## Electronic supplementary information

# Achieving Conformational Control in Room-Temperature Phosphorescence and Thermally Activated Delayed Fluorescence Emitters by Functionalization of the Central Core 

Nadzeya A. Kukhta, ${ }^{\text {a } *}$ Rongjuan Huang, ${ }^{\text {b }}$. Andrei S. Batsanov, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Martin R. Bryce, ${ }^{\text {a } *}$ Fernando B. Dias ${ }^{\text {b }}$ *<br>${ }^{a}$ Department of Chemistry, Durham University, South Road, Durham, DH1 3LE, UK<br>${ }^{b}$ Department of Physics, Durham University, South Road, Durham, DH1 3LE, UK

Contents ..... Page
S1. Synthesis and Characterization ..... 2
S1a. General procedures ..... 2
S1b. Synthesis and characterization ..... 2
S1c. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra ..... 9
S2. Thermal properties ..... 16
S3. X-ray crystallography ..... 16
S4. Theoretical calculations ..... 18
S5. Cyclic Voltammetry Measurements ..... 23
S6. Photophysical Characterization ..... 24
S7. Computational atomic coordinates ..... 27
References ..... 33

## S1. Synthesis and characterization

## S1a. General procedures

All reactions were carried out under an argon atmosphere unless otherwise stated. Starting materials were purchased commercially and were used as received. Solvents were dried using an Innovative Technology solvent purification system and were stored in ampules under argon. TLC analysis was carried out using Merck Silica gel 60 F254 TLC plates and spots were visualized using a TLC lamp emitting at 365,312 or 254 nm . Silica gel column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 purchased from Sigma Aldrich. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectroscopy was carried out on Bruker AV400, Varian VNMRS 500 and 700, and Varian Inova 500 NMR spectrometers. Residual solvent peaks were referenced as described in the literature, ${ }^{1}$ and all NMR data was processed in MestReNova V10. Melting points were carried out on a Stuart SMP40 machine with a ramping rate of $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{min}^{-1}$. Videos were replayed manually to accurately determine the melting point. High resolution mass spectrometry was carried out on a Waters LCT Premier XE using ASAP ionization. Samples were analyzed directly as solids using $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Elemental analysis was obtained on an Exeter Analytical E-440 machine.

## S1b. Synthesis and characterization




Scheme S1. Synthetic route to $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\text {B BuTX-PTZ }}$

## 2,7-Di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene (1)

2,7-Di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene was prepared according the literature ${ }^{2}$ and isolated as a pale yellow waxy solid ( 3.9 g , yield $95 \%$ ).
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 7.60(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.40(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.26(\mathrm{td}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 1.76(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.37(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 149.6,142.2$, $130.0,127.0,123.2,121.7,40.9,34.9,31.6,25.3$.

## 2,7-Di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide (2)

2,7-Di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide was prepared according the procedure described in literature. ${ }^{3}$ To a stirring solution of 2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9 H thioxanthene (1) $(1.50 \mathrm{~g}, 4.43 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{AcOH}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ was slowly added $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(35 \mathrm{wt} \%$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 40 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 2 h and left to cool to room temperature, resulting in the crystallization of pure product, collected by filtration and washed with water and MeOH . White crystalline solid ( 1.62 g , yield $98 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 8.14-$ $8.10(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.53(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.3, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.92(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.38(\mathrm{~s}$, $18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{3} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 145.6,134.1,124.6,124.1,122.3,39.6,36.4,31.2,30.0$.

## 3,6-Dibromo-2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide (3)

To a stirring solution of 2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide (2) $(0.80 \mathrm{~g}, 2.16 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(30 \mathrm{~mL}) \mathrm{N}$-bromosuccinimide ( $\left.0.84 \mathrm{~g}, 4.72 \mathrm{mmol}\right)$ was added in small portions over the period of 30 min . After being stirred at room temperature for 24 h , the reaction mixture was poured onto crushed ice. The precipitate that formed was filtered and dried in vacuum to afford the product as a yellowish solid ( 0.61 g , yield $53 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 8.33(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.88(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.57(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 Hz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 153.0,144.2,135.2,131.0,125.5,121.5,39.4,37.6,30.7,29.4$. HRMS-ASAP-TOF ${ }^{+}$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 528.0126$, found: 528.0229.

## 3,6-Dibromo-2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene (4)

Under the argon atmosphere, a solution of DIBAL-H in toluene ( $1 \mathrm{M}, 14.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 12.8 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added slowly to a stirring solution of 3,6-dibromo-2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9 H -thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide (3) $(1.50 \mathrm{~g}, 2.57 \mathrm{mmol})$ in toluene $(30 \mathrm{~mL})$ at room temperature. After refluxing for 21 h , the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and ethanol (1
mL ) was cautiously added, followed by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(4 \mathrm{~mL})$ and concentrated $\mathrm{HCl}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layer was separated and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. After purification by column chromatography (eluent hexane:DCM 5: $1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) and drying in vacuum the product was obtained as a yellowish oil $(0.64 \mathrm{~g}$, yield $50 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , acetone- $\mathrm{d}_{6}$ ) $\delta: 7.72(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.69(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.69(\mathrm{~s}$, 6 H ), $1.54(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz , acetone- $\mathrm{d}_{6}$ ) $\delta 145.8,141.2,133.1,131.3,124.7,119.4$, $40.5,36.6,30.8,24.2$. HRMS-ASAP-TOF ${ }^{+} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 494.0278$, found: 494.0104.

## 10,10'-(2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-3,6-diyl)bis(10H-phenothiazine) (m-tBuTX-PTZ)

3,6-Dibromo-2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene $\mathbf{4}(0.39 \mathrm{~g}, 0.78 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and$ phenothiazine ( $0.375 \mathrm{~g}, 1.88 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.4 \mathrm{eq}$.) were dried under vacuum for 30 min in a two-neck round-bottomed 100 mL flask fitted with a reflux condenser. The flask was back-filled with argon for 30 min , then toluene ( 25 mL ), $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} \cdot \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}(39 \mathrm{mg}, 0.0375 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.05 \mathrm{eq}$.) and $\mathrm{HP} t-\mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{BF}_{4}(22 \mathrm{mg}, 0.0785 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1 \mathrm{eq}$.) were added and the reaction mixture was bubbled with argon for $30 \mathrm{~min} . t-\mathrm{BuONa}(0.226 \mathrm{~g}, 2.35 \mathrm{mmol}, 3 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was added under a high flow of$ argon and the reaction was heated then to $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (DrySyn kit temperature) with stirring for 21 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was extracted with DCM. Afterwards the organic layer was dried above $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude mixture was purified by silica gel chromatography with gradient elution from $15 \% \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ DCM/hexane switching to $100 \% \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ in $10 \%$ increasing increments. Removal of solvent under reduced pressure resulted in product as an off-white solid. Recrystallization from $\mathrm{DCM} /$ methanol $1 / 5 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ gave pale yellow crystals suitable for X ray analysis $(0.10 \mathrm{~g}$, yield $17.5 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \delta: 7.95(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.30(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 7.10 (dd, 4H, $J=7.43 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.69 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 6.90-6.93 (m, 4H), 6.86-6.88 (m, 4H), 6.23 (dd, 4H, $J$ $=8.10 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.34 \mathrm{~Hz}), 1.89(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.37(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \delta: 147.8$, $146.1,142.9,137.0,133.3,131.86,127.1,127.1,126.4,123.0,120.7,116.9,41.6,36.0,31.3$, 25.6. HRMS-ASAP $+\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{47} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}[\mathrm{M}]+733.06$, found:733.27. m.p. $=381-$ $383{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


Scheme S2. Synthetic route to $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{-}$BuTX-PTZ

## 2,7-Di-tert-butyl-4,5-dibromo-9,9-dimethylthioxanthene (5)

2,7-Di-tert-butyl-4,5-dibromo-9,9-dimethylthioxanthene was prepared according the literature ${ }^{2}$ and isolated as pale pink crystals ( 2.7 g , yield $92 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 7.54$ (d, $2 \mathrm{H}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $7.51(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 1.70(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.35(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 151.0,143.3,130.7,127.6,122.2,120.5,42.3,34.9,31.3,25.4$.

