

Supporting Information

Synthesis of Acyl Fluorides *via* DAST-Mediated Fluorinative C–C Bond Cleavage of Activated Ketones

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1. Materials and Methods

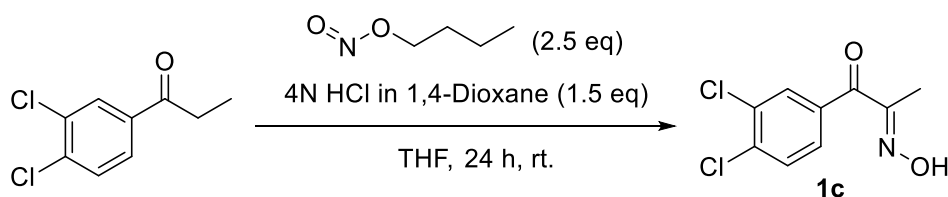
Dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and acetonitrile (CH₃CN) were directly used from SPS system (Hansen, Puresolve MD) without further purification. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) analysis was run on silica gel plates. Spots were visualized by exposure to ultraviolet (UV) light (254 nm) or by staining with KMnO₄ aq. solution and then heating. High Resolution Mass Spectrometric analysis were performed on JEOL JMS-700 [Ionization mode: EI and FAB; Mass analyzer type: Double-focusing type (magnetic sector-electrostatic sector)]. High-resolution mass spectra were reported for the molecular ion [M]⁺, [M+H]⁺. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded either on Ascend 400, Bruker 300 or 500 UltraShield (either on 300, 400, 500 MHz for ¹H, 376 MHz for ¹⁹F NMR, and either on 100 or 125 MHz for ¹³C). The fluorine spectra are unreferenced. Chemical shifts for proton NMR spectra are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to the singlet at 7.26 ppm for chloroform-*d*, to the quintet at 3.31 ppm for methanol-*d*, and to the quintet at 2.50 ppm for dimethylsulfoxide-*d*₆. Chemical shifts for carbon NMR spectra are reported in 77.2 ppm with the center line of triplet for chloroform-*d*, in 49.1 ppm with the center line of the septet for methanol-*d* and in 39.5 ppm with the center line of the septet for dimethylsulfoxide-*d*₆. Data for ¹H NMR were presented as following: chemical shifts (δ, ppm), multiplicity (br = broad, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, p = pentet, dd = doublet of doublets, td = triplet of doublets, m = multiplet), coupling constant (Hz), and integration. The chemical shifts of peaks found were reported for ¹³C NMR spectra. Infrared spectra were recorded with a Smith Detection ATR-FTIR instrument.

2. Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data

Preparation of α-oximinoketones (compounds 1 and 3)

The known starting materials **1a**,¹ **1b**,² **1d**,² **3a**,³ **3d**,³ **3f**,⁴ **3g**,⁵ **3h**,⁶ **3i**,⁷ **3l**,⁸ **3p**,⁹ and **3s**¹⁰ were not characterized.

1) Procedure for acid-assisted oximation



To a stirred solution of ketone (606 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.88 mL, 7.5 mmol) in THF (9.0

¹ Gutierrez, R. U.; Rebollar, A.; Bautista, R.; Pelayo, V.; Vargas, J.; Montenegro, M. M.; Espinoza-Hicks, C.; Ayala, F.; Bernal, P. M.; Carrasco, C.; Zepeda, L. G.; Delgado, F.; Tamariz, J. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **2015**, 26, 230.

² Reddy, M. K.; Mallik, S.; Ramakrishna, I.; Baidya, M. *Org. Lett.* **2017**, 19, 1694.

³ Schlegel, M.; Schneider, C. *Org. Lett.* **2018**, 20, 3119.

⁴ Katritzky, A. R.; Wang, Z.; Hall, C. D.; Akhmedov, N.; Shestopalov, A. A.; Steel, P. J. *J. Org. Chem.* **2003**, 68, 9093.

⁵ Cotman, A. E.; Lozinsek, M.; Wang, B.; Stephan, M.; Mohar, B. *Org. Lett.* **2019**, 21, 3644.

⁶ Chow, Y. L.; Wu, Z. Z. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1987**, 109, 5260.

⁷ Shukla, S.; Srivastava, R. S.; Shrivastava, S. K.; Sodhi, A.; Kumar, P. *Appl. Biochem.* **2012**, 167, 1430.

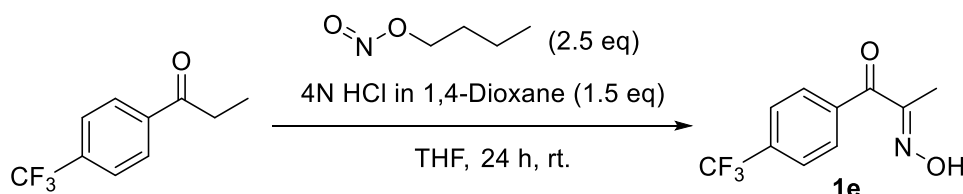
⁸ Baidya, M.; Yamamoto, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, 133, 13880.

⁹ Bosiak, M.; Pakulski, M. M. *Synthesis* **2011**, 316.

¹⁰ Berenyi, A.; Minorics, R.; Ivanyi, Z.; Ocsovszki, I.; Ducza, E.; Thole, H.; Messinger, J.; Wolfling, J.; Motyan, G.; Mernyak, E.; Frank, E.; Schneider, G.; Zupko, I. *Steroids* **2013**, 78, 69.

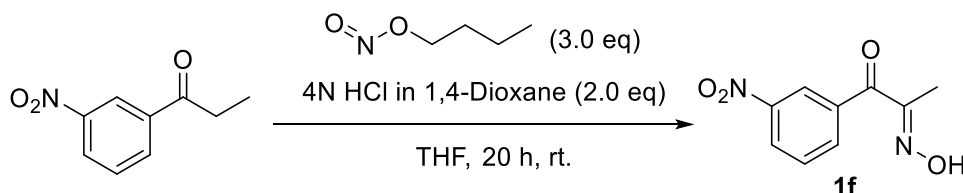
mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.1 mL, 4.5 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1c** (547 mg, 79%) as a white solid.

(E)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-(hydroxyimino)propan-1-one (1c); *R_f* = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 (br s, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dd, *J* = 8.1 and 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.1, 157.1, 137.4, 136.0, 132.7, 132.6, 130.3, 129.6, 10.0. IR (neat) *v*_{max} 3255, 1639, 1442, 1331, 1020 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₉H₇Cl₂NO₂ [M]⁺ 230.9854, found 230.9864.



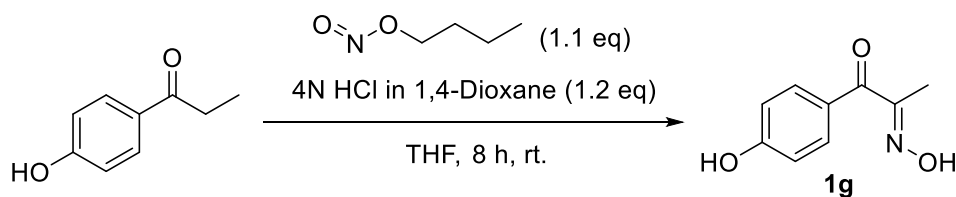
To a stirred solution of ketone (606 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.88 mL, 7.5 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.1 mL, 4.5 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1e** (499 mg, 72%) as a white solid.

(E)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)propan-1-one (1e); *R_f* = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (br s, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.8, 157.3, 139.6, 133.8 (q, *J*_{C,F} = 33 Hz), 130.7, 125.1 (q, *J*_{C,F} = 4 Hz), 122.4, 9.9. IR (neat) *v*_{max} 3246, 1662, 1312, 1108, 1003 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₈F₃NO₂ [M]⁺ 231.0507 found 231.0506.



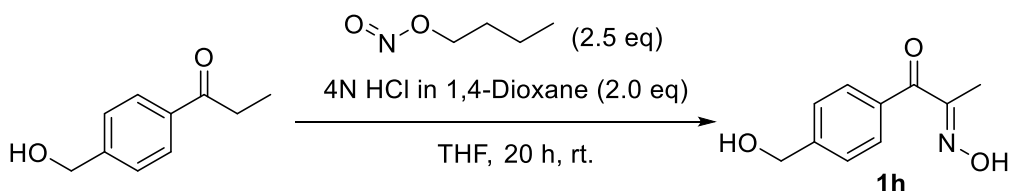
To a stirred solution of ketone (537 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (1.05 mL, 9.0 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 20 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1f** (462 mg, 74%) as a white solid.

(E)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-(3-nitrophenyl)propan-1-one (1f); *R_f* = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.81 (br s, 1H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.1, 157.1, 147.9, 137.8, 136.0, 129.3, 126.9, 125.9, 9.8. IR (neat) *v*_{max} 3177, 2864, 1610, 1526, 1016 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₉H₈N₂O₄ [M]⁺ 208.0484, found 208.0480.



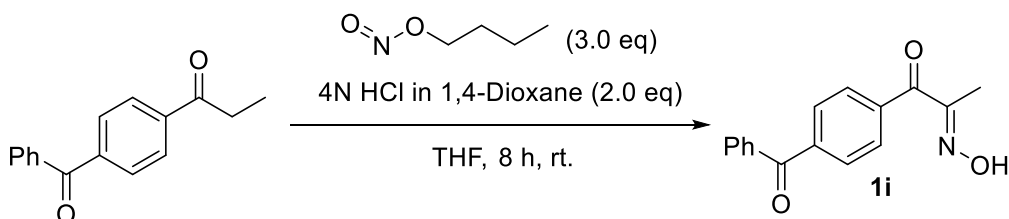
To a stirred solution of ketone (450 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.38 mL, 3.3 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (0.9 mL, 3.6 mmol). After 8 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1g** (279 mg, 52%) as a white solid.

(E)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one (1g); R_f = 0.35 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.07 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 192.4, 163.7, 156.8, 134.5, 129.4, 115.8, 10.5. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3323, 1630, 1577, 1460, 1337, 1162 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₉H₉NO₃ [M]⁺ 179.0582, found 178.0588.



To a stirred solution of ketone (492 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.88 mL, 7.5 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 20 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1h** (481 mg, 83%) as an off-white solid.

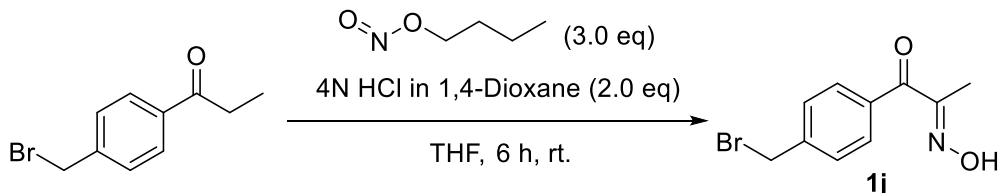
(E)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-(4-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl)propan-1-one (1h); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.13 (br s, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.1, 163.7, 157.1, 132.9, 128.9, 113.6, 55.6, 10.6. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3441, 3150, 1644, 1606, 1446, 1326 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₁₁NO₃ [M]⁺ 193.0739, found 193.0739.



To a stirred solution of ketone (714 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (1.05 mL, 9.0 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 8 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 5:1 to 2:1) to afford **1i** (329 mg, 41%) as a white solid.

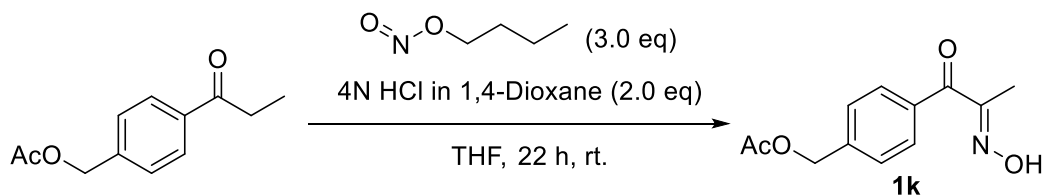
(E)-1-(4-benzoylphenyl)-2-(hydroxyimino)propan-1-one (1i); R_f = 0.45 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H

NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.78 (br s, 1H), 7.97-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.78 (m, 4H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.47 (m, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.6, 191.3, 157.0, 140.6, 139.8, 137.0, 133.1, 130.3, 129.6, 128.6, 9.9. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3319, 1639, 1444, 1400, 1284, 1029 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₆H₁₃NO₃ [M]⁺ 267.0895, found 267.0893.



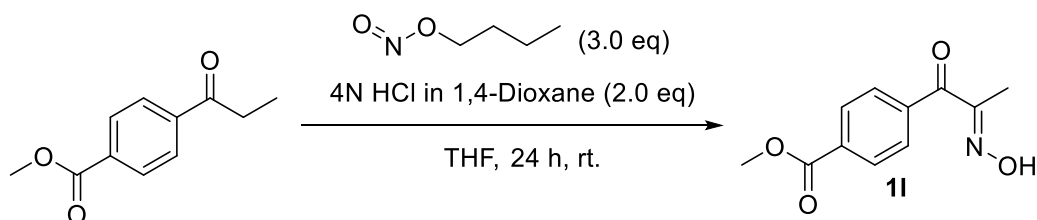
To a stirred solution of ketone (678 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (1.05 mL, 9.0 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 6 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1j** (627 mg, 82%) as a white solid.

(E)-1-(4-(bromomethyl)phenyl)-2-(hydroxyimino)propan-1-one (1j); R_f = 0.6 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (br s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.1, 157.1, 142.5, 136.3, 130.9, 128.8, 32.3, 10.2. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3257, 1668, 1637, 1444, 1315, 1178 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₀H₁₀BrNO₂ [M]⁺ 254.9895, found 254.9885.



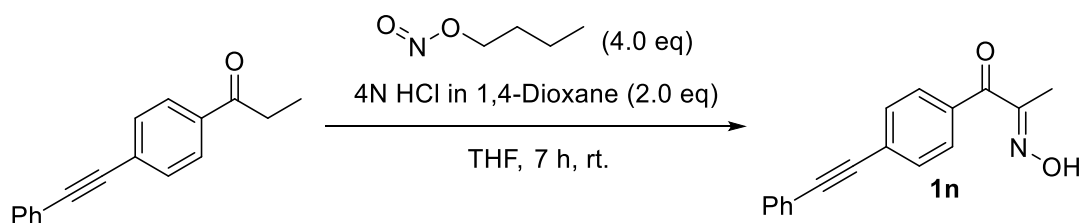
To a stirred solution of ketone (618 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (1.05 mL, 9.0 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 22 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1k** (480 mg, 68%) as a yellow solid.

(E)-4-(2-(hydroxyimino)propanoyl)benzyl acetate (1k); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55 (br s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.1, 171.7, 157.1, 140.7, 136.3, 130.9, 127.5, 65.7, 21.0, 10.2. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3368, 1715, 1642, 1606, 1404. 1251 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₂H₁₃NO₄ [M]⁺ 235.0845, found 235.0856.



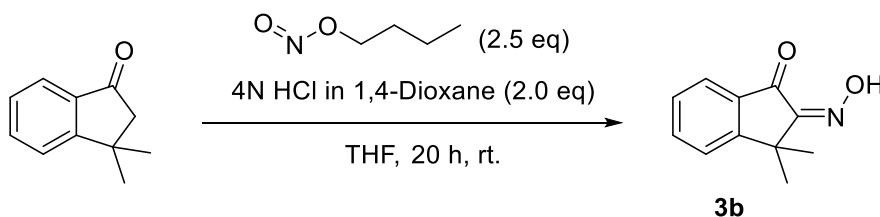
To a stirred solution of ketone (576 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (1.05 mL, 9.0 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 24 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1l** (464 mg, 70%) as a white solid.

Methyl (E)-4-(2-(hydroxyimino)propanoyl)benzoate (1l); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (br s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.3, 166.9, 157.2, 140.4, 133.3, 130.3, 129.3, 52.6, 9.9. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3223, 1728, 1648, 1435, 1275, 1109 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₄ [M]⁺ 221.0668, found 221.0677.



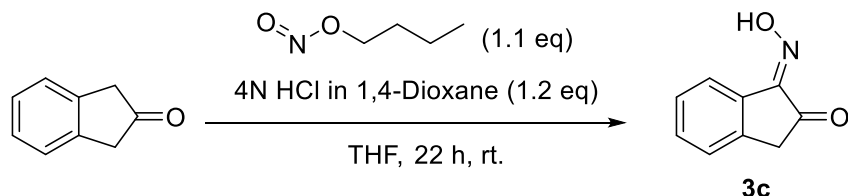
To a stirred solution of ketone (702 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (1.4 mL, 12.0 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 7 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **1n** (687 mg, 87%) as a white solid.

(E)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-(4-(phenylethynyl)phenyl)propan-1-one (1n); R_f = 0.35 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (br s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.8, 157.2, 135.6, 131.9, 131.3, 130.5, 128.9, 128.5, 128.0, 122.8, 92.7, 88.8, 10.2. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3241, 1653, 1608, 1439, 1314, 1182 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₇H₁₃NO₂ [M]⁺ 263.0946, found 263.0944.



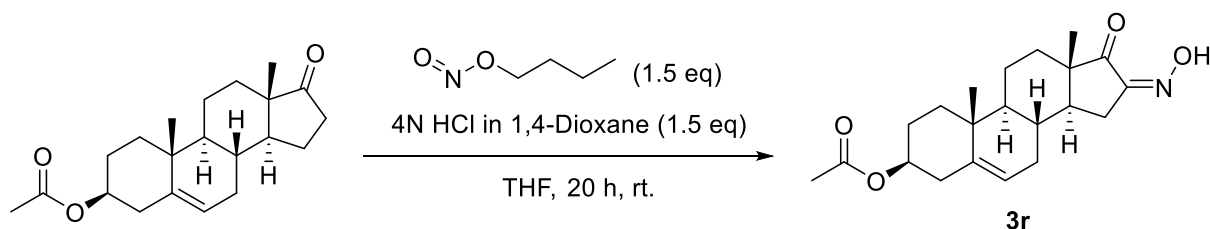
To a stirred solution of ketone (480 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.88 mL, 7.5 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.5 mL, 6.0 mmol). After 20 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated. The crude solid product was recrystallized with ethyl acetate and hexane to afford **3b** (448 mg, 79%) as an off-white solid.

(Z)-2-(hydroxyimino)-3,3-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (3b); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.86 (br s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.4, 159.9, 159.4, 136.6, 135.2, 128.1, 124.2, 123.7, 42.2, 24.8. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3197, 1715, 1644, 1604, 1457, 1295 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₂ [M]⁺ 189.0790, found 189.0792.



To a stirred solution of ketone (396 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.38 mL, 3.3 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (0.9 mL, 3.6 mmol). After 22 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 5:1 to 2:1) to afford **3c** (203 mg, 42%) as a brown solid.

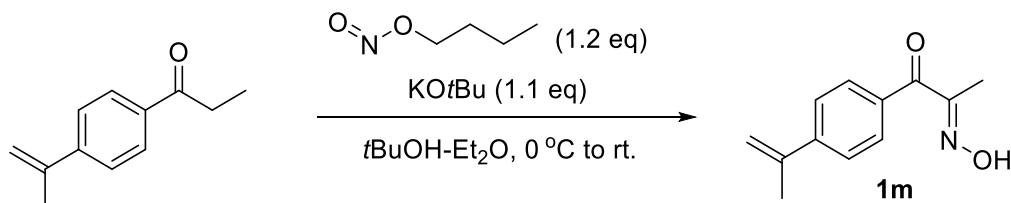
(E)-1-(hydroxyimino)-1,3-dihydro-2H-inden-2-one (3c); R_f = 0.6 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.41 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.40 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.0, 150.0, 139.1, 133.0, 132.2, 128.9, 128.1, 125.6, 40.9. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3075, 1746, 1422, 1324, 1195 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2$ [$\text{M}]^+$ 161.0477, found 161.0476.



To a stirred solution of ketone (991 mg, 3.0 mmol), n-butyl nitrite (0.53 mL, 4.5 mmol) in THF (9.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (1.13 mL, 4.5 mmol). After 20 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with diethyl ether (20 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 5:1 to 1:1) to afford **3r** (571 mg, 53%) as an off-white solid.

(3S,8R,9S,10R,13S,14S,Z)-16-(hydroxyimino)-10,13-di-methyl-17-oxo-2,3,4,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-tetradeca-hydro-1H-cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-3-yl acetate (3r); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.93 (br s, 1H), 5.41 (m, 1H), 4.61 (m, 1H), 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.39-2.28 (m, 2H), 2.91-2.06 (m, 2H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.91-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.35 (m, 3H), 1.29-1.05 (m, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 3H), ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 205.0, 170.8, 156.8, 104.2, 121.6, 73.8, 50.1, 48.8, 46.8, 38.1, 36.95, 36.92, 31.1, 31.0, 30.8, 27.7, 25.6, 21.5, 20.2, 19.5, 14.0. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3307, 2945, 1740, 1693, 1439, 1267 cm^{-1} . HRMS[FAB] calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{NO}_4$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 360.2175, found 360.2179.

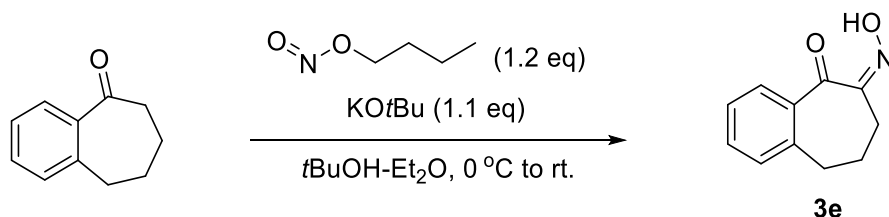
2) Procedure for base-assisted oximation



To a stirred solution of ketone (174 mg, 1.0 mmol) and n-butyl nitrite (140 μL , 1.2 mmol) in the mixed solvent of t-BuOH (3.0 mL) and Et_2O (2.0 mL) was added KOtBu (123 mg, 1.1 mmol) at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$. The

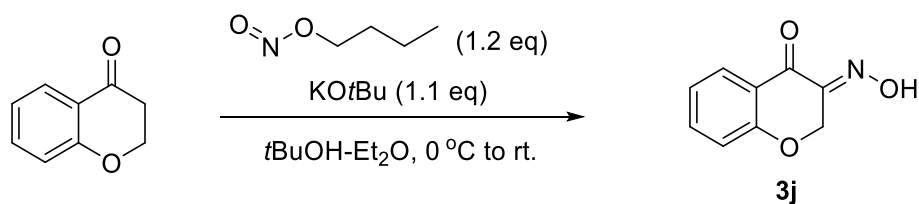
resulting slurry was stirred for 4 hours at rt. Then, the mixture was partitioned with water and diethyl ether. The aqueous solution was acidified with 1N HCl (until pH 2-3) and extracted with diethyl ether (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography to afford **1m** (91 mg, 45%) as a white solid.

(E)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-(4-(prop-1-en-2-yl)phenyl)propan-1-one (1m); $R_f = 0.3$ (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (br s, 1H), 7.90-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.50 (m, 2H), 5.47 (m, 1H), 5.20 (m, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.17-2.16 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.2, 157.1, 145.7, 142.5, 135.2, 130.5, 125.3, 114.9, 21.7, 10.3. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3234, 1659, 1599, 1446, 1309, 1187 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₂H₁₃NO₂ [M]⁺ 203.0946, found 203.0945.



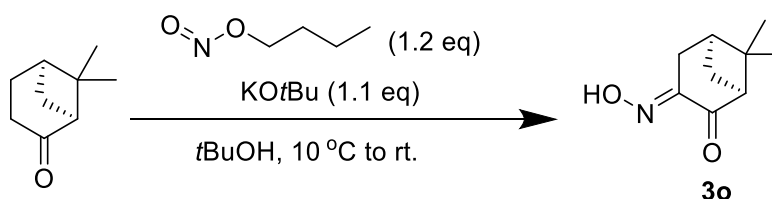
To a stirred solution of ketone (160 mg, 1.0 mmol) and n-butyl nitrite (140 μ L, 1.2 mmol) in the mixed solvent of t-BuOH (3.0 mL) and Et₂O (2.0 mL) was added KOtBu (123 mg, 1.1 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting slurry was stirred for 4 hours at rt. Then, the mixture was partitioned with water and diethyl ether. The aqueous solution was acidified with 1N HCl (until pH 2-3) and extracted with diethyl ether (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography to afford **3e** (159 mg, 84%) as a white solid.

(Z)-6-(hydroxyimino)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-benzo[7]annulen-5-one (3e); $R_f = 0.3$ (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.64 (br s, 1H), 7.85 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.88 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.74 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.05 (p, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.9, 157.2, 140.5, 136.8, 133.7, 129.9, 129.6, 127.3, 32.2, 22.7, 22.4. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3210, 2935, 1697, 1597, 1455, 1298 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NO₂ [M]⁺ 189.0790, found 189.0792.



To a stirred solution of ketone (148 mg, 1.0 mmol) and n-butyl nitrite (140 μ L, 1.2 mmol) in the mixed solvent of t-BuOH (3.0 mL) and Et₂O (2.0 mL) was added KOtBu (123 mg, 1.1 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting slurry was stirred for 4 hours at rt. Then, the mixture was partitioned with water and diethyl ether. The aqueous solution was acidified with 1N HCl (until pH 2-3) and extracted with diethyl ether (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography to afford **3j** (115 mg, 65%) as a light brown solid.

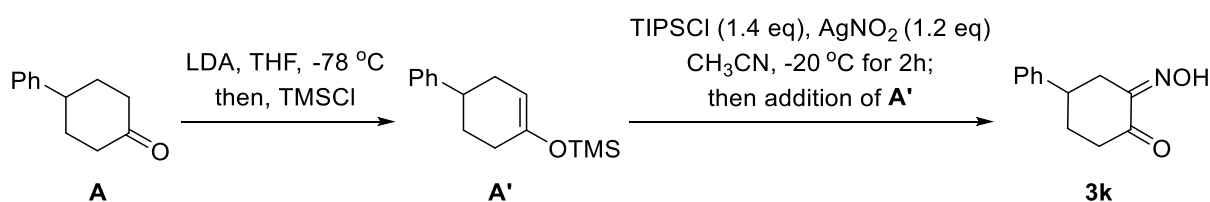
(Z)-3-(hydroxyimino)chroman-4-one (3j); $R_f = 0.6$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.20 (br s, 1H), 8.01 (dd, $J = 5.2$ and 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.2, 161.5, 149.0, 137.2, 127.9, 122.3, 121.5, 118.5, 65.2. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3195, 1668, 1602, 1462, 1333, 1049 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₉H₇NO₃ [M]⁺ 177.0426, found 177.0422.



To a stirred solution of ketone (138 mg, 1.0 mmol) and n-butyl nitrite (140 μ L, 1.2 mmol) in t-BuOH (5.0 mL) was added KOtBu (123 mg, 1.1 mmol) at 10 $^{\circ}$ C. The resulting slurry was stirred for 4 hours at rt. Then, the mixture was partitioned with water and diethyl ether. The aqueous solution was acidified with 1N HCl (until pH 2-3) and extracted with diethyl ether (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography to afford the corresponding **3o** (97 mg, 58%) as a white solid.

(1S,5S,Z)-3-(hydroxyimino)-6,6-dimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]heptan-2-one (3o); R_f = 0.55 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.29 (br s, 1H), 2.89-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.71 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 1H), 1.53 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.6, 152.8, 56.5, 41.8, 37.7, 31.1, 28.2, 27.9, 26.4. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3290, 2935, 1424, 1213, 1031 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₉H₁₃NO₂ [M]⁺ 167.0946, found 167.0934.

3) Procedure using Yamamoto's method¹¹



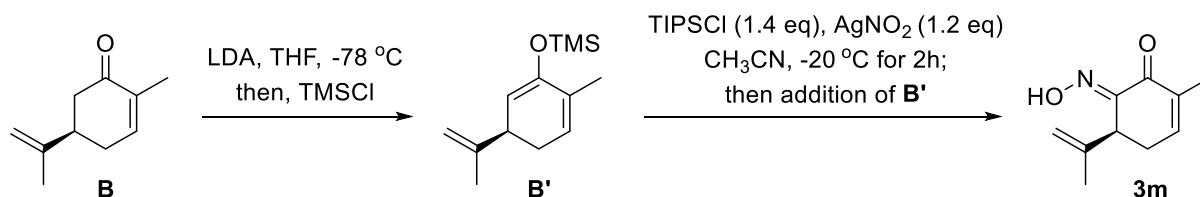
Step 1: To a stirred solution of **A** (174 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF (3.0 mL) was added a solution of LDA (1.0 M in THF, 1.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) at -78 $^{\circ}$ C. The reaction mixture was additionally stirred for 0.5 h and TMSCl (0.15 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added to the solution of lithium enolate at the same temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was slowly warmed to 0 $^{\circ}$ C and quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with hexane (10 X 3 mL). The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and directly used for the next reaction without further purification.

Step 2: To a stirred solution of silver nitrite (185 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry CH₃CN (5 mL) was added dropwise TIPSCl (270 mg, 1.4 mmol) in CH₃CN (1.0 mL) at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. The resulting slurry was stirred additionally for 2 h under darkness and treated with the silylenol ether **A'** freshly prepared in step 1 in CH₃CN (0.5 mL) at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. After 2 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with 1:1 mixture of brine and sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n and extracted with EtOAc (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **3k** (132 mg, 65% for 2 steps) as a white solid.

2-(hydroxyimino)-4-phenylcyclohexan-1-one (3k); R_f = 0.45 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.96 (br s, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 3H), 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.12 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.61 (m, 2H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.8, 153.2,

¹¹ Baidya, M.; Yamamoto, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 13880.

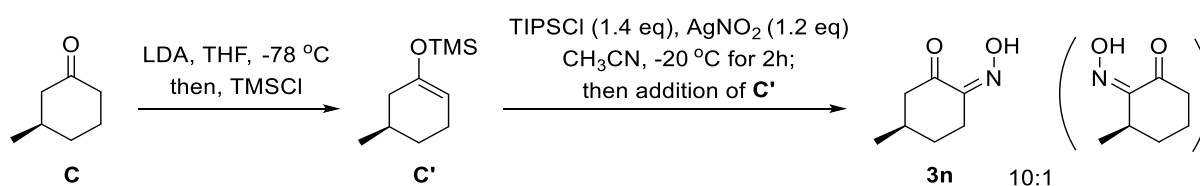
143.8, 128.9, 127.1, 126.7, 39.9, 39.3, 32.7, 29.6. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3279, 1690, 1568, 1393, 1016 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_2$ [M] $^+$ 203.0946, found 203.0946.



Step 1: To a stirred solution of **B** (150 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF (3.0 mL) was added a solution of LDA (1.0 M in THF, 1.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was additionally stirred for 0.5 h and TMSCl (0.15 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added to the solution of lithium enolate at the same temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was slowly warmed to $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with hexane (10 X 3 mL). The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and directly used for the next reaction without further purification.

Step 2: To a stirred solution of silver nitrite (185 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry CH_3CN (5 mL) was added dropwise TIPSCl (270 mg, 1.4 mmol) in CH_3CN (1.0 mL) at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The resulting slurry was stirred additionally for 2h under darkness and treated with the silylenol ether **B'** freshly prepared in step 1 in CH_3CN (0.5 mL) at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. After 2h, the reaction mixture was quenched with 1:1 mixture of brine and sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with EtOAc (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **3m** (75 mg, 42% for 2 steps) as a light brown solid.

6-(hydroxyimino)-2-methyl-5-(prop-1-en-2-yl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one (3m); $R_f = 0.5$ (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.51 (br s, 1H), 6.80 (m, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 4.40 (d, $J = 6.5\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.59 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.86 (m, 3H), 1.75 (s, 3H), ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 184.3, 154.0, 144.7, 142.5, 137.1, 112.9, 40.1, 28.5, 21.9, 16.0. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3250, 2918, 1648, 1576, 1406, 1366 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_2$ [M] $^+$ 179.0946, found 179.0940.

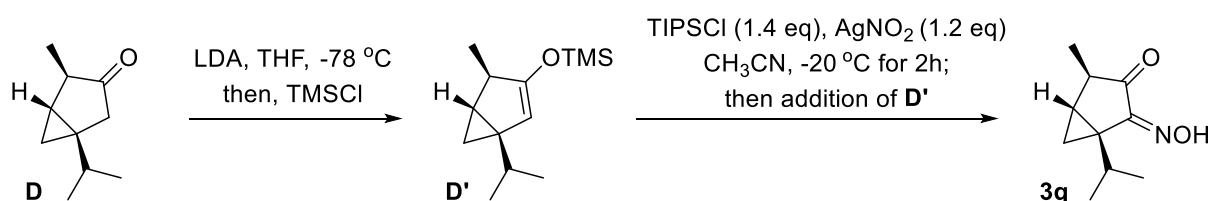


Step 1: To a stirred solution of **C** (112 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF (3.0 mL) was added a solution of LDA (1.0 M in THF, 1.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) at $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was additionally stirred for 0.5 h and TMSCl (0.15 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added to the solution of lithium enolate at the same temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was slowly warmed to $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with hexane (10 X 3 mL). The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and directly used for the next reaction without further purification.

Step 2: To a stirred solution of silver nitrite (185 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry CH_3CN (5 mL) was added dropwise TIPSCl (270 mg, 1.4 mmol) in CH_3CN (1.0 mL) at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. The resulting slurry was stirred additionally for 2h under darkness and treated with the silylenol ether **C'** freshly prepared in step 1 in CH_3CN (0.5 mL) at $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$. After 2h, the reaction mixture was quenched with 1:1 mixture of brine and sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with EtOAc (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried

over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **3n** (106 mg, 75% for 2 steps, regioisomeric ratio = 10:1) as a white solid.

2-(hydroxyimino)-5-methylcyclohexan-1-one (3n); R_f = 0.45 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.30 (br s, 1H), 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.68 (m, 1H), 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.04 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.05 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 196.5, 153.6, 49.0, 29.6, 29.5, 23.8, 21.4. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3183, 1701, 1600, 1418, 1278 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}_2$ [M] $^+$ 141.0790, found 141.0791.

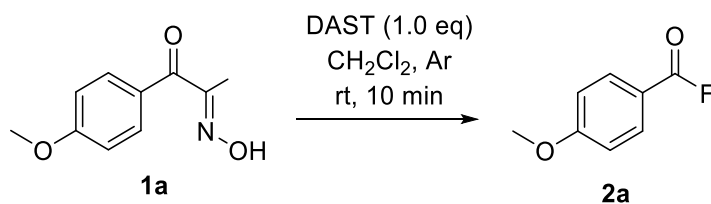


Step 1: To a stirred solution of **D** (152 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF (3.0 mL) was added a solution of LDA (1.0 M in THF, 1.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) at $-78\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was additionally stirred for 0.5 h and TMSCl (0.15 mL, 1.2 mmol) was added to the solution of lithium enolate at the same temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was slowly warmed to $0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with hexane (10 X 3 mL). The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and directly used for the next reaction without further purification.

Step 2: To a stirred solution of silver nitrite (185 mg, 1.2 mmol) in dry CH_3CN (5 mL) was added dropwise TIPSCl (270 mg, 1.4 mmol) in CH_3CN (1.0 mL) at $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The resulting slurry was stirred additionally for 2h under darkness and treated with the silylenol ether **D'** freshly prepared in step 1 in CH_3CN (0.5 mL) at $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. After 2h, the reaction mixture was quenched with 1:1 mixture of brine and sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n and extracted with EtOAc (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **3q** (109 mg, 60% for 2 steps) as a light yellow solid.

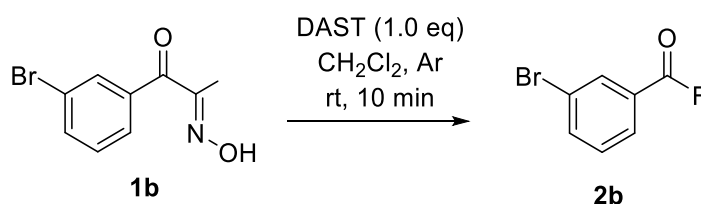
(1S,4R,5R)-2-(hydroxyimino)-1-isopropyl-4,5-dimethylbicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-one (3q); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.78 (br s, 1H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.41 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.03 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.75 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.59 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.9, 156.2, 44.5, 35.6, 26.1, 22.4, 21.7, 19.3, 17.6, 17.5. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3239, 2964, 1740, 1636, 1449, 1296 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_2$ [M] $^+$ 181.1103, found 181.1102.

Procedure for DAST-mediated fluorinative C-C bond cleavage



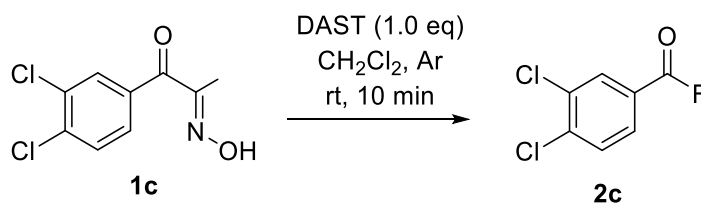
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1a** (58 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane) to afford **2a** (40 mg, 87%) as a pale yellow oil.

4-methoxybenzoyl fluoride (2a); R_f = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.99 (s, 1F), This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹²



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1b** (72 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane) to afford **2b** (49 mg, 81%) as a colorless oil.

3-bromobenzoyl fluoride (2b); R_f = 0.65 (Hex:EtOAc = 20:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 19.08 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 343 Hz), 138.5, 134.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 130.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 130.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 127.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 62 Hz), 123.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz). IR (neat) ν_{max} 2957, 2857, 1815, 1238, 1029, 734 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₇H₄BrFO [M]⁺ 201.9430, found 201.9425.

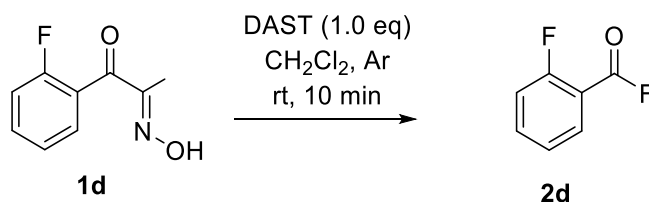


A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1c** (70 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane) to afford **2c** (42 mg, 73%) as a colorless oil.

3,4-dichlorobenzoyl fluoride (2c); R_f = 0.65 (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, J = 8.2 and 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 8.3 and 3.4 Hz, 1H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 19.16 (s, 1F), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 342 Hz), 140.7, 134.1,

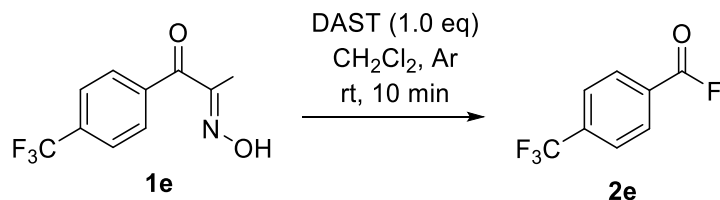
¹² Arisawa, M.; Igarashi, Y.; Kobayashi, H.; Yamada, T.; Bando, K.; Ichikawa, T.; Yamaguchi, M. *Tetrahedron* **2011**, 67, 7846.

133.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 131.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 130.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 124.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 63 Hz), IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3039, 1817, 1611, 1467, 1270, 1054 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{FO}$ [M] $^+$ 191.9545, found 191.9546.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1d** (54 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μL , 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane) to afford **2d** (34 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil.

2-fluorobenzoyl fluoride (2d); R_f = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 20:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.98 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 31.56 (s, 1F), 106.2 (s, 1F). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 163.3 (dd, $J_{C,F}$ = 264 and 2 Hz), 154.1 (dd, $J_{C,F}$ = 342 and 4 Hz), 137.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 9 Hz), 133.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 124.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 117.7 (dd, $J_{C,F}$ = 19 and 2 Hz), 113.5 (dd, $J_{C,F}$ = 113 and 53 Hz). IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3089, 1819, 1613, 1585, 1490, 1289 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{F}_2\text{O}$ [M] $^+$ 142.0230, found 142.0222.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1e** (69 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μL , 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane) to afford **2e** (42 mg, 73%) as a colorless oil.

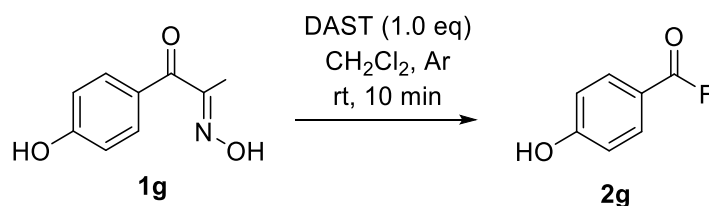
4-(trifluoromethyl) benzoyl fluoride (2e); R_f = 0.6 (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.18 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 19.9 (s, 1F), -63.5 (s, 3F), This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹³

¹³ Stavber, S.; Planinšek, Z.; Zupan, M. *J. Org. Chem.* **1992**, 57, 5334.



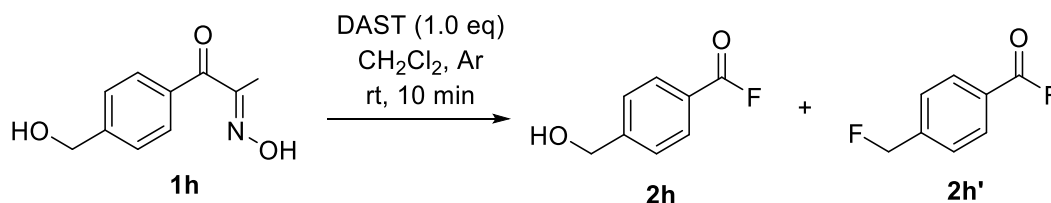
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1f** (62 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1) to afford **2f** (42 mg, 83%) as a white solid.

3-nitrobenzoyl fluoride (2f); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.89 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.57 (m, 1H), 8.39 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (td, J = 7.9 and 1.3 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 20.19 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 343 Hz), 148.5, 136.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 130.5, 129.7, 126.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 65 Hz), 126.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3094, 1813, 1584, 1535, 1350, 1247 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺ESI] calcd for C₇H₄FNO₃ [M]⁺ 169.0175, found 169.0165.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1g** (54 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **2g** (31 mg, 74%) as a white solid.

4-hydroxybenzoyl fluoride (2g); R_f = 0.25 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.80 (s, 1H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.2 (s, 1F). This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹⁴



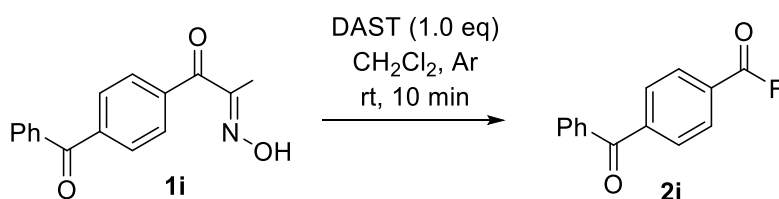
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1h** (58 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under

¹⁴ Munoz, S. B.; Dang, H.; Ispizua-Rodriguez, X.; Mathew, T.; Prakash, G. K. S. *Org. Lett.* **2019**, *21*, 1659.

Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 1:1) to afford **2h** (19 mg, 41%) and **2h'** (14 mg, 30%).

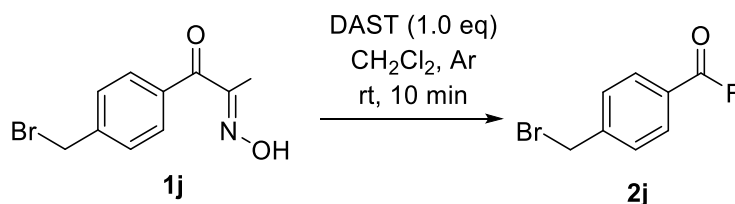
4-(hydroxymethyl) benzoyl fluoride (2h); white solid; R_f = 0.25 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (s, 2H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.18 (s, 1F), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 341 Hz), 148.9, 131.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 126.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 124.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 60 Hz), 64.5. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3414, 2960, 1808, 1714, 1612, 1419, 1273 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₈H₇FO₂ [M]⁺ 154.0430, found 154.0425.

4-(fluoromethyl) benzoyl fluoride (2h'); colorless oil; R_f = 0.55 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 5.49 (d, J = 46.8 Hz, 2H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.52 (s, 1F), -216.09 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 342 Hz), 144.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 17 Hz), 131.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 126.8 (dd, $J_{C,F}$ = 5 and 1 Hz), 125.0 (dd, $J_{C,F}$ = 59 and 2 Hz), 83.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 169 Hz). IR (neat) ν_{max} 2955, 1811, 1615, 1257, 1038, 1010 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₈H₆F₂O [M]⁺ 156.0387, found 156.0383.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1i** (80 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1) to afford **2i** (65 mg, 95%) as a white solid.

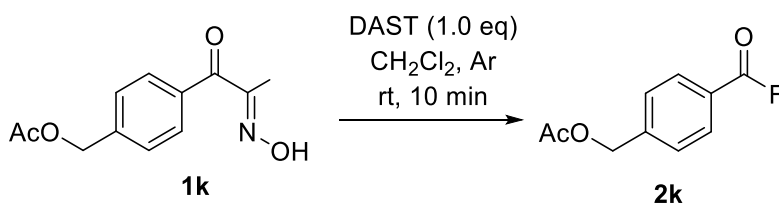
4-benzoylbenzoyl fluoride (2i); R_f = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.92-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.82-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.55-7.49 (m, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 19.97 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.5, 156.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 343 Hz), 143.6, 136.5, 133.5, 131.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 130.26, 130.27, 128.7, 127.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 62 Hz). IR (neat) ν_{max} 1819, 1805, 1745, 1317, 1026 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₄H₉FO₂ [M]⁺ 228.0587, found 228.0592.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1j** (77 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a

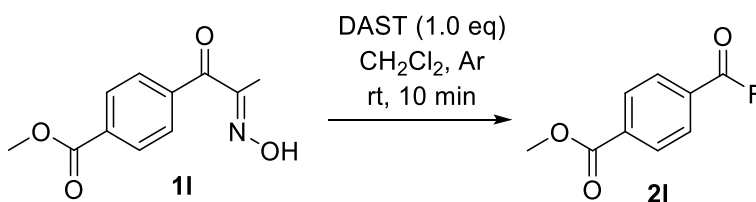
microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1) to afford **2j** (57 mg, 87%) as a white solid.

4-(bromomethyl) benzoyl fluoride (2j); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.63 (s, 1F), ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 342 Hz), 145.4, 132.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 129.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 124.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 61 Hz), 31.5. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3060, 1808, 1636, 1578, 1259, 1012 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₈H₆BrFO [M]⁺ 215.9586, found 215.9589.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1k** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1) to afford **2k** (51 mg, 86%) as a white solid.

4-(fluorocarbonyl) benzyl acetate (2k); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.4. (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.7, 157.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 342 Hz), 143.9, 131.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 128.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 124.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 61 Hz), 65.2, 20.9. IR (neat) ν_{max} 1804, 1745, 1511, 1419, 1122, 1029 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₀H₉FO₃ [M]⁺ 196.0536, found 196.0533.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1l** (66 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) to afford **2l** (41 mg, 74%) as a white solid.

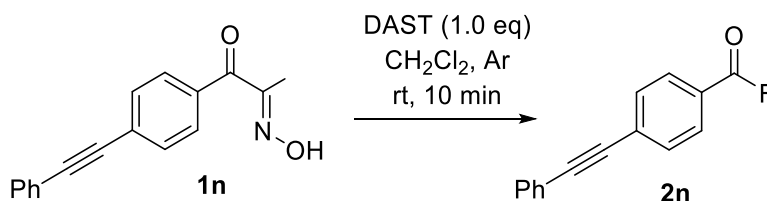
methyl 4-(fluorocarbonyl) benzoate (2l); R_f = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 1:3); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 20.07

(s, 1F). This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹⁵



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1m** (61 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1) to afford **2m** (40 mg, 82%) as a white solid.

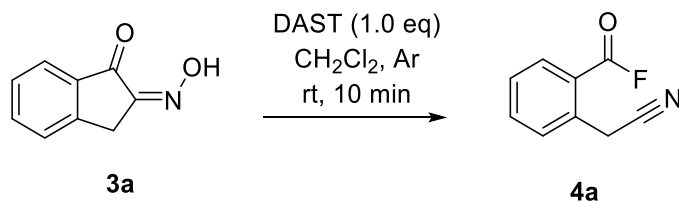
4-(prop-1-en-2-yl) benzoyl fluoride (2m); R_f = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 5.27 (m, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.89 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 341 Hz), 148.2, 142.1, 131.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 126.2, 123.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 61 Hz), 116.1, 21.6. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2978, 1807, 1462, 1159, 1038 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₉FO [M]⁺ 164.0637, found 164.0652.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **1n** (79 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1) to afford **2n** (61 mg, 91%) as a white solid.

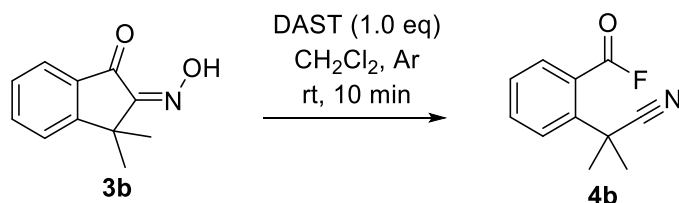
4-(phenylethynyl) benzoyl fluoride (2n); R_f = 0.5 (Hex:EtOAc = 50:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 18.29 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 341 Hz), 132.2, 132.0, 131.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 130.8, 129.3, 128.6, 124.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 61 Hz), 122.4, 94.4, 88.1. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2216, 1812, 1601, 1255, 1247 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₅H₉FO [M]⁺ 224.0637, found 224.0645.

¹⁵ Boreux, A.; Indukuri, K.; Gagosz, F.; Riant, O. *ACS Catal.* **2017**, *7*, 8200.



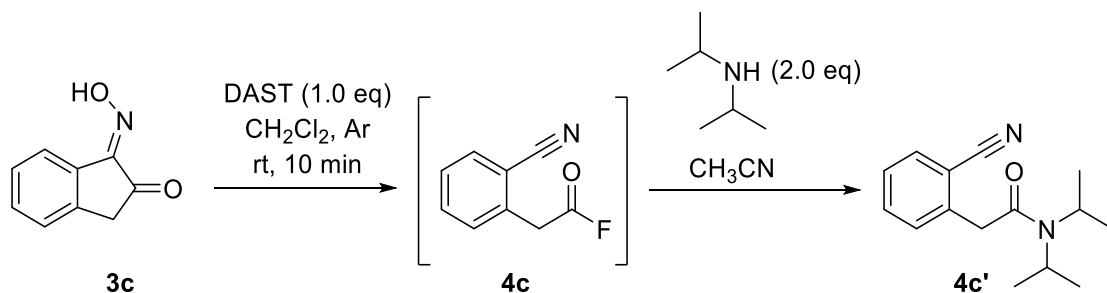
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3a** (48 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4a** (41 mg, 83%) as a white solid.

2-(cyanomethyl) benzoyl fluoride (4a); R_f = 0.25 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.12 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 4.23 (s, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.81 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 343 Hz), 135.9, 134.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 8 Hz), 133.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 130.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 129.1, 122.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 57 Hz), 116.9, 23.2. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2922, 2252, 1795, 1577, 1411, 1236 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₉H₆FNO [M]⁺ 163.0433, found 163.0453.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3b** (57 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4b** (42 mg, 73%) as a white solid.

2-(2-cyanopropan-2-yl) benzoyl fluoride (4b); R_f = 0.25 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.91 (s, 6H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 39.70 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 347 Hz), 143.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 6 Hz), 134.6, 133.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 128.5, 127.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 124.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 59 Hz), 123.7, 36.7, 28.74, 28.72. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2984, 2227, 2161, 1808, 1573, 1220 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₁H₁₀FNO [M]⁺ 191.0746, found 191.0761.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3c** (48 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under

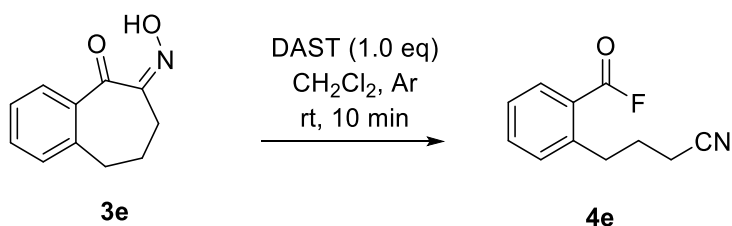
Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The crude product was dissolved in CH₃CN (3.0 mL) and treated with diisopropylamine (84 μ L, 0.6 mmol). After 5 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL) and washed with H₂O (10 mL). The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1) to afford **4c'** (50 mg, 68%) as a light brown solid.

2-(2-cyanophenyl)-N,N-diisopropylacetamide (4c'); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (td, J = 7.7 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (td, J = 7.7 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (p, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 3.47 (s, 1H), 1.41 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.8, 140.1, 132.8, 132.7, 130.5, 127.3, 117.9, 113.2, 49.3, 46.3, 40.8, 20.9, 20.6. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 2962, 2214, 1644, 1448, 1342, 1280 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₅H₂₀N₂O [M]⁺ 244.1576, found 244.1582.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3d** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1 to 5:1) to afford **4d** (42 mg, 79%) as a light orange solid.

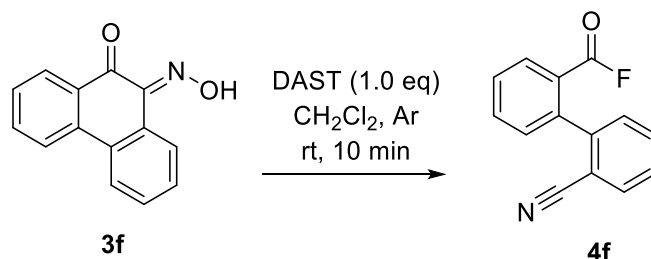
2-(2-cyanoethyl)benzoyl fluoride (4d); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.68 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 344 Hz), 143.0 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 9 Hz), 135.6, 133.2 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 2 Hz), 132.4 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 4 Hz), 128.3, 123.2 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 56 Hz), 118.9, 30.5, 18.5. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 2247, 1795, 1597, 1453, 1231 cm⁻¹. HRMS[⁺EI] calcd for C₁₀H₈FNO [M]⁺ 177.0590, found 177.0580.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3e** (57 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4e** (57 mg, 99%) as a colorless oil.

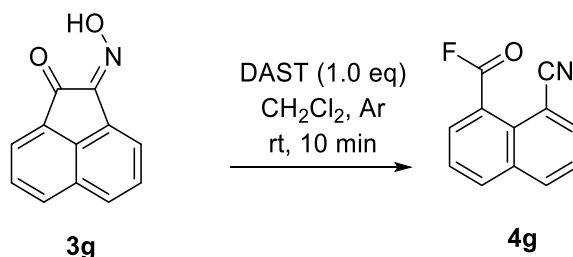
2-(3-cyanopropyl)benzoyl fluoride (4e); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 8.03 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 2H), 3.15 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (p, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H). ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 29.39 (s, 1F), ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.3 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 344 Hz), 145.4 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 8 Hz), 135.2, 133.1 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 2 Hz), 131.9 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 5 Hz), 127.4, 123.2 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 56 Hz), 119.4, 33.5, 26.6, 17.0. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2946, 2229, 1803, 1599, 1231 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{FNO}$ [M] $^+$ 191.0746, found 191.0761.



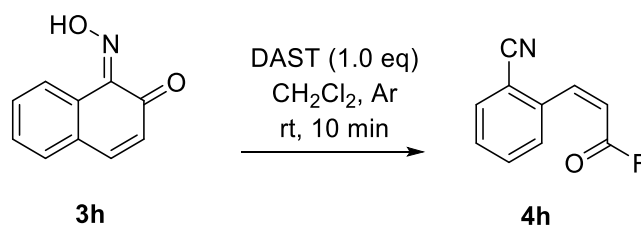
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3f** (67 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μL , 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4f** (52 mg, 77%) as a colorless oil.

2'-cyano-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-carbonyl fluoride (4f); R_f = 0.35 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.17 (dd, J = 8.0 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.79-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.68-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.51 (td, J = 7.8 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H). ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 29.28 (s, 1F). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 156.2 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 344 Hz), 144.1, 142.0 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 4 Hz), 134.8, 132.8, 132.8, 132.6, 131.9 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 3 Hz), 129.6, 129.4, 128.4, 124.1 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 58 Hz), 117.8, 112.4. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2181, 1799, 1439, 1227, 1007 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_8\text{FNO}$ [M] $^+$ 225.0590, found 225.0577.



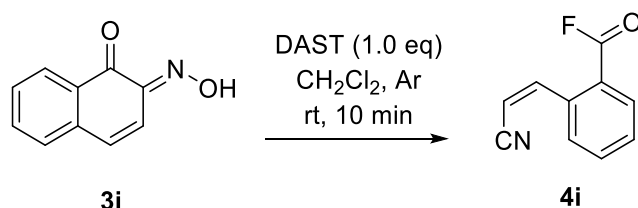
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3g** (59 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μL , 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) to afford **4g** (50 mg, 83%) as a white solid.

8-cyano-1-naphthoyl fluoride (4g); R_f = 0.25 (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.21-8.12 (m, 4H), 7.72-7.68 (m, 2H). ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 46.13 (s, 1F). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 157.0 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 348 Hz), 137.3, 135.0, 134.4, 133.9, 133.2, 128.4 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 2 Hz), 126.5, 126.3, 124.0 (d, $J_{\text{C,F}}$ = 62 Hz), 117.3, 109.0. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2225, 1799, 1573, 1511, 1260 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_6\text{FNO}$ [M] $^+$ 199.0433, found 199.0441.



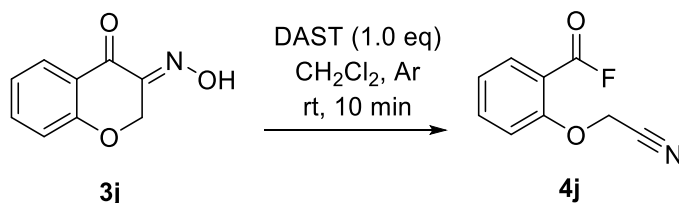
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3h** (52 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4h** (35 mg, 67%) as an orange oil.

(Z)-3-(2-cyanophenyl)acryloyl fluoride (4h); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.62 (td, J = 7.3 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.49 (m, 2H), 6.20 (dd, J = 12.2 and 1.6 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 43.07 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 340 Hz), 146.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 137.0, 132.9, 132.7, 130.1, 129.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 118.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 72 Hz), 117.1, 112.4. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2227, 1815, 1635, 1480, 1097 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₆FNO [M]⁺ 175.0433, found 175.0422.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3i** (52 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4i** (39 mg, 74%) as a white solid.

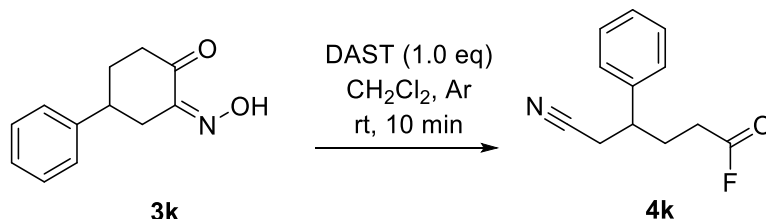
(Z)-2-(2-cyanovinyl)benzoyl fluoride (4i); R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.12 (dd, J = 7.8 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.80 (td, J = 7.6 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.59 (td, J = 7.7 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.66 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 343 Hz), 148.1, 137.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 7 Hz), 135.5, 132.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 130.5, 130.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 123.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 58 Hz), 116.2, 100.1. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2219, 1804, 1567, 1483, 1303 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₆FNO [M]⁺ 175.0433, found 175.0438.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3j** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10

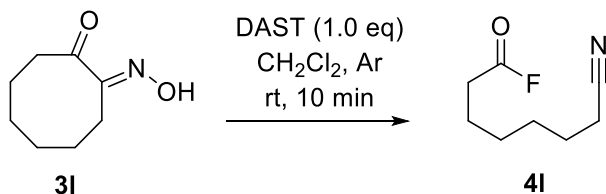
mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **4j** (44 mg, 81%) as a light yellow solid.

2-(cyanomethoxy)benzoyl fluoride (4j); R_f = 0.35 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 32.61 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 154.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 342 Hz), 136.9, 134.3 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 123.6, 115.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 61 Hz), 114.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 114.4, 54.5. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 3015, 2245, 1812, 1790, 1597, 1488 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₉H₆FNO₂ [M]⁺ 179.0383, found 179.0369.



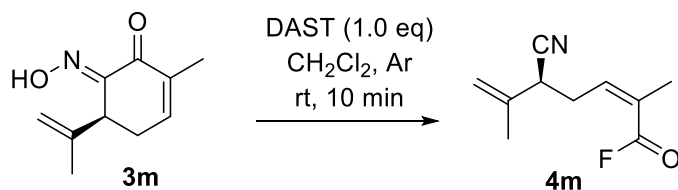
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3k** (61 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1 to 3:1) to afford **4k** (47 mg, 77%) as a light brown oil.

5-cyano-4-phenylpentanoyl fluoride (4k); R_f = 0.25 (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.22-7.20 (m, 2H), 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.35 (m, 2H), 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 45.82 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 357 Hz), 139.5, 129.4, 128.3, 127.2, 117.9, 41.1, 29.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 52 Hz), 29.03 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 25.3. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 2926, 2263, 1832, 1451, 1087 cm⁻¹. HRMS[FAB] calcd for C₁₂H₁₃FNO [M+H]⁺ 206.0981, found 206.1001.



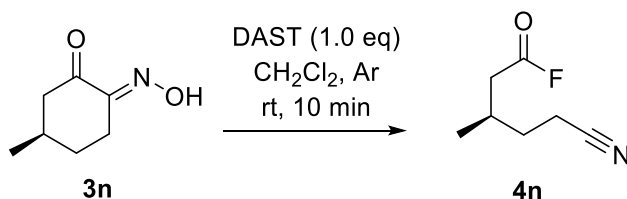
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3l** (47 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 2:1) to afford **4l** (38 mg, 81%) as a light yellow oil.

5-cyano-2-phenylpentanoyl fluoride (4l); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.53 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.71-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.51-1.40 (m, 4H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 45.60 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 358 Hz), 119.6, 32.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 50 Hz), 28.3, 28.0, 25.2, 23.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 17.2. IR (neat) ν_{\max} 2935, 2238, 1834, 1464, 1069 cm⁻¹. HRMS[FAB] calcd for C₈H₁₃FNO [M+H]⁺ 158.0981, found 158.0960.



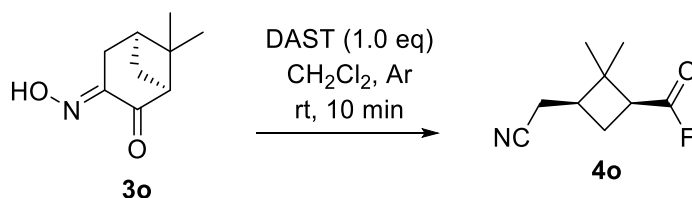
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3m** (54 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 7:1) to afford **4m** (34 mg, 63%) as a light yellow oil.

(R,Z)-5-cyano-2,6-dimethylhepta-2,6-dienoyl fluoride (4m); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.34 (m, 1H), 5.13 (m, 1H), 5.06 (m, 1H), 3.33 (m, 1H), 3.03-2.88 (m, 2H), 2.01-2.00 (m, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 38.08 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 347 Hz), 144.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 6 Hz), 137.8, 126.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 58 Hz), 119.4, 115.9, 38.3, 31.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 20.0, 19.9. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2982, 2243, 1804, 1650, 1456, 1072 cm⁻¹. HRMS[FAB] calcd for C₁₀H₁₃FNO [M+H]⁺ 182.0981, found 182.0979.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3n** (42 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane:dther = 7:1 to 5:1) to afford **4n** (27 mg, 62%) as a colorless oil.

(R)-5-cyano-3-methylpentanoyl fluoride (4n); (rr = 10:1); R_f = 0.35 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.34 (m, 3H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.08 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 48.65 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 359 Hz), 119.1, 38.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 49 Hz), 31.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 28.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 18.6, 15.1. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2966, 2935, 2248, 1840, 1710, 1425 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₇H₁₀FNO [M]⁺ 143.0746, found 143.0758.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3o** (50 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic

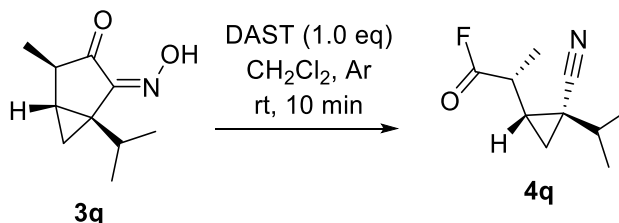
solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1 to 5:1) to afford **4o** (43 mg, 85%) as a light yellow oil.

(1S,3S)-3-(cyanomethyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl fluoride (4o); R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.31 (m, 3H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 42.92 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 358 Hz), 118.0, 44.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 52 Hz), 43.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 38.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 29.7, 24.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 4 Hz), 17.8 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 17.7. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2959, 2245, 1828, 1371, 1238 cm⁻¹. HRMS[FAB] calcd for C₉H₁₃FNO [M+H]⁺ 170.0981, found 170.0981.



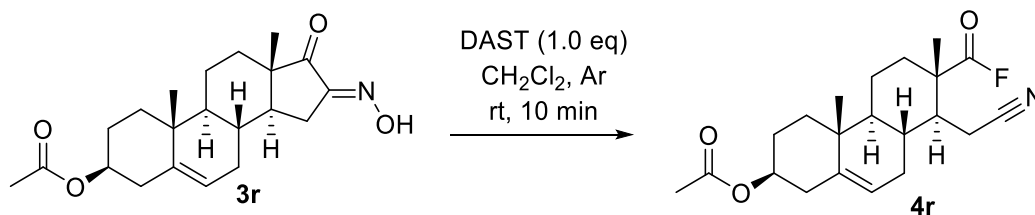
A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3p** (54 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μL, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) to afford **4p** (51 mg, 93%) as a light yellow oil.

(1R,3S)-3-cyano-1,2,2-trimethylcyclopentane-1-carbonyl fluoride (4p); R_f = 0.6 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.83 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (m, 1H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 35.77 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 369 Hz), 119.9, 54.6 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 44 Hz), 46.7 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 39.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 5 Hz), 32.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 2 Hz), 24.8, 22.0, 21.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 3 Hz), 21.0. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2977, 2243, 1826, 1462, 1384, 1049 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₁₄FNO [M]⁺ 183.1059, found 183.1075.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3q** (54 mg, .3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μL, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford **4q** (40 mg, 72%) as a colorless oil.

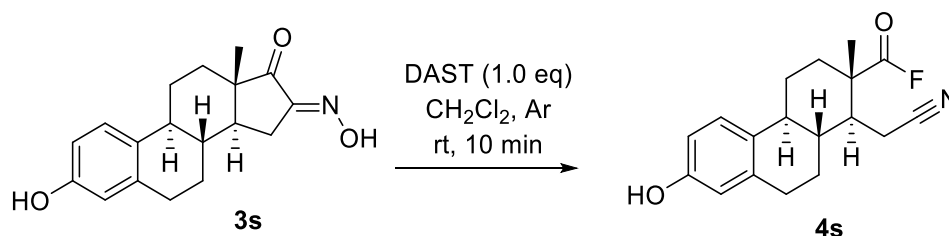
(R)-2-((1R,2S)-2-cyano-2-isopropylcyclopropyl) propanoyl fluoride (4q) ; R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.39 (m, 1H), 1.44 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.38-1.25 (m, 2H), 1.17 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 3H), 1.14-1.12 (m, 3H), 1.05 (m, 1H), 0.97 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 38.44 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.5 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 365 Hz), 199.8, 40.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 50 Hz), 35.0, 27.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 24.4, 20.0, 19.7, 18.3, 16.2. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2965, 2228, 1834, 1739, 1459, 1045 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₀H₁₄FNO [M]⁺ 183.1059, found 183.1059.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3r** (108 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1 to 3:1) to afford **4r** (64 mg, 59%) as a white solid.

