

# Crystal Structure Evidence for the Directionality of Lone Pair – $\pi$ interactions – Fact or Fiction?

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## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

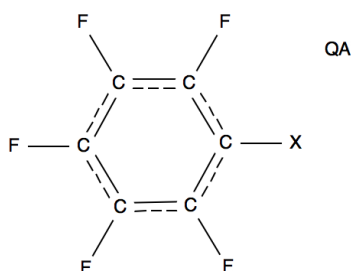
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## 1. Search Criteria

### 1.1 Intermolecular lp atom contacts with C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X

Conquest software provided with the CSD subscription was used to query the CSD (database version 5.40 with updates through May 2019) and generate geometric parameters for 520,957 lone pair atoms that are in nonbonded contact with the centroid of a C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X group at distances  $\leq 8.0$  Å. These data were written to a file to create a master spreadsheet. Different subsets of data were then extracted from this master spreadsheet to produce the graphics and statistical analyses reported in the paper. This section gives step-by-step instructions needed to generate this master spreadsheet.

- (1) After starting Conquest, go to Build Queries and select the Draw option. Draw the following molecule on the screen, where X indicates any atom and QA is a user-defined set of N, O, F, S, Cl, Br, and I lone pair atoms created using the More.../Other Elements tool.



- (2) Select ADD 3D and specify the following items:

- (a) Select QA then Define.../Atom Properties/Atomic Number
- (b) Select X then Define.../Atom Properties/Atomic Number, Number of connected atoms, and Van der Waals radius
- (c) Select all six ring C atoms and Plane: Define
- (d) Select all six ring C atoms and Centroid: Define
- (e) Select QA and Centroid and Vector: Define
- (f) Select QA and Centroid then Distance: Define/Contact (to specify intermolecular interactions between these fragments)/OK/Define/From 0 to 8.0 Å range/OK/OK
- (g) Select QA and Plane then Distance: Define/Any/OK
- (h) Select Plane and Vector then Angle: Define

- (i) Select QA and C atom attached to X then Distance: Define/Any/OK
- (j) Repeat process (i) for the next five ring C atoms
- (k) Select QA and X substituent atom then Distance: Define/Any/OK
- (l) Repeat process (k) for the five F substituent atoms
- (m) Select C atom attached to X and Centroid then Distance: Define
- (n) Done

(3) Select Search and specify the following settings:

- (a) 3D coordinates determined
- (b) R factor  $\leq 0.1$
- (c) Only non-disordered
- (d) No errors
- (e) Only single crystal structures
- (f) Advanced Options/Normalize terminal H positions

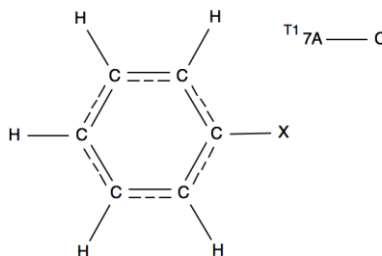
(4) Start Search

(5) After the search has completed (around 5 min), it should have found 6471 crystals in which one or more lone pair atoms meet the search criteria. The 3D data is exported to a spreadsheet by using Select File/Export Parameters and Data.../File type: Spreadsheet/Save/Save As: to create a .csv file.

(6) Use Microsoft® Excel (or an equivalent spreadsheet program) to edit this file. Delete the first column and the first row and save the rest as space-delimited text in a file. This file, which should contain 21 columns and 520,957 rows of data, is the master spreadsheet. Each row contains the following variables in this serial order: CSD reference code, atomic number of QA, atomic number of X, coordination number of X, van der Waals radius of X, distance of QA to arene centroid, distance of QA to arene plane, QA–centroid–plane angle, distances from QA to C1 (bound to X), C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, X, F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, and distance from C1 to arene centroid.

## 1.2 Intermolecular halogen atom contacts with C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>X

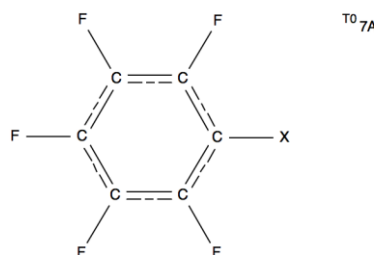
A strictly analogous procedure to that described in **1.1** was used to query the CSD and generate a master spreadsheet for lone pair atoms from R-Y (alkyl and aryl halides, Y = F, Cl, Br, I) that are in intermolecular contact with the centroid of a C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>X group at distances  $\leq 6.0$  Å. In this case, the search fragment is defined as shown. Here X is any atom and the contacting atom, 7A, is any halogen atom. To specify that the search includes only terminal halogen atoms, the number of atoms bonded to 7A is constrained to be 1. Data produced by this search were used to generate the graphics shown in Figure 13.



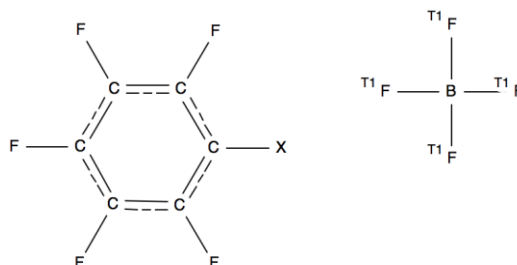
## 1.3 Intermolecular anion contacts with C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X

A strictly analogous procedure to that described in **1.1** was used to query the CSD and generate master spreadsheets for halide anions (F<sup>-</sup>, Cl<sup>-</sup>, Br<sup>-</sup>, I<sup>-</sup>), B atoms of BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> anions, and Cl atoms of ClO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> anions that are in intermolecular contact with the centroid of a C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X group at distances  $\leq 8.0$  Å. Search fragments were defined as described below.

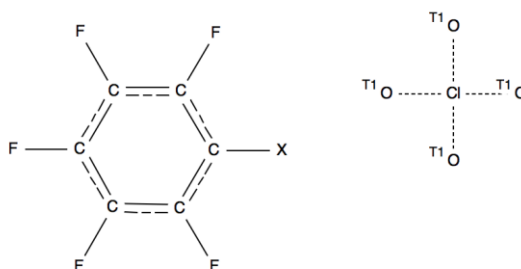
Halide anion search fragment: X is any atom and the contacting atom, 7A, is any halogen atom. To specify that the search includes only halide anions, the number of atoms bonded to 7A is constrained to be 0. The spreadsheet produced by this search was used to generate the graphics shown in Figure 15(a).



BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> search fragment: X is any atom and the number of atoms bonded to each anionic F atom is constrained to be 1. The 3D data is defined using the center of the anion, in other words, the B atom. The spreadsheet produced by this search was used to generate the graphics shown in Figure 15(b).



$\text{ClO}_4^-$  search fragment: X is any atom, the Cl–O bonds are designated with the type *any*, and the number of atoms bonded to each anionic O atom is constrained to be 1. The 3D data is defined using the center of the anion, in other words, the Cl atom. The spreadsheet produced by this search was used to generate the graphics shown in Figure 15(c).



## 2. Extracting data subsets from master spreadsheet

A FORTRAN code named SUBSET, which is included as part of this Supporting Information, was used to read a master spreadsheet and generate subsets of contact data. Distances between the contacting atom and each of the 12 arene atoms are compared with distances calculated using reference van der Waals radii to determine whether a contacting atom should be included within a given data subset. The default van der Waals radii given in Tables 1 and 2 of the paper are used for every atom except for the B atom in  $\text{BF}_4^-$  and the Cl atom in  $\text{ClO}_4^-$ . Effective van der Waals radii for these tetrahedral anions were estimated by taking the average of the center to vertex distance and the center to face distance and adding the radius of the substituent atom to give values of 2.38 Å for  $\text{BF}_4^-$  and 2.46 Å for  $\text{ClO}_4^-$ . To determine the location of a contacting atom, the code computes Cartesian coordinates as described in the paper (see Figure 2). Finally, a density is computed for each contact. This density is defined as the number of other contacts located within a 0.20 Å radius sphere about the contacting atom.

Twelve output files are written using the following format. The first line contains an integer giving the number of atoms, *natom*, in the file. Then line 2 to line *natom*+1 each contains the atom label x, y, z, density, distance to centroid, distance to plane, and the offset value R for the contacting atom, as well as the atomic number and coordination number for the substituent X atom. As described below, these files contain the different subsets of contact data that are discussed in the paper. Cases where one of these output files was used to generate a Figure or Table in the paper are indicated.

