

# Morphology of TiO<sub>2</sub> Nanoparticles as Fingerprint for the Transient Absorption Spectra: Implications for Photocatalysis

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**Table S1.** Features of TDDFT electronic excitations for the negatively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{35}^-$  NP.

Excited state number	Excitation energy / nm.	Oscillator strength x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Main excitations	Percentage of electronic state / %
4	<b>1148.6</b>	<b>3.1</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 1	62.8
10	861.7	1.7	SOMO → LUMO + 7	28.9
11	<b>844.9</b>	<b>2.9</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 8	32.7
16	762.2	1.6	SOMO → LUMO + 15	24.4
17	756.8	1.4	SOMO → LUMO + 10	13.0
18	736.3	1.1	SOMO → LUMO + 11	37.2
19	<b>715.3</b>	<b>2.2</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 16 SOMO → LUMO + 14 SOMO → LUMO + 10 SOMO → LUMO + 15	14.4 14.2 13.0 11.8
21	693.7	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 20	25.0
22	688.6	1.5	SOMO → LUMO + 17 SOMO → LUMO + 16 SOMO → LUMO + 15 SOMO → LUMO + 19	16.3 13.8 10.9 10.0
26	651.3	1.3	SOMO → LUMO + 24 SOMO → LUMO + 25 SOMO → LUMO + 27	16.8 13.9 10.9
27	636.5	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 30	30.0
29	624.4	1.7	SOMO → LUMO + 34	16.3
31	614.5	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 32	22.8
34	581.5	1.1	SOMO → LUMO + 33	34.3

**Table S2.** Features of TDDFT electronic excitations for the positively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{35}^+$  NP.

Excited state number	Excitation energy / nm.	Oscillator strength x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Main excitations	Percentage of electronic state / %
4	<b>404.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>	HOMO – 3 → SUMO	64.2
8	<b>385.8</b>	<b>2.0</b>	HOMO – 5 → SUMO	30.4
11	382.1	1.6	HOMO – 11 → SUMO HOMO – 16 → SUMO	10.4 10.1
12	<b>376.4</b>	<b>7.0</b>	HOMO – 6 → SUMO HOMO – 25 → SUMO	17.7 16.3
62	293.4	1.5	HOMO – 5 → SUMO + 1	22.1

**Table S3.** Features of TDDFT electronic excitations for the negatively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{29}^-$  NP.

Excited state number.	Excitation energy / nm.	Oscillator strength x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Main excitations	Percentage of electronic state / %
3	<b>895.1</b>	<b>3.2</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 9	28.8
4	<b>835.3</b>	<b>7.2</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 1	38.3
6	782.4	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 2	33.6
7	722.3	1.6	SOMO → LUMO + 5	22.4
8	<b>706.4</b>	<b>5.7</b>	SOMO → LUMO	15.5
9	703.1	1.4	SOMO → LUMO SOMO → LUMO + 11 SOMO → LUMO + 10 SOMO → LUMO + 8	19.9 17.3 14.9 10.1
<b>11</b>	<b>672.5</b>	<b>4.2</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 12 SOMO → LUMO + 15	18.3 11.3
15	622.5	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 8 SOMO → LUMO + 1	11.0 10.4
16	609.6	1.4	SOMO → LUMO + 5	21.3
18	<b>591.5</b>	<b>2.9</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 27 SOMO → LUMO + 13 SOMO → LUMO + 25	15.4 11.8 10.7
21	557.6	1.1	SOMO → LUMO + 8 SOMO → LUMO + 16	15.6 11.0
23	<b>544.4</b>	<b>2.0</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 11	30.2
26	526.6	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 16	27.4
40	452.1	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 36 SOMO → LUMO + 39 SOMO → LUMO + 28 SOMO → LUMO + 32	17.6 11.8 10.6 10.2
45	432.1	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 38 SOMO → LUMO + 32	17.4 11.5
82	314.4	1.3	SOMO → LUMO + 88	16.5
99	291.3	1.7	SOMO - 1 → LUMO	6.4

**Table S4.** Features of TDDFT electronic excitations for the positively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{29}^+$  NP.

