

## Supporting Information

# Lithium Salt Distribution and Thermodynamics in Electrolytes Based on Short Perfluoropolyether-*block*-Poly(ethylene oxide) Copolymers

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In Figure S1a-c, WAXS profiles are shown for PFPE<sub>E10</sub>-diol/LiTFSI electrolytes all salt concentrations, at 45 °C, 60 °C, and 75 °C, respectively. WAXS profiles at 30 °C and 90 °C are shown in Figure 1. The plots show that as salt concentration and temperature increase, scattering intensity decreases.

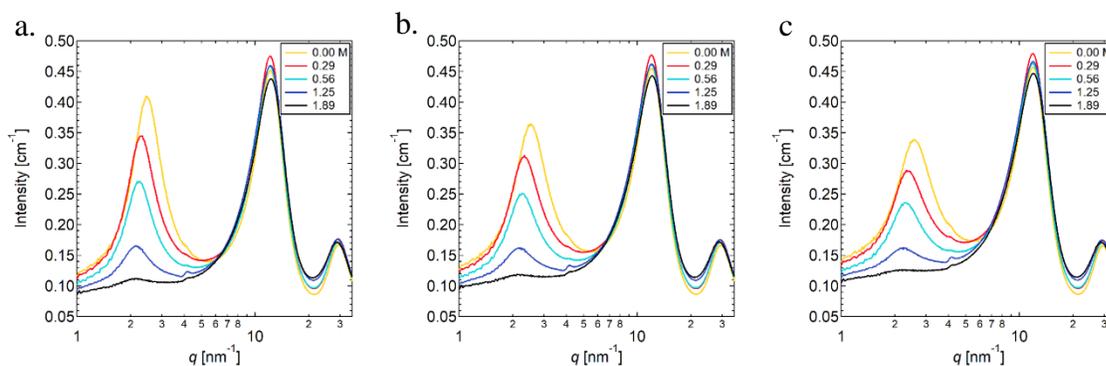


Figure S1. WAXS profiles are shown for PFPE<sub>E10</sub>-diol/LiTFSI electrolytes at (a) 45 °C, (b) 60 °C, and (c) 75 °C. The color of each profile indicates the concentration of LiTFSI.

The solubility limits and salt concentrations used are reported in Table S1.<sup>12,23</sup> Molar concentrations were calculated assuming that the molar volumes of the salt and polymer solvent are additive. The densities used in the calculation were 2.023 g cm<sup>-3</sup> for LiTFSI, 1.77 g cm<sup>-3</sup> for PFPE<sub>D10</sub>-diol, and 1.73 g cm<sup>-3</sup> for PFPE<sub>E10</sub>-diol. The molar mass of LiTFSI is 287.09 g mol<sup>-1</sup>.

Table S1. Concentrations and solubility limits of electrolytes. The solubility limits and concentrations are given below in mol L<sup>-1</sup> (M), weight percent salt, and molar ratio of salt to polymer chains,  $n_{\text{LiTFSI}}$ .

	PFPE <sub>D10</sub> -diol			PFPE <sub>E10</sub> -diol		
	M	wt%	$n_{\text{LiTFSI}}$	M	wt%	$n_{\text{LiTFSI}}$
Solubility limit	0.67	11	.43	1.90	30	1.94
Concentration 1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Concentration 2	0.31	5	0.18	0.29	5	0.27
Concentration 3	0.57	9	0.35	0.56	9	0.52
Concentration 4	-	-	-	1.25	20	1.31
Concentration 5	-	-	-	1.89	30	2.23

In Figure S2, the values of the fit parameters  $a_0$ ,  $a_1$ , and  $a_2$  for the background function defined in equation 34 are given. The parameter  $a_0$  represents diffuse background scattering phenomena, and  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  represent the width and height of the Lorentzian  $q_2$  peak at approximately 10 nm<sup>-1</sup>. The position of the peak,  $q_{2,\text{max}}$  is a fixed parameter, given in Figure 2.

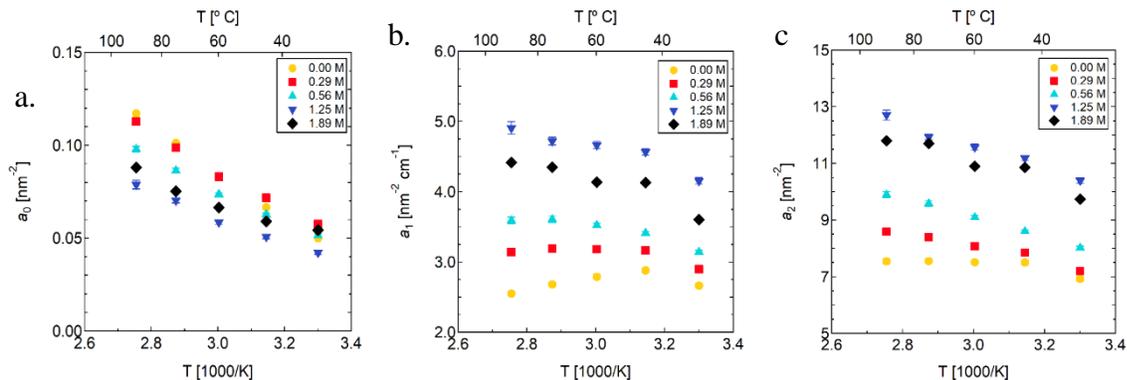


Figure S2. Background fit parameters,  $a_0$ ,  $a_1$ , and  $a_2$  are plotted in (a), (b), and (c), respectively, as functions of temperature, at different salt concentrations.

In Figure S3, fits of equation 35,  $I_{\text{dis}}(q)$ , to the background-subtracted data,  $I_{\text{data}}(q) - I_{\text{bg}}(q)$  are shown for the temperatures between 30 and 90 °C, at various salt concentrations.

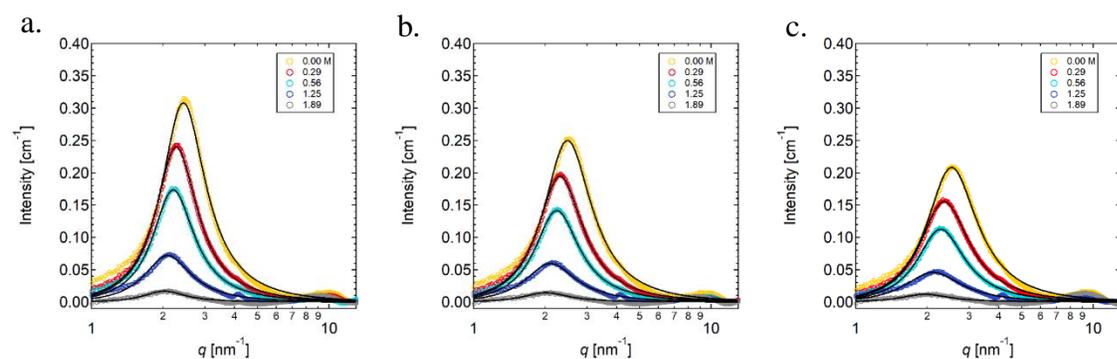


Figure S3. Fits of  $I_{\text{dis}}$  to background subtracted absolute scattering data,  $I_{\text{data}} - I_{\text{bg}}$ , at (a) 45 °C, (b) 60 °C, and (c) 75 °C.