Cu-catalyzed Dehydrogenative Olefinsulfonation of Alkyl Arenes

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1. General Considerations

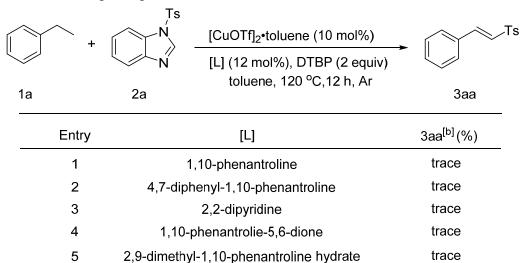
All manipulations were carried out in an oven-dried tube under the Ar atmosphere. Copper salts, bases, oxdiants, ligands and solvents were purchased from Energy chemical, Beta, 3A chemical and Aladdin Reagent. NMR spectra were recorded on AVIII-600 (600 MHz for ¹H; 565 MHz for ¹⁹F; 150 MHz for ¹³C). The chemical shifts (δ) are given in parts per million relative to CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm for ¹H) or TMS (0 ppm for ¹H) and CDCl₃ (77.0 ppm for ¹³C). Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm, and coupling constants (*J*) are in Hertz (Hz). The following abbreviations are used to explain the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad. Compounds for HRMS were analyzed on a Waters Q-Tof Micro MS/MS System ESI spectrometer. X-ray diffraction data was collected on an Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur CCD (X-ray single-crystal diffractometer). The substrates **1a-1i**, were purchased from Aladdin, Energy chemical, Beta without further purification. The starting materials **1j-1n** ^[1-2], **2a-2v** ^[3], were prepared according to previously reported procedures. All solvents were transferred by syringe to the reaction flask. Flash column chromatography was performed with silica gel (200-300 mesh). **All the reactions were carried out on an aluminum sand bath.**

2. Optimization for the Olefinsulfonation process

	Ts			
	← , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[Cu] (10 mol%), DT	BP (2 equiv)	
	N N	3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,1	I0-phenantholine	
		(12 mol%), toluene,		
1a _	2a		3aa	
_	Entry	Catalyst	3aa ^[b] (%)	
	1	CuCl	trace	
	2	CuCl ₂	trace	
	3	Cul	trace	
	4	Cu(CH₃CN)₄PF ₆	trace	
	5	[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene	11	
	6 ^[c]	Cu(OAc) ₂	NR	
	7 ^[c]	CuBr	NR	
	8 ^[c]	Cu(ClO ₄) ₂ •6H ₂ O	NR	
	ə [c]	Cu(OTf) ₂	NR	
	10 ^[c]	CuBr ₂	NR	

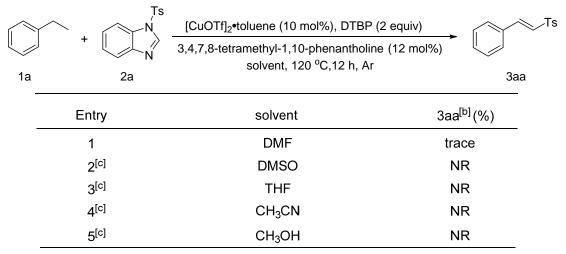
^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a (2 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), Cu catalyst (0.02 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (12 mol%), DTBP (2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C,12 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield, ^[c]NR=No Reaction.^[d]DTBP=Ditert-butyl peroxide.

Table S2. Screening of ligands^[a]



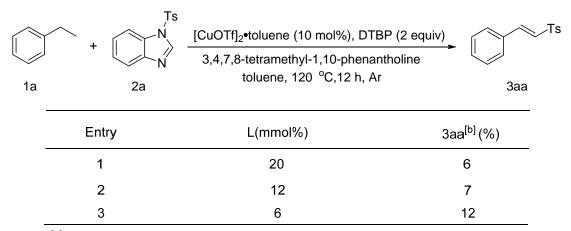
^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a (2 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), [L] (12 mol%), DTBP (2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C,12 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield.^[d]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide.

Table S3. Screening of Solvents^[a]



^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a (2 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (12 mol%), DTBP (2 equiv), solvent (1.0 mL),120 °C,12 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield, ^[c]NR=No Reaction.^[d]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide.

Table S4. Screening of Ligand loading^[a]



^[a]Reaction Conditions:1a (1 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (2 equiv), [L]: 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine, toluene (1.0 mL), 120 °C,12 h. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[C]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide.

Table S5. Screening of Additives^[a]

+ 1a		CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 i ,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,1 additive, toluen		6 mol%)
Entry	additive	1 additive 2	additive 3	3aa ^[b] (%)
1	TBAB			trace
2		NCS		6
3			ЗÅ	trace
4	TBAB	NCS		20
5	TBAB	NCS	ЗÅ	34

^[a]Reaction Conditions:1a (1.4 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), additive 1 (0.5 equiv), additive 2 NCS (1.2 equiv), additive 3 (25 mg), toluene (1.0 mL), 120 °C, 36 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[C]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, TBAB=Tetrabutylammonium bromide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

la	$ + \bigvee_{2a}^{Ts} N $	[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (2 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine TBAB, NCS, toluene, 120 °C, A	(6 mol%)
	Entry	time/h	3aa ^[b] (%)
-	1	12	20
	2	24	25
_	3	36	34

Table S6. Optimization of Reaction Time^[a]

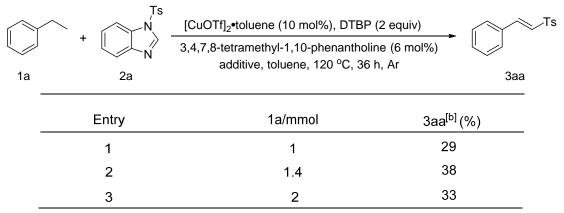
^[a]Reaction Conditions:1a (1 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine(6 mol%), TBAB (0.5 equiv), NCS (1.2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, TBAB=Tetrabutylammonium bromide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

Table S7.	Screening	of	Molecular	Sieves	[a]
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	∽ + N N	[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (2 e	<u>· ·</u> → ·	;
1a	2a	3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine additive, toluene, 120 °C,12 h, A	*	
	Entry	additive 3	3aa[^{b]} (%)	
	1	ЗÅ	26	
	2	4Å	22	
	3	5Å	20	

^[a]Reaction Conditions:1a (1 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), TBAB (0.5 equiv), NCS (1.2 equiv), additive 3 (50 mg), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, Argon,12 h. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, TBAB=Tetrabutylammonium bromide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

Table S8. Screening of substrate loading^[a]



^[a]Reaction Conditions: 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), 3Å(25 mg), TBAB (0.5 equiv), NCS (1.2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, 36 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, TBAB=Tetrabutylammonium bromide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

Table S9.	Screening	of bromine	source ^[a]
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	Ts N	[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (2	equiv)	Ts
1a	+ N 2a	3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine additive, toluene, 120 °C, 36 h,		
	Entry	additive 1/mmol	3aa ^[b] (%)	
	1	KBr(0.4)	40	
	2	LiBr(0.4)	52	
	3	ZnBr ₂ (0.4)	33	
	4	FeBr ₃ (0.02)	37	
	5	LiBr(0.4)+FeBr ₃ (0.02)	70	

^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a(1.4 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), 3Å(25 mg), NCS (1.2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, 36 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

1a	$ + \bigvee_{2a}^{Ts} N $	[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 mol%), DTE 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenanth additive, toluene, 120 °C, 3	noline (6 mol%)	s
	Entry	2a	3aa ^[b] (%)	
	1	2a ₁	49	
	2	2a ₂	NR	
	3	2a ₃	NR	
	4	2a ₄	trace	

Table S10. Screening of Tosyl Radical Source^[a]

^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a(1.4 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), 3Å(25 mg), NCS (1.2 equiv), LiBr (2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, 36 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]NR=No Reaction. ^[d]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

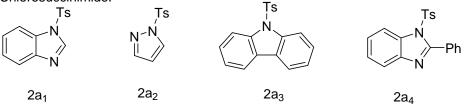
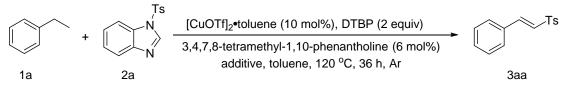


Table S11. Screening of Iron Co-catalysis^[a]



Entry	additive 4	3aa ^[b] (%)
1	FeBr ₃	70
2	FeCl ₂	60
3	Fe(OTf) ₂	57
4	Fe(BF ₄) ₂ •6H ₂ O	58
5	FePO ₄	63
6	Fe(OTf) ₃	61
7	Fe(OAc) ₂	61
8	Fe(acac) ₃	39
9	Fe(ClO ₄) ₃ •xH ₂ O	70

^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a(1.4 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), 3Å(25 mg), LiBr (2 equiv), NCS (1.2 equiv), additive 4 (0.02 mmol), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, 36 h, Argon.^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

$1a \qquad 2a \qquad \qquad Ts \\ N \\ $		[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 mol%), DTBP 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholi additive, toluene, 120 °C, 36	ne (6 mol%)	Гs
	Entry	[Fe](mol%)	3aa ^[b] (%)	
-	1	Fe(ClO ₄) ₃ •xH ₂ O(5)	57	
	2	Fe(ClO ₄) ₃ •xH ₂ O(10)	70	
-	3	Fe(ClO ₄) ₃ •xH ₂ O(20)	68	

Table S12. Screening of Iron Co-catalysis Loading [a]

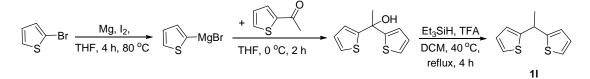
^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a(1.4 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), 3Å(25 mg), LiBr (2 equiv), NCS (1.2 equiv), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, 36 h, Argon. ^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide.

Table S13. Screening of Base ^{[a}	Table	S13.	Screening	of	Base ^[a]
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Ts N	[CuOTf] ₂ •toluene (10 mol%), D	DTBP (2 equiv)
+ N 1a 2a	3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phena additive, toluene, 120 °C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Entry	base/mmol	3aa ^[b] (%)
1	Cs ₂ CO ₃ (0.1)	67
2	Li ₂ CO ₃ (0.4)	75
3	NaOAc(0.4)	37
4	K ₂ CO ₃ (0.4)	NR
5	<i>t</i> -BuOLi(0.4)	50
6	DBU(0.4)	trace
7	DABCO(0.4)	trace

^[a]Reaction Conditions: 1a(1.4 mmol), 2a (0.2 mmol), [CuOTf]₂•toluene (10 mol%), DTBP (0.4 mmol), 3,4,7,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenantholine (6 mol%), 3Å(25 mg), LiBr (2 equiv), NCS (1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO₄)₃•xH₂O (10 mol%), toluene (1.0 mL),120 °C, 36 h, Argon.^[b]Isolated yield. ^[c]NR=No Reaction. ^[d]DTBP=Di-tert-butyl peroxide, NCS=N-Chlorosuccinimide, DABCO=triethylenediamine, DBU=1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene.

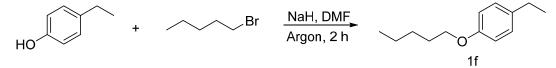
3. Procedures for the Preparation of Starting compounds ^[1-3]



2,2'-(ethane-1,1-diyl)dithiophene (11): Under an argon atmosphere, to a 500 mL three-necked round-bottomed flask equipped with a stirrer bar charged with magnesium filings(3.65 g, 150 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and a piece of iodine, dry tetrahydrofuran (THF, 5mL) was added until the solution became colorless. Then 2- bromothiophene (1.63 g, 100 mmol, 1 equiv) in 100 mL THF was added dropwise slowly. After the dropwise addition finished, the resulting mixture was heated at 80 °C for 4 hours on an aluminum sand bath. After cooling to room temperature, thiophen-2-ylmagnesium bromide in THF solution (0.75 mol / L) was obtained by filtering under argon atmosphere.

Under an argon atmosphere, in a 250 mL three-necked flask, thiophen-2-ylmagnesium bromide (40 mL, 0.75 mol/L in THF, 30 mmol) was added dropwise slowly to a solution of 2-thiophene ethyl ketone (2.16 mL, 20 mmol, 1 equiv) in dry THF at 0 °C. After the dropwise addition finished, the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with NH₄Cl solution and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL \times 3). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford 1,1-di(thiophen-2-yl)ethan-1-ol as yellow oil (0.9894 g, 24% yield).

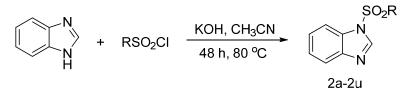
Under argon atmosphere, trifluoroacetic acid (3.6 mL, 22.5 mmol, 4.5 equiv) was added to a 1,1-di(thiophen-2-yl)ethan-1-ol (1.05 g, 5 mmol, 1 equiv) solution in dry dichloromethane in a 250 mL three-necked round bottom flask at 0 °C. Then triethylsilane (2.4 mL, 15 mmol, 3 equiv) was added dropwise, the resulting mixture was refluxed at 40 °C for 4 h on an aluminum sand bath. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with ammonium carbonate solution and extracted with dichloromethane (10 mL×3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether) to afford **11** as colorless oil (0.9119 g, 54% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.17 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 6.94 - 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.88 (s, 2H), 4.63 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.0 (overlap), 125.5 (overlap), 122.7 (overlap), 122.6 (overlap), 35.1, 23.6. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁S₂ 195.0302; Found 195.0288.



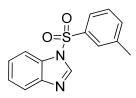
1-ethyl-4-(pentyloxy)benzene (1f): Under an argon atmosphere, a 250 mL three-necked round-bottomed flask equipped with a stirrer bar was first charged with 4-ethylphenol (1.22 g, 0.01 mol) in 10 mL of DMF and sodium hydride (0.253 g, 0.011 mol, 60% in mineral oil, previously washed with hexane) at 0 °C, followed by the addition of 1-bromopentane (3.7 mL, 0.03 mol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The resulting mixture was quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and

concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 30/1) to afford **1f** as colorless oil (1.345 g, 70% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.80 - 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.47 - 1.37 (m, 4H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.2, 136.2, 128.7, 114.4, 68.0, 29.1, 28.3, 28.0, 22.5, 15.9, 14.0. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₃H₂₁O 193.1592; Found 193.1585.

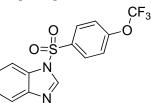
N-sulfonyl benzo[d]imidazole (2a-2u) were synthesized according to a previously reported method.



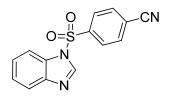
In a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with benzimidazole (5 mmol, 1 equiv), potassium hydroxide (6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), and sulfonyl chloride (5 mmol, 1 equiv), followed by the addition of acetonitrile (10 mL). The solution was stirred at 80 °C for 48 h on an aluminum sand bath. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with water (20 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL \times 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to afford the target product.



1-(m-tolylsulfonyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (2l): White solid (775.4 mg, 57% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.81 - 7.77 (m, 3H), 7.42 - 7.35 (m, 4H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 141.3, 140.3, 137.5, 135.7, 130.8, 129.5, 127.4, 125.6, 124.8, 124.4, 121.1, 112.5, 21.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:[M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₄H₁₃N₂O₂S 273.0698; Found 273.0695.



1-((4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)sulfonyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (2h): White solid (208.6 mg, 12% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.8, 144.1, 141.0, 135.6, 130.7, 129.5, 125.9, 125.2, 121.4, 121.3, 120.0 (q, *J* = 255 Hz), 112.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:[M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₄H₁₀F₃N₂O₃S 343.0364; Found 343.0362.



4-((1H-benzo[d]imidazol-1-yl)sulfonyl)benzonitrile (2j): White solid (1.1 g, 78% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1);. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.79 - 7.85 (m, 4H), 7.45 - 7.40 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1, 141.5, 140.9, 133.5, 130.5, 127.8, 126.2, 125.5, 121.5, 118.6, 116.5, 112.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:[M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₄H₁₀N₃O₂S 284.0494; Found 284.0490.

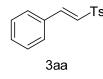


1-(cyclopropylsulfonyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (2t): White solid (621.7 mg, 56% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate =3/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.86 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 - 7.41 (m, 2H), 2.75 - 2.71 (m, 1H), 1.51 - 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.17-1.14 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 141.3, 131.3, 125.6, 124.8, 121.2, 112.5, 32.3, 6.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:[M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁N₂O₂S 223.0541; Found 223.0538.

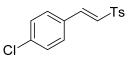
4. General Procedure for the Olefinsulfonation and Characterization

Data of Products

In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with alkyl arenes compounds (1.4 mmol) and N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO₄)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 μ l, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg), and LiBr (34.8 mg, 2 equiv), followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After the resulting mixture was detected to be complete by TLC, the reaction was cooled to room temperature, quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL × 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to afford the desired product.

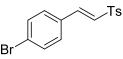


(E)-1-methyl-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3aa)^[4]: White solid (38.5 mg, 75% yield, petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate= 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 - 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.40 - 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4, 141.9, 137.8, 132.5, 131.1, 129.9, 129.0, 128.5, 127.7, 127.6, 21.6.



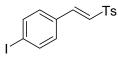
3ba

(E)-1-chloro-4-(2-tosylvinyl)benzene (3ba) ^[4]: White solid (37.4 mg, 64% yield, petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37 - 7.34 (m, 4H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.6, 140.4, 137.5, 137.2, 131.0, 130.0, 129.7, 129.4, 128.3, 127.8, 21.6.



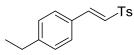
3са

(E)-1-bromo-4-(2-tosylvinyl)benzene (3ca) ^[5]: White solid (39.4 mg, 60% yield, petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, J = 7.8 Hz 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 - 7.32 (m, 4H), 6.84 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.6, 140.5, 137.5, 132.4, 131.4, 130.0, 129.9, 128.4, 127.8, 125.5, 21.6.



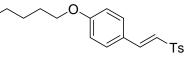
3da

(E)-1-iodo-4-(2-tosylvinyl)benzene (3da) ^[6]: White solid (41.8 mg, 54% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.6, 140.7, 138.3, 137.5, 131.9, 130.0, 129.9, 128.4, 127.8, 97.6, 21.6.



3ea

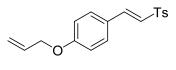
(E)-1-ethyl-4-(2-tosylvinyl)benzene (3ea) ^[7]: White solid (39.3 mg, 69% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, J = 8.3 Hz 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.1, 144.3, 142.1, 138.0, 130.0 (overlap), 128.7, 128.7, 127.7, 126.5, 28.9, 21.7, 15.3.



