Zirconium Phosphate: The Pathway from

Turbostratic Disorder to Crystallinity

Aida Contreras-Ramirez‡, Songsheng Tao†, Gregory S. Day‡, Vladimir I. Bakhmutov‡, Simon J. L. Billinge*†↓
and Hong-Cai Zhou* §‡.

- ‡ Department of Chemistry, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 77843, USA
- † Department of Applied Physics and Applied Mathematics, Columbia University, New York, NY 10027.
- §Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas 77843-3003, United States.
- [‡] Condensed Matter Physics and Materials Science Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973

Supplementary Information

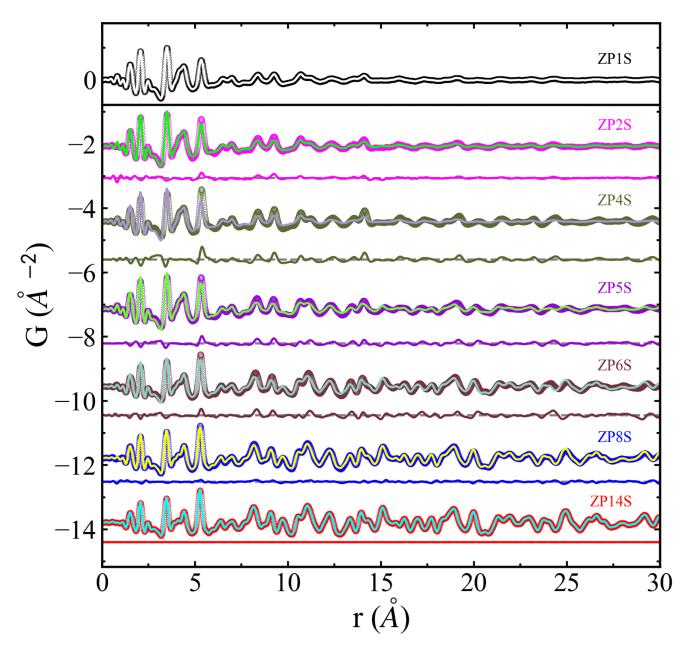


Figure S1. Experimental PDFs of S-series (empty dots) and fitted linear combination of PDFs of ZP1S and ZP14S (solid line) with the difference curves below.

Table S1. Refined parameters in S-series.

	ZP1S	ZP2S	ZP4S	ZP5S	ZP6S	ZP8S	ZP14S
scale _{bulk}	0.466	0.302	0.138	0.110	0.315	0.242	0.363
psize (Å)	8.324	8.968	17.432	61.511	88.754	230.307	281.749
a (Å)	10.089	9.758	9.841	9.189	9.121	9.069	9.069
b (Å)	5.221	5.291	5.439	5.278	5.295	5.289	5.283
c (Å)	13.918	14.268	15.299	15.383	15.419	15.394	15.390
β_{bulk}	108.026	107.712	108.431	101.124	101.641	101.700	101.653
Uzr (Å-2)	0.002	0.005	0.004	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.005
U_P^{bulk} (Å-2)	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.005
U ₀ ^{bulk} (Å ⁻²)	0.016	0.031	0.054	0.041	0.031	0.027	0.023
scale _{layer}	0.183	0.230	0.259	0.285	0.266	0.138	0.119
x scale	1.005	1.009	1.017	1.009	1.006	1.001	1.011
y scale	0.996	1.015	1.011	1.017	1.006	1.006	0.989
z scale	1.000	0.980	0.967	0.977	0.993	0.992	1.004
Uzr (Å-2)	0.008	0.009	0.007	0.010	0.008	0.012	0.017
U _P layer (Å-2)	0.009	0.013	0.009	0.006	0.004	0.023	0.023
U ₀ layer (Å-2)	0.016	0.027	0.029	0.038	0.022	0.047	0.053
δ (Å)	1.834	1.912	1.826	1.927	1.913	3.230	3.260

Figure S2 shows the different FT-IR spectra for α ZrP prepared by the stirring, reflux, and hydrothermal methods. The FT-IR spectrum for ZP8R and ZP14H200 show a broad stretching band typical of water at 3600-2500 cm⁻¹ and a bending band (δ (H-O-H)) at 1620 cm⁻¹. A weak shoulder at 1245 cm⁻¹ is attributed to (ν (P=O)). The large and broad band at 1020 cm⁻¹ corresponds to the symmetric stretching of P-O bond in the PO₄ group and a shoulder at 950 cm⁻¹ to (δ (P-OH)). The bands at 600 cm⁻¹, 460 cm⁻¹ and 400 cm⁻¹ are attributed to the Zr-O bond. 1-4

