

**ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**Cation-Directed Synthetic Strategy Using 4f Tungstoantimonates as  
Nonlacunary Precursors for the Generation of 3d–4f Clusters**

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## General Information

All reagents and chemicals were of high-purity grade and were used as purchased without further purification.  $\text{Na}_9[B\text{-}\alpha\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{33}]$  and  $\text{Na}_{16}(\text{NH}_4)[\{\text{Y}(\alpha\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{31}(\text{OH})_2)(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})(\text{H}_2\text{O})\}_3(\text{WO}_4)] \cdot 48\text{H}_2\text{O}$  were prepared according to literature procedures.<sup>1, 2</sup>

*Attenuated total reflection Fourier-transform Infrared Spectroscopy:* All spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 27 IR Spectrometer equipped with a single-reflection diamond-ATR unit. Frequencies are given in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , intensities denoted as w = weak, m = medium, s = strong.

*UV-Vis spectroscopy:* UV-Vis spectra were collected on a Shimadzu UV 1800 spectrophotometer.

*Elemental analysis:* Elemental analysis was performed with an iCAP 6500 series inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry (ICP-OES) spectrometer (Thermo Scientific, USA). The ICP-OES was equipped with a standard sample introduction system consisting of a concentric nebulizer and a cyclonic spray chamber. Transportation of sample solutions was performed by the peristaltic pump of the iCAP 6500 coupled to an ASX-520 auto sampler (Cetac, USA). Per element two sensitive and non-interfered emission lines were used, the first line for measurement and the second line for quality control.

*Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD)* was performed on a Bruker D8 ADVANCE diffractometer, Cu K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54056 \text{ \AA}$ , LYNXEYE silicon strip detector and SolX energy dispersive detector, variable slit aperture with 12 mm,  $8^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 50^\circ$ .

*Single crystal X-ray diffraction (SXRD):* The X-ray data of  $\text{NaLnSbW}_9$  were measured on a Bruker X8 Apex2 diffractometer equipped with multilayer monochromators, Mo K $\alpha$  ( $\lambda=0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ) INCOATEC micro focus sealed tubes and Oxford cooling system. Data collection of  $\text{KLnTMSbW}_9$  was performed on a Bruker D8 VENTURE equipped with a multilayer monochromator, Mo K $\alpha$  Incoatec Microfocus sealed tube, and Kryoflex cooling device (Ln = Tb<sup>III</sup>, Dy<sup>III</sup>, Ho<sup>III</sup>, Er<sup>III</sup>; TM = Co<sup>II</sup>, Ni<sup>II</sup>). The structures were solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares. Non hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters. The following software was used for the structure-solving procedure: frame integration, Bruker SAINT software package using a narrow-frame algorithm (absorption correction)<sup>3</sup>, SADABS<sup>4</sup>, SHELXS-2013<sup>5</sup> (structure solution), SHELXL-2013<sup>6</sup> (refinement), OLEX2<sup>7</sup> (structure solution, refinement, molecular diagrams and graphical user-interface), and SHELXLE<sup>8</sup> (molecular diagrams and graphical user interface). CCDC-codes are provided in **Table S4**. Experimental data can be found in **Tables S5-S28**.

*Magnetic Studies:* Dc magnetic susceptibility data (2-300K) were collected on powdered samples using a SQUID magnetometer (Quantum Design MPMS-XL), applying a magnetic field of 0.1 T. All data were corrected for the contribution of the sample holder and the diamagnetism of the samples estimated from Pascal's constants.<sup>9, 10</sup> The field dependence of the magnetization (up to 5 T) was measured between 2.0 and 5.0 K. ac magnetic susceptibility was measured between 2 and 7 K with an oscillating field magnitude of Hac = 3.0 Oe and frequency ranging between 1 and 1488Hz in presence of a dc field up to Hdc = 4000 Oe. The relaxation times were extracted from simultaneous fit of  $\chi'\text{ac}$  and  $\chi''\text{ac}$  using generalized Debye model.<sup>11</sup> Fitting of the variable parameters and estimation of errors was

performed with lsq curve fit solver in MATLAB, jacobian matrix was used to generate 95% confidence intervals on the fitted parameters.

## Experimental Procedure

### *Synthesis of non-lacunary 4f-precursors*

#### Synthesis of $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Tb}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 62 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ (**NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**):

$\text{Na}_9[\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33}] \cdot 19.5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$  (0.602 g, 0.213 mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of 10 mL NaOAC [2M] pH 5.5 and 5 mL  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .  $\text{Tb}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (0.087 g, 0.201 mmol) was added to the stirred solution and the resulting reaction mixture was heated to 80°C and stirred for 2 h giving a colorless solution. Slow evaporation of the resulting reaction mixture at 18°C gave colorless block shaped crystals over a period of 2 weeks. Yield: 1.4 g, 74 % based on Tb. Elel. Anal. calcd (found) for  $\text{Na}_{21}\text{Tb}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{W}_{28}\text{O}_{174}\text{H}_{137}$  ( $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Tb}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 62 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ ): Na 5.14 (7.34), Sb 3.89 (3.28), W 54.79 (45.10), Tb 5.08 (4.19).

#### Synthesis of $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Dy}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 116 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ (**NaDySbW<sub>9</sub>**):

The synthesis of **NaDySbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** except that  $\text{Tb}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$  was replaced by  $\text{Dy}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$  (0.07 g, 0.201 mmol). Colorless block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 weeks. Yield: 1.08 g, 52 % based on Dy. Elel. Anal. calcd (found) for  $\text{Na}_{21}\text{Dy}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{W}_{28}\text{O}_{228}\text{H}_{245}$  ( $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Dy}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 116 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ ): Na 4.65 (6.08), Sb 3.52 (3.68), W 49.60 (49.90), Dy 4.70 (4.66).

#### Synthesis of $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Ho}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 72 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ (**NaHoSbW<sub>9</sub>**):

The synthesis of **NaHoSbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** except that  $\text{Tb}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$  was replaced by  $\text{Ho}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$  (0.089 g, 0.201 mmol). Pink block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 weeks. Yield: 1.23 g, 64 % based on Ho. Elel. Anal. calcd (found) for  $\text{Na}_{21}\text{Ho}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{W}_{28}\text{O}_{184}\text{H}_{157}$  ( $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Ho}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 72 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ ): Na 5.03 (5.78), Sb 3.81 (3.26), W 53.66 (47.80), Ho 5.16 (4.34).

#### Synthesis of $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Er}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 87 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ (**NaErSbW<sub>9</sub>**):

The synthesis of **NaErSbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** except that  $\text{Tb}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$  was replaced by  $\text{Er}(\text{NO}_3)_3 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (0.089 g, 0.201 mmol). Pink block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 weeks. Yield: 1.39 g, 70 % based on Er. Elel. Anal. calcd (found) for  $\text{Na}_{21}\text{Er}_3\text{Sb}_3\text{W}_{28}\text{O}_{199}\text{H}_{185}$  ( $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Er}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3] \cdot 87 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ ): Na 4.89 (5.23), Sb 3.70 (3.25), W 52.17 (44.00), Er 5.09 (4.35).

## *Synthesis of 3d-4f compounds using non-lacunary 4f-precursors*

### Synthesis of $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Tb_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$ • 94 H<sub>2</sub>O (KNiTbSbW<sub>9</sub>):

**NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.118 g, 0.0126 mmol) was dissolved in 5 ml of a 2:1 mixture of KOAc/NaOAc (5 % v/v) and H<sub>2</sub>O. To the resulting solution, NiCl<sub>2</sub>•6 H<sub>2</sub>O (0.009 g, 0.0372 mmol) and 20 µL of a K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> [2 M] solution were added and the reaction mixture was heated to 50°C for 1.5 h. Slow evaporation at 18°C gave light green block shaped crystals after 2 days. Yield: 0.114 g, 86 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for  $K_5Na_{12}NiTb_3Sb_3W_{30}O_{215}H_{213}$  ( $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Tb_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$  • 99 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.85 (2.04), Na 2.62 (5.54), Sb 3.47 (3.27), W 52.32 (47.70), Tb 4.52 (3.40), Ni 0.56 (0.71).

### Synthesis of $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Dy_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$ • 110 H<sub>2</sub>O (KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>)

The synthesis of **KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **KNiTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**, except that **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** was replaced by **NaDySbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.131 g, 0.0126 mmol). Light green block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 days. Yield: 0.109 g, 80 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for  $K_5Na_{12}NiDy_3Sb_3W_{30}O_{231}H_{245}$  ( $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Dy_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$  • 115 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.80 (2.22), Na 2.54 (3.16), Sb 3.37 (3.03), W 50.87 (42.30), Dy 4.50 (3.51), Ni 0.54 (0.62).

### Synthesis of $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Ho_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$ • 81 H<sub>2</sub>O (KNiHoSbW<sub>9</sub>)

The synthesis of **KNiHoSbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **KNiTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**, except that **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** was replaced by **NaHoSbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.121 g, 0.0126 mmol). Light green block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 days. Yield: 0.110 g, 84 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for  $K_5Na_{12}NiHo_3Sb_3W_{30}O_{202}H_{187}$  ( $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Ho_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$  • 86 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.89 (2.04), Na 2.67 (4.98), Sb 3.54 (3.41), W 53.41 (48.90), Ho 4.79 (3.84), Ni 0.57 (0.73).

### Synthesis of $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Er_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$ • 63 H<sub>2</sub>O (KNiErSbW<sub>9</sub>)

The synthesis of **KNiErSbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **KNiTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**, except that **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** was replaced by **NaErSbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.124 g, 0.0126 mmol). Light green block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 days. Yield: 0.087 g, 69 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for  $K_5Na_{12}NiEr_3Sb_3W_{30}O_{184}H_{151}$  ( $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Ni(H_2O)Er_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$  • 68 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.95 (1.86), Na 2.76 (4.35), Sb 3.65 (3.79), W 55.11 (52.60), Er 5.01 (2.72), Ni 0.59 (1.17).

### Synthesis of $K_5Na_{12}H_3[Co(H_2O)Tb_3(H_2O)_5(W_3O_{11})(SbW_9O_{33})_3]$ • 63 H<sub>2</sub>O (KCOTbSbW<sub>9</sub>)

**NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.118 g, 0.0126 mmol) was dissolved in 5 ml of a 2:1 mixture of KOAc/NaOAc (5% v/v) and H<sub>2</sub>O. To the resulting solution, CoCl<sub>2</sub>•6 H<sub>2</sub>O (0.009 g, 0.0372 mmol) and 20 µL of a K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> [2 M] solution were added and the pink reaction mixture was heated to 50°C for 1.5 h. Slow evaporation at 18°C gave light pink block shaped crystals after 2 days. Yield: 0.091 g, 72 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for  $K_5Na_{12}CoTb_3Sb_3W_{30}O_{184}H_{151}$

(K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Tb<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 68 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.96 (2.46), Na 2.76 (5.22), Sb 3.65 (3.39), W 55.24 (49.40), Tb 4.78 (4.18), Co 0.59 (0.59).

Synthesis of K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Dy<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 57 H<sub>2</sub>O (KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub>)

The synthesis of **KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **KCoTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** except that **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** was replaced by **NaDySbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.131 g, 0.0126 mmol). Light pink block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 days. Yield: 0.107 g, 86 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>CoDy<sub>3</sub>Sb<sub>3</sub>W<sub>30</sub>O<sub>178</sub>H<sub>139</sub> (K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Dy<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 62 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.98 (2.43), Na 2.79 (4.31), Sb 3.69 (3.70), W 55.79 (51.30), Dy 4.93 (4.62), Co 0.60 (0.63).

Synthesis of K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Ho<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 55 H<sub>2</sub>O (KCoHoSbW<sub>9</sub>)

The synthesis of **KCoHoSbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **KCoTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** except that **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** was replaced by **NaHoSbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.121 g, 0.0126 mmol). Light pink block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 days. Yield: 0.092 g, 74 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>CoHo<sub>3</sub>Sb<sub>3</sub>W<sub>30</sub>O<sub>176</sub>H<sub>135</sub> (K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Ho<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 60 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.98 (2.39), Na 2.80 (4.01), Sb 3.71 (3.66), W 55.95 (53.20), Ho 5.02 (4.65), Co 0.60 (0.63).

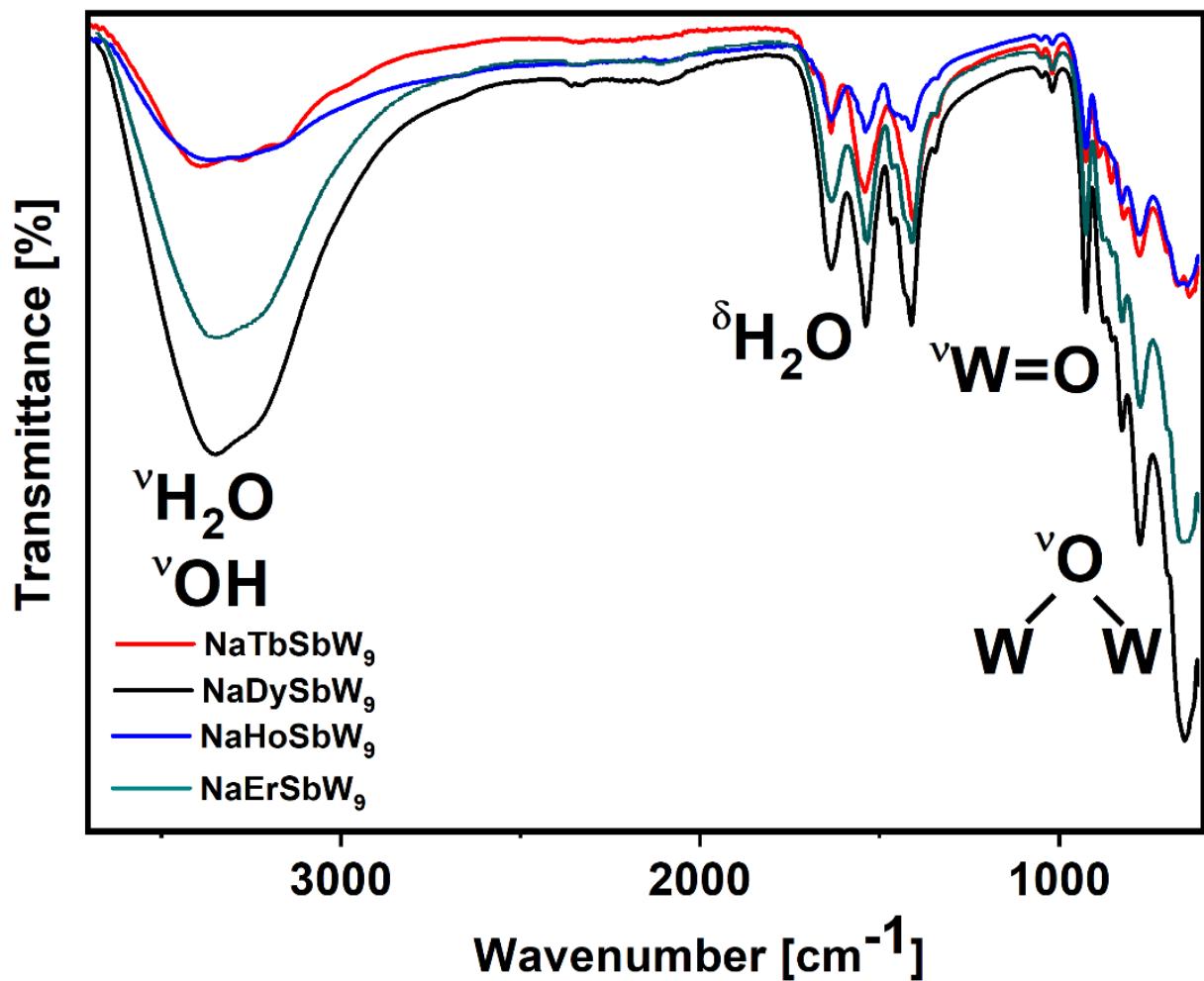
Synthesis of K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Er<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 64 H<sub>2</sub>O (KCoErSbW<sub>9</sub>)

The synthesis of **KCoErSbW<sub>9</sub>** was similar to that of **KCoTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** except that **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>** was replaced by **NaErSbW<sub>9</sub>** (0.124 g, 0.0126 mmol). Light pink block shaped crystals were obtained after approximately 2 days. Yield: 0.088 g, 70 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>CoEr<sub>3</sub>Sb<sub>3</sub>W<sub>30</sub>O<sub>185</sub>H<sub>153</sub> (K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Er<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 69 H<sub>2</sub>O): K 1.95 (2.45), Na 2.75 (4.19), Sb 3.64 (3.70), W 55.01 (49.30), Er 5.00 (4.81), Co 0.59 (0.63).

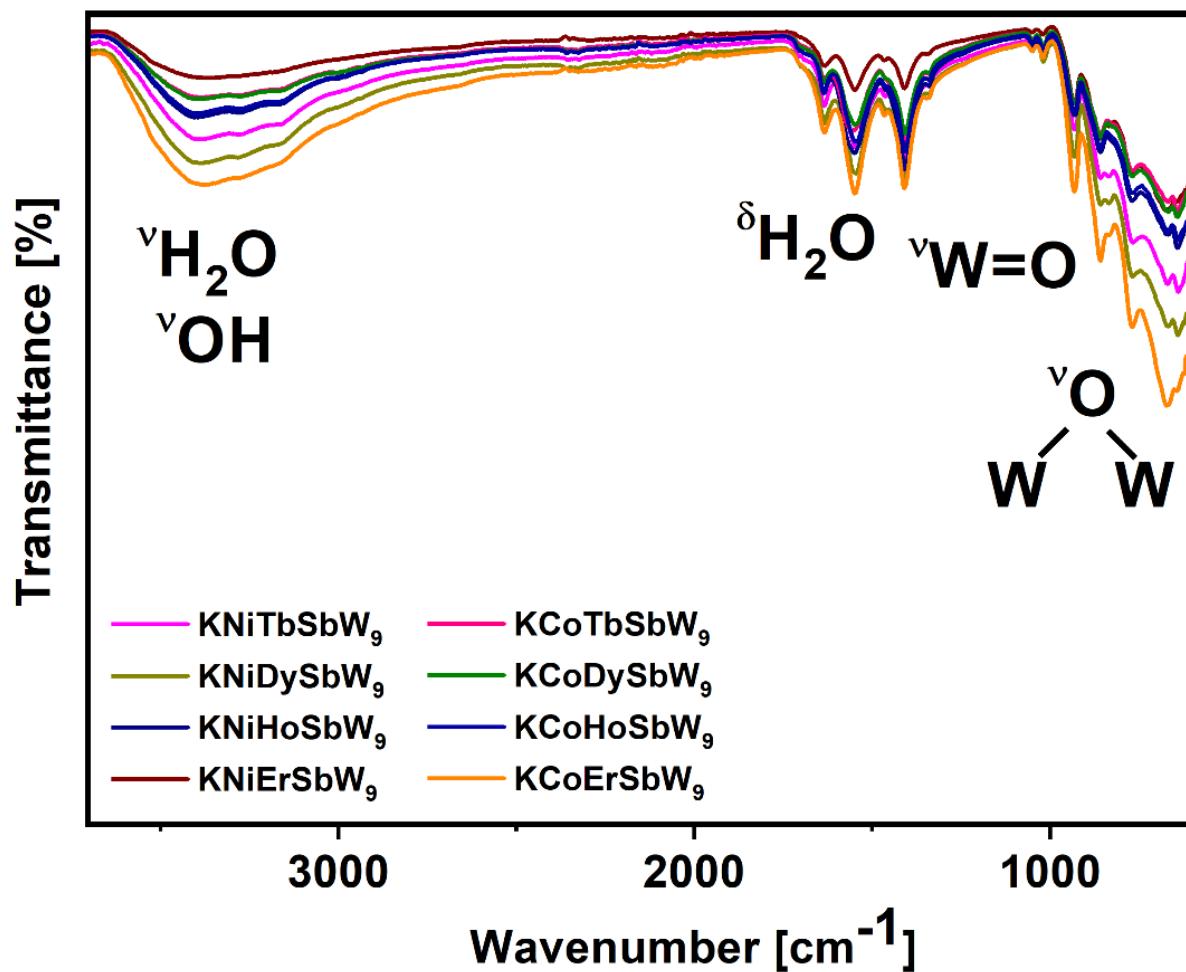
Synthesis of K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Y<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 46 H<sub>2</sub>O (KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub>)

Na<sub>16</sub>(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>[{Y(α-SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>31</sub>(OH)<sub>2</sub>)(CH<sub>3</sub>COO)(H<sub>2</sub>O)}<sub>3</sub>(WO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 48 H<sub>2</sub>O (0.337 g, 0.0378 mmol) was dissolved in 15 ml of a 2:1 mixture of KOAc/NaOAc (5% v/v) and H<sub>2</sub>O. To the resulting solution, CoCl<sub>2</sub>•6H<sub>2</sub>O (0.027 g, 0.1116 mmol) and 120 μL of a K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> [2 M] solution were added and the reaction mixture was heated to 50°C for 1.5 h. Slow evaporation at 18°C gave light green block shaped crystals after 2 days. Yield: 0.290 g, 81 % based on W. Elem. Anal. calcd (found) for K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>CoY<sub>3</sub>Sb<sub>3</sub>W<sub>30</sub>O<sub>167</sub>H<sub>117</sub> (K<sub>5</sub>Na<sub>12</sub>H<sub>3</sub>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Y<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] • 51H<sub>2</sub>O): K 2.06 (2.26), Na 2.91 (2.75), Sb 3.86 (3.86), W 58.26 (56.40), Y 2.82 (2.61), Co 0.62 (0.70).

