Supporting Information

β-Fluorofentanyls are pH-Sensitive Mu Opioid Receptor Agonists

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2. Assay protocols

To determine mu opioid receptor (MOR) Gi-mediated cAMP production, Promega's split luciferase-based GloSensorTM cAMP biosensor was used. HEK 293T cells were transfected with MOR and GloSensor pGloSensorTM-22F cAMP DNA plasmids overnight, using a calcium phosphate transfection method. HEK 293T cells were subcultured into either 10 cm dishes (3 million cells per dish) or 15 cm dishes (8 million cells per dish) and incubated overnight. Alternatively, HEK 293T cells were seeded at a density of 6 million per 10 cm dish 4 hours prior to transfection. For each 10 cm dish of HEK 293T cells, 10 µg receptor DNA construct in 440 µL distilled water is mixed with 60 µL of 2 M CaCl₂; the DNA/CaCl₂ solution is then added dropwise into 500 µL 2x HBS solution (50 mM HEPES, 280 mM NaCl, 10 mM KCl, 1.5 mM Na₂HPO₄, pH 7.00) while shaking. The mixture was incubated at room temperature for 10 min, then added to cells dropwise, which were then incubated overnight. For transfections in 15 cm dishes, reagents and DNA amounts were increased by 2.5 fold per dish. To prepare plates for assays, cells were seeded into PLL-coated 384-well white clear bottom cell culture plates in DMEM supplemented with 1% dFBS at a density of 15-20K cells, in a volume of 40 µL per well. The plates were used for assays after 6 hours or overnight.

On the day of assay, cells were removed from culture medium and receive 20 μ L/well of assay buffer (20 mM HEPES, 1x HBSS, pH 7.40 OR 6.50), followed by addition of 10 μ L of 3x drug solutions for 15 min at room temperature. To measure agonist activity for Gi-coupled receptors (such as MOR), 10 μ L of 4 mM luciferin supplemented with isoproterenol at a final concentration of 200 nM was added, and luminescence counting was done after 15 min. Eightpoint concentration-response curves were performed in duplicate twice on two separate lots of cells. For each compound, the results from the four replicates were averaged and EC₅₀ values were calculated by non-linear regression using the 4-parameter logistic equation.

3. Synthetic procedures

a) General information

All reagents and solvents, including anhydrous solvents, were purchased from commercial vendors and used as received. Deionized water was purified by charcoal filtration to a minimum resistance of 15 M Ω and used for reaction workups and in reactions with water. NMR spectra were recorded on Varian 300 MHz or 400 MHz spectrometers as indicated. Proton and carbon chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm; δ) relative to tetramethylsilane (¹H δ 0), or CDCl₃ (¹³C δ 77.16), (CD₃)₂CO (¹H δ 2.05, ¹³C δ 29.84), d₆-DMSO (¹H δ 2.50, ¹³C δ 39.5), or CD₃OD (¹H δ 3.31, ¹³C δ 49.00). NMR data are reported as follows: chemical shifts, multiplicity (obs = obscured, app = apparent, br = broad, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, comp = complex overlapping signals); coupling constant(s) in Hz; integration. Unless otherwise indicated, NMR data were collected at 25 °C. Filtration was performed by vacuum using VWR Grade 413 filter paper, unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, solutions were concentrated under reduced pressure using a rotary evaporator with Heidolph Rotovac vacuum pump, and final products, if non-volatile, were dried under high vacuum (typically <1 torr) using a Welch Duoseal 1400 belt-drive vacuum pump. Flash

chromatography was performed using Biotage SNAP cartridges filled with 40-60 µm silica gel on Biotage Isolera automated chromatography systems with photodiode array UV detectors. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Agela Technologies 0.25 mm glass plates with 0.25 mm silica gel. Visualization was accomplished with UV light (254 nm) and KMnO₄ stain, unless otherwise noted. Chemical names were generated and select chemical properties were calculated using either ChemAxon Marvin suite (<u>https://www.chemaxon.com</u>) or ChemDraw Professional 15.1. NMR data were processed using either MestreNova or ACD/NMR Processor Academic Edition (<u>http://www.acdlabs.com</u>) using the JOC report format. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained from the University of Cincinnati Environmental Analysis Service Center (EASC) with an Agilent 6540 Accurate-Mass with Q-TOF.

b) LC-MS characterization methods

Tandem liquid chromatography/mass spectrometry (LC-MS) was performed on a Shimadzu LCMS-2020 with autosampler, photodiode array detector, and single-quadrupole MS with ESI and APCI dual ionization using a Peak Scientific nitrogen generator.

