

# **Supporting Information -**

## **Rapid crystallization and kinetic freezing of site-disorder in the lithium superionic argyrodite Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br**

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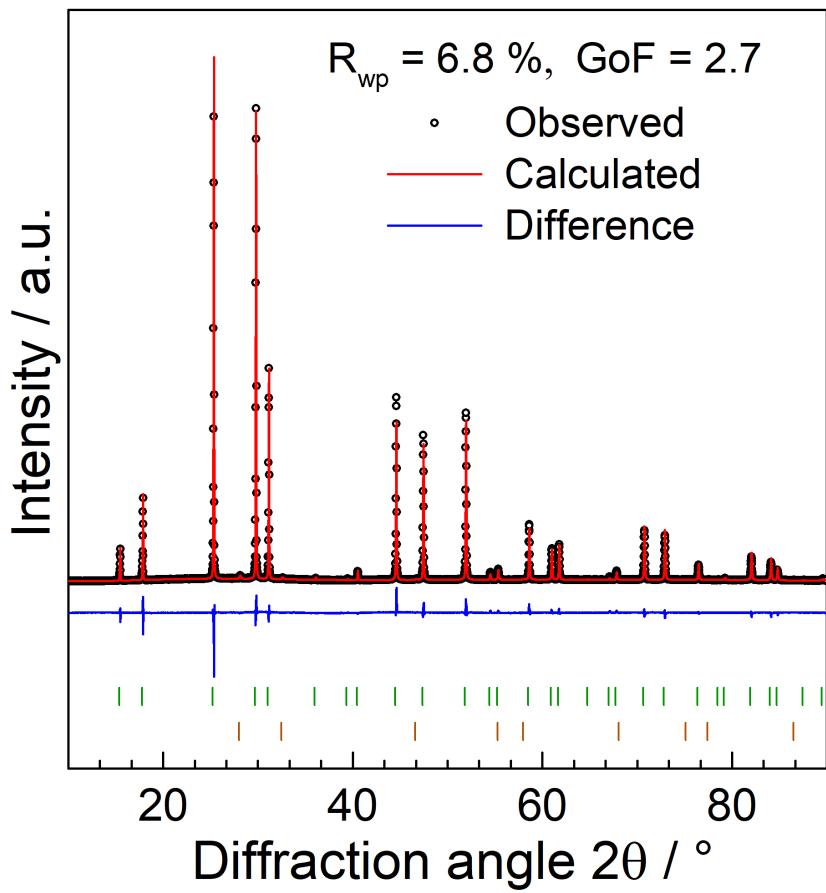
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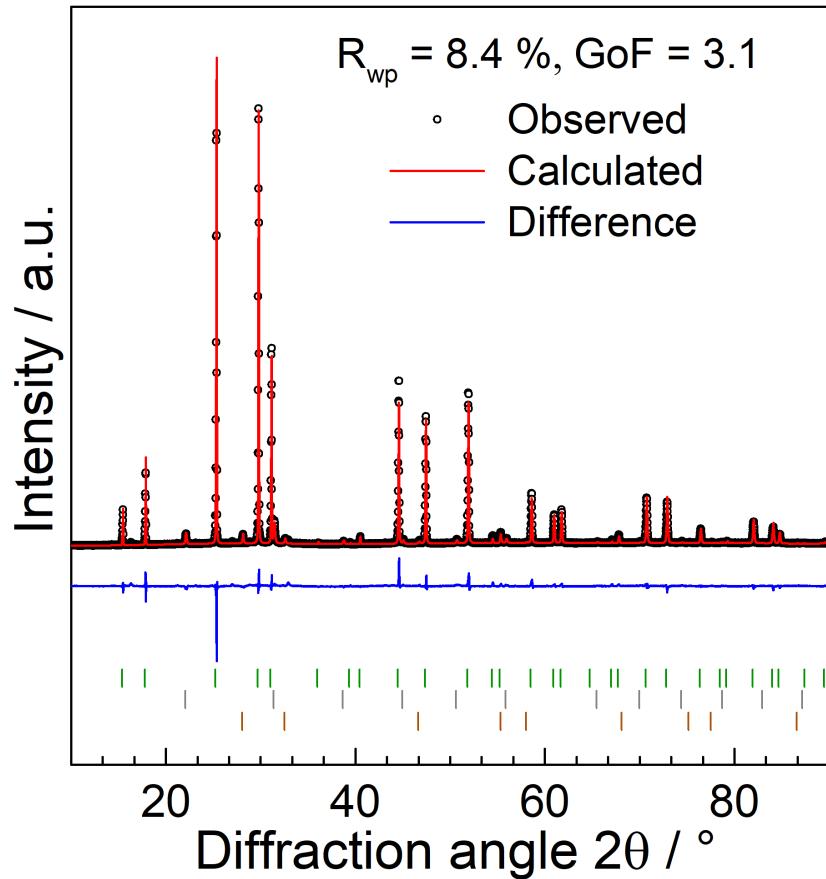
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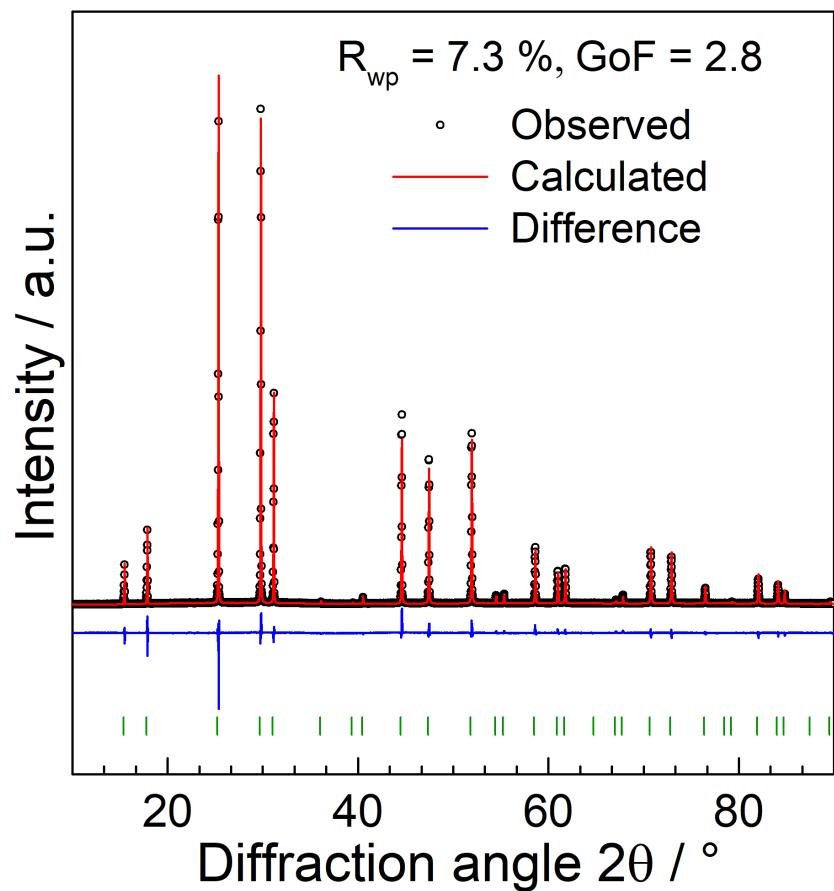