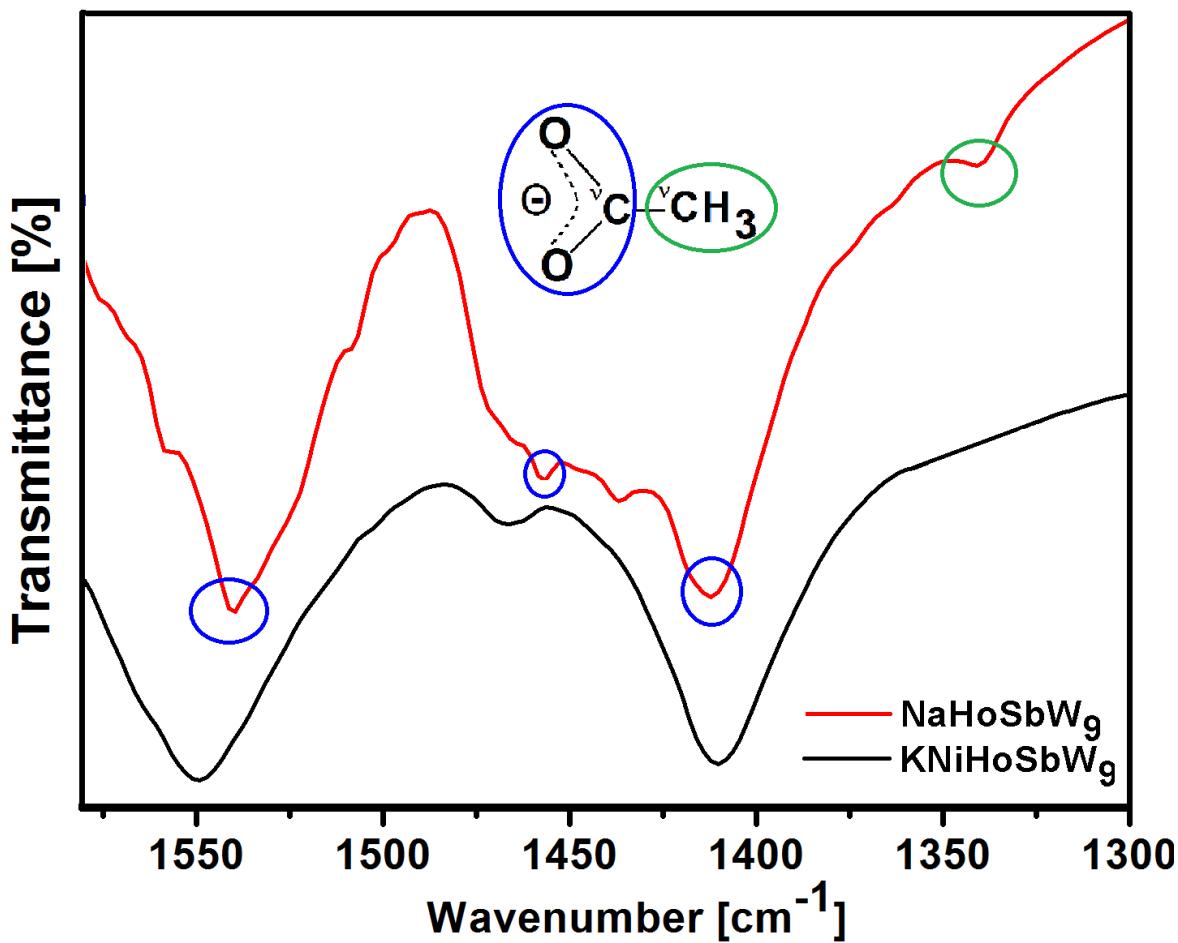
## IR-spectra



**Figure S1.** IR-spectra of  $\text{NaLnSbW}_9$  (ATR-IR,  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3364.4 (s), 3263.6 (s), 2359.4 (w), 1637.8 (w), 1508.1 (m), 1401.6(m), 1234.6 (m), 1151.6 (w), 936.4 (w), 748.5 (m)



**Figure S2.** IR-spectra of **KTMLnSbW<sub>9</sub>**. (ATR-IR, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3362.3 (s), 3262.4 (s), 2358.3 (w), 1636.6 (w), 1508.1 (m), 1401.6 (w), 1233.4 (m), 1150.2 (w), 935.3 (w), 934.2 (w) 748.5 (m)



**Figure S3.** IR-spectrum of  $\text{NaHoSbW}_9$  and  $\text{KNiHoSbW}_9$  in the range of  $1580 - 1300 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  showing the bending – and rocking vibrations corresponding to the acetate ligands present in  $\text{NaLnSbW}_9$ .

**Table S1.** Survey of reported crystal structures of 3d-4f heterometallic tungstoantimonates (**TA**). Hpic = picolinic acid, OAc = acetate. Ln = lanthanide, TM = transition metal.

Formula	Type of TA lacunary building block	Number & types of TM centers	Number & types of Ln centers	Ref.
$[\text{Ln}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5]_2[\text{TM}_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{Hpic})_4(\text{B}-\beta\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2]^{4-}$	B- $\beta$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	4 Fe <sup>3+</sup>	4 Pr <sup>3+</sup> , Nd <sup>3+</sup> , Sm <sup>3+</sup> , Eu <sup>3+</sup>	12
$[\text{TM}_2\text{W}_4\text{O}_9(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{Hpic})_4(\text{B}-\beta\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2][\text{Ln}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8]_2[\text{TM}_4\text{W}_2\text{O}_7(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{pic})_2(\text{Hpic})_2(\text{B}-\beta\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2]^{10-}$	B- $\beta$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	6 Fe <sup>3+</sup>	2 Gd <sup>3+</sup> , Dy <sup>3+</sup>	12
$\{[\text{Ln}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]_2[\text{TM}_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{Hpic})_2(\text{pic})_2(\text{B}-\beta\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2]\}_2^{4-}$	B- $\beta$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	8 Fe <sup>3+</sup>	3 Ho <sup>3+</sup> , Er <sup>3+</sup>	12
$[\text{Ln}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5\text{TM}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3(\text{Sb}_4\text{O}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3(\text{TMW}_6\text{O}_{24})(\text{WO}_2)_3(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})]^{17-}$	B- $\alpha$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	2 Ni <sup>2+</sup>	3 La <sup>3+</sup> , Pr <sup>3+</sup> , Nd <sup>3+</sup>	13
$[\text{Ln}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3\text{TM}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{CO}_3)]^{16-}$	B- $\alpha$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	3 Ni <sup>2+</sup>	3 La <sup>3+</sup> , Pr <sup>3+</sup> , Nd <sup>3+</sup>	13
$[\text{Ln}_3\text{TM}_9(\mu_3\text{-OH})_9(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2(\text{PW}_9\text{O}_{34})_3(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_3]^{30-}$	B- $\alpha$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> B- $\alpha$ -PW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>34</sub>	9 Ni <sup>2+</sup>	3 Dy <sup>3+</sup> , Er <sup>3+</sup>	13
$[\text{Sb}_7\text{W}_{36}\text{O}_{133}\text{Ln}_3\text{TM}_2(\text{OAc})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8]^{17-}$	B- $\alpha$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	2 Ni <sup>2+</sup> , 2 Zn <sup>2+</sup>	3 Ce <sup>3+</sup>	14
$[\text{Sb}_7\text{W}_{36}\text{O}_{133}\text{Ln}_3\text{TM}_2(\text{OAc})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8]^{17-}$	B- $\alpha$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	2 Co <sup>2+</sup>	3 La <sup>3+</sup> , Pr <sup>3+</sup> , Nd <sup>3+</sup> , Sm <sup>3+</sup> , Eu <sup>3+</sup> , Gd <sup>3+</sup>	14
$[\text{Ln}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8][\text{Ln}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6][\text{TM}_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{10}(\text{B}-\beta\text{-SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2]$	B- $\beta$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	4 Fe <sup>3+</sup>	2 Ce <sup>3+</sup>	15
$[\text{TM}(\text{H}_2\text{O})\text{Ln}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{W}_3\text{O}_{11})(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{20-}$	B- $\alpha$ -SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub>	1 Co <sup>2+</sup> , 1 Ni <sup>2+</sup>	3 Tb <sup>3+</sup> , Dy <sup>3+</sup> , Ho <sup>3+</sup> , Er <sup>3+</sup> , Y <sup>3+</sup>	this work

**Table S2.** Full sum formulas of heterometallic **KTMLnSbW<sub>9</sub>** compounds and the corresponding non-lacunary 4f precursors **NaLnSbW<sub>9</sub>** (TM = Co<sup>II</sup>, Ni<sup>II</sup>; Ln = Tb<sup>III</sup>, Dy<sup>III</sup>, Ho<sup>III</sup>, Er<sup>III</sup>, Y<sup>III</sup>)

**Applied non-lacunary 4f-precursor**

**Transition metal source: CoCl<sub>2</sub>•6H<sub>2</sub>O**

**Transition metal source: NiCl<sub>2</sub>•6H<sub>2</sub>O**

Na <sub>21</sub> [(Tb(H <sub>2</sub> O)(OH) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> COO)) <sub>3</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 62 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Co(H <sub>2</sub> O)Tb <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 63 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Ni(H <sub>2</sub> O)Tb <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 94 H <sub>2</sub> O
Na <sub>21</sub> [(Dy(H <sub>2</sub> O)(OH) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> COO)) <sub>3</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 116 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Co(H <sub>2</sub> O)Dy <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 57 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Ni(H <sub>2</sub> O)Dy <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 110 H <sub>2</sub> O
Na <sub>21</sub> [(Ho(H <sub>2</sub> O)(OH) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> COO)) <sub>3</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 72 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Co(H <sub>2</sub> O)Ho <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 55 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Ni(H <sub>2</sub> O)Ho <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 81 H <sub>2</sub> O
Na <sub>21</sub> [(Er(H <sub>2</sub> O)(OH) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> COO)) <sub>3</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 87 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Co(H <sub>2</sub> O)Er <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 64 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Ni(H <sub>2</sub> O)Er <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 63 H <sub>2</sub> O
Na <sub>16</sub> (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> [{Y(α-SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>31</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> )(CH <sub>3</sub> COO)(H <sub>2</sub> O)} <sub>3</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> )] <sub>3</sub> 48 H <sub>2</sub> O	K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> H <sub>3</sub> [Co(H <sub>2</sub> O)Y <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> (W <sub>3</sub> O <sub>11</sub> )(SbW <sub>9</sub> O <sub>33</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ] • 46 H <sub>2</sub> O	

## Thermogravimetric Analysis

**Table S3.** TGA data for compounds  $\text{NaLnSbW}_9 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (Fig. S4 – S7),  $\text{KNiLnSbW}_9 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (Fig. S8 – S11) and  $\text{KCoLnSbW}_9 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (Fig. S12 – S16). The discrepancy in the number of weight-loss steps may be observed due to the complex porous structure of POTs. In general, the number of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  molecules lost in the region 45–700°C is almost identical with about 50  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  molecules.

Compound	Step	T, °C	mass-loss, %	number of molecules corresponding to mass-loss
$[(\text{Tb}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{21-} \bullet 62 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$	I	20-40	0.73	3 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	II	40-260	10.96	56 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	III	260-350	2.57	12 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	IV	350-700	2.47	3 $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$
$[(\text{Dy}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{21-} \bullet 116 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$	I	20-40	3.59	17 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	II	40-300	12.39	65 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	III	300-450	8.63	43 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	IV	450-700	2.13	3 $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$
$[(\text{Ho}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{21-} \bullet 72 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$	I	25-40	3.31	15.5 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	II	40-250	8.27	41 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	III	250-500	5.02	24.5 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	IV	500-700	2.67	3 $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$
$[(\text{Er}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{21-} \bullet 87 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$	I	25-70	3.76	17.5 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	II	70-340	8.88	44.5 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	III	240-440	5.81	34 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	IV	440-700	1.89	3 $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^-$
$[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})\text{Tb}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{W}_3\text{O}_{11})(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{20-} \bullet 94 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$	I	25-44	5.88	29.6 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	II	44-185	5.16	25.8 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	III	185-300	2.10	10.2 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	IV	300-420	3.79	18.7 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
	V	420-700	3.14	15.3 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$
$[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})\text{Dy}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{W}_3\text{O}_{11})(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]^{20-} \bullet 110$	I	20-45	6.18	31 $\text{H}_2\text{O}$

<b>H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	II	45-200	6.76	34 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	200-430	7.59	39 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	430-700	2.53	12 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Ni(H<sub>2</sub>O)Ho<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 81 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	25-40	4.82	24 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	40-300	6.98	35 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	300-475	2.64	13 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	475-700	2.98	15 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Ni(H<sub>2</sub>O)Er<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 63 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	20-40	2.75	13 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	40-300	6.63	34 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	300-480	1.97	9 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	480-700	2.60	13 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Tb<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 63 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	20-45	1.62	7 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	45-195	5.12	26 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	195-405	5.57	28 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	405-700	1.58	8 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Dy<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 57 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	20-45	2.30	11 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	45-210	5.42	27 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	210-445	3.68	18 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	445-700	1.61	7 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Ho<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 55 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	20-45	2.36	11.5 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	45-250	5.24	26 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	250-400	2.83	14 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	400-700	1.87	9.5 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Er<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 64 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	20-45	2.75	13.5 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	45-320	6.63	34 H <sub>2</sub> O
	III	320-480	1.97	9.5 H <sub>2</sub> O
	IV	480-700	2.60	13 H <sub>2</sub> O
<b>[Co(H<sub>2</sub>O)Y<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>5</sub>(W<sub>3</sub>O<sub>11</sub>)(SbW<sub>9</sub>O<sub>33</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>20-</sup> • 46 H<sub>2</sub>O</b>	I	20-50	0.49	2 H <sub>2</sub> O
	II	50-700	10.07	50 H <sub>2</sub> O

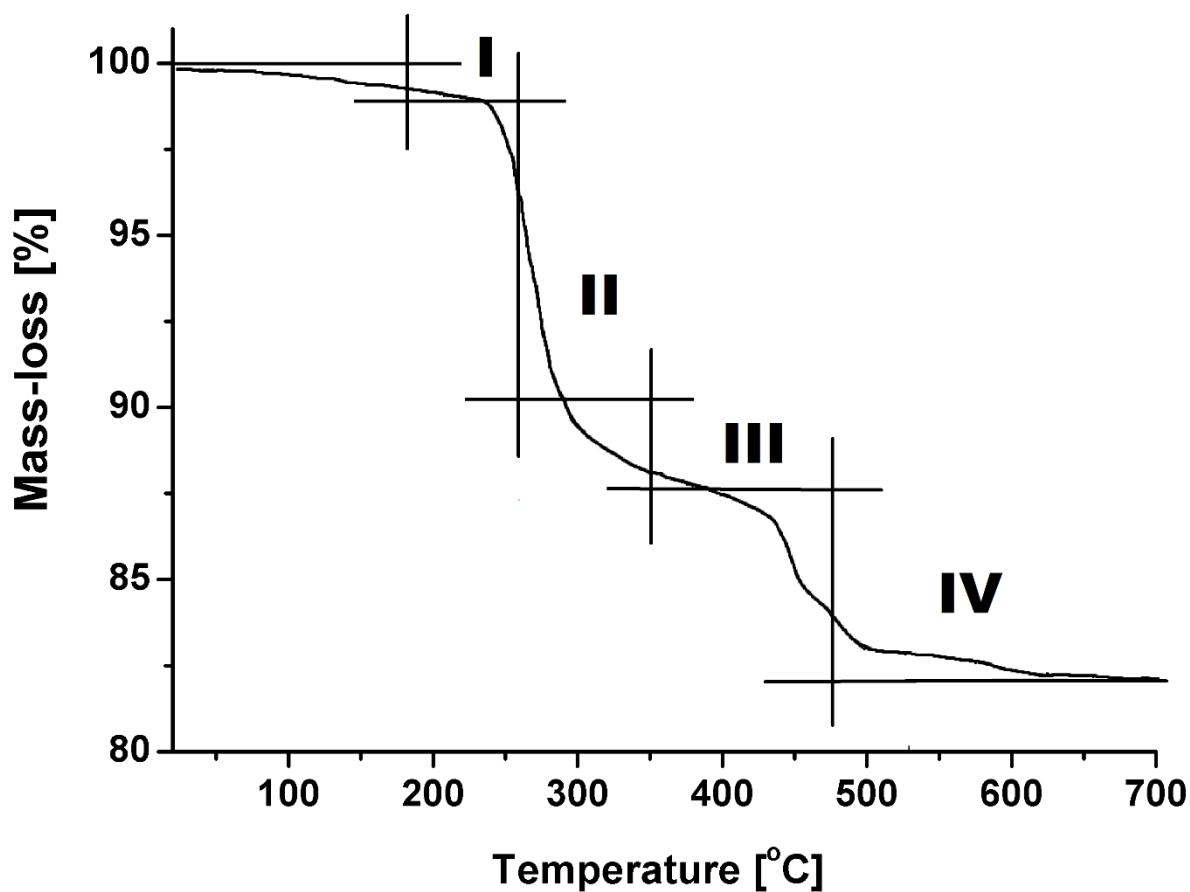


Figure S4. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{NaTbSbW}_9 \cdot 71 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