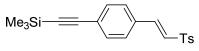
(E)-1-methyl-4-((4-(pentyloxy)styryl)sulfonyl)benzene (3fa) ^[8]: Colourless oil (38.5 mg, 5 6% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.1

3fa

Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.81-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.36 (m, 4H), 0.93 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.6, 144.1, 141.8, 138.3, 130.3, 129.9, 127.6, 124.8, 124.6, 115.0, 68.2, 28.8,28.1, 22.4, 21.6,14.0.

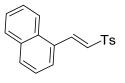


(E)-1-methyl-4-((4-(vinyloxy)styryl)sulfonyl)benzene (3ga) : White solid (13.3 mg, 21% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 - 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 7.42 - 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.91 - 6.90 (m, 2H), 6.70 - 6.68 (m, 1H), 6.06 - 5.99 (m, 1H), 5.40 (d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.57 - 4.56 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.0, 144.1, 141.7, 138.2, 132.6, 130.3, 129.9, 127.6, 125.2, 124.9, 118.1, 115.2, 68.9, 21.6. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:[M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₈H₁₉O₃S 315.1055; Found 315.1052.



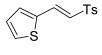
3ha

(E)-trimethyl((4-(2-tosylvinyl)phenyl)ethynyl)silane (3ha): White solid (14.3 mg, 20% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 0.25 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.7, 141.0, 137.8, 132.7, 132.5, 130.2, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 126.0, 104.3, 97.6, 21.8. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:[M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₂₃O₂SSi 355.1188; Found 355.1184.



3ia

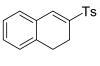
(E)-1-(2-tosylvinyl)naphthalene (3ia) ^[9]: White solid (41.8 mg, 68% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.50 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.91 - 7.87 (m, 4H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.56 - 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.5,139.0, 137.6, 133.7, 131.4, 131.3, 130.0, 129.9, 129.6, 128.9, 127.8, 127.3, 126.5, 125.7, 125.3,123.1, 21.7.



3ja

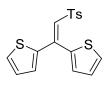
(E)-2-(2-tosylvinyl)thiophene (3ja) ^[5]: White solid (19.8 mg, 38% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1);¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 - 7.06 (m, 1H),

6.63 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4, 137.9, 137.1, 134.6, 132.3, 130.0, 129.8, 128.3, 127.7, 125.9, 21.6.



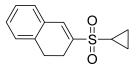
3ka

3-tosyl-1,2-dihydronaphthalene (**3ka**) ^[10]: White solid (34.1 mg, 60% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.26 - 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H).¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 138.5, 136.6, 135.5, 134.7, 131.0, 130.4, 129.9, 129.0, 128.0, 127.8, 127.1, 27.57, 21.7, 21.6.



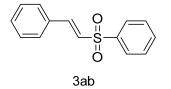
3la

2,2'-(2-tosylethene-1,1-diyl)dithiophene (3la): White solid (34.1 mg, 50% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.99 - 6.98 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 134.3, 132.2, 130.8, 129.7, 129.0, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 126.8, 21.7. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₇H₁₅O₂S₃ 347.0234; Found 347.0229.

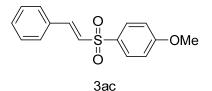


3kt

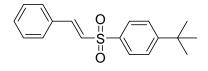
3-(cyclopropylsulfonyl)-1,2-dihydronaphthalene (3kt) ^[11]: White solid (33.9 mg, 60% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.02 - 2.99 (m, 2H), 2.76 - 2.74 (m, 2H), 2.43 - 2.39 (m, 1H), 1.30 - 1.29 (m, 2H), 1.06 - 1.03 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.8, 135.7, 135.1, 131.0, 130.4, 129.0, 127.8, 127.2, 30.0, 29.3, 27.7, 22.3, 5.1.



(E)-(2-(phenylsulfonyl)vinyl)benzene (3ab) ^[12]: White solid (36.1 mg, 74% yield, petroleum ether acetate / ethyl = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.42 - 7.38 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.5, 140.8, 133.4, 132.4, 131.2, 129.4, 129.1, 128.6, 127.7, 127.3.

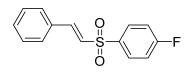


(E)-1-methoxy-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3ac) ^[12]: White solid (31.1 mg, 57% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.39 - 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 141.4, 132.6, 132.3, 131.0, 129.9, 129.1, 128.5, 128.0, 114.6, 55.7.



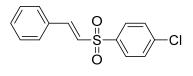


(E)-1-(tert-butyl)-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3ad) ^[12]: White solid (30.5 mg, 51% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 - 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.40 - 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4, 142.0, 137.7, 132.5, 131.1, 129.1, 128.5, 127.7, 127.6, 126.4, 35.2, 31.1.



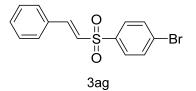
3ae

(E)-1-fluoro-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3ae) ^[4]: White solid (27.8 mg, 53% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 - 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.43 - 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ .165.6 (d, J = 256.1 Hz), 142.7, 136.8 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 132.3, 131.4, 130.5 (d, J = 9.5 Hz), 129.1, 128.6, 127.1, 116.7 (d, J = 22.8 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -104.0.

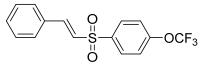


3af

(E)-1-chloro-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3af) ^[12]: White solid (29.4 mg, 53% yield, petroleu m ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹HNMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, J = 8.5Hz, 2H), 7.6 9 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52- 7.48 (m, 4H), 7.43- 7.38 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 15.4Hz, 1 H). ¹³C NMR(150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.0, 139.1, 138.3, 131.2, 130.4, 128.7, 128.1, 127.6, 125.9.

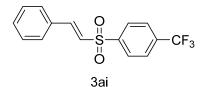


(E)-1-bromo-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3ag) ^[13]: White solid (29.0 mg, 45% yield, petrole um ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.70 - 7.67 (m, 3H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 - 7.39 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J= 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 139.8, 132.7, 132.2,131.4, 129.2,129.2, 12 8.7(overlap), 126.8.

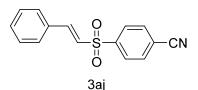




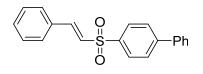
(E)-1-(styrylsulfonyl)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene (3ah) ^[14]: White solid (35.6 mg, 54% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 - 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 - 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.43 - 7.36 (m, 5H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.8, 143.3, 139.2, 132.2, 131.5, 129.9,129.2, 128.7, 126.8, 122.8, 121.2, 121.1, 119.4, 117.6; ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.7.



(E)-1-(styrylsulfonyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (3ai) ^[12]: White solid (26.7 mg, 43% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.46 - 7.40 (m, 3H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4, 144.1, 135.1 (dd, *J*₁ = 33.1 Hz, *J*₂ = 66.3 Hz), 132.0, 131.7, 129.2, 128.7, 128.3, 126.5 (q, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 126.3, 123.2 (d, *J* = 273.2 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -63.2.

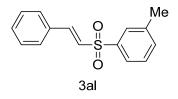


(E)-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzonitrile (3aj) ^[14]: White solid (19.6 mg, 36% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 - 7.40 (m, 5H), 6.84 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.1, 144.7, 133.1, 131.9, 131.9, 129.3, 128.8, 128.3, 125.8, 117.2, 117.1.

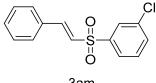


3ak

(E)-4-(styrylsulfonyl)-1,1'-biphenyl (3ak): White solid (36.7 mg, 57% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.51 - 7.48 (m, 4H), 7.44 - 7.38 (m, 4H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.6, 142.6, 139.4, 132.6, 131.4, 129.2, 129.2, 128.7 (overlap), 128.4, 128.1, 127.6, 127.5. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₀H₁₇O₂S 321.0949; Found 321.0947.

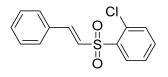


(E)-1-methyl-3-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3al) ^[10]: White solid (35.5 mg, 69% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (s, 2H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 - 7.38 (m, 5H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.3, 140.5, 139.7,134.2, 132.4,131.2, 129.2, 129.1, 128.6, 128.0, 127.4, 124.8, 21.4.



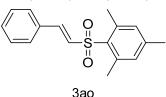
3am

(E)-1-chloro-3-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3am) ^[13]: White solid (25.0 mg, 45% yield, petrole um ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.84 - 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 - 7.26 (m, 7H), 6.85 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.5, 142.6, 135.6, 133.5, 132.2, 131.5,130.
7, 129.2, 128.7, 127.8, 126.6, 125.8.



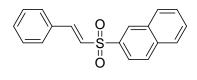


(E)-1-chloro-2-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3an) ^[13]: White solid (29.5 mg, 53% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 - 7.40 (m, 8H), 7.08 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.3, 138.3, 134.5, 132.9, 132.4, 131.9, 131.4, 130.7, 129.1, 128.7, 127.4, 125.3.



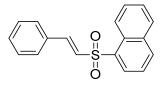
(E)-1,3,5-trimethyl-2-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene (3ao): White solid (19.5 mg, 34% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (s, 6H), 2.31 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.4, 140.7, 140.1, 133.9, 132.7, 132.4, 131.0,

129.2, 128.6, 128.2, 23.1, 21.1. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd for C₁₇H₁₉O₂S 287.1106; Found 287.1104.



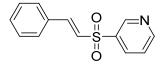
3ap

(E)-2-(styrylsulfonyl)naphthalene (3ap) ^[12]: White solid (42.2 mg, 72% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.00 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (dd, $J_1 = 8.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 17.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 - 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.41 - 7.37 (m, 3H), 6.92 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.6, 137.5, 135.2, 132.4, 132.3, 131.2,129.7, 129.4, 129.3, 129.2, 129.1, 128.6, 128.0, 127.7, 127.4, 122.6.



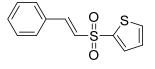
3aq

(E)-1-(styrylsulfonyl)naphthalene (3aq) ^[15]: White solid (36.0 mg, 61% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.74 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.63 - 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.39 - 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.8, 135.6, 135.3, 134.4, 132.5, 131.3, 130.0, 129.3, 129.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.7, 127.7, 127.1, 124.7, 124.4.



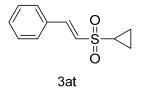
3ar

(E)-3-(styrylsulfonyl)pyridine (3ar) ^[13]: White solid (4.8 mg, 10% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.60 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 - 7.40 (m, 6H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.9, 148.9, 144.1, 137.4, 135.3, 132.0, 131.7, 129.2, 128.8, 126.6, 123.9.

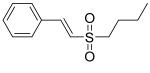




(E)-2-(styrylsulfonyl)thiophene (3as) ^[16]: White solid (28.2 mg, 56% yield, petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 - 7.67 (m, 3H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.43 - 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 15.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.3, 142.2, 133.9, 133.5, 132.3, 131.3, 129.1, 128.6, 128.0, 127.9.



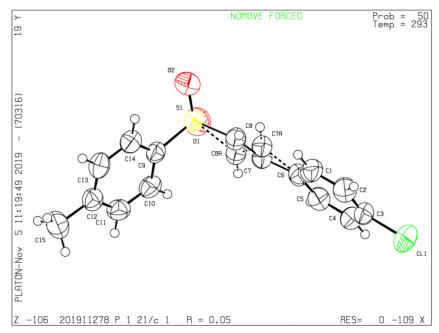
(E)-(2-(cyclopropylsulfonyl)vinyl)benzene (3at) ^[12]: White solid (29.0 mg, 70% yield, petroleum ether:/ethyl acetate = 7/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.43 - 7.42 (m, 3H), 6.90 (dd, J_1 = 0.5 Hz , J_2 = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.46 - 2.42 (m, 1H), 1.32 - 1.29 (m, 2H), 1.08 - 1.05 (m, 2H).¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.4, 132.6, 131.3, 129.3, 128.6, 125.8, 31.6, 5.5.



3au

(E)-(2-(butylsulfonyl)vinyl)benzene (3au) ^[17]: White solid (13.5 mg, 30% yield, petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 10/1); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.46 - 7.42 (m, 3H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 1.84 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.50 - 1.44 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.8, 132.3, 131.4, 129.2, 128.6, 124.8, 55.0,24.6, 21.7, 13.6.

5. X-Ray Structure of 3ba



Single-crystal X-ray Molecular Structure of 3ba in the solid state. Thermal ellipsoide at the 50% probability lever.

The structure of **3ba** (containing little solvent) was determined by the X-ray diffraction. Recrystallized from Chloroform-D. Further information can be found in the CIF file. This crystal was deposited in the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre and assigned as CCDC **2033227.**

	P		
Identification code	3ba		
Empirical formula	$C_{15}H_{13}ClO_2S$		
Formula weight	292.76		
Temperature	293(2) K		
Crystal system, Space group	monoclinic, P2 ₁ /c		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 5.9131(4) Å α = 90°		
	b =7.2764(5) Å β=94.268(5) °		
	c =32.520(2) Å γ=90°		
Volume/Å ³	1395.32(16)		
Z, $\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	4, 1.394		
μ/mm ⁻¹	3.777		
F(000)	608		
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.17 \times 0.09 \times 0.08$		
Radiation	$CuK\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$		
2\Theta range for data collection/°	10.912 to 134.096		
Index ranges	$-7 \le h \le 4, -8 \le k \le 8, -38 \le l \le 38$		
Reflections collected	5017		
Independent reflections	2476 [$R_{int} = 0.0274$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0413$]		
Data/restraints/parameters	2476/0/180		
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.034		
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0520, wR_2 = 0.1316$		
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0683, wR_2 = 0.1506$		
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3	0.32/-0.28		

 Table S14. Crystal data and structure refinement for 3ba.

Table S15. Bond Lengths (Å) and bond angles (°) for 3ba.

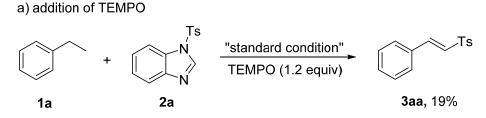
C(1)-C(2)	1.386(5)	C(8A)-S(1)	1.826(17)
C(1)-C(6)	1.389(5)	C(9)-C(10)	1.386(4)
C(2)-C(3)	1.375(5)	C(9)-C(14)	1.377(4)
C(3)-C(4)	1.366(5)	C(9)-S(1)	1.769(3)
C(3)-C(11)	1.740(3)	C(10)-C(11)	1.376(4)
C(4)-C(5)	1.363(5)	C(11)-C(12)	1.380(4)
C(5)-C(6)	1.380(5)	C(12)-C(13)	1.377(4)
C(6)-C(7)	1.479(5)	C(12)-C(15)	1.518(4)
C(6)-C(7A)	1.580(19)	C(13)-C(14)	1.380(4)
C(7)-C(8)	1.316(6)	O(1)-S(1)	1.412(3)

C(7A)-C(8A)	1.28(3)	O(2)-S(1)	1.436(3)
C(8)-S(1)	1.762(4)		
C(2)-C(1)-C(6)	121.3(3)	C(14)-C(9)-S(1)	119.7(2)
C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	118.2(4)	C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	118.7(3)
C(2)-C(3)-C(11)	119.2(3)	C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	121.7(3)
C(4)-C(3)-C(2)	121.5(3)	C(11)-C(12)-C(15)	120.9(3)
C(4)-C(3)-C(11)	119.4(3)	C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	118.3(3)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	119.7(3)	C(13)-C(12)-C(15)	120.8(3)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	121.3(3)	C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	121.3(3)
C(1)-C(6)-C(7)	126.3(3)	C(9)-C(14)-C(13)	119.2(3)
C(1)-C(6)-C(7A)	96.5(9)	C(8)-S(1)-C(9)	104.85(15)
C(5)-C(6)-C(1)	118.1(3)	C(9)-S(1)-C(8A)	102.4(5)
C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	115.6(4)	O(1)-S(1)-C(8)	112.88(18)
C(5)-C(6)-C(7A)	145.4(9)	O(1)-S(1)-C(8A)	83.1(6)
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	124.4(4)	O(1)-S(1)-C(9)	107.88(16)
C(8A)-C(7A)-C(6)	111.9(18)	O(1)-S(1)-O(2)	118.93(19)
C(7)-C(8)-S(1)	119.0(3)	O(2)-S(1)-C(8)	103.48(18)
C(7A)-C(8A)-S(1)	114.0(16)	O(2)-S(1)-C(8A)	133.1(6)
C(10)-C(9)-S(1)	119.4(2)	O(2)-S(1)-C(9)	107.88(15)
C(14)-C(9)-C(10)	120.7(3)		

6. Mechanistic studies

6.1 Effect of radical scavengers and control experiments

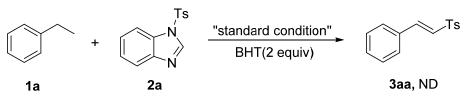
To gain insight into the process of the present reaction, the radical scavengers TEMPO (2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxy) and 1,1-diphenylethylene was added separately into the standard reaction system (Scheme 6.1a, Scheme 6.1b). To further clarify the reaction pathway of the dehydrogenative olefinsulfonation, experiments with styrene instead of ethylbenzene were carried out under the standard conditions (Scheme 6.1c).



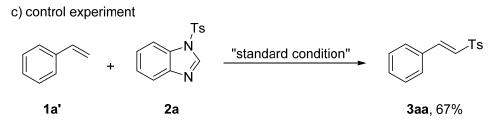
Under Standard Procedure for the Olefinsulfonation, In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with ethylbenzene (171µl, 1.4 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (54.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 µl, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg), LiBr (34.8 mg, 2.0 equiv), TEMPO (62.5 mg, 1.2 equiv) for **Scheme 6.1a**, followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL \times 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and

concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford (E)-1-methyl-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene as white solid (9.8 mg, 19% yield).

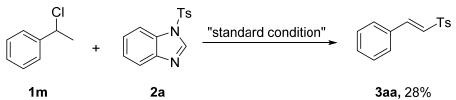
b) addition of BHT



In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with alkyl arenes compounds (171µl, 1.4 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (54.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 µl, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg), LiBr (34.8 mg, 2.0 equiv), BHT (88.1 mg, 2.0 equiv) for **Scheme 6.1b**, followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. The reaction did not occur and no desired product was detected by TLC.



In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with styrene (161µl, 1.4 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (54.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 µl, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg), LiBr (34.8 mg, 2.0 equiv), followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL × 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure.The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford (E)-1-methyl-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene as white solid (35 mg, 67%).

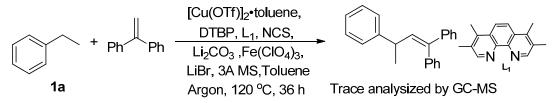


In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with (1-chloroethyl)benzene (1.4 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (54.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg,

6 mol%), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 μ l, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg), LiBr (34.8 mg, 2.0 equiv), followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL × 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure.The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford (E)-1-methyl-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene as white solid (14 mg, 28%).

