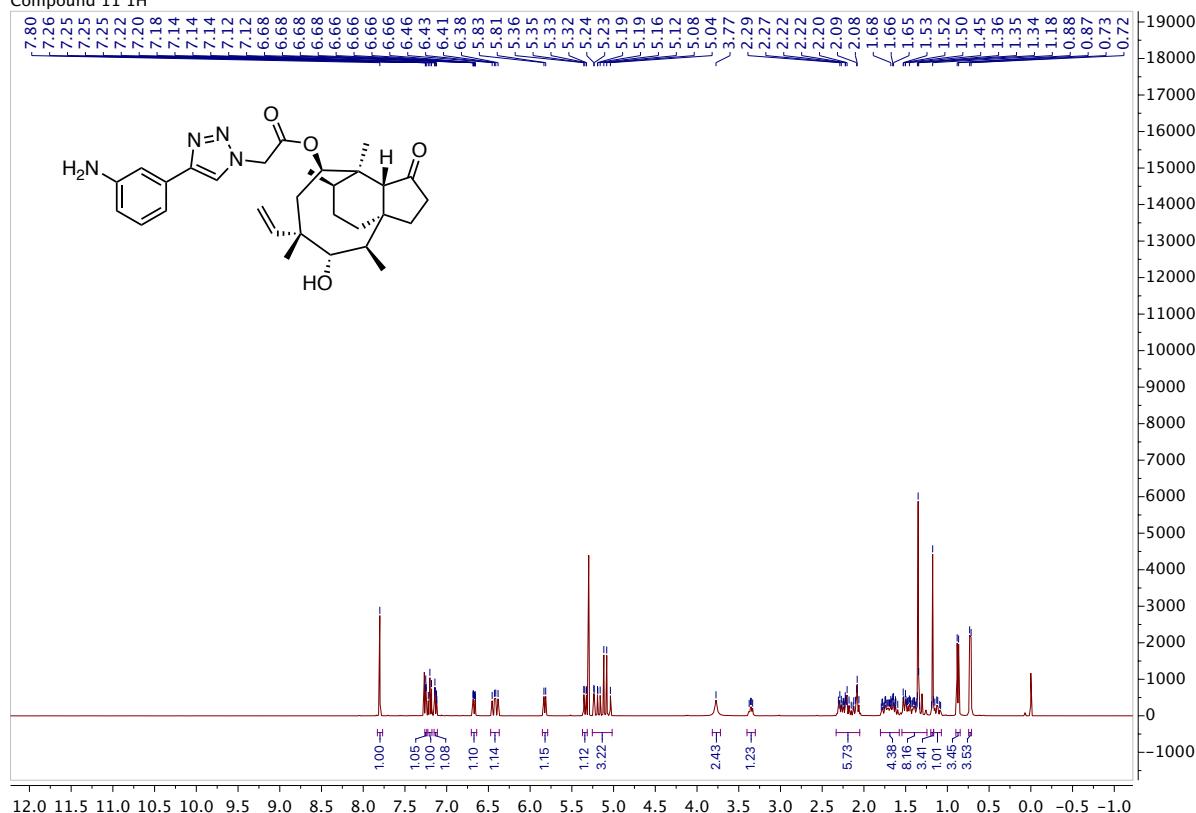


Compound 10 13C

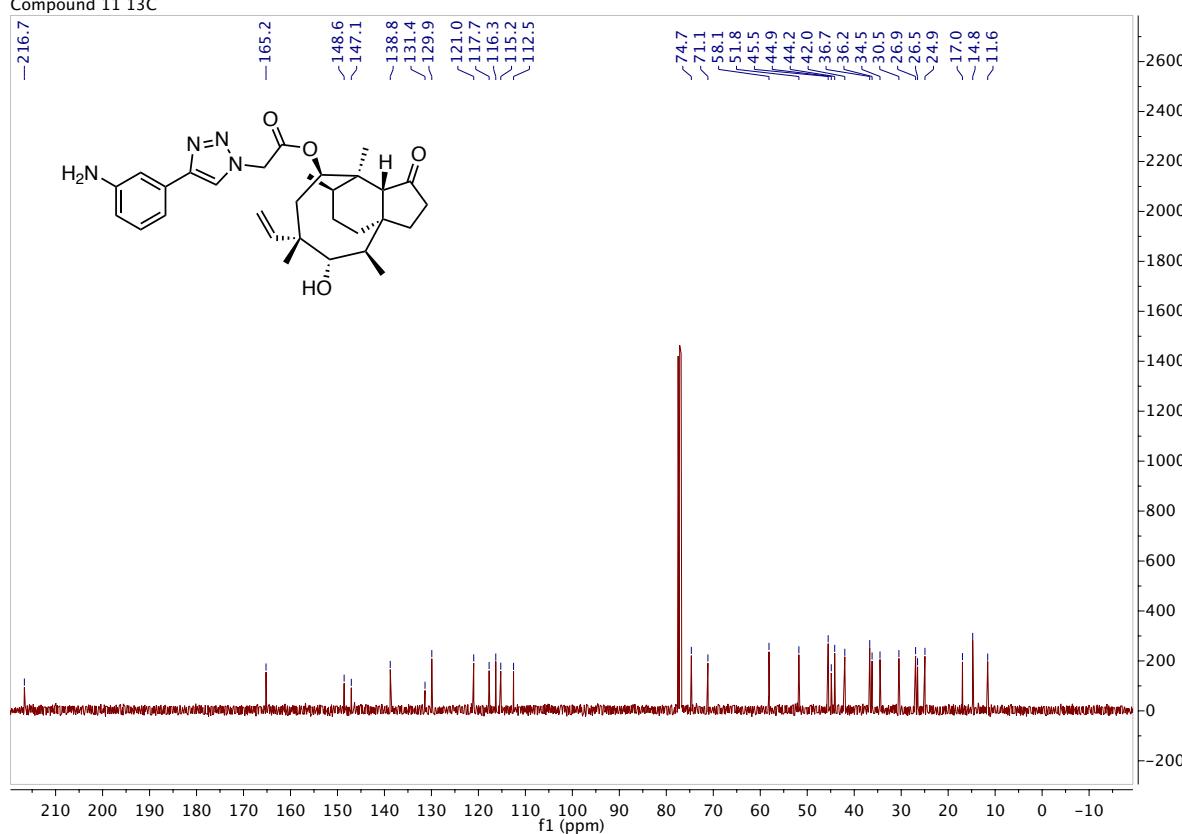


Compound 11

Compound 11 1H

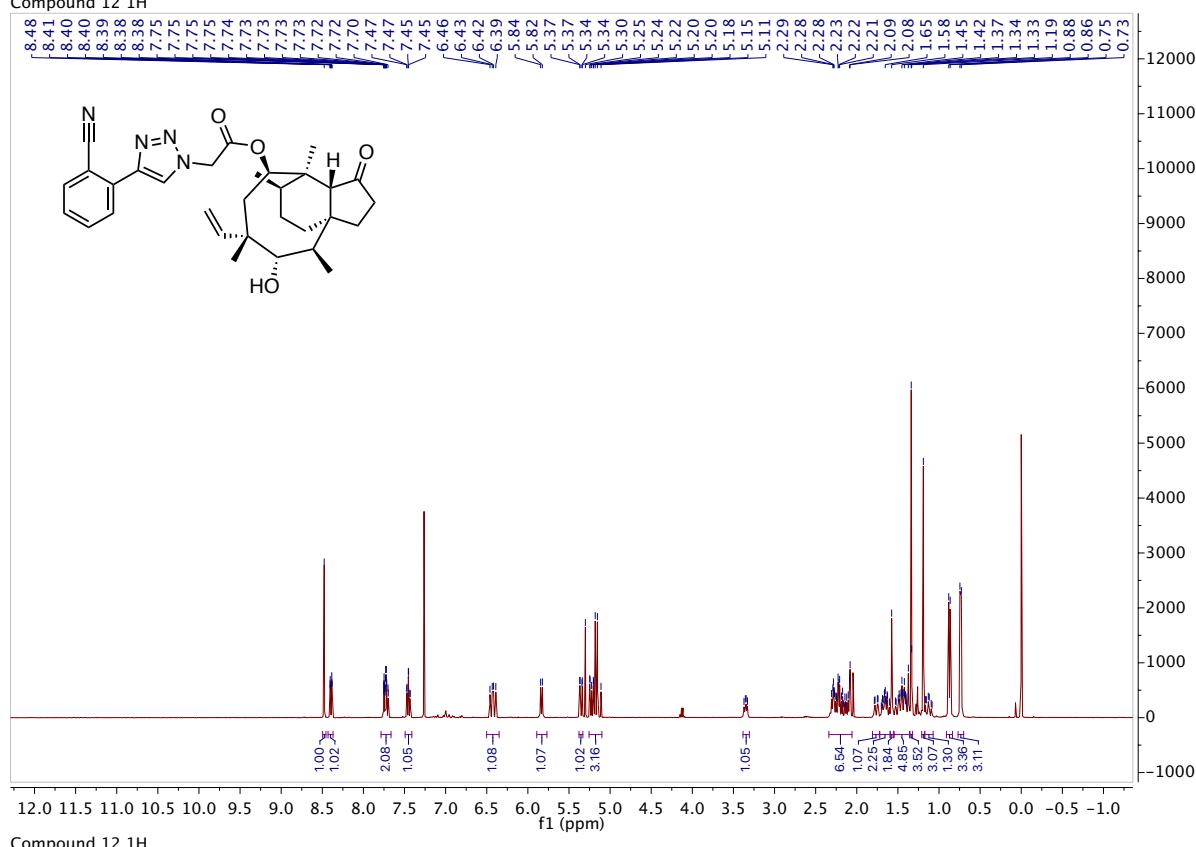


Compound 11–13C

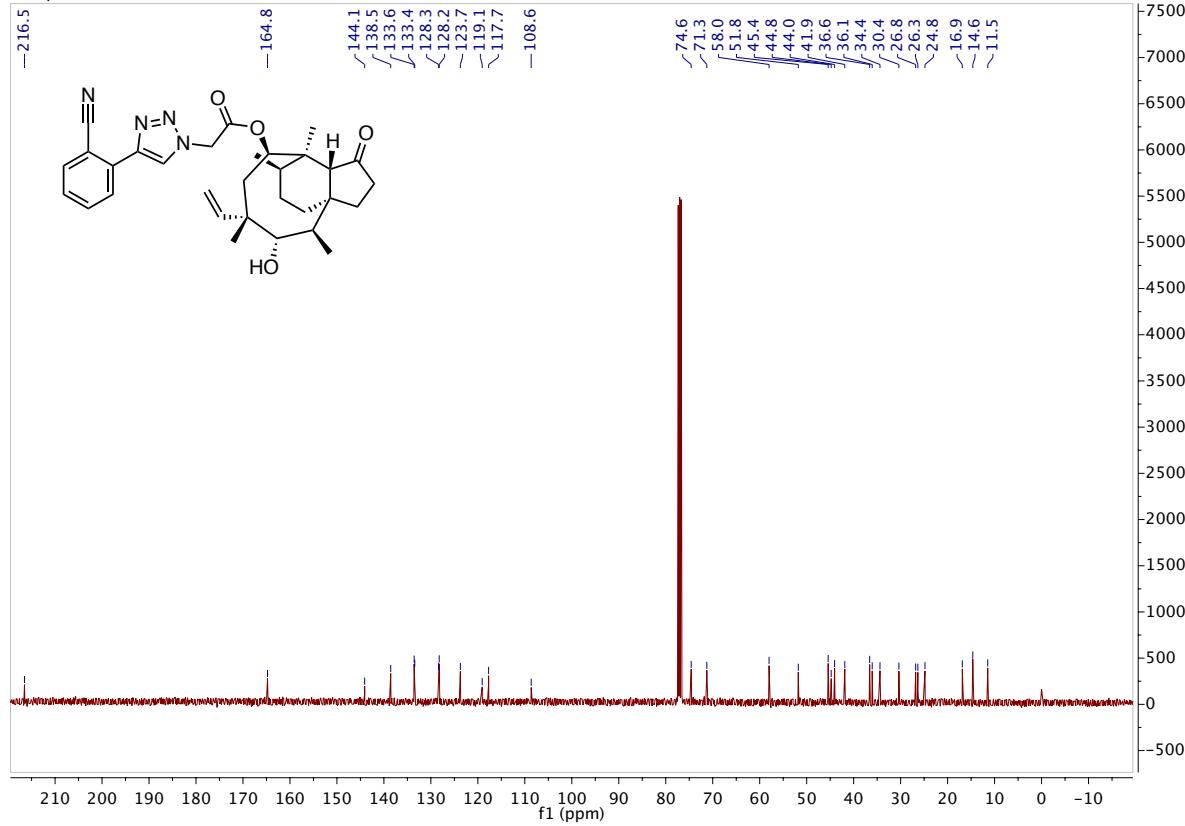


Compound 12

Compound 12 1H

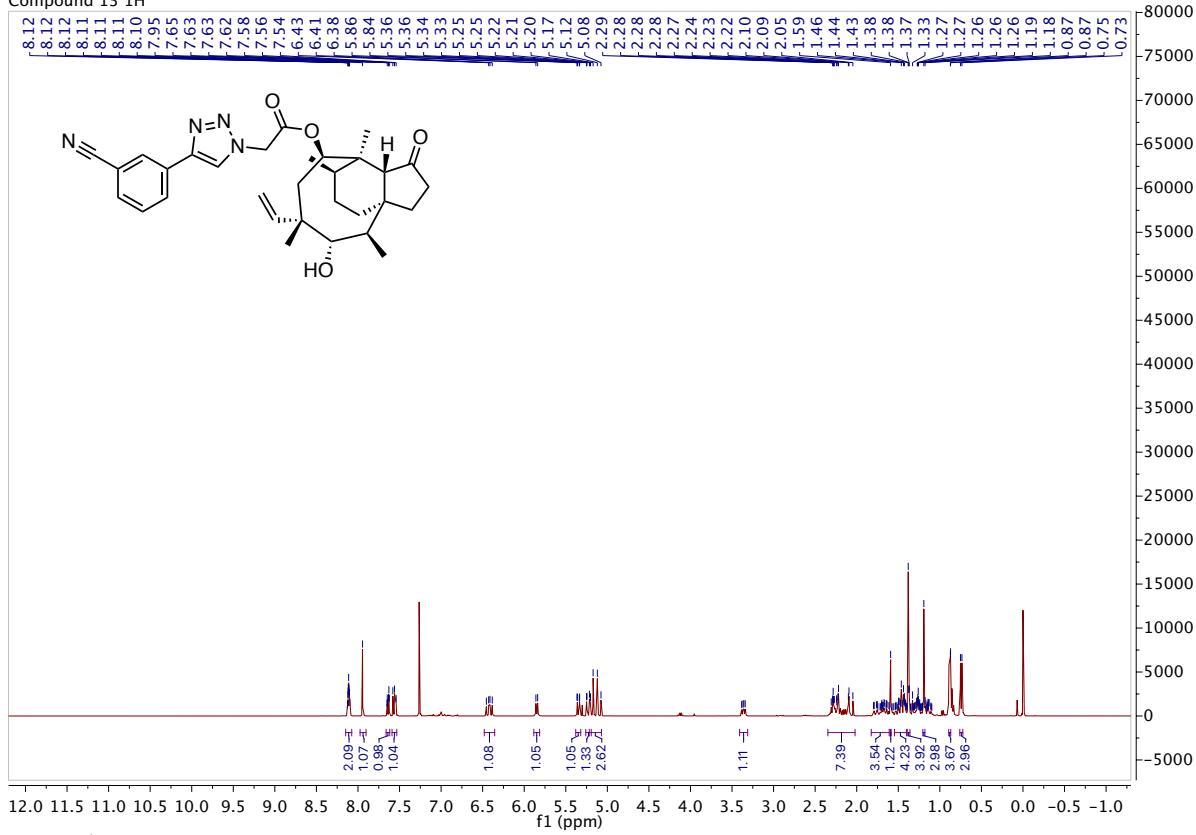


Compound 12 1H

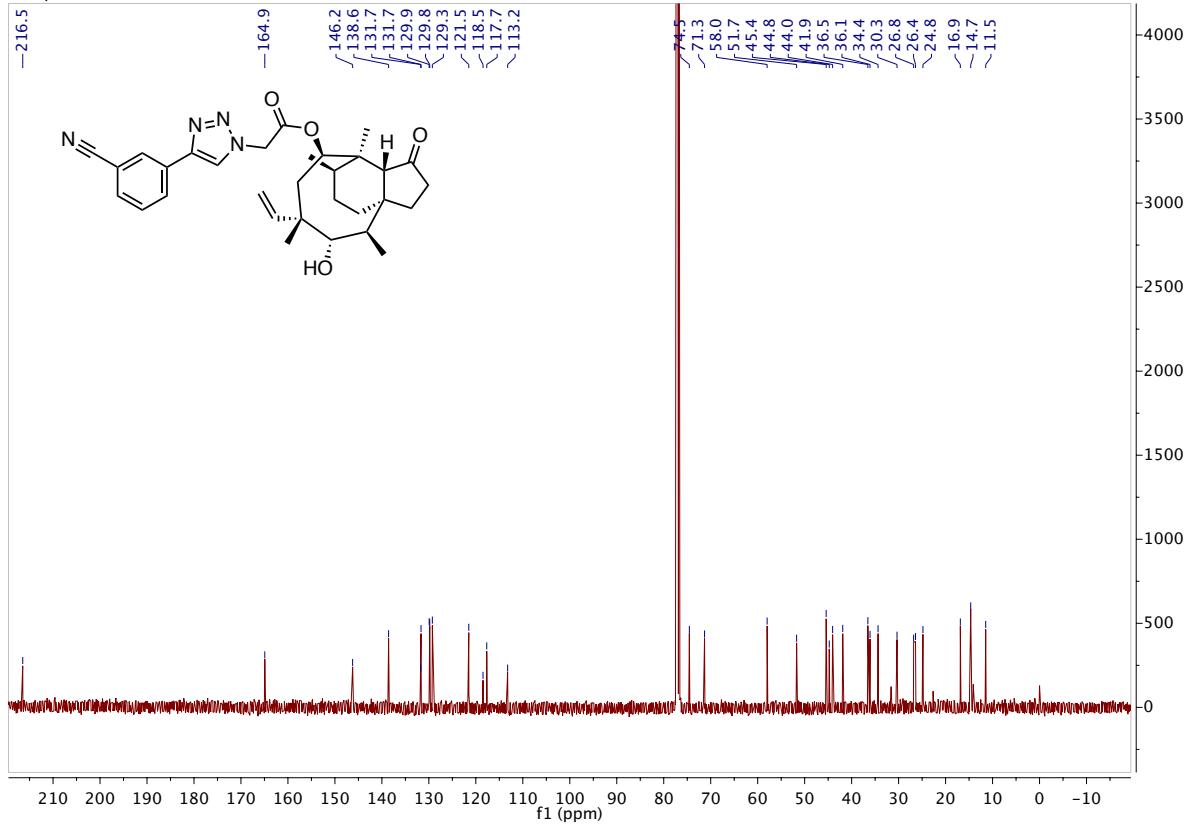


Compound 13

Compound 13 1H

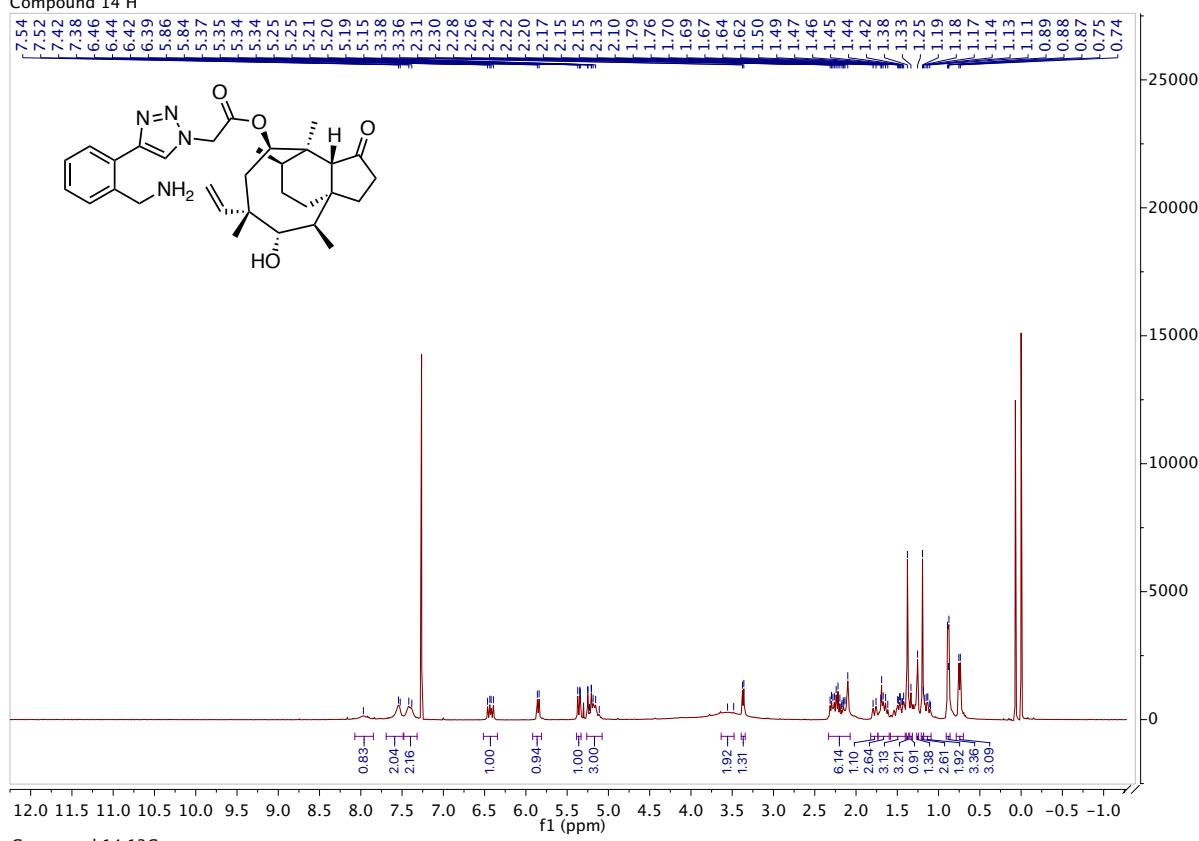


Compound 13 13C

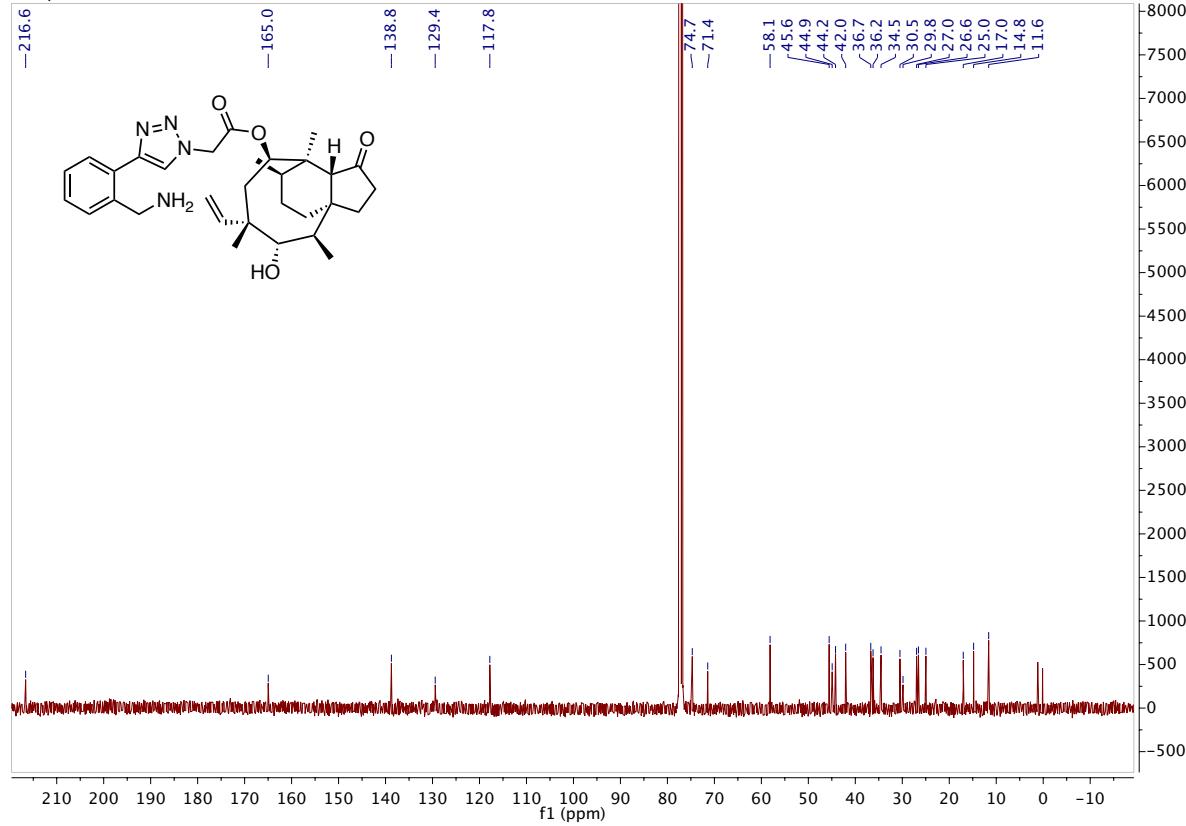


Compound 14

Compound 14 H

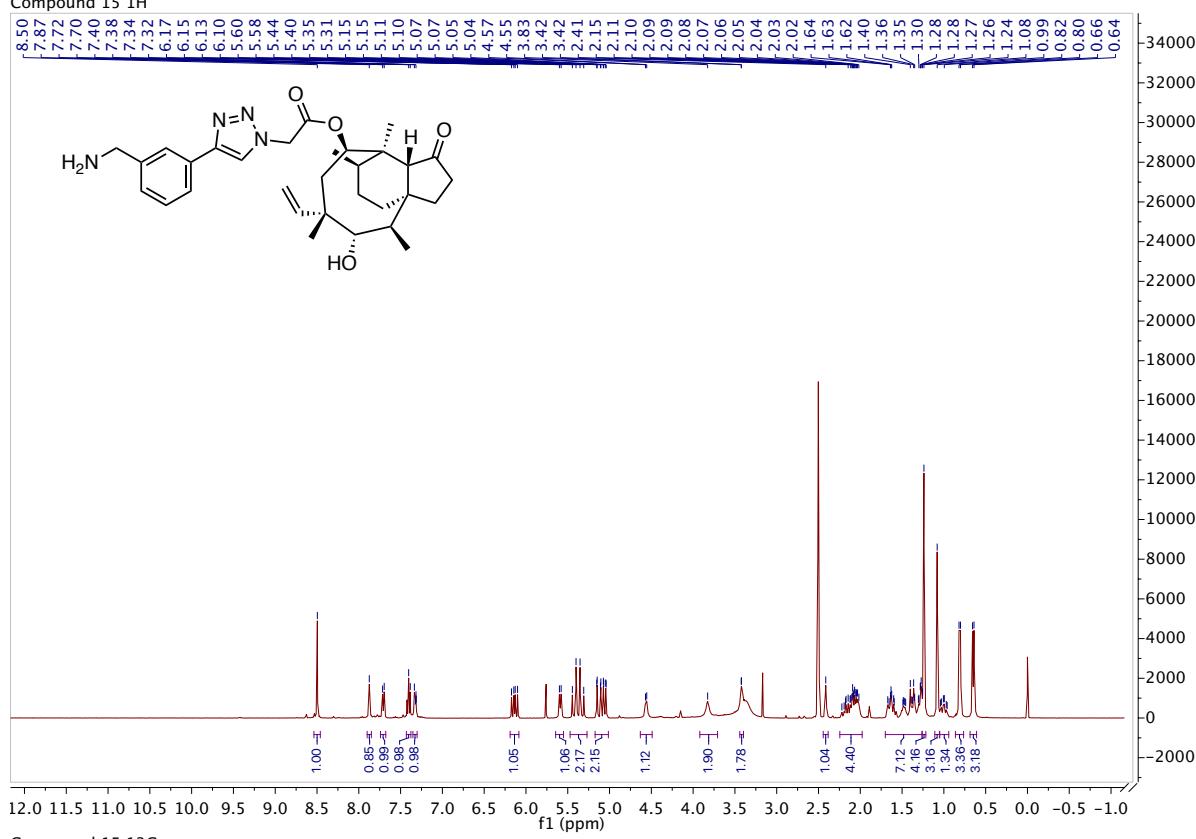


Compound 14 13C

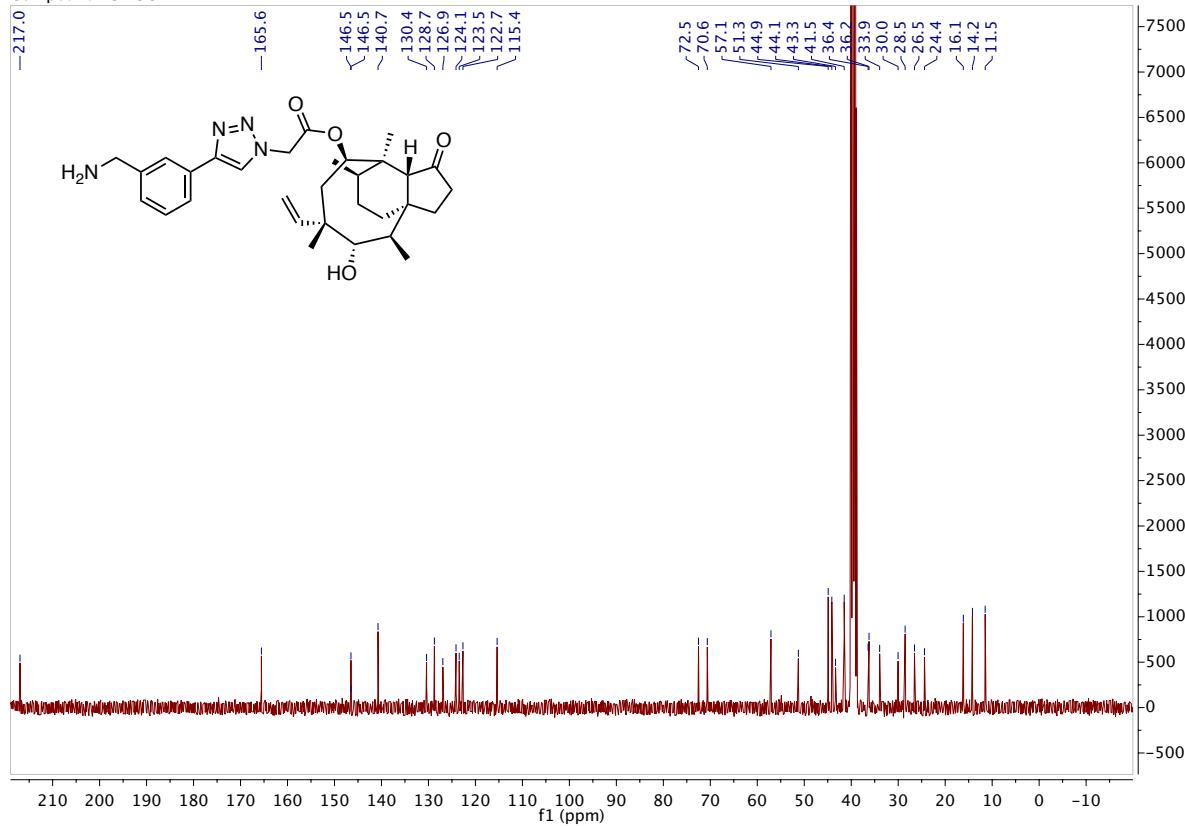


Compound 15

Compound 15 1H

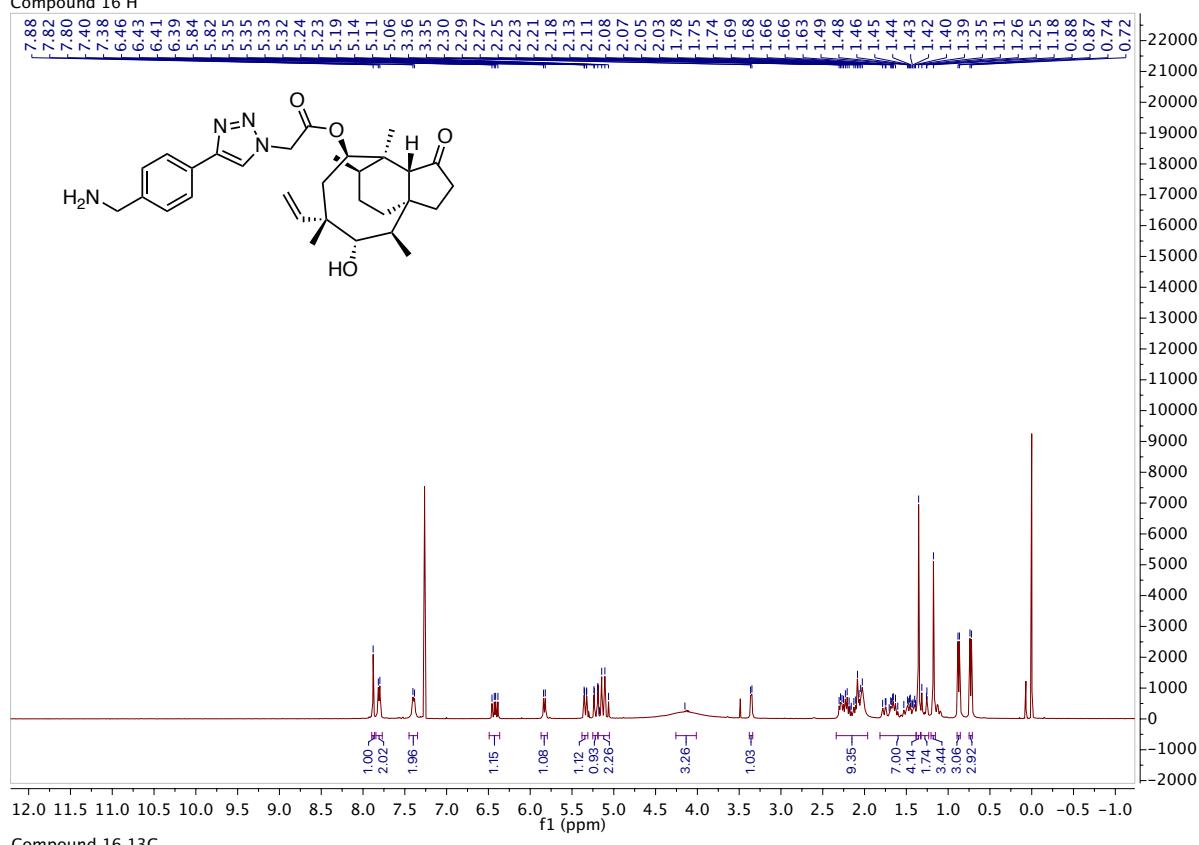