Method A

Column: Phenomenex Gemini C₁₈ (100 x 4.6 mm, 3 μm particle size, 110 Å pore size)
Column temperature: 40 °C
Sample Injection: 1–5 μL of sample in MeCN or MeOH
Chromatographic monitoring: UV absorbance at 210 or 254 nm
Mobile Phase: Solvent A: H₂O w/ 0.1% formic acid; Solvent B: MeOH w/ 0.1% formic acid
Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min
Gradient: 0 to 0.1 min: 25% MeOH (Isocratic)
0.1 min to 5 min: 25% to 95% MeOH (Gradient)
5 min to 7 min: 95% MeOH (Isocratic)

c) Synthetic schemes

Scheme 1. One-step synthesis of β-fluorofentanyls



Scheme 3. 3-step synthesis of β-fluorofentanyls



d) Experimental procedures for fluorinated fentanyl analogs

It is assumed that all of the synthesized compounds described below may be highly potent mu opioid receptor agonists, and could lead to dangerous respiratory depression in persons inadvertently exposed to them. Researchers should wear suitable protective gear (including gloves, glasses, and lab coats), especially to avoid exposed skin in the case of spills. As a precaution, we recommend disposing glassware, solid waste, and waste from chemical workups into separate suitably labeled waste containers. Secondary containers should be used whenever possible when transporting compounds and solutions.



To a 4 mL vial, *N*-phenyl-*N*-(4-piperidyl)propanamide (25.6 mg, 0.11 mmol), K_2CO_3 (30 mg, 0.22 mmol), and KI (9.4 mg, 0.06 mmol) were added with a magnetic stir bar. Acetonitrile (5

mL) was charged to the flask and then (2-bromo-1-fluoroethyl)benzene (37.1 mg, 0.18 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at 115 °C for 2 days. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by LC-MS to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the crude material was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM and dry loaded on celite. The celite/crude material was loaded into an empty 10 g Biotage cartridge which was connected to a 12 g C18 column and purified by reverse phase chromatography (0–95% MeOH/water) to give 6a as a yellow oil (10 mg, 25%). LC/MS t_R = 1.42 min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 354.85 (M + H); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) δ = 7.46 - 7.27 (comp, 8 H), 7.12 - 7.04 (comp, 2 H), 5.69 - 5.44 (m, 1 H), 4.69 (tt, J = 4.0, 12.2Hz, 1 H), 3.12 - 2.97 (m, 2 H), 2.87 (ddd, J = 9.3, 14.4, 17.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.64 - 2.43 (m, 1 H), 2.39 - 2.20 (m, 2 H), 1.93 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.86 - 1.74 (m, 2 H), 1.58 - 1.37 (m, 2 H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =173.8, 139.1, 139.0, 138.9, 130.7, 129.5, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 125.7, 125.6, 93.9, 91.6, 65.1, 64.7, 54.2, 53.5, 52.2, 30.8, 28.8, 9.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -176.18 - 176.42$ (ddd, 17.7 Hz, 49 Hz, 1 F). HR-MS (ESI+) calcd. for C₂₂H₂₈FN₂O (M + H) 355.2180, found 355.2192.