## 10,10'-(2,7-Di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-4,5-diyl)bis(10H-phenothiazine) (o-tBuTX-PTZ)

2,7-Di-tert-butyl-4,5-dibromo-9,9-dimethylthioxanthene 5 ( $0.50 \mathrm{~g}, 1.03 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{eq}$.) and phenothiazine ( $0.48 \mathrm{~g}, 2.40 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.4 \mathrm{eq}$.) were dried under vacuum for 30 min in a two-neck round-bottomed 100 mL flask fitted with a reflux condenser. The flask was back-filled with argon for 30 min , then $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} \cdot \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\left(51 \mathrm{mg}, 0.05 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.05 \mathrm{eq}\right.$.) and HPt - $-\mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{BF}_{4}(29 \mathrm{mg}$, $0.10 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1 \mathrm{eq}$.) were added and the reaction mixture was bubbled with argon for 30 min . $t$ - BuONa ( $0.29 \mathrm{~g}, 3.11 \mathrm{mmol}, 3 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added under a high flow of argon and the reaction was heated then to $115{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (DrySyn kit temperature) with stirring for 17 h . After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$. Afterwards the organic layer was dried above $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude mixture was purified by silica gel chromatography with gradient elution from $40 \% \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3} /$ hexane switching to $100 \% \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ in $10 \%$ increasing increments. Removal of solvent under reduced pressure resulted in product as a yellow solid. Recrystallization from a boiling mixture of dichloromethane and hexane ( $1 / 3 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) gave pure product as a white crystalline solid ( 0.37 g , yield $51 \%$ ). The crystals were suitable for X-ray analysis. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$ ס: $7.72(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.32(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.87(\mathrm{dd}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.64$
$(\mathrm{t}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.58(\mathrm{dt}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 5.94(\mathrm{dd}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $1.76(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.38(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) $\delta: 151.4,145.1,143.1,137.0,131.0$, $127.5,126.9,126.8,122.8,121.9,120.9,115.3,41.8,35.3,31.6,25.8$. HRMS-ASAP+ m/z calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{47} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}[M]+733.06$, found:733.27. Calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{47} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}$ : C 77.01, H 6.05 , N 3.82; found C 77.08, H 6.01, N 3.75. m.p. 373-375 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.



Scheme S3. Synthetic route to $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ

## 9,9-Dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide (6) ${ }^{3}$

To a stirring solution of 9,9-dimethylthioxanthene ( $2.0 \mathrm{~g}, 8.98 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $\mathrm{AcOH}(60 \mathrm{~mL})$ was slowly added $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ ( $35 \mathrm{wt} \%$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 50 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 2 h and left to cool to room temperature, resulting in the crystallization of pure product, which was collected by filtration and washed with water and MeOH to give awhite crystalline solid (2.10 g, yield $91 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 8.22(\mathrm{dd}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 7.77 (dd, $2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.62(\mathrm{td}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.53(\mathrm{td}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=$ 1.1 Hz ), $1.91(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 145.8,136.8,132.8,127.5,125.7,124.3$, 39.2, 30.9.

## 3,6-Dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10-dioxide (7) ${ }^{4}$

9,9-Dimethylthioxanthene-10,10-dioxide $\mathbf{6}(1.59 \mathrm{~g}, 5.81 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(35 \mathrm{~mL})$ and N -bromosuccinimide ( $2.06 \mathrm{~g}, 11.6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added slowly over 1 h . The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously for a further 24 h at room temperature. After that, the reaction mixture was poured over ice, resulting in a white precipitate. The resulting solid was recrystallized from ethanol to give white crystals ( 1.50 g , yield $62 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 8.31(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.74(\mathrm{dd}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.63(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.7$ Hz ), $1.87(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta: 144.2,137.9,135.8,127.5,127.2,121.5$, 39.1, 30.4 .

## 3,6-Dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene (8)

Under an argon atmosphere, a solution of DIBAL-H in toluene ( $1 \mathrm{M}, 7.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 7.2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was slowly added to a stirring solution of 3,6-dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-10,10dioxide $7(0.6 \mathrm{~g}, 1.44 \mathrm{mmol})$ in toluene $(15 \mathrm{~mL})$ at room temperature. After refluxing for 21 h , the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and $\mathrm{EtOH}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was cautiously added, followed by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(4 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{HCl}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layer was separated and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure to yield the product as a colorless oil ( 0.5 g , yield $90 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$ $\delta: 7.56(\mathrm{dd}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=0.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.37(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=0.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 1.63$ $(\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) $\delta: 141.8,137.7,136.0,127.0,126.3,124.5,40.4,25.1$. HRMS-ASAP-TOF+ m/z calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]+381.9026$, found: 381.8917.

## (3,6-Dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-2,7-diyl)bis(phenylmethanone) (9)

Benzoyl chloride ( $0.45 \mathrm{~mL}, 3.9 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was cautiously added dropwise to the solution of 3,6-dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene $\mathbf{8}(0.5 \mathrm{~g}, 1.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}(0.52 \mathrm{~g}, 3.9 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry dichloromethane $(30 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under argon atmosphere. Afterwards the temperature was raised to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After being stirred for 24 h at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layer was dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using hexane/DCM ( $1 / 1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) eluent mixture. After precipitation in
methanol, the product was obtained as the off-white solid ( 0.43 g , yield $55 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) $\delta: 7.80-7.83(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 7.65-7.69(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.50-7.54(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.68(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, $\mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) $\delta: 195.2,141.1,139.1,136.2,135.7,133.8,131.0,130.1,128.7$, 125.6, 117.1, 40.3, 24.6. HRMS-ASAP-TOF+ m/z calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]+$ 591.9530, found: 591.9001.

