Supporting Information

Visible light-mediated enantioselective photoreactions of 3alkylquinolones with 4-O-tethered alkenes and allenes

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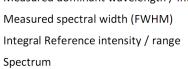
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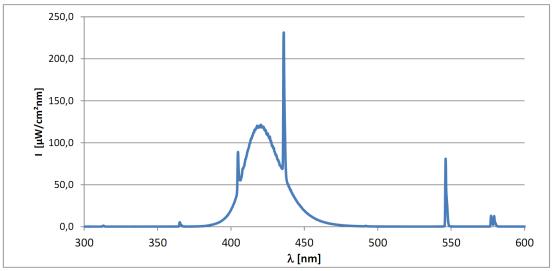
1. General Information

All reactions sensitive to air or moisture were carried out in flame-dried glassware under argon pressure using standard Schlenk techniques. Dry tetrahydrofuran (THF) and dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂) were obtained from an MBraun MB-SPS 800 solvent purification system. Other dry solvents were obtained from Merck and Acros in the highest purity available and used without further purification. Technical solvents used for aqueous workup and for column chromatography [dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂), ethyl acetate (EtOAc), nhexane (Hex), methanol (MeOH), n-pentane (Pn)] were distilled prior to use. Photochemical experiments were performed in Duran phototubes ($\phi = 1.0$ cm for racemic and enantioselective reactions and $\phi = 1.8$ cm for 0.5 mmol scale reactions) under argon atmosphere in a positive geometry setup [cylindrical array of 16 fluorescent light tubes, $\lambda = 420$ nm (Luzchem LZC-420, 8 W)]. Reactions at -25 °C were performed inside a Duran cool finger which was attached to a cryostat (Huber CC410). Solvents used in the photochemical reactions were degassed under a continuous argon flow in an ultrasonication bath for 15 minutes. Flash chromatography was performed on silica 60 (Merck, 230-400 mesh) with the indicated eluent mixtures. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on silica coated glass plates (silica 60 F254) with detection by UV ($\lambda = 254$ and 366 nm) and/or by staining with a potassium permanganate solution (KMnO₄) followed by heat treatment. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) analyses were performed using a chiral stationary phase [ChiralPak AD-H (250 x 4.6 mm), Chiralpak OD-H (250 x 4.6 mm), Chiralpak AS-H (250 x 4.6 mm), Daicel Chemical Industries] with UVD 340 Photodiode Array Detector, P580 Pump and an ASI-100 Automated Sample Injector at 20 °C. Preparative HPLC was conducted on a apparatus consiting of a HPG 3200BX pump (Thermo Fisher) and a MWD 3000-RS UV-detector (Dionex). For normal-phase HPLC a Daicel ChiralPak AD-H, ChiralPak OD-H, and a ChiralPak AS-H was used as stationary phase and a mixture of *n*-heptane/*i*-propanol was used as mobile phase. Analytical gaschromatography was performed at a HP 6890 Series GC (Agilent, achiral stationary phase: HP-5 column, poly-dimethyl/diphenyl-siloxane, 95/5) with a flame ionisation detector. IR spectra were recorded on a JASCO IR-4100 (ATR). ¹H, ¹³C, and ¹⁹F-NMR spectra were recorded at 303 K either on a Bruker AVHD300, AVHD400, or AVHD500 spectrometer. NMR spectra were calibrated to the respective residual solvent signals of CDCl₃ [δ (¹H) = 7.26 ppm, δ (¹³C) = 77.16 ppm]. Apparent multiplets which occur as a result of coupling constant equality between magnetically non-equivalent protons are marked as virtual (virt.). The following abbreviations for single multiplicities were used: br-broad, s-singlet, d-doublet, t-triplet, q-quartet, quint-quintet, sext-sextet. High resolution mass spectroscopy (HR-MS) was performed on a Thermo Scientific LTQ-FT Ultra (ESI) or a Thermo Scientific DFS-HRMS spectrometer (EI). Melting points were measured on a Büchi M-565 instrument and are not corrected. Specific rotations were determined with a ADP440+ polarimeter. Optical rotation was measured using a Perkin-Elmer 241 MC polarimeter in a 1.00 dm cuvette at 589 nm (Na D-Line) at room temperature. The specific rotation was calculated with the Drude equation. $[\alpha]_D^T$ and is given in 10¹ grad cm² g⁻¹.

2. Emission Spectrum of the Light Source

Lehrstuhl OC 1 - TUM 200 nm 250 nm 300 nm 350	nm 400 nm	450 nm 15	500 nm	1550 nm	600 nm	1650 nm	
Datasheet FLT022					LZ	2C-420	
Basic Information							
Туре	Fluorescent ligh	t tube					
Description	Luzchem LZC-420 n/a / Luzchem n/a / 07/2017						
Manufacturer / Supplier							
Order number / Date of purch.							
Internal lot / serial number	2017-07 / FLT02	22					
Specification Manufacturer							
Type / size T5 tube, G5 socket							
Mechanical specification	16 mm diameter, 288 mm length 8 W 400 - 440 nm ~ 30 nm						
Electrical specification							
Wavelength (range, typ.)							
Spectral width (FWHM)							
Datasheet	LES-420-016						
Characterization							
Description of measurement	Measured with	Ocean-opti	cs USB4	000 spectr	ometer usi	ng a	
	calibrated setup (cosine corrector/fibre).						
	The cosine corre	ector was p	laced at	20 mm di	stance fron	na	
	single fluorescent tube at half height.						
Measured dominant wavelength / Int.	421 nm		1	21 µW/mr	n²nm		
Measured spectral width (FWHM)	30 nm						





3. Optimization of Irradiation Conditions

Table S1. Optimization of the enantioselective [2 + 2] photocycloaddition of 4-alkenyloxyquinolones

$ \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & $								
Fr			Ar, T, t			~ N `O H 7 -		
	a, R = H o, R = Me					7a 7b		
Entry	Sub.	6 (x mol%)	T [°C]	<i>t</i> [h]	Yield [%]	ee [%]		
1	5a	10	25	1	0			
2	5b	10	25	1	98	72		
3	5b	10	-25	1	97	88		
4	5b	5	-25	1.5	97	86		
5	5b	2.5	-25	2.5	97	86		
6 ^{<i>a</i>}	5b	1	-25	4	91	83		
7^b	5b	10	-25	1	98	55		

^{*a*} The reaction was performed at a concentration of c = 5 mM. ^{*b*} The reaction was performed in MeCN.

4. Screening of Catalyst Loadings

Table S2. [2+2] photocycloaddition of substrate **5n** to cyclobutane **7n**: Efficiency of sensitizer **6** at low catalyst loadings.

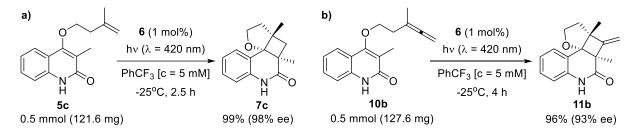
F O 5 m	0 N H 5n mol (130.6 mg)	Ph	0 6 (x mol%) = 420 nm) 0CF ₃ [c] 25° C, t		F N O 7n		
Entry	6 (x mol%)	c [mM]	<i>t</i> [h]	Yield [%]	ee [%]		
1	10	2.5	1	>99	99		
2	1	5	2.5	>99	95		
3	0.5	5	7	99	93		

(*Entry 1*): **5n** (130.6 mg, 0.5 mmol) and **6** (21.6 mg, 0.05 mmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (200 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L), cooled to -25 °C and irradiated at $\lambda = 420$ nm for 1 h. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), compound **7n** was obtained as a colorless solid (130.5 mg, >99%, 99% *ee*).

(*Entry 2*): **5n** (130.6 mg, 0.5 mmol) and **6** (2.2 mg, 5 μ mol, 1 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (100 mL, c = 5 mmol/L) and reacted for 2.5 h at -25 °C. Following flash column chromatography, compound **7n** was obtained as a colorless solid (130.3 mg, >99%, 95% *ee*).

(*Entry 3*): **5n** (130.6 mg, 0.5 mmol) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 0.5 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (100 mL, c = 5 mmol/L) and reacted for 7 h at -25 °C. Following flash column chromatography, compound **7n** was obtained as a colorless solid (129.5 mg, 99%, 93% *ee*).

Scheme S1. [2+2] photocycloaddition of substrate 5c and 10b to cyclobutane 7c and 11b: Efficiency of sensitizer 6 at low catalyst loadings.



(Scheme S1a): 5c (121.6 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 6 (2.2 mg, 5 μ mol, 1 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α trifluorotoluene (100 mL, c = 5 mmol/L), cooled to -25 °C and irradiated at $\lambda = 420$ nm for 2.5 h. Following flash column chromatography, compound 7c was obtained as a colorless solid (120.5 mg, 99%, 98% *ee*). (Scheme S1b): 10b (127.6 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 6 (2.2 mg, 5 μ mol, 1 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α trifluorotoluene (100 mL, c = 5 mmol/L), cooled to -25 °C and irradiated at $\lambda = 420$ nm for 4 h. Following flash column chromatography, compound 11b was obtained as a colorless solid (122.0 mg, 96%, 93% *ee*).

5. Emission Spectra and Triplet Energy of Quinolones

General information

UV/Vis absorption spectra were measured on a Perkin Elmer Lambda 35 UV/Vis Spectrometer in quartz cuvettes. Emission spectra where recorded on a Horiba Scientific FlouroMax-4P Spectrofluorometer equipped with a continuous Xe source for steady state spectra and a Xe flashlight source for the observation of phosphorescence spectra. Spectra were recorded in quartz tubes (4 mm internal diameter) in a small quartz Dewar vessel which was filled with liquid nitrogen for recording spectra at cryogenic temperatures (77 K). Ethanol was filtered over silica and neutral aluminium oxide and subsequently distilled over a 20 cm vacuum insulated Vigreux column and was degassed prior to use. All solutions have been handled under dry nitrogen to exclude oxygen as triplet quencher.

Quinolone **5a** was dissolved in ethanol to give a 100 μ M solution. The absorption spectrum (d = 4 mm) is shown in Figure S1a, normalized to the long-wavelength absorption maximum at $\lambda = 315$ nm ($\varepsilon = 6625$ Lmol⁻¹cm⁻¹). Luminescence of a 100 μ M solution in ethanol after excitation at $\lambda = 315$ nm was recorded in a quartz tube (4 mm internal diameter) and is shown normalized to the emission-maximum at $\lambda = 360$ nm in Figure S1a. The emission is attributed to fluorescence and the crossing of the normalized spectra at $\lambda = 336$ nm assigned to a S₁ energy of 356 kJ/mol.

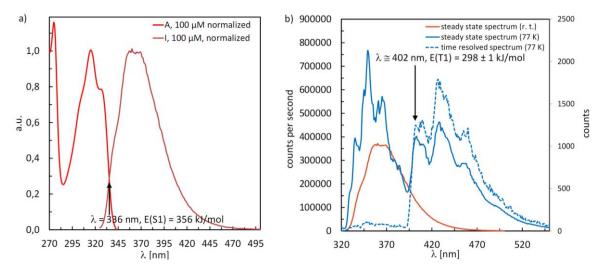


Figure S1. a) Recorded UV/Vis of **5a** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu$ M) normalized to A_{315 nm}, recorded luminescence of **5a** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu$ M) at ambient conditions, normalized to I_{360 nm}. b) Steady state spectra of **5a** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu$ M) at ambient conditions and at 77 K given in counts per second (solid lines), time resolved spectrum of **5a** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu$ M) after 250 µs delay (counts, dashed line).

The solution of **5a** in ethanol was cooled to 77 K in a quartz tube to give an amorphous or microcrystalline solid ("snowy"). Excitation at $\lambda = 312$ nm gave a spectrum, in which contributions from the previously recorded fluorescence spectrum can be qualitatively assigned together with a very broad and unstructured signature with a maximum at approx. $\lambda = 430$ nm (Figure S1b). Introducing a delay between excitation and detection led to a complete bleach of signatures assigned to fluorescence and the resulting spectrum (Figure S1b, dashed line) was attributed to phosphorescence. Tentatively assigning the most blueshifted shoulder ($\lambda_{max} \approx 402$ nm) to the 0 \rightarrow 0 transition of the phosphorescence allows to give an estimate for the triplet energy of 298 ± 1 kJ/mol for **5a** in ethanol.

Excitation spectra were recorded under steady state at 77 K. The spectra match qualitatively the room temperature solution spectrum. The two major differences are a red shift of about 5 nm and an additional shoulder/feature at \sim 340 nm. Figure S2 shows the excitation spectrum under steady state at 77 K and the room temperature solution spectra of **5a** in ethanol normalized to the respective local maxima.

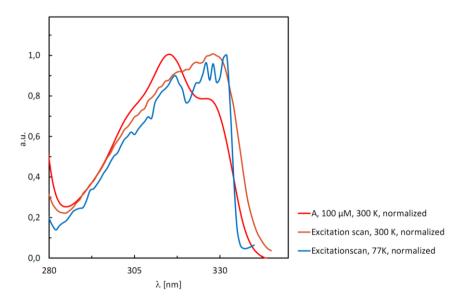


Figure S2. Recorded UV/Vis of **5a** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu M$) normalized to A_{315 nm}, recorded steady state spectrum of **5a** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu M$) at 300 K and 77 K, normalized to the respective local maxima.

Quinolone **5b** was dissolved in ethanol to give a 100 μ M solution. The absorption spectrum (d = 4 mm) is shown in Figure S3a, normalized to the long-wavelength absorption maximum at $\lambda = 322$ nm ($\varepsilon = 8847$ Lmol⁻¹cm⁻¹). Luminescence of a 100 μ M solution in ethanol after excitation at $\lambda = 322$ nm was recorded in a quartz tube (4 mm internal diameter) and is shown normalized to the emission-maximum at $\lambda = 363$ nm in Figure S3a. The emission is attributed to fluorescence and the crossing of the normalized spectra at $\lambda = 342$ nm assigned to a S1 energy of 350 kJ/mol.

The solution of **5b** in ethanol was cooled to 77 K in a quartz tube to give an amorphous or microcrystalline solid ("snowy"). Excitation at $\lambda = 330$ nm gave a spectrum, in which contributions from the previously recorded fluorescence spectrum can be qualitatively assigned together with a very broad and unstructured signature with a maximum at approx. $\lambda = 470$ nm (Figure S3b). Introducing a delay between excitation and detection led to a complete bleach of signatures assigned to fluorescence and the resulting spectrum (Figure S3b, dashed line) was attributed to phosphorescence. Tentatively assigning the most blueshifted shoulder ($\lambda_{max} \cong 435$ -440 nm) to the 0 \rightarrow 0 transition of the phosphorescence allows to give an estimate for the triplet energy of 273 ± 2 kJ/mol for **5b** in ethanol.

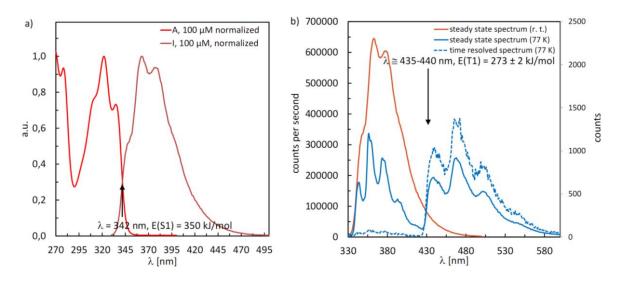


Figure S3. a) Recorded UV/Vis of **5b** in ethanol ($c = 100 \ \mu M$) normalized to $A_{322 \ nm}$, recorded luminescence of **5b** in ethanol ($c = 100 \ \mu M$) at ambient conditions, normalized to $I_{363 \ nm}$. b) Steady state spectra of **5b** in ethanol ($c = 100 \ \mu M$) at ambient conditions and at 77 K given in counts per second (solid lines), time resolved spectrum of **5b** in ethanol ($c = 100 \ \mu M$) after 250 µs delay (counts, dashed line).

Excitation spectra were recorded under steady state at 77 K. The spectra match qualitatively the room temperature solution spectrum. The two major differences are a red shift of about 5 nm and an additional shoulder/feature at \sim 340 nm. Figure S4 shows the excitation spectrum under steady state at 77 K and the room temperature solution spectra of **5b** in ethanol normalized to the respective local maxima.

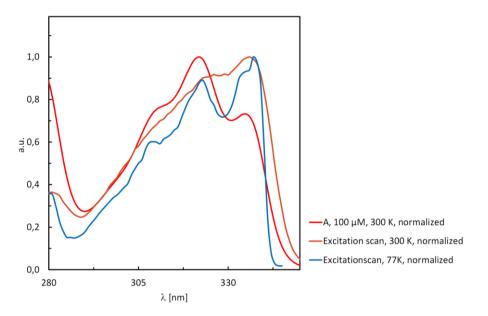
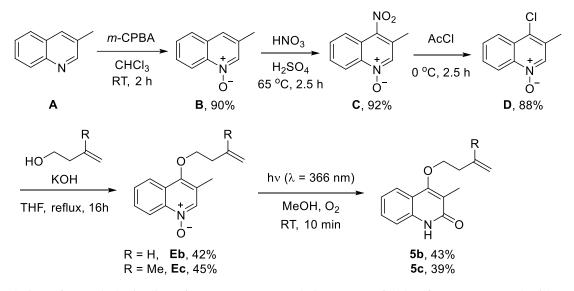


Figure S4. Recorded UV/Vis of **5b** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu M$) normalized to $A_{322 nm}$, recorded steady state spectrum of **5b** in ethanol ($c = 100 \mu M$) at 300 K and 77 K, normalized to the respective local maxima.

6. Synthetic Procedures and Analytical Data

The ether substrate **5a** was obtained following a literature procedure¹ starting from 4-chloroquinoline-*N*-oxide² and the commercially available alcohol. The substrates **5b** and **5c** for the photocycloaddition reaction was prepared as previously described¹ starting from 3-methylquinoline.

General Procedure 1: Synthesis of ether substrates **5b** and **5c** by photochemical rearrangement of N-oxides³

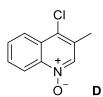


A solution of 3-methylquinoline (**A**) (2.86 g, 20 mmol) in 50 mL of chloroform was treated with *meta*chloroperbenzoic acid (5.18 g, 30 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. Subsequently, saturated NaHCO₃ (100 mL) and 2M NaOH (100 mL) were added and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed at reduced pressure yielding the quinoline *N*-oxide **B** (2.87 g, 18 mmol, 90 %) as a bright yellow solid which was used in the following step without further purification.

To a solution of quinoline *N*-oxide **B** (2.87 g, 18 mmol) in 6.6 mL of concentrated sulfuric acid at 65 °C in an oil bath, 1.5 mL of 65% nitric acid solution was added dropwise over an hour. The reaction solution was stirred for another 2.5 hours at 65 °C and after cooling, carefully poured into 60 mL ice water. The solid precipitates were filtered off, washed with water until neutral and dried in a desiccator. The desired 4-nitroquinoline-*N*-oxide **C** (3.38 g, 16.6 mmol, 92%) was obtained as a yellow solid, which was used in the following step without further purification.

16.0 mL acetyl chloride (17.6 g, 224 mmol) was cooled to 0 °C and *N*-oxide **C** (2.37 g, 11.6 mmol) was added in portions over an hour, and the temperature must not rise above 10 °C. Then the solution stirred for another 2.5 hours in an ice bath and then added dropwise with ice water, until the highly exothermic hydrolysis of the excess acetyl chloride has ended. The reaction solution was mixed with potassium carbonate with vigorous stirring until the solution is basic and then extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with 50 mL saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvent removed in vacuo. The crude product 4-chloro-3-methylquinoline 1-oxide (**D**) (1.97 g, 10.2 mmol, 88%) was obtained as a yellow solid, which can be further purified by recrystallization from acetone.

4-chloro-3-methylquinoline 1-oxide (D):



Chemical Formula: C₁₀H₈CINO Exact Mass: 193.0294

TLC: R_f = 0.51 (EtOAc:MeOH, 95:5) [UV].

M.p.:164-166 °C.

IR (film) v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3098, 3071, 1656, 1561, 1534, 1345, 1332, 1201, 1088, 1035, 919, 853, 770, 744, 658. **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.72 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H).

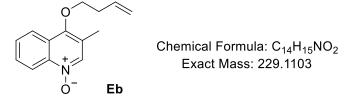
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.4, 137.4, 131.1, 130.6, 130.0, 129.6, 128.2, 124.9, 120.2, 18.0.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 14.42 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 195 (34) [M+2+], 193 (100) [M+], 179 (17), 177 (52), 164 (14), 151 (34), 142 (37), 130 (29), 115 (34).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₀H₈ClNO+H]⁺ calcd.: 194.0367; found: 194.0367.

4-Chloroquinolin-*N*-oxide **D** (968 mg, 5 mmol) and powdered potassium hydroxide (560 mg, 10 mmol) were dissolved under argon in dry tetrahydrofuran (0.3 M). The appropriate alcohol (20 mmol) was added and the solution was heated to reflux in an oil bath until the reaction was complete. After cooling to room temperature the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (20 mL/mmol). The solution was washed with water (10 mL/mmol) and brine (10 mL/mmol), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by column chromatography.

4-(but-3-en-1-yloxy)-3-methylquinoline 1-oxide (Eb):



Following the general procedure, compound **Eb** was obtained as a light yellow oil (480 mg, 42%) by column chromatography (silica, DCM/MeOH 96:4).

TLC: R_f = 0.37 (DCM:MeOH, 95:5) [UV].

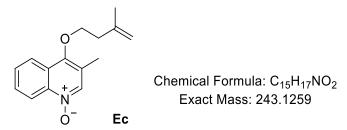
IR (film) v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3385, 3075, 2928, 1640, 1573, 1400, 1353, 1329, 1201, 1085, 968, 916, 872, 765, 733. ¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.66 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (ddt, J = 17.1, 10.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (*virt.* q, $J \approx J = 6.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.2, 140.8, 138.6, 133.9, 129.9, 128.6, 125.6, 122.6, 120.2, 118.0, 74.1, 34.7, 13.9.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.52 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 229 (21) [M+], 213 (74), 175 (37), 172 (38), 159 (93), 158 (39), 130 (57), 115 (24), 104 (22), 77 (32), 55 (100).

HRMS (EI) m/z: [C₁₄H₁₅NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 230.1176; found: 230.1176.

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinoline 1-oxide (Ec):



Following the general procedure, compound **Ec** was obtained as a light-yellow oil (545 mg, 45%) by column chromatography (silica, DCM/MeOH 96:4).

TLC: R_f = 0.39 (DCM:MeOH, 95:5) [UV].

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3385, 3075, 2933, 1650, 1573, 1450, 1400, 1353, 1329, 1262, 1200, 1085, 975, 890, 866, 765, 731.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.67 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.16 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.8, 141.5, 140.8, 138.9, 130.1, 128.7, 125.7, 122.7, 122.6, 120.2, 113.0, 73.4, 38.4, 22.9, 14.0.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 17.02 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 243 (1) [M+], 227 (23), 159 (100), 130 (22), 115 (10), 77 (10), 69 (28).

HRMS (EI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₇NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 244.1332; found: 244.1333.

The 4-alkenyloxyquinolin-*N*-oxide **E** was dissolved in methanol (200 mL/mmol), saturated with oxygen and run through a double coiled tubular flow reactor (Duran tube 7 mm, coil outer diameter: 75 mm, height: 200 mm, internal volume: 150 mL) placed in the middle of a Rayonet (RPR-100) photoreactor equipped with 16 lamps of the given wavelength. After passing the reactor, the product solution was collected in a septum stoppered flask which was filled with inert gas and equipped with a balloon for pressure equalization. Reaction progress was monitored by UV/VIS-spectrometry (flow-cuvette, detection of the *N*-oxide absorption band at $\lambda > 360$ nm). The collected product solution was evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography and recrystallisation.

4-(but-3-en-1-yloxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5b):



Following the general procedure, compound **5b** was obtained as a colorless solid (148 mg, 43%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 1.5:1). **TLC**: $R_f = 0.44$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV]. **M.p.**: 152-153 °C. **IR** (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3065, 2944, 2876, 2852, 1638, 1613, 1569, 1497, 1433, 1373, 1353, 1271, 1157, 1144, 1107, 1015, 975, 915, 871, 755, 741, 697, 667.

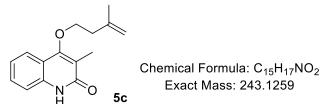
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.86 (*br* s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 7.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (ddt, *J* = 17.0, 10.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (*virt.* dq, *J* = 17.2 Hz, *J* \approx *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (*virt.* dq, *J* = 10.3 Hz, *J* \approx *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (*virt.* qt, *J* \approx *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 161.5, 137.3, 134.2, 130.1, 122.9, 122.4, 118.8, 117.8, 117.7, 116.0, 73.2, 34.9, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 15.90 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 229 (18) [M+], 214 (35), 175 (100), 146 (17), 130 (13), 120 (20), 55 (48).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₄H₁₅NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 230.1176; found: 230.1177.

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5c):



Following the general procedure, compound **5c** was obtained as a colorless solid (142 mg, 39%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 1.5:1).