(2S,4aR,4bS,7S,8S,8aR)-8-(cyanomethyl)-7-(fluorocarbonyl)-4a,7-dimethyl-

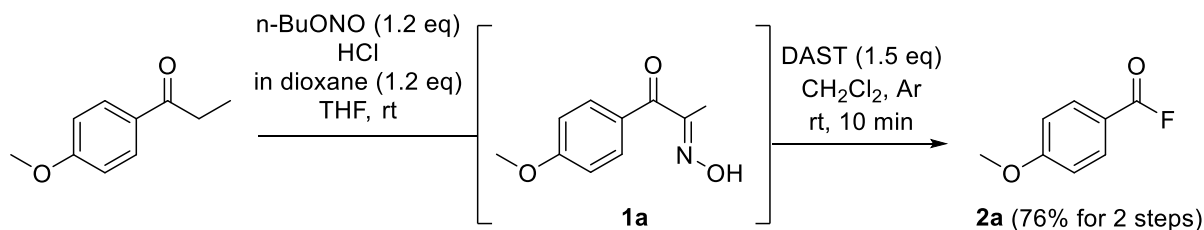
1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,7,8,8a,9-dodecahydrophenanthren-2-yl acetate (4r) ; R_f = 0.6 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.39 (m, 1H), 4.60 (m, 1H), 2.60 (dd, J = 17.8 and 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.40-2.25 (m, 4H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.99-1.85 (m, 4H), 1.82-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.11 (m, 2H), 1.04 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.31 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.6, 167.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 372 Hz), 139.5, 121.0, 118.0, 73.5, 48.5, 47.0 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 40 Hz), 43.0, 37.8, 36.8, 36.7, 35.76, 35.74, 31.4, 31.3, 27.6, 21.5, 19.2 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 18.2, 15.2. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2948, 2247, 1821, 1730, 1635, 1251 cm⁻¹. HRMS[FAB] calcd for C₂₁H₂₉FNO₃ [M+H]⁺ 362.2131, found 362.2159.



A 10 mL round bottom flask was charged with **3s** (90 mg, 0.3 mmol) and dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) under Ar. Then, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 40 μ L, 0.3 mmol) was added to the solution via a microsyringe at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford **4s** (67 mg, 74%) as a white solid.

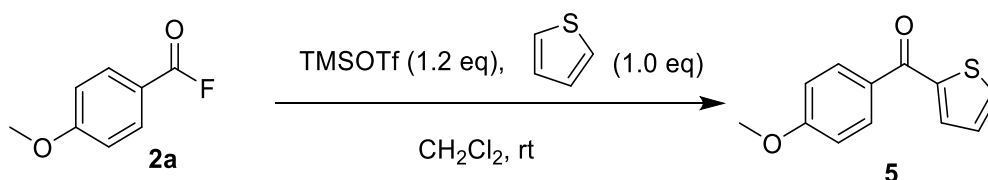
(1S,2S,4aS,10aR)-1-(cyanomethyl)-7-hydroxy-2-methyl-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydrophenanthrene-2-carbonyl fluoride (4s) ; R_f = 0.3 (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.12 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, J = 8.5 and 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 2.97-2.84 (m, 2H), 2.69 (dd, J = 17.8 and 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.46-2.37 (m, 3H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.54-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.55 (s, 1F). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 372 Hz), 154.0, 137.6, 130.5, 126.6, 118.2, 115.3, 113.3, 47.4 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 40 Hz), 42.4, 41.7, 38.7, 35.9 (d, $J_{C,F}$ = 1 Hz), 29.5, 26.7, 25.2, 18.5, 15.2. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3342, 2942, 2261, 1817, 1714, 1503 cm⁻¹. HRMS[EI⁺] calcd for C₁₈H₂₀FNO₂ [M]⁺ 301.1478, found 301.1473.

A procedure for one-pot reaction



To a stirred solution of ketone (328 mg, 2.0 mmol) and *n*-butyl nitrite (0.28 mL, 2.4 mmol) in THF (6.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in 1,4-dioxane (0.6 mL, 2.4 mmol) under Ar. After 3 h, (diethylamino)sulfur trifluoride (DAST, 0.4 mL, 3.0 mmol) was added to the solution at room temperature. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (10 mL), washed with 1N HCl solution (5.0 mL) and subsequently with sat. NaHCO₃ sol'n. The organic solution was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (pentane) to afford **2a** (234 mg, 76%) as a pale yellow oil.

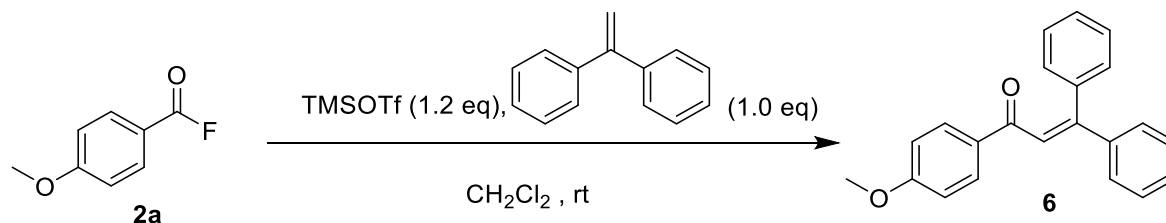
Preparation of ketone 5



A 10 mL round bottom flask was filled with argon gas and charged with **2a** (154 mg, 1.0 mmol) and TMSOTf (215 μ L, 1.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL) at room temperature. Then, a solution of thiophene (80 μ L, 1.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) was added to the reaction mixture. After for 30 min, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and directly subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford the ketone **5** (185 mg, 85%) as a white solid.

R_f = 0.45 (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91-7.88 (m, 2H), 7.68 (dd, J = 5.0 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, J = 4.9 and 3.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (m, 1H), 6.99-6.67 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H). This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹⁶

Preparation of ketone 6



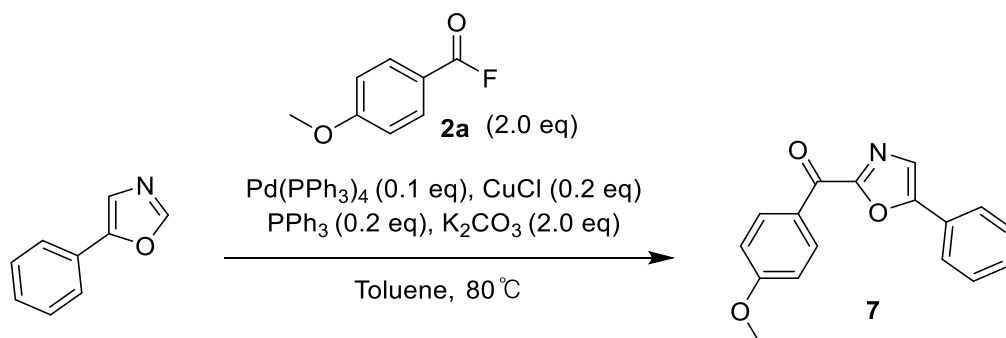
A 10 mL round bottom flask was filled with argon gas and charged with **2a** (154 mg, 1.0 mmol) and TMSOTf (215 μ L, 1.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL) at room temperature. Then, a solution of 1,1-

¹⁶ Zhao, W.; Carreira, E. M. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2007**, *13*, 2671.

diphenylethylene (176 μ L, 1.0 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) was added to the reaction mixture. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and directly subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) to afford the ketone **6** (226 mg, 72%) as a white solid.

R_f = 0.4 (Hex:EtOAc = 7:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.94-7.91 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 5H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.88-6.85 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹⁷

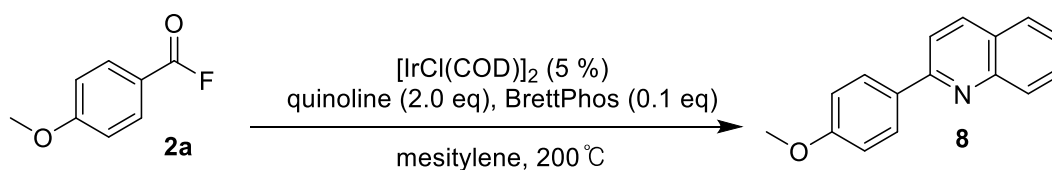
Preparation of ketone 7



A 7 mL vial was charged with $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (58 mg, 0.05 mmol), PPh_3 (26 mg, 0.1 mmol), CuCl (10 mg, 0.1 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (138 mg, 1.0 mmol) and it was flushed with argon gas. Then, a solution of **2a** (154 mg, 1.0 mmol) and 5-phenyloxazole (73 mg, 0.5 mmol) in toluene (2.0 mL) was added to the vial. The reaction mixture was heated at 80 $^\circ\text{C}$ in oil bath for 24h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature, diluted with H_2O (10 mL), and extracted with ethyl acetate (10 X 3 mL). The organic solution was dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , concentrated, and the crude product was subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 3:1) to afford the ketone **7** (106 mg, 76%) as white solid.

R_f = 0.45 (Hex:EtOAc = 6:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.54 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H). This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹⁸

Preparation of 2-arylquinoline 8



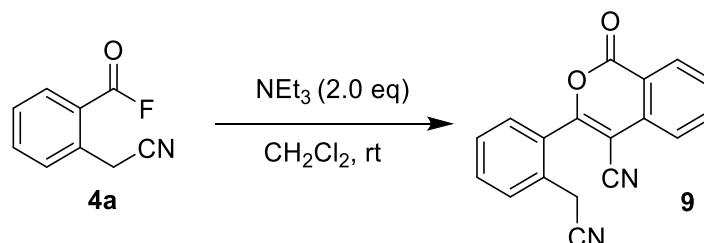
A 7 mL vial was charged with $[\text{IrCl}(\text{COD})]_2$ (33 mg, 0.05 mmol), BrettPhos (53 mg, 0.1 mmol), quinoline (236 μ L, 2.0 mmol), and mesitylene (3.0 mL) under Ar. To the stirred mixture was added a solution of **2a** (154 mg, 1.0 mmol) in mesitylene (1.0 mL). The mixture was heated at 200 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 16 h in heating mantle. Then, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature, filtered through a short pad of silica gel and eluted with EtOAc. The filtrate was concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 20:1 to 10:1) to afford the 2-arylquinoline **8** (132 mg, 56%) as a white solid.

¹⁷ Liu, Y.; Chen, Z.; Wang, Q. L.; Chen, P.; Xie, J.; Xiong, B. Q.; Zhang, P. L.; Tang, K. W. *J. Org. Chem.* **2020**, *85*, 2385.

¹⁸ Wu, X. F.; Anbarasan, P.; Neumann, H.; Beller, M. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2010**, *49*, 7316.

$R_f = 0.4$ (Hex:EtOAc = 20:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.18-8.12 (m, 4H), 7.83 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.70 (m, 1H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.06-7.04 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H). This spectral data is in agreement with the reported.¹⁹

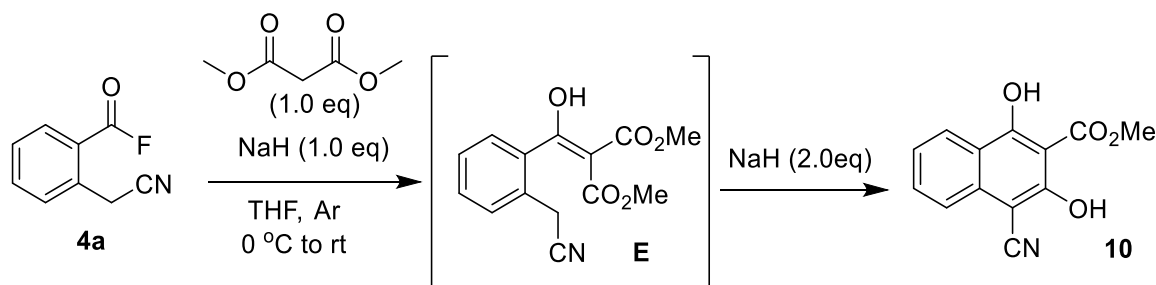
Preparation of isocoumarin 9



To a stirred solution of **4a** (163 mg, 1.0 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (3.0 mL) was added trimethylamine (279 μL , 2.0 mmol) at room temperature. After 1h, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL) and washed with H_2O . The organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 3:1) to afford the isocoumarin **9** (209 mg, 73%) as a white solid.

$R_f = 0.4$ (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.35 (m, 1H), 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 162.7, 158.9, 136.4, 133.3, 132.7, 131.1, 130.7, 130.4, 130.2, 129.67, 129.62, 128.9, 124.8, 119.0, 116.7, 113.9, 94.9, 22.5. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2227, 1763, 1615, 1489, 1237, 1033 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ [M] $^+$ 286.0742, found 286.0749.

Preparation of 1,3-naphthalenediol 10

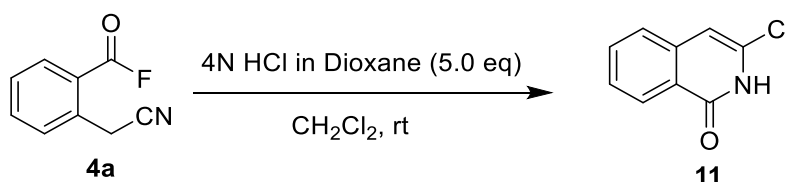


To a stirred solution of dimethylmalonate (132 mg, 1.0 mmol) in dry THF (3.0 mL) was added NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 40 mg, 1.0 mmol) at 0 °C under Ar. After stirring for 20 min, the acyl fluoride **4a** (163 mg, 1.0 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was slowly added to the reaction mixture. After being kept in the ice-bath for 1h, **4a** disappeared and formation of intermediate **E** was monitored by tlc. Subsequently, NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 80 mg, 2.0 mmol) was added and the ice-bath was removed. Upon completion of the reaction (3 h), it was quenched with sat. NH_4Cl sol'n and extracted with ethyl acetate (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to afford the naphthalenediol **10** (151 mg, 62%) as an off-white solid.

¹⁹ Rahul, P.; Nitha, P. R.; Omanakuttan, V. K.; Babu, S. A.; P. Sasikumar; Vakayil, K. P.; Henning, H.; Jubi, J. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2020**, 3081.

$R_f = 0.5$ (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 11.13 (br s, 2H), 8.25 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.81-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 168.6, 162.2, 160.6, 134.5, 132.4, 124.74, 124.46, 122.8, 119.6, 115.8, 100.9, 85.0, 53.3. IR (neat) ν_{max} 3394, 2219, 1660, 1633, 1502, 1241 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{NO}_4$ $[\text{M}]^+$ 243.0532, found 243.0541.

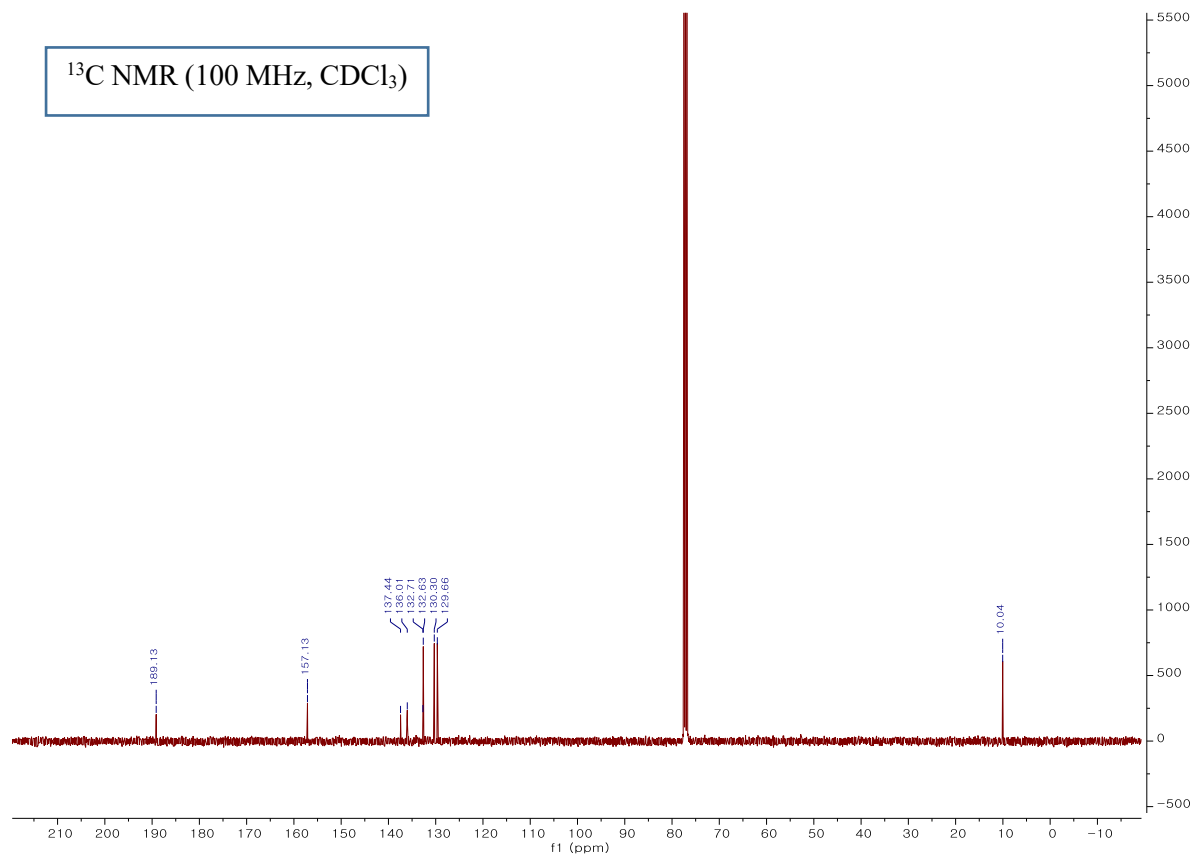
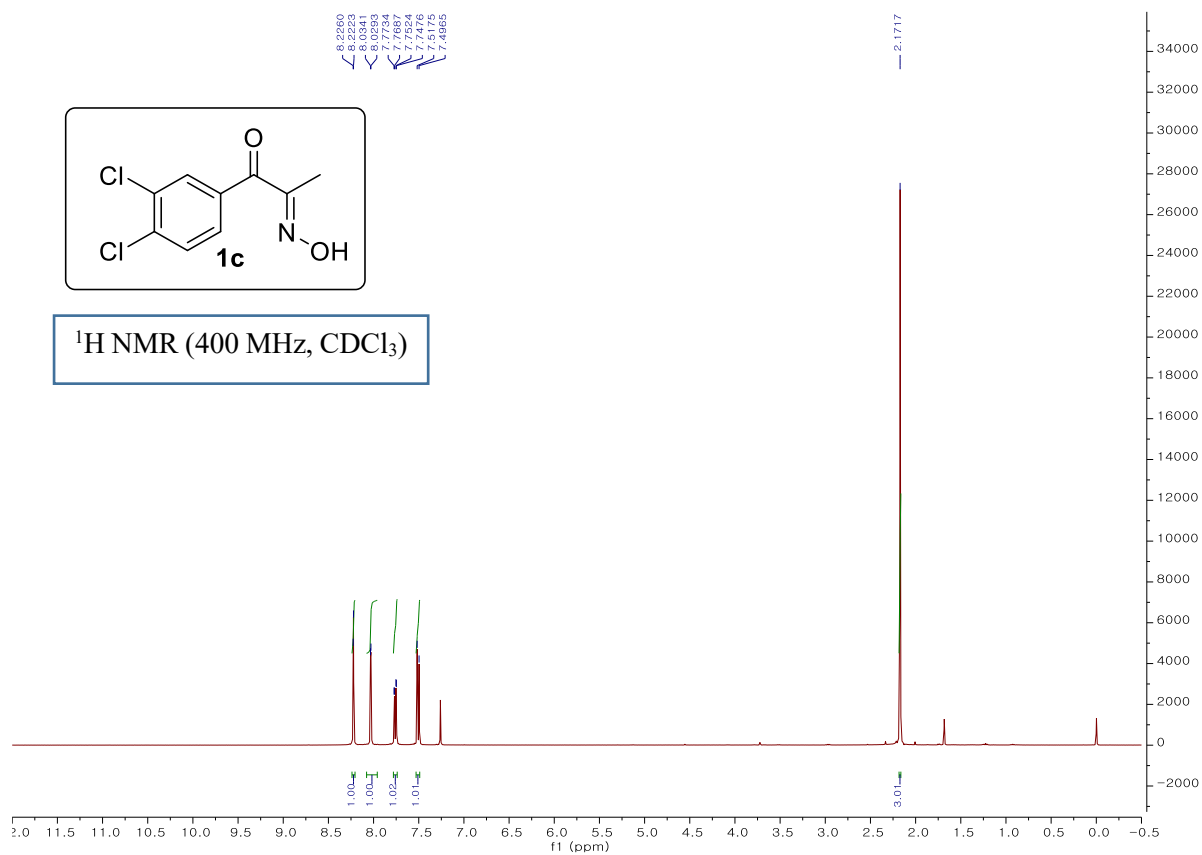
Preparation of isoquinolone 11

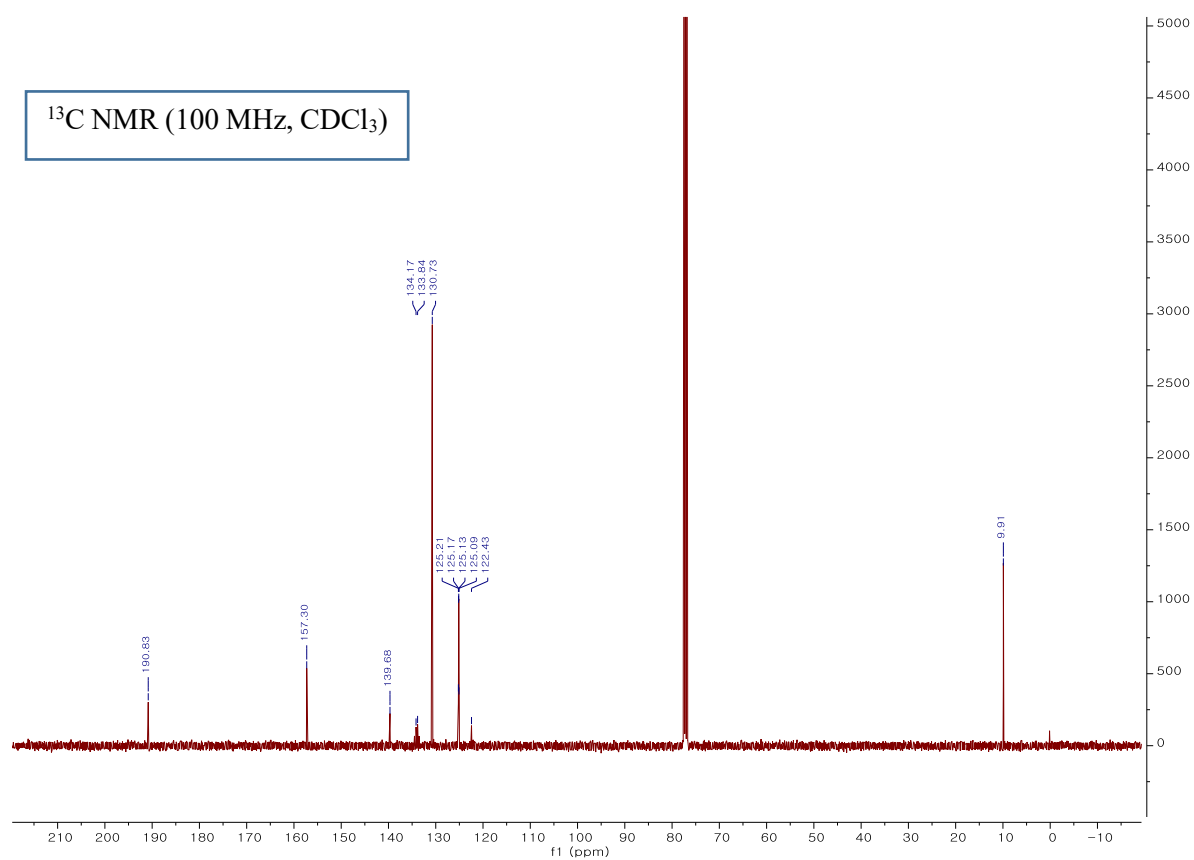
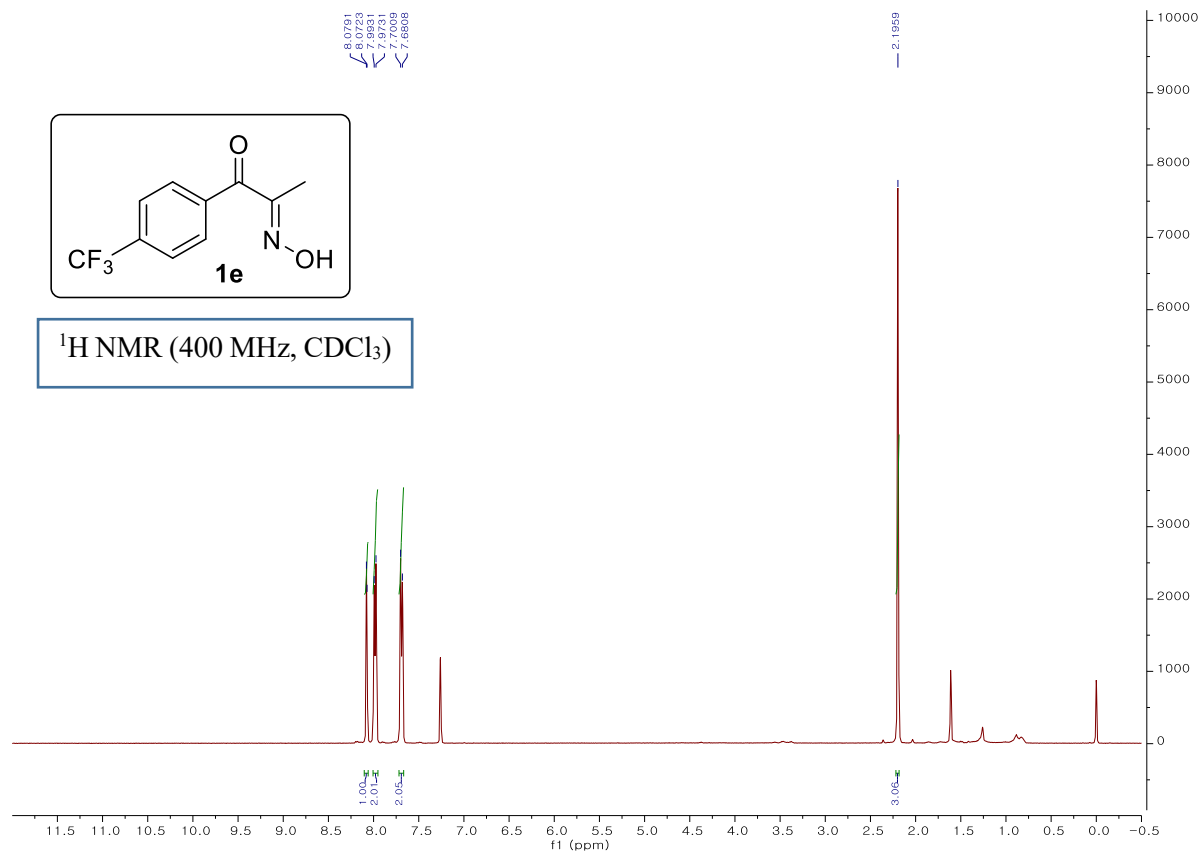


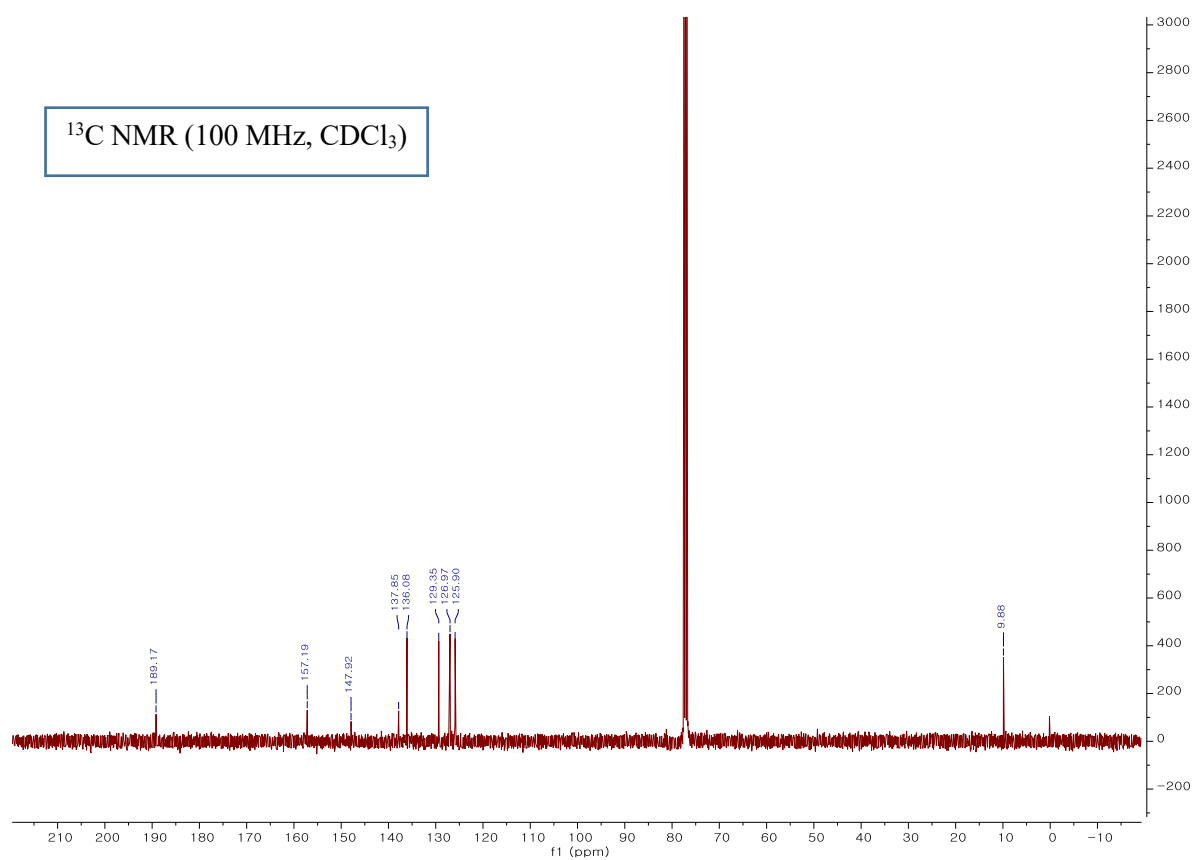
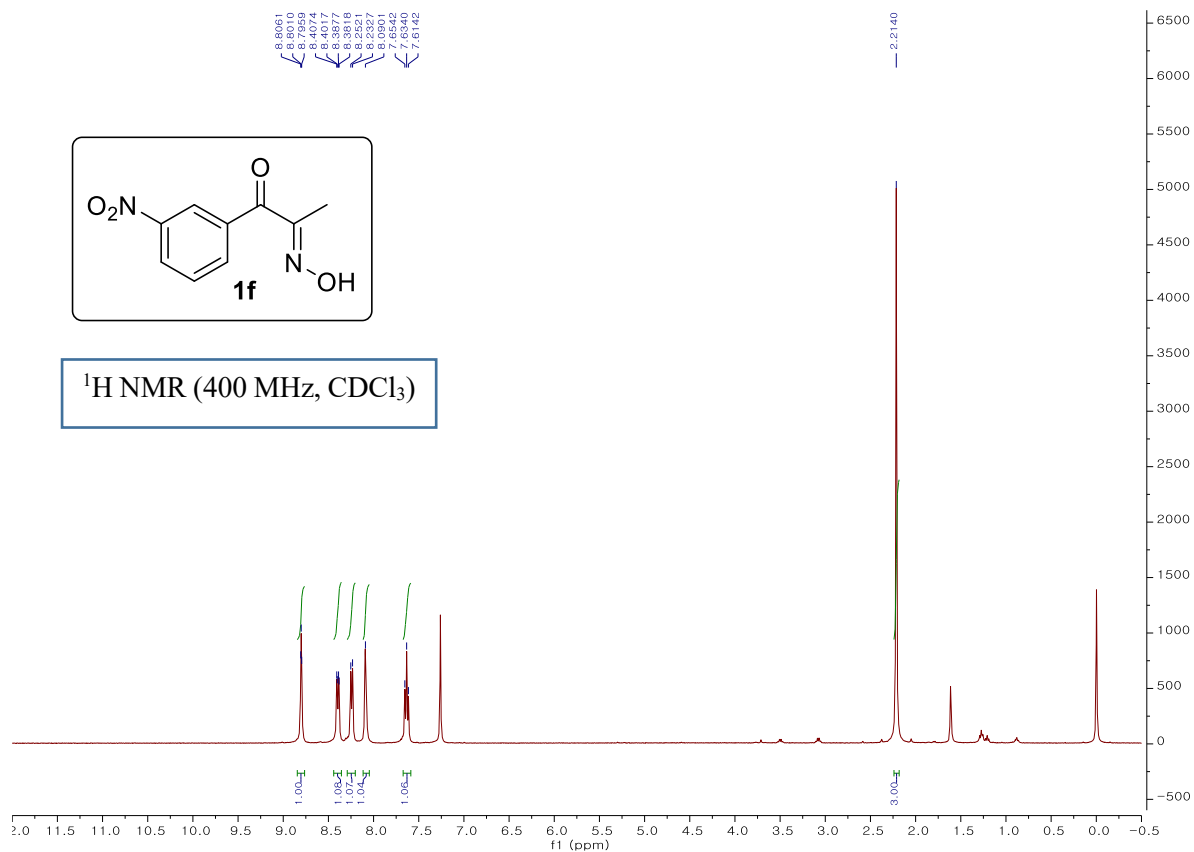
To a stirred solution of **4a** (163 mg, 1.0 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (3.0 mL) was added 4N HCl in Dioxane (1.25 mL, 5.0 mmol) at room temperature under Ar. After 2 days, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NaHCO_3 sol'n, extracted with ethyl acetate (10 X 3 mL). The combined organic solution was dried over MgSO_4 , concentrated, and subjected to silica gel column chromatography (Hex:EtOAc = 10:1 to 3:1) to afford the isoquinolone **11** (98 mg, 55%) as a white solid.

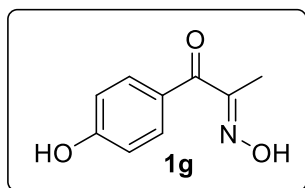
$R_f = 0.4$ (Hex:EtOAc = 3:1); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 11.12 (br s, 1H), 8.40 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.49 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.58 (s, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.1, 138.0, 133.5, 128.6, 127.9, 127.1, 125.8, 124.4, 105.5. IR (neat) ν_{max} 2817, 1651, 1625, 1442, 1338, 1148 cm^{-1} . HRMS[EI^+] calcd for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{ClNO}$ $[\text{M}]^+$ 179.0138, found 179.0141.

^1H -NMR, ^{13}C -NMR, ^{19}F -NMR

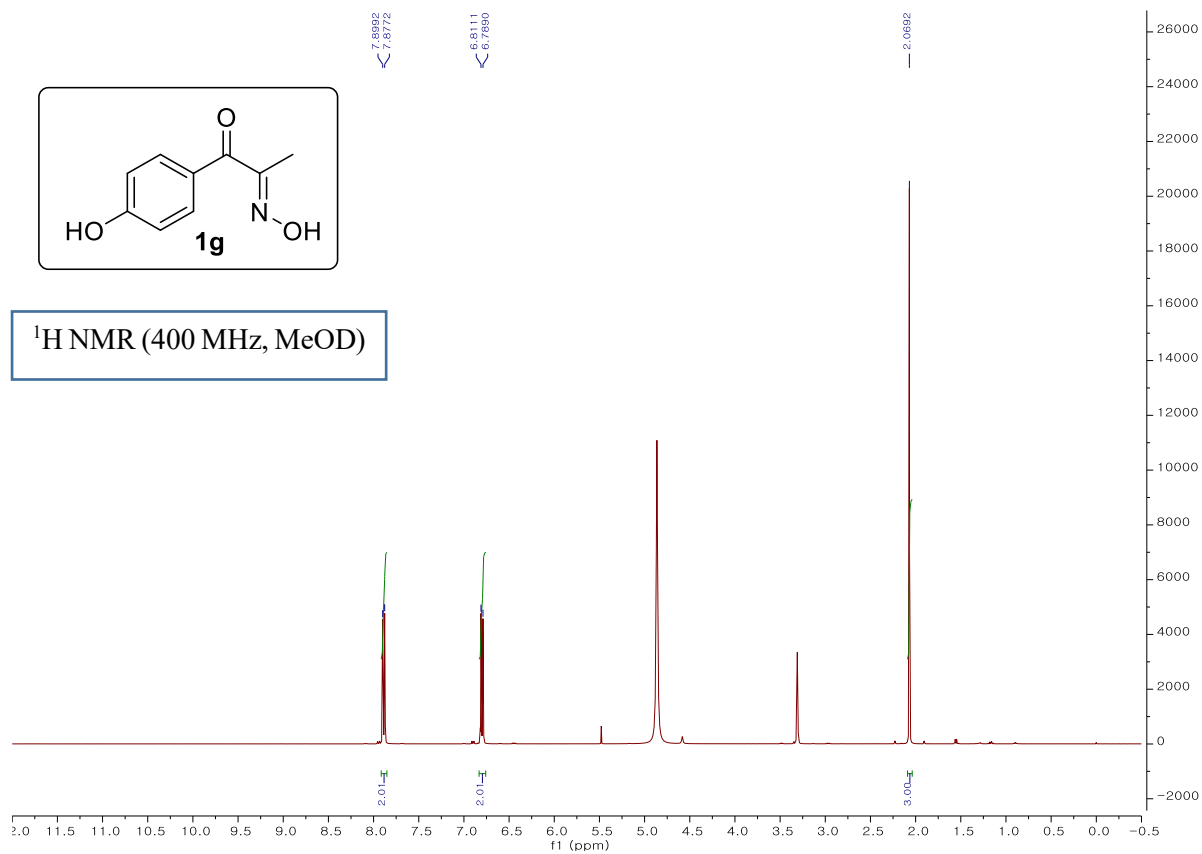




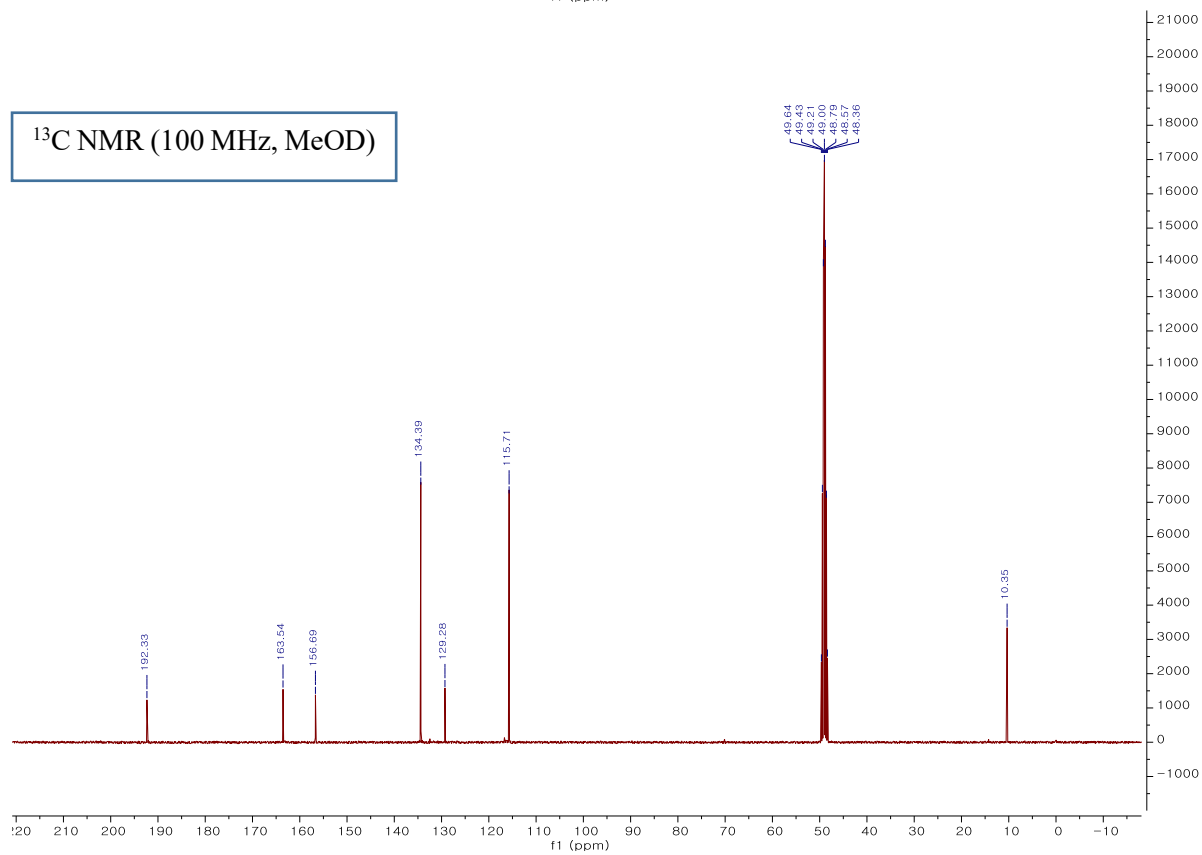


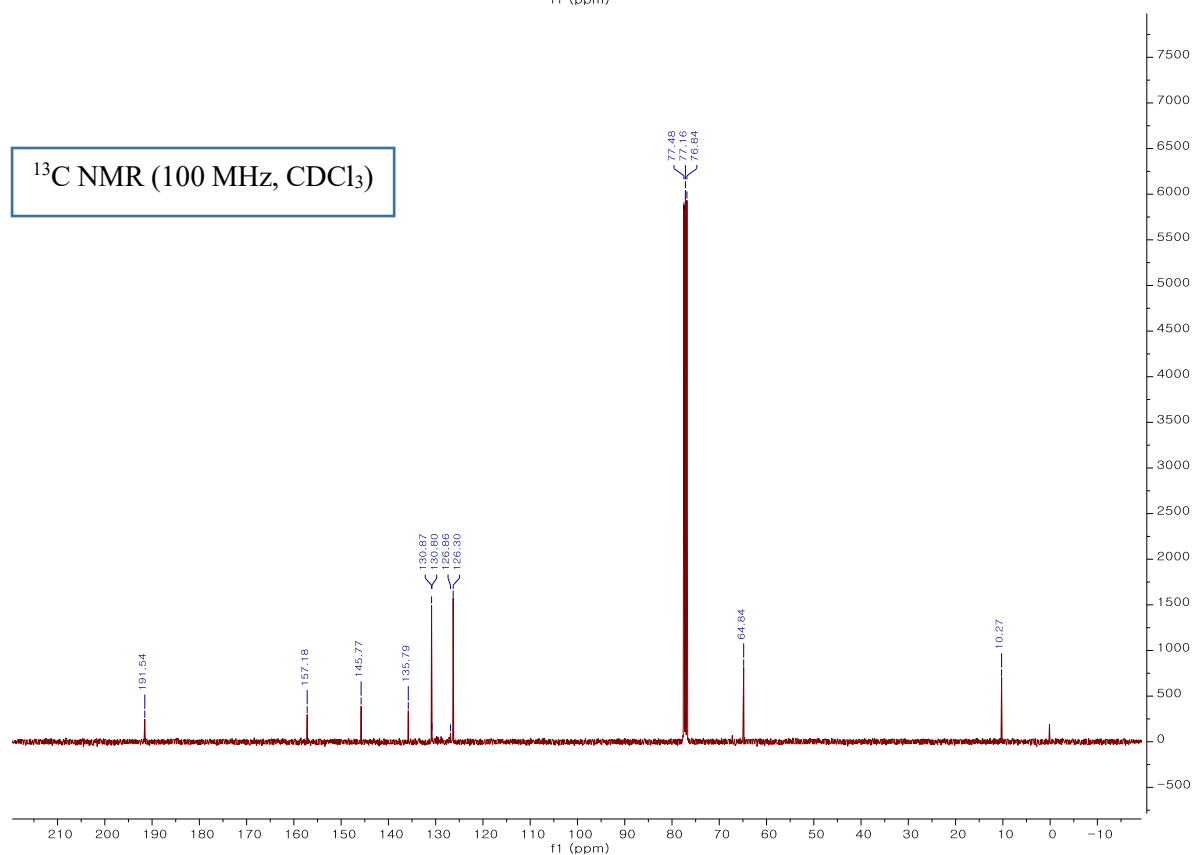
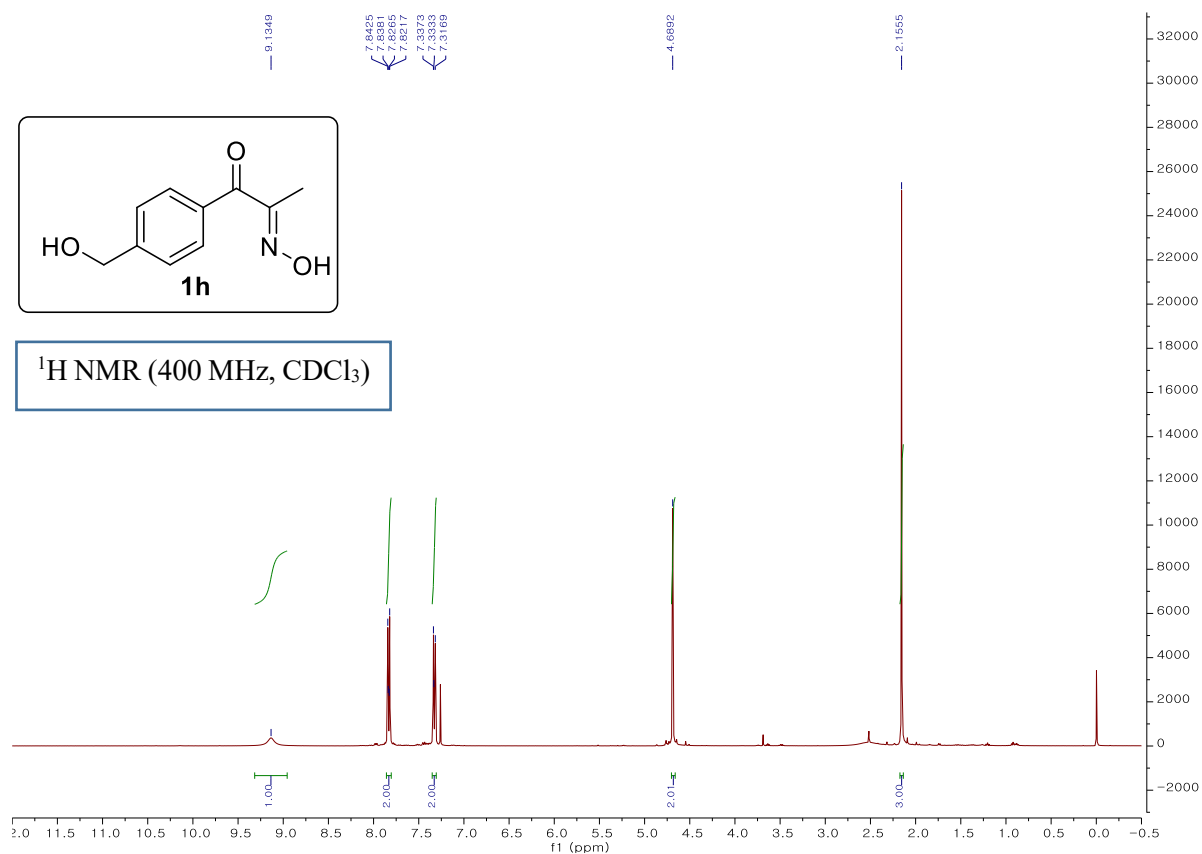


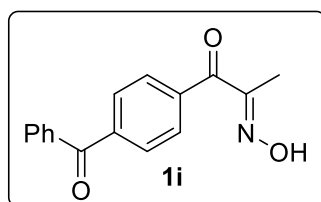
^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD)



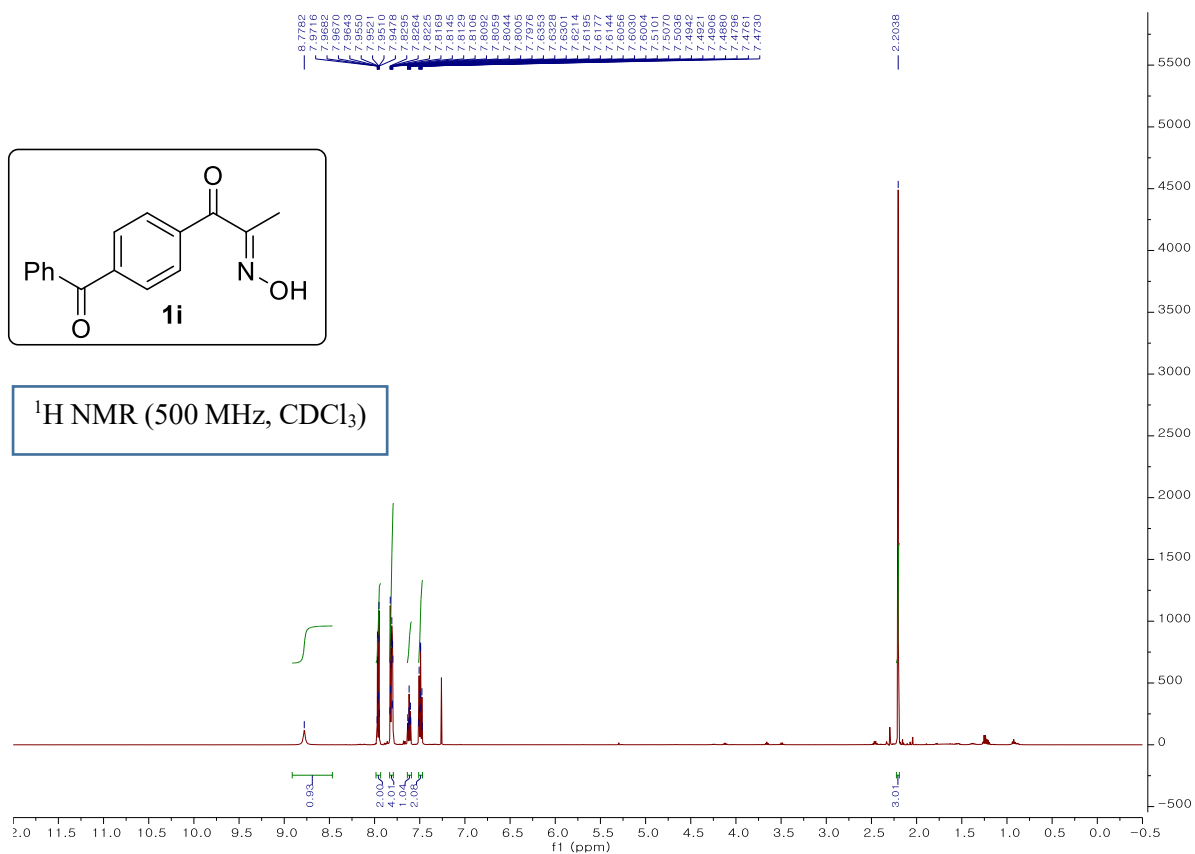
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD)



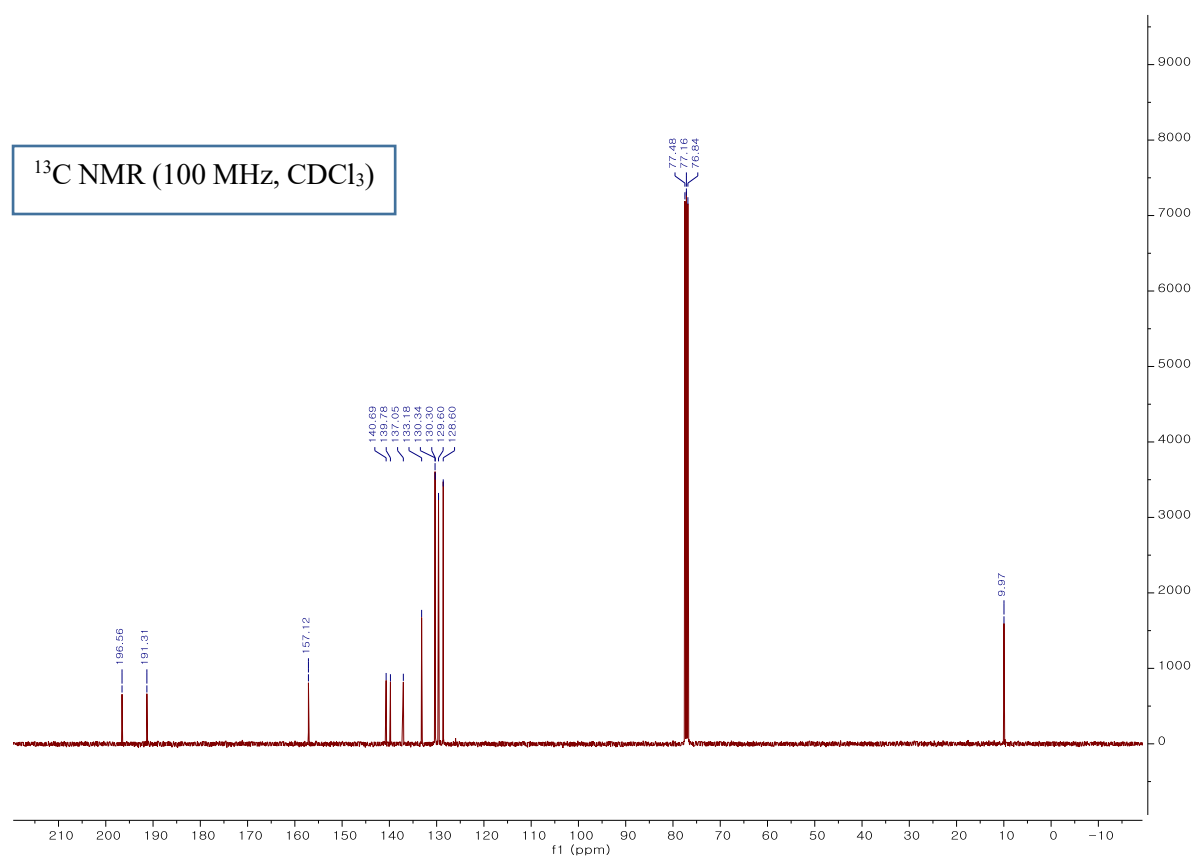


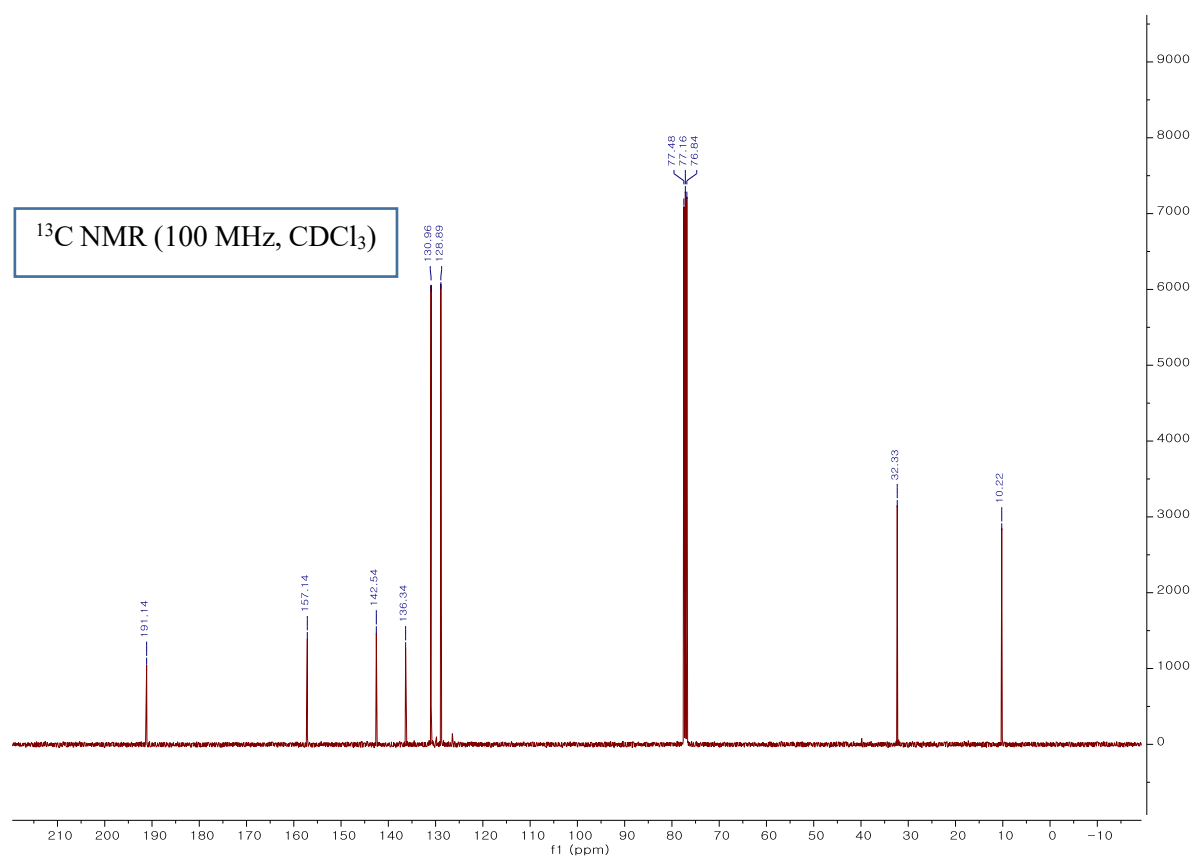
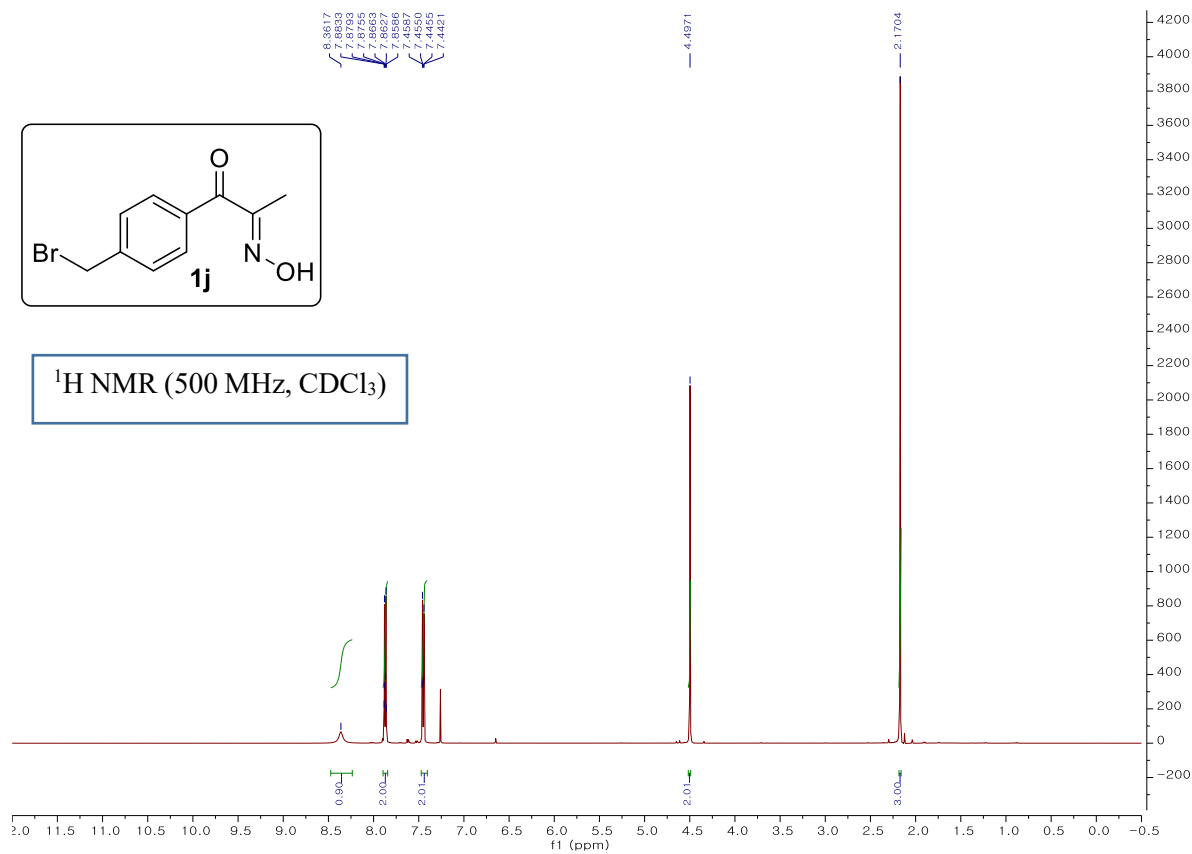


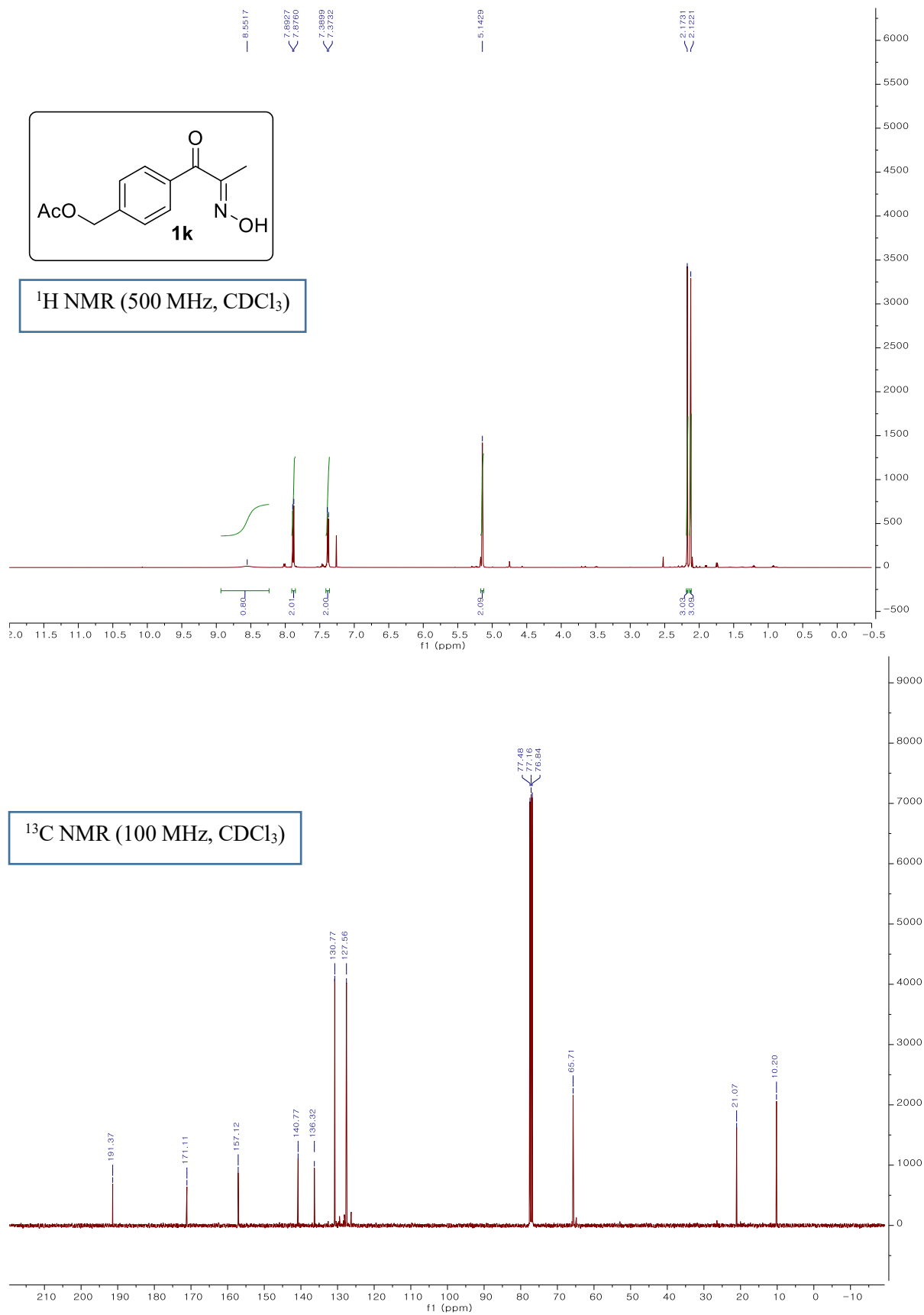
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

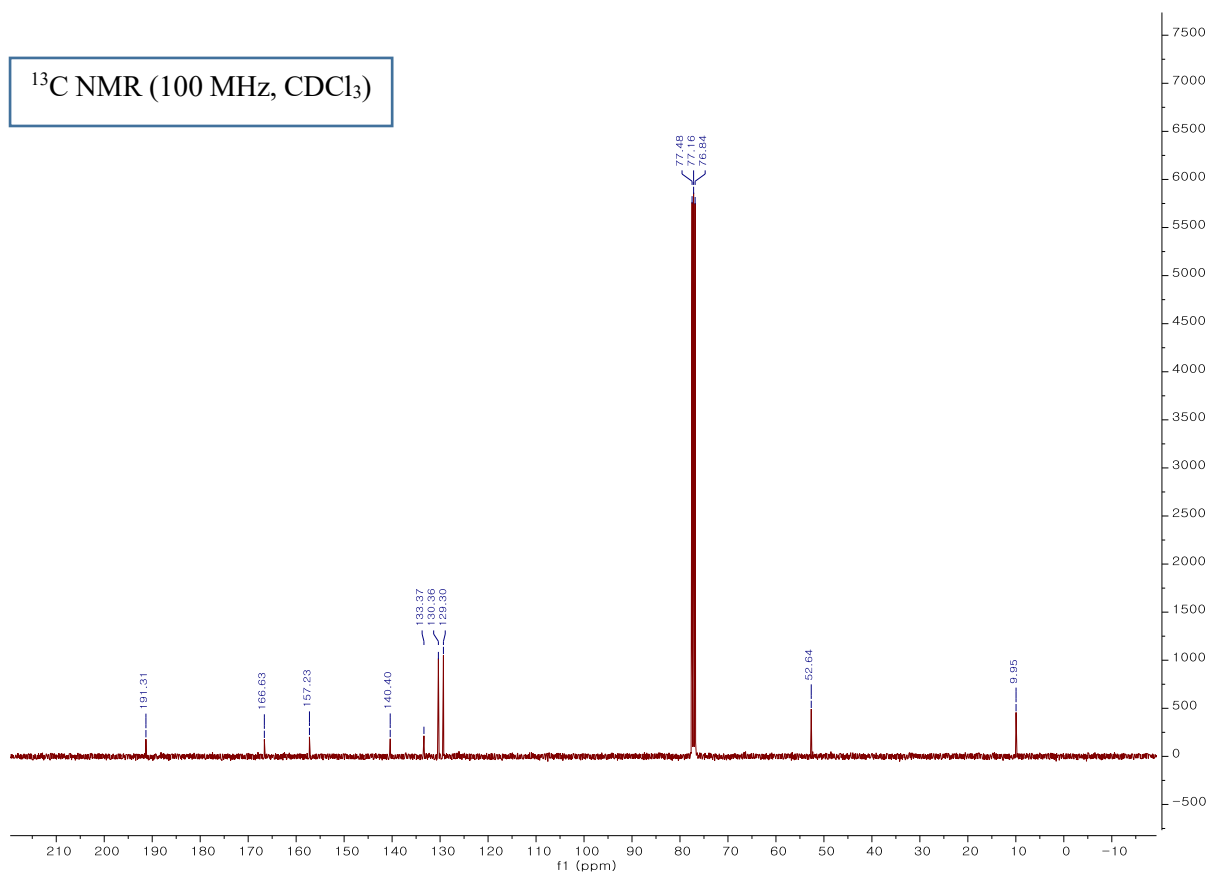
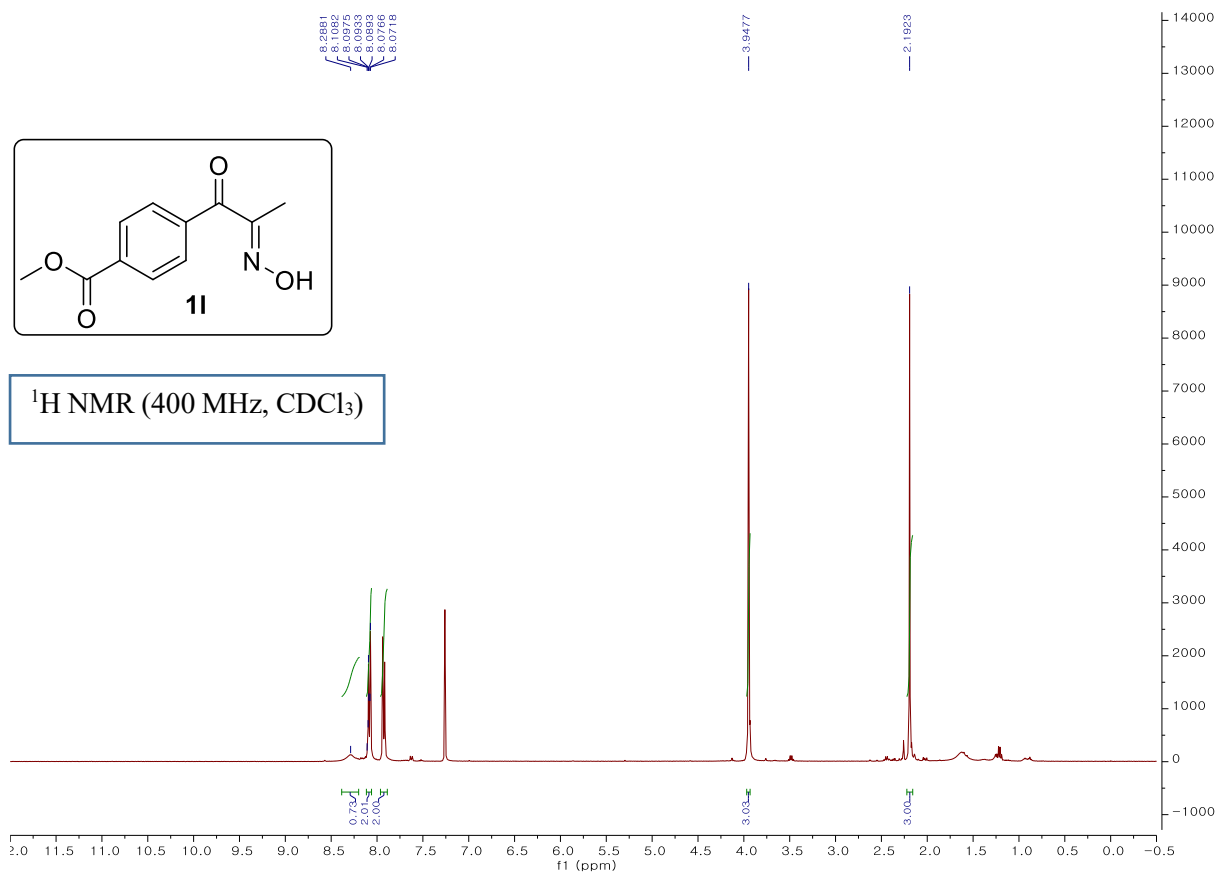


