Supplement Information

Magnetic Reactive Oxygen Species Nanoreactor for Switchable Magnetic Resonance Imaging Guided Cancer Therapy Based on pH-Sensitive $Fe_5C_2@Fe_3O_4$ Nanoparticles

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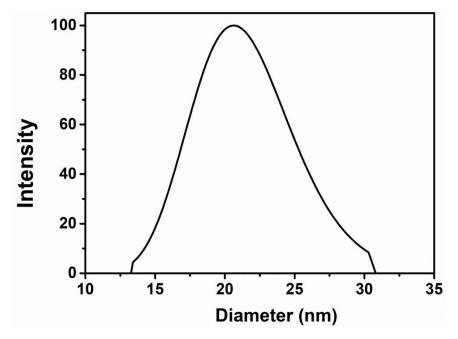


Figure S1. DLS spectrum of $Fe_5C_2@Fe_3O_4$ NPs.

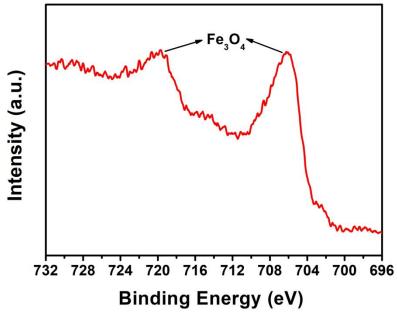


Figure S2. Fe 2p XPS spectrum of Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs.

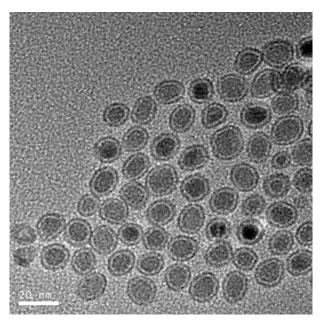


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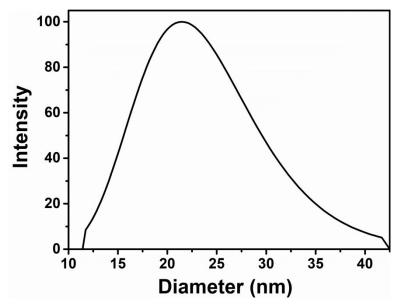


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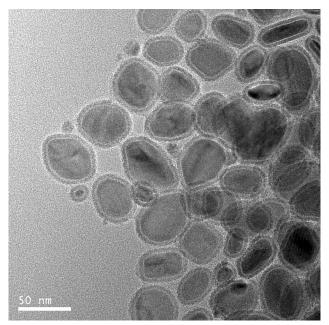


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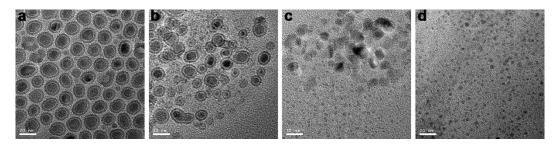


Figure S6. TEM image of PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs by dispersing in pH 5.4 with different time (**a** 0h, **b** 1h, **c** 2h, **d** 4h).

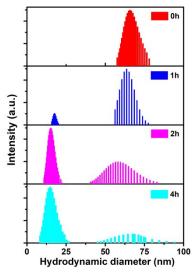


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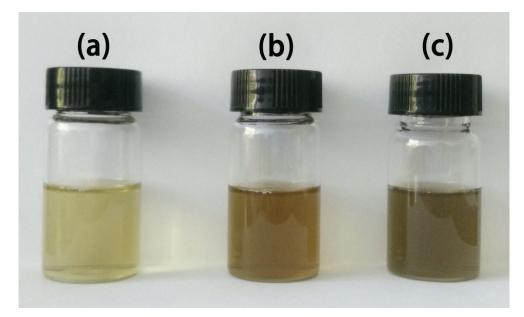


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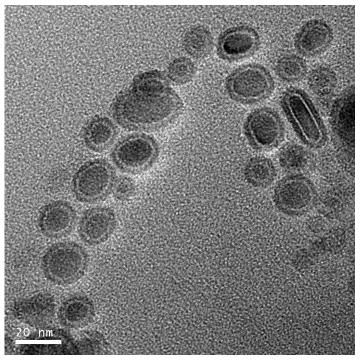


