

Supporting Information

Electrochemical SERS on 2D Mapping for Metabolites Detection

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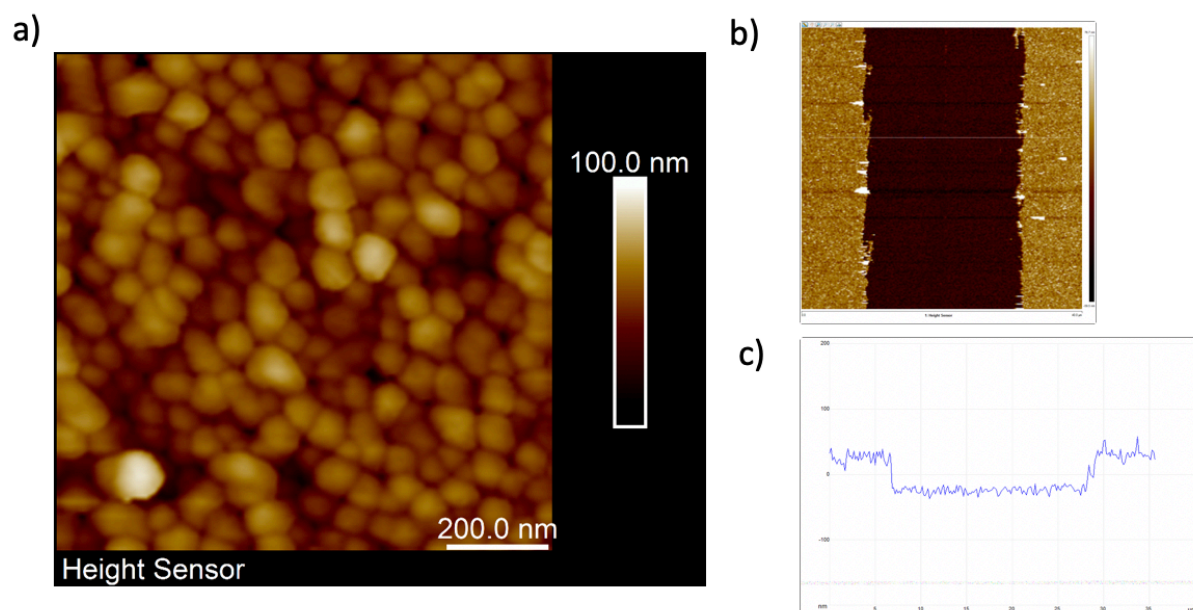


Figure S1. a) The morphology of AuNP-coated substrates; b) The cross-section image of AuNP-coated substrates; c) 2D plot of the cross-section, which shows the thickness of AuNPs at about 50 nm.