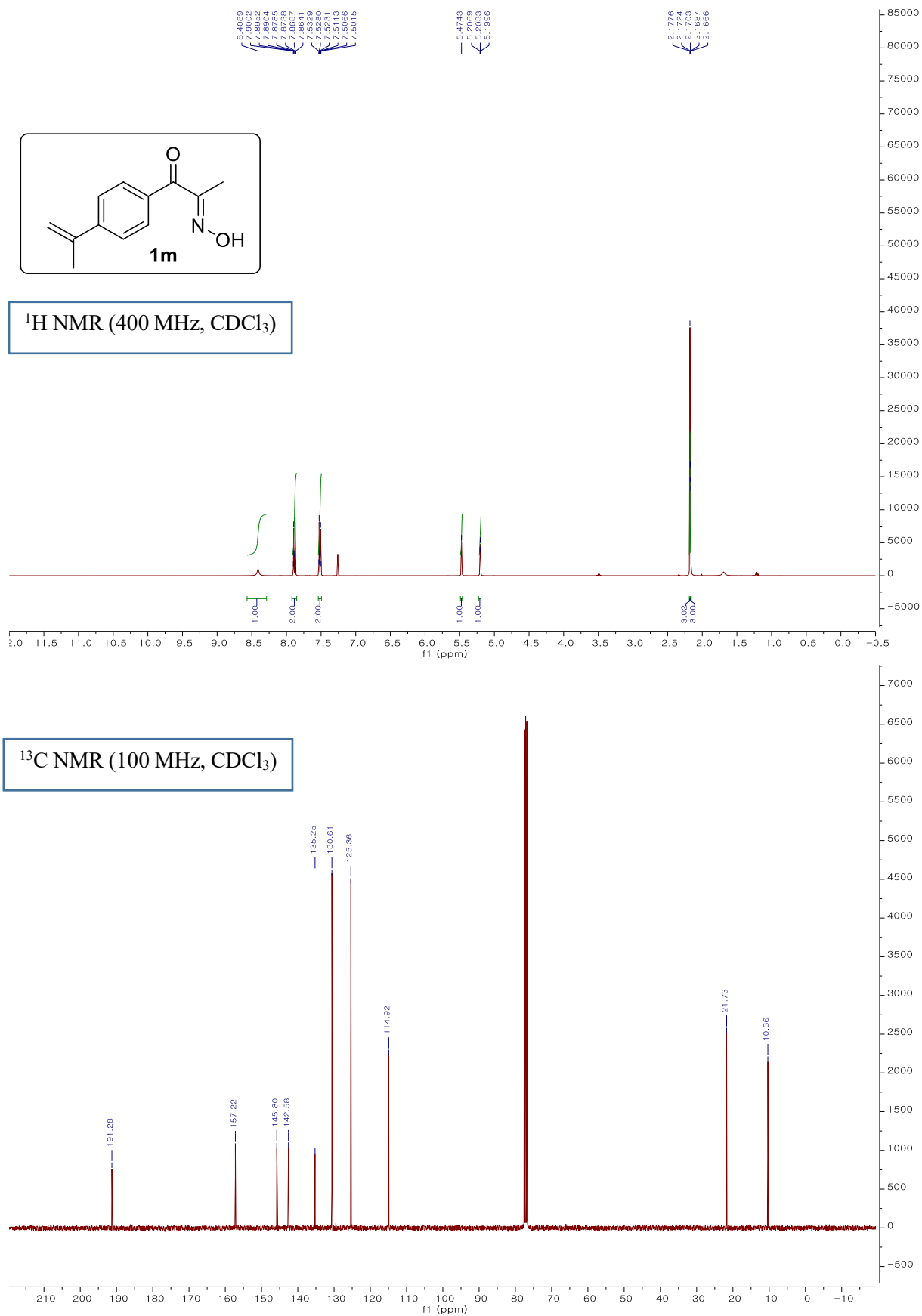
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

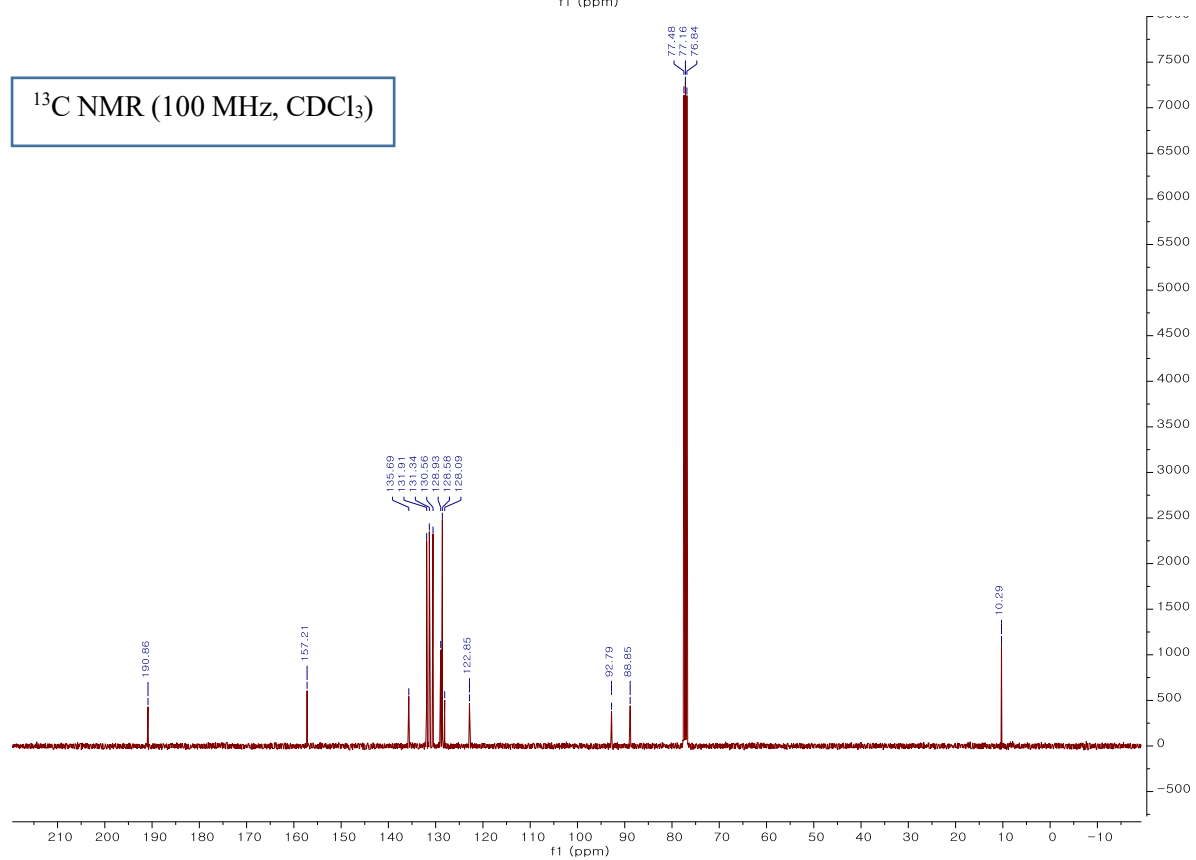
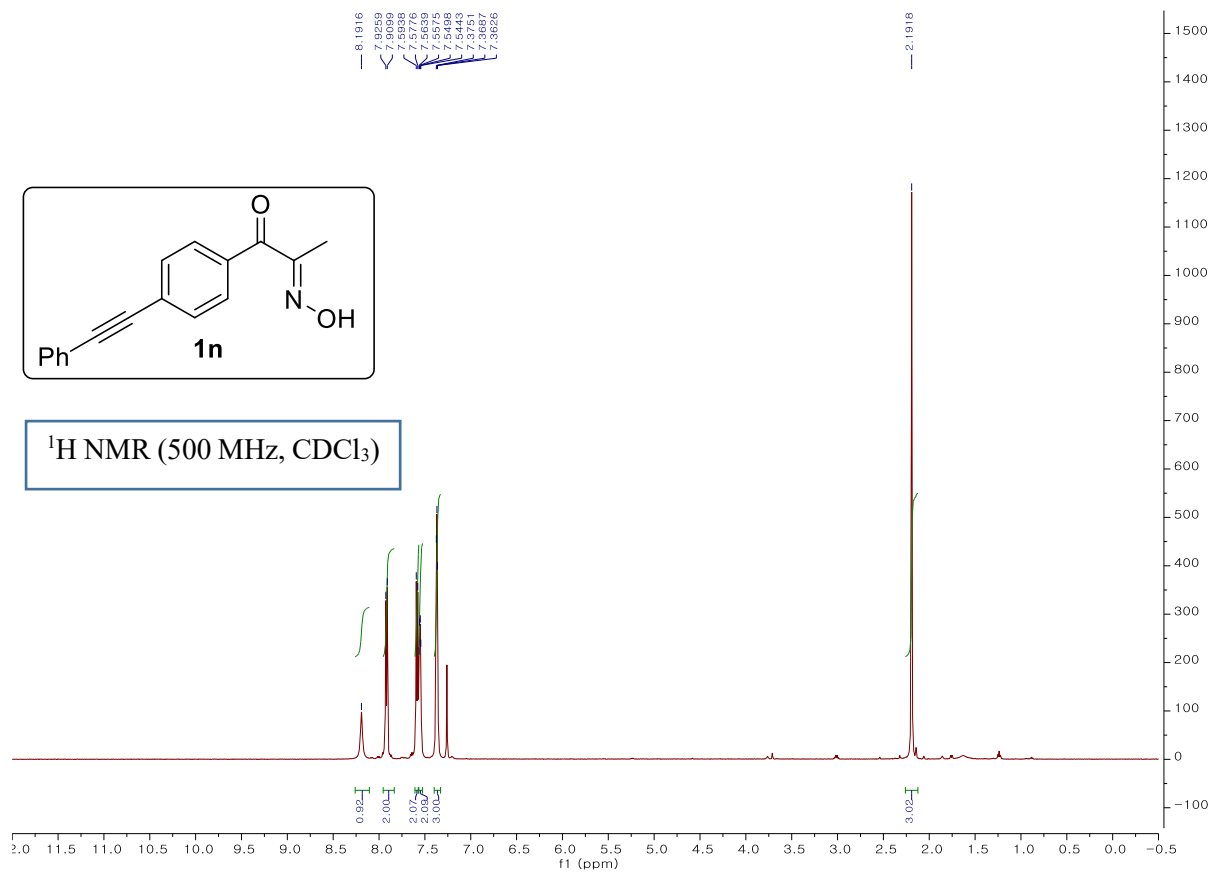


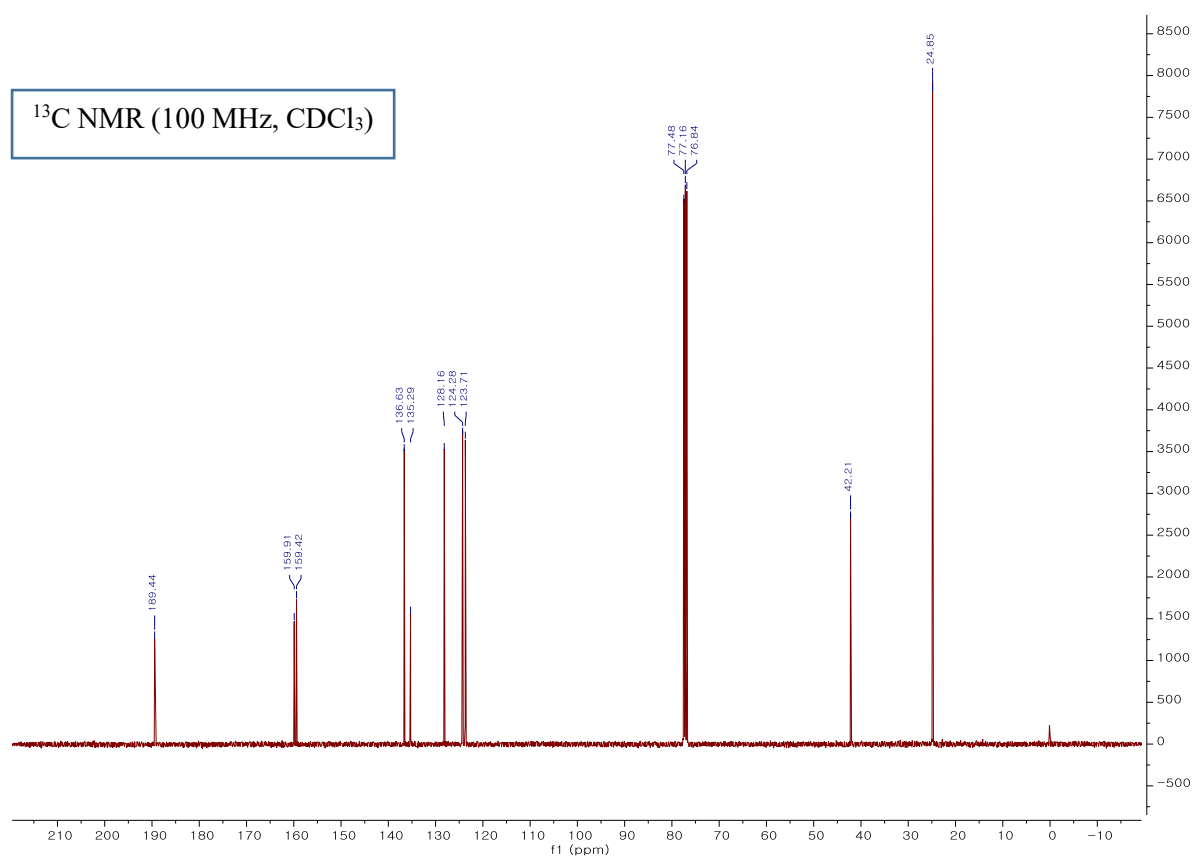
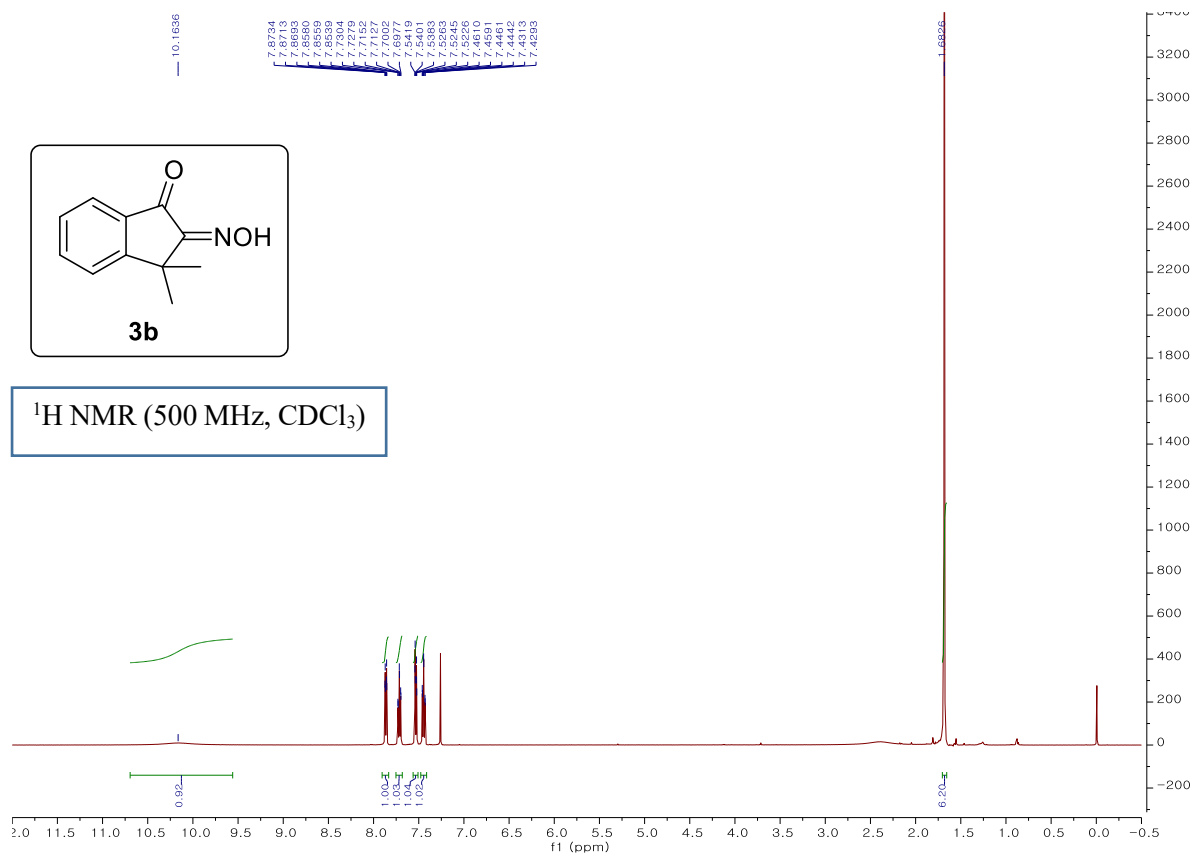


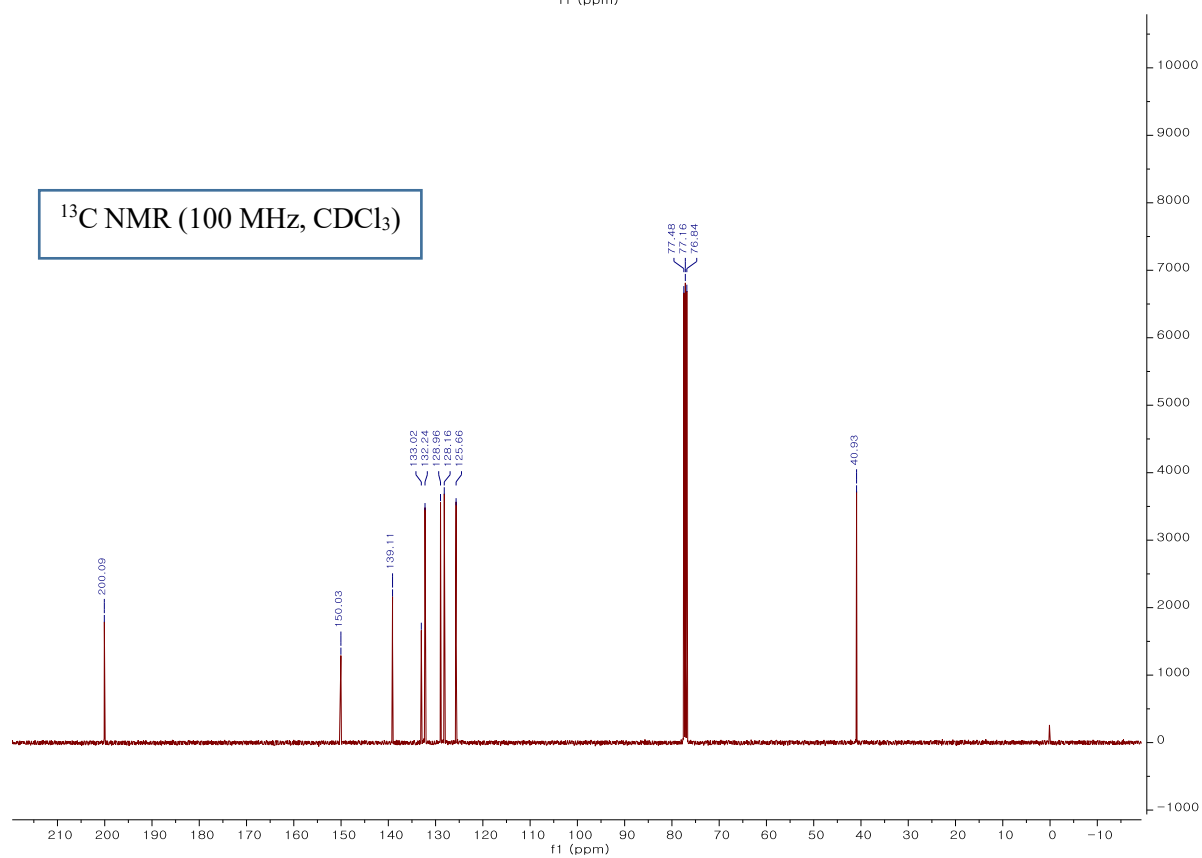
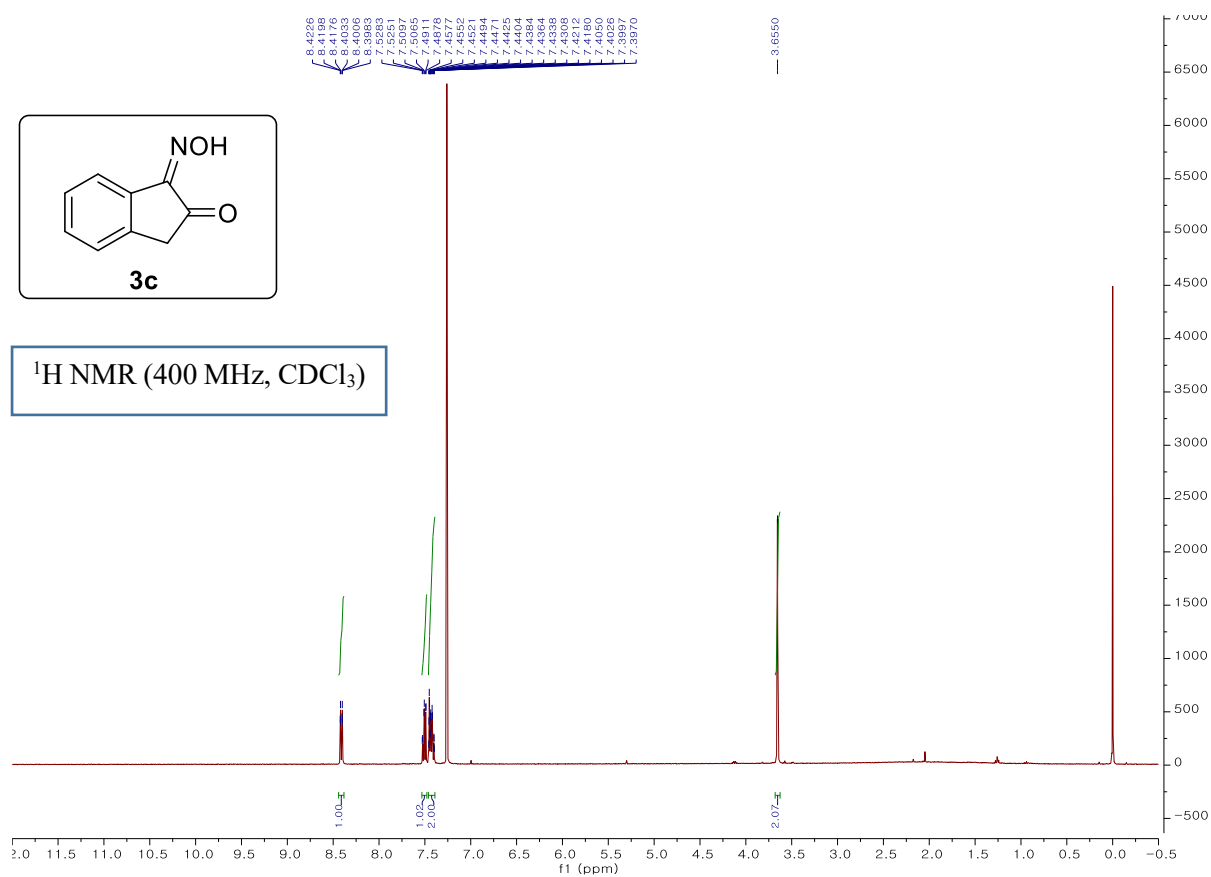


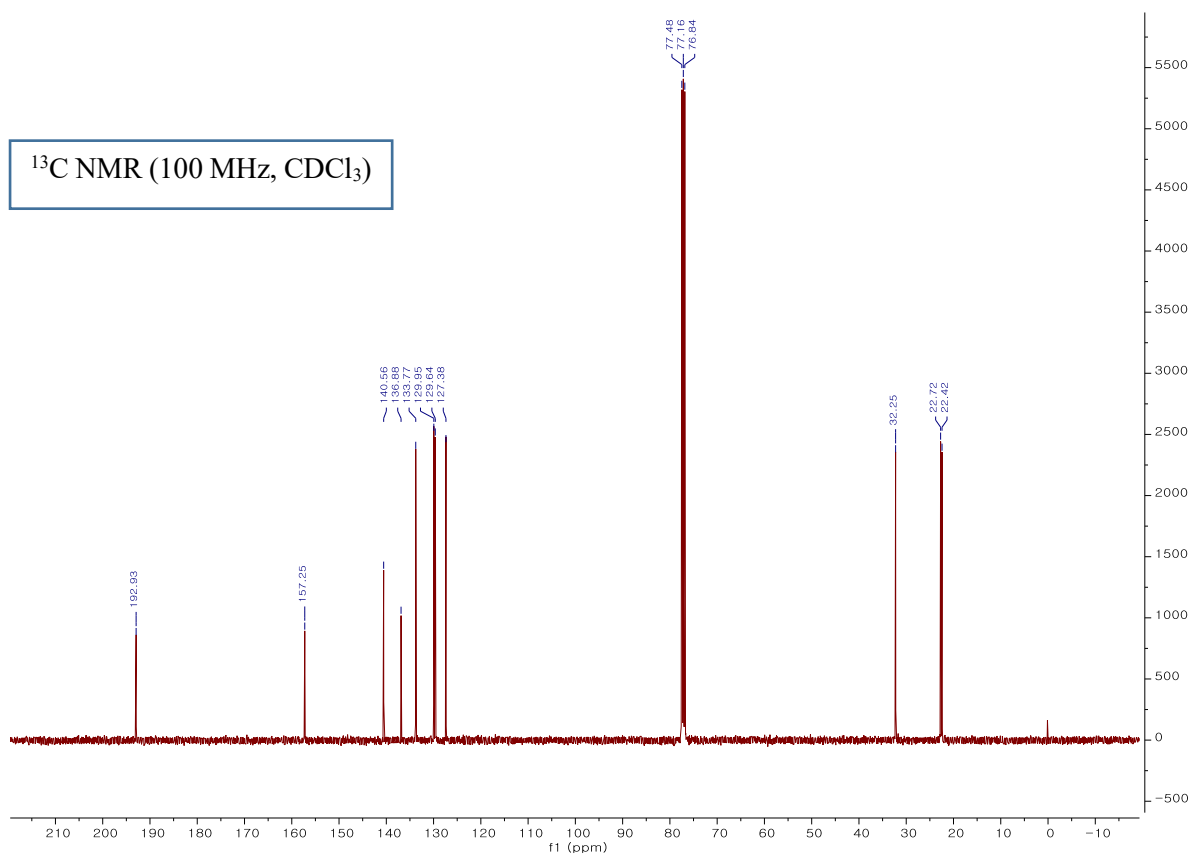
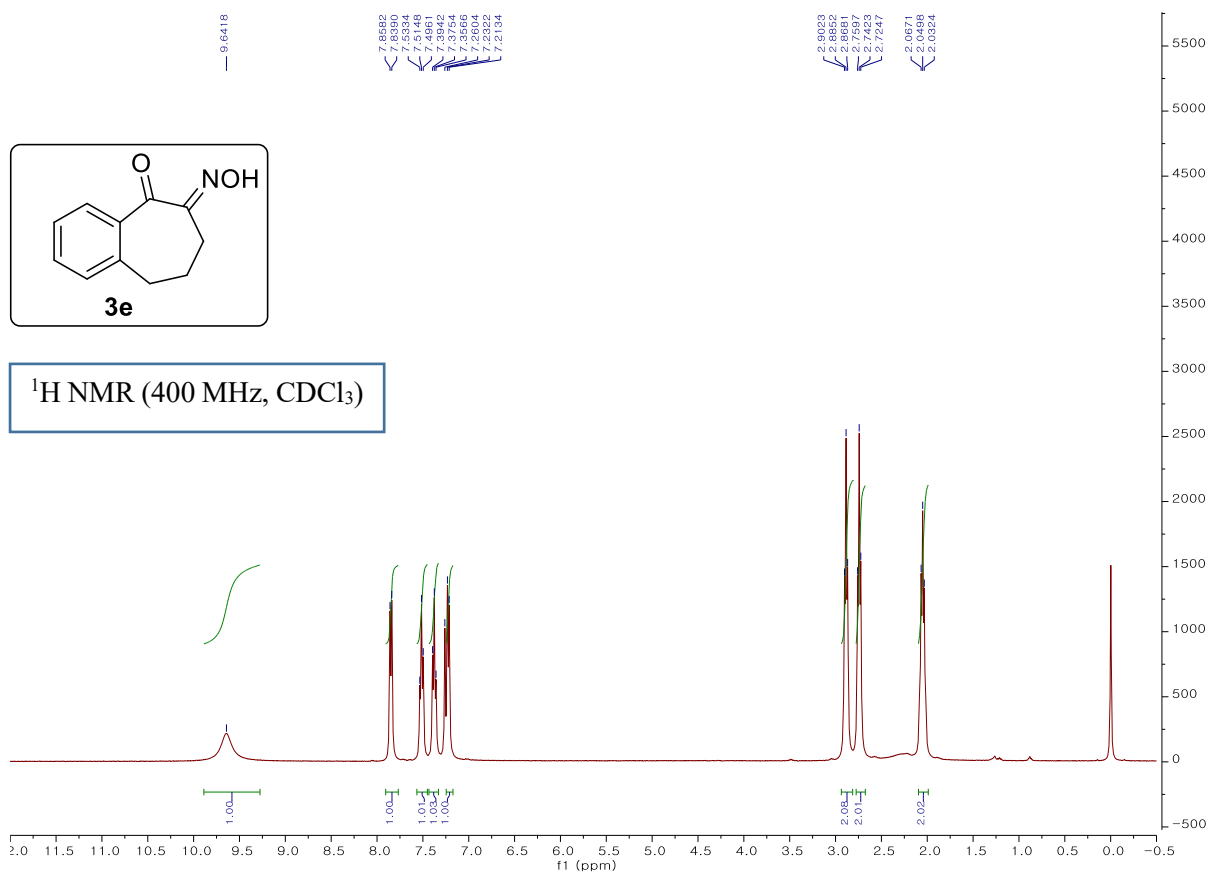


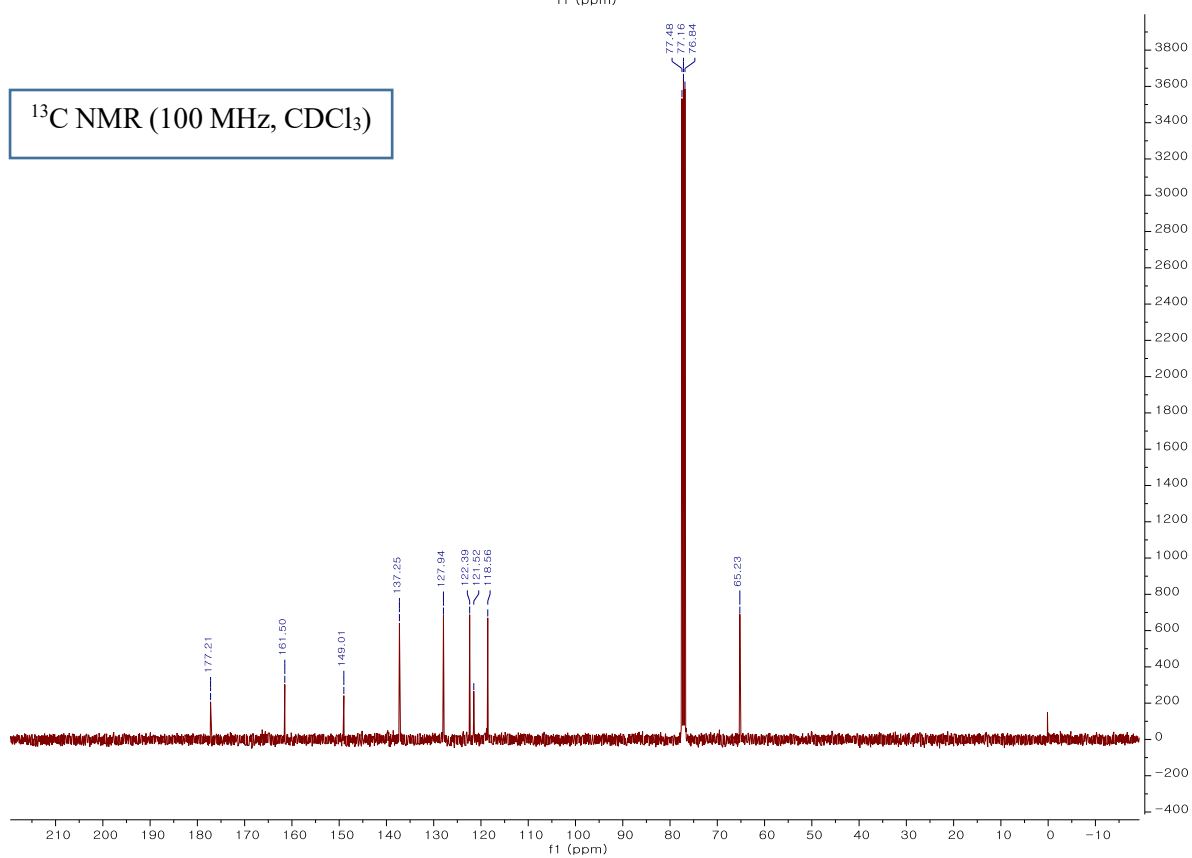
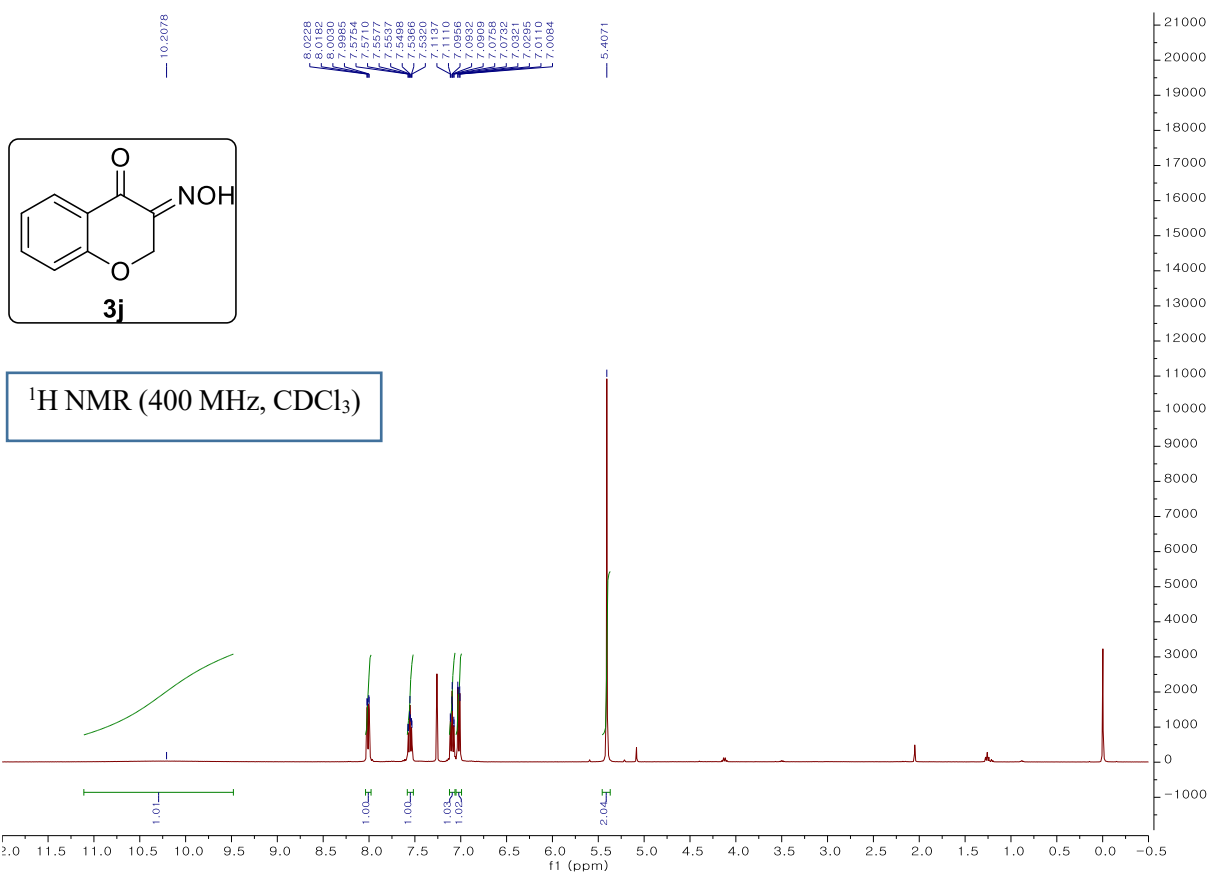


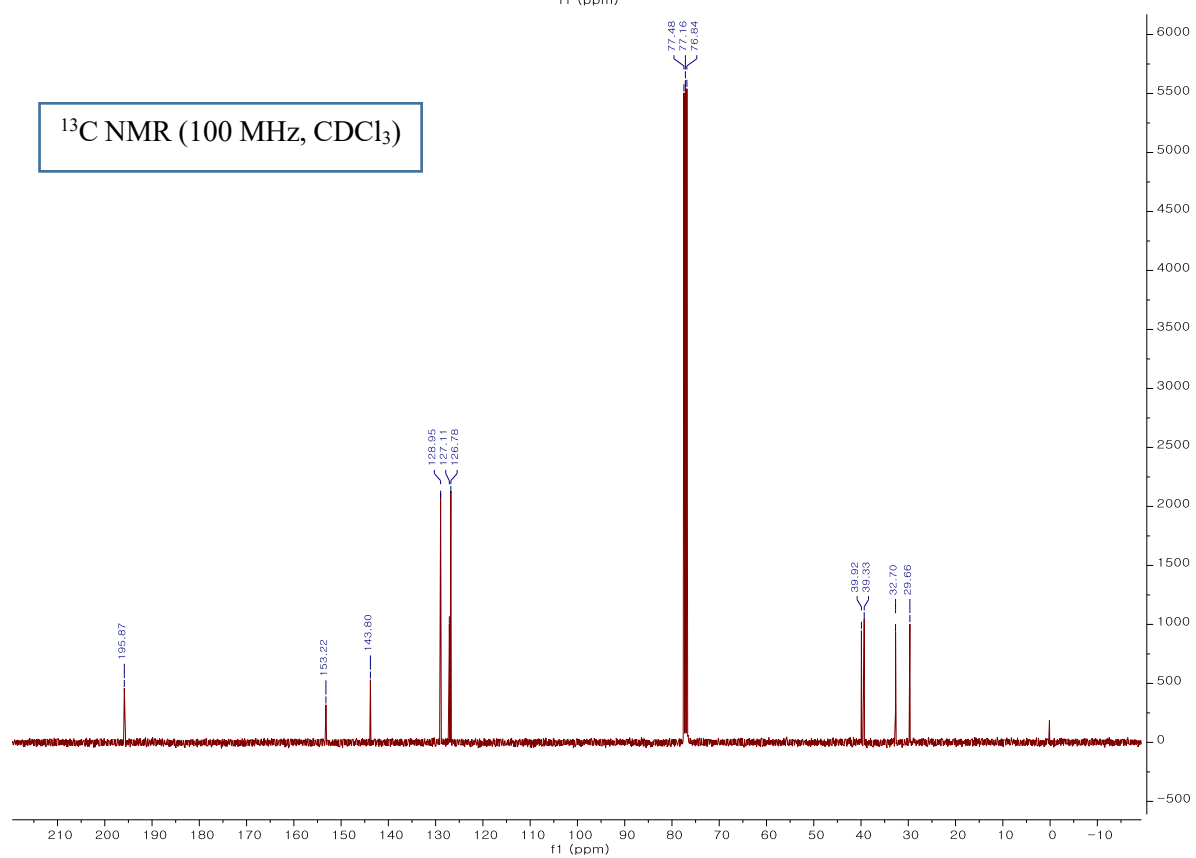
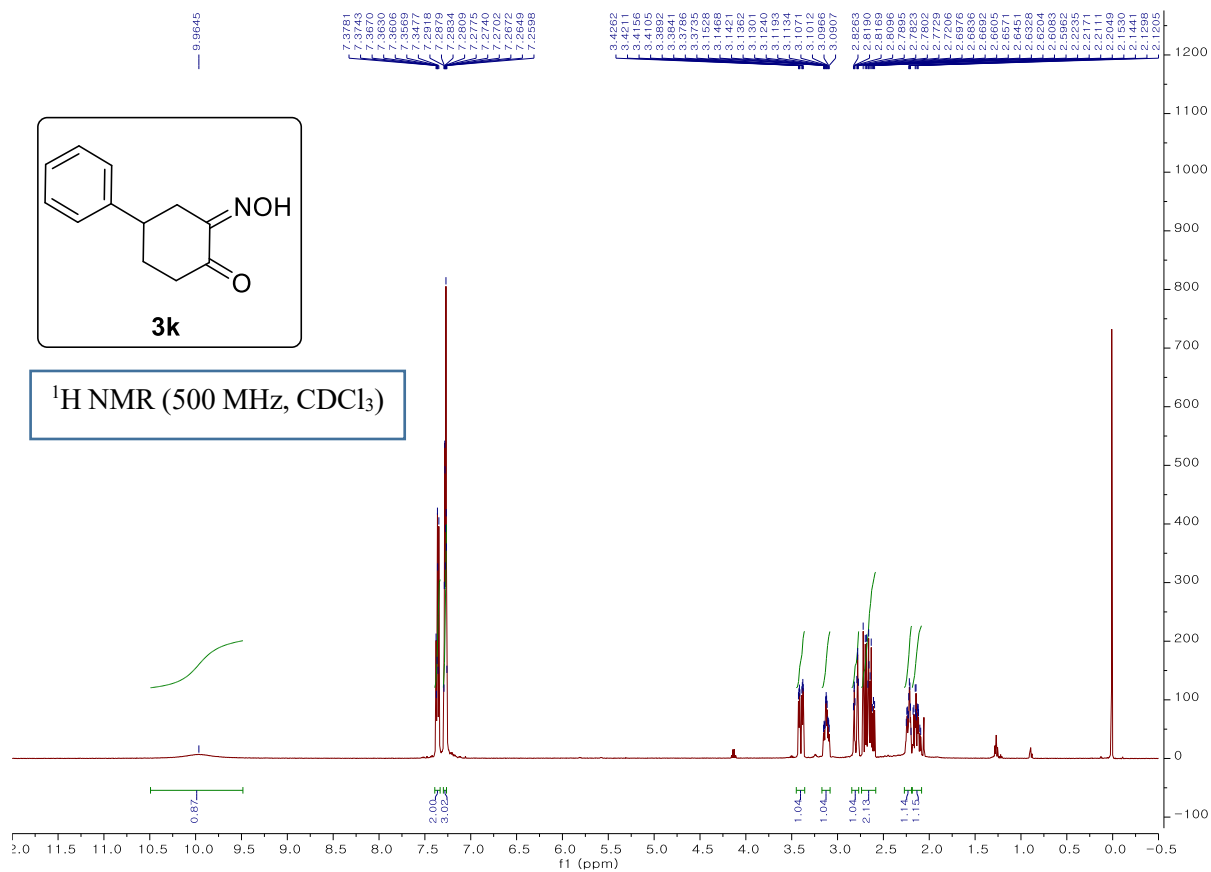


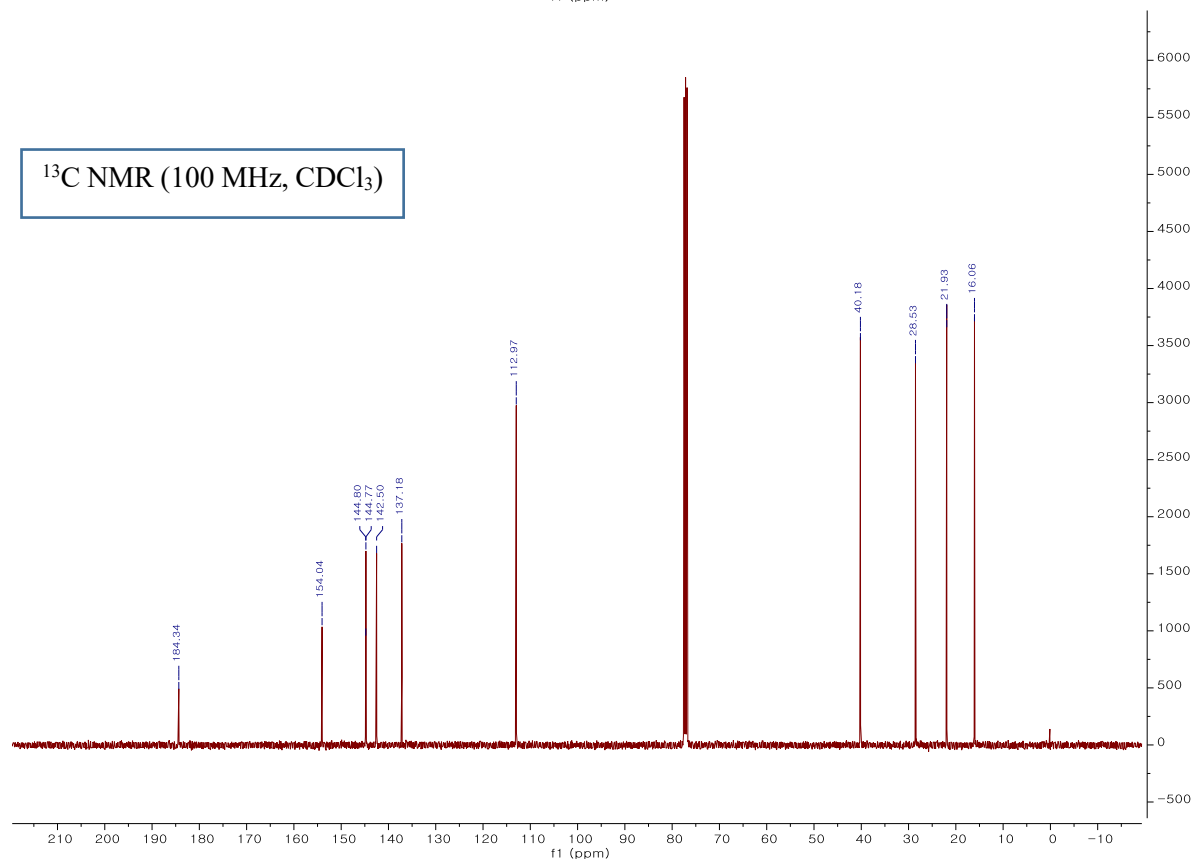
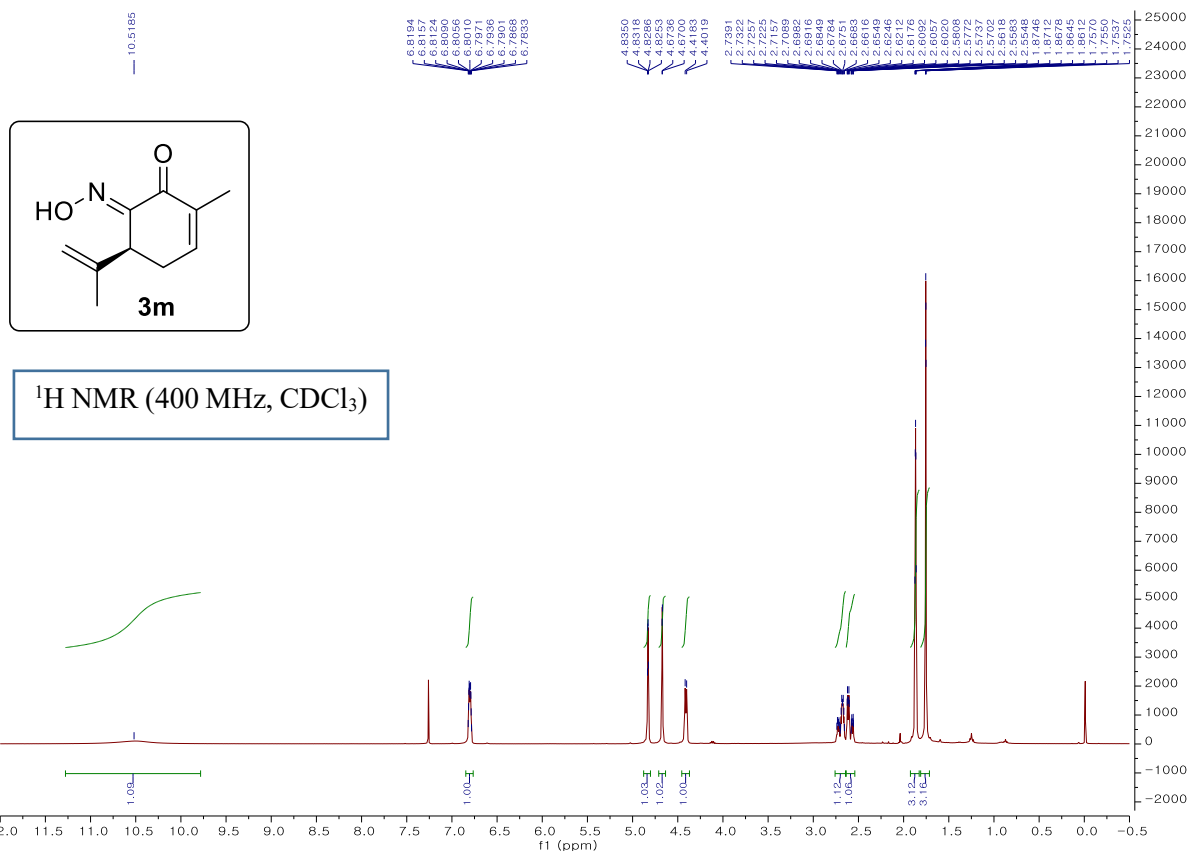


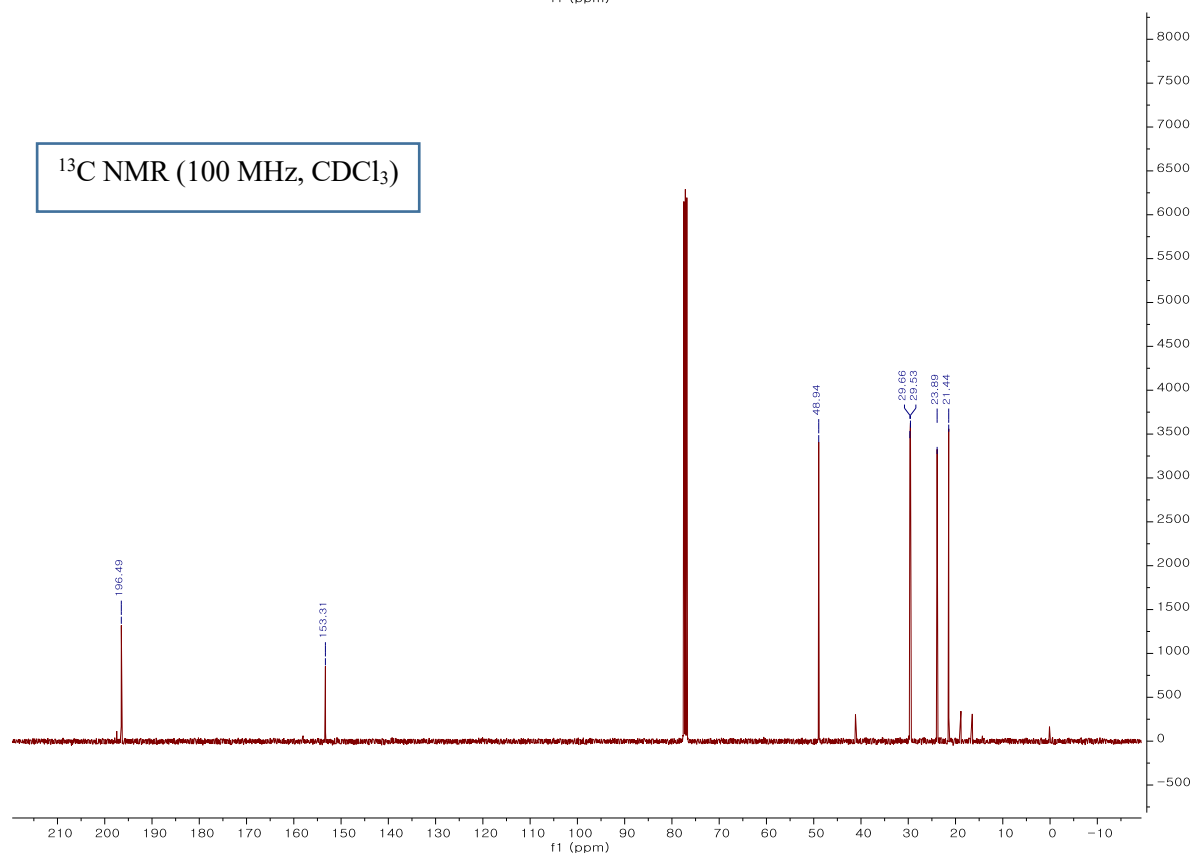
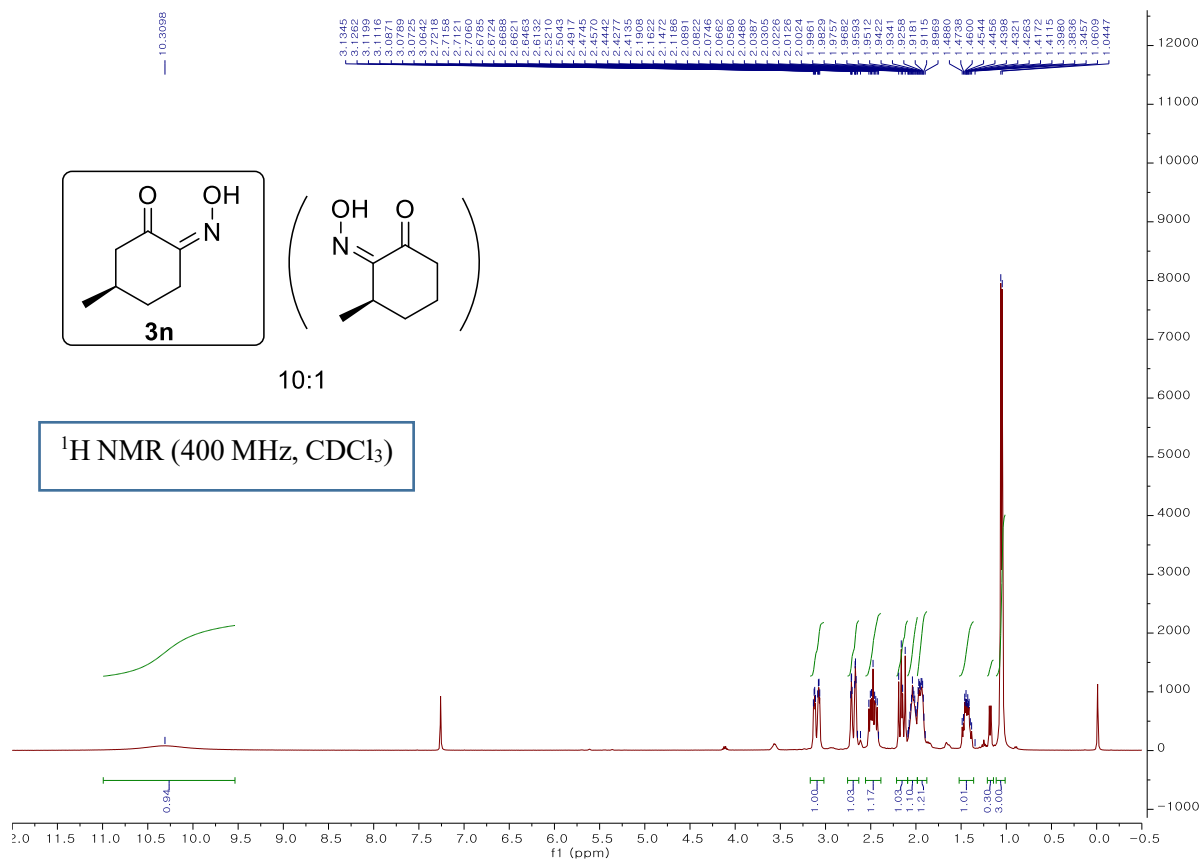


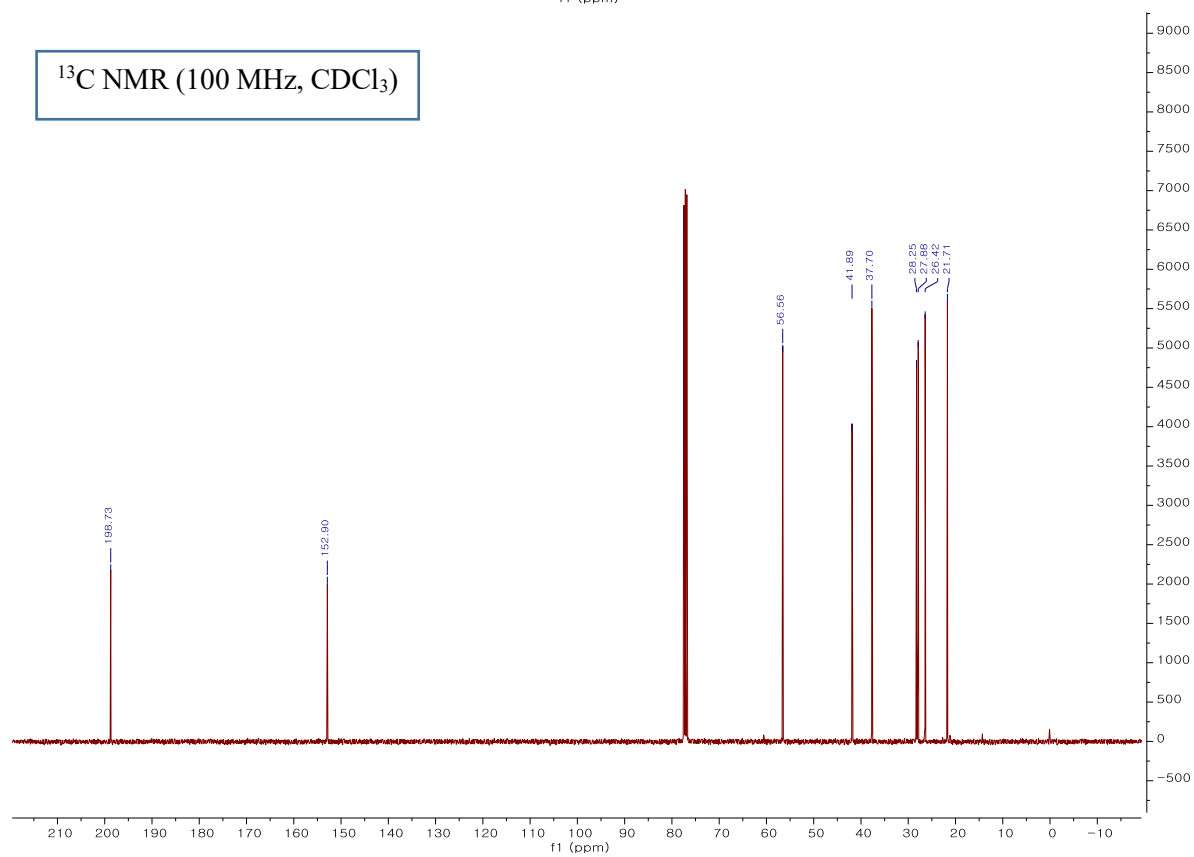
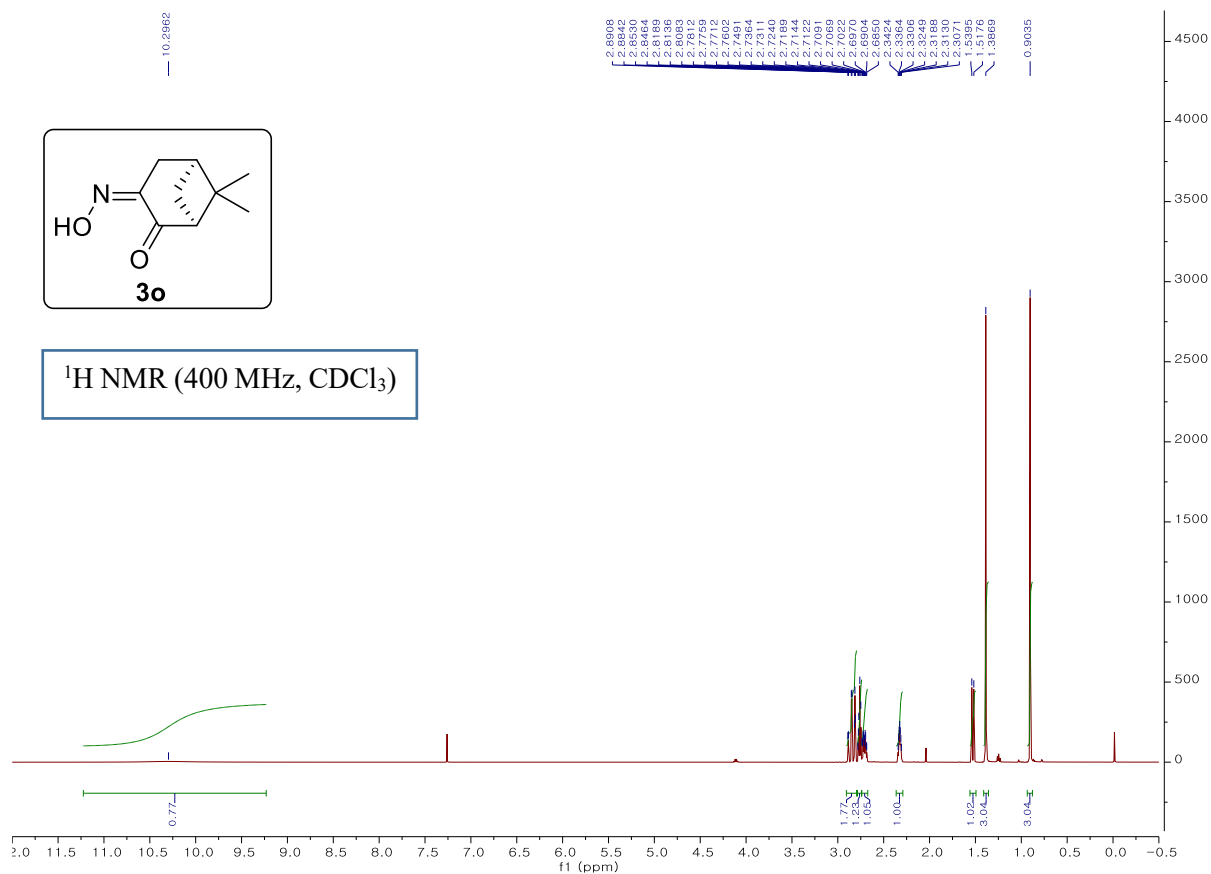


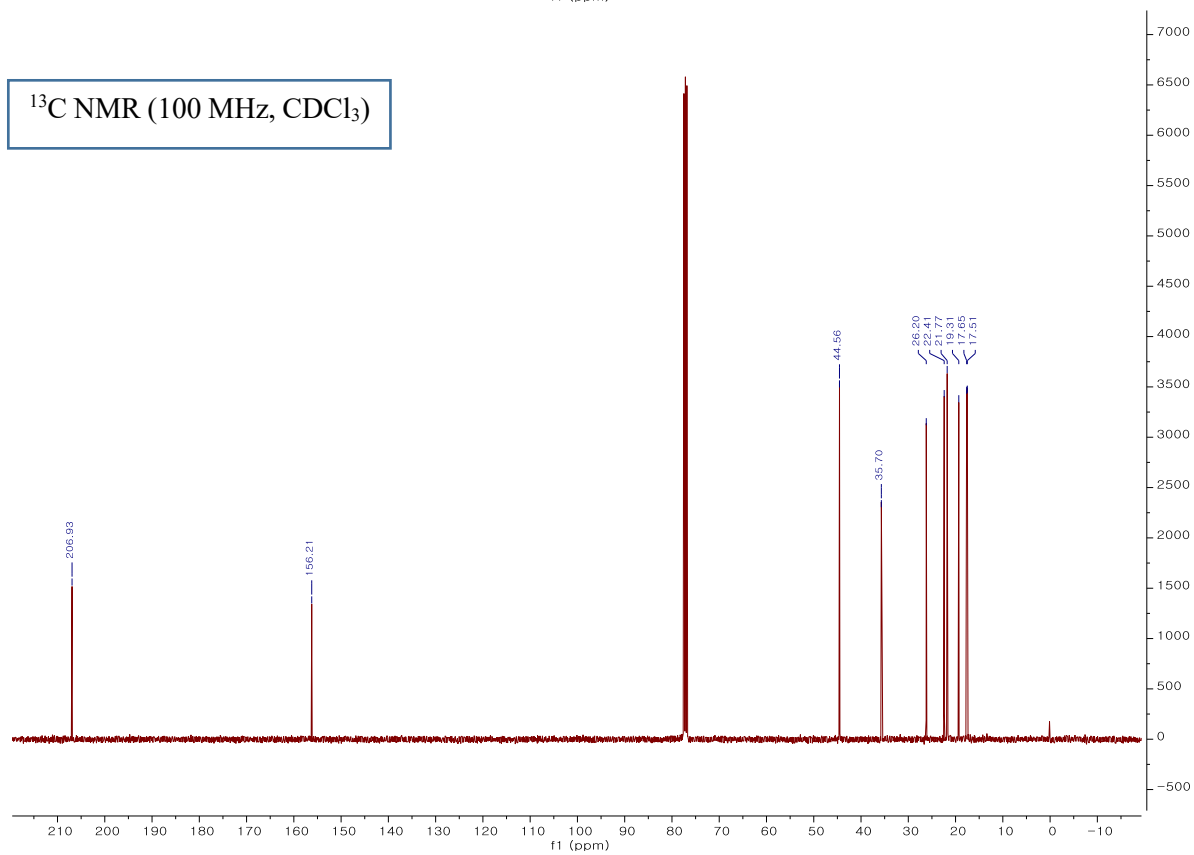
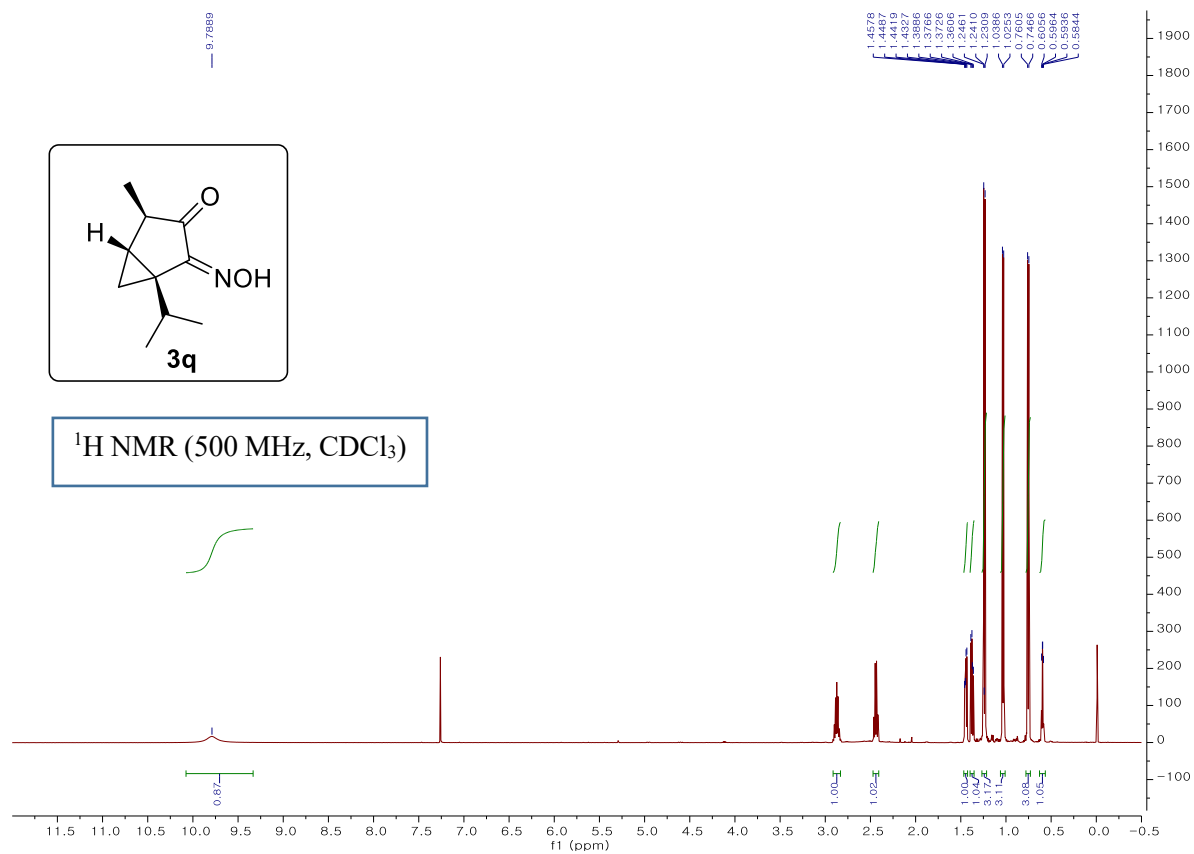