To a 4 mL vial, N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidyl)propanamide (24.7 mg, 0.106 mmol), K₂CO₃ (30.4 mg, 0.220 mmol), and KI (5.70 mg, 0.0343 mmol) were added with a magnetic stir bar. Acetonitrile (5 mL) was charged to the vial and then (2-bromo-1,1-difluoro-ethyl)benzene (29.7 mg, 0.134 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at 90 °C for 2 days. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by LC-MS to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the crude material was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM and dry loaded on celite. The celite/crude material was loaded onto an empty 10 g Biotage cartridge which was connected to a 12 g C18 column and purified by reverse phase chromatography (0–95% MeOH/water) to give **6b** as a yellow oil (12 mg, 31%); ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_3) \delta = 7.48 - 7.29 \text{ (m, 8 H)}, 7.11 - 6.98 \text{ (m, 2 H)}, 4.60 \text{ (tt, J} = 3.8, 12.2 \text{ Hz}, 1)$ H), 2.96 - 2.79 (m, 4 H), 2.48 - 2.33 (m, 2 H), 1.90 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 - 1.61 (m, 2 H), 1.35 (dq, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =173.7, 139.1, 137.0, 136.7, 136.3, 130.6, 129.9, 129.5, 128.5, 128.4, 125.6, 125.5, 125.4, 122.0, 64.2, 63.8, 63.5, 54.5, 52.2, 30.9, 28.7, 9.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -99.04$. HR-MS (ESI+) calcd. for $C_{22}H_{27}F_2N_2O$ (M + H) 373.2086, found 373.2093.



N-{1-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (11a)

To a 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidyl)propanamide (28.1 mg, 0.121 mmol), 2-bromo-1-(2-fluorophenyl)ethanone (33.7 mg, 0.155 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (21.3 mg, 0.154 mmol). The vial was sealed, and flushed with nitrogen while in an ice bath at -5 °C, then ethanol (10 mL) was added by syringe. The reaction was allowed to warm up to room temperature over 4 h, after which time a sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated ag. Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the crude material was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM and loaded onto a 25 g silica column, and purified by flash chromatography (25 g SiO₂; 0-5% MeOH/DCM) to give 11a as a yellow oil (37 mg, 81%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.68$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.76$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 368.90 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) δ = 7.82 (dt, J = 1.8, 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.53 - 7.44 (m, 1 H), 7.41 - 7.31 (comp, 3 H), 7.22 - 7.14 (m, 1 H), 7.12 - 7.01 (comp, 3 H), 4.68 (tt, J = 4.0, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.73(d, J = 3.3 Hz, 2 H), 2.99 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.27 (dt, J = 2.0, 11.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.91 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.81 - 1.70 (m, 2 H), 1.52 (dq, J = 3.9, 12.3 Hz, 2 H), 0.99 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 195.0, 173.5, 163.0, 160.5, 138.8, 134.6, 134.5, 130.6, 130.6, 130.4, 129.2, 128.2, 124.5, 124.5, 116.6, 116.4, 68.1, 68.0, 54.0, 51.9, 30.1, 28.6, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR $(376 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta = -107.73.$



N-{1-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (8a)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added **11a** (32.6 mg, 88.4 μ mol), which was subsequently diluted in anhydrous MeOH (10 mL). The vial was cooled in an ice bath to 0 °C, and NaBH₄ (9.2 mg, 243 μ mol) was added. The vial was sealed and stirred while vented to an oil bubbler and allowed to gradually warm up to room temperature over 2 h. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half saturated Na₂CO₃. The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 25 g SiO₂ column,

and purified with flash chromatography (0–6% MeOH/DCM) to give **8a** as a yellow oil (16 mg, 50%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.65$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.65$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 370.90 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) δ = 7.53 - 7.46 (m, 1 H), 7.46 - 7.36 (comp, 3 H), 7.23 - 7.15 (m, 1 H), 7.15 - 7.04 (comp, 2 H), 6.96 (ddd, J = 1.2, 8.2, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.95 (dd, J = 2.9, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.67 (tt, J = 3.8, 12.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.14 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.77 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.61 - 2.51 (m, 1 H), 2.45 (dt, J = 2.4, 11.9 Hz, 1 H), 2.38 - 2.28 (m, 1 H), 2.25 - 2.14 (m, 1 H), 1.91 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.85 - 1.72 (m, 2 H), 1.50 - 1.30 (m, 2 H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 173.5, 138.9, 130.3, 129.4, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 127.2, 127.2, 124.2, 115.1, 114.8, 64.1, 63.1, 54.9, 52.0, 51.1, 30.9, 30.5, 28.5, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) <math>\delta = -120.33.$



