

Supporting Information

Ni-Catalyzed α -selective C–H borylations of naphthalene-based aromatic compounds

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1. X-ray Crystallography

Single crystal of **2b** were obtained slow evaporation method from CHCl₃/CH₂Cl₂ (20/1).

Details of the crystal data and a summary of the intensity data collection parameters for **2b** are listed in Table S1. A suitable crystal was mounted with mineral oil on a MiTeGen MicroMount and transferred to the goniometer of a Rigaku PILATUS diffractometer. Graphite-monochromated Mo K α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) was used. The structures were solved by direct methods with (SIR-97)^{S1} and refined by full-matrix least-squares techniques against F^2 (SHELXL-2016/6)^{S2} by using Yadokari-XG software package.^{S3} The intensities were corrected for Lorentz and polarization effects. The non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms were placed using AFIX instructions.

Table S1. Crystallographic data and structure refinement details of **2b**

	2b ·C ₂ H ₄ Cl ₂
formula	C ₄₂ H ₅₂ B ₂ Cl ₂ O ₆
fw	745.35
T (K)	123(2)
λ (Å)	0.71073
cryst syst	Monoclinic
space group	$C2/c$
a (Å)	16.1154(5)
b (Å)	12.2973(3)
c (Å)	21.8677(6)
α (deg)	90
β (deg)	133.366(4)
γ (deg)	90
V (Å ³)	3978.2(2)
Z	4
D_{calc} (g·cm ⁻³)	1.244
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.209
F(000)	1584
cryst size (mm)	0.20 × 0.20 × 0.10
θ range (deg)	2.135–24.994
reflns collected	20892
indep reflns/ R_{int}	3486 / 0.0235
params	276
GOF on F^2	1.056
R_1, wR_2 [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	0.0512, 0.1383
R_1, wR_2 (all data)	0.0570, 0.1431

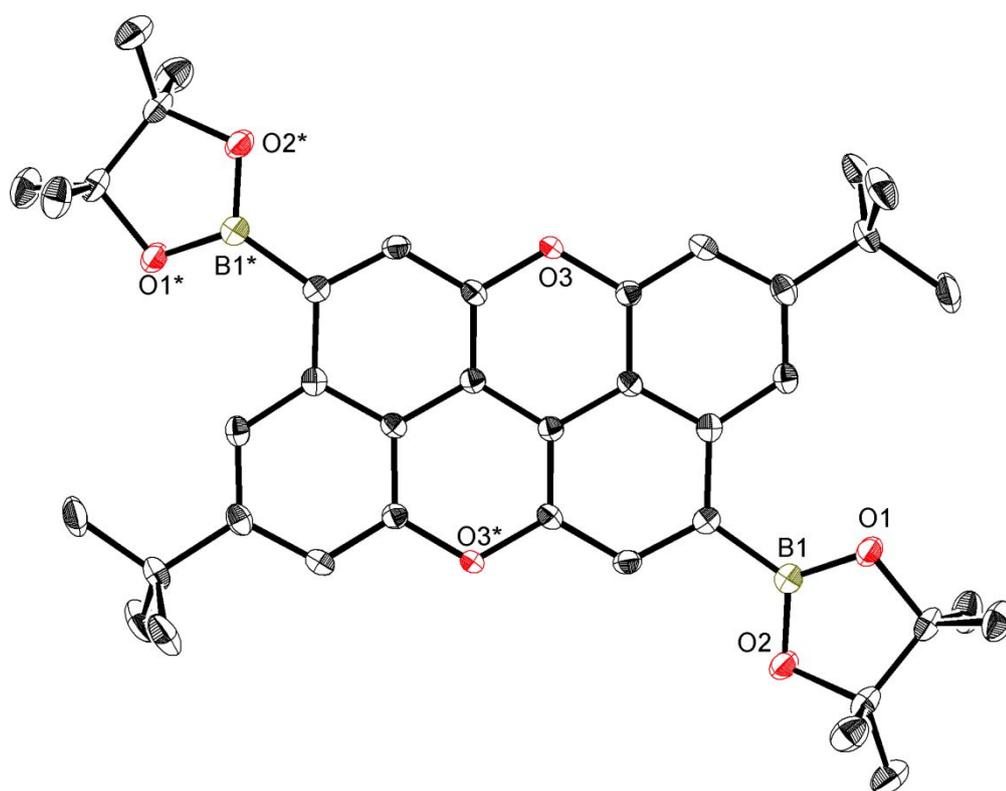
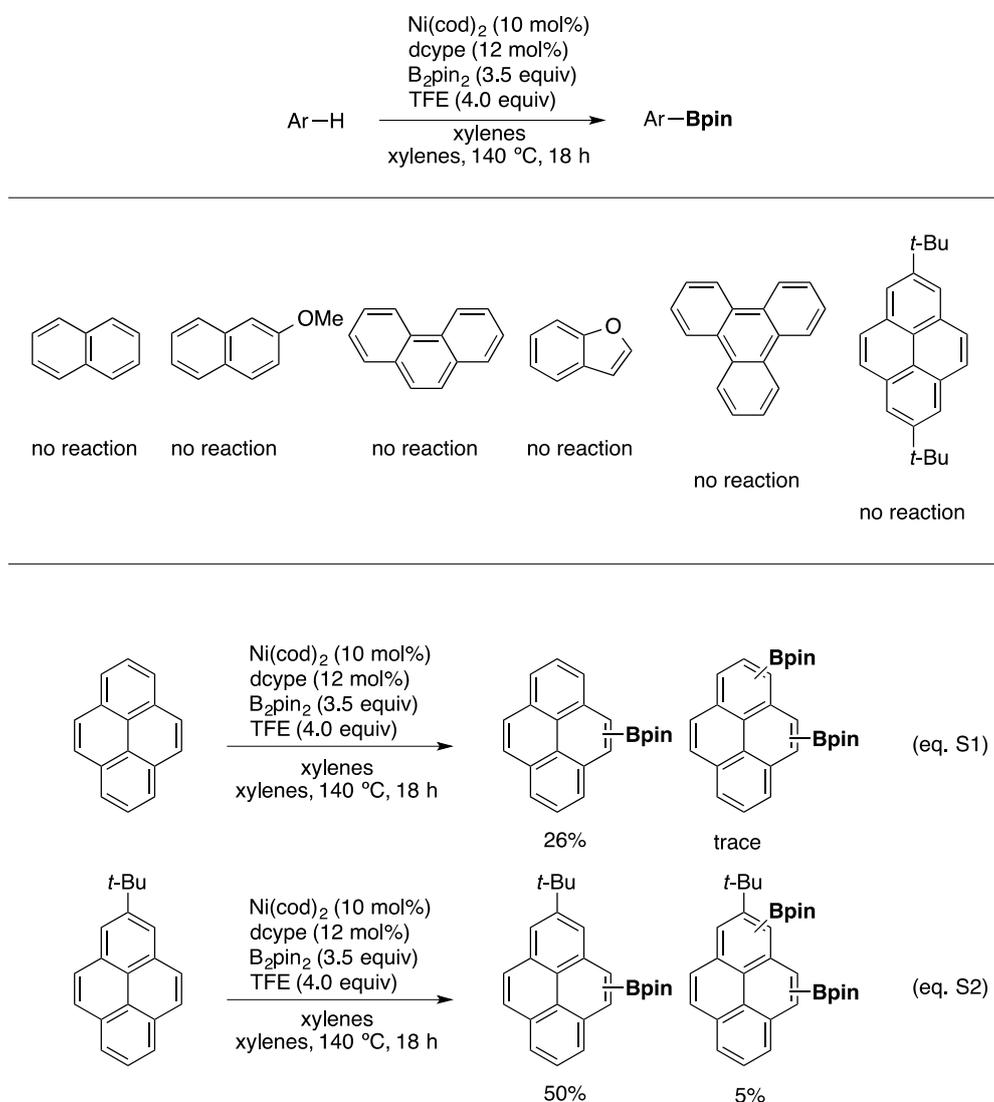