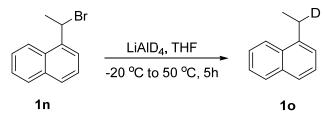


In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with (1-bromoethyl)benzene (1.4 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (54.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 µl, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg),, followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL × 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure.The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford (E)-1-methyl-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene as white solid (47 mg, 91%).

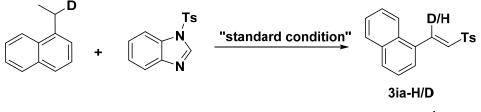


In a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with ethylbenzene (171 μ l, 1.4 mmol), diphenylethene (36 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 μ l, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg), followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C on an aluminum sand bath for 36 h under an argon atmosphere. The reaction afforded a trace desired product which was detected by GC-MS (MW: 284.40).

6.2 kinetic isotope effect



The synthetic procedure was similar to a previous report^[18] 1-(1-bromoethyl)naphthalene (730 mg, 3 mmol) and anhydrous THF solvent (10 mL) was added to an oven-dried 100 mL-round bottom flask. The solution was cooling down to -20 °C, and then LiAlD₄ (252 mg, 6 mmol) was added to the solution. The reaction mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature and stirred for 5 h. Ice-water was added dropwise to the solution at -20 °C. The solution was slowly warmed to room temperature and extraction with *n*-pentane (3 x 30 mL). The combined organics were dried with MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-pentane as the eluent to yield the desired product of 1-(ethyl-1-d)naphthalene as colorless oil (236 mg, 50%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.34 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.04 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.16 Hz, 1H), 7.44 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J*₁ = *J*₂ = 8.34 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 6.96 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (q, *J* = 14.70 Hz, 1H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 7.56 Hz, 3H).



 $k_{\rm H}/k_{\rm D}$ =1.5 (by ¹H NMR)

To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube with a stirrer bar was charged with 1-(ethyl-1-d)naphthalene (220 mg, 1.4 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (55.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (10.34 mg, 10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (2.8 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (31.9 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (7.08 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (29.6 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (74 µl, 2 equiv), 3Å (25 mg) and LiBr (34.8 mg, 2.0 equiv), followed by addition of anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 hours on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction quenched with water and extracted with and dichloromethane (30 mL × 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford **3ia-H/D** as white solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (d, *J* = 15.60 Hz, 0.4 H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.66 - 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.61 - 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.55 - 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.44 - 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.94 - 6.96 (m, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.3, 133.9, 131.8, 128.8, 126.4, 125.7, 125.4, 124.9, 123.8, 25.7, 25.6, 25.5, 15.0.

7. Gram-scale reaction



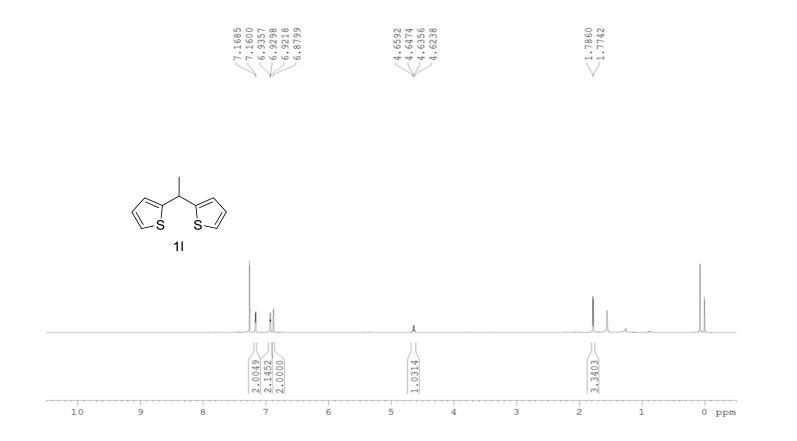
The procedure for 1 mmol-scale reaction was as follows. In a 25 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with ethylbenzene (855 μ l, 7 mmol), N-sulfonyl-benzo[d]imidazole (272.5 mg, 1 mmol), Copper(I) triflate toluene complex (51.7 mg,

10 mol%), 3,4,7,8-Tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (14 mg, 6 mol%), N-Chlorosuccinimide (159.5 mg, 1.2 equiv), Fe(ClO4)₃·xH₂O (35.4 mg, 10 mol%), Li₂CO₃ (148 mg, 2.0 equiv), Di-tert-butyl peroxide (370 μ l, 2 equiv), 3Å (125 mg), LiBr (174 mg, 2.0 equiv), followed by the addition of anhydrous toluene (5.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h on an aluminum sand bath under an argon atmosphere. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL × 3), the organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford (E)-1-methyl-4-(styrylsulfonyl)benzene as white solid (154.9 mg, 60%).

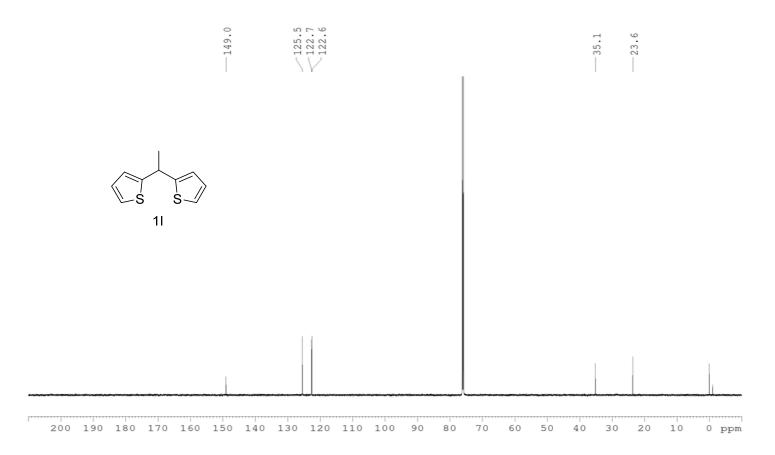
8. References

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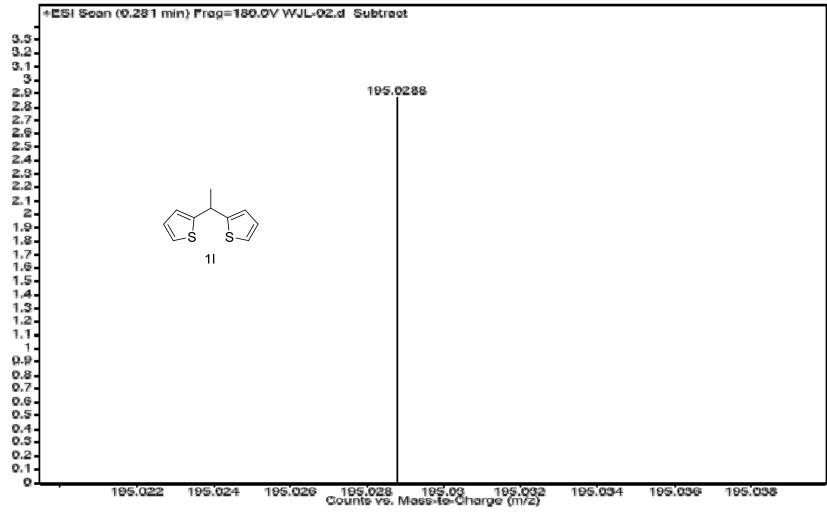
9. Images of ¹H, ¹³C NMR, ¹⁹F NMR, HRMS Spectra

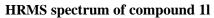


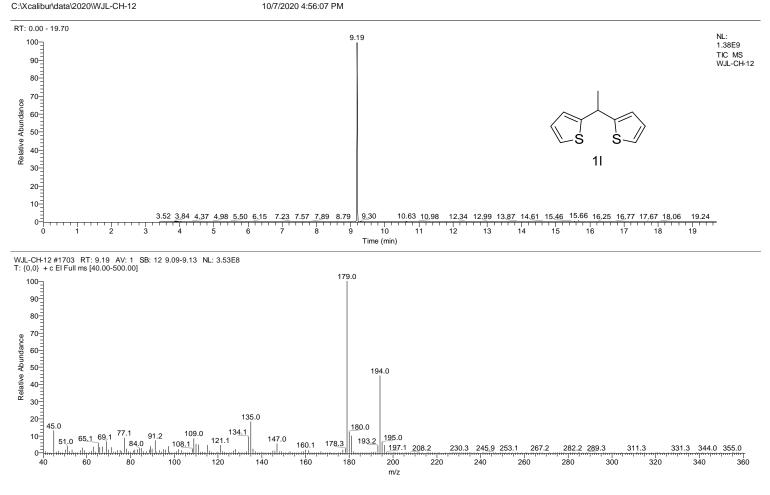
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 11 in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



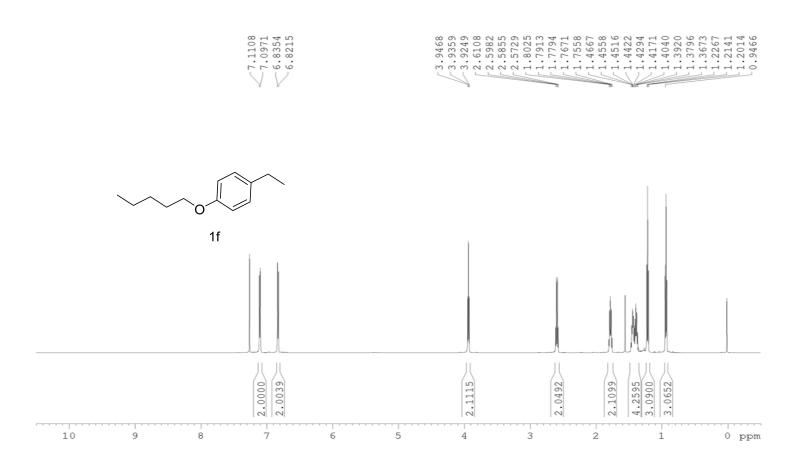
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 11 in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



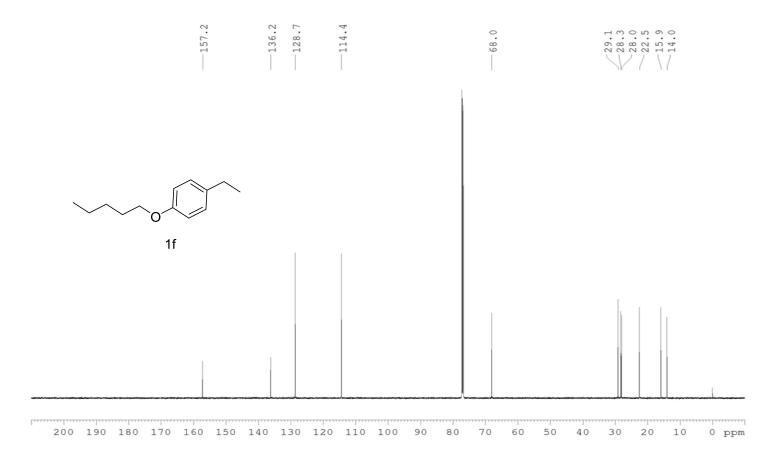




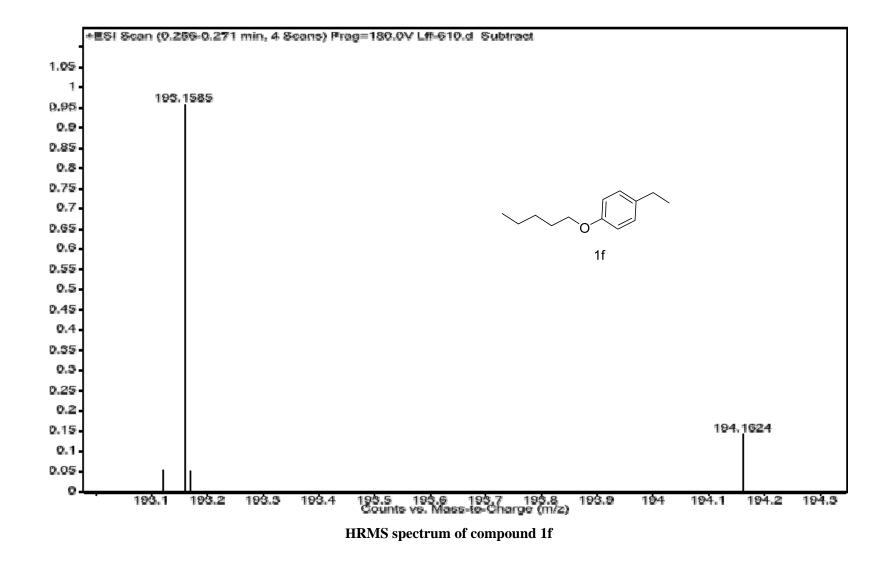
GC-MS spectrum of compound 11

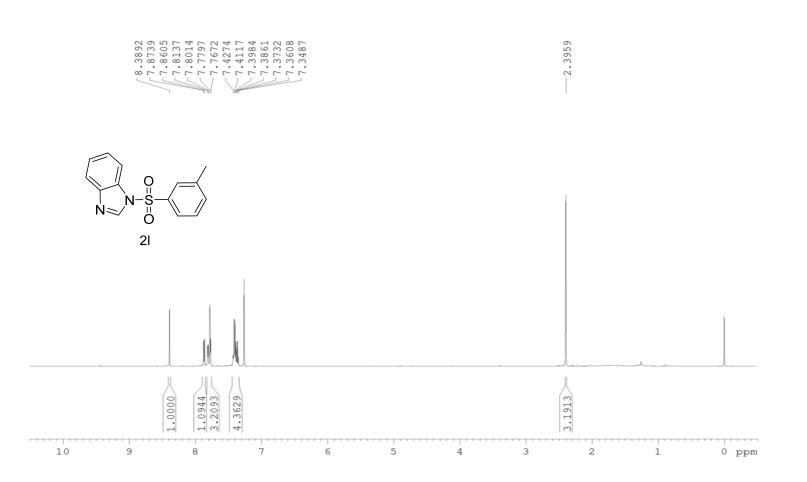


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 1f in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)

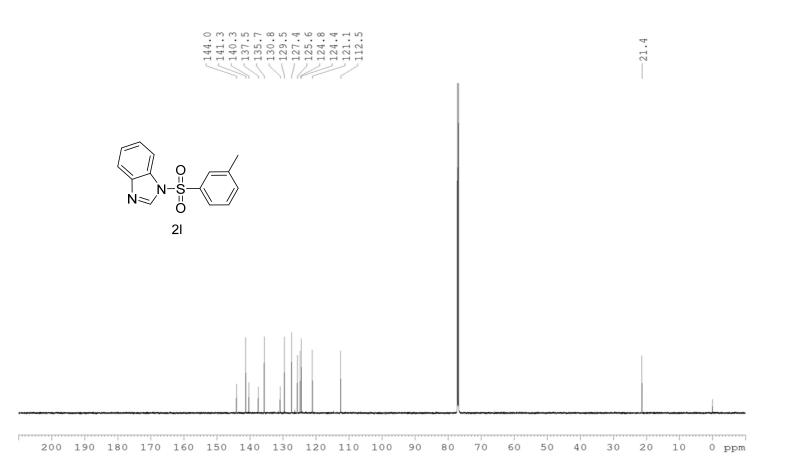


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 1f in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)

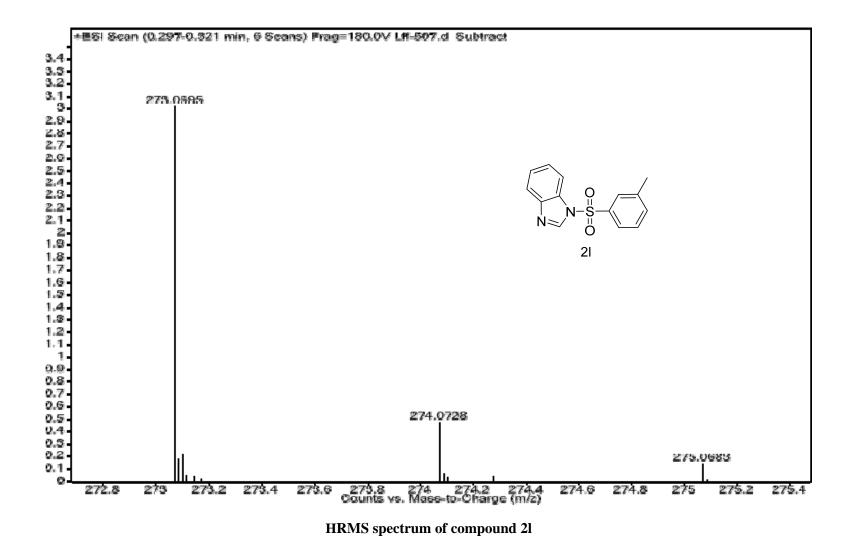


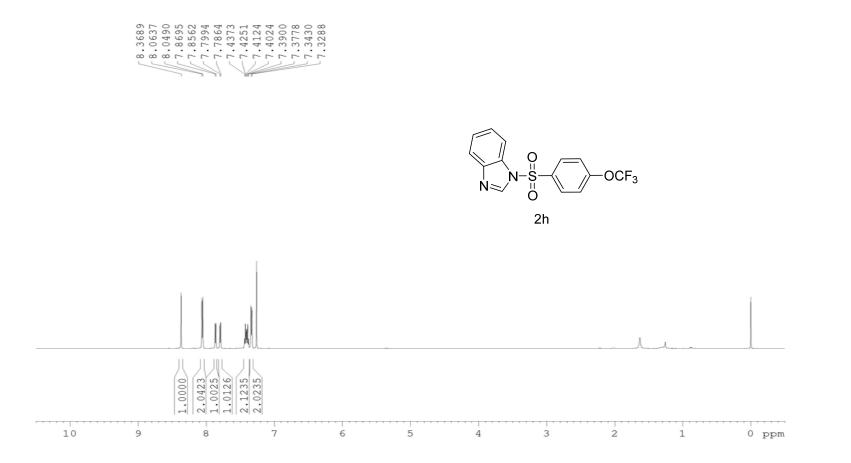


¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2l in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)

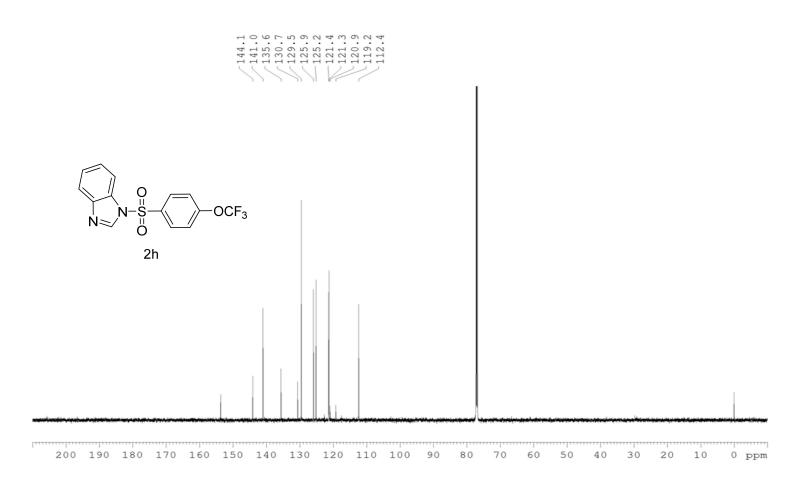


¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2l in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)

