## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

## Fractal Shaped Periodic Metal Nanostructures Atop Dielectric-Metal Substrate for SERS Applications

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Supporting information contains 10 pages and 10 figures.



Figure S1. Schematic illustration the process fabrication of the metal-dielectric-metal structures.



**Figure S2.** Bright-field optical microscopy reflection images obtained in the co-polarized configuration: a, d) 0 nm gap, b, e) 20 nm gap, c, f) 40 nm gap; and in the cross-polarized one: g) 0 nm gap, h) 20 nm gap, i) 40 nm. The scale bar is  $20 \,\mu$ m.



**Figure S3.** Pseudo-color image of fractal co-polarized a) 0 nm gap,  $\lambda$ = 540 nm b) 20 nm gap,  $\lambda$ = 674 nm and c) 40 nm gap,  $\lambda$ = 645 nm; and cross-polarized; d) 0 nm gap,  $\lambda$ = 550 nm e) 20 nm gap,  $\lambda$ = 715 nm f) 40 nm,  $\lambda$ = 720 nm. The images are given for resonance cases



**Figure S4.** Pseudo-color image of fractal co-polarized a) 0 nm gap b) 20 nm gap c) 40 nm gap, and cross-polarized; d) 0 nm gap, e) 20 nm gap f) 40 nm/ Images presented for the wavelength of laser  $\lambda$ = 532 nm



**Figure S5.** Pseudo-color image of fractal co-polarized a) 0 nm gap b) 20 nm gap c) 40 nm gap, and cross-polarized; d) 0 nm gap, e) 20 nm gap f) 40 nm/ Images presented for the wavelength of laser  $\lambda$ = 632.8 nm



**Figure S6.** Linear spectra fractals obtained with cross-polarization from the fractal with gap 40 nm far from the bright spots in points. (P1-P3 are points on the fractal outside of bright spots).



**Figure S7.** Typical Raman spectra recorded from the fractals with different gaps a) at the points far from the hot spots, b) from the hot spots. Reference spectra (bg - in the legend) were obtained from the gold film. Raman spectra obtained with the wavelength 632.8 nm.



**Figure S8.** a, b) Raman images obtained by mapping the Raman signals integrated over (a)  $610-625 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  and (b)  $1465-1620 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  from R6G adsorbed on the fractal with the 40-nm-thick spacer c) Raman spectra of selected hot spots, marked with white circles on a) and b).



**Figure S9.** Raman images obtained by mapping the Raman intensity integrated over 1468-1614 cm<sup>-1</sup> from R6G adsorbed on a test sample (smooth edges) with the gaps a) 0 nm, b) 20 nm and with c) 40 nm. Images were obtained with the wavelength 532 nm



Figure S10. Examples of well correlated SEM and Raman images.