Figure S1 ORTEP drawing of **2b** with 50% thermal ellipsoid (All hydrogen atoms and dichloromethane were omitted for clarity.)

2 Ni-Catalyzed C–H borylation of other aromatic compounds.

Table S2 Ni-Catalyzed C–H borylation of other aromatic compounds

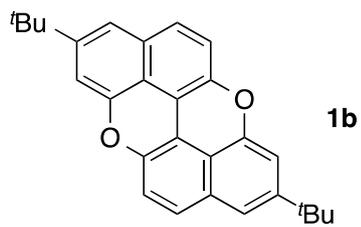


The borylation of other aromatic compounds were resulted in no reaction (phenanthrene, naphthalene, 2-methoxynaphthalene, triphenylene, 2,7-di(*t*-butyl)pyrene).

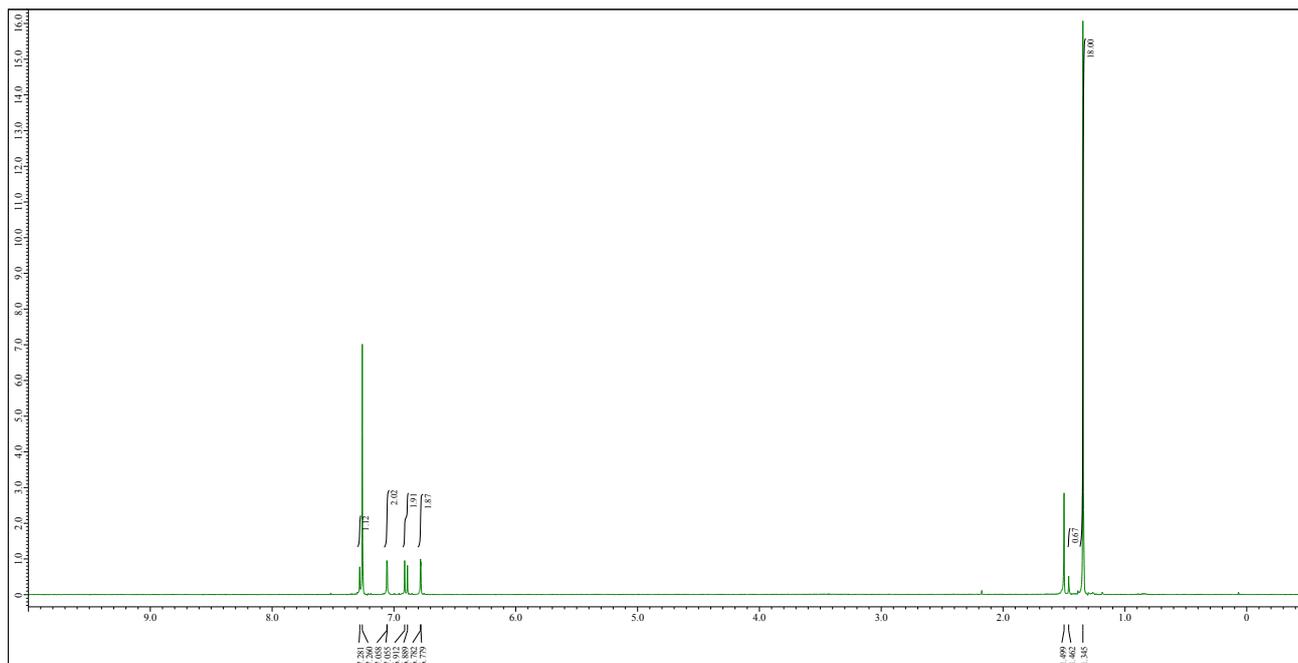
The reaction of pyrene afforded the mixture of regioisomer of monoborylpyrenes, accompanied by diborylated pyrenes (eq. S1). The yields were determined by NMR using $\text{Me}_3\text{SiOSiMe}_3$ as internal standard.