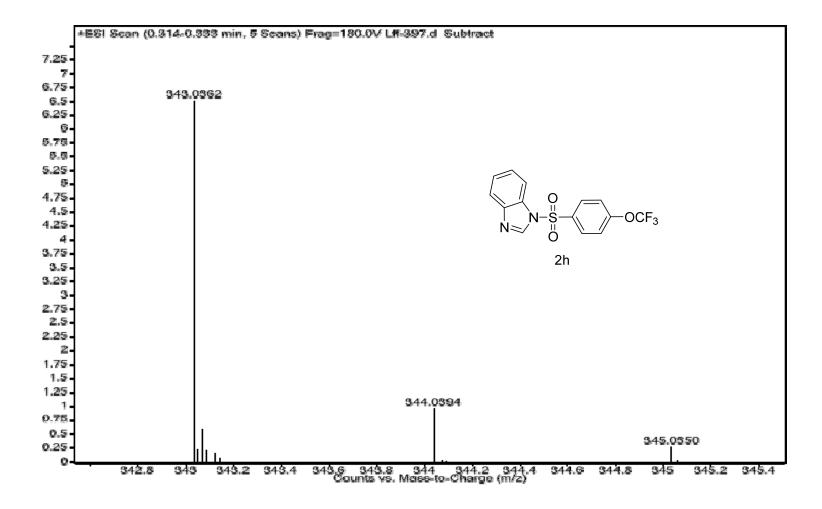




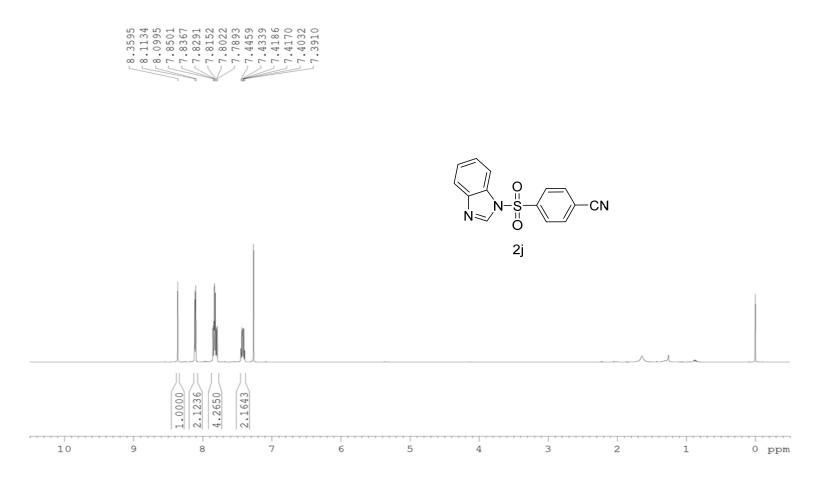
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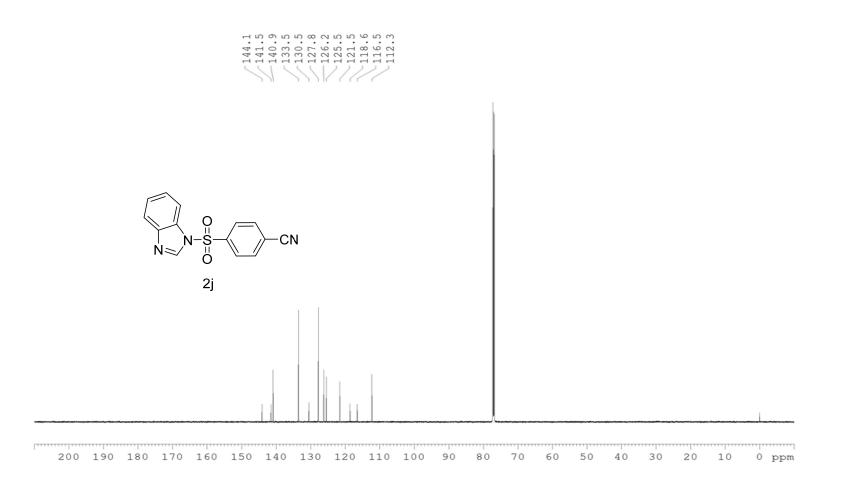
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2h in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



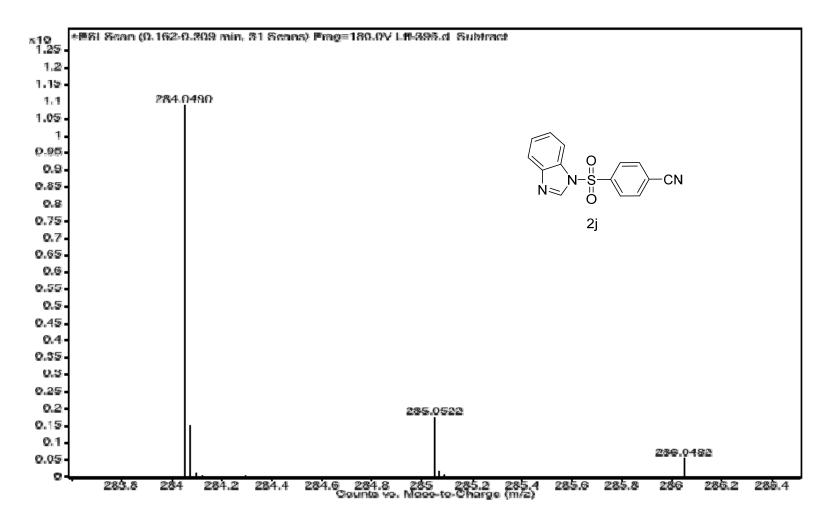
HRMS spectrum of compound 2h



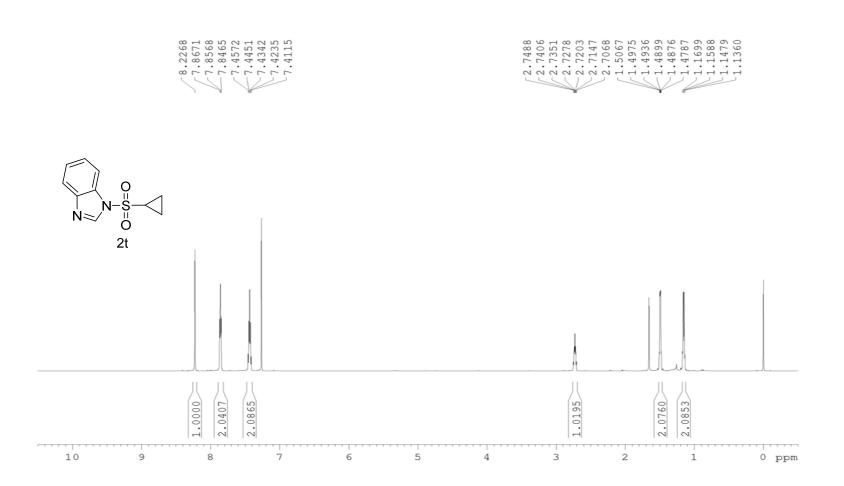
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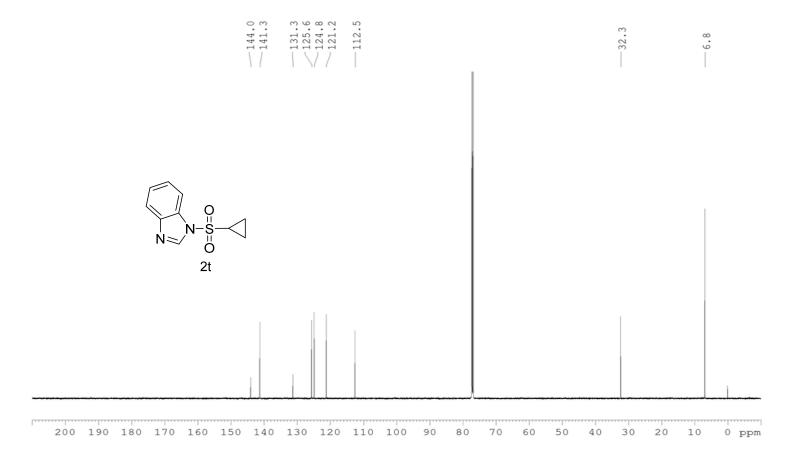
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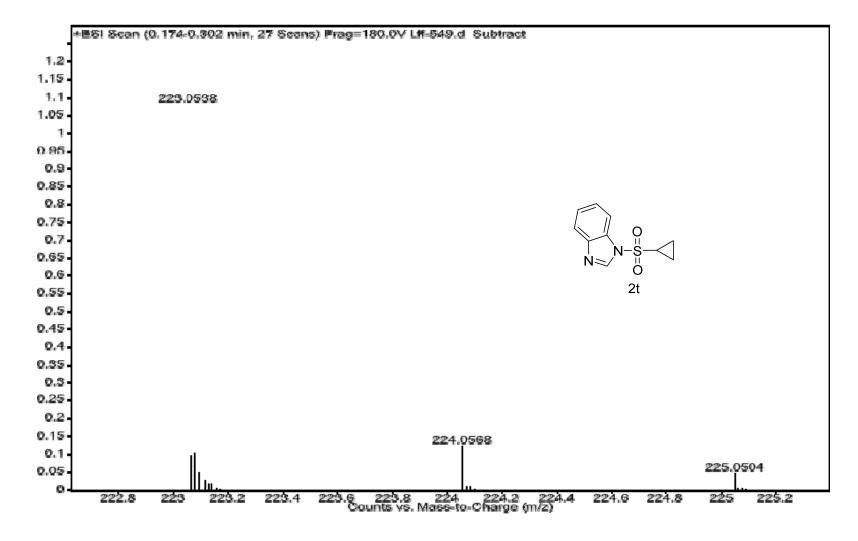
HRMS spectrum of compound 2j



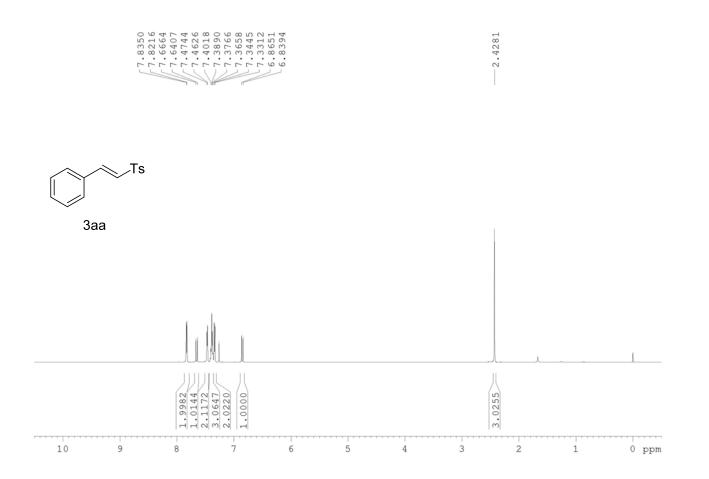
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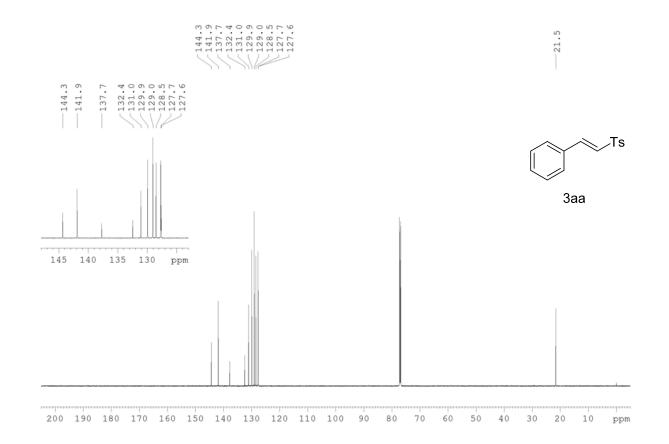
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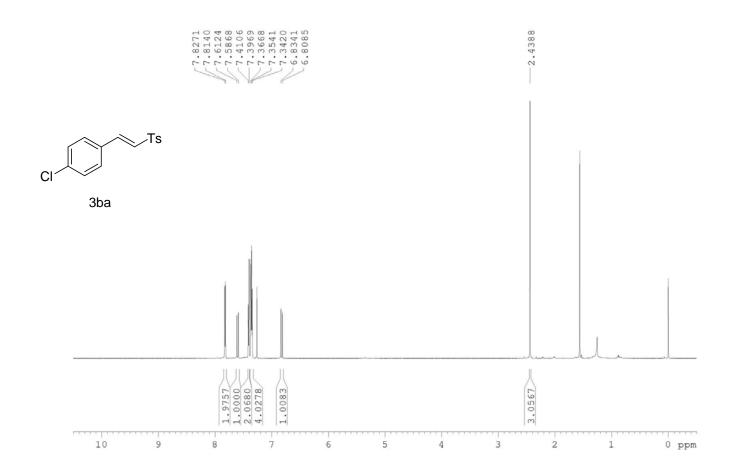
HRMS spectrum of compound 2t



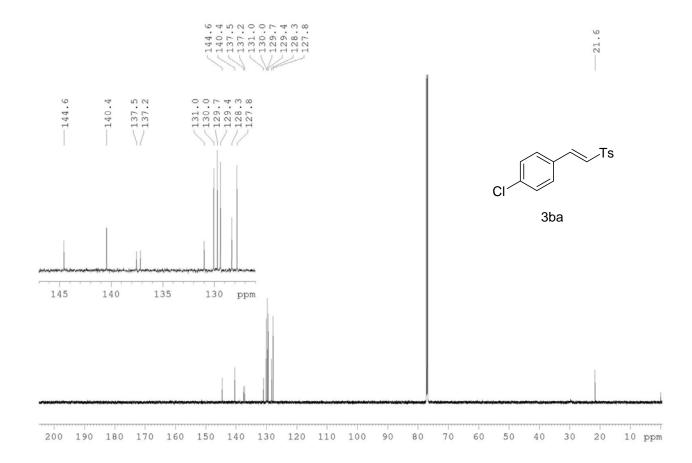
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3aa in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