## (9,9-Dimethyl-3,6-di(10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)-9H-thioxanthene-2,7-diyl)bis(phenylmethanone) ( $m$-BTX-PTZ)

(3,6-Dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-2,7-diyl)bis(phenylmethanone) $9(0.10 \mathrm{~g}, 0.17$ $\mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and phenothiazine ( 0.074 \mathrm{~g}, 0.37 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.2 \mathrm{eq}$.) were dried under vacuum for 30 min in a two-neck round-bottomed 100 mL flask fitted with a reflux condenser. The flask was back-filled with argon for 30 min , then toluene ( 20 mL ), $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} \cdot \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}(8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.008 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.05 eq.) and $\mathrm{HP}^{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{BF}_{4}(5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.016 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1$ eq.) were added and the reaction mixture was bubbled with argon for 30 min . ${ }^{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{BuONa}(0.048 \mathrm{~g}, 0.504 \mathrm{mmol}, 3 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added under a high flow of argon and the reaction was heated then to $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (DrySyn kit temperature) with stirring for 21 h . After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc. Afterwards the organic layer was dried above $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude mixture was purified by silica gel chromatography with gradient elution from $70 \% \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ DCM/hexane switching to $100 \%$ DCM in $10 \%$ increasing increments. Removal of solvent under reduced pressure resulted in product as a white solid. Precipitation from DCM to methanol gave a yellow solid ( 0.11 g , yield $78 \%$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) $\delta: 7.93(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.75(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.58-7.60(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.42(\mathrm{tt}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, J=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}), 7.17-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 6.90(\mathrm{dd}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.89(\mathrm{dd}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=7.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.84(\mathrm{dd}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.78(\mathrm{td}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $6.37(\mathrm{dd}, 4 \mathrm{H}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 1.89(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) $\delta: 195.9$, $143.9,142.9,139.4,137.3,136.8,136.6,133.3,132.3,129.9,128.3,128.2,127.0,126.9,123.2$, 121.21, 116.4, 41.3, 25.4. MALDI-TOF m/z calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{53} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}[\mathrm{MH}]+828.19$, found:828.1. m.p. $=290-292^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

S1c. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra
3,6-Dibromo-2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene 10,10-dioxide (3)


## 3,6-Dibromo-2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene (4)



10,10'-(2,7-di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-3,6-diyl)bis(10H-phenothiazine) ( $\boldsymbol{m}^{-}$'BuTX-PTZ)


10,10'-(2,7-Di-tert-butyl-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-4,5-diyl)bis(10H-phenothiazine) (o- ${ }^{-}$BuTX-PTZ)


## 3,6-Dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene (8)




(3,6-Dibromo-9,9-dimethyl-9H-thioxanthene-2,7-diyl)bis(phenylmethanone) (9)



(9,9-Dimethyl-3,6-di(10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)-9H-thioxanthene-2,7-diyl)bis(phenylmethanone) ( $m$-BTX-PTZ)


## S2. Thermal properties



Figure S1. TGA analysis under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with ramping temperature at $10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{min}^{-1}$ for compounds $\boldsymbol{o}^{-t}$ BuTX-PTZ, $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{t}$ BuTX-PTZ and $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ with reported $5 \% \mathrm{wt}$. loss values.

Thermal stability of the derivatives was probed by thermal gravimetric analysis (TGA). The TGA curves along with the decomposition temperatures $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{d}}\right)$ at the $5 \% \mathrm{wt}$. loss points are presented in Figure S1. The $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{d}}$ values increase in the sequence $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ $<\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX$\mathbf{P T Z}<\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ. While the $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{d}}$ values of tert-butyl substituted compounds are similar with $\boldsymbol{m}^{\boldsymbol{t}}{ }^{\mathbf{B}}$ 'tXX-PTZ having by $6{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ higher decomposition temperature than $\boldsymbol{o}^{\boldsymbol{t}}{ }^{\mathbf{B}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ, introduction of bulkier benzoyl groups greatly improves thermal stability by increasing $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{d}}$ by ca. $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## S3. X-ray crystallography

X-ray diffraction experiments for $\boldsymbol{o}^{-} \boldsymbol{-}^{\boldsymbol{T}} \mathbf{B u T X}-\mathbf{P T Z}$ and $\boldsymbol{m}^{-t} \mathbf{t}^{\boldsymbol{B}} \mathbf{B T X}-\mathbf{P T Z} \cdot{ }^{1} / 4 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ were carried out on a Bruker 3-circle D8 Venture diffractometer with a PHOTON 100 CMOS area detector, using $\mathrm{Mo}-\mathrm{K} \alpha$ or $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{K} \alpha$ radiation from Incoatec $\mathrm{I} \mu \mathrm{S}$ microsources with focussing mirrors. Crystals were cooled using a Cryostream (Oxford Cryosystems) open-flow $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas cryostat. The data were processed using APEX3 v.2016.1-0 and reflection intensities integrated using SAINT v8.38A software (Bruker AXS, 2016). $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ was studied at Beamline I19 of Diamond Light Source (RAL) on a dual air-bearing fixed- $\chi$ diffractometer with pixel-array
photon-counting Dectris Pilatus 2M detector, ${ }^{5}$ using undulator radiation monochromated with double-crystal $\mathrm{Si}(111)$. The crystal was cryo-mounted using remote-controlled BART robot ${ }^{6}$ and cooled using a Cryostream $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas cryostat. The diffraction images were converted to Bruker format using cbf_to_sfrm.py program ${ }^{6}$ and further processed with APEX3 and SAINT software (vide supra).
$\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ $\cdot 1 / 4 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ crystallized as 2 -component non-merohedral twins related by a $180^{\circ}$ rotation about the $z^{*}$ axis (twin law -1 $00 / 0-10 / 0.52601$, the component ratio 0.625:0.375). The data were deconvoluted using CELL_NOW 2008/4 program and scaled using TWINABS 2012/1 program (G.M. Sheldrick, Bruker AXS). For the other compounds, the data were corrected for absorption by semi-empirical method based on Laue equivalents and multiple scans using SADABS 2016/2 program. ${ }^{7}$ The structures were solved by direct methods using SHELXS 2013/1 software ${ }^{8}$ ( $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ• $1 / 4 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ by dual-space intrinsic phasing method using SHELXT 2018/2 program ${ }^{9}$ ), and refined by full-matrix least squares using SHELXL 2018/3 software ${ }^{10}$ on OLEX2 platform. ${ }^{11}$

The asymmetric unit of $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{T}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ $\cdot{ }^{1 / 4} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ comprises two host molecules of similar conformations and a DCM molecule with $50 \%$ occupancy.

Table S1. Crystal data and experimental details

| Compound | o-BuTXPTZ | m-BuTXPTZ-dcm | m-BuTXPTZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CCDC | 1935514 | 1935515 | 1935516 |
| Formula | $\mathrm{C}_{47} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{47} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3} \cdot 1 / 4 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{47} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{3}$ |
| $D_{\text {calc. }} / \mathrm{g} \mathrm{cm}^{-3}$ | 1.257 | 1.288 | 1.273 |
| $\mu / \mathrm{mm}^{-1}$ | 0.23 | 2.33 | 0.21 |
| Formula Weight | 733.02 | 754.25 | 733.02 |
| T/K | 120 | 120 | 100 |
| Crystal System | triclinic | monoclinic | orthorhombic |
| Space Group | $P-1$ (no. 2) | $P 2_{1 / c}$ (no. 14) | Pccn (no. 56) |
| $a / \AA$ | 9.4919(6) | 20.322(3) | 20.2149(8) |
| b/Å | 10.7313(7) | 16.976(2) | $22.3756(9)$ |
| $c / \AA ̊$ | 20.4159(13) | 23.167(2) | 16.9054(7) |
| $\alpha /^{\circ}$ | 90.284(3) | 90 | 90 |
| $\beta /^{\circ}$ | 96.059(3) | 103.246(6) | 90 |
| $\gamma 1^{\circ}$ | 110.388(3) | 90 | 90 |
| $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{A}^{3}$ | 1936.5(2) | 7779.9(16) | 7646.7(5) |
| Z | 2 | 8 | 8 |
| $\lambda / \AA$ | 0.71073 | 1.54184 | 0.6889 |
| Radiation type | Mo-K ${ }_{\alpha}$ | $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{K}_{\alpha}$ | synchrotron |
| $2 \Theta_{\max } /{ }^{\circ}$ | 55 | 120 | 58 |
| Refls. total | 36687 | 58898 | 124320 |
| Refls. unique | 8880 | 15027 | 11236 |
| Refls with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ | 6504 | 8845 | 9108 |
| $R_{\text {int }}$ | 0.052 | 0.148 | 0.087 |
| Parameters/restraints | 486, 0 | 981, 901 | 485, 0 |
| $\Delta \rho / \mathrm{e}^{-3}$ | 0.42, -0.37 | 0.76, -0.54 | 0.65, -0.51 |
| Goodness of fit | 1.029 | 1.061 | 1.079 |
| $R_{1}, w R_{2}[I>2 \sigma(I)]$ | 0.041, 0.090 | 0.098, 0.245 | 0.047, 0.121 |
| $\underline{R_{1}, w R_{2} \text { (all data) }}$ | 0.069, 0.010 | 0.177, 0.280 | 0.058, 0.128 |

