Chemical Transformation of Astaxanthin from *Haematococcus pluvialis* Improves its Antioxidative and Anti-inflammatory Activities

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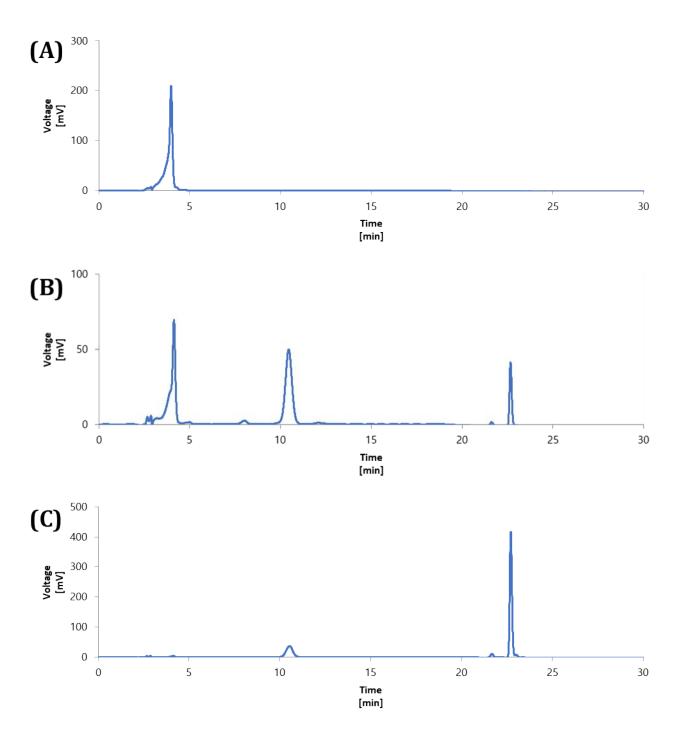


Figure S1. HPLC chromatograms of (A) synthetic Ast-N, (B) mixture of Ast-N, Ast-mE, and Ast-dE, and (C) Ast-dE. The synthetic Ast-N (A) was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich (SML0982), and the samples (B and C) were respectively prepared by esterification of synthetic Ast-N with the decanoic acids at different amounts. Specifically, the sample (B) was prepared with 6 times higher amount of decanoic acids than that of sample (C).

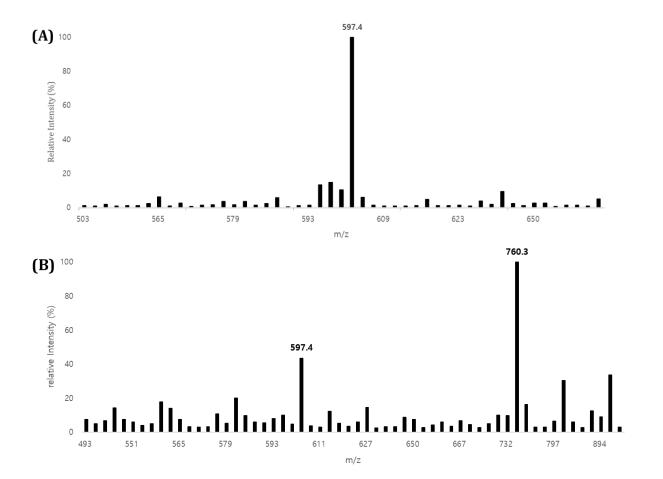


Figure S2. Mass spectra of (A) Ast-N in sample 2 and (B) Ast-N and Ast-mE in sample 3. LC-MS was performed on a Waters 2996 modular HPLC system coupled to a Q-TOF Ultima (UK) mass spectrometer. Mass spectra were acquired with a m/z 300-1,500 scan range. the significant ions were only found in a m/z 500 and 1,000 scan range. The m/z peak at 597.4 was designated as Ast-N in sample 2 and m/z peak at 597.4 and 760.3 are assigned as Ast-N and Ast-mE with C10 in sample 3, respectively.

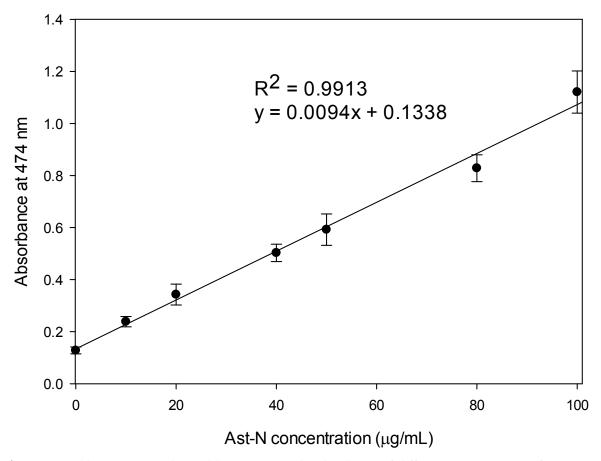


Figure S3. Calibration curve obtained by measuring the absorbance of different concentrations of Ast-N as the analytical standard, at 474 nm. The results are presented as the mean \pm SD of three independent experiments.

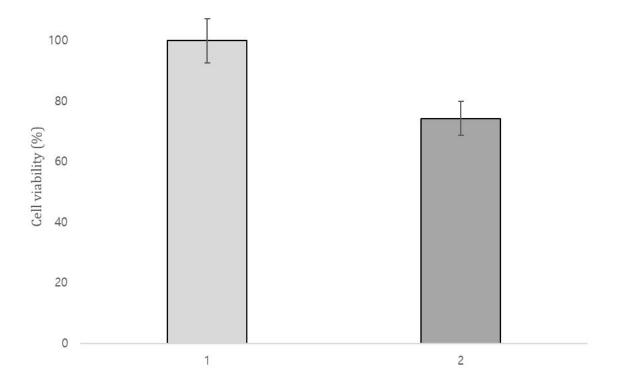


Figure S4. Viability of Raw 264.7 cells exposed to acetone (5%), which was calculated through MTT assay. 1: without acetone, 2: with acetone (5%). The bars represent the standard deviation obtained in three independent experiments.