Compound 15 13C

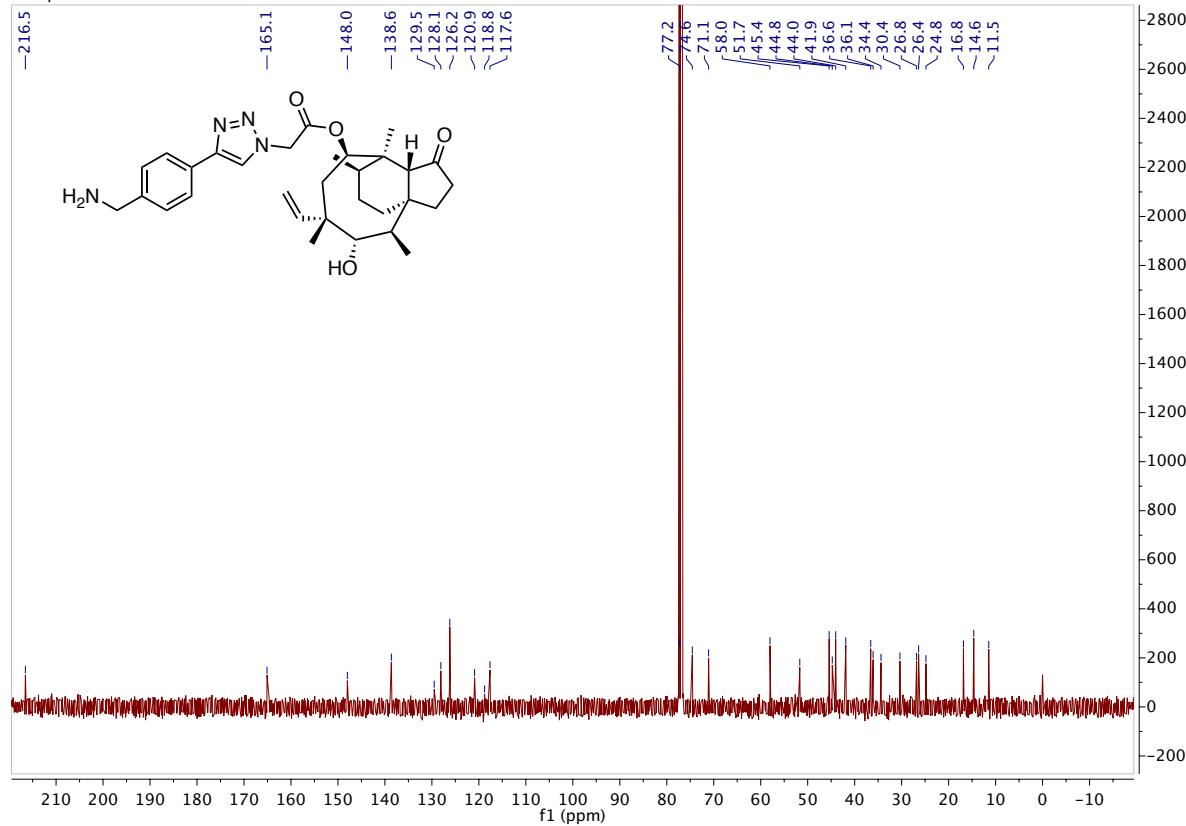


Compound 16

Compound 16 H

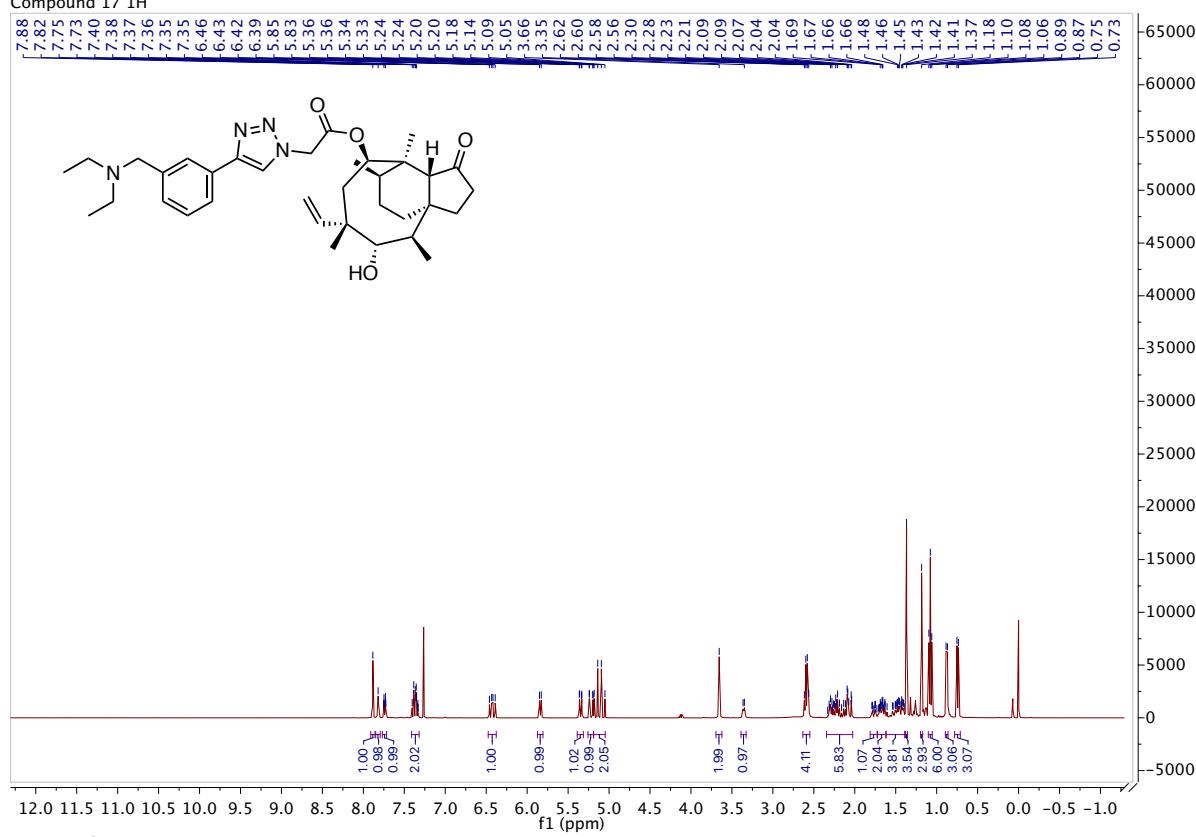


Compound 16 13C

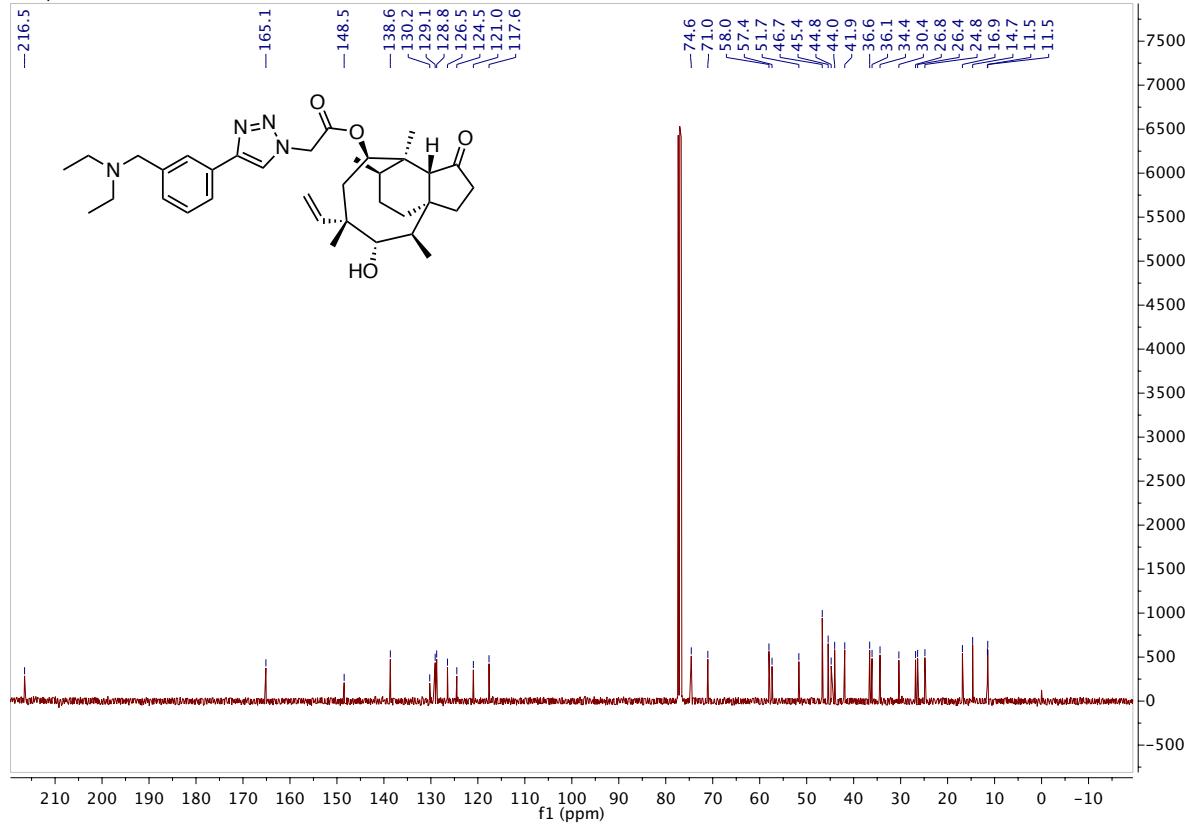


Compound 17

Compound 17 1H

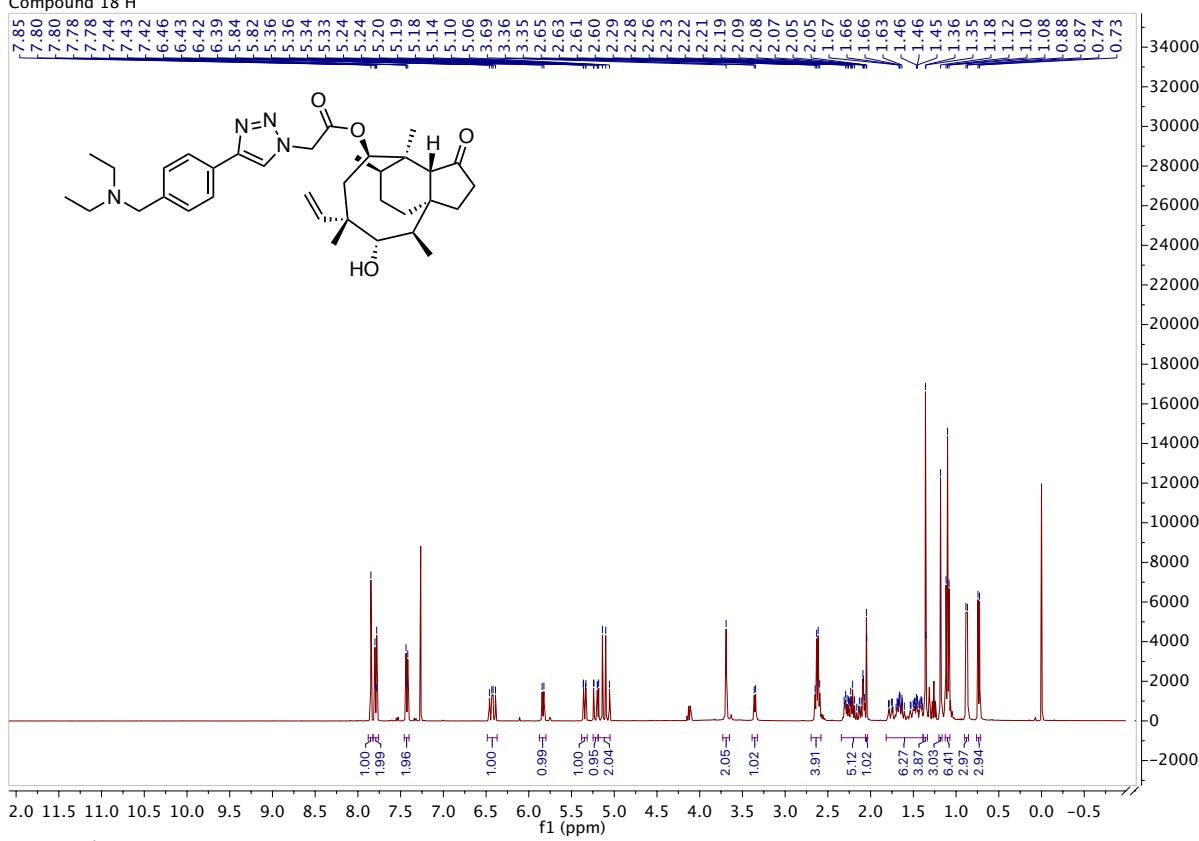


Compound 17 13C

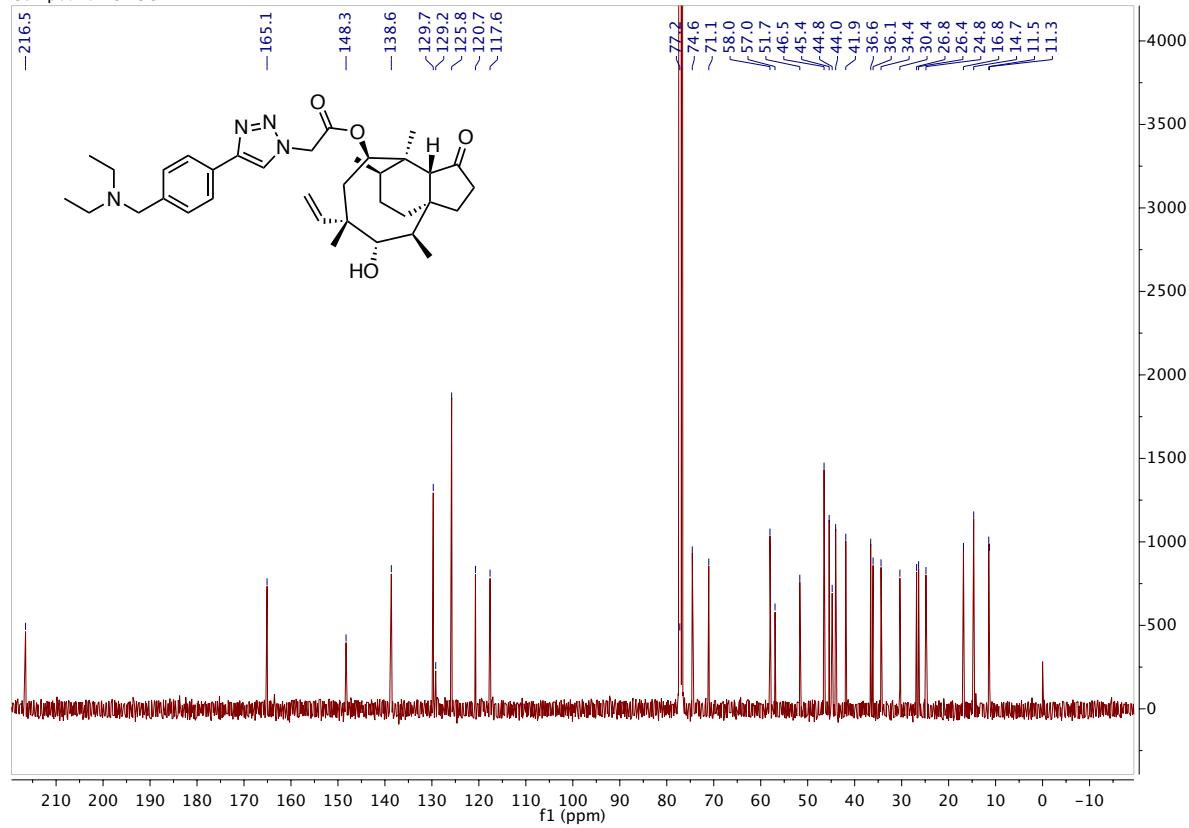


Compound 18

Compound 18 H

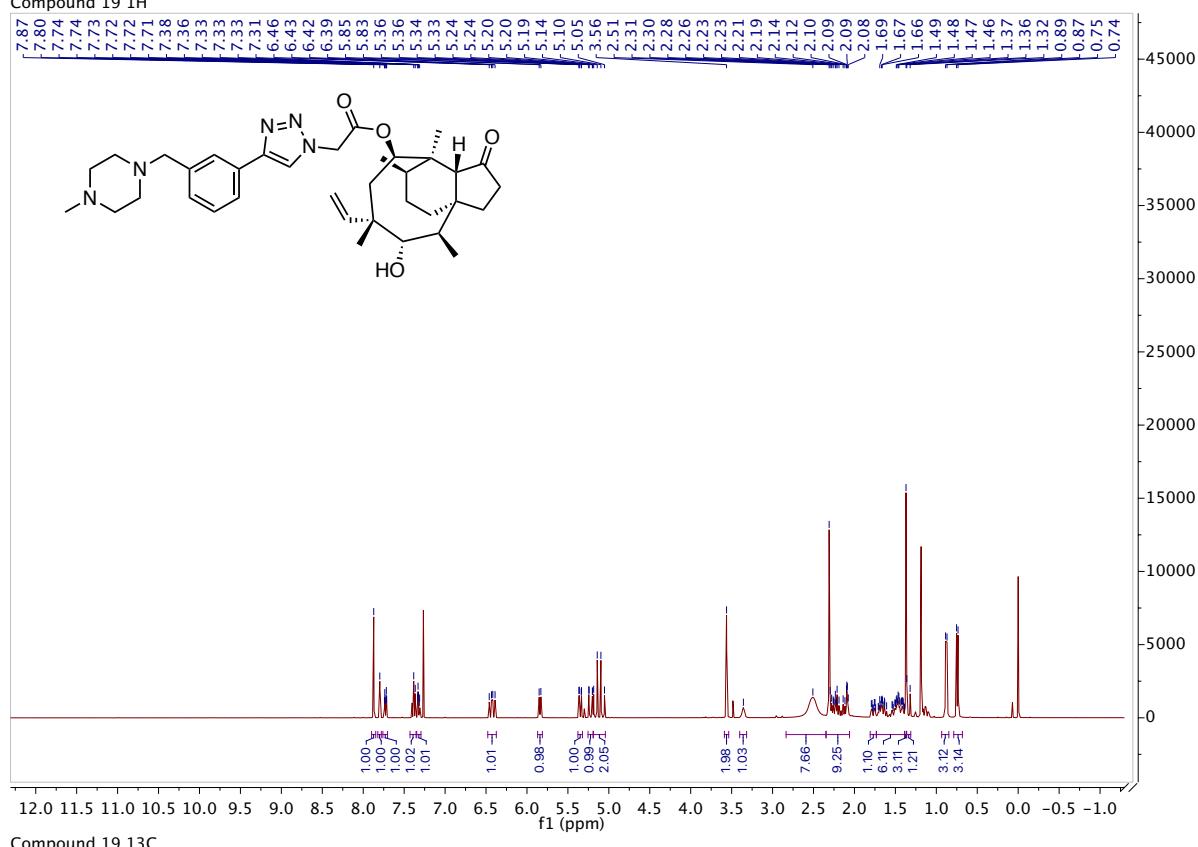


Compound 18 13C

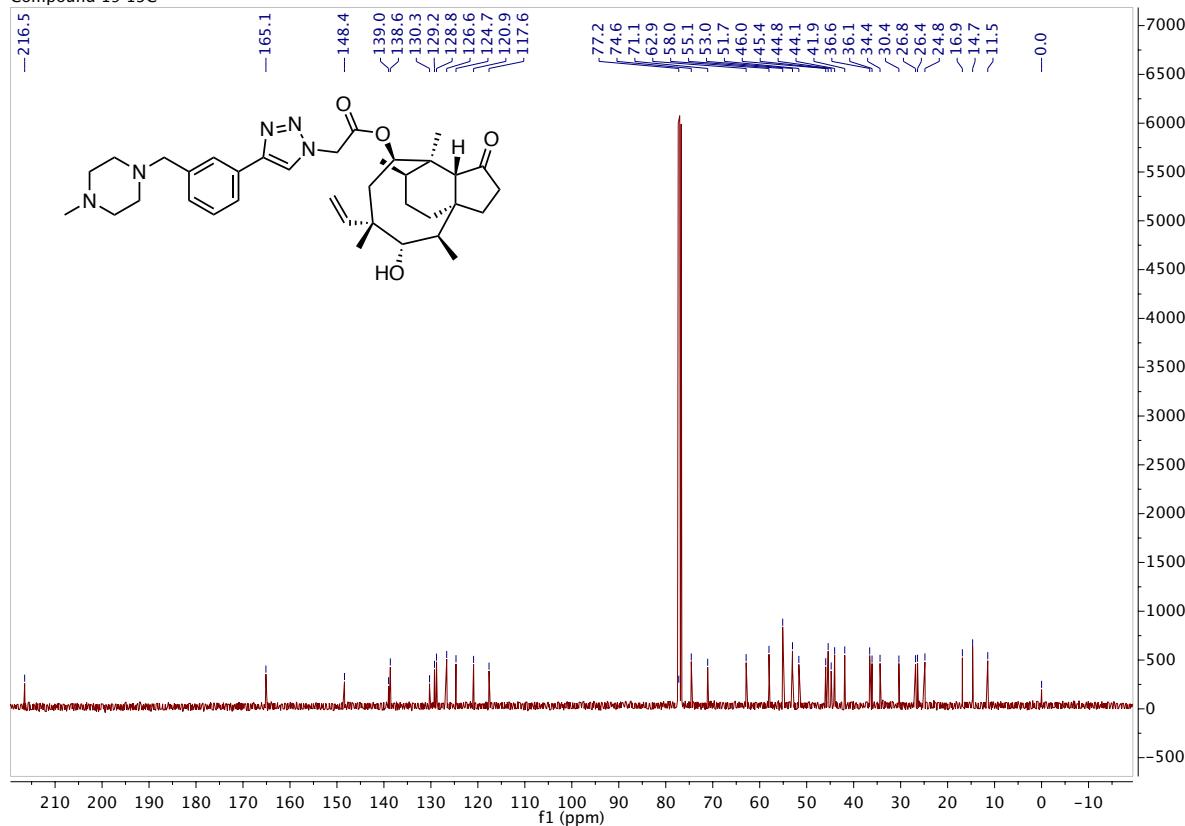


Compound 19

Compound 19 1H

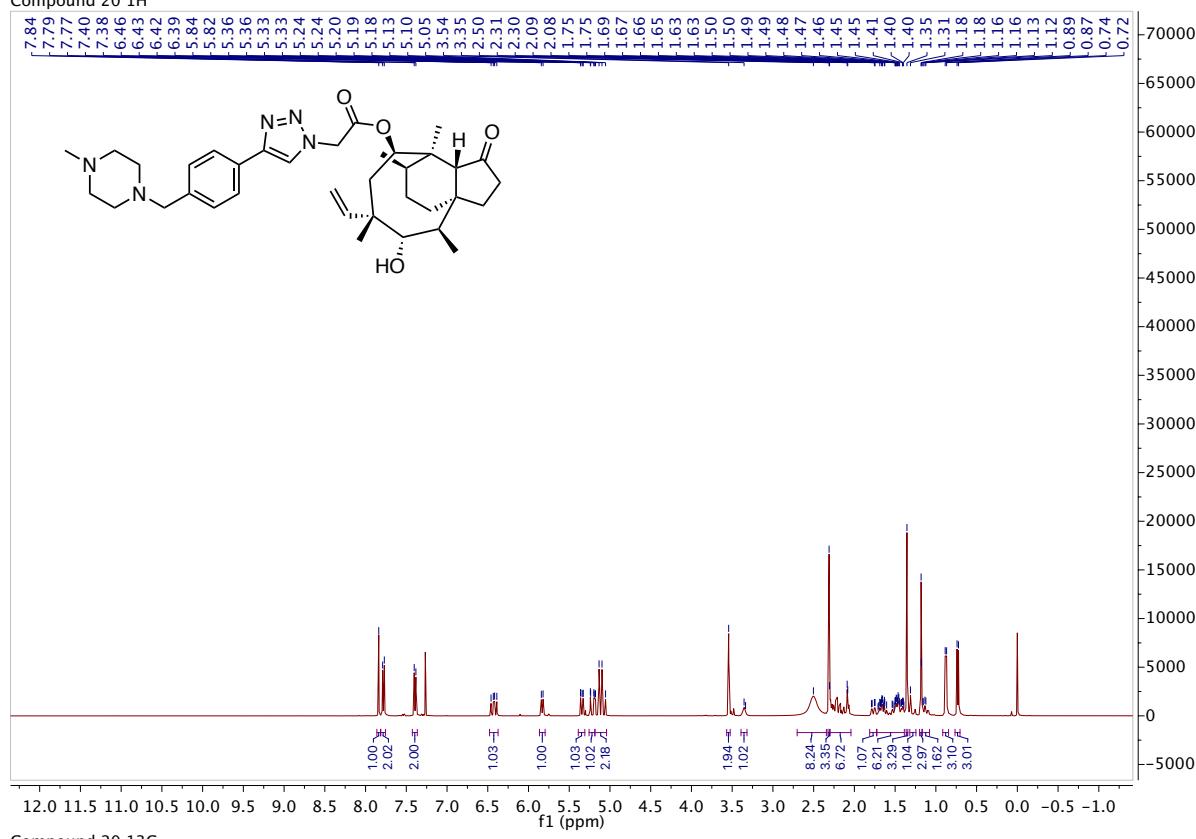


Compound 19 13C

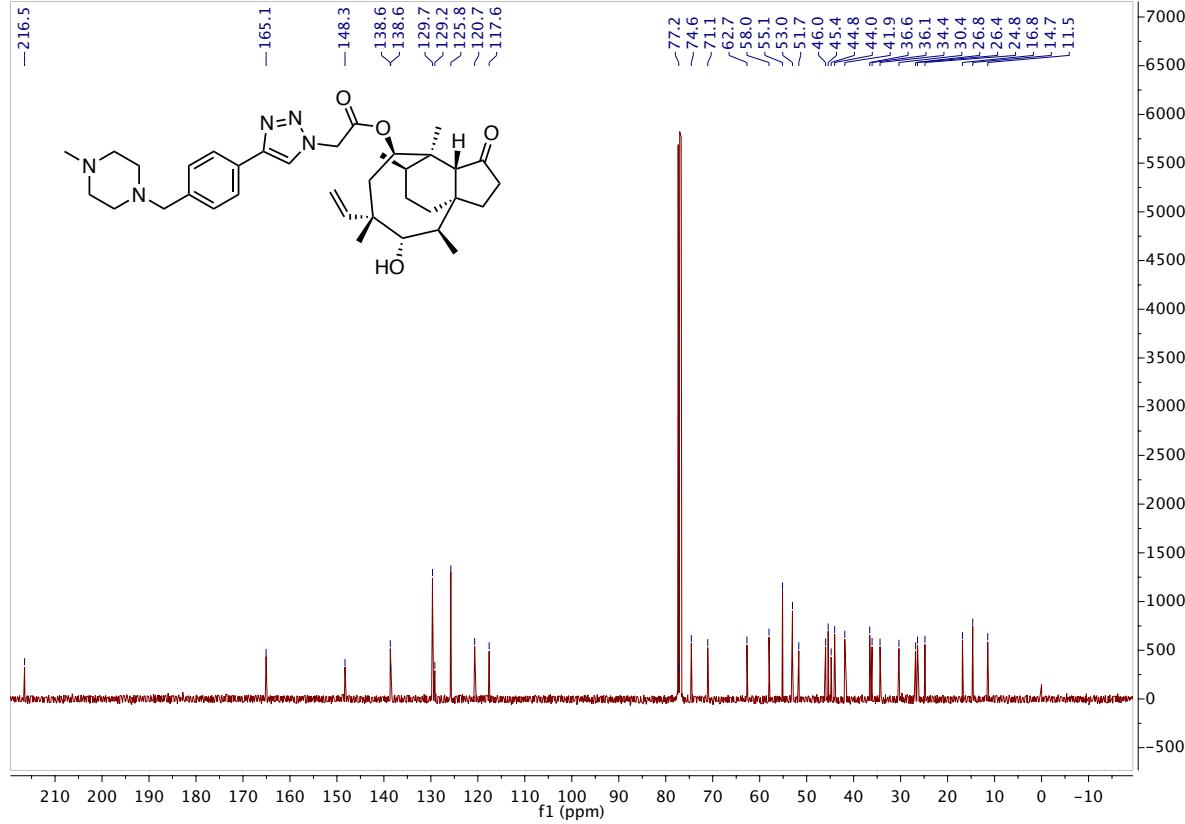


Compound 20

Compound 20 1H

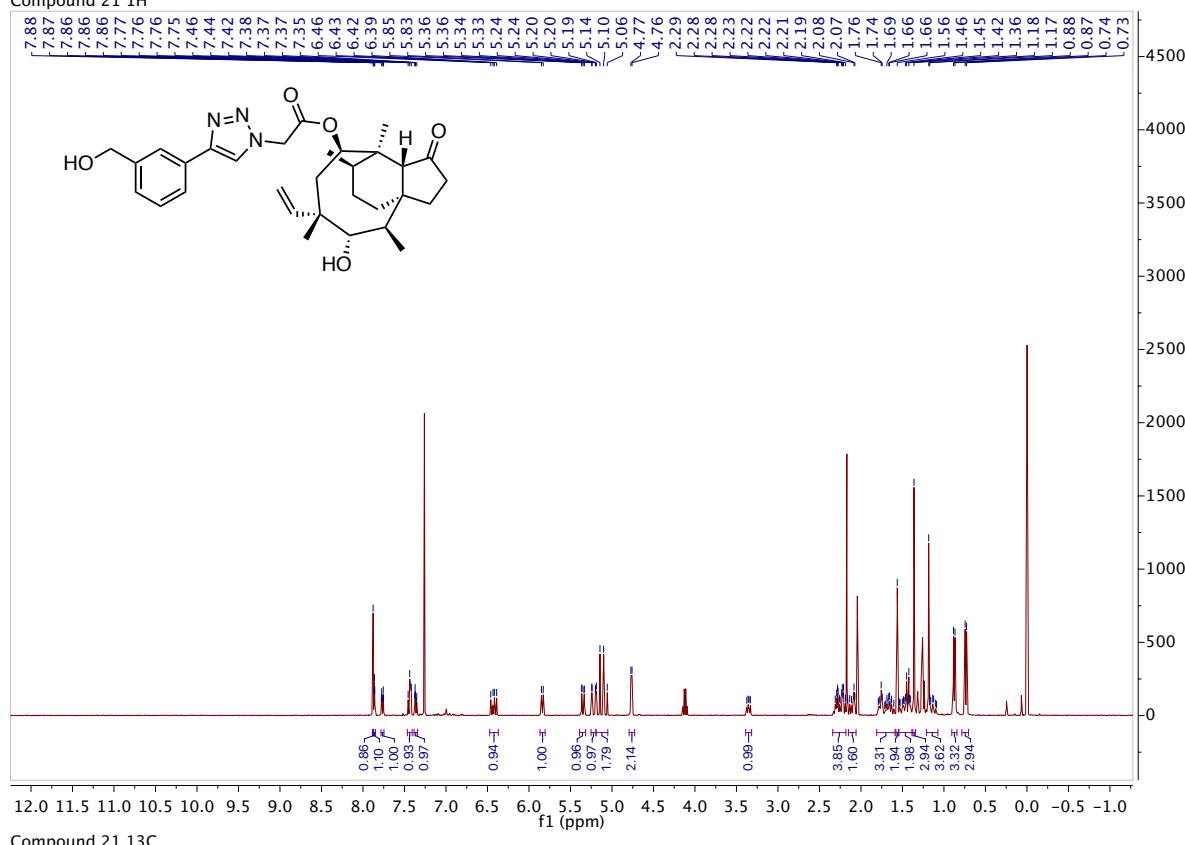


Compound 20 13C

