

## Supporting information:

# Insights into the structure and the electrochemical reactivity of cobalt-manganese layered double hydroxides

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**Table S1.** XPS peak positions of Co<sub>2</sub>p<sub>3/2</sub>, Mn<sub>2</sub>p<sub>3/2</sub> and O1s in Co<sub>R</sub>Mn-LDH.

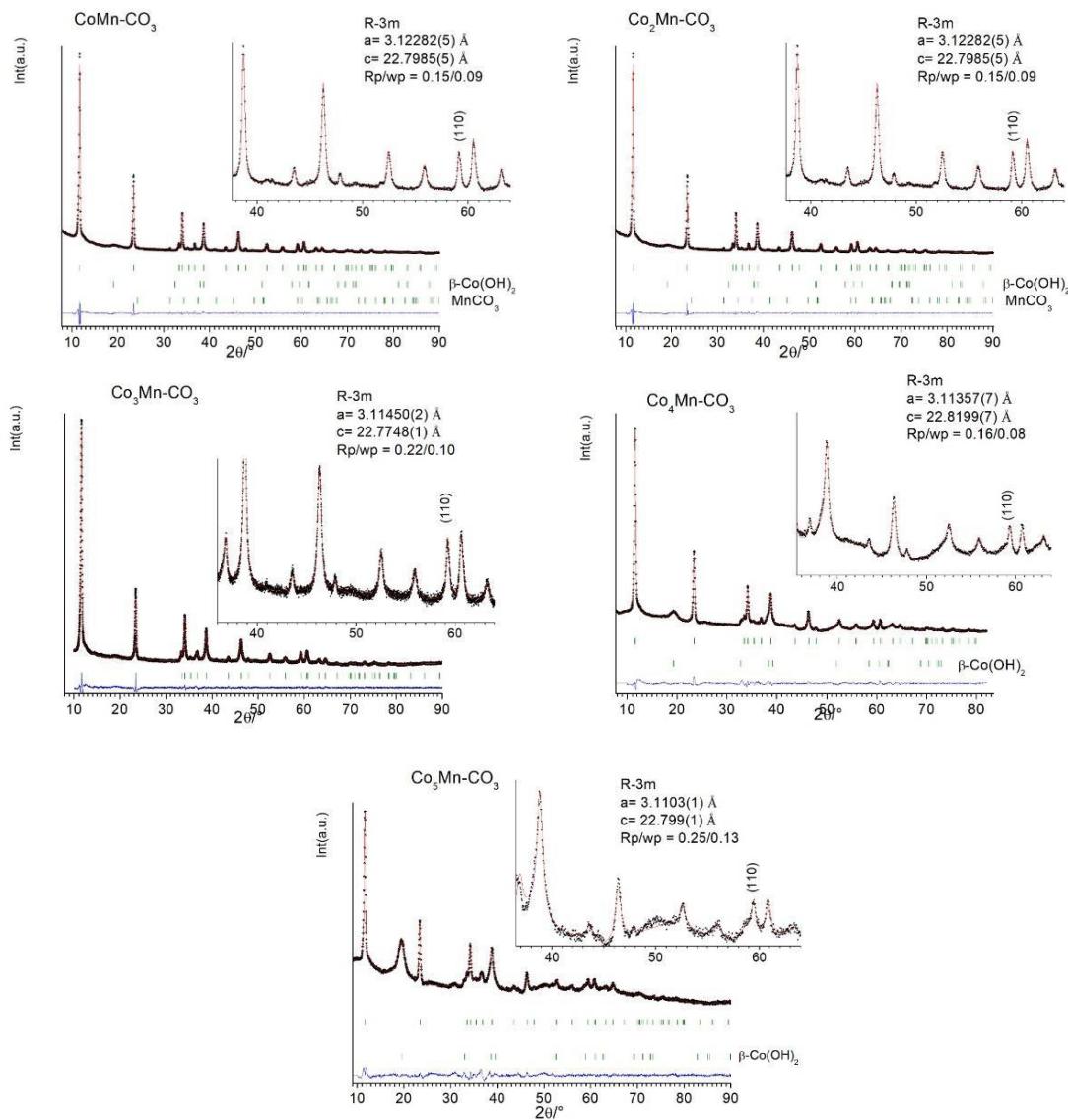
Species	Co <sub>1</sub> Mn	Co <sub>2</sub> Mn	Co <sub>3</sub> Mn	Co <sub>4</sub> Mn	Co <sub>5</sub> Mn	Co <sub>3</sub> Mn post CV
<b>E<sub>b</sub> (eV) of Co<sub>2</sub>p<sub>3/2</sub></b>						
Co(III)	780.6	780.4	780.3	780.4	780.4	780.2
	781.9	781.8	781.6	781.7	781.7	781.5
	783.6	783.4	783.3	783.4	783.4	783.2
Sat	790.6	790.4	790.3	790.4	790.4	790.2
Co(II)	780.9	780.7	780.6	780.7	780.7	
	782.7	782.5	782.4	782.5	782.5	
Sat	786.5	786.3	786.2	786.3	786.3	
<b>E<sub>b</sub> (eV) of Mn<sub>2</sub>p<sub>3/2</sub></b>						
Mn(II)		640.5		640.6	640.5	
		641.4		641.5	641.4	
		642.4		642.5	642.4	
		643.3		643.4	643.3	
		646.2		646.3	646.2	
Mn(III)	641.2	641.1	641.1	641.2	641.1	
	642.3	642.2	642.2	642.3	642.2	
	643.5	643.4	643.4	643.5	643.4	
	645.0	644.9	644.9	645.0	644.9	
Sat	647.0	646.9	646.9	647.0	646.9	
Mn(IV)						642.2
						643.0
						643.7
						644.5
						645.3
<b>E<sub>b</sub> (eV) of O1s</b>						
M-O	529.8	529.7	529.6	529.6	529.6	530.0
M-OH	531.2	531.2	531.2	531.2	531.2	531.2
H <sub>2</sub> O	532.2	532.2	532.2	532.2	532.2	532.0
CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	533.1	533.1	533.1	533.1	533.1	533.1
O <sub>2surf</sub>	-	527.7	-	527.9	527.7	-