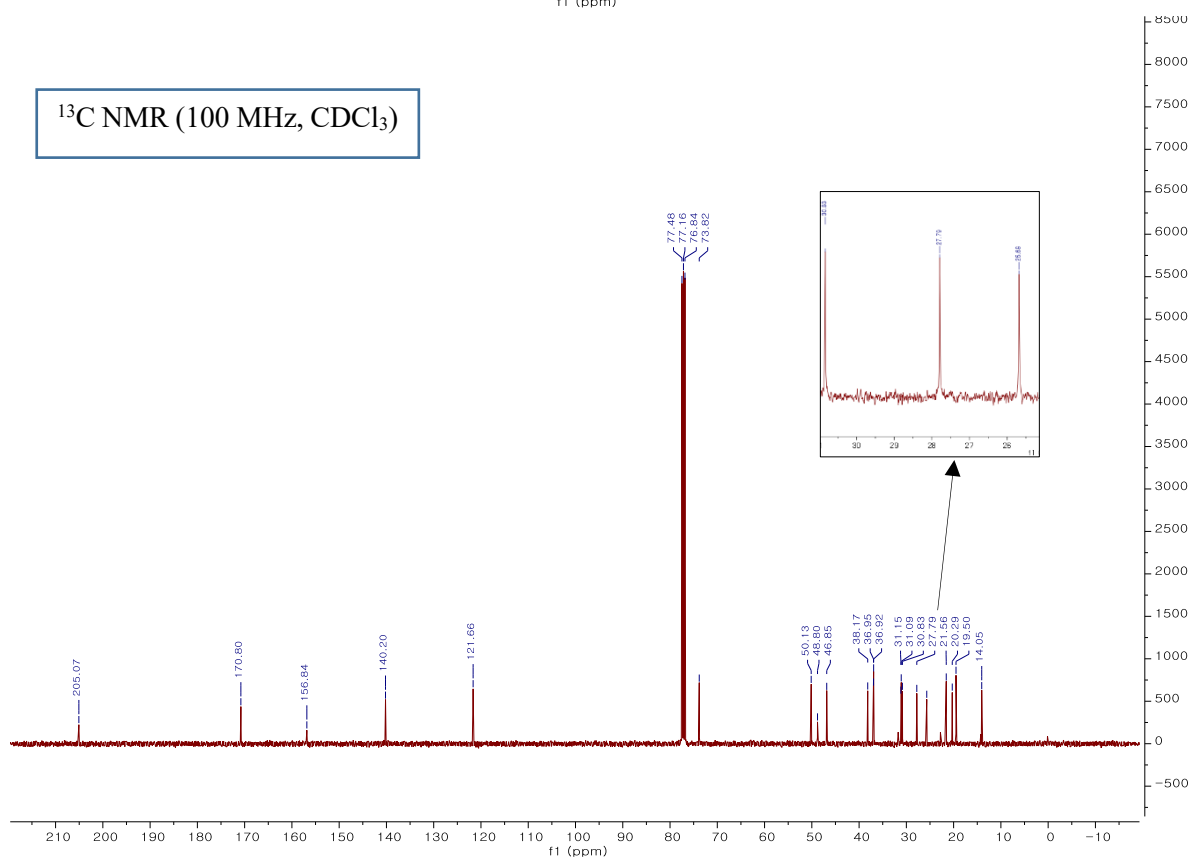
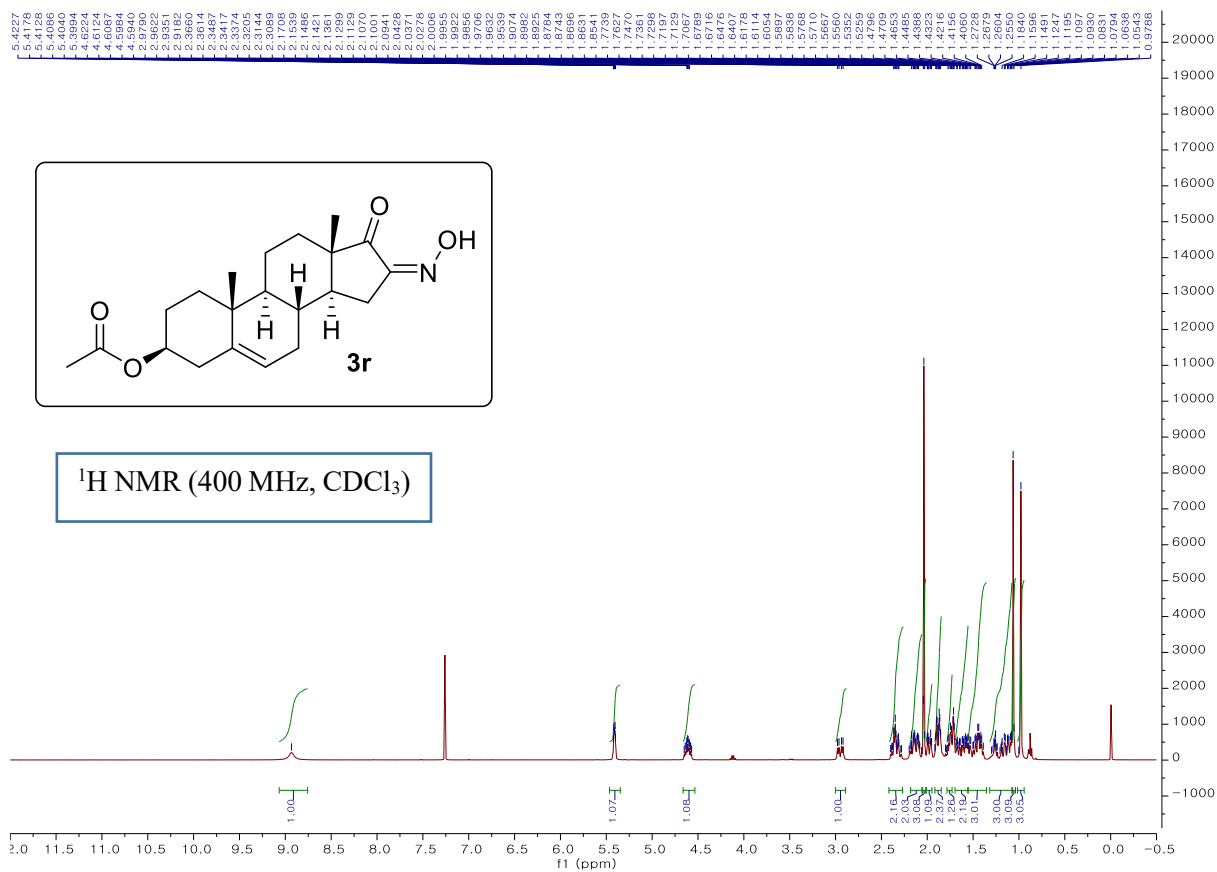


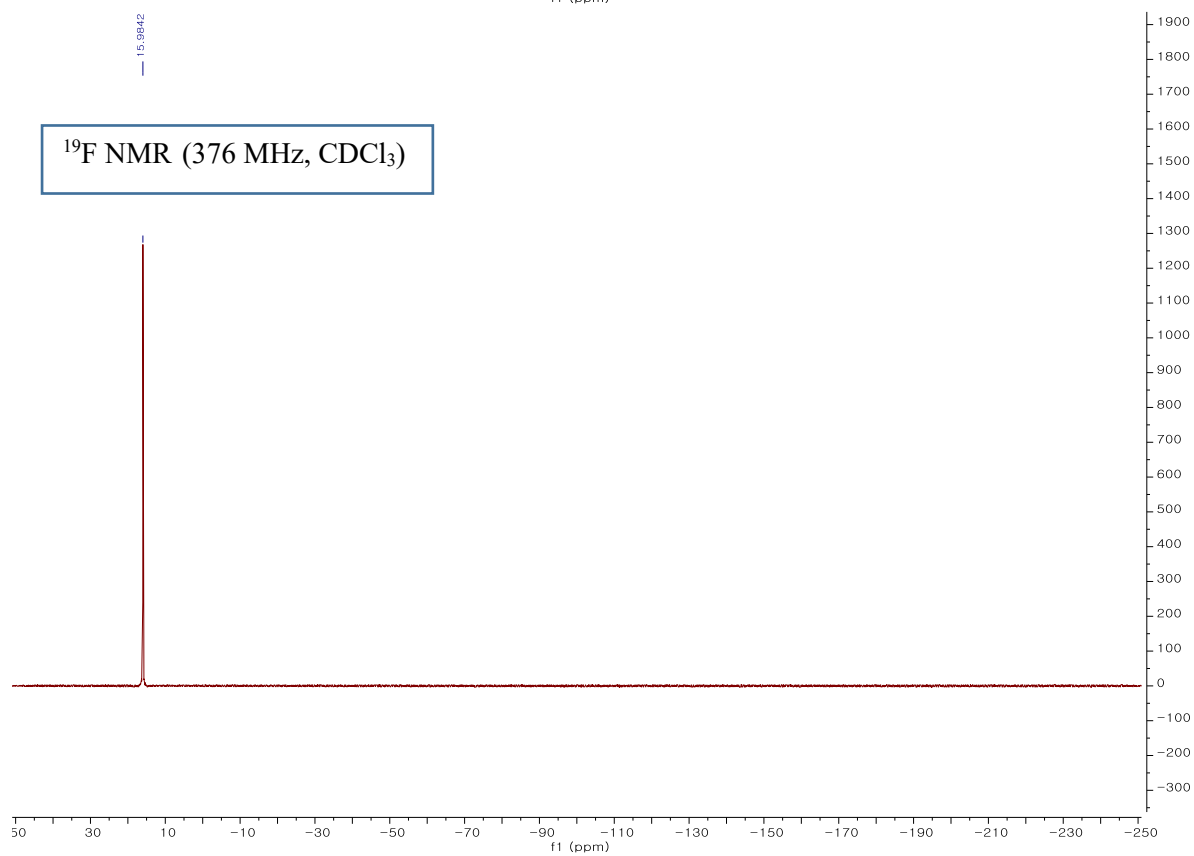
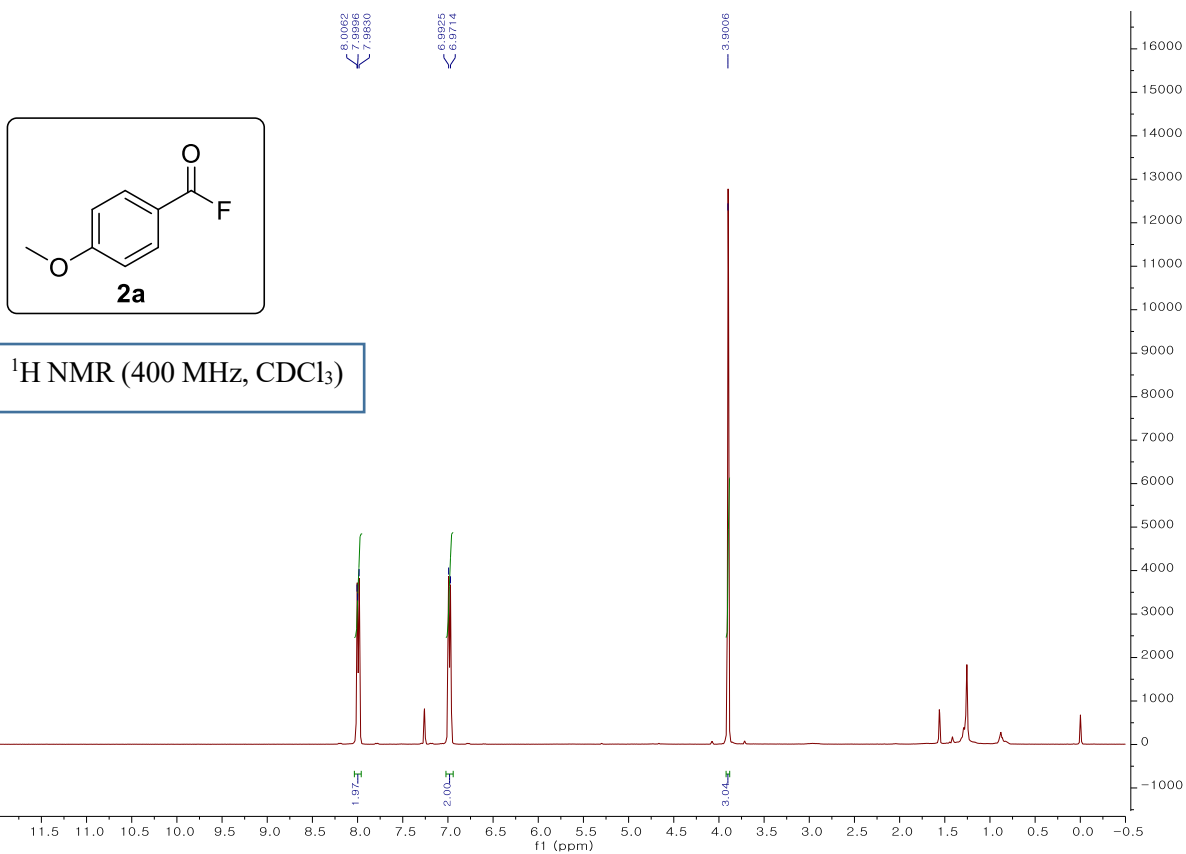


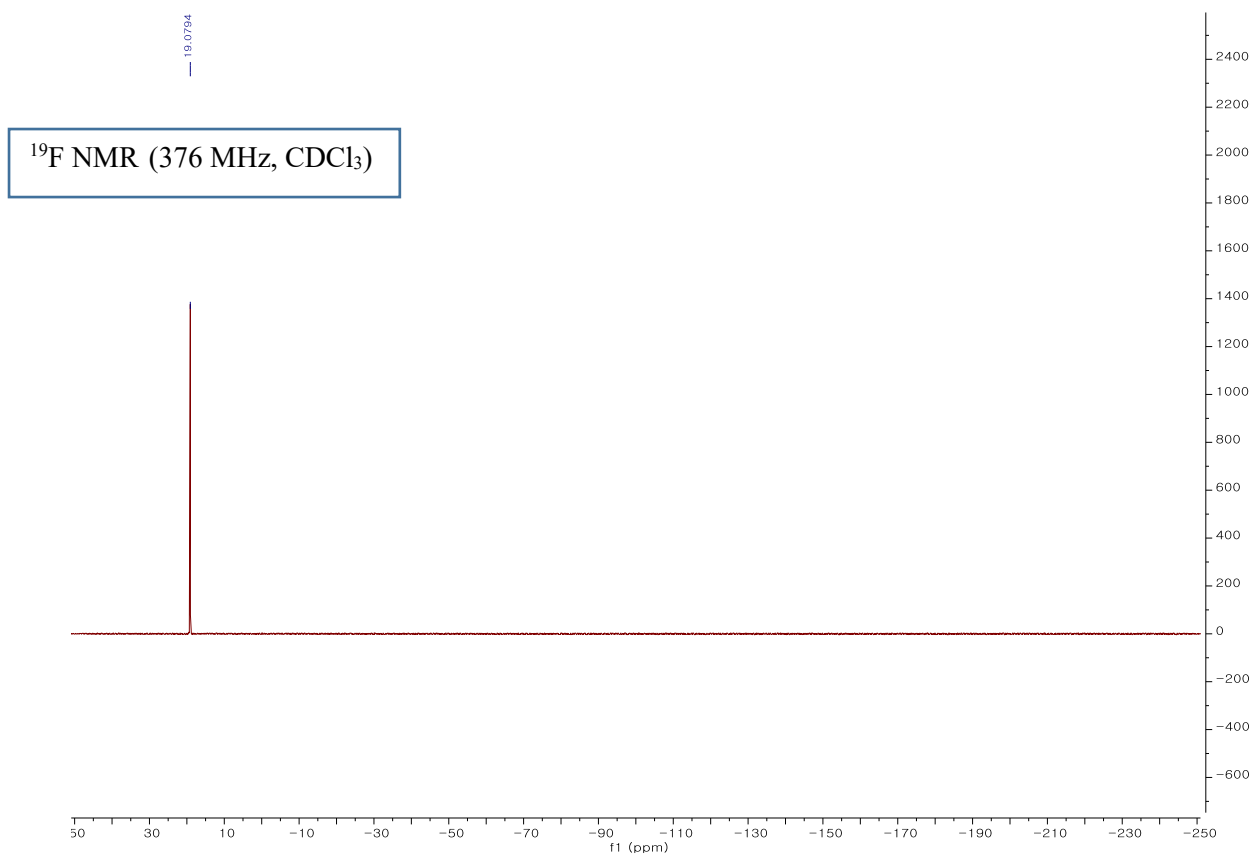
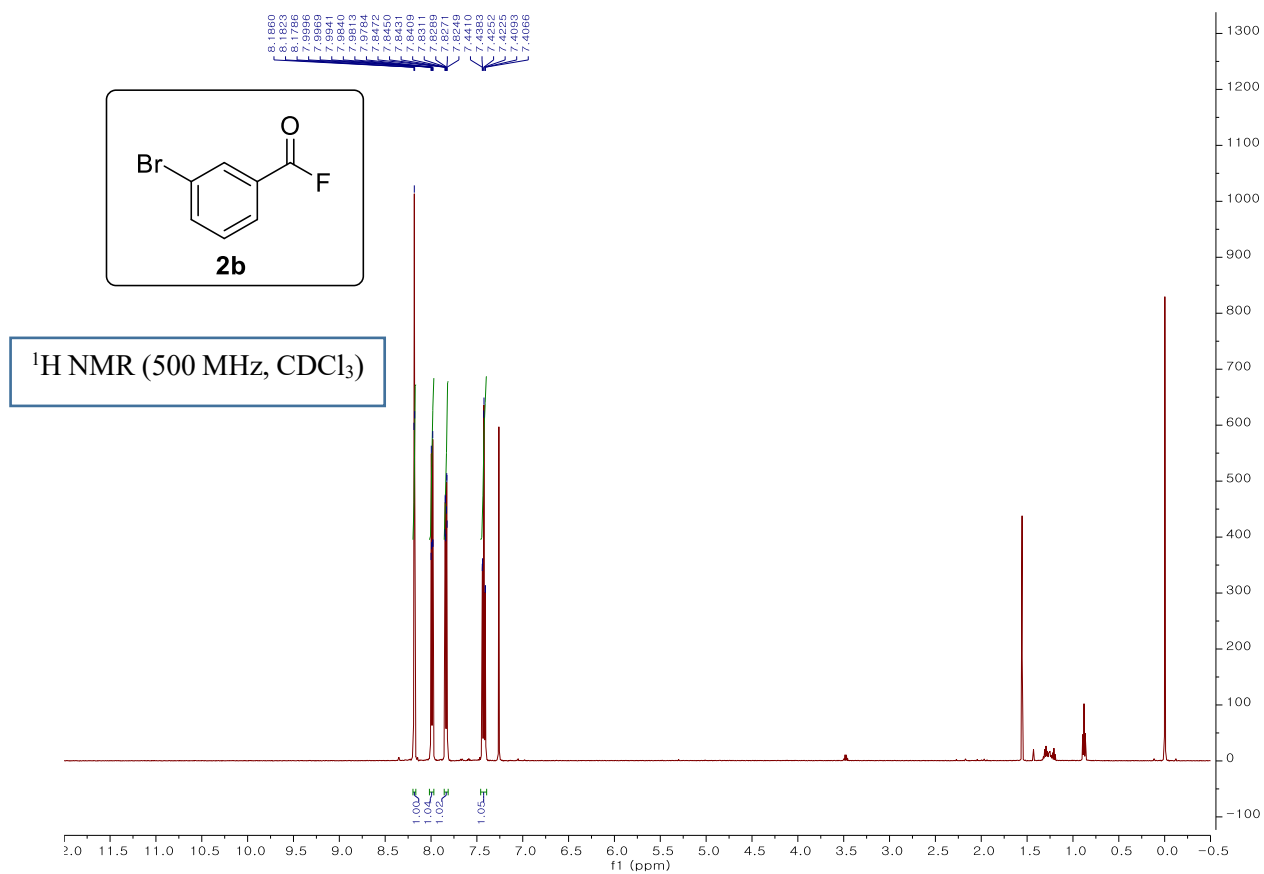


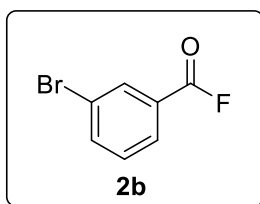




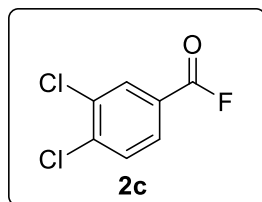
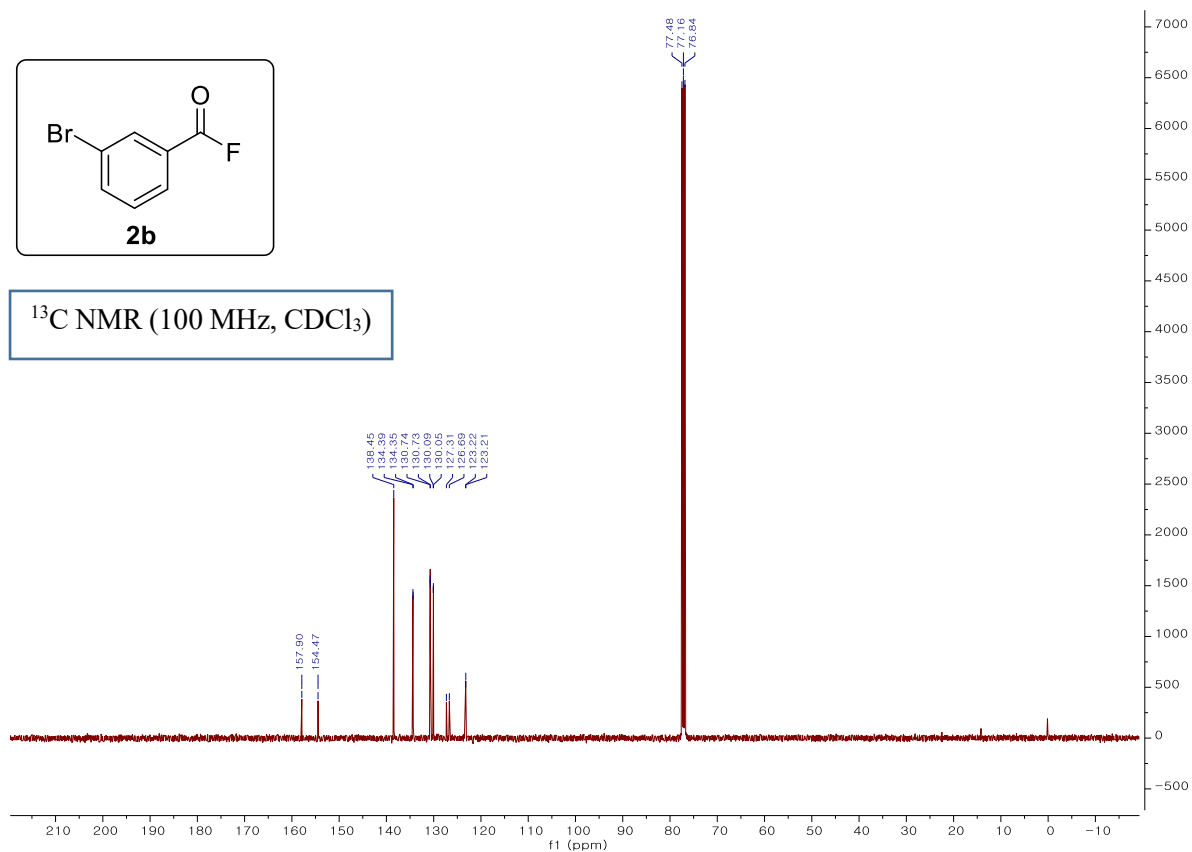




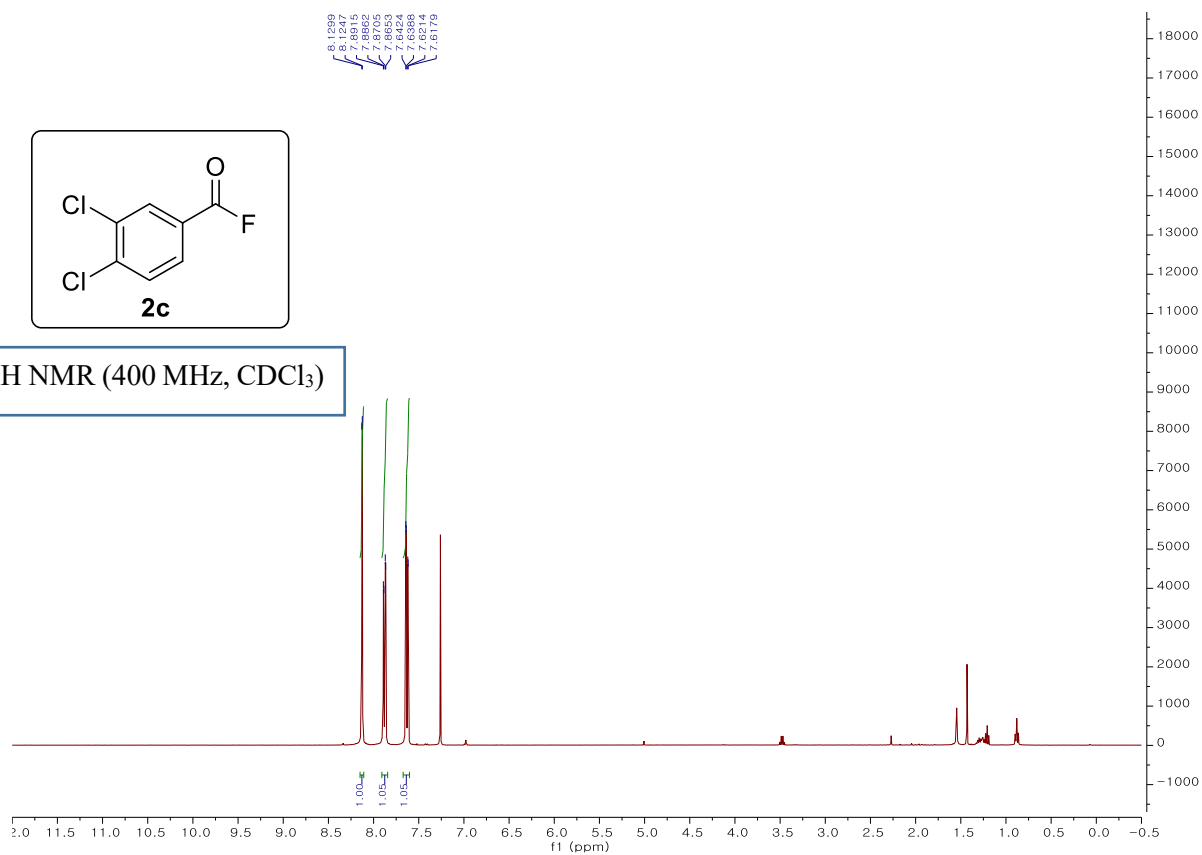


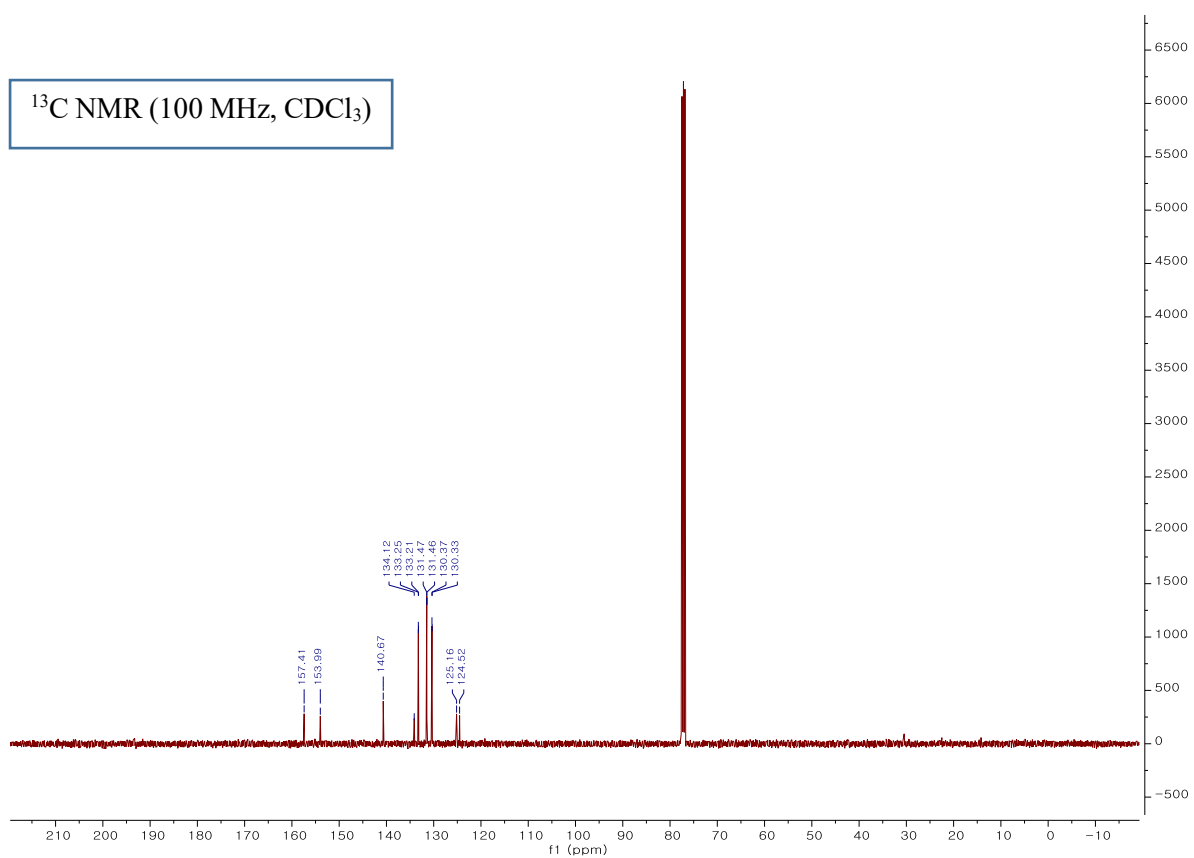
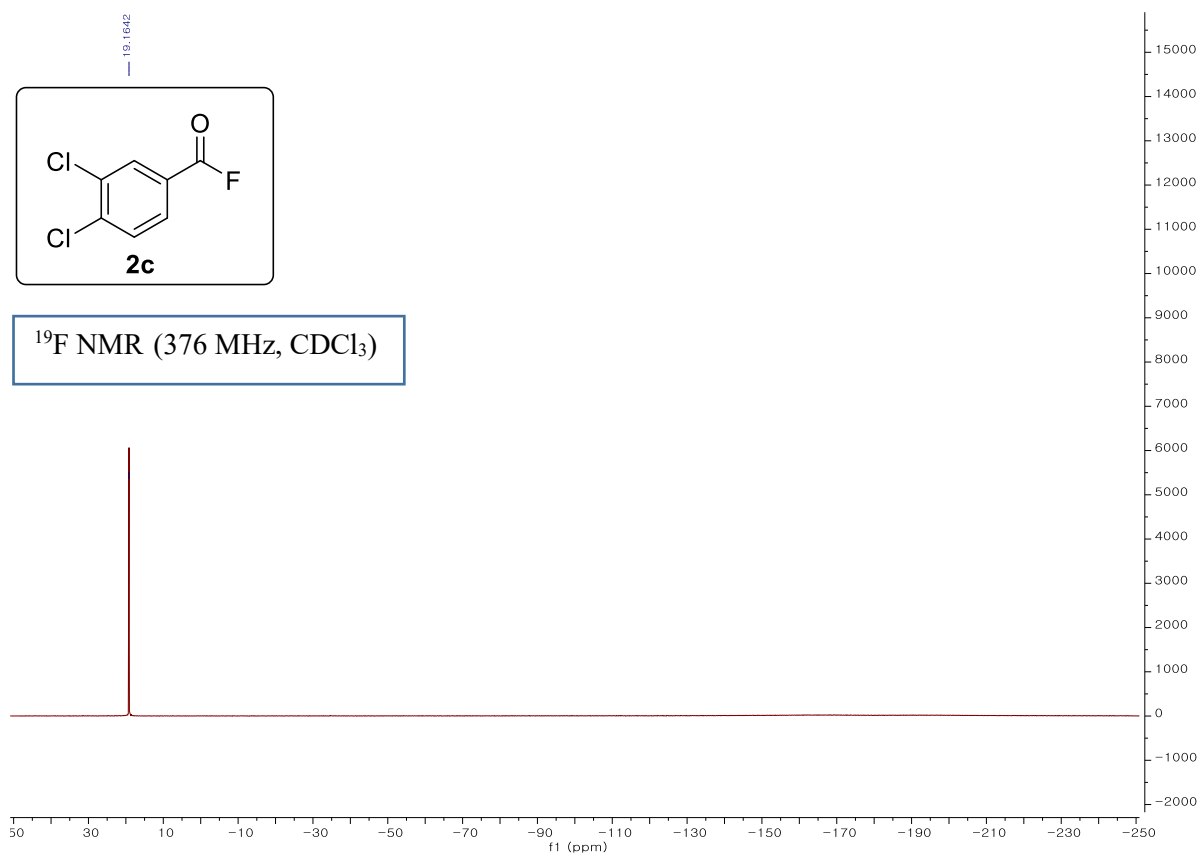


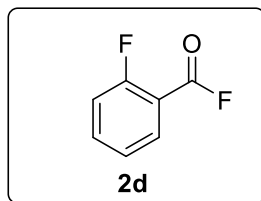
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



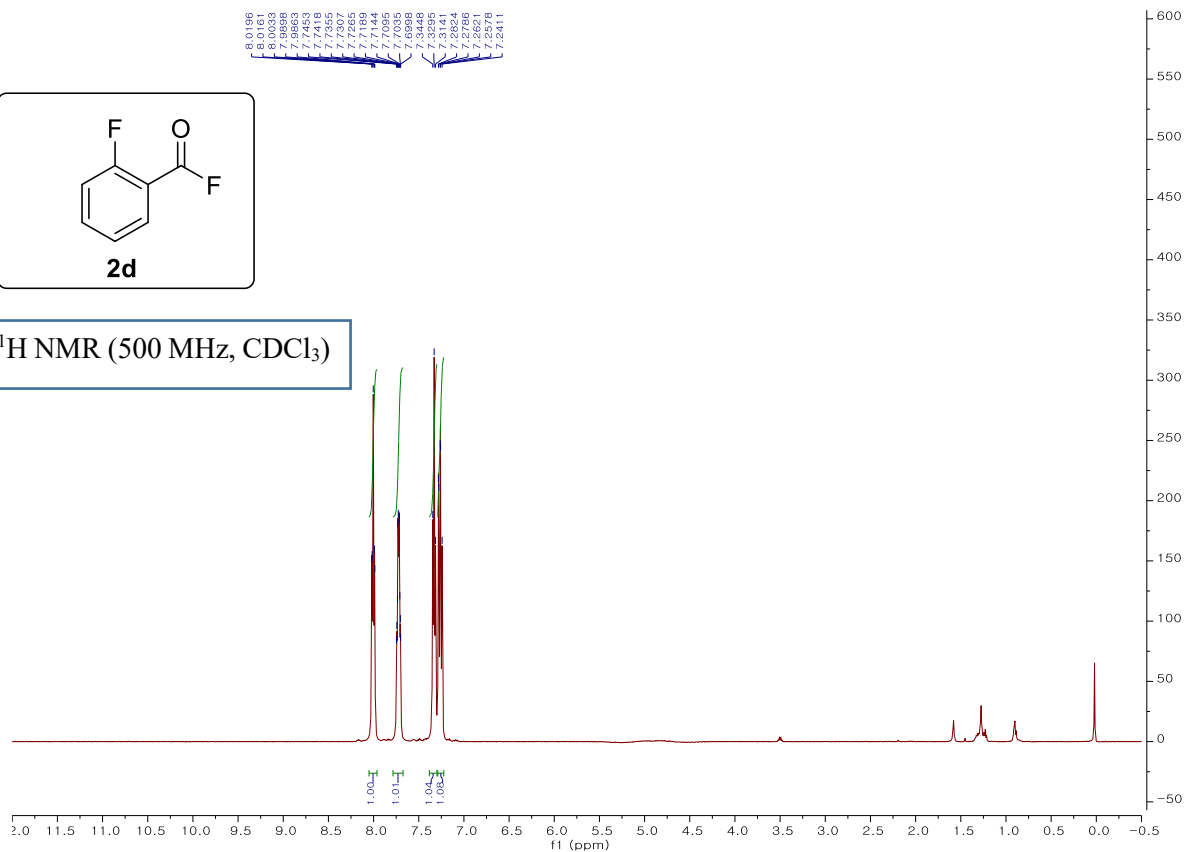
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



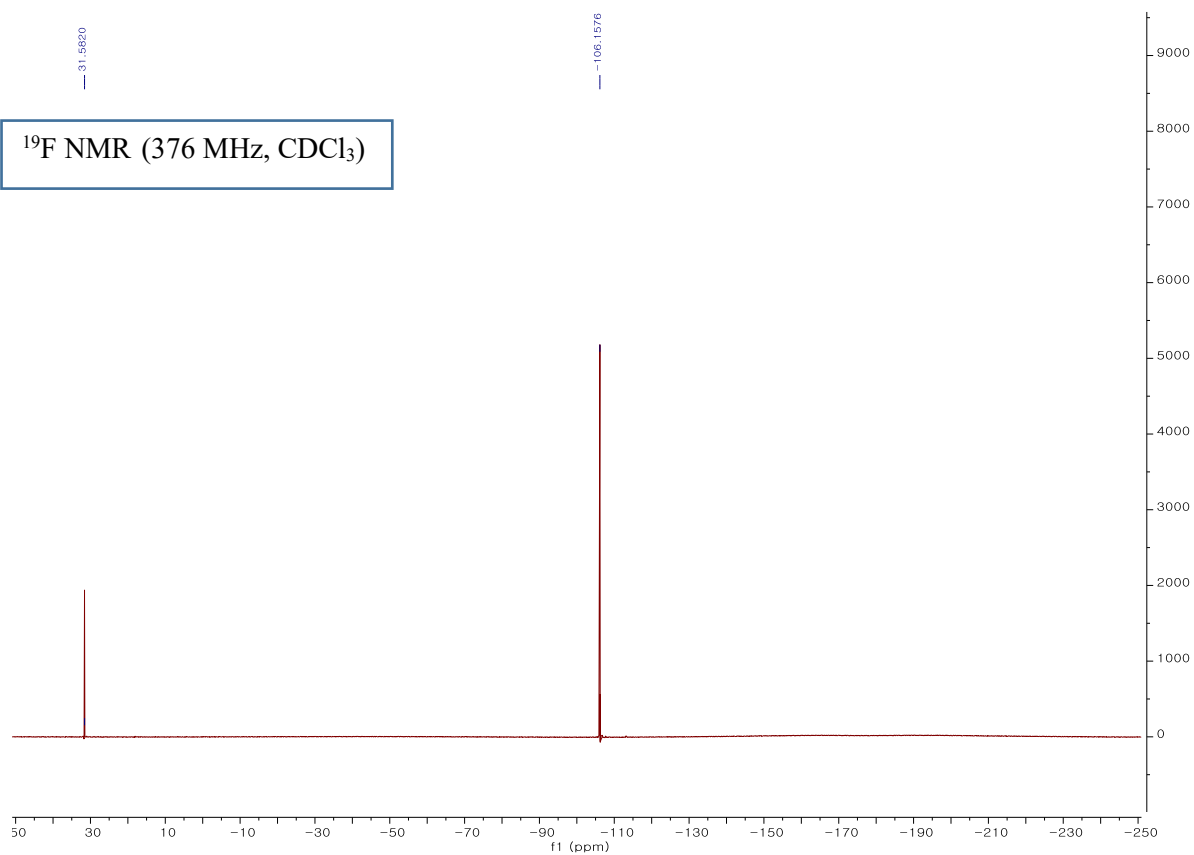


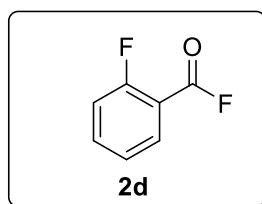


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

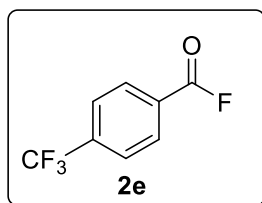
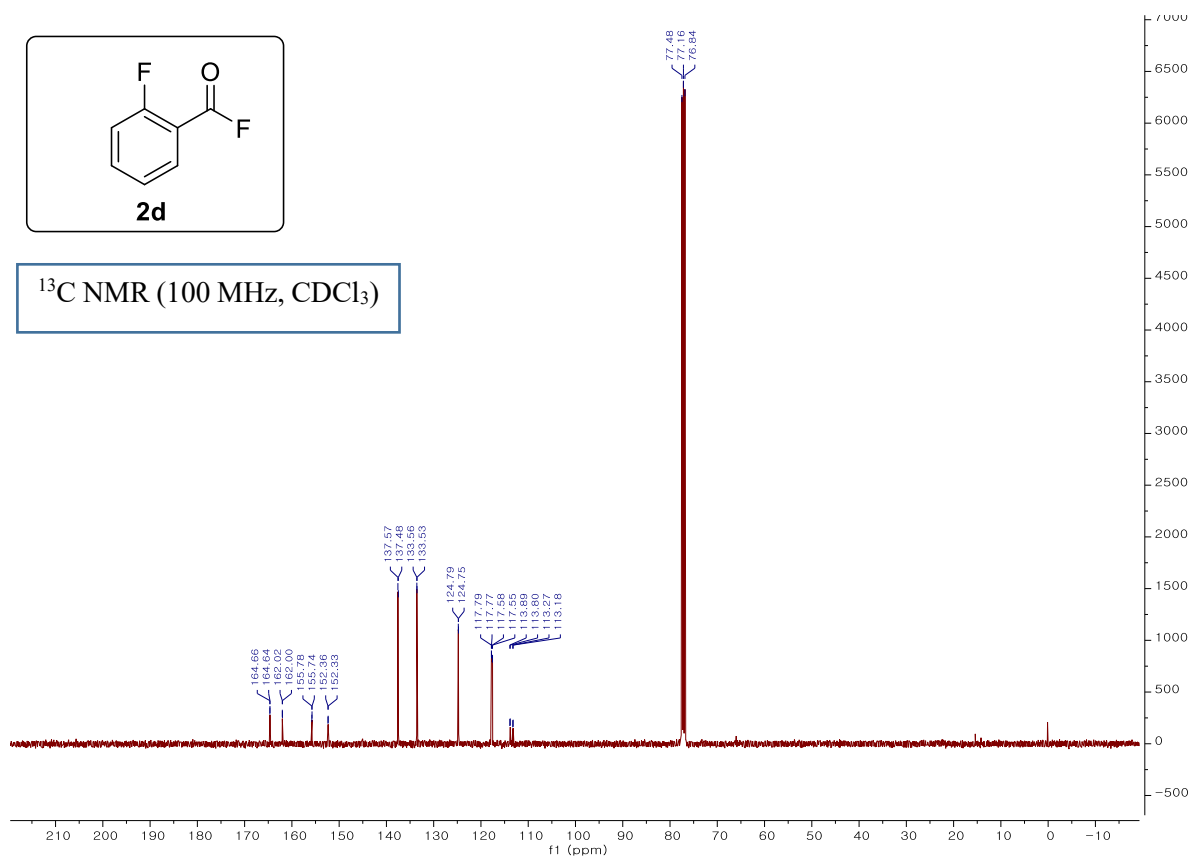


^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

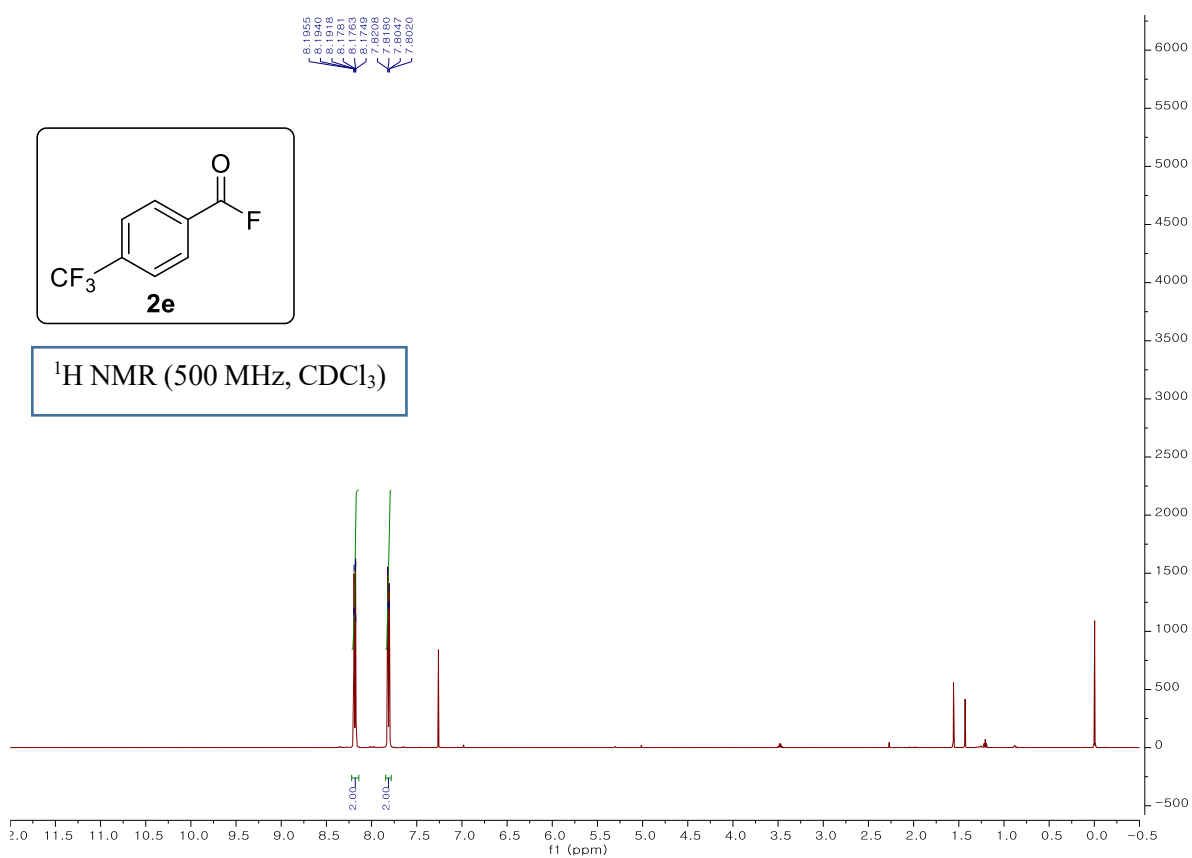


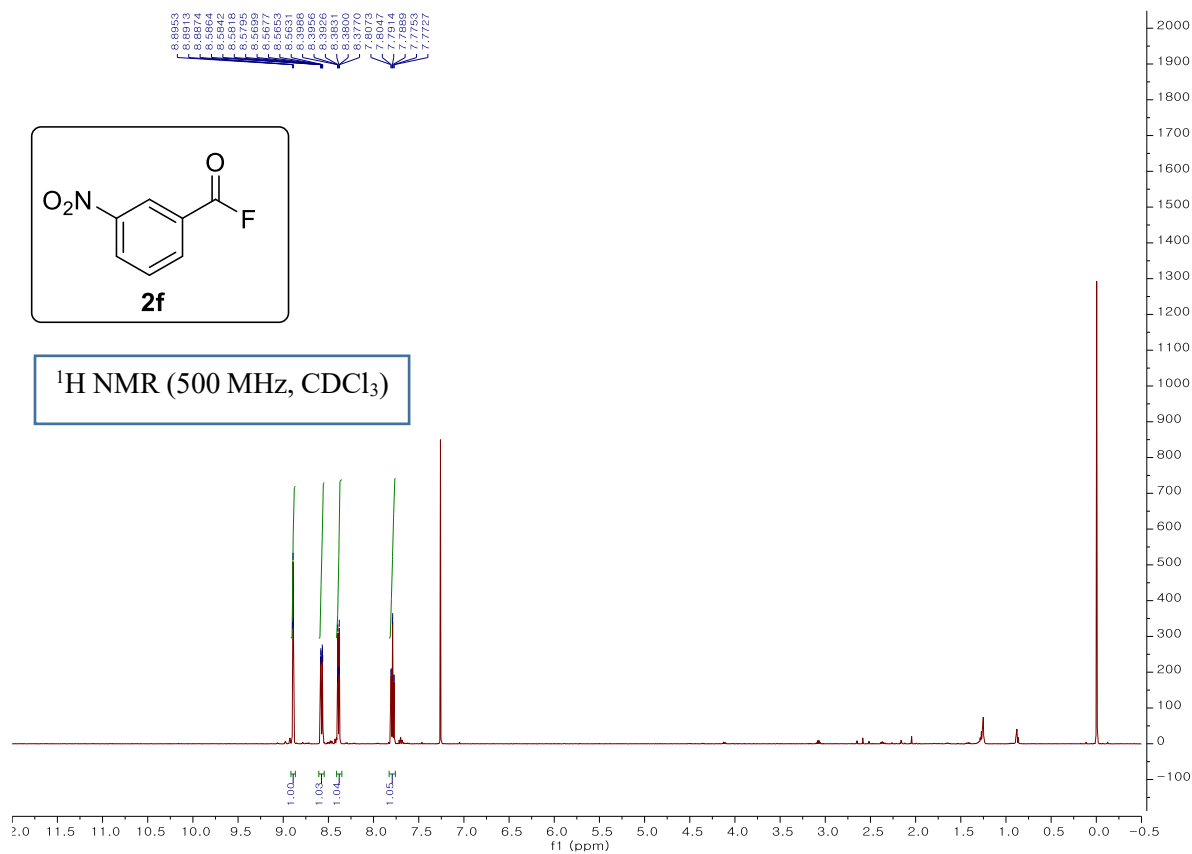
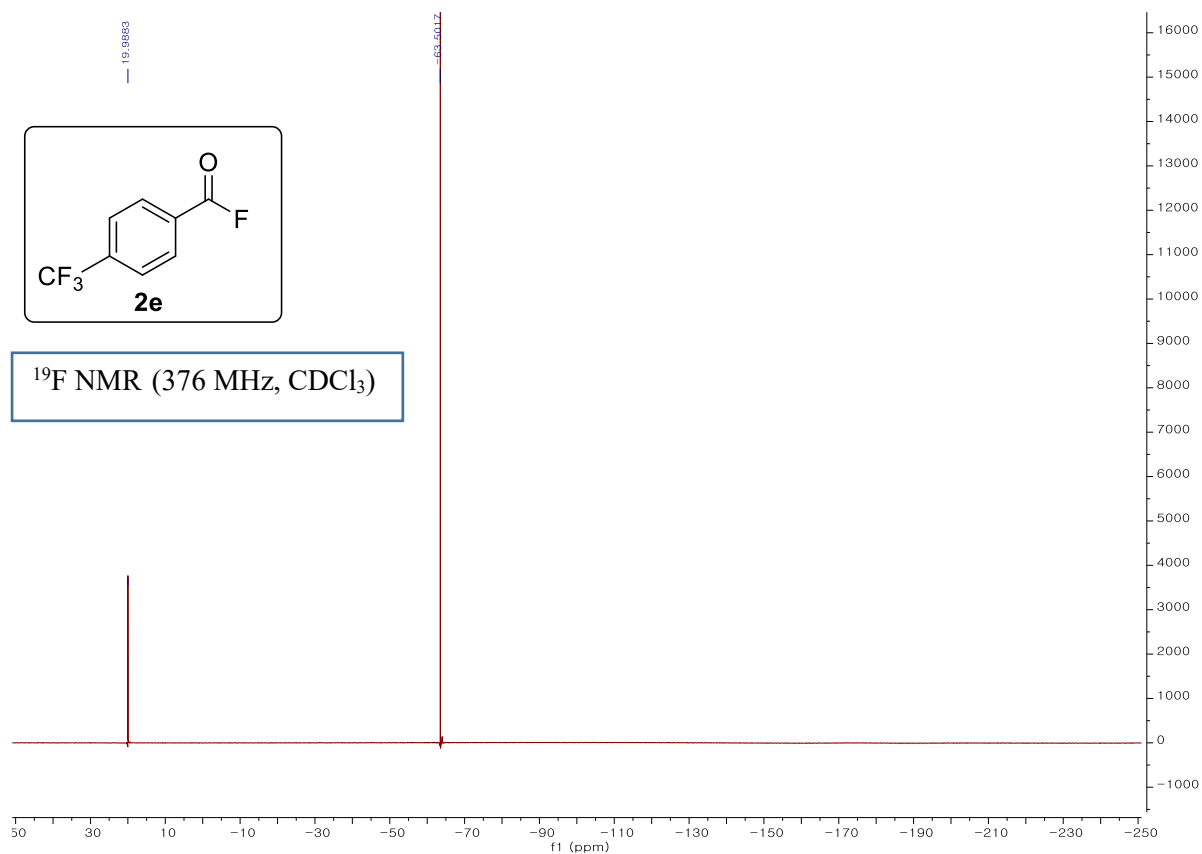


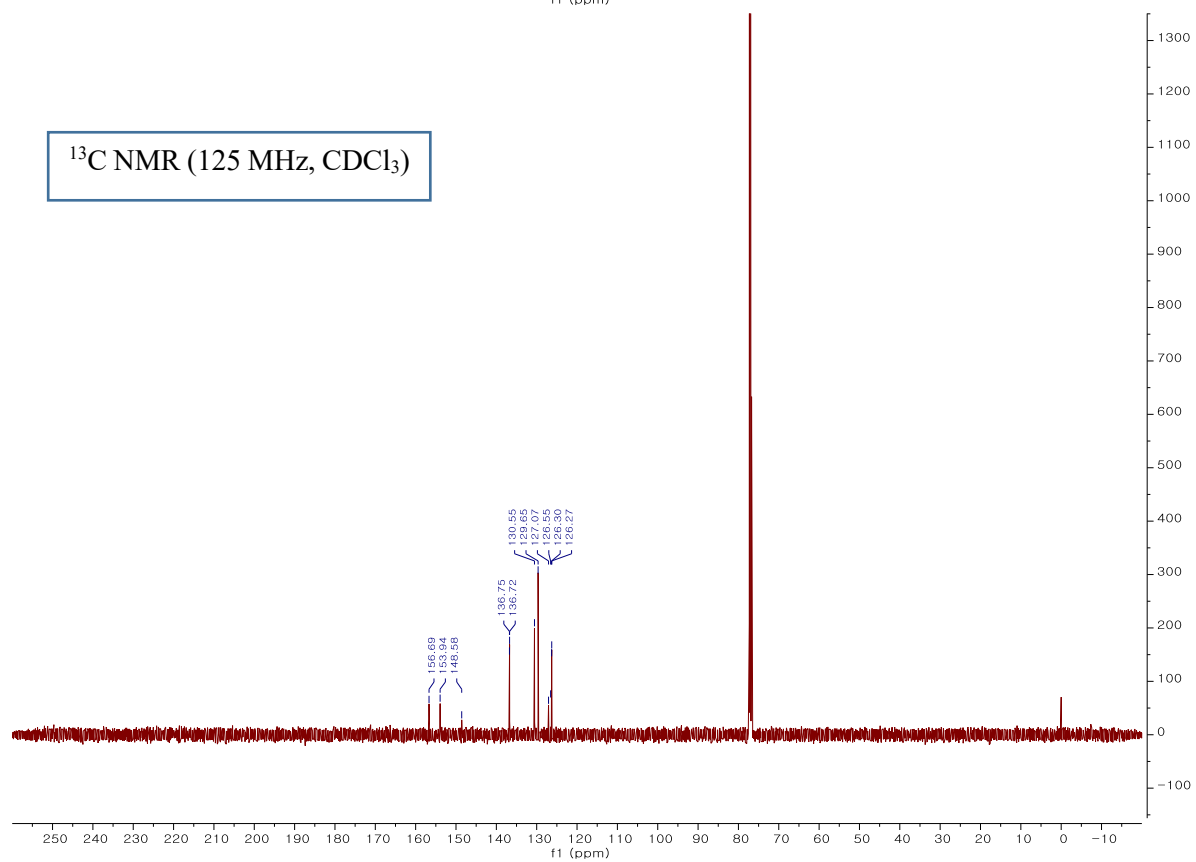
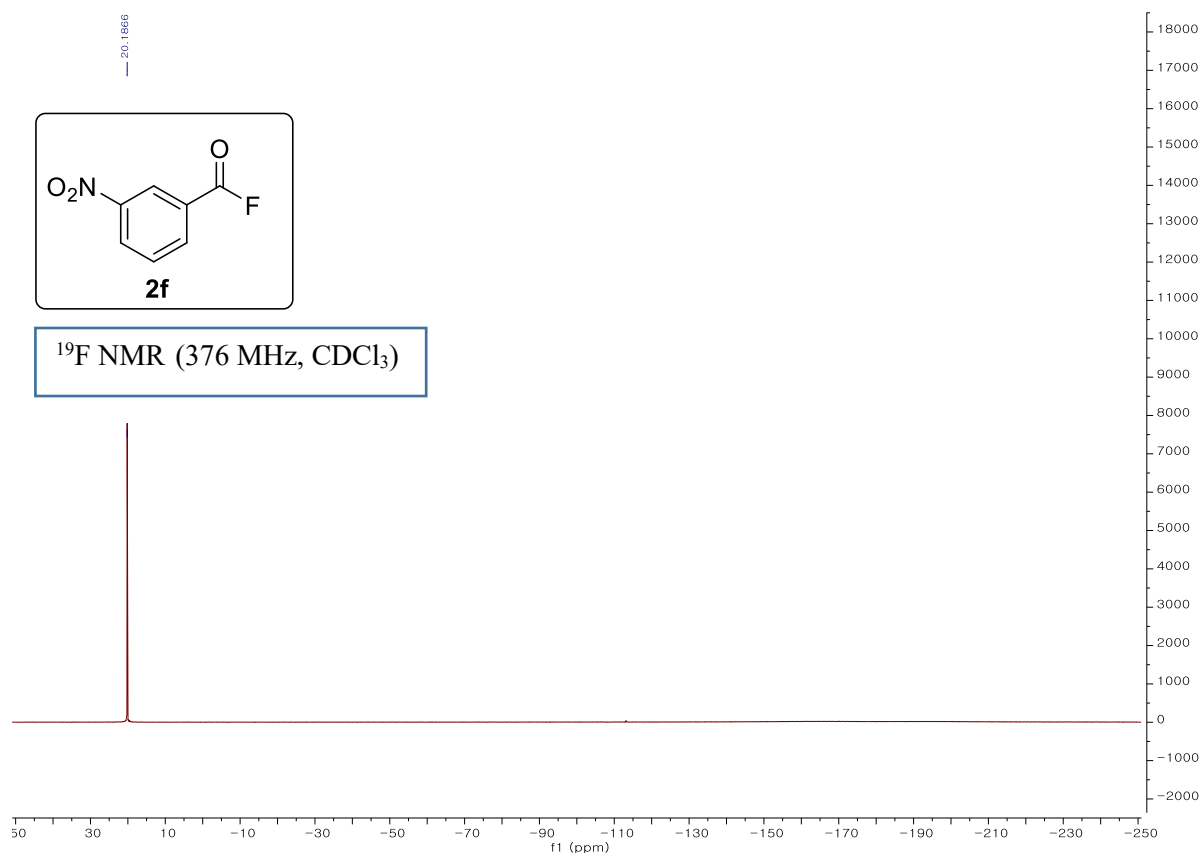
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