The C–H borylation of 2-*t*-butylpyrene pyrene also yielded the mixture of monoborylpyrenes in 50% yield and diborylated pyrenes in 5% yield, determined by NMR using $\text{Me}_3\text{SiOSiMe}_3$ as internal standard.

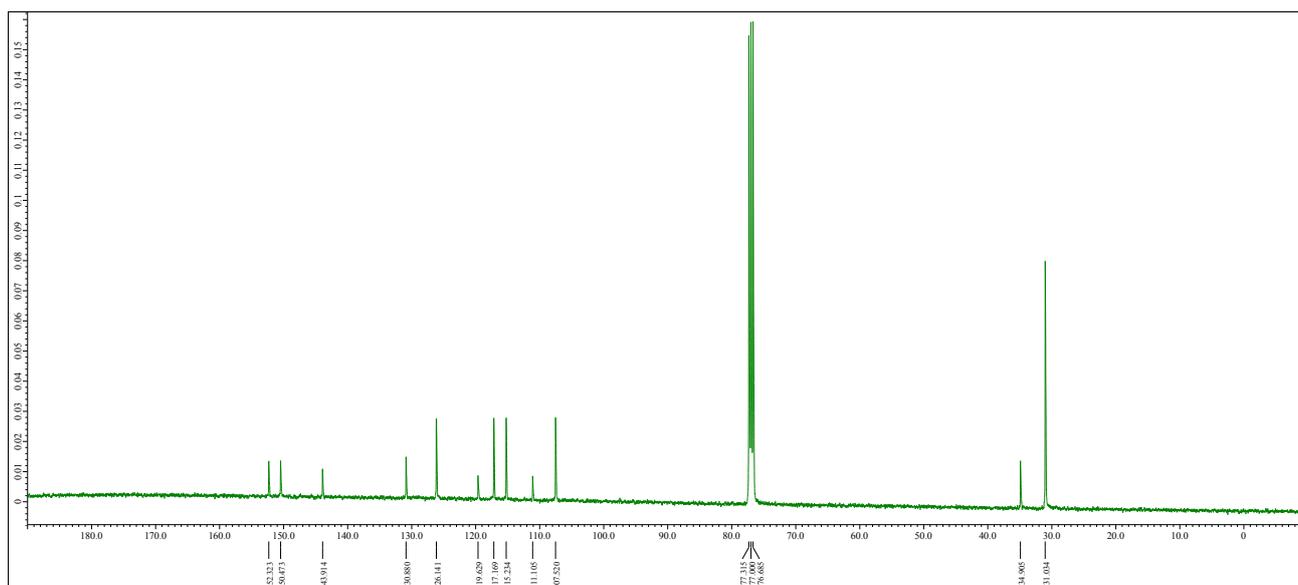
3. NMR spectra

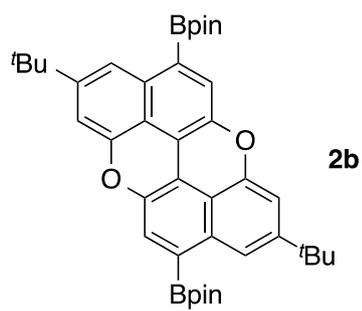


¹H NMR

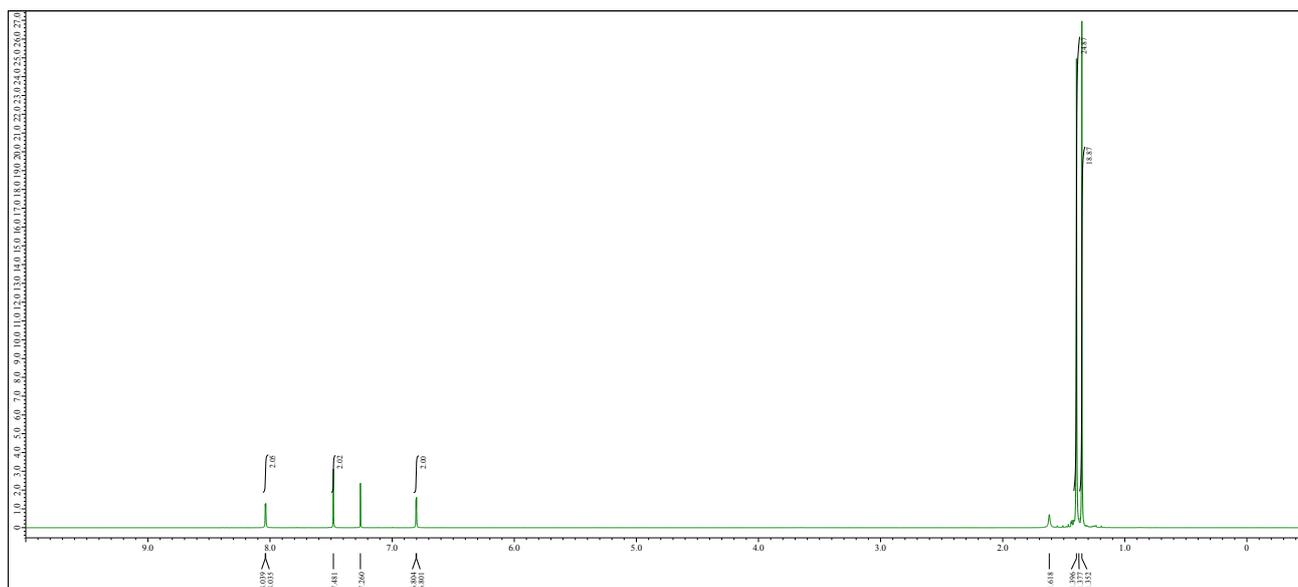


¹³C NMR

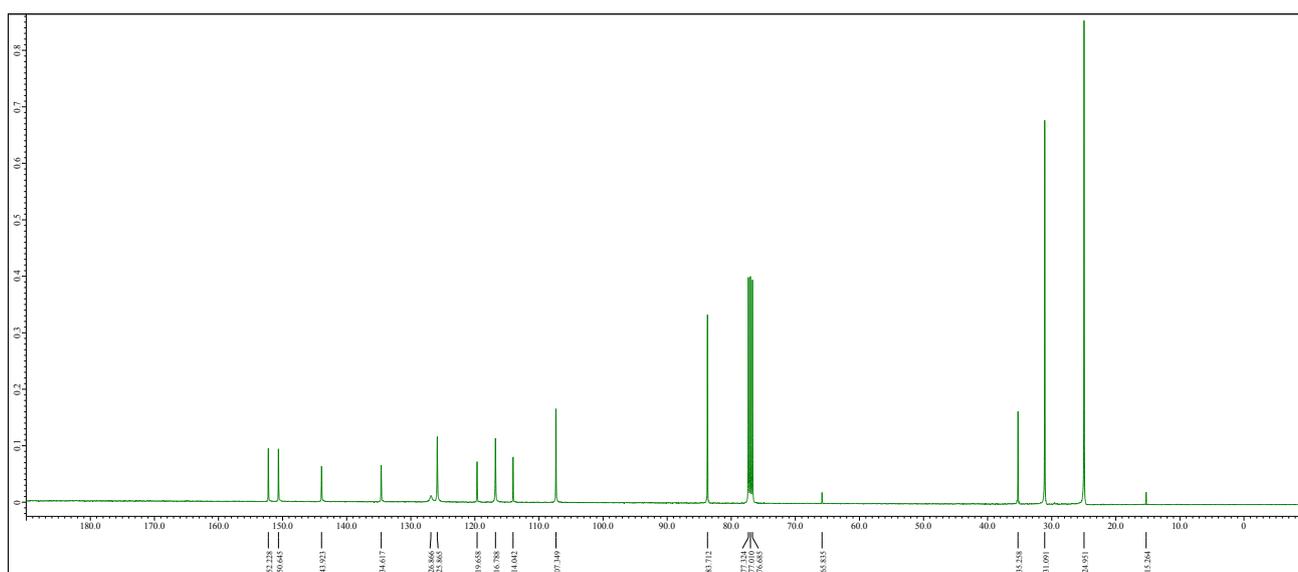