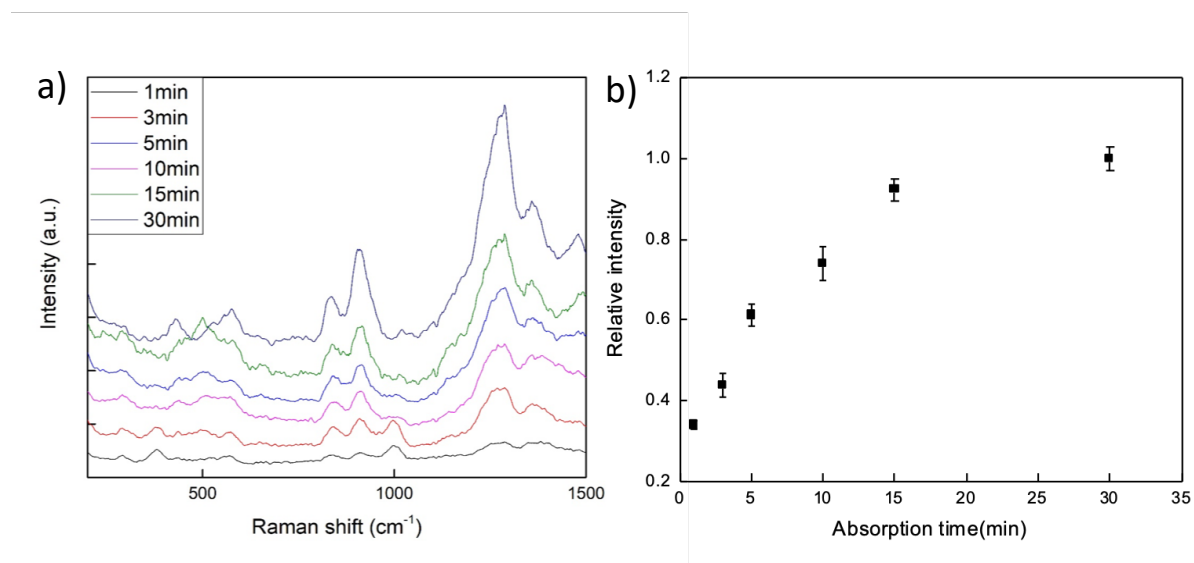


Figure S2. (a) SERS spectrum of 6-TGNs with incremental absorption time (b) Relative intensity of different absorption time at 1290 cm^{-1} , which indicates that the absorption saturates after 30 mins.

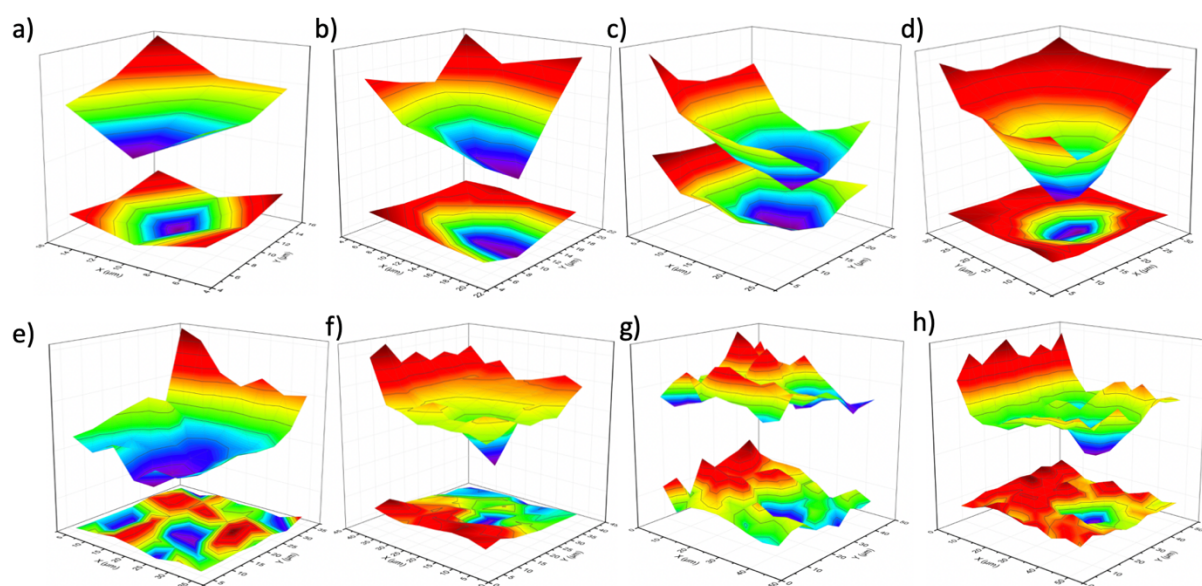


Figure S3. Surface mapping of 5 μM 6-TGNs with varying scan range at a) 15×15 , b) 20×20 , c) 25×25 , d) 30×30 , e) 35×35 , f) 40×40 , g) 45×45 , h) $50 \times 50 \mu\text{m}^2$ before and after applying voltage at -0.6 V . The lower one is the pre-enhanced intensity distribution while the upper one is the intensity distribution after applying voltage.