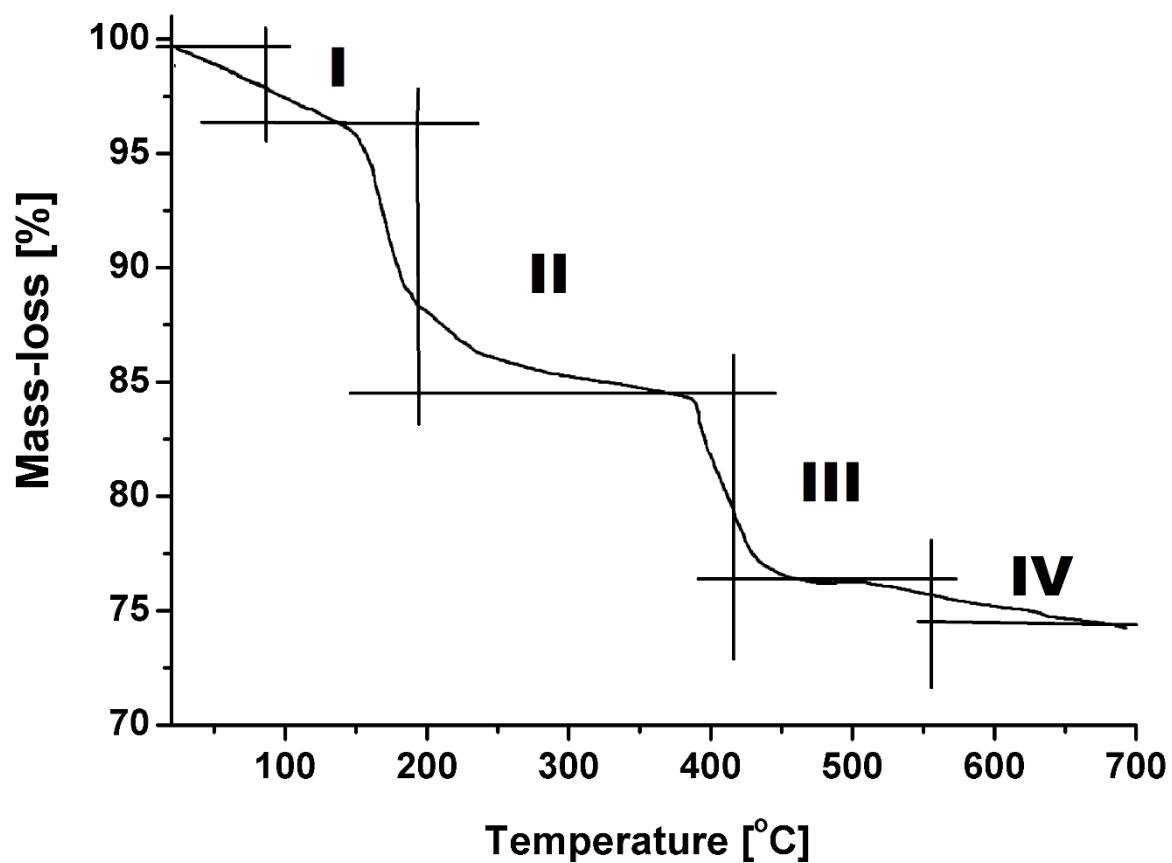
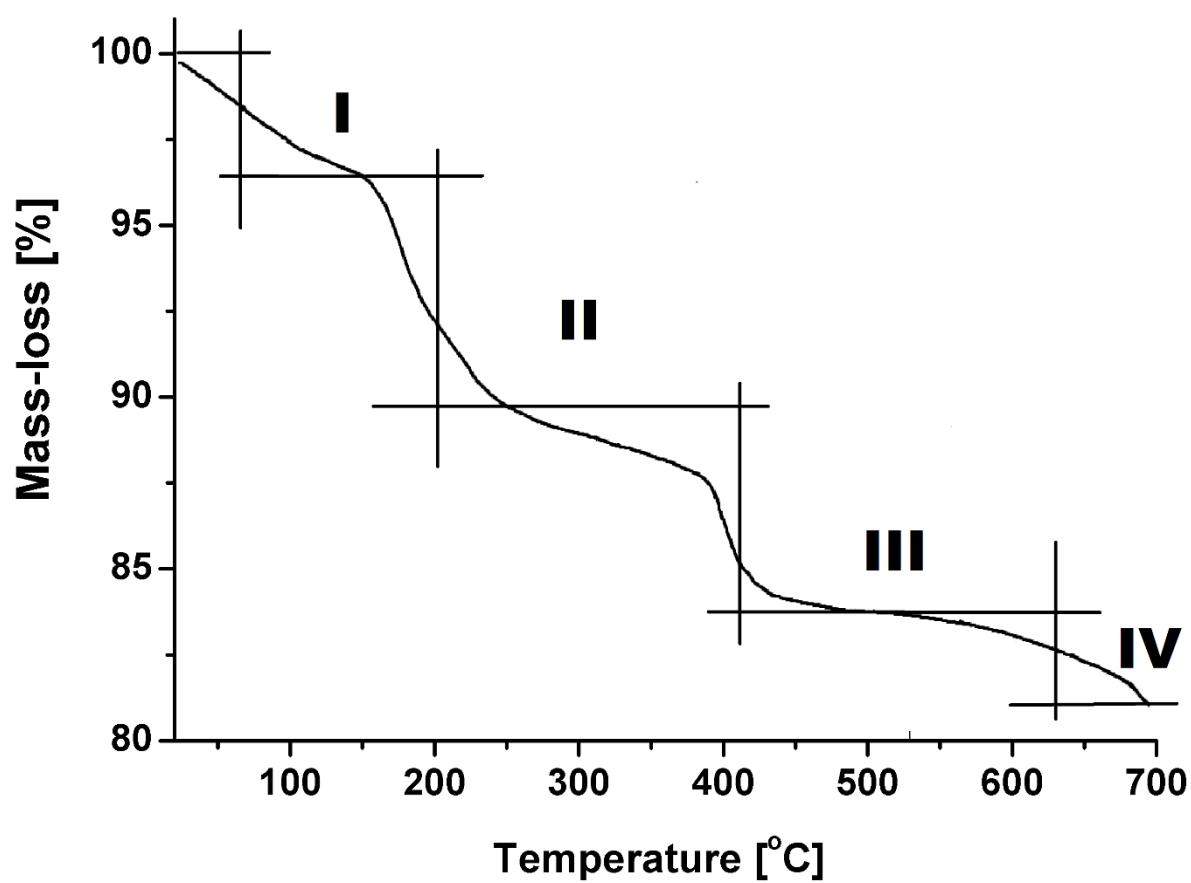


Figure S5. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{NaDySbW}_9 \cdot 125 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .



**Figure S6.** Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{NaHoSbW}_9 \cdot 81 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

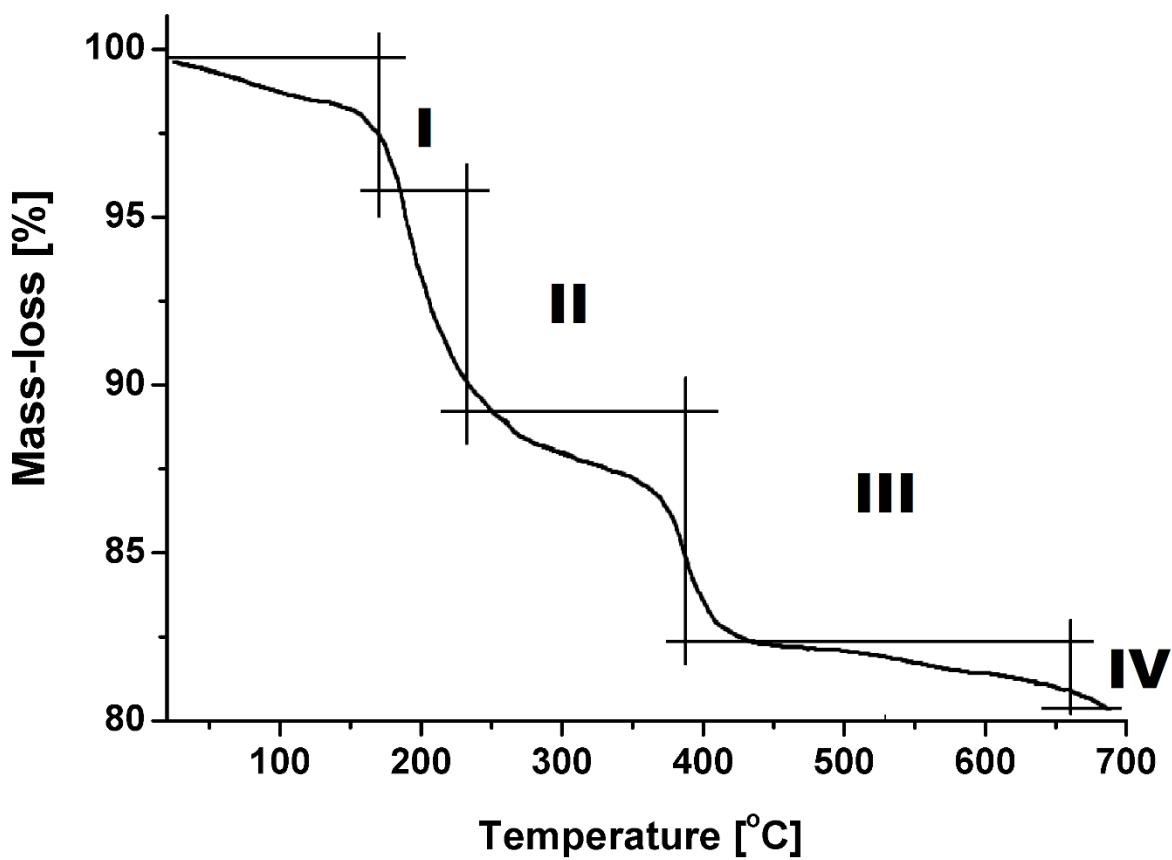


Figure S7. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{NaErSbW}_9 \cdot 96 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

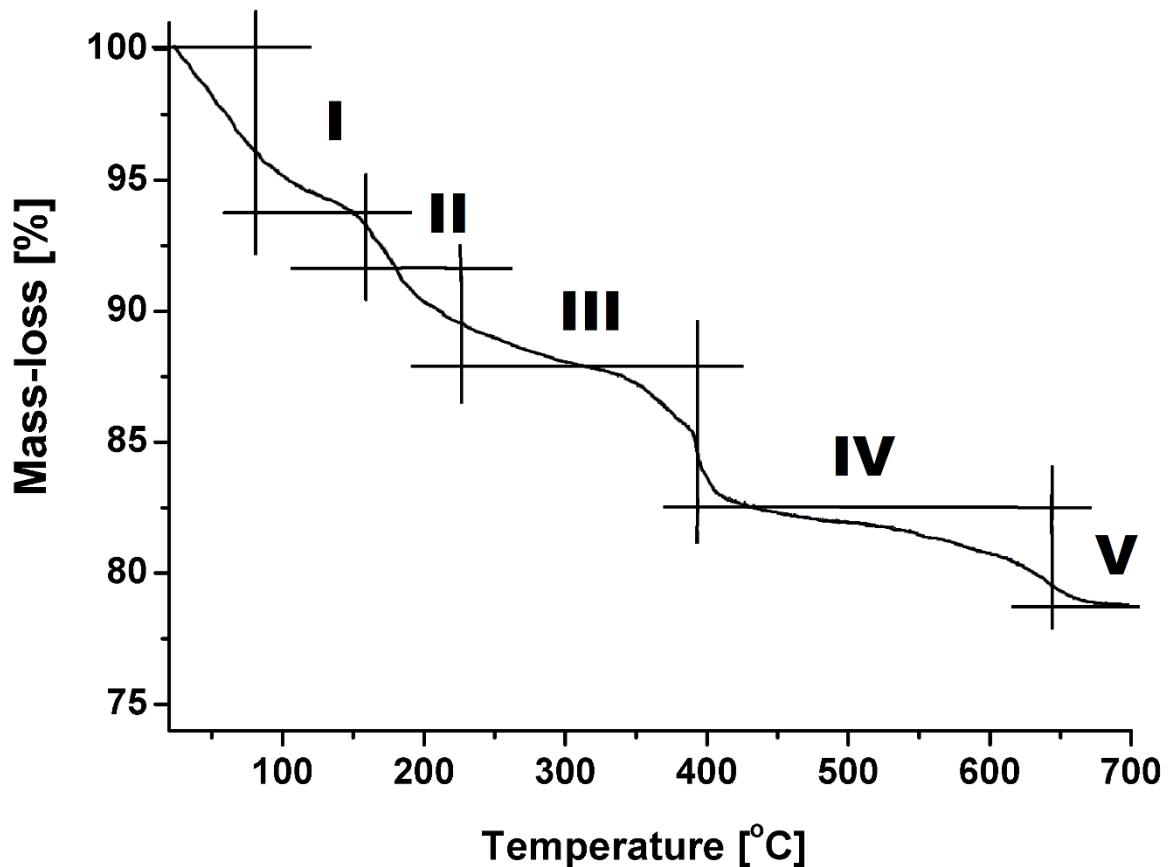


Figure S8. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KNiTbSbW}_9 \cdot 100 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

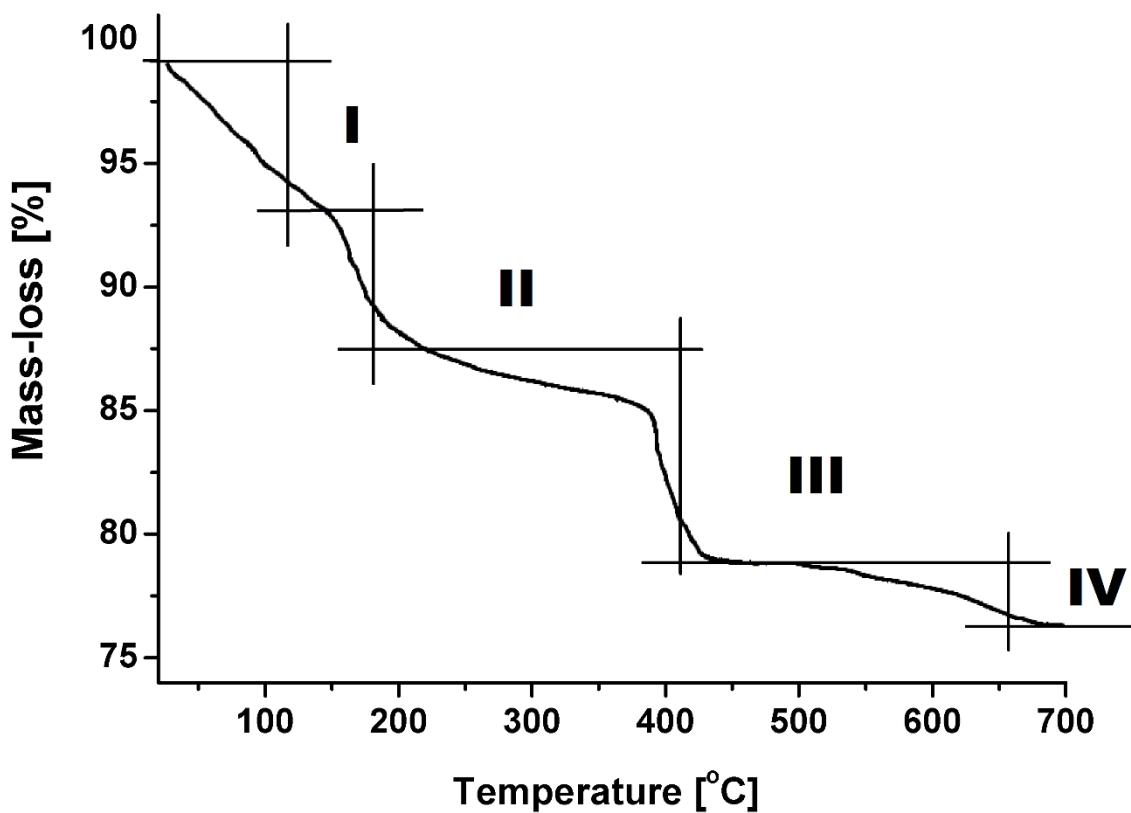
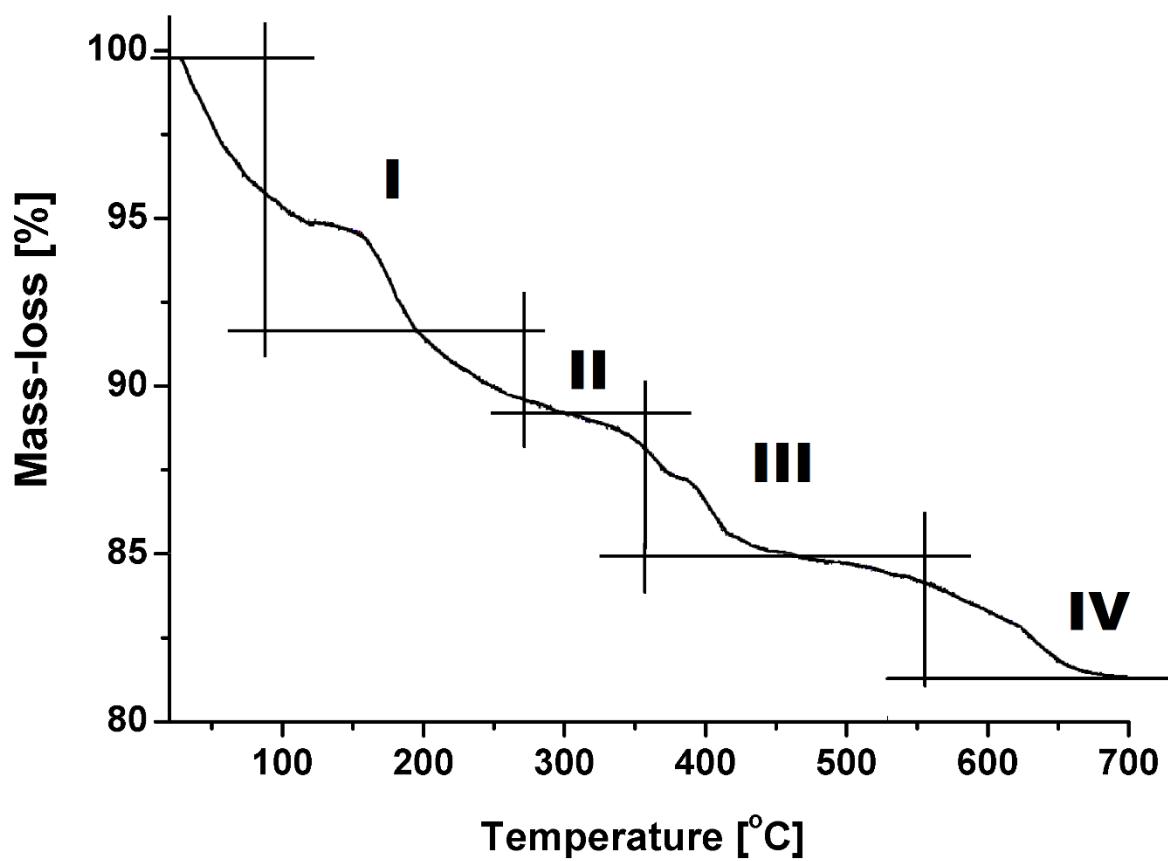


Figure S9. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KNiDySbW}_9 \cdot 116 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .