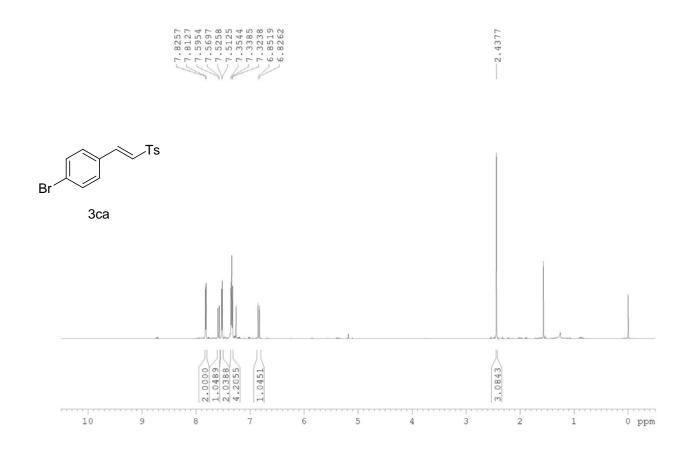
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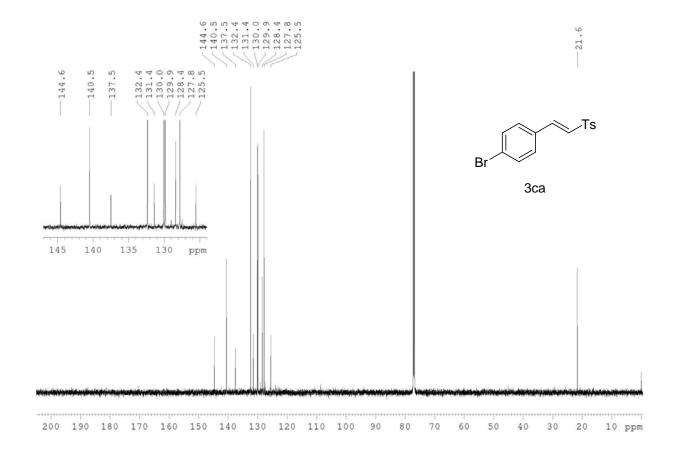
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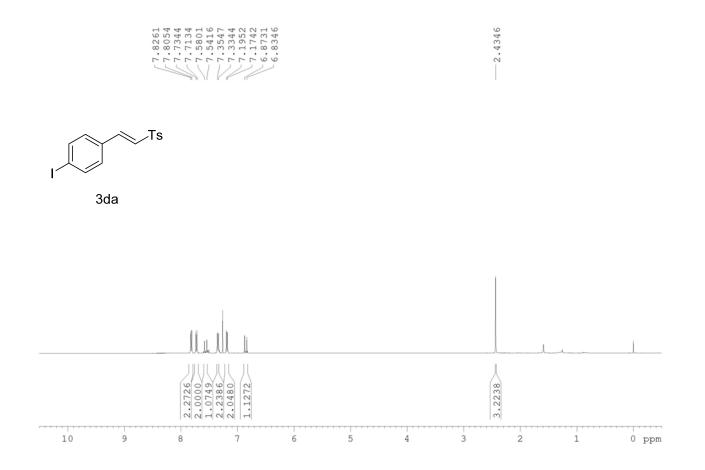
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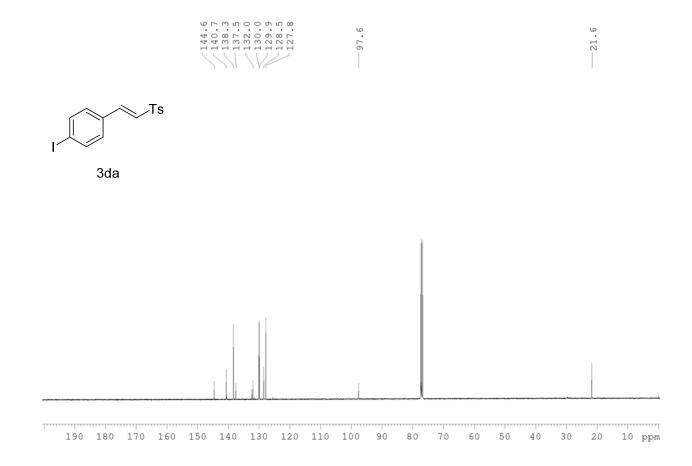
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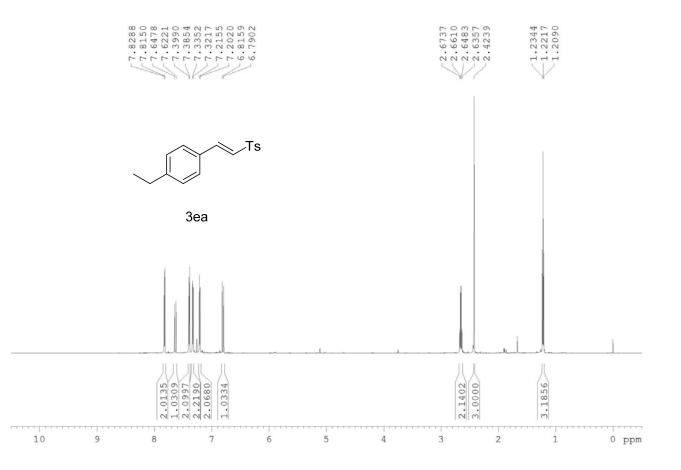
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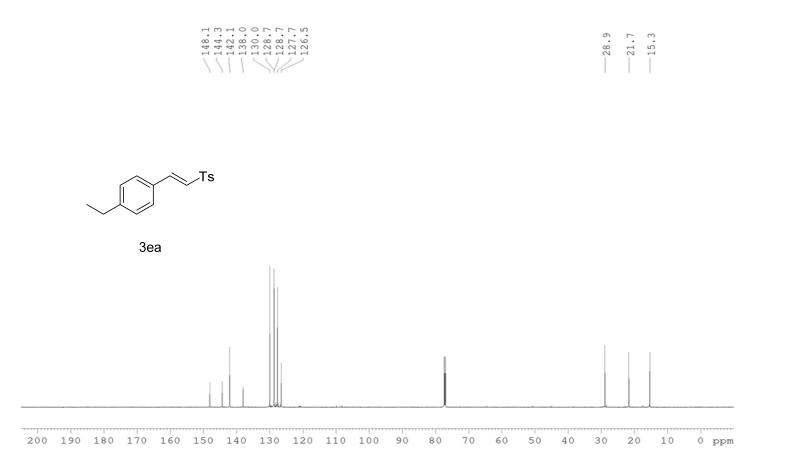
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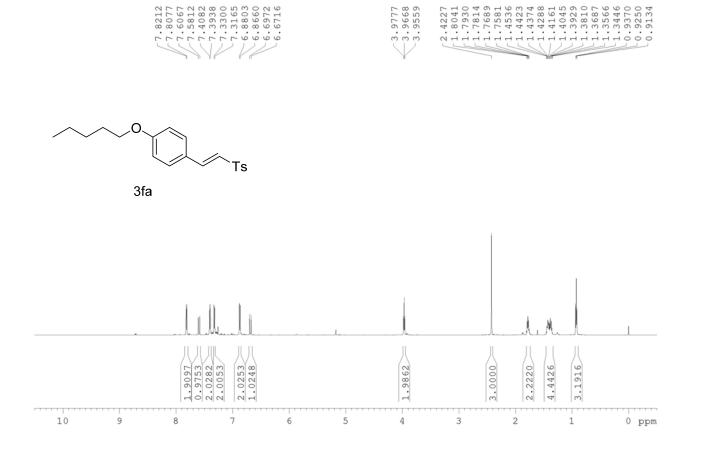
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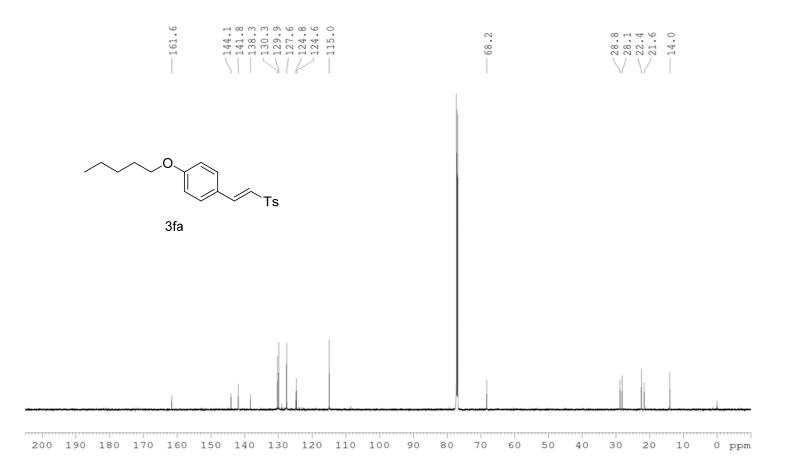
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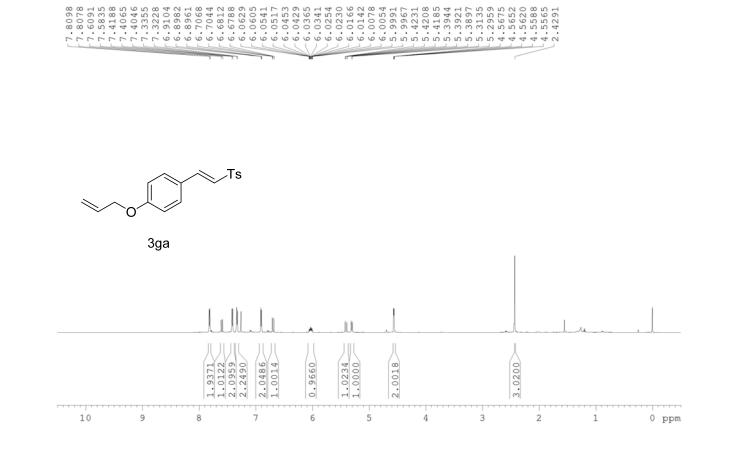
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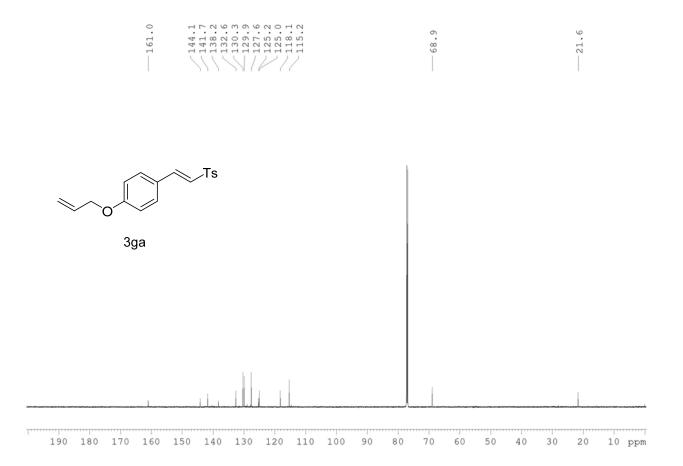
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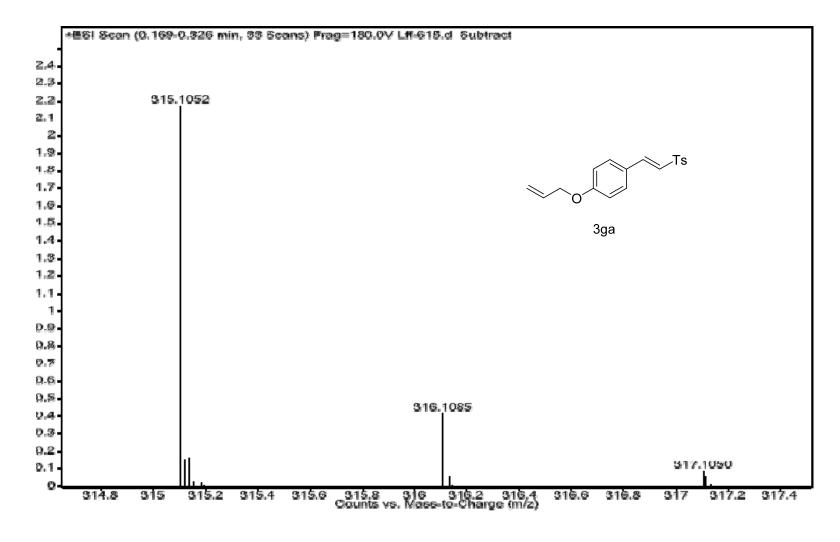
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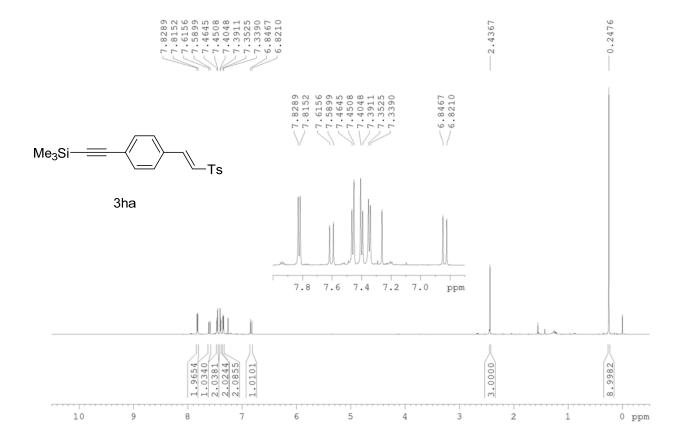
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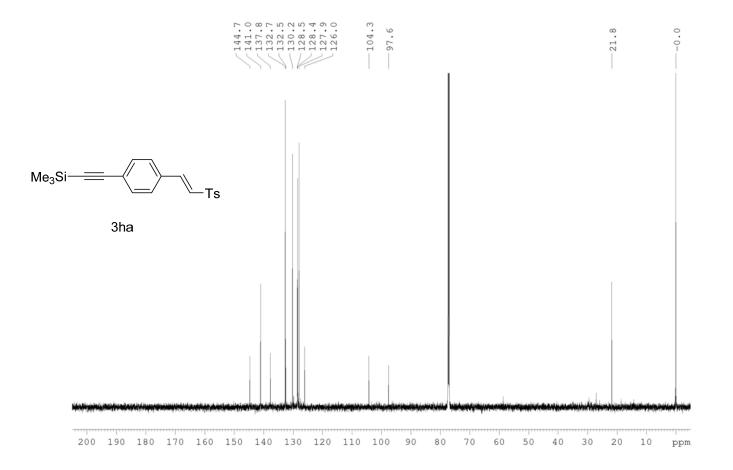
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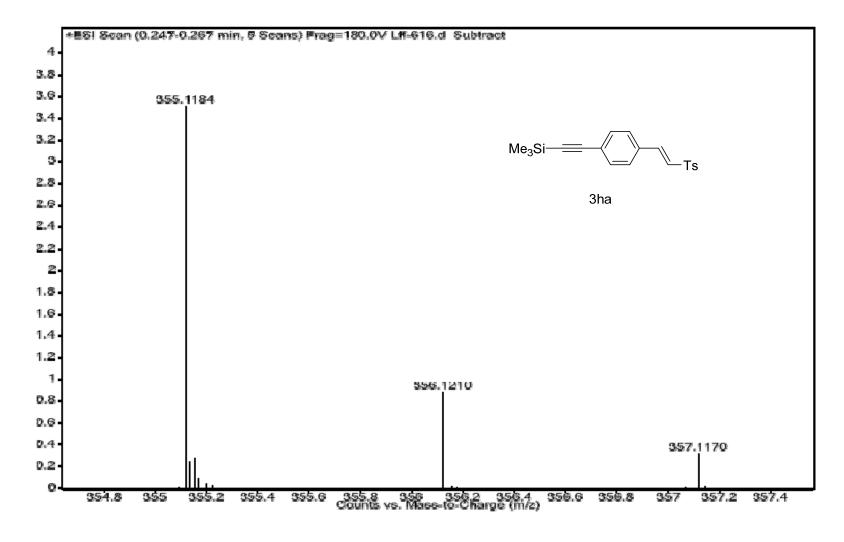
HRMS spectrum of compound 3ga



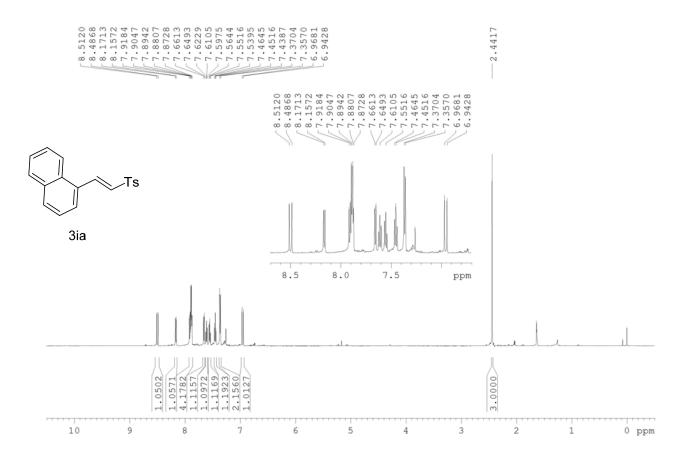
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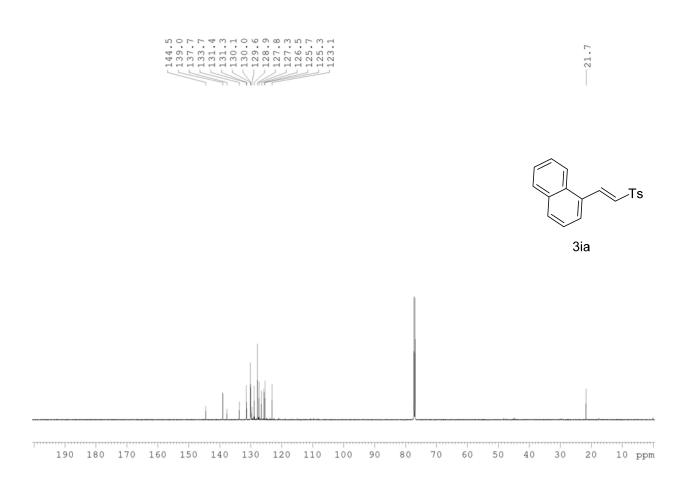
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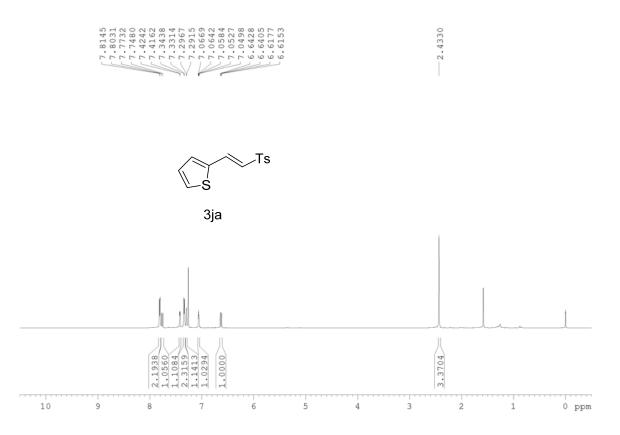
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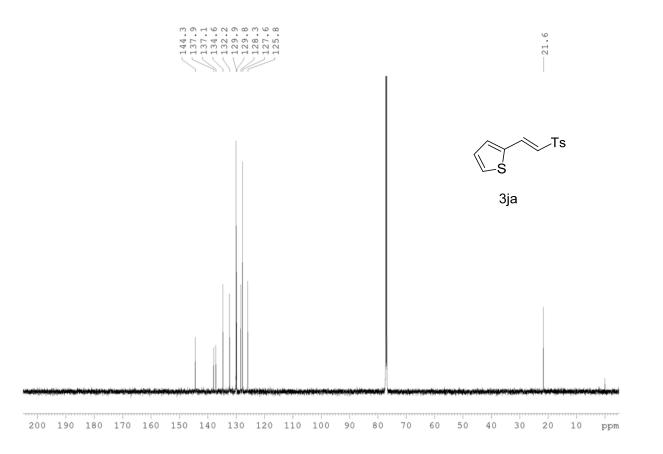
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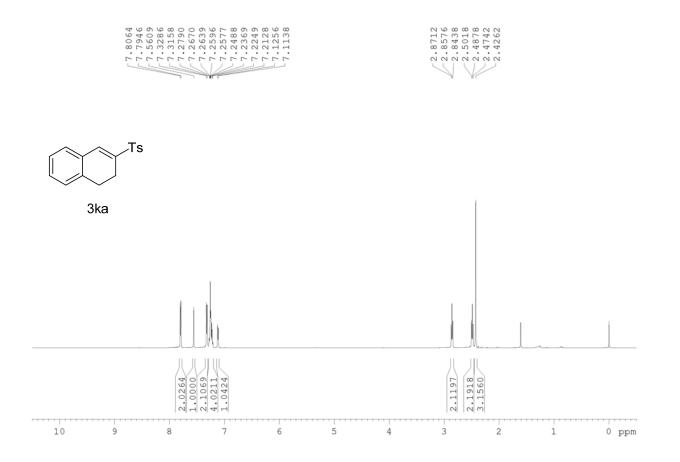
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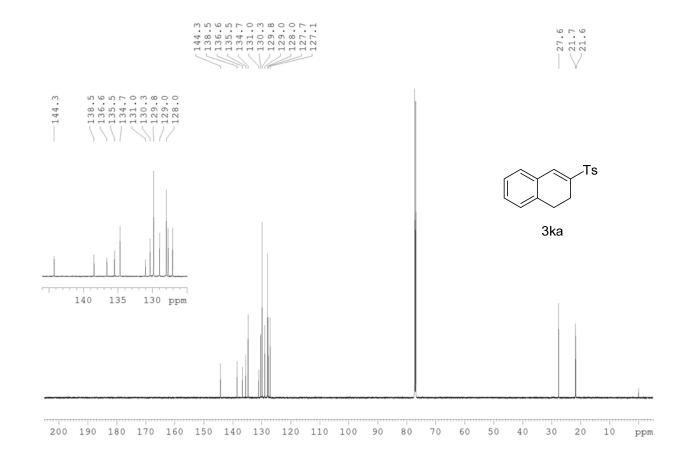
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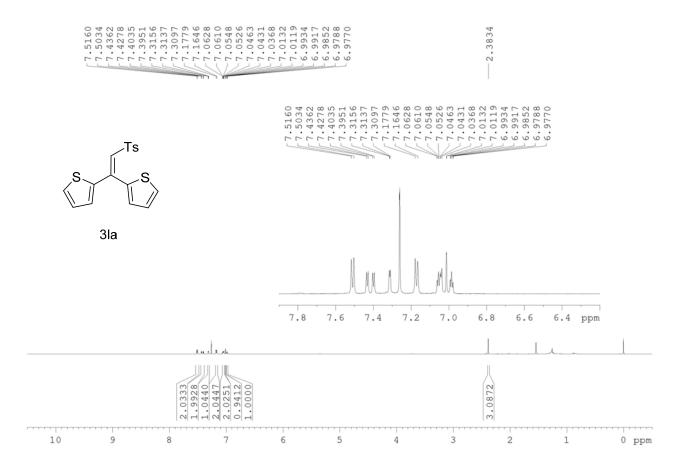
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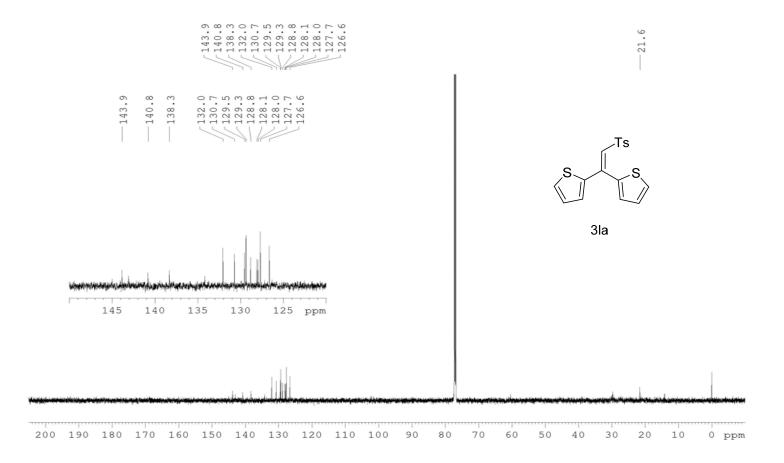
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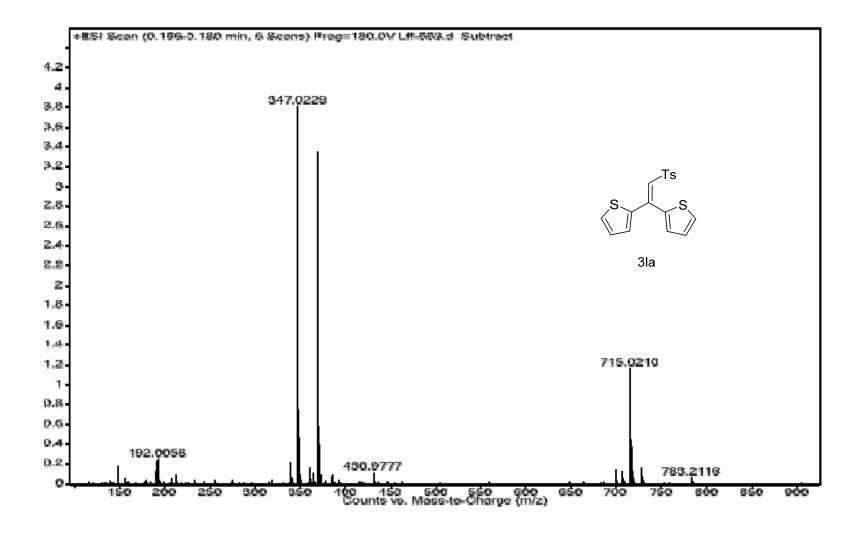
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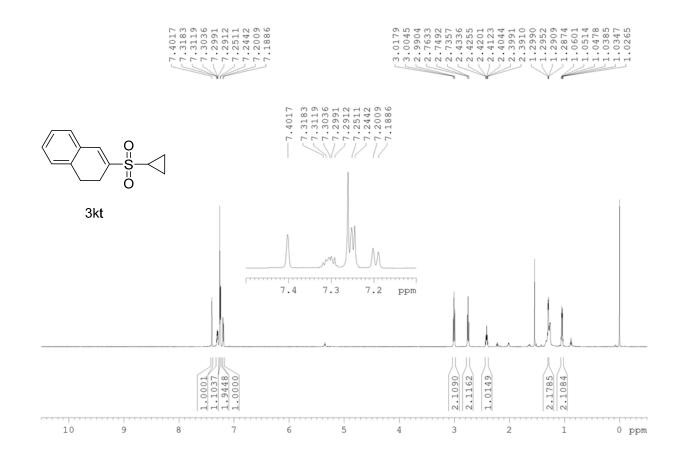
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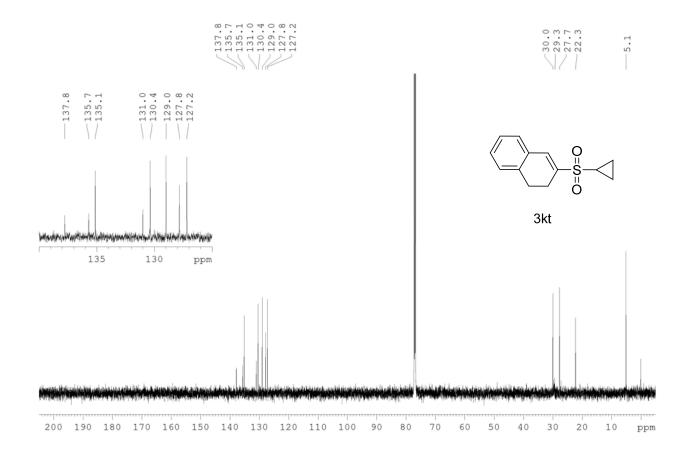
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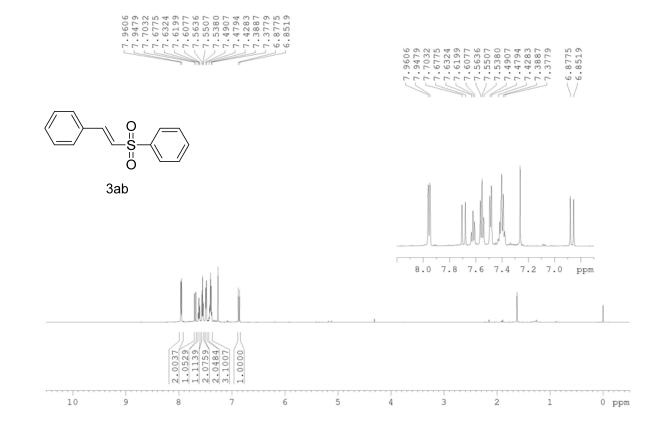
HRMS spectrum of compound 3la