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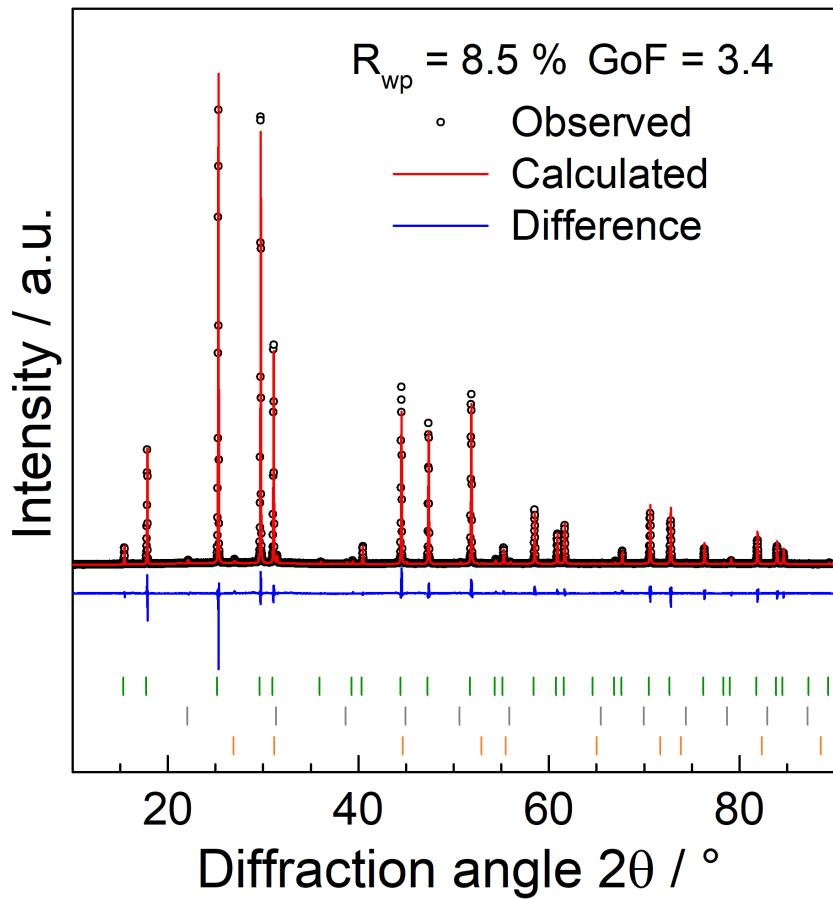
*Figure S1:* X-ray powder diffraction data for  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  after 5 min heating followed by quenching and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  and  $\text{LiBr}$  Bragg reflections are shown as green and dark orange vertical ticks, respectively.