## S4. Theoretical calculations

The optimized ground state structures, the HOMO/LUMO maps and the main computed parameters of the most stable conformers (syn-syn, anti-anti and syn-anti) are presented in Figure S2 and Table S2. Interestingly, the conformers feature slightly different HOMO/LUMO wavefunction distributions and energies, with the lowest Еномо detected for the most stable conformer in the case of each compound (Table S2). Comparing the energy difference between the conformers of each type, it can be concluded that for $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{\text {tBuTX-PTZ }}$ and $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ the folding of the PTZ units inwards/outwards is almost barrierless ( 0.006 0.081 eV ). In turn, the PTZ folding barrier in $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ is much higher (up to 0.3 eV , Table S2) due to the presence of bulkier benzoyl groups. These observations point to the potential superposition of syn/anti conformers in the solutions and solid films of these compounds. The conformers can undergo mutual transformation in the case of tert-butyl-substituted $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{t}$ BuTXPTZ and $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{-}$BuTX-PTZ due to a negligible barrier, whereas the conformers form
independently after the synthesis of $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ (larger barrier). The effects of the syn/anti conformers on the photophysics of the presented molecules will be discussed in Section S6.
(b)
m- ${ }^{\text {t BuTX }}$-PTZ


HOMO $\longrightarrow$ LUMO



Figure S2. Ground state optimized geometries and HOMO/LUMO distributions of possible conformers of (a) $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ, (b) $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ and (c) $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ (rBMK/6-31G(d)).

Table S2. Important calculated parameters of the possible conformers of $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ, $\boldsymbol{o}$ ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ and $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ (TDA-DFT rBMK/6-61G(d)).

|  | $\Delta E^{\text {a }} /[\mathrm{eV}]$ | Еномо / [eV] | $\mathbf{E}_{\text {Lumo }} /[\mathrm{eV}]$ | $\mathrm{S}_{1} /[\mathrm{eV}]$ | $f_{\text {s0-S }}{ }^{\text {b }}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{1} /[\mathrm{eV}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $o-$-BuTX-PTZ-(a) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0 | -5.47 | -0.06 | 3.95 | 0.0000 | 3.44 |
| $o-{ }^{\text {t }}$ BuTX-PTZ-(b) | 0.031 | -5.44 | -0.06 | 3.88 | 0.0000 | 3.31 |
| $o-{ }^{\text {t }}$ - ${ }^{\text {duTX-PTZ-(c) }}$ | 0.006 | -5.40 | -0.03 | 3.89 | 0.0042 | 3.32 |
| m-'BuTX-PTZ-(a) | 0 | -5.68 | -0.18 | 3.87 | 0.0005 | 3.35 |
| m-'BuTX-PTZ-(b) | 0.081 | -5.59 | -0.13 | 3.79 | 0.0097 | 3.22 |
| $m$-'BuTX-PTZ-(c) | 0.042 | -5.62 | -0.12 | 3.79 | 0.0069 | 3.22 |
| m-BTX-PTZ-(a) | 0 | -5.86 | -1.14 | 3.36 | 0.0131 | 3.18 |
| $m$-BTX-PTZ-(b) | 0.296 | -5.61 | -1.21 | 3.09 | 0.0081 | 2.96 |
| m-BTX-PTZ-(c) | 0.149 | -5.62 | -1.18 | 3.08 | 0.0067 | 2.97 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Energy difference between the conformers. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Oscillator strength. Zero stands for the minimum energy conformer. ${ }^{\text {c }} \mathbf{( a ) , ( b )}$ and (c) refer to the syn/syn, anti/anti and syn/anti conformers, respectively, identified in Figure S1.


Figure S3. Selected set of singlet and triplet NTOs of the minimum energy conformers of $\boldsymbol{m}$ ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ, $\boldsymbol{o}^{-t}$ BuTX-PTZ and $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ (TDA-DFT rBMK/6-61G(d)).

The UV/Vis spectra were also calculated for the possible syn/anti conformers of the derivatives (Figure S4). Up to 7 nm red-shift, narrowing of the absorption spectra and a change in the $\mathrm{S}_{0}$ $S_{1}$ transition oscillator strength (Table S2) were observed with the change of the conformation of the PTZ unit. Thus, it can be speculated that in the experimental spectra the average absorption of all the possible conformers is detected. Interestingly, the profile and position of absorption bands remain almost unchanged for $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ, suggesting that introduction of the stronger acceptor and CT enhancement help to stabilize the optical characteristics. Evidently, different spectral profiles of the syn/anti conformers also imply a change in the NTO distribution.


Figure S4. Theoretically predicted UV/Vis absorption spectra of possible conformers of (a) $\boldsymbol{o}$ -


## S5. Cyclic voltammetry measurements

Electrochemical measurements were performed in solutions of $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Bu}_{4} \mathrm{NBF}_{4}$ ( $99 \%$, Sigma Aldrich, dried) in dichloromethane (DCM, 99.9\%, Extra Dry, stabilized, AcroSeal®, Acros Organics) at room temperature. Solutions were prepared with 1.0 mM concentrations of the D-A-D compounds and purged with nitrogen prior to measurement. The electrochemical cell comprised three electrodes: working (Pt disc 1 mm of diameter), counter ( Pt wire), reference $(\mathrm{Ag} / \mathrm{AgCl})$. All cyclic voltammetry $(\mathrm{CV})$ measurements were performed at room temperature with a potential scan rate of $50 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{s}$ and calibrated against a ferrocene/ferrocenium $\left(\mathrm{Fc} / \mathrm{Fc}^{+}\right)$ redox couple.

The onset potential was determined from the intersection of two tangents drawn at the rising and background current of the CV. The ionization potential (IP) was calculated from the oxidation ( $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{ox}}$ ) potential, using the following equation: $\mathrm{IP}=\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{ox}}+5.1 .{ }^{14} \mathrm{HOMO}$ energy levels were determined using CV analysis by the estimation of IPs which are similar to the HOMO energies. ${ }^{15}$ As the reduction potentials were out of range even in DMF solution, LUMO energies were calculated according to the optical band gap $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{g}}$, which was determined from the onset of the UV-Vis absorption band in DCM.