N-{1-[2-fluoro-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (12a, RR-49)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added 8a (39.7 mg, 0.107 mmol). The vial was sealed and flushed with nitrogen for 5 min., then dry DCM (10 mL) was added by syringe. The solution was cooled to -78 °C in an acetone/dry ice bath and to this were added triethylamine trihydrofluoride (20.0 µL, 0.123 mmol) and DAST (10.0 µL, 0.0757 mmol) by syringe, respectively. The reaction stirred at -78 °C for 4 h, and then allowed to gradually warm up to room temperature overnight. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with EtOAc in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was quenched with halfsaturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (6 mL) and allowed to vigorously stir for 10 min. The reaction mixture was then transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with halfsaturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 10 g SiO₂ column, and purified by flash chromatography (0-6% MeOH/DCM) to give 12a as a yellow oil (13 mg, 82%). TLC: mobile phase MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.67$; LC/MS; $t_R = 4.10$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 373.25 (M + H); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 7.48$ -7.27 (comp, 5 H), 7.21 - 6.95 (comp, 4 H), 5.99 - 5.75 (m, 1 H), 4.70 (tt, J = 3.8, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.13 - 3.00 (m, 1 H), 2.87 (ddd, J = 9.1, 14.4, 18.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.71 - 2.49 (m, 1 H), 2.43 - 2.25 $(\text{comp}, 2 \text{ H}), 1.93 \text{ (q}, J = 7.4 \text{ Hz}, 2 \text{ H}), 1.80 \text{ (dd}, J = 2.1, 12.4 \text{ Hz}, 2 \text{ H}), 1.57 - 1.38 \text{ (comp}, 2 \text{ H}), 1.57 \text{ - } 1.38 \text{ (comp}, 2 \text{ H}), 1.57 \text$ 1.25 (s, 1 H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 173.8$, 139.0, 130.7, 130.2, 130.1, 129.5, 128.5, 127.3, 127.1, 124.5, 115.7, 115.4, 88.5, 86.1, 63.7, 63.4, 54.1, 53.4, 52.1, 30.7, 28.7, 9.8. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -118.87$, -184.19-184.46 (ddd, 17.7 Hz, 49 Hz, 1 F). HR-MS (ESI+) calcd. for $C_{22}H_{27}F_2N_2O$ (M + H) 373.2086, found 373.2099.



N-{1-[2-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (11b)

To a 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidyl)propanamide (50.0 mg, 0.215 mmol), 2-bromo-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethanone (60.0 mg, 0.276 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (37.9 mg, 0.274 mmol). The vial was sealed, flushed with nitrogen, and chilled to -5 °C in an ice bath, then ethanol (10 mL) was added. The reaction was allowed to warm up to room temperature over 4 h, after which time a sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the crude material was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM and loaded onto a 25 g silica column, and purified by flash chromatography (0-5% MeOH/DCM) to give 11b as an off-white solid (75 mg, 94%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90); LC/MS $t_R = 3.96 \text{ min}$ (Characterization Method A); m/z = 368.95 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD_2Cl_3) $\delta = 7.71 - 7.66$ (m, 1 H), 7.63 - 7.57 (m, 1 H), 7.42 - 7.31 (m, 4 H), 7.24 - 7.18 (m, 1 H), 7.09 - 7.02 (m, 2 H), 4.68 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.72 (s, 2 H), 3.01 - 2.94 (m, 2 H), 2.25 (dt, J = 2.0, 11.8 Hz, 2 H, 1.90 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.81 - 1.71 (m, 2 H), 1.51 (dq, J = 3.8, 12.3 Hz, 2 H), 0.99 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =195.1, 173.5, 163.9, 161.5, 138.7, 138.0, 137.9, 130.4, 130.2, 130.2, 129.3, 128.3, 123.7, 123.6, 120.3, 120.1, 114.9, 114.7, 64.4, 53.7, 51.8, 30.4, 28.5, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = -111.75.