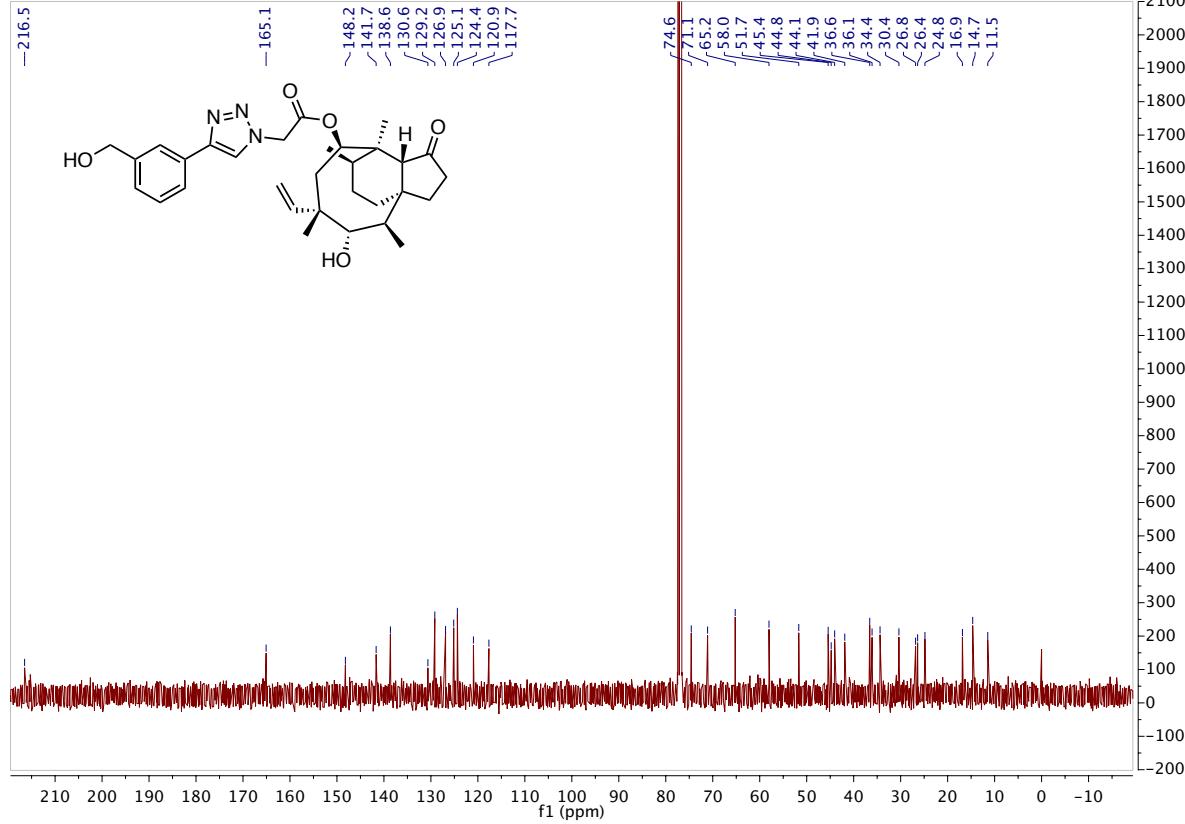


Compound 21

Compound 21

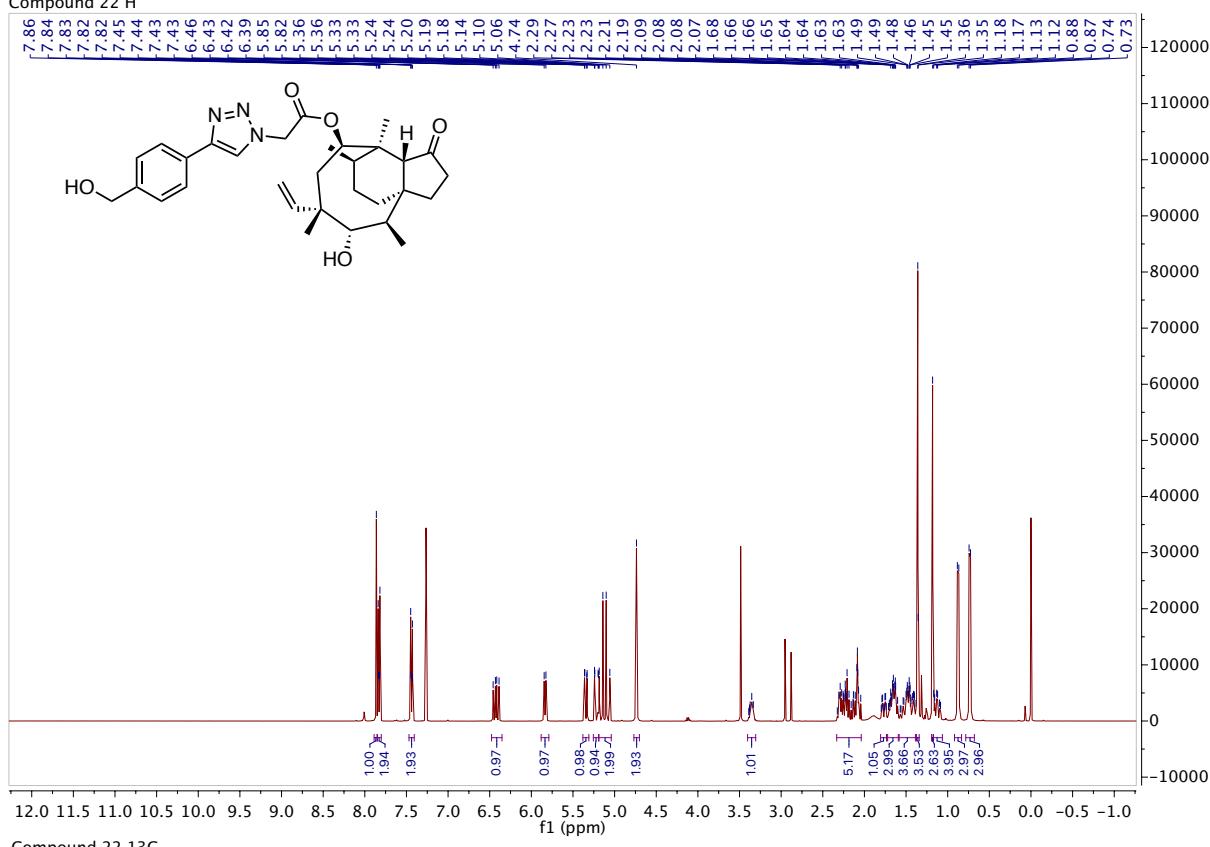


Compound 21 13C

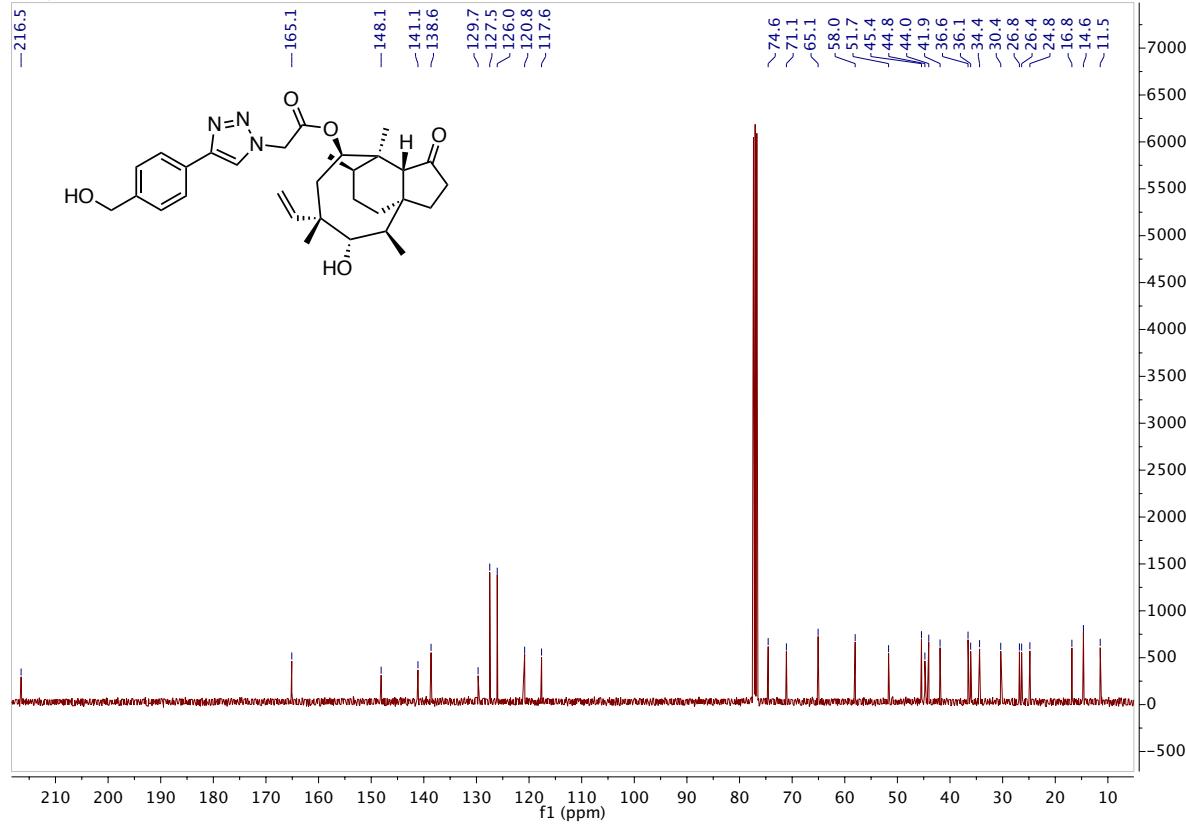


Compound 22

Compound 22 H

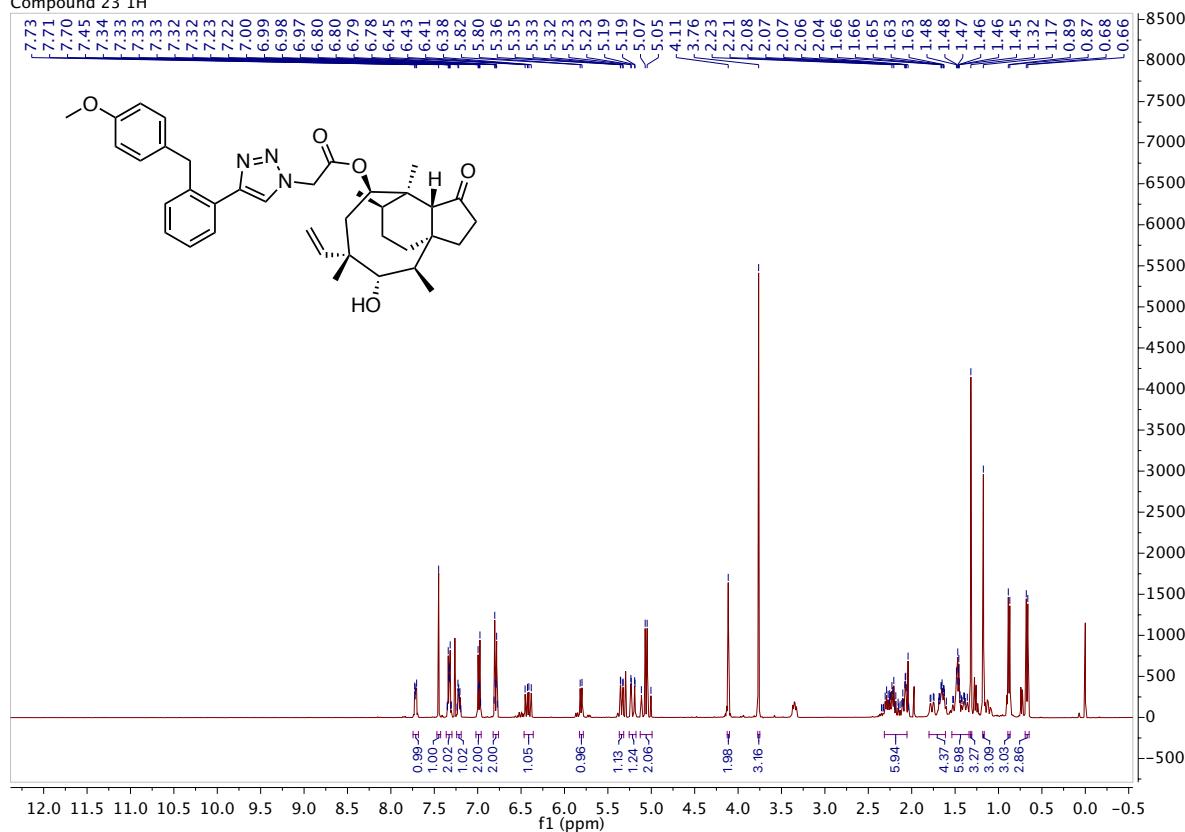


Compound 22 13C

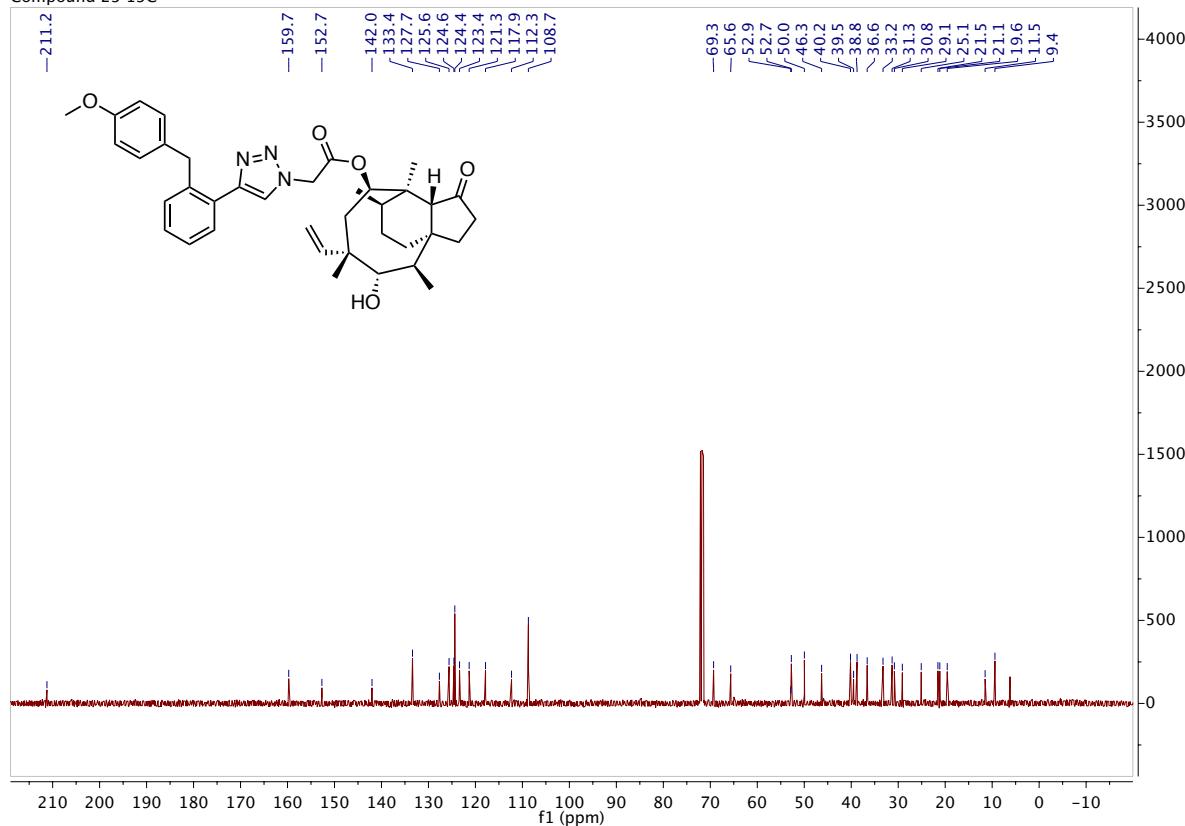


Compound 23

Compound 23 1H

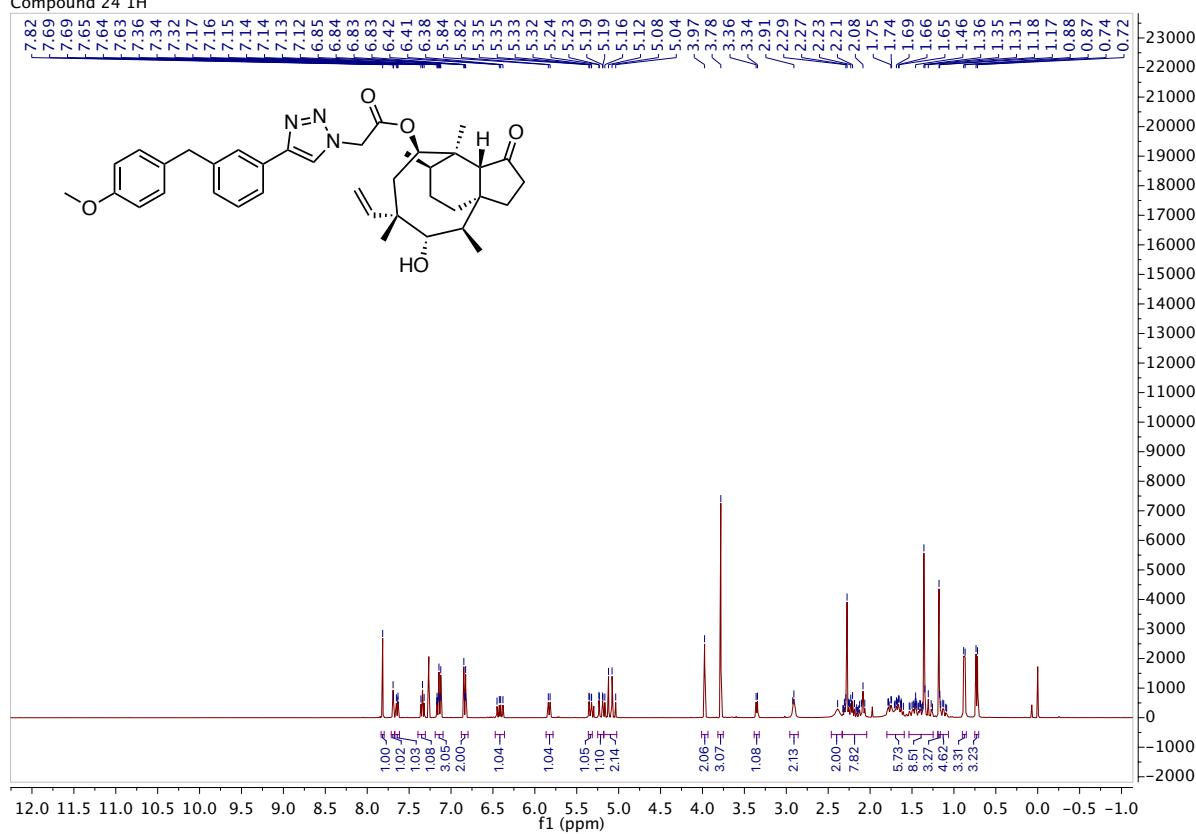


Compound 23 13C

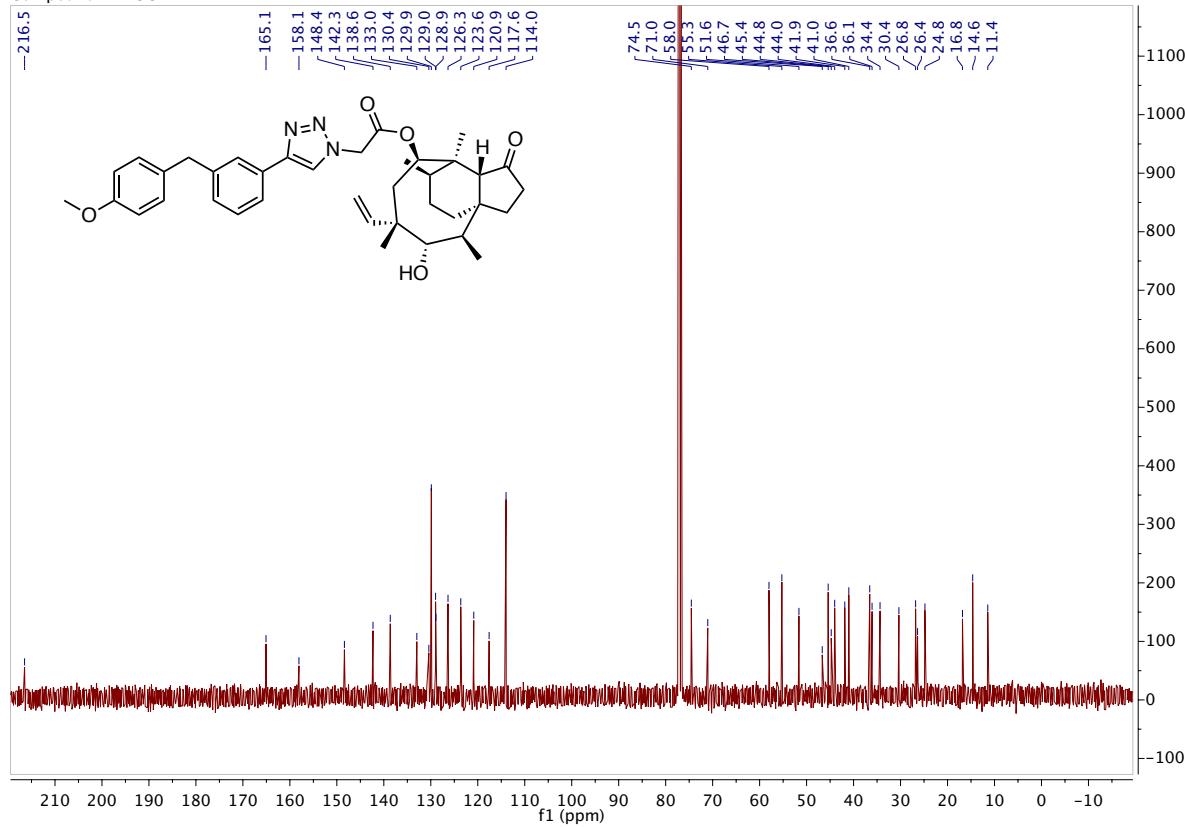


Compound 24

Compound 24 1H

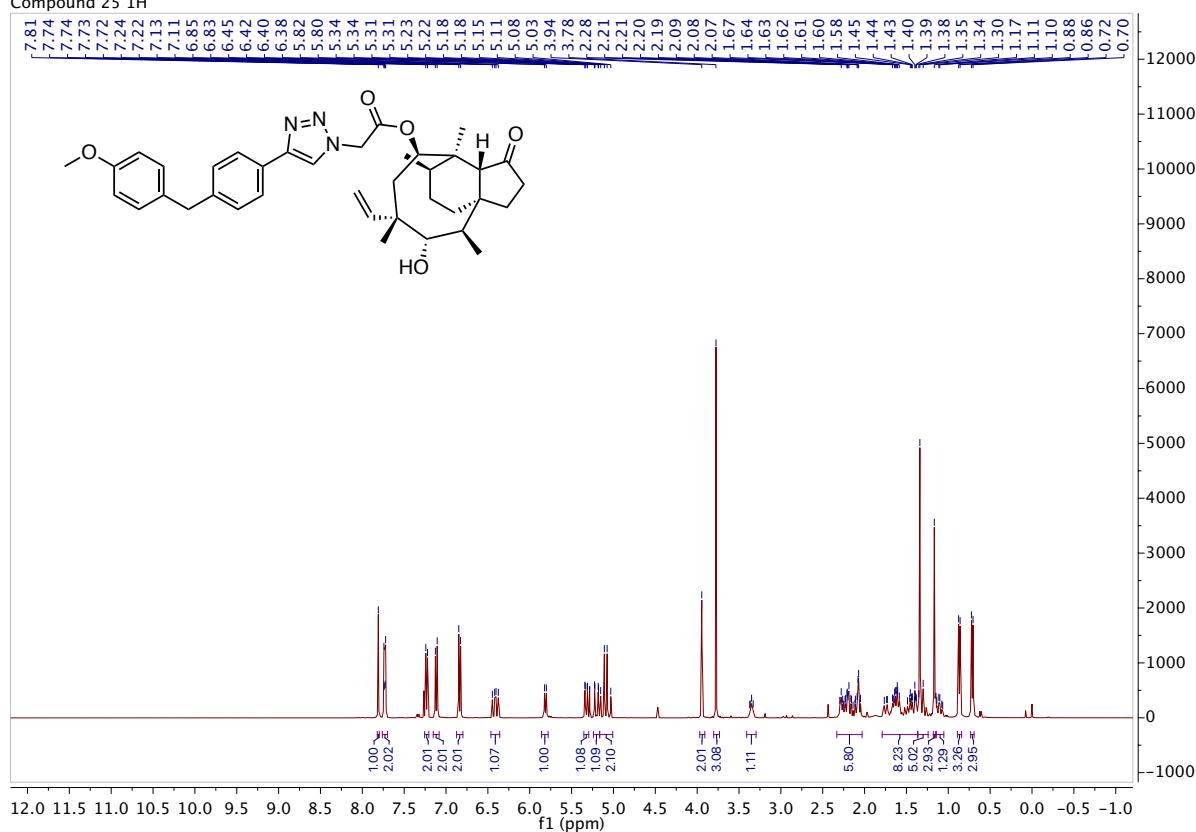


Compound 24 13C

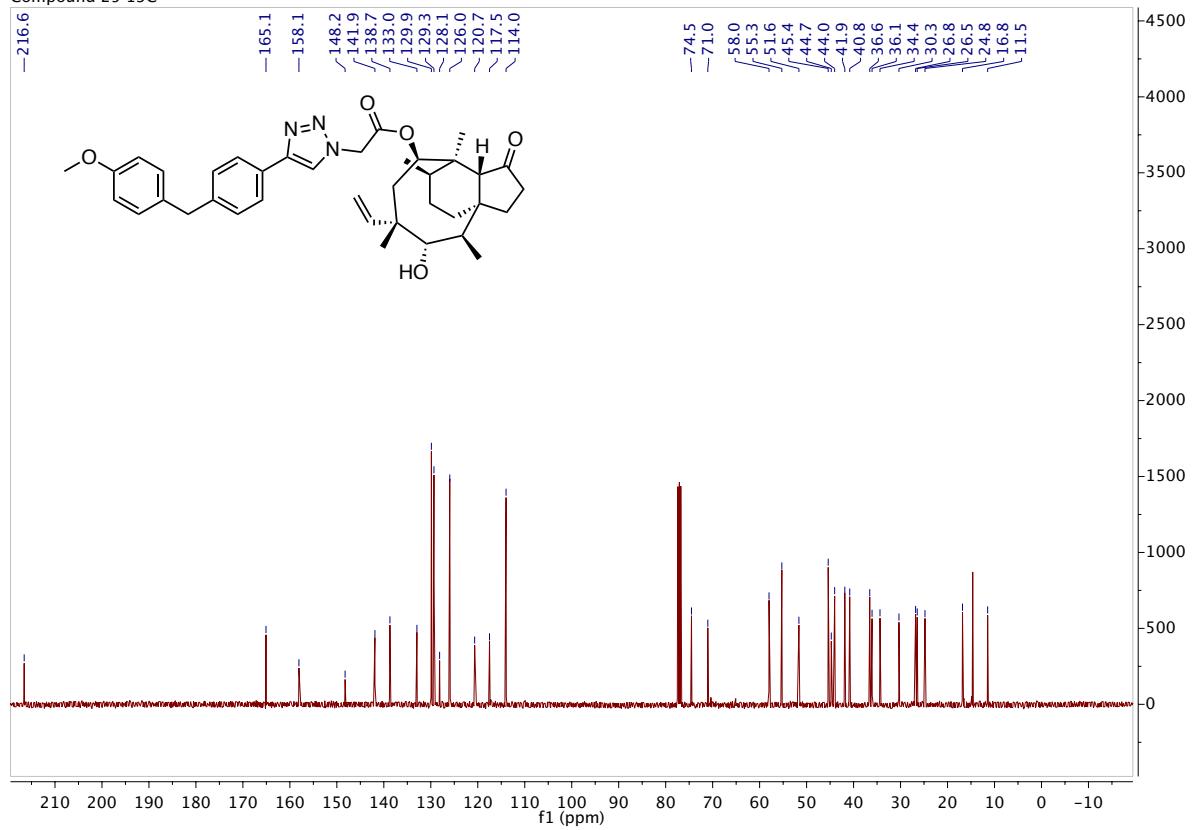


Compound 25

Compound 25 1H

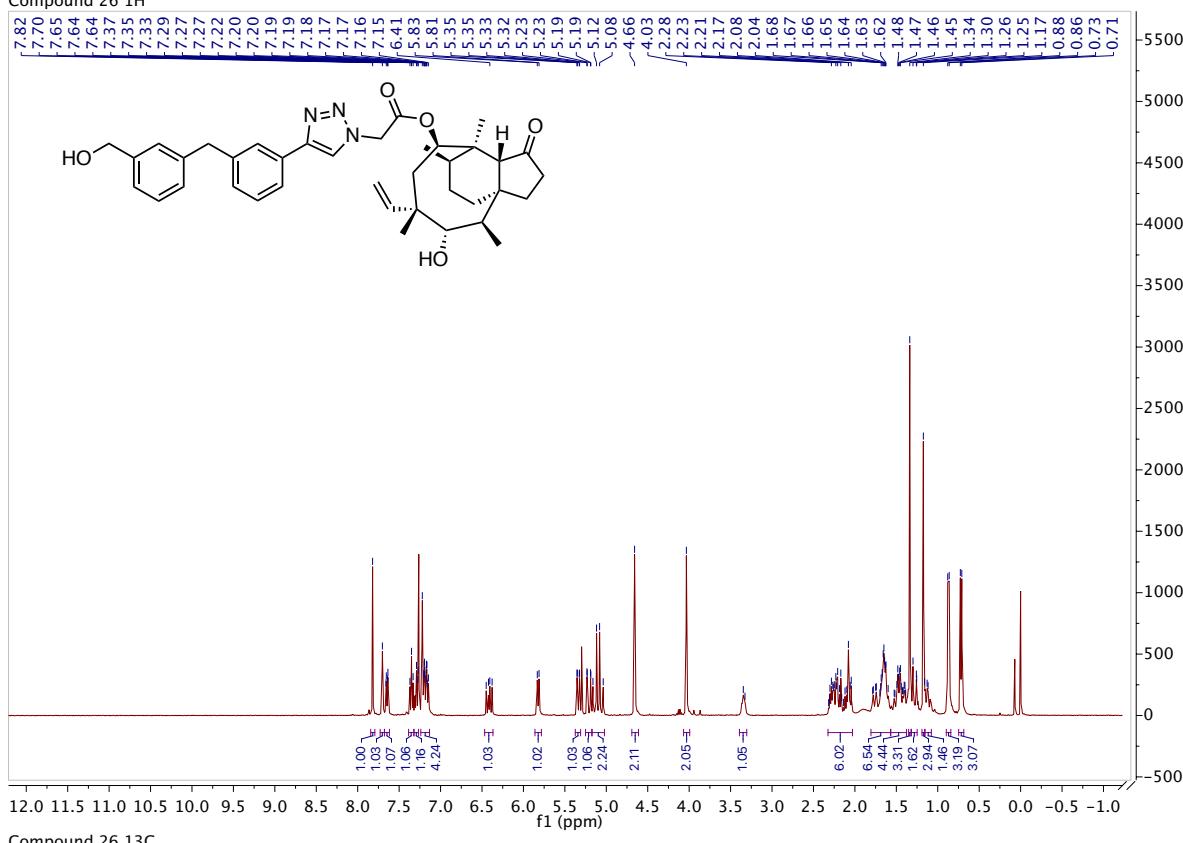


Compound 25 13C

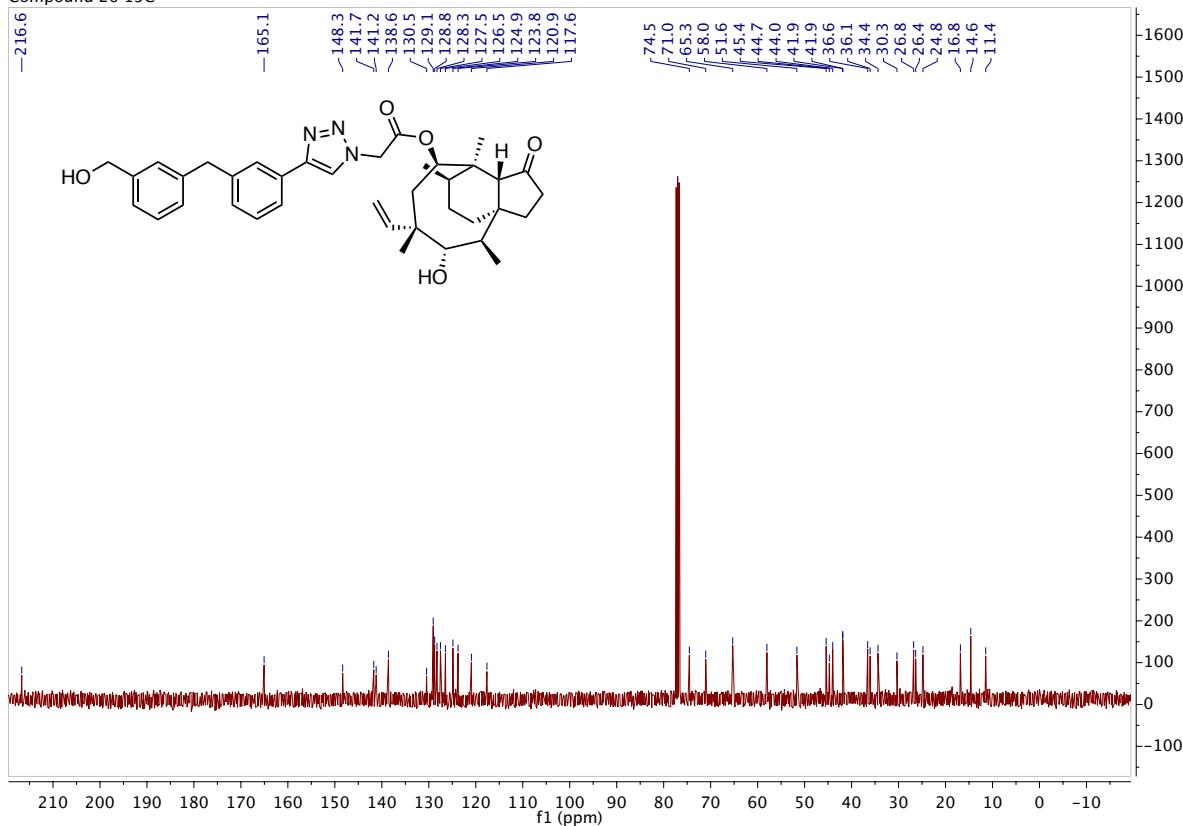


Compound 26