Figure S5. Cyclic voltammograms of the investigated molecules $\boldsymbol{o}-{ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ, $\boldsymbol{m}-{ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTXPTZ and $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ with 1 mM concentration in DCM solution.
 and $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ.

| Molecule | HOMO (eV) | LUMO (eV) | $\boldsymbol{E}_{\mathrm{g}}(\mathbf{e V})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol { o }}$ - $\mathbf{H}$ BuTX-PTZ | -5.26 | -1.89 | 3.37 |
| $\boldsymbol{m}$ - $\mathbf{-}$ BuTX-PTZ | -5.34 | -1.91 | 3.43 |
| $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ | -5.35 | -2.03 | 3.37 |

While only a single reversible oxidation peak is observed for the meta-substituted $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{T}}$ BuTXPTZ and $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ, interestingly, two reversible oxidation processes are detected for $\boldsymbol{o}$ ${ }^{t}$ BuTX-PTZ. We tentatively attribute the appearance of the second peak to the additional through-space interaction of the phenothiazine donors induced by ortho-substitution.

## S6. Photophysical characterization

Two types of samples were studied in this work: solutions ( $10^{-4}$ to $10^{-5} \mathrm{M}$ ) and films produced in zeonex ( $1 \% w / w$ ) or DPEPO ( $10 \% w / w$ ). All of the solutions were diluted in different solvents (ethanol, dichloromethane, toluene and methylcyclohexane) and stirred for up to 24 h . Films in matrix were fabricated by drop-casting onto sapphire substrates. Steady-state absorption and emission spectra were acquired using a UV-3600 Shimadzu spectrophotometer and a Jobin Yvon Horiba Fluoromax 3, respectively. PLQYs were recorded using a QE Pro Spectrophotometer (Ocean Optics) using 365 nm excitation.

Prompt fluorescence (PF), delayed fluorescence (DF) and phosphorescence spectra and timeresolved decays were recorded using nanosecond gated luminescence and lifetime measurements (from 800 ps to 1 s ) with either a high energy pulsed Nd:YAG laser emitting at 355 nm (EKSPLA) or a $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ laser emitting at 337 nm with pulse width of 170 ps . Emission was focused onto a spectrograph equipped with 300 lines $/ \mathrm{mm}$ grating of 500 nm blaze wavelength and detected on a sensitive gated iCCD camera (Stanford Computer Optics) with subnanosecond resolution. Time-resolved measurements were performed by exponentially increasing the gate and delay times. The delay and integration times are chosen in a way that the next delay is set at a time longer than the previous delay+integration time. Therefore, no temporal overlap exists between the spectra corresponding to successive delays. The curve obtained directly from this process does not represent the real luminescence decay. However, this is easily corrected by integrating the measured spectra and dividing the integral by the corresponding integration time. In this way, each experimental point represents a snap-shot of the number of photons emitted per second at a time $t=$ delay + (integration time) $/ 2$. The
luminescence decay is then obtained by plotting each experimental point versus time, and fitting with sum of exponentials when required. In this way the entire emission spectrum decaying over 8 decades is collected in a single experiment. ${ }^{12}$ For initial development of these methods see previously published literature. ${ }^{13}$


Figure S6. The normalized absorption and emission spectra in various solvents of a) $\boldsymbol{o}-{ }^{t}$ BuTX$\mathbf{P T Z}$, b) $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ and c) $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ at room temperature. The second harmonic (650 nm ) in MCH is removed in c ).


Figure S7. The comparison of fluorescence (dotted line) and phosphorescence (solid line) spectra of a) $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathrm{BuTX}-\mathrm{PTZ}$ and b) $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}-\mathrm{PTZ}$ in zeonex matrix ( $1 \mathrm{wt} \%$ ) with the corresponding donor PTZ unit, all collected at 80 K .


Figure S8. Fluorescence (dot) and phosphorescence (solid) spectra of a) $\boldsymbol{o}-{ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ, b) $\boldsymbol{m}$ ${ }^{t}$ BuTX-PTZ and c) $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ in zeonex ( $1 \mathrm{wt} \%$, red) and DPEPO ( $10 \mathrm{wt} \%$, blue), all collected at 80 K .


Figure S9. Time-resolved decays of a) $\boldsymbol{o}-{ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}$-PTZ and b) $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}}$ BuTX-PTZ in zeonex matrix $(1 \mathrm{wt} \%)$ at room temperature in oxygen-free condition. Time-resolved spectra of c) $\boldsymbol{o}$ - ${ }^{-}$BuTX$\mathbf{P T Z}$ and d) $\boldsymbol{m}$ - ${ }^{\boldsymbol{t}} \mathbf{B u T X}-\mathbf{P T Z}$ in zeonex films, showing prompt fluorescence (red, 1.1 ns ) collected at 290 K and phosphorescence $(56.2 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) recorded at 290 K (green) and 80 K (blue).


Figure S10. DF intensity as a function of laser influence of $\boldsymbol{m}$-BTX-PTZ in a) zeonex matrix ( $1 \mathrm{wt} \%$ ) and b) DPEPO ( $10 \mathrm{wt} \%$ ), recorded at delay and integration times of $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 1 \mathrm{~ms}$ and 0.5 $\mu \mathrm{s} / 2 \mathrm{~ms}$, respectively, at room temperature.

## S7. Computational atomic coordinates

## $o^{t}{ }^{t}$ BuTX-PTZ

| C | 3.82144000 | 1.27713400 | 0.01738300 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| C | 1.37993300 | 1.15556500 | -0.01721200 |
| C | 1.30497200 | 2.55770400 | -0.02180100 |
| C | 2.51981100 | 3.27846400 | -0.00786500 |
| C | 3.78409200 | 2.68171800 | 0.01398100 |
| C | -0.00007100 | 3.38307200 | -0.06162300 |
| C | -1.30507700 | 2.55766300 | -0.02193100 |
| C | -1.37999200 | 1.15552600 | -0.01729300 |
| C | -3.82150700 | 1.27704300 | 0.01715500 |
| C | -3.78419100 | 2.68163100 | 0.01375100 |
| C | -2.51992100 | 3.27840300 | -0.00806400 |
| H | 4.76745300 | 0.73785600 | 0.03210900 |
| H | 2.46256100 | 4.36147900 | -0.01559500 |
| H | -4.76750700 | 0.73774000 | 0.03181800 |
| H | -2.46268400 | 4.36142200 | -0.01579500 |
| C | 5.09892800 | 3.48503700 | 0.03591500 |
| C | 5.94310300 | 3.12364600 | -1.21380500 |
| C | 4.85484600 | 5.00988900 | 0.03149600 |
| C | 5.89743800 | 3.12366700 | 1.31553600 |
| H | 6.18295800 | 2.05310300 | -1.24303100 |
| H | 5.40178500 | 3.37743200 | -2.13505600 |
| H | 6.88962000 | 3.68183400 | -1.20451000 |
| H | 4.28082600 | 5.33071500 | 0.91115800 |
| H | 5.81945100 | 5.53360100 | 0.05159200 |
| H | 4.31870600 | 5.33154600 | -0.87141100 |
| H | 6.84123200 | 3.68578200 | 1.34283300 |
| H | 5.32083900 | 3.37233200 | 2.21652700 |
| H | 6.14052500 | 2.05401700 | 1.35066800 |


