

Supporting information for

# The Amphotericin B-Ergosterol Complex Spans a Lipid Bilayer as a Single-Length Assembly

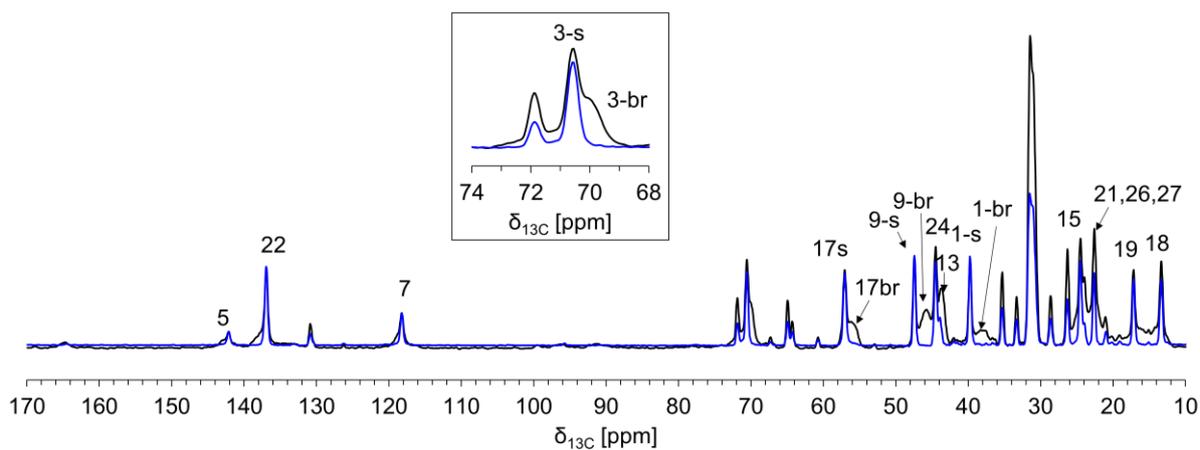
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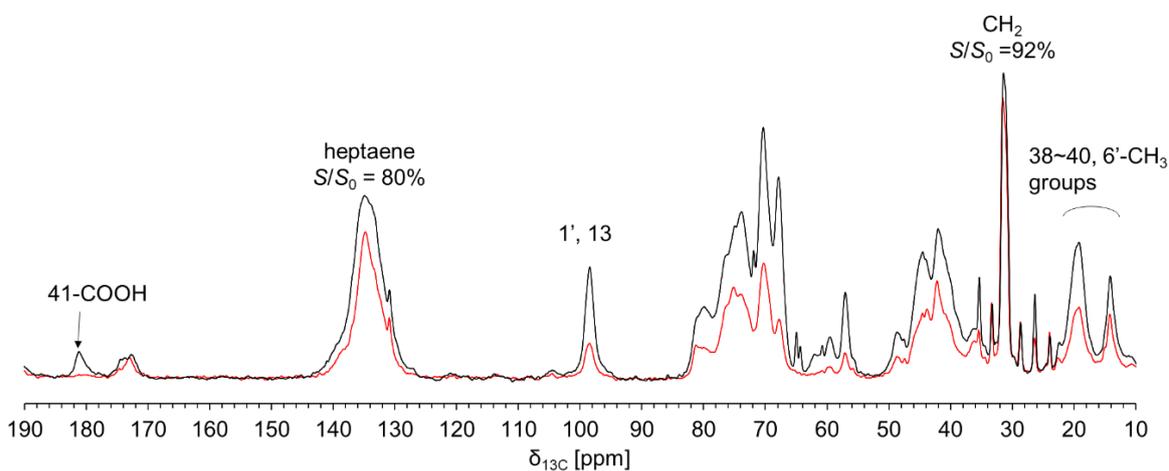
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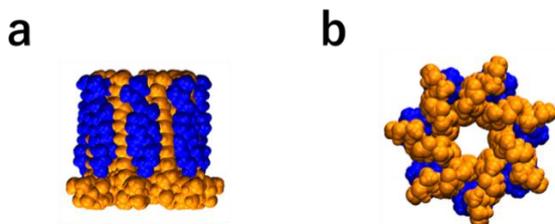


**Figure S1.** 1D  $^{13}\text{C}$  CP-MAS spectra of AmB/skipped- $^{13}\text{C}$ -Erg/POPC = 1/1/9 (black) and 0/1/9 (blue) liposomes in the absence of  $\text{MnCl}_2$ .

