Supporting Information

Identification of histone H3 and H4 amino acid residues important for the regulation of arsenite stress signaling in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

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Figure S1: Nucleosome positions of important histone H3 and H4 residues

Nucleosome positions of important amino acid residues are depicted using PyMOL software. In nucleosome Histone proteins (H3-red, H4-green, H2A- magenta, H2B- cyan) and DNA (Yellow) are shown. (A) H3G90, (B) H3K42, (C) H3R129 are depicted in blue colour. (D) H4R95 amino acid residue is shown by red. (E) H4T80, (F) H4K91, (G) H4H75, (H) H3A110 and (I) H4I46 are shown in blue colour.

	Control	Cu 4 mM	Co 2 mM	Zn 15 mM	Ni 1 mM	Fe 6 mM
НЗWТ						
H3R17A	in 🖲 🔍 (•		 Image: Image: Ima	
H3G90A			 • •<	 3 4 4		96 🕸 🚳 🜒
H3K14A) 🕒 🌒 🌴	9 9 9	• • • • •			
H3K56R			 	0 0 0 5		
H3K14R) 🔵 🔮 🌾	19 m	2 🕲 🔍 🔘			
H3K115Q						
H3K4R				• • • • •		
H3T58D) ● ● 禄	A. 40				
нзwт						
H3K18A			• • • • •			
HATAD				0 0 0 0		
H3T3D					B 534 +11 1	
HISPADOK						
H3R129K						
H3WT						
H3R72A						
H3Q120A						
H4WT			🔵 🔍 🌚 🚊			
H4L58A			💿 💿 🏶 🄝			*
H4I66A			 	• • · · · · · ·		• • • • •
H4I29A			 			
H4Y88E				• * * • •	• • • • •	
H4S47D				0 0		
H4WT 🚺			 38 3	 • •<		
H4K91A						
H4G13A	D 🕹 🤹		 Image: Image: Ima			
H4E53A						• • • •
H4R95K						
H4K5R			• • •			

Figure S2: Effect of other metals on arsenite sensitive histone mutants

The spot sensitivity assay of arsenite sensitive H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of copper 4mM, cobalt 2mM, zinc 15mM, and iron 6mM. O/N grown Cells were serially diluted as described in materials and methods and 3 microliters of each diluted cell suspension was spotted onto SC agar plates containing different metals as indicated in the figure.

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Human H3 and budding yeast H3
Α
      S cerevisiae
                               36
      MARTKQTARKSTGGKAPRKQLASKAARKSAPSTGGVKKPHRYKPGTVALREIRRFQKSTE 60
      Homo sapiens
      .....R.....Y......B....Y.....B...Y.....B...Y....Y....B.
      61
                           90
                                        110
      LLIRKLPFQRLVREIAQDFKTDLRFQSSAIGALQESVEAYLVSLFEDTNLAAIHAKRVTI 120
      61
      121 OKKDIKLARRLRGERS 136
      121 MP...Q....I....A 136
      Human H3.3 and budding yeast H3
в
      S cerevisiae
                              36
      MARTKQTARKSTGGKAPRKQLASKAARKSAPSTGGVKKPHRYKPGTVALREIRRFQKSTE 60
      Homo sapiens
      61
                          90
                                        110
      LLIRKLPFQRLVREIAQDFKTDLRFQSSAIGALQESVEAYLVSLFEDTNLAAIHAKRVTI 120
      61
      121 QKKDIKLARRLRGERS 136
      121 MP...Q....I....A 136
      Human H4 and budding yeast H4
С
      S cerevisiae
      MSGRGKGGKGLGKGGAKRHRKILRDNIQGITKPAIRRLARRGGVKRISGLIYEEVRAVLK 60
      Homo sapiens
      75 80
                                  95
      61 SFLESVIRDSVTYTEHAKRKTVTSLDVVYALKRQGRTLYGFGG 103
```

Figure S3: Amino acid sequence alignment of S cerevisiae H3 and human histones.

(A) Figure shows the result of Blastp tool of NCBI. Histone H3 sequence of *S cerevisiae* from SGD (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae* genome database) and H3.3 (P84243-1) of human were used for Blastp analysis. (B) Histone H3 sequence of *S cerevisiae* from SGD (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae* genome database) and H3 (P68431-1) of human were used for Blastp analysis. (C) Histone H4 sequence of S cerevisiae from SGD and H4 (P62805) of human were used for Blastp analysis. The important residues are highlighted in green colour which were found to be conserved in yeast and human. Residues which are not conserved are shown in red colour.