Compound 26 1H

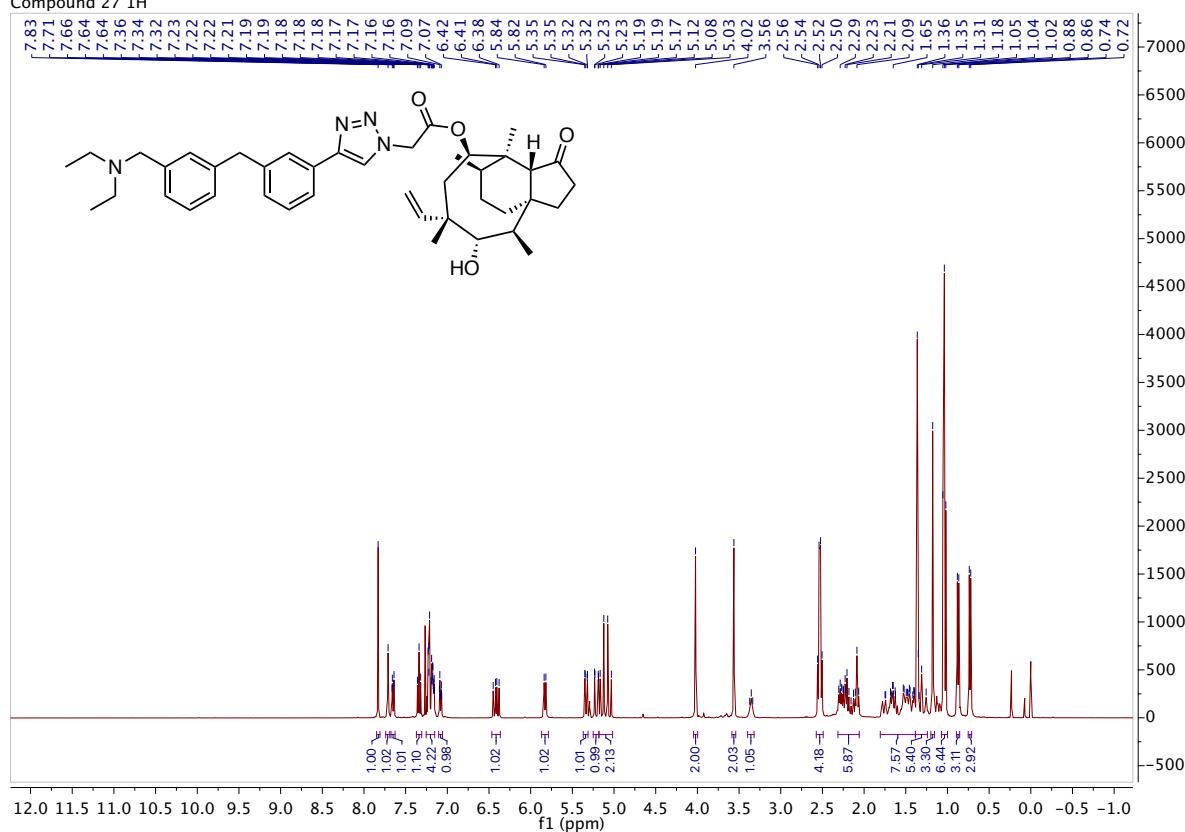


Compound 26 13C

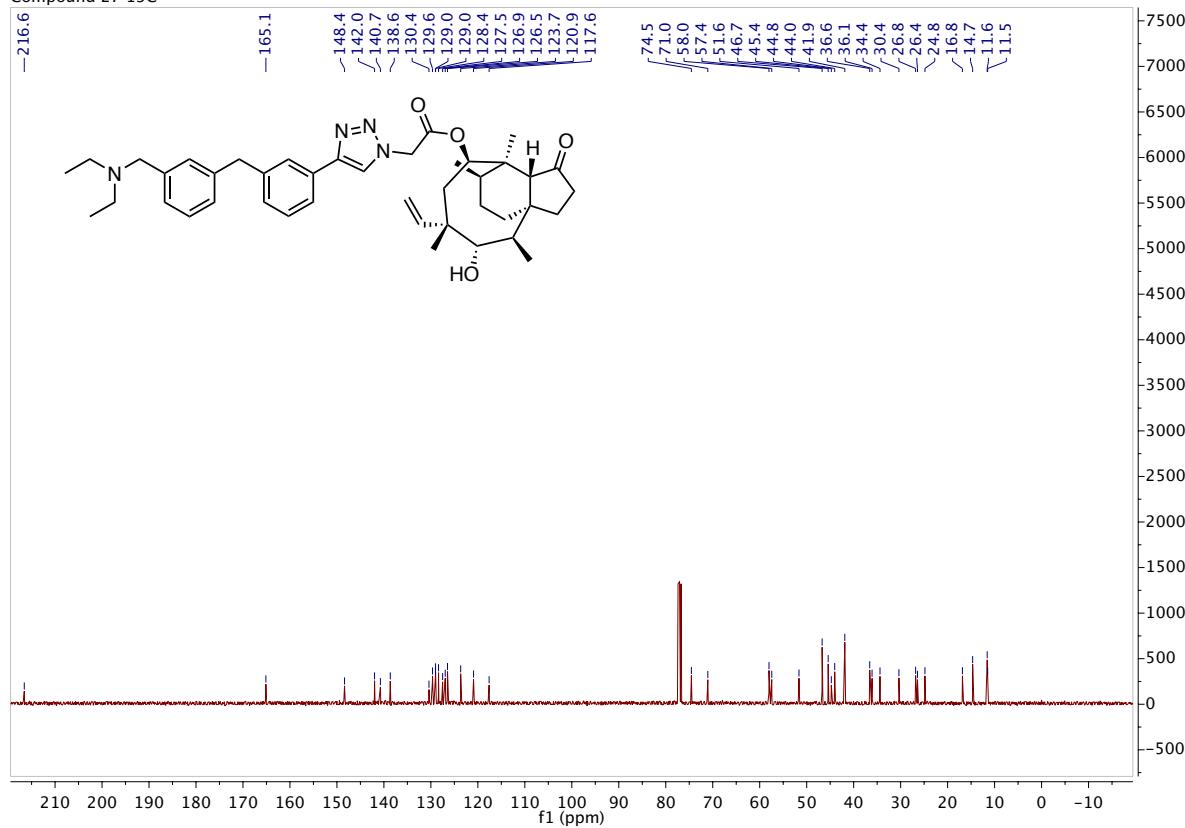


Compound 27

Compound 27 1H

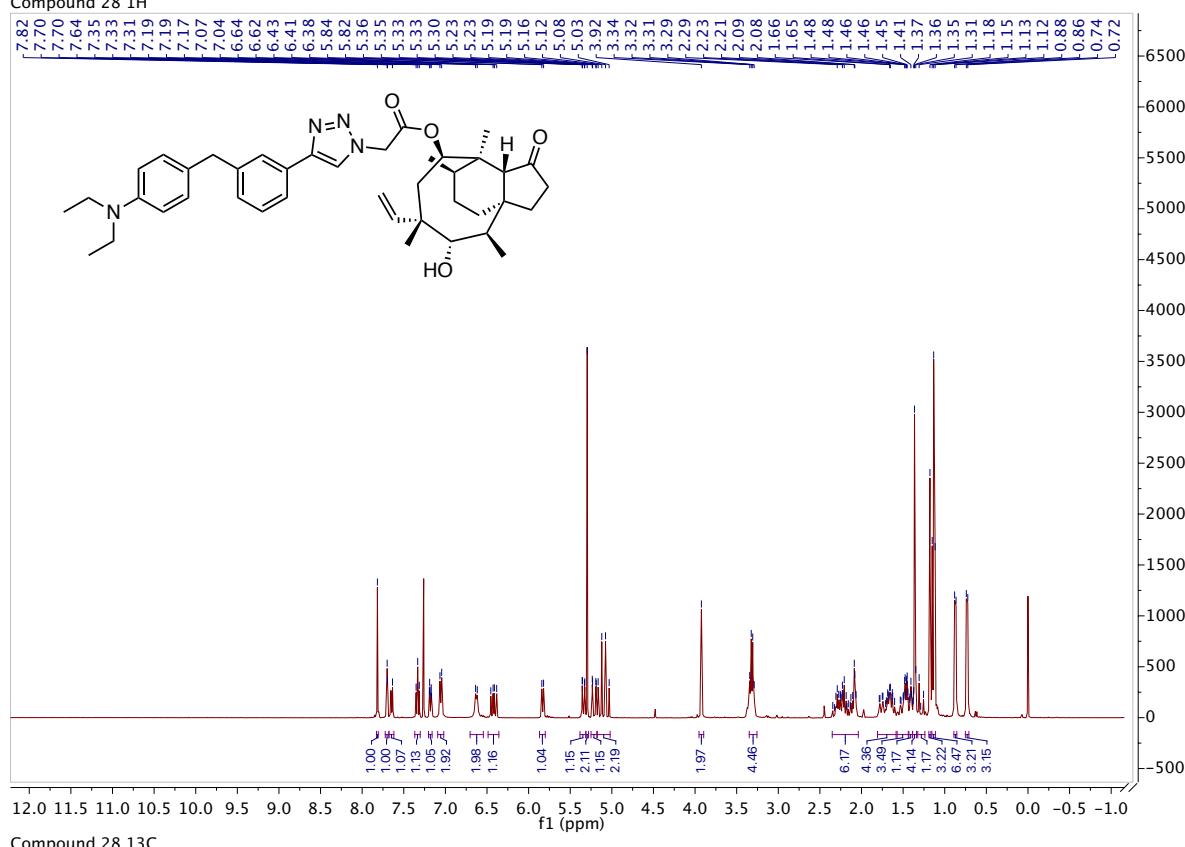


Compound 27 13C

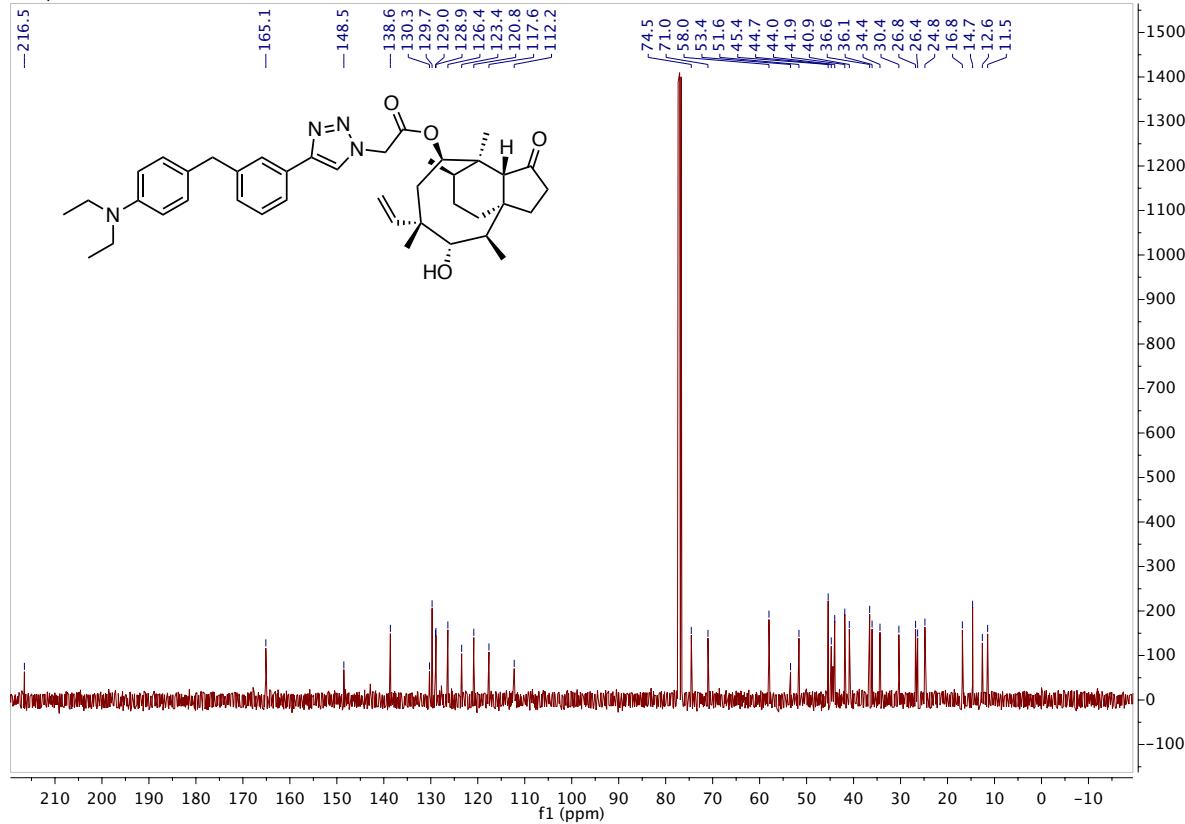


Compound 28

Compound 28 1H

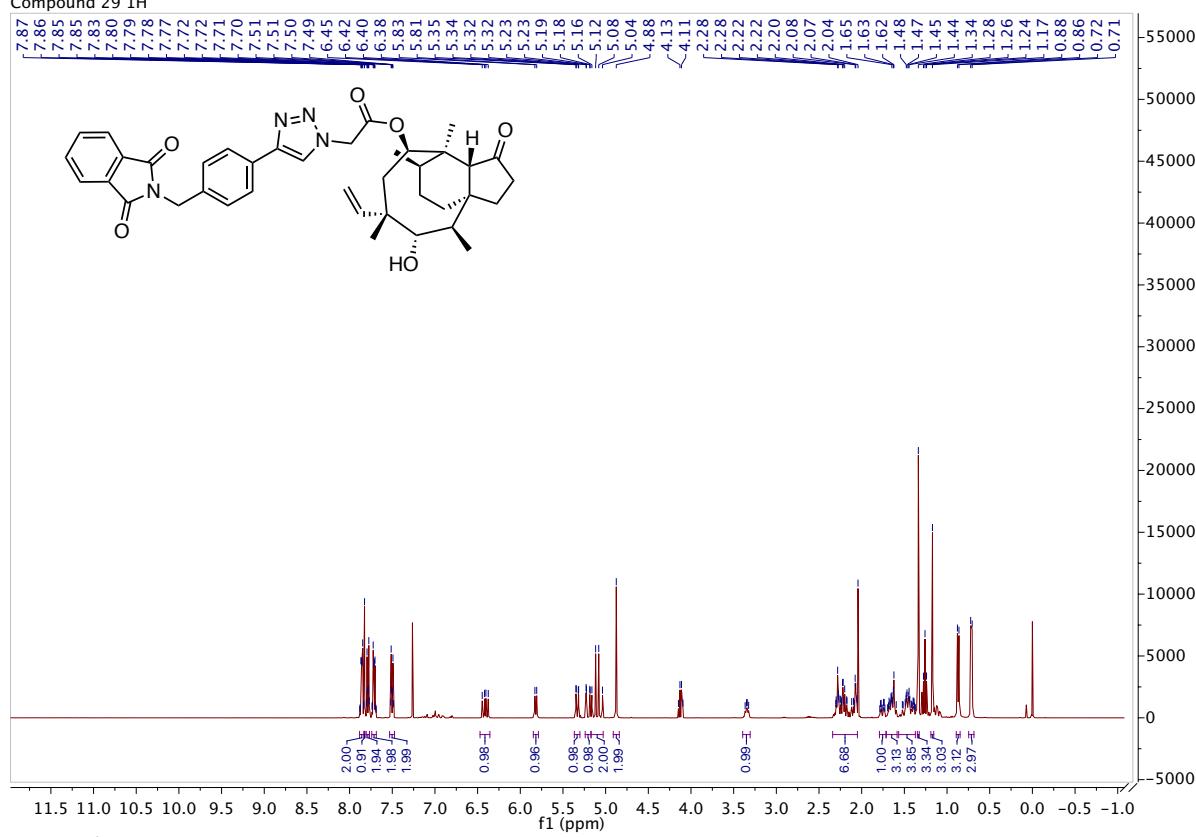


Compound 28 13C



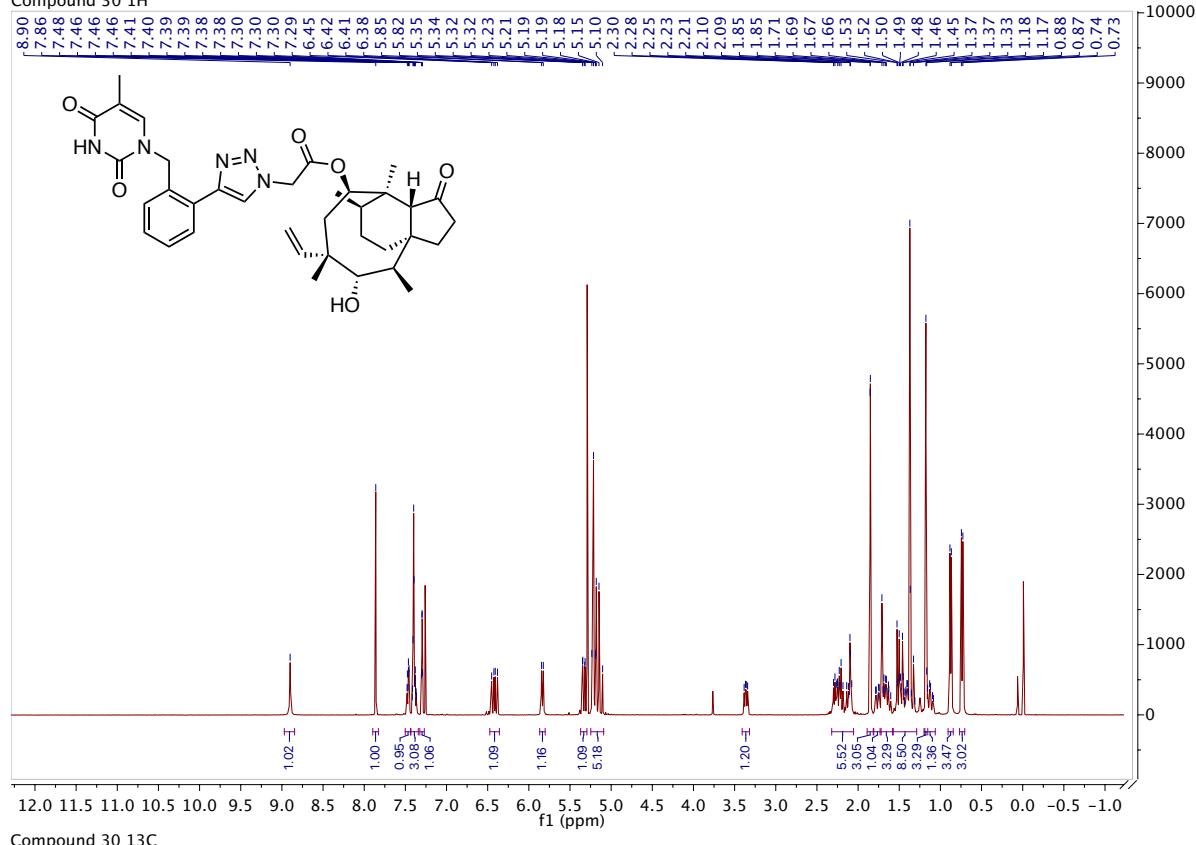
Compound 29

Compound 29 1H

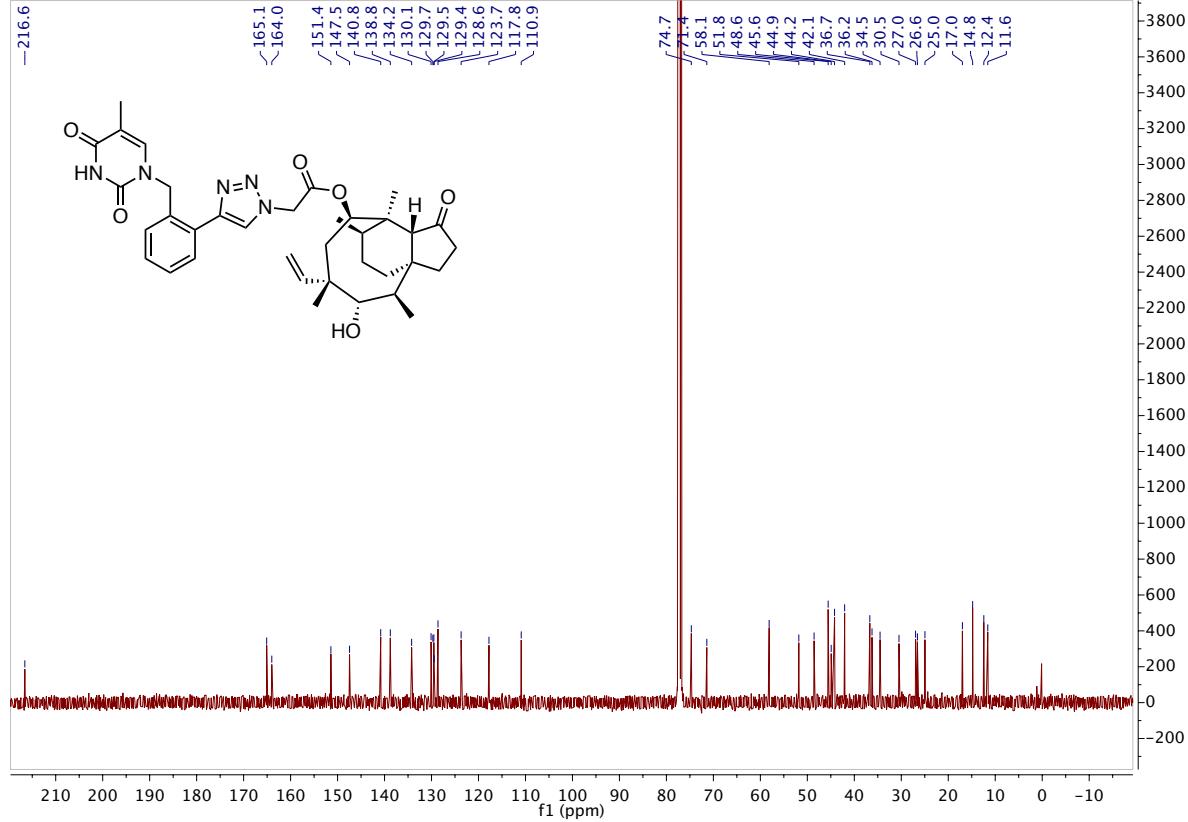


Compound 30

Compound 30 1H

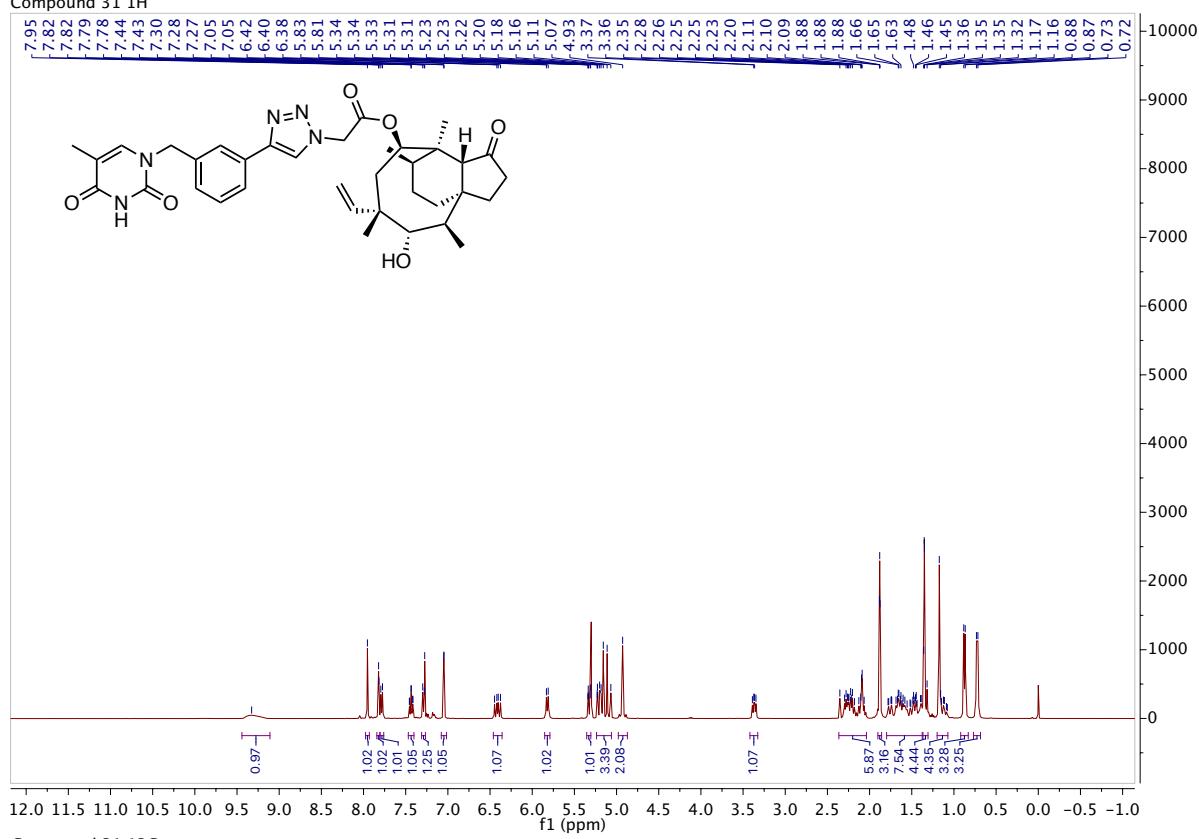


Compound 30 13C

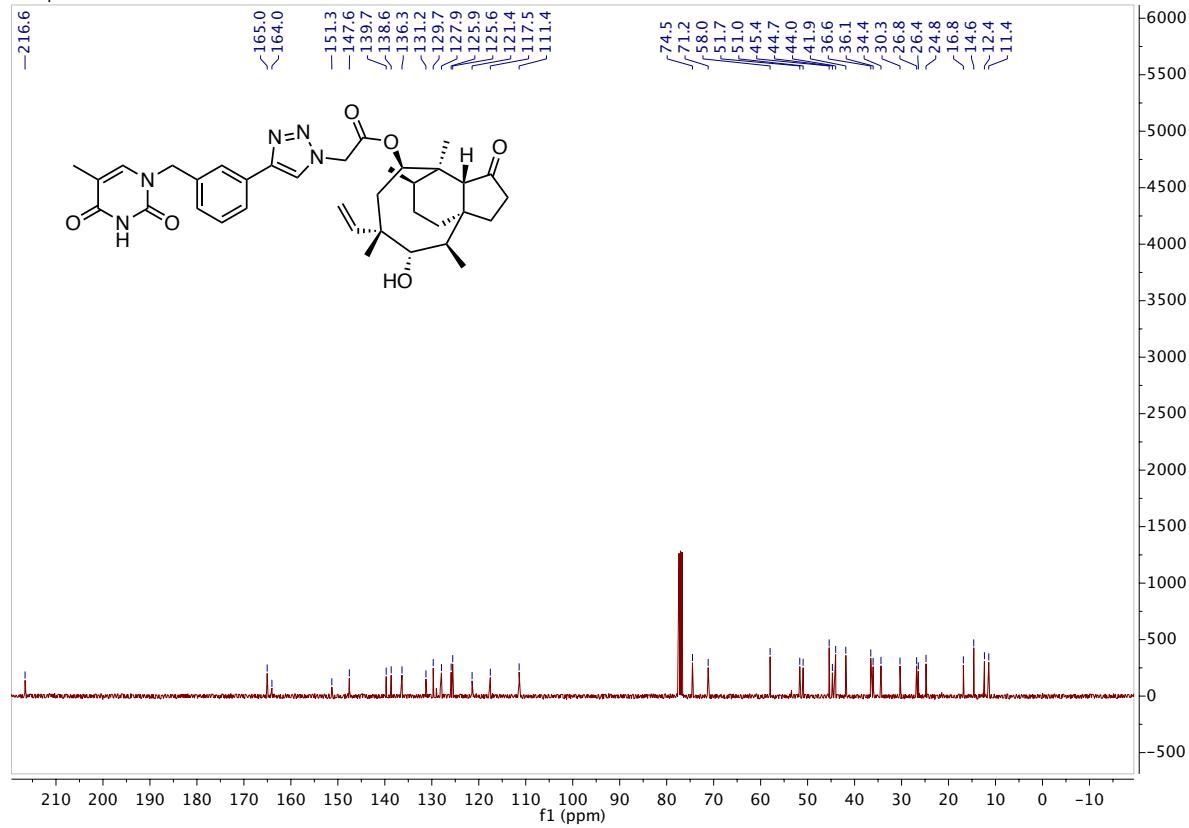


Compound 31

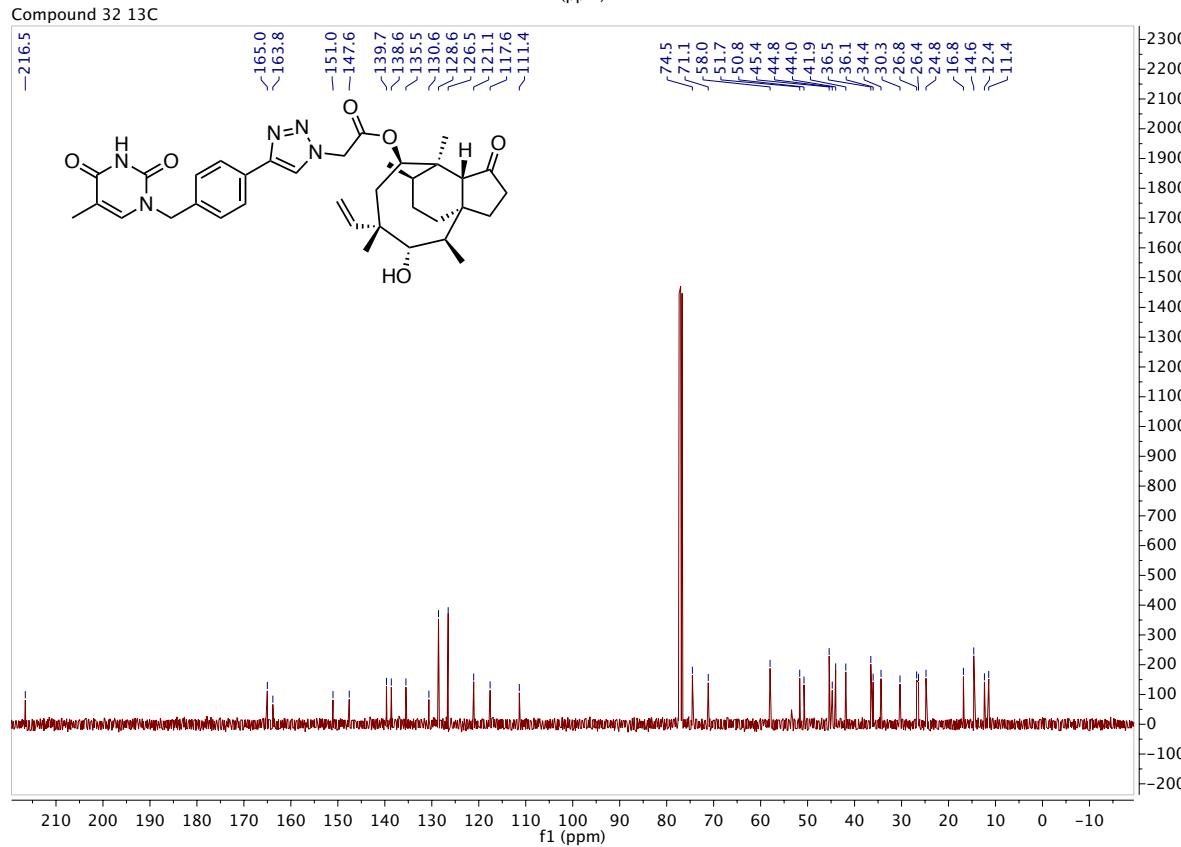
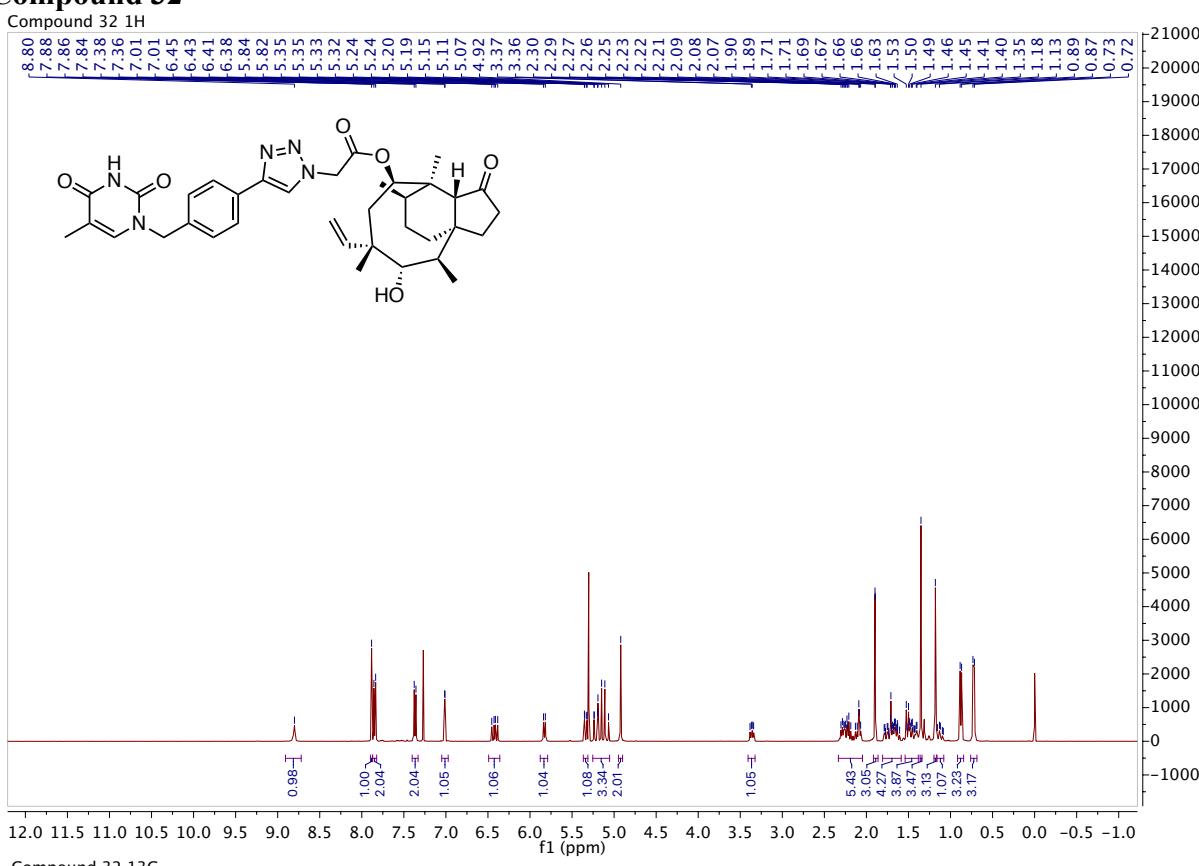
Compound 31 1H