- (a) *vdw+X.X*, where X.X = 0.0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, and 1.0: This group of seven output files contain subsets of atoms that contact at least one of the 12 arene atoms at a distance  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw} + X.X \text{ \AA}$ . If any one of the distances between the atom and one of the 12 arene atoms is  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw} + X.X \text{ \AA}$ , then data for the atom is included in the corresponding output file. These data subsets were used to create the Tables 1 and 2 (*vdw+0.0*), Table 3 (*vdw+0.0*, *vdw+0.1*, *vdw+0.2*, *vdw+0.3*, *vdw+0.4*, *vdw+0.5*), Figures 3 and 4 (*vdw+0.0*), Figures 5, 6, and 8 (*vdw+0.0*, *vdw+0.1*, *vdw+0.2*), Figure 9 (b) and (c) (*vdw+0.0*, *vdw+1.0*), Figure 11(b) (*vdw+0.0*), and Figure 12(a) and 13(a) (*vdw+1.0*).
- (b) *2002\_data*: Subset of atoms that simultaneously contact all six ring carbon atoms at distances  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw}$ . This is the search criterion reported in Quinoñero, D.; Garau, C.; Rotger, C.; Frontera, A.; Ballester, P.; Costa, A.; Deyà, P. M. Anion- $\pi$  Interactions: Do They Exist? *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 3389 -3392.
- (c) *actual\_2002\_data*: Subset of atoms that simultaneously contact all six ring carbon atoms at distances  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw} + 1.0 \text{ \AA}$ . This is the search criterion actually used to obtain the results reported in Quinoñero, D.; Garau, C.; Rotger, C.; Frontera, A.; Ballester, P.; Costa, A.; Deyà, P. M. Anion- $\pi$  Interactions: Do They Exist? *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 3389 -3392. This data was used to create Figures 9(d), 10 and 11(a).
- (d) *2008\_data*: Subset of atoms that simultaneously contact all six ring carbon atoms at distances  $\leq 4.0 \text{ \AA}$ . This search criterion was used to obtain the results reported in Mooibroek, T. J.; Gamez, P.; Reedijk, J. Lone Pair –  $\pi$  Interactions: A New Supramolecular Bond? *CrystEngComm* **2008**, *10*, 1501-1515. This data was used to create Figures 12(b), 12(c), 13(b), and 13(c).
- (e) *2011\_data*: Subset of atoms in contact with at least one of the six ring C atoms at a distance  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw}$ . This search criterion was used to obtain the results reported in Frontera, A.; Gamez, P.; Mascal, M.; Mooibroek, T. J.; Reedijk, J. Putting Anion- $\pi$  Interactions into Perspective. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 9564-9583. This data was used to create Figures 14 and 15.
- (f) *2012\_data*: Subset of atoms that are  $\leq 5.0 \text{ \AA}$  from the C<sub>6</sub> centroid. This search criterion was used to obtain the results reported in Mooibroek, T. J.; Gamez, P. Anion-Arene and Lone Pair-

Arene Interactions are Directional. *CrystEngComm* **2012**, *14*, 1027-1030. This data was used to create Figures 16(a), 17(a), and 18(a).

- (g) *2012\_vdw*: Subset of atoms that are both  $\leq 5.0$  Å from the C<sub>6</sub> centroid and contacting least one of the 12 arene atoms at a distance  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw}$ . This data was used to create Figures 17(b) and 18(b).

### 3. Generating random atom distributions

A FORTRAN code named RANDOM, which is included as part of this Supporting Information, was used to generate random distributions of F atoms within different volumes about the C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub> arene. Three output files are produced with the names *random\_shell*, *random\_2012*, and *random\_2012\_vdw*. The RANDOM program asks for 2 input variables, the number of atoms, *natom*, and *X.X*, which is a value added to the  $\Sigma r_{vdw}$  to specify the maximum contact distance to be used when creating a *random\_shell* distribution. The algorithm uses the rand() function to generate random x, y, and z coordinates for a F atom within a 6.0 x 6.0 x 6.0 Å cube that is centered at the origin and orthogonal to the x, y, and z axes. Consistent with the reference geometry defined in Figure 2 of the paper, atomic coordinates are assigned for a C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub> molecule that lies in the x,y plane with the centroid at the origin and one of the C–F bonds oriented along the +x axis. Distances from the randomly generated F atom to each C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub> atom and to the C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub> centroid are calculated. In all types of distribution, if any F atom---atom distance is  $< \Sigma r_{vdw} - 0.2$  Å, then the F atom is considered to be too close to the arene and is rejected. With the *random\_shell* distribution, if all F atom---atom distances are  $> \Sigma r_{vdw} + X.X$  Å, then the F atom is too far from the arene surface and is rejected. With the *random\_2012* distribution, if the F atom---centroid distance is  $> 5.0$  Å, then the F atom is outside the search volume and is rejected. With the *random\_2012\_vdw* distribution, if the F atom---centroid distance is either  $> 5.0$  Å or if any F atom---atom distance  $> \Sigma r_{vdw}$ , then the F atom is rejected. When a randomly generated F atom location passes all tests, then the atom is added to the output file. The process is completed until the requested number of atoms, *natoms*, has been reached.

Three output files are written. As described below, these files contain the different subsets of random contact data that are discussed in the paper. Cases where random data sets contained in these output files were used to generate Tables or Figures in the paper are indicated below.

- (a) *random\_shell*: File containing a set of *natom* F atoms randomly distributed about C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X such that all atom---atom distances  $> \Sigma r_{vdw} - 0.2 \text{ \AA}$  and with at least one atom---atom distance  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw} + X.X \text{ \AA}$ . This type of output file provided data presented in Table 3, Figure 4(b), and Figure 6 and was used by MAKEVIEW to generate the POVRay input file for Figure 3(b).
- (b) *random\_2012*: File containing a set of *natom* F atoms randomly distributed about C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X with all atom---atom distances  $> \Sigma r_{vdw} - 0.2 \text{ \AA}$  and all atom---centroid distances  $\leq 5.0 \text{ \AA}$ . This type of output file provided data presented in Figures 17(a) and 18(a) and was used by MAKEVIEW to generate the POVRay input file for Figure 16(b).
- (c) *random\_2012\_vdw*: File containing a set of *natom* F atoms randomly distributed about C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X with all atom---centroid distances  $\leq 5.0 \text{ \AA}$ , all atom---atom distances  $> \Sigma r_{vdw} - 0.2 \text{ \AA}$ , and at least one atom---atom distance  $\leq \Sigma r_{vdw}$ . This type of output file provided data presented in Figures 17(b) and 18(b).

#### 4. Generating 3D graphics input files

The 3D graphics shown in Figures 3, 5, 9, 12, 13, 14, and 16 of the paper were generated using the POVRay software available at no charge from the [www.povray.org](http://www.povray.org) website. A FORTRAN code named MAKEVIEW, which is included as part of this Supporting Information, was used to generate POVRay input files needed to make these graphics. This code reads one of the data files generated by SUBSET or RANDOM and generates a number of different output files. These output files are described below. Cases where one of these POVRay input files was used to generate a graphic that appears in the paper are indicated.

- (a) *cloud\_ball.pov*: Contact distribution about a ball-and-stick model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. This POVRay input file was used to create the graphics in a number of Figures when MAKEVIEW is run using various data subsets generated by SUBSET including Figure 3(a) using the *vdw+0.0* file, Figure 9(d) using the *actual\_2002\_data* file, Figures 12(b) and 13(b) using the *2008\_data* files, Figure



14(a) using the *2011\_data* file, and Figure 16(a) using the *2012\_data* file or generated by RANDOM including Figure 3(b) using **XXXXXX** and Figure 16(b) using **XXXXXX** file.