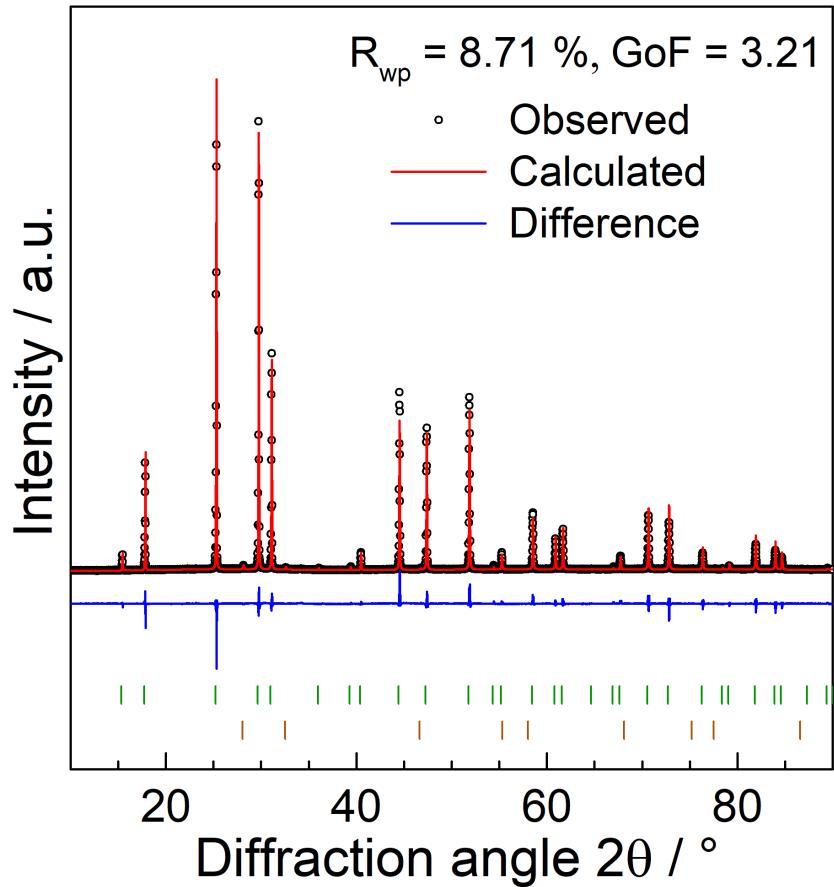
*Figure S2:* X-ray powder diffraction data for  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  after 30 min heating followed by quenching and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$ ,  $\text{Li}_3\text{OBr}$  and  $\text{LiBr}$  Bragg reflections are shown as green, gray and dark orange vertical ticks, respectively.