N-{1-[2-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (8b)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added **11b** (66.6 mg, 0.181 mmol), which was subsequently diluted in anhydrous MeOH (10 mL). The vial was cooled in an ice bath to 0 °C, then NaBH₄ (19.8 mg, 0.523 mmol) was added. The vial was sealed and stirred while vented to an oil bubbler and allowed to gradually warm up to room temperature over 2 h. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half saturated Na₂CO₃. The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 25 g SiO₂ column, and purified with flash chromatography (0–6% MeOH/DCM) to give **8b** as a yellow oil (45 mg,

68%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.65$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.65$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 370.90 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) δ = 7.46 - 7.36 (comp, 3 H), 7.28 - 7.21 (m, 1 H), 7.10 - 7.01 (comp, 4 H), 6.94 - 6.87 (m, 1 H), 4.67 (tt, *J* = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.60 (dd, *J* = 3.4, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.15 - 3.06 (m, 1 H), 2.81 - 2.72 (m, 1 H), 2.49 - 2.39 (m, 2 H), 2.31 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 12.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.17 (dt, *J* = 2.3, 11.8 Hz, 1 H), 1.91 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.85 - 1.70 (m, 2 H), 1.48 - 1.27 (m, 2 H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =173.5, 164.1, 161.7, 145.0, 144.9, 138.8, 130.3, 129.8, 129.7, 129.4, 128.4, 121.3, 121.2, 114.3, 114.1, 112.8, 112.5, 68.3, 65.7, 54.8, 52.0, 51.0, 30.8, 30.4, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = -113.22.



N-{1-[2-fluoro-2-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (12b)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added **8b** (39.7 mg, 0.107 mmol). The vial was sealed and flushed with nitrogen gas for 5 min. and to this was added anhydrous DCM (10 mL) by syringe. The solution was cooled to -78 °C in an acetone/dry ice bath, then triethylamine trihydrofluoride (40.0 µL, 0.245 mmol) and DAST (20.0 µL, 0.151 mmol) were added by syringe. The reaction stirred at -78 °C for 4 h, and then allowed gradually to warm up to room temperature overnight. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with EtOAc in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was quenched with halfsaturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (6 mL) and stirred vigorously for 10 min. The reaction mixture was then transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with half-saturated aq. NaHCO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 10 g SiO₂ column, and purified with flash chromatography (0-6% MeOH/DCM) to give **12b** as a vellow oil (35 mg, 86%). TLC: mobile phase MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.67$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.98$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 373.25 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) $\delta = 7.45$ -7.27 (comp, 4 H), 7.12 - 6.94 (comp, 5 H), 5.64 - 5.46 (m, 1 H), 4.69 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.09 - 2.95 (m, 2 H), 2.83 (ddd, J = 9.0, 14.4, 17.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.63 - 2.44 (m, 1 H), 2.38 - 2.23 (m, 2 H), 1.93 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.85 - 1.73 (m, 2 H), 1.46 (ttt, J = 4.1, 8.2, 12.3 Hz, 2 H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 173.5$, 161.5, 138.8, 130.4, 130.0, 129.3, 128.3, 120.9, 115.3, 115.1, 112.6, 112.5, 112.4, 112.3, 94.5, 92.6, 90.9, 64.6, 64.3, 53.9, 53.4, 51.9, 30.5, 28.5, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -112.48$, -178.15–178.42 (ddd, 17.7 Hz, 49 Hz, 1 F). HR-MS (ESI+) calcd. for C₂₂H₂₇F₂N₂O (M + H) 373.2086, found 373.2094.



N-{1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (11c)