- (b) *cloud\_tube.pov*: Contact distribution about a tube model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. Not used in paper.
- (c) *cloud\_space.pov*: Contact distribution about a space-filling model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. Not used in paper.
- (d) *dense\_ball.pov*: Contact density about a ball-and-stick model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. Not used in paper.
- (e) *dense\_tube.pov*: Contact density about a tube model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. Figures 5(a), 5(b), and 5(c) are generated with this POV-Ray input file when MAKEVIEW is run with *vdw+0.0*, *vdw+0.1*, and *vdw+0.2* files created by SUBSET, respectively.
- (f) *dense\_space.pov*: Contact density about a space-filling model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. Figure 14(b) is generated with this POV-Ray input file when MAKEVIEW is run with the *2011\_data* file created by SUBSET.
- (g) *2002.pov*: Cut-away view of a representative bullet-shaped search volume within the contact distribution about a ball-and-stick model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. This illustrates the search volume for F atom contacts reported in Quinoñero, D.; Garau, C.; Rotger, C.; Frontera, A.; Ballester, P.; Costa, A.; Deyà, P. M. Anion- $\pi$  Interactions: Do They Exist? *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 3389-3392. Figure 9(b) is generated with this POV-Ray input file when MAKEVIEW is run with the *vdw+0.0* data file created by SUBSET.
- (h) *actual\_2002.pov*: Cut-away view of a representative bullet-shaped search volume within the contact distribution about a ball-and-stick model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. This illustrates the search volume for F atom contacts actually used to obtain the results reported in Quinoñero, D.; Garau, C.; Rotger, C.; Frontera, A.; Ballester, P.; Costa, A.; Deyà, P. M. Anion- $\pi$  Interactions: Do They Exist? *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 3389-3392. Figure 9(c) is generated with this POV-Ray input file when MAKEVIEW is run with the *vdw+1.0* data file created by SUBSET.
- (i) *2008.pov*: Cut-away view of the bullet-shaped search volume within contact distribution about a ball-and-stick model of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>X. This illustrates the search volume used to obtain results reported in Mooibroek, T. J.; Gamez, P.; Reedijk, J. Lone Pair –  $\pi$  Interactions: A New Supramolecular Bond? *CrystEngComm* **2008**, *10*, 1501-1515. Figures 12(a) and 13(a) were

generated with this POVRay input file when MAKEVIEW is run with *vdw+1.0* data files created by SUBSET.

In addition to POVRay input files, the code MAKEVIEW writes an additional output file named *angles*. The *angles* file contains a list of all contacting atom – arene centroid – C atom angles. Using *actual\_2002\_data* and *vdw+0.0* files generated by SUBSET, the *angles* file was used to create Figure 11(a) and 11(b), respectively.

## 5. Fortran source codes

Fortran source code files needed to create executables for the SUBSET, MAKEVIEW, and RANDOM programs are given below. The GNU Fortran compiler, *gfortran*, which is available at no charge from <https://gcc.gnu.org>, was used to create the executables with the following command:

```
gfortran name.f -o name
```

### 5.1 SUBSET source code – subset.f

```
c-----
c-----
c               SUBSET
c      Copyright (C) 2019 by Benjamin P Hay
c
c      This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or
c      modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as
c      published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the
c      License or (at your option) any later version.
c
c      This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
c      but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
c      MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See GNU
c      General Public License for more details at this address:
c      <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
c
c      Benjamin P. Hay
c      Supramolecular Design Institute
c      127 Chestnut Hill Road
c      Oak Ridge, TN 37830
c
c      hayben@comcast.net
c-----
c-----
c      This program is distributed as part of the Supporting Information
c      for the Cryst. Growth Des. 2019 article entitled: Crystal
c      structure evidence for the directionality of lone pair-pi
c      interactions - fact or fiction? It reads a data spreadsheet
c      generated by the CSD, computes Cartesian coordinates for each
c      contact, and writes files containing various data subsets
c-----
c-----
```

```

program subset

implicit none

integer MAXPTS
parameter (MAXPTS=550000)

integer i,j,mark,numhits,ncontact
integer atno(MAXPTS),atnox(MAXPTS),cnx(MAXPTS)

double precision qm(MAXPTS),qpl(MAXPTS),tilt(MAXPTS)
double precision qc1(MAXPTS),qc2(MAXPTS),qc3(MAXPTS)
double precision qc4(MAXPTS),qc5(MAXPTS),qc6(MAXPTS)
double precision qx(MAXPTS),qf2(MAXPTS),qf3(MAXPTS)
double precision qf4(MAXPTS),qf5(MAXPTS),qf6(MAXPTS)
double precision clm(MAXPTS),density(MAXPTS),sphere,dist
double precision offset(MAXPTS),leg1(MAXPTS)
double precision theta(MAXPTS),ptheta
double precision angle,vdwq(MAXPTS),vdwx(MAXPTS)
double precision x(MAXPTS),y(MAXPTS),z(MAXPTS)
double precision vdwqc,vdwqf,vdwqx

character*1 iarene,inkey
character*2 labq(MAXPTS)
character*8 ref(MAXPTS)
character*80 input
character*300 aline

logical flag,perchlorate

c-----
c      get input file name
c-----

5 continue

write(6,'(a)') 'Enter the name of the input file:'
write(6,'(a)') ' '
read(5,'(a80)') input

flag = .false.
inquire(file=input,exist=flag)
if(.not.flag) then
  write(6,'(a,a)') 'Do not find file named ',input
  write(6,'(a)') 'Check file name and try again '
  write(6,'(a)') ' '
  goto 5
end if

c-----
c      initialize
c-----

do i = 1, MAXPTS
  ref(i) = ' '          ! CCSD reference code
  atno(i) = 0            ! atomic number of contacting atom, q
  atnox(i) = 0           ! atomic number of X
  cnx(i) = 0             ! atomic number of X
  vdwq(i) = 0.0d0        ! vdw radius of q
  vdwx(i) = 0.0d0        ! vdw radius of substituent on c1, x
  qm(i) = 0.0d0          ! distance from q to centroid
  qpl(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to arene plane
  tilt(i) = 0.0d0        ! q-centroid-plane angle
  qc1(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to c1
  qc2(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to c2
  qc3(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to c3
  qc4(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to c4
  qc5(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to c5
  qc6(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to c6
  qx(i) = 0.0d0          ! distance from q to x
  qf2(i) = 0.0d0         ! distance from q to f2

```

```

        qf3(i) = 0.0d0      ! distance from q to f3
        qf4(i) = 0.0d0      ! distance from q to f4
        qf5(i) = 0.0d0      ! distance from q to f5
        qf6(i) = 0.0d0      ! distance from q to f6
        clm(i) = 0.0d0      ! distance from c1 to centroid
        offset(i) = 0.0d0    ! offset
        density(i) = 0.0d0   ! contact density
        leg1(i) = 0.0d0      ! projection of q-c1 onto plane
        x(i) = 0.0d0         ! x coordinate for q
        y(i) = 0.0d0         ! y coordinate for q
        z(i) = 0.0d0         ! z coordinate for q
        theta(i) = 0.0d0     ! angle theta
    end do

c-----
c    inquire arene identity
c-----

10 continue
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    write(6,'(a)') 'Arene Type:'
    write(6,'(a)') '(1) C6F5X'
    write(6,'(a)') '(2) C6H5X'
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    write(6,'(a)') 'enter 1 or 2:'
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    read(5,'(a1)') iarene
    if((iarene.ne.'1').and.(iarene.ne.'2')) then
        goto 10
    endif

c-----
c    lone pair atom or tetrahedral anion contact?
c-----

15 continue
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    write(6,'(a)') 'Type of contacting atom:'
    write(6,'(a)') '(1) perchlorate'
    write(6,'(a)') '(2) anything else'
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    write(6,'(a)') 'enter 1 or 2:'
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    read(5,'(a1)') inkey
    if(inkey.eq.'1') then
        perchlorate = .true.
    elseif(inkey.eq.'2') then
        perchlorate = .false.
    else
        goto 15
    endif

c-----
c    read data from input file, each line has 21 variables:
c    ref,atnoq,atnox,cnx,vdwx,qm,qpl,tilt,qc1,qc2,qc3,qc4,qc5,qc6,
c    qx,qf2,qf3,qf4,qf5,qf6,clm
c-----

    numhits = 0
    open(unit=10,file=input,status='old')

    do i = 1, MAXPTS

        read(10,'(A400)',err=100,end=200) aline

        read(aline,*) ref(i),atno(i),atnox(i),cnx(i),vdwx(i),
&      qm(i),qpl(i),tilt(i),qc1(i),qc2(i),qc3(i),qc4(i),qc5(i),
&      qc6(i),qx(i),qf2(i),qf3(i),qf4(i),qf5(i),qf6(i),clm(i)