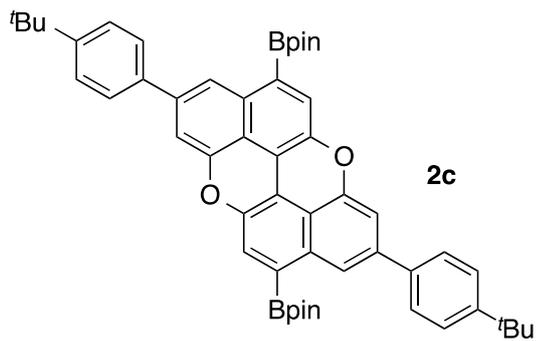


¹H NMR

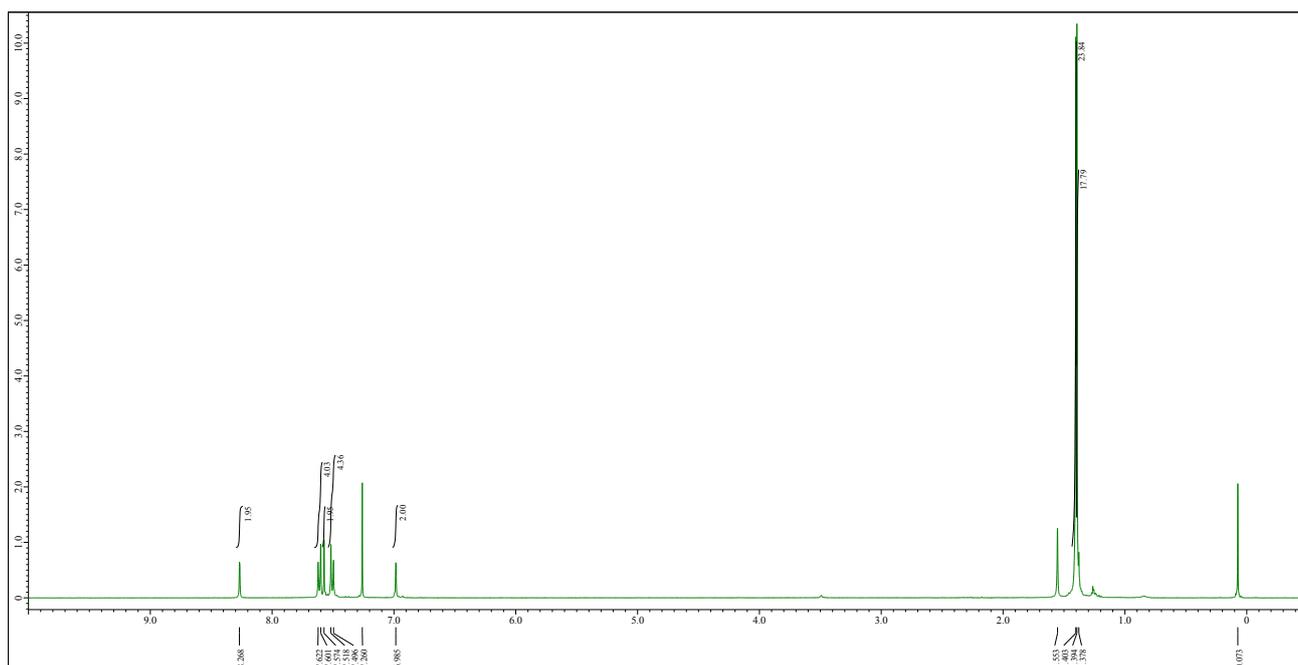


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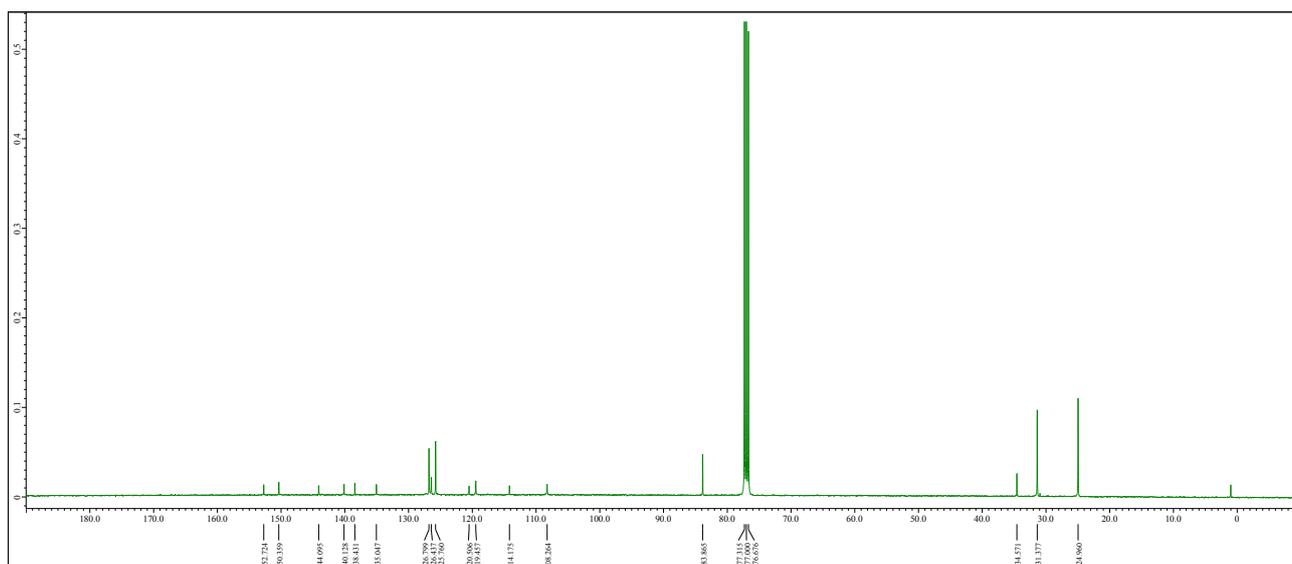