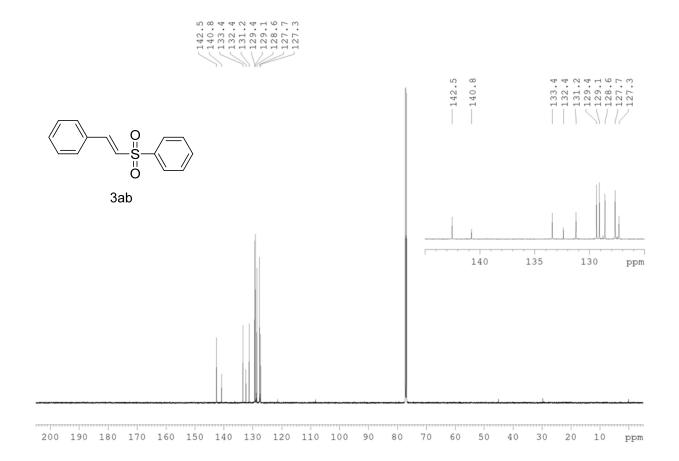
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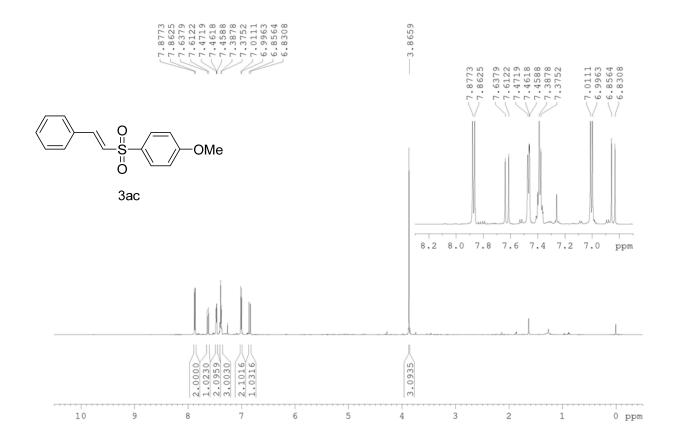
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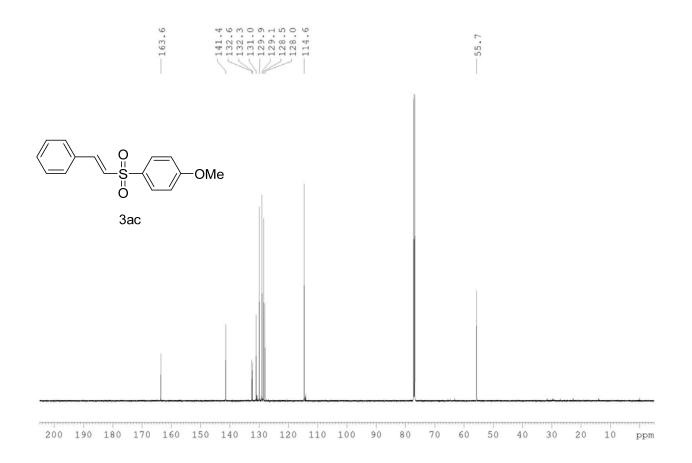
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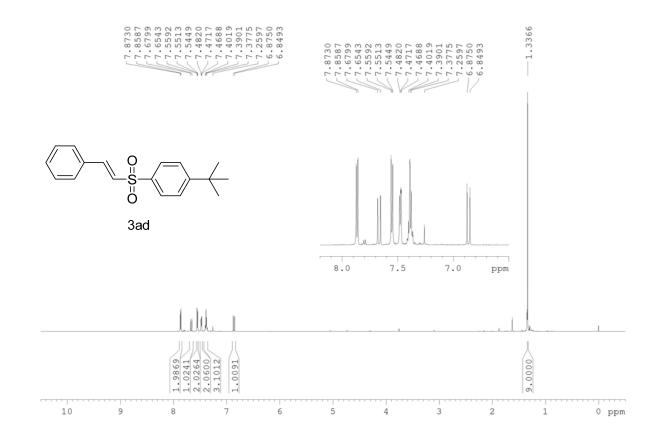
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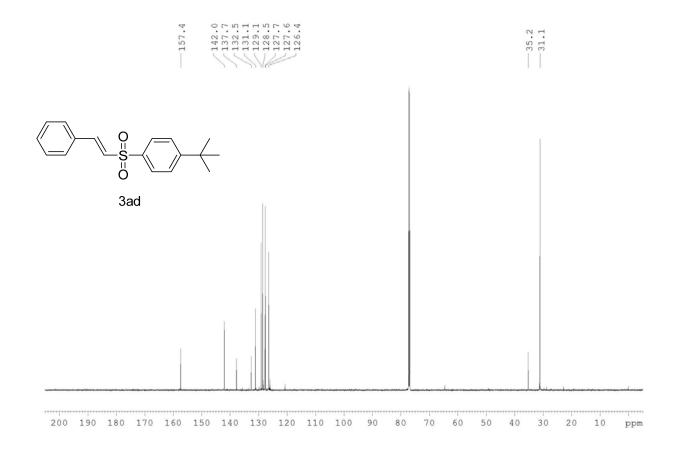
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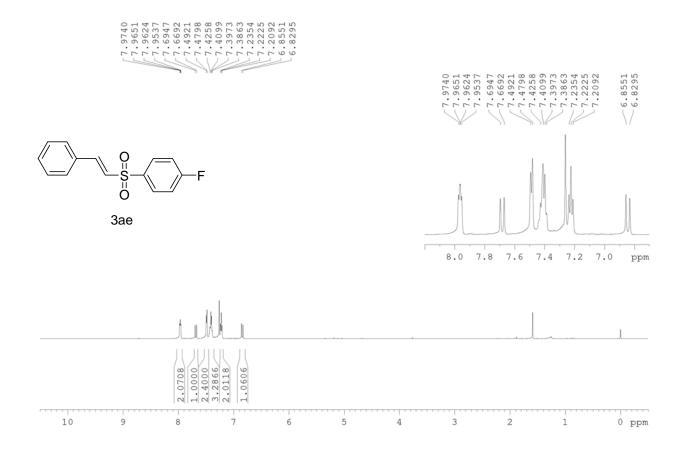
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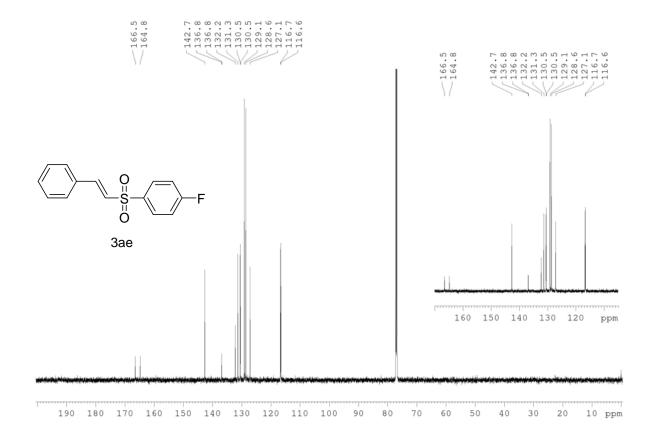
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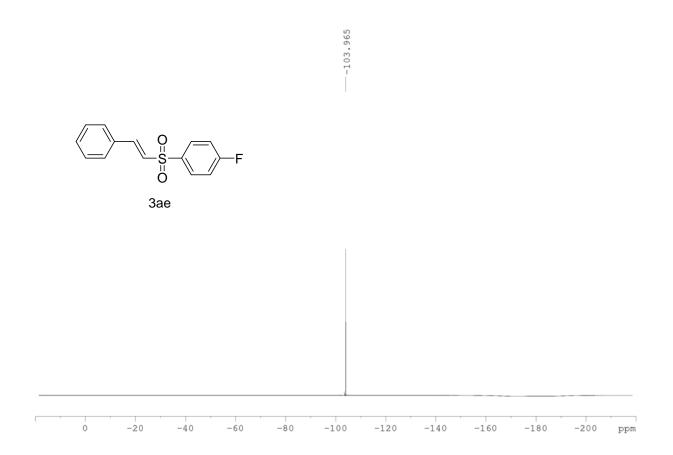
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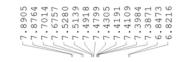
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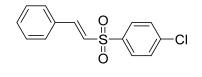


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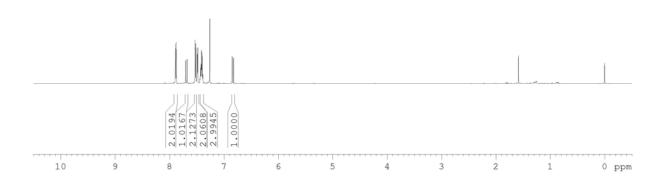


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound 3ae in CDCl₃ (565 MHz)