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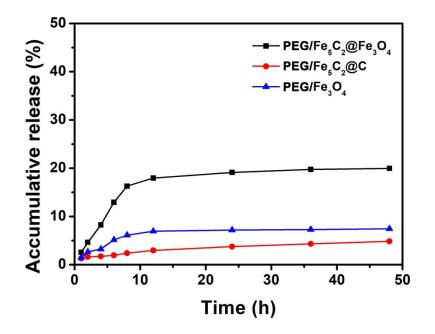


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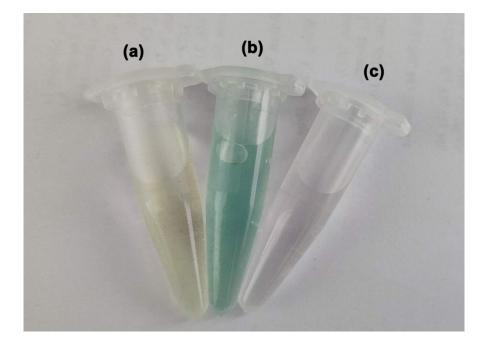


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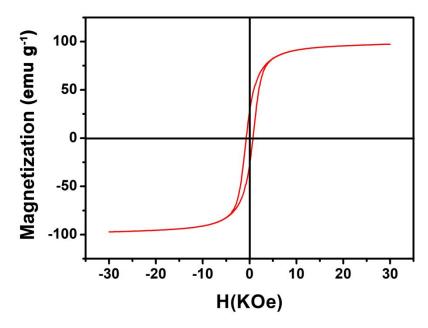


Figure S12. Room-temperature magnetic hysteresis loops of PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs.

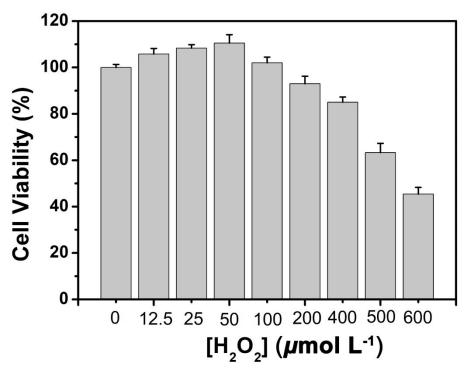


Figure S13. Cell viability of 4T1 cells after 24 h incubation with different concentrations of H_2O_2 .

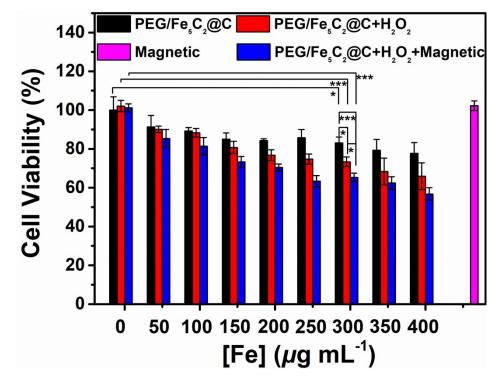


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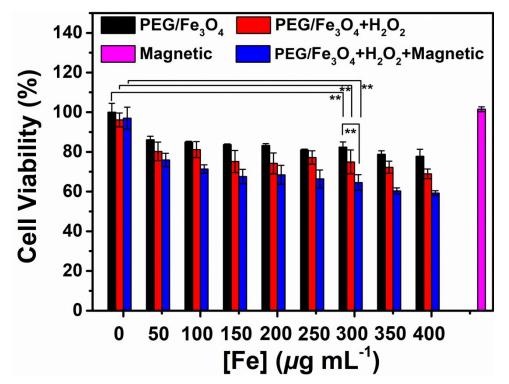


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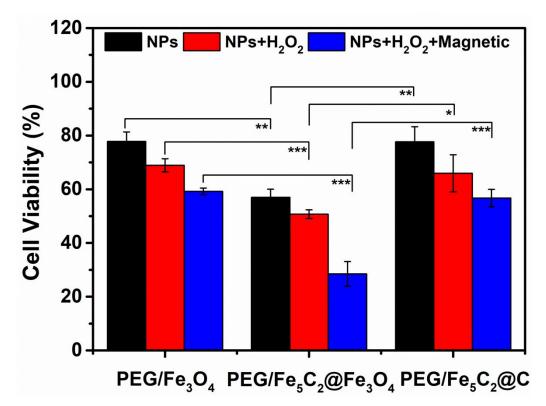


Figure S16. Cell viability of 4T1 cells after 24 h incubation with different NPs in different conditions at concentration of 400 μ g Fe mL⁻¹. The H₂O₂ concentration was 50 μ mol L⁻¹. (n = 6, mean ± *s.d.*, **p* < 0.05, ***p* < 0.01, and ****p* < 0.001).