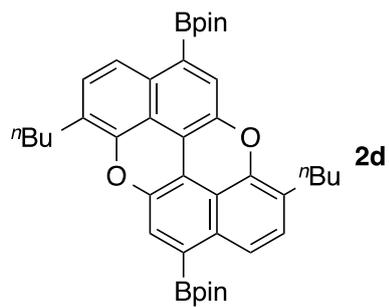


¹H NMR

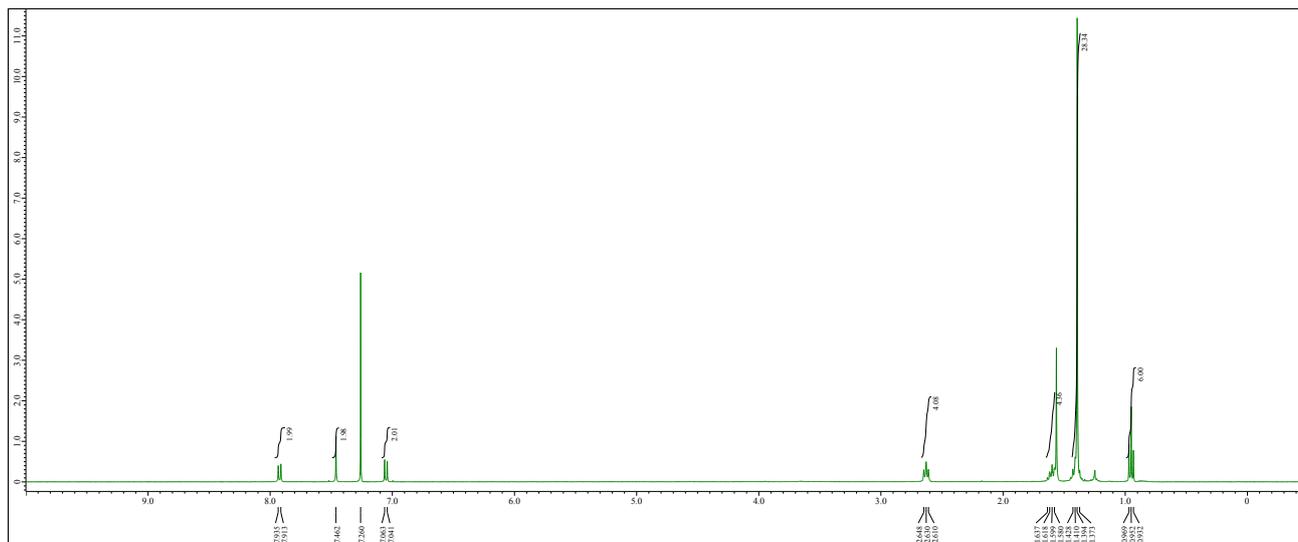


¹³C NMR

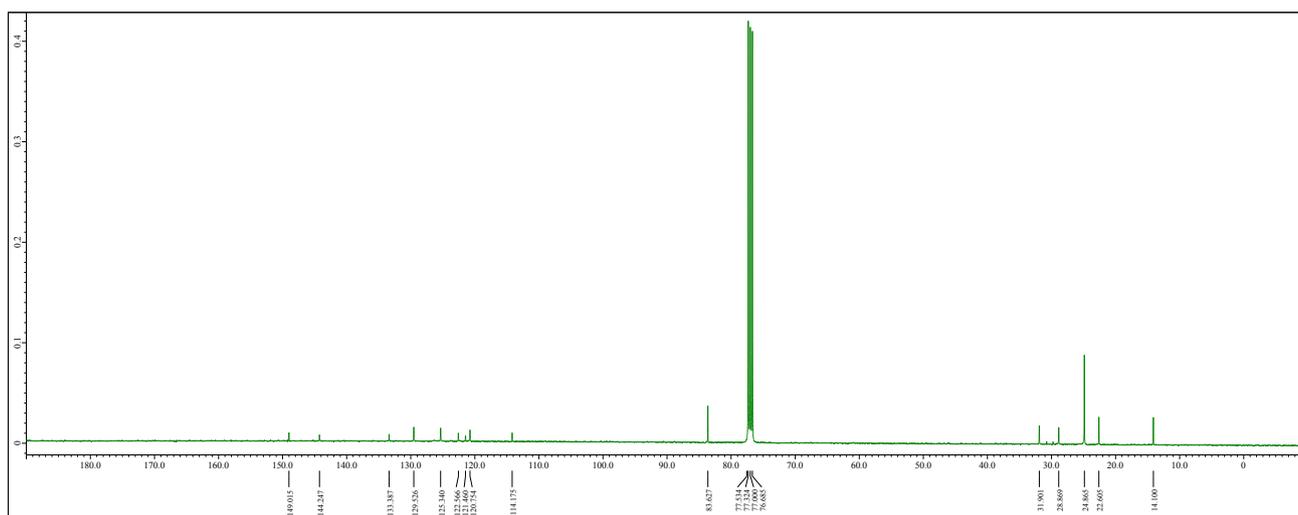


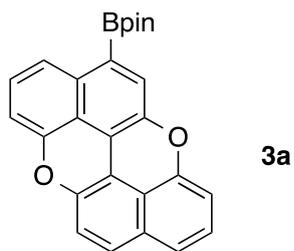


^1H NMR

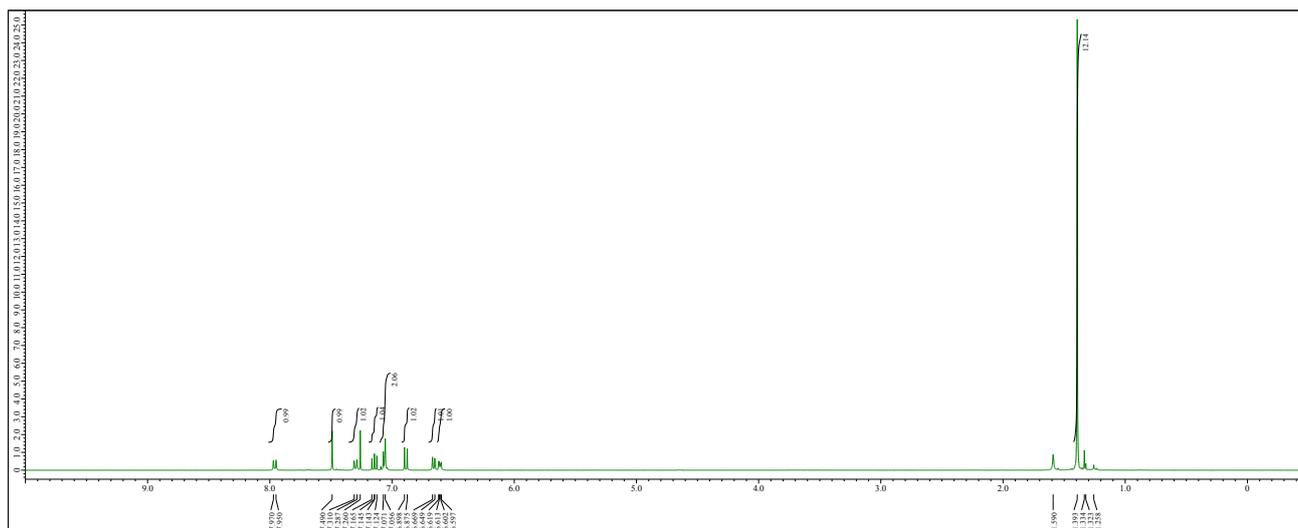


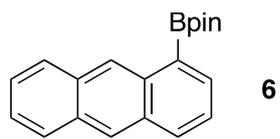
^{13}C NMR



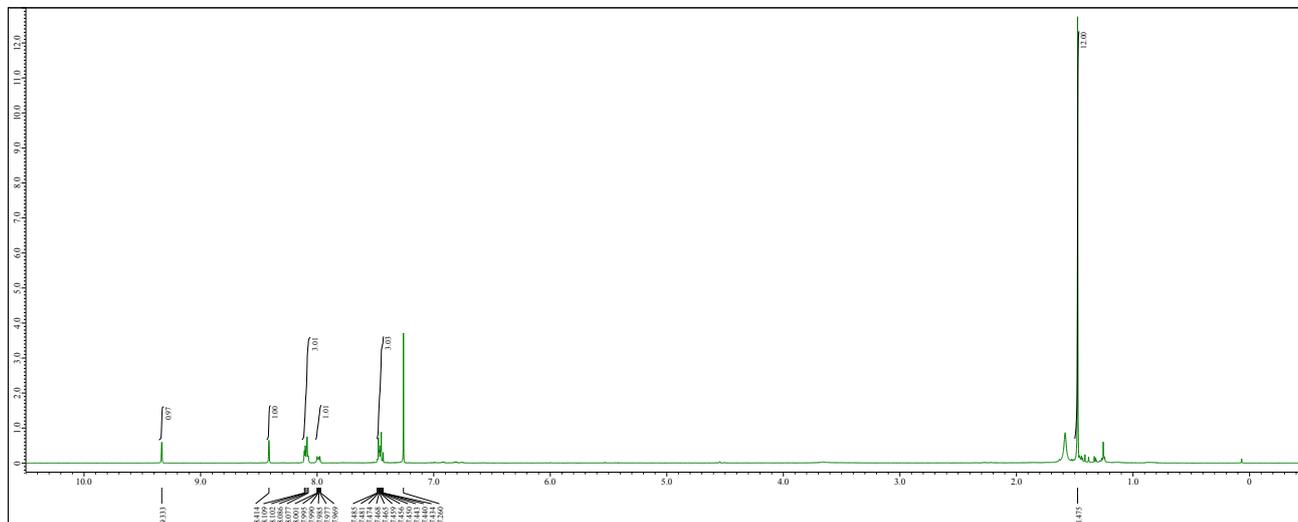