Figure S4: Effect of arsenic trioxide on the growth H3 and H4 histone mutants (H3T3D, H3G90A, H4K5R, H4G13A, and H4R95K) in liquid media

(A, and B) Growth curve analysis of arsenite sensitive histone H3 mutant cells in the presence and absence of 0.2 mM arsenic trioxide. (C, D, and E). Growth curve analysis of arsenite sensitive histone H4 mutant cells in the presence and absence of 0.2 mM arsenic trioxide.



Figure S5: Effect of hydrogen peroxide in arsenite sensitive histone mutants

(A) Spot sensitivity assay of histone H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of 1 mM hydrogen peroxide. (B and C) are the growth curve analysis of H3 mutants in the presence of 1.5 mM and 2 mM hydrogen peroxide. (D and E) are the growth curve analysis of H4 mutants in the presence of 1.5 mM and 2 mM hydrogen peroxide.

Figure S6



Figure S6: Standard curves of arsenic, GSH, and GSSG measurement.

(A) The graph shows the standard curve used for yeast intracellular arsenic quantification using ICP MS. (B) Graph shows the standard curve used for yeast intracellular total GSH quantification. (C) Graph shows the standard curve used for yeast intracellular total GSH quantification.



Figure S7: GSH and GSSG measurement in the arsenite resistant mutants.

(A, B, C, and D) bar graphs representing the total GSH, GSH, GSSG and GSH/GSSG ratio in the arsenite resistant H3 and H4 mutants treated with 0.8mM arsenic for 6 hours along with wild type cells.

Figure S8



Figure S8: mRNA analysis of genes involved in the maintenance of GSH/GSSG ratio

(A) Bar graphs showing the mRNA expression of *GSH1* gene in arsenite sensitive histone H3 mutants treated with arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours. (B) Bar graph show the mRNA expression of *GLR1* gene in arsenite sensitive histone H3 mutants treated with arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours.
(C) Bar graph show the mRNA expression of *TRR1* gene in arsenite sensitive H3 histone mutants treated with arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours. (D, E, and F) are the bar graph of genes *GSH1*, *GLR1* and *TRR1* in histone H4 mutants treated with arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours.
Statistical analysis was performed using a t test (*P <0.05, **P <0.001, ***P< 0.0001) ns indicates the non-significance.



Figure S9: Gene expression analysis of transporter genes involved in arsenite toxicity in histone mutants.

(A and B) mRNA expression analysis of *ACR3* gene in the H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours treatment. (C and D) bar graph shows the mRNA expression of *FPS1* gene in H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours. (E and F) mRNA expression of *YCF1* gene in the H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of arsenite 0.1mM for 6 hours. (G and H) graph represents the mRNA expression of *OPT1* gene in the H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of arsenite analysis was performed using a t test (*P <0.05, **P <0.01, ***P< 0.0001) ns indicates the non-significance.

Figure S10



Figure S10: Gene expression analysis of *ACR3* and *FPS1* in H3/H4 arsenic resistant mutants

The bar graph (A) and (B) show the expression of *ACR3* gene in H3 and H4 mutants in the absence and presence of arsenite 0.6 mM treated for 3 hours respectively. The bar graph (C) and (D) show the expression of *FPS1* gene in H3 and H4 mutants in the absence and presence of arsenite 0.6 mM treated for 3 hours respectively. UT indicates untreated (control). Statistical analysis was performed using a t test (*P <0.05, **P <0.001, ***P< 0.0001) ns indicates the non-significance.



Figure S11 Analysis of Hog1 phosphorylation and expression in arsenite sensitive mutants.

(A) Western blots represent the Hog1 phosphorylation in H3 and H4 arsenite sensitive mutants treated with higher concentrations of arsenic 0.5 and 1mM for 30 minutes. Tbp was used as loading control. (B) Gene expression analysis of *HOG1* using specific primer by semi quantitative PCR. *ACT1* used as control gene.