Excited state number	Excitation energy / nm.	Oscillator strength x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Main excitations	Percentage of electronic state / %
2	<b>507.0</b>	<b>6.8</b>	HOMO – 7 → SUMO	19.2
			HOMO – 16 → SUMO	10.2
3	<b>495.3</b>	<b>8.0</b>	HOMO – 10 → SUMO	21.4
4	<b>471.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>	HOMO – 7 → SUMO	17.0
<b>10</b>	<b>395.8</b>	<b>4.7</b>	HOMO – 10 → SUMO	15.7
			HOMO – 7 → SUMO	10.1
19	364.4	1.4	HOMO – 11 → SUMO	20.2
27	<b>345.6</b>	<b>2.1</b>	HOMO – 23 → SUMO	20.2
41	312.1	1.1	HOMO – 37 → SUMO	13.1
			HOMO – 31 → SUMO	10.0
64	292.3	1.2	HOMO – 3 → SUMO + 1	7.4
66	<b>291.9</b>	<b>4.5</b>	HOMO – 2 → SUMO + 1	8.2
84	<b>284.0</b>	<b>2.3</b>	HOMO – 6 → SUMO + 1	5.2
100	<b>279.8</b>	<b>4.1</b>	HOMO – 7 → SUMO + 1	4.1

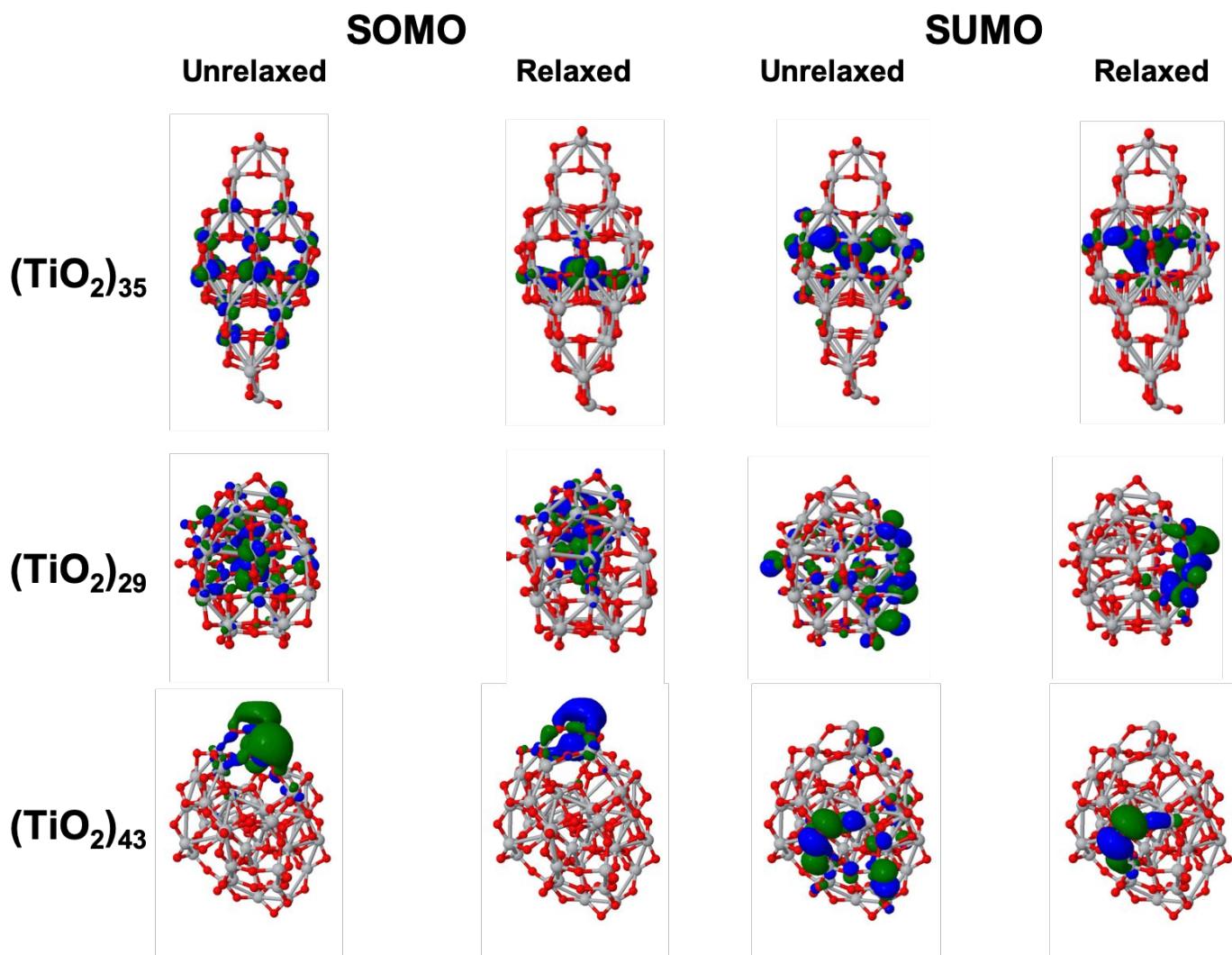
**Table S5.** Features of TDDFT electronic excitations for the negatively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{43}^-$  NP.