**Figure S10.** Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KNiHoSbW}_9 \cdot 87 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

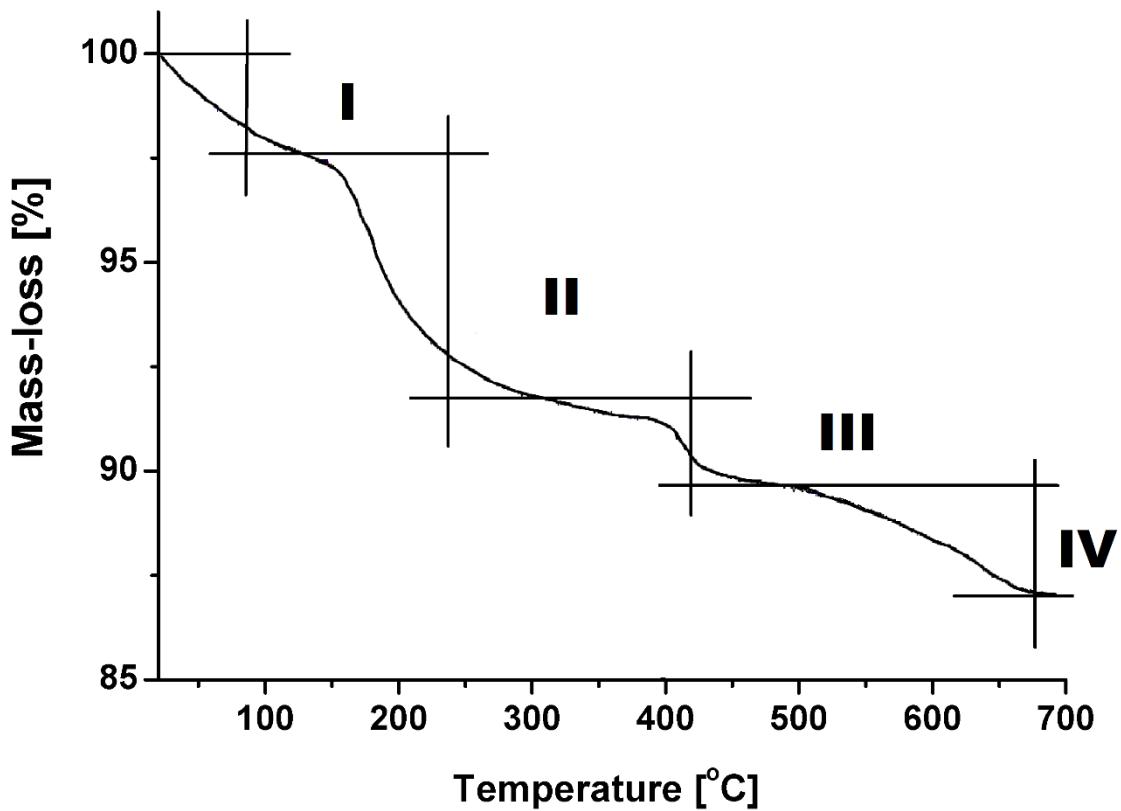


Figure S11. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KNiErSbW}_9 \cdot 69 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

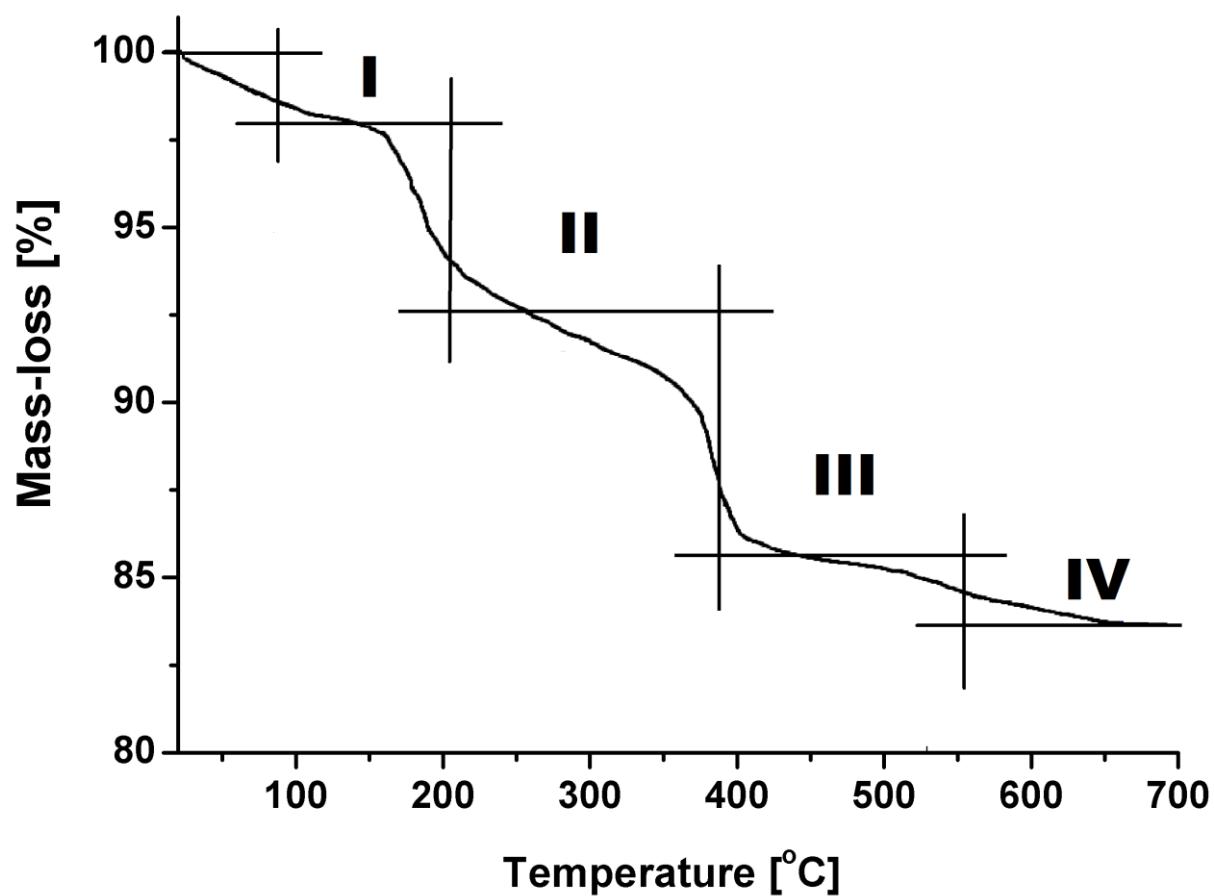


Figure S12. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KCoTbSbW}_9 \cdot 69 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

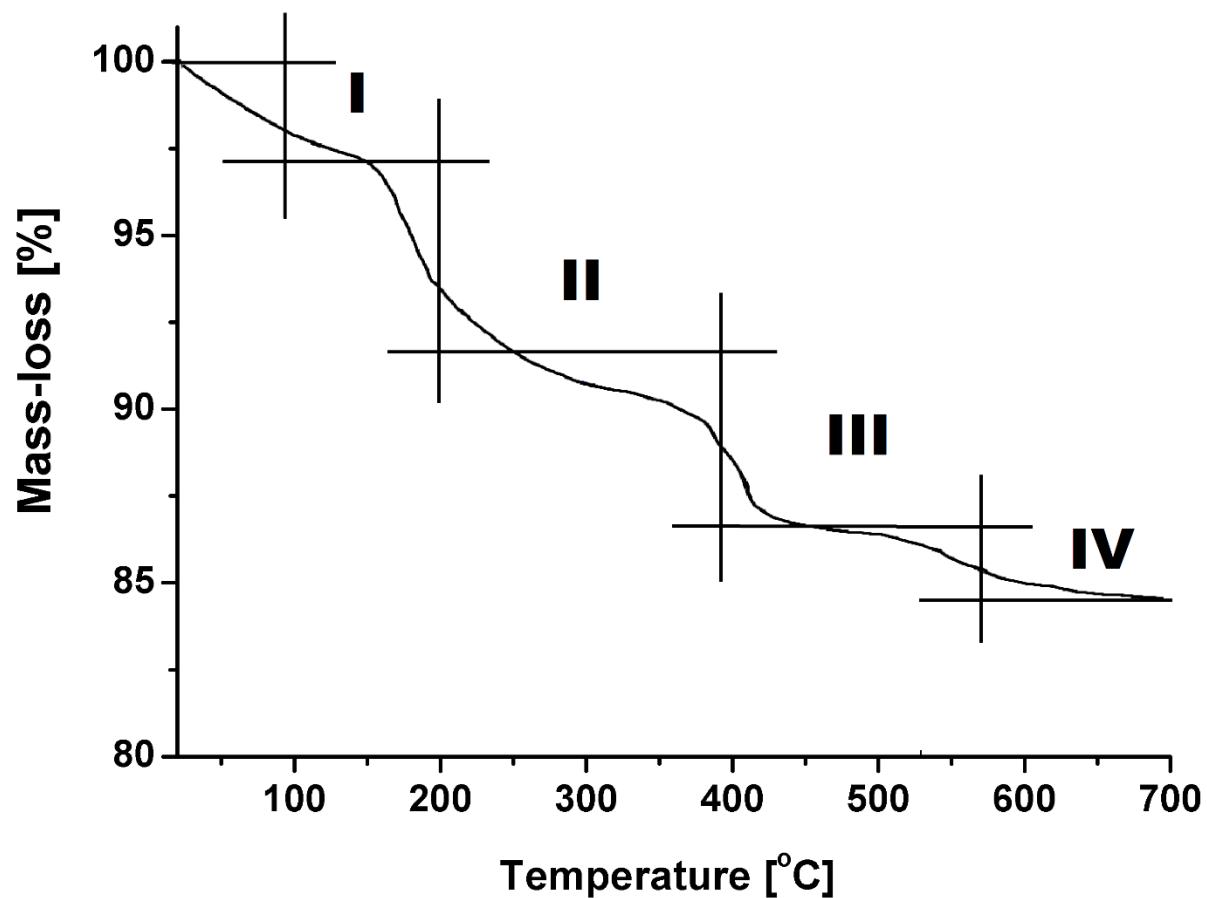


Figure S13. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KCoDySbW}_9 \cdot 63 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

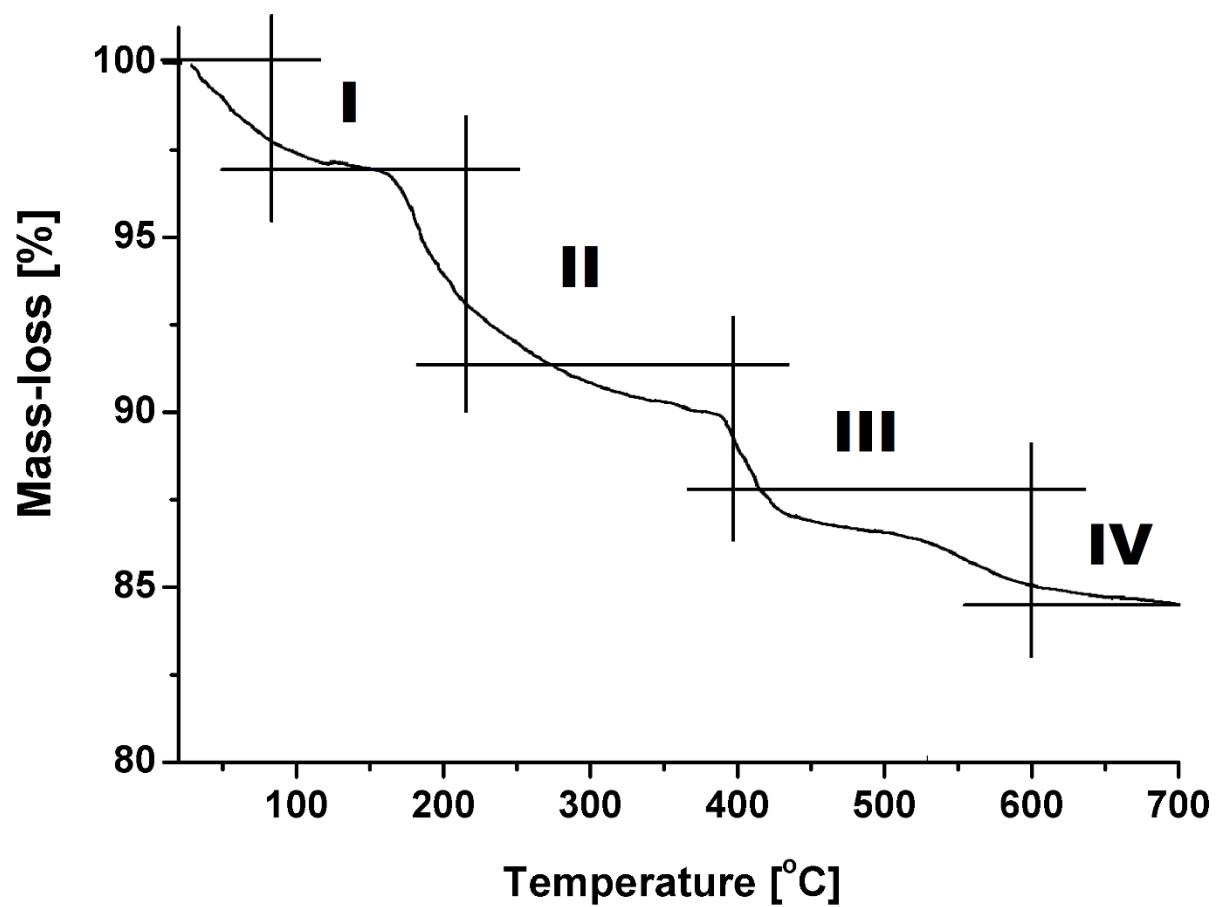


Figure S14. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KCoHoSbW}_9 \cdot 61 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

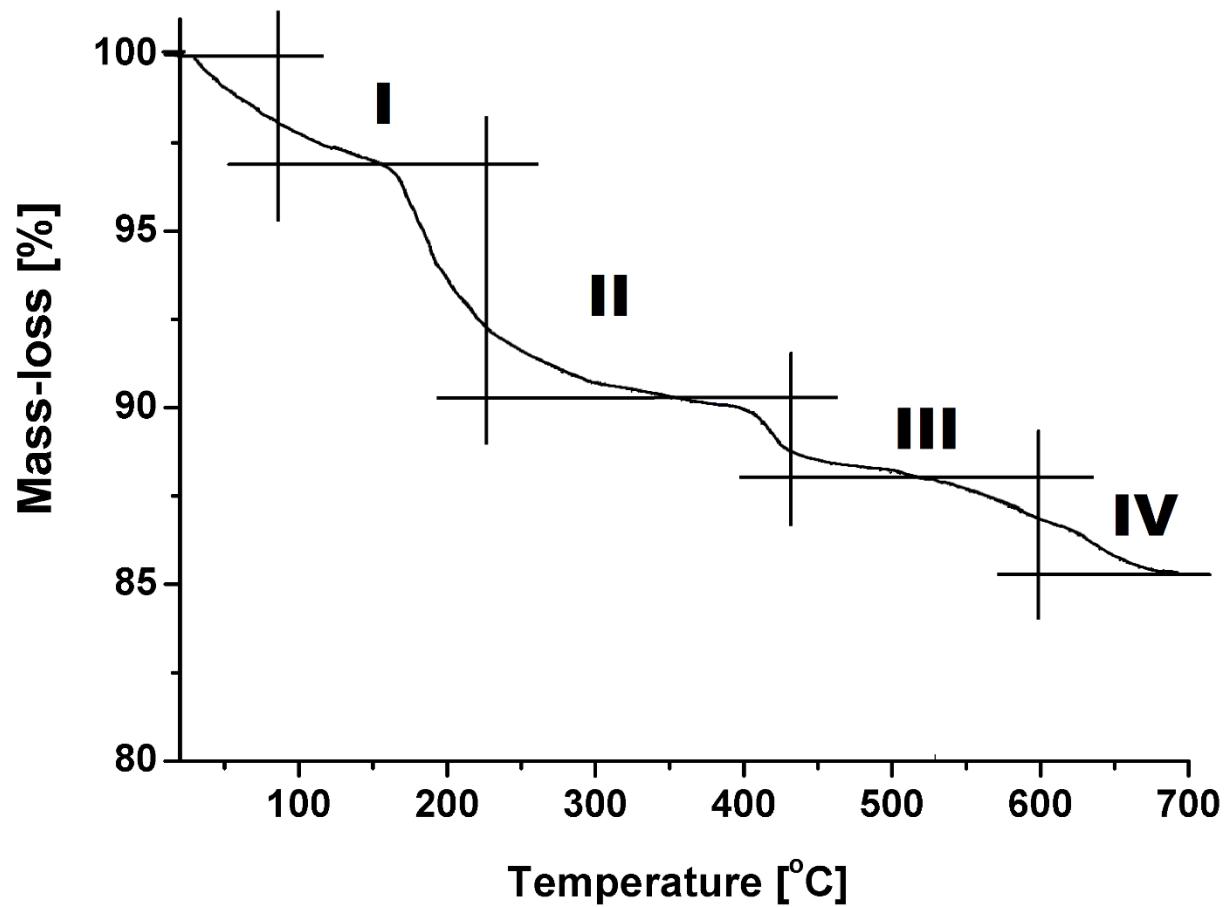
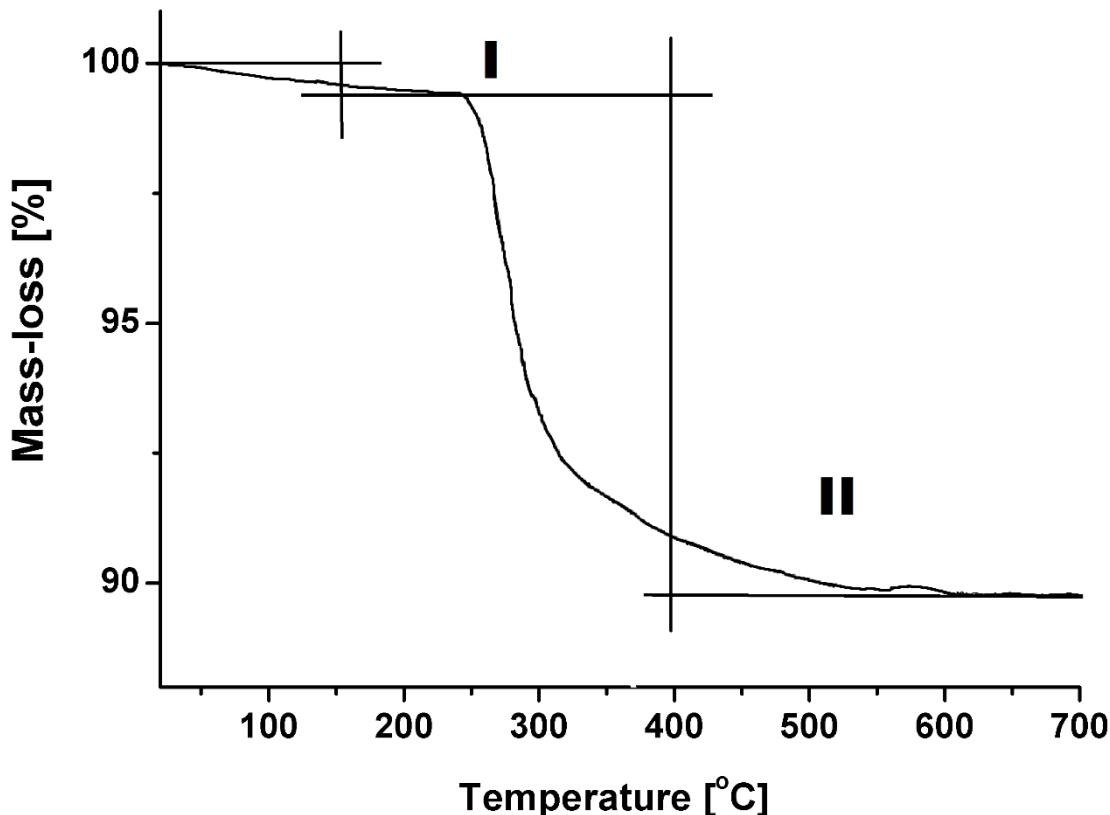


Figure S15. Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KCoErSbW}_9 \cdot 70 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .



**Figure S16.** Thermogravimetric curve of  $\text{KCoYSbW}_9 \cdot 52 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ .

## Single-Crystal X-ray Diffraction (SXRD)

**Table S4.** Experimental parameter and CCDC-Codes. The compounds were measured on a Bruker X8 ( $\text{NaLnSbW}_9$ ) or on a Bruker D8 ( $\text{KTMnSbW}_9$ ) device, respectively. (TM = Co<sup>II</sup>, Ni<sup>II</sup>; Ln = Tb<sup>III</sup>, Dy<sup>III</sup>, Ho<sup>III</sup>, Er<sup>III</sup>, Y<sup>III</sup>).