```

```

numhits = numhits+1

print*, ' '
print *, numhits

c-----
c    if difference between qm(i) and qpl(i) is small then
c        offset = qpl(i) cos(tilt)
c    else
c        offset = dsqrt(qm(i)*qm(i) - qpl(i)*qpl(i))
c-----

tilt(i) = 90.0d0 - tilt(i)

if(qm(i)*qm(i).lt.qpl(i)*qpl(i)) qpl(i) = qm(i)

if(abs(qm(i)-qpl(i)).le.0.005d0) then
    offset(i) = qpl(i) * dcos(tilt(i)/57.296d0)
else
    offset(i) = dsqrt(qm(i)*qm(i) - qpl(i)*qpl(i))
end if

if(qc1(i)*qc1(i).lt.qpl(i)*qpl(i)) qpl(i) = qc1(i)
leg1(i) = dsqrt(qc1(i)*qc1(i) - qpl(i)*qpl(i))

ptheta = ( ( offset(i)*offset(i)) + (clm(i)*clm(i))
&         - (leg1(i)*leg1(i)) ) / (2*clm(i)*offset(i)) )

c-----
c    If ptheta < -1 or ptheta > 1, then arc cosine is undefined
c    To handle this situation, if ptheta < -1, then ptheta = -1
c    and if ptheta > 1, then ptheta = 1.    Set mark = 1
c-----

mark = 0
if(ptheta.gt.1.00d0) then
    ptheta = 1.00000d0
    mark = 1
end if
if(ptheta.lt.-1.00d0) then
    ptheta = -1.00000d0
    mark = 1
end if

angle = dacos(ptheta)
x(i) = offset(i)*dcos(angle)

c-----
c    If mark = 1, then apply a small random offset about x-axis
c-----

if(mark.eq.1) then
    if(dabs(x(i)).gt.1.0d0) then
        y(i) = 0.00d0 + 0.20d0*rand()
    else
        y(i) = dabs(x(i))*(0.00d0+0.15d0*rand())
    end if
else
    y(i) = offset(i)*dsin(angle)
end if

z(i) = qpl(i)

theta(i) = angle*180.0000d0/3.141592654d0

c-----
c    Use atomic number to assign label and vdw radius to lone pair
c    atom. Effective vdw radii for BF4 and ClO4 anion tetrahedra are
c    estimated as the average of the distances to the vertex + center
c    of a face plus the vdw radius of the substituent.
c-----

```

```

        if(atno(i).eq.5) then
            labq(i) = 'B '
            vdwq(i) = 2.38d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.7) then
            labq(i) = 'N '
            vdwq(i) = 1.55d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.8) then
            labq(i) = 'O '
            vdwq(i) = 1.52d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.9) then
            labq(i) = 'F '
            vdwq(i) = 1.47d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.16) then
            labq(i) = 'S '
            vdwq(i) = 1.80d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.17) then
            labq(i) = 'Cl'
            vdwq(i) = 1.75d0
            if(perchlorate) vdwq(i) = 2.46d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.35) then
            labq(i) = 'Br'
            vdwq(i) = 1.85d0
        elseif(atno(i).eq.53) then
            labq(i) = 'I '
            vdwq(i) = 1.98d0
        else
            write(6,'(a,i3)') 'Unknown atomic number ',atno(i)
            stop
        end if

    end do

200 print *, 'end of file'
    close(10)

c-----
c    do density calculations
c-----

    sphere = 0.20d0
    sphere = sphere*sphere

    do i = 1, numhits
        density(i) = 0.0d0
        print*, ' i', i
        do j = 1, numhits
            dist = (x(i)-x(j))*(x(i)-x(j)) +
&                (y(i)-y(j))*(y(i)-y(j)) +
&                (z(i)-z(j))*(z(i)-z(j))
            if(dist.lt.sphere) then
                density(i) = density(i) + 1.0d0
            end if
        end do
    end do

c-----
c    Make last half of offset(i) and y(i) negative
c-----

    do i = numhits/2, numhits
        offset(i) = -1.0d0*offset(i)
        y(i) = -1.0d0*y(i)
    end do

c-----
c    Write vdw+0.0 file - contains all points within the sum of vdw
c    radii of at least one atom of the arene
c-----

    ncontact = 0

```

```

do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i)
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
    ncontact = ncontact + 1
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='vdw+0.0')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i)
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
    write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
  end if
end do
close(11)

```

11 FORMAT(A2,X,4F8.3,X,A8,X,3F8.3,X,I5,X,I5)

```

c-----
c   Write vdw+0.1 file - contains all points within the sum of
c   vdw radii + 0.1 of at least one atom of the C6A5X moiety
c-----

```

```

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.1d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.1d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.1d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.1d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
    ncontact = ncontact + 1
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='vdw+0.1')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.1d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X

```

```

        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.1d0
    elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then          ! C6H5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.1d0
    end if
    vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.1d0
    if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
    &      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
    &      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
        write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
    &      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
    end if
    end do
close(11)

c-----
c      Write vdw+0.2 file - contains all points within the sum of
c      vdw radii + 0.2 of at least one atom of the C6A5X moiety
c-----

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
    vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.2d0
    if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.2d0
    elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.2d0
    end if
    vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.2d0
    if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
    &      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
    &      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
        ncontact = ncontact + 1
    end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='vdw+0.2')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
    vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.2d0
    if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.2d0
    elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.2d0
    end if
    vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.2d0
    if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
    &      (qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
    &      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
    &      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
        write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
    &      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
    end if
end do
close(11)

c-----
c      Write vdw+0.3 file - contains all points within the sum of
c      vdw radii + 0.3 of at least one atom of the C6A5X moiety
c-----

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
    vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.3d0

```



```

      if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.3d0
      elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
        vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.3d0
      end if
      vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.3d0
      if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&         (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&         (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&         ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&         (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&         (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
        ncontact = ncontact + 1
      end if
    end do

open(unit=11,file='vdw+0.3')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.3d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.3d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.3d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.3d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
    write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&               ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
  end if
end do
close(11)

```

```

c-----
c      Write vdw+0.4 file - contains all points within the sum of
c      vdw radii + 0.4 of at least one atom of the C6A5X moiety
c-----

```

```

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.4d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.4d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.4d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.4d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
    ncontact = ncontact + 1
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='vdw+0.4')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.4d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.4d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.4d0
  end if
end if

```

```

        vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.4d0
        if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
            write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&          ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
            end if
        end do
    close(11)

c-----
c      Write vdw+0.5 file - contains all points within the sum of
c      vdw radii + 0.5 of at least one atom of the C6A5X moiety
c-----

    ncontact = 0
    do i = 1, numhits
        vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.5d0
        if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.5d0
        elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.5d0
        end if
        vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.5d0
        if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
            ncontact = ncontact + 1
        end if
    end do

    open(unit=11,file='vdw+0.5')
    write(11,*) ncontact
    do i = 1, numhits
        vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 0.5d0
        if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 0.5d0
        elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 0.5d0
        end if
        vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 0.5d0
        if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
            write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&          ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
            end if
        end do
    close(11)

c-----
c      Write vdw+1.0 file - contains all points within the sum of
c      vdw radii + 1.0 of at least one atom of the C6A5X moiety
c-----

    ncontact = 0
    do i = 1, numhits
        vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 1.0d0
        if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 1.0d0
        elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 1.0d0
        end if
    end do

```

```

        end if
        vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 1.0d0
        if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
            ncontact = ncontact + 1
        end if
    end do

    open(unit=11,file='vdw+1.0')
    write(11,*) ncontact
    do i = 1, numhits
        vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 1.0d0
        if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0 + 1.0d0
        elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
            vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0 + 1.0d0
        end if
        vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i) + 1.0d0
        if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
            write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&          ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
        end if
    end do
    close(11)

```

-----

```

c      Write actual 2002 data file - contains points within the sum of
c      vdw radii + 1.0 from all six C atoms in the C6F5X group.
c      This is search criterion actually used in Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.
c      2002, 41, 3389
c      -----

```

```

        ncontact = 0
        do i = 1, numhits
            vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 1.00d0
            if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&              (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&              (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc) ) then
                ncontact = ncontact + 1
            end if
        end do

        open(unit=11,file='actual_2002_data')
        write(11,*) ncontact
        do i = 1, numhits
            vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0 + 1.00d0
            if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&              (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&              (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc) ) then
                write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&              ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
            end if
        end do
        close(11)

```

-----

```

c      Write 2002_data file - contains all points within the sum of
c      vdw radii of every carbon atom in the C6F5X moiety. This is
c      the incorrect search criterion reported in Angew. Chem.
c      Int. Ed. 2002, 41, 3389
c      -----