TLC: $R_f = 0.36$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 114-115 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3067, 2948, 2917, 2870, 1646, 1611, 1572, 1434, 1348, 1266, 1144, 1103, 1031, 979, 896, 837, 746, 698, 689.

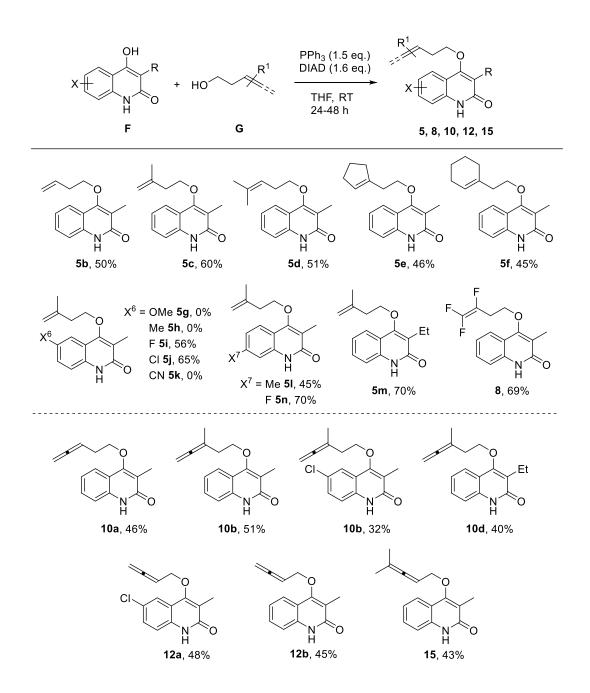
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.16 (*br* s, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 161.6, 141.8, 137.3, 130.0, 122.8, 122.4, 118.7, 117.7, 116.1, 112.8, 72.3, 38.5, 22.9, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 16.45$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 243 (20) [M+], 175 (100), 146 (10), 120 (12), 69 (25).

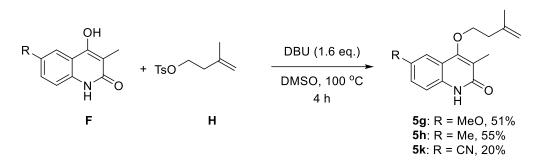
HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₇NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 244.1332; found: 244.1334.

General Procedure 2: Synthesis of ether substrates 5, 8, 10, 12, and 15 by Mitsunobu reactions⁴



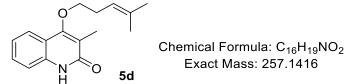
A flask was charged with 4-hydroxy-2-quinolone⁵ \mathbf{F} (2.0 mmol) and triphenylphoshine (3.0 mmol, 786 mg) under an inert atmosphere. After solvation in dry THF (4 mL) alcohol \mathbf{G} (3.0 mmol) was added and the stirred solution was cooled by an external ice/water bath. Diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (3.2 mmol, 647 mg) was added dropwise and the solution was allowed to come to room temperature and stirred for additional 24-48 h. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by silica gel flash chromatography.

General Procedure 3: Synthesis of ether substrates 5g, 5h, and 5k by nucleophilic substitution⁶



3-Methylbut-3-en-1-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate **H** (1.25 eq) was added dropwise to a solution of 4hydroxy-2-quinolone⁵ **F** (1 eq) and DBU (1.56 eq) in DMSO (0.25 mol/L) and the mixture was stirred at 100 $^{\circ}$ C in an oil bath for 4 h. The solvent was dissolved in dichloromethane, washed successively with 0.5 N NaOH, 0.1 N HCl and water, and dried over sodium sulfate. After removal of the solvent, the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.

3-methyl-4-((4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1H)-one (5d):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5d** was obtained as a colorless solid (260 mg, 51%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:1.5).

TLC: $R_f = 0.54$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:2) [UV].

M.p.: 109-110 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3071, 2961, 2868, 1658, 1614, 1574, 1500, 1436, 1354, 1265, 1144, 1100, 1012, 975, 883, 836, 748, 737, 692, 666.

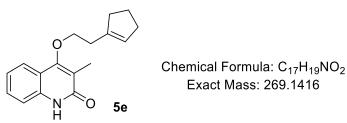
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.10 (*br* s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (*virt.* q, *J* \approx *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.76 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.7, 137.3, 135.1, 130.0, 122.9, 122.3, 119.5, 117.8, 116.1, 73.7, 29.4, 25.9, 18.1, 10.3.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 17.08$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 257 (2) [M+], 242 (98), 175 (60), 83 (77), 55 (100).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1490.

4-(2-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5e):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5e** was obtained as a colorless solid (247 mg, 46%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.34 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 141-142 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3158, 3065, 2946, 2890, 2846, 1644, 1610, 1571, 1498, 1432, 1373, 1356, 1316, 1270, 1262, 1181, 1155, 1143, 1032, 970, 946, 898, 858, 751, 689, 659.

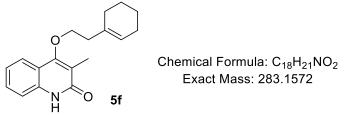
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.25 (*br* s, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 6.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 6.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.58-5.49 (m, 1H), 4.16 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.41-2.29 (m, 4H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.90 (*virt.* quint, $J \approx J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 161.6, 140.3, 137.3, 130.0, 126.3, 122.8, 122.3, 118.6, 117.7, 116.1, 72.5, 35.5, 32.7, 32.2, 23.5, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 18.19 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 269 (11) [M+], 176 (100), 175 (47), 146 (8), 130 (9), 95 (57), 79 (16), 67 (24).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{17}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 270.1489; found: 270.1490.

4-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5f):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5f** was obtained as a colorless solid (254 mg, 45%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.39 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 137-138 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3002, 2912, 2833, 1648, 1615, 1574, 1501, 1436, 1382, 1356, 1319, 1270, 1156, 1142, 1103, 1014, 986, 945, 910, 861, 748, 700, 655.

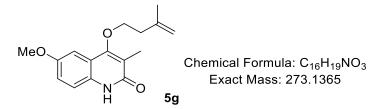
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.64 (*br* s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.03-2.02 (m, 4H), 1.69-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.54 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 161.7, 137.2, 133.8, 130.0, 124.3, 123.0, 122.3, 118.6, 117.8, 115.9, 72.6, 38.9, 28.7, 25.5, 23.1, 22.5, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 17.03$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 283 (21) [M+], 176 (100), 175 (64), 109 (48), 67 (41).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{18}H_{21}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 284.1645; found: 284.1646.

6-methoxy-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5g):



Following the *general procedure 3*, compound **5g** was obtained as a colorless solid (254 mg, 51%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 1:1).

TLC: R_f = 0.43 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1.5) [UV].

M.p.: 145-146 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2999, 2916, 2868, 2826, 1643, 1621, 1579, 1499, 1418, 1370, 1352, 1272, 1218, 1172, 1143, 1105, 1036, 902, 891, 841, 708.

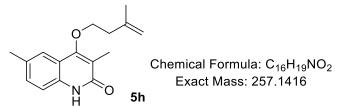
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.45 (*br* s, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.6, 161.1, 155.3, 142.0, 131.8, 119.5, 119.0, 118.4, 117.3, 112.9, 104.3, 72.0, 55.8, 38.5, 22.9, 10.5.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.11 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 273 (69) [M+], 258 (4), 228 (8), 205 (100), 190 (25), 176 (8), 69 (19).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{19}NO_3+H]^+$ calcd.: 274.1438; found: 274.1439.

3,6-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5h):



Following the *general procedure 3*, compound **5h** was obtained as a colorless solid (282 mg, 55%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 1:1).

TLC: R_f = 0.48 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:2) [UV].

M.p.: 155-156 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2965, 2853, 1656, 1579, 1505, 1480, 1421, 1378, 1356, 1310, 1270, 1257, 1172, 1111, 1004, 917, 880, 810, 774, 711, 653.

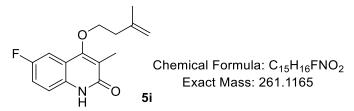
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.24 (*br* s, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 161.4, 141.9, 135.4, 131.8, 131.4, 122.3, 118.6, 117.6, 116.1, 112.9, 72.1, 38.5, 22.9, 21.3, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.88 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 257 (26) [M+], 212 (6), 189 (100), 160 (11), 134 (9), 69 (18).

HRMS (**ESI**) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₉NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1489.

6-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1H)-one (5i):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5i** was obtained as a colorless solid (292 mg, 56%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: $R_f = 0.28$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 148-149 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2929, 2881, 2828, 1651, 1631, 1502, 1428, 1353, 1308, 1251, 1188, 1168, 1135, 1097, 1031, 940, 908, 893, 876, 843, 813, 790, 712.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.82 (*br* s, 1H), 7.52-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.21 (td, *J* = 8.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H).

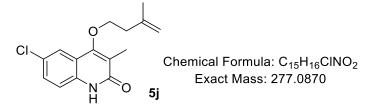
¹⁹**F** NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -119.8.

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 160.9 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 158.4 (d, *J* = 240.9 Hz), 141.6, 133.8, 119.6, 118.6 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 118.3 (d, *J* = 24.8 Hz), 117.9 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 113.0, 108.0 (d, *J* = 24.2 Hz), 72.3, 38.4, 22.8, 10.5.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 16.36 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 261 (28) [M+], 246 (4), 216 (5), 193 (100), 164 (12), 138 (9), 69 (40).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₆FNO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 262.1238; found: 262.1238.

6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1H)-one (5j):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5j** was obtained as a colorless solid (360 mg, 65%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.35 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 172-174 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2985, 2966, 2922, 2884, 2852, 2737, 1656, 1608, 1573, 1479, 1445, 1416, 1375, 1351, 1307, 1263, 1235, 1179, 1146, 1116, 1077, 978, 967, 881, 810, 701.

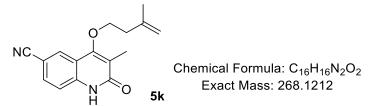
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.45 (*br* s, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 160.6, 141.6, 135.7, 130.3, 128.0, 122.3, 119.6, 118.9, 117.6, 113.2, 72.4, 38.5, 22.8, 10.5.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 17.34$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 279 (8) [M+2+], 277 (26) [M+], 211 (33), 209 (100), 180 (9), 154 (9), 69 (60).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{15}H_{16}CINO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 278.0942; found: 278.0944.

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-6-carbonitrile (5k):



Following the *general procedure 3*, compound **5k** was obtained as a colorless solid (108 mg, 20%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 1:1).

TLC: R_f = 0.27 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 232-235 °C.

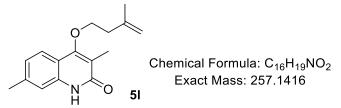
IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3152, 2977, 2920, 2851, 2228, 1652, 1624, 1578, 1478, 1423, 1377, 1351, 1319, 1274, 1261, 1168, 1111, 972, 890, 821, 763, 715, 652.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.25 (*br* s, 1H), 8.15 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 160.6, 141.4, 139.5, 132.5, 128.5, 120.2, 119.0, 118.1, 116.9, 113.4, 106.0, 72.7, 38.4, 22.8, 10.1.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₆N₂O₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 269.1285; found: 269.1287.

3,7-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5l):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5**I was obtained as a colorless solid (231 mg, 45%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:1.5).

TLC: R_f = 0.47 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 168-170 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2944, 2892, 2853, 1641, 1611, 1566, 1513, 1480, 1439, 1394, 1375, 1358, 1316, 1256, 1190, 1176, 1148, 1111, 1080, 1038, 999, 981, 901, 849, 815, 786, 767, 741, 702, 669.

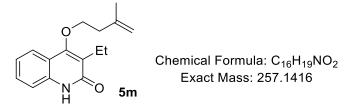
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.90 (*br* s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 162.1, 141.8, 140.9, 137.3, 124.2, 122.7, 117.2, 116.1, 115.6, 112.8, 72.3, 38.5, 22.9, 21.8, 10.3.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 17.04$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 257 (14) [M+], 207 (12), 189 (100), 160 (11), 134 (13), 69 (20).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1489.

3-ethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5m):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5m** was obtained as a colorless solid (360 mg, 70%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:1.5).

TLC: R_f = 0.60 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 130-131 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 2957, 2930, 2868, 1651, 1612, 1571, 1499, 1433, 1396, 1374, 1355, 1321, 1259, 1144, 1106, 1065, 1049, 1031, 983, 959, 891, 864, 758, 687, 665.

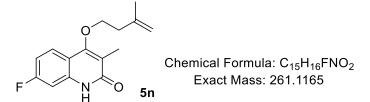
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.67 (*br* s, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.9, 161.2, 141.8, 137.5, 130.0, 125.0, 123.0, 122.3, 117.7, 116.0, 112.8, 73.2, 38.5, 22.9, 18.2, 13.6.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.57 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 257 (27) [M+], 212 (24), 189 (94), 188 (78), 174 (100), 161 (21), 69 (41).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1489.

7-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5n):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **5n** was obtained as a colorless solid (365 mg, 70%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:1.5).

TLC: R_f = 0.67 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1.5) [UV].

М.р.: 138-139 °С.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3066, 2919, 2863, 1645, 1612, 1577, 1511, 1396, 1373, 1355, 1312, 1249, 1194, 1139, 1104, 1027, 895, 847, 811, 795, 761, 667.

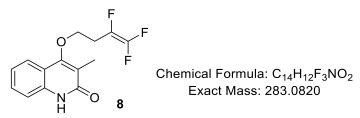
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.47 (*br* s, 1H), 7.77 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (td, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H).

¹⁹**F** NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -109.2.

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 163.8 (d, *J* = 249.5 Hz), 161.5, 141.7, 138.7 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz), 125.1 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz), 117.4, 114.5, 112.9, 110.9 (d, *J* = 23.3 Hz), 102.3 (d, *J* = 25.3 Hz), 72.4, 38.5, 22.9, 10.3. **GC-MS; EI** (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.17 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 261 (19) [M+], 246 (4), 216 (5), 193 (100), 164 (11), 138 (14), 69 (39).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₆FNO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 262.1238; found: 262.1239.

3-methyl-4-((3,4,4-trifluorobut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (8):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **8** was obtained as a colorless solid (390 mg, 69%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.44 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1.5) [UV].

M.p.: 125-126 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3151, 3103, 3013, 2955, 2895, 1803, 1642, 1611, 1573, 1498, 1481, 1429, 1373, 1359, 1303, 1259, 1246, 1211, 1145, 1118, 1104, 1034, 1010, 991, 870, 850, 829, 783, 760, 694.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.24 (*br* s, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.24 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 6.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (tdd, *J* = 6.4, 4.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (tdd, *J* = 6.3, 4.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H).

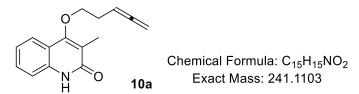
¹⁹**F** NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -102.7 (dd, J = 84.4, 32.9 Hz), -122.9 (dd, J = 114.4, 84.4 Hz), -175.7 (dd, J = 114.4, 32.9 Hz).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 161.1, 154.0 (ddd, *J* = 287.0, 274.2, 46.1 Hz), 137.2, 130.4, 126.1 (ddd, *J* = 234.5, 53.5, 17.0 Hz), 122.8, 122.4, 118.7, 117.4, 116.4, 68.4, 27.4 (dd, *J* = 21.9, 2.4 Hz), 10.1.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 15.54 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 283 (7) [M+], 269 (15), 268 (100), 175 (23), 174 (29), 146 (11), 130 (18), 120 (15), 109 (7), 89 (16).

HRMS (**ESI**) m/z: [C₁₄H₁₂F₃NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 284.0893; found: 284.0894.

4-(($4\lambda^5$ -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (10a):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **10a** was obtained as a colorless solid (222 mg, 46%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.22 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 104-105 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3162, 3110, 2955, 2886, 2859, 2751, 1952, 1730, 1655, 1615, 1572, 1499, 1434, 1376, 1361, 1318, 1269, 1145, 1104, 1012, 979, 862, 750, 695.

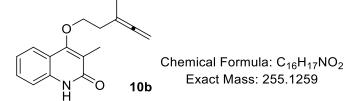
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.14 (*br* s, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (*virt.* quint, $J \approx J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 (dt, *J* = 6.4, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (dtt, *J* = 6.8, 6.6, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.3, 166.4, 161.5, 137.3, 130.0, 122.8, 122.4, 118.7, 117.7, 116.1, 86.2, 75.8, 73.1, 29.5, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 16.83 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 241 (15) [M+], 240 (22), 226 (100), 175 (95), 146 (23), 120 (27), 92 (16), 77 (12), 67 (30), 65 (25).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₅NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 242.1176; found: 242.1179.

3-methyl-4-((3-methyl- $4\lambda^5$ -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (10b):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **10b** was obtained as a colorless solid (260 mg, 51%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.16 (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 134-135 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3150, 3107, 3073, 3051, 2993, 2936, 2916, 2899, 2848, 1960, 1655, 1640, 1615, 1600, 1572, 1497, 1479, 1426, 1374, 1356, 1269, 1253, 1142, 1104, 1009, 975, 891, 874, 749, 694.

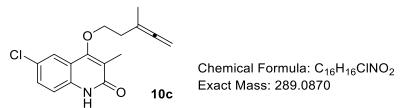
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.90 (*br* s, 1H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (*virt.* sext, *J* \approx *J* = 3.1 Hz, 2H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.53 (tt, *J* = 6.5, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.80 (t, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.4, 166.5, 161.6, 137.3, 130.0, 122.9, 122.3, 118.6, 117.8, 116.1, 94.9, 75.3, 72.1, 34.1, 19.3, 10.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 17.15 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 255 (1) [M+], 241 (17), 240 (100), 175 (42), 146 (9), 120 (10), 79 (26).

HRMS (**ESI**) m/*z*: [C₁₆H₁₇NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 256.1332; found: 256.1333.

6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methyl- $4\lambda^5$ -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (10c):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **10c** was obtained as a colorless solid (186 mg, 32%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.38 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 126-127 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3147, 3050, 2984, 2939, 2913, 2890, 2852, 1960, 1661, 1608, 1486, 1414, 1373, 1351, 1305, 1255, 1148, 1119, 973, 881, 816, 699.

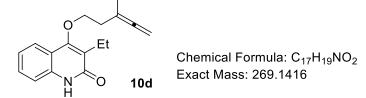
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.28 (*br* s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (*virt.* sext, *J* \approx *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.52 (tt, *J* = 6.5, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.81 (t, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.4, 166.3, 160.7, 135.7, 130.3, 127.9, 122.5, 119.5, 119.0, 117.5, 94.9, 75.5, 72.1, 34.2, 19.3, 10.6.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.18 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 289 (1) [M+], 276 (33), 275 (16), 274 (100), 209 (14), 79 (11).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{16}CINO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 290.0942; found: 290.0944.

3-ethyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (10d):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **10d** was obtained as a colorless solid (215 mg, 40%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:1.5).

TLC: R_f = 0.48 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 113-114 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3110, 3009, 2979, 2963, 2930, 2887, 2851, 1960, 1655, 1613, 1571, 1499, 1428, 1358, 1266, 1141, 1104, 1043, 993, 873, 854, 747, 680.

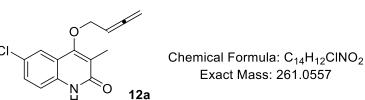
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.85 (*br* s, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (*virt.* sext, *J* \approx *J* = 3.1 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 1.81 (t, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.4, 166.0, 161.2, 137.5, 130.0, 124.9, 123.0, 122.2, 117.8, 116.0, 95.0, 75.3, 72.9, 34.2, 19.3, 18.2, 13.6.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 17.22 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 269 (1) [M+], 241 (17), 240 (100), 189 (19), 188 (22), 174 (39), 79 (22).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{17}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 270.1489; found: 270.1489.

4-((3λ⁵-buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-6-chloro-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (12a):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **12a** was obtained as a colorless solid (251 mg, 48%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: $R_f = 0.14$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

М.р.: 174-176 °С.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3156, 2995, 2882, 2828, 2744, 1955, 1665, 1609, 1486, 1412, 1351, 1305, 1263, 1143, 1114, 954, 940, 880, 843, 814, 769, 702.

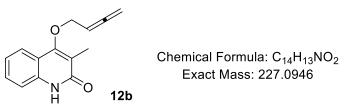
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.35 (*br* s, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (*virt.* quint, *J* \approx *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 2.0 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 210.1, 166.2, 160.1, 135.7, 130.3, 128.0, 122.5, 120.2, 118.9, 117.6, 87.0, 77.0, 71.8, 10.7.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 15.77$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 263 (2) [M+2+], 261 (6) [M+], 248 (34), 246 (100), 232 (20), 218 (10), 204 (6), 180 (7), 153 (11), 126 (10), 79 (20).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₄H₁₂ClNO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 262.0629; found: 262.0630.

4-((3λ⁵-buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (12b):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **12b** was obtained as a colorless solid (205 mg, 45%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:2).

TLC: R_f = 0.40 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 145-146 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3162, 3107, 3057, 3006, 2980, 2953, 2923, 2880, 2856, 1961, 1659, 1615, 1573, 1499, 1434, 1351, 1311, 1267, 1137, 1098, 1007, 969, 941, 876, 864, 856, 845, 748, 737, 697, 687, 666.

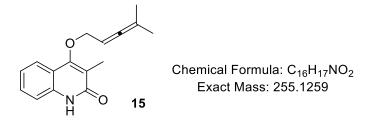
¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.84 (*br* s, 1H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (*virt.* quint, *J* \approx *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 210.0, 166.2, 161.0, 137.2, 130.1, 123.0, 122.4, 119.2, 117.7, 116.0, 87.1, 76.8, 71.7, 10.6.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 14.60 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 227 (5) [M+], 226 (13), 212 (100), 198 (24), 184 (12), 170 (10), 119 (11), 92 (16), 79 (14).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{14}H_{13}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 228.1019; found: 228.1020.

3-methyl-4-((4-methyl-3λ⁵-penta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (15):



Following the *general procedure 2*, compound **15** was obtained as a colorless solid (220 mg, 43%) by column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethyl ether 1:1.5).

TLC: R_f = 0.47 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 110-111 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3109, 3073, 2946, 2855, 1971, 1653, 1614, 1573, 1436, 1360, 1269, 1185, 1138, 1098, 986, 967, 881, 750, 736, 690, 666.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.07 (*br* s, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.35-5.26 (m, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.0, 166.4, 161.3, 137.2, 130.0, 123.3, 122.3, 119.1, 118.0, 116.0, 97.2, 85.5, 73.0, 20.3, 10.6.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 15.56 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 255 (1) [M+], 240 (100), 227 (10), 212 (11), 198 (7), 120 (15), 93 (14), 91 (14), 77 (9).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₇NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 256.1332; found: 256.1333.

General Procedure 4: Non-catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

The corresponding quinolone (c = 10.0 mmol/L) was dissolved in 10 mL of acetonitrile and irradiated at $\lambda = 300 \text{ nm}$ at room temperature until full conversion was achieved. The solvent was removed under reduced presure. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.

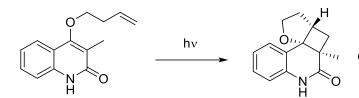
General Procedure 5: TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

The corresponding quinolone (c = 10.0 mmol/L, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in 10 mL of acetonitrile and irradiated at $\lambda = 420 \text{ nm}$ at room temperature until full conversion. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.

General Procedure 6: (+)-TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

The corresponding quinolone (c = 2.50 mmol/L, 1.0 eq.) and enantiomerically (+)-*TXT* **6** (1.1 mg, 10 mol%) were dissolved in 10 mL of α , α , α -trifluorotoluene, cooled to -25 °C and irradiated at $\lambda = 420 \text{ nm}$ until full conversion. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography.

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7b):



Chemical Formula: C₁₄H₁₅NO₂ Exact Mass: 229.1103

Non-catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(but-3-en-1-yloxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5b**) (22.9 mg, 0.1 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *General Procedure 4*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7b** was obtained as a colorless solid (22.7 mg, 99 µmol, 99%).

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(but-3-en-1-yloxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5b**) (22.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *General Procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7b** was obtained as a colorless solid (22.7 mg, 99 µmol, 99%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(but-3-en-1-yloxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5b**) (5.8 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *General Procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the title compound **7b** was obtained as a colorless solid (5.6 mg, 24.4 μ mol, 97%, 88% *ee*).

TLC: R_f = 0.60 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 221-224 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3187, 3057, 2978, 2926, 1666, 1594, 1491, 1484, 1376, 1362, 1254, 1063, 1026, 936, 881, 859, 764, 684.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.39 (*br* s, 1H), 7.28 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (ddd, *J* = 11.1, 8.7, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (*virt.* q, *J* \approx *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 12.8, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 1.96 (dddd, *J* = 12.6, 11.2, 8.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (dd, *J* = 12.8, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.3, 135.5, 129.0, 125.7, 124.9, 123.7, 115.3, 86.8, 70.5, 46.7, 43.8, 35.9, 30.5, 18.0.