¹H NMR

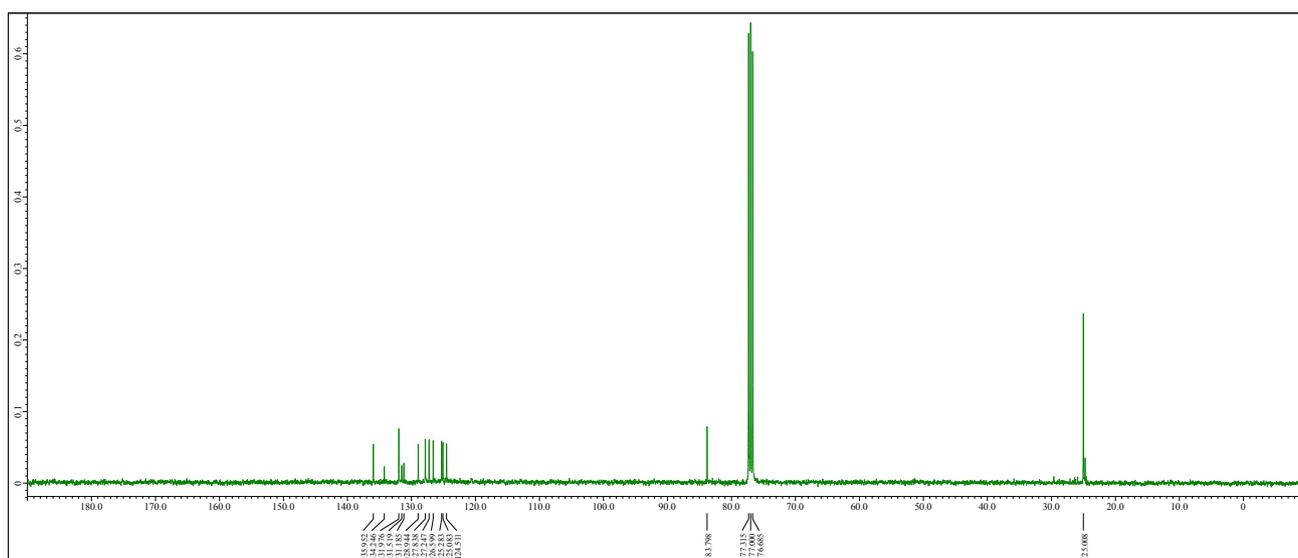


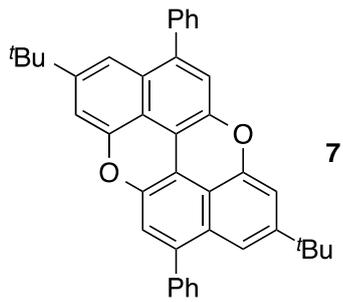


¹H NMR

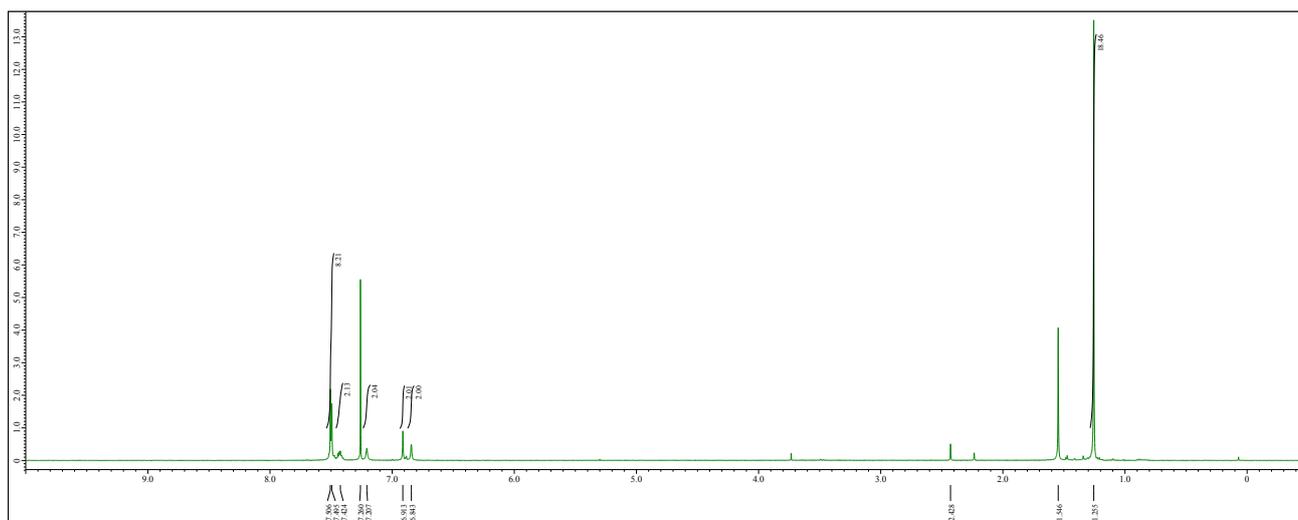


¹³C NMR

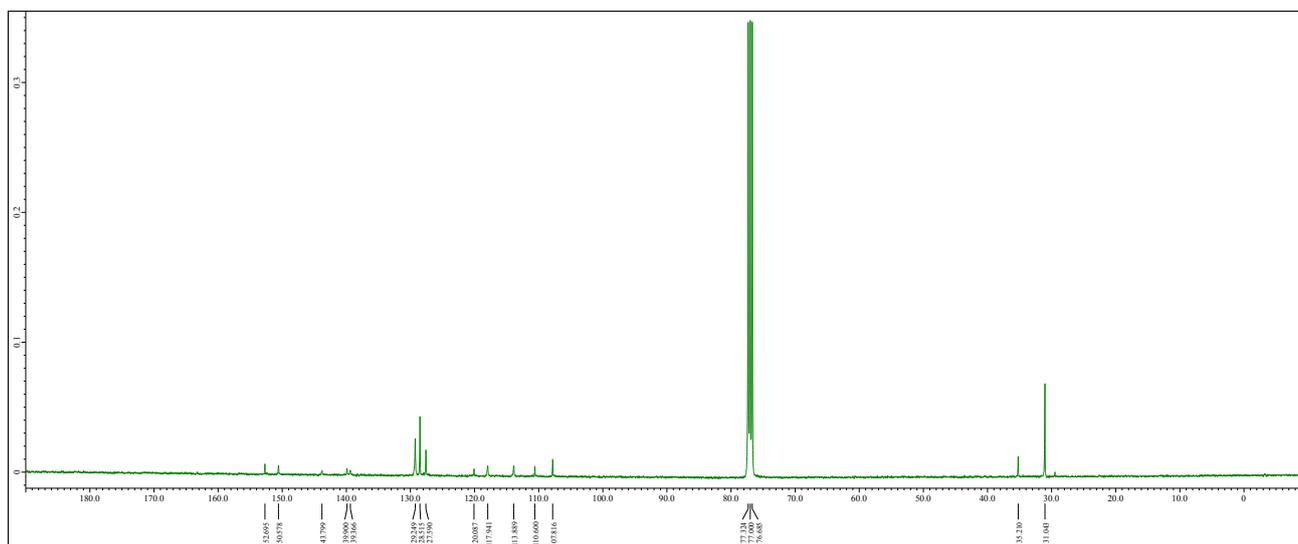




¹H NMR



¹³C NMR



4. Reference

S1) Altomare, A.; Burla, M. C.; Camalli, M.; Cascarano, G. L.; Giacovazzo, C.; Guagliardi, A.; Moliterni, A. G. G.; Polidori, G.; Spagna, R. *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **1999**, *32*, 115.

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S3) (a) Wakita, K. Yadokari-XG, Software for crystal structure analyses, 2001. (b) Kabuto, C.; Akine, S.; Nemoto, T.; Kwon, E. *J. Cryst. Soc. Jpn.* **2009**, *51*, 218.