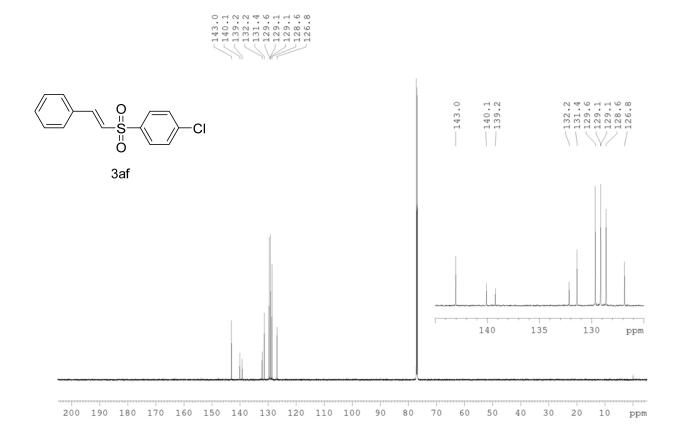




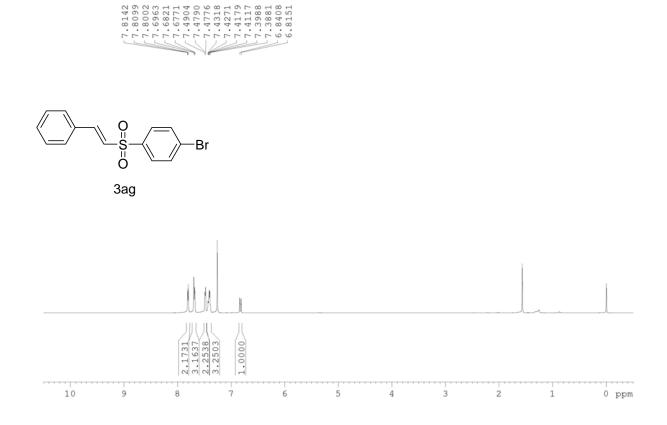




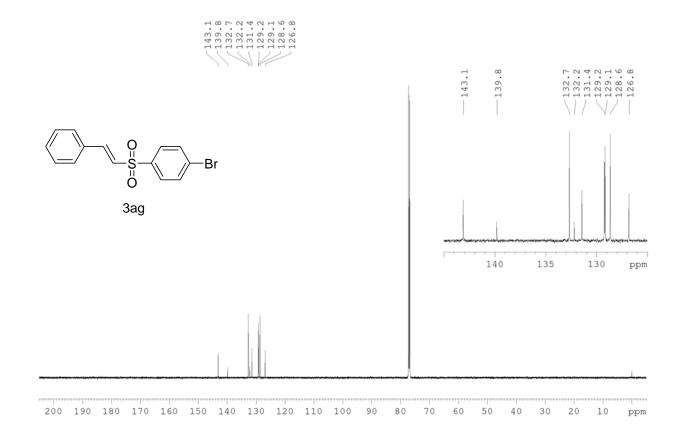
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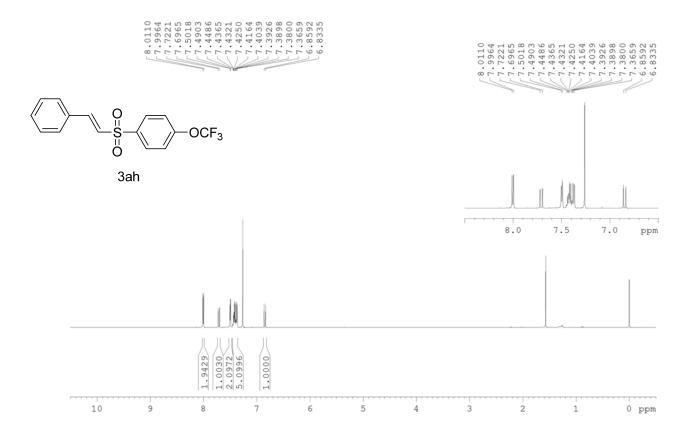
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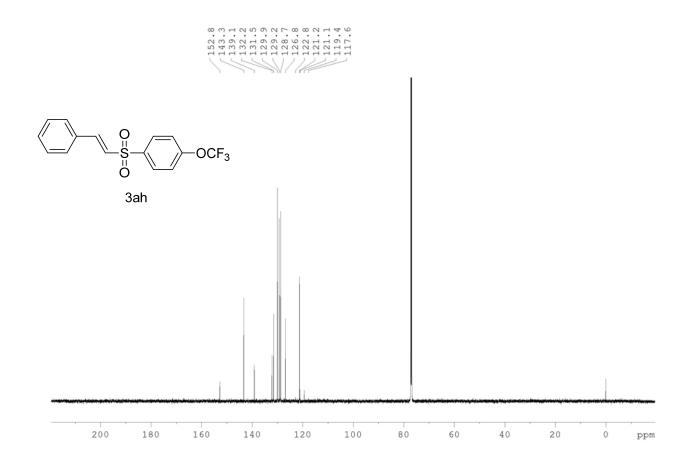
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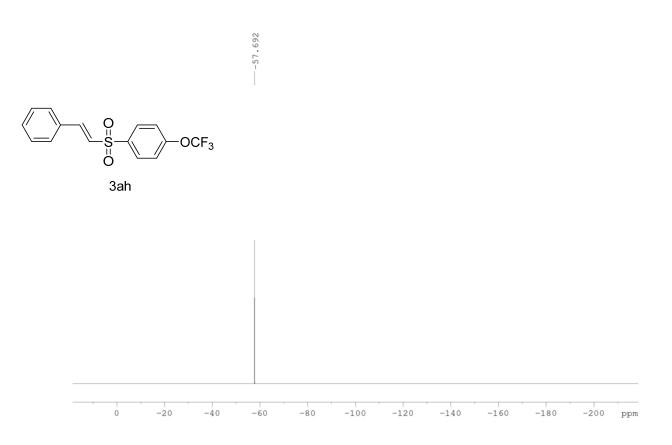
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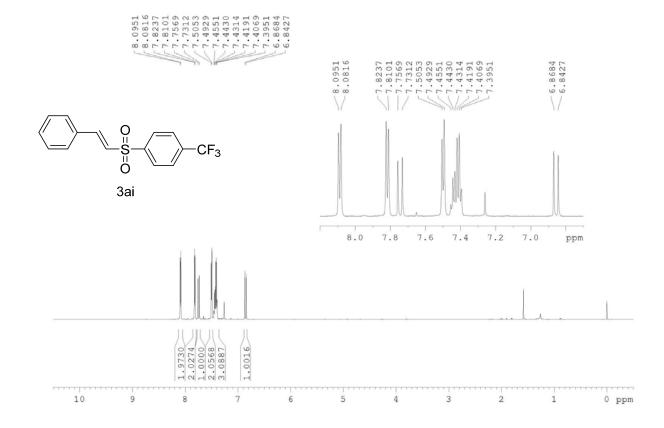
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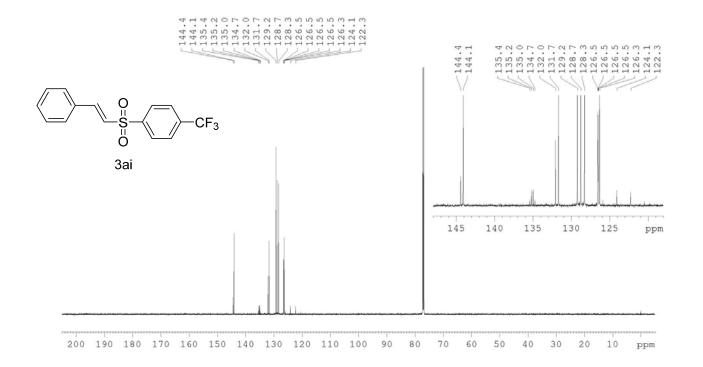
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3ah in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



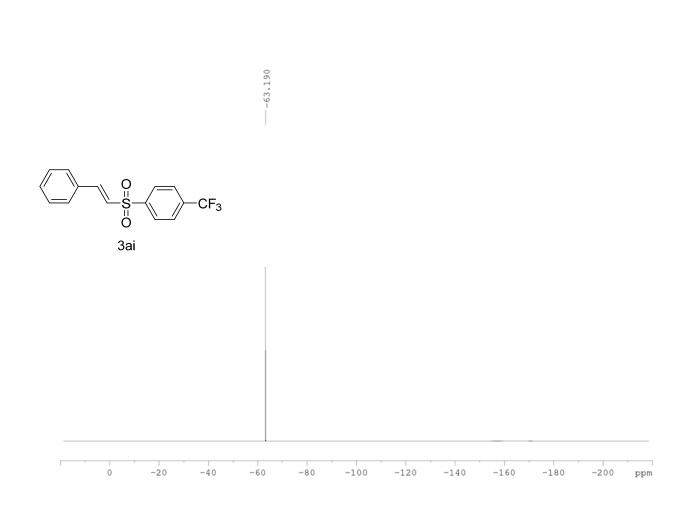
¹⁹F NMR spectrum of compound 3ah in CDCl₃ (565 MHz)



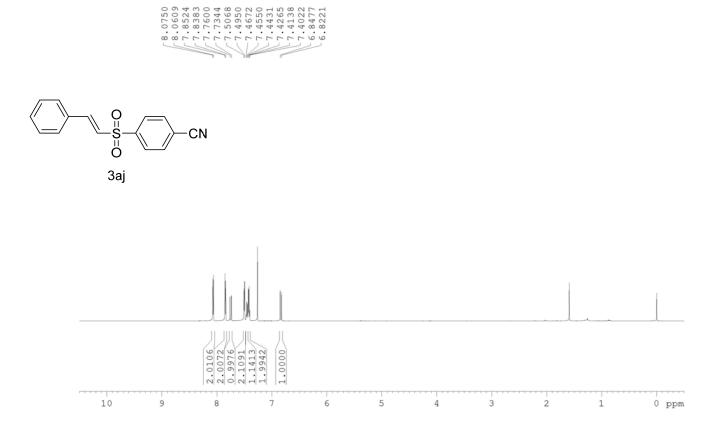
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3ai in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



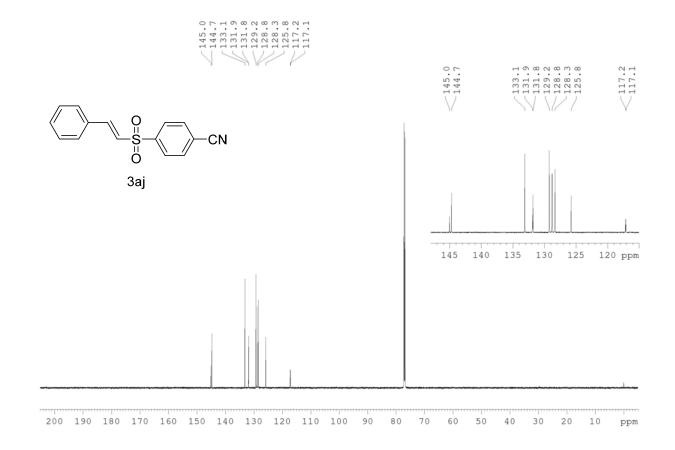
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3ai in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



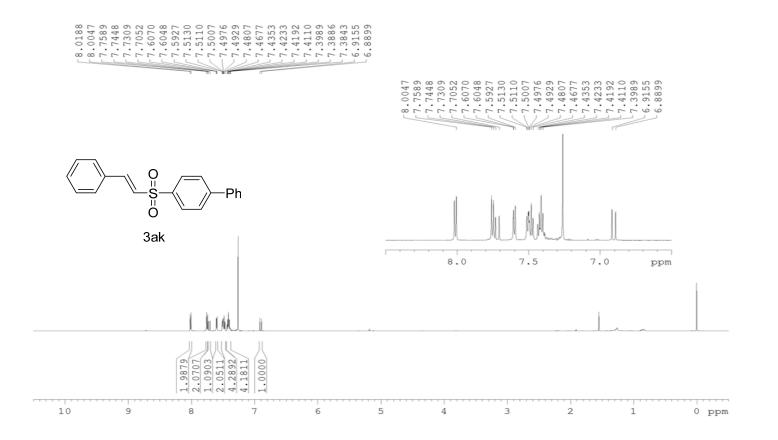
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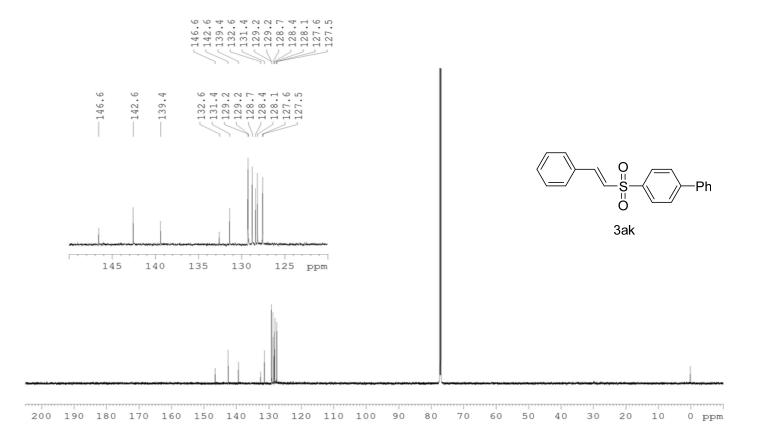
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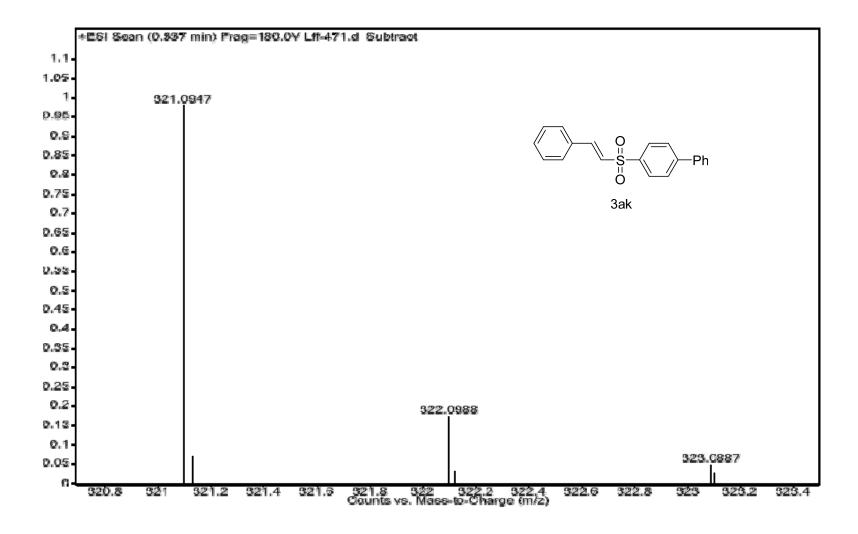
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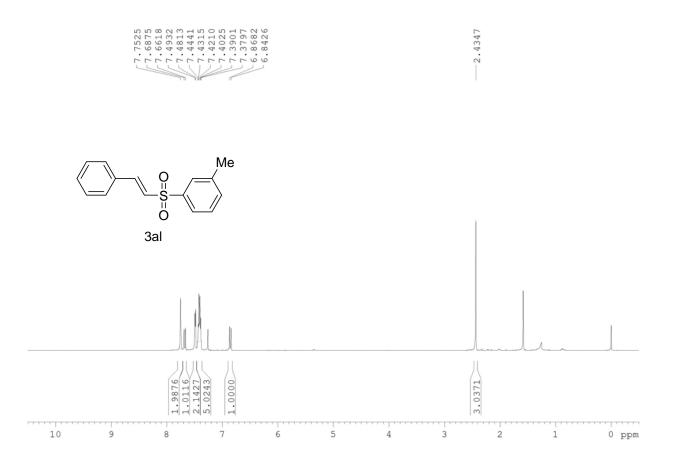
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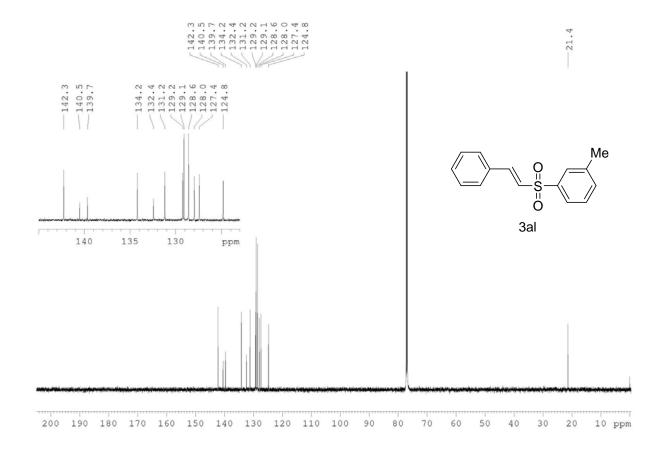
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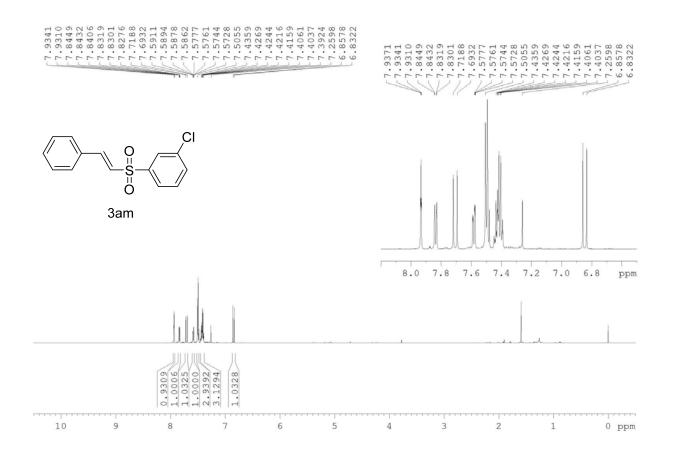
HRMS spectrum of compound 3ak



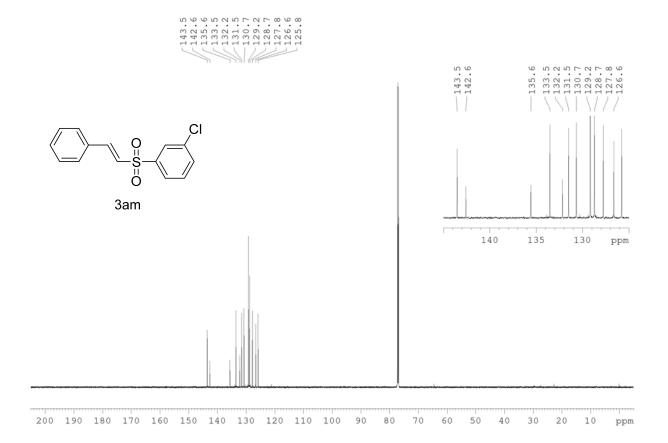
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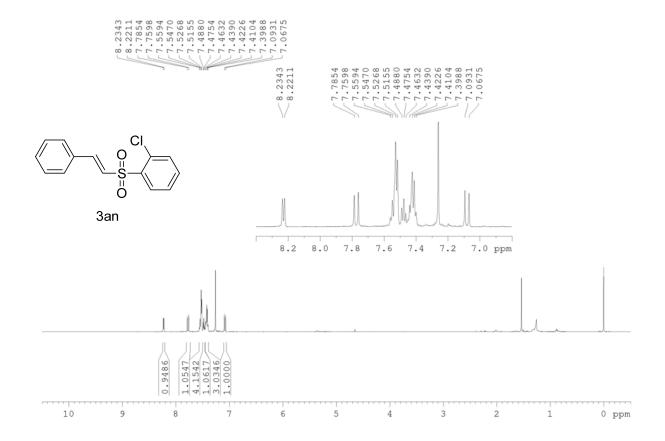
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3al in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



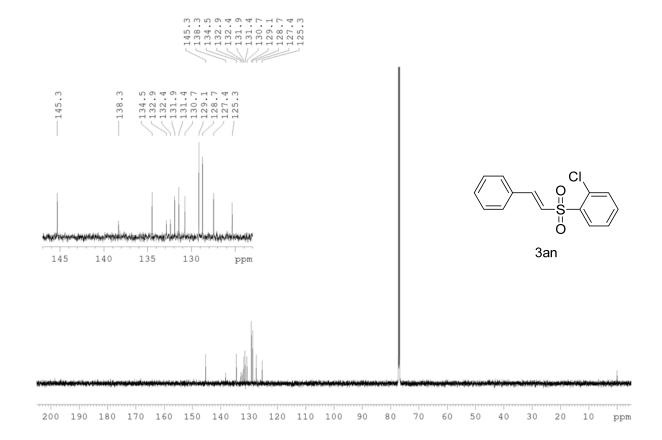
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3am in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



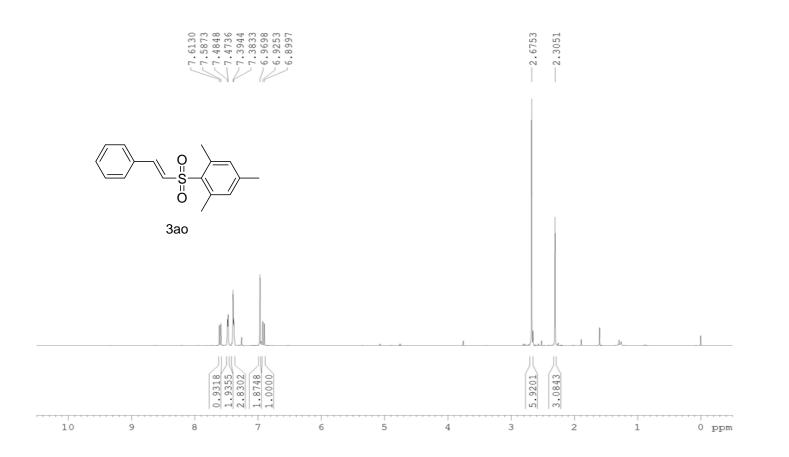
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3am in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