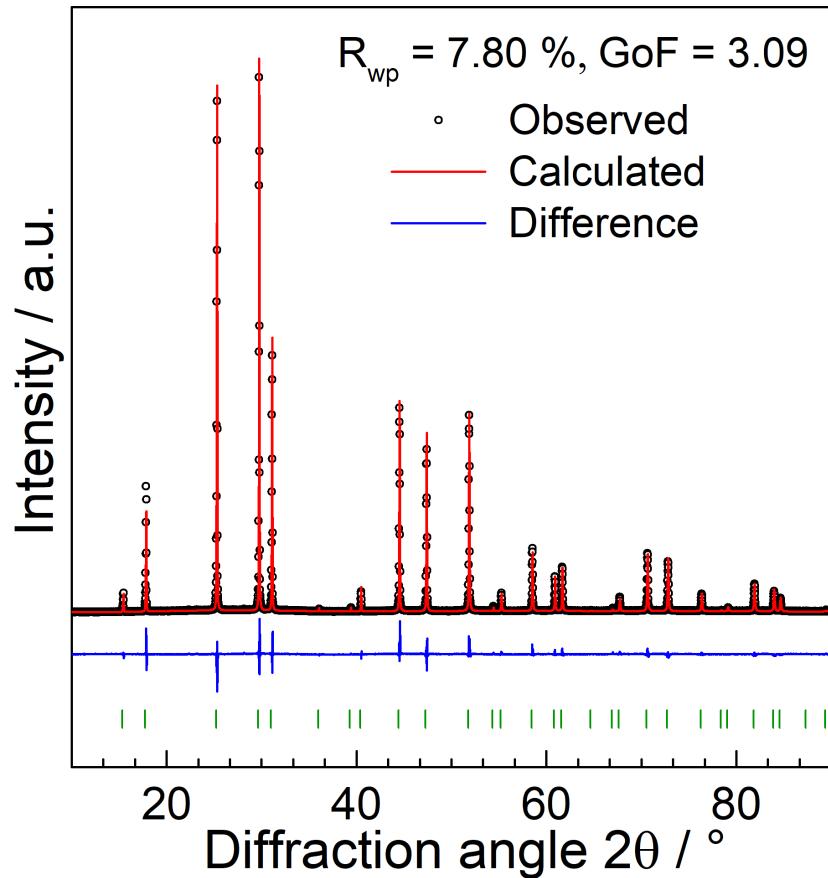
*Figure S3:* X-ray powder diffraction data for  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  after 300 min heating followed by quenching and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  Bragg reflections are shown as green vertical ticks, respectively.



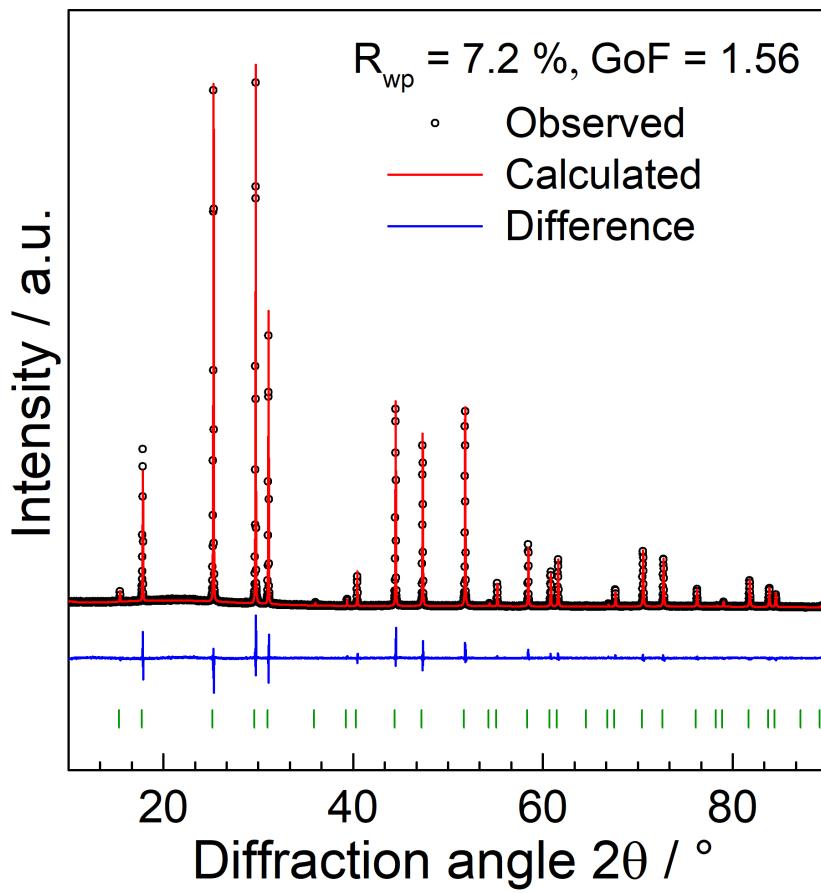
*Figure S4:* X-ray powder diffraction data for  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  after 5 min heating followed by standard cooling and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$ ,  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}$  and  $\text{Li}_3\text{OBr}$  Bragg reflections are shown as green, gray and orange vertical ticks, respectively.



*Figure S5: X-ray powder diffraction data for  $Li_6PS_5Br$  after 30 min heating followed by standard cooling and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $Li_6PS_5Br$  and  $LiBr$  Bragg reflections are shown as green and dark orange vertical ticks, respectively.*



*Figure S6:* X-ray powder diffraction data for  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  after 300 min heating followed by standard cooling and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  Bragg reflections are shown as green vertical ticks, respectively.