Sample	Source	Temp.	Detector Distance	Time/Frame	#Frames	Frame width	CCDC
		[K]	[mm]	[s]		[°]	
$\text{NaTbSbW}_9$	Mo	200	60	25	873	2	1978900
$\text{NaDySbW}_9$	Mo	200	40	25	574	2	1978889
$\text{NaHoSbW}_9$	Mo	200	40	50	574	2	1978897
$\text{NaErSbW}_9$	Mo	200	60	65	862	2	1978896
$\text{KNiTbSbW}_9$	Mo	100	40	35	924	0.5	1978895
$\text{KNiDySbW}_9$	Mo	100	35	20	2244	0.5	1978894
$\text{KNiErSbW}_9$	Mo	100	37	60	1194	0.5	1978899
$\text{KCoTbSbW}_9$	Mo	100	50	96	2695	1	1978898

<b>KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub></b>	Cu	100	40	15	3963	0.5	1978890
<b>KCoHoSbW<sub>9</sub></b>	Mo	100	50	10	896	0.5	1978892
<b>KCoErSbW<sub>9</sub></b>	Mo	100	40	20	924	0.5	1978891
<b>KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub></b>	Mo	100	37	4	3116	0.3	1978893

**Table S5.** Sample and crystal data of **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Na <sub>21</sub> O <sub>147</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> Tb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>28</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	trigonal	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8897.82	<b>Space group</b>	R3m	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	200.0	<b>Z</b>	3	
<b>Measurement method</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	11904.8(13)	
<b>Radiation (Wavelength [Å])</b>	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	<b>Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]</b>	30.9094(14)	90.0
<b>Crystal size / [mm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	0.15 × 0.15 × 0.075		30.9094(14)	90.0
<b>Crystal habit</b>	clear colorless block		14.3883(9)	120.0
<b>Density (calculated) / [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	3.725	<b>Absorption coefficient / [mm<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	22.179	
<b>Abs. correction Tmin</b>	0.2722	<b>Abs. correction Tmax</b>	0.7461	
<b>Abs. correction type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>	11599	

**Table S6.** Data collection and structure refinement of **NaTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Index ranges</b>	-44 ≤ h ≤ 44, -44 ≤ k ≤ 44, -20 ≤ l ≤ 20	<b>Theta range for data collection [°]</b>	3.214 to 61.112	
<b>Reflections number</b>	124243	<b>Data / restraints / parameters</b>	8515/37/345	
<b>Refinement method</b>	Least squares	<b>Final R indices</b>	all data	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0699, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.1019
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		>2σ(l)	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0425, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.0880
<b>Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup></b>	1.074	<b>Weighting scheme</b>	w=1/[σ <sup>2</sup> (F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> )+(0.0546P) <sup>2</sup> +622.7385P]	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	2.17/-2.47		where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3	

**Table S7.** Sample and crystal data of **NaDySbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>9</sub> Dy <sub>3</sub> Na <sub>21</sub> O <sub>127</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>28</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	trigonal	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8595.64	<b>Space group</b>	R3m	

Temperature [K]	200.01	Z	3	
Measurement method	\f and \w scans	Volume [ $\text{\AA}^3$ ]	11945.8(19)	
Radiation (Wavelength [ $\text{\AA}$ ])	MoK $\alpha$ ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	Unit cell dimensions [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and [ $^\circ$ ]	30.909(2)	90.0
Crystal size / [ $\text{mm}^3$ ]	$0.2 \times 0.125 \times 0.03$		30.909(2)	90.0
Crystal habit	clear colorless block		14.4385(11)	120.0
Density (calculated) / [ $\text{g/cm}^3$ ]	3.317	Absorption coefficient / [ $\text{mm}^{-1}$ ]	22.162	
Abs. correction Tmin	0.096	Abs. correction Tmax	0.557	
Abs. correction type	multi-scan	F(000) [e $^-$ ]	10191	

**Table S8.** Data collection and structure refinement of  $\text{NaDySbW}_9$

Index ranges	-42 $\leq h \leq 44$ , -44 $\leq k \leq 44$ , -20 $\leq l \leq 20$	Theta range for data collection [ $^\circ$ ]	3.204 to 61.052	
Reflections number	100051	Data / restraints / parameters	8526/1/242	
Refinement method	Least squares	Final R indices	all data	$R_1 = 0.0487$ , $wR_2 = 0.0840$
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$ >2\sigma(l)$	$R_1 = 0.0347$ , $wR_2 = 0.0790$
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.046	Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0385P)^2+179.3861P]$	
Largest diff. peak and hole [e $\text{\AA}^{-3}$ ]	1.52/-2.09		where $P=(F_o^2+2F_c^2)/3$	

**Table S9.** Sample and crystal data of  $\text{NaHoSbW}_9$

Chemical formula	$C_6\text{Ho}_3\text{Na}_{21}\text{O}_{164}\text{Sb}_3\text{W}_{28}$	Crystal system	trigonal	
Formula weight [g/mol]	9195.66	Space group	$R\bar{3}m$	
Temperature [K]	200	Z	3	
Measurement method	\f and \w scans	Volume [ $\text{\AA}^3$ ]	11908.9(19)	
Radiation (Wavelength [ $\text{\AA}$ ])	MoK $\alpha$ ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	Unit cell dimensions [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and [ $^\circ$ ]	30.882(2)	90.0
Crystal size / [ $\text{mm}^3$ ]	$0.1 \times 0.1 \times 0.05$		30.882(2)	90.0
Crystal habit	clear pink block		14.4192(11)	120.0
Density (calculated) / [ $\text{g/cm}^3$ ]	3.371	Absorption coefficient /	22.261	

		[mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	
<b>Abs. correction</b> Tmin	0.214	<b>Abs.</b> <b>correction</b> Tmax	0.402
<b>Abs. correction</b> <b>type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>	10344.0

**Table S10.** Data collection and structure refinement of **NaHoSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Index ranges</b>	-37 ≤ h ≤ 37, -37 ≤ k ≤ 37, -17 ≤ l ≤ 17	<b>Theta range for data collection [°]</b>	4.154 to 50.688	
<b>Reflections number</b>	81787	<b>Data / restraints / parameters</b>	5134/7/258	
<b>Refinement method</b>	Least squares	<b>Final R indices</b>	all data	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0248, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.0557
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		>2σ(I)	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0223, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.0543
<b>Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup></b>	1.051	<b>Weighting scheme</b>	w=1/[σ <sup>2</sup> (F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> )+(0.0240P) <sup>2</sup> +321.9862P]	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	2.04/-1.12		where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3	

**Table S11.** Sample and crystal data of **NaErSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	C <sub>6</sub> Er <sub>3</sub> Na <sub>21</sub> O <sub>155</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>28</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	trigonal	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	9041.77	<b>Space group</b>	R3m	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	200	Z	3	
<b>Measurement method</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	11809.9(14)	
<b>Radiation (Wavelength [Å])</b>	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	<b>Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]</b>	30.8680(14)	90.0
<b>Crystal size / [mm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	0.15 × 0.1 × 0.03		30.8680(14)	90.0
<b>Crystal habit</b>	clear pink block		14.3120(10)	120.0
<b>Density (calculated) / [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	3.422	<b>Absorption coefficient / [mm<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	22.254	
<b>Abs. correction</b> Tmin	0.133	<b>Abs.</b> <b>correction</b> Tmax	0.551	
<b>Abs. correction</b> <b>type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>	10425	

**Table S12.** Data collection and structure refinement of **NaErSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Index ranges</b>	-39 ≤ h ≤ 39, -39	<b>Theta range</b>	4.17 to 54.204
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	$\leq k \leq 39$ , $-18 \leq l \leq 18$	for data collection [°]		
Reflections number	92287	Data / restraints / parameters	6127/356/243	
Refinement method	Least squares	Final R indices	all data	$R_1 = 0.0602$ , $wR_2 = 0.1310$
Function minimized	$\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$ >2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.0481$ , $wR_2 = 0.1222$
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.025	Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0735P)^2+839.4275P]$	
Largest diff. peak and hole [ $e \text{ \AA}^{-3}$ ]	2.57/-1.65		where $P=(F_o^2+2F_c^2)/3$	

Table S13. Sample and crystal data of  $\text{KNiTbSbW}_9$

Chemical formula	$\text{K}_2\text{Na}_3\text{NiO}_{121}\text{Sb}_3\text{Tb}_3\text{W}_{30}$	Crystal system	triclinic	
Formula weight [g/mol]	8499.39	Space group	P-1	
Temperature [K]	102.06	Z	2	
Measurement method	\f and \w scans	Volume [Å <sup>3</sup> ]	7178.6(4)	
Radiation (Wavelength [Å])	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]	18.1872(6)	80.9842(11)
Crystal size / [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	0.08 × 0.06 × 0.04		18.3542(6)	81.2334(10)
Crystal habit	clear green block		24.3503(7)	63.9208(11)
Density (calculated) / [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	3.932	Absorption coefficient / [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	26.217	
Abs. correction Tmin	0.228	Abs. correction Tmax	0.42	
Abs. correction type	multi-scan	F(000) [e <sup>-</sup> ]	7270	

Table S14. Data collection and structure refinement of  $\text{KNiTbSbW}_9$

Index ranges	$-25 \leq h \leq 25$ , $-25 \leq k \leq 25$ , $-34 \leq l \leq 33$	Theta range for data collection [°]	4.536 to 60.114	
Reflections number	106772	Data / restraints / parameters	41889/12/1468	
Refinement method	Least squares	Final R indices	all data	$R_1 = 0.1096$ , $wR_2 = 0.2014$
Function minimized	$\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$ >2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.0740$ , $wR_2 = 0.1725$
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.047	Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0604P)^2+301.5323P]$	

Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å <sup>-3</sup> ]	6.44/-5.56	where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3
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Table S15. Sample and crystal data of **KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	Dy <sub>3</sub> K <sub>4</sub> Na <sub>6</sub> NiO <sub>128</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	triclinic	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8769.3	<b>Space group</b>	P-1	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	100.5	<b>Z</b>	2	
<b>Measurement method</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	7907.3(15)	
<b>Radiation (Wavelength [Å])</b>	MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	<b>Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]</b>	18.2082(19)	94.753(4)
<b>Crystal size / [mm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	0.17 × 0.14 × 0.07		20.315(2)	99.297(3)
<b>Crystal habit</b>	clear green block		24.353(3)	115.475(3)
<b>Density (calculated) / [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	3.683	<b>Absorption coefficient / [mm<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	23.945	
<b>Abs. correction Tmin</b>	0.106	<b>Abs. correction Tmax</b>	0.285	
<b>Abs. correction type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>	7530	

Table S16. Data collection and structure refinement of **KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Index ranges</b>	-21 ≤ h ≤ 21, -24 ≤ k ≤ 24, -29 ≤ l ≤ 29	<b>Theta range for data collection [°]</b>	4.32 to 51.064	
<b>Reflections number</b>	177285	<b>Data / restraints / parameters</b>	29152/138/1576	
<b>Refinement method</b>	Least squares	<b>Final R indices</b>	all data	$R_1 = 0.0942, wR_2 = 0.2262$
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$ >2\sigma(I) $	$R_1 = 0.0850, wR_2 = 0.2173$
<b>Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup></b>	1.042	<b>Weighting scheme</b>	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0930P)^2+1011.8275P]$	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	8.44/-3.79		where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3	

Table S17. Sample and crystal data of **KNiErSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	Er <sub>3</sub> K <sub>2</sub> Na <sub>5</sub> NiO <sub>128</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	triclinic	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8675.61	<b>Space group</b>	P-1	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	99.95	<b>Z</b>	2	
<b>Measurement</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	8022.8(7)	

method				
Radiation (Wavelength [Å])	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]	18.2734(9)	96.0424(19)
Crystal size / [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	0.09 × 0.09 × 0.08		20.6197(11)	99.118(2)
Crystal habit	clear green block		24.4271(12)	115.8029(17)
Density (calculated) / [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	3.591	Absorption coefficient / [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	23.716	
Abs. correction Tmin	0.224	Abs. correction Tmax	0.253	
Abs. correction type	multi-scan	F(000) [e <sup>-</sup> ]	7438	

Table S18. Data collection and structure refinement of **KNiErSbW<sub>9</sub>**

Index ranges	-22 ≤ h ≤ 21, -24 ≤ k ≤ 24, -27 ≤ l ≤ 29	Theta range for data collection [°]	4.468 to 50.7	
Reflections number	128306	Data / restraints / parameters	29180/60/1549	
Refinement method	Least squares	Final R indices	all data	$R_1 = 0.1073, wR_2 = 0.2705$
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$I > 2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.0913, wR_2 = 0.2478$
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.056	Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.1443P)^2+416.5409P]$	
Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å <sup>-3</sup> ]	6.35/-2.35		where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3	

Table S19. Sample and crystal data of **KCoTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**

Chemical formula	CoK <sub>3</sub> NaO <sub>123</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> Tb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub>	Crystal system	triclinic	
Formula weight [g/mol]	8520.81	Space group	P-1	
Temperature [K]	100	Z	2	
Measurement method	\f and \w scans	Volume [Å <sup>3</sup> ]	7205.1(3)	
Radiation (Wavelength [Å])	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]	18.1998(4)	80.6281(7)
Crystal size / [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	0.11 × 0.1 × 0.05		18.4371(5)	81.3537(7)
Crystal habit	clear pink block		24.3838(6)	63.6381(7)
Density (calculated) / [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	3.928	Absorption coefficient / [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	26.13	
Abs. correction Tmin	0.161	Abs. correction Tmax	0.355	

Abs. correction type	multi-scan	F(000) [e <sup>-</sup> ]	7290
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Table S20. Data collection and structure refinement of **KCoTbSbW<sub>9</sub>**

Index ranges	-21 ≤ h ≤ 21, -22 ≤ k ≤ 22, -29 ≤ l ≤ 28	Theta range for data collection [°]	4.398 to 50.75	
Reflections number	87744	Data / restraints / parameters	26318/1181/1486	
Refinement method	Least squares	Final R indices	all data	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.1334, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.2575
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		I>2σ(I)	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0866, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.2212
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.02	Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.1321P)^2+23.5531P]$	
Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å <sup>-3</sup> ]	2.58/-2.17		where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3	

Table S21. Sample and crystal data of **KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub>**

Chemical formula	CoDy <sub>3</sub> K <sub>3</sub> Na <sub>8</sub> O <sub>121</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub>	Crystal system	triclinic	
Formula weight [g/mol]	8664.4	Space group	P-1	
Temperature [K]	100	Z	2	
Measurement method	\f and \w scans	Volume [Å <sup>3</sup> ]	7752.4(14)	
Radiation (Wavelength [Å])	CuKα (λ = 1.54178)	Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]	18.2885(16)	93.201(6)
Crystal size / [mm <sup>3</sup> ]	0.12 × 0.12 × 0.04		19.955(2)	99.171(4)
Crystal habit	clear pink block		24.429(2)	117.082(4)
Density (calculated) / [g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	3.712	Absorption coefficient / [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	54.05	
Abs. correction Tmin	0.0122	Abs. correction Tmax	0.1099	
Abs. correction type	multi-scan	F(000) [e <sup>-</sup> ]	7422	

Table S22. Data collection and structure refinement of **KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub>**

Index ranges	-21 ≤ h ≤ 21, -23 ≤ k ≤ 23, -28 ≤ l ≤ 21	Theta range for data collection [°]	5.028 to 127.374	
Reflections number	89327	Data / restraints / parameters	25114/6/1522	
Refinement	Least squares	Final R	all data	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0679, wR <sub>2</sub> =

<b>method</b>		<b>Weighting scheme</b>		0.1795
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$I > 2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.0628, wR_2 = 0.1739$
<b>Goodness-of-fit on <math>F^2</math></b>	1.096		$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0901P)^2+66.3364P]$	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	4.93/-1.48		where $P=(F_o^2+2F_c^2)/3$	

**Table S23.** Sample and crystal data of **KCoHoSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	CoHo <sub>3</sub> K <sub>3</sub> Na <sub>4</sub> O <sub>120</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	triclinic	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8555.97	<b>Space group</b>	P-1	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	100	<b>Z</b>	2	
<b>Measurement method</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	7648.6(10)	
<b>Radiation (Wavelength [Å])</b>	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	<b>Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]</b>	18.2065(13)	79.311(2)
<b>Crystal size / [mm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	0.22 × 0.18 × 0.1		19.7028(15)	81.003(2)
<b>Crystal habit</b>	clear pink block		24.4697(19)	62.841(2)
<b>Density (calculated) / [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	3.715	<b>Absorption coefficient / [mm<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	24.786	
<b>Abs. correction Tmin</b>	0.003	<b>Abs. correction Tmax</b>	0.0186	
<b>Abs. correction type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>	7316	

**Table S24.** Data collection and structure refinement of **KCoHoSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Index ranges</b>	-21 ≤ h ≤ 21, -21 ≤ k ≤ 23, -29 ≤ l ≤ 28	<b>Theta range for data collection [°]</b>	4.372 to 50.892	
<b>Reflections number</b>	58599	<b>Data / restraints / parameters</b>	27828/84/1468	
<b>Refinement method</b>	Least squares	<b>Final R indices</b>	all data	$R_1 = 0.0920, wR_2 = 0.2213$
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$I > 2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.0753, wR_2 = 0.2073$
<b>Goodness-of-fit on <math>F^2</math></b>	1.041	<b>Weighting scheme</b>	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.1135P)^2+295.0967P]$	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	7.17/-3.23		where $P=(F_o^2+2F_c^2)/3$	

**Table S25.** Sample and crystal data of **KCoErSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	CoEr <sub>3</sub> K <sub>5</sub> Na <sub>12</sub> O <sub>110</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	triclinic	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8672.84	<b>Space group</b>	<i>P</i> -1	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	101.77	<b>Z</b>	2	
<b>Measurement method</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	7788.5(7)	
<b>Radiation (Wavelength [Å])</b>	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	<b>Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]</b>	18.3211(9)	94.6511(17)
<b>Crystal size / [mm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	0.12 × 0.08 × 0.06		19.9321(10)	99.2600(15)
<b>Crystal habit</b>	clear pink block		24.6926(13)	117.2426(13)
<b>Density (calculated) / [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	3.698	<b>Absorption coefficient / [mm<sup>-1</sup>]</b>	24.503	
<b>Abs. correction Tmin</b>	0.018	<b>Abs. correction Tmax</b>	0.0504	
<b>Abs. correction type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>	7422	

**Table S26.** Data collection and structure refinement of **KCoErSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Index ranges</b>	-25 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 25, -28 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 28, -34 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 34	<b>Theta range for data collection [°]</b>	4.09 to 60.128	
<b>Reflections number</b>	116105	<b>Data / restraints / parameters</b>	45386/0/1738	
<b>Refinement method</b>	Least squares	<b>Final R indices</b>	all data	$R_1 = 0.0453, wR_2 = 0.0971$
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		$I > 2\sigma(I)$	$R_1 = 0.0390, wR_2 = 0.0940$
<b>Goodness-of-fit on <math>F^2</math></b>	1.054	<b>Weighting scheme</b>	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0357P)^2+163.9879P]$	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	6.64/-5.01		where $P=(F_o^2+2F_c^2)/3$	

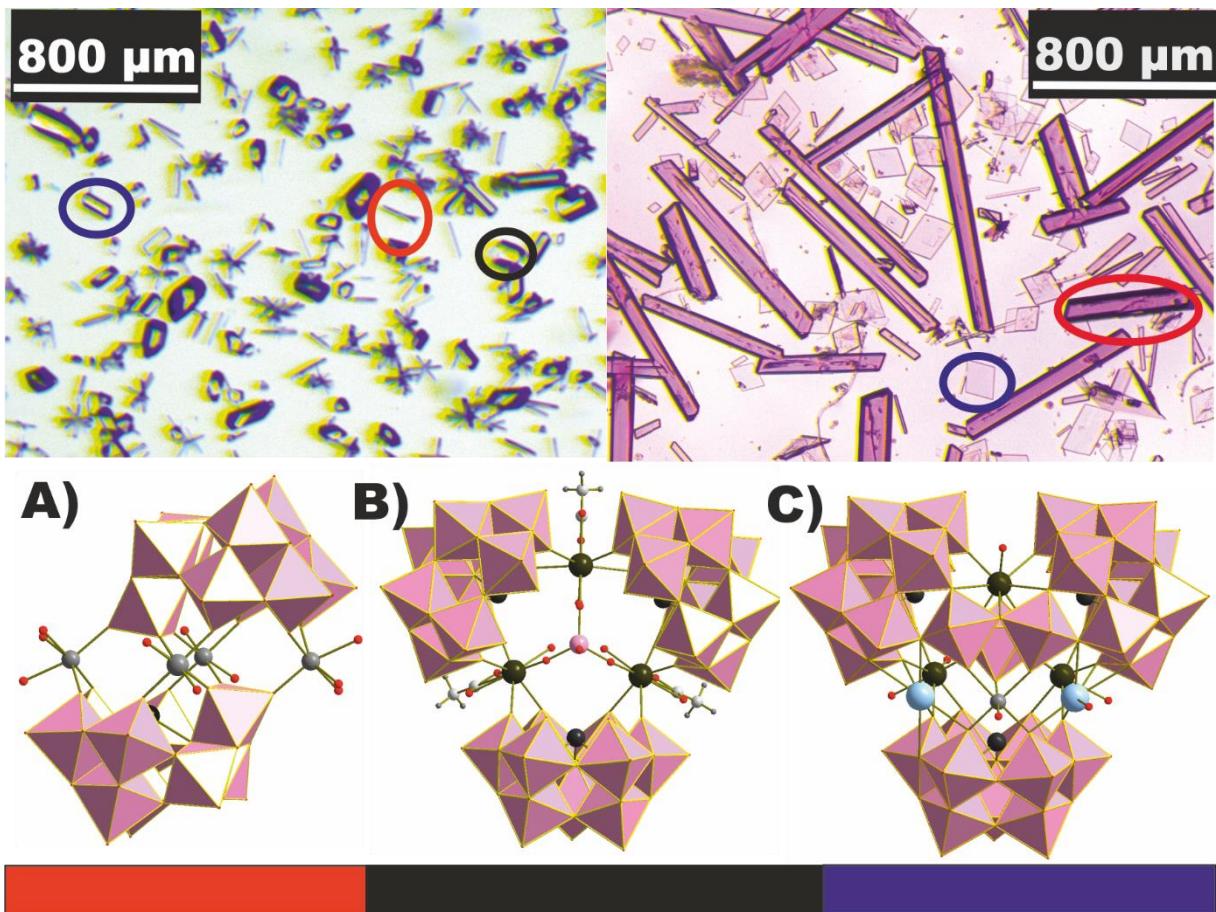
**Table S27.** Sample and crystal data of **KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub>**