| C | -5.09903800 | 3.48492600 | 0.03563700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | -5.89755500 | 3.12356800 | 1.31526700 |
| C | -4.85497200 | 5.00977800 | 0.03120900 |
| C | -5.94319300 | 3.12350800 | -1.21408200 |
| H | -6.14061400 | 2.05391300 | 1.35042400 |
| H | -5.32096500 | 3.37227300 | 2.21625400 |
| H | -6.84136000 | 3.68566500 | 1.34254300 |
| H | -4.31876200 | 5.33144000 | -0.87165600 |
| H | -5.81958700 | 5.53348400 | 0.05120000 |
| H | -4.28105100 | 5.33063500 | 0.91092200 |
| H | -6.88971600 | 3.68168400 | -1.20479800 |
| H | -5.40187000 | 3.37729100 | -2.13533200 |
| H | -6.18303700 | 2.05296200 | -1.24330300 |
| C | -0.00021900 | 4.34909300 | 1.16282200 |
| H | -0.88430700 | 4.99615400 | 1.15552900 |
| H | -0.00018800 | 3.77574600 | 2.09817300 |
| H | 0.88369900 | 4.99638400 | 1.15560300 |
| C | -0.00003000 | 4.20866900 | -1.38537200 |
| H | 0.00009900 | 3.53545200 | -2.25171900 |
| H | -0.88630200 | 4.85092500 | -1.44924400 |
| H | 0.88613600 | 4.85108200 | -1.44910100 |
| S | -0.00001600 | 0.02095900 | -0.03483000 |
| C | 2.93158100 | -1.55675200 | 1.23872100 |
| C | 2.96133200 | $-1.55313600$ | -1.23484900 |
| C | 3.33322100 | -0.84839000 | 2.38673100 |
| C | 2.75051900 | -2.95199400 | 1.35246400 |
| C | 2.78233400 | -2.94806400 | -1.35683200 |
| C | 3.39098800 | -0.84193500 | -2.37103000 |
| C | 3.55465800 | -1.51199400 | 3.59888300 |
| H | 3.46033600 | 0.22783900 | 2.33954400 |
| C | 3.01483600 | -3.61352800 | 2.55591700 |
| C | 3.07508200 | -3.60647500 | $-2.55539600$ |
| H | 3.51831400 | 0.23396200 | -2.31858000 |
| C | 3.64111700 | $-1.50251100$ | -3.57931300 |
| C | 3.40959800 | -2.89754500 | 3.69083100 |
| H | 3.85291700 | -0.93109600 | 4.46946600 |
| H | 2.88730000 | -4.69371000 | 2.59756400 |
| C | 3.49733800 | -2.88769000 | -3.67856800 |
| H | 2.94816700 | -4.68647400 | -2.60289900 |
| H | 3.96117900 | -0.91952300 | -4.44070800 |
| H | 3.59461700 | -3.41794600 | 4.62792100 |
| H | 3.70491100 | -3.40545400 | -4.61238500 |
| C | -2.96098200 | -1.55320600 | -1.23505200 |
| C | -2.93178200 | -1.55681400 | 1.23853900 |
| C | -3.39024600 | -0.84196800 | -2.37135200 |
| C | -2.78201500 | -2.94814000 | -1.35699600 |
| C | -2.75083600 | -2.95206300 | 1.35231600 |
| C | -3.33350500 | -0.84843600 | 2.38652300 |
| C | -3.64002700 | -1.50250100 | -3.57973400 |
| H | -3.51754200 | 0.23393400 | $-2.31889600$ |


| C | -3.07441900 | -3.60650600 | -2.55566700 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| C | -3.01535900 | -3.61358700 | 2.555573500 |
| H | -3.46052900 | 0.22780400 | 2.33934500 |
| C | -3.55514900 | -1.51202400 | 3.59863900 |
| C | -3.49628900 | -2.88768100 | -3.67896600 |
| H | -3.95978800 | -0.91947600 | -4.44121500 |
| H | -2.94755100 | -4.68651100 | -2.60316000 |
| C | -3.41021800 | -2.89759500 | 3.69060300 |
| H | -2.88791100 | -4.69378000 | 2.59737800 |
| H | -3.85347200 | -0.93110700 | 4.46918700 |
| H | -3.70358400 | -3.40543000 | -4.61285400 |
| H | -3.59540600 | -3.41798800 | 4.62766500 |
| C | 2.64823800 | 0.52818900 | 0.00105000 |
| C | -2.64828800 | 0.52812500 | 0.00091400 |
| N | -2.70008700 | -0.90319400 | -0.00011100 |
| N | 2.70003500 | -0.90313400 | 0.00002600 |
| S | -2.05743800 | -3.88130700 | -0.01179600 |
| S | 2.05728500 | -3.88112800 | -0.01180400 |

## m-'BuTX-PTZ

| C | -3.84419500 | 0.20419300 | -0.02670100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | -1.39229500 | 0.09559700 | 0.03149900 |
| C | -1.30499700 | 1.49249700 | -0.09700100 |
| C | -2.52389800 | 2.18449500 | -0.18350100 |
| C | -3.81089700 | 1.61039300 | -0.15650100 |
| C | 0.00030200 | 2.31969900 | -0.13800100 |
| C | 1.30600300 | 1.49380100 | -0.08960100 |
| C | 1.39370500 | 0.09670100 | 0.03659900 |
| C | 3.84560500 | 0.20650500 | -0.01510100 |
| C | 3.81200300 | 1.61340400 | -0.13880100 |
| C | 2.52480200 | 2.18680300 | -0.17020100 |
| H | -2.47180000 | 3.26459500 | -0.27460100 |
| H | 2.47180000 | 3.26700300 | -0.26090100 |
| C | 0.00360100 | 3.14929900 | -1.45840100 |
| H | 0.88630000 | 3.79620000 | -1.51550100 |
| H | 0.00950200 | 2.48099900 | -2.32840100 |
| H | -0.88330000 | 3.78959800 | -1.52260100 |
| C | -0.00420000 | 3.28329900 | 1.08839900 |
| H | -0.00719900 | 2.71019900 | 2.02379900 |
| H | 0.88149900 | 3.92960000 | 1.08399900 |
| H | -0.89010100 | 3.92919800 | 1.07789900 |
| S | 0.00090700 | -1.01140100 | 0.18699900 |
| C | -5.52969300 | -0.93770900 | 1.31239900 |
| C | -5.49999300 | -1.19640900 | -1.14840100 |
| C | -4.73679400 | -0.77500800 | 2.46649900 |
| C | -6.82349300 | $-1.48221100$ | 1.47819900 |
| C | -6.79209200 | -1.76501100 | -1.22900100 |
| C | -4.67849300 | 7680800 |  |