To a 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidyl)propanamide (50.0 mg, 0.215 mmol), 2-bromo-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone (60.0 mg, 0.276 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (37.9 mg, 0.274 mmol). The vial was sealed, flushed with nitrogen, and chilled to -5 °C in an ice bath. Ethanol (10 mL) was added by syringe, then the reaction was allowed to warm up to room temperature over 4 h, after which time a sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃. The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the crude material was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM and loaded onto a 25 g SiO₂ column, and purified by flash chromatography (0–5% MeOH/DCM) to give 11c as an off-white solid (75 mg, 95%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.68$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.94$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 368.90 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.99 - 7.90 (m, 2 H), 7.43 - 7.31 (comp, 3 H), 7.12 - 7.01 (comp, 4 H), 4.68 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.70 (s, 2 H), 3.02 - 2.90 (m, 2 H), 2.24 (dt, J = 2.0, 11.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.90 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.80 - 1.70 (m, 2 H), 1.50 (dq, J = 3.8, 12.3 Hz, 2 H), 0.99 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 194.8$, 173.5, 167.0, 164.4, 138.8, 132.4, 132.3, 130.7, 130.6, 130.4, 129.3, 128.3, 115.7, 115.5, 64.3, 53.7, 51.8, 30.4, 28.5, 9.6, ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -104.86$.



N-{1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-N-phenylpropanamide (8c)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added **11c** (67.5 mg, 0.183 mmol) and anhydrous MeOH (10 mL). The vial was cooled in an ice bath to 0 °C, and NaBH₄ (20.0 mg, 0.529 mmol) was added. The vial was sealed and stirred while vented to an oil bubbler and allowed to gradually warm up to room temperature over 2 h. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half saturated Na₂CO₃. The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give crude product. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 25 g silica column, and

purified with flash chromatography (25 g SiO₂; 0–6% MeOH/DCM) to give **8c** as a yellow oil (66 mg, 50%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.65$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.68$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 370.95 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =7.46 - 7.36 (comp, 3 H), 7.30 - 7.23 (m, 2 H), 7.11 - 7.04 (m, 2 H), 7.02 - 6.93 (m, 2 H), 4.66 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.58 (dd, J = 3.4, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.16 - 3.07 (m, 1 H), 2.82 - 2.72 (m, 1 H), 2.50 - 2.38 (m, 2 H), 2.35 - 2.26 (m, 1 H), 2.15 (dt, J = 2.3, 11.8 Hz, 1 H), 1.91 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.86 - 1.70 (m, 2 H), 1.48 - 1.29 (m, 2 H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =173.5, 163.3, 160.9, 138.8, 137.7, 130.3, 129.4, 128.4, 127.4, 127.3, 115.2, 115.0, 68.3, 65.9, 54.9, 52.0, 51.0, 30.9, 30.5, 28.5, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = –115.38.



N-{1-[2-fluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (12c)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added 8c (39.0 mg, 0.105 mmol) The vial was sealed and flushed with nitrogen gas for 5 min and to this was syringed anhydrous DCM (10 mL). The solution was cooled to -78 °C in an acetone/dry ice bath and to this was syringed Triethylamine trihydrofluoride (40.0 µL, 0.245 mmol) and DAST (20.0 µL, 0.151 mmol), respectively. The reaction stirred at -78 °C for 4 h, and then allowed gradually warm up to room temperature overnight. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with EtOAc in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was guenched with halfsaturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (6 mL) and allowed to vigorously stir for 10 min. The reaction mixture was then transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with halfsaturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give crude product. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 10 g silica column, and purified with flash chromatography (10 g SiO₂; 0-6% MeOH/DCM) to give 12c as an off-white solid (33 mg, 84%). TLC: mobile phase MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.67$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.93$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 373.30 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) $\delta = 7.44 - 7.34 (m, 3 H)$, 7.28 (s, 2 H), 7.12 - 6.99 (m, 4 H), 5.62 - 5.45 (m, 1 H), 4.69 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.09 - 2.96 (m, 2 H), 2.84 (ddd, J = 9.0, 14.3, 17.0 Hz, 1 H, 2.60 - 2.43 (m, 1 H), 2.35 - 2.22 (m, 2 H), 1.93 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.84 - 1.74 (m, 2 H), 1.55 - 1.38 (m, 2 H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =173.5, 163.8, 161.4, 138.8, 130.4, 129.3, 128.3, 127.4, 127.3, 127.2, 115.5, 115.3, 92.8, 91.1, 64.6, 64.4, 53.9, 53.4, 51.9, 30.5, 28.5, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -113.50, -175.40-$ 175.30 (ddd, 17.7 Hz, 49 Hz, 1 F). HR-MS (ESI+) calcd. for C₂₂H₂₇F₂N₂O (M + H) 373.2086, found 373.2099.



