

Supporting Information

Pseudocapacitive Energy Storage and Electrocatalytic Hydrogen-Evolution Activity of Defect-Ordered Perovskites $\text{Sr}_x\text{Ca}_{3-x}\text{GaMn}_2\text{O}_8$ ($x = 0$ and 1)

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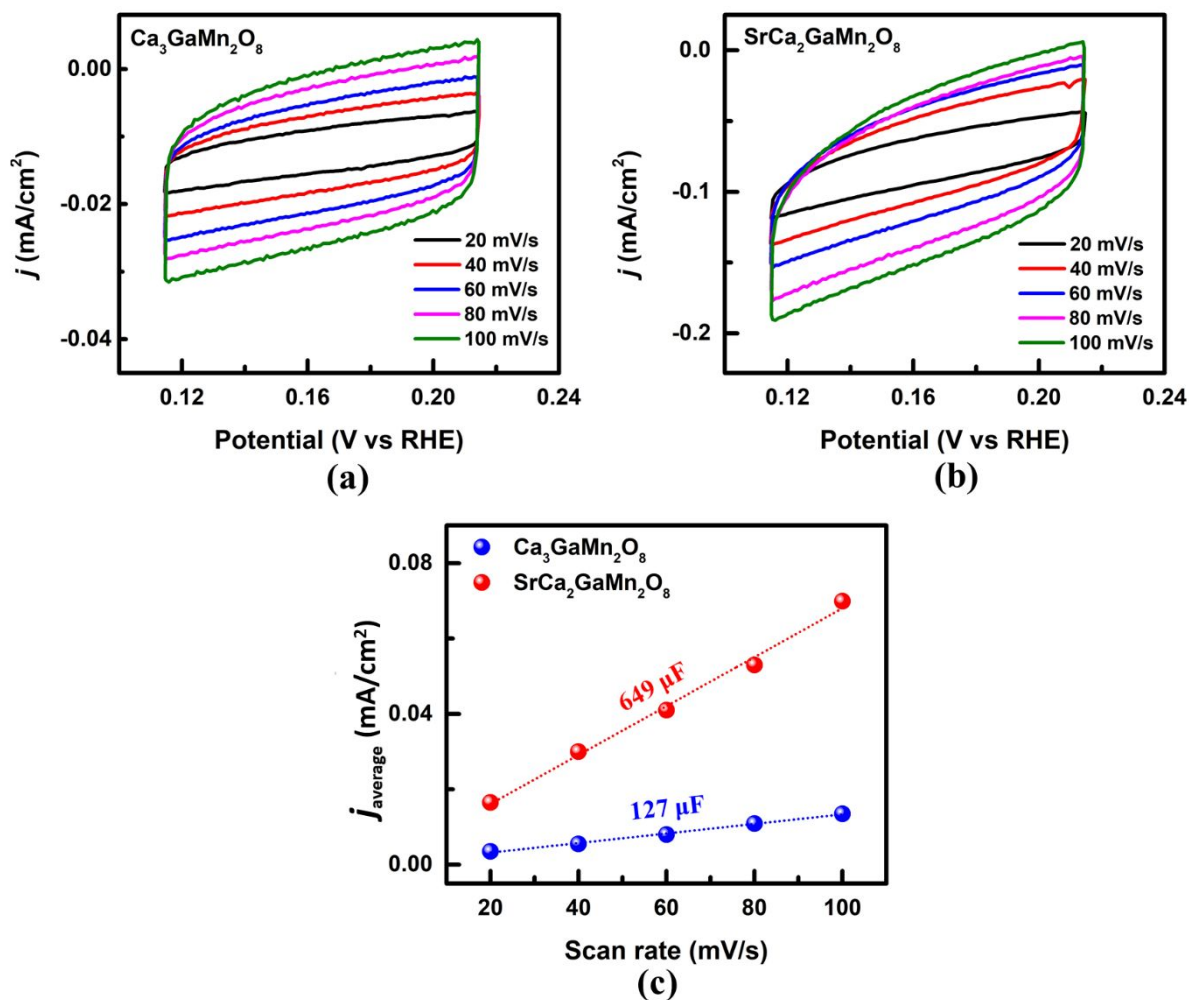


Figure S1. (a) and (b) Cyclic voltammety data in non-faradic region for the two compounds. (c) Plot of j_{average} versus scan rate (ν). Here, j_{average} is the average of j_{anodic} and j_{cathodic} absolute values at the middle potential of the CV at each scan rate. The C_{dl} value is often taken as a measure of electrochemically active surface area (ECSA),¹ and is obtained from the slope of j_{average} versus ν graph according to the equation $C_{\text{dl}} = j_{\text{average}}/\nu$.²⁻³