*Figure S7:* X-ray powder diffraction data for  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  after 30 min reaction at  $550 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  then 5-day cooling and corresponding Rietveld refinement. Experimental data are shown in black and the red line denotes the calculated pattern, while the difference profile is shown in blue. Calculated positions of the  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  and  $\text{LiBr}$  Bragg reflections are shown as green and dark orange vertical ticks, respectively.

*Table S1.* Crystallographic data of after 1 min of heating followed by quenching  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.

$a = 9.96696(3) \text{ \AA}$ ; 0.73 % LiBr $R_{wp} = 6.11 \%$ ; GoF = 2.47						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	$B_{eq}/ \text{\AA}^2$
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.635(2)	1.25(4)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.364(2)	0.51(4)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.93(5)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.635(2)	0.51(4)
S2	16e	0.11954(8)	-0.11954(8)	0.61954(8)	1.0	0.93(5)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.364(2)	1.25(4)

*Table S2. Crystallographic data after 5 min of heating followed by quenching Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

$a = 9.96965(3)$ Å; 0.76 % LiBr $R_{wp} = 6.8\%$ ; GoF = 2.7						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.663(2)	0.91(5)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.337(2)	0.21(4)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.50(4)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.663(2)	0.21(4)
S2	16e	0.11974(8)	-0.11974(8)	0.61974(8)	1.0	0.50(4)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.337(2)	0.91(5)

*Table S3. Crystallographic data after 30 min of heating followed by quenching Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

$a = 9.97072(5)$ Å; 1.52 % LiBr; 4.17 % Li <sub>3</sub> OBr $R_{wp} = 8.4\%$ ; GoF = 3.1						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.641(3)	0.62(6)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.358(3)	0.14(5)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.06(3)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.641(3)	0.14(5)
S2	16e	0.1193(1)	-0.1193(1)	0.6193(1)	1.0	0.06(3)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.358(3)	0.62(6)

*Table S4. Crystallographic data after 300 min of heating followed by quenching Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

$a = 9.96866(3) \text{ \AA};$ $R_{\text{wp}} = 7.3 \text{ \% ; GoF} = 2.8$						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.624(2)	0.99(5)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.375(2)	0.29(5)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.76(3)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.624(2)	0.29(5)
S2	16e	0.11976(8)	-0.11976(8)	0.61976(8)	1.0	0.76(3)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.375(2)	0.99(5)

*Table S5. Crystallographic data after 1 min of heating followed by standard cooling Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

$a = 9.98112(3)$ Å; 0.67 % LiBr $R_{wp} = 8.67\%$ ; GoF = 3.22						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.771(3)	0.75(5)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.228(3)	0.32(6)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.22(3)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.771(3)	0.32(6)
S2	16e	0.11953(9)	-0.11953(9)	0.61953(9)	1.0	0.22(3)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.228(3)	0.75(5)

*Table S6. Crystallographic data after 5 min of heating followed by standard cooling Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

$a = 9.98577(3) \text{ \AA}$ ; 1.35 % Li <sub>2</sub> S; 1.05 % Li <sub>3</sub> OBr; $R_{wp} = 8.5\%$ ; GoF = 3.4						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.779(2)	1.19(5)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.220(2)	0.76(6)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.55(3)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.779(2)	0.76(6)
S2	16e	0.11955(9)	-0.11955(9)	0.61955(9)	1.0	0.55(3)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.220(2)	1.19(5)

*Table S7. Crystallographic data after 30 min of heating followed by standard cooling Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