| C | -5.21059300 | -1.15620900 | 3.72669900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | -3.74489400 | -0.34460600 | 2.38149900 |
| C | -7.27349200 | -1.89811200 | 2.73519900 |
| C | -7.21269100 | -2.43231100 | -2.38360100 |
| H | -3.68639400 | -0.83950600 | -2.27480100 |
| C | -5.12309200 | -1.91100800 | -3.45660100 |
| C | -6.47479200 | -1.73071000 | 3.87089900 |
| H | -4.57119300 | -1.00820800 | 4.59469900 |
| H | -8.26779100 | -2.33381300 | 2.81569900 |
| C | -6.38609100 | -2.50321000 | -3.50950100 |
| H | -8.20629100 | -2.87691300 | -2.39710100 |
| H | -4.46229200 | -1.94600700 | -4.32050100 |
| H | -6.83989200 | -2.03981100 | 4.84759900 |
| H | -6.72959000 | -3.00861100 | -4.40920100 |
| C | 5.50250700 | -1.17799300 | -1.15150100 |
| C | 5.52900700 | -0.95289300 | 1.31299900 |
| C | 4.68220700 | -1.23899400 | -2.29630100 |
| C | 6.79260800 | -1.74949100 | -1.23850100 |
| C | 6.82050700 | -1.50459100 | 1.47269900 |
| C | 4.73610600 | -0.80139400 | 2.46859900 |
| C | 5.12630800 | -1.85679400 | -3.47050100 |
| H | 3.69130600 | -0.79889600 | -2.27300100 |
| C | 7.21280900 | -2.40099100 | -2.40240100 |
| C | 7.26760800 | -1.93879100 | 2.72459900 |
| H | 3.74650600 | -0.36499600 | 2.38799900 |
| C | 5.20720700 | -1.20069300 | 3.72419900 |
| C | 6.38760900 | -2.45209200 | -3.53050100 |
| H | 4.46660800 | -1.87689500 | -4.33570100 |
| H | 8.20480900 | -2.84898900 | -2.42100100 |
| C | 6.46870800 | -1.78279200 | 3.86179900 |
| H | 8.25980900 | -2.38008900 | 2.80019900 |
| H | 4.56800700 | -1.06069400 | 4.59359900 |
| H | 6.73060900 | -2.94509100 | -4.43720100 |
| H | 6.83160800 | -2.10629100 | 4.83459900 |
| C | -2.64769400 | -0.52120500 | 0.06249900 |
| C | 2.64930600 | -0.51969700 | 0.06819900 |
| N | 5.06120600 | -0.55469400 | 0.03909900 |
| N | -5.05989400 | -0.55670800 | 0.03399900 |
| S | 7.97060700 | -1.54218900 | 0.09769900 |
| S | -7.97159300 | -1.53331300 | 0.10189900 |
| C | 5.01070100 | 2.59430600 | -0.23920100 |
| C | 4.93770000 | 3.58710600 | 0.95379900 |
| C | 6.41660200 | 1.95130800 | -0.20970100 |
| C | 4.90140000 | 3.37960600 | -1.57580100 |
| H | 4.00279900 | 4.16130500 | 0.96239900 |
| H | 5.01710100 | 3.04760600 | 1.90699900 |
| H | 5.77109900 | 4.30010700 | 0.89219900 |
| H | 6.57680300 | 1.26770800 | -1.05050100 |
| H | 7.15780100 | 2.75860900 | -0.28770100 |
| H | 6.60860300 | 1.41000900 | 0.72279900 |


| H | 5.73809900 | 4.08680700 | -1.65670100 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| H | 4.95030100 | 2.69220600 | -2.43070100 |
| H | 3.96909900 | 3.95290500 | -1.65170100 |
| C | -5.01009900 | 2.59009200 | -0.26270100 |
| C | -4.88810000 | 3.38729200 | -1.59120100 |
| C | -6.41479800 | 1.94369000 | -0.25450100 |
| C | -4.95220000 | 3.57289200 | 0.93929900 |
| H | -3.95680100 | 3.96369300 | -1.65210100 |
| H | -4.92599900 | 2.70719200 | -2.45250100 |
| H | -5.72570100 | 4.09299100 | -1.67470100 |
| H | -6.61889700 | 1.40238900 | 0.67529900 |
| H | -7.15689900 | 2.74898900 | -0.34340100 |
| H | -6.56049700 | 1.25928900 | -1.09750100 |
| H | -5.78830100 | 4.28279100 | 0.87639900 |
| H | -5.03769900 | 3.02459200 | 1.88679900 |
| H | -4.01990100 | 4.15119300 | 0.96119900 |
| H | 2.71750700 | -1.60309700 | 0.16219900 |
| H | -2.71549300 | -1.60410500 | 0.16209900 |

## m-BTX-PTZ

| C | -3.83347600 | -0.10353100 | -0.20753500 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| C | -1.39165000 | -0.17437900 | -0.08519400 |
| C | -1.30142600 | 1.22890800 | -0.08970700 |
| C | -2.51990000 | 1.92373000 | -0.18936400 |
| C | -3.77893400 | 1.30904200 | -0.21723600 |
| C | -0.00001700 | 2.05688900 | -0.00016000 |
| C | 1.30139000 | 1.22887700 | 0.08921900 |
| C | 1.39161100 | -0.17441300 | 0.08433700 |
| H | -2.51423500 | 3.00884000 | -0.24892400 |
| C | 0.09722000 | 2.95438800 | -1.27153100 |
| H | 0.97724000 | 3.60591900 | -1.22096500 |
| H | 0.17788200 | 2.33350100 | -2.17233900 |
| H | -0.78582900 | 3.59494000 | -1.37384500 |
| C | -0.09723300 | 2.95411400 | 1.27141100 |
| H | -0.17796500 | 2.33303700 | 2.17208200 |
| H | 0.78586000 | 3.59458200 | 1.37389600 |
| H | -0.97720800 | 3.60571100 | 1.22095300 |
| S | -0.00002300 | -1.28607500 | -0.00054700 |
| C | -5.83583800 | -0.82642000 | -1.42509200 |
| C | -5.44755900 | -1.49115700 | 0.96032800 |
| C | -5.49156100 | 0.00882400 | -2.50832500 |
| C | -6.97929500 | -1.64313400 | -1.58307600 |
| C | -6.53694900 | -2.38743000 | 1.02177400 |
| C | -4.76124300 | -1.23373200 | 2.16699800 |
| C | -6.28373400 | 0.07651300 | -3.65985100 |
| H | -4.59164700 | 0.61054300 | -2.47621900 |
| C | -7.78427400 | -1.54311800 | -2.72245000 |
| C | -6.94308600 | -2.94511400 | 2.23979800 |
| H | -3.90526800 | -0.56815800 | 2.16854000 |