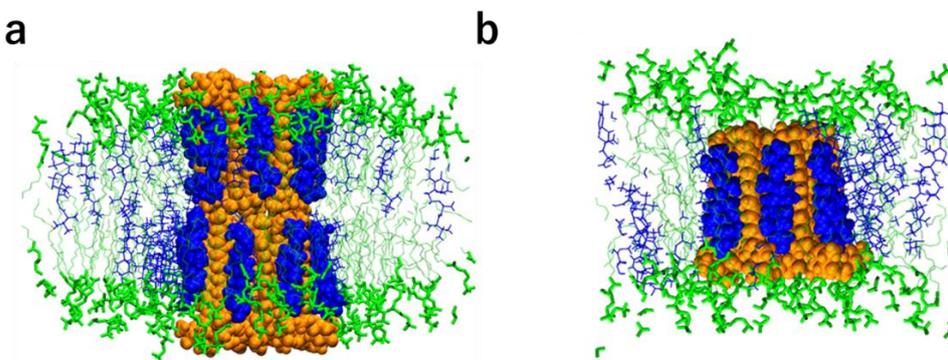


**Figure S2.** 1D  $^{13}\text{C}$  CP-MAS spectra of U- $^{13}\text{C}$ -AmB/Erg/POPC = 1/3/7 in the absence of  $\text{MnCl}_2$  ( $S_0$ , black) and with 20 mM  $\text{MnCl}_2$  ( $S$ , red). The signal decay at  $\text{CH}_2$  (31 ppm) is normalized to 92%.

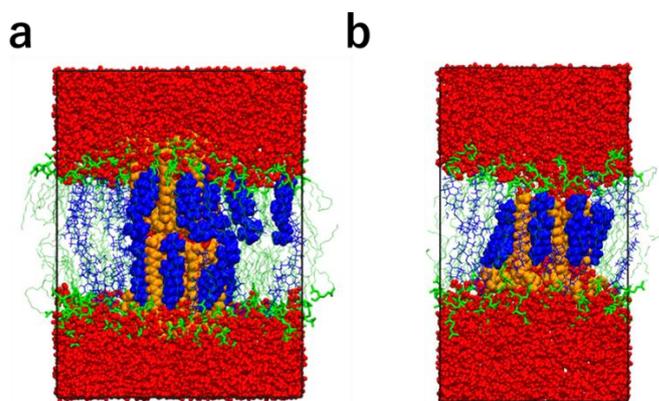




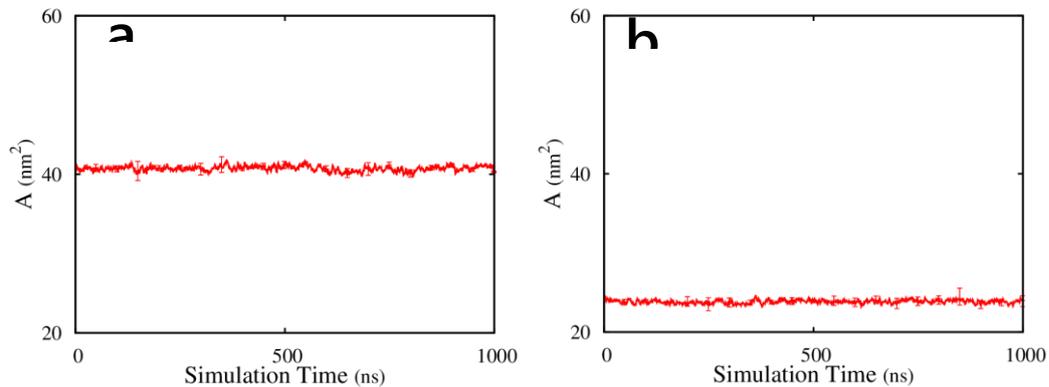
**Figure S4.** Constructed AmB-sterol complex channel structure in MD simulations. Orange: AmBs, blue: Ergs. **(a)** Side view. **(b)** Top view.



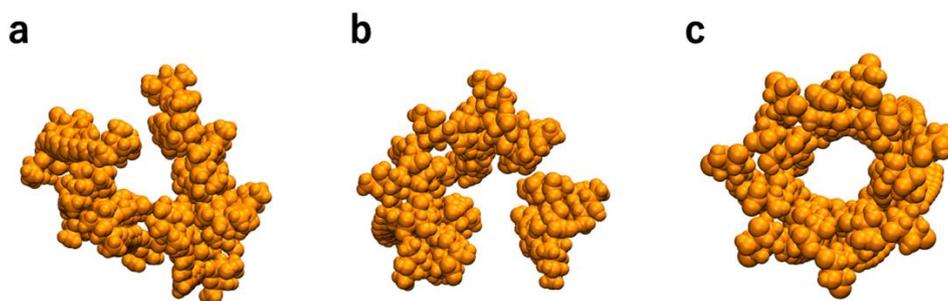
**Figure S5.** An example of the initial configurations for MD simulation. **(a)** Double-length assembly. **(b)** Single-length assembly. Orange: AmBs, blue: Ergs, green: POPCs. No water is shown for clarity. The structure of the AmB-Erg complex represented by VDW is the same for all three MD runs, though the lipid membranes (POPC and Erg) represented by lines are generated independently for different MD simulations.