<b>Chemical formula</b>	CoK <sub>4</sub> Na <sub>8</sub> O <sub>127</sub> Sb <sub>3</sub> W <sub>30</sub> Y <sub>3</sub>	<b>Crystal system</b>	triclinic	
<b>Formula weight [g/mol]</b>	8579.23	<b>Space group</b>	<i>P</i> -1	
<b>Temperature [K]</b>	100	<b>Z</b>	2	
<b>Measurement method</b>	\f and \w scans	<b>Volume [Å<sup>3</sup>]</b>	7982.1(14)	
<b>Radiation (Wavelength [Å])</b>	MoKα ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	<b>Unit cell dimensions [Å] and [°]</b>	18.2516(18)	94.866(4)
<b>Crystal size / [mm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	0.12 × 0.12 × 0.05		20.402(2)	99.426(4)

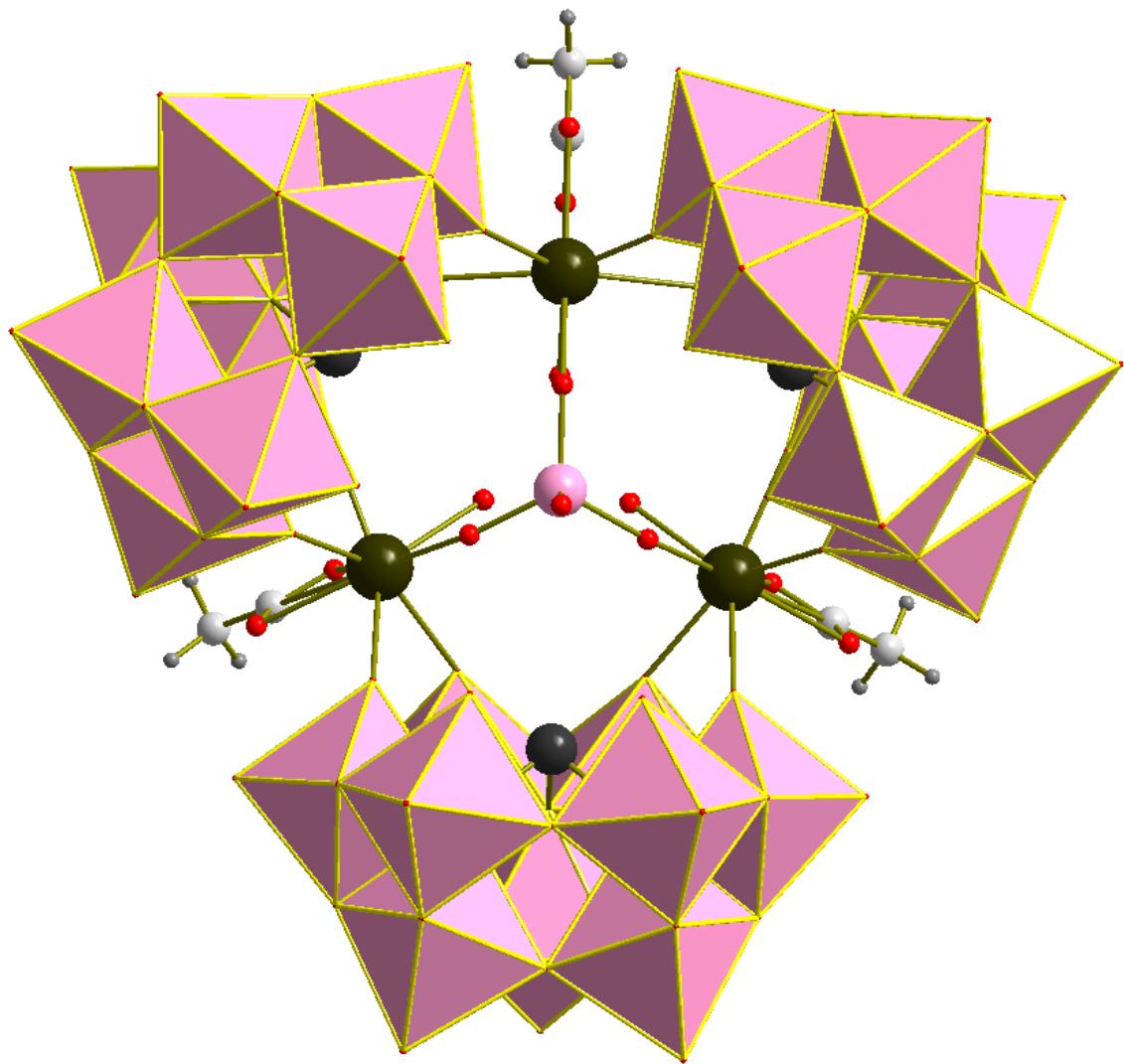
<b>Crystal habit</b>	clear pink block		24.473(2)	115.603(4)
<b>Density (calculated) / [g/cm<sup>3</sup>]</b>	3.57	<b>Absorption coefficient / [mm<sup>-1</sup>]</b>		23.403
<b>Abs. correction Tmin</b>	0.2675	<b>Abs. correction Tmax</b>		0.7461
<b>Abs. correction type</b>	multi-scan	<b>F(000) [e<sup>-</sup>]</b>		7395

**Table S28.** Data collection and structure refinement of KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub>

<b>Index ranges</b>	-23 ≤ h ≤ 23, -26 ≤ k ≤ 26, -31 ≤ l ≤ 31	<b>Theta range for data collection [°]</b>	4.04 to 54.968	
<b>Reflections number</b>	225113	<b>Data / restraints / parameters</b>	36563/3393/1518	
<b>Refinement method</b>	Least squares	<b>Final R indices</b>	all data	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.1229, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.2146
<b>Function minimized</b>	$\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		I>2σ(I)	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0749, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.1848
<b>Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup></b>	1.054	<b>Weighting scheme</b>	w=1/[σ <sup>2</sup> (F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> )+(0.0990P) <sup>2</sup> +247.5574P]	
<b>Largest diff. peak and hole [e Å<sup>-3</sup>]</b>	7.18/-4.23		where P=(F <sub>o</sub> <sup>2</sup> +2F <sub>c</sub> <sup>2</sup> )/3	

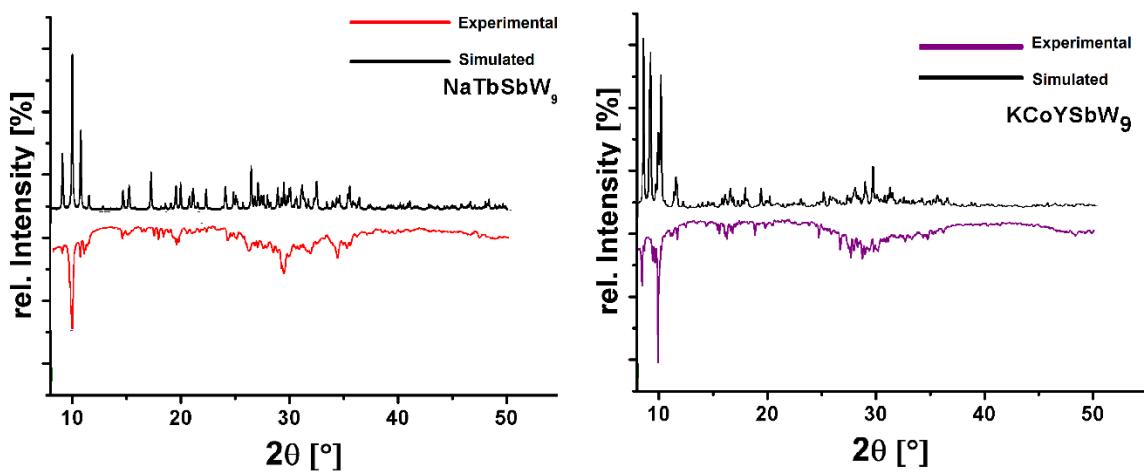


**Figure S17.** Microscopic images of mixed crystal phases of **A)** Krebs-type POM  $\text{Na}_{10}[(\text{TM}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3)_2(\text{WO}_2)_2(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_2]$  (red circled crystal), **B)** unreacted 4f-precursor  $\text{Na}_{21}[(\text{Ln}(\text{H}_2\text{O})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CH}_3\text{COO}))_3(\text{WO}_4)(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]$  (black circled crystal) and **C)** the corresponding 3d-4f compound  $\text{K}_5\text{Na}_{12}\text{H}_3[\text{TM}(\text{H}_2\text{O})\text{Ln}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{W}_3\text{O}_{11})(\text{SbW}_9\text{O}_{33})_3]$  ( $\text{TM} = \text{Co}^{\text{II}}, \text{Ni}^{\text{II}}; \text{Ln} = \text{Tb}^{\text{III}}, \text{Dy}^{\text{III}}, \text{Ho}^{\text{III}}, \text{Er}^{\text{III}}, \text{Y}^{\text{III}}$ ) (violet circled crystal) before changing the  $\text{K}^+$  content of the reaction mixture. Color legend:  $\text{WO}_6$ , fairy floss octahedra;  $\text{Ln}^{\text{III}}$ , black balls;  $\text{TM}^{\text{II}}$ , grey balls;  $\text{Sb}^{\text{III}}$ , dark green balls;  $\text{K}^+$ , light blue balls; O, red balls; C, white balls, tetrahedrally coordinated  $\text{WO}_4$  capping unit, pink ball.

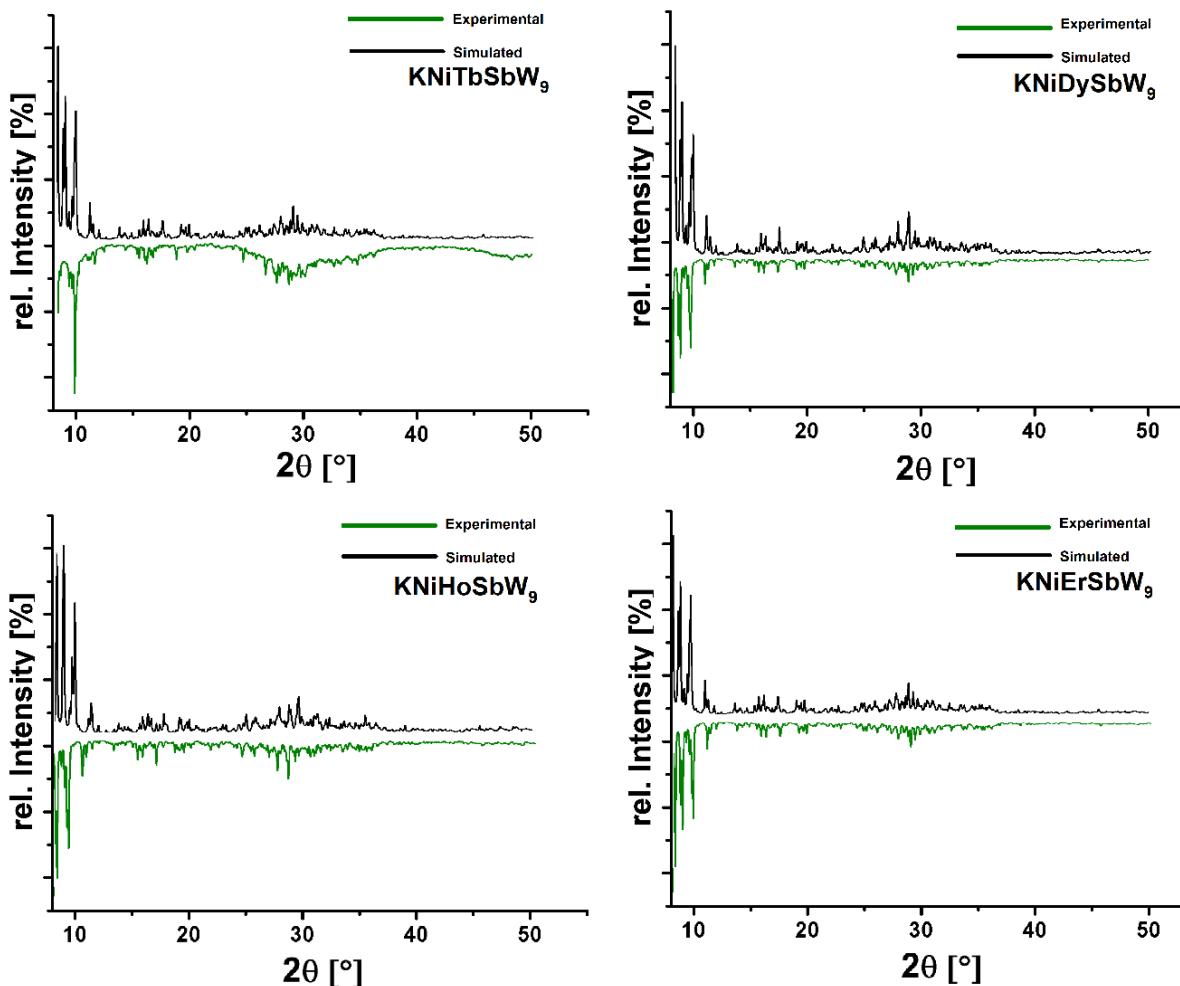


**Figure S18.** Crystal structure of  $\text{NaLnSbW}_9$  ( $\text{Ln} = \text{Tb}^{\text{III}}, \text{Dy}^{\text{III}}, \text{Ho}^{\text{III}}, \text{Er}^{\text{III}}$ ). Color legend:  $\text{WO}_6$ , fairy floss octahedra;  $\text{Ln}^{\text{III}}$ , dark green balls;  $\text{Sb}^{\text{III}}$ , dark grey balls;  $\text{O}^{2-}$ , red balls; C, white balls; tetrahedrally coordinated  $\text{WO}_4$  capping unit, fairy floss (pink) ball.

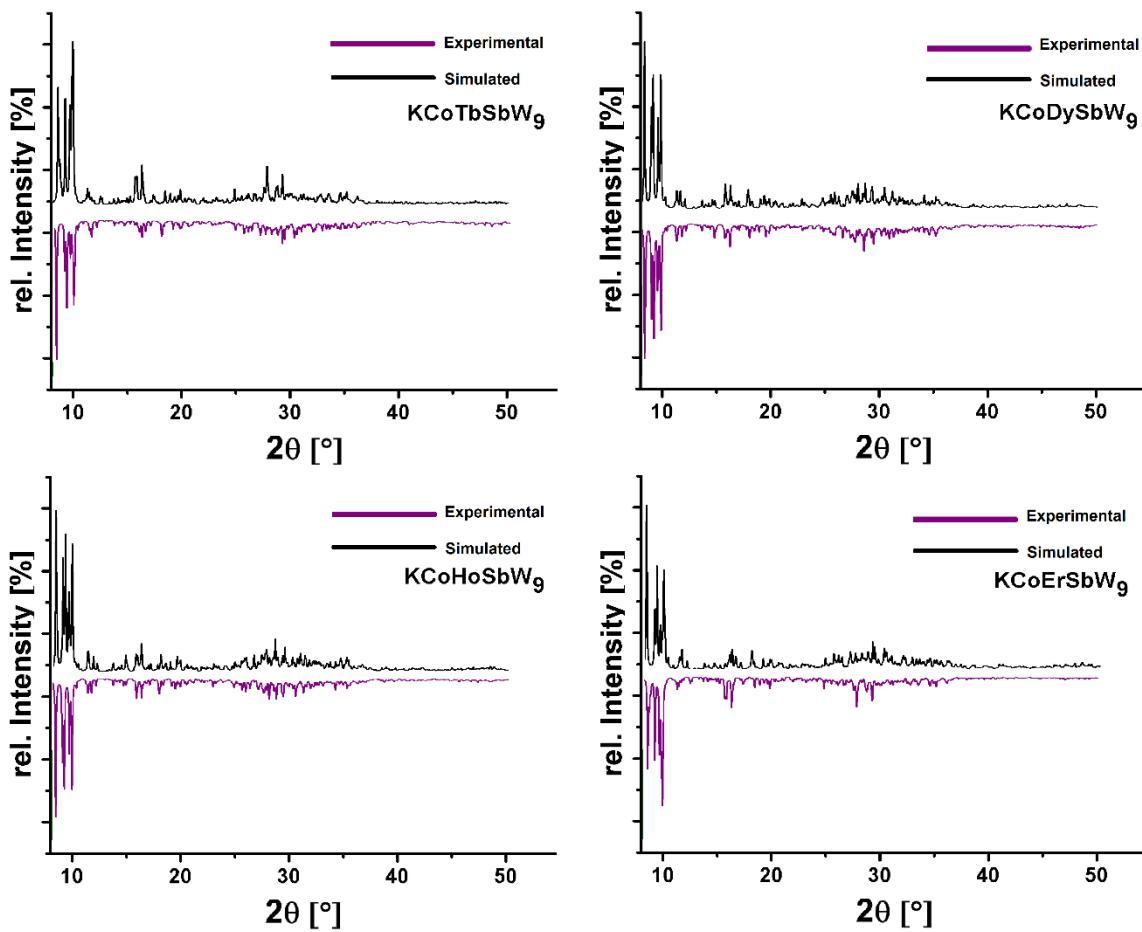
## Powder X-ray Diffraction (PXRD)



**Figure S19.** Comparison of the experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of  $\text{NaTbSbW}_9$  and  $\text{KCoYSbW}_9$ .

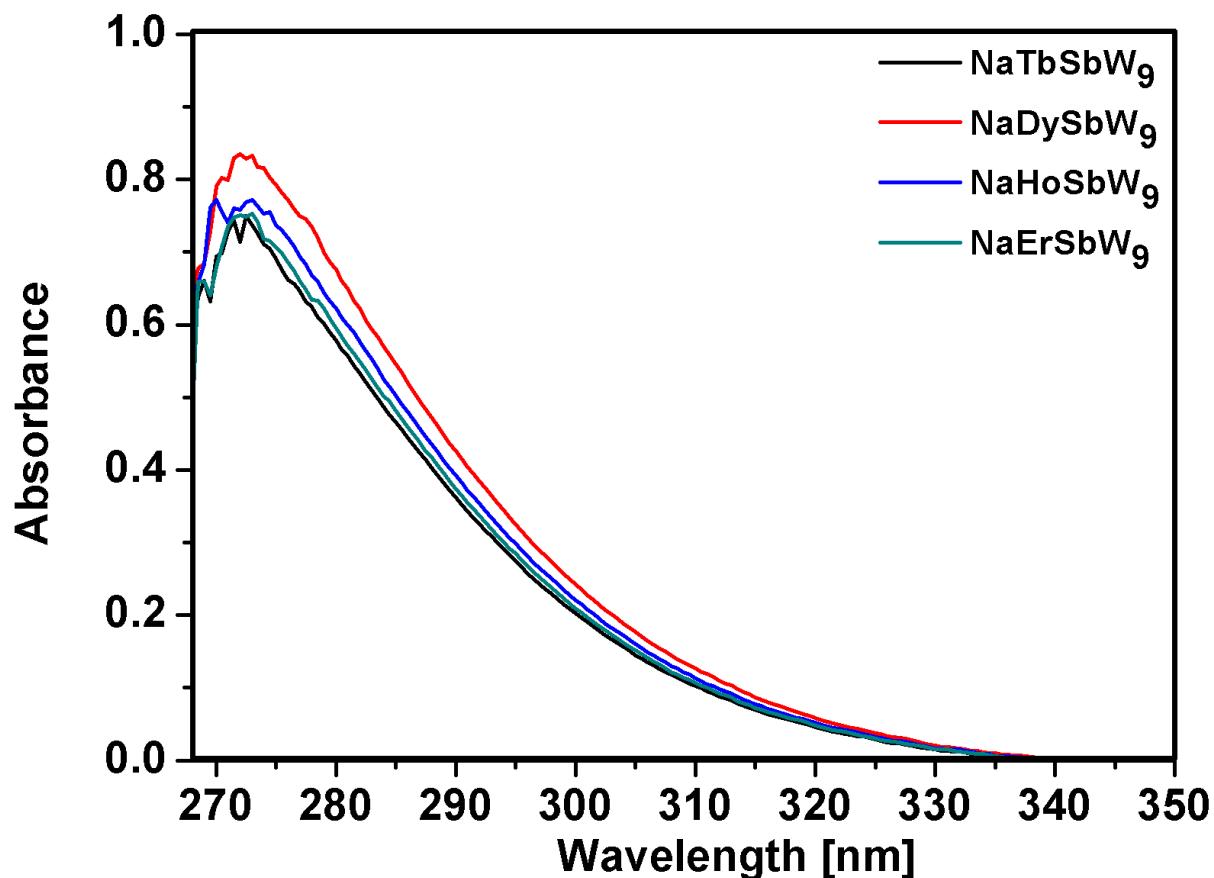


**Figure S20.** Comparison of the experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of  $\text{KNiLnSbW}_9$  ( $\text{Ln} = \text{Tb}^{\text{III}}, \text{Dy}^{\text{III}}, \text{Ho}^{\text{III}}, \text{Er}^{\text{III}}$ ).