```

```

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc) ) then
    ncontact = ncontact + 1
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='2002_data')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).and.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).and.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc) ) then
    write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
    end if
  end do
close(11)

C-----
c   Write 2008_data file - within 4 angstroms of each ring C atom in
c   C6F5X, the search criterion used in CrystEngComm 2008, 10, 1501
C-----

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  if(qm(i).le.4.0d0) then
    if ( (qc1(i).le.4.0d0).and.(qc2(i).le.4.0d0).and.
&      (qc3(i).le.4.0d0).and.(qc4(i).le.4.0d0).and.
&      (qc5(i).le.4.0d0).and.(qc6(i).le.4.0d0) ) then
      ncontact = ncontact + 1
    end if
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='2008_data')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  if(qm(i).le.4.0d0) then
    if ( (qc1(i).le.4.0d0).and.(qc2(i).le.4.0d0).and.
&      (qc3(i).le.4.0d0).and.(qc4(i).le.4.0d0).and.
&      (qc5(i).le.4.0d0).and.(qc6(i).le.4.0d0) ) then
      write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
    end if
  end if
end do
close(11)

C-----
c   Write 2011_data file - contains all pts within the sum of vdw
c   radii from any ring carbon atom in the C6F5X moiety. This is the
c   search criterion used in the Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 9564
C-----

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc) ) then
    ncontact = ncontact + 1
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='2011_data')
write(11,*) ncontact

```

```

do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc) ) then
    write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
    end if
  end do
close(11)

c-----
c  Write 2012_data file - contains all pts within 5 angstroms of
c  the C6F5X Centroid. This is the stated criterion used in
c  CrystEngComm 2012, 14, 1027
c-----

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  if(qm(i).le.5.0d0) then
    ncontact = ncontact + 1
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='2012_data')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  if(qm(i).le.5.0d0) then
    write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&      ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
  end if
end do
close(11)

c-----
c  Write 2012_vdw file - contains all pts within 5 angstroms of the
c  C6F5X centroid and in vdw contact with at least one C6F5X atom
c-----

ncontact = 0
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i)
  if(qm(i).le.5.0d0) then
    if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&      ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&      (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
      ncontact = ncontact + 1
    end if
  end if
end do

open(unit=11,file='2012_vdw')
write(11,*) ncontact
do i = 1, numhits
  vdwqc = vdwq(i) + 1.70d0
  if(iarene.eq.'1') then          ! C6F5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.47d0
  elseif(iarene.eq.'2') then      ! C6H5X
    vdwqf = vdwq(i) + 1.20d0
  end if
  vdwqx = vdwq(i) + vdwx(i)
  if(qm(i).le.5.0d0) then

```

```

        if ( (qc1(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc2(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc3(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc4(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          (qc5(i).le.vdwqc).or.(qc6(i).le.vdwqc).or.
&          ( qx(i).le.vdwqx).or.(qf2(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf3(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf4(i).le.vdwqf).or.
&          (qf5(i).le.vdwqf).or.(qf6(i).le.vdwqf) ) then
        write(11,11) labq(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),density(i),
&          ref(i),qm(i),qpl(i),offset(i),atnox(i),cnx(i)
        end if
    end if
end do
close(11)

c-----
c      normal end of code
c-----

        goto 999

c-----
c      here if problem reading master.prn
c-----

100 print *, 'problem reading master.prn'

999 continue
end

```

## MAKEVIEW source code

```

c-----
c-----
c      MAKEVIEW
c      Copyright (C) 2019 by Benjamin P Hay
c
c      This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or
c      modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as
c      published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the
c      License or (at your option) any later version.
c
c      This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
c      but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
c      MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See GNU
c      General Public License for more details at this address:
c      <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
c
c      Benjamin P. Hay
c      Supramolecular Design Institute
c      127 Chestnut Hill Road
c      Oak Ridge, TN 37830
c
c      hayben@comcast.net
c
c-----
c-----
c      This program is distributed as part of the Supporting Information
c      for the Cryst. Growth Des. 2019 article entitled: Crystal
c      structure evidence for the directionality of lone pair-pi
c      interactions - fact or fiction? After reading an input file
c      giving atom labels and Cartesian coordinates, it writes a series
c      of input files to create POVray images
c
c      The input file, which can be any of the files generated by
c      SUBSET or RANDOM, must have the following format:
c      line 1: integer natom giving the number of atoms
c      line 2 - natom: first five variables in the line are a left-
c      justified two character atom label, x, y, z, density
c-----
c-----

```

```

program makeview

implicit none

integer size
parameter (size = 300000)

integer i,j,k,natom,moreatom
integer nbond,ibond(size),jbond(size)

real x(size),y(size),z(size)
real redval,greenval,blueval
real rdens,gdens,bdens,density(size)
real xmid,ymid,zmid,dmax,radius
real dxji,dyji,dzji,dxjk,dyjk,dzjk
real dist,dx,dy,dz
real dotji,dotjk,dotik,cosa,angle(6,size)

character*1 label,labeli,labelj,inkey
character*2 atlab(size)
character*20 input
character*200 record

logical flag

C-----
c      get input file name
C-----

5 continue

write(6,'(a)') 'Enter the name of the input file:'
write(6,'(a)') ' '
read(5,'(a20)') input

flag = .false.
inquire(file=input,exist=flag)
if(.not.flag) then
    write(6,'(a,a)') 'Do not find file named ',input
    write(6,'(a)') 'Check file name and try again '
    write(6,'(a)') ' '
    goto 5
end if

C-----
c      define C6F5X group - atomic coordinates derived from Chem3D
c      optimized C6F6 molecule using MM2+ force field
C-----

natom = 12

x(1) = 1.400e0
y(1) = 0.000e0
z(1) = 0.000e0
atlab(1) = 'C '

x(2) = 0.697e0
y(2) = -1.200e0
z(2) = 0.000e0
atlab(2) = 'C '

x(3) = -0.697e0
y(3) = -1.200e0
z(3) = 0.0000
atlab(3) = 'C '

x(4) = -1.400e0
y(4) = 0.000e0
z(4) = 0.000e0
atlab(4) = 'C '

```

```

x(5) = -0.697e0
y(5) = 1.200e0
z(5) = 0.000e0
atlab(5) = 'C '

x(6) = 0.697e0
y(6) = 1.200e0
z(6) = 0.000e9
atlab(6) = 'C '

x(7) = 2.900e0
y(7) = 0.000e0
z(7) = 0.000e0
atlab(7) = 'C '

x(8) = 1.362e0
y(8) = -2.365e0
z(8) = 0.000e0
atlab(8) = 'F '

x(9) = -1.362e0
y(9) = -2.365e0
z(9) = 0.000e0
atlab(9) = 'F '

x(10) = -2.750e0
y(10) = 0.000e0
z(10) = 0.000e0
atlab(10) = 'F '

x(11) = -1.362e0
y(11) = 2.365e0
z(11) = 0.000e0
atlab(11) = 'F '

x(12) = 1.362e0
y(12) = 2.365e0
z(12) = 0.000e0
atlab(12) = 'F '

nbond = 12

ibond(1) = 1
jbond(1) = 2

ibond(2) = 1
jbond(2) = 6

ibond(3) = 1
jbond(3) = 7

ibond(4) = 2
jbond(4) = 3

ibond(5) = 2
jbond(5) = 8

ibond(6) = 3
jbond(6) = 4

ibond(7) = 3
jbond(7) = 9

ibond(8) = 4
jbond(8) = 5

ibond(9) = 4
jbond(9) = 10

ibond(10) = 5

```



```

        jbond(10) = 6

        ibond(11) = 5
        jbond(11) = 11

        ibond(12) = 6
        jbond(12) = 12

c-----
c      read number of atoms then loop to read atom label, x, y, z
c-----

        open (unit=7,file=input,status='old')
        read (7,'(a200)') record
        read (record,*,err=90,end=100) moreatom
        do i = natom+1, natom+moreatom
            read (7,'(a200)') record
            read (record,*,err=90,end=100) atlab(i),x(i),y(i),z(i),
&          density(i)
            z(i) = -z(i)
        end do
        natom = natom + moreatom
        goto 100

    90 continue
        write(6,'(a)') 'Error reading input file '

    100 close (7)

c-----
c      distribution with ball and stick model
c-----

        open(unit=8,file='cloud_ball.pov',status='unknown')
        call header
        do i = 1, 12
            label = atlab(i)(1:1)
            write(8,401) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
        end do
        do i = 1, nbond
            write(8,402) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
&          x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i))
        end do
        radius = 0.015e0
        do i = 13, natom
            if(atlab(i)(2:2).eq.' ') then
                label = atlab(i)(1:1)
                write(8,403) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,label
            else
                write(8,404) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,atlab(i)
            end if
        end do
        call footer
        close(8)

c-----
c      distribution with tube model
c-----

        open(unit=8,file='cloud_tube.pov',status='unknown')
        call header
        do i = 1, 12
            label = atlab(i)(1:1)
            write(8,406) x(i),y(i),z(i),label
        end do
        do i = 1, nbond
            xmid = (x(ibond(i)) + x(jbond(i)))/2.0e0
            ymid = (y(ibond(i)) + y(jbond(i)))/2.0e0
            zmid = (z(ibond(i)) + z(jbond(i)))/2.0e0
            labeli = atlab(ibond(i))(1:1)
            labelj = atlab(jbond(i))(1:1)