N-{1-[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (8d)

To a 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar were added N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidyl)propanamide (52.8 mg, 0.227 mmol), 2-bromo-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethanone (65.7 mg, 0.280 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (45.3 mg, 0.328 mmol). The vial was sealed, flushed with nitrogen, and ethanol (10 mL) was added. The reaction was chilled to -5 °C and stirred for 4 h, after which time, a sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with halfsaturated aq. Na₂CO₃ The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The vial was kept in the ice bath at 0 °C, and NaBH₄ (29.0 mg, 0.767 mmol) was added. The vial was sealed and stirred while vented to an oil bubbler and allowed to gradually warm up to room temperature over 2 h. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with DCM in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated Na₂CO₃. The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 10 g SiO₂ column, and purified with flash chromatography (0-6% MeOH/DCM) to give 8d as a yellow oil (39 mg, 45%). TLC: mobile phase: MeOH:DCM (10:90), $R_f = 0.57$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.46$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 389.35.25 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) δ =7.52 - 7.37 (m, 4 H), 7.13 - 7.05 (m, 2 H), 6.89 - 6.80 (m, 1 H), 6.73 (ddd, J = 2.5, 8.7, 10.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.90 (dd, J = 3.1, 10.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.68 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.17 - 3.08 (m, 1 H), 2.82 - 2.72 (m, 1 H), 2.59 - 2.41 (m, 2 H), 2.31 (dd, J = 10.5, 12.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.20 (dt, J = 2.6, 11.7 Hz, 1 H), 1.93 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.87 - 1.75 (m, 2 H), 1.51 -1.30 (m, 2 H), 1.01 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 173.5$, 138.9, 130.3, 129.4, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 128.2, 128.1, 111.4, 111.2, 103.7, 103.4, 103.1, 64.2, 62.8, 54.9, 52.0, 51.1, 30.9, 30.4, 28.5, 9.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = -112.15, -116.46$.



N-{1-[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-fluoroethyl]piperidin-4-yl}-*N*-phenylpropanamide (12d)

To an oven dried 20 mL scintillation vial with a stir bar was added **8d** (39 mg, 0.100 mmol). The vial was sealed and flushed with nitrogen gas for 5 min and to this was syringed anhydrous DCM (10 mL). The solution was cooled to -78 °C in an acetone/dry ice bath and to this was syringed

Triethylamine trihydrofluoride (60.0 µL, 0.368 mmol) and DAST (30.0 µL, 0.227 mmol), respectively. The reaction stirred at -78 °C for 4 h, and then allowed gradually warm up to room temperature overnight. A sample aliquot was taken from the reaction, diluted with EtOAc in a microtube, and washed with half-saturated Na₂CO_{3.} The organic layer was separated and analyzed by TLC to confirm reaction completion. The reaction was guenched with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (6 mL) and allowed to vigorously stir for 10 min. The reaction mixture was then transferred to a separatory funnel and diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with half-saturated aq. Na₂CO₃ (2 x 15 mL), dried over with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to give crude product. The crude product was dissolved in a minimal amount of DCM, loaded onto a 10 g silica column, and purified with flash chromatography (10 g SiO₂; 0-6% MeOH/DCM) to give 12d as a clear yellow oil (11 mg, 28%). TLC: mobile phase EtAOc:hexanes (50:50), $R_f = 0.38$; LC/MS $t_R = 3.96$ min (Characterization Method A); m/z = 391.35 (M + H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₃) δ =7.44 - 7.32 (m, 4 H), 7.12 - 7.03 (m, 2 H), 6.93 - 6.72 (m, 2 H), 5.90 - 5.71 (m, 1 H), 4.68 (tt, J = 3.9, 12.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.01 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 2 H), 2.84 (ddd, J = 8.9, 14.4, 18.1 Hz, 1 H), 2.65 - 2.46 (m, 1 H), 2.40 - 2.24 (m, 2 H), 1.92 (q, J =7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.84 - 1.73 (m, 2 H), 1.45 (dp, J = 3.8, 12.1 Hz, 2 H), 1.01 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ =173.8, 139.0, 130.7, 129.5, 128.5, 112.0, 111.9, 111.7, 111.6, 104.4, 104.1, 103.7, 88.1, 85.8, 63.7, 63.4, 54.2, 53.5, 52.1, 30.7, 28.8, 9.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, $CDCl_3$) $\delta = -109.82, -114.74, -182.83-183.10$ (ddd, 17.7 Hz, 49 Hz, 1 F). HR-MS (ESI+) calcd. for $C_{22}H_{26}F_3N_2O(M + H)$ 391.1992, found 391.1997.