**Table S2.** Refined atomic position parameters.

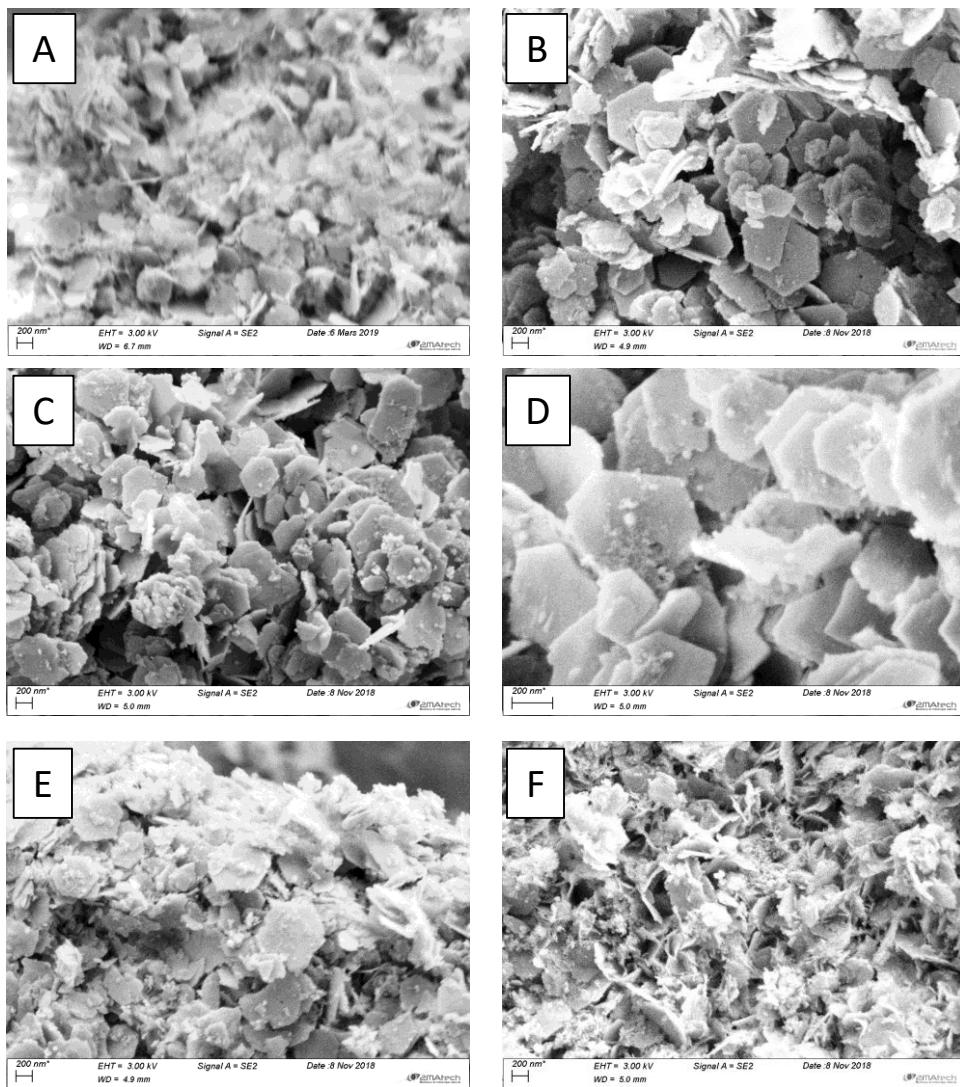
<b>Atom</b>	<b>Site</b>	<b>x</b>	<b>y</b>	<b>z</b>	<b>Biso</b> ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	<b>SOF</b> (%)
Mn	3a	0	0	0	1.92(3)	24.4
Co	3a	0	0	0	1.92(3)	75.6
OH1	6c	1/3	2/3	0.04261(8)	2.47(8)	100
C	6c	0	0	1/6	3.5	5.8
O1	18g	0.087(3)	2/3	1/6	3.5	12.9
Ow	3b	1/3	2/3	1/6	3.5	30.5
OH2	6c	0	0	0.197(1)	3.5	8.5