```

```

        write(8,407) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
&      xmid, ymid, zmid, labeli
        write(8,407) x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i)),
&      xmid, ymid, zmid, labelj
    end do
    radius = 0.015e0
    do i = 13, natom
        if(atlab(i)(2:2).eq.' ') then
            label = atlab(i)(1:1)
            write(8,403) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,label
        else
            write(8,404) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,atlab(i)
        end if
    end do
    call footer
    close(8)

c-----
c      distribution with space-filling model
c-----

    open(unit = 8, file = 'cloud_space.pov', status='unknown')
    call header
    do i = 1, 12
        label = atlab(i)(1:1)
        write(8,408) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
    end do
    radius = 0.015e0
    do i = 13, natom
        if(atlab(i)(2:2).eq.' ') then
            label = atlab(i)(1:1)
            write(8,403) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,label
        else
            write(8,404) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,atlab(i)
        end if
    end do
    call footer
    close(8)

c-----
c      write angles - list of all lp - centroid - C angles
c      i is the contacting atom
c      j is the centroid (0,0,0)
c      k is the carbon atom
c-----

    do i = 13, natom
        do j = 1, 6
            dxji = - x(i)
            dyji = - y(i)
            dzji = - z(i)
            dxjk = - x(j)
            dyjk = - y(j)
            dzjk = - z(j)
            dotji = dxji*dxji + dyji*dyji + dzji*dzji
            dotjk = dxjk*dxjk + dyjk*dyjk + dzjk*dzjk
            dotik = 1.0e0/sqrt(dotji*dotjk)
            cosa = (dxji*dxjk + dyji*dyjk + dzji*dzjk) * dotik
            cosa = max(-1.0e0,cosa)
            cosa = min(1.0e0,cosa)
            angle(j,i) = acos(cosa)*57.29578e0
        end do
    end do
    open(unit=8,file='angles',status='unknown')
    do i = 13, natom
        do j = 1, 6
            write(8,'(F10.4)') angle(j,i)
        end do
    end do
    close(8)

```

```

c-----
c      set density variables and find maximum density
c-----

rdens = 0.60e0
gdens = 0.50e0
bdens = 0.40e0

dmax = 0.00e0
do i = 13, natom
  if(density(i).gt.dmax) then
    dmax = density(i)
  endif
enddo

c-----
c      density with ball and stick model
c-----

open(unit=8,file='dense_ball.pov',status='unknown')
call header
do i = 1, 12
  label = atlab(i)(1:1)
  write(8,401) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
end do
do i = 1, nbond
  write(8,402) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
& x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i))
end do
do i = 13, natom
  if((density(i)/dmax).gt.rdens) then
    redval = 1.0e0
    greenval = 0.0e0
    blueval = 0.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  elseif((density(i)/dmax).gt.gdens) then
    redval = 0.0e0
    greenval = 1.0e0
    blueval = 0.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  elseif((density(i)/dmax).gt.bdens) then
    redval = 0.0e0
    greenval = 0.0e0
    blueval = 1.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  else
    redval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
    greenval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
    blueval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
    radius = 0.015e0
  end if
  write(8,'(a)') '#declare L_tex=texture{pigment{'
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'colour'
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'red',redval
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'green',greenval
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'blue',blueval
  write(8,'(a)') '}' finish{ATM_FINISH}}'
  write(8,405) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius
end do
call footer
close(8)

c-----
c      density with tube model
c-----

open(unit=8,file='dense_tube.pov',status='unknown')
call header
do i = 1, 12
  label = atlab(i)(1:1)
  write(8,406) x(i),y(i),z(i),label

```

```

end do
do i = 1, nbond
  xmid = (x(ibond(i)) + x(jbond(i)))/2.0e0
  ymid = (y(ibond(i)) + y(jbond(i)))/2.0e0
  zmid = (z(ibond(i)) + z(jbond(i)))/2.0e0
  labeli = atlab(ibond(i))(1:1)
  labelj = atlab(jbond(i))(1:1)
  write(8,407) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
& xmid, ymid, zmid, labeli
  write(8,407) x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i)),
& xmid, ymid, zmid, labelj
end do
do i = 13, natom
  if((density(i)/dmax).gt.rdens) then
    redval = 1.0e0
    greenval = 0.0e0
    blueval = 0.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  elseif((density(i)/dmax).gt.gdens) then
    redval = 0.0e0
    greenval = 1.0e0
    blueval = 0.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  elseif((density(i)/dmax).gt.bdens) then
    redval = 0.0e0
    greenval = 0.0e0
    blueval = 1.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  else
    redval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
    greenval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
    blueval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
    radius = 0.015e0
  end if
  write(8,'(a)') '#declare L_tex=texture{pigment{'
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'colour'
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'red',redval
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'green',greenval
  write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'blue',blueval
  write(8,'(a)') '}' finish{ATM_FINISH}}'
  write(8,405) x(i), y(i), z(i), radius
end do
call footer
close(8)

```

```

c-----
c      density with space-filling model
c-----

```

```

open(unit=8,file='dense_space.pov',status='unknown')
call header
do i = 1, 12
  label = atlab(i)(1:1)
  write(8,408) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
end do

do i = 13, natom
  if((density(i)/dmax).gt.rdens) then
    redval = 1.0e0
    greenval = 0.0e0
    blueval = 0.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  elseif((density(i)/dmax).gt.gdens) then
    redval = 0.0e0
    greenval = 1.0e0
    blueval = 0.0e0
    radius = 0.025e0
  elseif((density(i)/dmax).gt.bdens) then
    redval = 0.0e0
    greenval = 0.0e0
    blueval = 1.0e0

```

```

        radius = 0.025e0
    else
        redval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
        greenval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
        blueval = 0.00+(density(i)/dmax)
        radius = 0.015e0
    end if
    write(8,'(a)') '#declare L_tex=texture{pigment{'
    write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'colour'
    write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'red',redval
    write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'green',greenval
    write(8,'(a,x,F5.3)') 'blue',blueval
    write(8,'(a)') '}' finish{ATM_FINISH}}'
    write(8,405) x(i), y(i), z(i), radius
end do
call footer
close(8)

c-----
c    before generating cut-away side views of bullet-shaped search
c    volumes, move points into the +y domain
c-----

do i = 13, natom
    y(i) = abs(y(i))
enddo

c-----
c    illustration of actual data selection used in Angew. Chem. Int.
c    Ed. 2002, 41, 3389, that is, contacting all six ring C atoms
c    at distances less than the sum of vdW radii + 1.0 angstroms
c-----

open(unit=8,file='actual_2002.pov',status='unknown')
call header
do i = 1, 12
    label = atlab(i)(1:1)
    write(8,401) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
end do
do i = 1, nbond
    write(8,402) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
$    x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i))
end do
radius = 0.015e0
do i = 13, natom
    if(atlab(i)(2:2).eq.' ') then
        label = atlab(i)(1:1)
        write(8,403) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,label
    else
        write(8,404) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,atlab(i)
    end if
end do
write(8,'(a)') '}' //end of cloud '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare bigone = '
write(8,'(a)') 'intersection{ '
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{< 0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare littleone = '
write(8,'(a)') 'intersection{ '
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.16',

```

```

&    ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.16',
&    ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.16',
&    ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.16',
&    ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.16',
&    ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{< 0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.16',
&    ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare diff= '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{bigone} '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{littleone} '
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare clip1 = '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{diff} '
write(8,'(a)') 'box{<5,5,5>,<-5,-5,0> texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare clip2 = '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{clip1} '
write(8,'(a)') 'box{<-5,-5,0>,<5,0,-5> texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') 'object{clip2 '
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0> '
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<90,0,0> '
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') 'object{cloud'
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<90,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '//END'
close(8)