Figure S12



Figure S12: Analysis of Hog1 and Slt2 activation (phosphorylation) in arsenite resistant mutants.

(A and B) The western blot represents the phosphorylation level of Hog1 by using anti phosphop38 antibody in H3 and H4 mutants. (C and D) The western blot represent the phosphorylation of Slt2 probed with anti-phospho-p44/42 and Mpk1 antibody in H3 and H4 mutants respectively. Tbp antibody is used as loading control.

H4WT K12R H75Q T80A

Α	Control	CFW 100µg/mL	Congo red 200 μg/mL	Sorbitol 0.5 M	Sorbitol +CFW 100 µg/mL	Sorbitol +CR 200 µg/mL
	H3WT G90A H4WT K5R					
	G13A		8 8 8 2 8	00002	0 0 0 . 0 0	9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N 9 N
в	Control	СFW 100 µg/mL) Congo re 200 µg/m	ed Sorbitol L 0.5 M	Sorbitol +CFW 100 µg/mL	Sorbitol +CR 200 µg/mL
	H3WT T3A K36A A110S					

Figure S13: The effect of cell-wall perturbing agents on the growth of arsenite sensitive and resistant histone mutants.

(A) Spot sensitivity assay of arsenite sensitive H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of CFW, Congo red, and supplemented with sorbitol. (B) Spot sensitivity assay of arsenite resistant H3 and H4 mutants in the presence of CFW, Congo red, and supplemented with sorbitol.



Figure S14: Effect of FPS1 deletion on arsenite sensitive histone mutants.

(A, B, and C) the growth curves *FPS1* deleted H3 mutants in the presence of arsenic trioxide 0.5mM, 1mM, and 1.5mM concentrations. (D, E, and F) the growth curves represent, the growth of *FPS1* deficient H4 mutants in the presence of arsenic trioxide 0.5mM, 1mM, and 1.5mM concentrations.





(A, B, and C) Growth curves represent the effect of glucose concentration (2%, 3% and 4%) in the presence of arsenite 0.2mM and 0.3mM on histone H3 mutants.



Figure S16: Effect of glucose concentration on arsenite sensitive H4 histone mutants.

(A, B, C and D), Growth curves represent the effect of glucose concentration (2%, 3% and 4%) in the presence of arsenite 0.2mM and 0.3mM on histone H4 mutants.

H3_wild- type	H3-L70A	H3-K42R	H3-S28D	H3-∆4-15	H4-K59A	H4-R19K
H3-A1S	H3-V71A	H3-K56R	H3-S31D	H3-∆4-20	H4-S60A	H4-R23K
H3-R2A	H3-R72A	H3-K64R	H3-S57D	Н3-∆4-30	H4-L62A	H4-R35K
НЗ-ТЗА	H3-E73A	H3-K79R	H3-S86D	H3-∆4-35	H4-E63A	H4-R36K