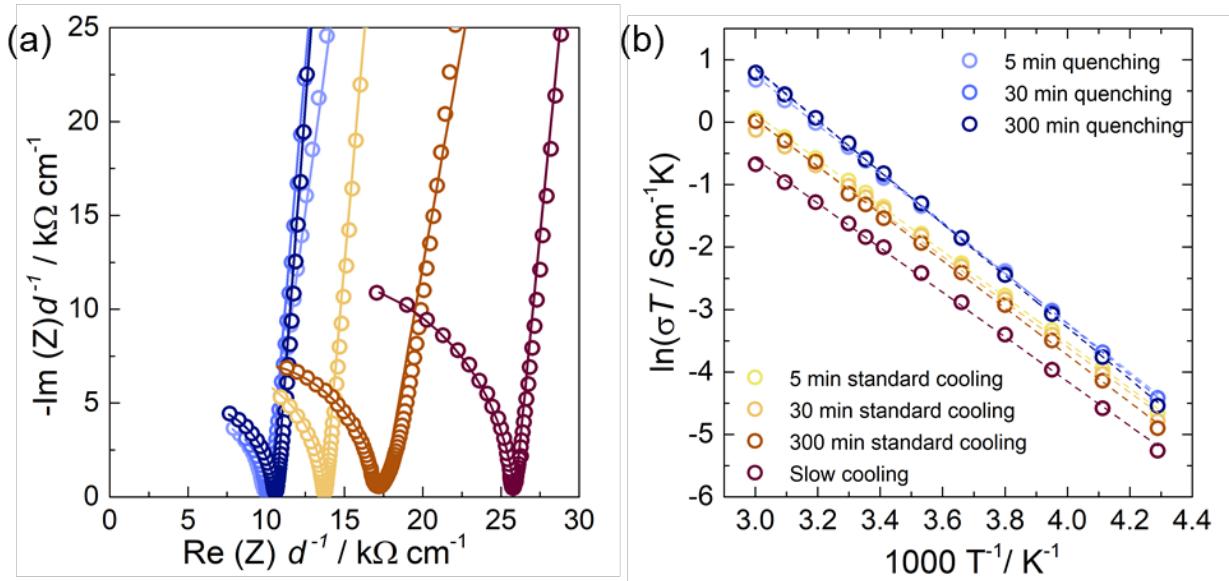
$a = 9.98162(4)$ Å; 0.73 % LiBr $R_{wp} = 8.7$ % ; GoF = 3.21						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.777(3)	0.63(5)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.222(3)	0.23(7)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.45(4)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.777(3)	0.23(7)
S2	16e	0.1195(1)	-0.1195(1)	0.6195(1)	1.0	0.45(4)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.222(3)	0.63(5)

Table S8. Crystallographic data after 300 min of heating followed by standard cooling Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.

$a = 9.98174(4)$ Å; $R_{wp} = 7.8\%$ ; GoF = 3.1						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.768(3)	0.84(4)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.231(3)	0.48(6)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.38(3)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.768(3)	0.48(6)
S2	16e	0.11929(9)	-0.11929(9)	0.61929(9)	1.0	0.38(3)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.231(3)	0.84(4)

*Table S9. Crystallographic data after 5-day cooling Li<sub>6</sub>PS<sub>5</sub>Br from X-ray diffraction. Refined parameters are shown with uncertainty in brackets.*

$a = 9.99502(4)$ Å; $R_{wp} = 7.2\%$ ; GOF = 1.56						
Atom	Wyckoff Site	x/a	y/b	z/c	Occ	B <sub>eq</sub> / Å <sup>2</sup>
Li1	48h	0.3071	0.0251	0.6929	0.4407	3
Li2	24g	0.25	0.017	0.75	0.1186	3
Br1	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.866(3)	1.37(5)
Br2	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.133(3)	1.07(7)
P1	4b	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.85(4)
S1	4d	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.866(3)	1.07(7)
S2	16e	0.11929(9)	-0.11929(9)	0.61929(9)	1.0	0.85(4)
S3	4a	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.133(3)	1.37(5)



*Figure S8:* (a) A visual comparison of impedance spectra after using the quenching, standard cooling and slow cooling approach, measured at 253 K. (b) Representative Arrhenius fits of the quenching, standard cooling and slow cooling obtained from impedance spectroscopy.