```

```

C-----
c    illustration of selection criterion reported in Angew. Chem. Int.
c    Ed. 2002, 41, 3389, that is, contacting all six ring C atoms
c    at distances less than the sum of vdw radii
C-----

```

```

open(unit=8,file='2002.pov',status='unknown')
call header
do i = 1, 12
  label = atlab(i)(1:1)
  write(8,401) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
end do
do i = 1, nbond
  write(8,402) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
$    x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i))
end do
radius = 0.015e0
do i = 13, natom
  if(atlab(i)(2:2).eq.' ') then
    label = atlab(i)(1:1)
    write(8,403) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,label
  else
    write(8,404) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,atlab(i)
  end if
end do
write(8,'(a)') '}' //end of cloud '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare bigone = '
write(8,'(a)') 'intersection{ '
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<1.400,0.000,0.000>, 3.17',
&    ' texture{S_tex}}'

```

```

write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 3.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 3.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-1.400,0.000,0.000>, 3.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,1.200,0.000>, 3.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{< 0.697,1.200,0.000>, 3.17',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare littleone = '
write(8,'(a)') 'intersection{ '
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<1.400,0.000,0.000>, 3.16',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 3.16',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 3.16',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-1.400,0.000,0.000>, 3.16',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,1.200,0.000>, 3.16',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{< 0.697,1.200,0.000>, 3.16',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare diff= '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{bigone} '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{littleone} '
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare clip1 = '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{diff} '
write(8,'(a)') 'box{<5,5,5>,<-5,-5,0> texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare clip2 = '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{clip1} '
write(8,'(a)') 'box{<-5,-5,0>,<5,0,-5> texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') 'object{clip2 '
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0> '
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<90,0,0> '
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') 'object{cloud'
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<90,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '//END'
close(8)

```

```

c-----
c      illustration of data selection used in CrystEngComm 2008, 10, 1501
c      in other words, within 4 Å of all six ring C atoms
c-----

```

```

open(unit = 8, file = '2008.pov', status='unknown')
call header
do i = 1, 12
  label = atlab(i)(1:1)
  write(8,401) x(i),y(i),z(i),label,label
end do
do i = 1, nbond
  write(8,402) x(ibond(i)),y(ibond(i)),z(ibond(i)),
$   x(jbond(i)),y(jbond(i)),z(jbond(i))
end do
radius = 0.015e0

```

```

do i = 13, natom
  if(atlab(i)(2:2).eq.' ') then
    label = atlab(i)(1:1)
    write(8,403) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,label
  else
    write(8,404) x(i),y(i),z(i),radius,atlab(i)
  end if
end do
write(8,'(a)') '}' //end of cloud '
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare bigone = '
write(8,'(a)') 'intersection{ '
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.01',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.01',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.01',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.01',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.01',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{< 0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.01',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare littleone = '
write(8,'(a)') 'intersection{ '
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.00',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.00',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,-1.200,0.000>, 4.00',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-1.400,0.000,0.000>, 4.00',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{<-0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.00',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a,a)') 'sphere{< 0.697,1.200,0.000>, 4.00',
& ' texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare diff= '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{bigone} '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{littleone} '
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare clip1 = '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{diff} '
write(8,'(a)') 'box{<5,5,5>,<-5,-5,0> texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare clip2 = '
write(8,'(a)') 'difference{ '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{clip1} '
write(8,'(a)') 'box{<-5,-5,0>,<5,0,-5> texture{S_tex}}'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{clip2 '
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0> '
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<90,0,0> '
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{cloud'
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<90,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') '}'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '//END'
close(8)

```

```

C-----
c      FORMATS

```



```

C-----
401 format('sphere {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>, r',a1,
&      ' * ball_scale texture{' ,a1,'_tex'}}')

402 format('cylinder {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>,<','F6.3',' ','F6.3,
&      ' ','F6.3','>,r_Bnd open texture{bond_tex}}')

403 format('sphere {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>, ' , F6.3,
&      '*rStar texture{' ,a1,'_tex'}}')

404 format('sphere {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>, ' , F6.3,
&      '*rStar texture{' ,a2,'_tex'}}')

405 format('sphere {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>, ' ,F6.3,
&      ' texture{L_tex}}')

406 format('sphere {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>, r_Bnd ' ,
&      ' texture{' ,a1,'_tex'}}')

407 format('cylinder {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>,<','F6.3',' ','F6.3,
&      ' ','F6.3','>,r_Bnd open texture{' ,a1,'_tex'}}')

408 format('sphere {<','F6.3',' ','F6.3',' ','F6.3','>, r',a1,
&      ' texture{' ,a1,'_tex'}}')

C-----
c      end of main code
C-----
      end

C-----
c      top of POVRay file
C-----
      subroutine header
      write(8,'(a)') '#version 3'
      write(8,'(a)') ' '
      write(8,'(a)') 'camera { '
      write(8,'(a)') 'orthographic '
      write(8,'(a)') 'location <0,0,-100> '
      write(8,'(a)') 'up <0,15,0> '
      write(8,'(a)') 'right <15, 0, 0> '
      write(8,'(a)') 'look_at <0, 0, 0> '
      write(8,'(a)') '}'
      write(8,'(a)') ' '
      write(8,'(a)') 'object{light_source{<5,100,-5> color rgb 1.0}}'
      write(8,'(a)') 'object{light_source{<-5,0,-100> color rgb 1.5}}'
      write(8,'(a)') ' '
      write(8,'(a)') 'background {color rgb<0,0,0>}'
      write(8,'(a)') ' '
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare ball_scale = 0.25;'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare rStar = 1.00;'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare r_Bnd = 0.150;'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare ATM_FINISH = finish '//
& '{specular 1 roughness 0.001}'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare Metal = finish { metallic '//
& 'ambient 0.2 diffuse 0.7 brilliance 6 reflection 0.25 '//
& ' phong 0.75 phong_size 80 }'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare bond_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.650 green 0.490 blue 0.240 } '//
& 'finish{ Metal }'
      write(8,'(a)') ' '
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare rB = 2.00;'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare B_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.600 green 0.800 blue 0.196 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH }'
      write(8,'(a)') ' '
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare rC = 1.70;'
      write(8,'(a)') '#declare C_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.533 green 0.533 blue 0.533 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH }'

```

```

write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rN = 1.55;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare N_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.000 green 0.498 blue 1.000 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rO = 1.52;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare O_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 1.000 green 0.000 blue 0.000 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rF = 1.47;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare F_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.600 green 0.800 blue 0.196 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rP = 1.80;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare P_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 1.000 green 0.660 blue 0.090 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rS = 1.80;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare S_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 1.000 green 0.940 blue 0.000 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rCl = 1.75;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare Cl_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.000 green 0.500 blue 0.000 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rBr = 1.85;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare Br_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.557 green 0.137 blue 0.137 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare rI = 1.98;'
write(8,'(a)') '#declare I_tex = texture { pigment '//
& '{ colour red 0.600 green 0.196 blue 0.800 } '//
& 'finish{ ATM_FINISH } }'
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '#declare cloud ='
write(8,'(a)') 'union{'
return
end
-----
c
c    bottom of POV-Ray file
c
-----
subroutine footer
write(8,'(a)') ' } //end of cloud '
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') 'object{cloud'
write(8,'(a)') 'translate<0,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') 'rotate<0,0,0>'
write(8,'(a)') ' } '
write(8,'(a)') ' '
write(8,'(a)') '//END'
return
end

```

## RANDOM source code

```

-----
c
c
c    RANDOM
c    Copyright (C) 2019 by Benjamin P Hay
c
c    This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or

```

```

c      modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as
c      published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the
c      License or (at your option) any later version.
c
c      This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
c      but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
c      MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See GNU
c      General Public License for more details at this address:
c      <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
c
c      Benjamin P. Hay
c      Supramolecular Design Institute
c      127 Chestnut Hill Road
c      Oak Ridge, TN 37830
c
c      hayben@comcast.net
c
c-----
c      This program is distributed as part of the Supporting Information
c      for the Cryst. Growth Des. 2019 article entitled: Crystal
c      structure evidence for the directionality of lone pair-pi
c      interactions - fact or fiction? It generates random distributions
c      of F atoms about C6F6.
c-----
c-----

      program random

      implicit none

      integer size
      parameter (size = 200000)

      integer i, j, k
      integer nmax,nrs,n12,n12v

      real vdwff,vdwfc,thick
      real xr(12),yr(12),zr(12)
      real dist2(12),dmax(12),dmin(12)
      real xtest,ytest,ztest,dist
      real xrs(size),yrs(size),zrs(size)
      real dcenrs(size),dplrs(size),doffrs(size)
      real x12(size),y12(size),z12(size)
      real dcen12(size),dpl12(size),doff12(size)
      real x12v(size),y12v(size),z12v(size)
      real dcen12v(size),dpl12v(size),doff12v(size)

      character*1 inkey

c-----
c      define parameters
c-----

      nrs = 0
      n12 = 0
      n12v = 0
      vdwff = 2.94e0
      vdwfc = 3.170e0
      thick = 0.00e0
      xtest = rand(8321)

c-----
c      how many points?
c-----

      write(6,'(a)') ' '
      write(6,'(a)') ' '
      write(6,'(a,i6)') 'Number of random points = ',size
      write(6,'(a)') ' '
      write(6,'(a)') 'use this value? (y/n):'