Excited state number	Excitation energy / nm.	Oscillator strength x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Main excitations	Percentage of electronic state / %
3	<b>768.5</b>	<b>7.2</b>	SOMO → LUMO	90.8
9	490.3	1.4	SOMO → LUMO + 3	38.3
12	<b>459.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 6	29.9
19	426.2	1.7	SOMO → LUMO + 10	50.3
20	<b>421.2</b>	<b>5.1</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 10 SOMO → LUMO + 11	11.8 10.4
27	<b>392.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 27 SOMO → LUMO + 23 SOMO → LUMO + 19 SOMO → LUMO + 21	13.2 11.9 11.9 10.2
29	385.4	1.6	SOMO → LUMO + 19	20.5
39	362.5	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 36 SOMO → LUMO + 33	13.7 10.4
42	357.1	1.2	SOMO → LUMO + 40	13.7
59	331.9	1.6	SOMO → LUMO + 52 SOMO → LUMO + 57	17.4 12.8
63	<b>327.9</b>	<b>2.7</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 58	25.1
64	327.2	1.5	SOMO → LUMO + 47 SOMO → LUMO + 57	17.3 12.2
65	<b>323.8</b>	<b>3.7</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 59 SOMO → LUMO + 51	15.4 11.2
75	<b>315.6</b>	<b>2.8</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 56	22.3
83	<b>310.1</b>	<b>11.0</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 67 SOMO → LUMO + 56 SOMO → LUMO + 64	12.2 11.8 10.9
97	<b>302.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>	SOMO → LUMO + 63 SOMO → LUMO + 66	16.2 12.1
99	301.3	1.7	HOMO - 12 → SOMO	8.6