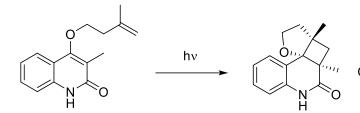
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 14.85 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 229 (26) [M+], 214 (45), 175 (100), 146 (17), 130 (11), 120 (13), 55 (25).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{14}H_{15}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 230.1176; found: 230.1177.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -60.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [88% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 88% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 12.77 min (minor), 13.60 min (major)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7c):



Chemical Formula: C₁₅H₁₇NO₂ Exact Mass: 243.1259

Non-catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5c**) (24.3 mg, 0.1 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 4*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7c** was obtained as a colorless solid (23.5 mg, 97 µmol, 97%).

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5c**) (24.3 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7c** was obtained as a colorless solid (24.3 mg, 100 µmol, >99%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5c**) (6.1 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the title compound **7c** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.1 mg, 25 μ mol, >99%, 99% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.60$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 164-165 °C.

IR (film) v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3179, 3059, 2953, 2923, 2871, 1662, 1596, 1490, 1440, 1377, 1254, 1060, 1017, 893, 873, 859, 757, 733, 685, 660.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.11 (*br* s, 1H), 7.24 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (ddd, *J* = 9.0, 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (ddd, *J* = 11.2, 9.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.69 (td, *J* = 11.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 136.1, 129.1, 126.8, 123.7, 122.4, 115.2, 88.0, 69.3, 48.7, 44.6, 42.5, 38.6, 21.6, 18.2.

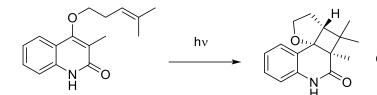
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 14.74 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 243 (33) [M+], 228 (7), 198 (10), 175 (100), 146 (13), 120 (10), 69 (22).

HRMS (**ESI**) m/*z*: [C₁₅H₁₇NO₂+H]⁺calcd.: 244.1332; found: 244.1333.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -57.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [99% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 99% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak OD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 12.13 min (major), 14.74 min (minor)].

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4,4,4a-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7d):



Chemical Formula: C₁₆H₁₉NO₂ Exact Mass: 257.1416

Non-catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5d**) (25.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 4*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7d** was obtained as a colorless solid (23.9 mg, 93 µmol, 93%).

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5d**) (25.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7d** was obtained as a colorless solid (24.1 mg, 94 µmol, 94%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5d**) (6.4 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the title compound **7d** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.3 mg, 24.5 μ mol, 98%, 96% *ee*). **TLC**: R_f = 0.72 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:2) [UV].

M.p.: 176-178 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3188, 3058, 2967, 2932, 2880, 1663, 1596, 1490, 1372, 1253, 1057, 991, 856, 758.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (*br* s, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (td, *J* = 8.3, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (*virt.* q, *J* \approx *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (q, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.9, 135.2, 128.8, 126.3, 126.0, 123.7, 115.2, 84.1, 73.0, 58.5, 51.9, 38.7, 29.2, 27.4, 19.4, 14.6.

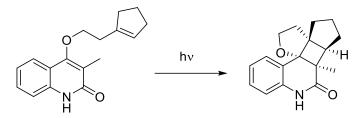
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 15.79 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 257 (5) [M+], 242 (100), 175 (45), 97 (35), 83 (46), 55 (40).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₉NO₂+H]+calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1489.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: +102.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [96% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 96% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 9.50 min (minor), 11.63 min (major)].

(6a*R*,6b*R*,9a*R*,12a*S*)-6a-methyl-6b,7,8,9,10,11-hexahydro-5*H*-cyclopenta[3,4]furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta-[1,2-*c*]quinolin-6(6a*H*)-one (7e):



Chemical Formula: C₁₇H₁₉NO₂ Exact Mass: 269.1416

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(2-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5e**) (26.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7e** was obtained as a colorless solid (26.9 mg, 100 µmol, >99%). *Enantioselective* [2+2] *Photocycloaddition*

4-(2-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5e**) (6.7 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the title compound **7e** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.7 mg, 25 μ mol, >99%, 98% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.40$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 193-195 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3186, 3052, 2982, 2922, 2862, 1666, 1597, 1494, 1433, 1375, 1249, 1164, 1046, 999, 908, 873, 856, 752, 730, 692, 669.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.08 (*br* s, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (td, *J* = 7.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (ddd, *J* = 11.5, 9.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (dd, *J* = 12.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (td, *J* = 12.1, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.87 (dd, *J* = 12.7, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (ddd, *J* = 15.8, 11.1, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.51-1.42 (m, 5H), 1.30-1.23 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.7, 136.1, 129.1, 128.0, 123.5, 121.7, 115.2, 86.0, 69.6, 61.8, 53.2, 47.3, 36.5, 32.3, 29.6, 26.4, 20.0.

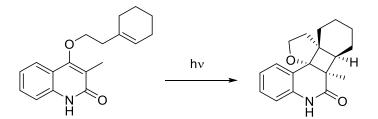
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 16.34$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 269 (17) [M+], 177 (12), 176 (100), 175 (41), 146 (7), 130 (7), 120 (7), 95 (36), 79 (10), 67 (14).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{17}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 270.1489; found: 270.1490.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -15.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [98% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 98% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 9.64 min (major), 10.60 min (minor)].

(6a*R*,6b*R*,10a*R*,13a*S*)-6a-methyl-6a,6b,7,8,9,10,11,12-octahydrobenzo[3,4]furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta-[1,2-*c*]quinolin-6(5*H*)-one (7f):



Chemical Formula: C₁₈H₂₁NO₂ Exact Mass: 283.1572

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5f**) (28.3 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7f** was obtained as a colorless solid (25.5 mg, 90 µmol, 90%). *Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition*

4-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5f**) (7.1 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the title compound **7f** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.6 mg, 23.3 μ mol, 93%, 96% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.68$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 164-165 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3186, 3060, 2940, 2866, 1660, 1595, 1489, 1436, 1348, 1222, 1119, 1064, 1046, 993, 940, 871, 852, 785, 758, 735, 694, 678, 664.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 (*br* s, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (ddd, *J* = 11.1, 9.1, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.01 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.91 (dt, *J* = 19.7, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.63-1.50 (m, 3H), 1.41-1.34 (m, 6H), 1.15 (ddd, *J* = 18.0, 10.6, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.03 (dt, *J* = 13.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.5, 136.2, 128.9, 126.7, 123.4, 122.8, 115.0, 87.7, 70.0, 51.9, 48.4, 45.7, 38.2, 27.8, 21.9, 20.9, 20.7, 19.4.

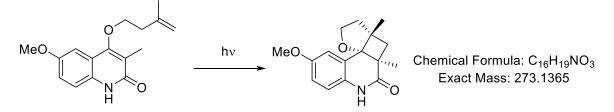
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 17.03$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 283 (21) [M+], 176 (100), 175 (64), 109 (48), 67 (41).

HRMS (**ESI**) m/*z*: [C₁₈H₂₁NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 284.1645; found: 284.1645.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -87.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [96% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 96% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 8.28 min (major), 9.81 min (minor)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-methoxy-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7g):



TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

6-methoxy-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5g**) (27.3 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7g** was obtained as a colorless solid (27.3 mg, 100 μ mol, >99%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

6-methoxy-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5g**) (6.8 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α,α,α-trifluorotoluene (10 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the title compound **7g** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.8 mg, 25 µmol, >99%, 93% *ee*).

TLC: R_f = 0.66 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1.5) [UV].

M.p.: 172-174 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3185, 3046, 2968, 2926, 2872, 1660, 1505, 1458, 1444, 1415, 1388, 1378, 1284, 1226, 1195, 1174, 1151, 1109, 1056, 1041, 995, 930, 869, 853, 811, 798, 696, 666.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.03 (*br* s, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (ddd, *J* = 11.4, 9.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.40 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (td, *J* = 11.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.9, 156.2, 129.8, 123.7, 116.2, 114.5, 111.9, 88.1, 69.4, 55.8, 48.7, 44.3, 42.4, 38.6, 21.5, 18.1.

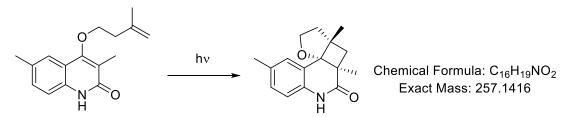
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 16.21 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 273 (86) [M+], 228 (11), 205 (100), 204 (31), 190 (33), 176 (12), 69 (20).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₉NO₃+H]⁺ calcd.: 274.1438; found: 274.1439.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -37.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [93% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 93% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 12.44 min (minor), 14.92 min (major)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a,9-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7h):



TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3,6-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5h**) (25.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted

for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7h** was obtained as a colorless solid (25.4 mg, 99 μmol, 99%). *Enantioselective* [2+2] *Photocycloaddition*

3,6-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5h**) (6.4 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the title compound **7h** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.0 mg, 23.3 μ mol, 94%, 98% *ee*).

TLC: R_f = 0.68 (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1.5) [UV].

M.p.: 176-178 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3177, 3043, 2960, 2924, 2863, 1655, 1602, 1504, 1442, 1387, 1375, 1246, 1151, 1054, 885, 870, 807, 725, 696, 667.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.97 (*br* s, 1H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.98 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (ddd, *J* = 11.1, 9.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.05 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.69 (td, *J* = 12.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.1, 133.6, 133.0, 129.5, 126.9, 122.1, 115.0, 88.0, 69.2, 48.5, 44.4, 42.3, 38.5, 21.4, 20.9, 18.0.

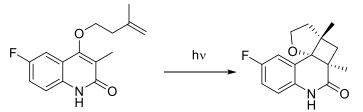
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 15.31$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 257 (50) [M+], 242 (8), 212 (13), 189 (100), 160 (15), 69 (19).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₉NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1490.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -49.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [98% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 98% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 8.74 min (minor), 10.31 min (major)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-fluoro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7i):



Chemical Formula: C₁₅H₁₆FNO₂ Exact Mass: 261.1165

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

6-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5i**) (26.1 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7i** was obtained as a colorless solid (25.8 mg, 99 µmol, 99%). *Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition*

6-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5i**) (6.5 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α, α-trifluorotoluene (10 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the title compound **7i** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.4 mg, 24.5 µmol, 98%, 94% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.60$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 163-164 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3193, 3104, 3066, 2963, 2929, 2896, 1659, 1491, 1446, 1416, 1376, 1364, 1251, 1199, 1168, 1148, 1053, 1034, 928, 885, 870, 851, 805, 750, 698, 669.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.64 (*br* s, 1H), 6.96 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (td, *J* = 8.3, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (ddd, *J* = 11.4, 9.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (td, *J* = 11.8, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H).

¹⁹**F** NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -119.3.

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 159.3 (d, *J* = 241.9 Hz), 132.3 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 124.4 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 116.6 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 115.7 (d, *J* = 23.2 Hz), 113.4 (d, *J* = 23.8 Hz), 87.8, 69.5, 48.9, 44.1, 42.4, 38.5, 21.5, 18.1.

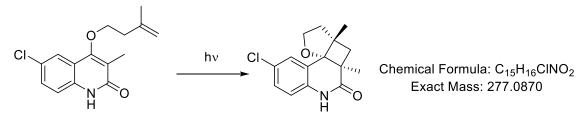
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 14.81 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 261 (42) [M+], 246 (8), 216 (9), 193 (100), 164 (14), 69 (38).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₆FNO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 262.1238; found: 262.1238.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -103.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [94% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 94% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 10.3 min ((major), 11.7 min (minor)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7j):



TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5j**) (27.8 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7j** was obtained as a colorless solid (26.4 mg, 95 µmol, 95%). *Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition*

6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5j**) (6.9 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted

for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the title compound **7j** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.9 mg, 25 μ mol, >99%, 93% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.57$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 183-185 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3183, 3051, 2961, 2925, 2889, 1662, 1588, 1487, 1445, 1405, 1374, 1363, 1252, 1192, 1091, 1054, 1029, 990, 877, 810, 720, 686, 668.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.28 (*br* s, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (ddd, *J* = 11.4, 9.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.70 (td, *J* = 12.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.7, 134.8, 129.0, 128.7, 126.7, 124.2, 116.7, 87.7, 69.5, 49.0, 44.3, 42.4, 38.5, 21.5, 18.1.

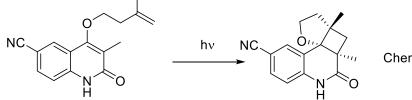
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 16.02$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 279 (13) [M+2+], 277 (37) [M+], 211 (38), 209 (100), 180 (11), 69 (44).

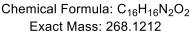
HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{15}H_{16}CINO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 278.0942; found: 278.0942.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -25.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [93% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 93% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 9.89 min (major), 10.98 min (minor)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-5-oxo-3,3a,4,4a,5,6-hexahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinoline-9-carbonitrile (7k):





TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-6-carbonitrile (**5k**) (26.8 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7k** was obtained as a colorless solid (26.5 mg, 99 µmol, 99%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-6-carbonitrile (**5k**) (6.7 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (17 mL, *c* = 1.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h at -25 °C, as modified in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 2:1), the title compound **7k** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.3 mg, 23.5 μ mol, 94%, 96% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.54$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 210-213 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3185, 3054, 2955, 2888, 2227, 1665, 1606, 1596, 1499, 1443, 1353, 1307, 1255, 1195, 1140, 1056, 1039, 902, 887, 822, 731, 700.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.52 (*br* s, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (ddd, *J* = 11.4, 9.2, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 1.82 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.71 (td, *J* = 11.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.8, 139.9, 133.2, 131.3, 123.9, 119.0, 115.9, 107.0, 87.2, 69.7, 49.3, 44.6, 42.4, 38.5, 21.5, 18.2.

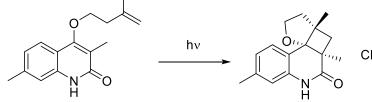
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 15.42 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 268 (58) [M+], 253 (10), 223 (9), 200 (100), 171 (18), 145 (13), 69 (97).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₆N₂O₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 269.1285; found: 269.1285.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: +30.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃) [96% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 96% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 15.02 min (major), 16.73 min (minor)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a,8-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7l):



Chemical Formula: C₁₆H₁₉NO₂ Exact Mass: 257.1416

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3,7-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5**I) (25.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7**I was obtained as a colorless solid (25.5 mg, 99 µmol, 99%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3,7-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5**l) (6.4 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the title compound **7**l was obtained as a colorless solid (6.4 mg, 25 μ mol, >99%, 98% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.61$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 178-180 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3194, 3083, 3043, 2996, 2963, 2920, 2878,1659, 1630, 1588, 1487, 1441, 1396, 1372, 1363, 1265, 1194, 1056, 1020, 903, 873, 853, 831, 801, 667, 654.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (*br* s, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (ddd, *J* = 11.4, 9.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.04 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 1.67 (td, *J* = 11.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 0.97 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.7, 139.1, 136.0, 126.7, 124.5, 119.5, 115.8, 88.0, 69.2, 48.5, 44.6, 42.4, 38.6, 21.6, 21.3, 18.2.

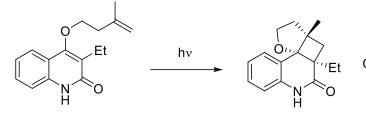
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 15.42 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 257 (46) [M+], 242 (9), 212 (14), 189 (100), 160 (18), 134 (15), 69 (19).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₆H₁₉NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1490.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -66.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [98% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 98% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 11.74 min ((major), 13.05 min (minor)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-ethyl-3a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7m):



Chemical Formula: C₁₆H₁₉NO₂ Exact Mass: 257.1416

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-ethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5m**) (25.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7m** was obtained as a colorless solid (25.5 mg, 99 µmol, 99%). *Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition*

3-ethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5m**) (6.4 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the title compound **7m** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.2 mg, 24.5 μ mol, 97%, 93% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.72$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 157-158 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3216, 3064, 2964, 2928, 2864, 1657, 1613, 1594, 1486, 1440, 1372, 1249, 1061, 1046, 1019, 949, 905, 895, 769, 744, 729, 672.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.09 (*br* s, 1H), 7.23 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (ddd, *J* = 11.2, 8.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.75 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (td, *J* = 12.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 0.97 (s, 3H), 0.81 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.8, 136.0, 128.9, 126.1, 123.6, 115.2, 87.6, 69.7, 49.3, 48.3, 41.4, 38.5, 26.9, 21.6, 9.8. **GC-MS; EI** (70 eV): *t*_R = 15.04 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 257 (47) [M+], 212 (36), 189 (100), 174 (89),

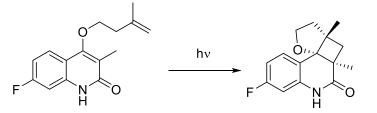
161 (25), 146 (14), 69 (27).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{19}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 258.1489; found: 258.1489.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -101.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [93% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 93% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 8.7 min (minor), 9.8 min (major)].

(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-8-fluoro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7n):



Chemical Formula: C₁₅H₁₆FNO₂ Exact Mass: 261.1165

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

7-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5n**) (26.1 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**7n** was obtained as a colorless solid (25.9 mg, 99 µmol, 99%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

7-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**5n**) (6.5 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the title compound **7n** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.5 mg, 25 μ mol, >99%, *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.69$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 1:1) [UV].

M.p.: 167-168 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3196, 3095, 3051, 2962, 2925, 2887, 1663, 1607, 1490, 1443, 1404, 1375, 1366, 1271, 1194, 1152, 1108, 1054, 1019, 987, 904, 846, 810, 755, 685, 667.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.17 (*br* s, 1H), 7.21 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (td, *J* = 8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (ddd, *J* = 11.3, 9.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (td, *J* = 12.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 3H).

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.7.

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.8, 163.1 (d, *J* = 246.1 Hz), 137.5 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz), 128.6 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz), 118.2 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 110.3 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 102.6 (d, *J* = 25.7 Hz), 87.7, 69.3, 48.6, 44.6, 42.4, 38.5, 21.6, 18.2.

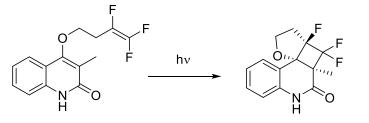
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 14.66 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 261 (5) [M+], 246 (7), 216 (9), 193 (100), 164 (15), 138 (14), 69 (36).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₅H₁₆FNO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 262.1238; found: 262.1238.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -57.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [99% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 99% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 10.65 min (minor), 11.95 min (major)].

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4,4-trifluoro-4a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (9):



Chemical Formula: C₁₄H₁₂F₃NO₂ Exact Mass: 283.0820

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3,4,4-trifluorobut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**8**) (28.3 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, c = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**9** was obtained as a colorless solid (27.4 mg, 97 µmol, 97%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3,4,4-trifluorobut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**8**) (7.1 mg, 25 μ mol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 μ mol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 2 h at -65 °C, as modified in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3:1), the title compound **9** was obtained as a colorless solid (5.1 mg, 18.0 μ mol, 72%, 81% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.32$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 4:1) [UV].

M.p.: 162-163 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3195, 3120, 3064, 2988, 2954, 2921, 2888, 1669, 1595, 1495, 1449, 1438, 1389, 1381, 1324, 1301, 1250, 1234, 1213, 1155, 1145, 1127, 1106, 1083, 1049, 989, 871, 848, 815, 804, 752, 691.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.08 (*br* s, 1H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (*virt.* td, $J \approx J = 8.5$ Hz, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (*virt.* td, $J \approx J = 8.5$ Hz, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (*virt.* tt, $J \approx J = 14.5$ Hz, $J \approx J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.54 (*virt.* ttd, $J \approx J = 14.5$ Hz, $J \approx J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.55 (s, 3H).

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -109.8 (dd, J = 208.8, 9.1 Hz), -119.5 (dd, J = 208.8, 9.2 Hz), -168.4 (t, J = 9.1 Hz).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 135.6, 130.7, 129.0, 124.0, 116.3, 116.2 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz), 116.1 (ddd, *J* = 298.0, 284.8, 24.4 Hz), 106.6 (ddd, *J* = 245.9, 29.3, 20.4 Hz), 83.8 (ddd, *J* = 21.4, 14.0, 4.5 Hz), 70.3 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz), 55.2 (ddd, *J* = 23.5, 20.5, 6.8 Hz), 32.1 (d, *J* = 21.7 Hz), 12.4 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz).

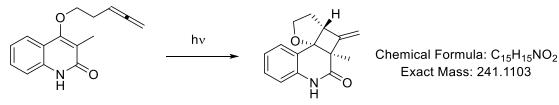
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 14.82 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 283 (22) [M+], 269 (16), 268 (100), 175 (24), 174 (25), 159 (9), 146 (10), 130 (11), 120 (8), 105 (10).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{14}H_{12}F_3NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 284.0893; found: 284.0893.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -50.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [81% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 81% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 22.59 min (major), 25.65 min (minor)].

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-methyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11a):



TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(($4\lambda^5$ -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10a**) (24.1 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, *c* = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**11a** was obtained as a colorless solid (21.7 mg, 90 µmol, 90%). *Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition*

4-(($4\lambda^5$ -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10a**) (6.0 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure* 6. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the title compound **11a** was obtained as a colorless solid (5.1 mg, 21.1 µmol, 85%, 91% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.41$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 181-183 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3189, 3061, 2975, 2929, 2892, 1667, 1594, 1492, 1478, 1441, 1368, 1353, 1253, 1212, 1104, 1053, 995, 967, 939, 906, 872, 854, 769, 747, 681.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.90 (*br* s, 1H), 7.37 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (dd, *J* = 2.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (dd, *J* = 2.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (td, *J* = 8.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (ddd, *J* = 11.0, 8.6, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.65-3.47 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.0, 152.2, 135.4, 129.0, 125.9, 124.3, 123.6, 115.4, 109.7, 85.4, 70.7, 56.3, 55.3, 31.0, 16.5.

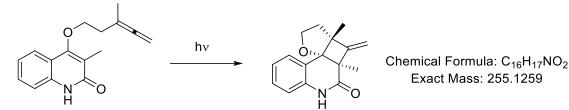
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 16.16$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 241 (27) [M+], 240 (39), 226 (100), 212 (20), 198 (15), 186(26), 175 (11), 120 (8), 77 (9).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{15}H_{15}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 242.1176; found: 242.1177.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: +105.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [91% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 91% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 11.57 min (major), 20.73 min (minor)].

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11b):



TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10b**) (25.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, *c* = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**11b** was obtained as a colorless solid (23.7 mg, 93 µmol, 93%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10b**) (6.4 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 4:1), the title compound **11b** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.3 mg, 24.8 µmol, 98%, 96% *ee*).

TLC: R_f = 0.54 (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 174-175 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3196, 3061, 2976, 2925, 2873, 1659, 1594, 1489, 1435, 1366, 1354, 1309, 1245, 1054, 898, 851, 759, 675.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.00 (*br* s, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (ddd, *J* = 11.6, 8.8, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (td, *J* = 11.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.00 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.3, 157.7, 135.9, 129.1, 126.9, 123.6, 121.8, 115.4, 108.1, 87.5, 69.4, 60.8, 53.6, 38.9, 20.5, 16.8.

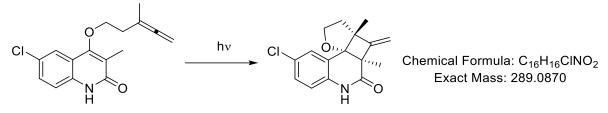
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 15.03 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 255 (1) [M+], 241 (23), 240 (100), 175 (23), 146 (6), 120 (6), 79 (10).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{17}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 256.1332; found: 256.1334.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{26}$: +95.0 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃) [96% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 96% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 9.13 min (major), 12.56 min (minor)].

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-3a,4a-dimethyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11c):



TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10c**) (29.0 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (20 mL, *c* = 5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 5:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**11c** was obtained as a colorless solid (28.0 mg, 97 µmol, 97%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methyl-4λ⁵-penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10c**) (7.2 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α,α,α-trifluorotoluene (16.7 mL, c = 1.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 2.5 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 5:1), the title compound **11c** was obtained as a colorless solid (7.0 mg, 24.2 µmol, 97%, 91% *ee*).

TLC: R_f = 0.70 (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

М.р.: 172-173 °С.

IR (film) v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3193, 3068, 2970, 2881, 1675, 1592, 1491, 1410, 1367, 1356, 1250, 1094, 1056, 898, 846, 688.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.50 (*br* s, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (ddd, *J* = 11.6, 8.8, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dt, *J* = 12.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.5, 157.2, 134.6, 129.1, 128.8, 126.8, 123.6, 116.8, 108.5, 87.2, 69.6, 61.1, 53.3, 38.8, 20.4, 16.7.

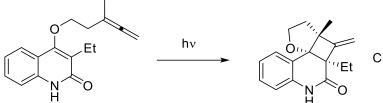
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 16.32 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 289 (2) [M+], 277 (8), 276 (45), 275 (23), 274 (100), 209 (19), 79 (13).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{16}CINO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 290.0942; found: 290.0943.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: +134.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃) [91% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 91% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 8.64 min (major), 11.15 min (minor)].

