Supporting Information

The Behavior of E. Coli with Variable Surface Morphology Changes on Charged Semiconductor Interfaces

Divya Iyer, [‡] Alexey V. Gulyuk, [†] Pramod Reddy, [&] Ronny Kirste, [&] Ramon Collazo, [†] Dennis R. LaJeunesse, ^{‡*} Albena Ivanisevic^{†*}

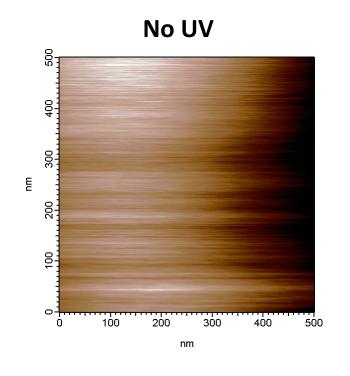
[†]Department of Materials Science and Engineering, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, North Carolina, 27695, USA

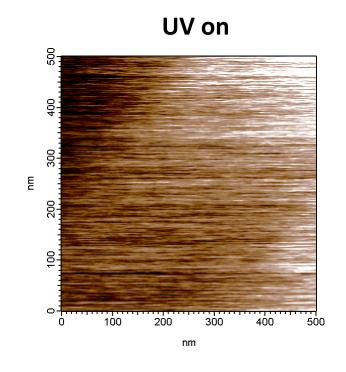
[‡] Department of Nanoscience, Joint School of Nanoscience and Nanoengineering, University of North Carolina-Greensboro, Greensboro, North Carolina, 27401, USA

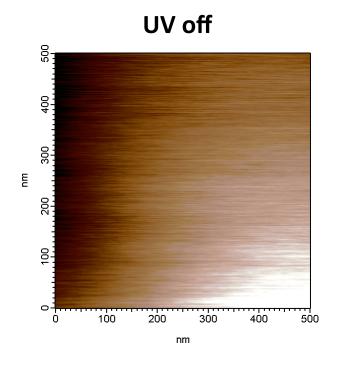
[&] Adroit Materials, 2054 Kildaire Farm Rd., Suite 205, Cary, North Carolina 27518, USA

*authors to whom correspondence should be addressed: drlajeun@uncg.edu, ivanisevic@ncsu.edu

Figure S1. Representative KPFM scans of GaN samples under three conditions: no UV, UV on, UV off.





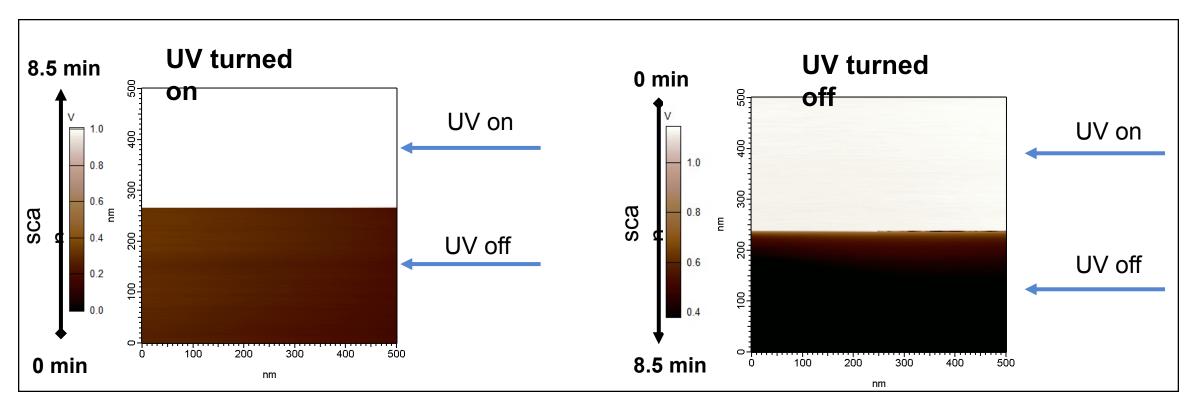


RMS charge: 247.458 mV

RMS charge: 1.132 V

RMS charge: 186.305 mV

Figure S2. Representative KPFM scans of GaN in the intermediate conditions – transferring from uncharged to charged and from charged to uncharged state.



RMS charge: 798.809 mV

RMS charge: 855.125 mV