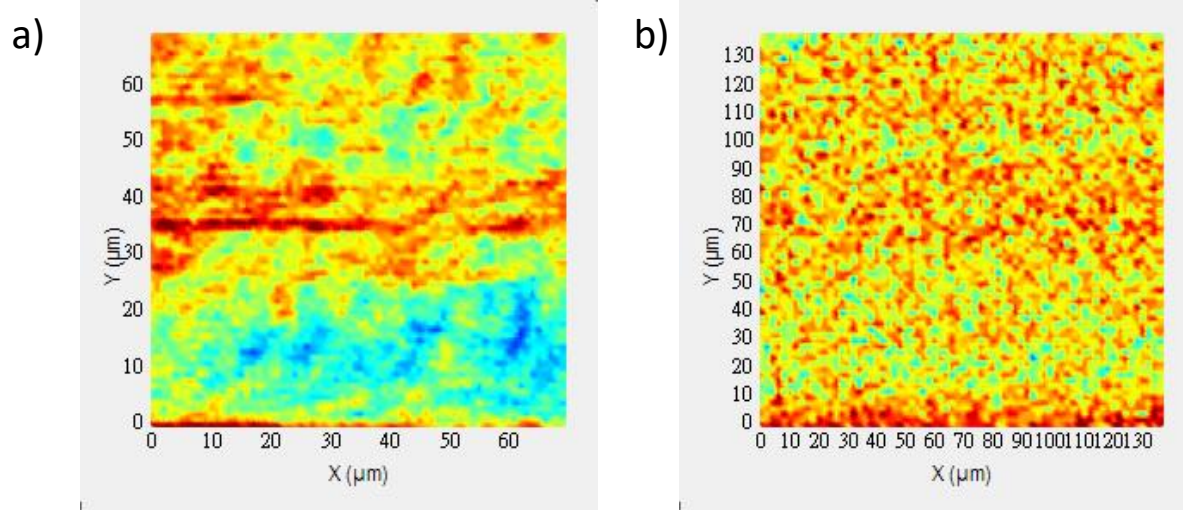


Figure S4. Surface mapping of a) AuNPs substrate at a scan resolution of 1 μm , and b) silicon wafer at a scan resolution at 2 μm .

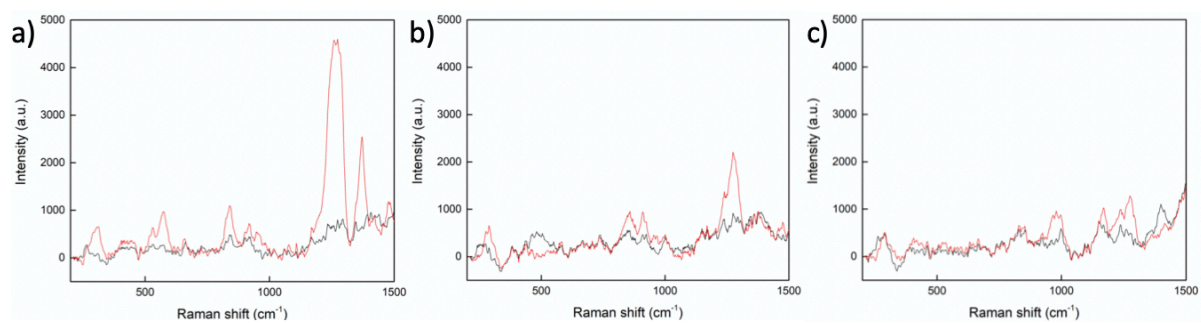


Figure S5. Electrochemical SERS result of 6-TGNs at a) 500, b) 50, and c) 10 nM. The black line indicates Raman spectrum before apply voltage, while red line indicates Raman spectrum after applying voltage at -0.8 V vs. Ag/AgCl.