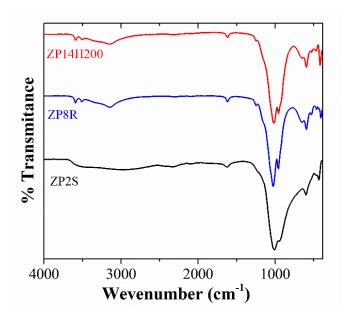


Figure S2. FT-IR spectra for ZrP prepared by stirring, hydrothermal, and reflux methods.

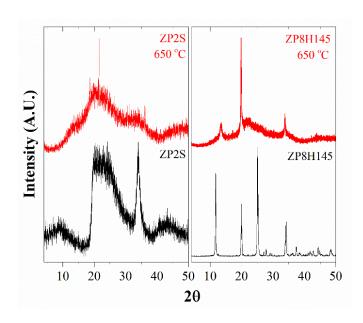


Figure S3. PXRD pattern of ZP2S an ZP8H145 after annealing at 650 oC for 2 hours.

The FT-IR spectra for the samples after temperature treatment are presented in Figure S4. From 4000 cm⁻¹ to 1800 cm⁻¹ no bands are observed. The assignment of the $P_2O_7^{4-}$ modes are given in terms of PO_3 and P-O-P vibration.⁵ The symmetric and asymmetric stretching frequencies of PO_3 are observed in the 1157-1100 cm⁻¹ region. For P-O-P, symmetric modes were observed around 760 cm⁻¹. The bands between 590 and 440 cm⁻¹ are attributed to δ O-P-O, δ PO₃ and δ P-O-P deformations.⁵⁻⁶ These spectra demonstrate the formation of ZrP_2O_7 in the turbostratic and in the crystalline samples.

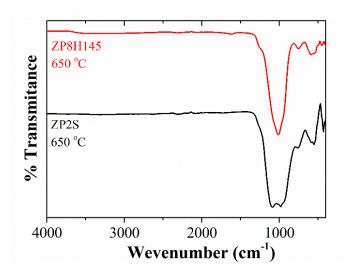


Figure S4. FT-IR spectra for ZP2S and ZP8H145 after annealing at 650 oC for 2 hours.

The ³¹P{¹H} MAS NMR spectrum of ZP2S (Figure S5), recorded at a spin rate of 4 kHz, shows a major resonance at -23.4 ppm due to orthophosphate (HPO₄²⁻). A short and well-defined peak at -15.3 ppm could be attributed to the resonance of phosphate within a more hydrated area. Meanwhile, a shoulder to the right of the main resonance, -29.1 ppm, could be attributed to a dehydrated phase of ZrP.⁷⁻⁸ The wide peaks on the spectrum suggest that the material is not homogeneous, which is in good agreement with the PDF data.

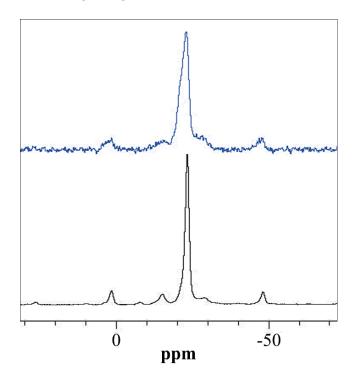


Figure S5. ³¹P{¹H} MAS NMR spectra of ZP2S at a spinning rate of 4 kHz from top to bottom: the spectrum obtained with direct excitation of 31P nuclei; the spectrum obtained with proton-phosphorus cross polarization.

The ¹H MAS NMR spectrum of αZrP is shown in Figure S6. The ¹H MAS NMR spectrum of ZP2S and ZP8H200 at a spin rate of 5.1 kHz. As expected, this spectrum is not informative due to strong proton-proton dipolar interactions. Nevertheless, the ¹H MAS NMR spectrum for ZP8H200 (bottom) shows a major resonance at 6.1 ppm and a second resonance at 7.6 ppm, these resonances belong to protons of water situated between layers and also protons P–OH (b). ⁹ ZP2S spectrum (top) shows two resonances at 8.4 and 6.3 ppm, which can be assigned to protons of water and HPO₄²⁻ groups.