Compound 31 13C

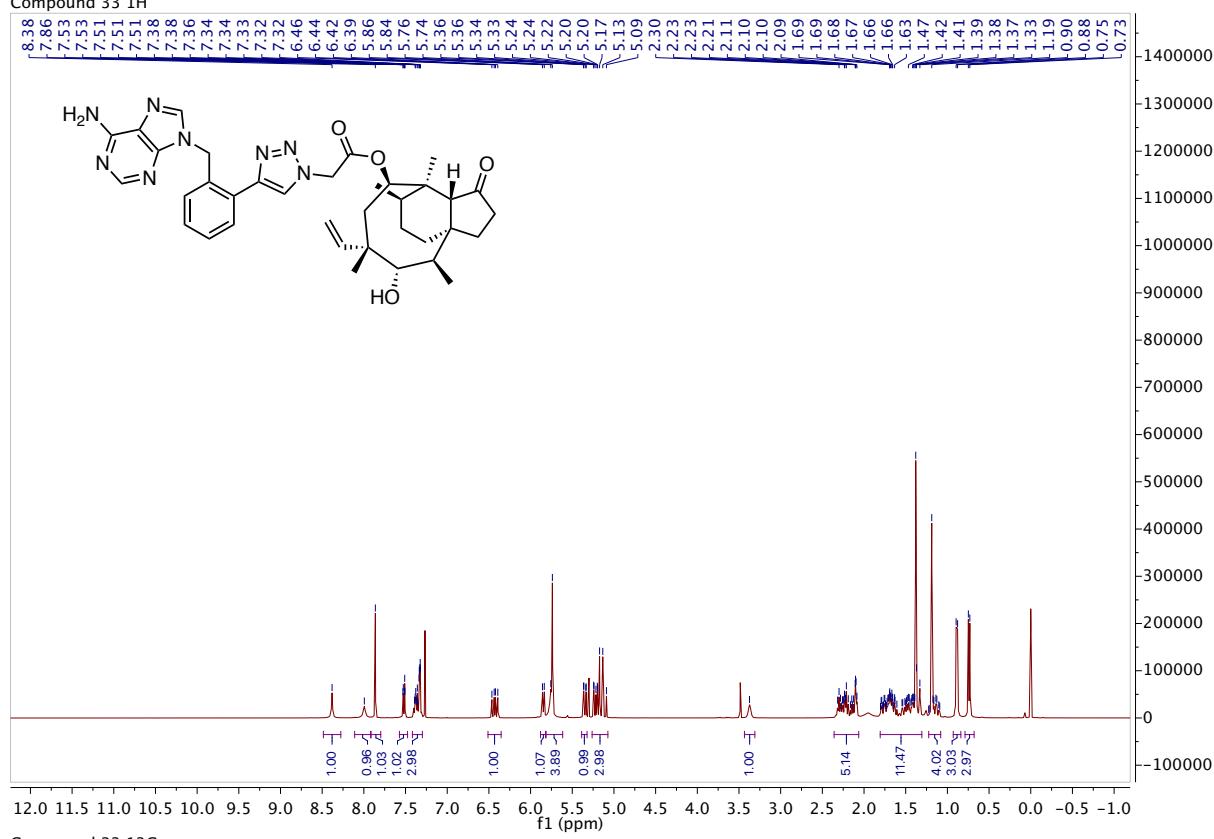


Compound 32

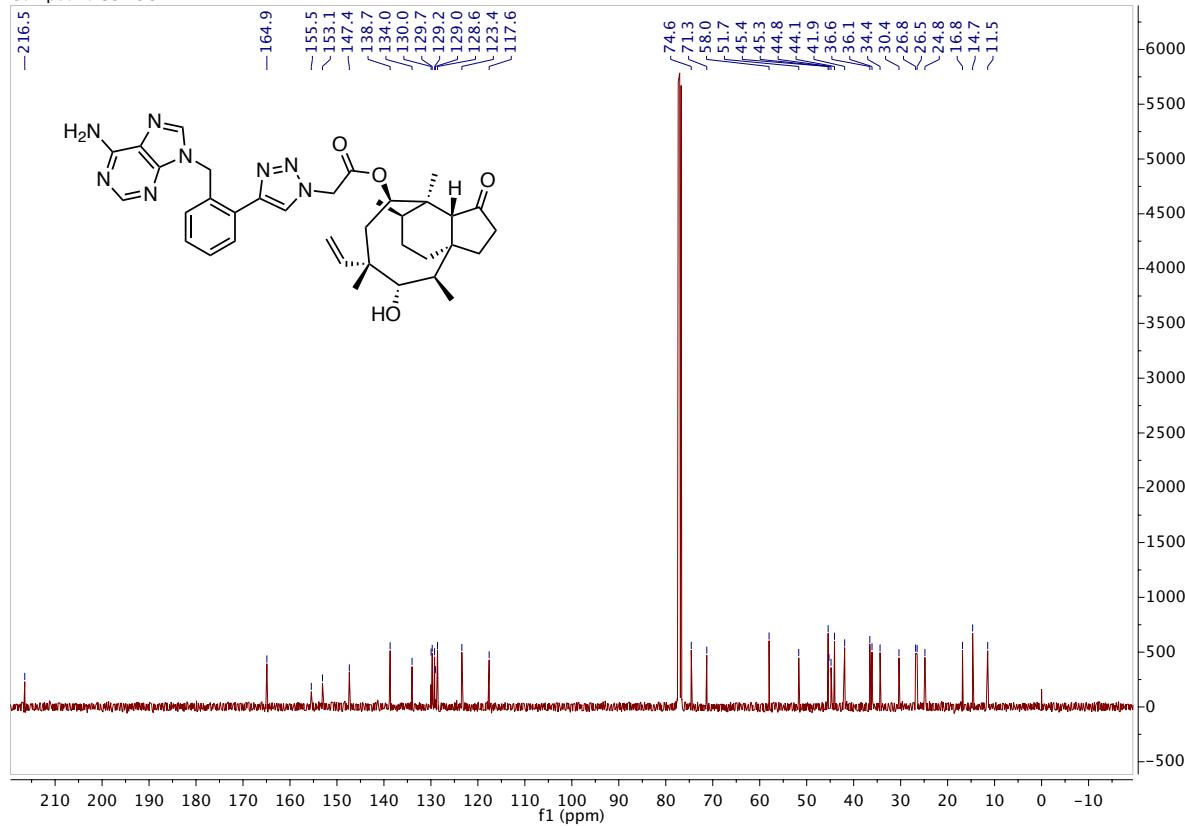


Compound 33

Compound 33 1H

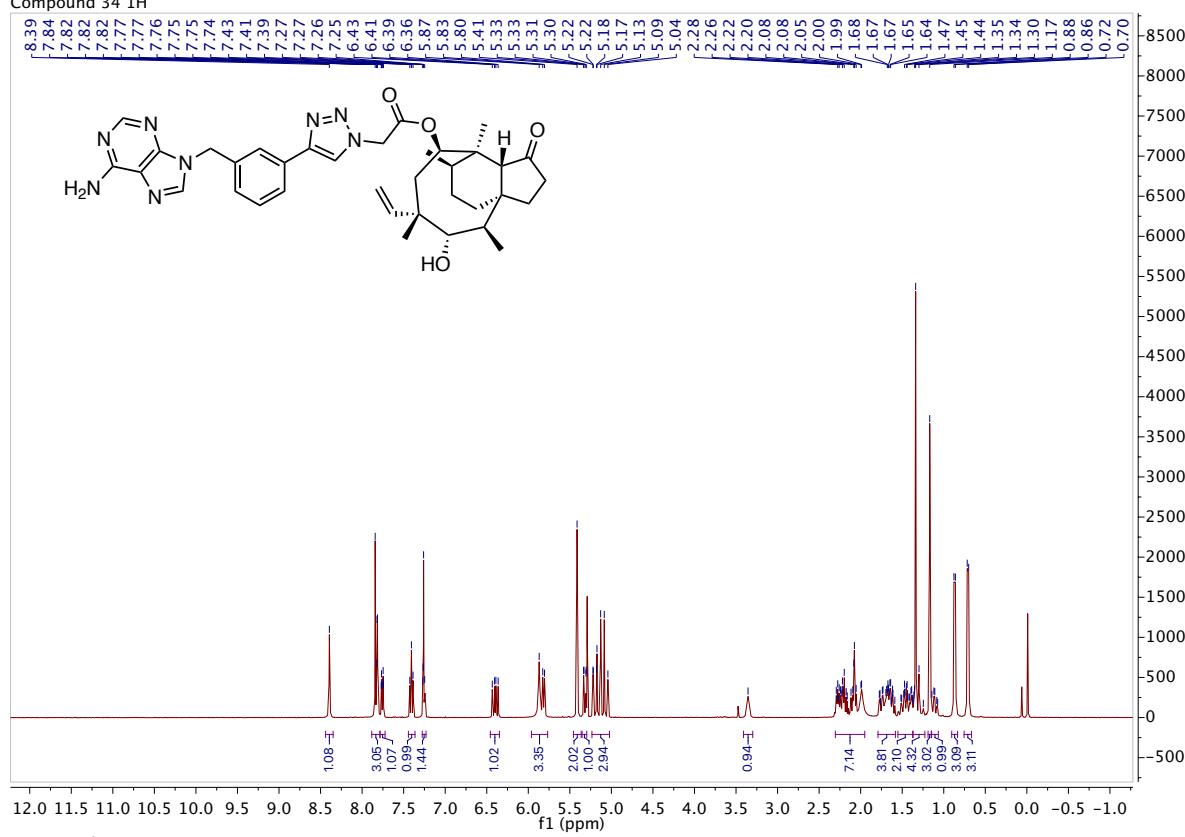


Compound 33 13C

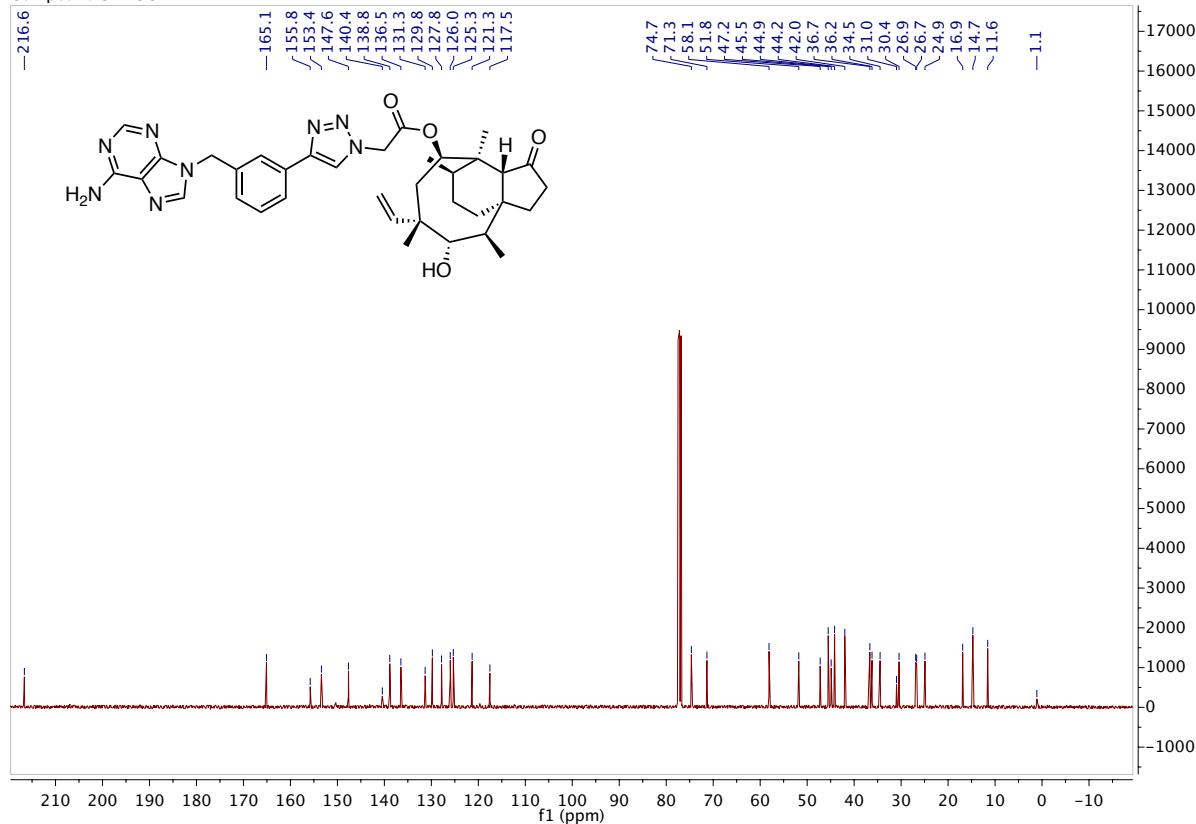


Compound 34

Compound 34 1H

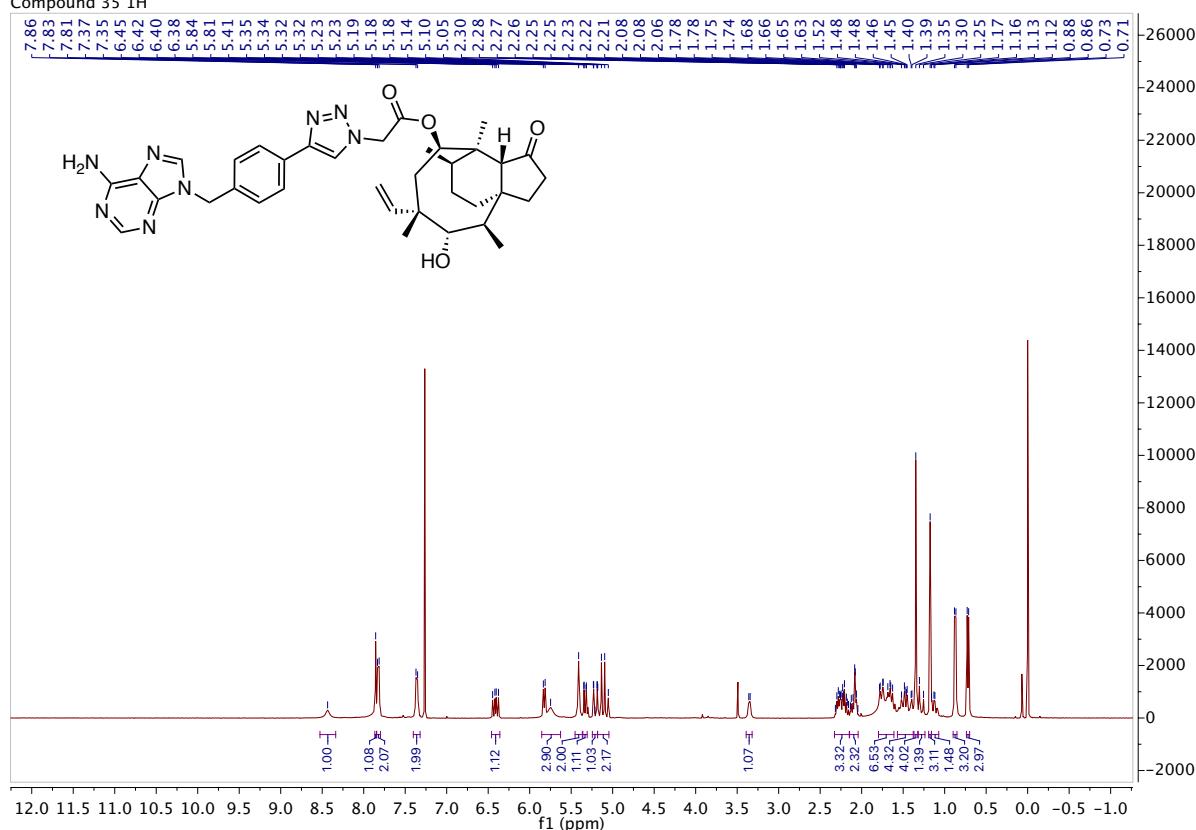


Compound 34 13C

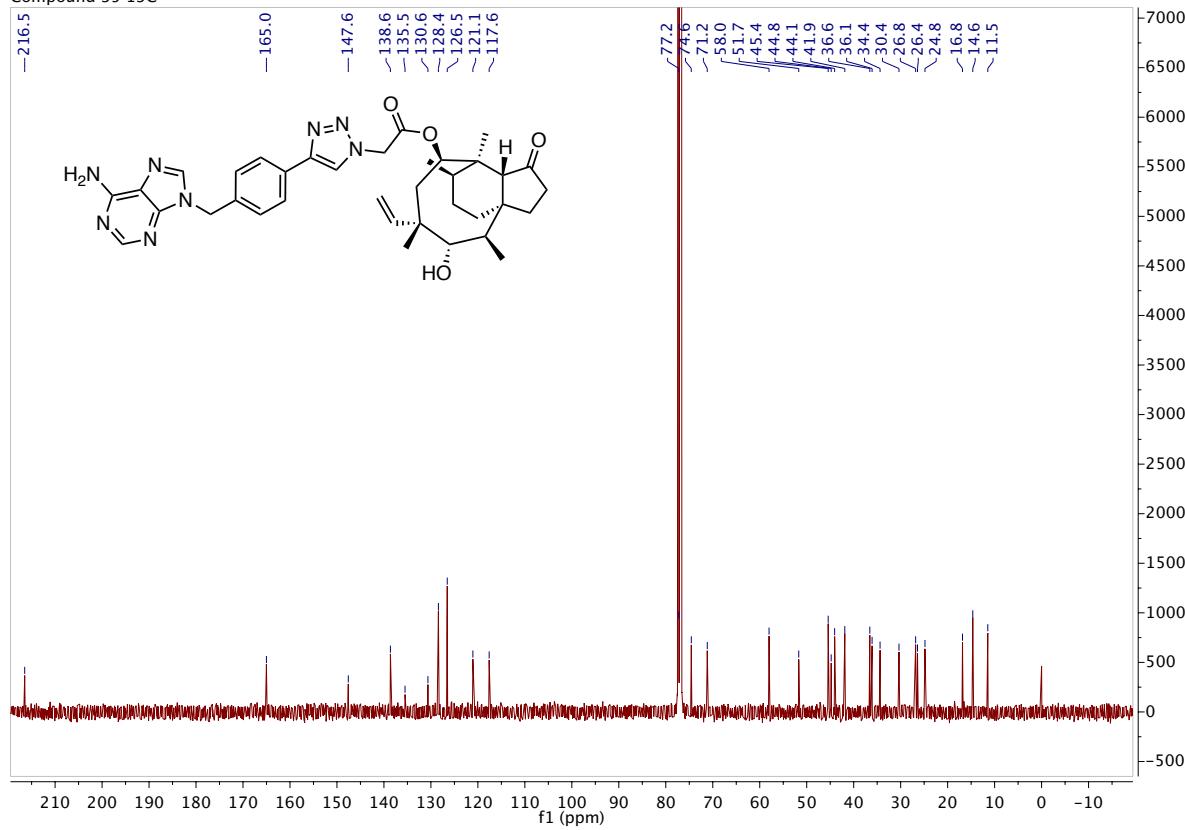


Compound 35

Compound 35 1H

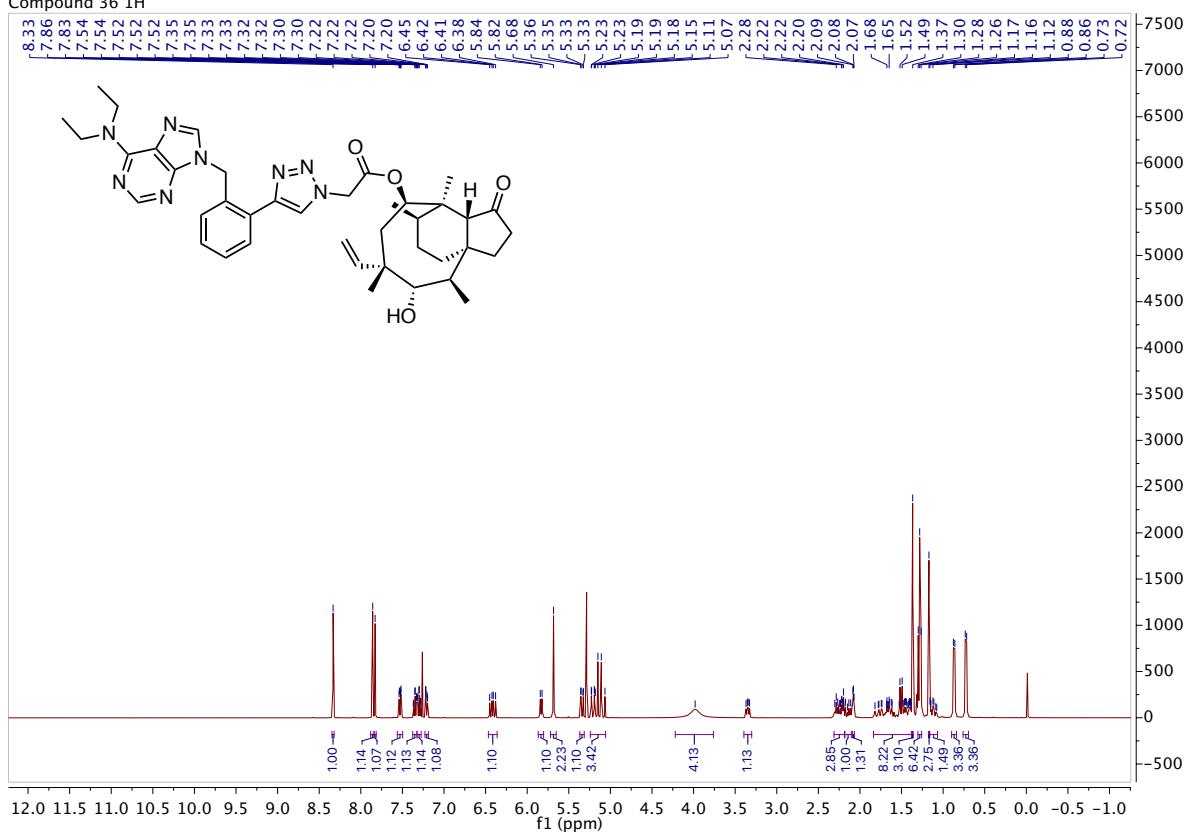


Compound 35 13C

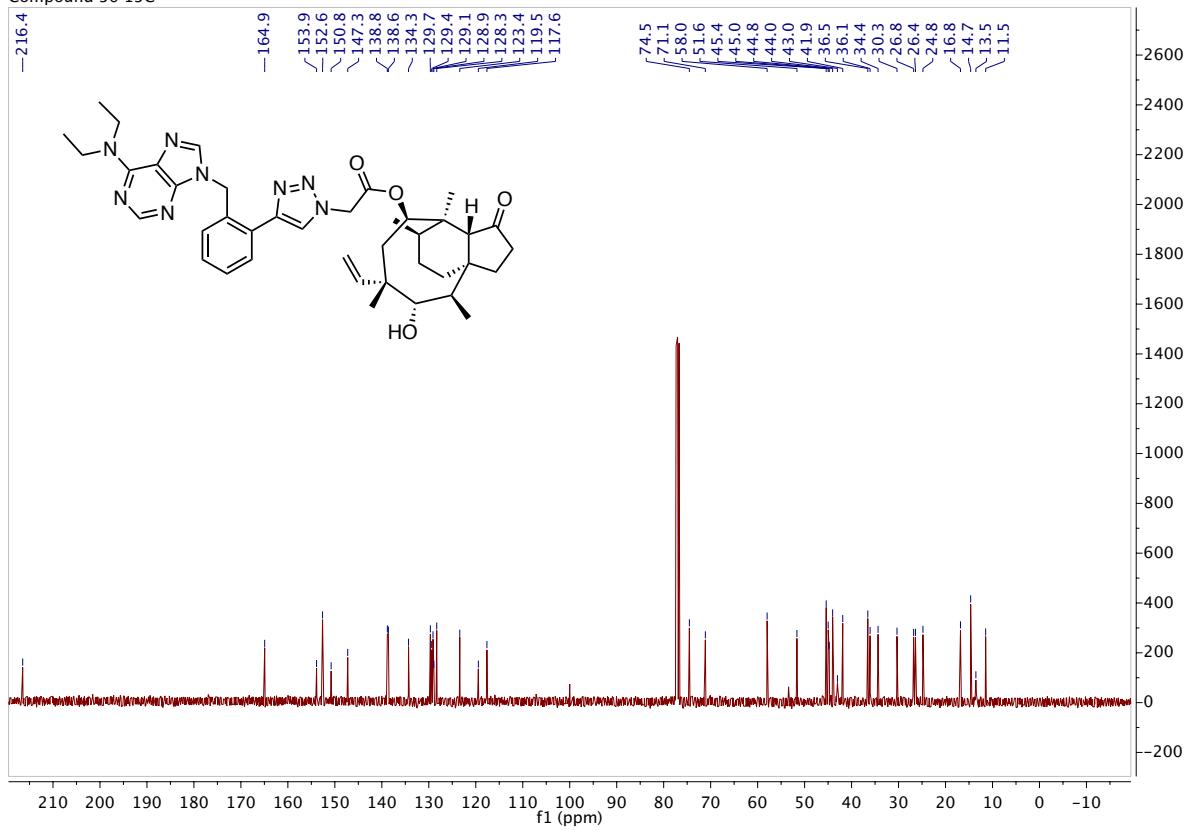


Compound 36

Compound 36 1H

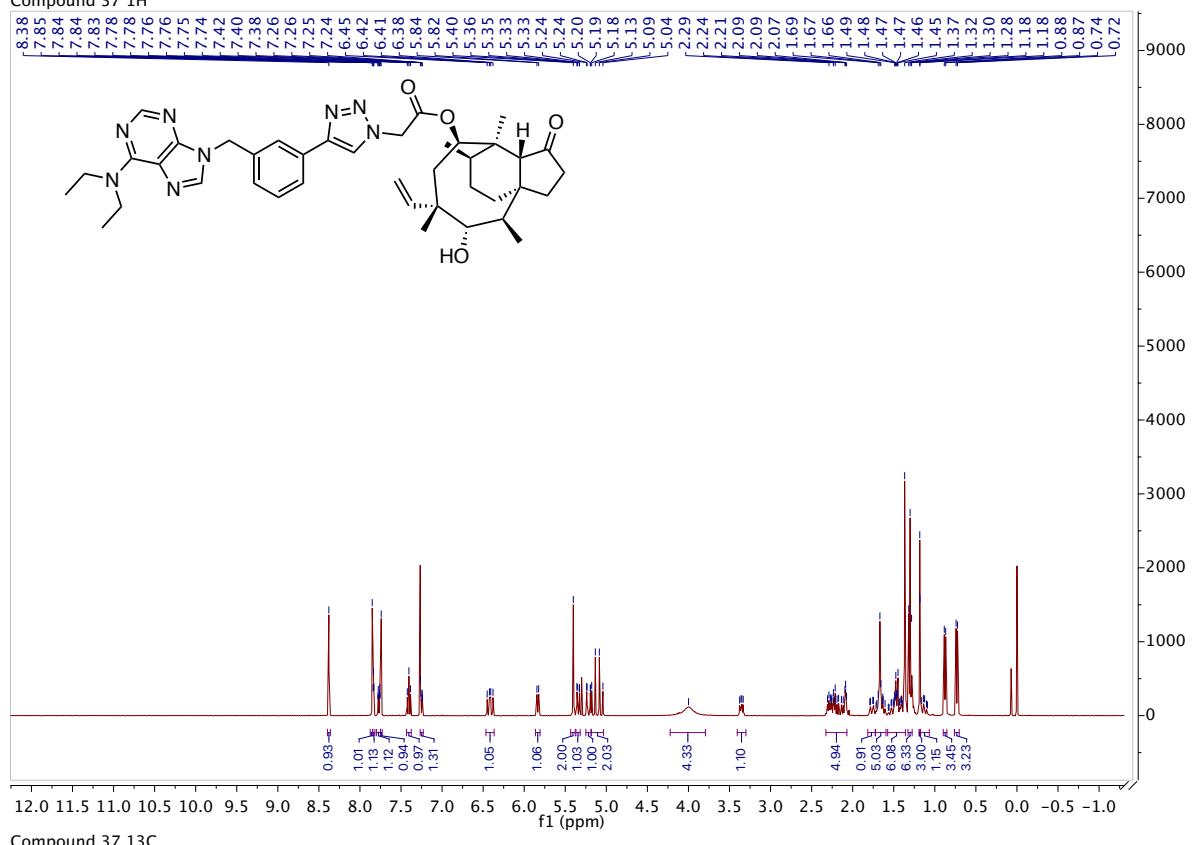