**Table S3.** Refined bond distances and bond angles.

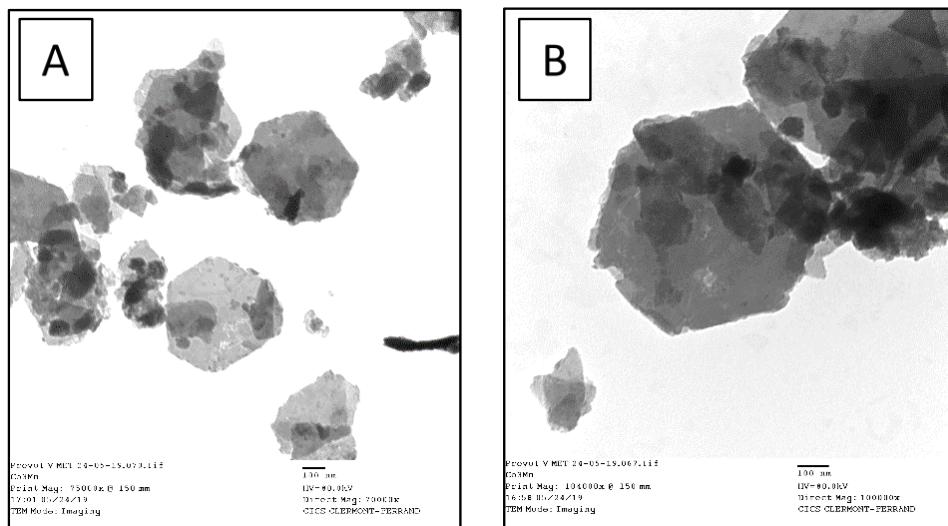
<b>Distance (<math>\text{\AA}</math>)</b>	<b>Angle (<math>^\circ</math>)</b>		
Mn/Co-OH1	2.043(1)		
OH1-OH1 out of plane	2.646(2)	OH1-Mn/Co-OH1	80.70(9)
OH1-OH1 in plane	3.11450(1)	OH1-Mn/Co-OH1	99.30(4)
C-O1	1.197(6)	O1-C-O1	120.0(4)
O1-OH1	2.928(3)		
O1-Ow	2.811(3)		
O1-OH2	3.037(11)		
OH1- Ow	2.825(2)		
OH2- Ow	3.662(6)		
OH1- Ow2	2.79(2)		