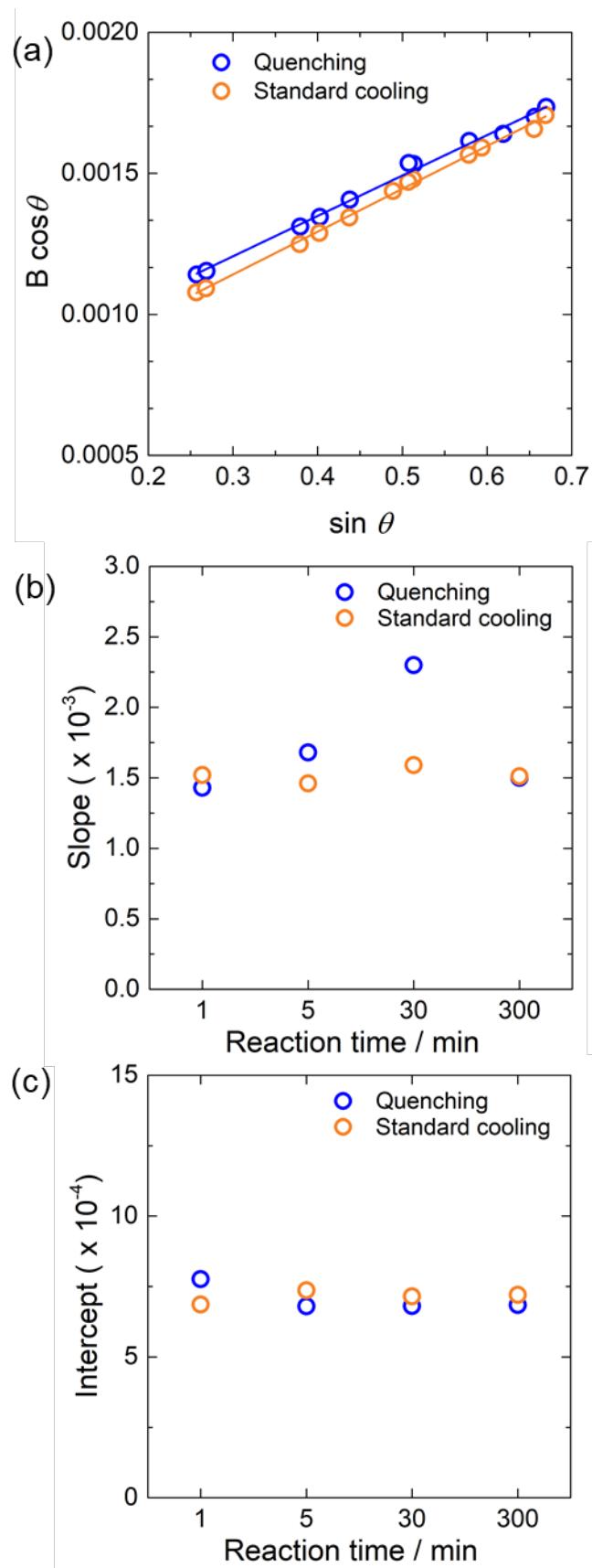
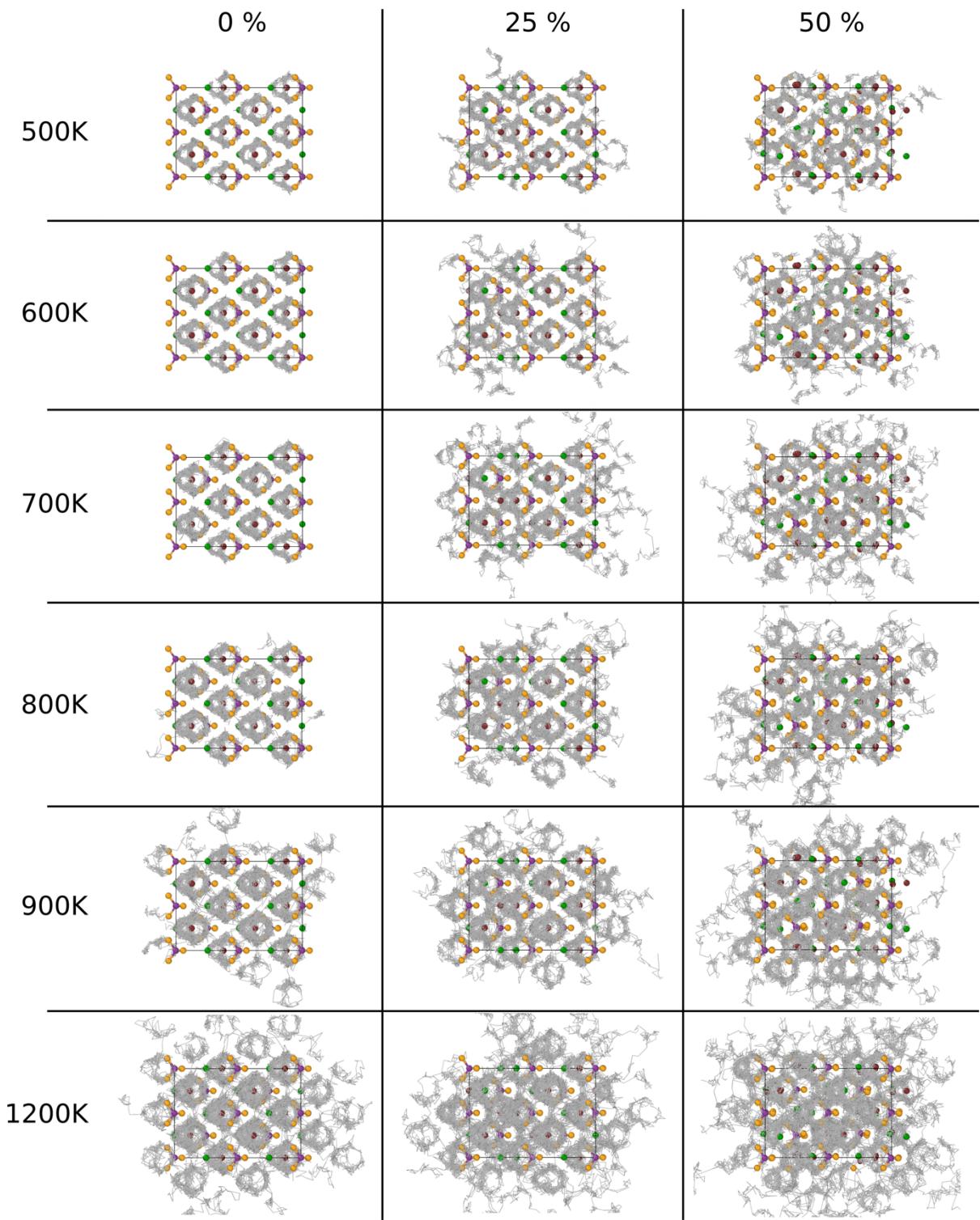