Compound 36 13C

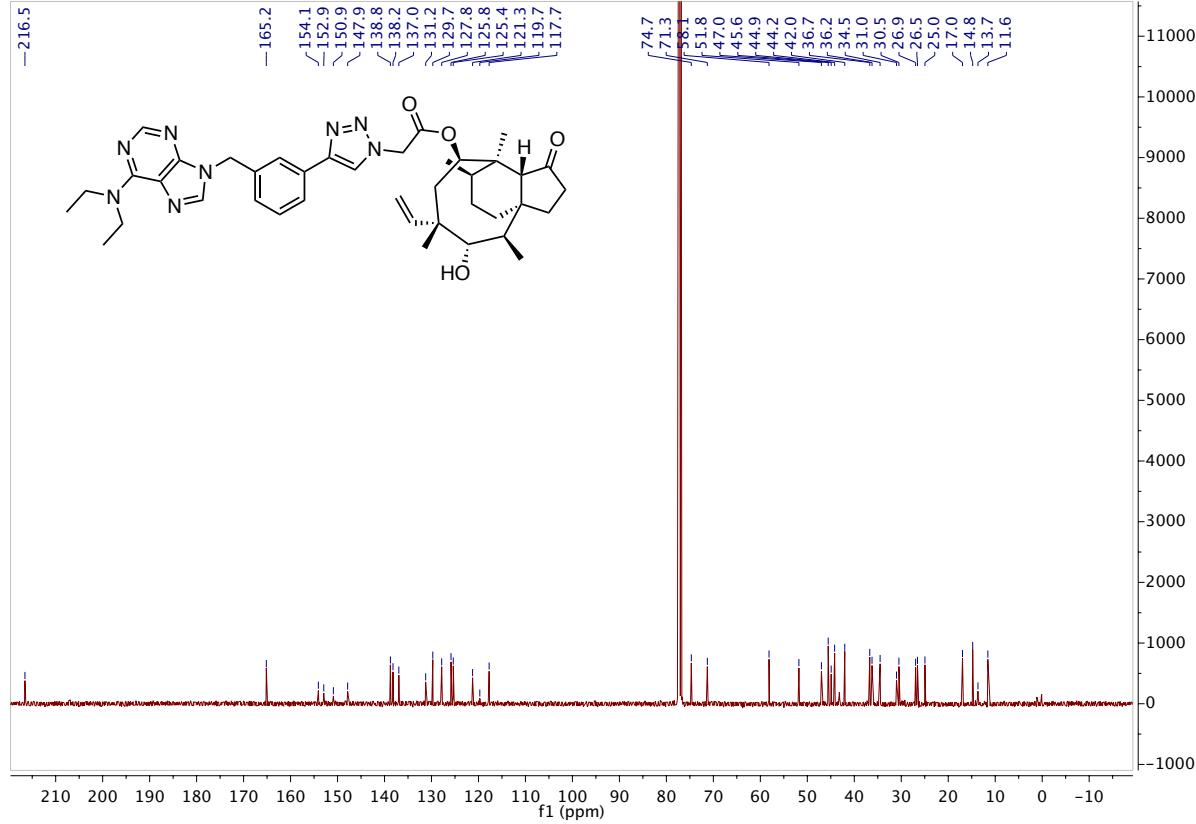


Compound 37

Compound 37 1H

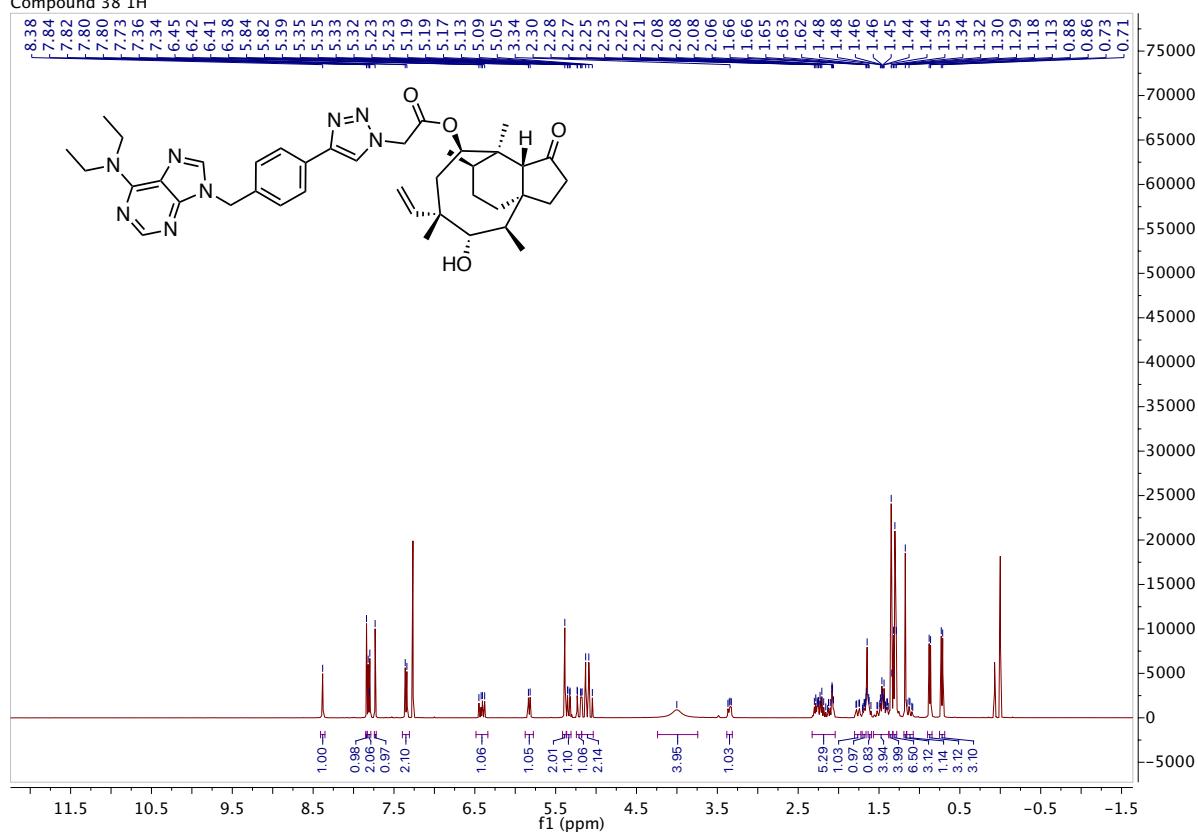


Compound 37 13C

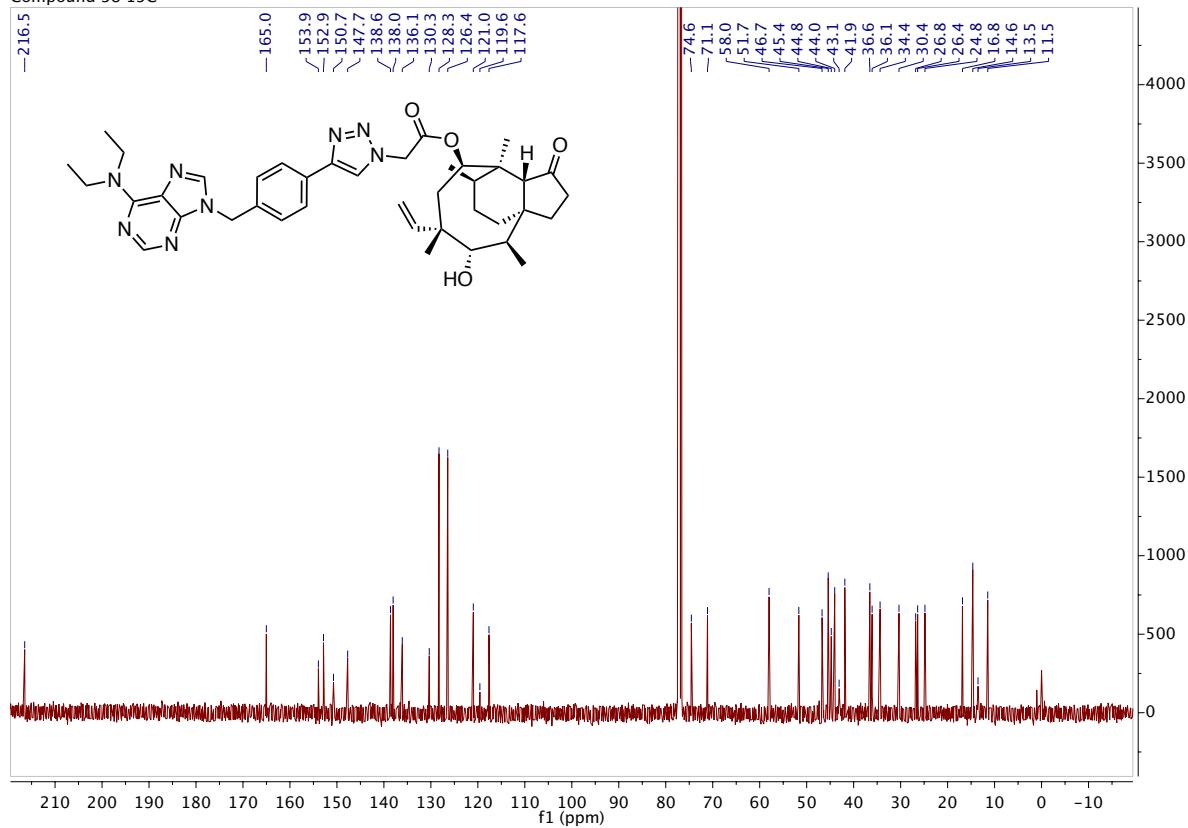


Compound 38

Compound 38 1H

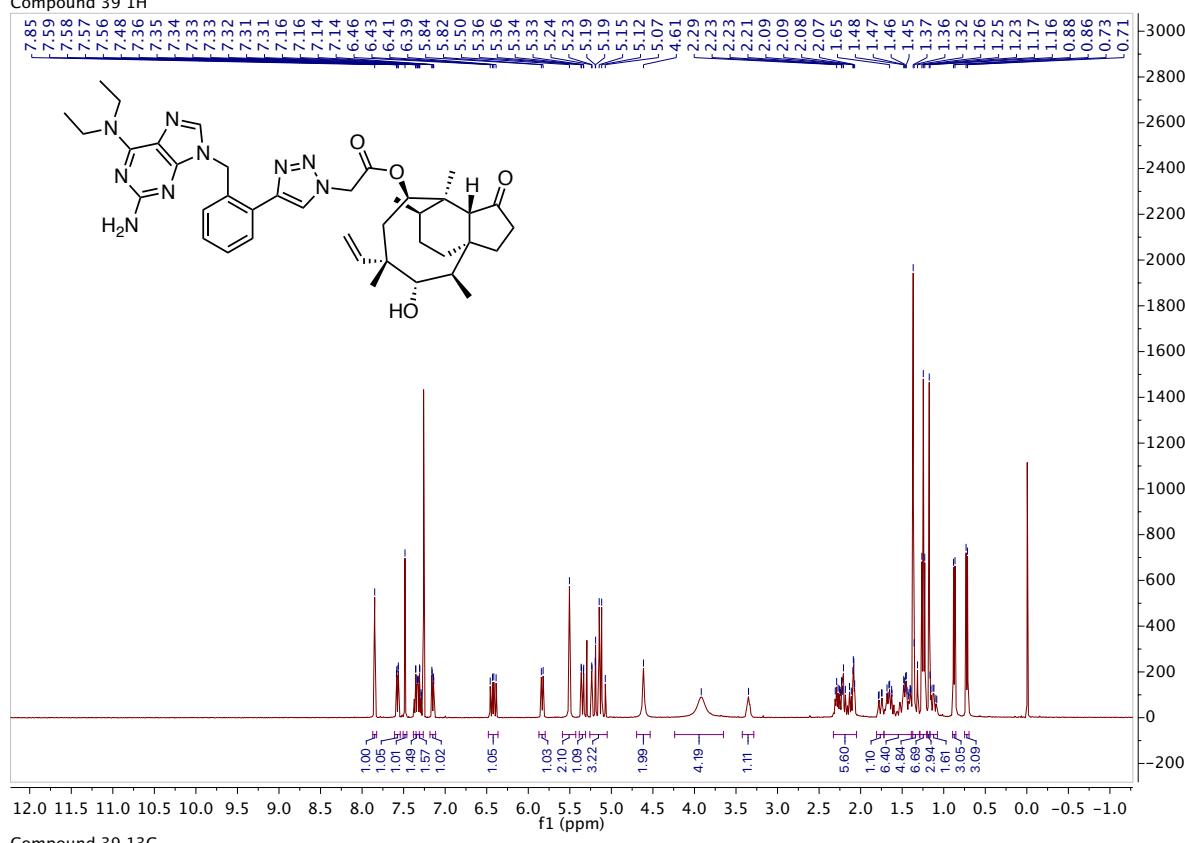


Compound 38 13C

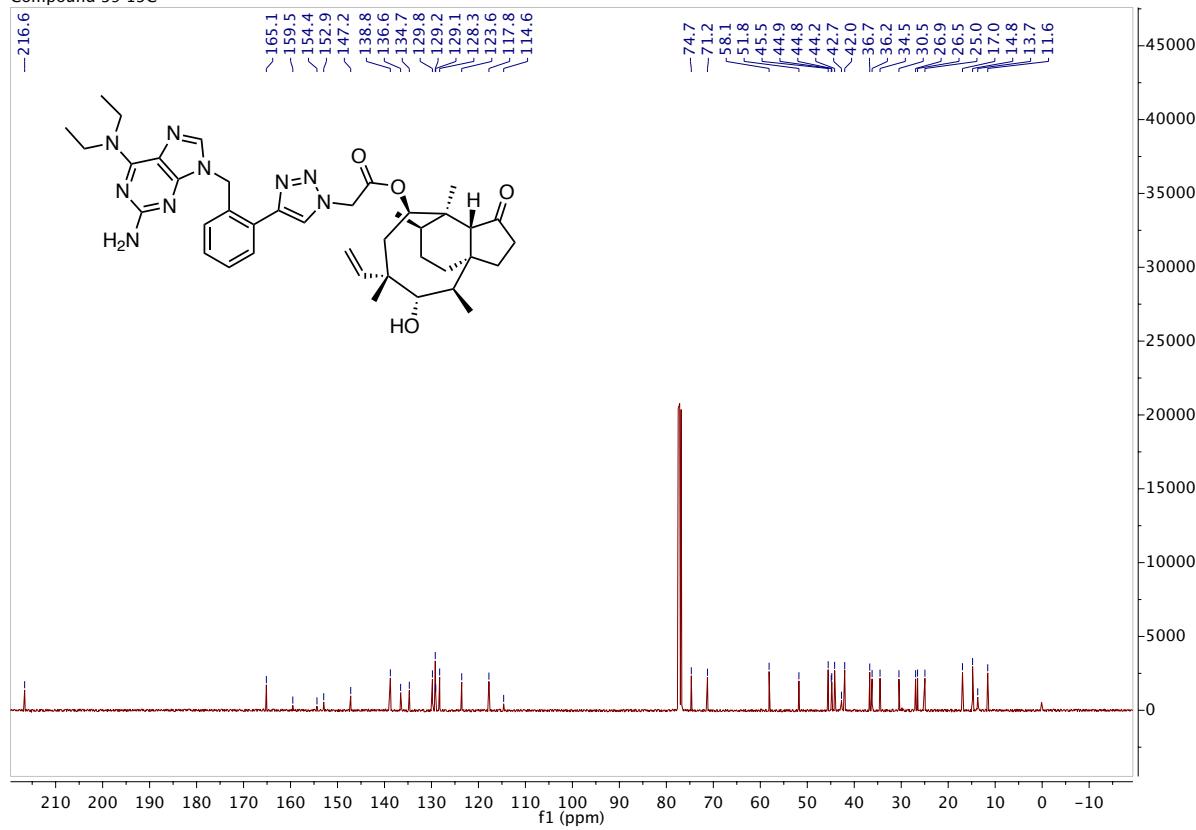


Compound 39

Compound 39 1H

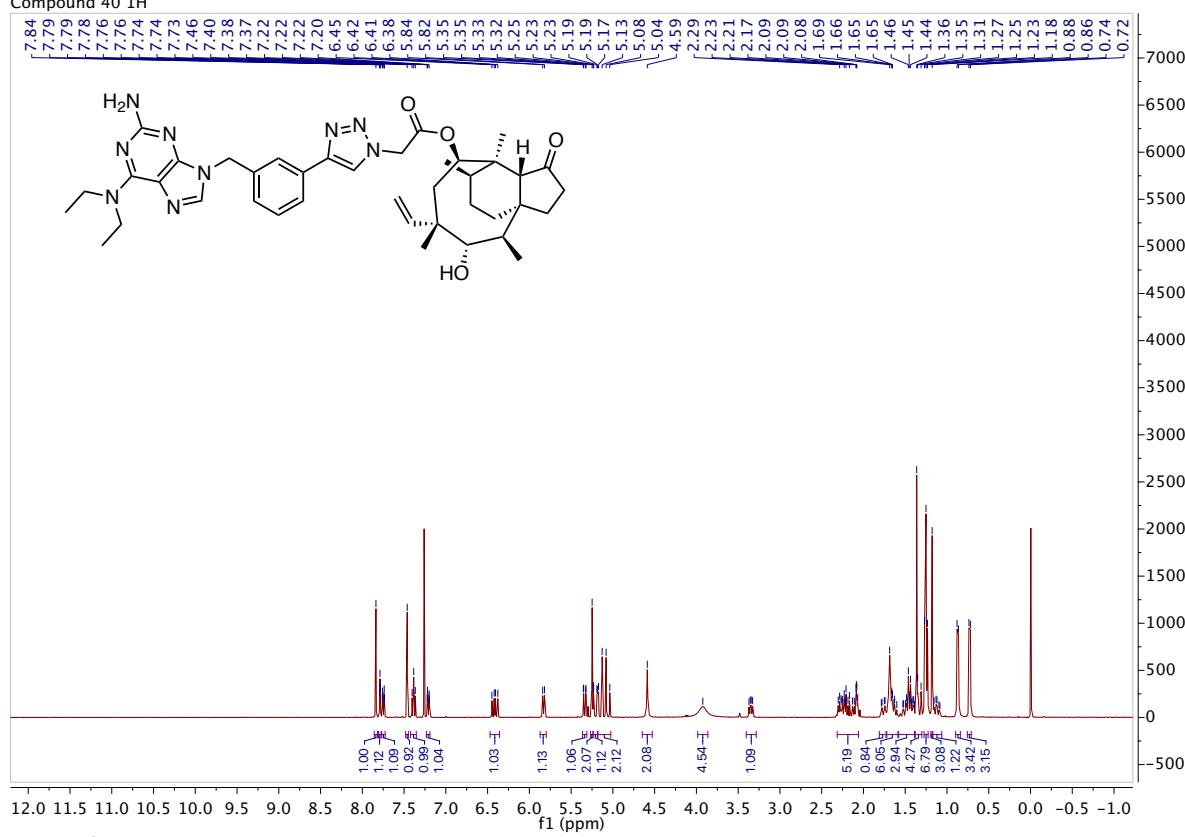


Compound 39 13C

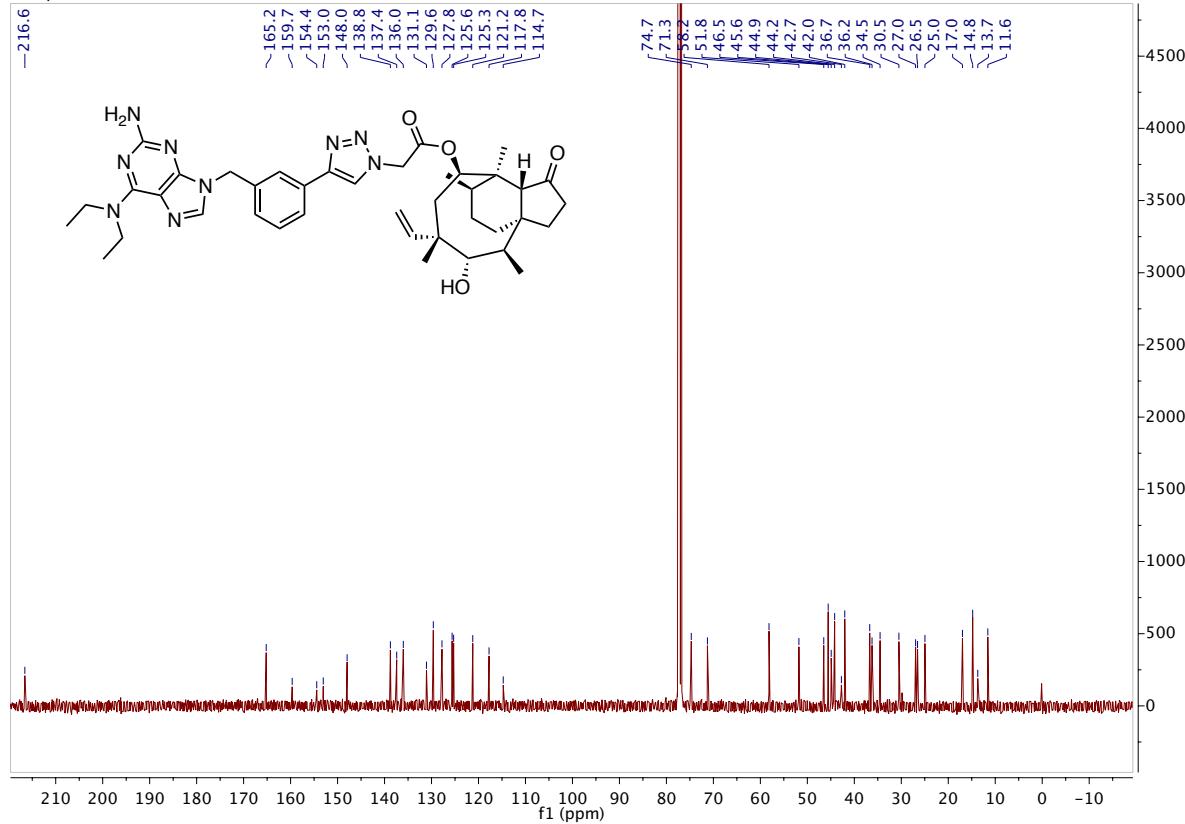


Compound 40

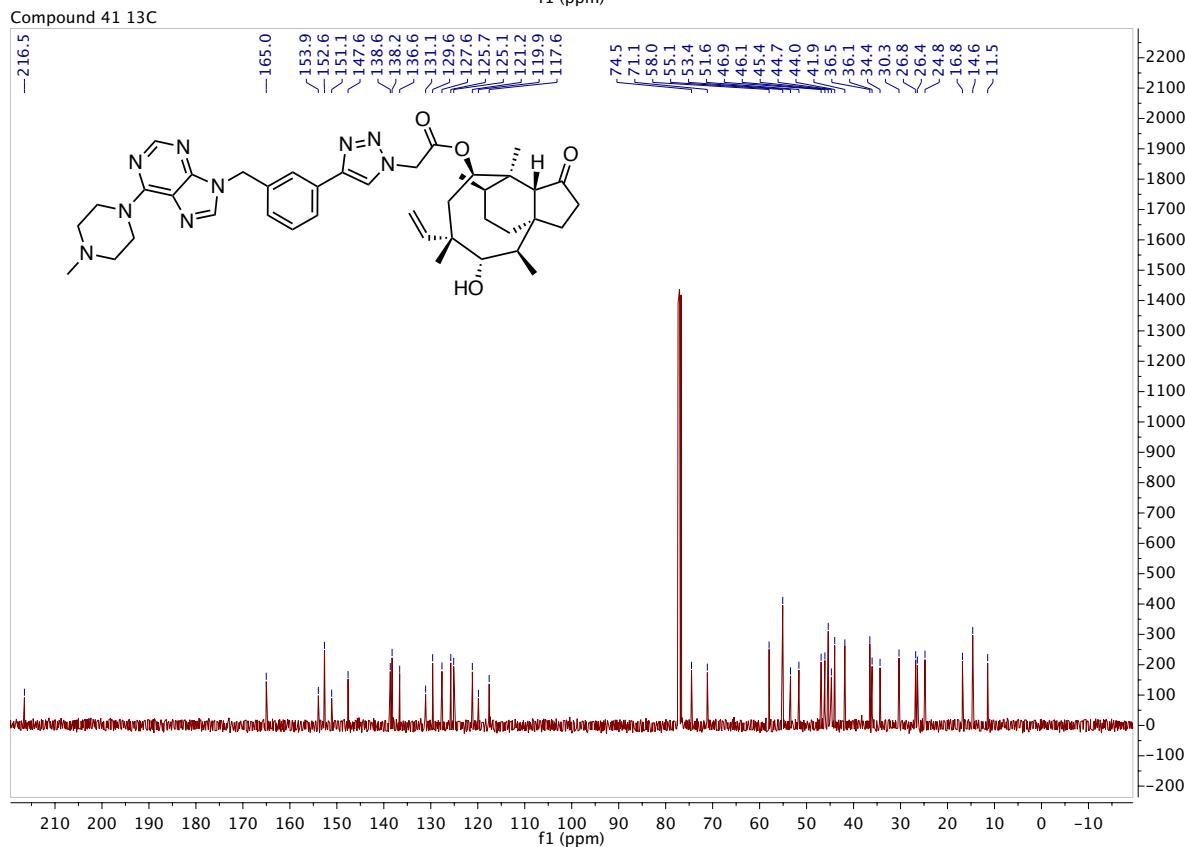
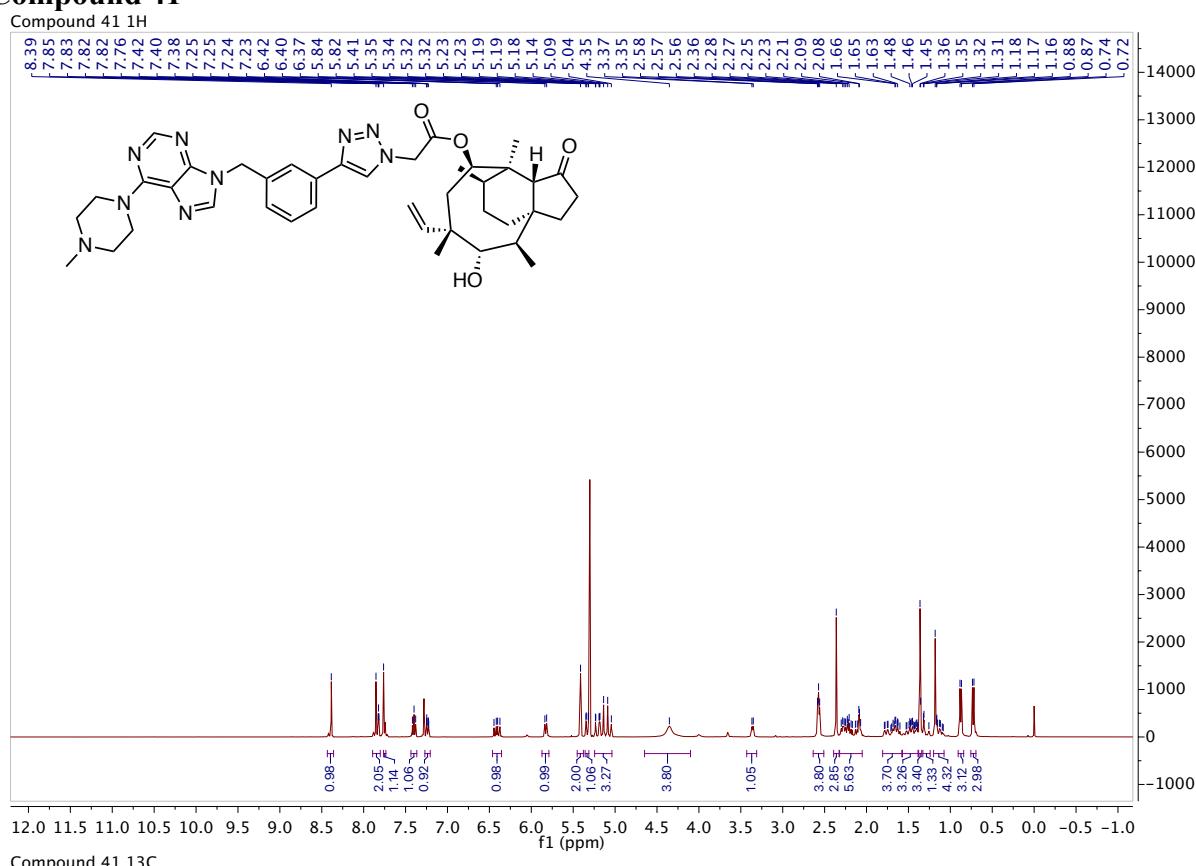
Compound 40 1H