H3-K4A	H3-I74A	H3-K115R	H3-S87D	НЗ-∆28-31	H4-S64A	H4-R39K
H3-Q5A	H3-A75S	H3-K121R	H3-S102D	Н3-∆32-35	H4-V65A	H4-R40K
H3-T6A	H3-Q76A	H3-K122R	H3-S135D	H4_wild type	H4-I66A	H4-R55K
H3-A7S	H3-D77A	H3-K125R	H3-Y99E	H4-S1A	H4-R67A	H4-R67K
H3-R8A	H3-F78A	H3-K4Q	H3-Y41F	H4-G2A	H4-D68A	H4-R78K
НЗ-К9А	H3-K79A	H3-K9Q	H3-Y99F	H4-R3A	H4-S69A	H4-R92K
H3-S10A	H3-T80A	H3-K14Q	H3-P30V	H4-G4A	H4-V70A	H4-R95K
H3-T11A	H3-D81A	H3-K18Q	H3-P38V	H4-K5A	H4-T71A	H4-D24N
H3-G12A	H3-L82A	H3-K23Q	H3-H39Q	H4-G6A	H4-T73A	H4-D68N
H3-G13A	H3-R83A	H3-K27Q	H3- K9, 14, 18,23R	H4-G7A	H4-E74A	H4-N25D
H3-K14A	H3-Q85A	H3-K36Q	H3- K9, 14, 18,23Q	H4-K8A	H4-H75A	H4-E52Q
H3-A15S	H3-S86A	H3-K37Q	H3- K9, 14, 18,23A	H4-G9A	H4-K77A	H4-E53Q
H3-P16A	H3-S87A	H3-K42Q	H3-∆1-4	H4-L10A	H4-K79A	H4-E63Q
H3-R17A	H3-A88S	H3-K56Q	H3-∆1-8	H4-G11A	H4-T80A	H4-E74Q
H3-K18A	H3-189A	H3-K64Q	H3-∆1-12	H4-K12A	H4-V81A	H4-Q27E
H3-Q19A	H3-G90A	H3-K79Q	НЗ-∆1-16	H4-G13A	H4-T82A	H4-Q93E
H3-L20A	H3-A91S	H3-K115Q	H3-∆1-20	H4-G14A	H4-S83A	H4-T30D
H3-A21S	H3-L92A	H3-K121Q	H3-∆1-24	H4-A15S	H4-D85A	H4-T71D
H3-S22A	H3-E94A	H3-K122Q	H3-∆1-28	H4-K16A	H4-V86A	H4-∆17-24
H3-K23A	H3-S95A	H3-K125Q	H3-∆1-32	H4-R17A	H4-V87A	H4-∆20-23
H3-A24S	H3-V96A	H3-R2K	Н3-∆5-8	H4-H18A	H4-Y88A	H4-T82D
H3-A25S	H3-A98S	H3-R8K	H3-∆5-12	H4-R19A	H4-A89S	H4-T96D
H3-R26A	H3-Y99A	H3-R17K	H3-∆5-16	H4-K20A	H4-K91A	H4-S1D
H3-K27A	H3-L100A	H3-R26K	H3-∆5-20	H4-I21A	H4-R92A	H4-S47D
H3-S28A	H3-V101A	H3-R40K	H3-∆5-24	H4-L22A	H4-Q93A	H4-S60D
H3-A29S	H3-S102A	H3-R49K	H3-∆5-28	H4-R23A	H4-G94A	H4-S64D
H3-P30A	H3-F104A	H3-R53K	H3-∆5-32	H4-D24A	H4-R95A	H4-∆21-24
H3-S31A	H3-E105A	H3-R63K	H3-∆9-12	H4-N25A	H4-T96A	H4-Y72E
H3-T32A	H3-D106A	H3-R69K	Н3-∆9-16	H4-126A	H4-L97A	H4-Y88E
H3-G33A	H3-T107A	H3-R72K	Н3-∆9-20	H4-Q27A	H4-Y98A	H4-Y98E
H3-G34A	H3-N108A	H3-R83K	Н3-∆9-24	H4-G28A	H4-G99A	H4-Y51F
H3-V35A	H3-L109A	H3-R128K	Н3-∆9-28	H4-129A	H4-F100A	H4-Y88F
H3-K36A	H3-A110S	H3-R129K	Н3-∆9-32	H4-T30A	H4-G101A	H4-Y98F
H3-K37A	H3-A111S	H3-R131K	Н3-∆9-36	H4-K31A	H4-G102A	H4-H18Q

Table S1. List of Histone H3 and H4 mutants used in this study

H3-P38A	H3-A114S	H3-R134K	Н3-∆13-16	H4-P32A	H4-K5R	H4-H75Q
H3-H39A	H3-K115A	H3-D77N	Н3-∆13-20	H4-A33S	H4-K8R	H4-K5, 8, 12, 16R
H3-R40A	H3-V117A	H3-D81N	H3-∆13-24	H4-R35A	H4-K12R	H4-K5, 8, 12, 16Q