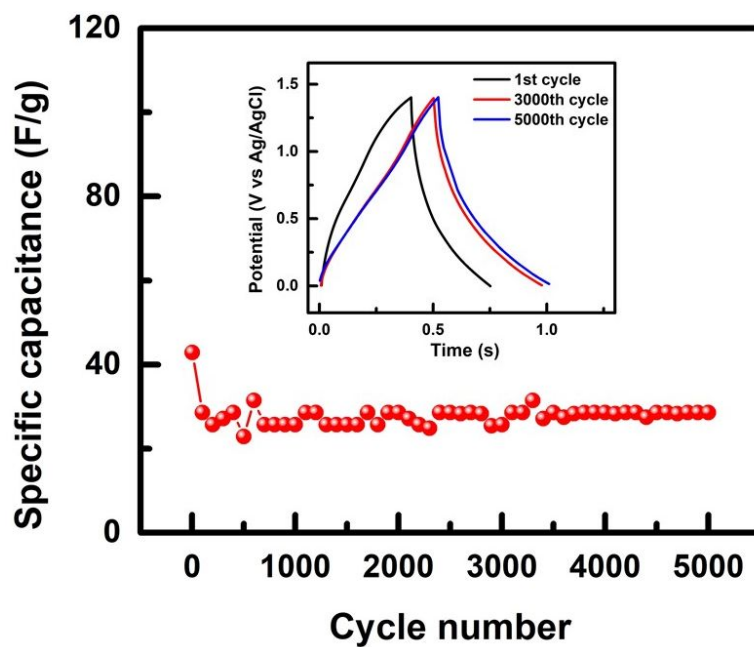


Figure S2. Specific capacitance obtained from 5000 GCD cycles for $\text{Ca}_3\text{GaMn}_2\text{O}_8$ at 10 A/g, indicating high stability. The inset shows the 1st, 3000th, and 5000th GCD cycles.

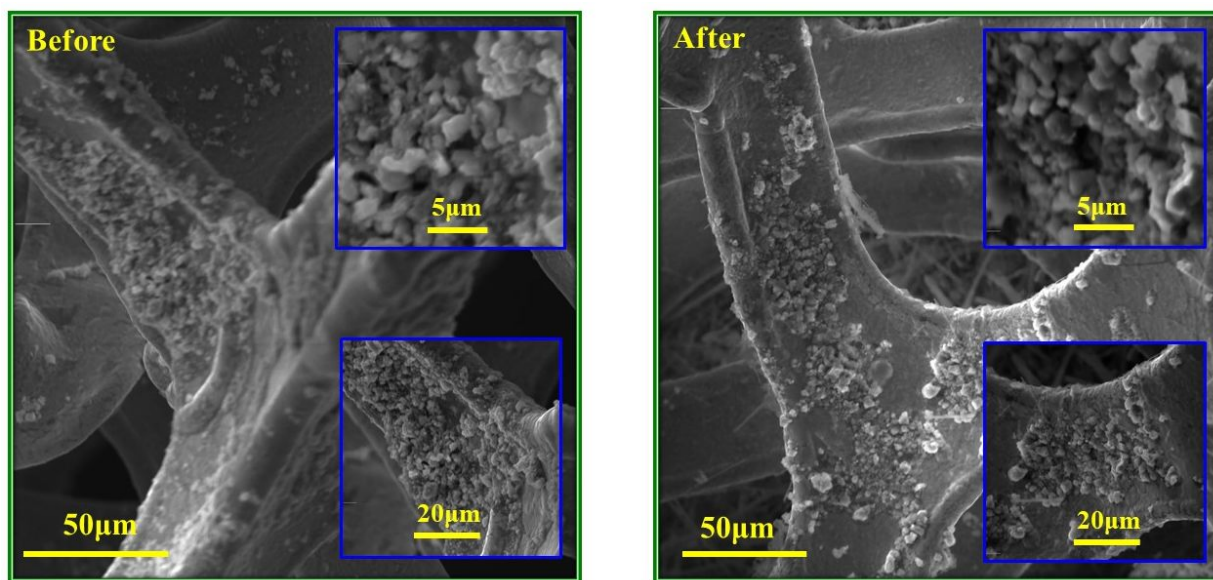


Figure S3. Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images of $\text{Ca}_3\text{GaMn}_2\text{O}_8$ particles on nickel foam before and after 5000 GCD cycles.

1. Pan, Y.; Chen, Y.; Li, X.; Liu, Y.; Liu, C., Nanostructured nickel sulfides: phase evolution, characterization and electrocatalytic properties for the hydrogen evolution reaction. *RSC Adv.* **2015**, *5*, 104740-104749.
2. Hona, R. K.; Ramezanipour, F., Remarkable Oxygen-Evolution Activity of a Perovskite Oxide from the $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_{6-\delta}$ Series. *Angew. Chem.* **2019**, *58*, 2060-2063.
3. Hona, R. K.; Karki, S. B.; Ramezanipour, F., Oxide Electrocatalysts Based on Earth-Abundant Metals for Both Hydrogen- and Oxygen-Evolution Reactions. *ACS Sustainable Chem. Eng.* **2020**, *8*, 11549-11557.