Compound 40 13C

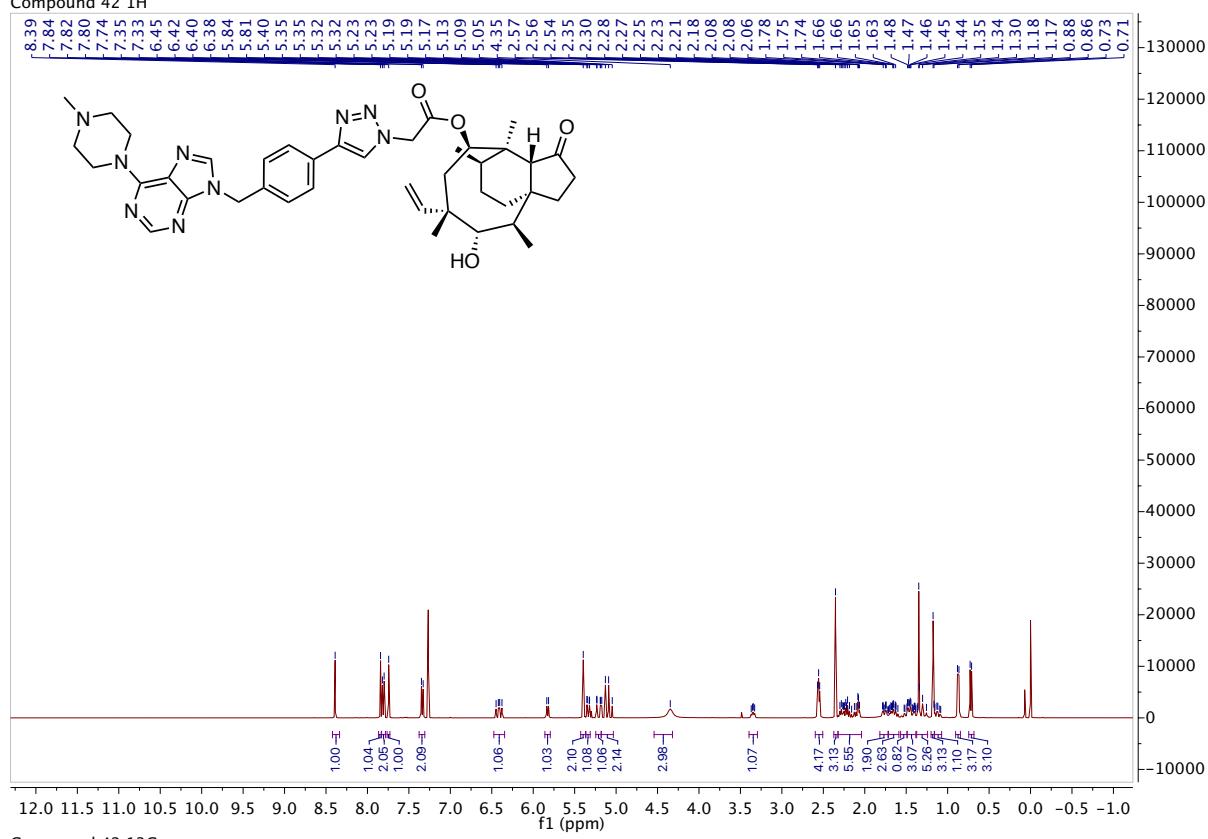


Compound 41

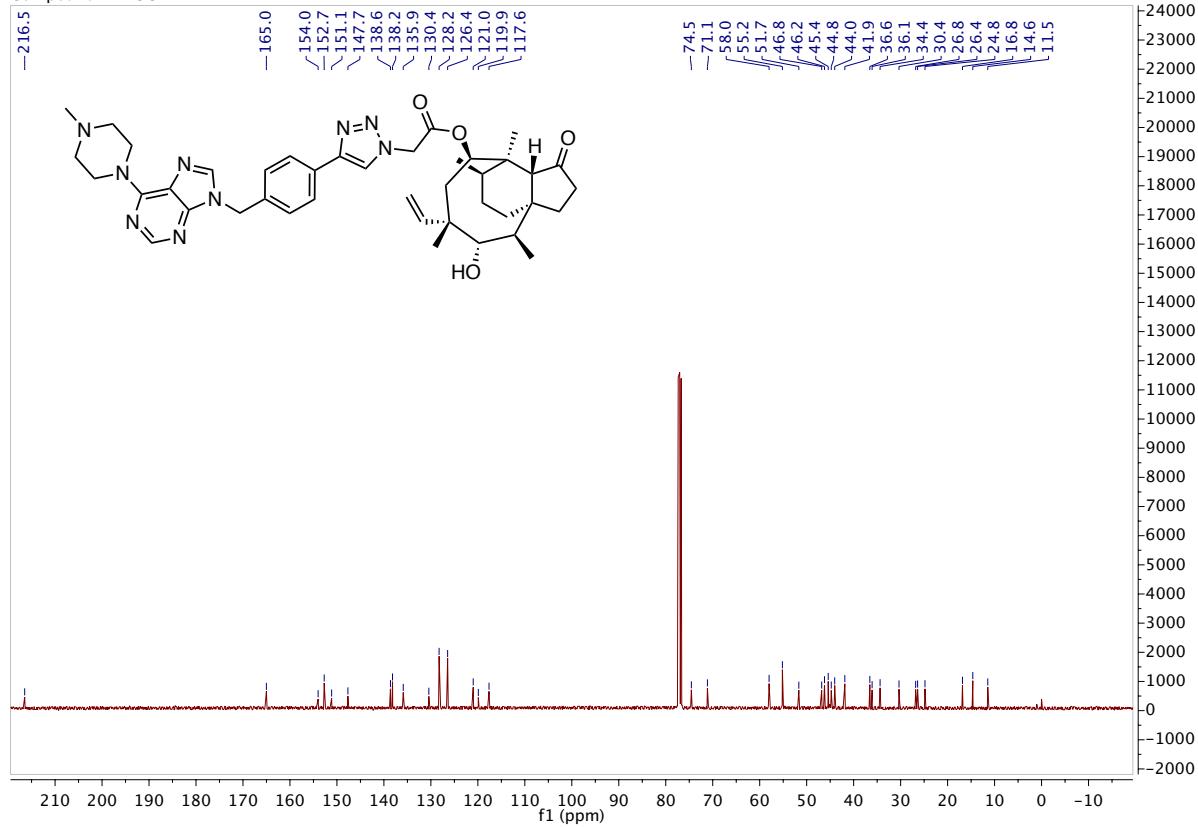


Compound 42

Compound 42 1H

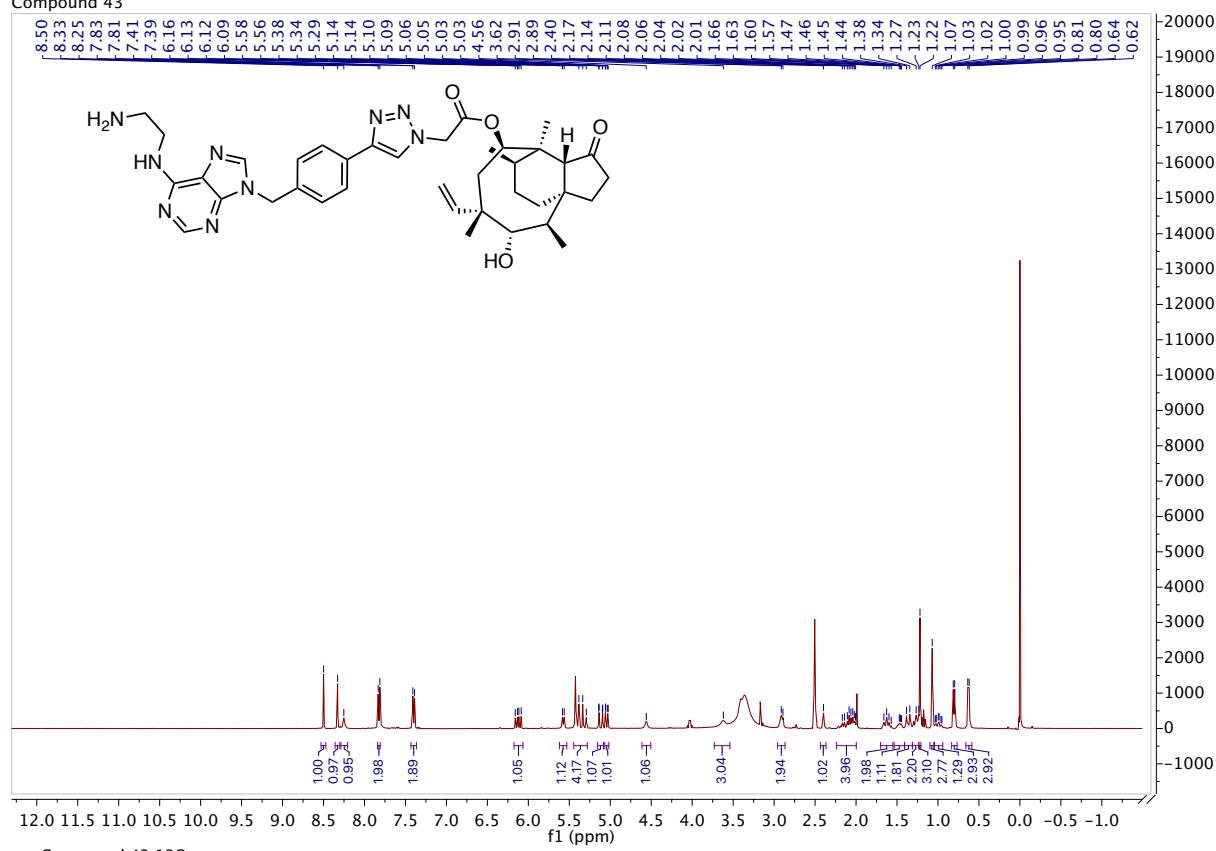


Compound 42 13C

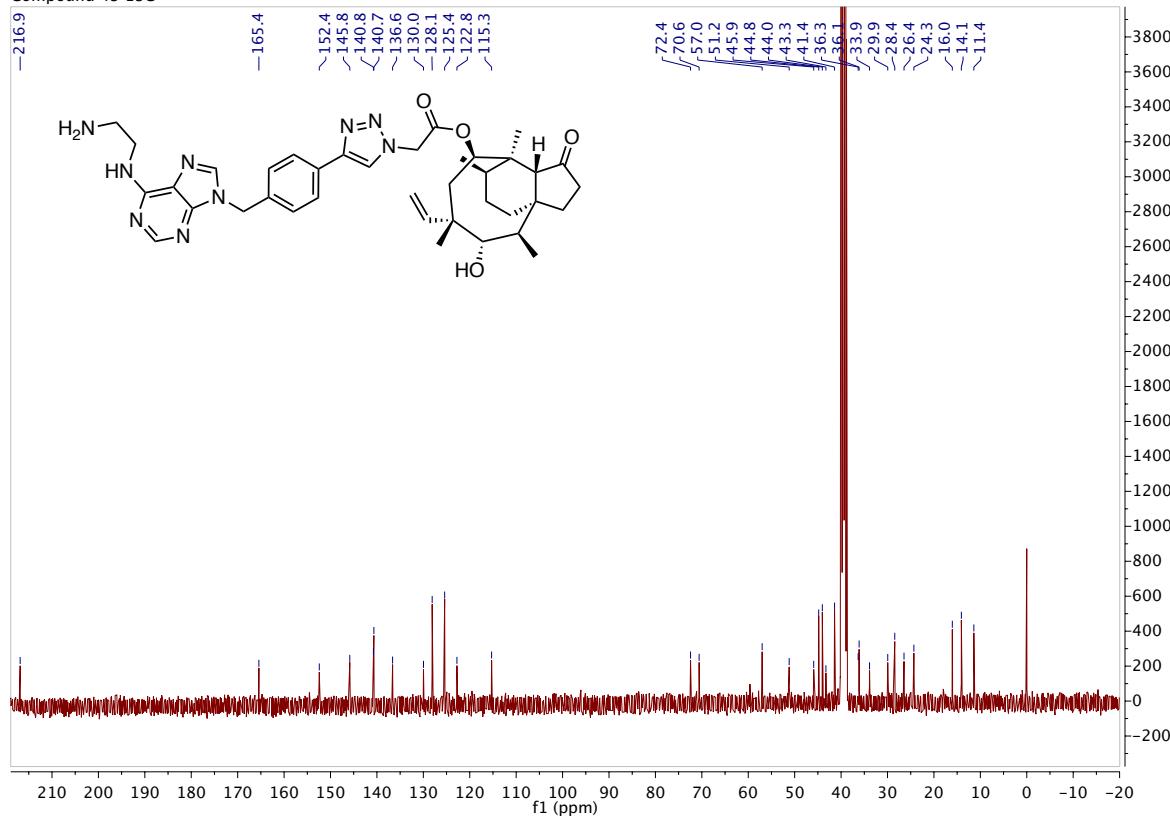


Compound 43

Compound 43

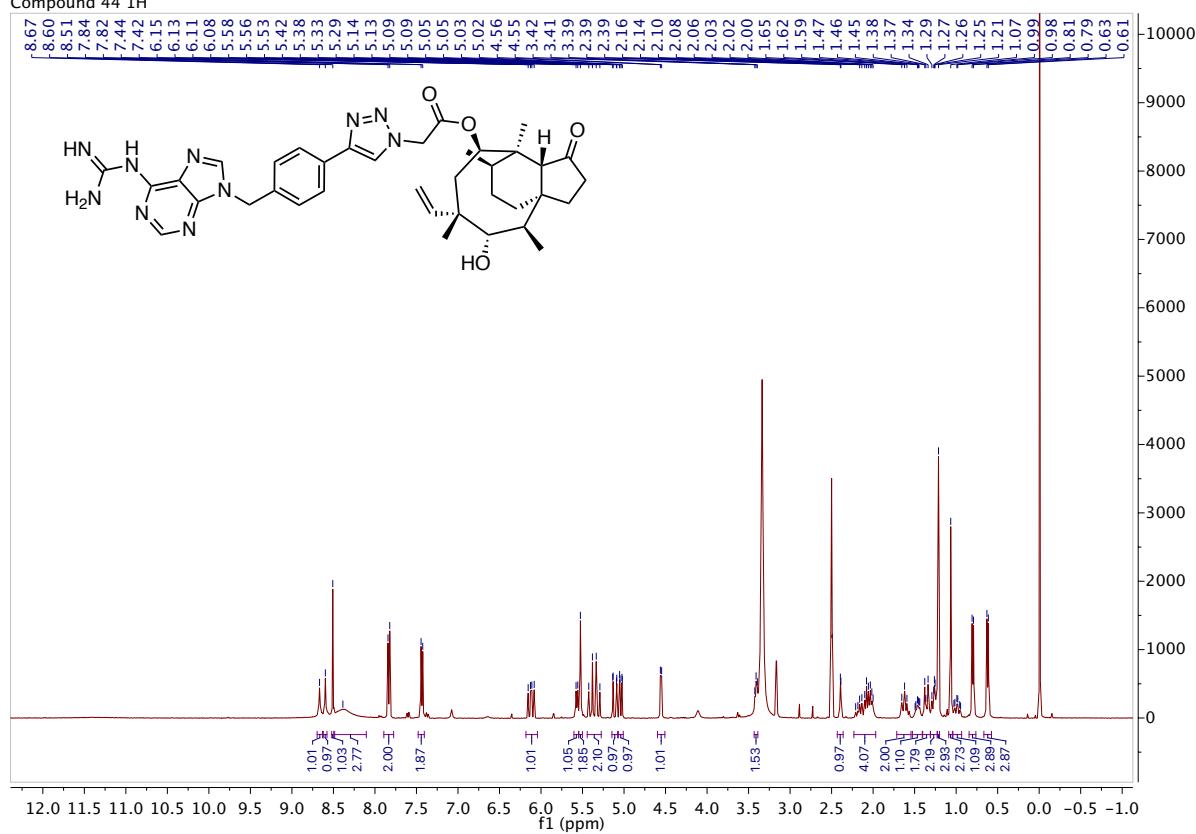


Compound 43 13C

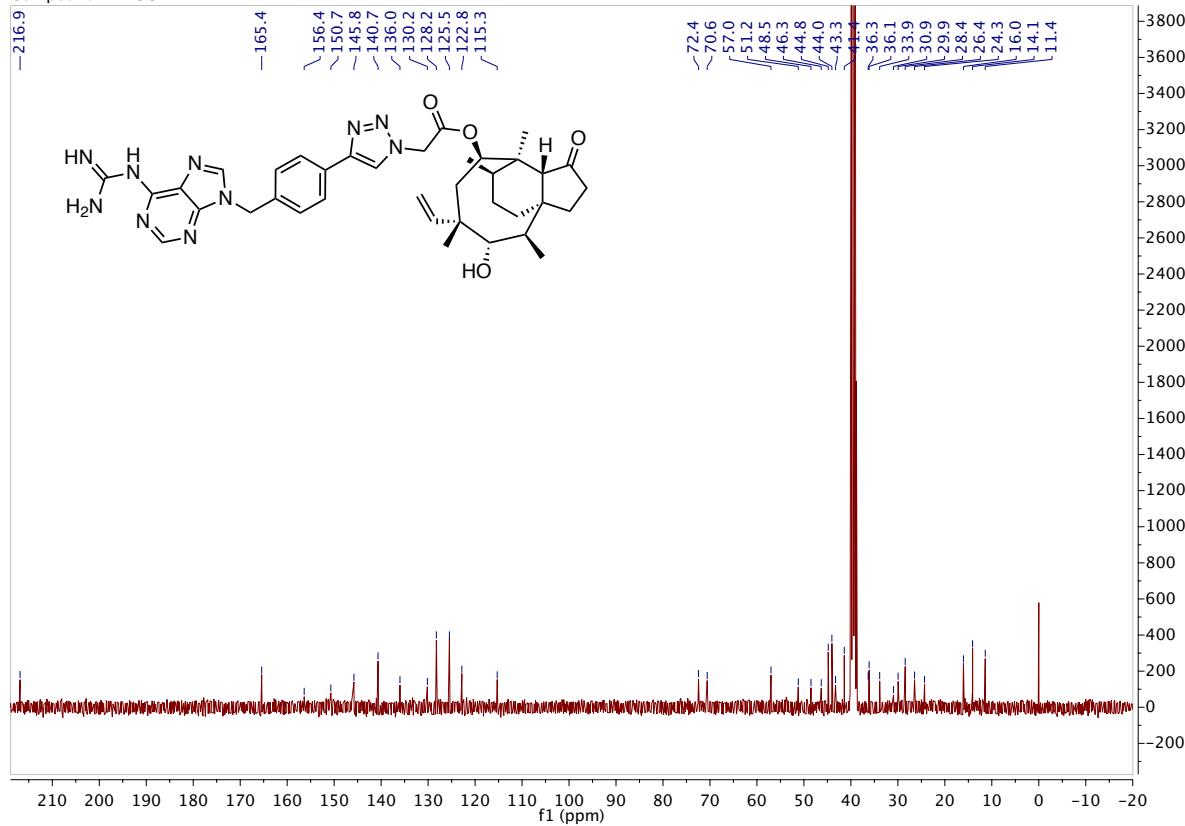


Compound 44

Compound 44 1H

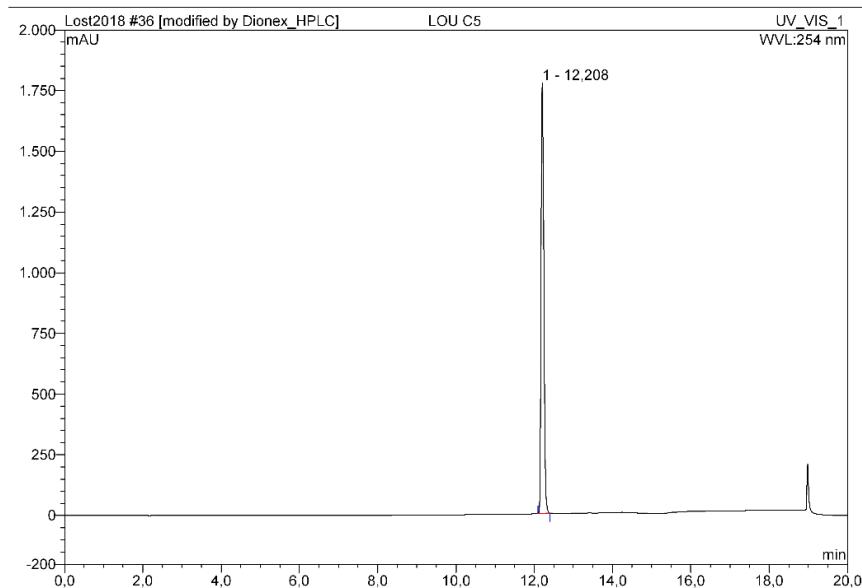


Compound 44 13C

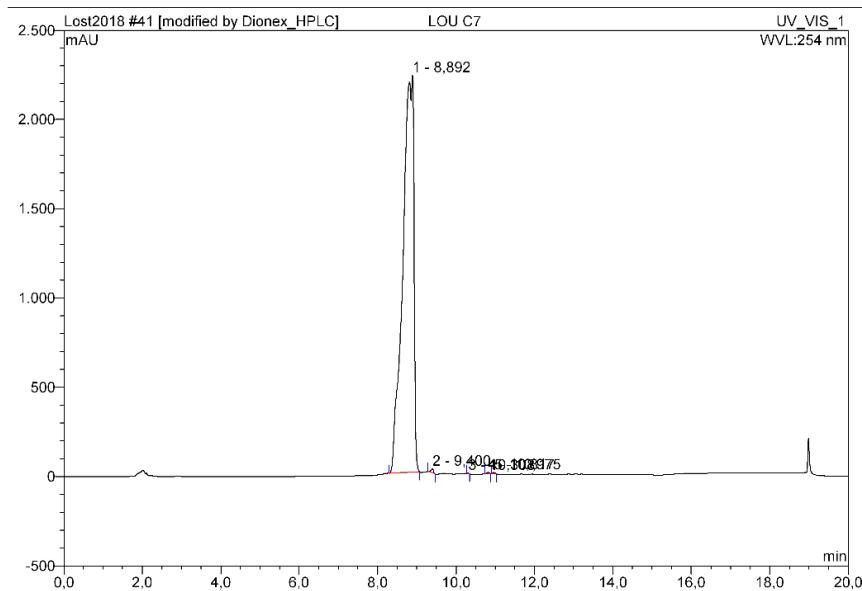


HPLC chromatograms for compound 10–44

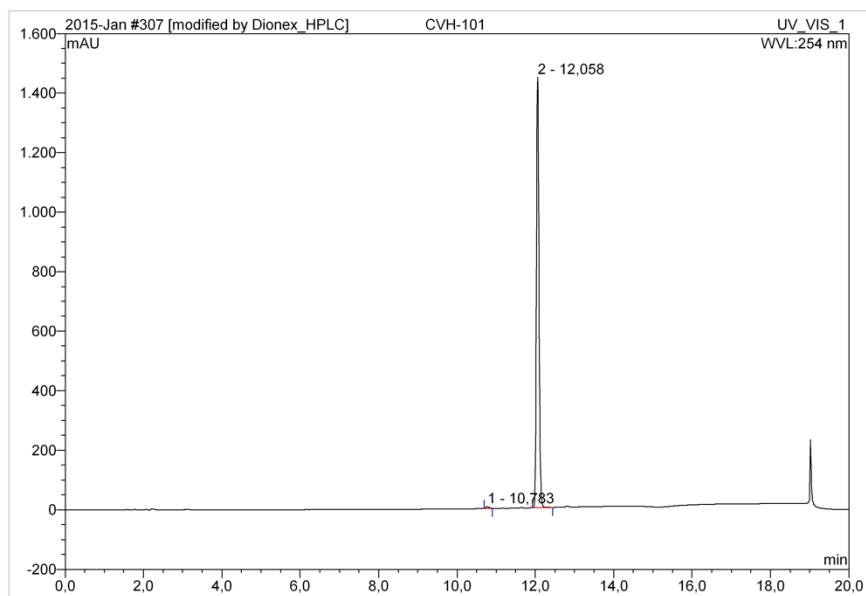
Compound 10



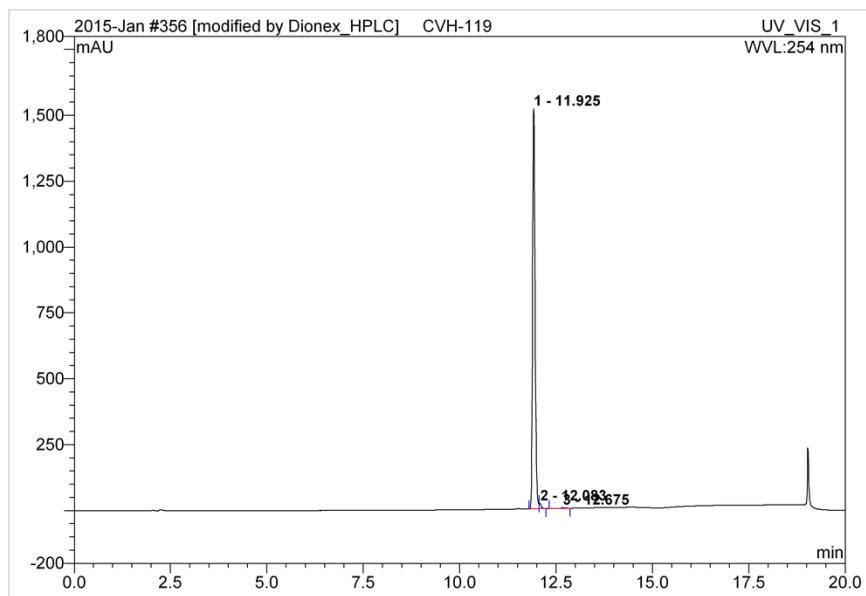
Compound 11



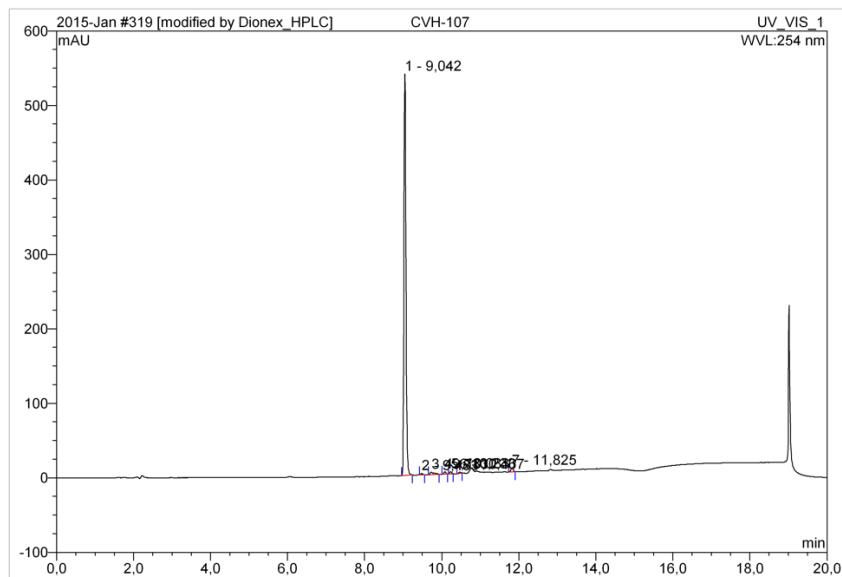
Compound 12



Compound 13

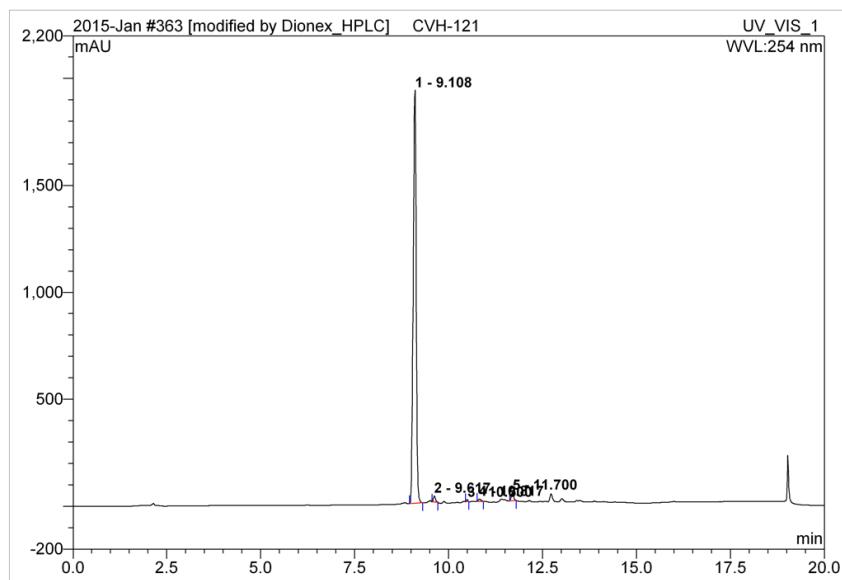


Compound 14



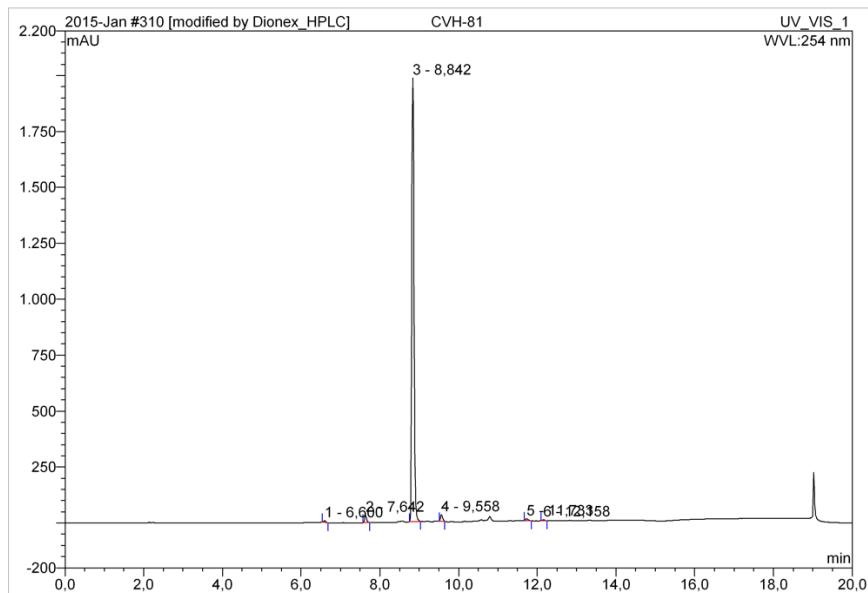
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	9,04	n.a.	539,096	31,143	95,72	n.a.	BMB*
2	9,48	n.a.	1,761	0,106	0,32	n.a.	BMB*
3	9,73	n.a.	3,295	0,444	1,36	n.a.	BMB*
4	10,08	n.a.	3,131	0,210	0,65	n.a.	BMB*
5	10,23	n.a.	2,958	0,184	0,56	n.a.	BMB*
6	10,47	n.a.	1,773	0,100	0,31	n.a.	BMB*
7	11,83	n.a.	5,227	0,351	1,08	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			557,240	32,537	100,00	0,000	

Compound 15



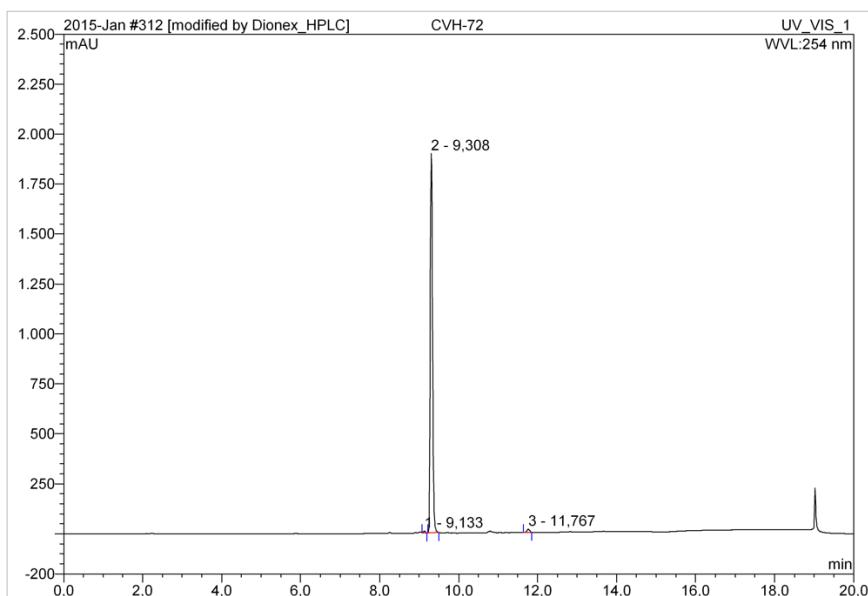
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	9.11	n.a.	1932.634	178.322	96.82	n.a.	BMB*
2	9.62	n.a.	28.845	1.852	1.01	n.a.	BMB*
3	10.50	n.a.	8.692	0.429	0.23	n.a.	BMB*
4	10.82	n.a.	10.796	0.868	0.47	n.a.	BMB*
5	11.70	n.a.	37.929	2.709	1.47	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2018.896	184.180	100.00	0.000	

Compound 16



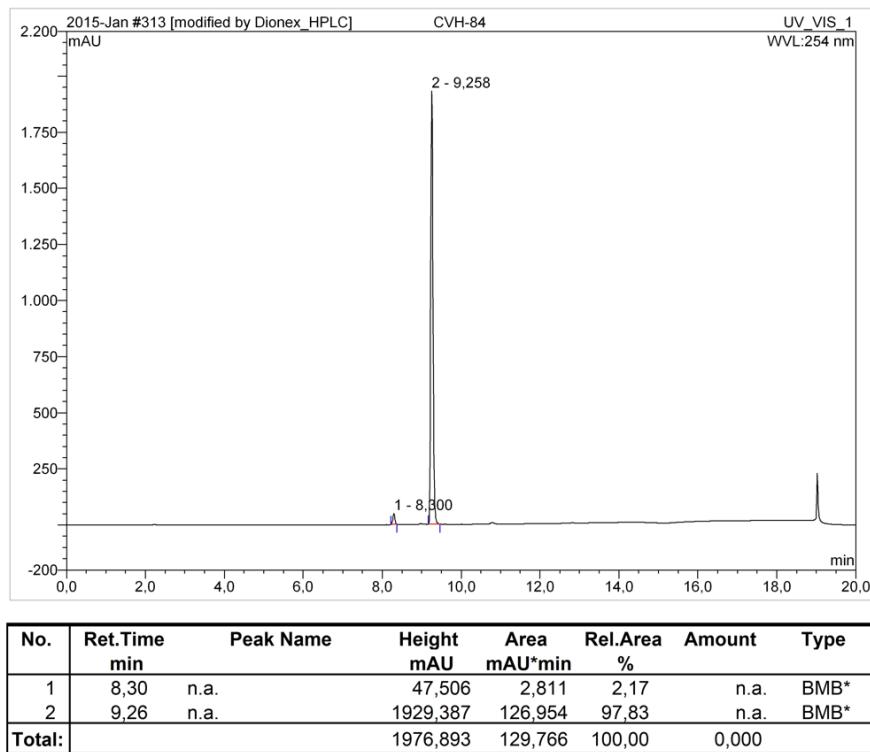
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	6,60	n.a.	7,476	0,445	0,32	n.a.	BMB*
2	7,64	n.a.	32,905	1,852	1,34	n.a.	BMB*
3	8,84	n.a.	1984,027	133,507	96,29	n.a.	BMB*
4	9,56	n.a.	28,811	1,899	1,37	n.a.	BMB*
5	11,73	n.a.	8,426	0,642	0,46	n.a.	BMB*
6	12,16	n.a.	4,124	0,302	0,22	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2065,769	138,647	100,00	0,000	

Compound 17

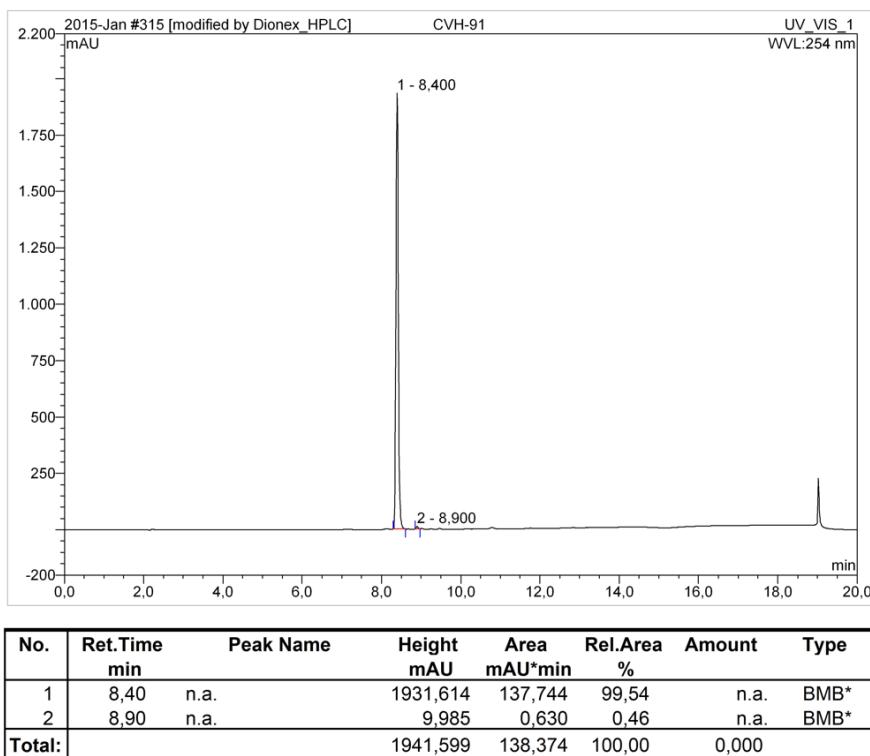


No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	9,13	n.a.	9,557	0,490	0,37	n.a.	BMB*
2	9,31	n.a.	1896,657	130,776	98,71	n.a.	BMB*
3	11,77	n.a.	16,176	1,220	0,92	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			1922,391	132,486	100,00	0,000	

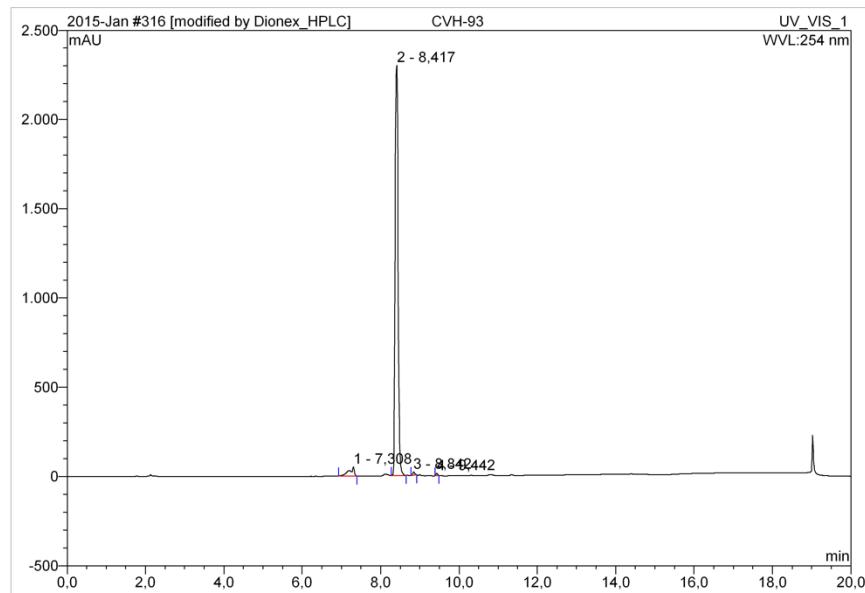
Compound 18



Compound 19

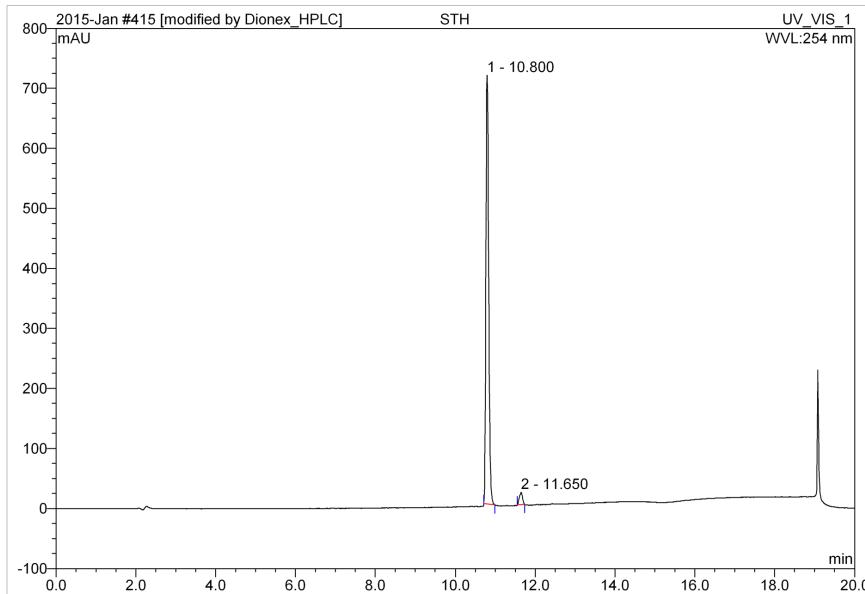


Compound 20



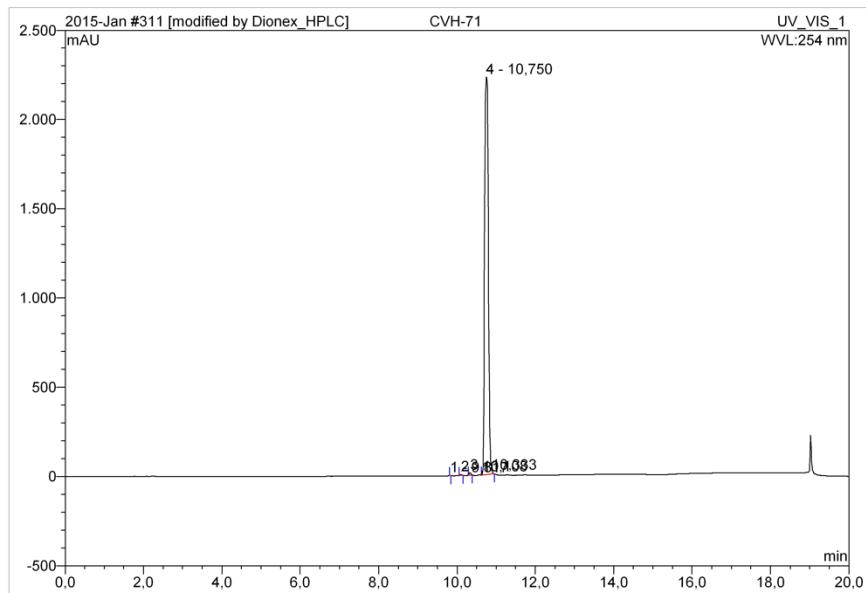
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	7,31	n.a.	50,835	7,840	3,64	n.a.	BMB*
2	8,42	n.a.	2298,741	206,019	95,59	n.a.	BMB*
3	8,84	n.a.	18,137	1,048	0,49	n.a.	BMB*
4	9,44	n.a.	12,346	0,618	0,29	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2380,059	215,525	100,00	0,000	

Compound 21



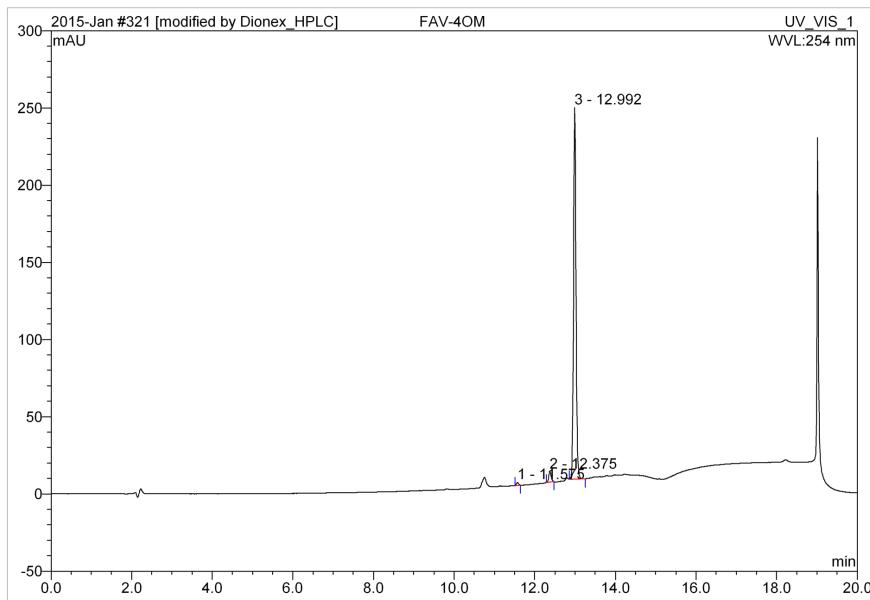
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	10.80	n.a.	714.459	55.586	96.72	n.a.	BMB*
2	11.65	n.a.	20.116	1.887	3.28	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			734.576	57.473	100.00	0.000	

Compound 22



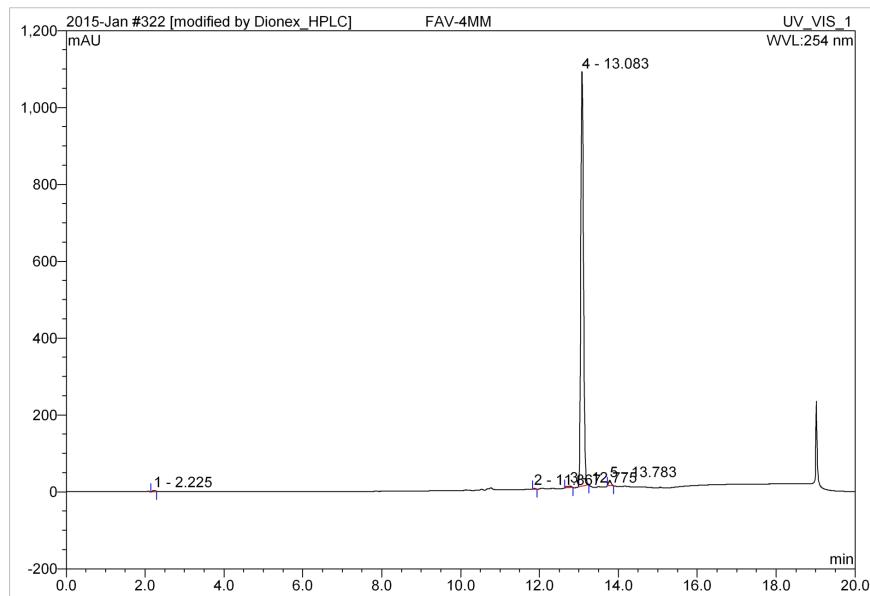
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	9,82	n.a.	0,143	0,003	0,00	n.a.	BMB*
2	10,11	n.a.	5,509	0,303	0,12	n.a.	BMB*
3	10,33	n.a.	12,477	0,718	0,30	n.a.	BMB*
4	10,75	n.a.	2226,612	241,763	99,58	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2244,739	242,787	100,00	0,000	

Compound 23

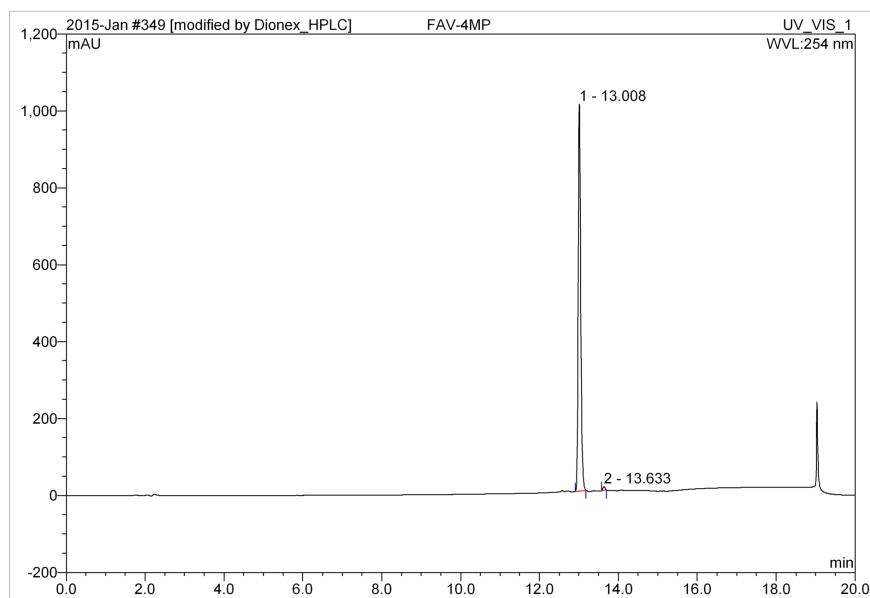


No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	11.58	n.a.	1.825	0.110	0.62	n.a.	BMB*
2	12.38	n.a.	6.603	0.488	2.72	n.a.	BMB*
3	12.99	n.a.	240.526	17.346	96.67	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			248.955	17.945	100.00	0.000	