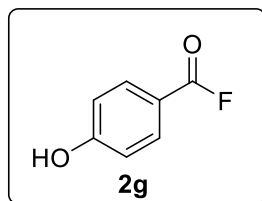


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

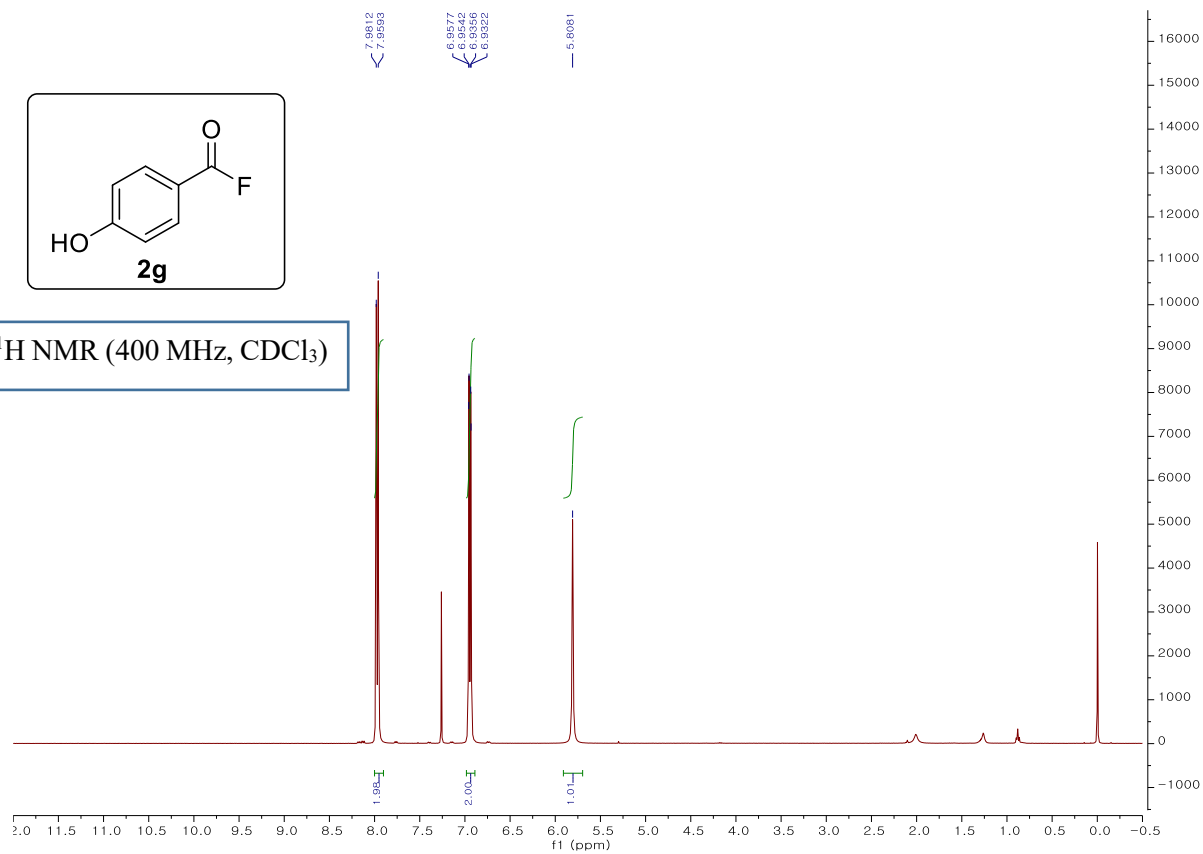




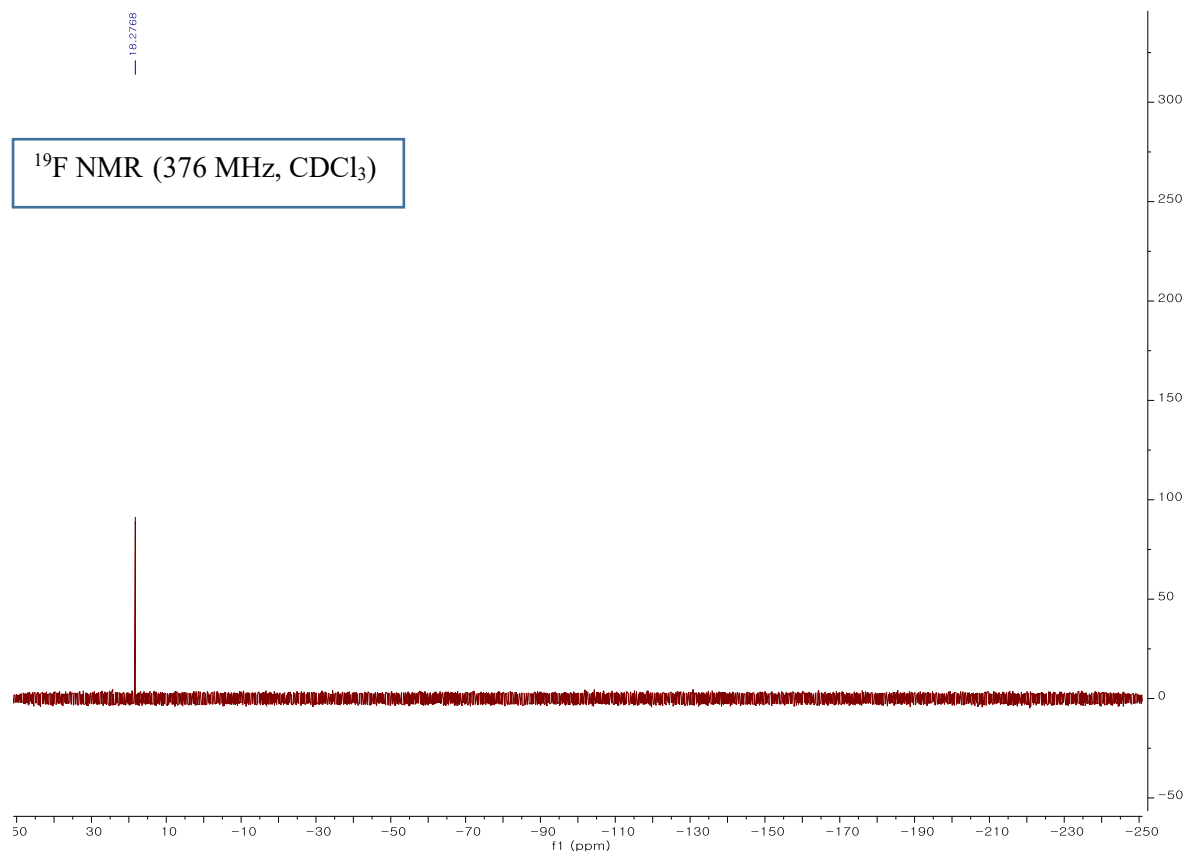


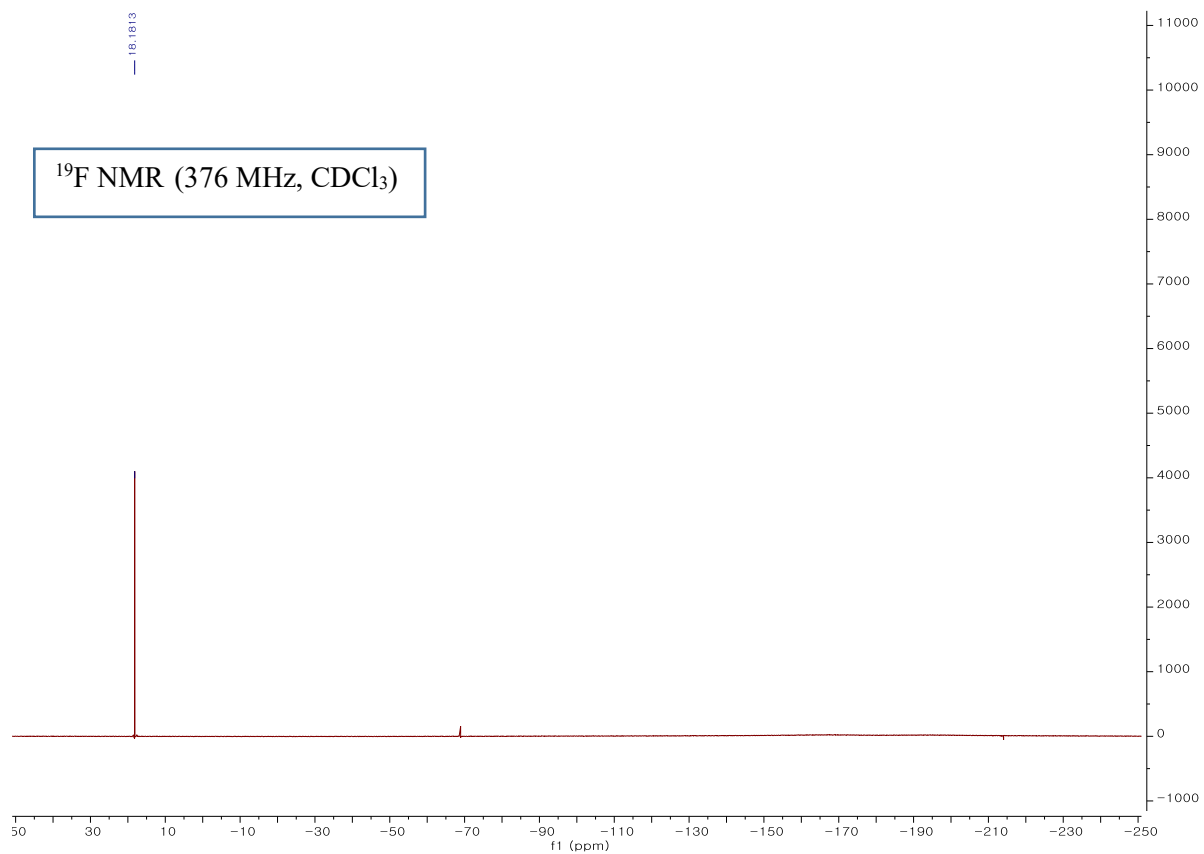
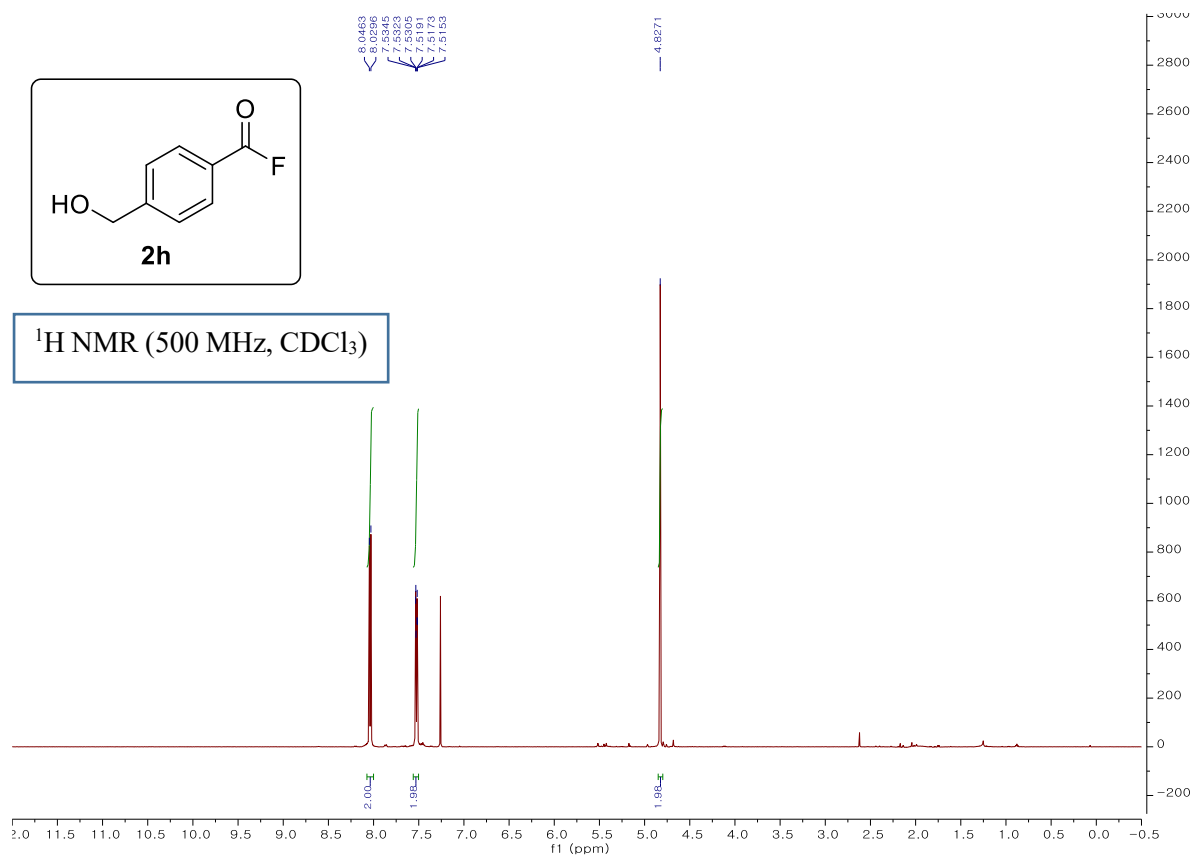


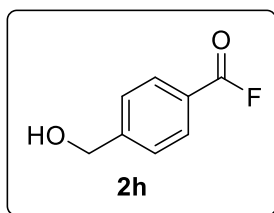
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



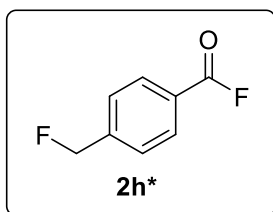
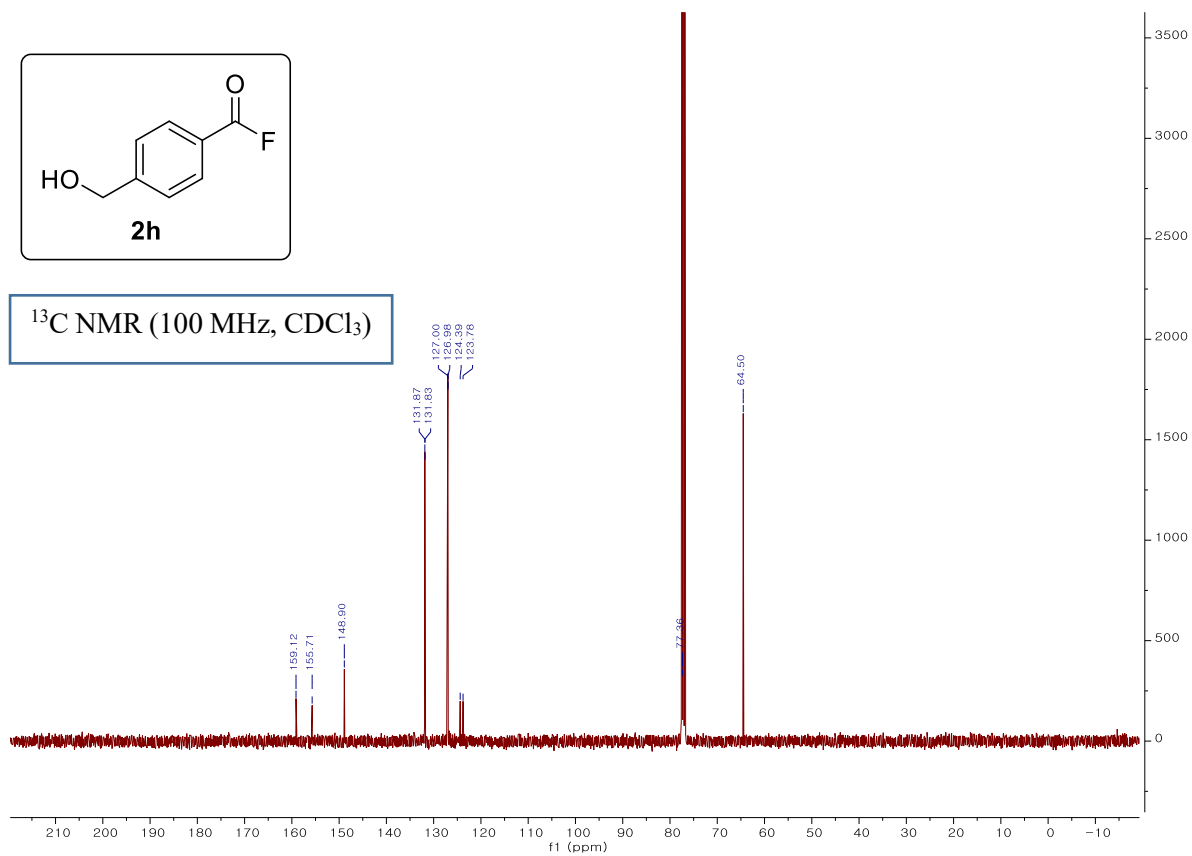
^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)



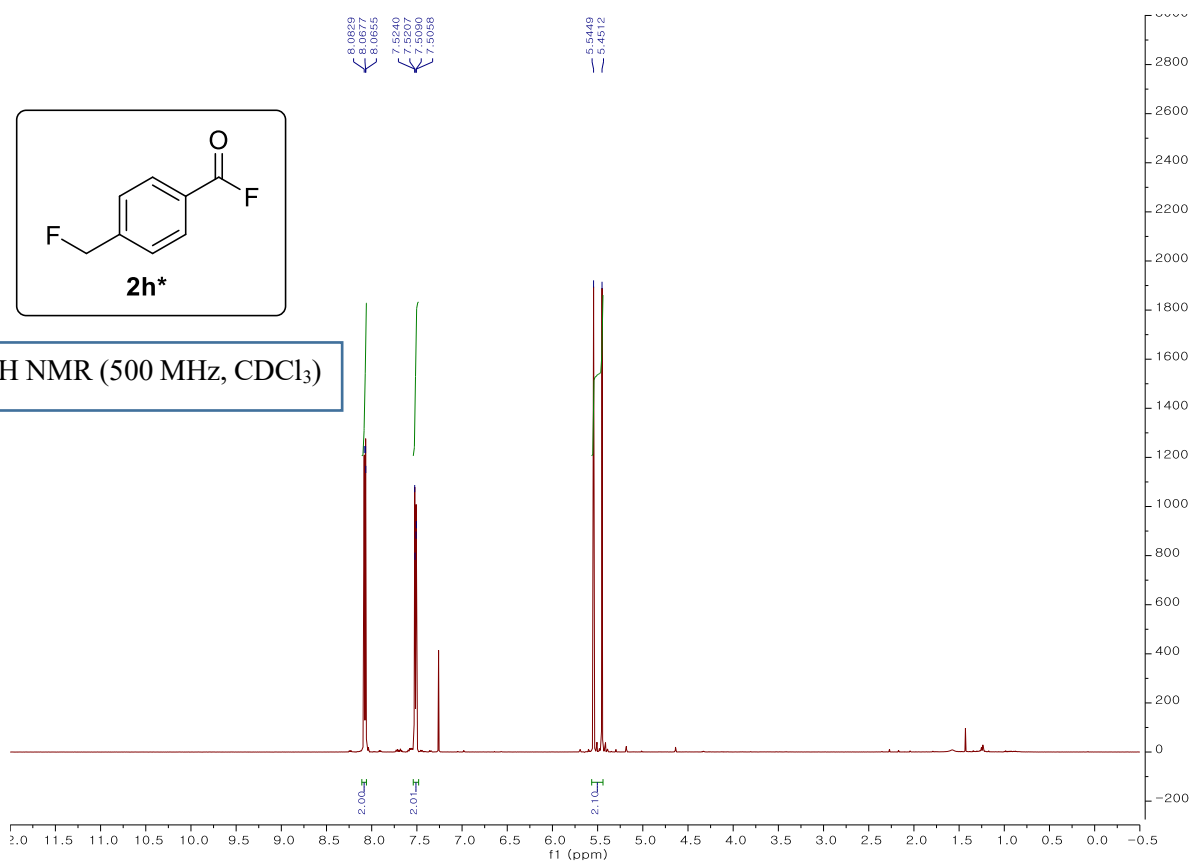


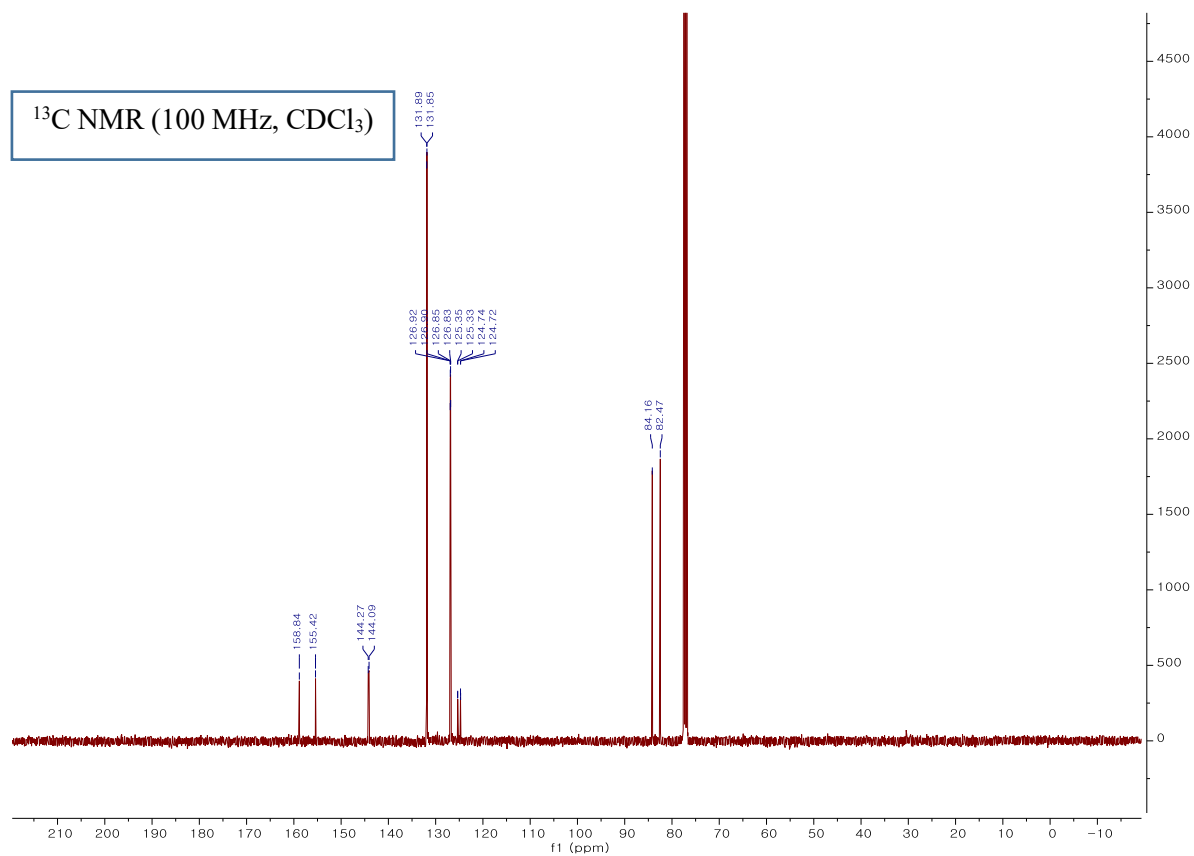
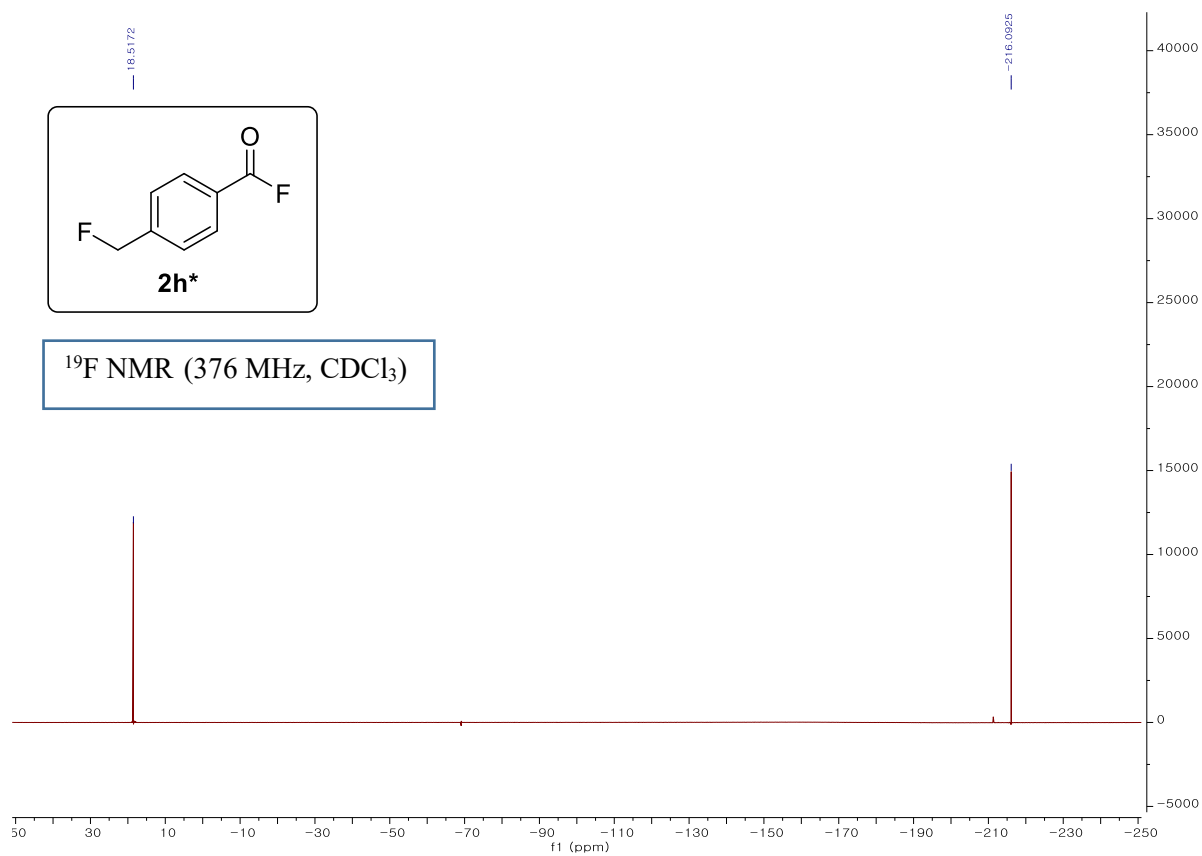


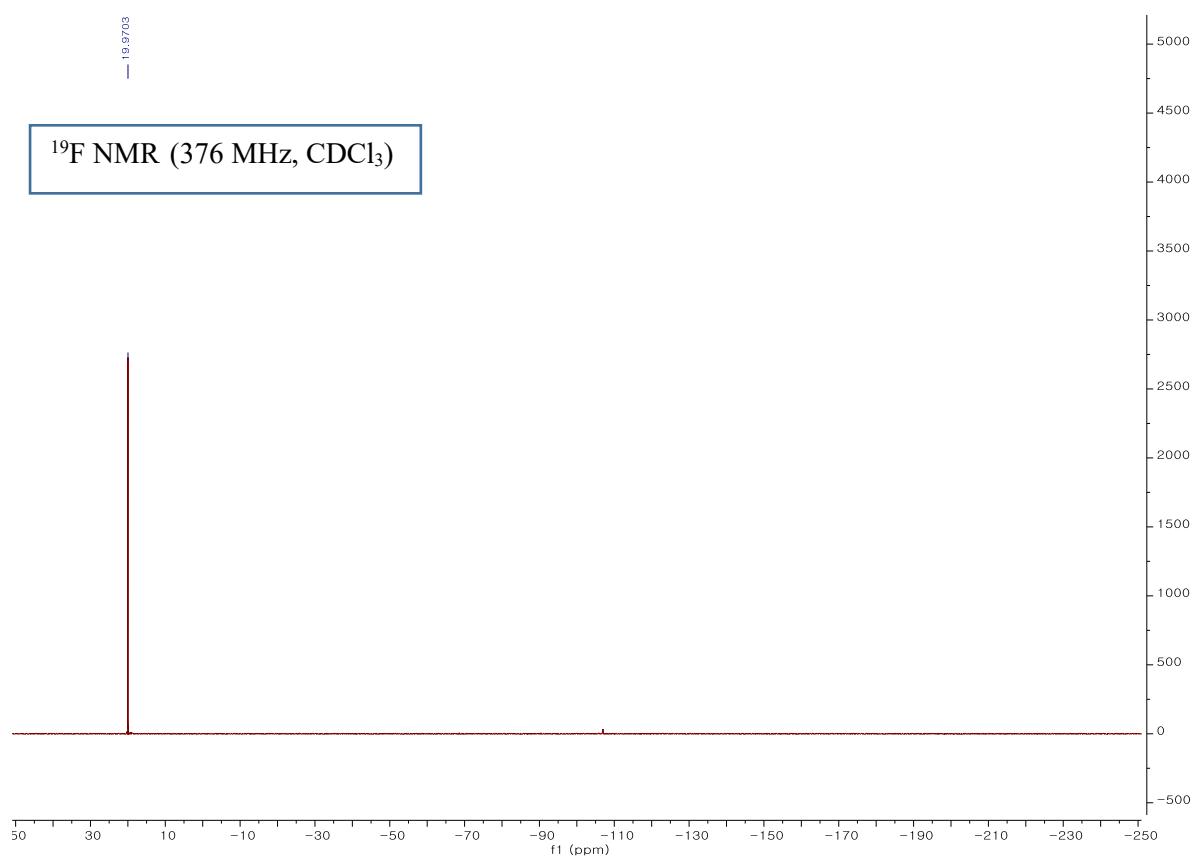
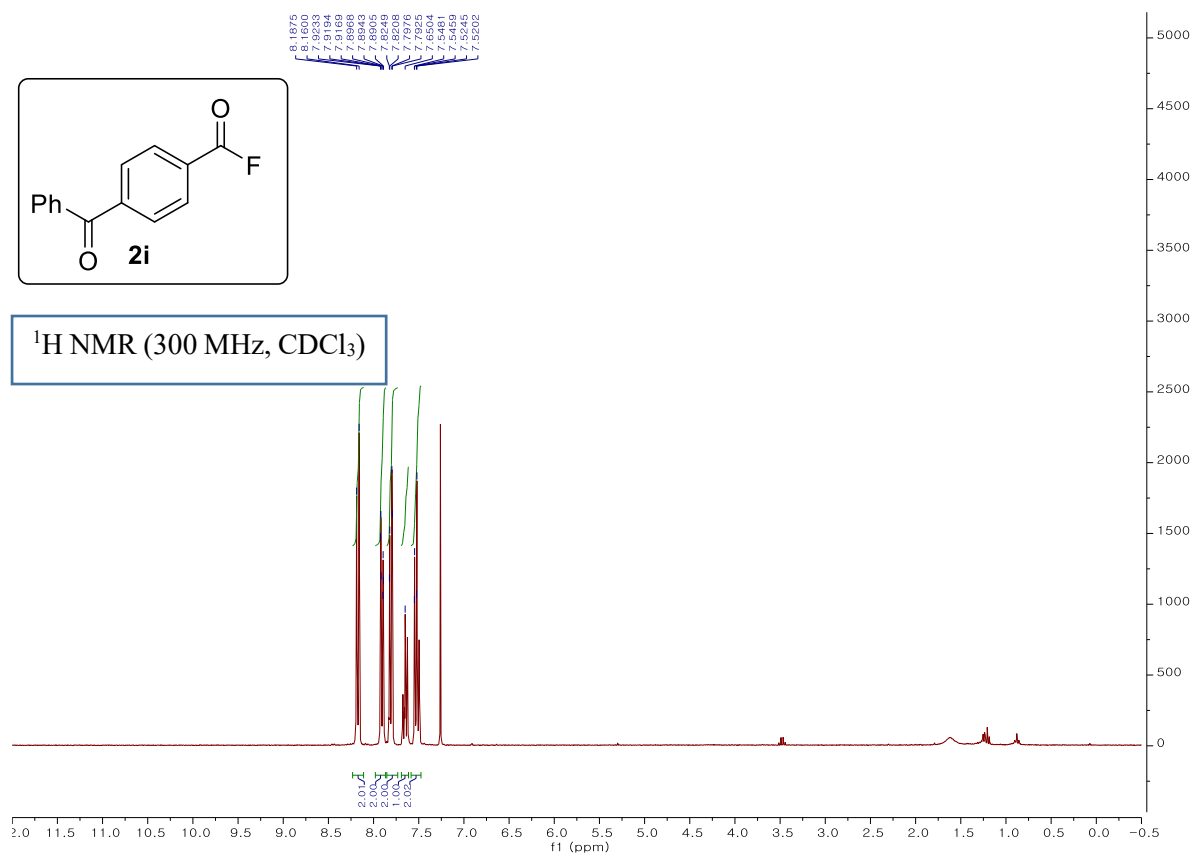
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

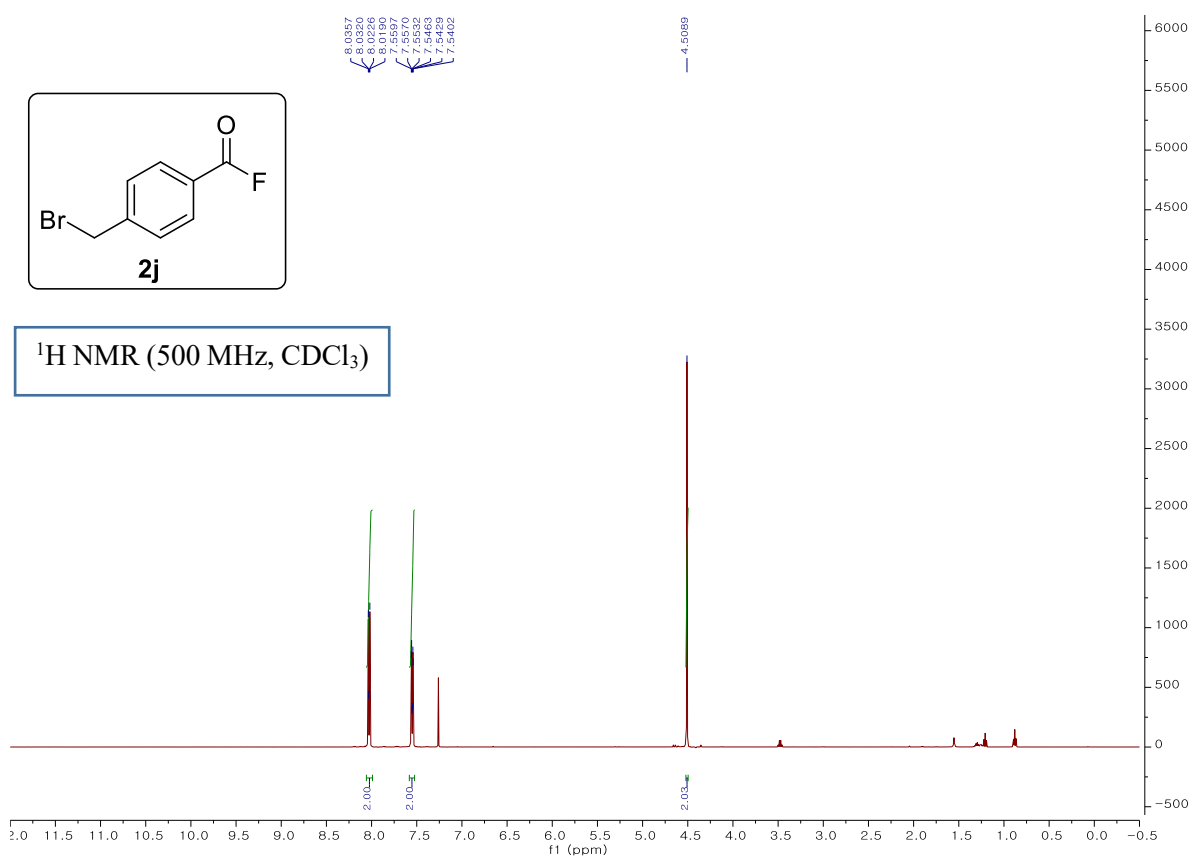
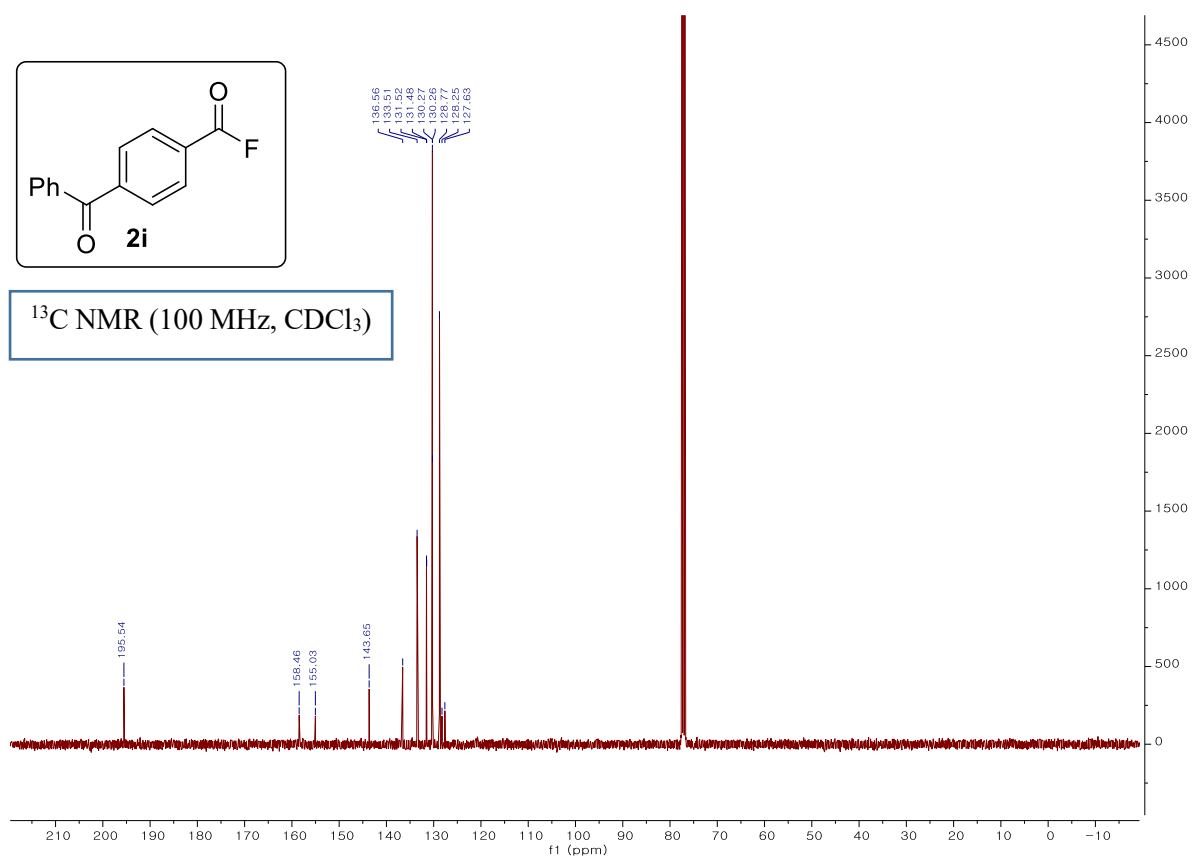


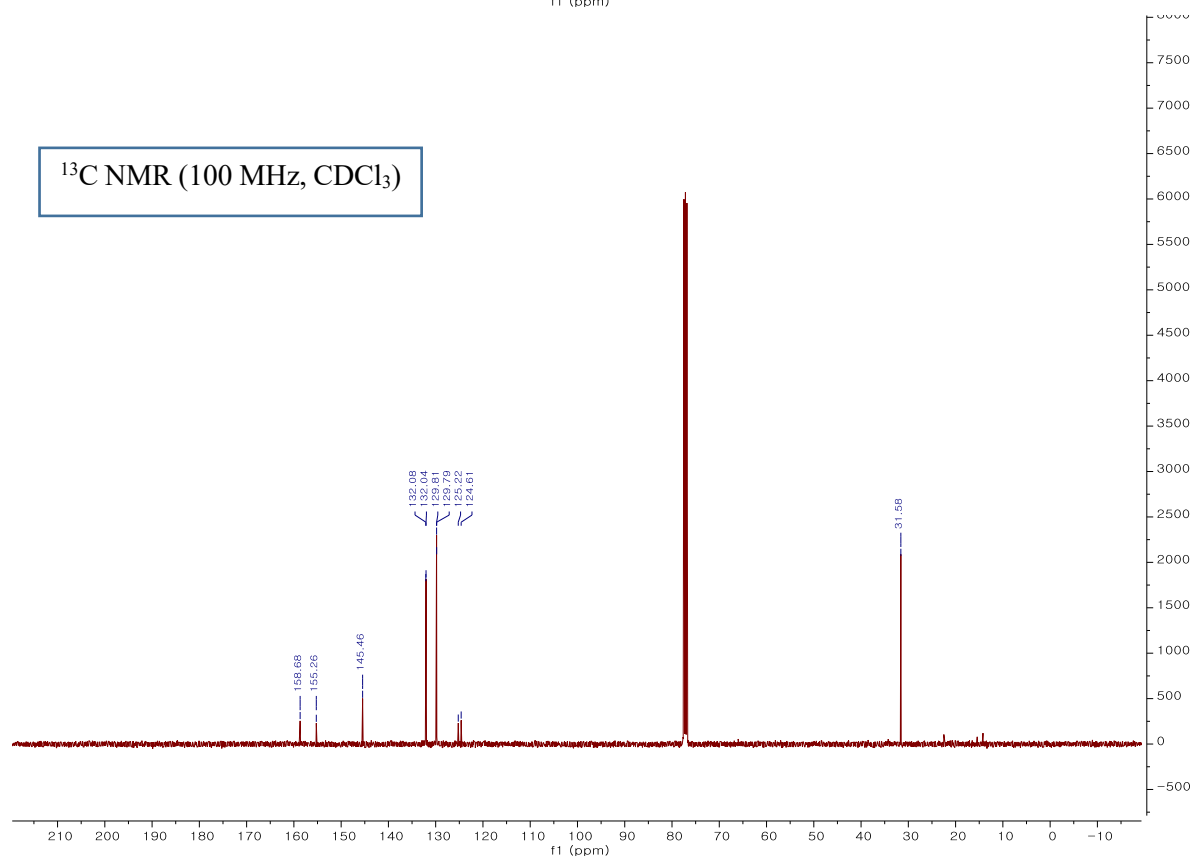
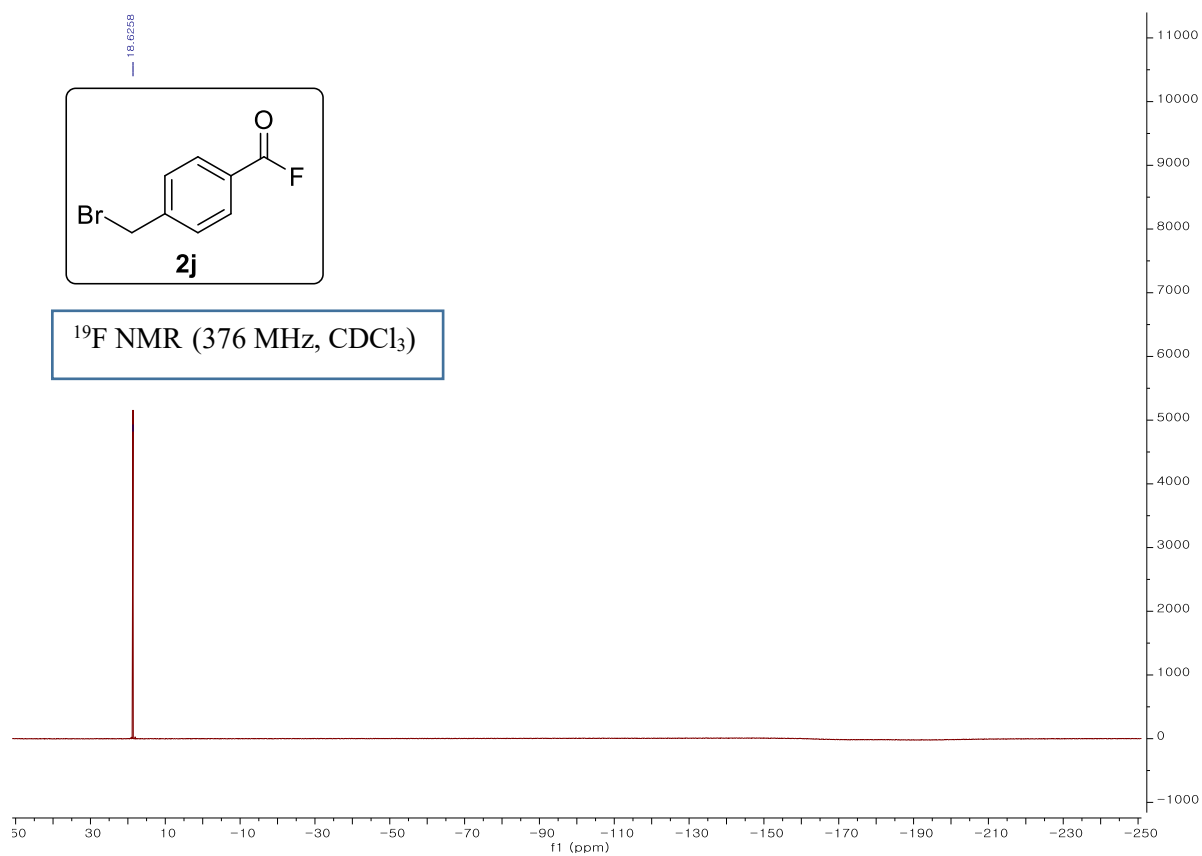
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

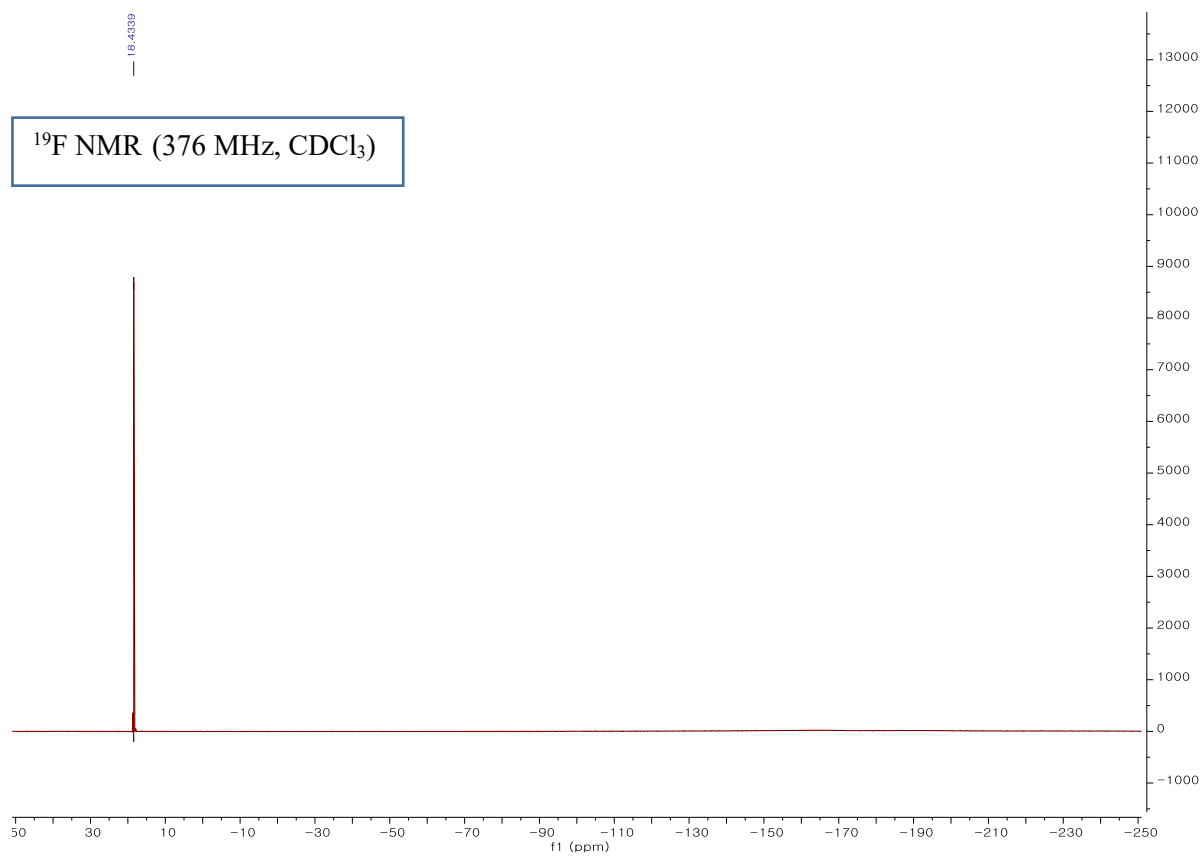
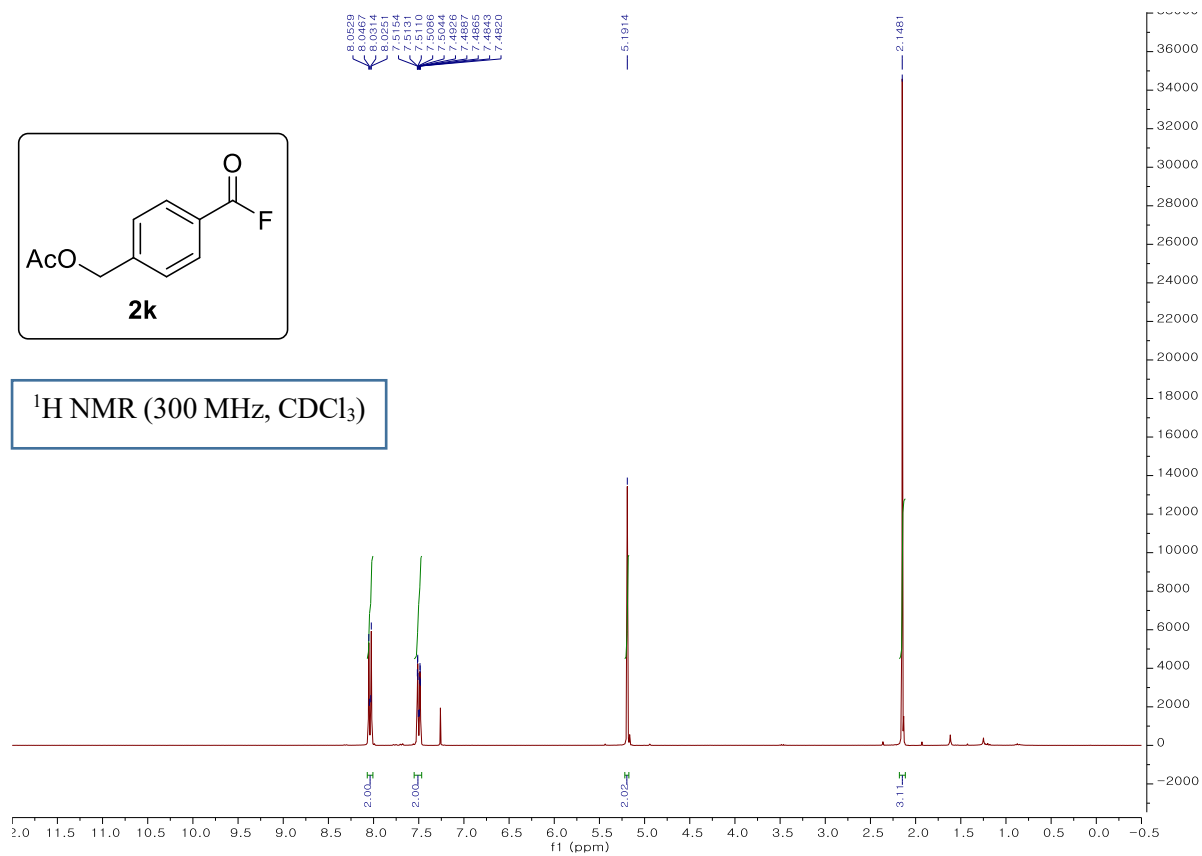


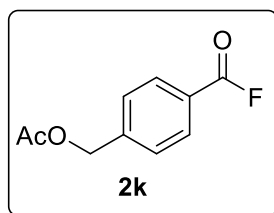




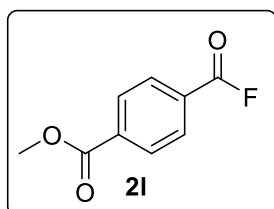
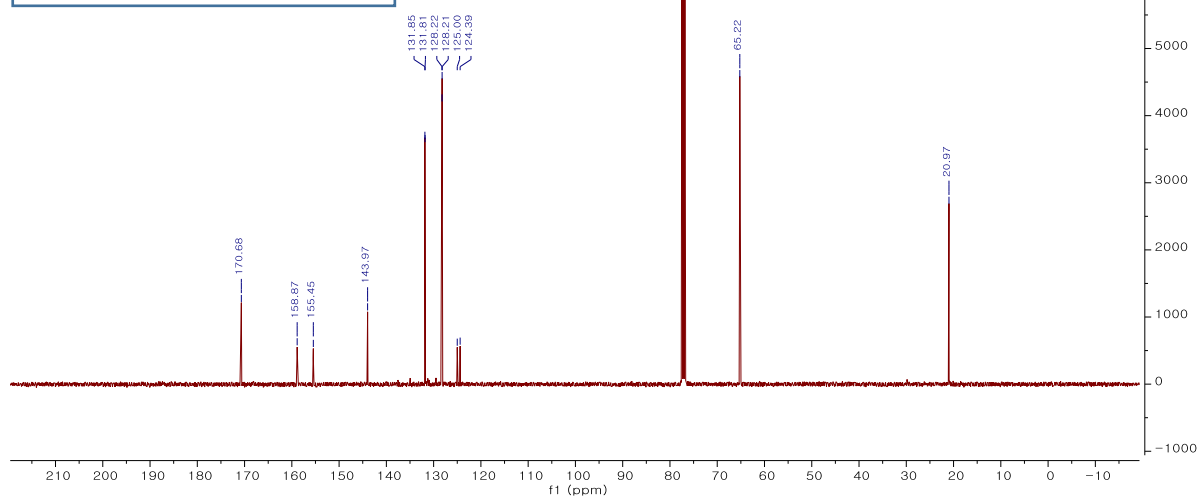




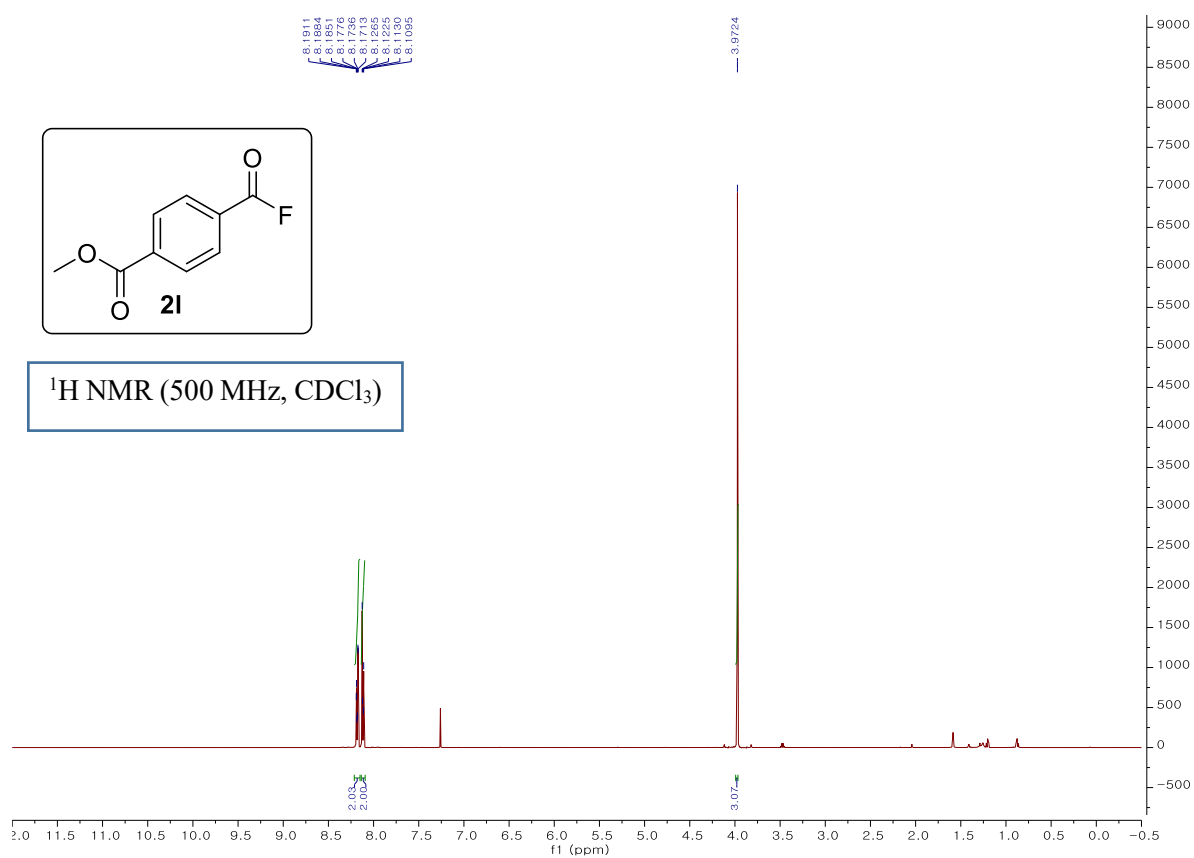


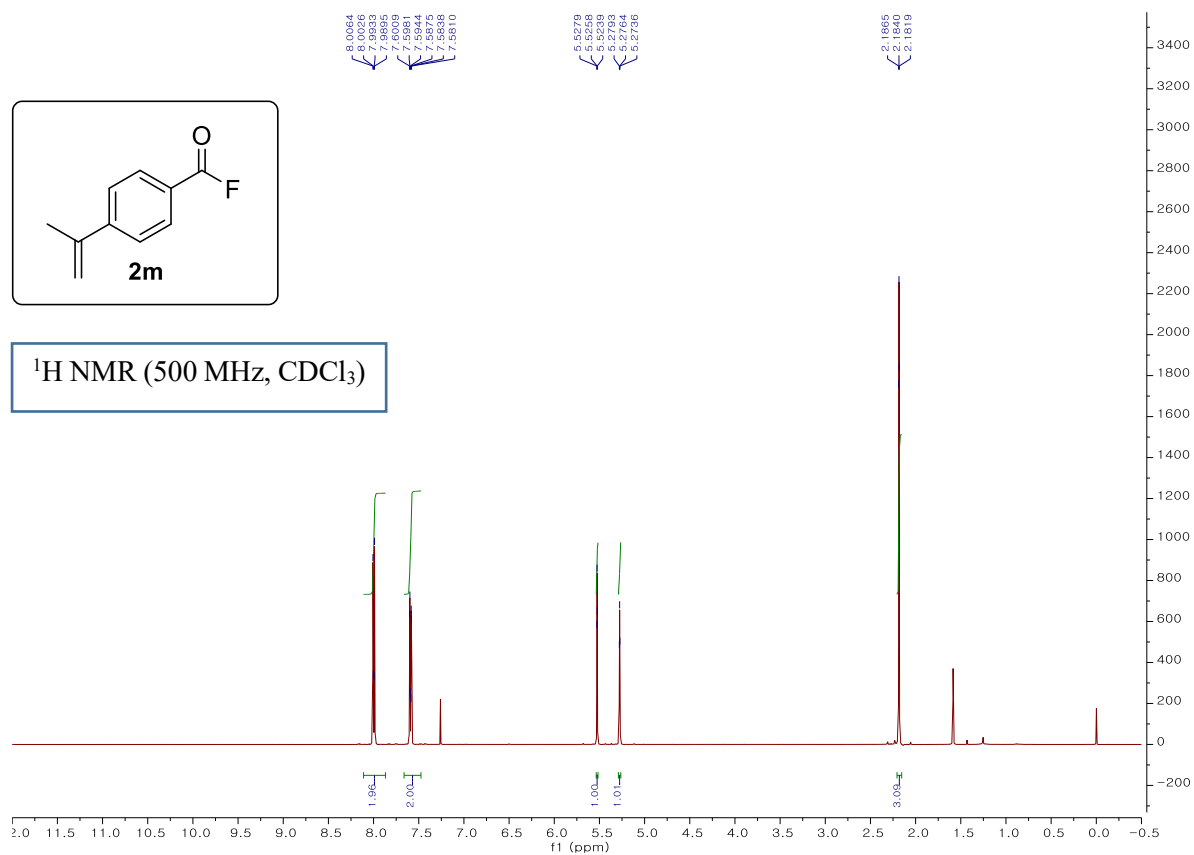
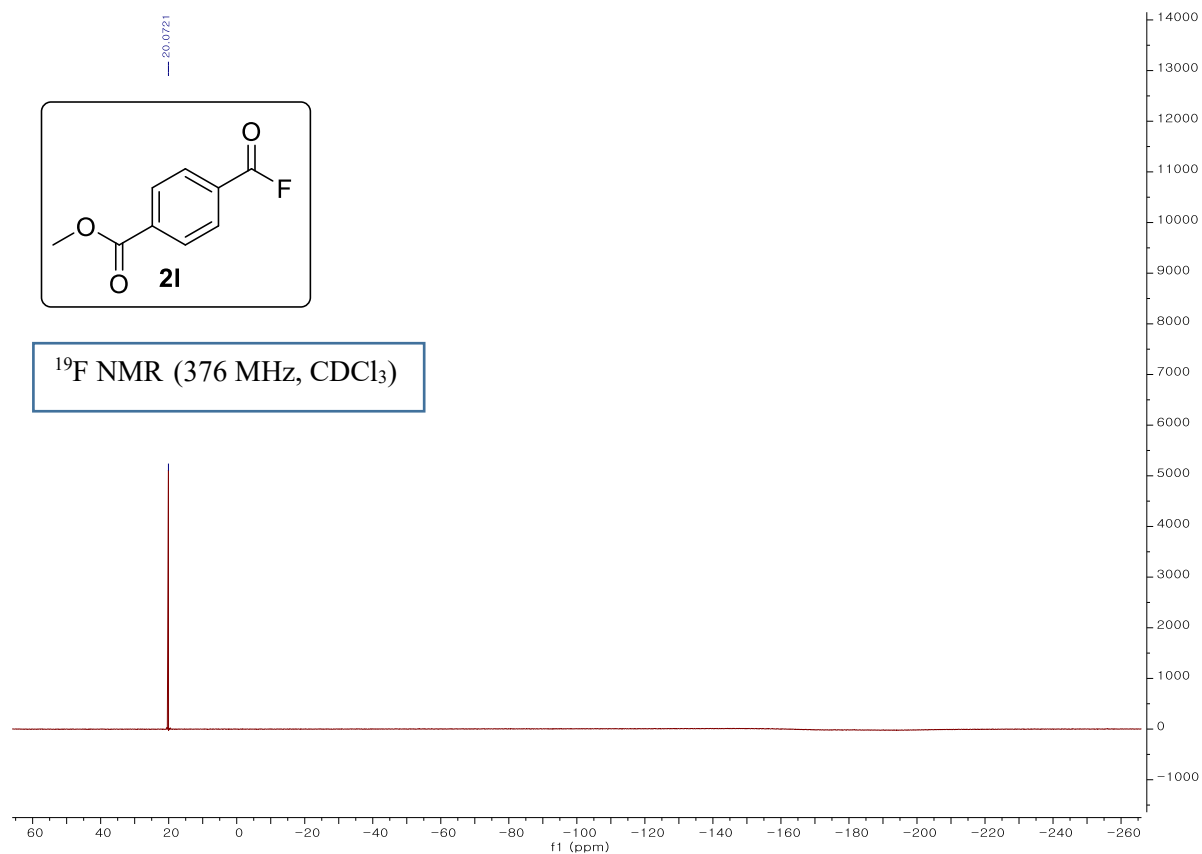


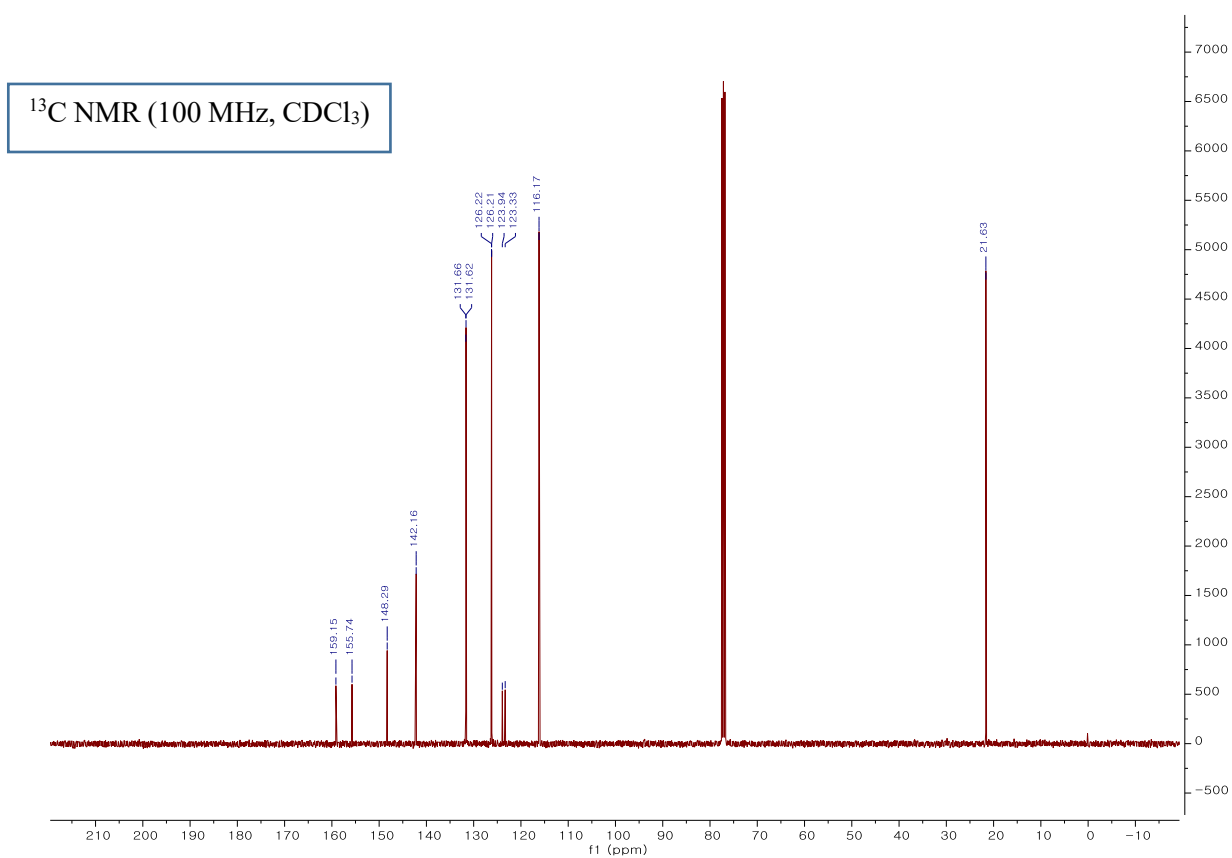
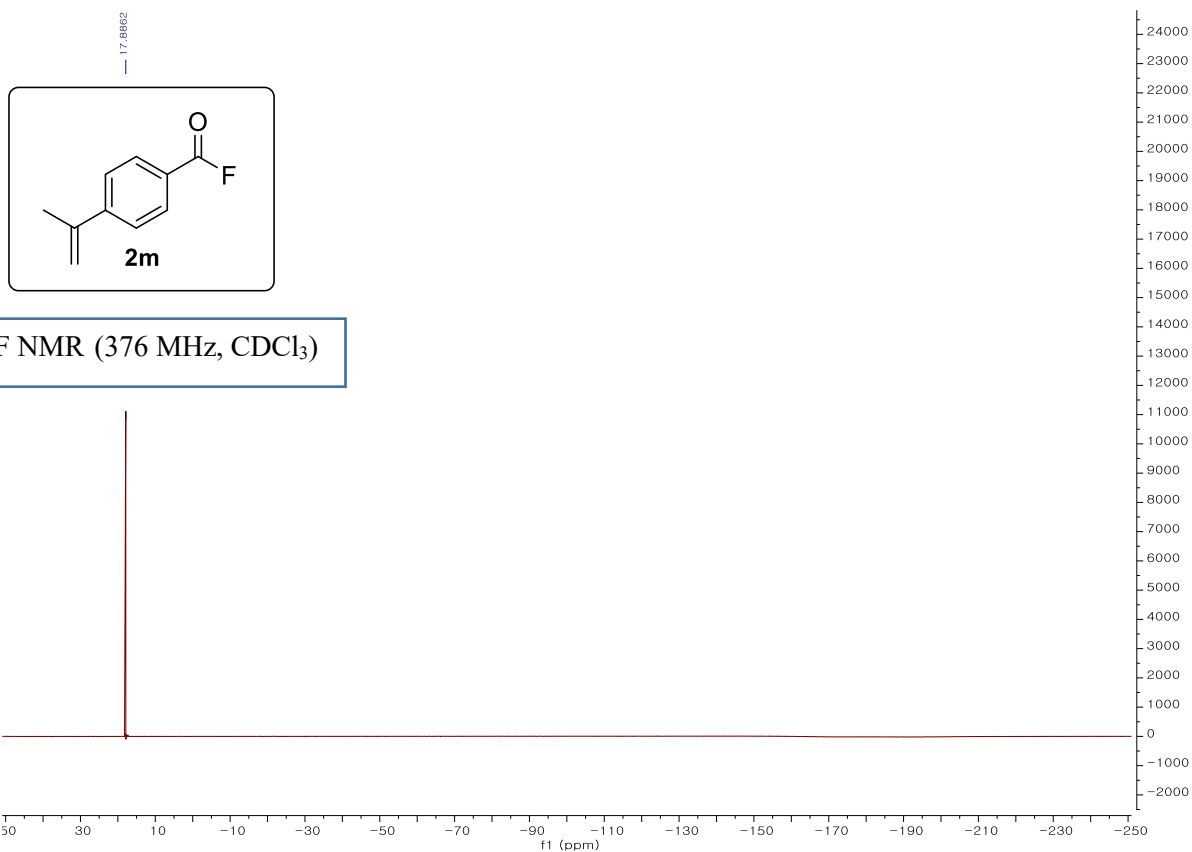
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

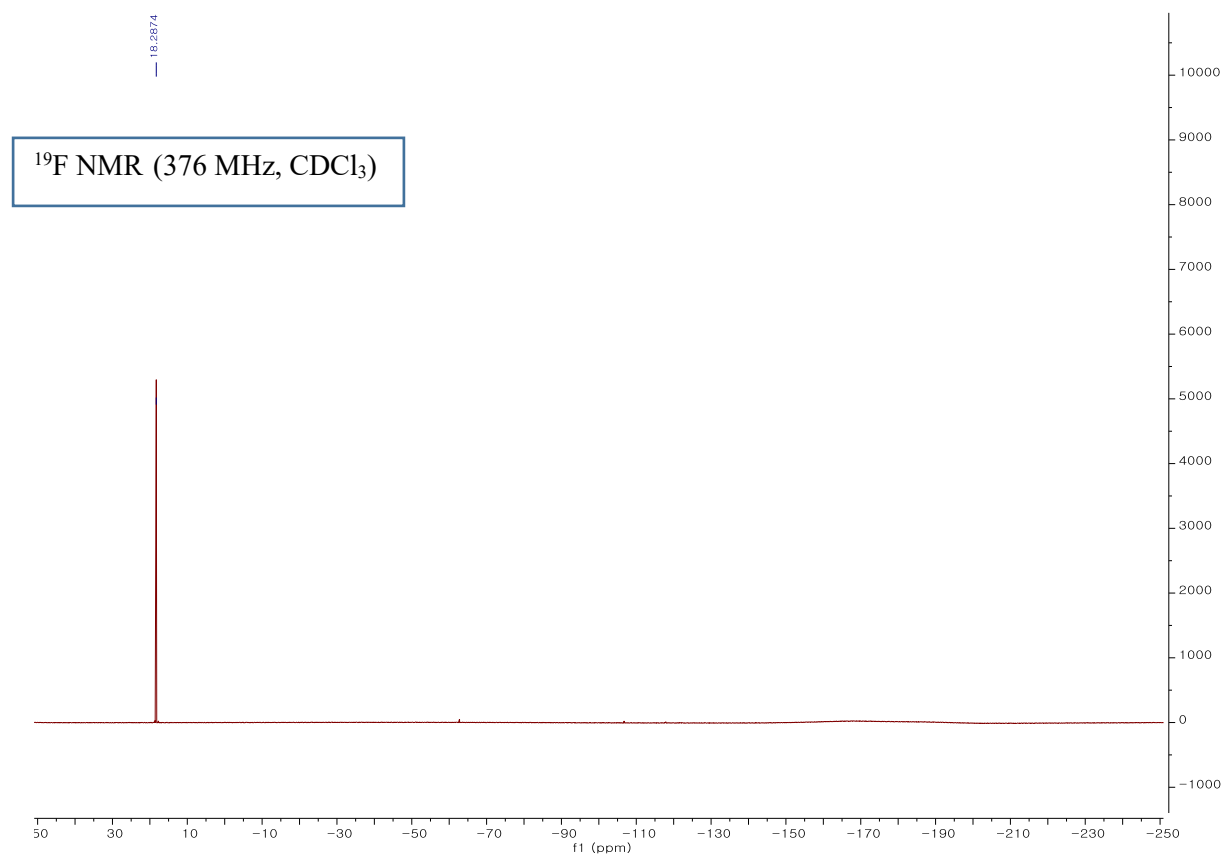
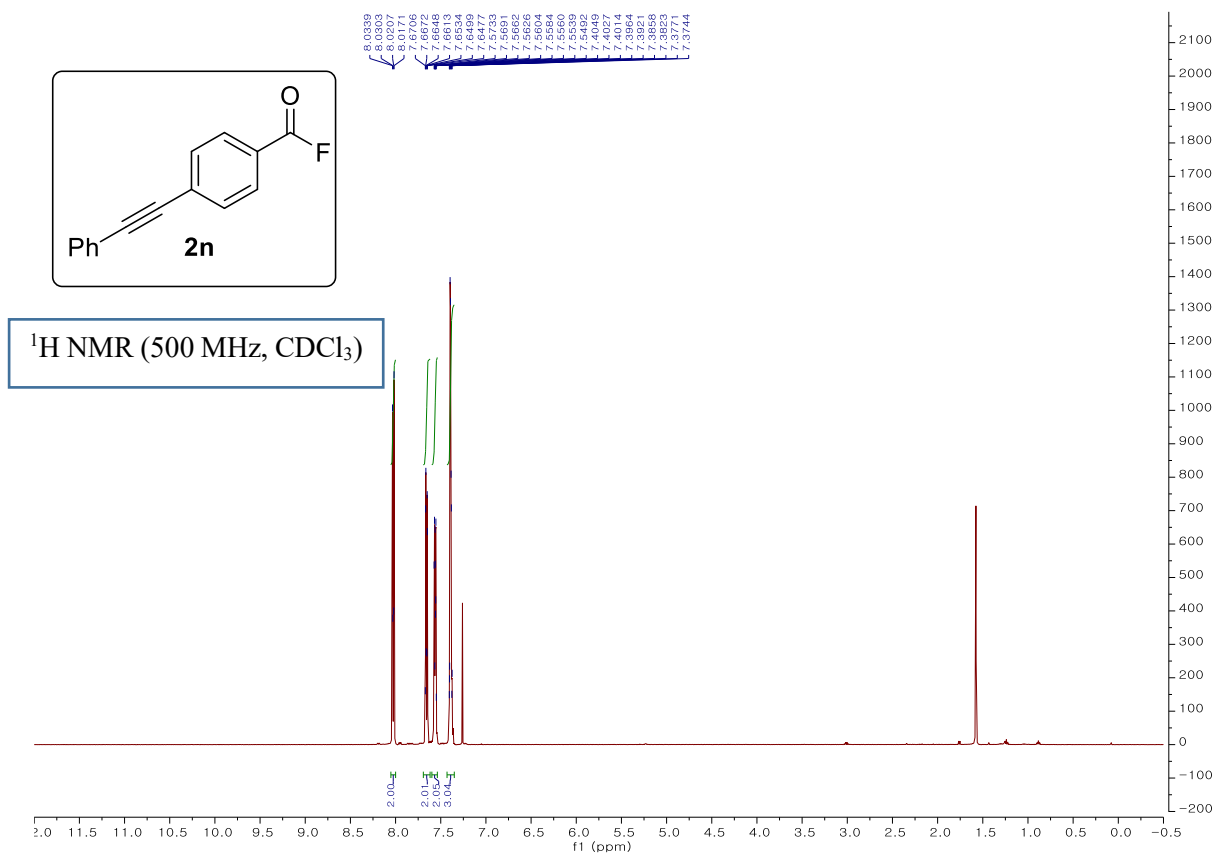