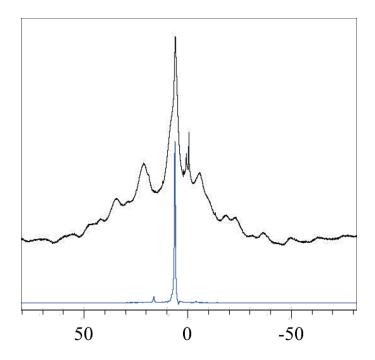


Figure S6. The 1H MAS NMR spectrum of ZP2S(top), ZP8H200(bottom) spinning at a rate of 5.1 kHz.

Table S2. Refined parameters in H-series.

	ZP2H	ZP2H	ZP2H	ZP8H	ZP8H	ZP8H	ZP14H	ZP14H	ZP14H
	90	145	200	90	145	200	90	145	200
scale _{bulk}	0.566	0.51	0.451	0.397	0.373	0.401	0.439	0.339	0.431
psize (Å)	51.769	62.471	136.642	187.487	135.484	260.767	154.904	116.416	108.336
a (Å)	9.09	9.077	9.063	9.066	9.07	9.067	9.075	9.073	9.093
b (Å)	5.322	5.312	5.289	5.288	5.292	5.289	5.298	5.296	5.315
c (Å)	15.333	15.342	15.393	15.409	15.401	15.411	15.368	15.398	15.316
β bulk	101.659	101.693	101.709	101.707	101.711	101.707	101.743	101.71	101.837
Uzr (Å-2)	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
U_P^{bulk} (Å-2)	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.005
U ₀ ^{bulk} (Å ⁻²)	0.009	0.009	0.012	0.012	0.011	0.013	0.011	0.011	0.011

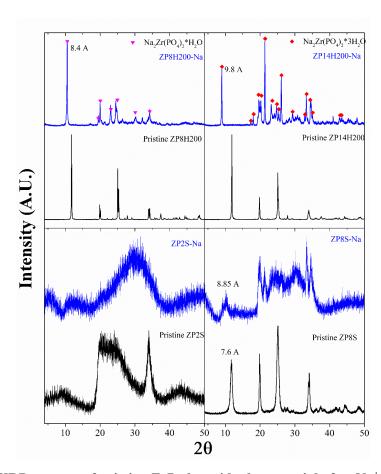


Figure S7. PXRD pattern of pristine ZrP alongside the material after Na⁺ ion exchange.

Figure S8 illustrates the identical ^{31}P { ^{1}H } MAS NMR spectra obtained by direct ^{31}P excitation and proton-phosphorus cross polarization, of the sample ZP8H200. Showing that the phosphorus groups are surrounded by the same number of protons. Two signals are observed, one at -19.5 (very small) and another -21.2 ppm (in a ratio of 1 to 19) in full accordance with the data reported earlier for α ZrP. $^{10\text{-}11}$ Both signals belong to $\text{HPO}_4^{2\text{-}}$ orthophosphate groups located in more (-19.5 ppm) and less (-21.2 ppm) hydrated areas of α ZrP. The most important feature of the spectra is the fact that in the sample of higher crystallinity, the major signal is narrower with a linewidth of 60-70 Hz.

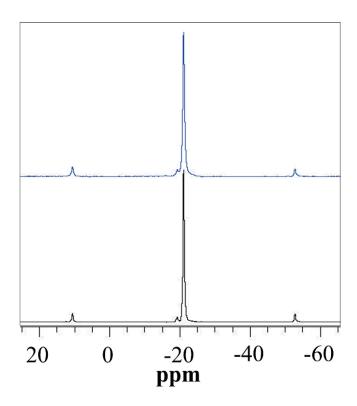


Figure S8. 31P{1H} MAS NMR spectra of ZP8H200 at a spinning rate of 5.1 kHz from top to bottom: the spectrum obtained with direct excitation of 31P nuclei; the spectrum obtained with proton-phosphorus cross polarization.

To support this conclusion, we performed the ${}^{31}P\{{}^{1}H\}$ CP MAS NMR experiments both with and without the spin-lock section shown in Figure S9. The ${}^{1}H$ spin-lock X CP MAS NMR spectra manifest X resonances developed due to cross polarization via protons characterized by the longest ${}^{1}H$ T_{1p} times. Generally, the X CP signals at the ${}^{1}H$ spin-lock are associated with a crystalline phase, while the spectral difference shows an amorphous phase. 12 As seen in Figure S6, the spectral difference is quite small, supporting the high crystallinity of the sample.