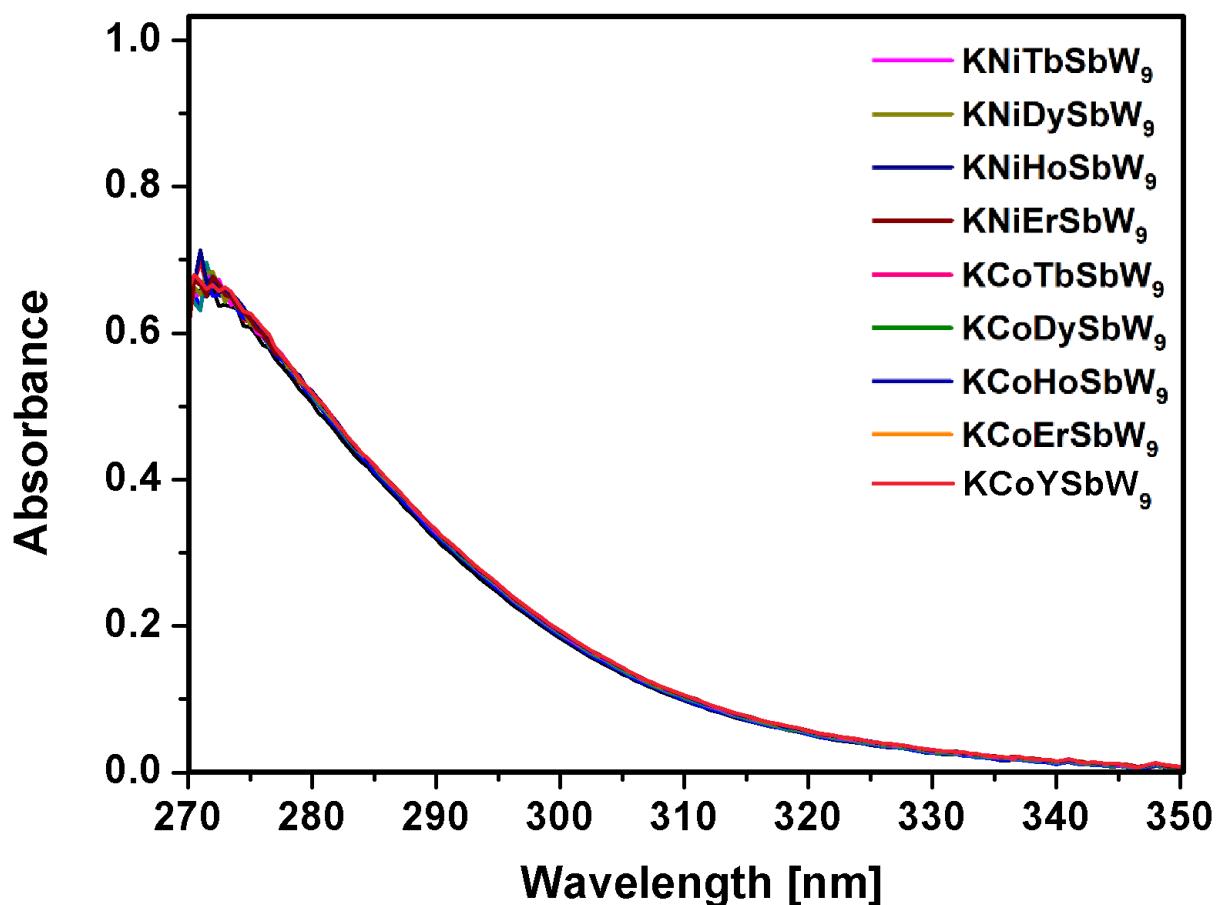


**Figure S21.** Comparison of the experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of  $\text{KCoLnSbW}_9$  ( $\text{Ln} = \text{Tb}^{\text{III}}, \text{Dy}^{\text{III}}, \text{Ho}^{\text{III}}, \text{Er}^{\text{III}}$ ).

## UV/Vis Spectroscopy



**Figure S22.** UV/Vis-spectrum of the **NaLnSbW<sub>9</sub>** ( $\text{Ln} = \text{Tb}^{\text{III}}, \text{Dy}^{\text{III}}, \text{Ho}^{\text{III}}, \text{Er}^{\text{III}}$ ) 4f-precursors showing typical O $\rightarrow$ W ligand-to-metal charge–transfer (274 nm).



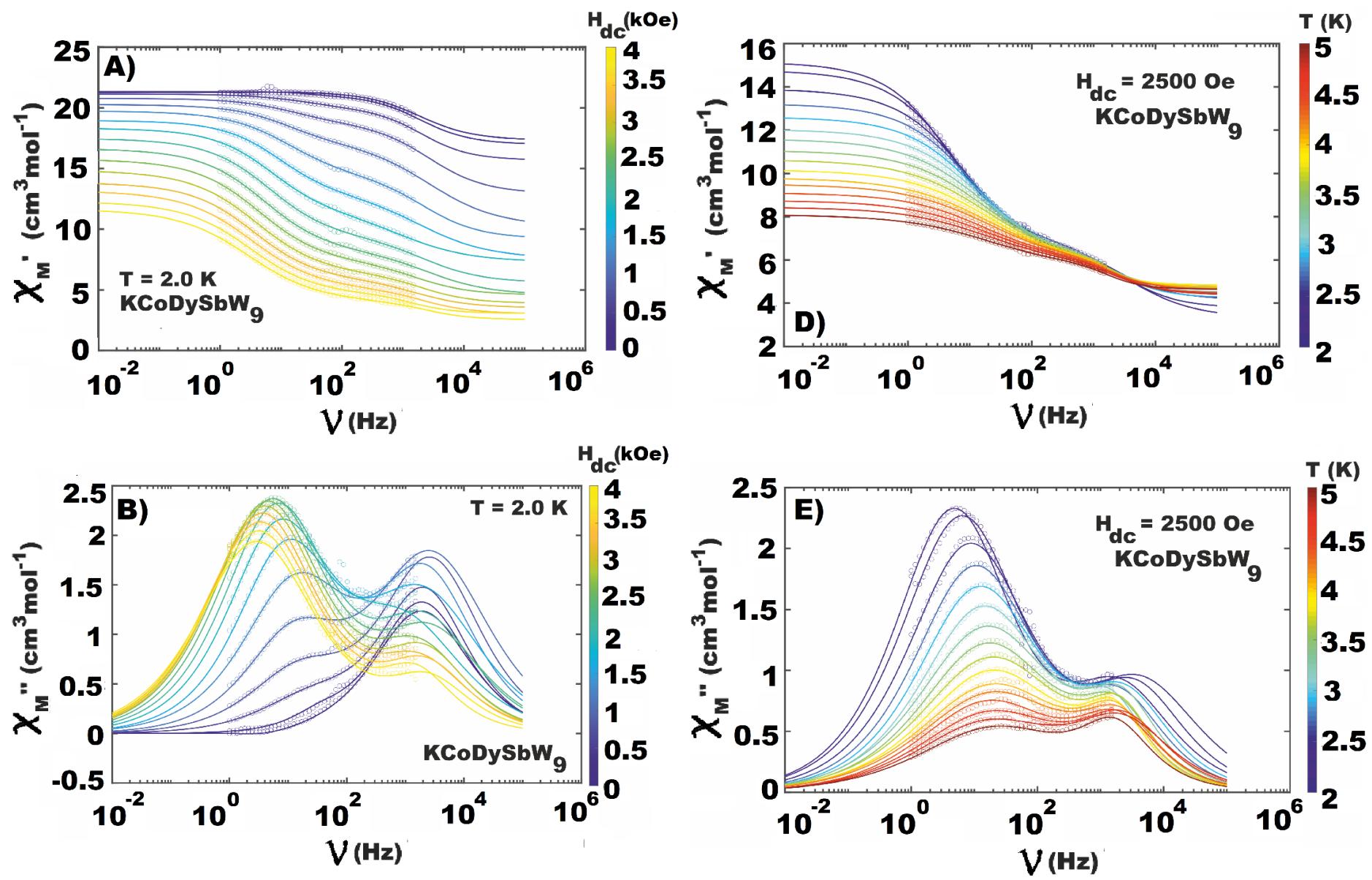
**Figure S23.** UV/Vis-spectrum of **KTMLnSbW<sub>9</sub>** (TM = Ni<sup>II</sup>, Co<sup>II</sup>; Ln = Tb<sup>III</sup>, Dy<sup>III</sup>, Ho<sup>III</sup>, Er<sup>III</sup>) showing typical O—W ligand-to-metal charge–transfer (272 nm).

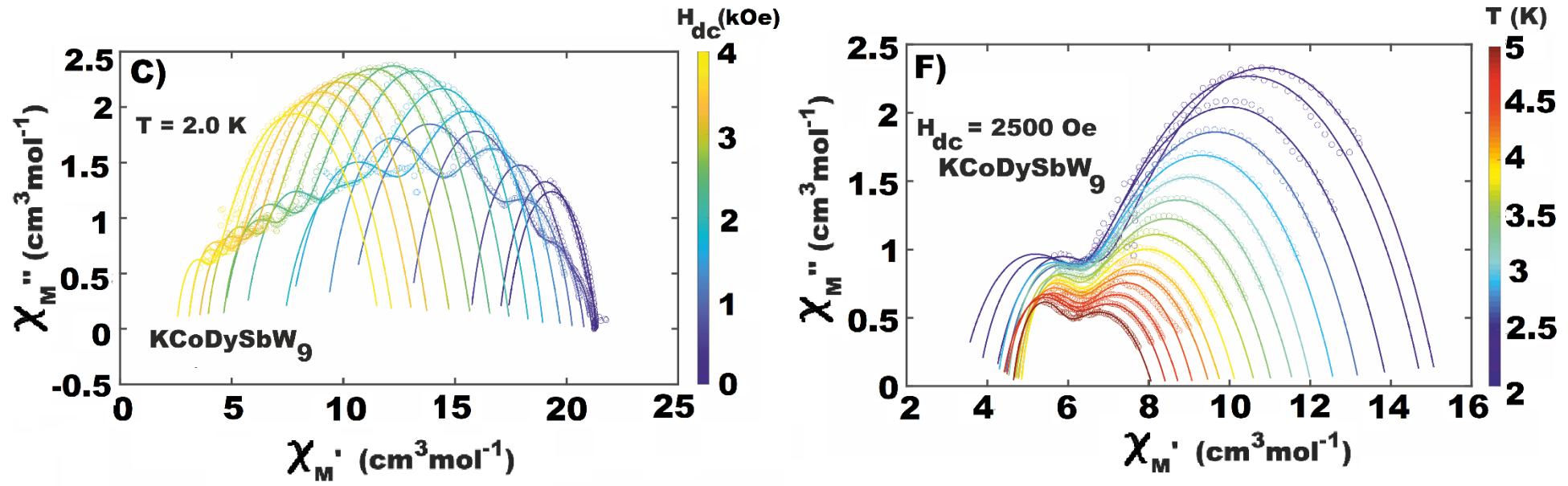
## Magnetism

The extracted temperature and field dependence of relaxation times in **KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub>**, **KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>** and **KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub>**, can be analyzed based on four relaxation mechanisms given by equation:

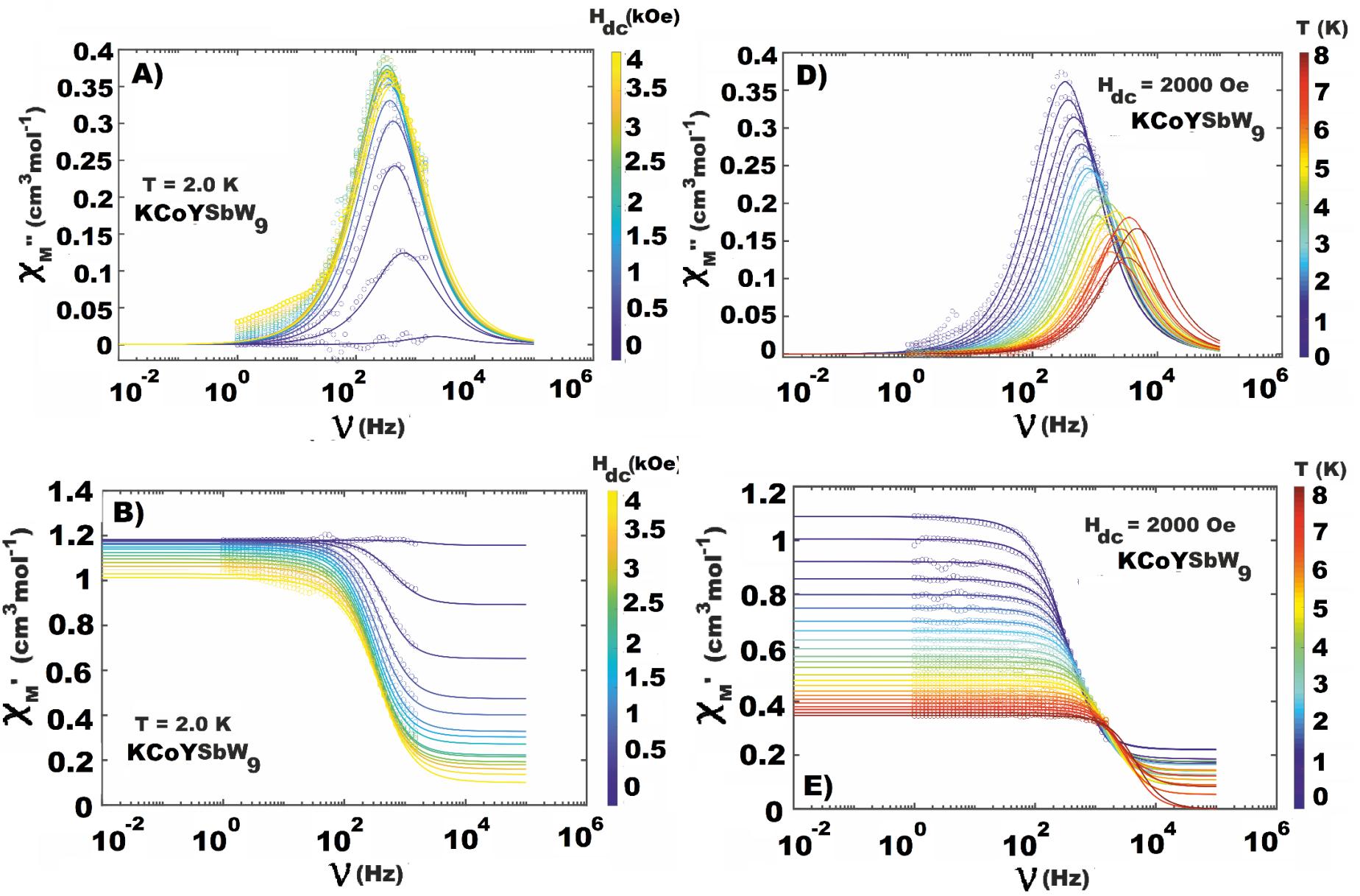
$$\tau_{T/H}^{-1}(T, H) = \frac{Q_1}{1+Q_2H^2} + \tau_0^{-1} * \exp\left(-\frac{U_{eff}}{kT}\right) + AH^4T + CT^n \quad (\text{eq-S1})$$

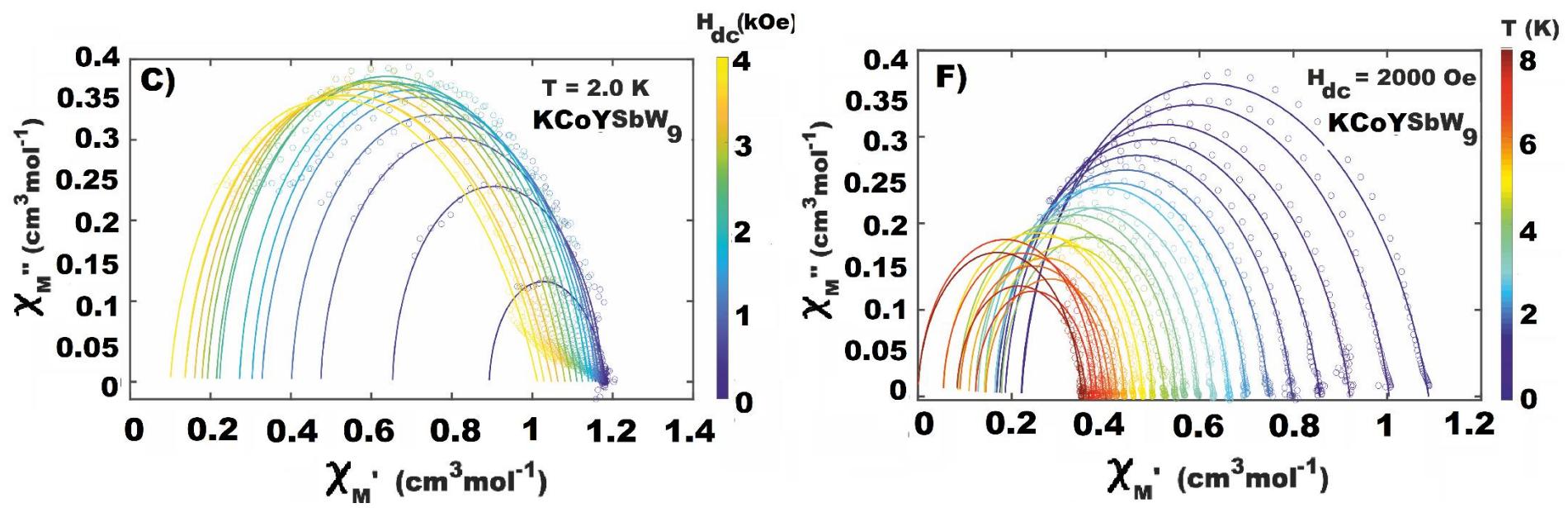
Here, the first term represents Quantum Tunneling of Magnetization (QTM), the second term is Orbach, third is a Direct and the last term is the Raman process. H represents the applied magnetic field, and T is the temperature. In order to constrain the variable parameters and to avoid overparameterization, the temperature and field dependence of relaxation times was fitted simultaneously<sup>16</sup> (**Fig. S27, S28**) (vector of data:  $\tau^{-1}$  in s<sup>-1</sup>, T in Kelvin and H in kOe).