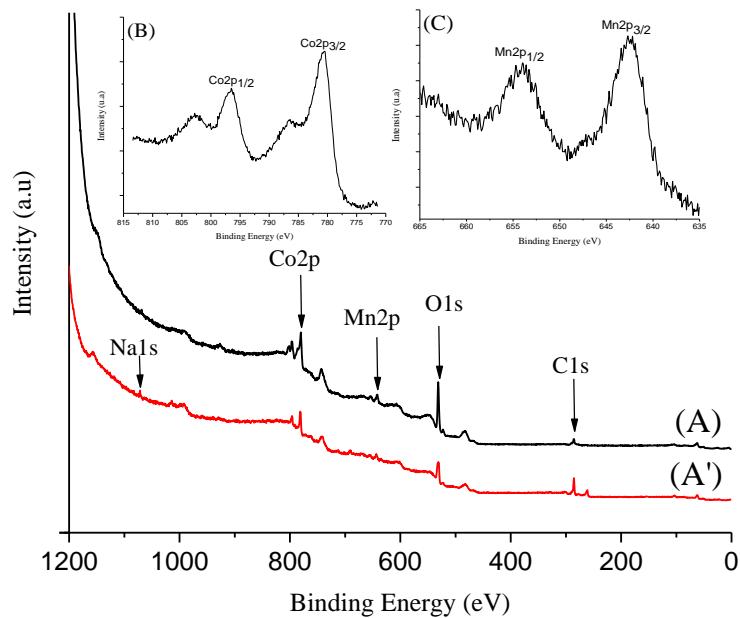
**Figure S1.** Profile refinement of the powder x-ray diffraction patterns of  $\text{Co}_R\text{Mn-LDH}$  sample series ( $R=1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ ): Experimental powder X-ray diffraction pattern (black dots), calculated pattern (solid red line), Bragg reflections (green ticks), and difference profiles (blue dots, at the bottom).



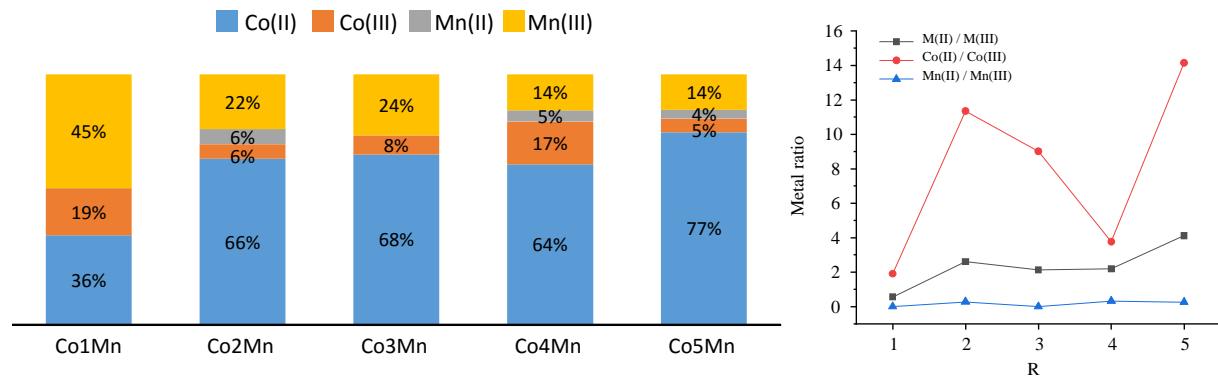
**Figure S2.** SEM images of A) Co<sub>1</sub>Mn (x20 K), B) Co<sub>2</sub>Mn (x20 K), C) Co<sub>3</sub>Mn(x20 K), D) Co<sub>3</sub>Mn (x50 K), E) Co<sub>4</sub>Mn (x20 K) and F) Co<sub>5</sub>Mn (x20 K).