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-ethyl-3a-methyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta [1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11d):



Chemical Formula: C₁₇H₁₉NO₂ Exact Mass: 269.1416

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-ethyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10d**) (26.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, *c* = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 6:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**11d** was obtained as a colorless solid (25.0 mg, 93 µmol, 93%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-ethyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**10d**) (6.7 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, *c* = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 2 h at -25 °C, as described in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 6:1), the title compound **11d** was obtained as a colorless solid (6.0 mg, 22.3 µmol, 90%, 92% *ee*).

TLC: $R_f = 0.59$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 166-167 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3190, 3066, 2974, 2934, 2877, 1659, 1595, 1490, 1435, 1352, 1310, 1193, 1057, 1046, 1013, 893, 871, 845, 757, 671.

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.93 (*br* s, 1H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (ddd, *J* = 11.6, 8.7, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (dq, *J* = 14.8, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.90 (dq, *J* = 14.5, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (td, *J* = 11.8, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 0.99 (s, 3H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.6, 157.0, 135.7, 128.9, 126.3, 123.6, 123.0, 115.4, 108.1, 87.3, 69.9, 60.4, 58.4, 38.6, 25.5, 20.6, 9.7.

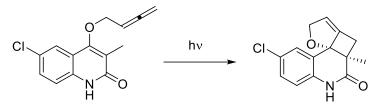
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 15.23$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 269 (1) [M+], 241 (24), 240 (100), 189 (7), 174 (18), 146 (5), 79 (6).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{17}H_{20}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 270.1489; found: 270.1489.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: +88.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃) [92% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 92% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_R = 7.57 min (major), 10.34 min (minor)].

(4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-4a-methyl-4,4a-dihydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (13a):



Chemical Formula: C₁₄H₁₂CINO₂ Exact Mass: 261.0557

TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(($3\lambda^5$ -buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-6-chloro-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**12a**) (26.2 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (20 mL, c = 5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3.5:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**13a** was obtained as a colorless solid (22.0 mg, 84 µmol, 84%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

4-(($3\lambda^5$ -buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-6-chloro-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**12a**) (6.5 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α, α, α -trifluorotoluene (16.7 mL, c = 1.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1.5 h at -25 °C, as modified in *general procedure* 6. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3.5:1), the title compound **13a** was obtained as a colorless solid (5.5 mg, 21.0 µmol, 85%, 88% *ee*).

TLC: R_f = 0.36 (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 210-212 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3204, 3086, 2990, 2940, 2863, 1670, 1589, 1488, 1390, 1368, 1248, 1140, 1071, 1029, 1005, 959, 834, 779, 757, 679.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (*br* s, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (tt, *J* = 2.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (ddt, *J* = 13.0, 3.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (ddd, *J* = 12.5, 2.8, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (ddt, *J* = 12.5, 2.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ 168.7, 142.3, 135.3, 129.4, 128.5, 126.1, 124.2, 117.6, 117.3, 92.4, 80.4, 48.5, 40.0, 13.3.

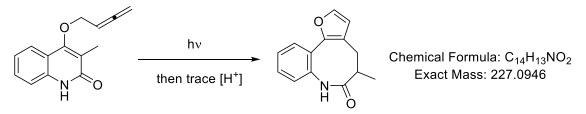
GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R} = 15.79$ Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 263 (2) [M+2+], 262 (4) [M+1+], 261 (6) [M+], 260 (11), 248 (34), 246 (100), 234 (8), 232 (21), 218 (10), 126 (11), 79 (21).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [C₁₄H₁₂ClNO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 262.0629; found: 262.0630.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: -142.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃) [88% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 88% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AS-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 30/70, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, $t_{\rm R}$ = 9.03 min (minor), 12.59 min (major)].

5-methyl-4,7-dihydrobenzo[b]furo[2,3-d]azocin-6(5H)-one (rac-14b):



4-(($3\lambda^5$ -buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**12b**) (22.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, *c* = 10 mmol/L) and reacted at 0 °C for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*, then with traces of acid such as H₂SO₄ (0.5 mol%) for 0.5 h. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/ethyl acetate 3.5:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**14b** was obtained as a colorless solid (21.7 mg, 96 µmol, 96%).

TLC: $R_f = 0.35$ (Pentane:EtOAc, 2:1) [UV].

M.p.: 175-176 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3184, 3058, 2939, 2903, 1659, 1576, 1491, 1419, 1400, 1290, 1156, 1056, 1047, 892, 809, 757, 714, 675.

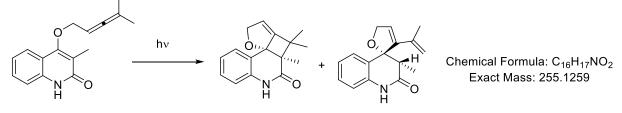
¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (*br* s, 1H), 7.62-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.27 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (dqd, *J* = 12.0, 6.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (dd, *J* = 16.6, 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (dd, *J* = 16.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.15 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.0, 145.4, 142.7, 134.1, 130.5, 129.4, 129.0, 126.9, 125.6, 121.0, 113.3, 33.0, 32.4, 17.4.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 15.05 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 228 (16) [M+1+], 227 (100) [M+], 210 (20), 199 (55), 198 (39), 184 (86), 170 (90), 115 (30).

HRMS (**ESI**) m/*z*: [C₁₄H₁₃NO₂+H]⁺ calcd.: 228.1019; found: 228.1020.

(4a*R*,10b*S*)-4,4,4a-trimethyl-4,4a-dihydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (16) and (2*S*,3'*S*)-3'-methyl-3-(prop-1-en-2-yl)-1'*H*,5*H*-spiro[furan-2,4'-quinolin]-2'(3'*H*)-one (18):

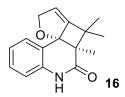


TXT-Catalyzed [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((4-methyl- $3\lambda^5$ -penta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**15**) (25.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and thioxanthenone (TXT) (4.2 mg, 20 mol%) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 mL, *c* = 10 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h, as described in *general procedure 5*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethylether 1:1), the racemic compound *rac*-**16** was obtained as a colorless solid (11.2 mg, 44 µmol, 44%), along with *rac*-**18** as a colorless solid (14.0 mg, 55 µmol, 55%).

Enantioselective [2+2] Photocycloaddition

3-methyl-4-((4-methyl- $3\lambda^5$ -penta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (**15**) (6.4 mg, 25 µmol, 1.0 eq.) and **6** (1.1 mg, 2.5 µmol, 10 mol%) were dissolved in α , α , α -trifluorotoluene (10 mL, c = 2.5 mmol/L) and reacted for 1 h at -25 °C, as modified in *general procedure 6*. Following flash column chromatography (silica, pentane/diethylether 1:1), the title compound **16** was obtained as a colorless solid (3.2 mg, 12.5 µmol, 50%, 98% *ee*), along with title compound **18** as a colorless solid (3.0 mg, 11.8 µmol, 47%, 92% *ee*).



TLC: R_f = 0.48 (Pentane:Et₂O, 1:3) [UV].

M.p.: 175-176 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3209, 3063, 2925, 2855, 1665, 1597, 1491, 1375, 1237, 1028, 1008, 754.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.50 (*br* s, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, *J* = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H).

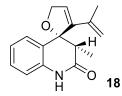
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.9, 152.0, 136.1, 129.6, 124.9, 123.8, 117.3, 115.5, 91.9, 79.5, 54.7, 52.6, 23.5, 21.4, 12.3.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): $t_{\rm R}$ = 15.56 Min. [STDHT]; m/z (%) = 255 (1) [M+], 241 (17), 240 (100), 212 (11), 120 (13), 79 (8).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{17}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 256.1332; found: 256.1333.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: -153.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃) [98% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 98% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 10/90, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, $t_{\rm R} = 8.87$ min (major), 15.18 min (minor)].



TLC: R_f = 0.40 (Pentane:Et₂O, 1:3) [UV].

M.p.: 160-161 °C.

IR (film) v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3237, 2924, 2852, 1665, 1595, 1488, 1458, 1366, 1260, 1241, 1059, 1015, 923, 890, 757, 732, 654.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.41 (*br* s, 1H), 7.24 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (td, J = 7.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.693 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.686 (s, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.2, 139.7, 136.6, 135.4, 129.6, 128.9, 127.6, 125.9, 122.9, 116.7, 116.0,

91.7, 74.3, 43.0, 22.6, 8.1.

GC-MS; EI (70 eV): *t*_R = 16.05 Min. [STDHT]; m/*z* (%) = 255 (32) [M+], 240 (30), 212 (24), 198 (16), 185 (93), 184 (100), 130 (13), 79 (26).

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[C_{16}H_{17}NO_2+H]^+$ calcd.: 256.1332; found: 256.1334.

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: +139.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃) [92% *ee*].

Chiral HPLC: 92% *ee* [Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, 250×4.6, *i*-PrOH/*n*-heptane = 30/70, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, $t_{\rm R} = 10.51$ min (minor), 23.82 min (major)].

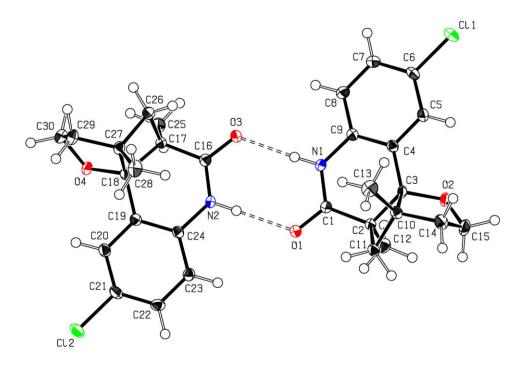
7. X-ray Crystallographic Detail

Data were collected on a single crystal x-ray diffractometer equipped with a CMOS detector (Bruker APEX III, κ -CMOS), an IMS micro source with MoK_a radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) and a Helios optic using the APEX3 software package.⁷ Measurements were performed on single crystals coated with perfluorinated ether. The crystals were fixed on top of a kapton micro sampler and frozen under a stream of cold nitrogen. A matrix scan was used to determine the initial lattice parameters. Reflections were corrected for Lorentz and polarisation effects, scan speed, and background using SAINT.⁸ Absorption correction, including odd and even ordered spherical harmonics was performed using SADABS.⁸ Space group assignments were based upon systematic absences, E statistics, and successful refinement of the structures. The structures were solved using SHELXT with the aid of successive difference Fourier maps, and were refined against all data using SHELXL in conjunction with SHELXLE.⁹⁻¹¹ Hydrogen atoms (except on heteroatoms) were calculated in ideal positions as follows: Methyl hydrogen atoms were refined as part of rigid rotating groups, with a C–H distance of 0.98 Å and $U_{iso(H)} = 1.5 \cdot U_{eq(C)}$. Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding model, with methylene and aromatic C-H distances of 0.99 Å and 0.95 Å, respectively, other C-H distances of 1.00 Å, all with $U_{iso(H)} =$ 1.2·U_{eq(C)}. Non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters. Full-matrix least-squares refinements were carried out by minimizing $\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$ with the SHELXL weighting scheme.⁹ Neutral atom scattering factors for all atoms and anomalous dispersion corrections for the nonhydrogen atoms were taken from International Tables for Crystallography.¹² Images of the crystal structures were generated with Mercury (main article)¹³ and PLATON (SI).¹⁴

Stereochemistry determination 7j via X-ray crystallographic analysis

Product **7j** was crystallized as a colorless crystal via slow vaporization of EtOH solution at room temperature, and its absolute configuration was determined by x-ray structure analysis. The CCDC number was 1988524. The supplementary crystallographic data that could be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data request/cif

Compound 7j (CCDC 1988524)



Diffractometer operator C. Jandl scanspeed 2-10 s per frame dx 37 mm 3405 frames measured in 13 data sets phi-scans with delta_phi = 0.5 omega-scans with delta_omega = 0.5 shutterless mode

Crystal data

 $\underline{C_{15}H_{16}ClNO_2 \cdot H_2O}$

$M_r = 295.75$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.323 {\rm Mg}{\rm m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, <u>P21</u>	Melting point: <u>458</u> K
Hall symbol: <u>P 2yb</u>	<u>Mo $K\alpha$</u> radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
<i>a</i> = <u>10.1162 (9)</u> Å	Cell parameters from 9992 reflections
b = 13.1872(13) Å	$\theta = \underline{2.5} - \underline{27.1}^{\circ}$
c = 11.1569 (12) Å	$\mu = \underline{0.26} \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = \underline{94.081} \ \underline{(4)}^{\circ}$	$T = \underline{100} \text{ K}$
$V = 1484.6(3) \text{ Å}^3$	Fragment, colourless
$Z = \underline{4}$	$\underline{0.46} \times \underline{0.23} \times \underline{0.17} \text{ mm}$
$F(000) = \underline{624}$	

Data collection

Bruker Photon CMOS diffractometer	6269 independent reflections
Radiation source: IMS microsource	<u>6217</u> reflections with $\underline{I > 2\sigma(I)}$
Helios optic monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = \underline{0.030}$
Detector resolution: <u>16 pixels mm⁻¹</u>	$\theta_{\text{max}} = \underline{26.7}^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = \underline{2.0}^{\circ}$
<u>phi– and ω–rotation scans</u>	$h = -12 \ 12$
Absorption correction: <u>multi-scan</u> <u>SADABS 2016/2, Bruker</u>	k = -16 16
$T_{\min} = 0.730, T_{\max} = 0.746$	l = -14 14

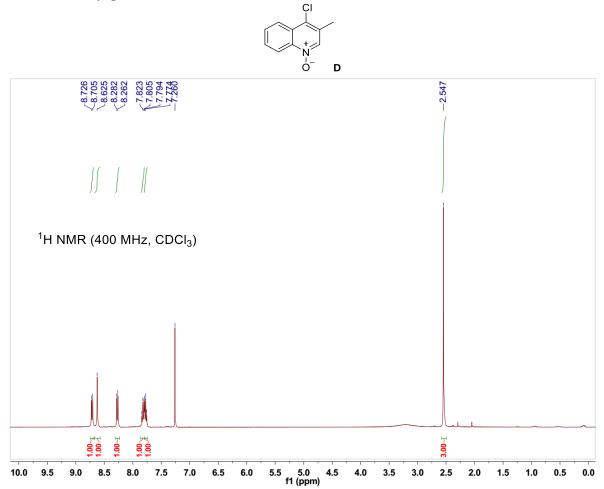
90432 measured reflections

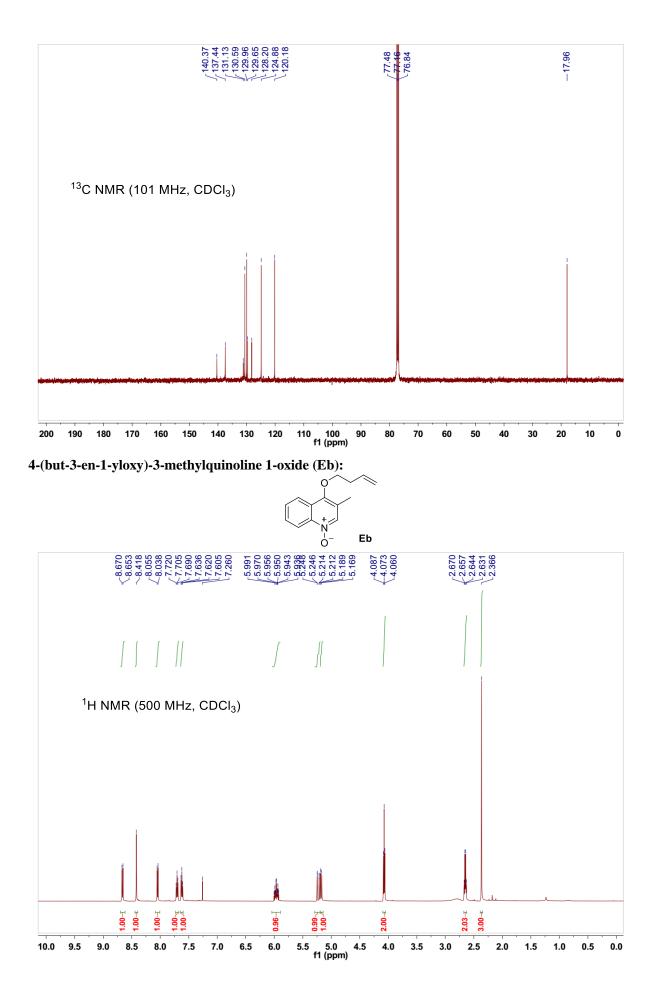
Refinement

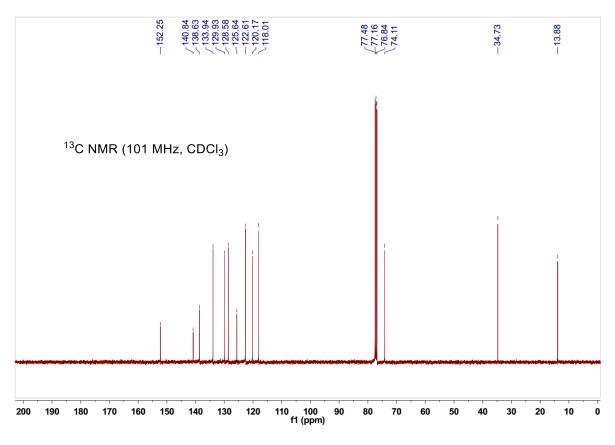
1.0,000	
Refinement on $\underline{F^2}$	Hydrogen site location: mixed
Least-squares matrix: <u>full</u>	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$	$\frac{W = 1/[\Sigma^2(FO^2) + (0.0321P)^2 + 0.3053P]}{WHERE P = (FO^2 + 2FC^2)/3}$
$wR(F^2) = \underline{0.058}$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = \underline{0.001}$
S = 1.06	$\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = \underline{0.24} \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
6269 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = \underline{-0.26} \ e \ \text{\AA}^{-3}$
389 parameters	Extinction correction: none
<u>1</u> restraint	Extinction coefficient: -
<u>0</u> constraints	Absolute structure: <u>Flack</u> ^{9,10}
Primary atom site location: intrinsic phasing	Absolute structure parameter: 0.004 (6)
Secondary atom site location: <u>difference</u> Fourier map	

8. NMR-Spectra of New Compounds

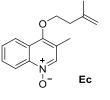
4-chloro-3-methylquinoline 1-oxide (D):

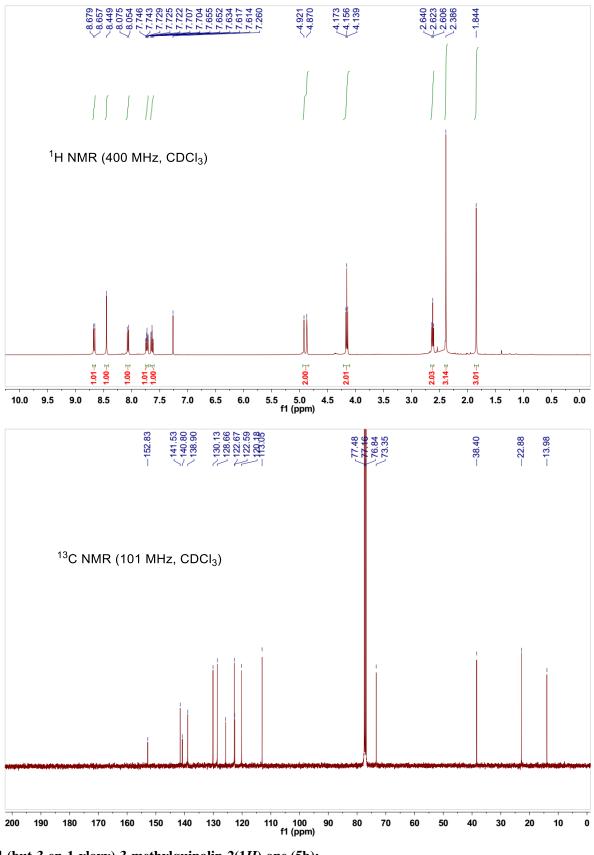




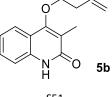


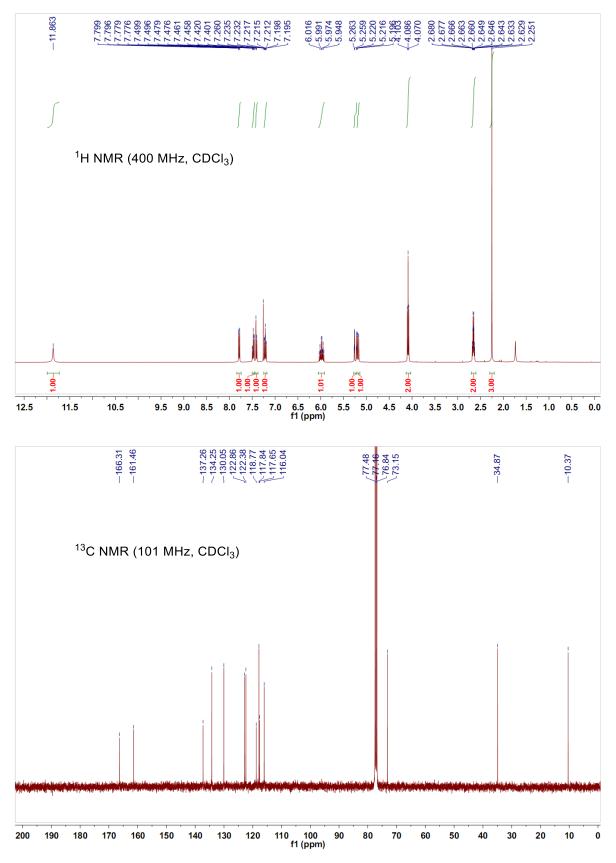
3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinoline 1-oxide (Ec):



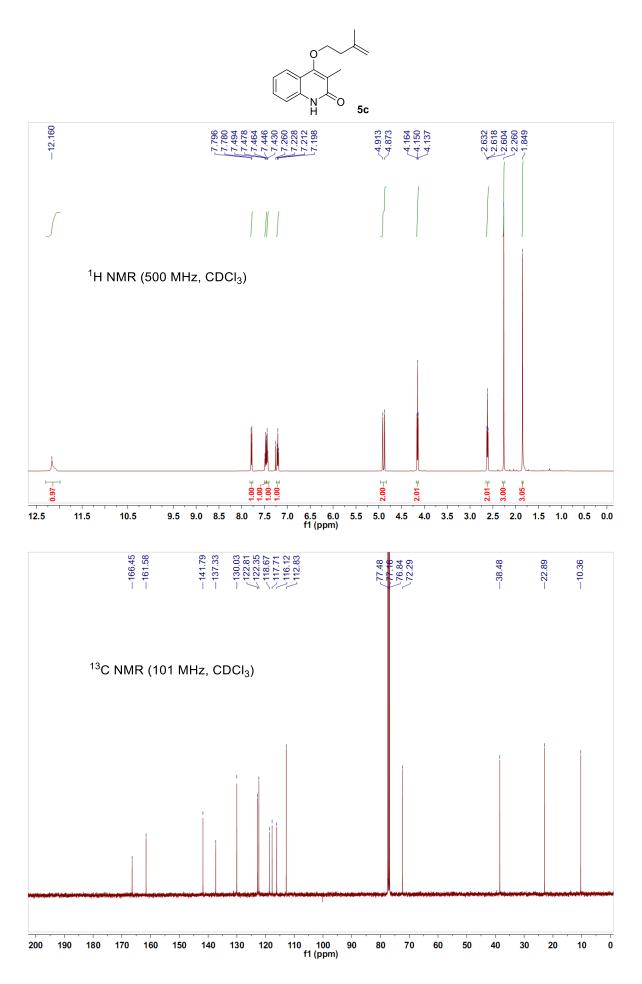


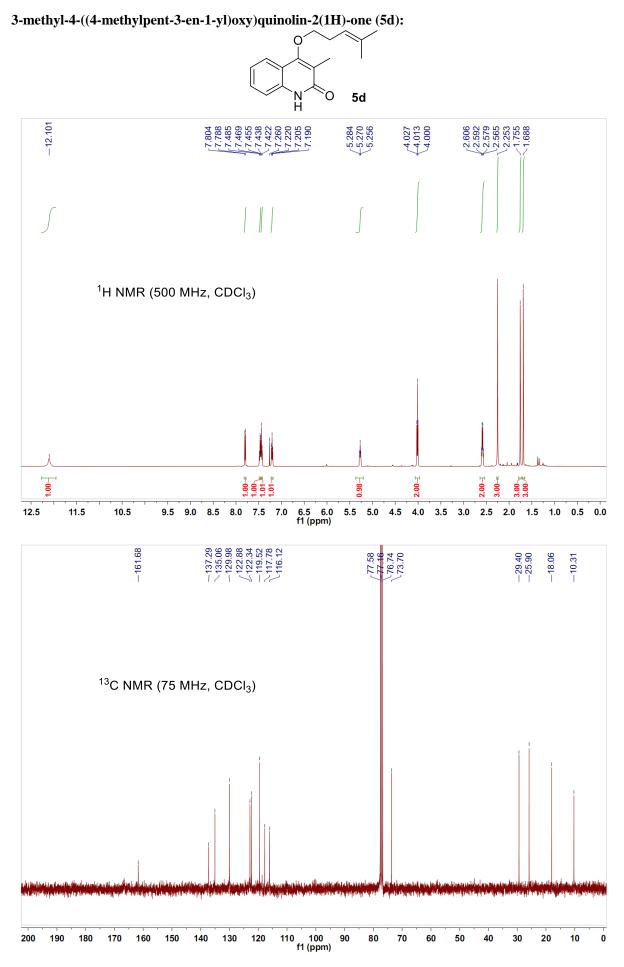
4-(but-3-en-1-yloxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5b):