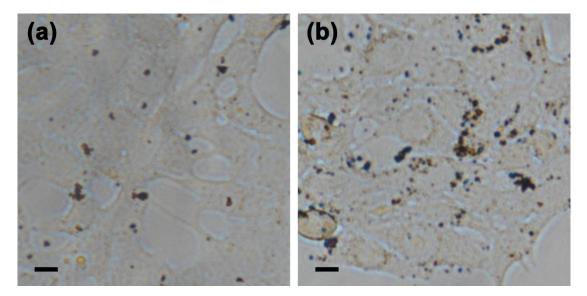


Figure S17. The representative Prussian blue staining of 4T1 cells (a) without and (b) with magnetic targeting. Scale bars are 20 μ m.

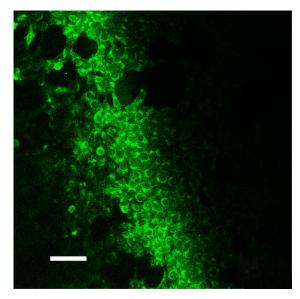


Figure S18. Fluorescence image of DCFH-DA labeled 4T1 cells treated by PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs + H₂O₂ (50 μ mol L⁻¹) under magnetic targeting. Scale bars are 75 μ m.

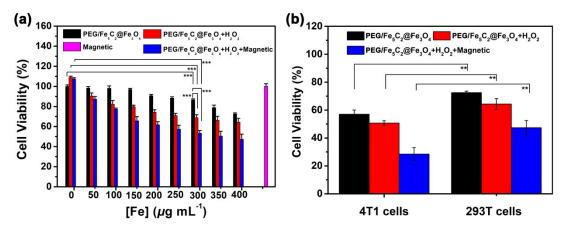


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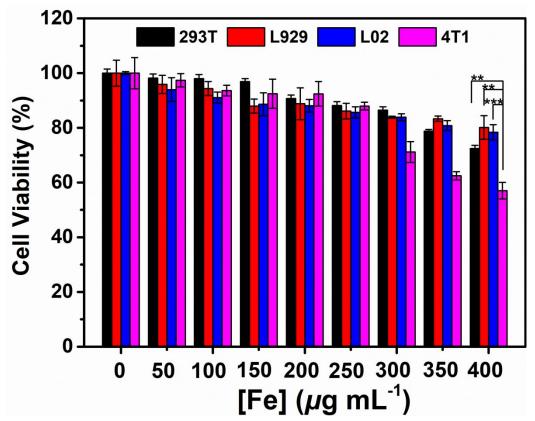
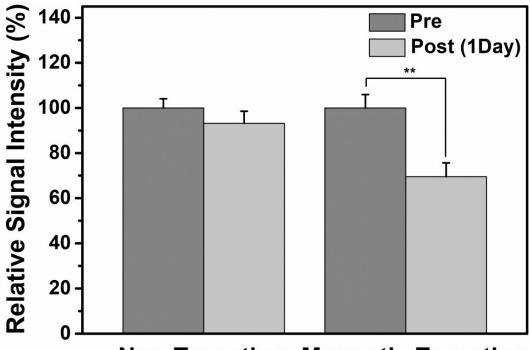


Figure S20. Cell viability studies on 293T, L929, L02 and 4T1 cells after incubation with PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs. (n = 6, mean $\pm s.d.$, **p < 0.01, and ***p < 0.001).



Non Targeting Magnetic Targeting

Figure S21. Intensity change of T_2 -weighted MR signal before and after *i.v.* injection with or without magnetic targeting. (n = 3, mean $\pm s.d.$, **p < 0.01).