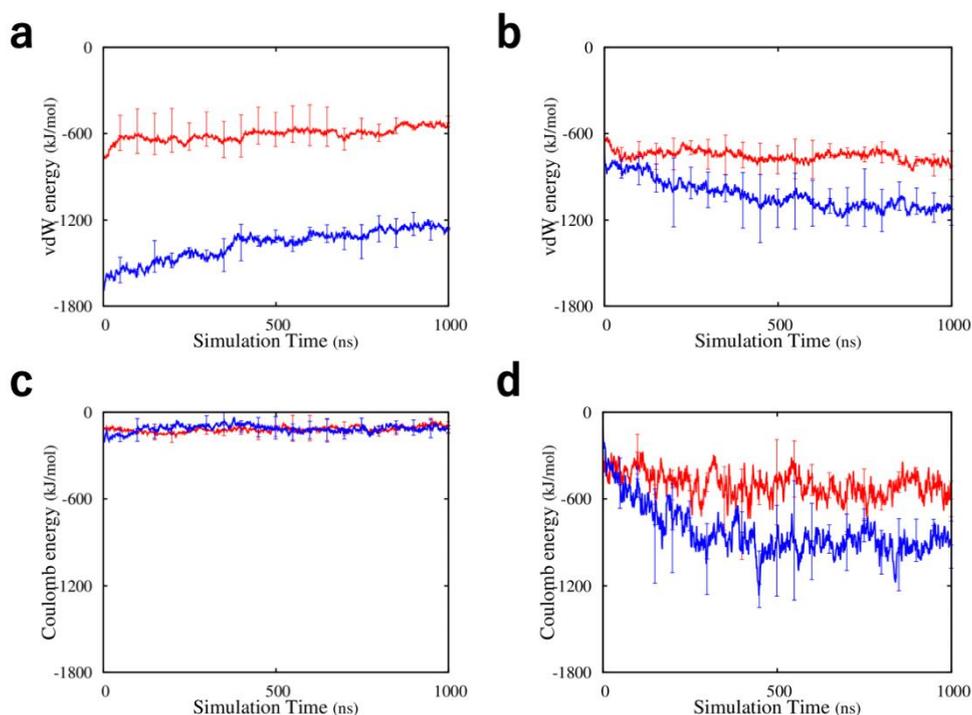
**Figure S6.** A snapshot of the final configuration from one of the 1 $\mu$ s NPT MD simulations. **(a)** Double-length assembly. **(b)** Single-length assembly. Orange: AmBs, green: POPCs, blue: Ergs, and red: water molecules. VDW representation is used for AmBs and the initially associated Ergs.



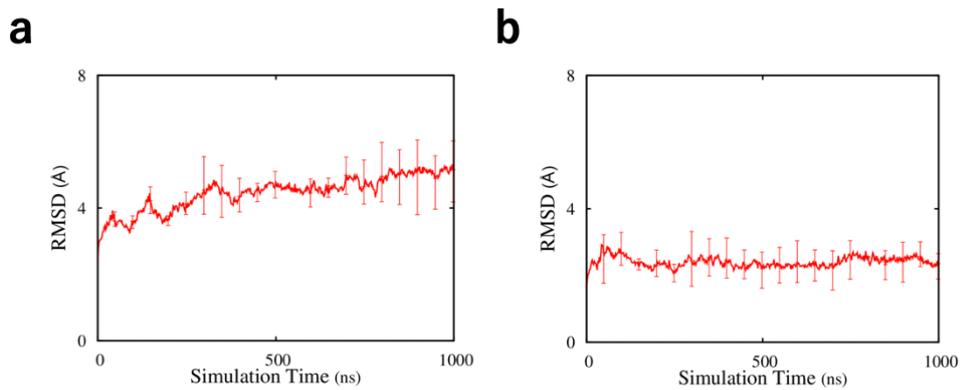
**Figure S7.** The time variation of membrane area ( $A=L_xL_y$ ) during 1 $\mu$ s MD simulation. **(a)** Double-length assembly. **(b)** Single-length assembly. The averaged area for three MD simulations is plotted.



**Figure S8.** Top view of the AmB channel after 1  $\mu$ s MD simulation. **(a,b)** From the MD trajectory with double-length assembly, where the channel was not stable to be closed; AmB channel in the (a) upper and (b) lower leaflets of the lipid membrane. In this MD simulation, AmB channel could not keep channel structure where a few AmB molecules were separated and the channel were opened toward the lipid membrane. **(c)** Single-length assembly. In all MD simulations with the single-length assembly, the AmB channel was stable, where AmBs were arranged in an axis-symmetric.



**Figure S9.** van der Waals (vdW) and Coulomb interaction energies between the AmB and Erg molecules or between the AmB and POPC molecules. *Red-lines*; single-length assembly. *Blue-lines*; double-length assembly. **(a,b)** vdW energy between (a) AmB and Erg, (b) AmB and POPC. **(c,d)** Coulomb energy between (c) AmB and Erg, (d) AmB and POPC.



**Figure S10.** Root mean square deviation (RMSD) of the AmB channel from the initial configuration. **(a)** Double-length assembly. **(b)** Single-length assembly. The averaged RMSD for three MD simulations are plotted. The error bars denote the maximum and minimum values in three MD simulations.