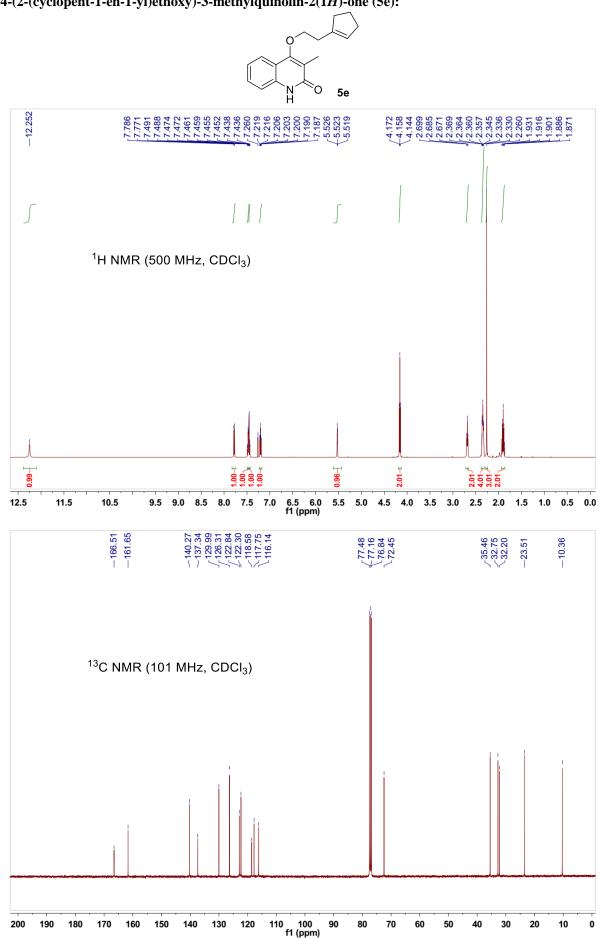


3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5c):



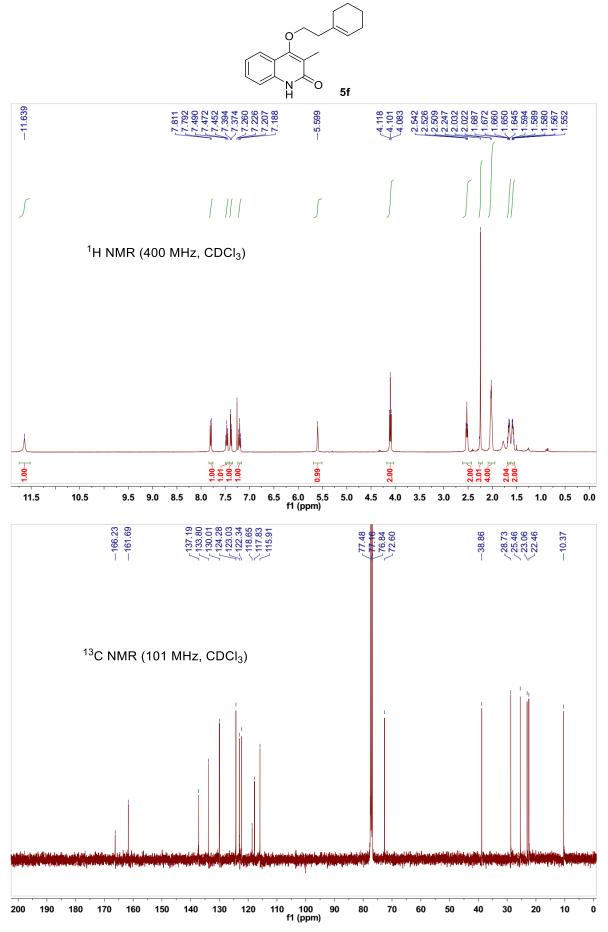


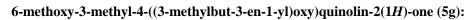
S54

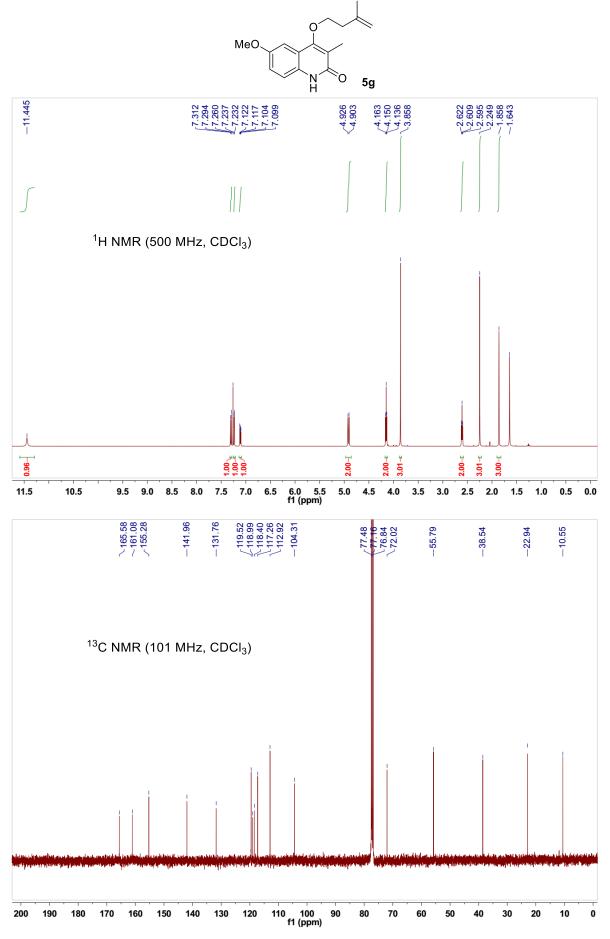


4-(2-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5e):

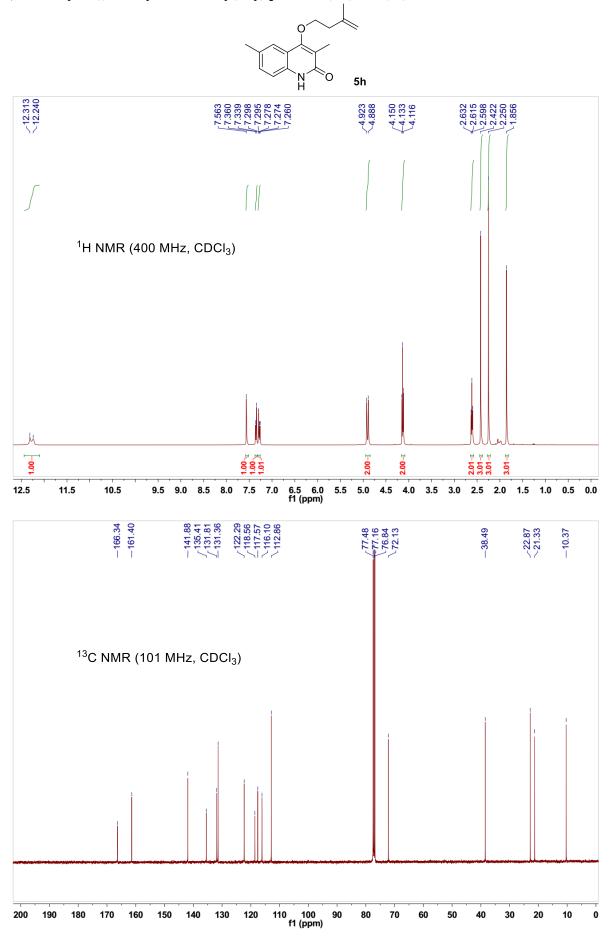
4-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethoxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5f):



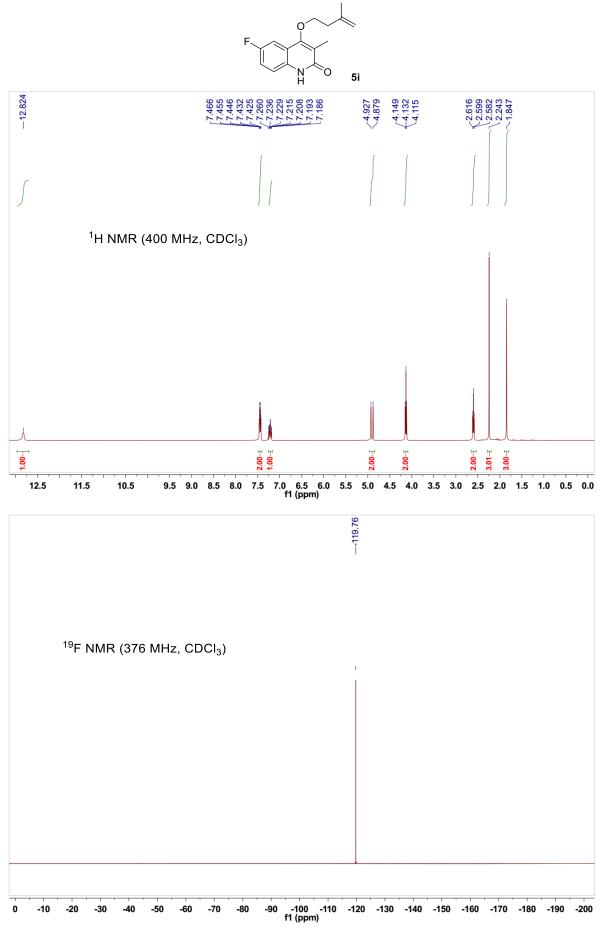


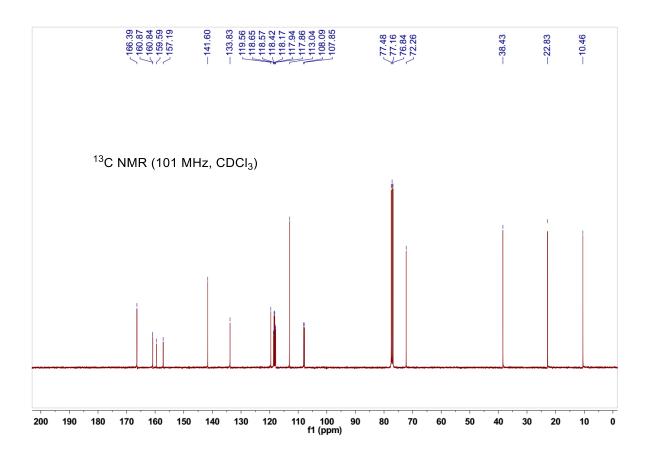


3,6-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5h):

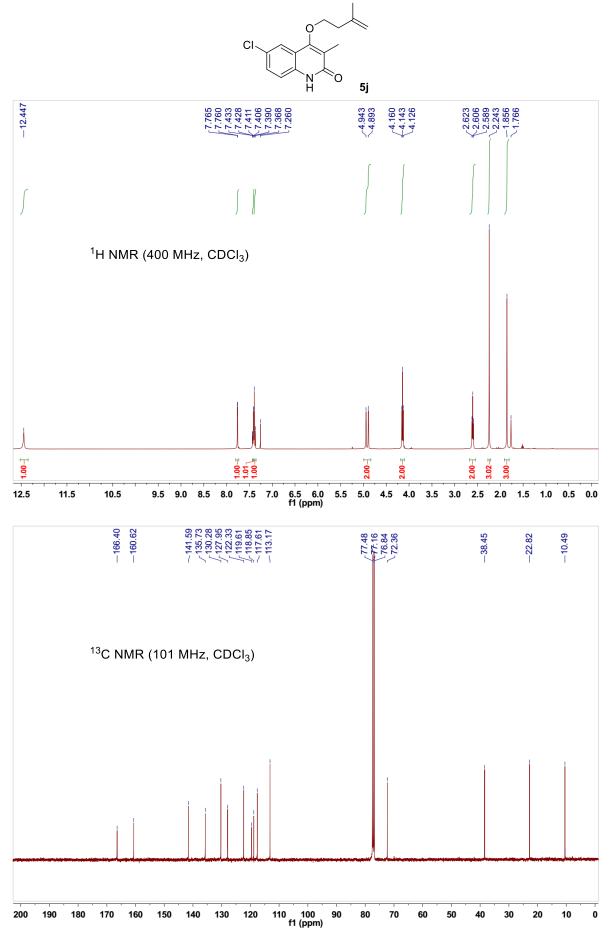


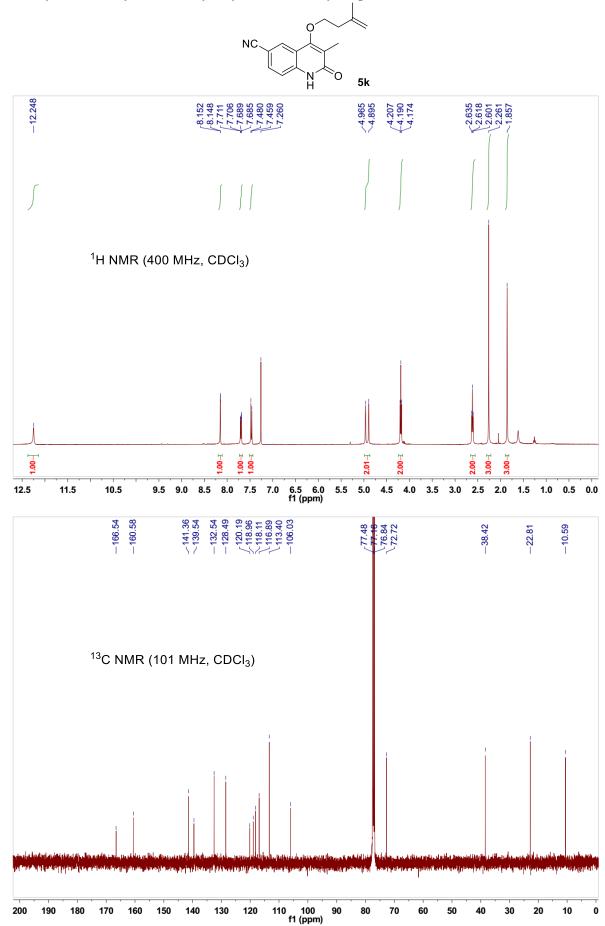
6-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5i):





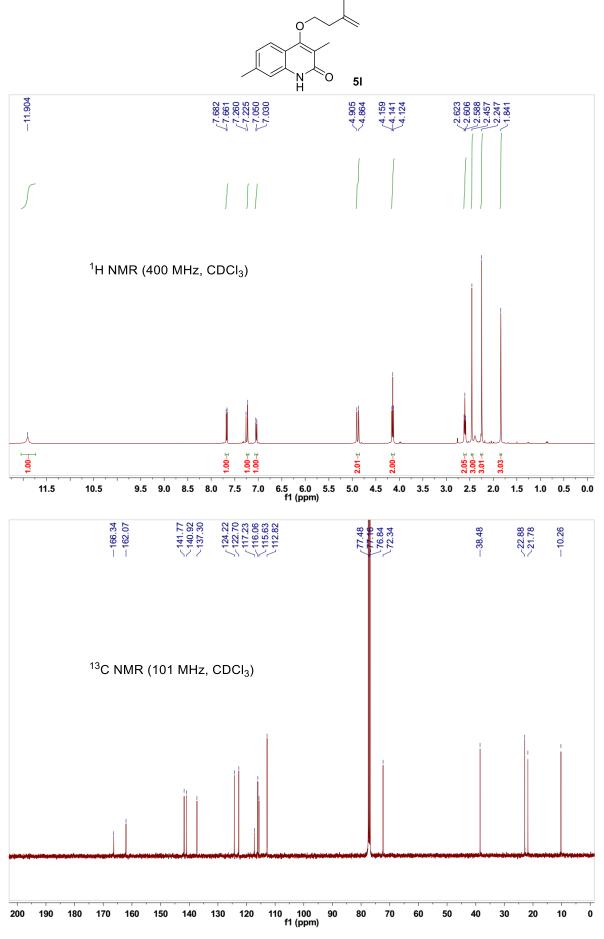
6-chloro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5j):

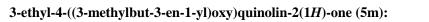


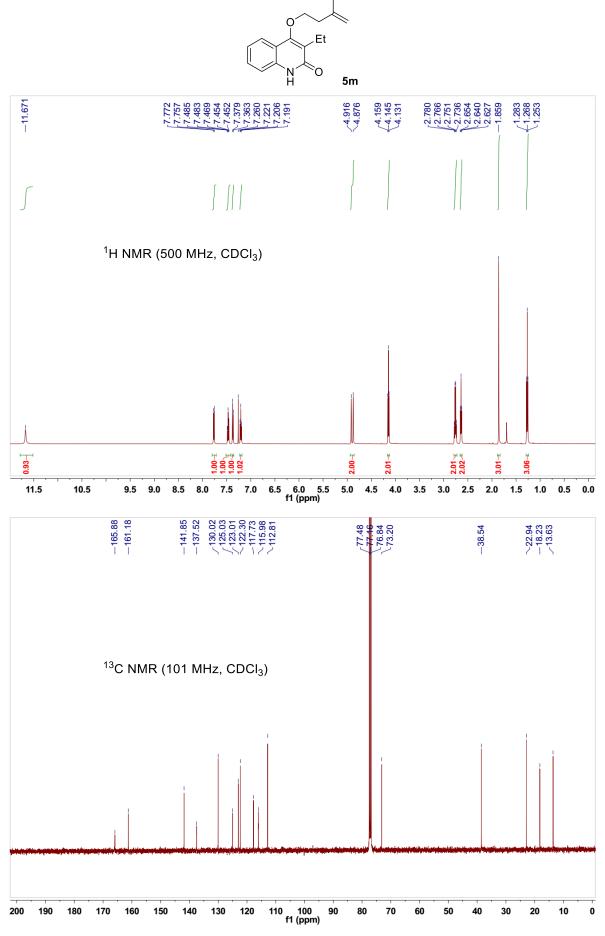


3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoline-6-carbonitrile (5k):

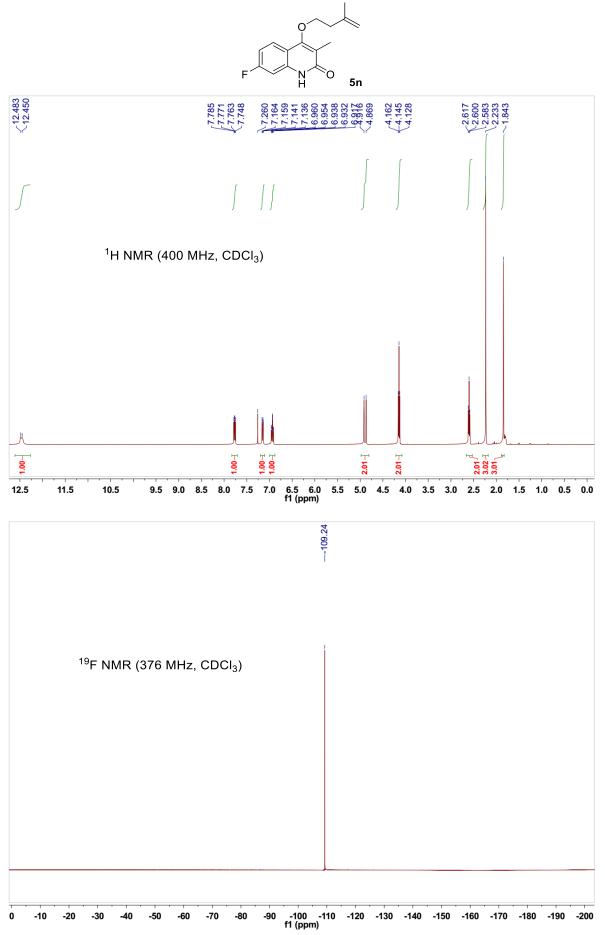
3,7-dimethyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5l):

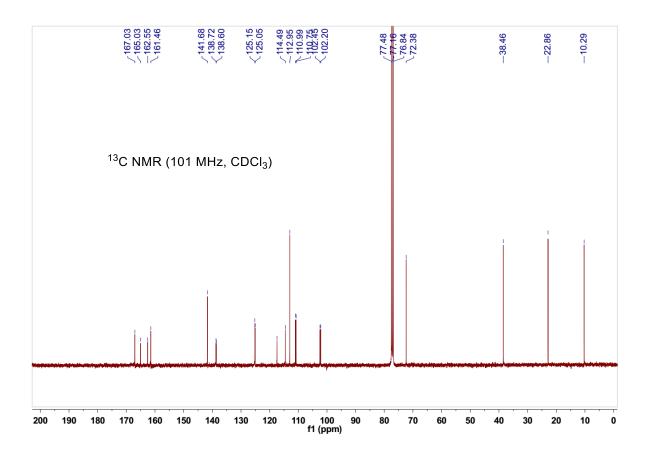




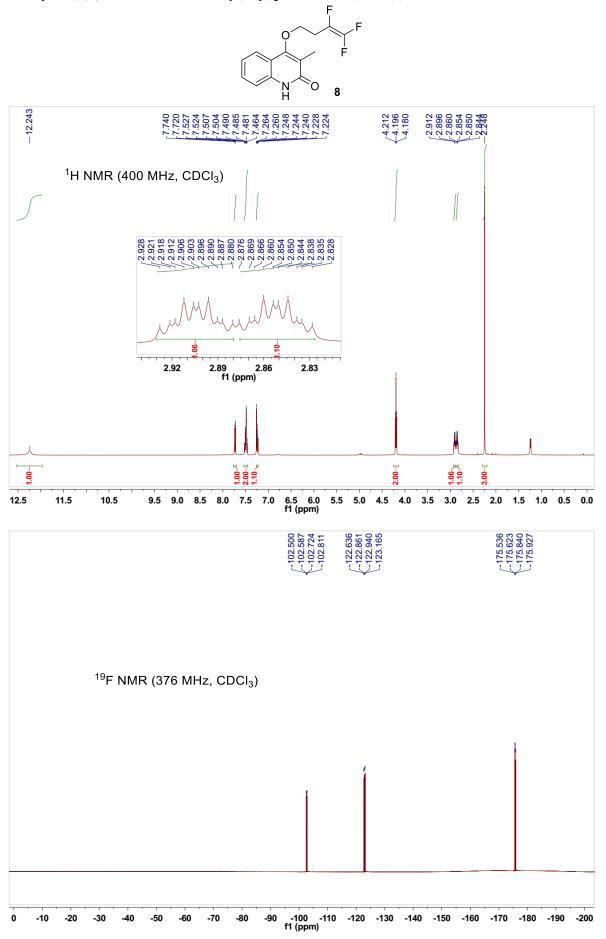


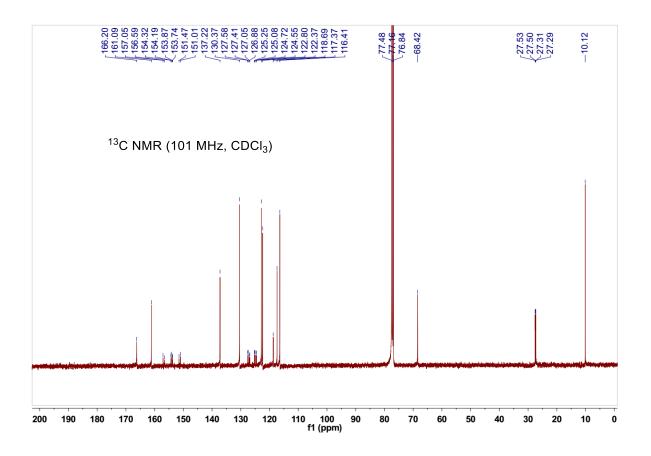
7-fluoro-3-methyl-4-((3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (5n):

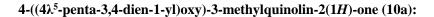


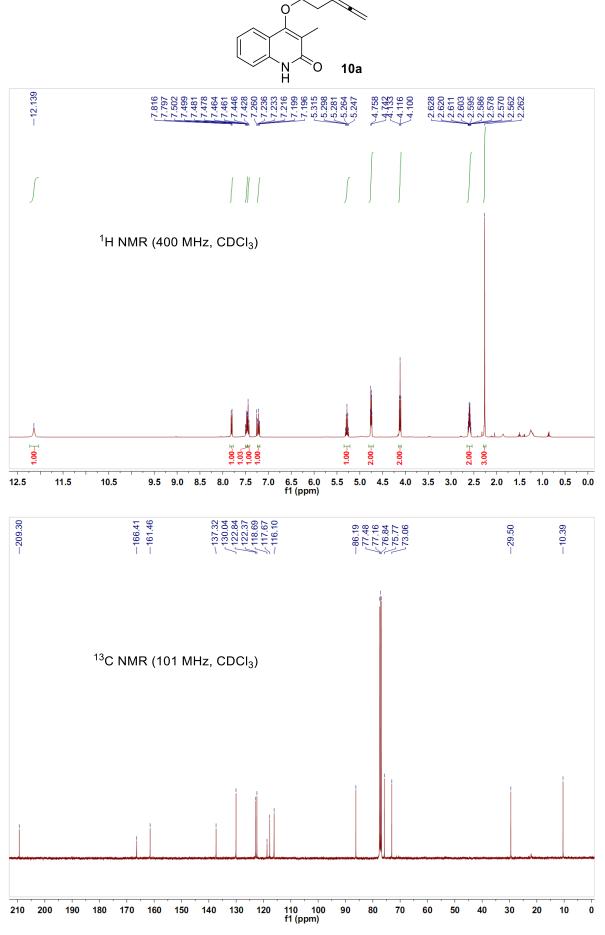


3-methyl-4-((3,4,4-trifluorobut-3-en-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (8):