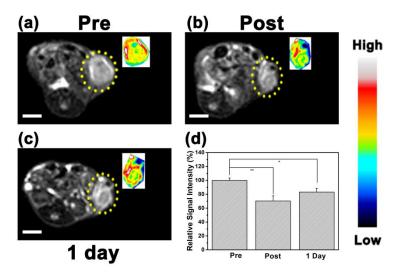


Figure S22. Representative T_2 -weighted MR images of 4T1 tumor-bearing mice (**a**) before, (**b**) immediately post, and (**c**) 1 day after *i.t.* injection of PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs. The tumor sites are circled by a yellow dashed line. Figure at the top right corner is the pseudo-color image of the tumor site. (**d**) Intensity changes of T_2 -weighted MR signal immediately or 1 day after *i.t.* injection. Scale bars are 5 mm. (n = 3, mean ± *s.d.*, *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01).

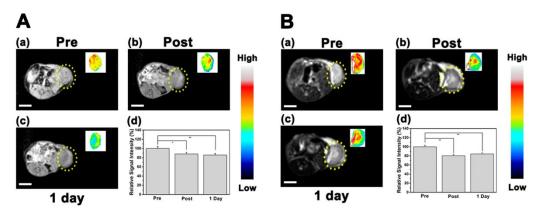


Figure S23. (A) Representative T_1 -weighted MR images of 4T1 tumor-bearing mice (a) before, (b) immediately post, and (c) one day after *i.t.* injection of PEG/Fe₃O₄ NPs. The tumor sites are circled by a yellow dashed line. Figure at the top right corner is the pseudo-color image of the tumor site. (d) Intensity changes of T_1 -weighted MR signal immediately or one day after *i.t.* injection. Scale bars are 5 mm. (n = 3, mean ± *s.d.*, *p < 0.05, **p < 0.01). (B) Representative T_2 -weighted MR images of 4T1 tumor-bearing mice (a) before, (b) immediately post, and (c) 1 day after *i.t.* injection of PEG/Fe₃O₄ NPs. The tumor sites are circled by a yellow dashed line. Figure at the top right corner is the pseudo-color image of the tumor site. (d) Intensity changes of T_2 -weighted MR signal immediately or 1 day after *i.t.* injection. Scale bars are 5 mm. (n = 3, mean ± *s.d.*, **p < 0.01).

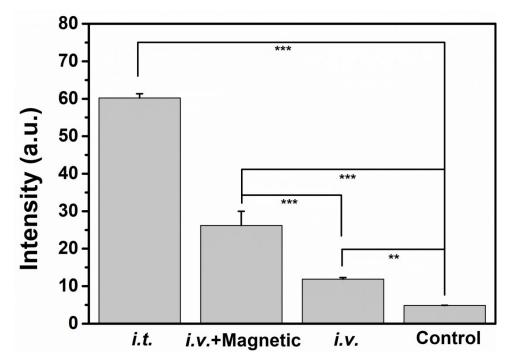


Figure S24. Fluorescence intensities of DCFH-DA labeled mice tumors by different treatments. (n = 5, mean $\pm s.d.$, **p < 0.01, and ***p < 0.001).



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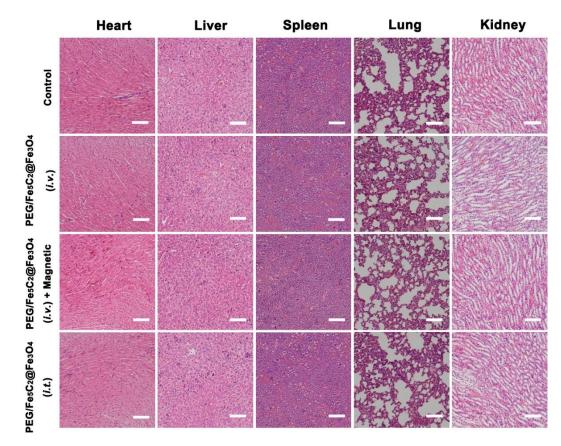


Figure S26. H&E stained images of major organs collected from different groups of mice. Scale bars are 500 μ m.

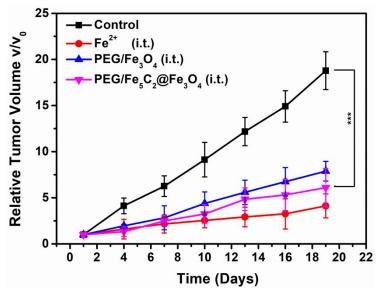


Figure S27. Time course change in the relative tumor volume after different treatments. The initial tumor sizes were about 150 mm³. (n = 5, mean $\pm s.d.$, ***p < 0.001).