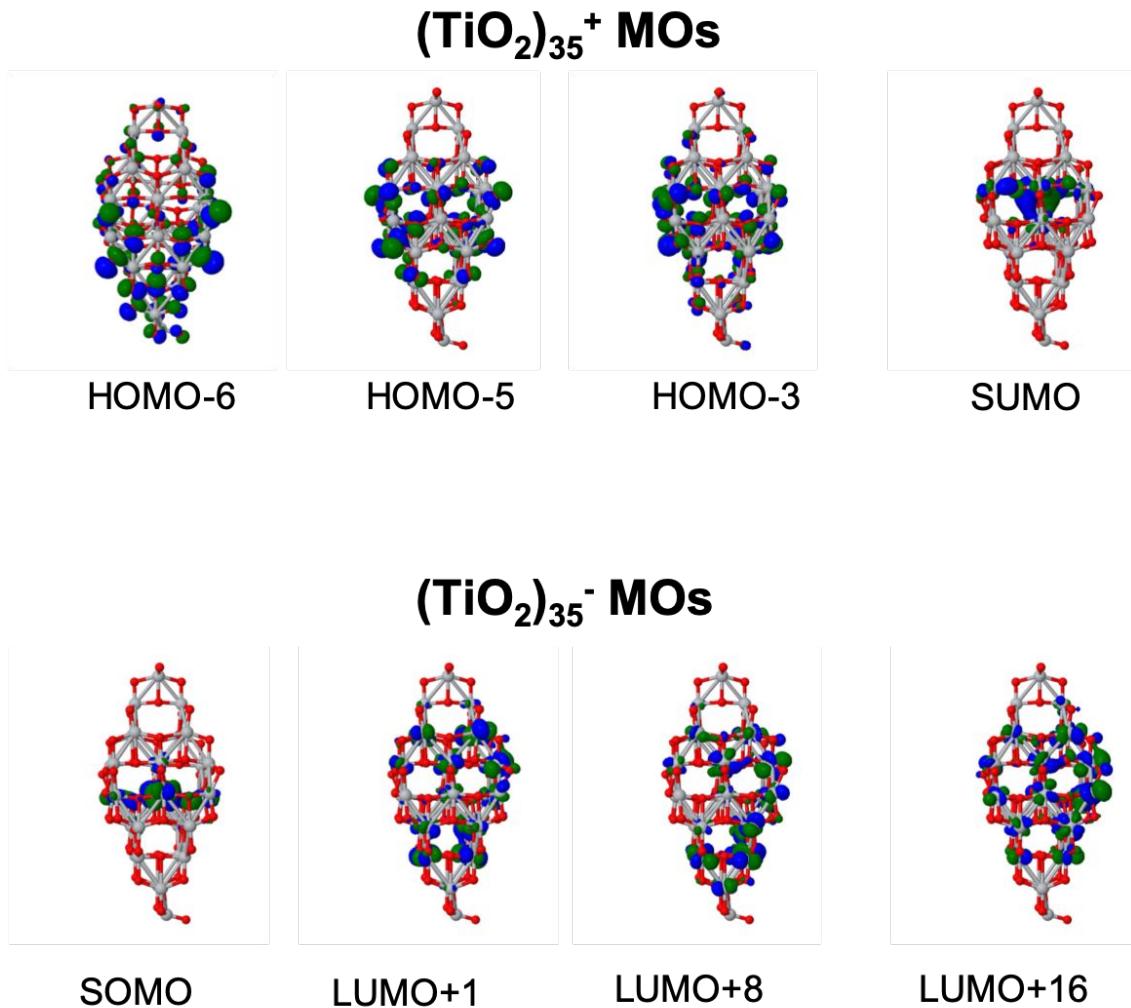
**Table S6.** Features of TDDFT electronic excitations for the positively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{43}^+$  NP.

Excited state number	Excitation energy / nm.	Oscillator strength x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	Main excitations	Percentage of electronic state / %
7	<b>376.5</b>	<b>2.1</b>	HOMO – 16 → SUMO	39.3
10	<b>360.0</b>	<b>5.6</b>	HOMO – 10 → SUMO HOMO – 20 → SUMO HOMO – 26 → SUMO	17.9 13.0 10.5
14	347.5	1.2	HOMO – 27 → SUMO HOMO – 19 → SUMO	13.2 10.7
86	<b>296.0</b>	<b>3.0</b>	HOMO – 12 → SUMO + 2	4.0