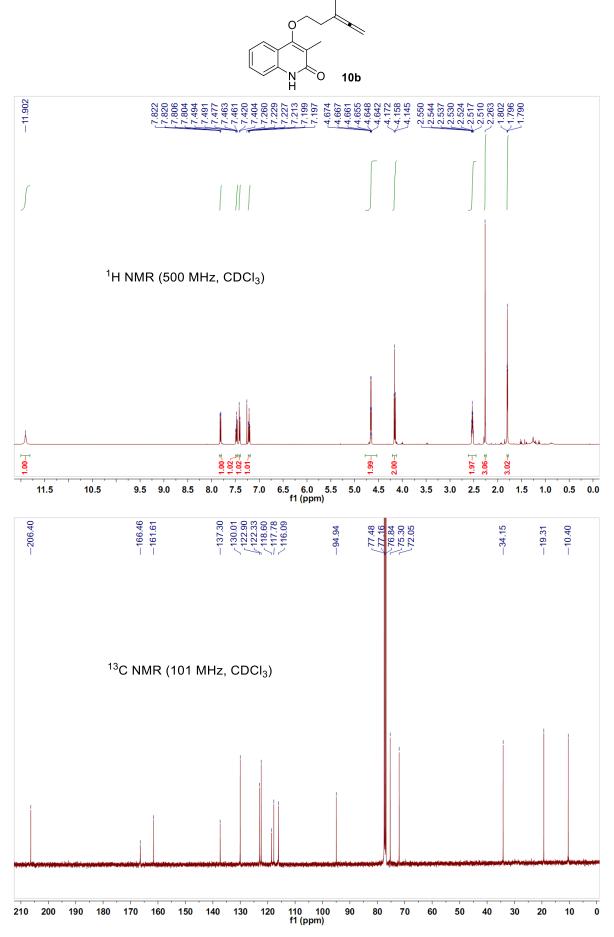


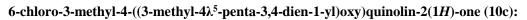


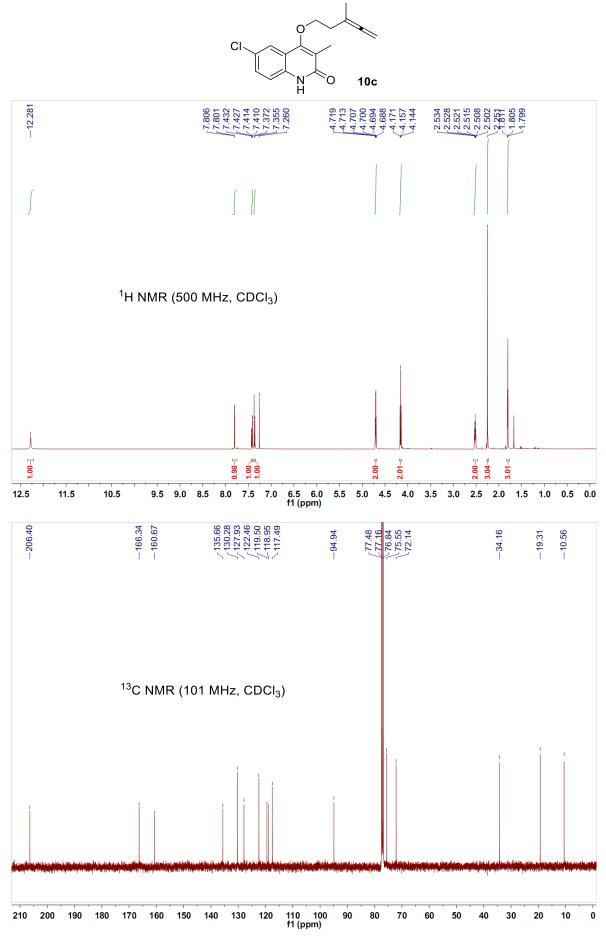




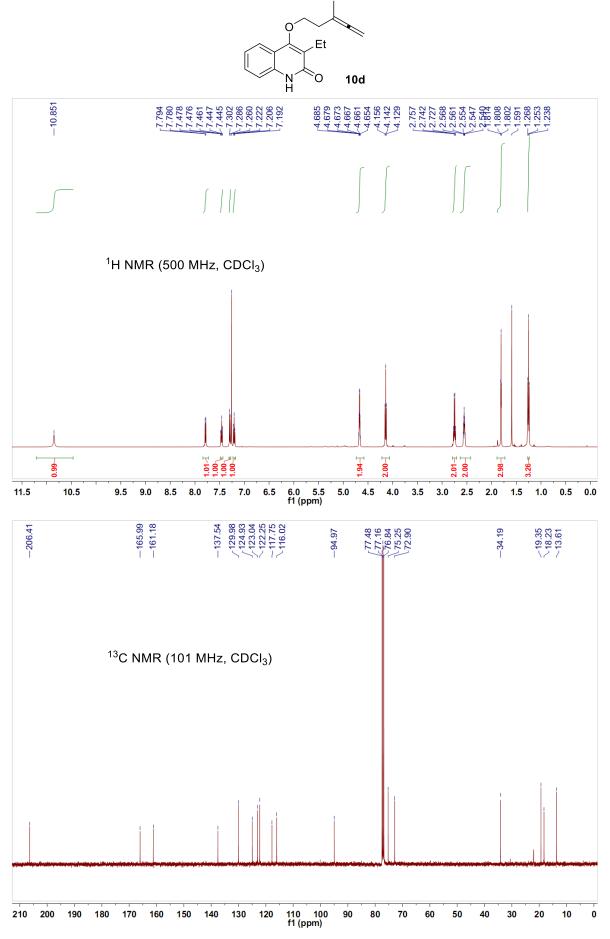
3-methyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (10b):



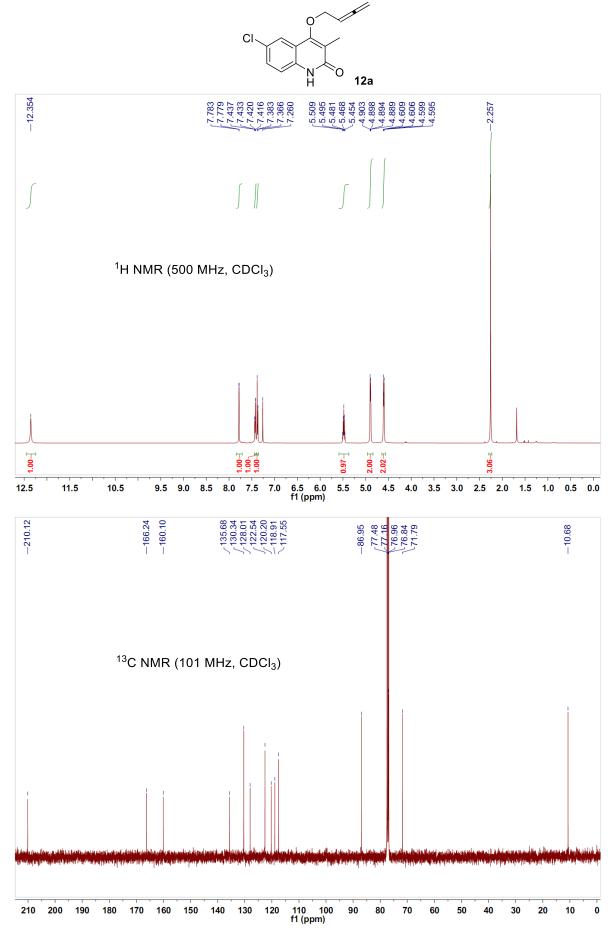




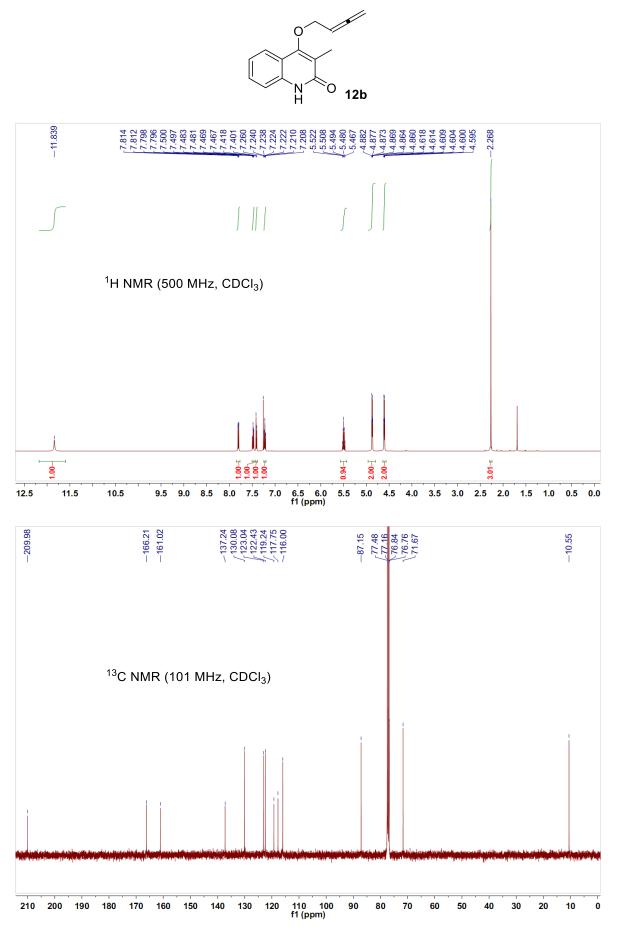
3-ethyl-4-((3-methyl-4 λ^5 -penta-3,4-dien-1-yl)oxy)quinolin-2(1*H*)-one (10d):

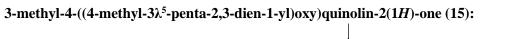


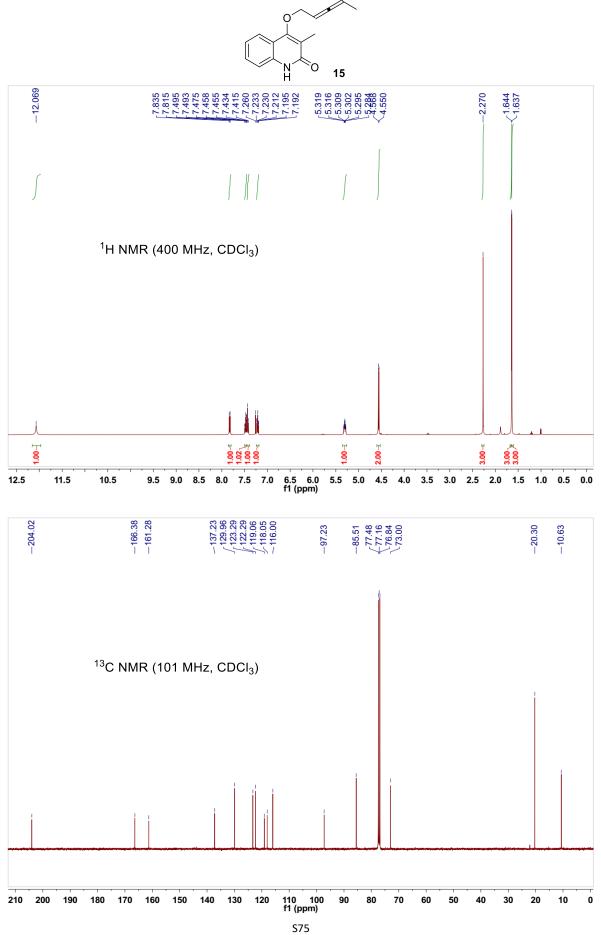
4-((3λ⁵-buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-6-chloro-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (12a):

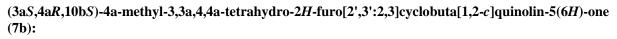


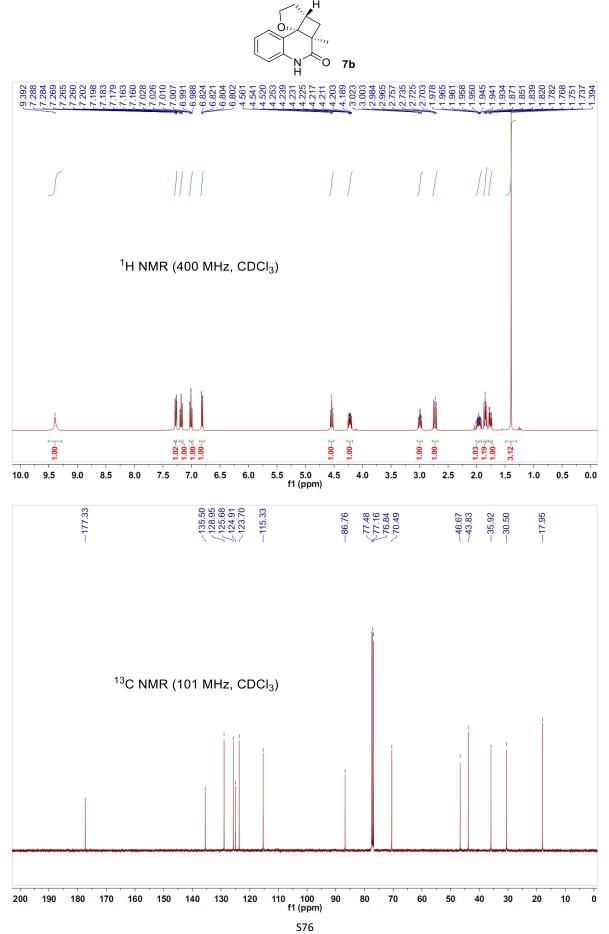
4-((3λ⁵-buta-2,3-dien-1-yl)oxy)-3-methylquinolin-2(1*H*)-one (12b):



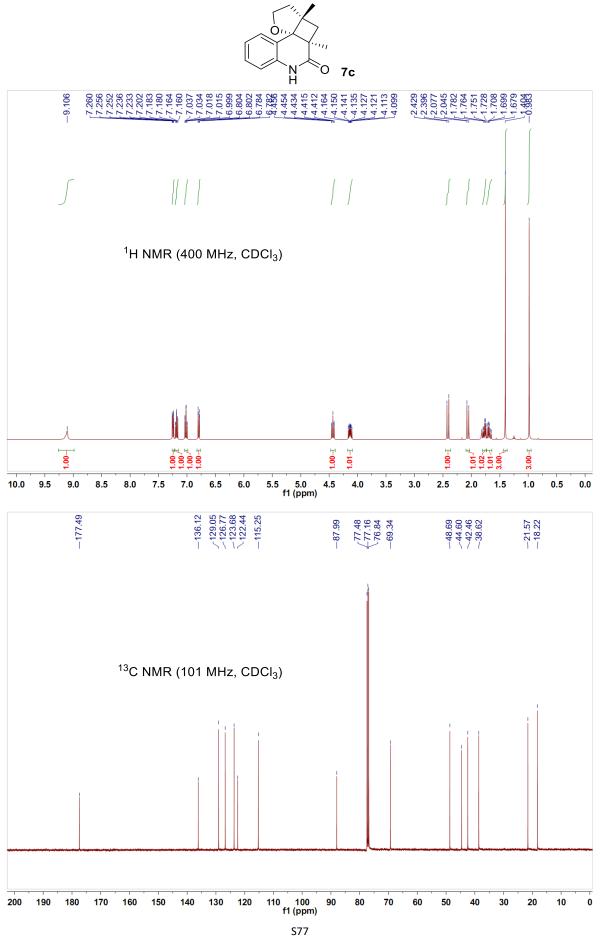




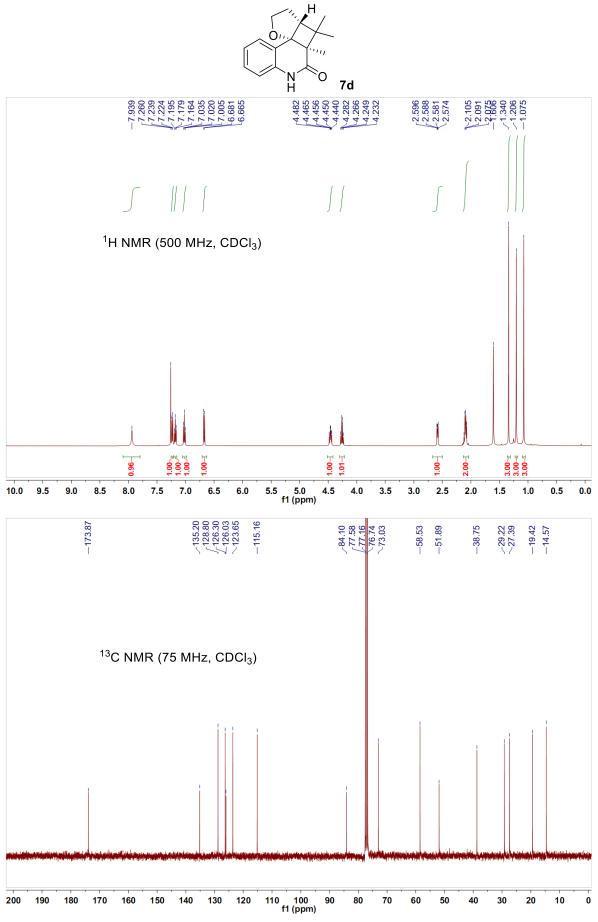




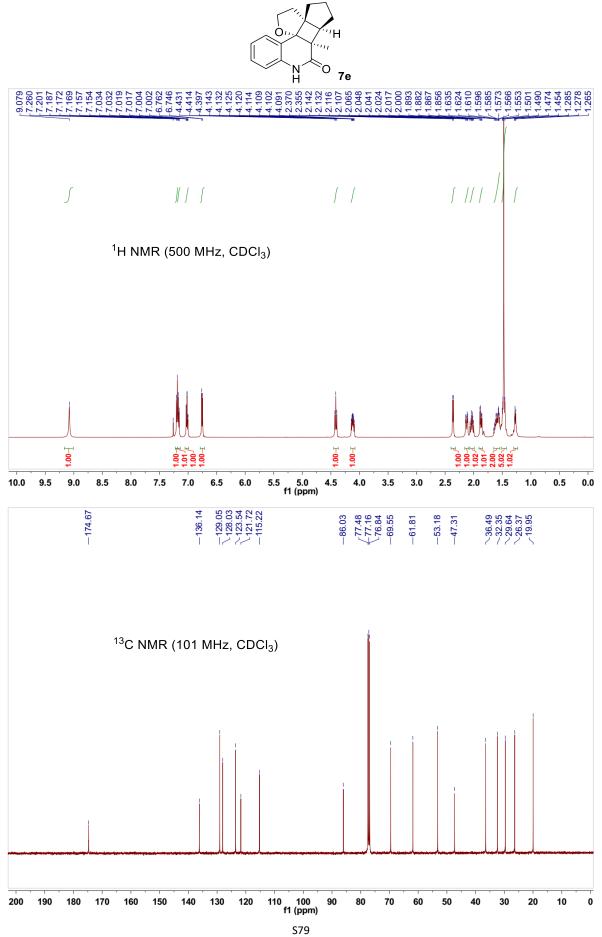
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7c):

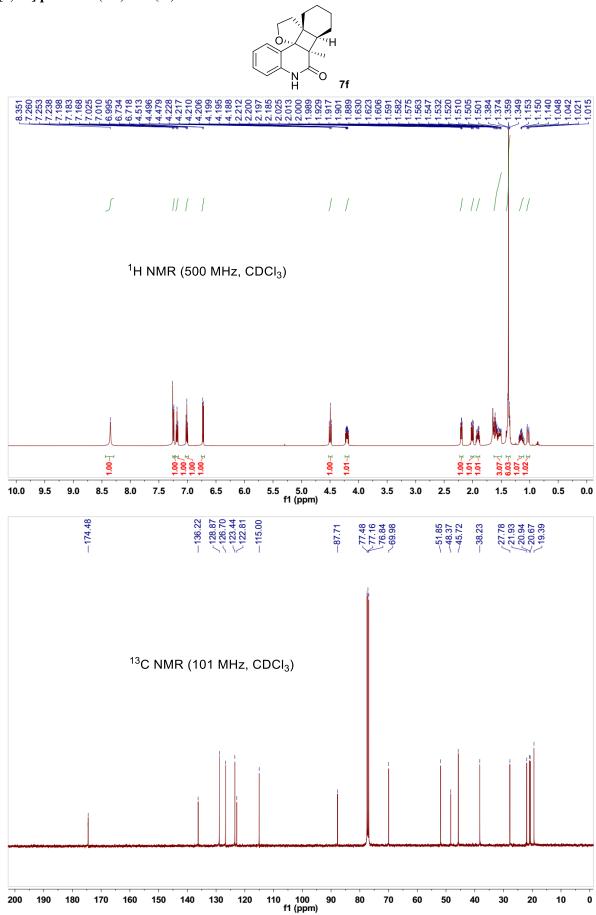


(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4,4,4a-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7d):



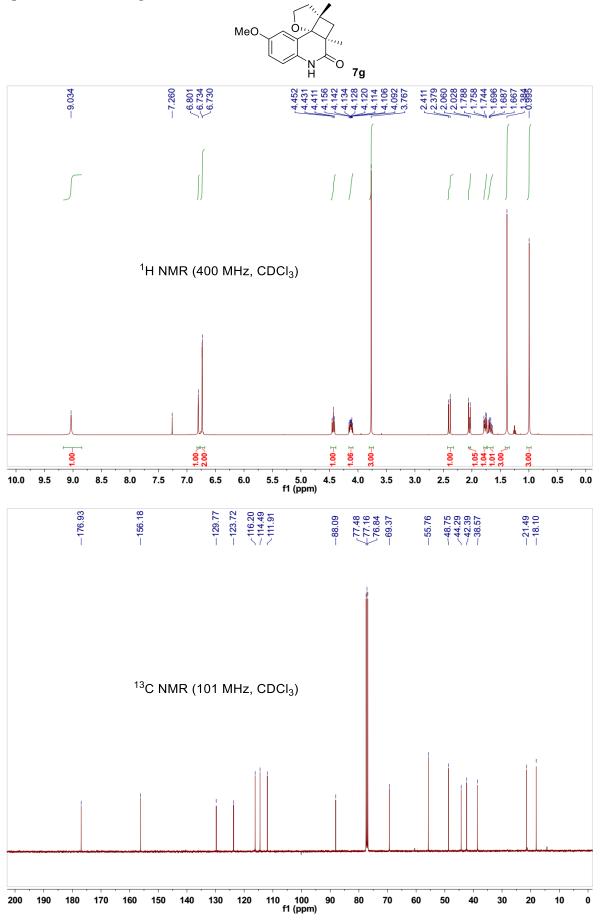
(6a*R*,6b*R*,9a*R*,12a*S*)-6a-methyl-6b,7,8,9,10,11-hexahydro-5*H*-cyclopenta[3,4]furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta-[1,2-*c*]quinolin-6(6a*H*)-one (7e):



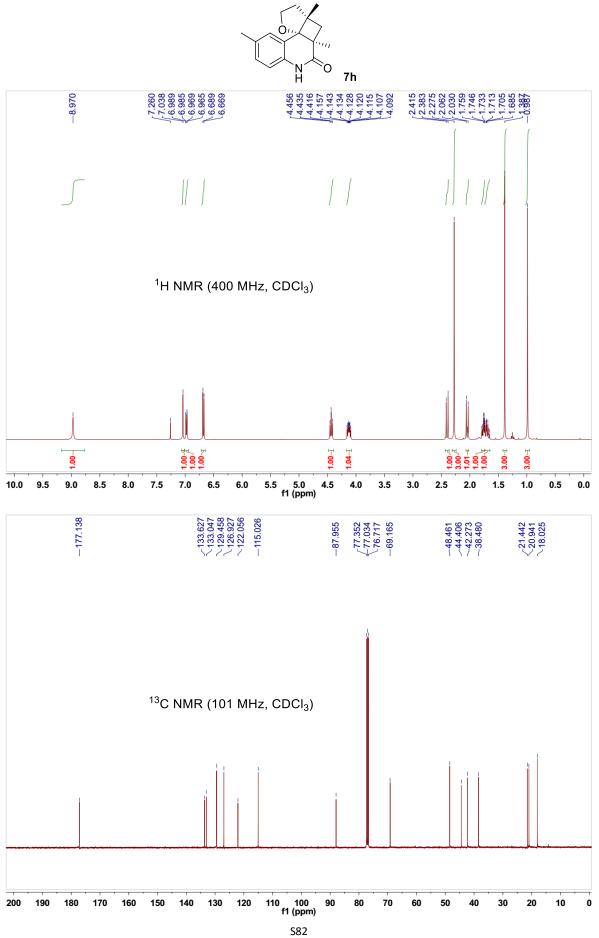


(6a*R*,6b*R*,10a*R*,13a*S*)-6a-methyl-6a,6b,7,8,9,10,11,12-octahydrobenzo[3,4]furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta-[1,2-*c*]quinolin-6(5*H*)-one (7f):