| C | -5.14894900 | -1.82426100 | 3.37341300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | -7.44861600 | -0.68122900 | -3.77002800 |
| H | -5.97399500 | 0.73730100 | -4.46673300 |
| H | -8.66949700 | -2.17335400 | -2.78985300 |
| C | -6.25229600 | -2.67703600 | 3.42418800 |
| H | -7.80265200 | -3.61338800 | 2.24298100 |
| H | -4.57840600 | -1.60228100 | 4.27301100 |
| H | -8.07783500 | -0.62050900 | -4.65473600 |
| H | -6.56824800 | -3.13257100 | 4.35968000 |
| C | -2.63754500 | -0.81936200 | -0.16566700 |
| N | -5.05225300 | -0.85662600 | -0.24391600 |
| S | -7.37036600 | -2.97238900 | -0.44824200 |
| H | -2.68561000 | -1.90696600 | -0.18091900 |
| C | -4.96419300 | 2.23765400 | -0.44418600 |
| C | -6.23061600 | 2.09580100 | 0.34312900 |
| O | -4.84479300 | 3.11883300 | -1.27274000 |
| C | -6.22581800 | 1.63341000 | 1.66603800 |
| C | -7.43285600 | 2.52989500 | -0.24356400 |
| C | -7.41630700 | 1.58947700 | 2.39887600 |
| H | -5.29282400 | 1.32145900 | 2.12663300 |
| C | -8.62235200 | 2.46992400 | 0.48275000 |
| H | -7.41234200 | 2.89988100 | -1.26590400 |
| C | -8.61452700 | 2.00092500 | 1.80515800 |
| H | -7.40575100 | 1.23011400 | 3.42558000 |
| H | -9.55598600 | 2.78820800 | 0.02297200 |
| H | -9.54343200 | 1.95775400 | 2.37124700 |
| C | 2.51985400 | 1.92368100 | 0.18919200 |
| C | 3.77888800 | 1.30898800 | 0.21708800 |
| H | 2.51416400 | 3.00877500 | 0.24908900 |
| C | 3.83343000 | -0.10357700 | 0.20704400 |
| C | 4.96408400 | 2.23756300 | 0.44457200 |
| C | 2.63750400 | -0.81940700 | 0.16478300 |
| N | 5.05220000 | -0.85667700 | 0.24352300 |
| C | 6.23074500 | 2.09592000 | -0.34239300 |
| O | 4.84440800 | 3.11857300 | 1.27326700 |
| H | 2.68559200 | -1.90702200 | 0.17978700 |
| C | 5.83547500 | -0.82676300 | 1.42491800 |
| C | 5.44781300 | -1.49094600 | -0.96074900 |
| C | 6.22639200 | 1.63359500 | -1.66532500 |
| C | 7.43275400 | 2.53017800 | 0.24465900 |
| C | 5.49091300 | 0.00824800 | 2.50823300 |
| C | 6.97885000 | -1.64355800 | 1.58305400 |
| C | 6.53722500 | -2.38721000 | -1.02210600 |
| C | 4.76177900 | -1.23329500 | -2.16753200 |
| C | 7.41708900 | 1.58989900 | -2.39783600 |
| H | 5.29358700 | 1.32143100 | -2.12615800 |
| C | 8.62245800 | 2.47045100 | -0.48133000 |
| H | 7.41189200 | 2.90010500 | 1.26701400 |
| C | 6.28273200 | 0.07562000 | 3.66002300 |
| H | 4.59102500 | 0.60999900 | 2.47597500 |


| C | 7.78348900 | -1.54384900 | 2.72269400 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| S | 7.37023400 | -2.97253700 | 0.44800200 |
| C | 6.94369100 | -2.94459300 | -2.24015600 |
| H | 3.90575700 | -0.56777600 | -2.16912800 |
| C | 5.14981300 | -1.82353500 | -3.37397900 |
| C | 8.61507300 | 2.00152700 | -1.80377000 |
| H | 7.40687600 | 1.23057800 | -3.42456000 |
| H | 9.55591100 | 2.78887000 | -0.02127800 |
| C | 7.44754400 | -0.68220300 | 3.77037900 |
| H | 5.97277600 | 0.73623100 | 4.46696600 |
| H | 8.66867000 | -2.17413300 | 2.79021200 |
| C | 6.25320600 | -2.67624900 | -3.42466400 |
| H | 7.80327000 | -3.61285000 | -2.24327800 |
| H | 4.57948900 | -1.60137400 | -4.27367100 |
| H | 9.54414200 | 1.95854200 | -2.36960300 |
| H | 8.07648700 | -0.62173600 | 4.65530000 |
| H | 6.56942100 | -3.13155100 | -4.36018000 |

## References

(1) Fulmer, G. R.; Miller, A. J. M.; Sherden, N. H.; Gottlieb, H. E.; Nudelman, A.; Stoltz, B. M.; Bercaw, J. E.; Goldberg, K. I. NMR Chemical Shifts of Trace Impurities: Common Laboratory Solvents, Organics, and Gases in Deuterated Solvents Relevant to the Organometallic Chemist. Organometallics 2010, 29 (9), 2176-2179.
(2) Emslie, D. J. H.; Blackwell, J. M.; Britten, J. F.; Harrington, L. E. A Zwitterionic Palladium(II) H3-Boratoxypentadienyl Complex: Cooperative Activation of Dibenzylideneacetone between Palladium and a Phosphine/Thioether/Borane Ligand. Organometallics, 2006, 25 (10), 24122414.
(3) dos Santos, P. L.; Ward, J. S.; Data, P.; Batsanov, A. S.; Bryce, M. R.; Dias, F. B.; Monkman, A. P. Engineering the Singlet-Triplet Energy Splitting in a TADF Molecule. J. Mater. Chem. C 2016, 4 (17), 3815-3824.
(4) Kukhta, N. A.; Batsanov, A. S.; Bryce, M. R.; Monkman, A. P. Importance of Chromophore Rigidity on the Efficiency of Blue Thermally Activated Delayed Fluorescence Emitters. J. Phys. Chem. C 2018, 122 (50), 28564-28575.
(5) Allan, D. R.; Nowell, H.; Barnett, S. A.; Warren, M. R.; Wilcox, A.; Christensen, J.; Saunders, L. K.; Peach, A.; Hooper, M. T.; Zaja, L.; et al. A Novel Dual Air-Bearing Fixed- $\chi$ Diffractometer for Small-Molecule Single-Crystal X-Ray Diffraction on Beamline I19 at Diamond Light Source. Crystals 2017, 7 (11), 336.
(6) Johnson, N.; Waddell, P.; Clegg, W.; Probert, M.; Johnson, N. T.; Waddell, P. G.; Clegg, W.; Probert, M. R. Remote Access Revolution: Chemical Crystallographers Enter a New Era at Diamond Light Source Beamline I19. Crystals 2017, 7 (12), 360.
(7) Krause, L.; Herbst-Irmer, R.; Sheldrick, G. M.; Stalke, D. Comparison of Silver and Molybdenum Microfocus X-Ray Sources for Single-Crystal Structure Determination. J. Appl. Crystallogr. 2015, 48 (1), 3-10.
(8) Sheldrick, G. M. A Short History of SHELX. Acta Crystallogr. Sect. A Found. Crystallogr. 2008, 64 (1), 112-122.
(9) Sheldrick, G. M. Crystal Structure Refinement with SHELXL. Acta Crystallogr. Sect. C Struct. Chem. 2015, 71 (1), 3-8.
(10) Sheldrick, G. M. SHELXT - Integrated Space-Group and Crystal-Structure Determination. Acta Crystallogr. Sect. A Found. Adv. 2015, 71 (1), 3-8.
(11) Dolomanov, O. V.; Bourhis, L. J.; Gildea, R. J.; Howard, J. A. K.; Puschmann, H. OLEX2 : A Complete Structure Solution, Refinement and Analysis Program. J. Appl. Crystallogr. 2009, 42 (2), 339-341.
(12) Pander, P.; Data, P.; Dias, F. B. Time-Resolved Photophysical Characterization of TripletHarvesting Organic Compounds at an Oxygen-Free Environment Using an iCCD Camera. J. Vis. Exp. 2018, 142, e56614.
(13) Rothe, C.; Monkman, A. P. Triplet Exciton Migration in a Conjugated Polyfluorene. Phys. Rev. B - Condens. Matter Mater. Phys. 2003, 68 (7), 075208.
(14) Cardona, C. M.; Li, W.; Kaifer, A. E.; Stockdale, D.; Bazan, G. C. Electrochemical Considerations for Determining Absolute Frontier Orbital Energy Levels of Conjugated Polymers for Solar Cell Applications. Adv. Mater. 2011, 23 (20), 2367-2371.
(15) Data, P.; Motyka, R.; Lapkowski, M.; Suwinski, J.; Monkman, A. P. Spectroelectrochemical Analysis of Charge Carriers as a Way of Improving Poly(p-Phenylene)-Based Electrochromic Windows. J. Phys. Chem. C 2015, 119 (34), 20188-20200.