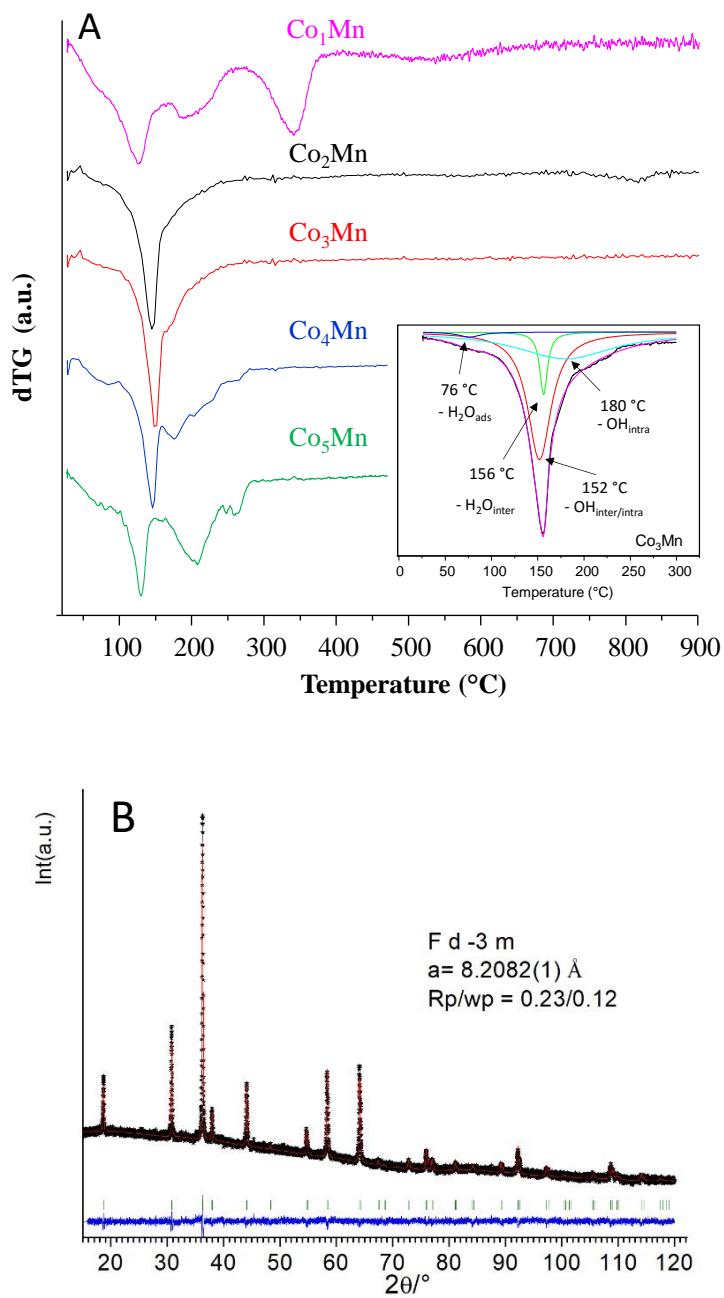
**Figure S3.** TEM images of Co<sub>3</sub>Mn-LDH at A) 75 K and B) 104 K of magnification.