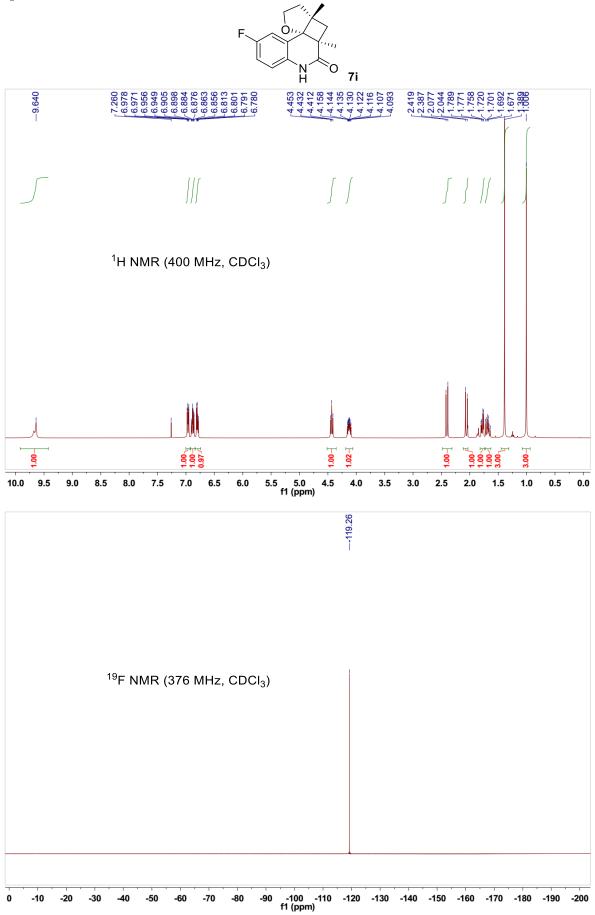
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-methoxy-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7g):

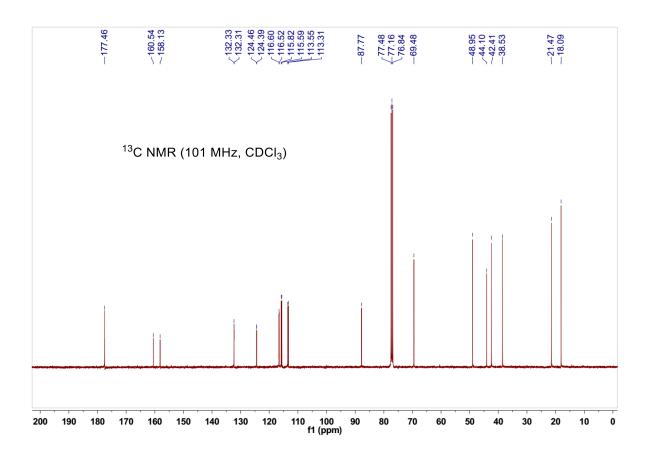


(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a,9-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7h):

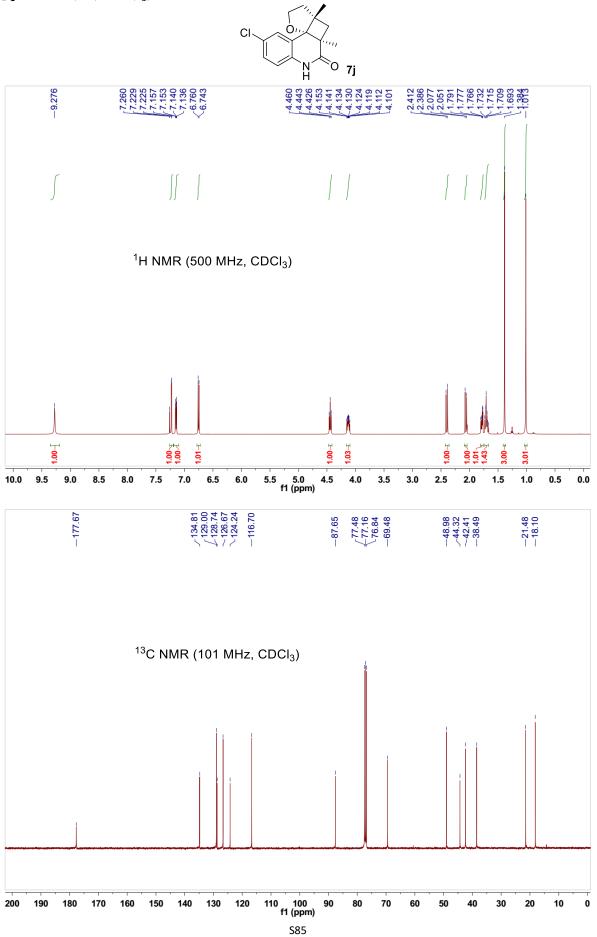


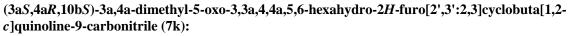
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-fluoro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7i):

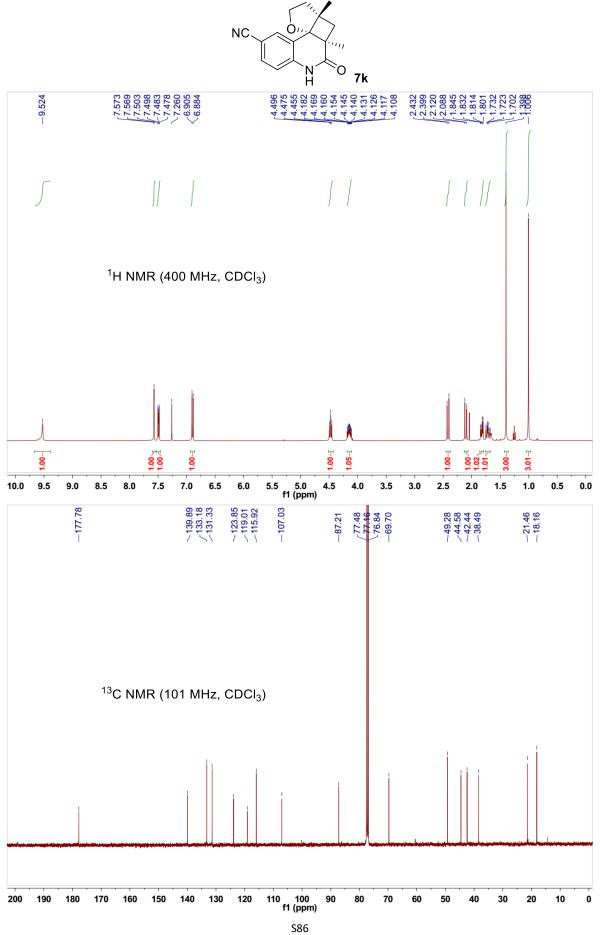


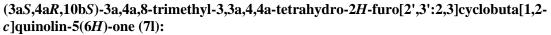


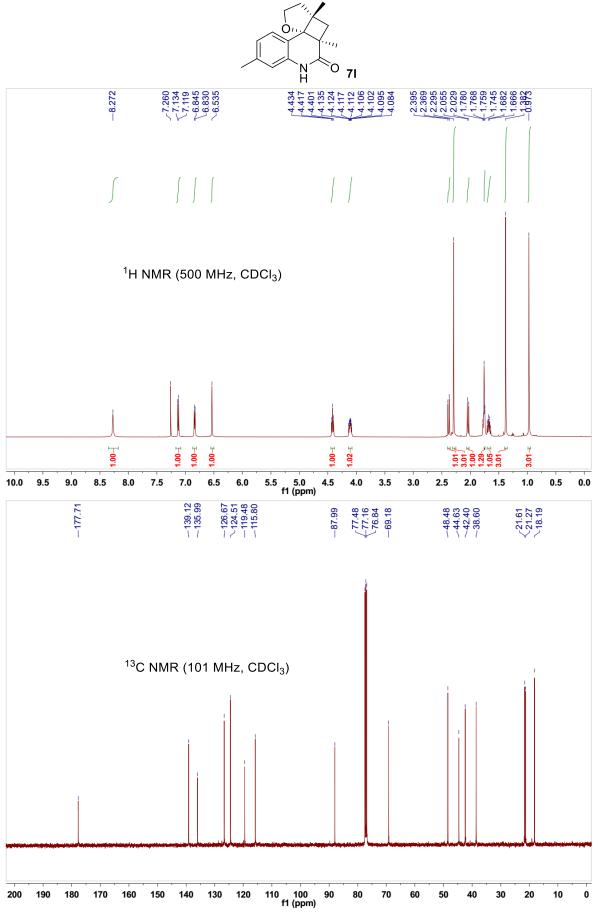
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7j):



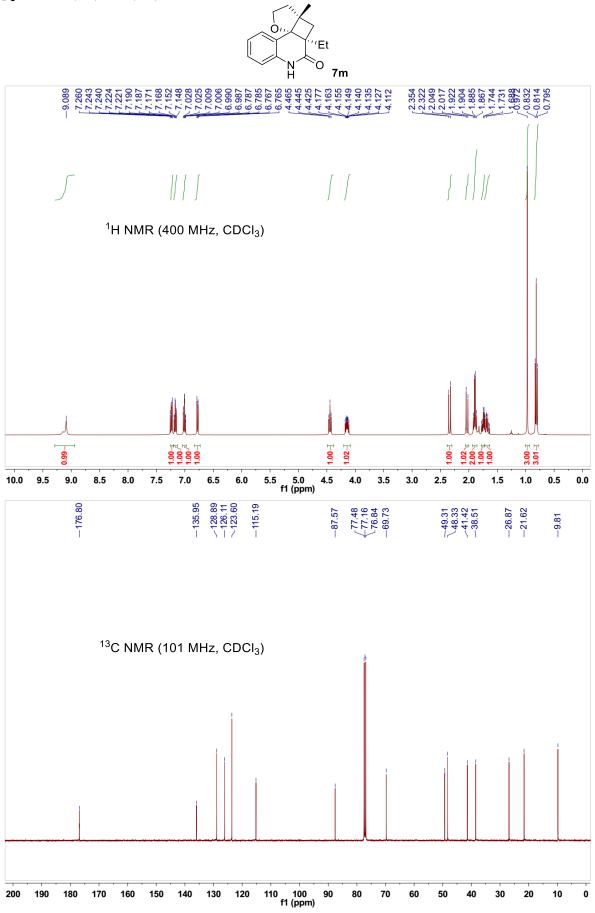




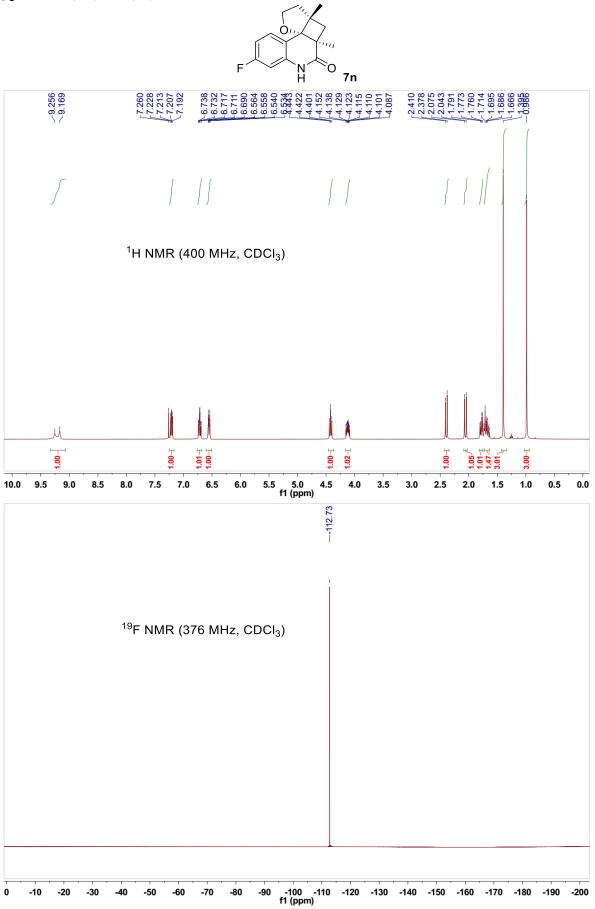


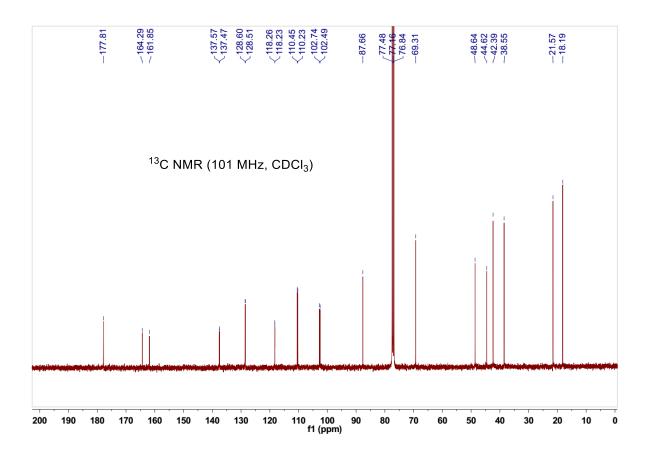


(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-ethyl-3a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7m):

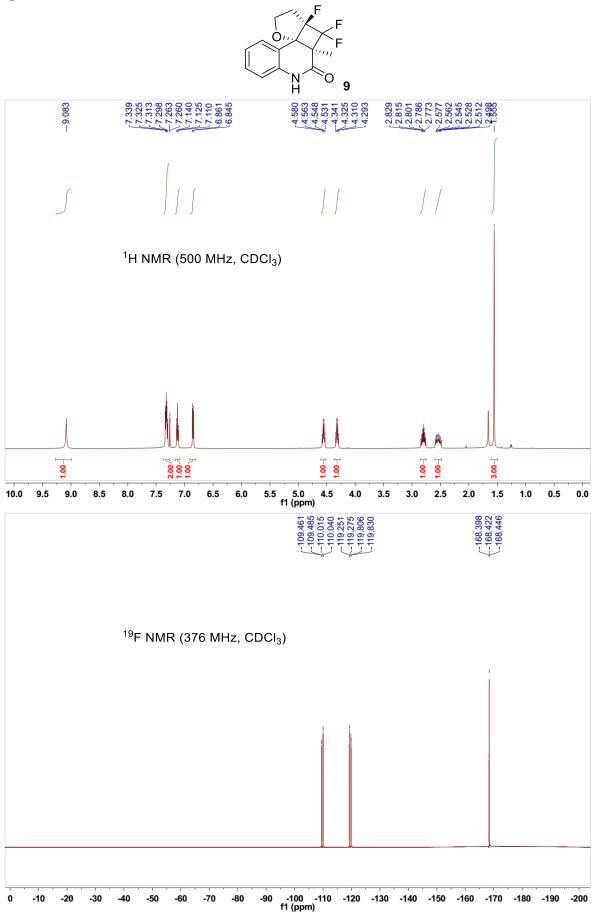


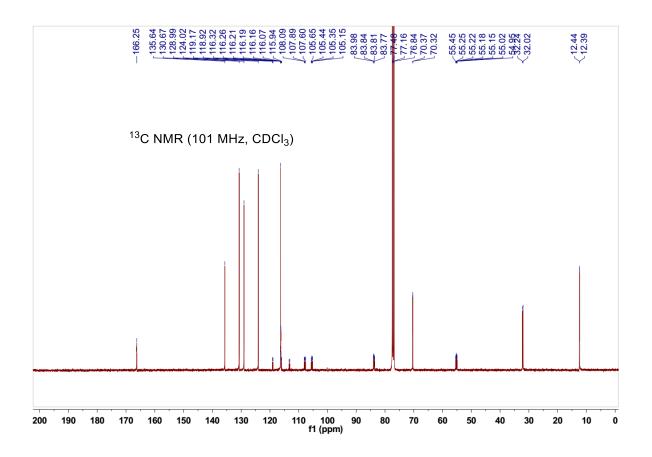
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-8-fluoro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7n):



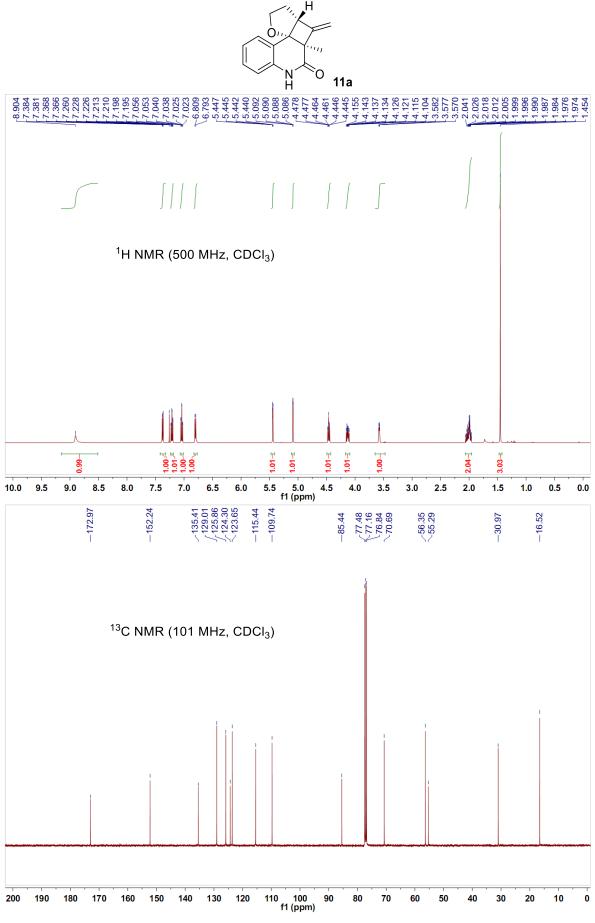


(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4,4-trifluoro-4a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (9):

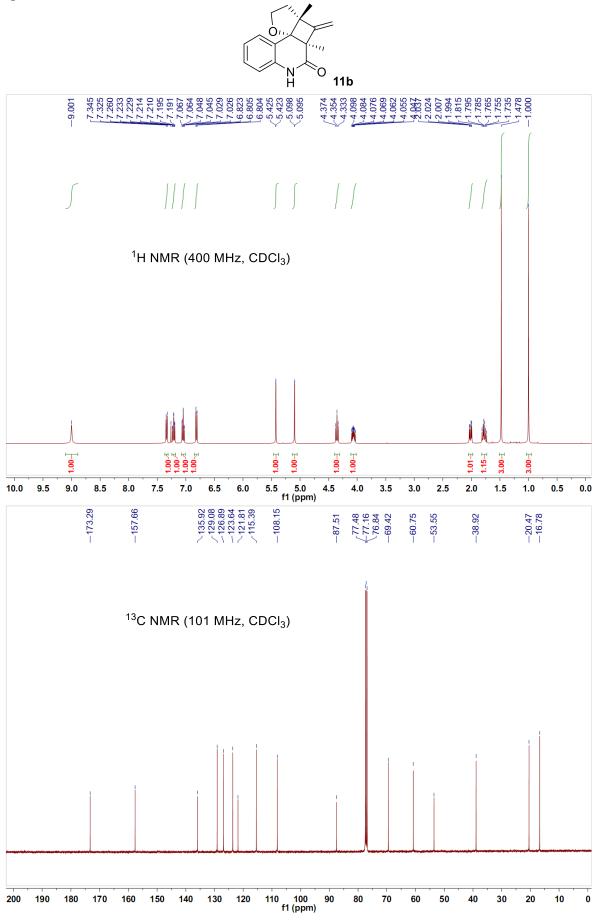


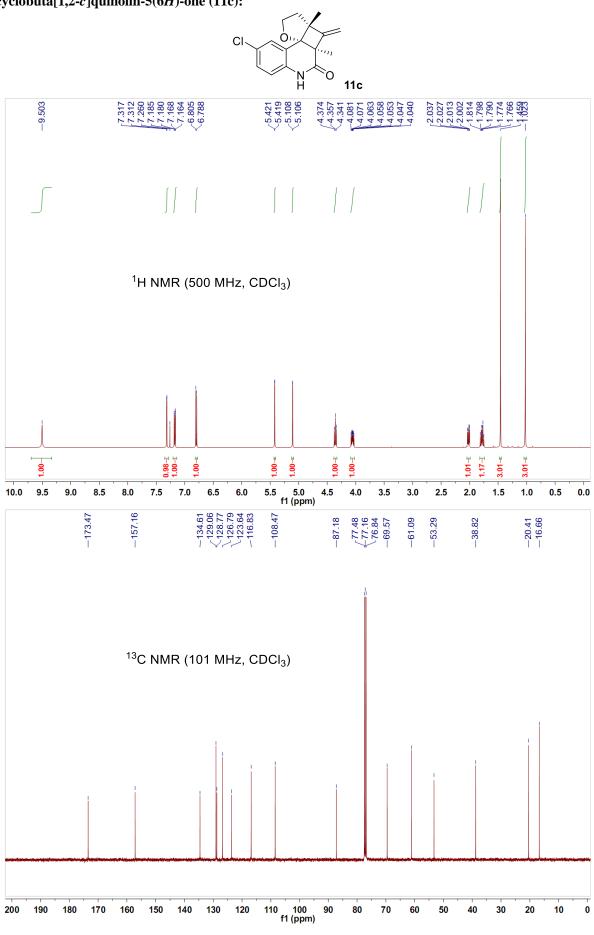


(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-methyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*] quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11a):



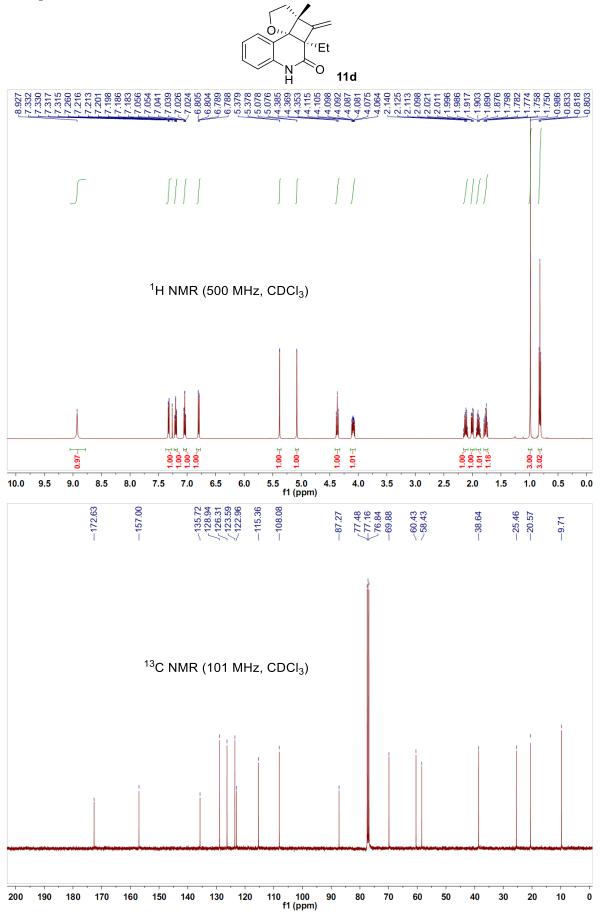
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11b):