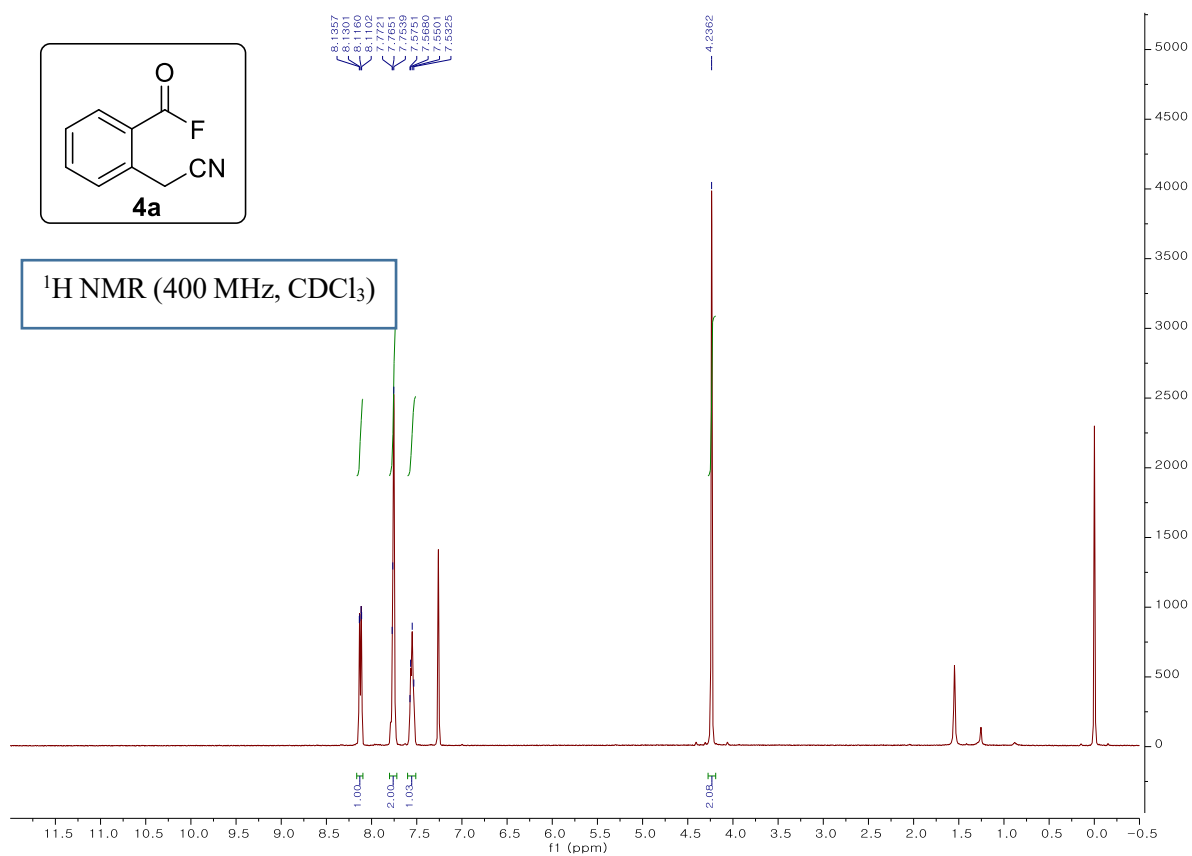
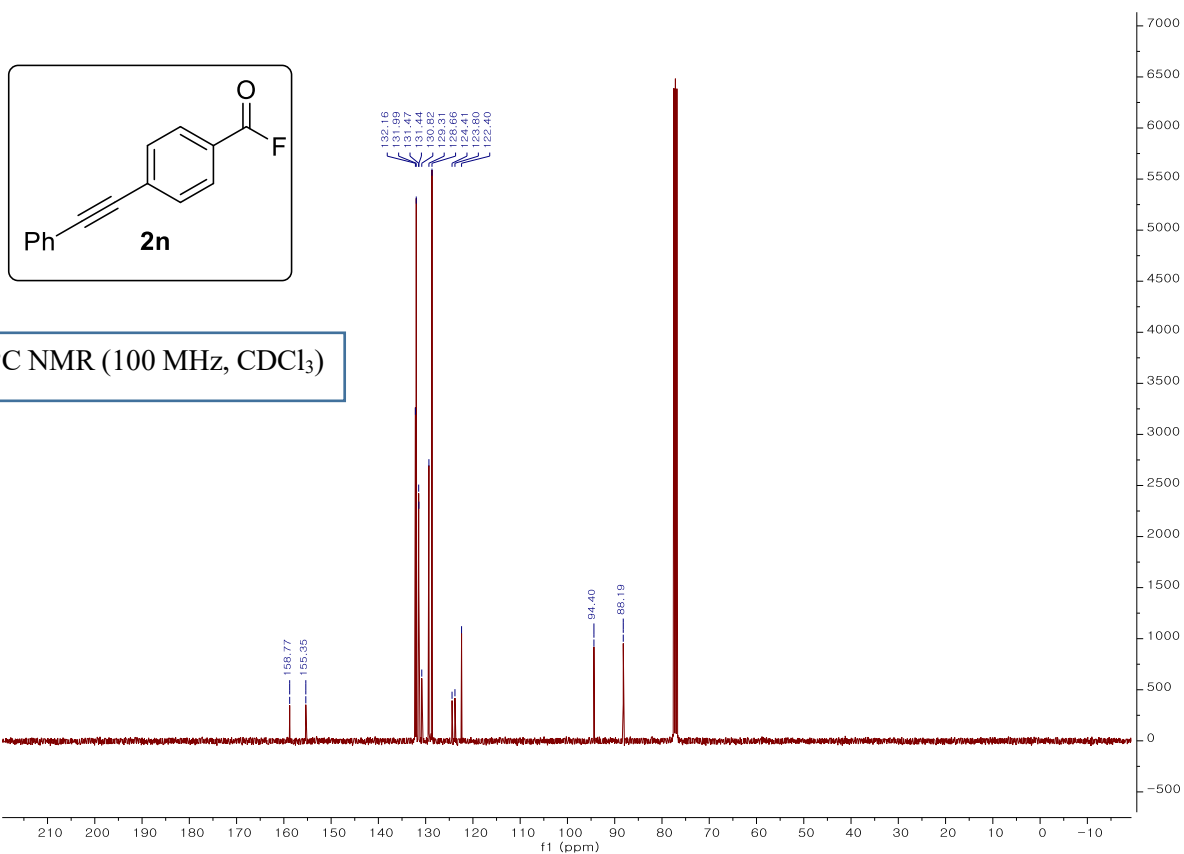
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

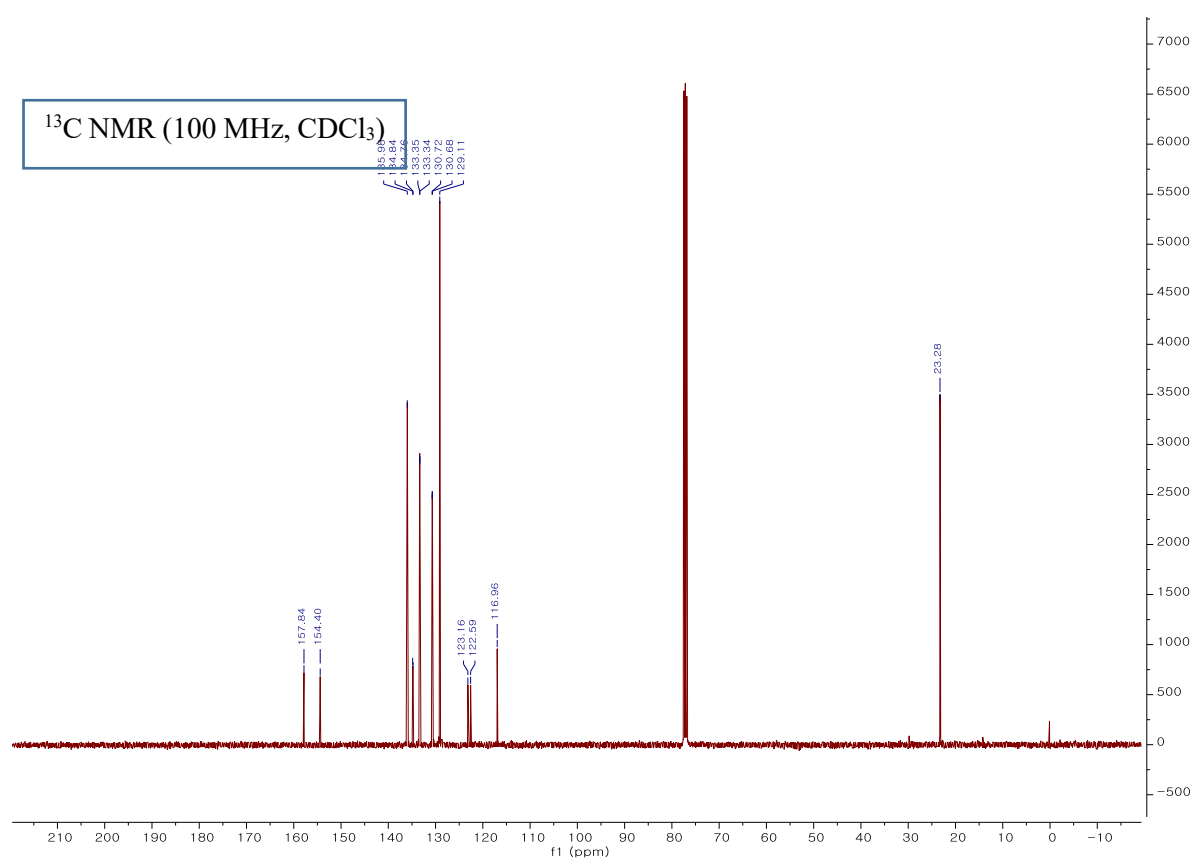
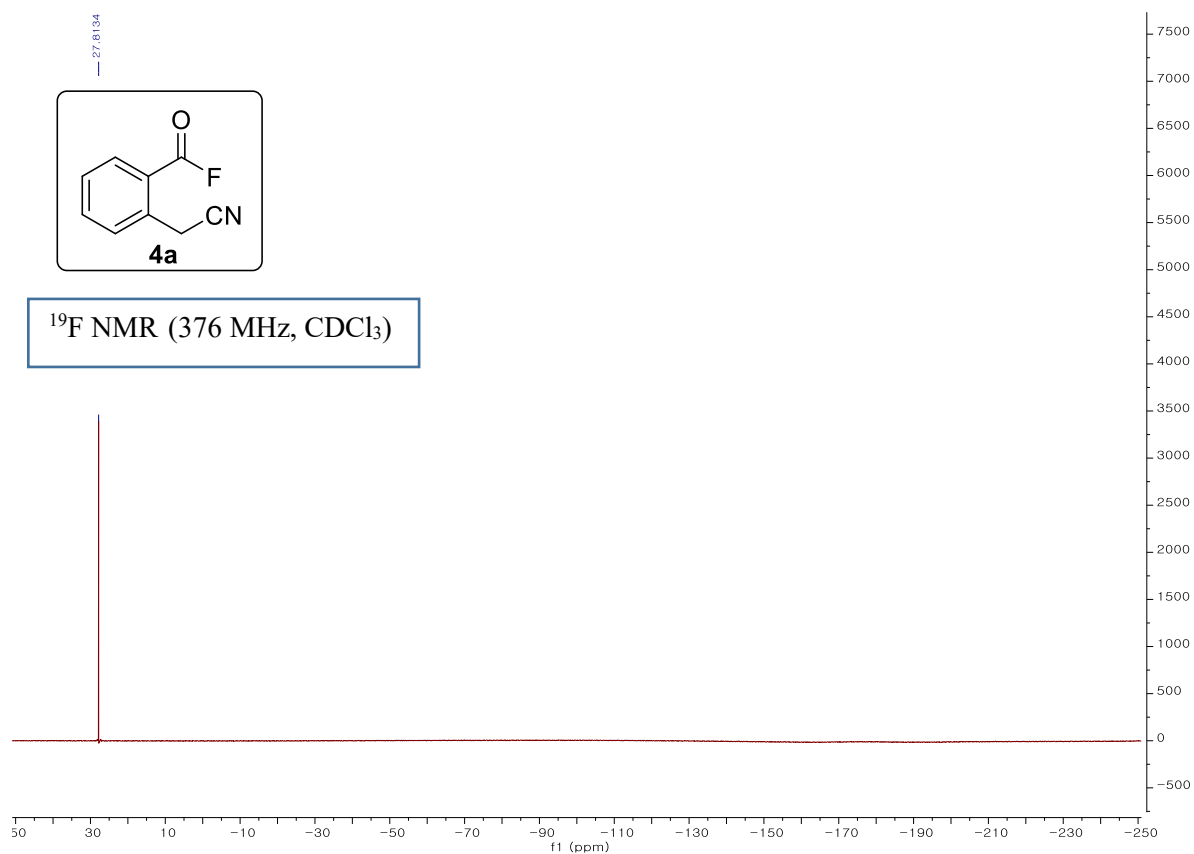


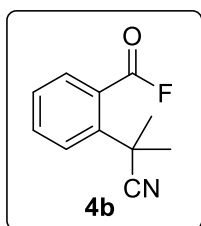




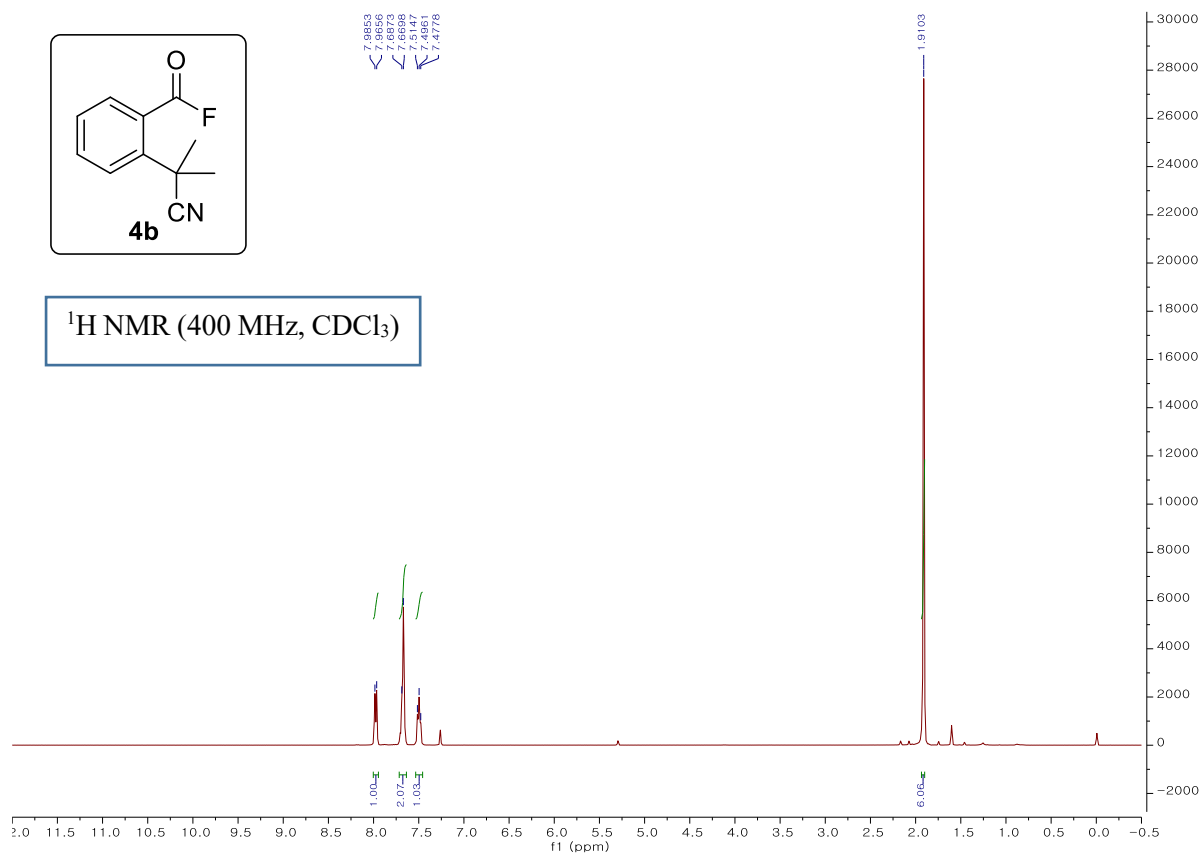




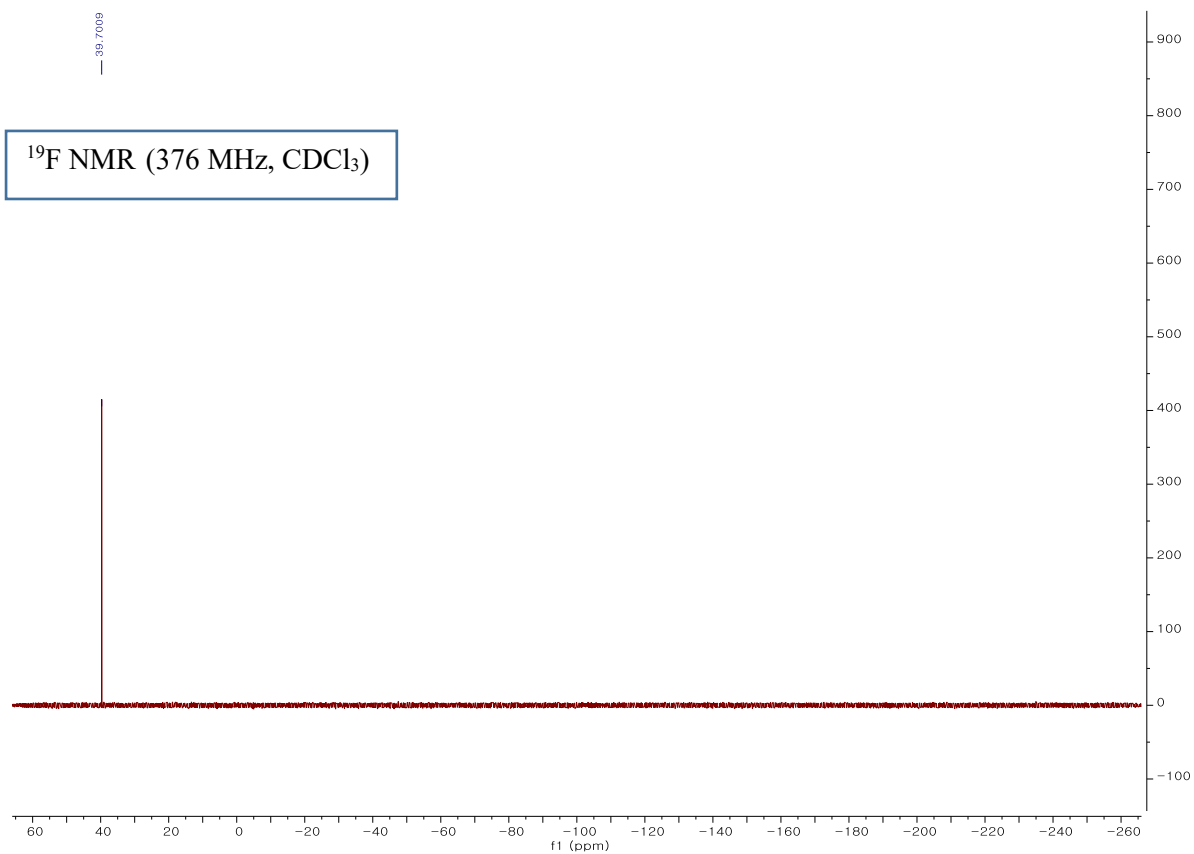


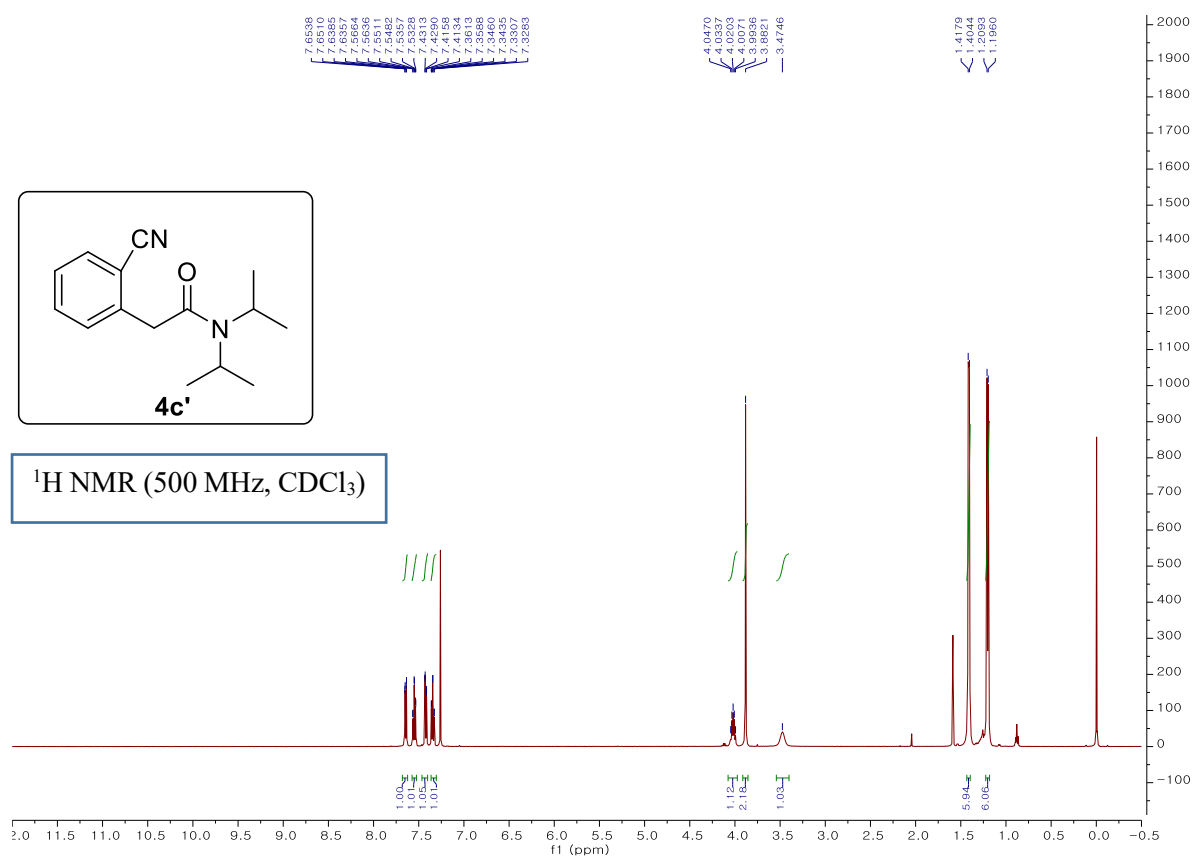
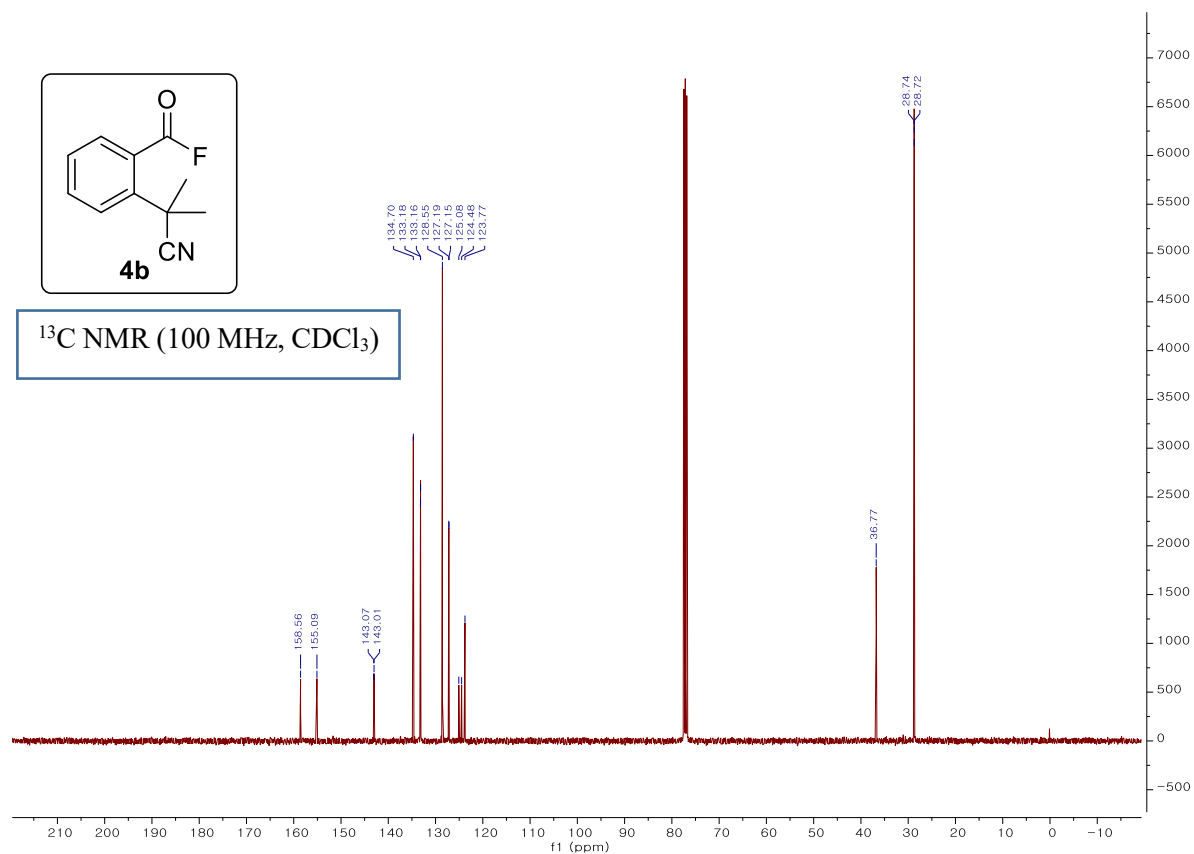


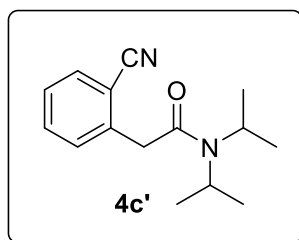
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



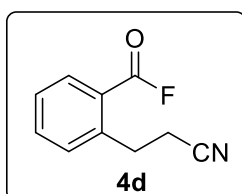
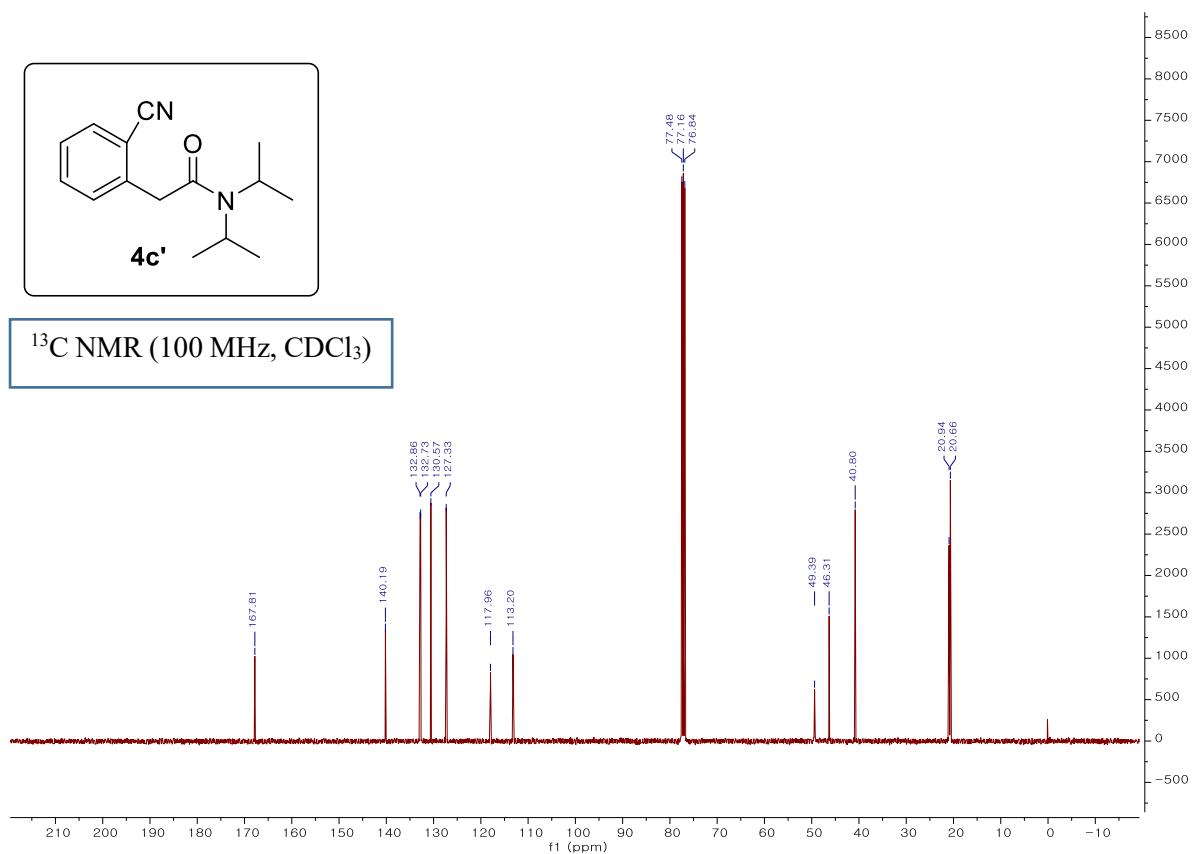
^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)



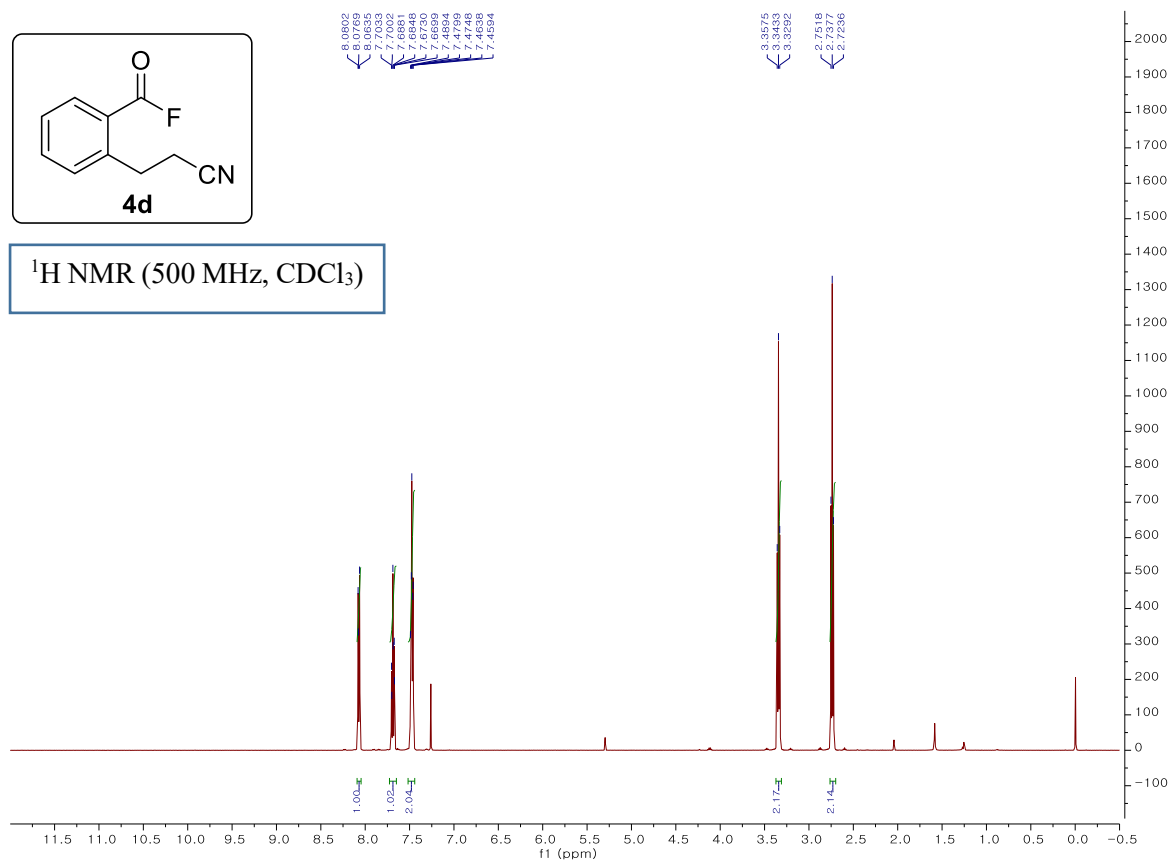


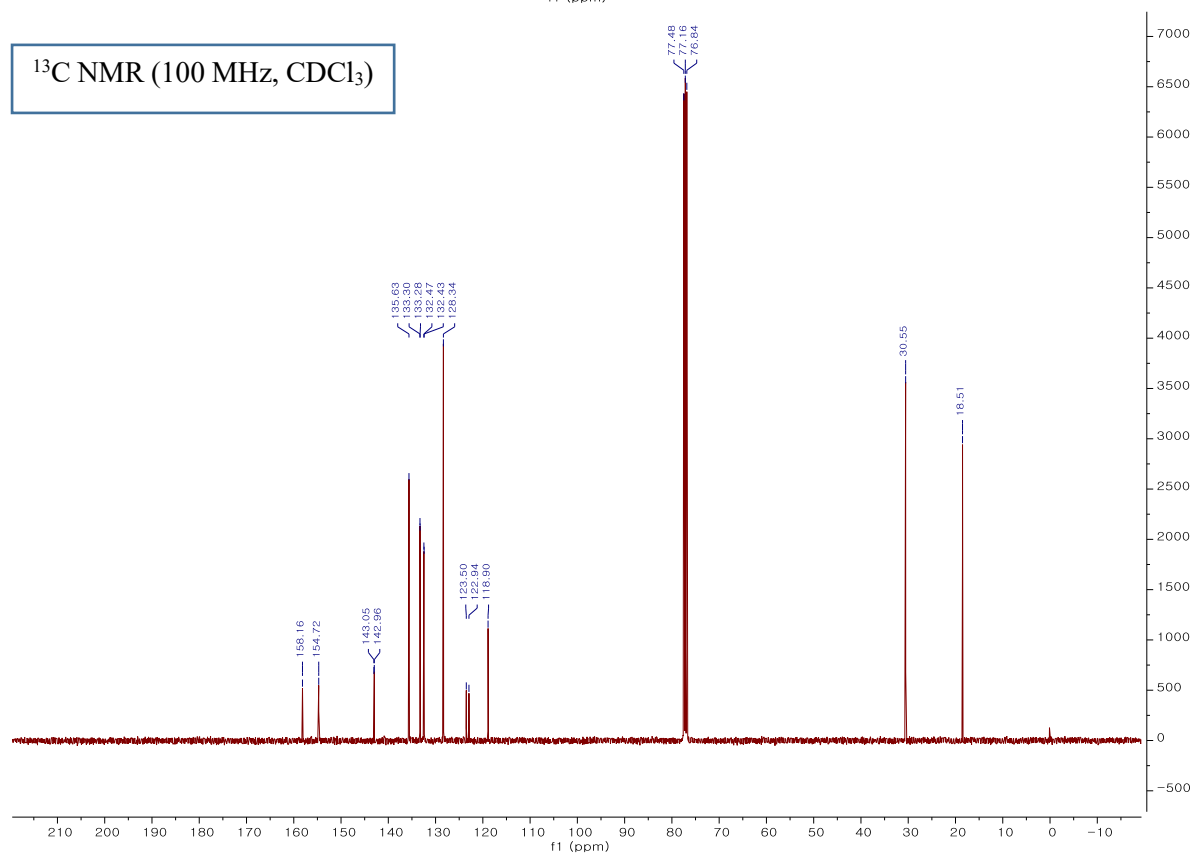
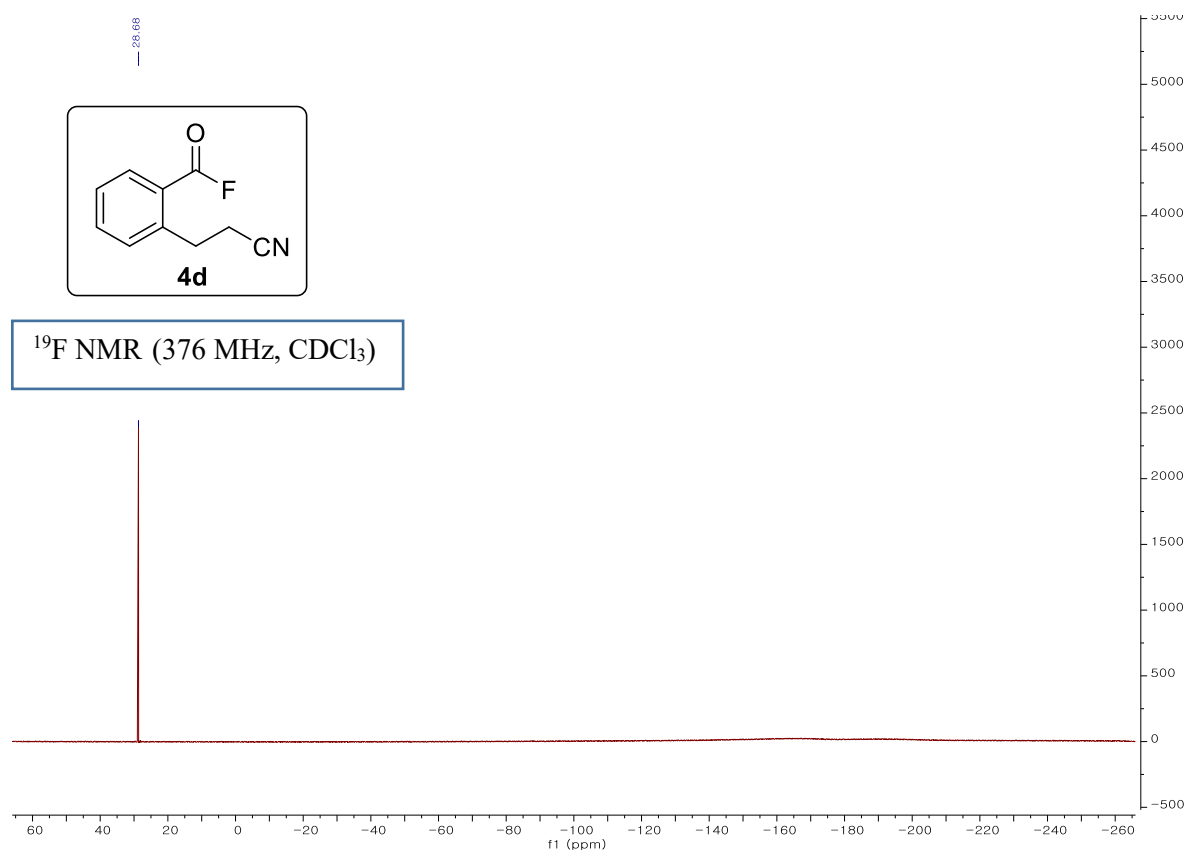


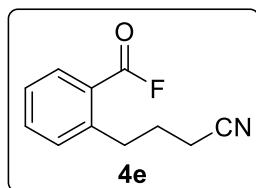
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)



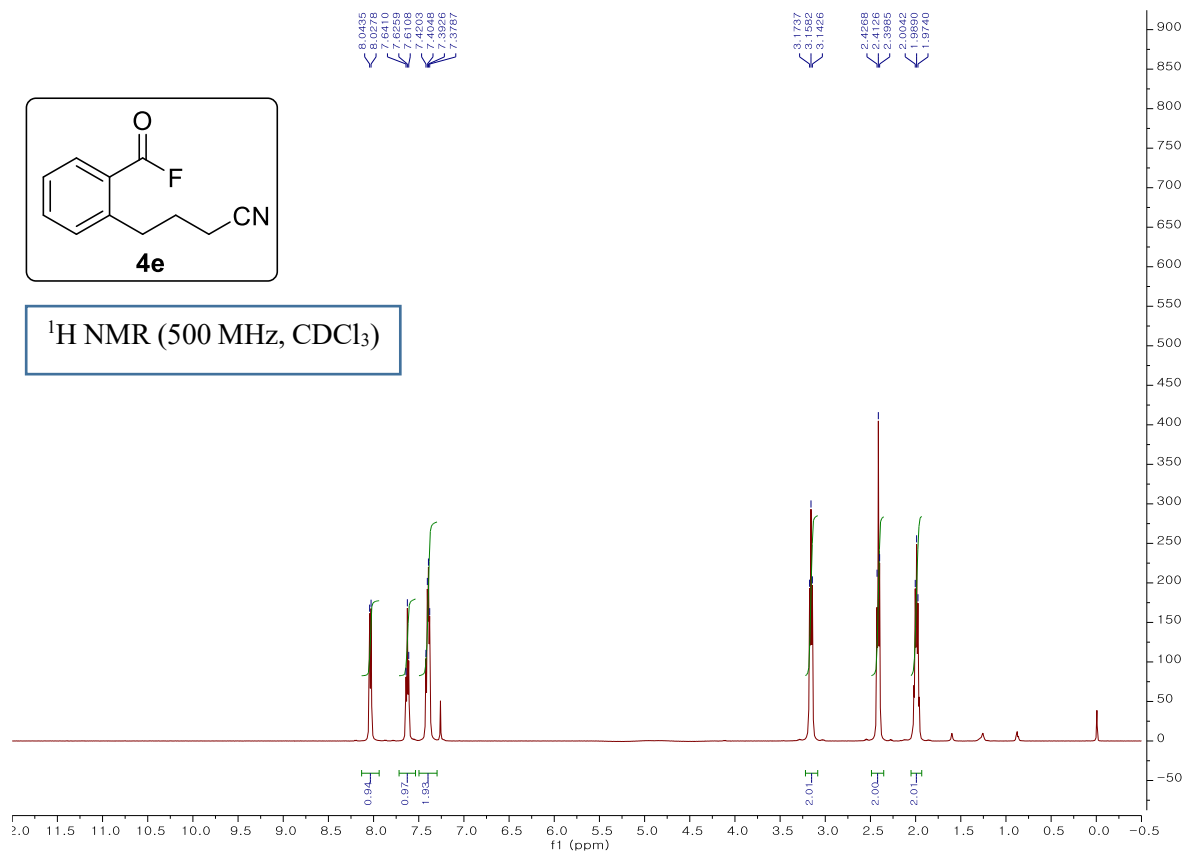
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)



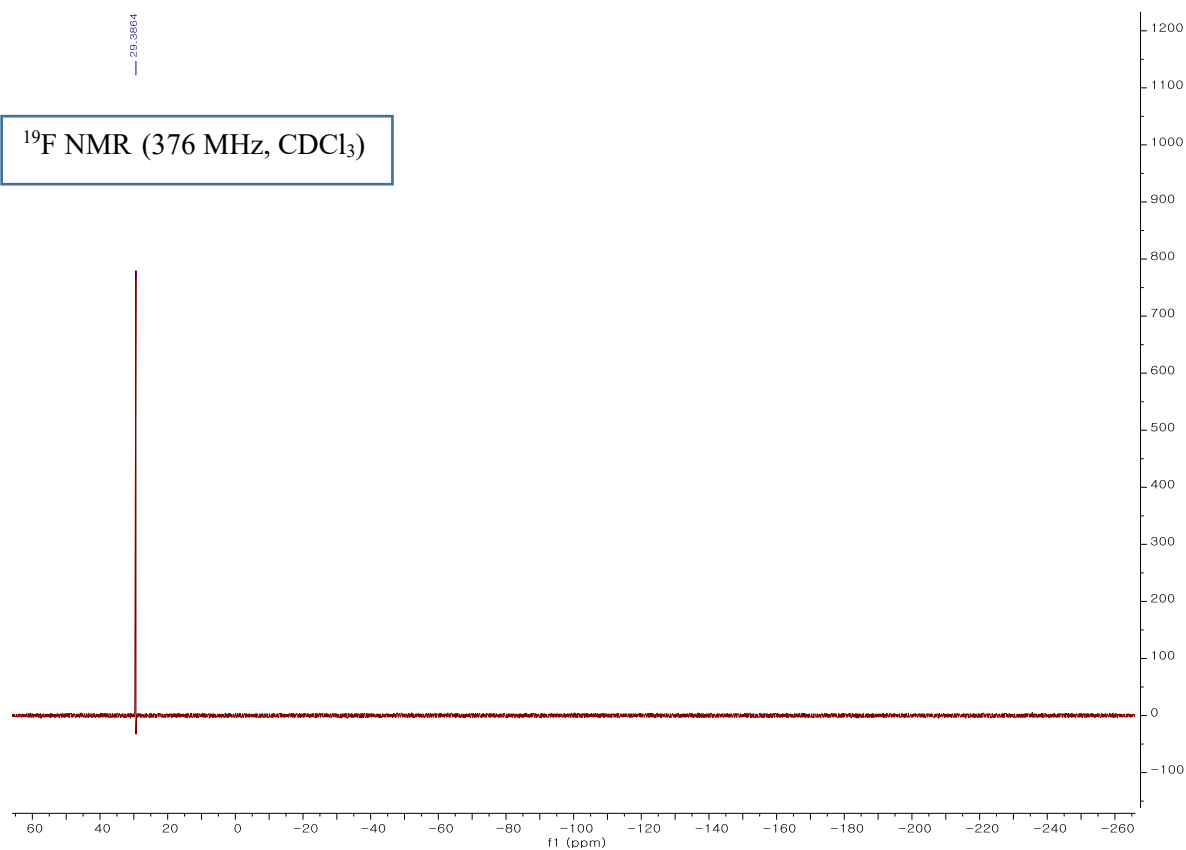


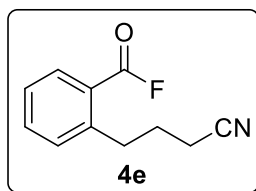


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

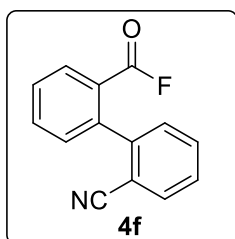
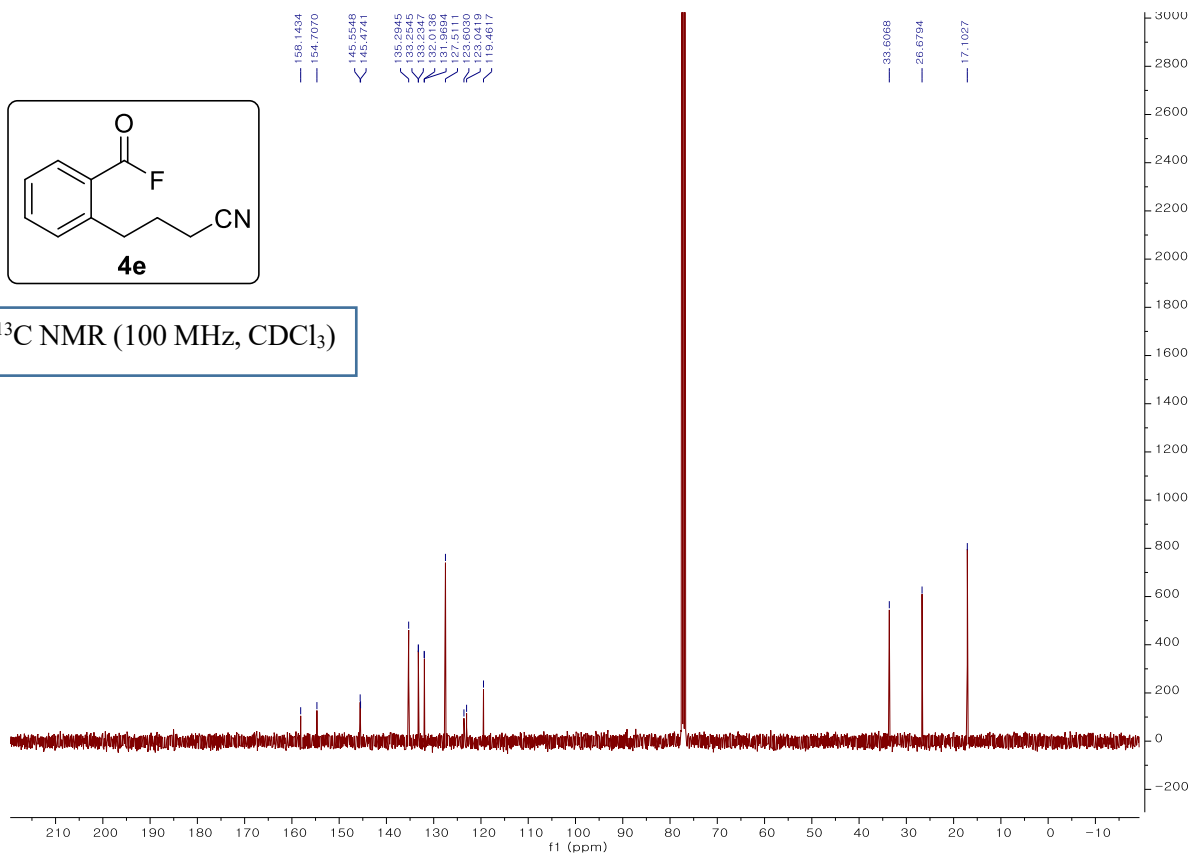


^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

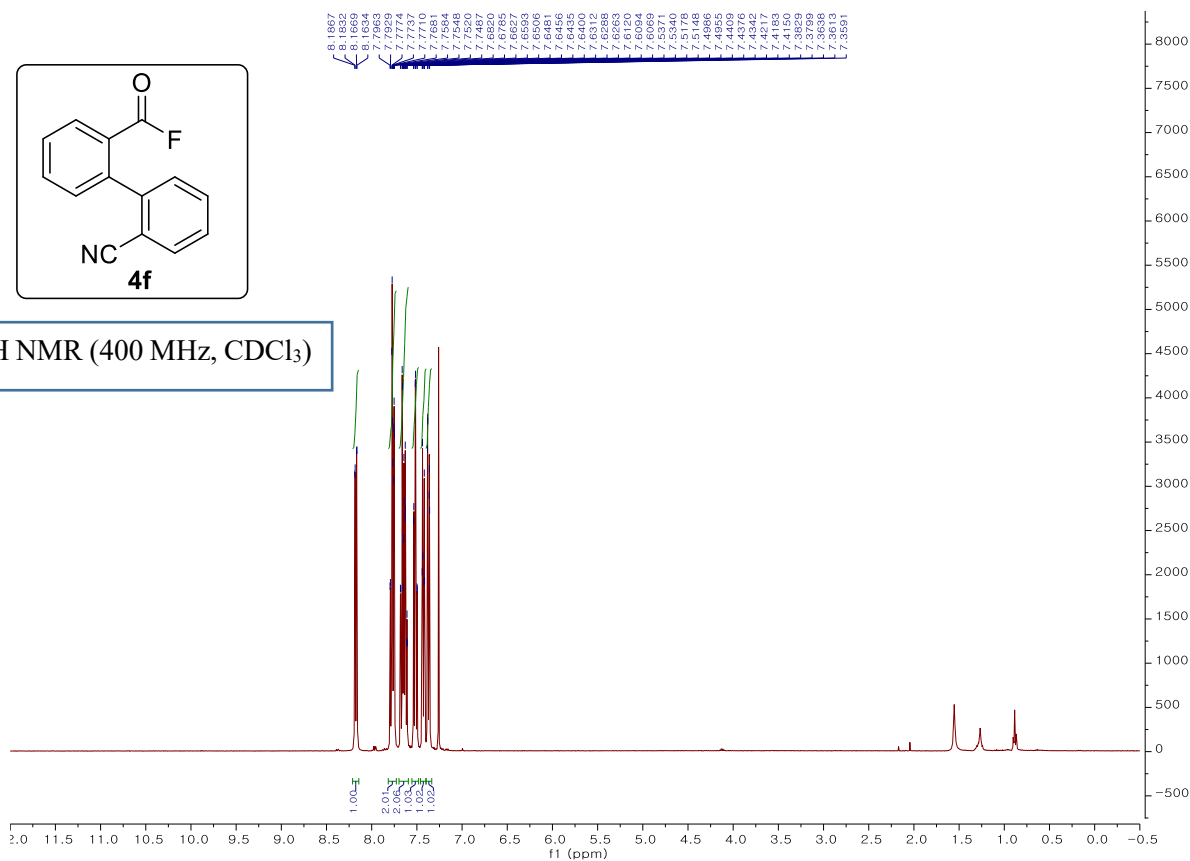


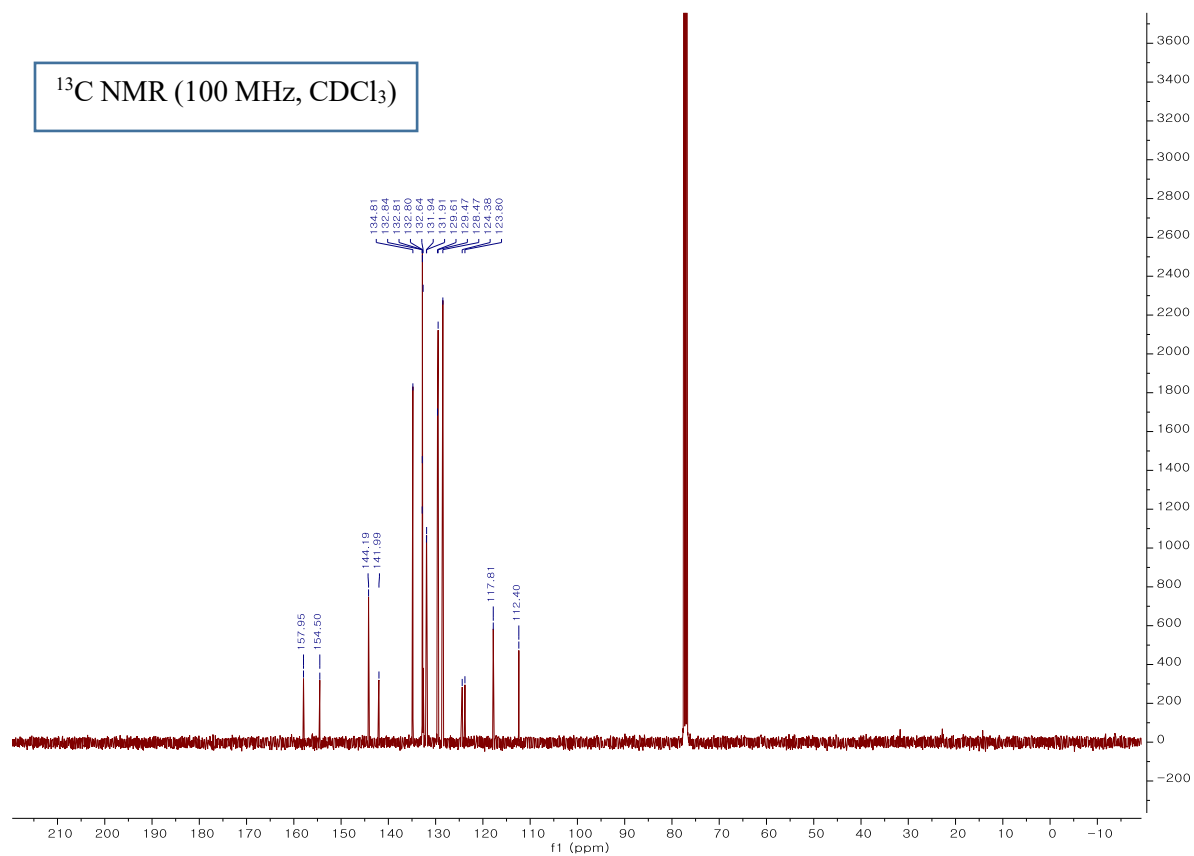
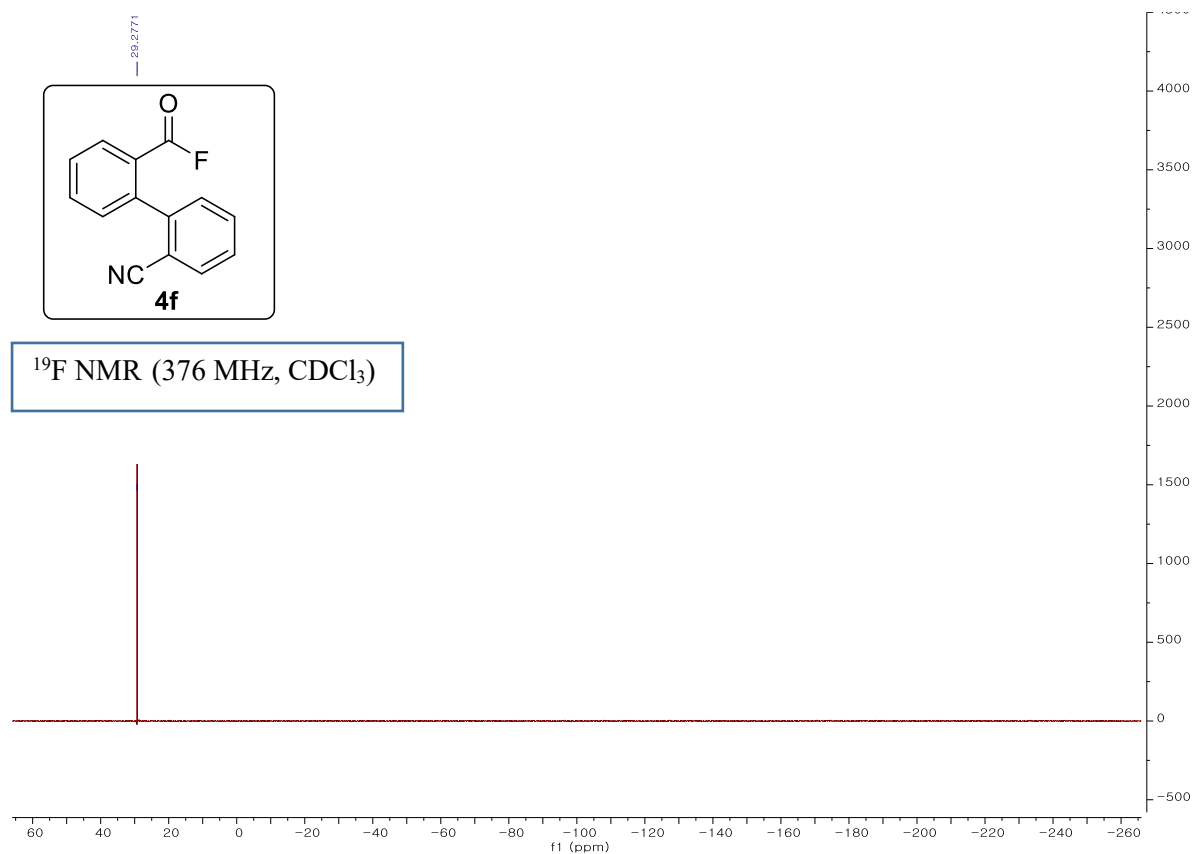


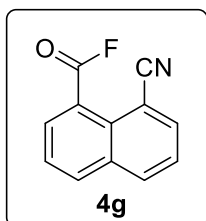
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



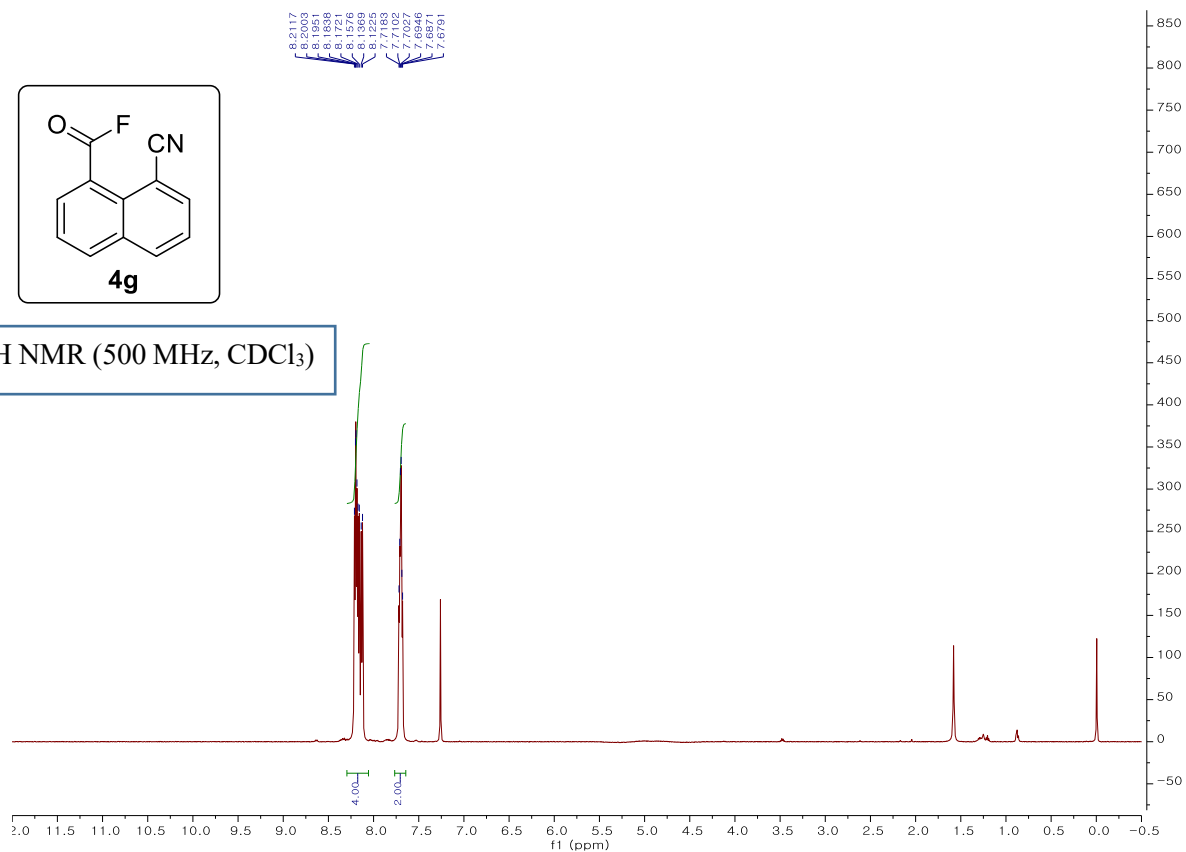
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



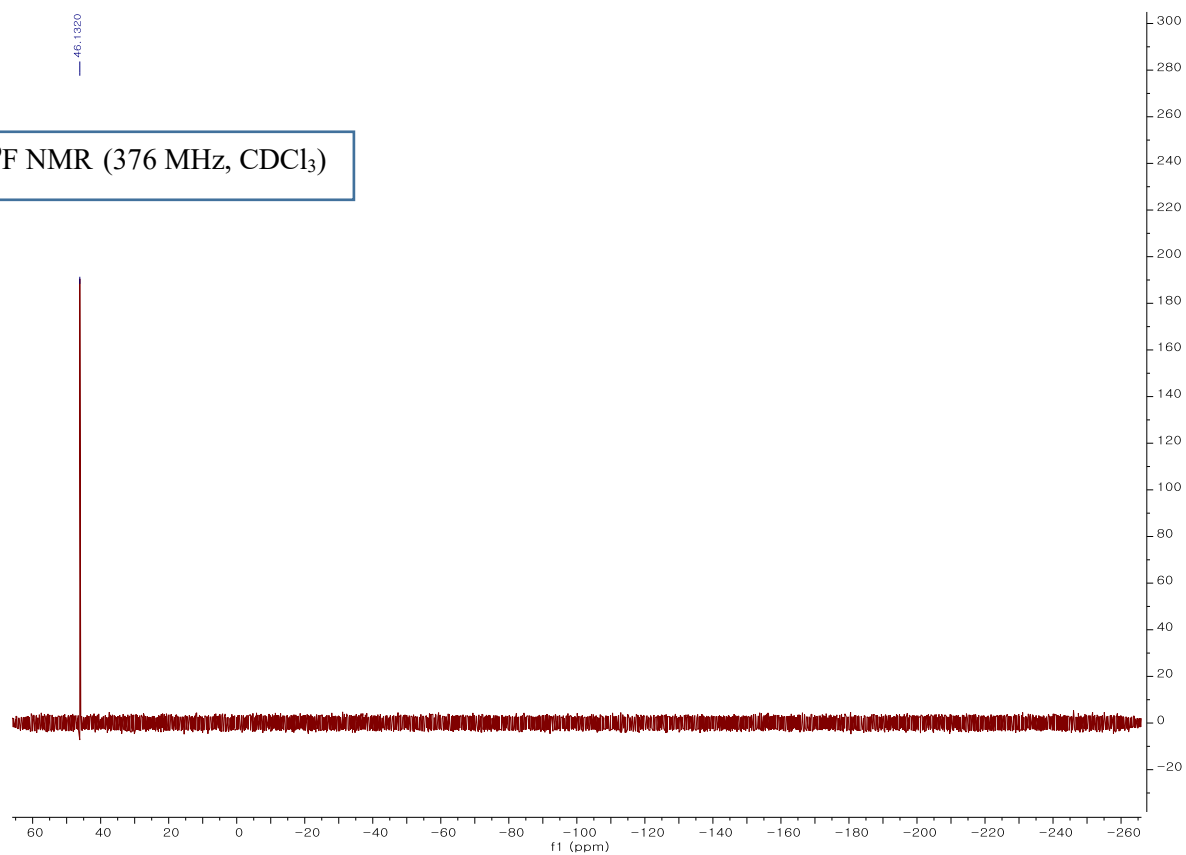


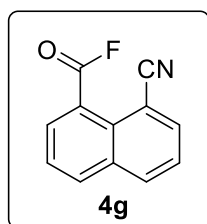


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

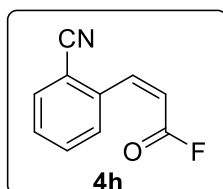
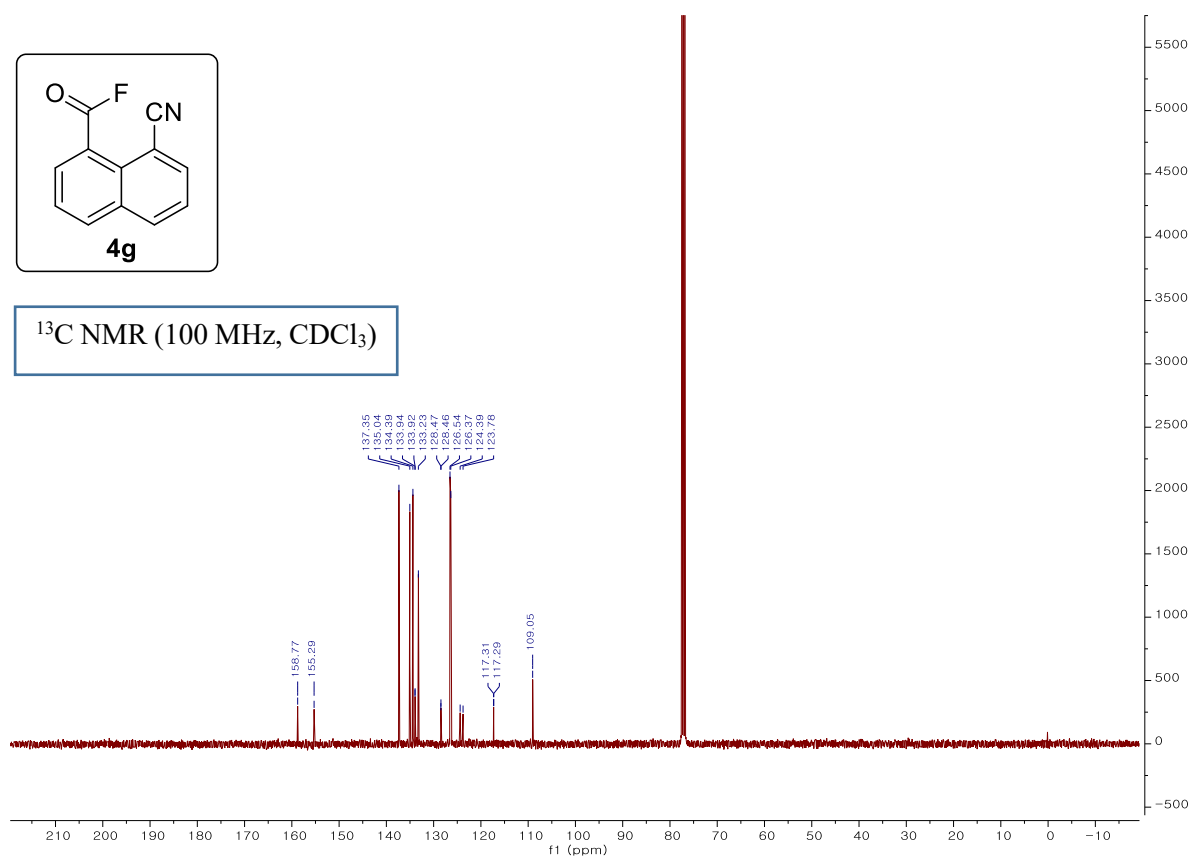