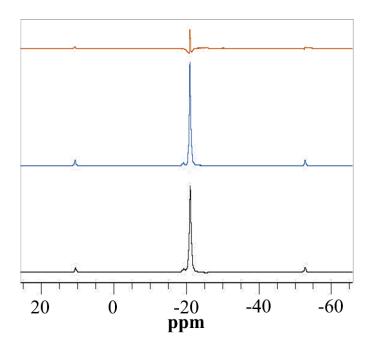


Figure S9. 31P{1H} CP MAS NMR spectrum (middle) and 31P{1H} 1H spin-lock CP MAS NMR spectrum at a spin-lock pulse length of 16 ms (bottom) recorded for sample ZP8H200, spinning at a rate of 5 kHz, the top spectra show the difference between the two.

Figure S10 shows the high resolution XPS spectra for P 2p and Zr 3d, for ZP14H200 and ZP2S samples. The P 2p_{3/2} and 2p_{1/2} peaks overlap, giving one peak centered at 134.4-134.2 eV, respectively (Figure S7 a). The Zr 3d_{5/2} and 3d_{3/2} peaks are centered at 183.8-183.6 and 186.2-186.1 eV (Figure S7 b), these values are in strong agree with values previously reported.¹³⁻¹⁴ The high-resolution scans for the Zr 3d and P 2p regions in the well crystallized sample (ZP14H200) show an increase in binding energy of ~0.2 eV which indicates a difference in polarization. The binding energies are referenced to the C 1s line, which was fixed at 284.8 eV. The spectrum has been fitted using Gaussian, after a Shirley-type back ground subtraction.

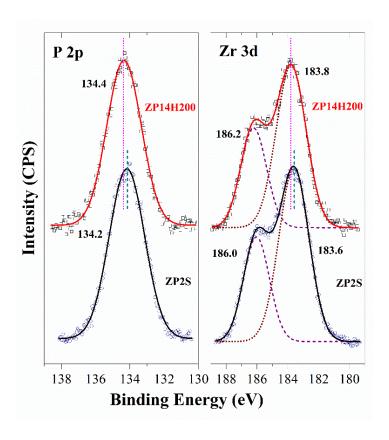


Figure S10. X-ray photoelectron spectra of ZP2S and ZP14H200: a) P 2p binding energy region; b) Zr 3d3/2 and Zr 3d5/2 binding energy region.

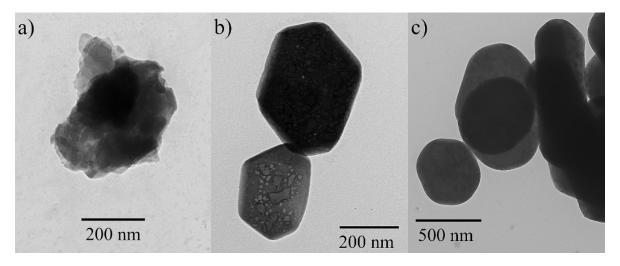


Figure S11. TEM images of H-samples series: a) ZP2H145, b) ZP8H145, c) ZP14H145.

Table S3. Refined parameters in R-series.

	ZP2R	ZP8R	ZP14R
scale _{bulk}	0.2	0.505	0.459
psize (Å)	25.471	152.354	177.744
a (Å)	9.143	9.081	9.073
b (Å)	5.452	5.452	5.452
c (Å)	15.002	15.345	15.416
b _{bulk}	101.179	101.731	101.644
Uzr (Å-2)	0.003	0.006	0.005
U_P^{bulk} (Å-2)	0.003	0.005	0.005
U ₀ ^{bulk} (Å ⁻²)	0.035	0.023	0.021
scale _{layer}	0.337	0.165	0.157
x scale	1.004	1.01	1.007
y scale	0.994	0.995	0.997
z scale	1.205	1.002	1.003
Uzr (Å-2)	0.011	0.013	0.02
U _P (Å-2)	0.007	0.024	0.052
U_0^{layer} (Å-2)	0.028	0.059	0.101
d (Å)	2.038	3.305	3.358

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