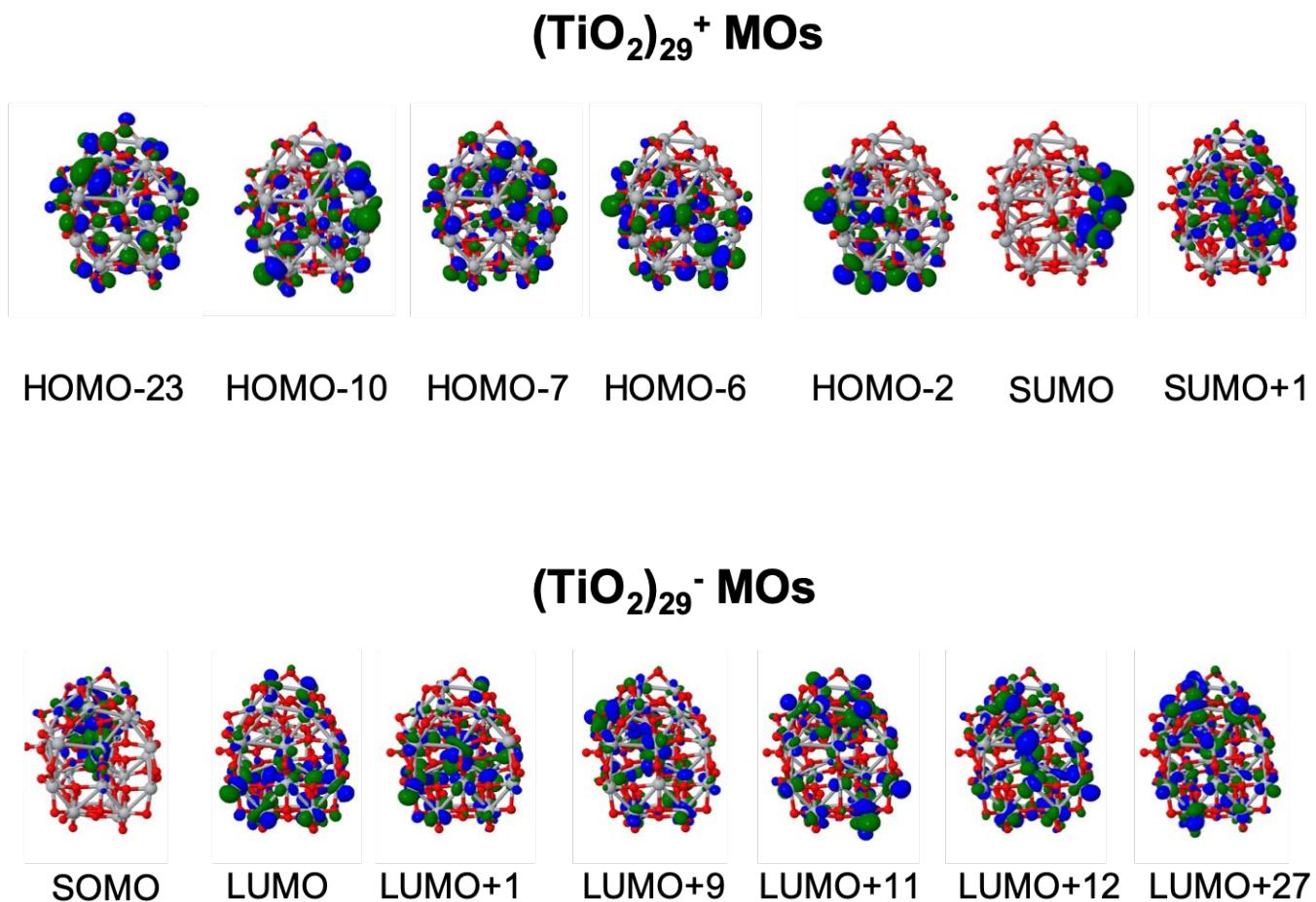
**Figure S1.** Unrelaxed and relaxed SUMO and SOMO orbitals of  $(\text{TiO}_2)_n$  ( $n = 29, 35$ , and  $43$ ) NPs. Such orbitals are energetically described in Figure 1. Green and blue isosurfaces correspond to positive and negative sign of the electron density, respectively.



**Figure S2.** MOs of the negatively and positively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{35}$  NP involved in the electronic excitations listed in Tables S1 and S2. Green and blue isosurfaces correspond to positive and negative sign of the electron density, respectively.



**Figure S3.** MOs of the negatively and positively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{29}$  NP involved in the electronic excitations listed in Tables S3 and S4. Green and blue isosurfaces correspond to positive and negative sign of the electron density, respectively.



**Figure S4.** MOs of the negatively and positively charged  $(\text{TiO}_2)_{43}$  NP involved in the electronic excitations listed in Tables S3 and S4. Green and blue isosurfaces correspond to positive and negative sign of the electron density, respectively.