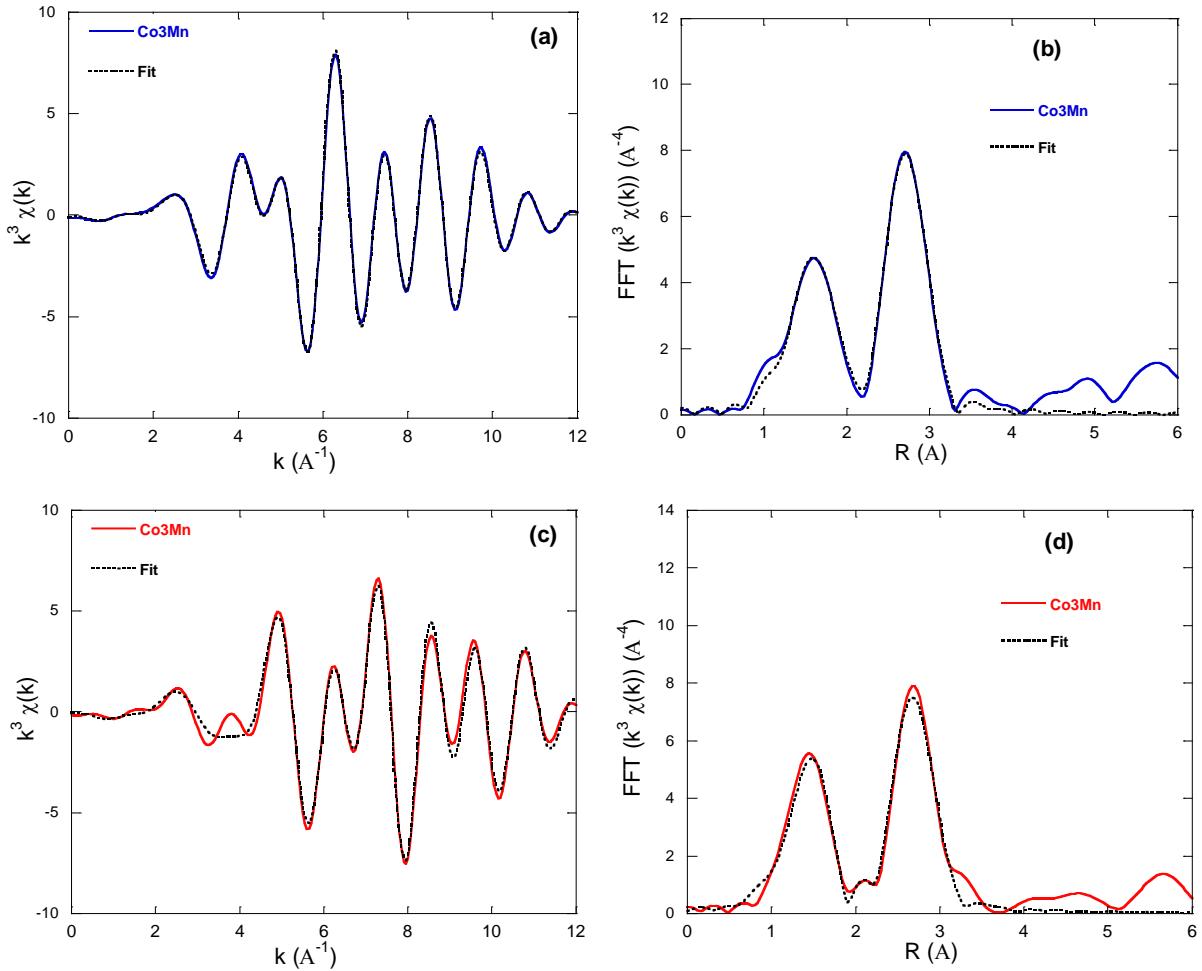
**Figure S4.** XPS survey spectra Co<sub>3</sub>Mn-LDH (A) before and (A') after electrochemical oxidation. XPS spectra of Co2p (B) and Mn2p (C) in the pristine sample.