^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

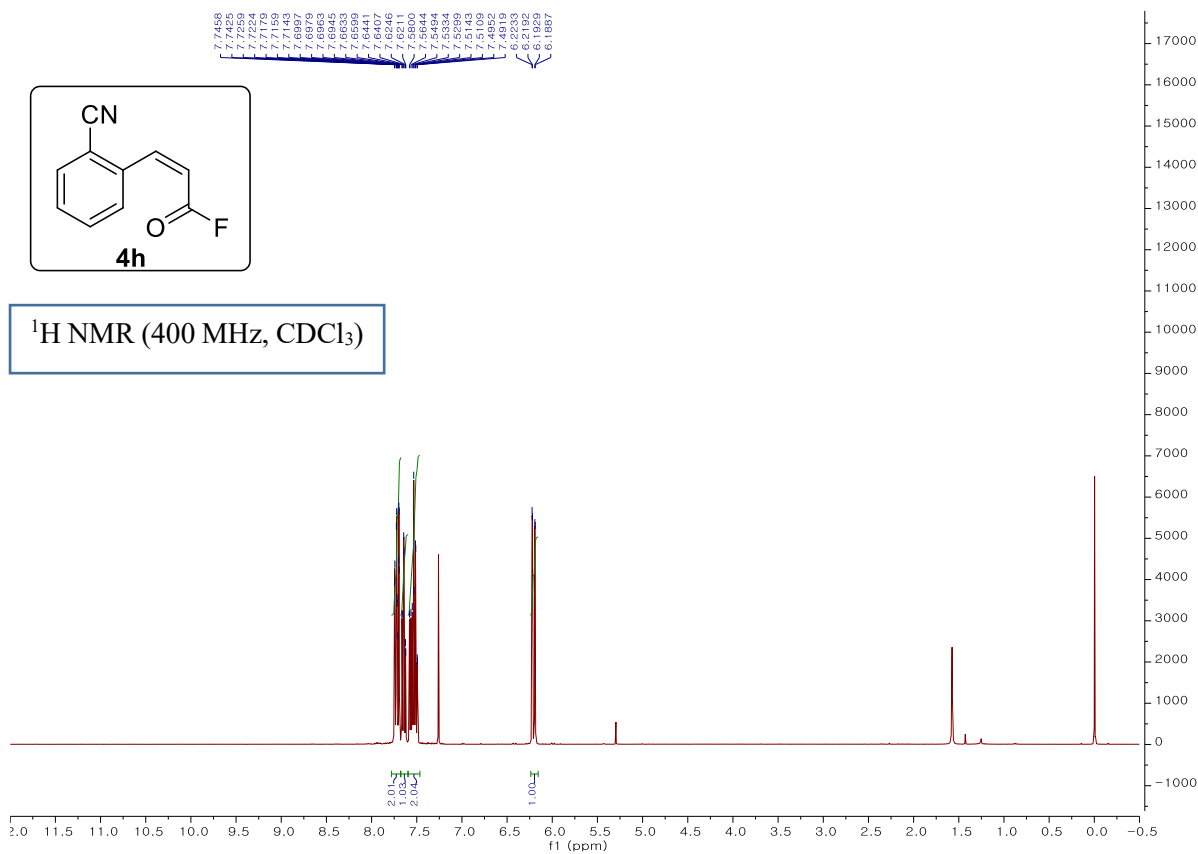


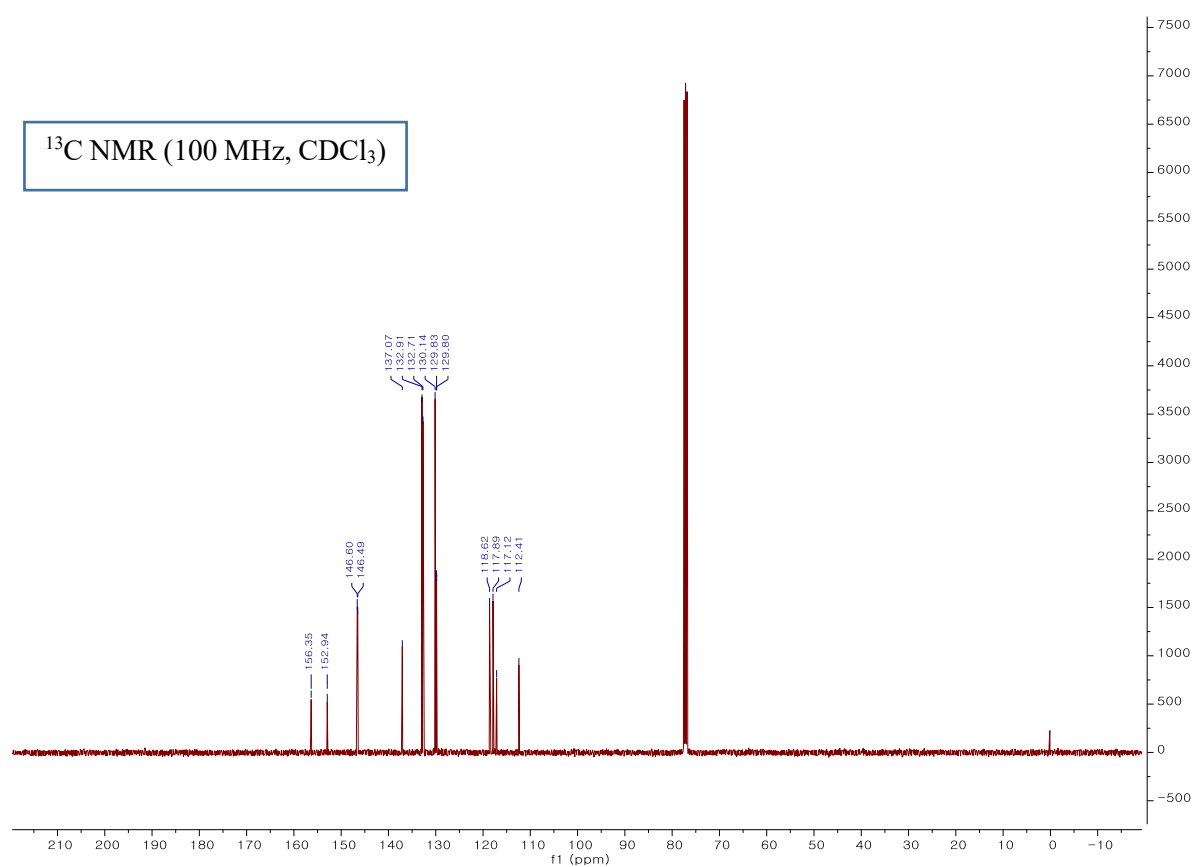
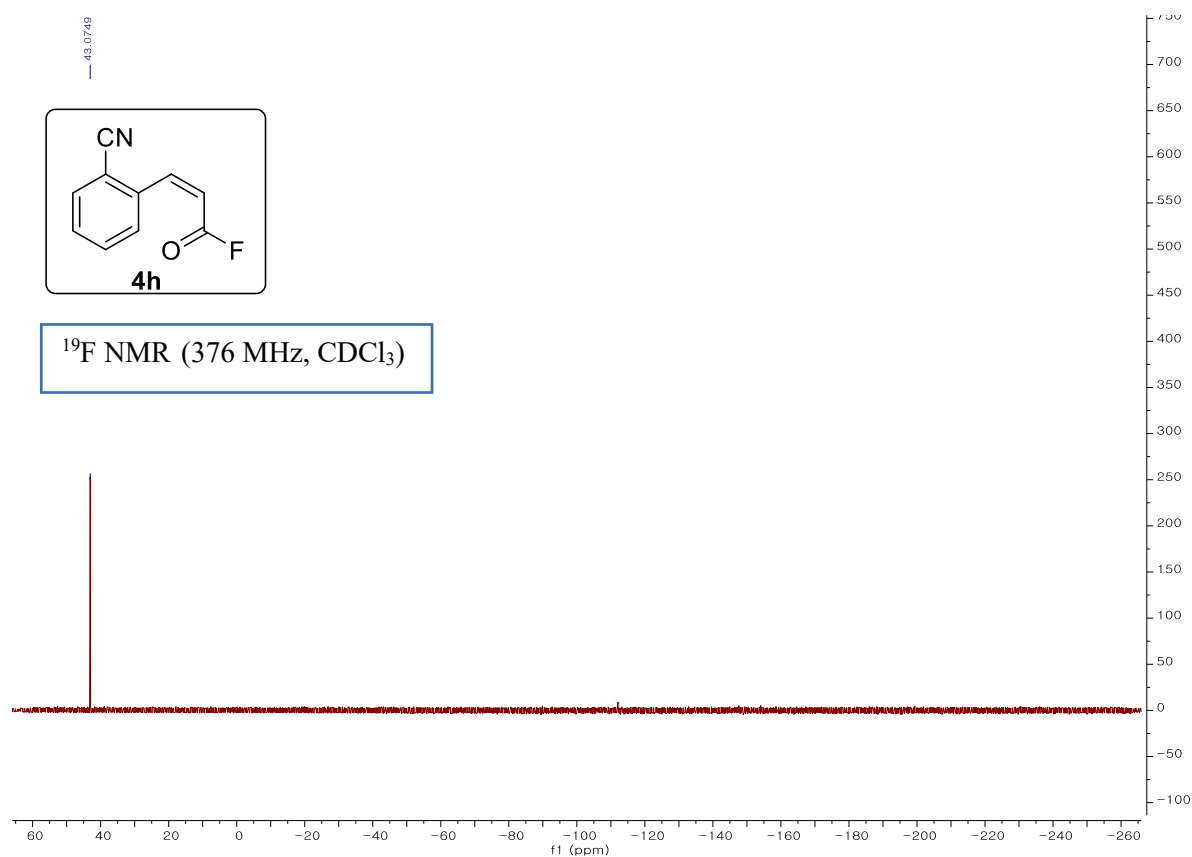


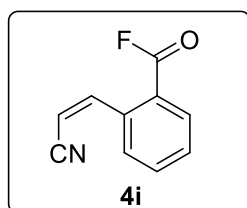
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



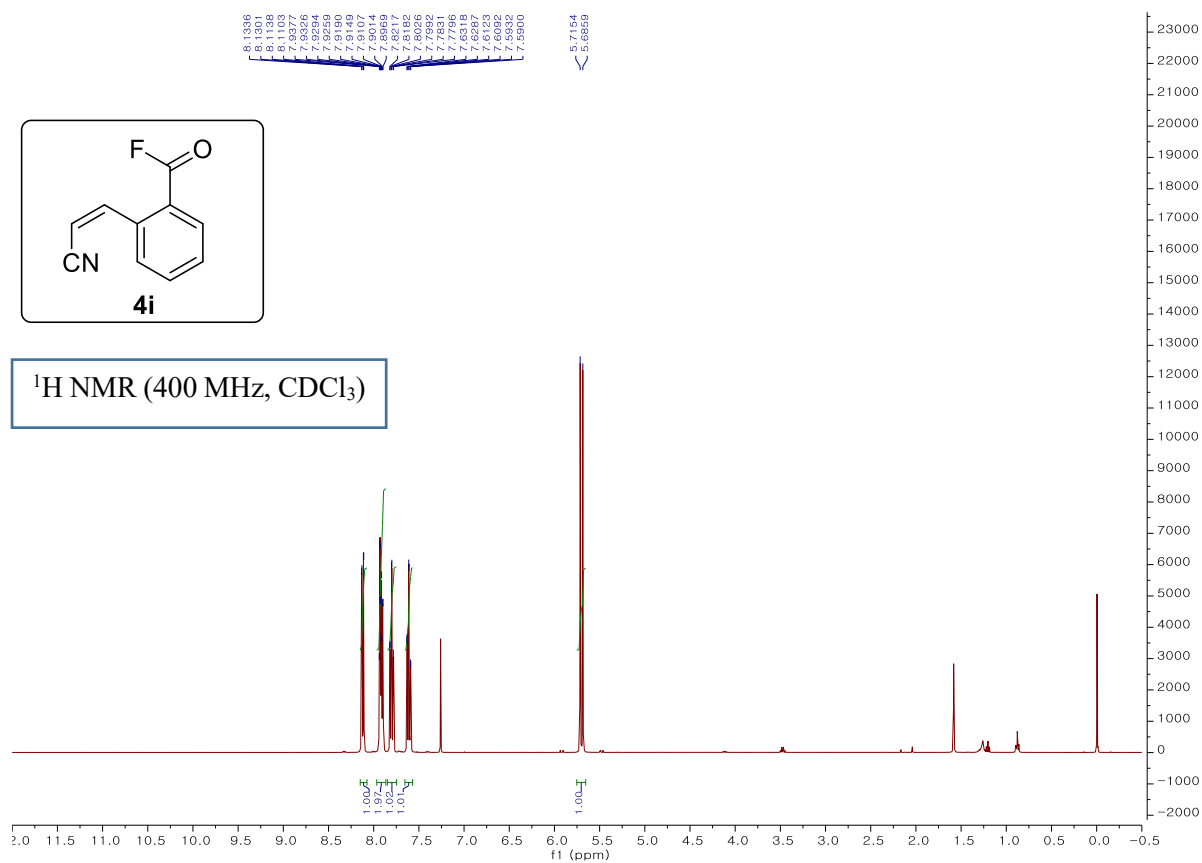
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)



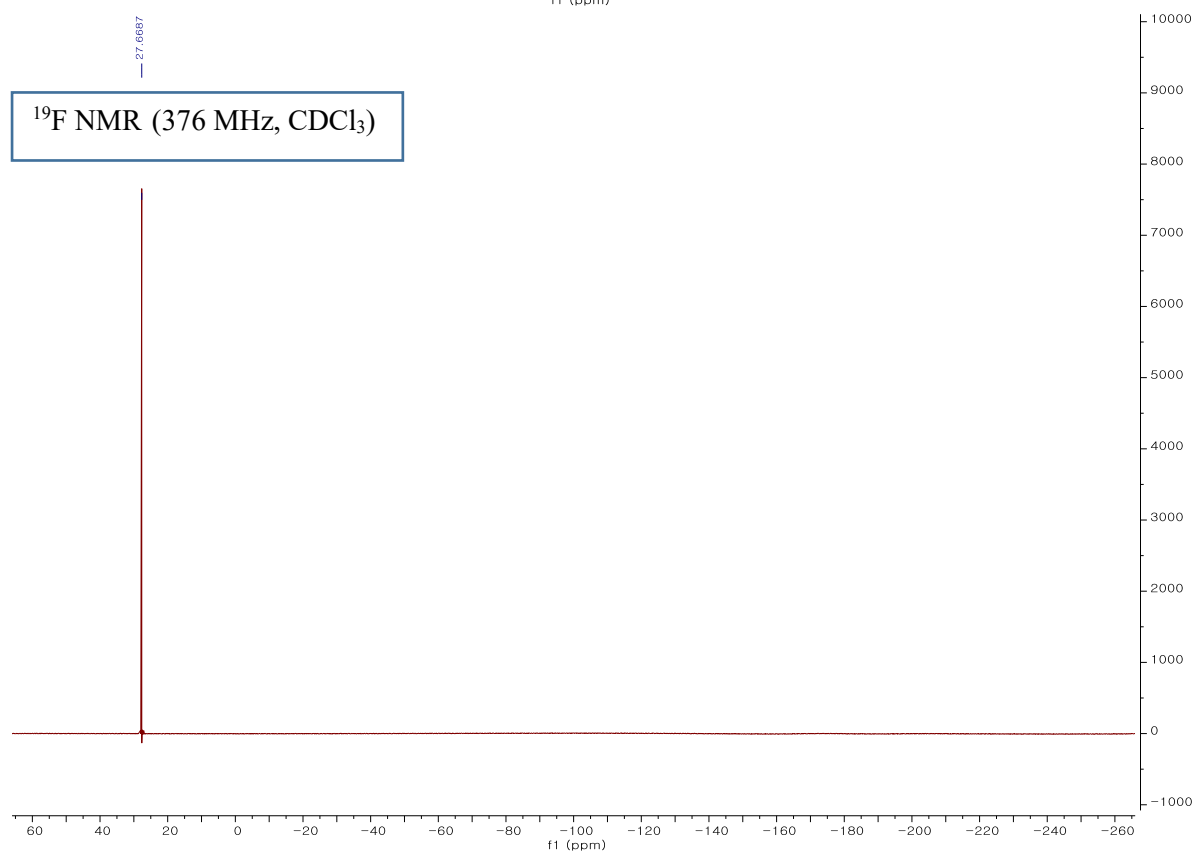


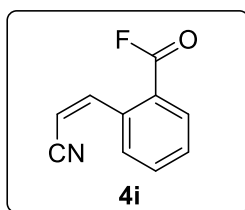


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

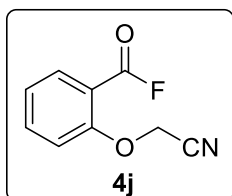
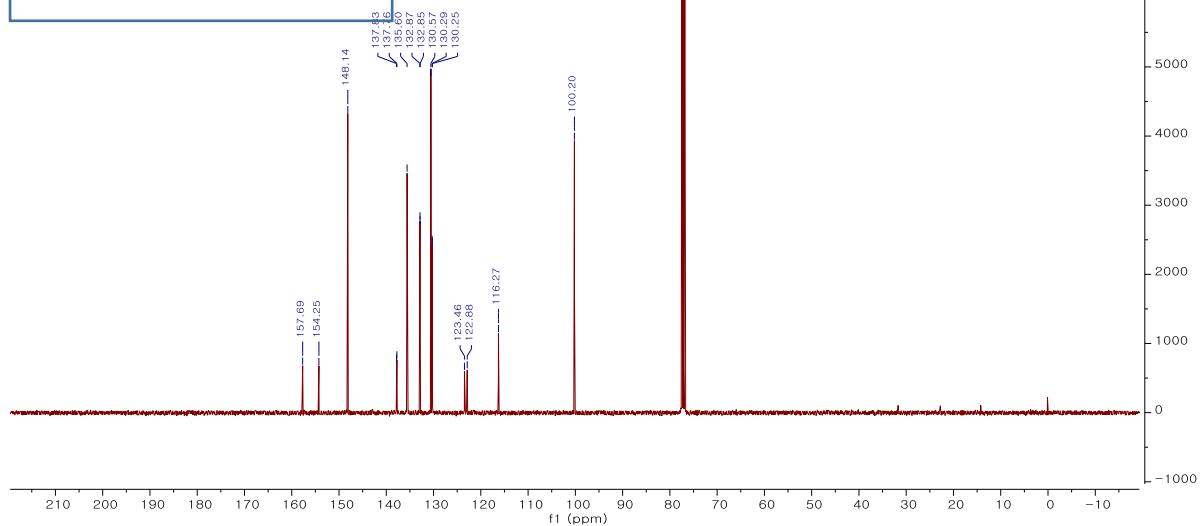


¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

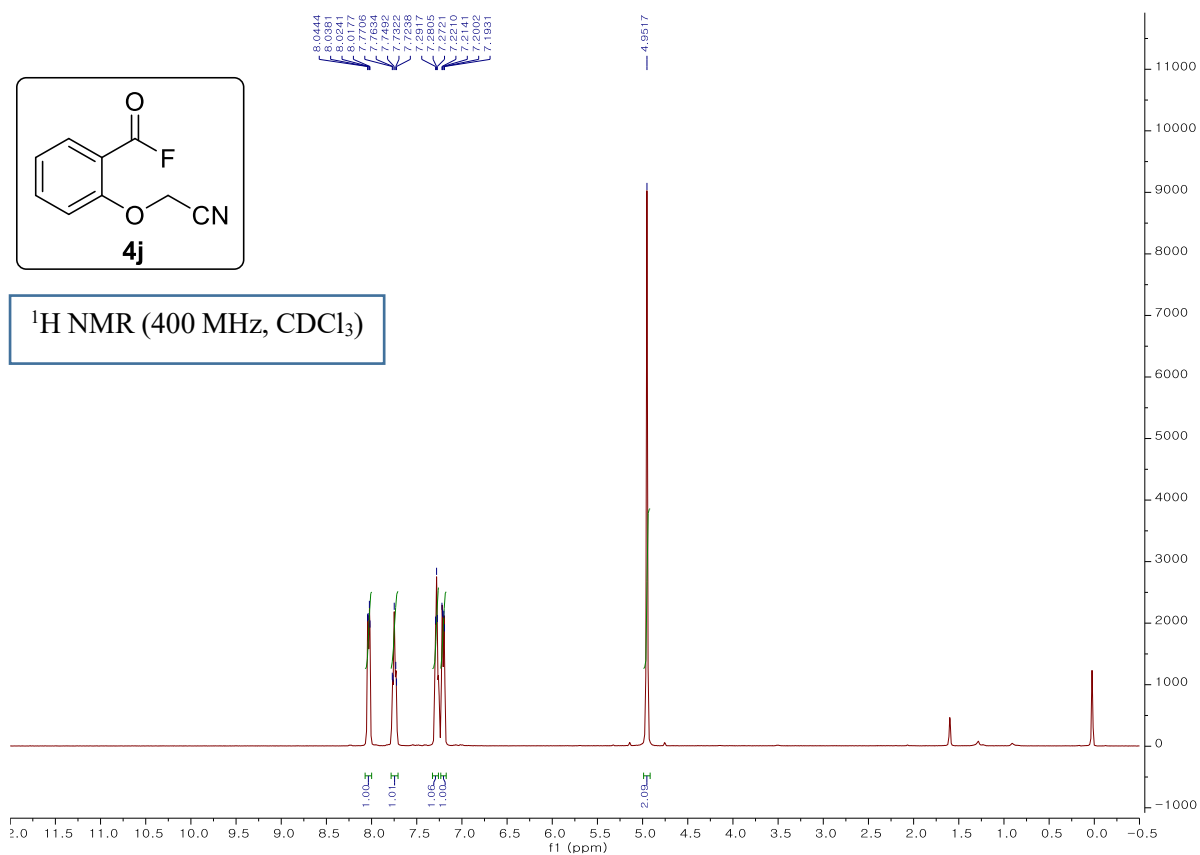


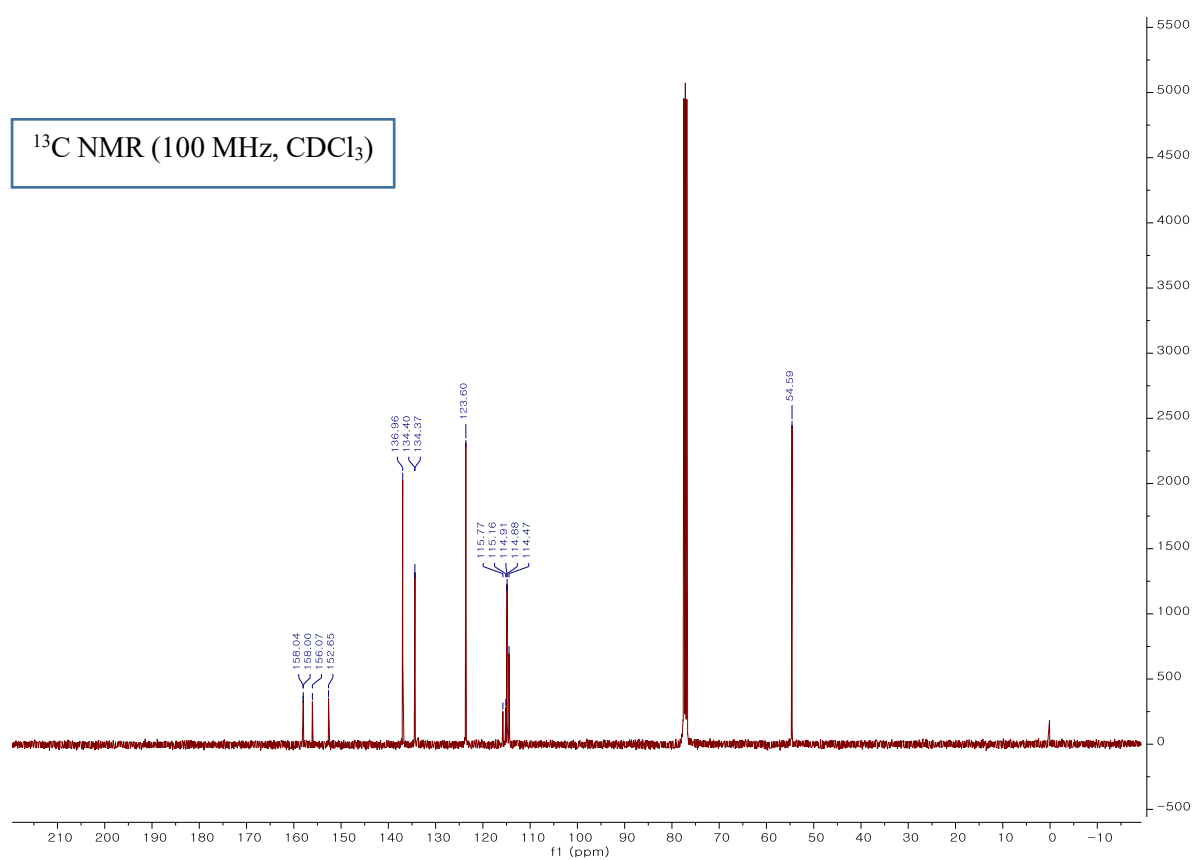
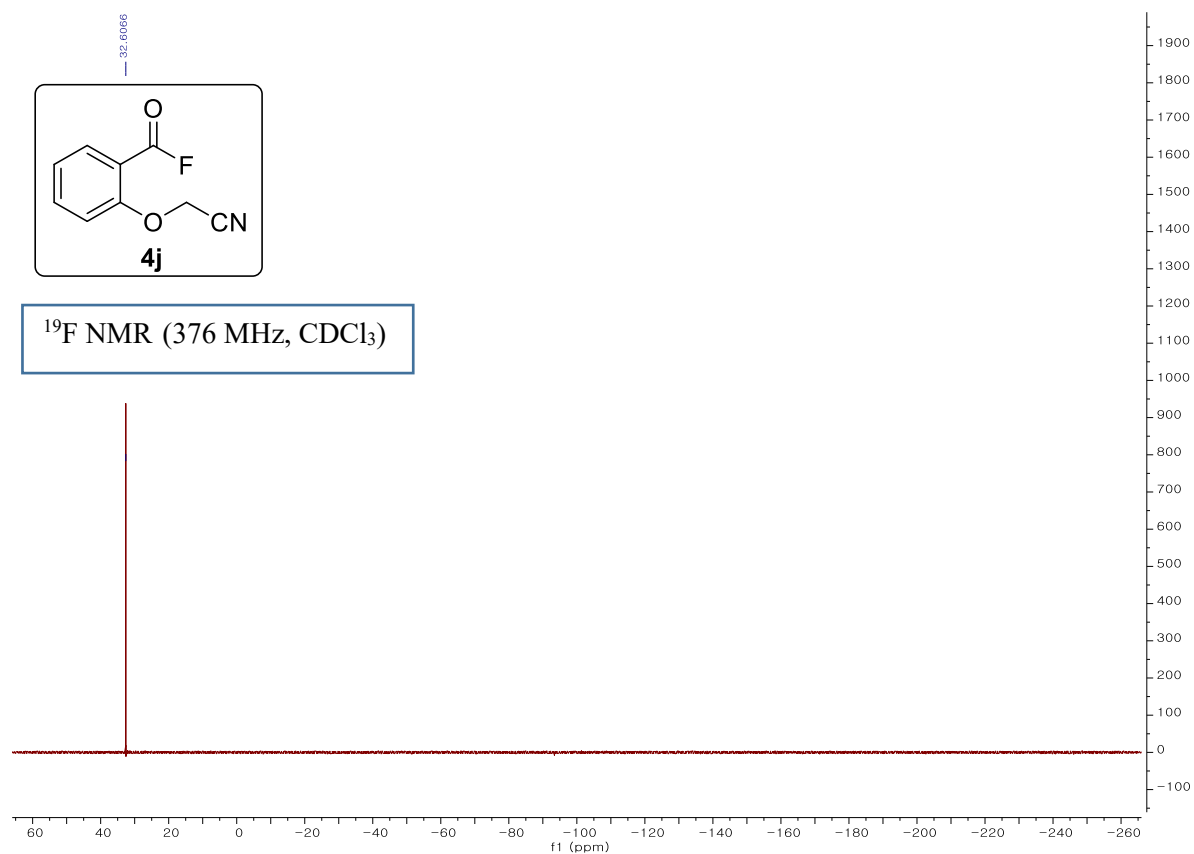


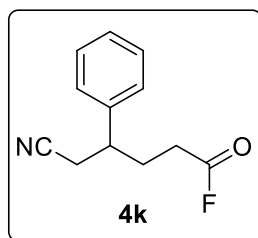
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



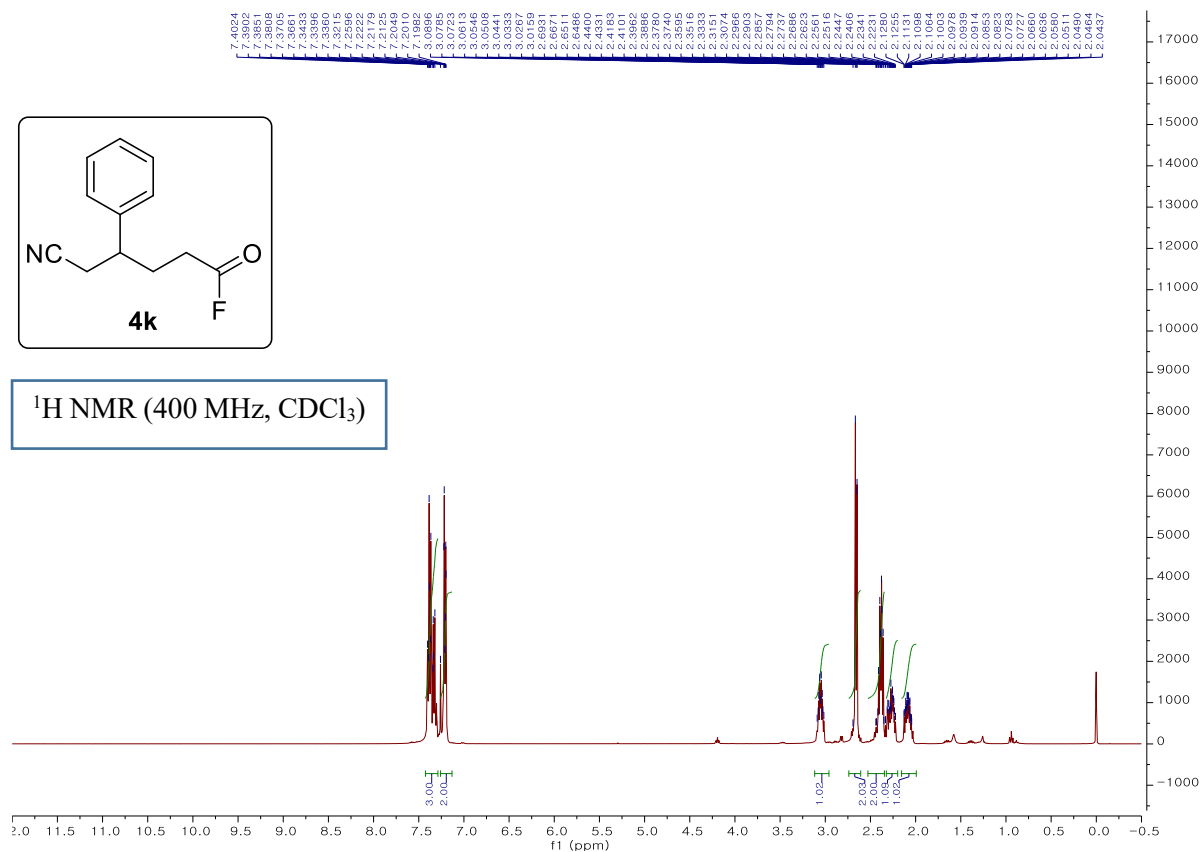
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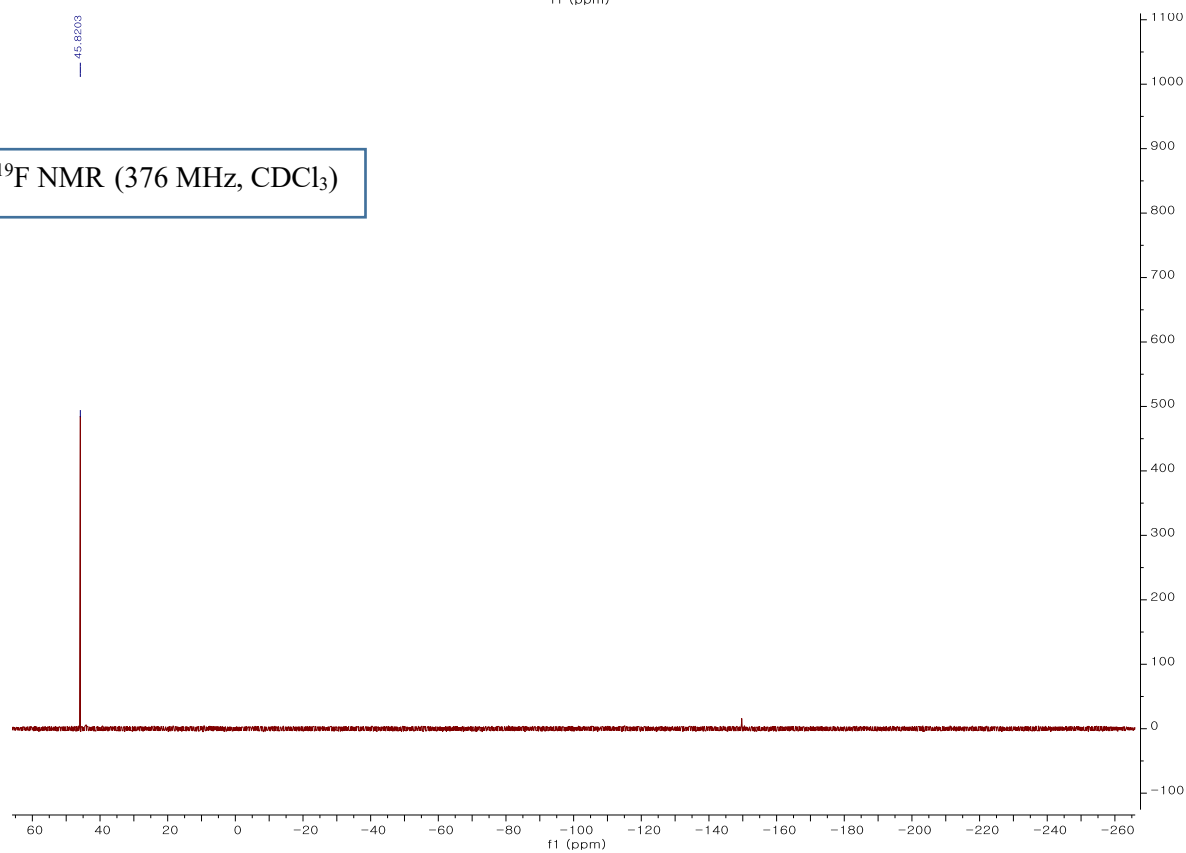


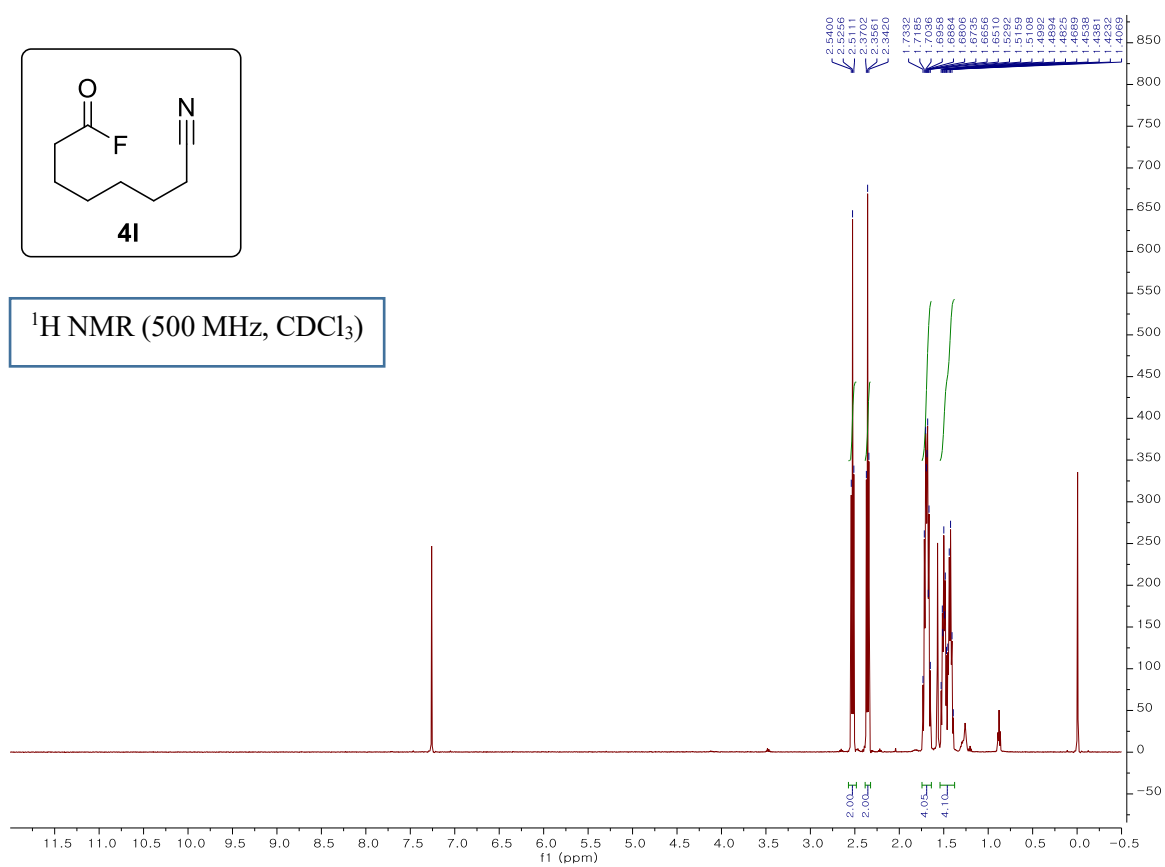
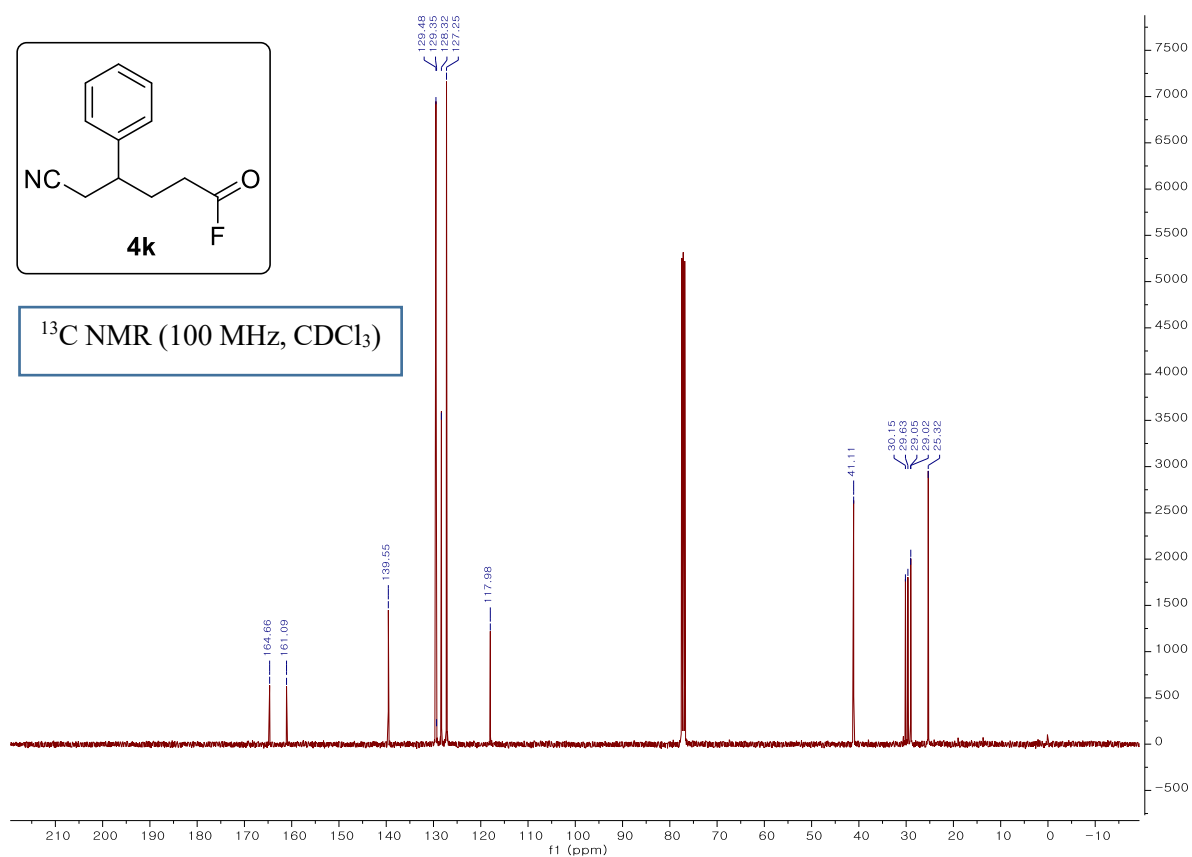


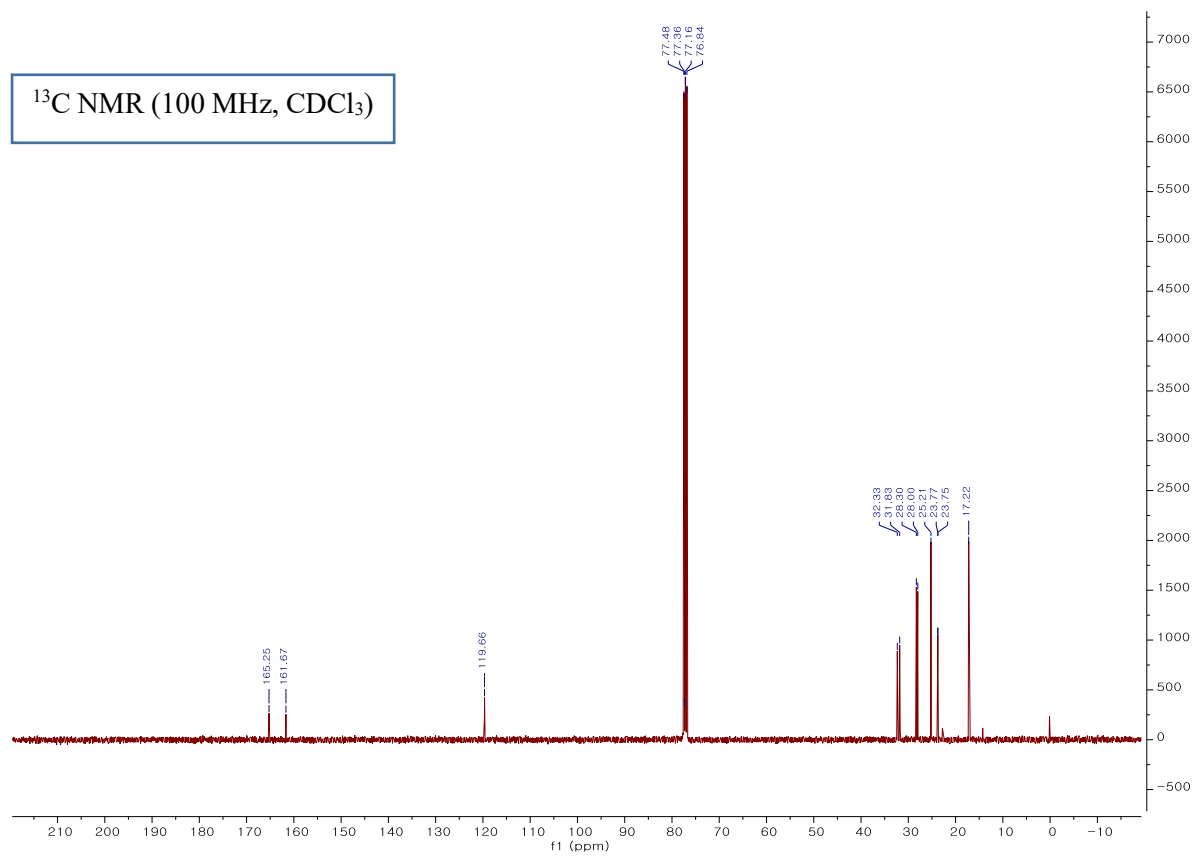
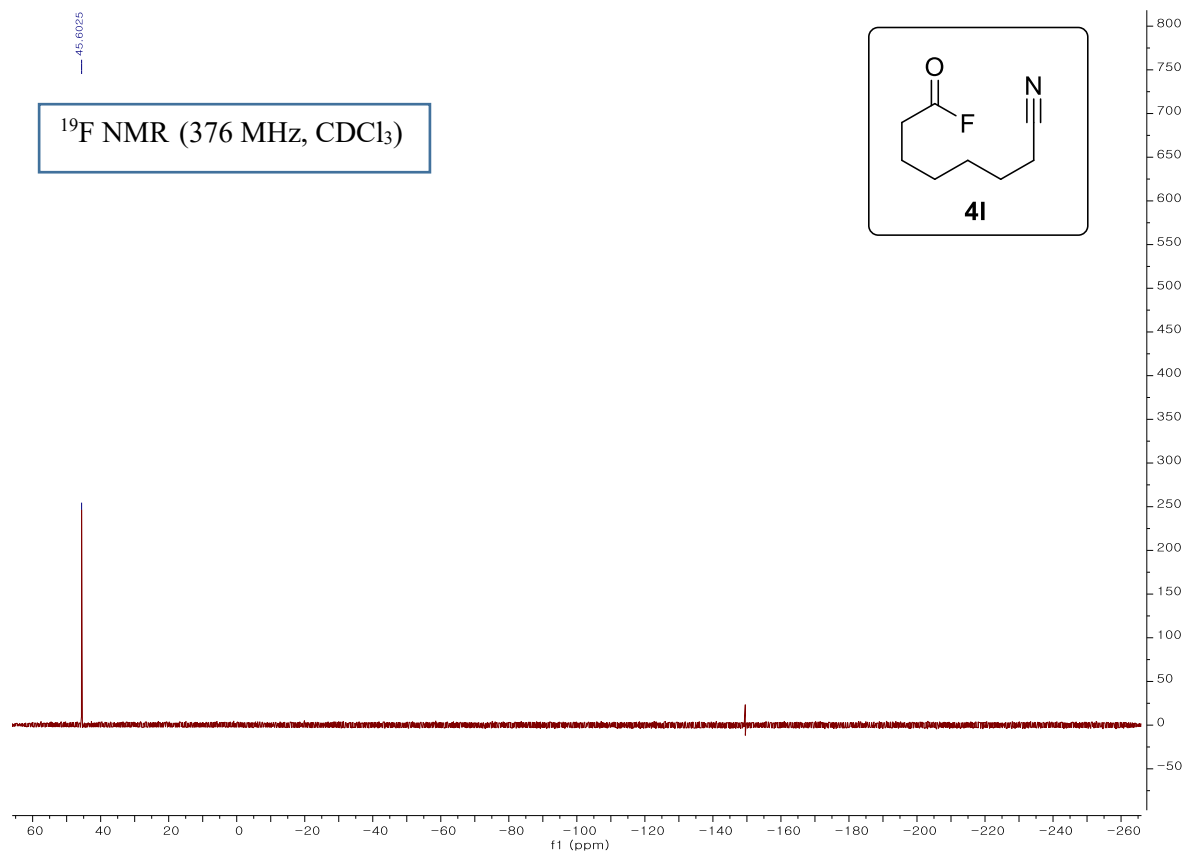
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

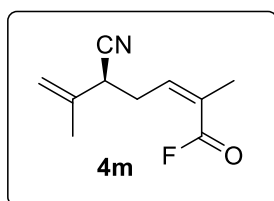


^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

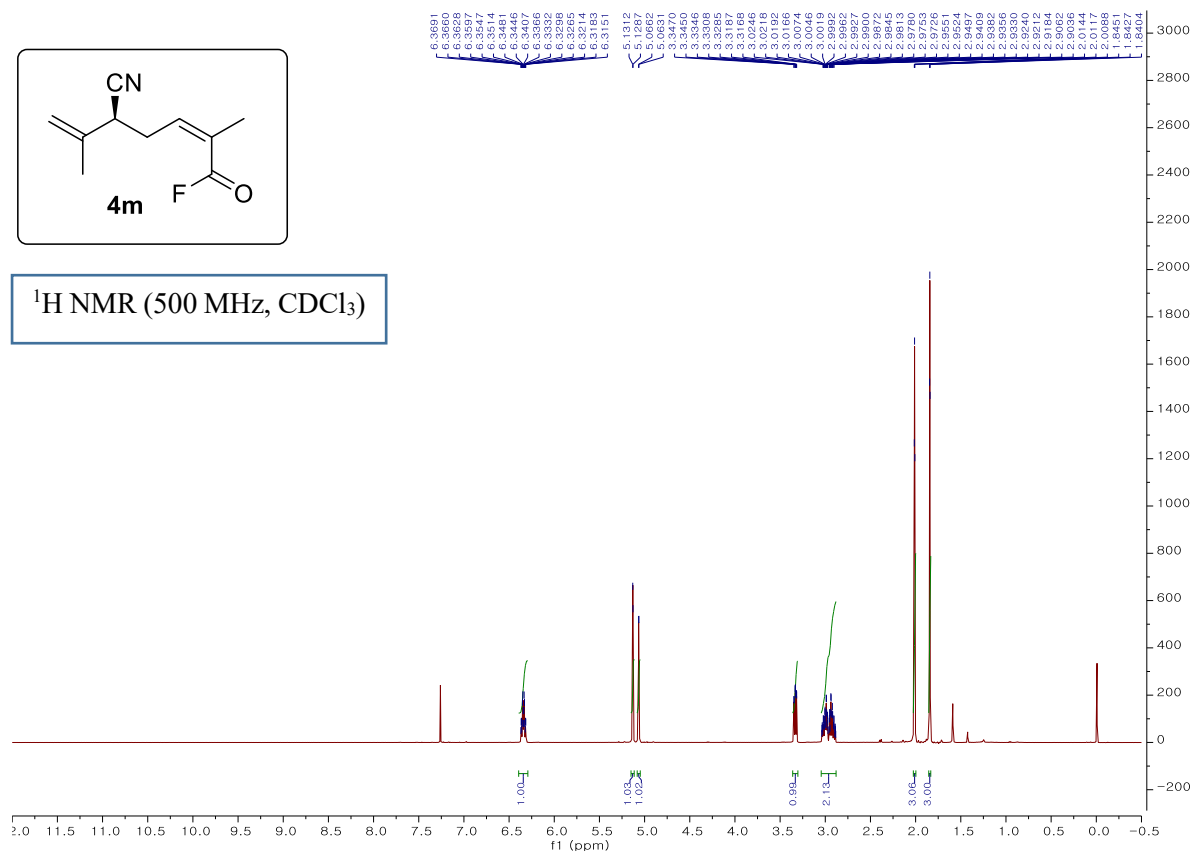




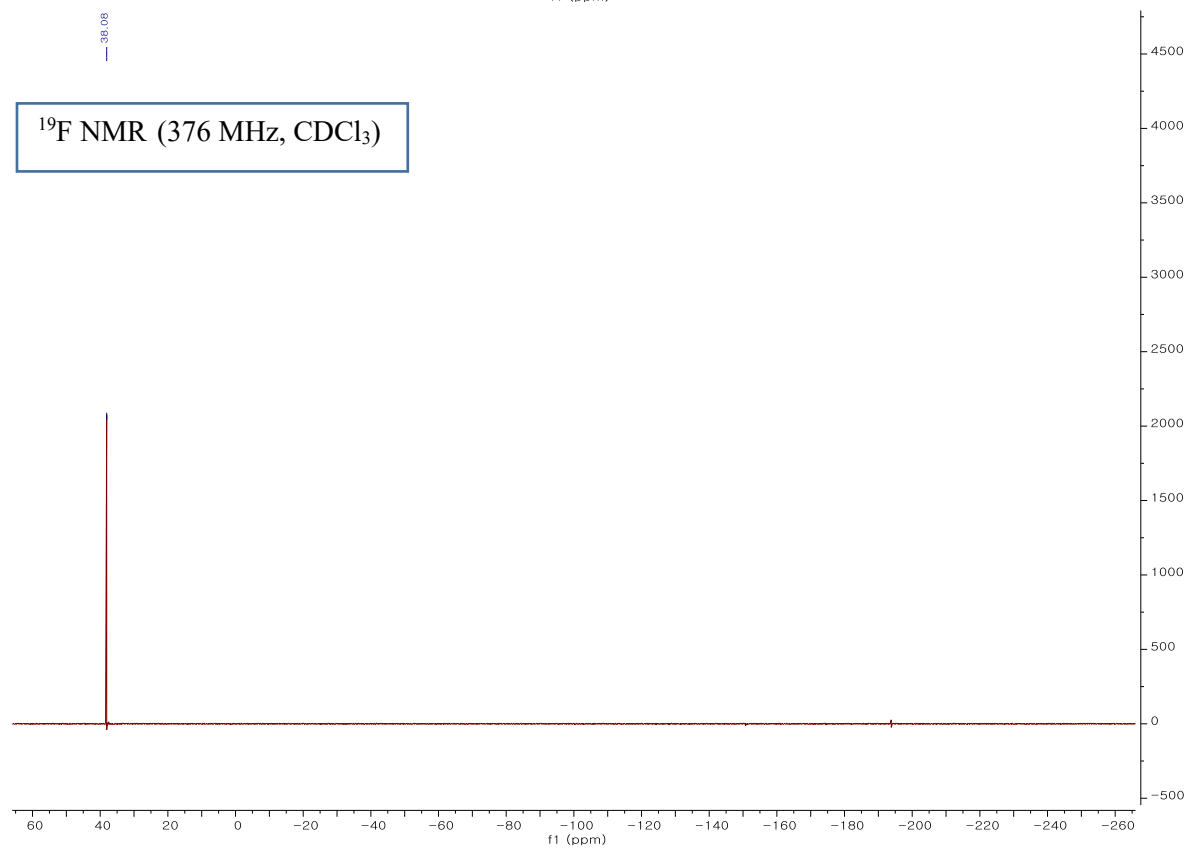


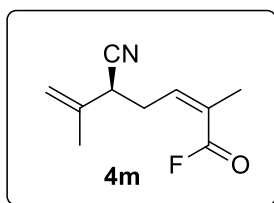


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

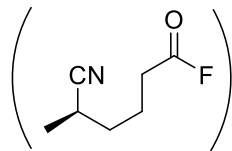
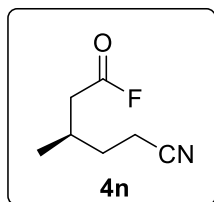
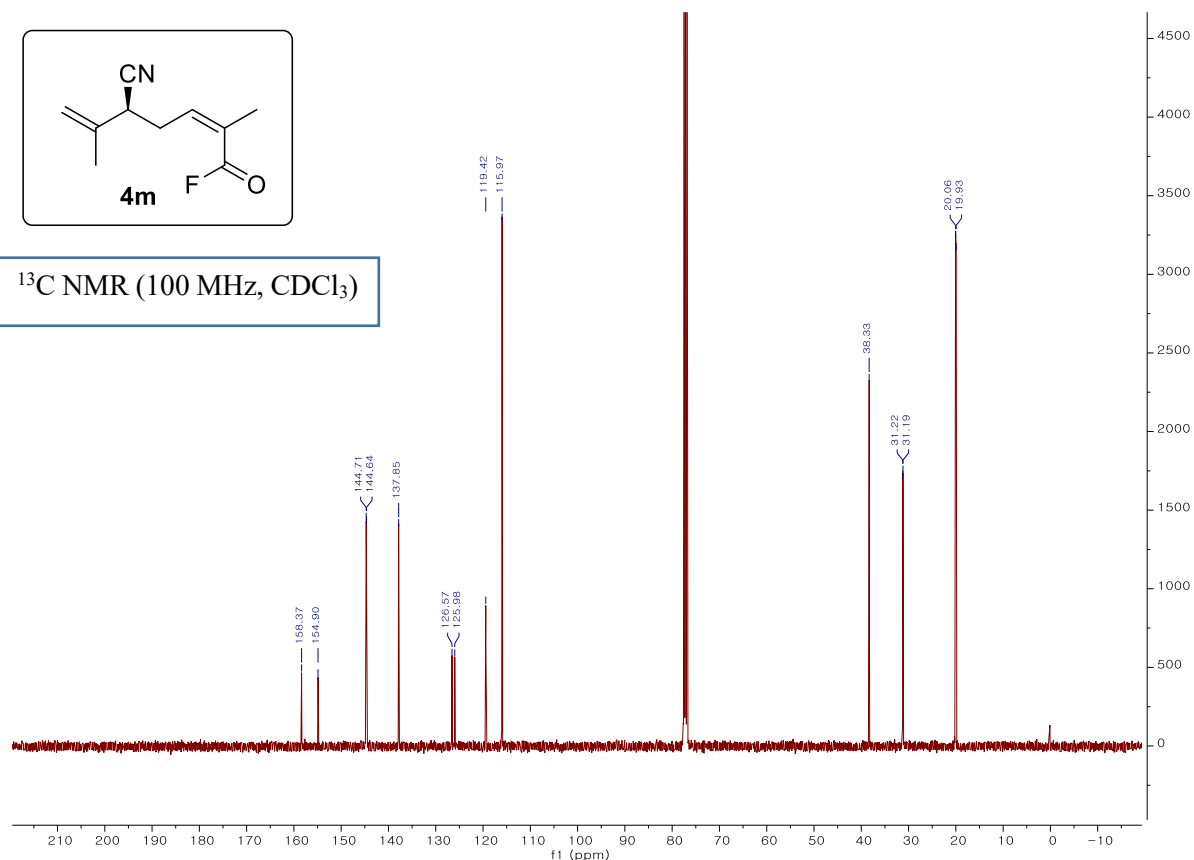


^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)



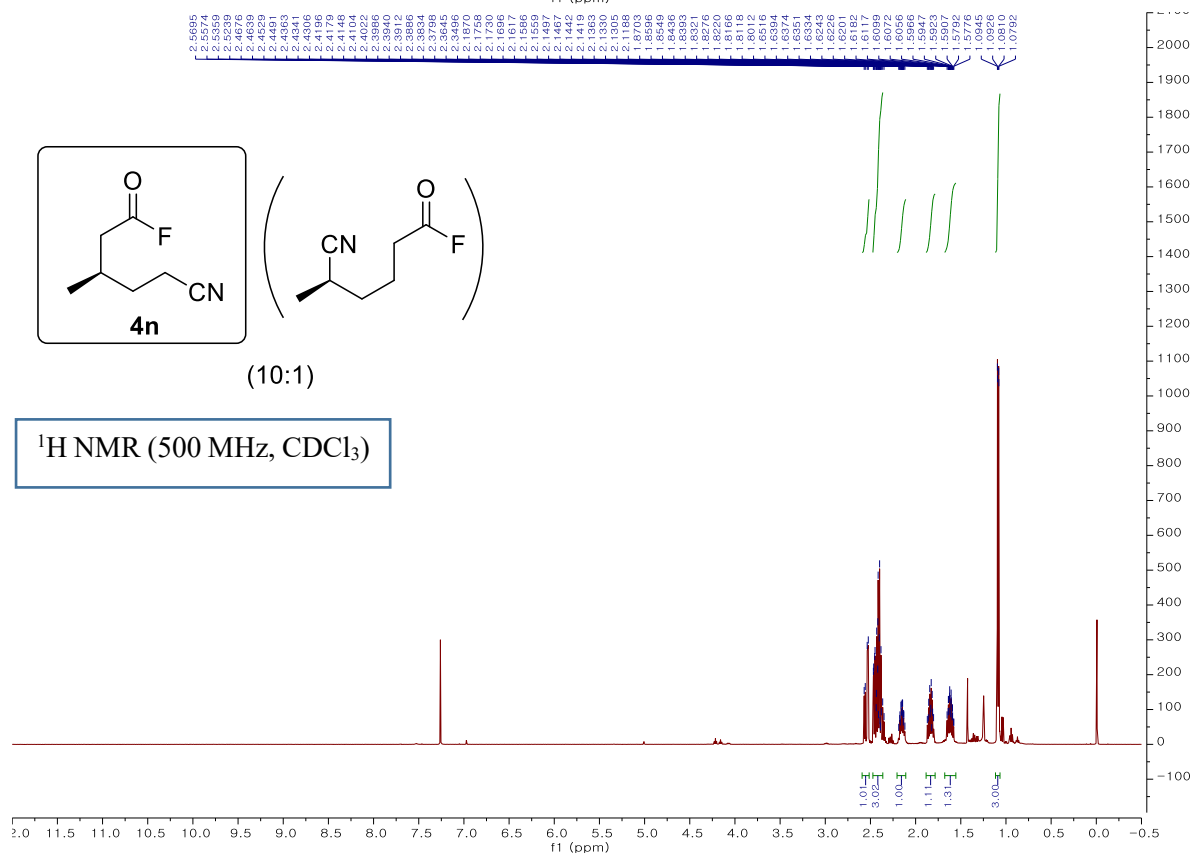


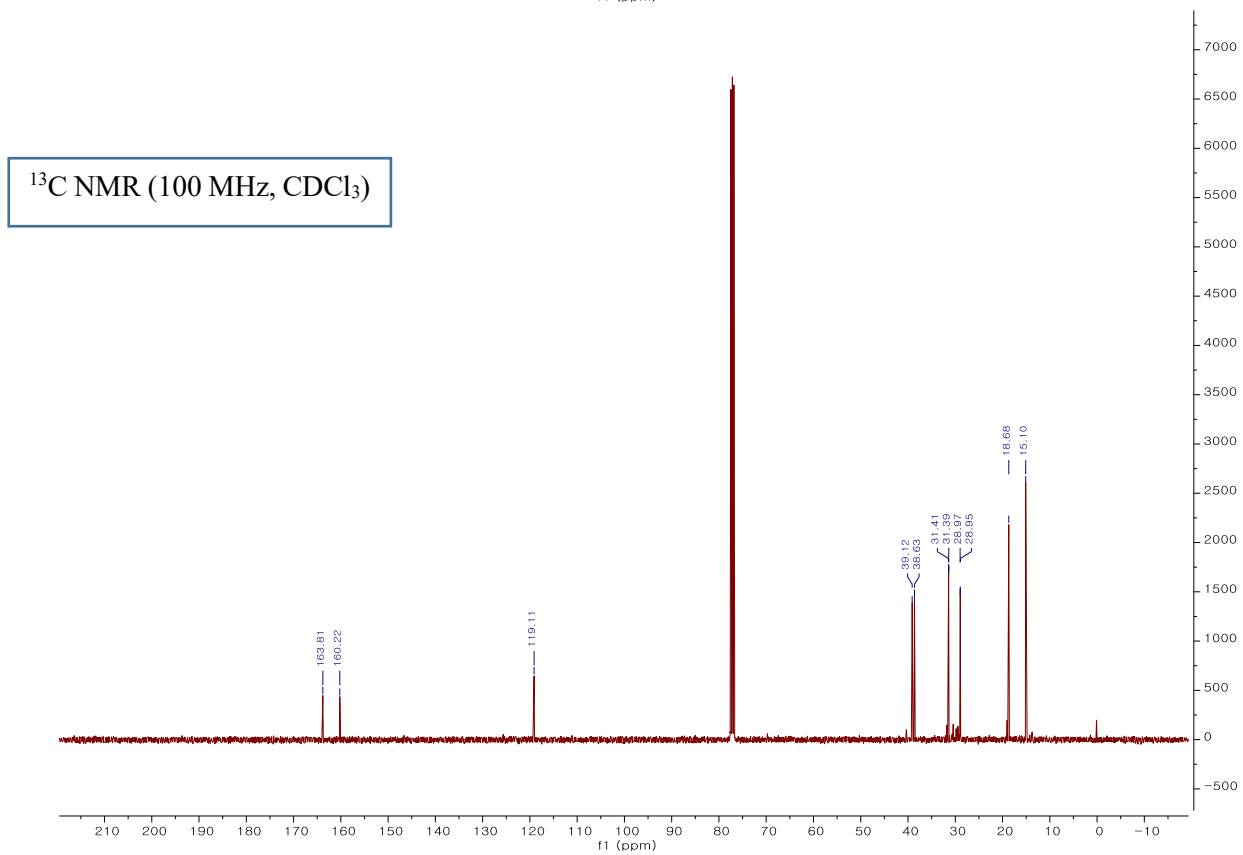
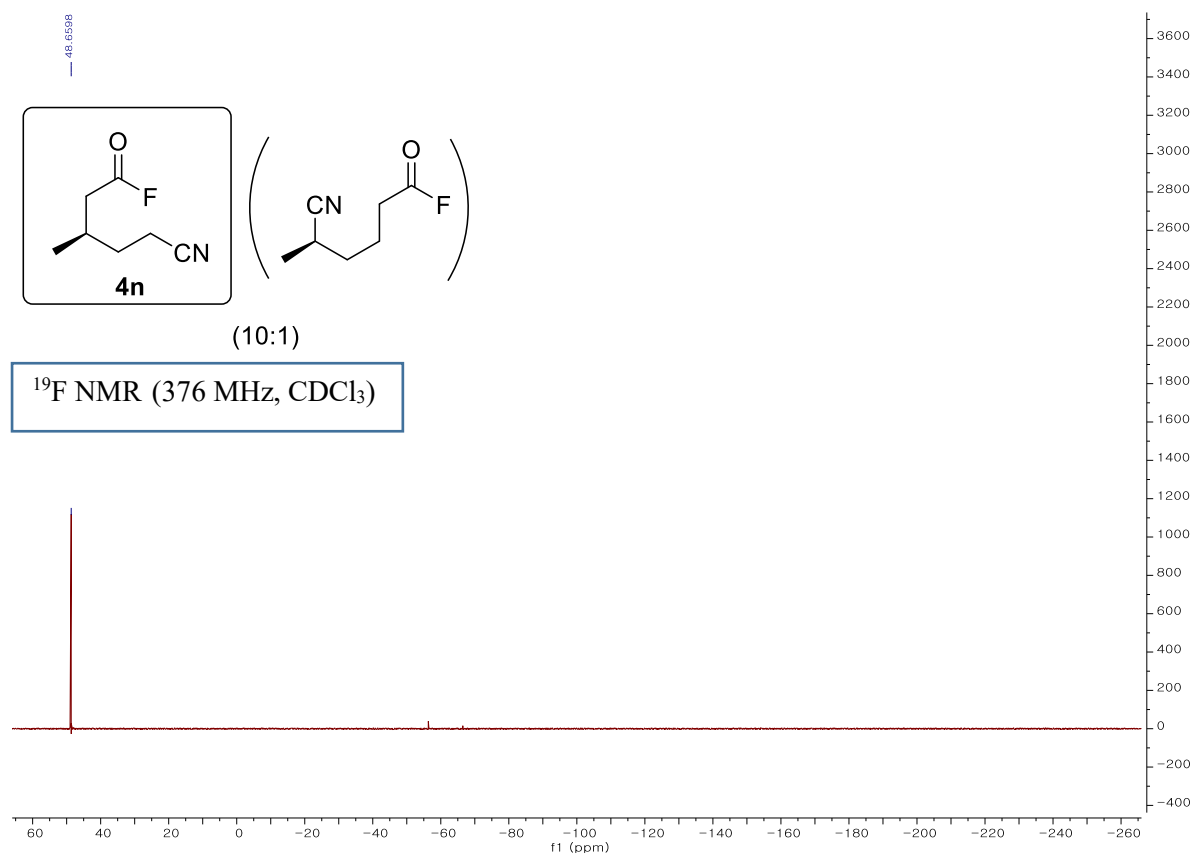
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