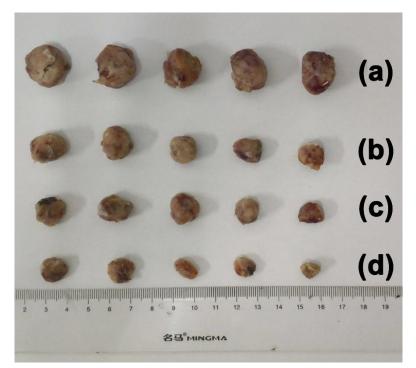


Figure S28. Photographs at day 19 of tumor from group (a) Control, (b) *i.t.* injection of PEG/Fe₃O₄ NPs, (c) *i.t.* injection of PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs, (d) *i.t.* injection of Fe²⁺. The initial tumor sizes were about 150 mm³.

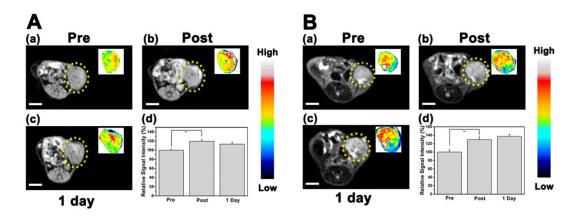


Figure S29. (A) Representative T_1 -weighted MR images of 4T1 tumor-bearing mice (a) before, (b) immediately post, and (c) one day after *i.t.* injection of Fe²⁺ ions (FeCl₂). The tumor sites are circled by a yellow dashed line. Figure at the top right corner is the pseudo-color image of the tumor site. (d) Intensity changes of T_1 -weighted MR signal immediately or one day after *i.t.* injection. Scale bars are 5 mm. (n = 3, mean ± *s.d.*, ***p* < 0.01) (B) Representative T_2 -weighted MR images of 4T1 tumor-bearing mice (a) before, (b) immediately post, and (c) 1 day after *i.t.* injection of Fe²⁺ ions (FeCl₂). The tumor sites are circled by a yellow dashed line. Figure at the top right corner is the pseudo-color image of the tumor site. (d) Intensity changes of T_2 -weighted MR signal immediately or 1 day after *i.t.* injection. Scale bars are 5 mm. (n = 3, mean ± *s.d.*, ***p* < 0.01).

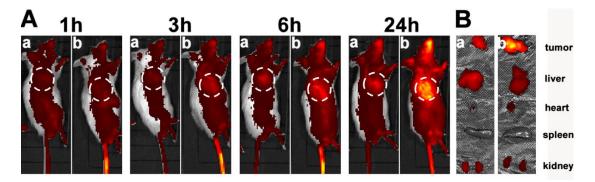


Figure S30. (A) *In vivo* NIR imaging of tumor-bearing mice intravenous injected with IR783-labeled PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄ NPs at 1, 3, 6, and 24 h post-injection (**a**: PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄-IR783; **b**: PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄-IR783 + Magnet. Circled area: tumor site). (**B**) NIR imaging of various tissues at 24 h post-injection (**a**: PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄-IR783; **b**: PEG/Fe₅C₂@Fe₃O₄-IR783 + Magnet).

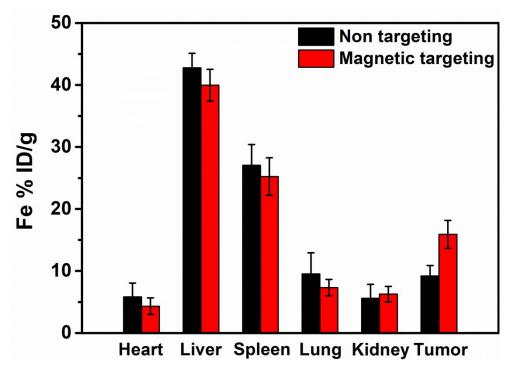


Figure S31. Biodistribution of Fe (% administrated dose (ID) of Fe per gram of tissues) in main tissues and tumors after *i.v.* administrations with or without magnetic targeting for 24 h.