3. Compound characterization data



Shimadzu Open Solution Project: Experiment: **Experiment Description:** Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20170908_02 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-009-3 RR-SAL-009-3 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-009-3.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 50 ricardo Friday, September 08, 2017 4:30:43 PM Friday, September 08, 2017 4:50:14 PM 051817 Std Gemini 25 MeCN



LC/MS (+ mode) for compound 6a



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6a**







¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CD₃OD) of compound **6a** as HCl salt



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **6b**







 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CD₃OD) of compound **6b** as HCl salt



Project: Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: **Run Finished:** Method:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_04 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-041-3 RR-SAL-041-3 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-041-3.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 41 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:03:03 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:33:32 PM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN











Project: Experiment: **Experiment Description:** Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_06 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-044-2 RR-SAL-044-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-044-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 44 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:54:04 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:25:22 PM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN



LC/MS (+ mode) for compound 8a



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8a





¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8a**



Project: Experiment: **Experiment Description:** Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_07 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-049-2 RR-SAL-049-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-049-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 49 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:25:27 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:54:44 PM 051817 Std Gemini 25 MeCN

MS Chromatogram







 ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 12a





¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **12a**



Project: Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method: Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_04 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-043-2 RR-SAL-043-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-043-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 43 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:03:03 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:33:32 PM 051817 Std Gemini 25 MeCN

MS Chromatogram













¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **11b**



Shimadzu Open Solution Project: Experiment: **Experiment Description:** Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_06 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-046-2 RR-SAL-046-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-046-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 46 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:54:04 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:25:22 PM 051817 Std Gemini 25 MeCN

Method:











¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8b**



Project: Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: **Run Finished:** Method:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_07 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-048-2 RR-SAL-048-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-048-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 48 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:25:27 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:54:44 PM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN









 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound 12b



Project: Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method: Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_04 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-042-2 RR-SAL-042-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-042-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 42 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:03:03 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:33:32 PM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN

MS Chromatogram







¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **11c**



¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **11c**



 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 11c



Project: Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method: Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_06 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-045-2 RR-SAL-045-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-045-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 45 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 4:54:04 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:25:22 PM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN

MS Chromatogram



LC/MS (+ mode) for compound 8c









¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8**c



Project: Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method: Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190525_07 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-047-2 RR-SAL-047-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-047-2.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 47 ricardo Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:25:27 PM Saturday, May 25, 2019 5:54:44 PM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN

MS Chromatogram





 ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 12c



¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **12c**



 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound 12c



Shimadzu Open Solution Project:

Experiment: Experiment Description: Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: Run Finished: Method: Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190616_03 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-051-2 RR-SAL-051-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-051-2.Icd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 90 ricardo Sunday, June 16, 2019 9:11:53 AM Sunday, June 16, 2019 9:24:29 AM 051817_Std_Gemini_25_MeCN

MS Chromatogram Group#1 Scan(+) EI : TIC







 ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound 8d



¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8d**



¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **8d**



Project: Experiment: **Experiment Description:** Sample: Sample Description: Data File Name: Sample Location: Run By: Run Started: **Run Finished:** Method:

Dockendorff Lab ricardo_20190616_01 Wizard-generated sample plate RR-SAL-052-2 RR-SAL-052-2 C:\Data\docken\RICARDO\RR-SAL-052-3.lcd Plate Number: 1 - Position: 89 ricardo Sunday, June 16, 2019 8:32:10 AM Sunday, June 16, 2019 8:47:01 AM 051817 Std Gemini 25 MeCN











 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) of compound 12d