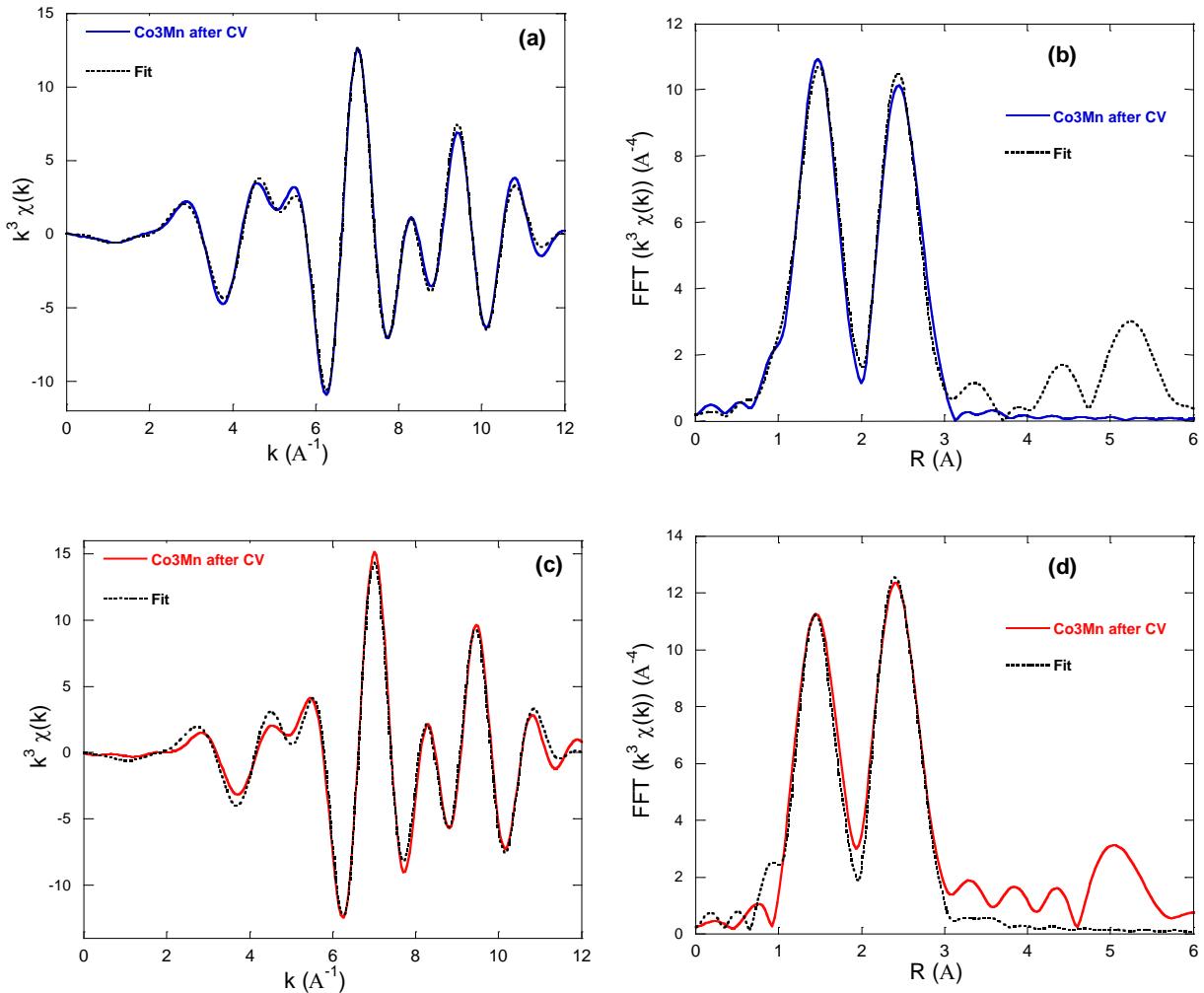
**Figure S5.** Evolution of (A) Co(II), Co(III), Mn(II) and Mn(III) percentages and (B) M(II)/M(III) molar ratio in the Co<sub>R</sub>Mn-LDH ( $1 \leq R \leq 5$ ) series determined by XPS.



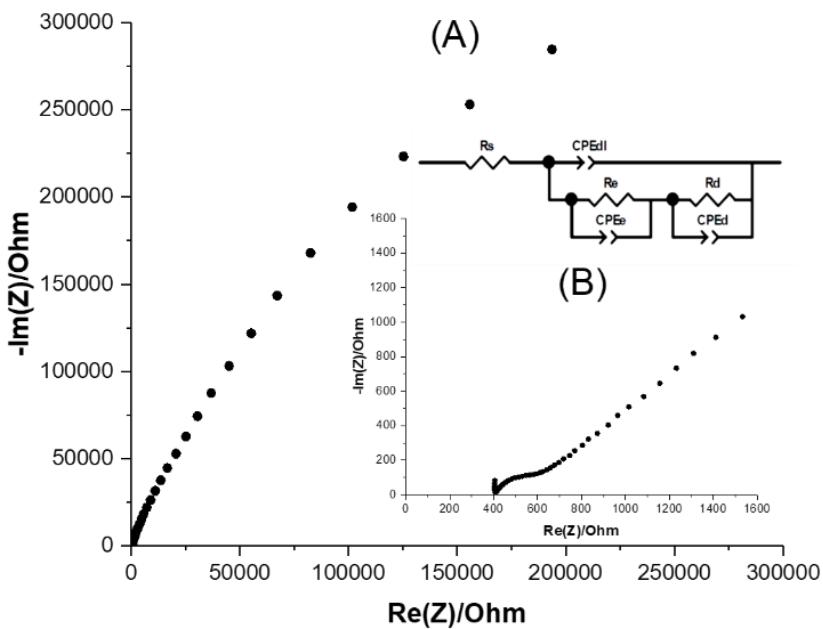
**Figure S6.** **A)** Differential thermogravimetric of the  $\text{Co}_x\text{Mn}$ -LDH compounds. Insert shows the different dehydration events for  $\text{Co}_3\text{Mn}$ -LDH. **B)** Profile refinement of the powder x-ray diffraction pattern the TGA residue of  $\text{Co}_3\text{Mn}$ -LDH sample obtained at  $900^\circ\text{C}$ : Experimental powder X-ray diffraction pattern (black dots), calculated pattern (solid red line), Bragg reflections (green ticks), and difference profiles (blue dots, at the bottom).