Figure S9: Williamson-Hall plot of the quenching and standard cooling obtained from X-ray diffraction.



*Figure S10: Ab-initio molecular dynamics calculated  $\text{Li}^+$  trajectories of  $\text{Li}_6\text{PS}_5\text{Br}$  at 0 %, 25 % and 50 % disorder between the S and Br positions after 35 ps of simulation time. Clearly, long-range connecting jumps between the Li clusters occur at much lower temperatures for the disordered structure, compared to the fully ordered cell.*

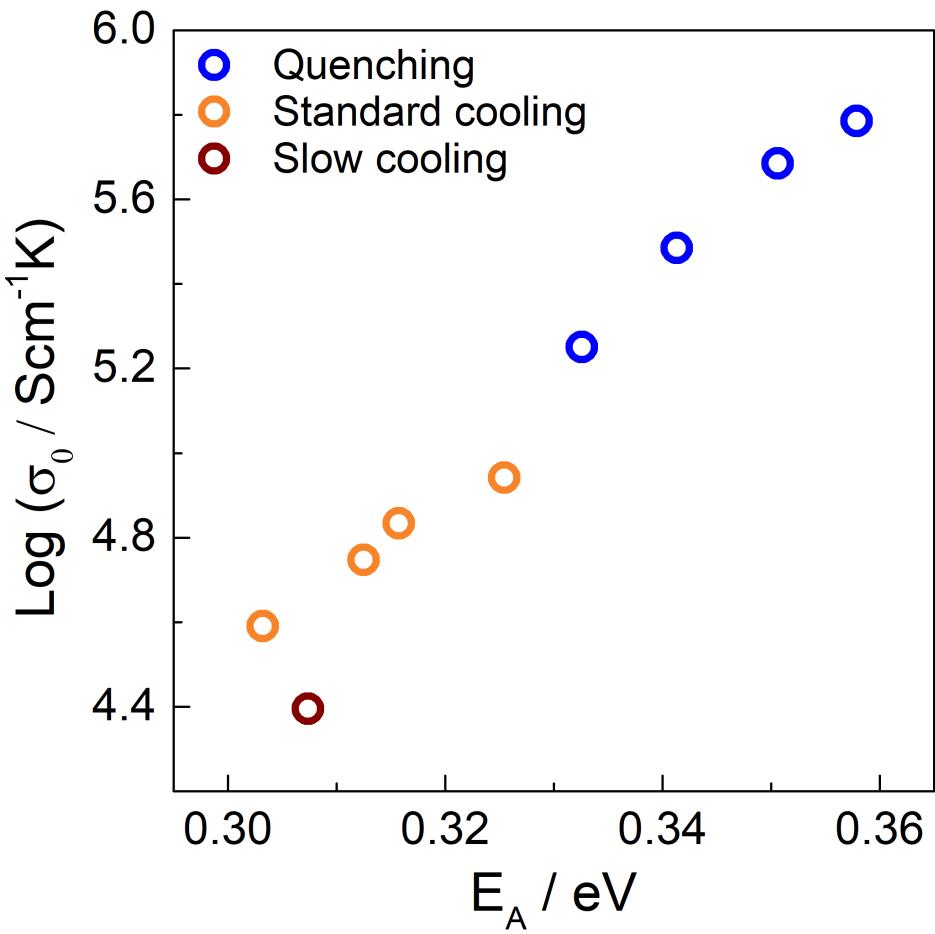


Figure S11: Meyer-Neldel plot of  $\log(\sigma_0)$  vs.  $E_A$ , showing the enthalpy-entropy compensation of the prefactor with the activation barrier.