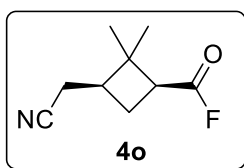


(10:1)

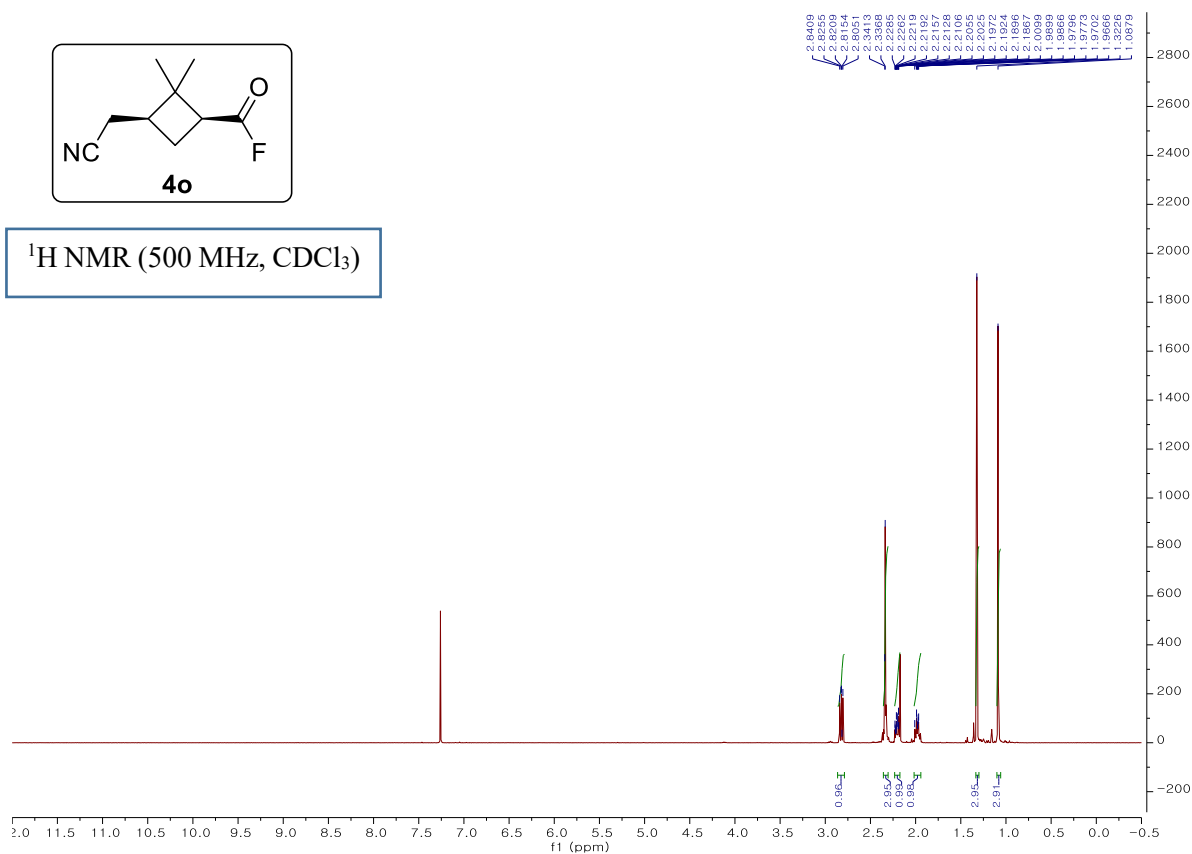
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)



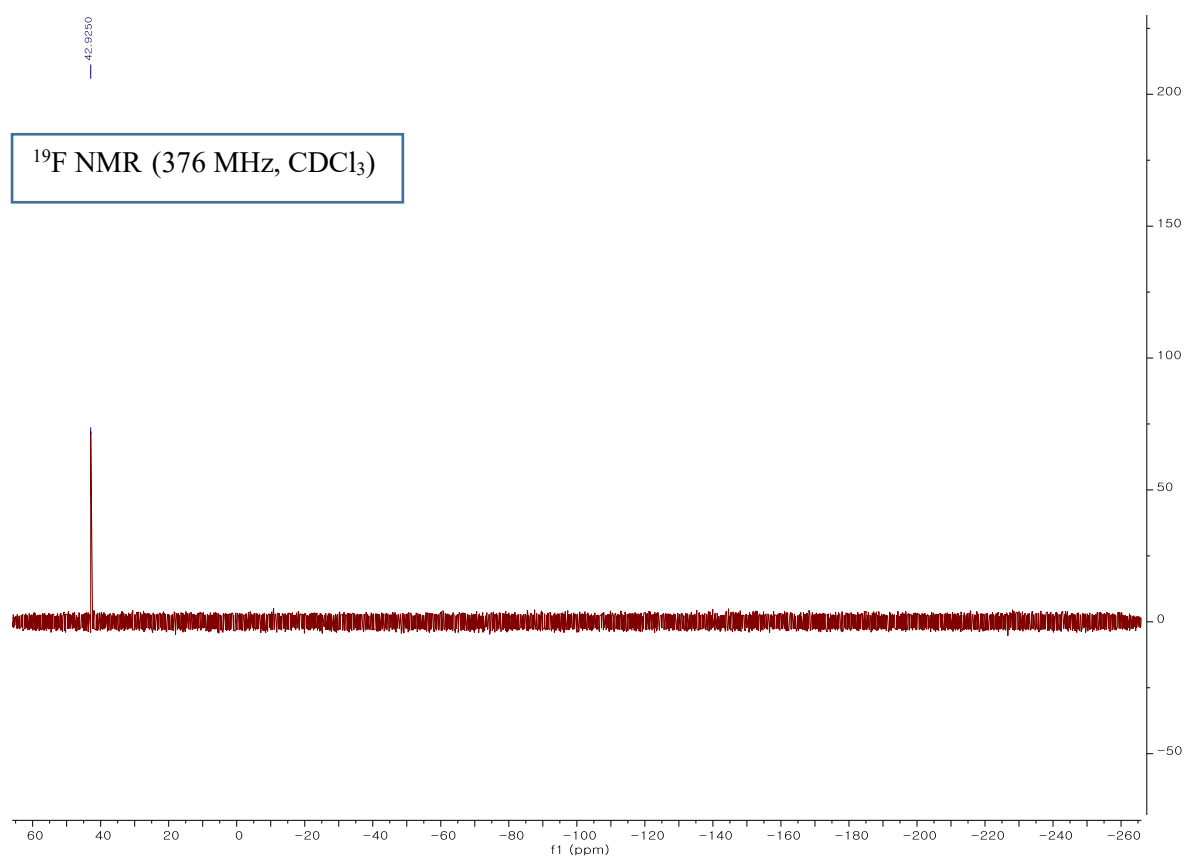


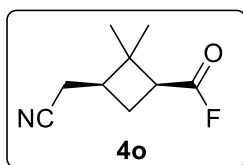


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

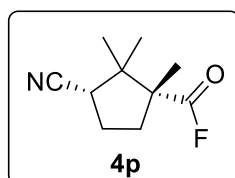
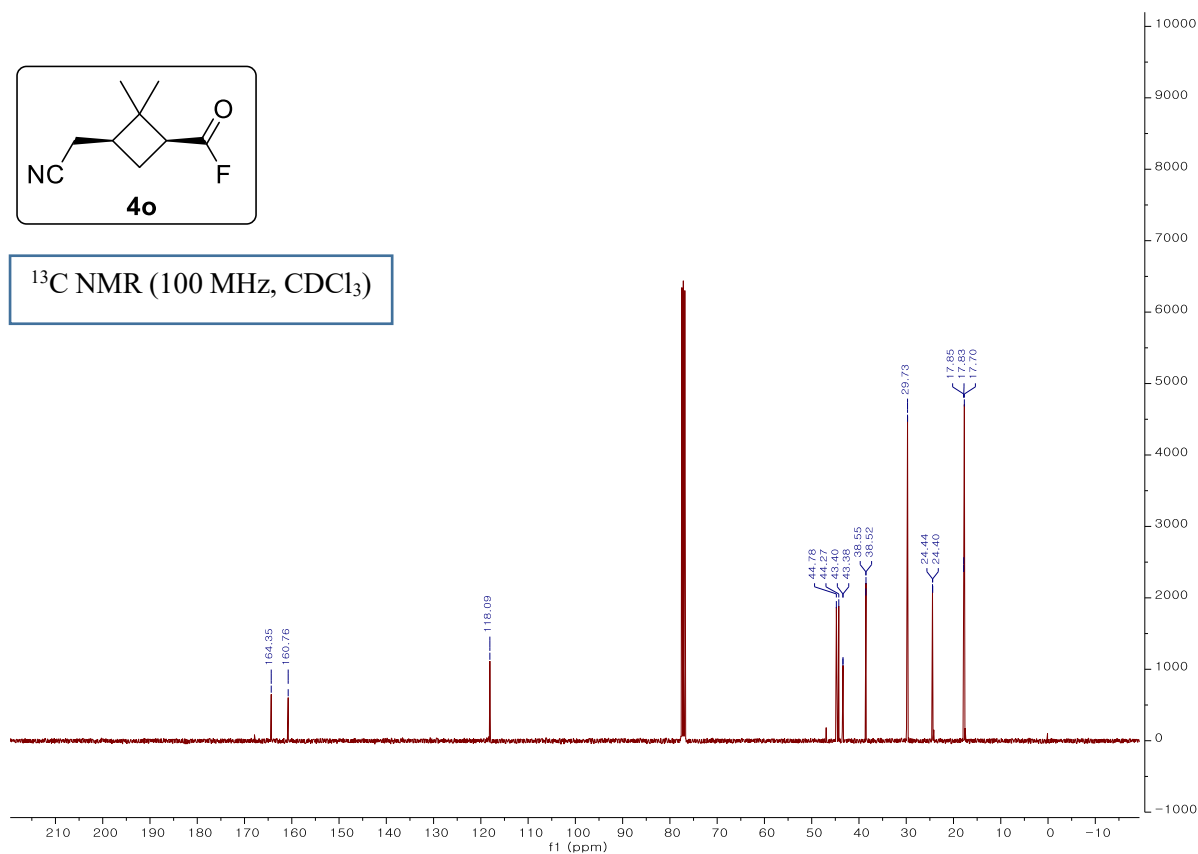


^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

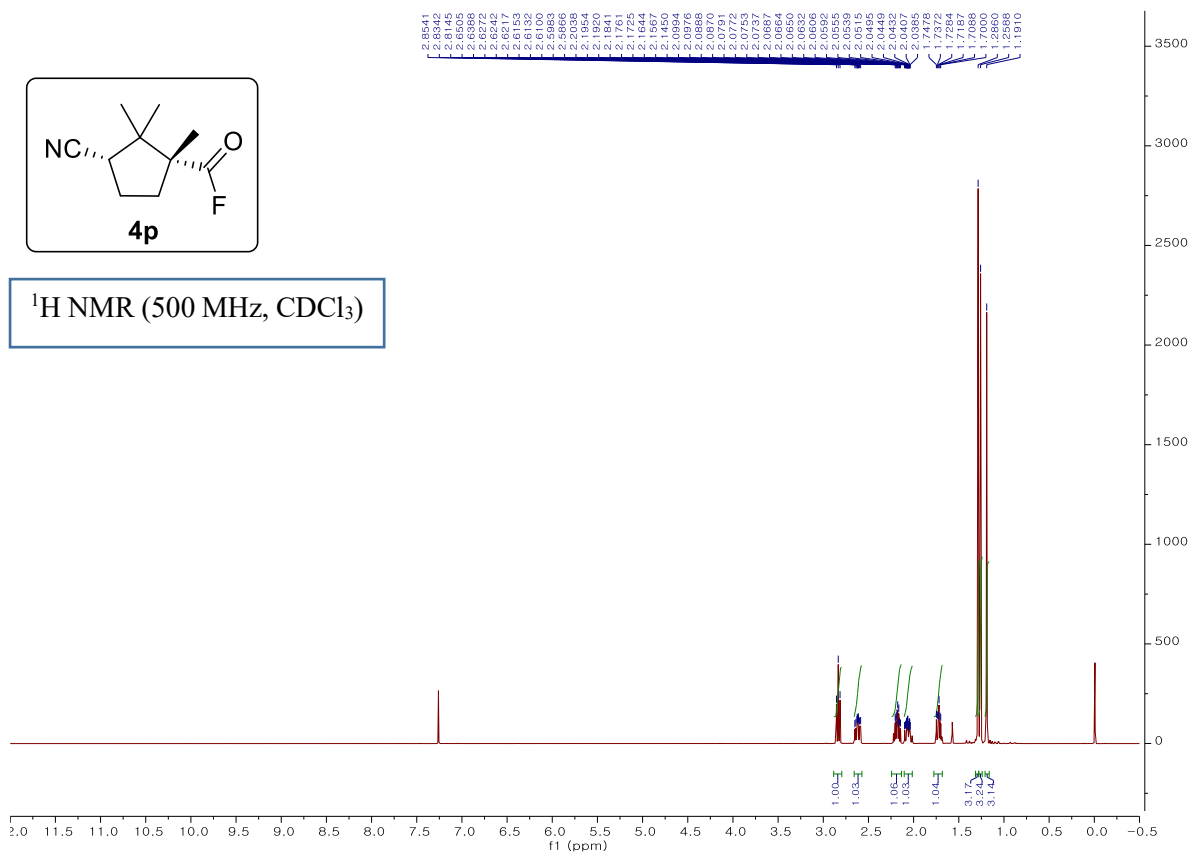


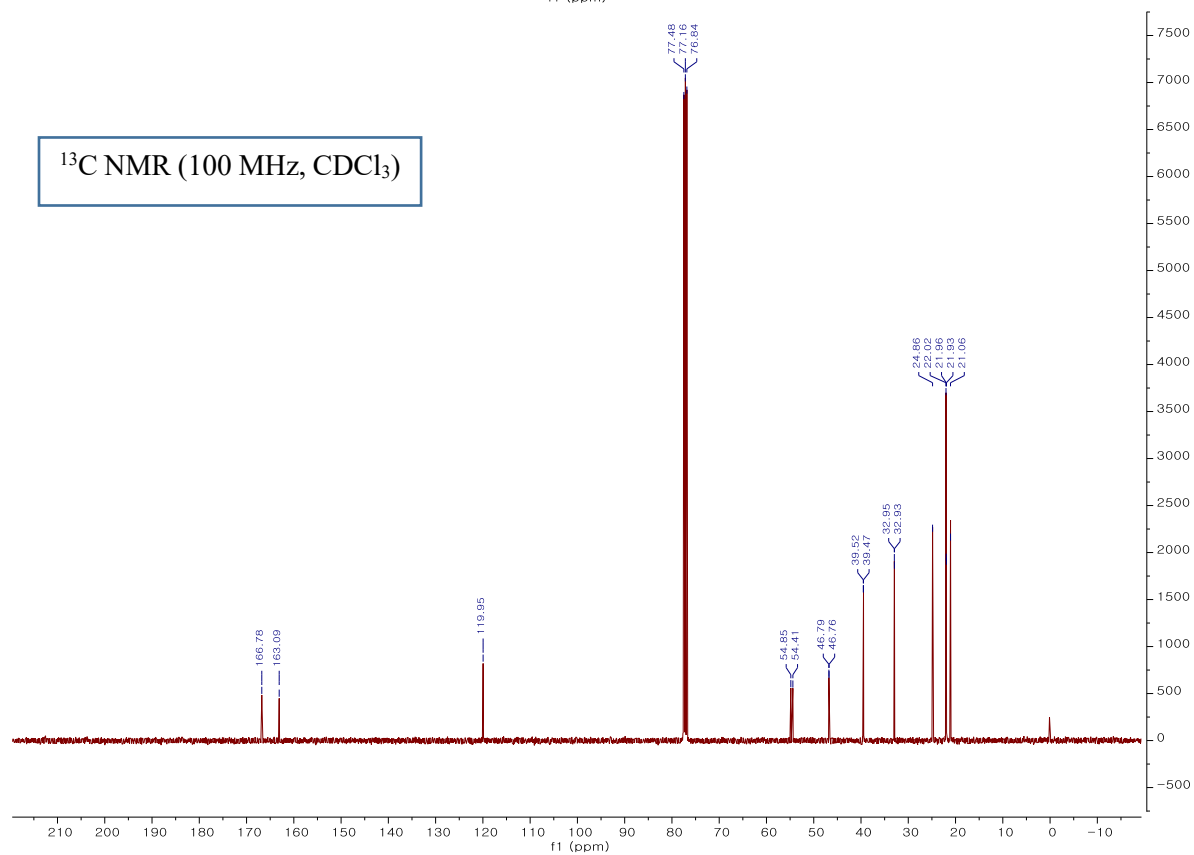
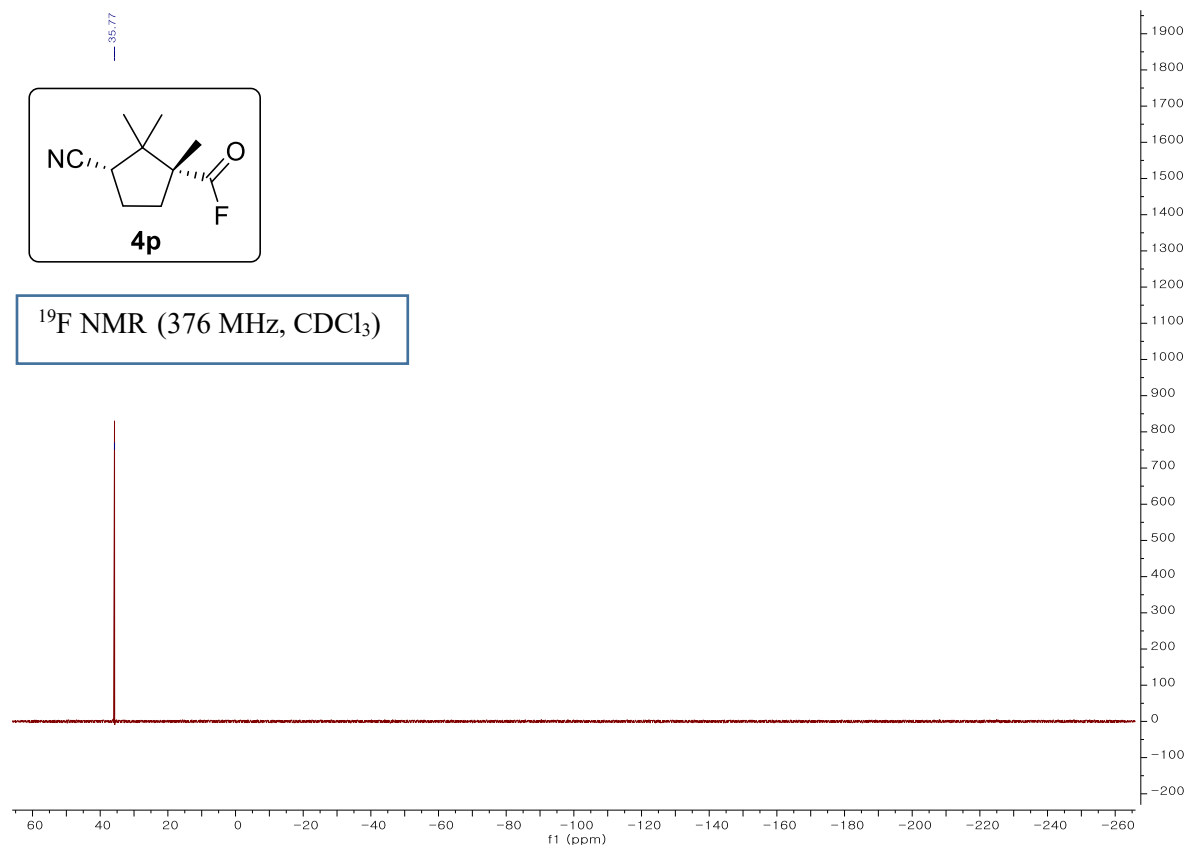


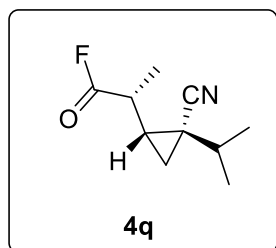
^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)



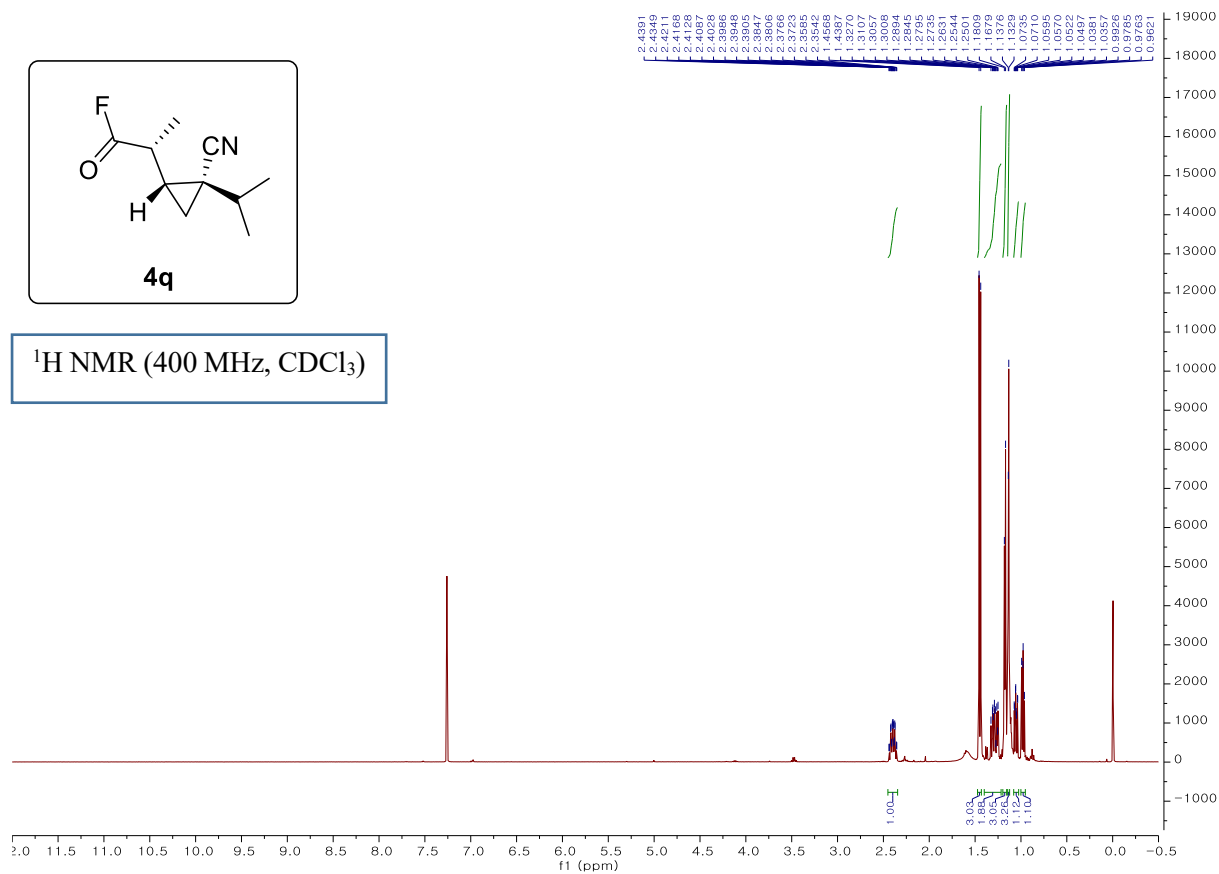
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)



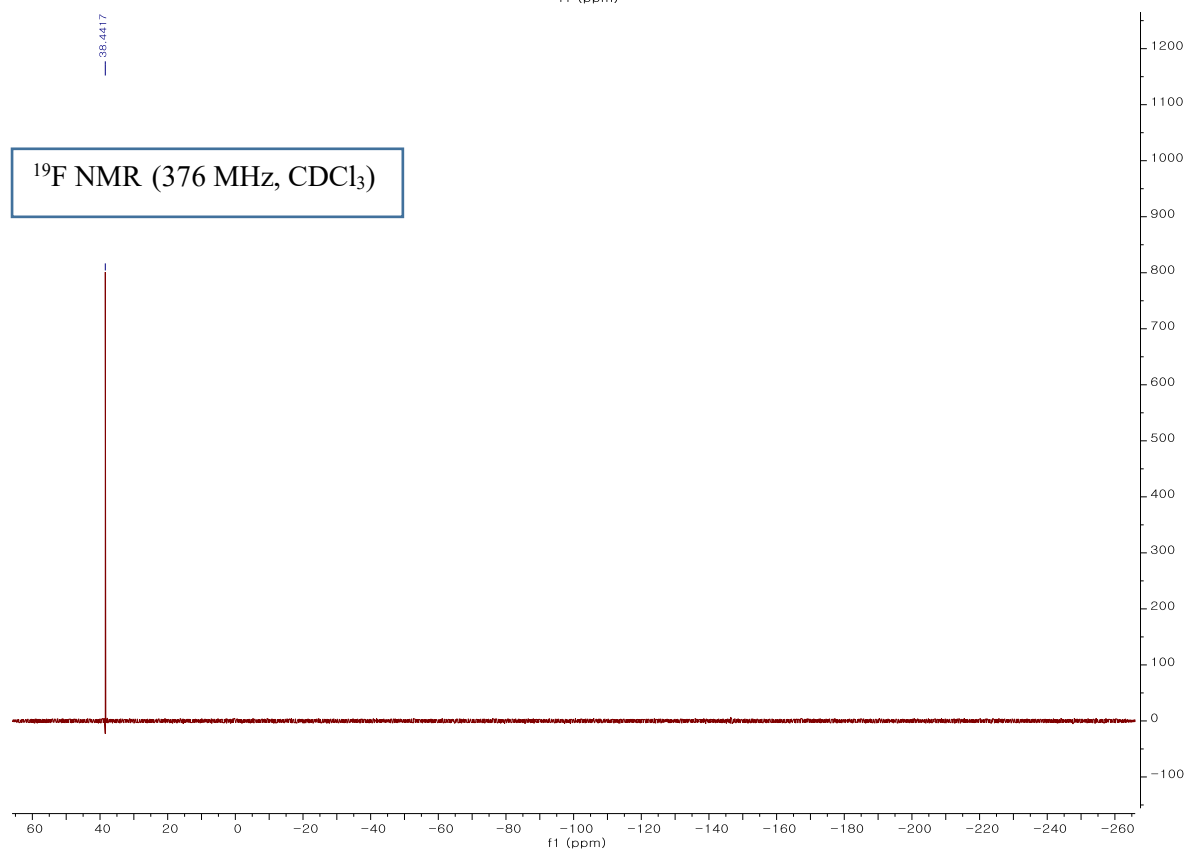


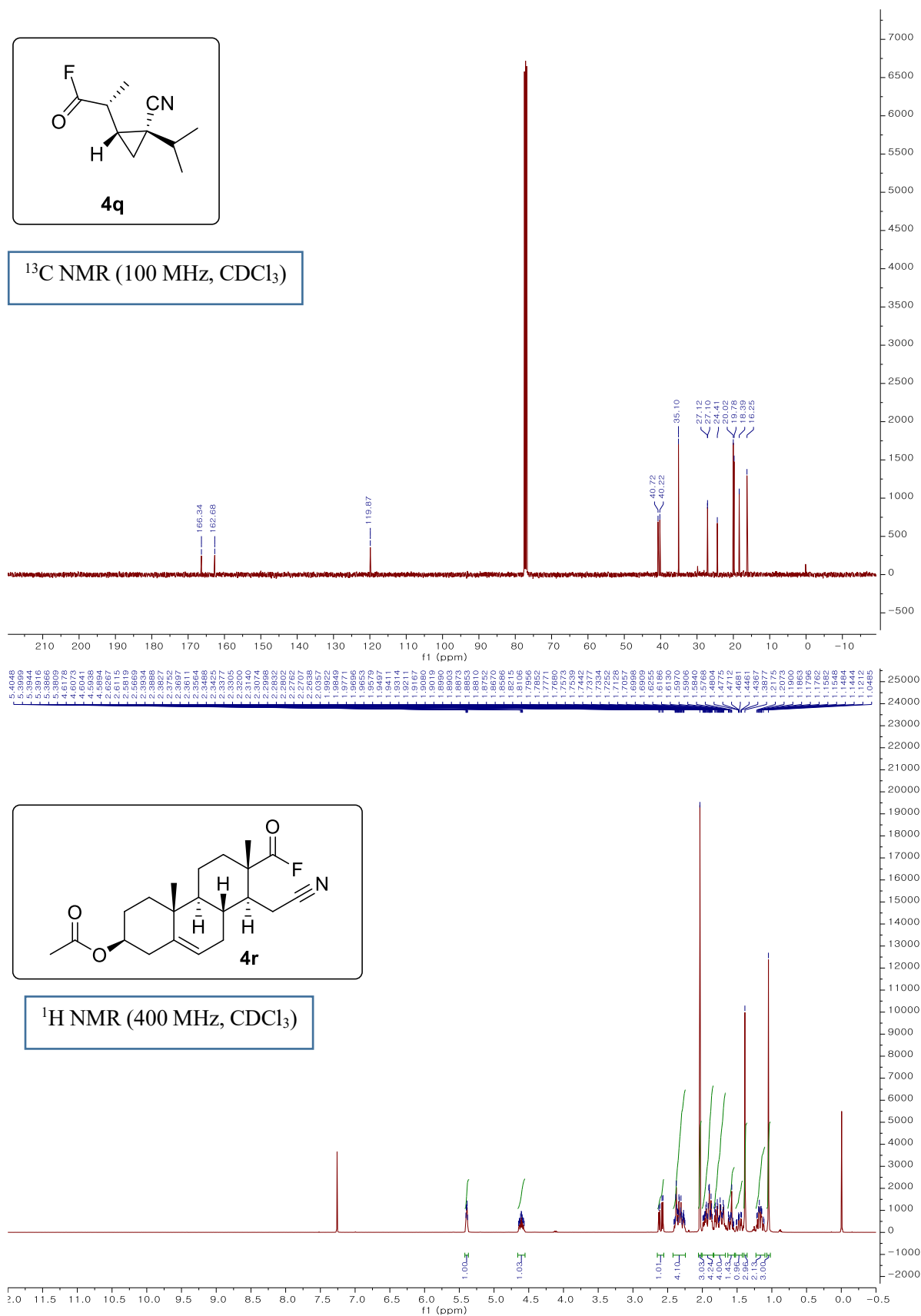


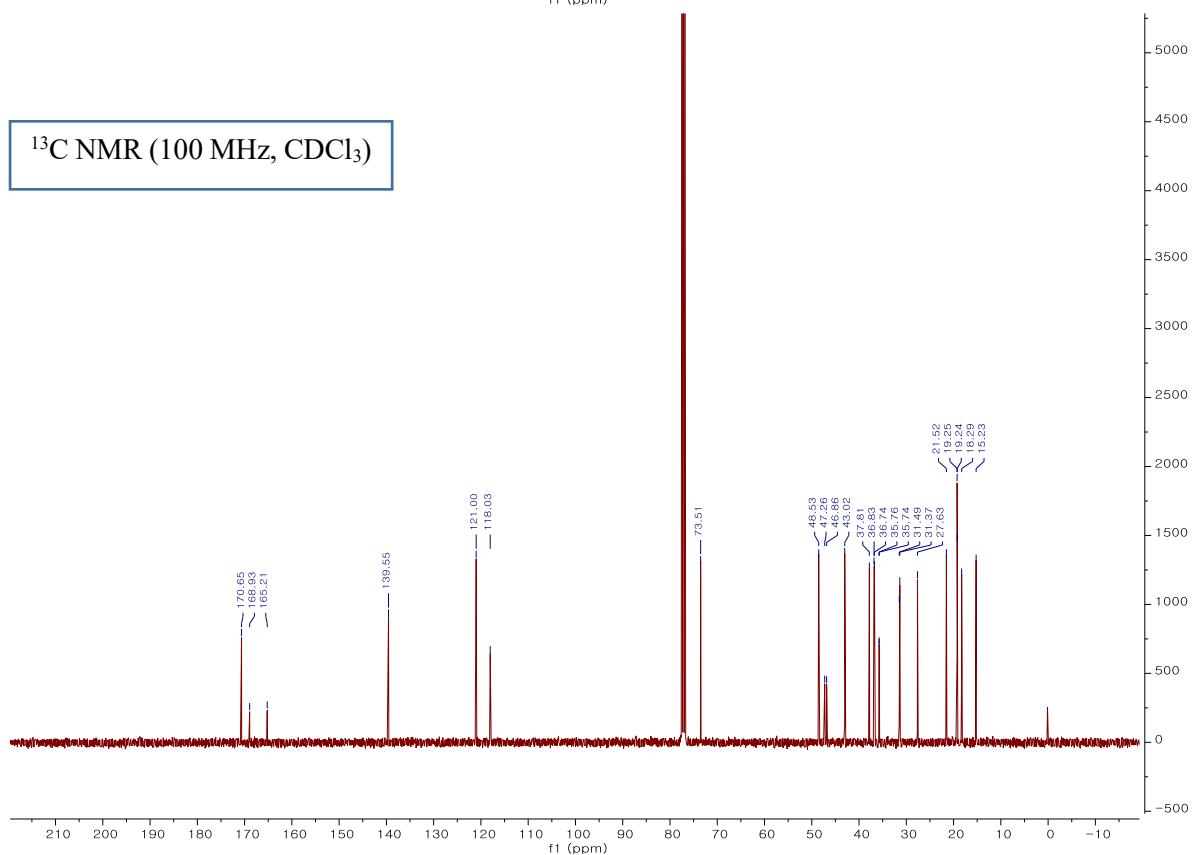
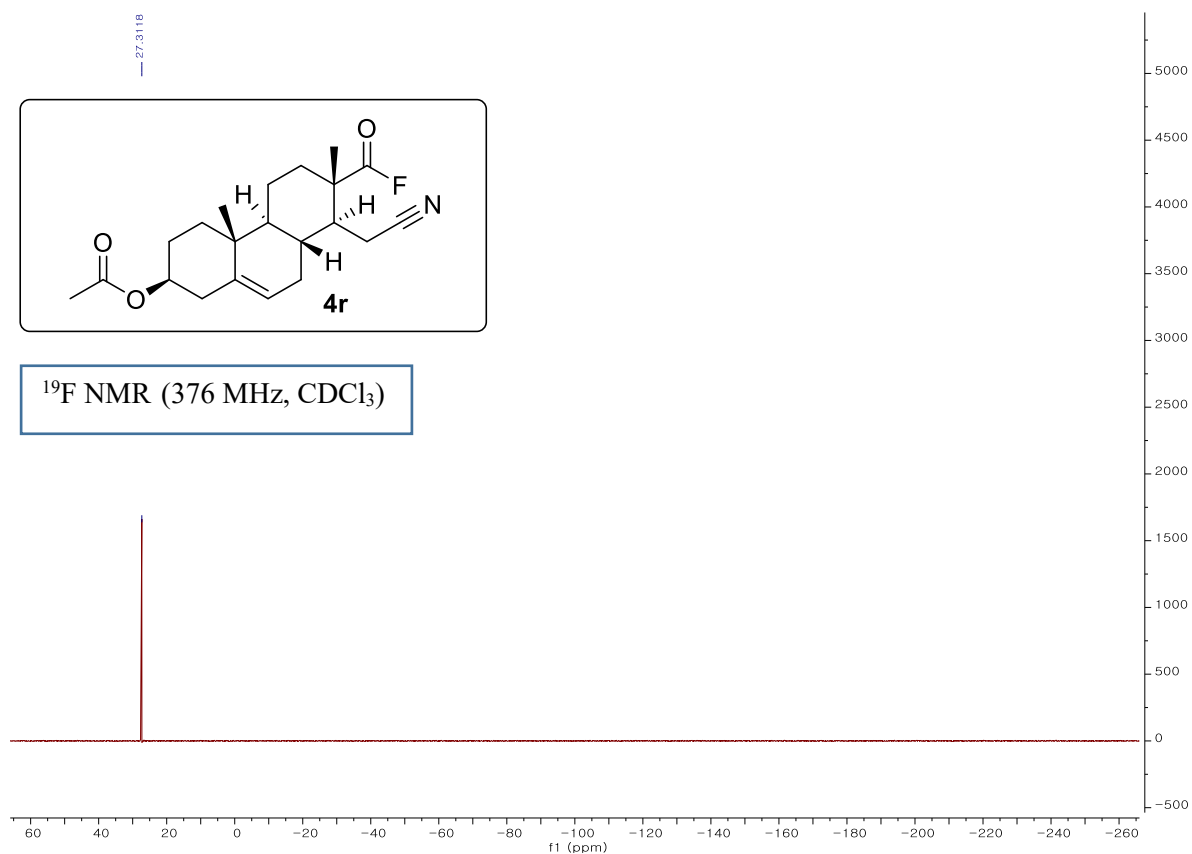
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

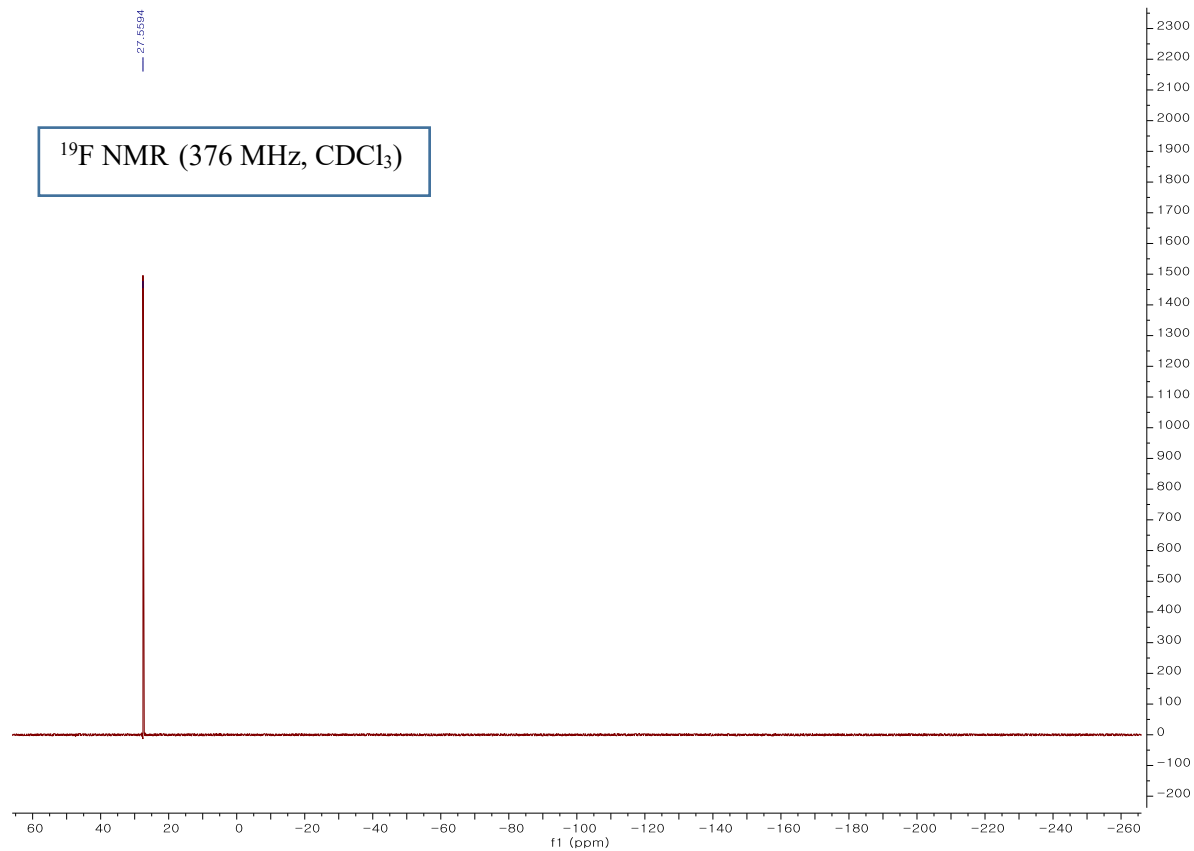
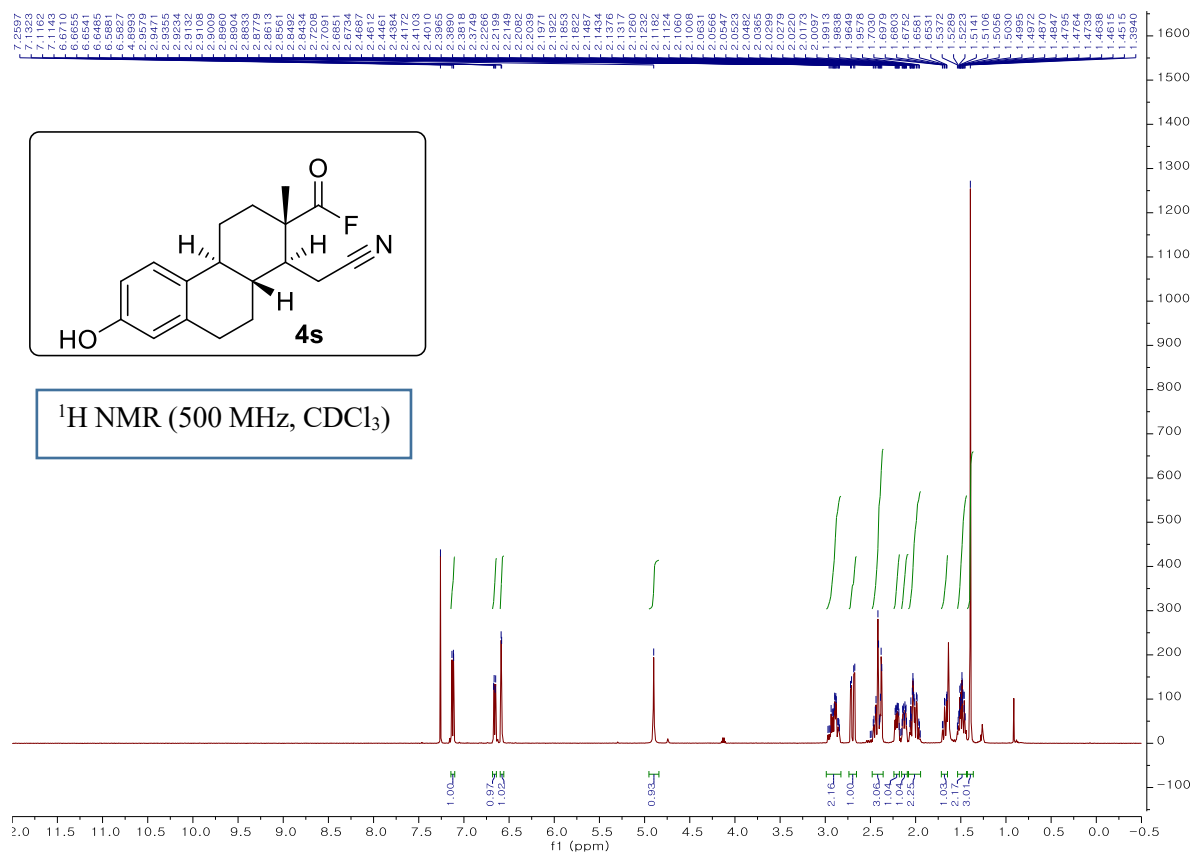


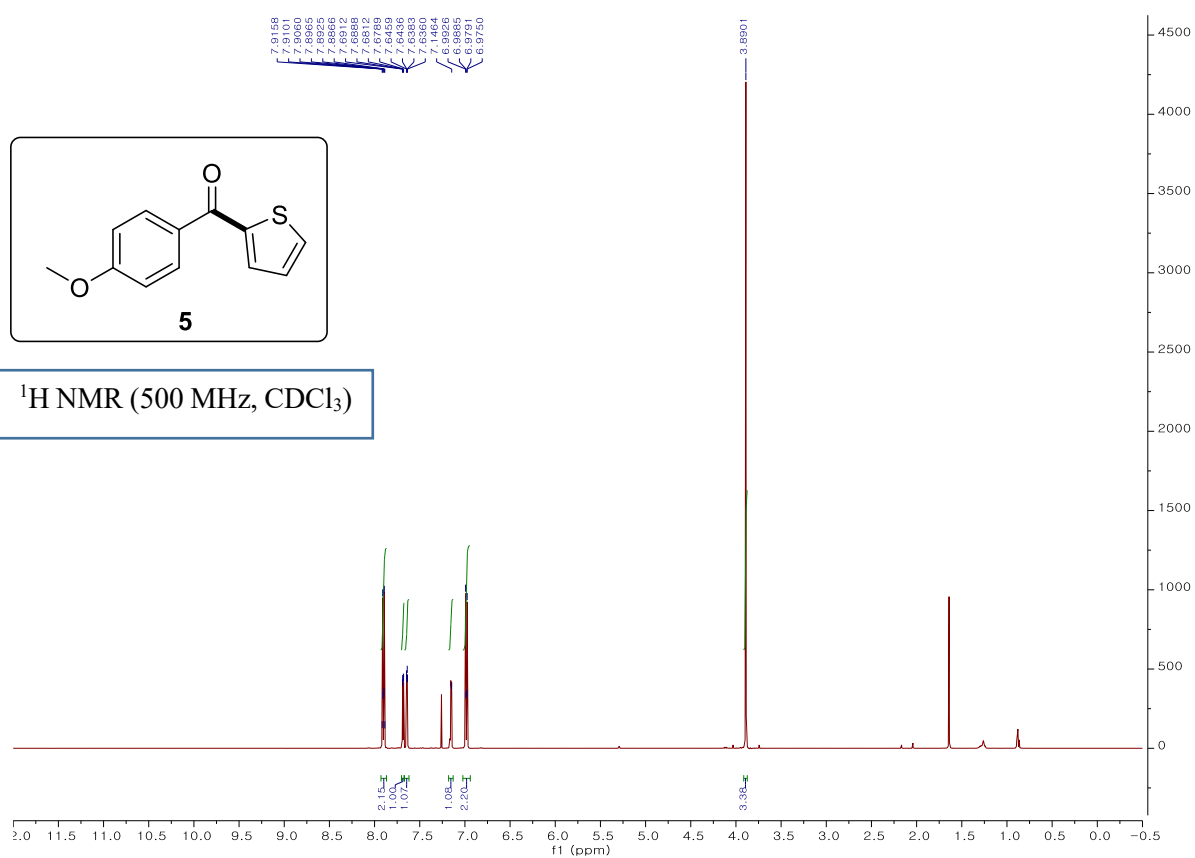
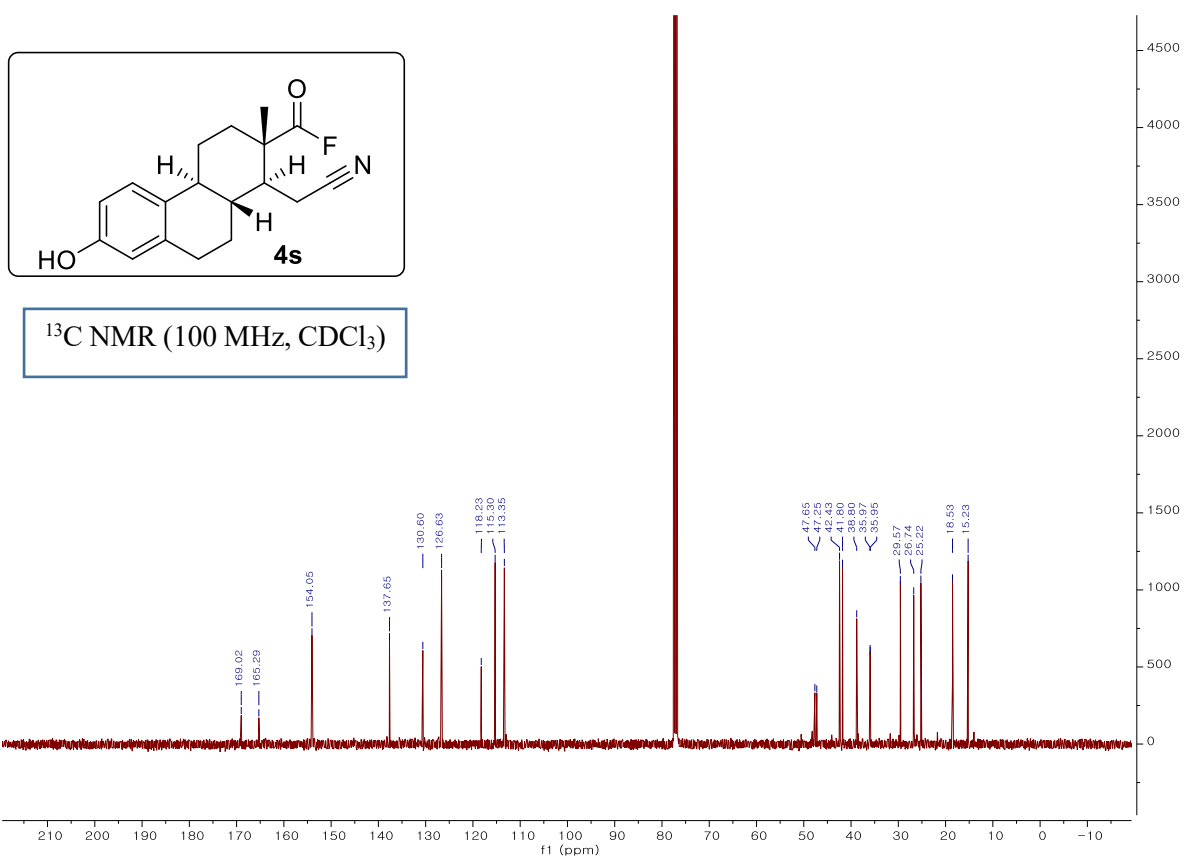
^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

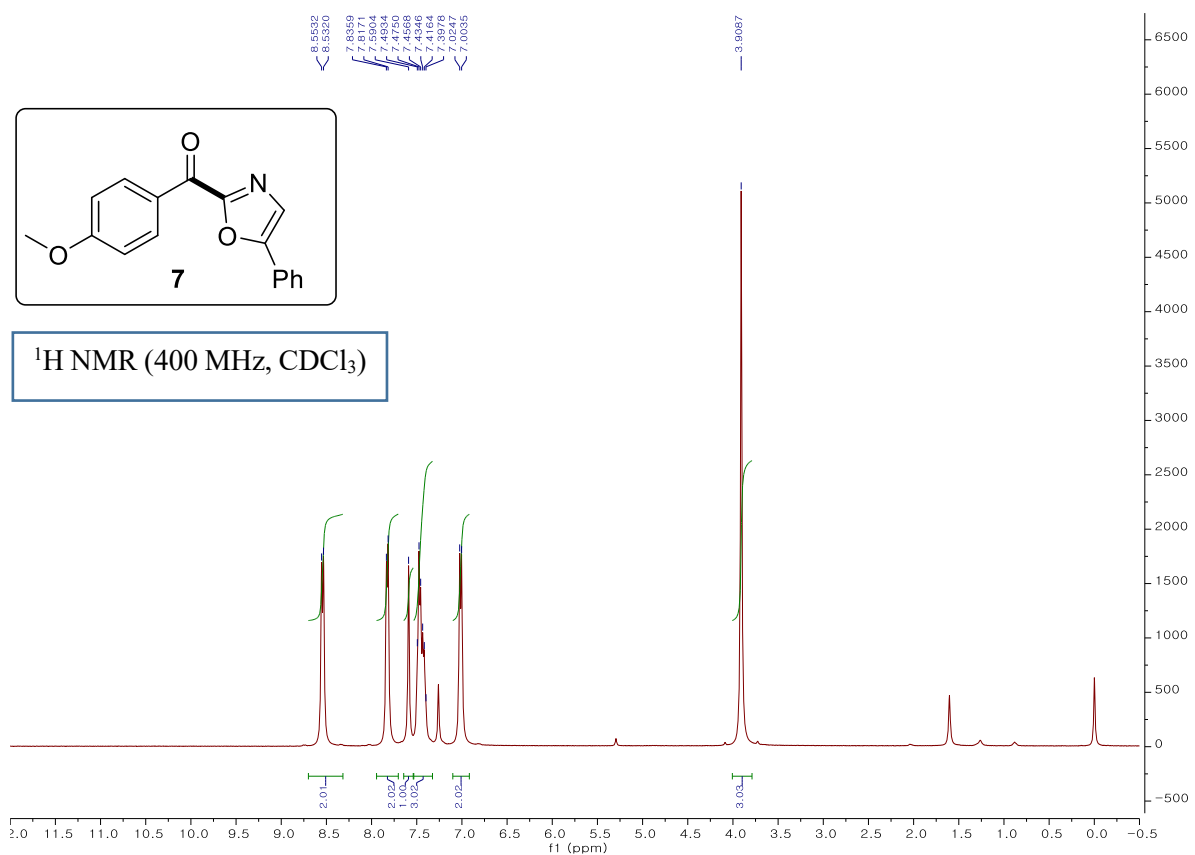
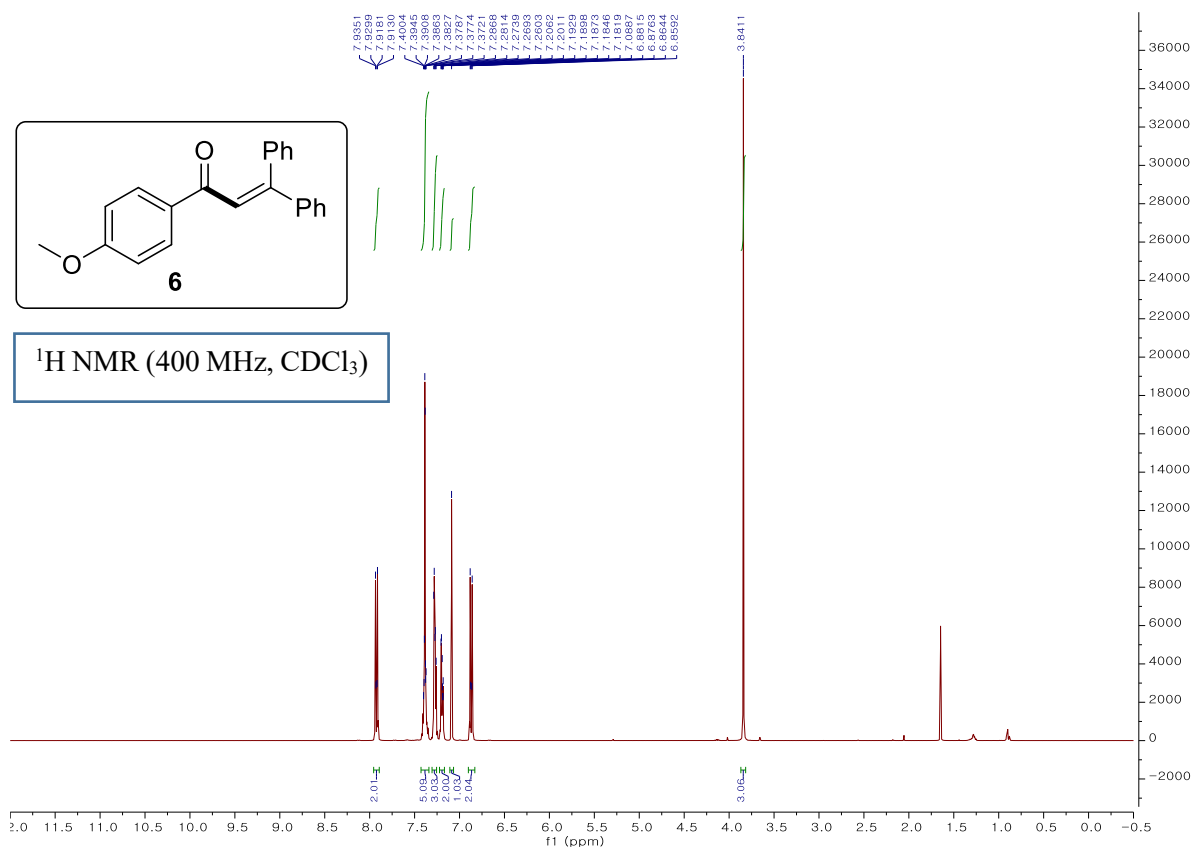


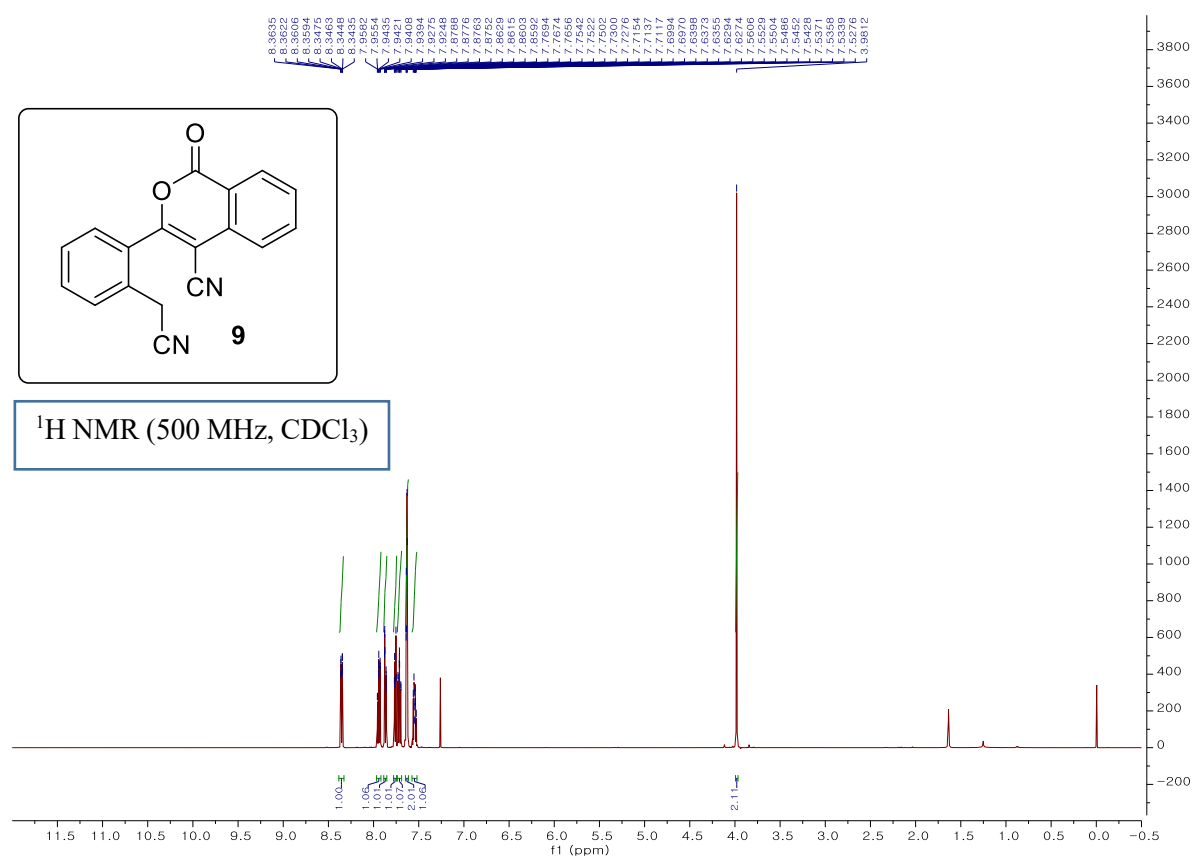


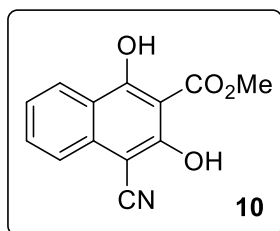




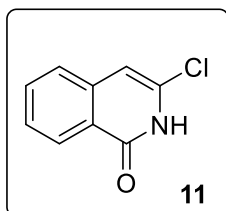
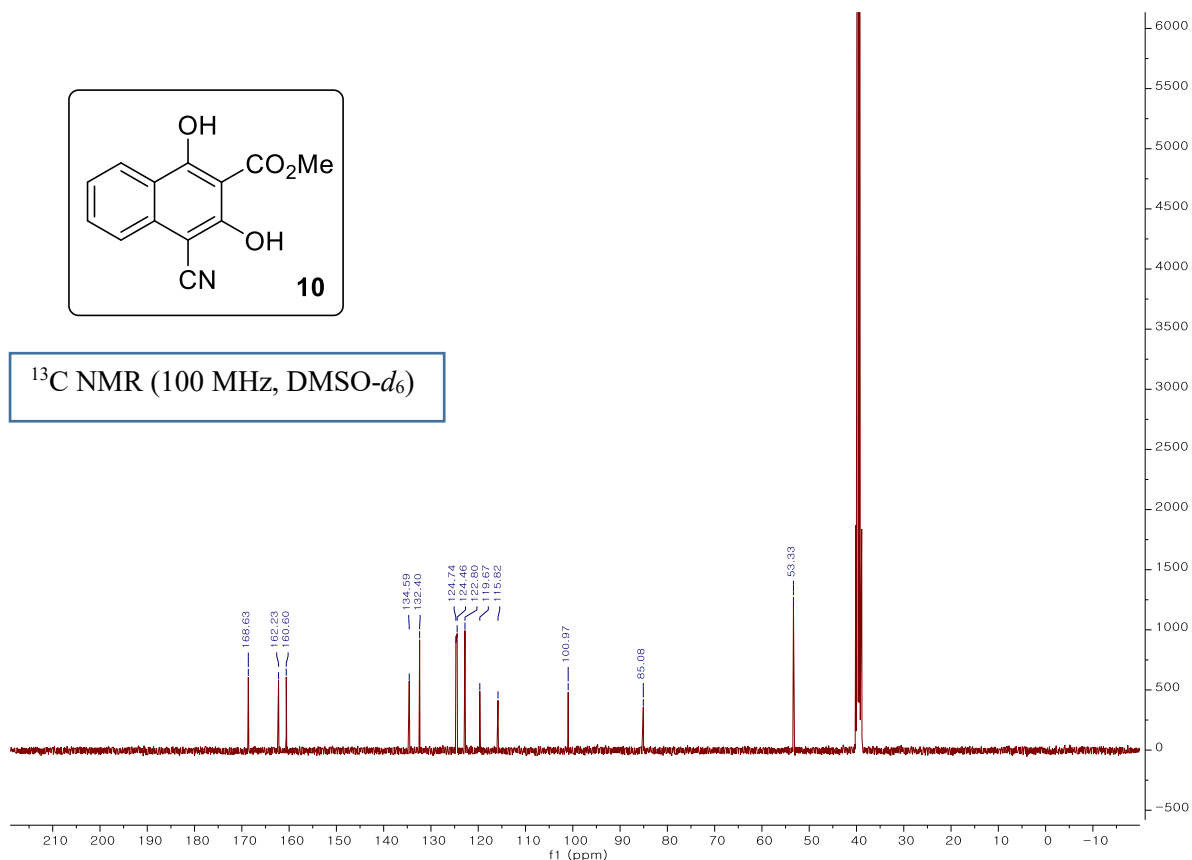




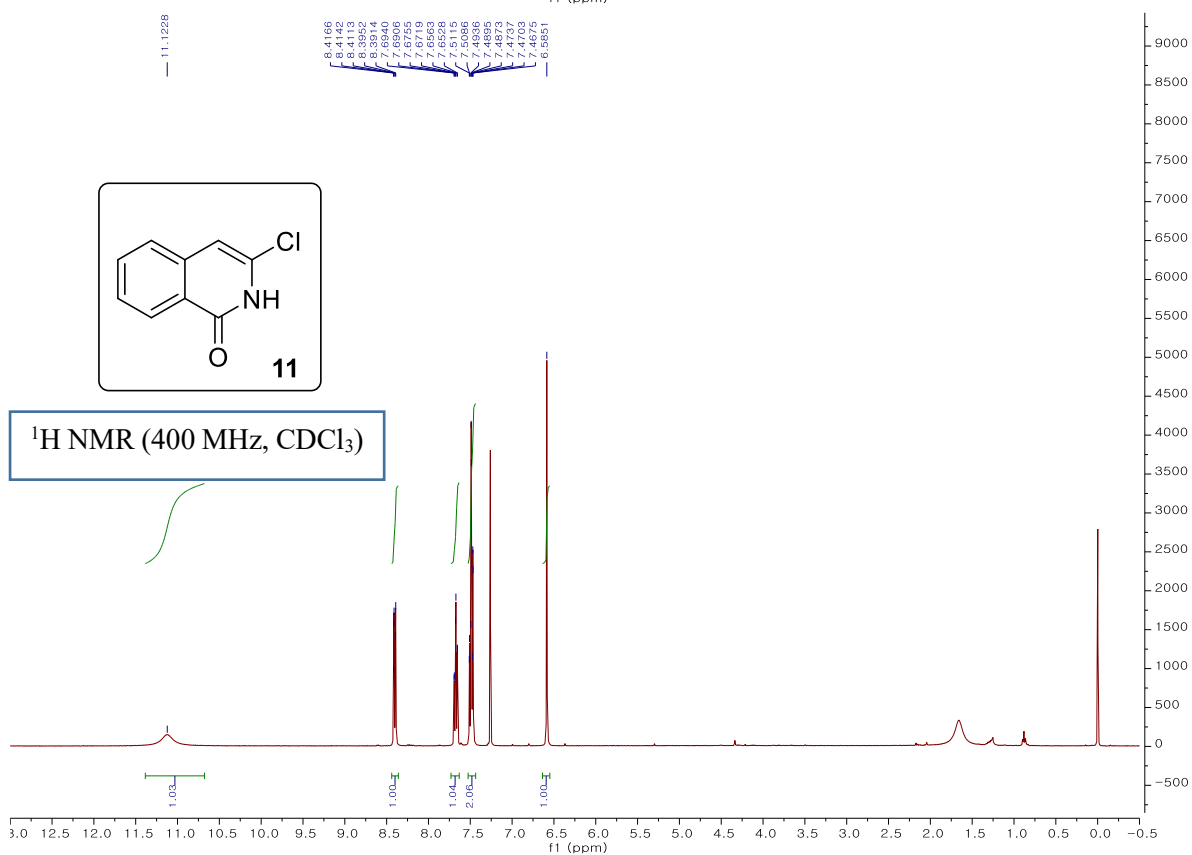


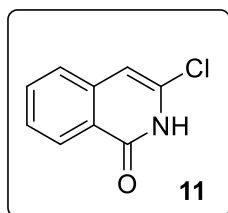


^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$)



^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3)





^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