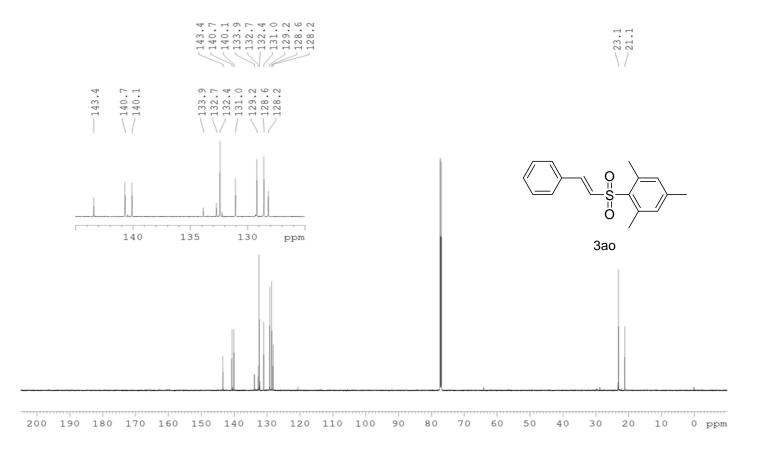
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3an in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



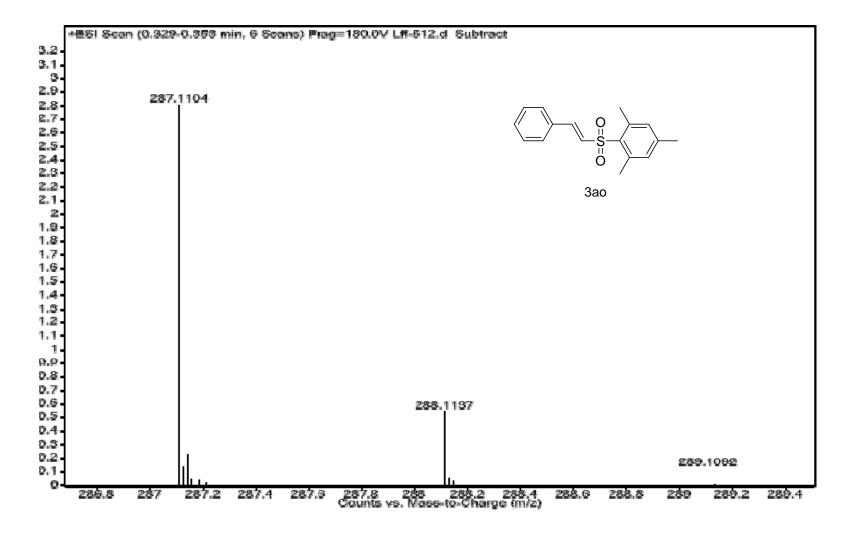
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3an in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



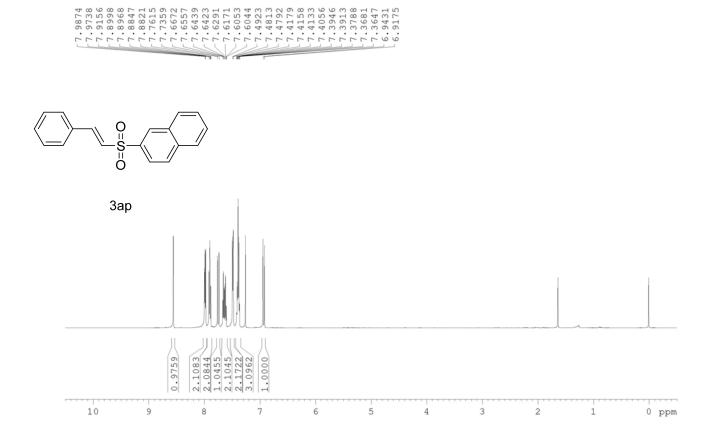
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3ao in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3ao in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)

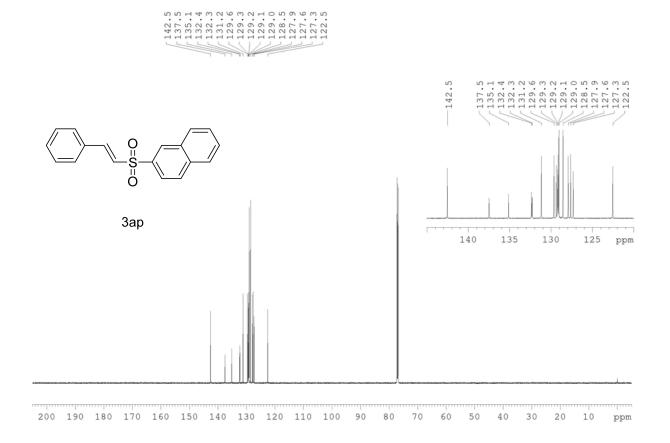


HRMS spectrum of compound 3ao

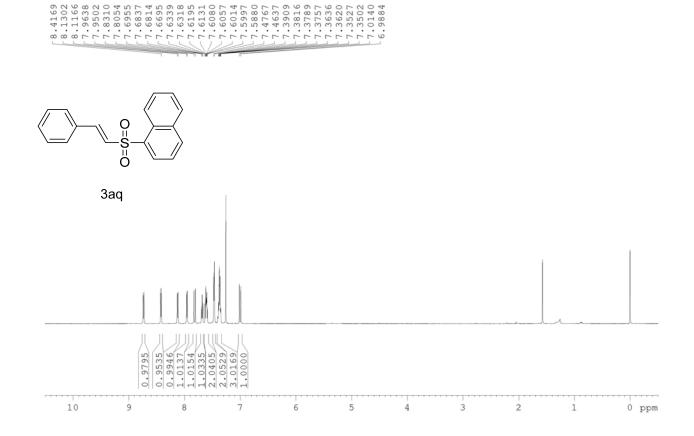


7 00 00

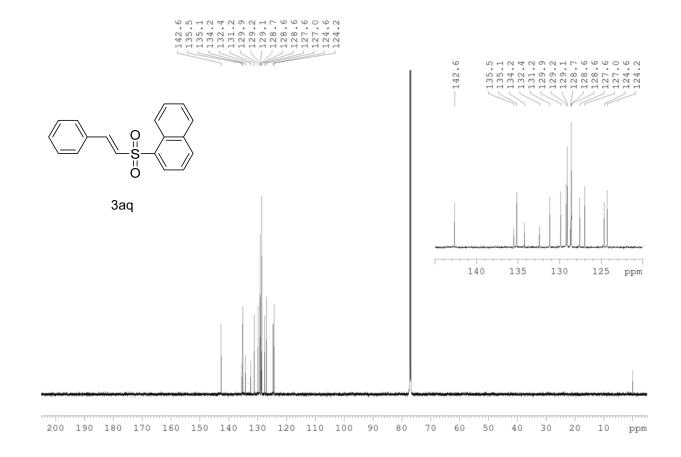
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3ap in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



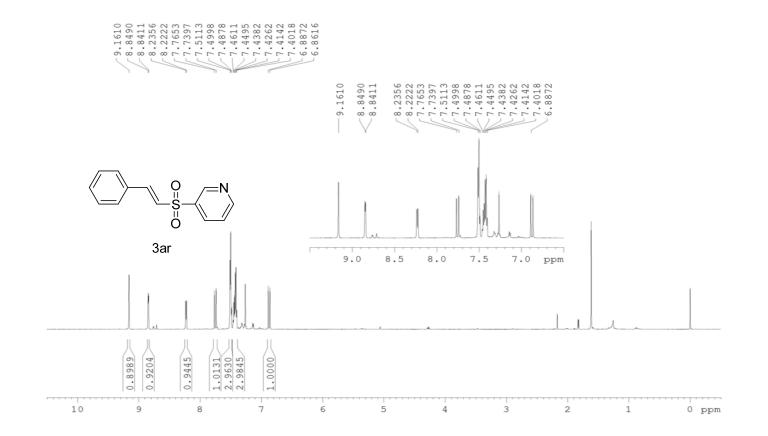
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3ap in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



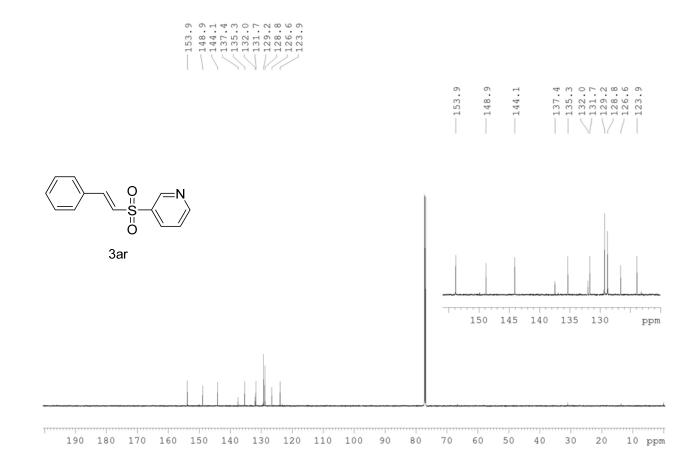
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3aq in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



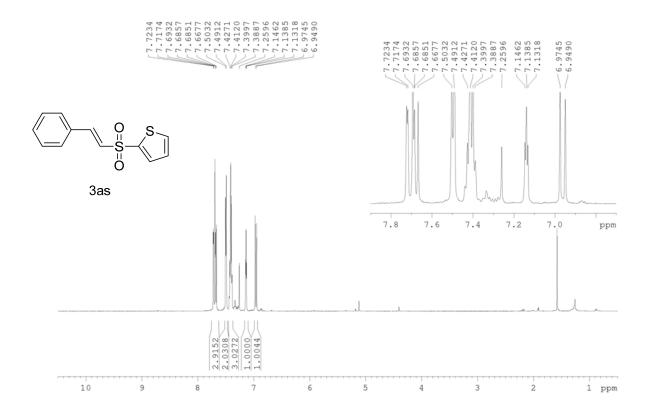
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3aq in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



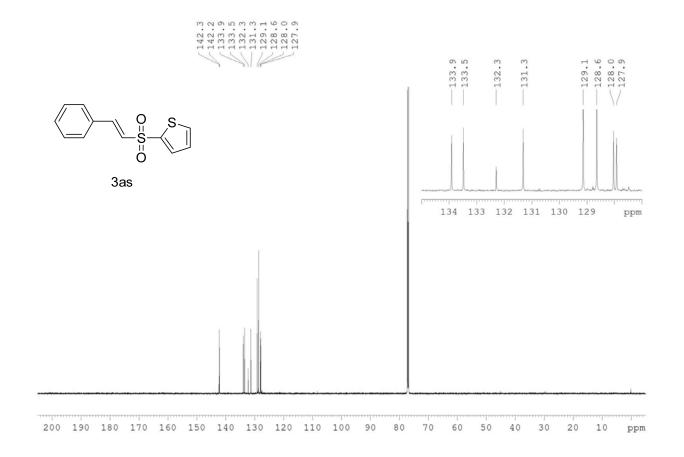
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3ar in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



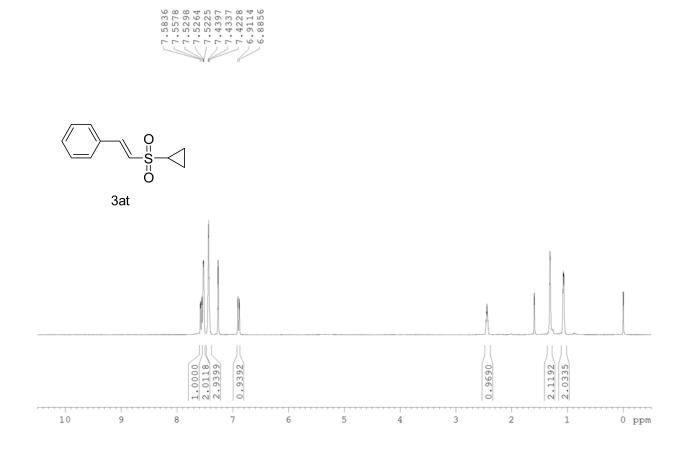
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3ar in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



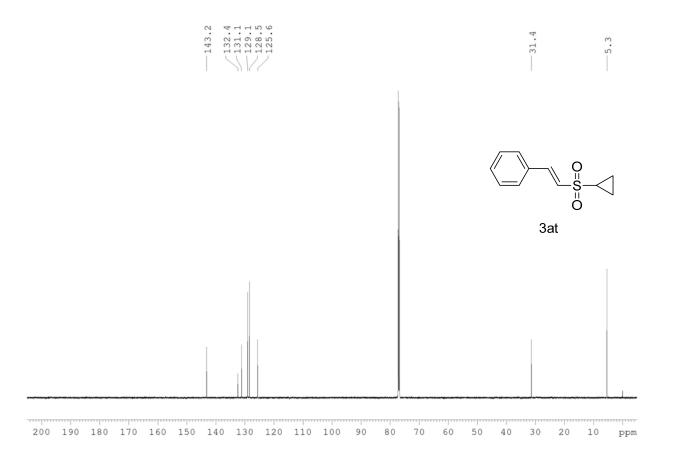
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3as in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



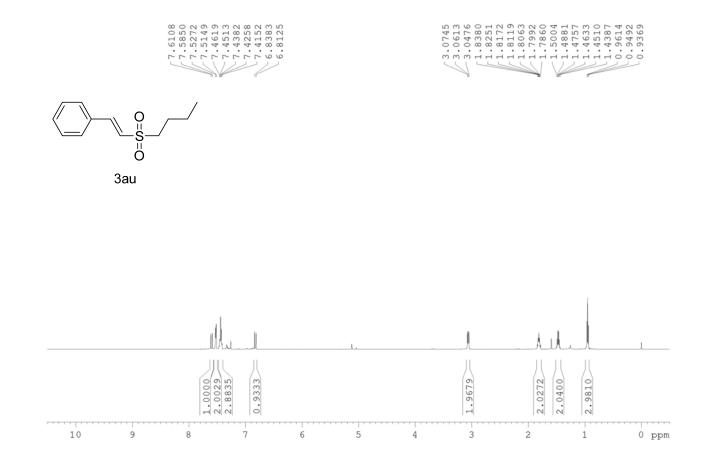
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3as in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



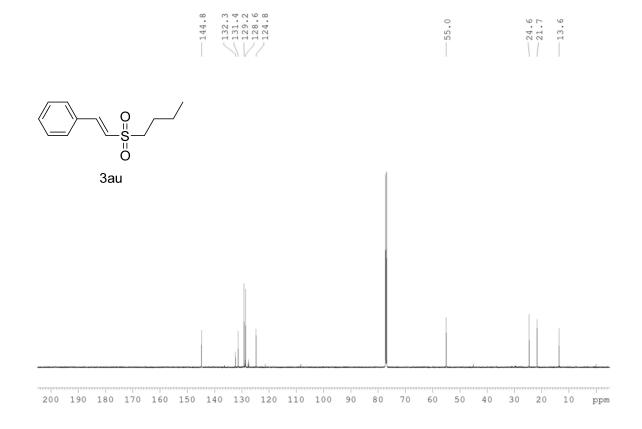
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3at in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



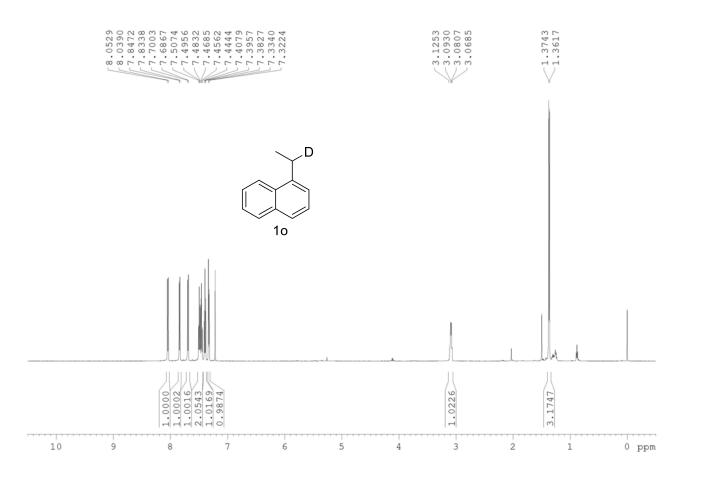
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3at in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



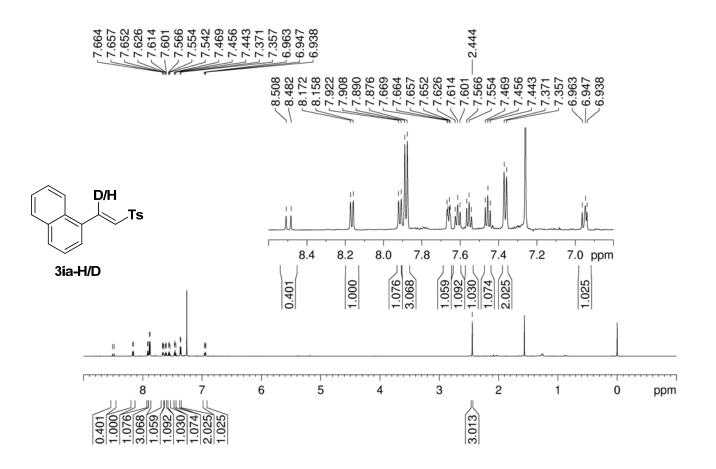
¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3au in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



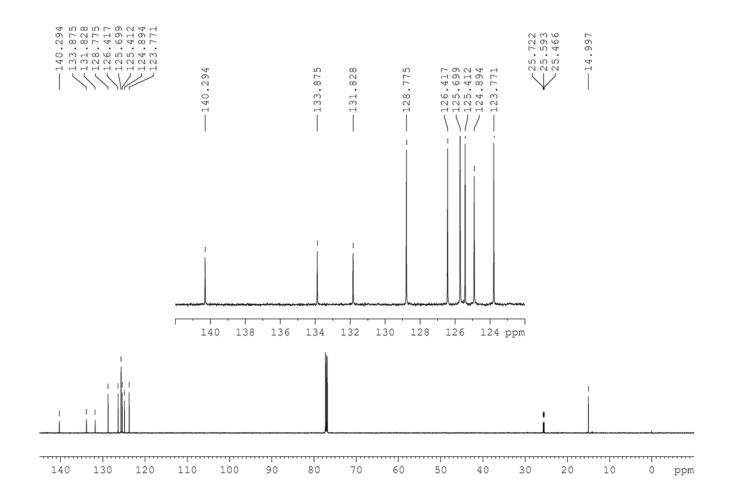
¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3au in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)



 $^1\mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl_3 (600 MHz)



¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3ia-H/D in CDCl₃ (600 MHz)



¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3ia-H/D in CDCl₃ (150 MHz)