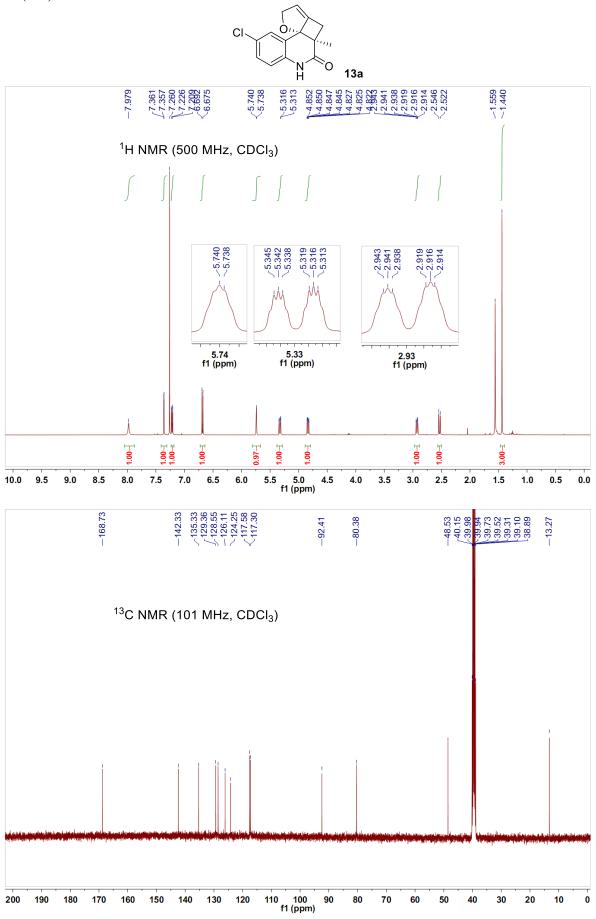


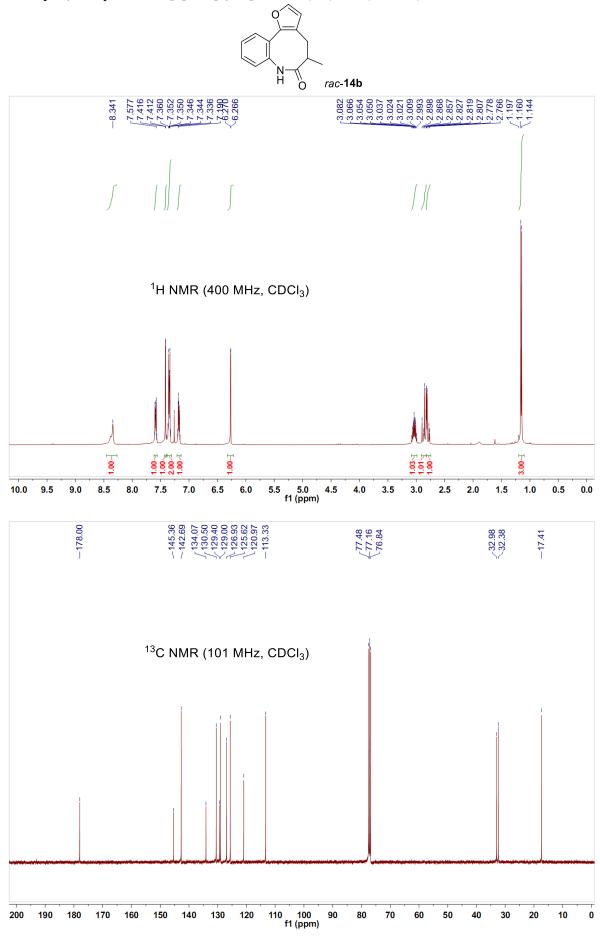
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-3a,4a-dimethyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]-cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11c):

(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-ethyl-3a-methyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta [1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11d):

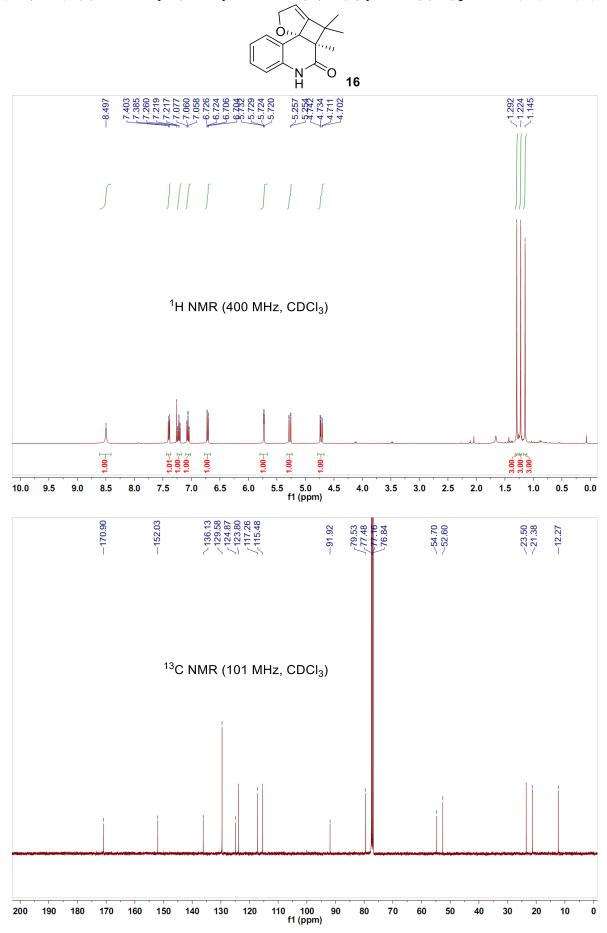


(4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-4a-methyl-4,4a-dihydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (13a):

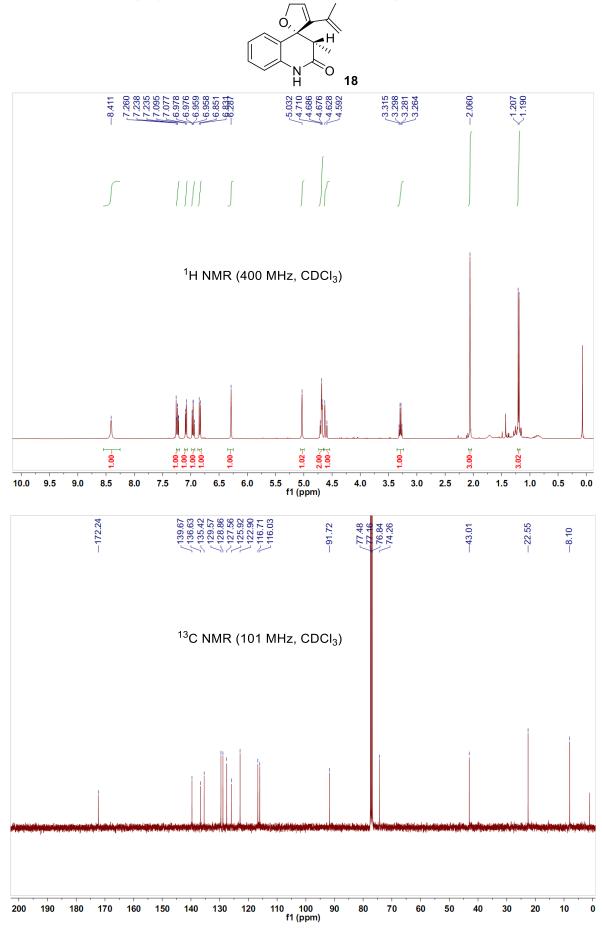




5-methyl-4,7-dihydrobenzo[b]furo[2,3-d]azocin-6(5H)-one (rac-14b):



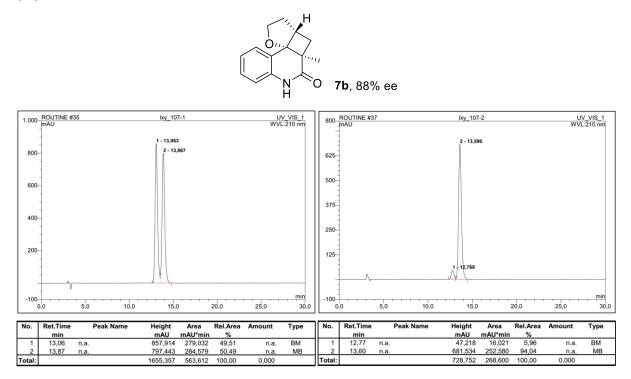
(4a*R*,10b*S*)-4,4,4a-trimethyl-4,4a-dihydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (16):



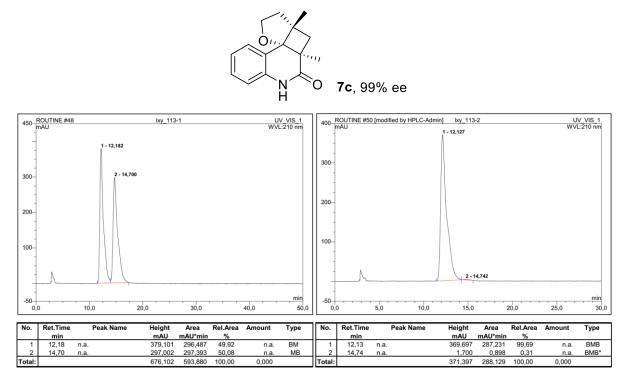
(2*S*,3'*S*)-3'-methyl-3-(prop-1-en-2-yl)-1'*H*,5*H*-spiro[furan-2,4'-quinolin]-2'(3'*H*)-one (18):

9. HPLC Traces

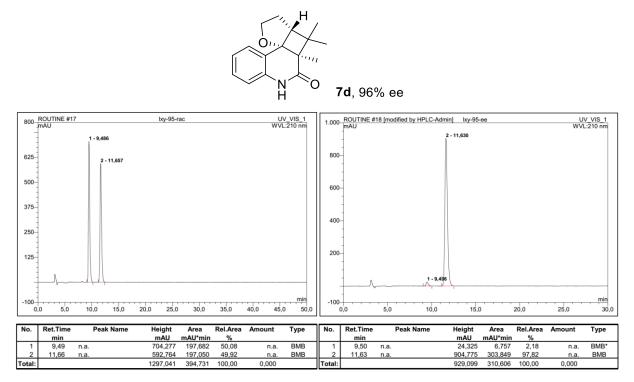
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7a):



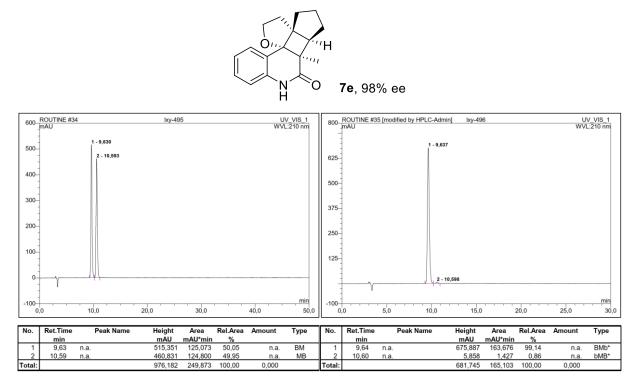
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7c):



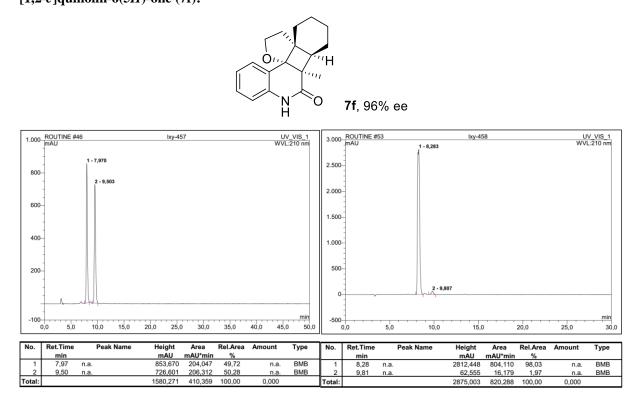
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4,4,4a-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7d):



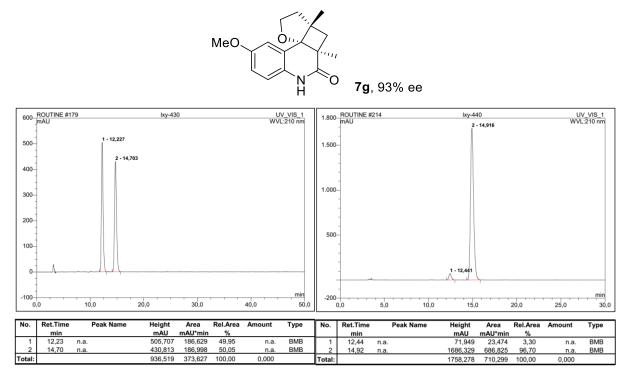
(6a*R*,6b*R*,9a*R*,12a*S*)-6a-methyl-6b,7,8,9,10,11-hexahydro-5*H*-cyclopenta[3,4]furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta-[1,2-*c*]quinolin-6(6a*H*)-one (7e):



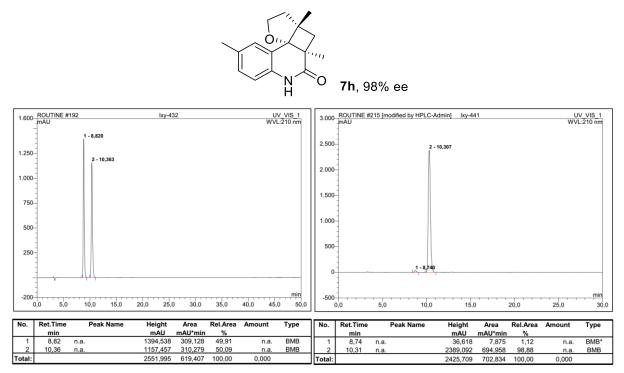
(6a*R*,6b*R*,10a*R*,13a*S*)-6a-methyl-6a,6b,7,8,9,10,11,12-octahydrobenzo[3,4]furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta-[1,2-*c*]quinolin-6(5*H*)-one (7*f*):



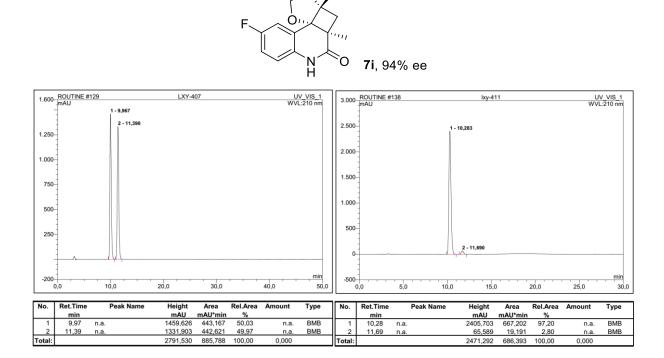
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-methoxy-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7g):



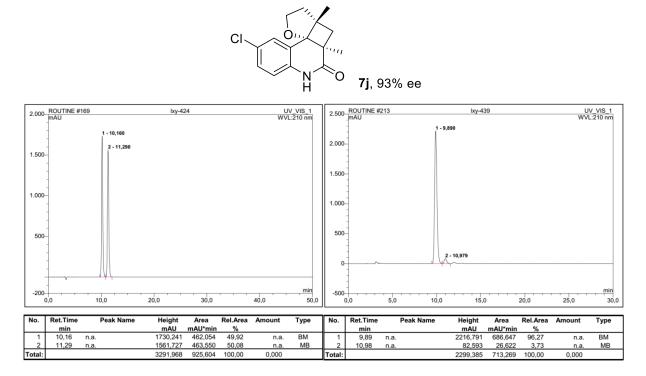
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a,9-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7h):



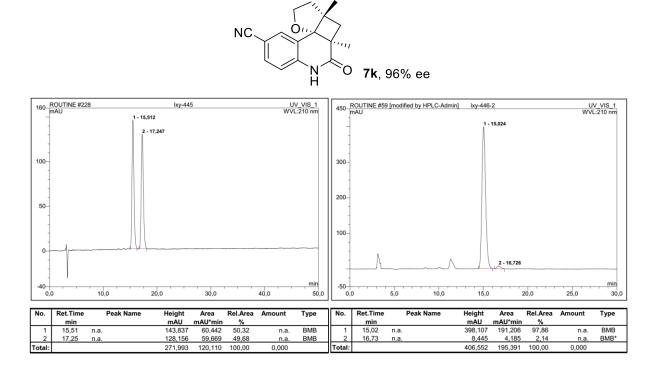
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-fluoro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7i):



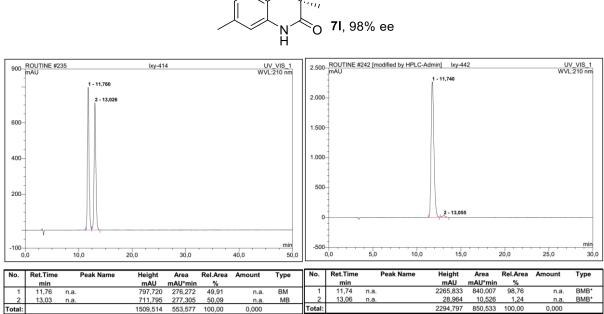
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7j):



(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-5-oxo-3,3a,4,4a,5,6-hexahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinoline-9-carbonitrile (7k):

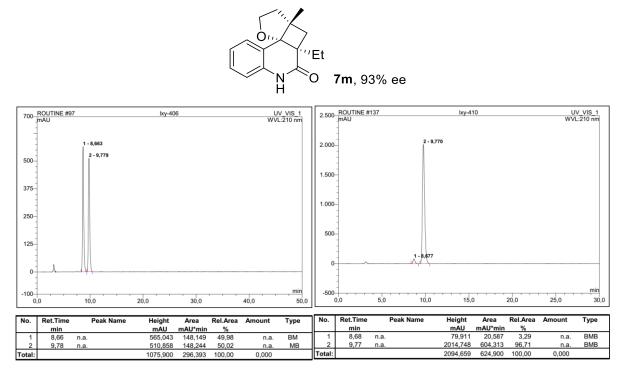


(3aS,4aR,10bS)-3a,4a,8-trimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7l):

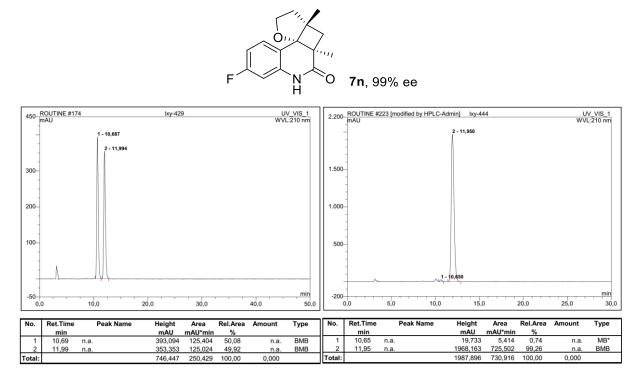


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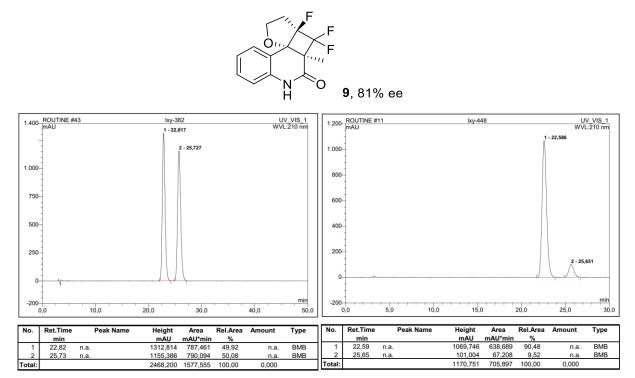
(3aS,4aR,10bS)-4a-ethyl-3a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7m):



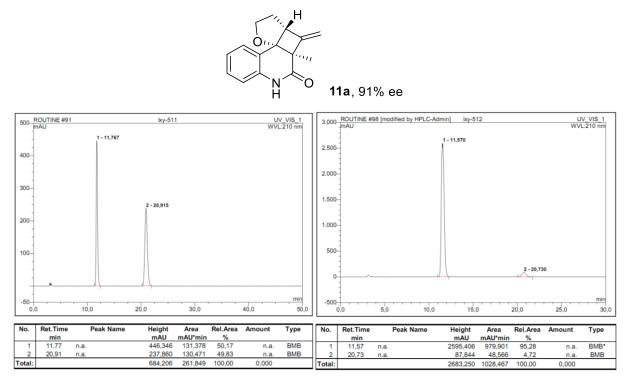
(3a*S*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-8-fluoro-3a,4a-dimethyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (7n):



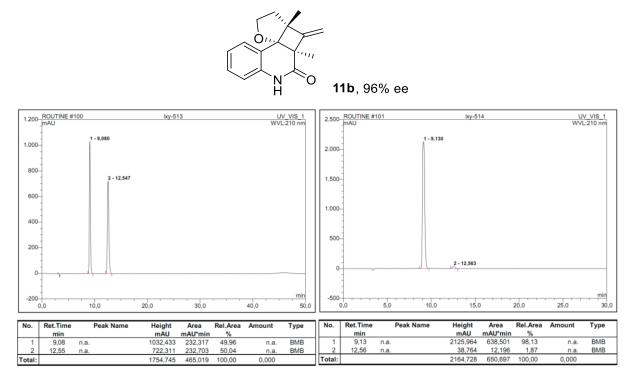
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4,4-trifluoro-4a-methyl-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (9):



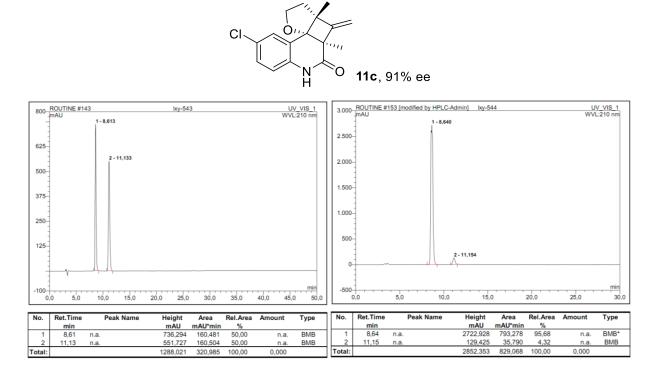
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-methyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11a):



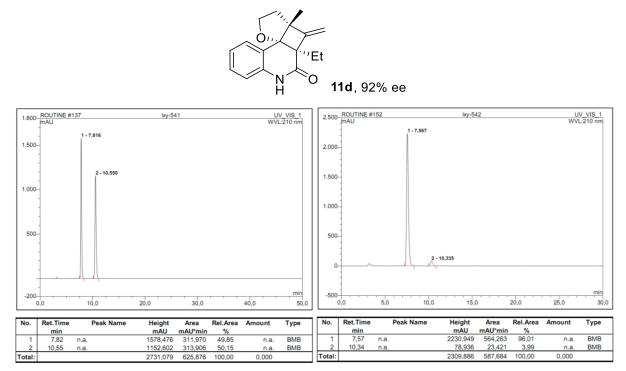
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-3a,4a-dimethyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11b):



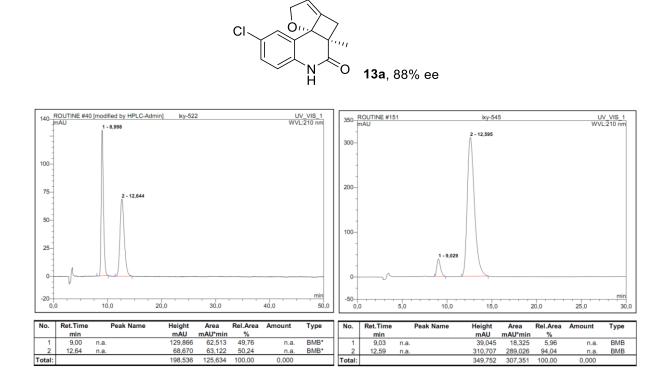
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-3a,4a-dimethyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11c):



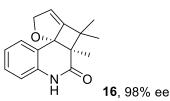
(3a*R*,4a*R*,10b*S*)-4a-ethyl-3a-methyl-4-methylene-3,3a,4,4a-tetrahydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta [1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (11d):

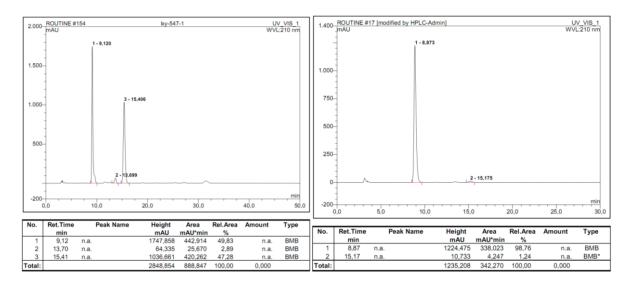


(4a*R*,10b*S*)-9-chloro-4a-methyl-4,4a-dihydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)one (13a):

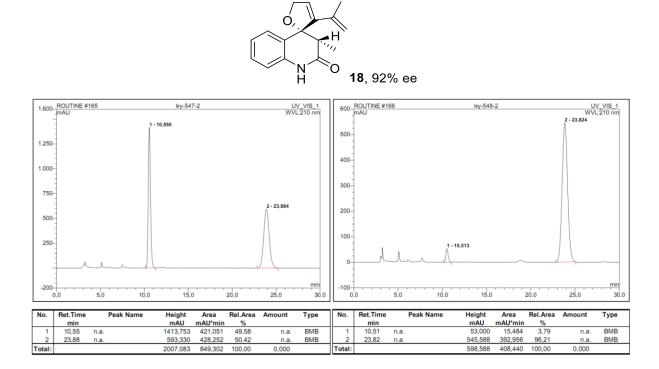


(4a*R*,10b*S*)-4,4,4a-trimethyl-4,4a-dihydro-2*H*-furo[2',3':2,3]cyclobuta[1,2-*c*]quinolin-5(6*H*)-one (16):





(2*S*,3'*S*)-3'-methyl-3-(prop-1-en-2-yl)-1'*H*,5*H*-spiro[furan-2,4'-quinolin]-2'(3'*H*)-one (18):



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