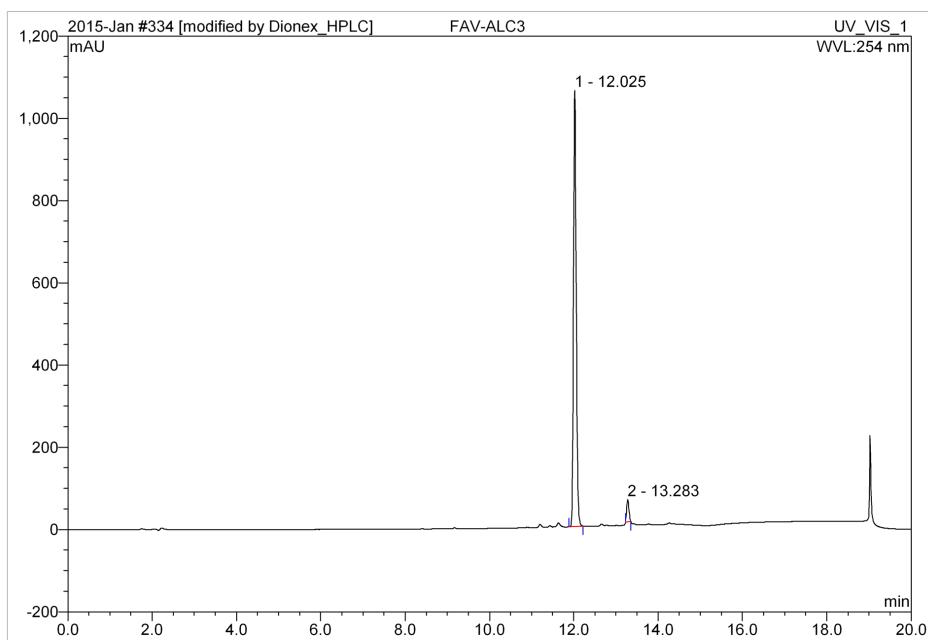
Compound 24



Compound 25

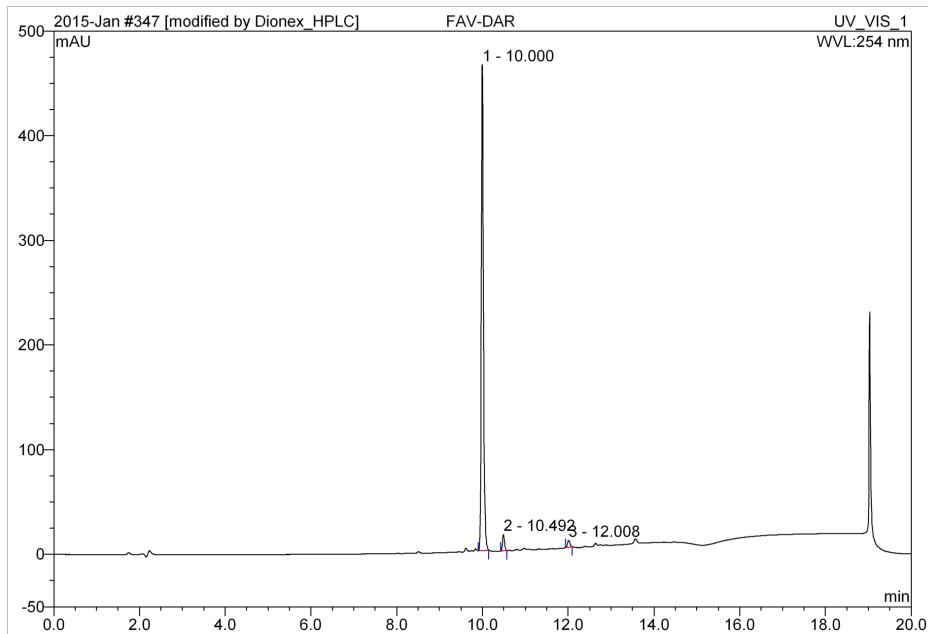


Compound 26



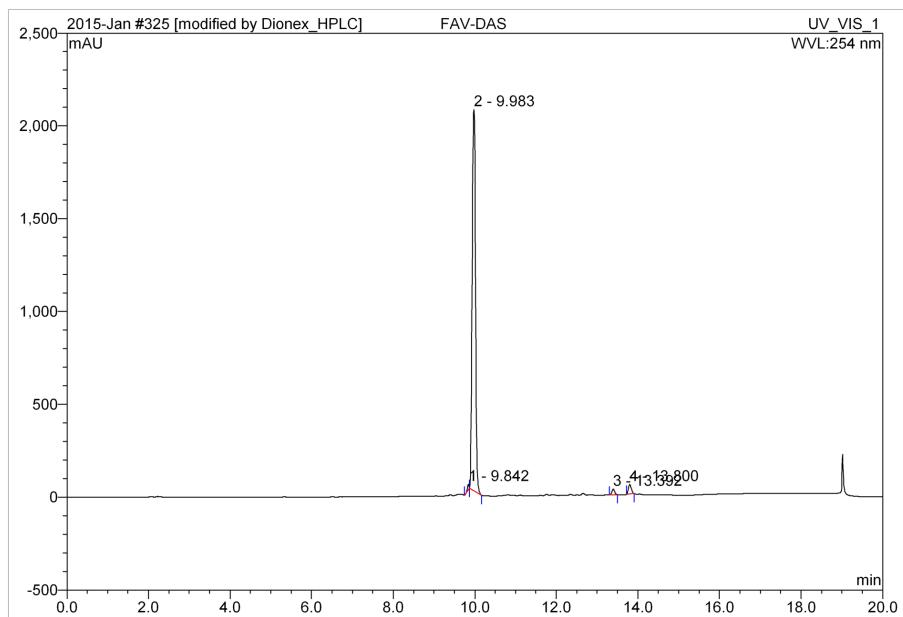
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	12.03	n.a.	1061.127	78.425	95.77	n.a.	BMB*
2	13.28	n.a.	54.571	3.467	4.23	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			1115.698	81.892	100.00	0.000	

Compound 27



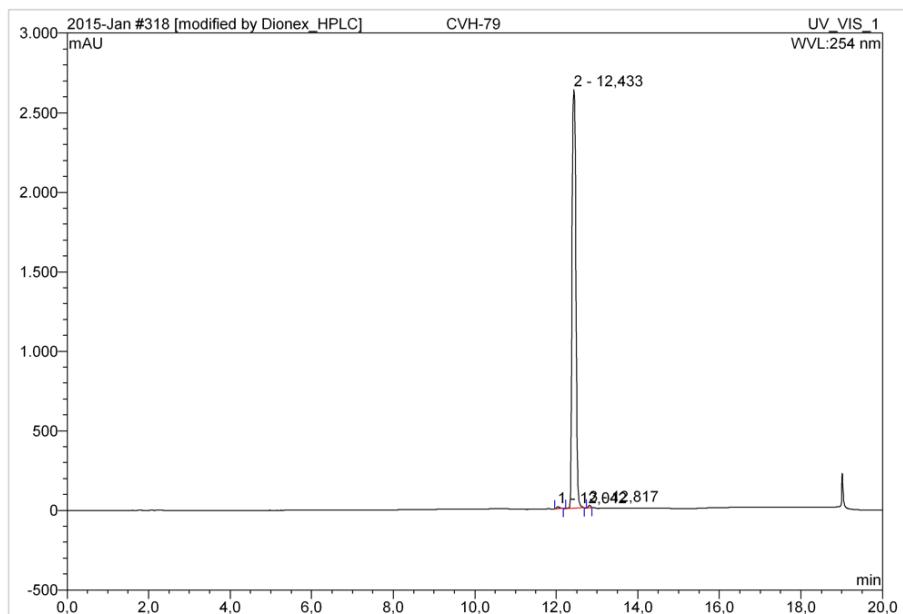
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	10.00	n.a.	464.235	27.972	95.60	n.a.	BMB*
2	10.49	n.a.	15.446	0.847	2.90	n.a.	BMB*
3	12.01	n.a.	6.548	0.441	1.51	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			486.228	29.260	100.00	0.000	

Compound 28



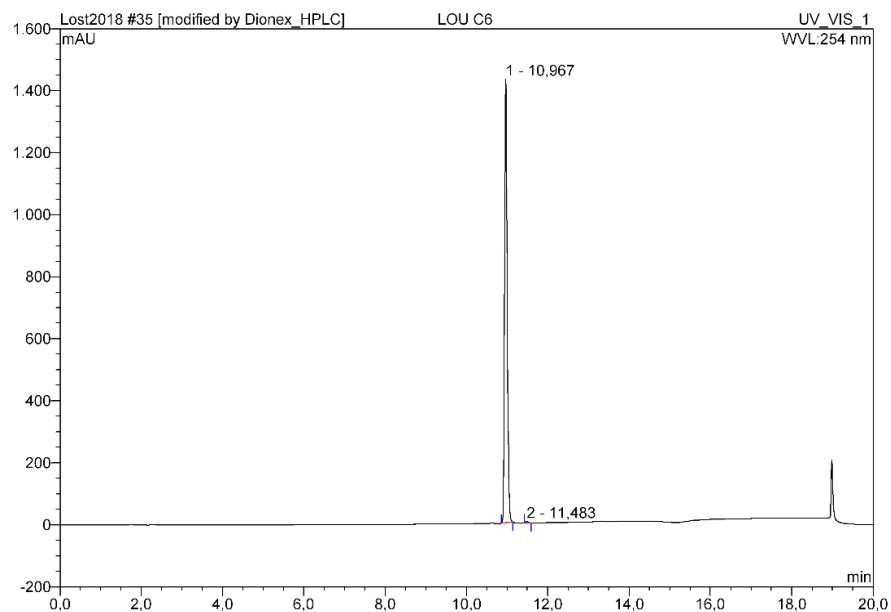
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	9.84	n.a.	31.094	1.358	0.70	n.a.	BMB*
2	9.98	n.a.	2054.921	187.358	95.91	n.a.	bMB*
3	13.39	n.a.	31.853	2.474	1.27	n.a.	BMB*
4	13.80	n.a.	51.345	4.153	2.13	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2169.213	195.343	100.00	0.000	

Compound 29

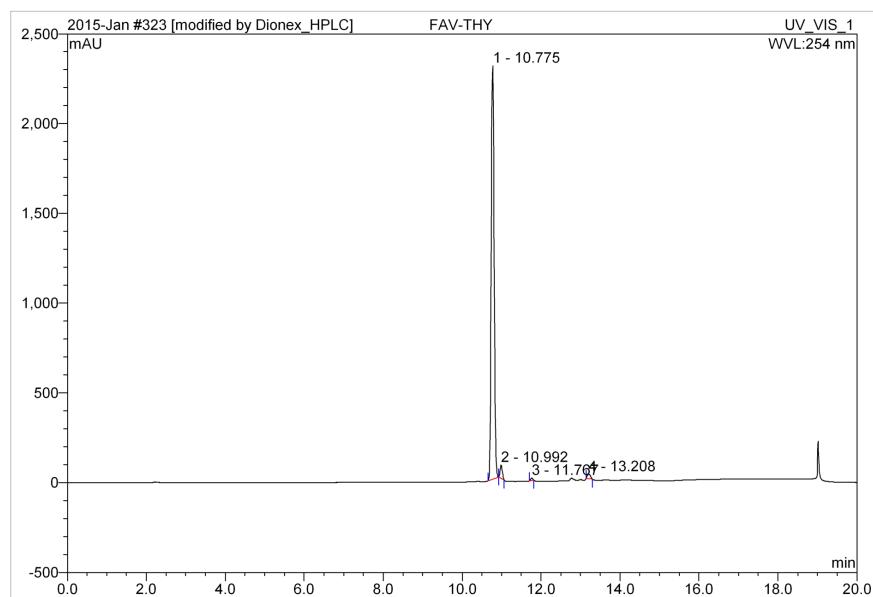


No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	12,04	n.a.	11,761	1,001	0,34	n.a.	BMB*
2	12,43	n.a.	2630,330	292,886	99,30	n.a.	BMB*
3	12,82	n.a.	16,396	1,066	0,36	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2658,486	294,953	100,00	0,000	

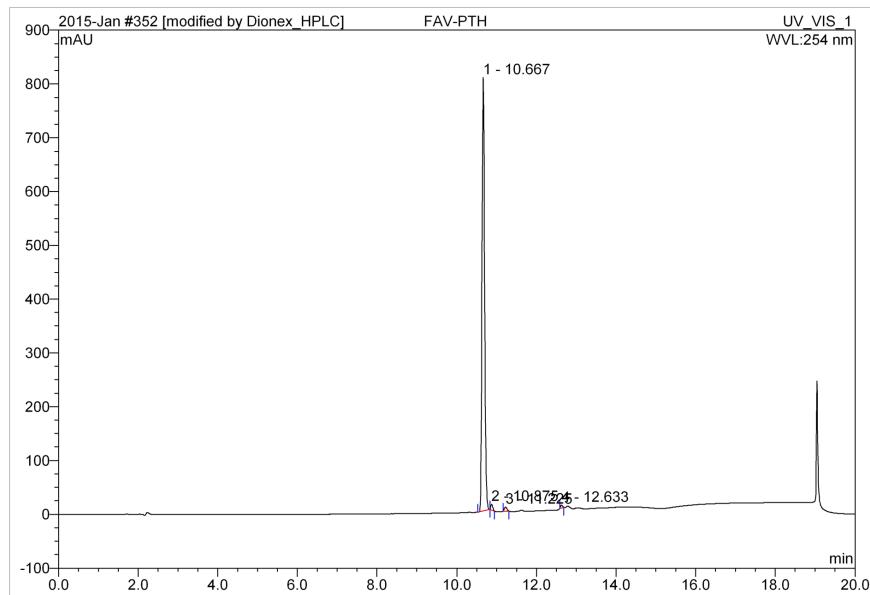
Compound 30



Compound 31

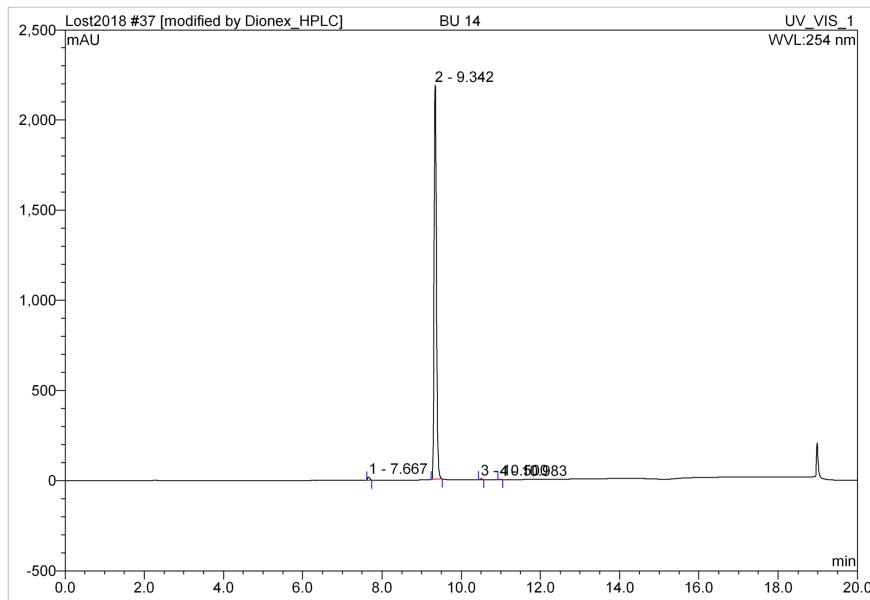


Compound 32



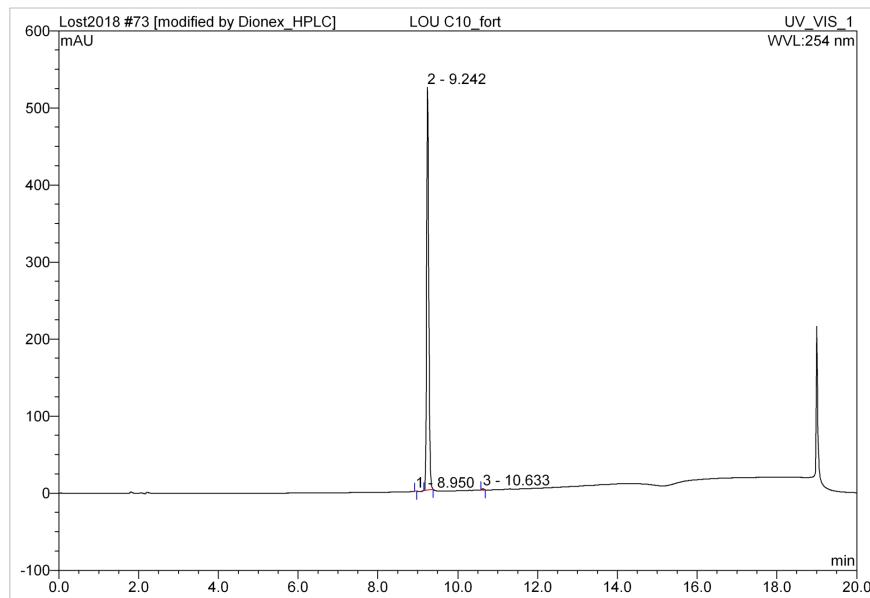
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	10.67	n.a.	805.908	58.896	97.50	n.a.	BMB*
2	10.88	n.a.	10.250	0.597	0.99	n.a.	bMB*
3	11.23	n.a.	7.631	0.599	0.99	n.a.	BMB*
4	12.63	n.a.	5.202	0.318	0.53	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			828.991	60.409	100.00	0.000	

Compound 33

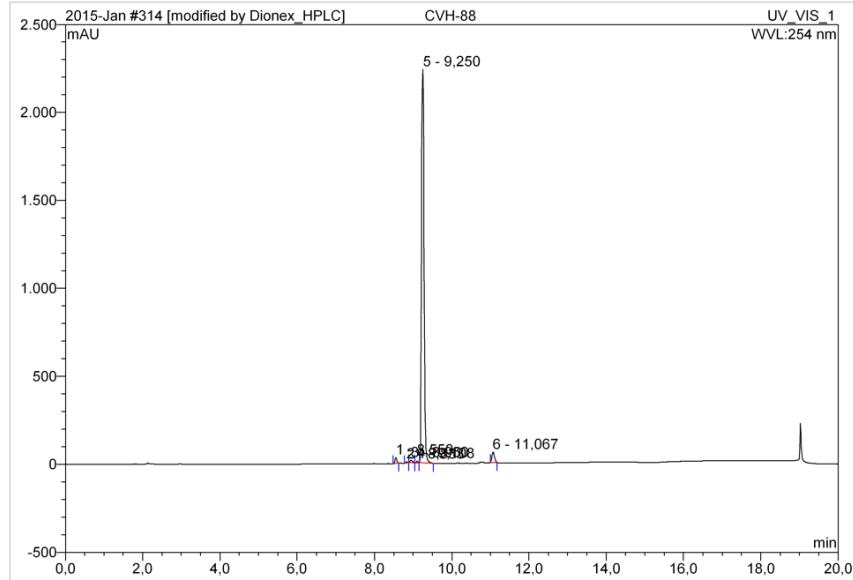


No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	7.67	n.a.	18.862	1.022	0.65	n.a.	BMB*
2	9.34	n.a.	2185.385	156.266	99.07	n.a.	BMB*
3	10.50	n.a.	4.371	0.279	0.18	n.a.	BMB*
4	10.98	n.a.	2.827	0.172	0.11	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2211.445	157.739	100.00	0.000	

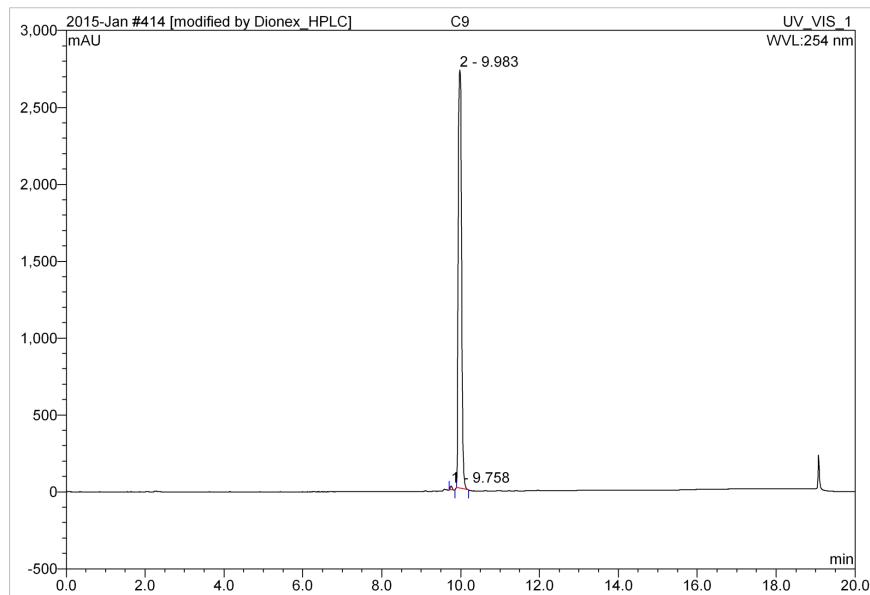
Compound 34



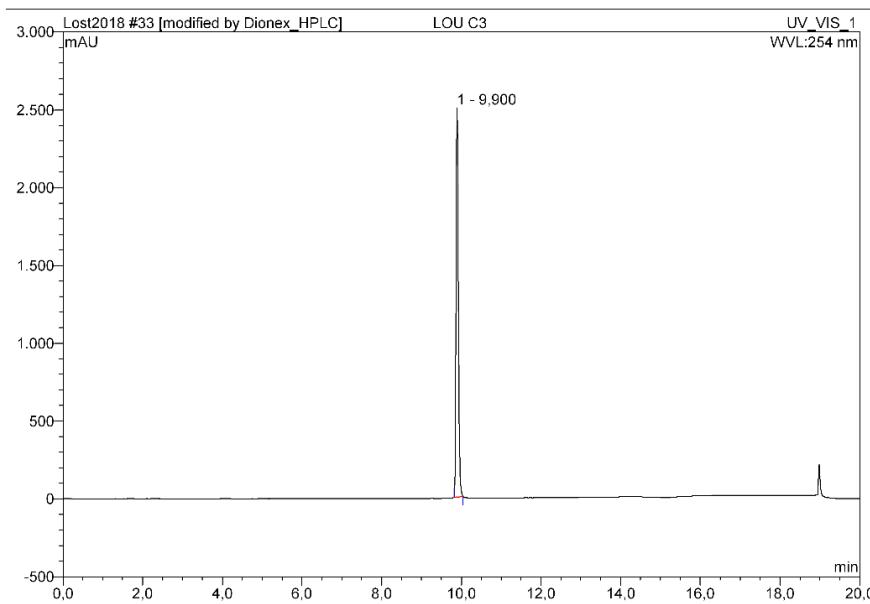
Compound 35



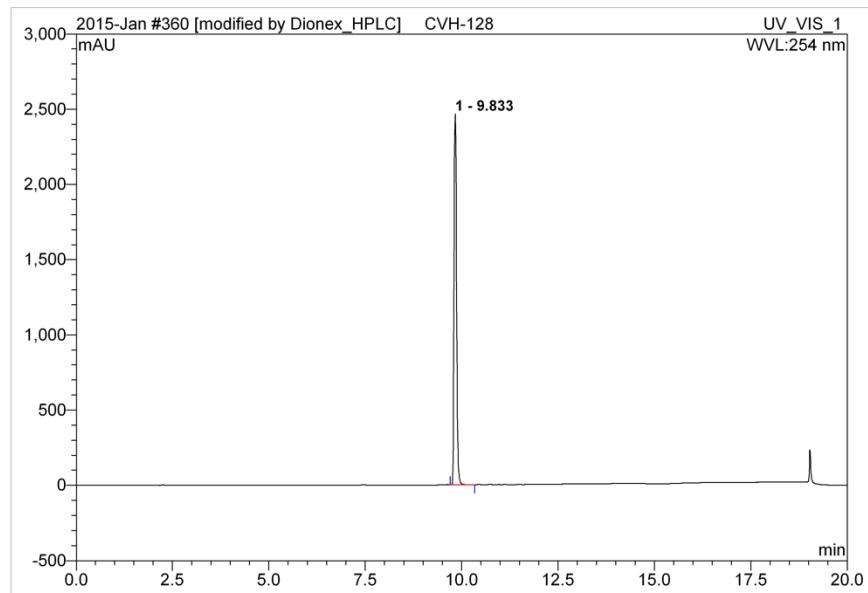
Compound 36



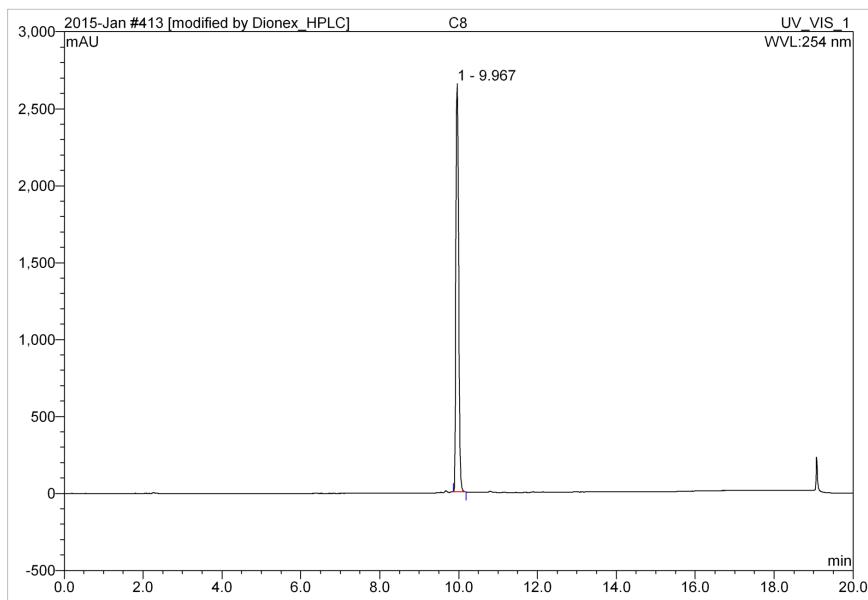
Compound 37



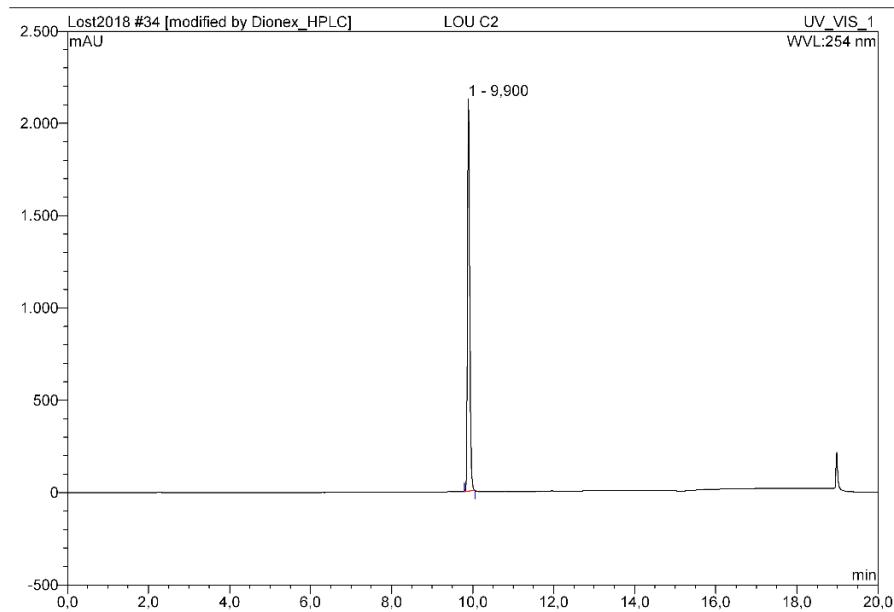
Compound 38



Compound 39

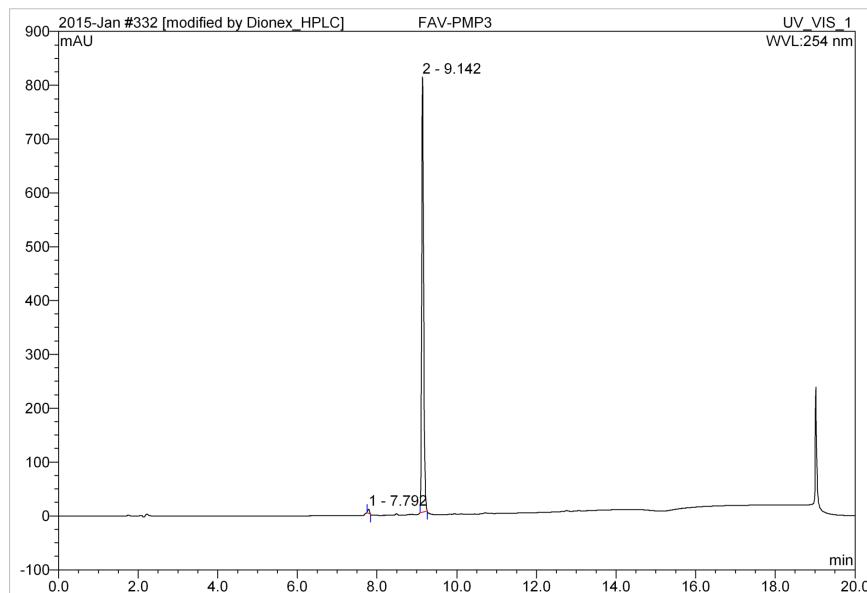


Compound 40



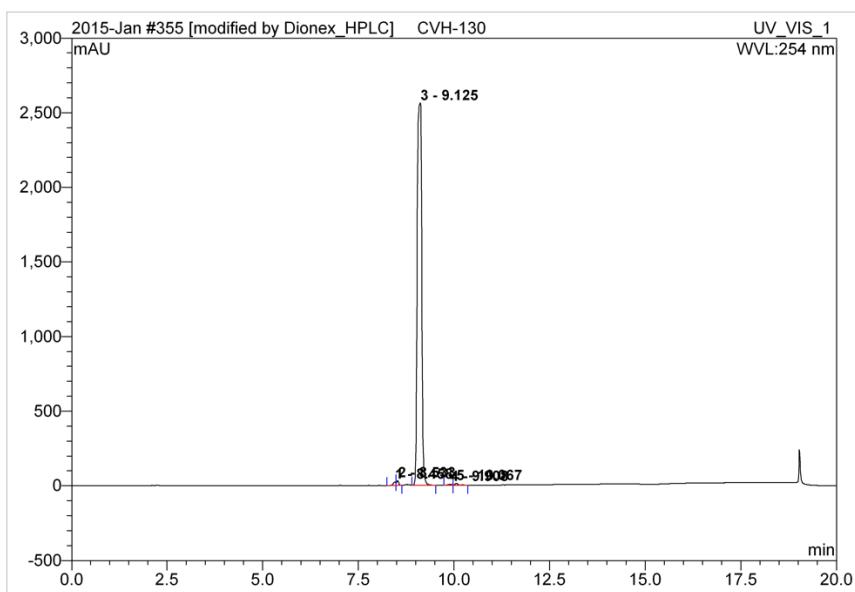
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	9,90	n.a.	2123,090	140,050	100,00	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			2123,090	140,050	100,00	0,000	

Compound 41



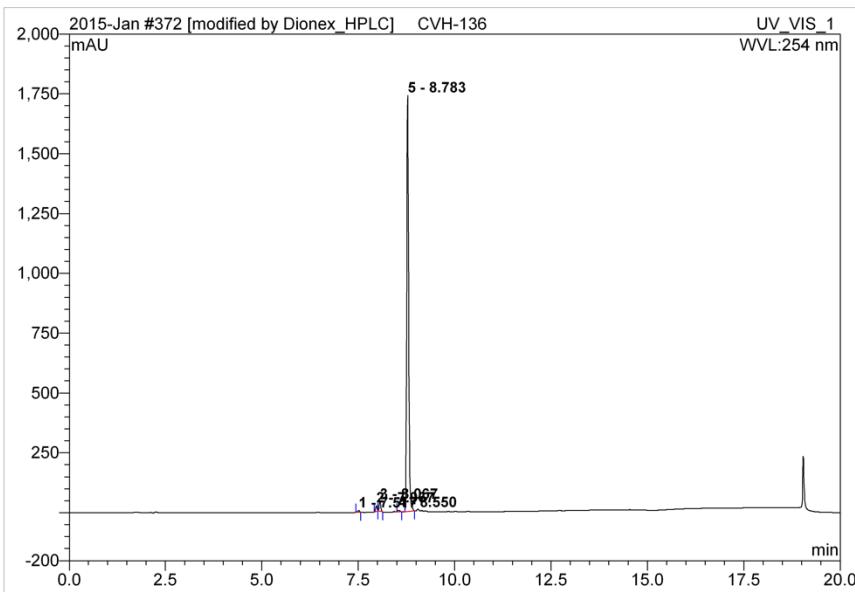
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	7.79	n.a.	8.068	0.352	0.75	n.a.	BMB*
2	9.14	n.a.	808.437	46.410	99.25	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			816.505	46.762	100.00	0.000	

Compound 42



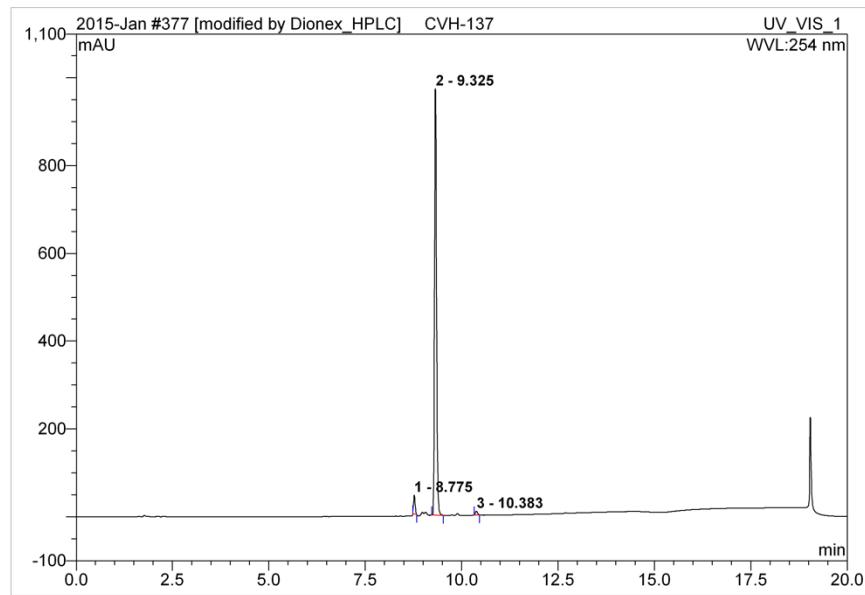
No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	8.46	n.a.	23.140	1.840	0.52	n.a.	BM
2	8.53	n.a.	32.764	2.021	0.57	n.a.	MB*
3	9.13	n.a.	2561.243	349.559	98.30	n.a.	BMB*
4	9.91	n.a.	7.371	0.770	0.22	n.a.	BM *
5	10.07	n.a.	13.224	1.410	0.40	n.a.	MB*
Total:			2637.742	355.601	100.00	0.000	

Compound 43



No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	7.52	n.a.	6.800	0.392	0.38	n.a.	BMB*
2	7.97	n.a.	24.947	1.135	1.09	n.a.	BMB*
3	8.07	n.a.	40.101	1.969	1.90	n.a.	bMB*
4	8.55	n.a.	6.851	0.406	0.39	n.a.	BMB*
5	8.78	n.a.	1738.003	100.001	96.24	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			1816.702	103.903	100.00	0.000	

Compound 44



No.	Ret.Time min	Peak Name	Height mAU	Area mAU*min	Rel.Area %	Amount	Type
1	8.78	n.a.		42.575	2.047	3.39	n.a. BMB*
2	9.33	n.a.		972.238	57.836	95.72	n.a. BMB*
3	10.38	n.a.		8.466	0.540	0.89	n.a. BMB*
Total:			1023.279	60.422	100.00	0.000	