H3-K42A	H3-Q120A	H3-D106N	Н3-∆13-28	H4-R36A	H4-K16R	H4-∆1-4
H3-P43A	H3-K121A	H3-E50Q	H3-∆13-32	H4-L37A	H4-K20R	H4-∆1-8
H3-G44A	H3-K122A	H3-E59Q	Н3-∆13-36	H4-A38S	H4-K31R	H4-∆1-12
H3-V46A	H3-K125A	H3-E73Q	Н3-∆17-20	H4-G41A	H4-K44R	H4-∆1-16
H3-A47S	H3-A127S	H3-E94Q	H3-∆17-24	H4-G42A	H4-K59R	H4-∆1-20
H3-R49A	H3-R128A	H3-E105Q	H3-∆17-28	H4-V43A	H4-K77R	H4-∆1-24
H3-E50A	H3-R129A	H3-E133Q	H3-∆17-32	H4-K44A	H4-K79R	H4-Δ5-8
H3-R53A	H3-R131A	H3-Q5E	Н3-∆17-36	H4-I46A	H4-K91R	H4-∆5-12
H3-K56A	H3-G132A	H3-Q19E	Н3-∆21-24	H4-S47A	H4-K5Q	H4-∆9-12
H3-S57A	H3-E133A	H3-Q76E	H3-∆21-28	H4-G48A	H4-K8Q	H4-∆9-16
H3-T58A	H3-R134A	H3-Q85E	Н3-∆21-32	H4-L49A	H4-K12Q	H4-∆9-20
H3-E59A	H3-S135A	H3-Q93E	Н3-∆21-36	H4-I50A	H4-K16Q	H4-∆9-24
H3-L60A	H3-K4R	H3-T3D	Н3-∆25-28	H4-Y51A	H4-K20Q	H4-∆13-16
H3-L61A	H3-K9R	H3-T6D	H3-∆25-32	H4-E52A	H4-K31Q	H4-∆13-20
H3-R63A	H3-K14R	H3-T11D	H3-∆25-36	H4-E53A	<i>H4-</i> ∆15-18	H4-∆13-24
H3-K64A	H3-K18R	H3-T32D	H3-∆29-32	H4-V54A	H4-K59Q	H4-∆17-20
H3-L65A	H3-K23R	H3-T58D	Н3-∆29-36	H4-R55A	H4-K77Q	fps1∆ H4WT
H3-P66A	H3-K27R	H3-T80D	Н3-∆33-36	H4-A56S	H4-K79Q	
H3-Q68A	H3-K36R	H3-S10D	H3-∆1-20	H4-V57A	H4-R3K	
H3-R69A	H3-K37R	H3-S22D	H3-∆1-28	H4-L58A	H4-R17K	
fps1∆ H3WT	fps1∆ H3T3D	fps1∆ H3G90A	fps1∆ H4K5R	fps1∆ H4G13A	fps1∆ H4R95K	

S.No.	Gene	Primer Sequence (5' \rightarrow 3')
1	ACT1	F: CGTCGGTAGACCAAGACACC
		R: TGGGGCAACTCTCAATTCGT
2		F: GAAAGTCAAGTGCAACCCGC
	ΠΧΙΙ	R: CTACCGTCGTGGTGCTTCAT
3	НХТЗ	F: TGTGTTTTGCCTGGGCTTTG
		R: ACCCCATGATGCTGAACCAG
4	HXT4	F: CGCAGACGATCCAGCTGTTA
		R: AACCGACAGCAGTGAAAACG
6		F: ACCGGGGCAATCAACTTTTAC
0	пл 19	R: TCATGGTCTATGGCGTCAGC
7	1002	F: GACGCTGAAGGTCATCCCAA
1	ACKJ	R:ATCCACGCCAATGCTGTCAT
0		F: TTGATCGGTGCCTTCACAGG
0	FPS1	R: CAGCGCAAATGTTCCTGCTT
_	TRR1	F:TATTTCTGCCTGTGCCGTGT
9		R:TCGTTCTTCTCAGCACGCTT
		F: CAAGGCACATTAACGGCAGG
10	YCF1	
10		R: GGCCATTCTTTGGGTGGTCT
		F: ACATGCCCGTCATTTCAGGT
11	OPT1	R: ATGCAGTGGACAAAAACGGC
10	GSH1	F: AIGGGCIGIICGIGCIIACA
12		R: TTTCCTTCGGAGTACGGTCG
13	FPS1 deletion	F:CCAAGTACGCTCGAGGGTACATTCTAATGCATTAAAAGACCTGTGCGGTATTTCACACCG
		R: ATCAGTCTATATTATTTGTTTCTTTTCTTGTCTGTTTTCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCAC
	11001	
14	HOG1	R:TGGTCATCAAACGTGGCAGA
	1	

Table S2. List of gene specific primers used in this study