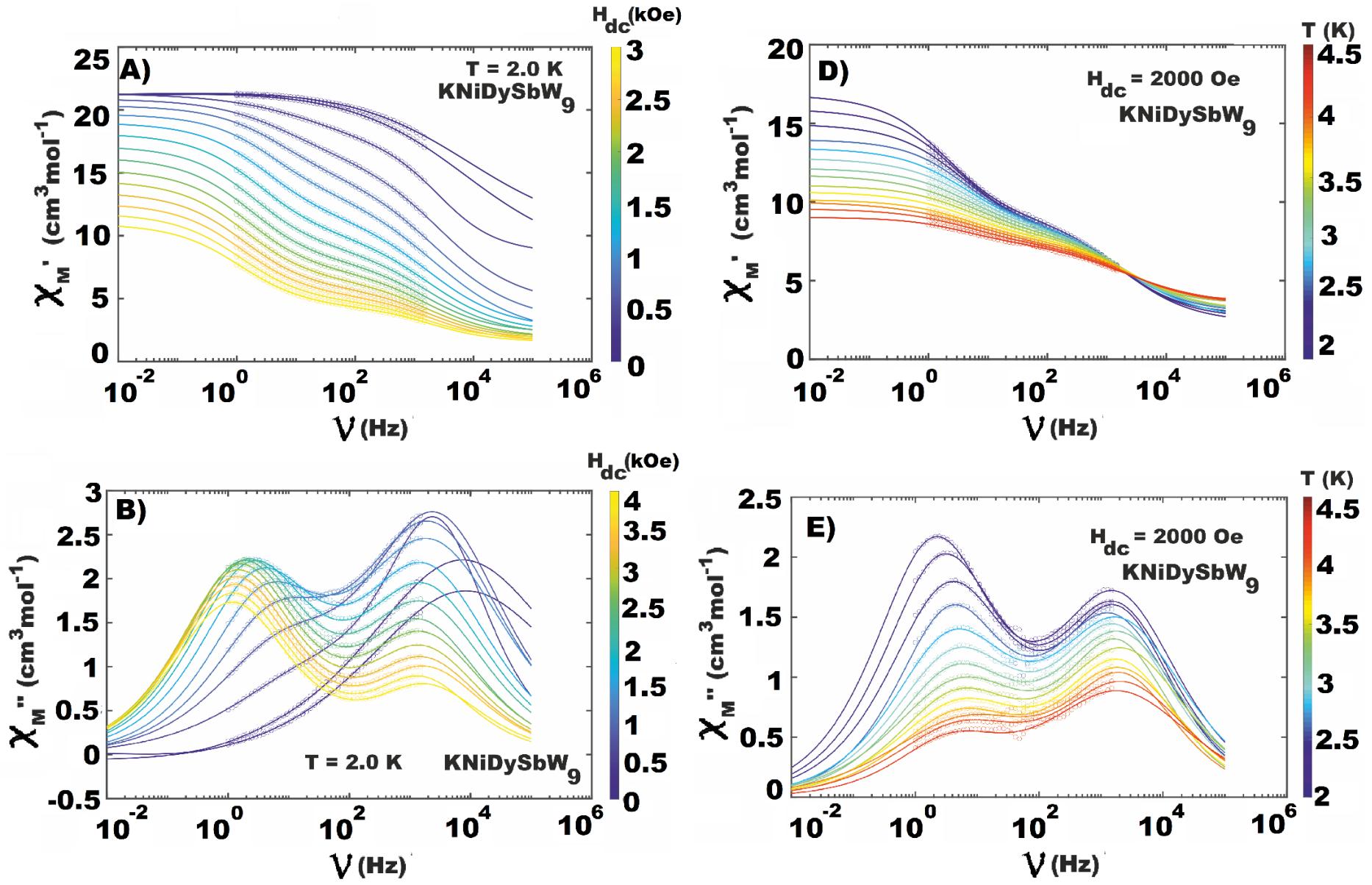


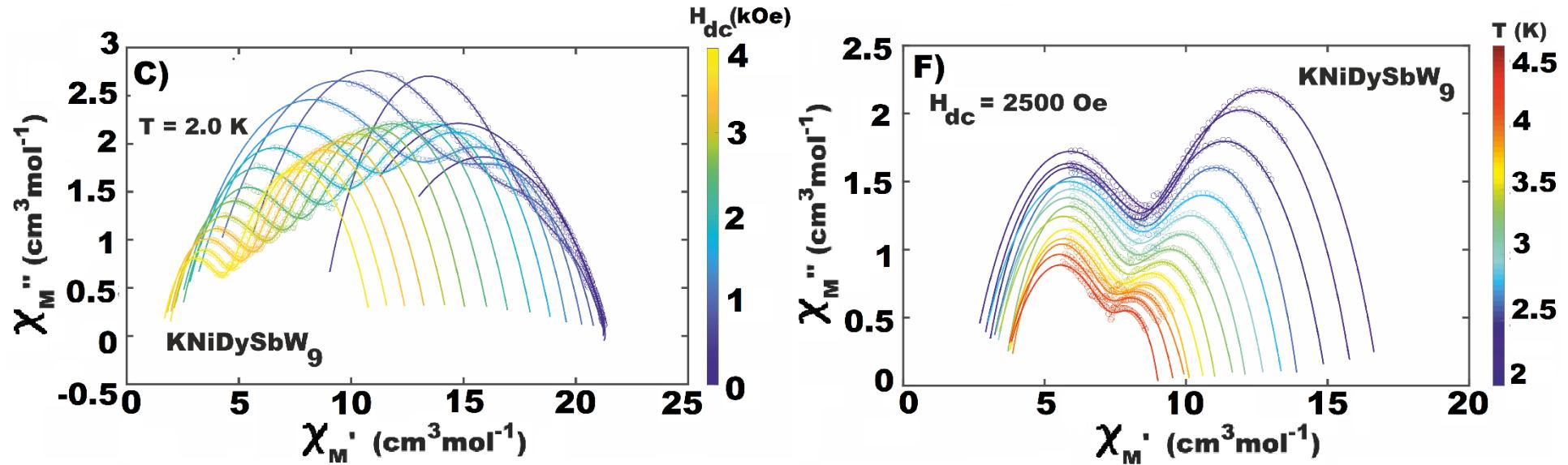
**Figure S24.** Field dependence (A, B)) and temperature dependence (D, E)) of ac susceptibility ( $H_{ac} = 3.0 \text{ Oe}$ ) and Cole-Cole plots (C) and F)) for  $\text{KCoDySbW}_9$  at indicated temperature and field. The solid lines represent the best fits according to the generalized Debye model for two relaxation processes. (eq. S4, S5).





**Figure S25.** Field dependence (A, B)) and temperature dependence (D, E)) of ac susceptibility ( $H_{ac} = 3.0 \text{ Oe}$ ) and Cole-Cole plots (C) and F)) for  $\text{KCoYSbW}_9$  at indicated temperature and field. The solid lines represent the best fits according to the generalized Debye model for two relaxation processes. (eq. S4, S5).





**Figure S26.** Field dependence (**A**, **B**) and temperature dependence (**D**, **E**) of ac susceptibility ( $H_{\text{ac}} = 3.0 \text{ Oe}$ ) and Cole-Cole plots (**C**) and (**F**) for **KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>** at indicated temperature and field. The solid lines represent the best fits according to the generalized Debye model for two relaxation processes. (**eq. S4, S5**).

## DISPLAYED EQUATIONS

Mathematical expressions for ac susceptibility given by the generalized Debye model for one and two relaxation processes:

$$\chi'(\nu_{ac}) = \chi_\infty + \frac{(\chi_0 - \chi_\infty) \left[ 1 + (2\pi\nu_{ac}\tau)^{1-\alpha} \sin(\alpha\pi/2) \right]}{1 + 2(2\pi\nu_{ac}\tau)^{1-\alpha} \sin(\alpha\pi/2) + (2\pi\nu_{ac}\tau)^{2(1-\alpha)}} \quad (\text{eq-S2})$$

$$\chi''(\nu_{ac}) = \frac{(\chi_0 - \chi_\infty) (2\pi\nu_{ac}\tau)^{1-\alpha} \cos(\alpha\pi/2)}{1 + 2(2\pi\nu_{ac}\tau)^{1-\alpha} \sin(\alpha\pi/2) + (2\pi\nu_{ac}\tau)^{2(1-\alpha)}} \quad (\text{eq-S3})$$

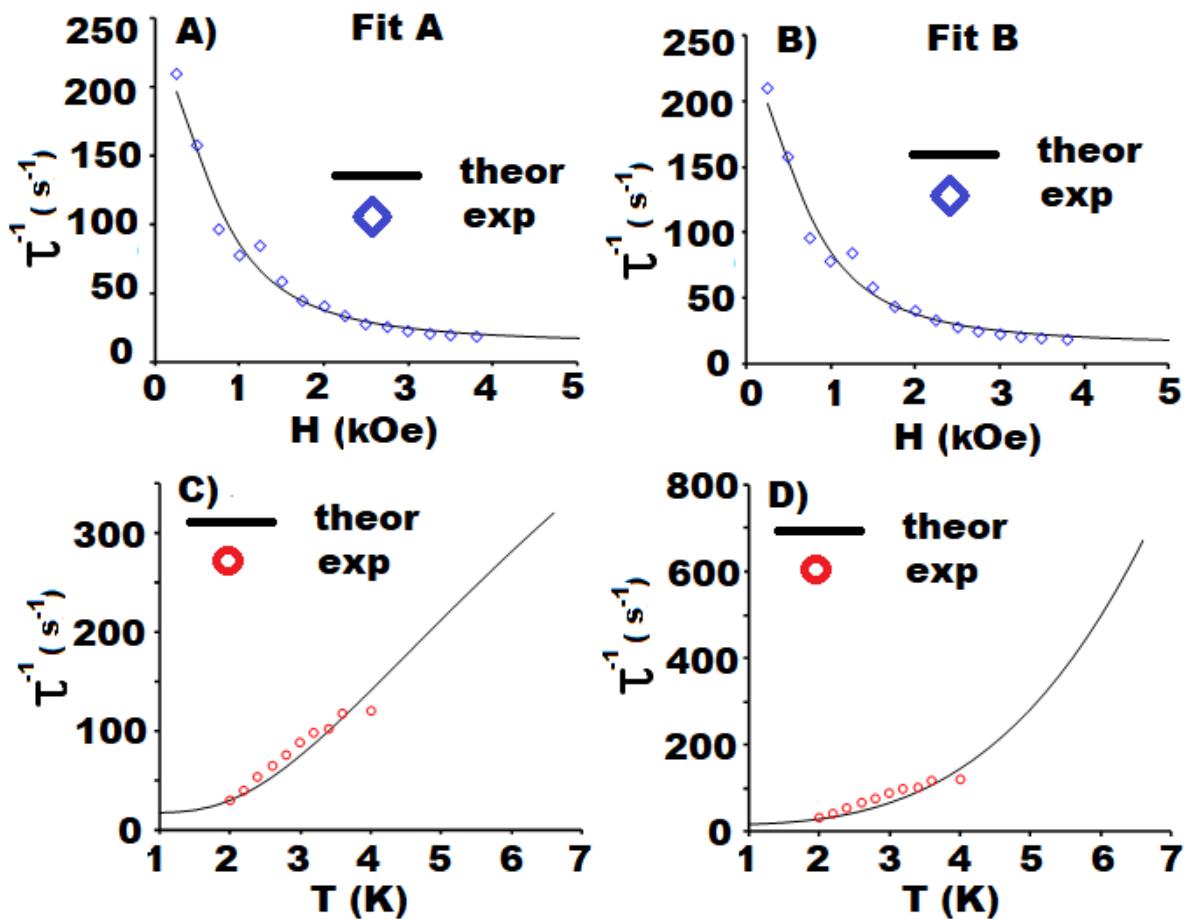
$$\chi'(\omega) = \chi_{S,tot} + \Delta\chi_1 \frac{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^{1-\alpha_1} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_1}{2}\right)}{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^{1-\alpha_1} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_1}{2}\right) + (\omega\tau_1)^{(2-2\alpha_1)}} + \Delta\chi_2 \frac{1 + (\omega\tau_2)^{1-\alpha_2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_2}{2}\right)}{1 + (\omega\tau_2)^{1-\alpha_2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_2}{2}\right) + (\omega\tau_2)^{(2-2\alpha_2)}} \quad (\text{eq-S4})$$

$$\chi''(\omega) = \Delta\chi_1 \frac{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^{1-\alpha_1} \cos\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_1}{2}\right)}{1 + (\omega\tau_1)^{1-\alpha_1} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_1}{2}\right) + (\omega\tau_1)^{(2-2\alpha_1)}} + \Delta\chi_2 \frac{1 + (\omega\tau_2)^{1-\alpha_2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_2}{2}\right)}{1 + (\omega\tau_2)^{1-\alpha_2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\alpha_2}{2}\right) + (\omega\tau_2)^{(2-2\alpha_2)}} \quad (\text{eq-S5})$$

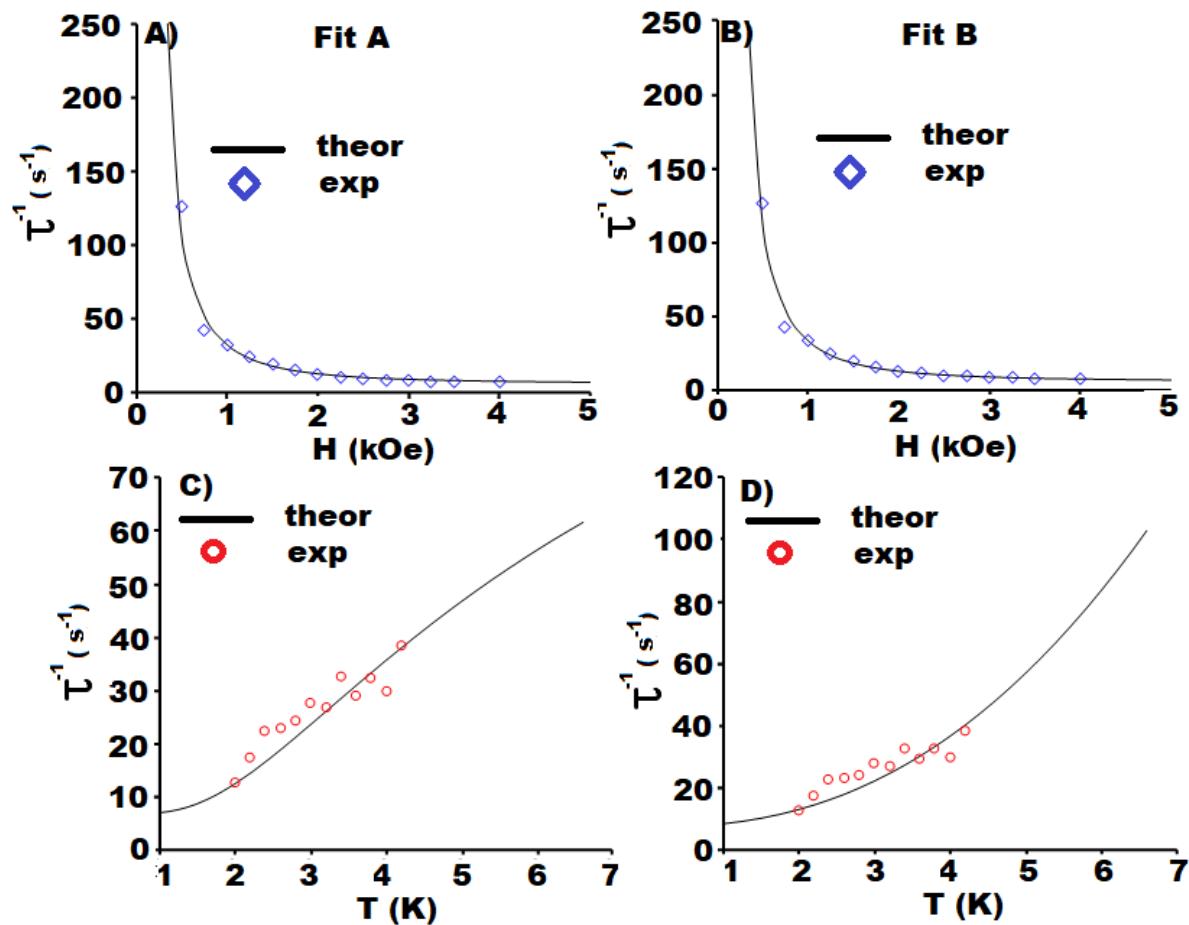
Where  $\omega = 2\pi\nu$ , with  $\nu$  being the frequency of the applied field ( $s^{-1}$ ),  $\tau_{1,2}$  the corresponding relaxation time ( $\mu s$ ),  $\alpha_{1,2}$  the distribution factor and  $\chi$  the corresponding susceptibility.

**Table S29.** The variable parameters **A**, **n**, **C**, **U<sub>eff</sub>**, **T<sub>0</sub><sup>-1</sup>** and **Q<sub>i</sub>** obtained upon application of **eq-S1** for simultaneous fit of relaxation times as function of temperature and field for **KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub>** (**Fig. S27**), **KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub>** (**Fig. S28**) and **KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub>** (**Fig. 5**) and the corresponding R-values. Fit A represents a fit of relaxation data considering an Orbach mechanism of relaxation, whereas the relaxation data fitted in Fit B are fitted under the assumption of a Raman relaxation mechanism. The relaxation data for **KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub>** was fitted assuming a direct mechanism. For all three compounds, Quantum Tunneling of Magnetization (QTM) was observed.

POM	Fit	Q <sub>1</sub> (s <sup>-1</sup> )	Q <sub>2</sub> (T <sup>-2</sup> )	τ <sup>-1</sup> (s <sup>-1</sup> )	U <sub>eff</sub> (K)	A (s <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>-1</sup> T <sup>-4</sup> )	C (s <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>n</sup> )	n	R
<b>KCoDySbW<sub>9</sub></b>	A	2.1(2) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	1.9(4) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	1.0(2) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	9.0(6)	-	-	-	0.28
	B	2.1(3) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	1.9(5) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	3.2(3)	1.3(5)	0.31
<b>KNiDySbW<sub>9</sub></b>	A	2.1(9) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	7.7(3) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	1.5(2) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	6.5(4)	-	-	-	0.33
	B	1.2(3) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	4.2(1) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	1.1(3)	2.4(2)	0.47
<b>KCoYSbW<sub>9</sub></b>		1.8(4) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	0.6(4) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	-	-	4.0(9) × 10 <sup>3</sup>	2.4(8) × 10 <sup>2</sup>	2.3(2)	0.36



**Figure S27.** Field (A, B)) and temperature (C, D)) dependence of relaxation time fitted under assumption of an Orbach (Fit A) - and a Raman mechanism (Fit B) (Table S28) based on eq. S1 for  $\text{KCoDySbW}_9$ .



**Figure S28.** Field (A, B)) and temperature (C, D)) dependence of relaxation time fitted under assumption of an Orbach (Fit A) - and a Raman mechanism (Fit B) (Table S28) based on eq. S1) for  $\text{KNiDySbW}_9$ .

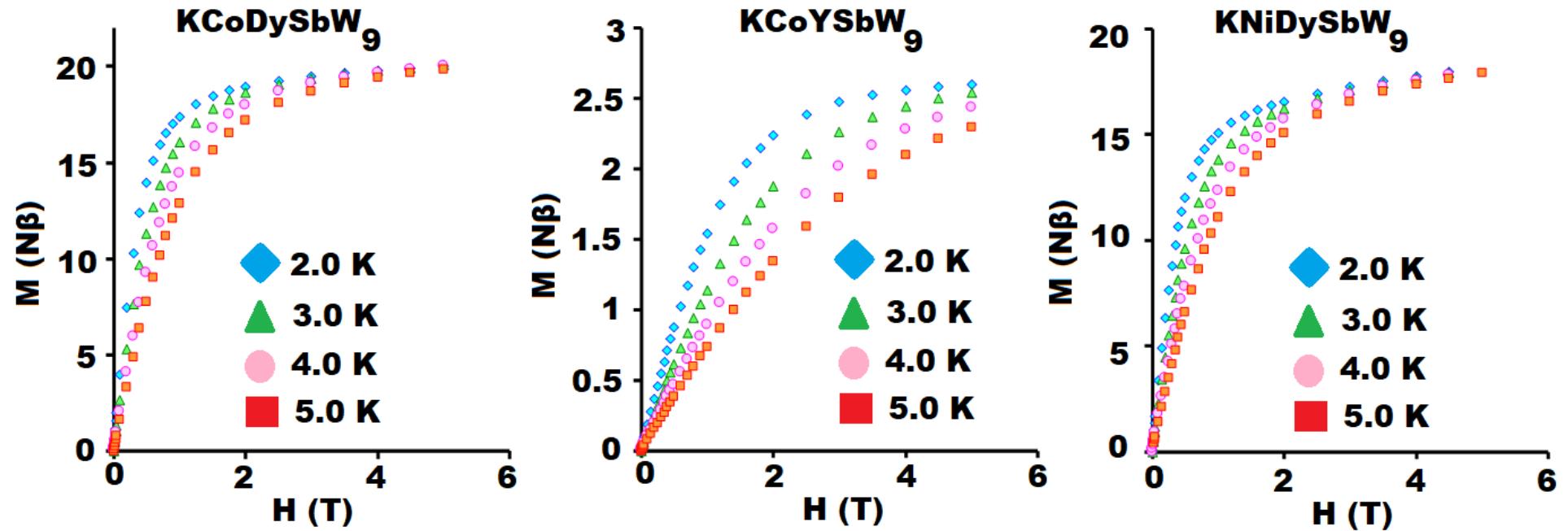


Figure S29. Magnetization curves measured between 0 and 5 T at different temperatures for  $\text{KCoDySbW}_9$ ,  $\text{KNiDySbW}_9$  and  $\text{KCoYSbW}_9$ .

## References

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