```

```

write(6,'(a)') ' '
read(5,'(a1)') inkey
if(inkey.eq.'n') then
  write(6,'(a)') ' '
  write(6,'(a,i6)') 'do not exceed max array size of ',size
  write(6,'(a)') 'input new value: '
  write(6,'(a)') ' '
  read(5,*) nmax
else
  nmax = size
end if
if(nmax.gt.size) then
  write(6,'(a)') 'input exceeds maximum array size'
  stop
end if

C-----
c    layer thickness
C-----

write(6,'(a)') ' '
write(6,'(a)') ' '
write(6,'(a,F8.4)') 'Layer thickness, sum vdw radii + ',thick
write(6,'(a)') ' '
write(6,'(a)') 'use this value? (y/n):'
write(6,'(a)') ' '
read(5,'(a1)') inkey
if(inkey.eq.'n') then
  write(6,'(a)') ' '
  write(6,'(a)') 'input new value: '
  write(6,'(a)') ' '
  read(5,*) thick
else
  thick = 0.0e0
end if

C-----
c    define C6F5X atom positions
C-----

xr(1) = 1.400e0
yr(1) = 0.000e0
zr(1) = 0.000e0

xr(2) = 0.697e0
yr(2) = -1.200e0
zr(2) = 0.000e0

xr(3) = -0.697e0
yr(3) = -1.200e0
zr(3) = 0.000e0

xr(4) = -1.400e0
yr(4) = 0.000e0
zr(4) = 0.000e0

xr(5) = -0.697e0
yr(5) = 1.200e0
zr(5) = 0.000e0

xr(6) = 0.697e0
yr(6) = 1.200e0
zr(6) = 0.000e0

xr(7) = 2.750e0
yr(7) = 0.000e0
zr(7) = 0.000e0

xr(8) = 1.362e0
yr(8) = -2.365e0
zr(8) = 0.000e0

```

```

xr(9) = -1.362e0
yr(9) = -2.365e0
zr(9) = 0.000e0

xr(10) = -2.750e0
yr(10) = 0.000e0
zr(10) = 0.000e0

xr(11) = -1.362e0
yr(11) = 2.365e0
zr(11) = 0.000e0

xr(12) = 1.362e0
yr(12) = 2.365e0
zr(12) = 0.000e0

c-----
c      assign max and min contact distances for each atom
c-----

do i = 1, 12
  if(i.le.6) then
    dmin(i) = (vdwfc - 0.20e0)*(vdwfc - 0.20e0)
    dmax(i) = (vdwfc+thick)*(vdwfc+thick)
  else
    dmin(i) = (vdwff - 0.20e0)*(vdwff - 0.20e0)
    dmax(i) = (vdwff+thick)*(vdwff+thick)
  end if
end do

c-----
c      top of loop to generate random points
c-----

10 continue
xtest = 6.0e0*rand()
ytest = 6.0e0*rand()
ztest = 6.0e0*rand()
dist = sqrt(xtest*xtest + ytest*ytest + ztest*ztest)

c-----
c      skip if distance to any atom < dmin(i)
c-----

do i = 1, 12
  dist2(i) = (xtest-xr(i))*(xtest-xr(i)) +
&            (ytest-yr(i))*(ytest-yr(i)) +
&            (ztest-zr(i))*(ztest-zr(i))
  if(dist2(i).lt.dmin(i)) then
    goto 10
  end if
end do

c-----
c      store random_shell atom if distance to any atom < dmax(i)
c-----

if(nrs.lt.nmax) then
  if(dist2(1).le.dmax(1).or.dist2(2).le.dmax(2).or.
& dist2(3).le.dmax(3).or.dist2(4).le.dmax(4).or.
& dist2(5).le.dmax(5).or.dist2(6).le.dmax(6).or.
& dist2(7).le.dmax(7).or.dist2(8).le.dmax(8).or.
& dist2(9).le.dmax(9).or.dist2(10).le.dmax(10).or.
& dist2(11).le.dmax(11).or.dist2(12).le.dmax(12))
& then
    nrs = nrs + 1
    xrs(nrs) = xtest
    yrs(nrs) = ytest
    zrs(nrs) = ztest
    dcenrs(nrs) = dist

```

```

        dplrs(nrs) = ztest
        doffrs(nrs) = sqrt(dist*dist-ztest*ztest)
    end if
end if

c-----
c    store random_2012 atom if distance to centroid < 5.0 angstroms
c-----

    if(n12.lt.nmax) then
        if(dist.lt.5.0e0) then
            n12 = n12 + 1
            x12(n12) = xtest
            y12(n12) = ytest
            z12(n12) = ztest
            dcen12(n12) = dist
            dpl12(n12) = ztest
            doff12(n12) = sqrt(dist*dist-ztest*ztest)
        end if
    end if

c-----
c    store random_2012_vdw atom if distance to centroid < 5.0 angstroms
c    and if distance to any atom < dmax(i)
c-----

    if(n12v.lt.nmax) then
        if(dist.lt.5.00e0) then
            if(dist2(1).le.dmax(1).or.dist2(2).le.dmax(2).or.
&         dist2(3).le.dmax(3).or.dist2(4).le.dmax(4).or.
&         dist2(5).le.dmax(5).or.dist2(6).le.dmax(6).or.
&         dist2(7).le.dmax(7).or.dist2(8).le.dmax(8).or.
&         dist2(9).le.dmax(9).or.dist2(10).le.dmax(10).or.
&         dist2(11).le.dmax(11).or.dist2(12).le.dmax(12))
            then
                n12v = n12v + 1
                x12v(n12v) = xtest
                y12v(n12v) = ytest
                z12v(n12v) = ztest
                dcen12v(n12v) = dist
                dpl12v(n12v) = ztest
                doff12v(n12v) = sqrt(dist*dist-ztest*ztest)
            end if
        end if
    end if

c-----
c    done if nrs, n12, and n12v are all eq nmax, otherwise go again
c-----

    if((nrs.eq.nmax).and.(n12.eq.nmax).and.(n12v.eq.nmax)) then
        goto 100
    else
        goto 10
    end if

100 continue

c-----
c    reflect half of the points to generate full hemisphere of data
c-----

    do i = nrs/2, nrs
        xrs(i) = -1.0e0 * xrs(i)
    end do
    do i = 1, nrs, 2
        yrs(i) = -1.0e0 * yrs(i)
    end do

    do i = n12/2, n12
        x12(i) = -1.0e0 * x12(i)
    end do

```

```

end do
do i = 1, n12, 2
    y12(i) = -1.0e0 * y12(i)
end do

do i = n12v/2, n12v
    x12v(i) = -1.0e0 * x12v(i)
end do
do i = 1, n12v, 2
    y12v(i) = -1.0e0 * y12v(i)
end do

c-----
c    write output files
c-----

open(unit=8,file='random_shell')
write(8,'(I8)') nrs
do i = 1, nrs
    write(8,200) xrs(i),yrs(i),zrs(i),1,dcenrs(i),
&    dplrs(i),doffrs(i)
end do
close(8)

open(unit=9,file='random_2012')
write(9,'(I8)') n12
do i = 1, n12
    write(9,200) x12(i),y12(i),z12(i),1,dcen12(i),
&    dpl12(i),doff12(i)
end do
close(9)

open(unit=10,file='random_2012_vdw')
write(10,'(I8)') n12v
do i = 1, n12v
    write(10,200) x12v(i),y12v(i),z12v(i),1,dcen12v(i),
&    dpl12v(i),doff12v(i)
end do
close(10)

200 FORMAT('F ',3F8.4,I8,3F8.4)

stop
end

```