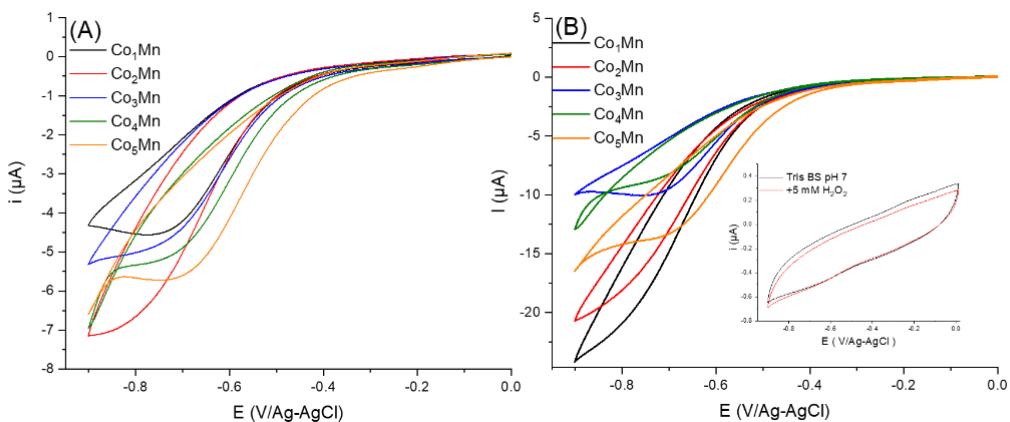
**Figure S7.** EXAFS data for the pristine  $\text{Co}_3\text{Mn}$  LDH showing the imaginary part of the  $k^3\chi(k)$  EXAFS signals at the Co K edge (a) and at the Mn K edge (c) and the magnitude of the  $k^3$ -weighted Fourier transforms of  $\chi(k)$  at the Co K edge (b) and at the Mn K edge (d).



**Figure S8.** EXAFS data for the pristine  $\text{Co}_3\text{Mn}$  LDH after CV showing the imaginary part of the  $k^3\chi(k)$  EXAFS signals at the Co K edge (a) and at the Mn K edge (c) and the magnitude of the  $k^3$ -weighted Fourier transforms of  $\chi(k)$  at the Co K edge (b) and at the Mn K edge (d).



**Figure S9.** Nyquist plots of  $\text{Co}_3\text{Mn-LDH}$  at **A)** OCP and **B)** 0.3 V, Equivalent circuit:  $R_s$  represents the electrolyte resistance,  $CPE_{dl}$  ( $p_{dl} = 0.9$ ) the double layer capacitance at the interface solid/solution.  $R_e$  and  $CPE_e$  ( $p_e \sim 0.9$ ) describe the electronic transfer resistance inside the material and a related constant phase element due to inter-granular roughness.  $R_d$  and  $CPE_d$  ( $p_d = 0.5$ ) represent the Warburg impedance associated to ion diffusion from the electrolyte solution within the LDH film.



**Figure S10.** Cyclic voltammograms of the  $\text{Co}_R\text{Mn-LDH}$  modified electrodes ( $1 \leq R \leq 5$ ) (Cathodic sweep) in 0.1 M Tris buffer solution pH 7.0 (A) in absence and (B) presence of 5 mM  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ . Inset shows the CV curves under the same conditions using a bare PGE (0.1 M pH 7.0 Tris buffer solution under Ar atmosphere,  $v = 10 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ ).