

Supporting Information

**A novel porous N, S-self-doped carbon derived from Chinese rice wine lees as
high-performance electrode materials in supercapacitor**

Dongling Wu, Jinyan Cheng, Tao Wang*, Penggao Liu, Liu Yang and Dianzeng Jia*

*Key Laboratory of Energy Materials Chemistry, Ministry of Education, Key
Laboratory of Advanced Functional Materials, Autonomous Region, Institute of
Applied Chemistry, Xinjiang University, Xinjiang 830046, P. R. China*

Number of Pages: 3

Number of Figures: 4

Number of Tables: 1

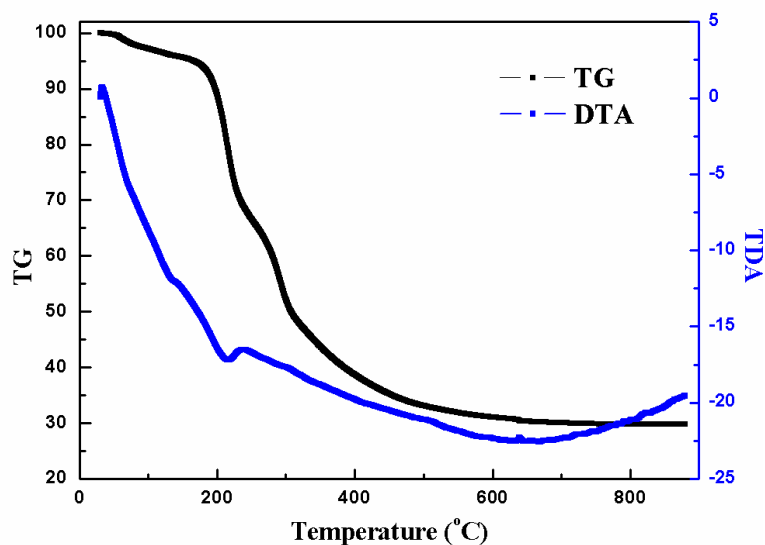
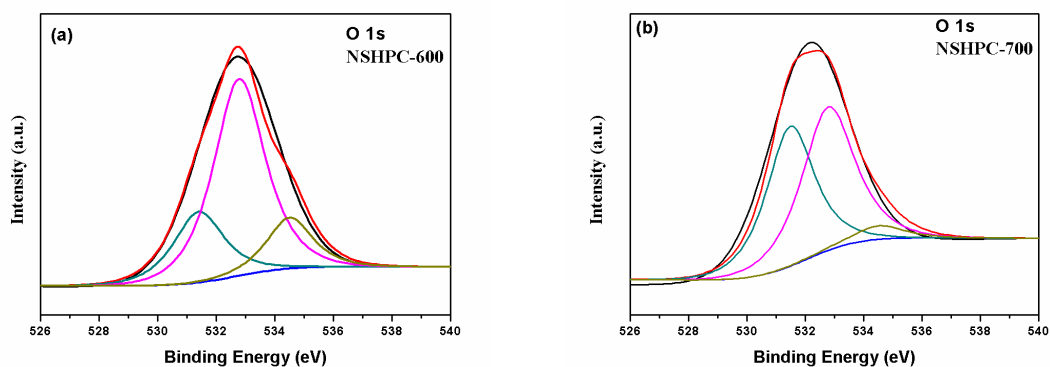


Fig. S1 TGA and DTA of the precursor composites



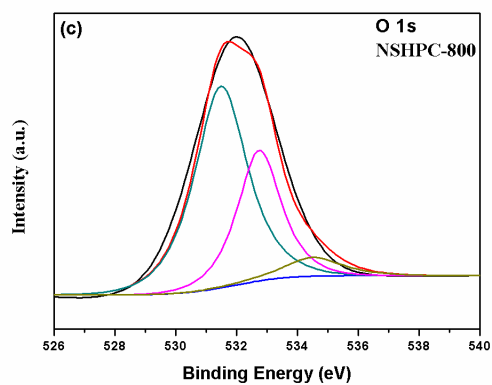


Fig. S2 O 1s Region of NSHPC-600, NSHPC-700, NSHPC-800, respectively.

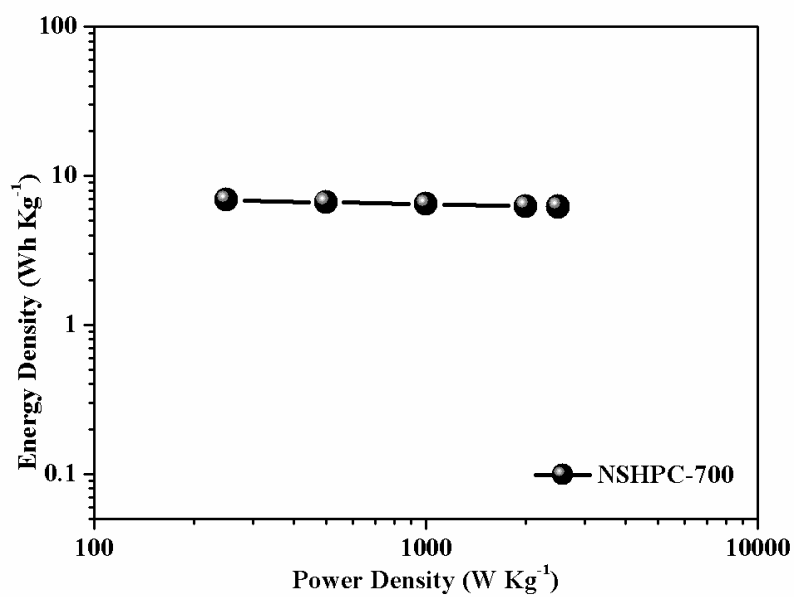


Fig. S3 Ragone plot of energy density versus power density tested in 6 M KOH

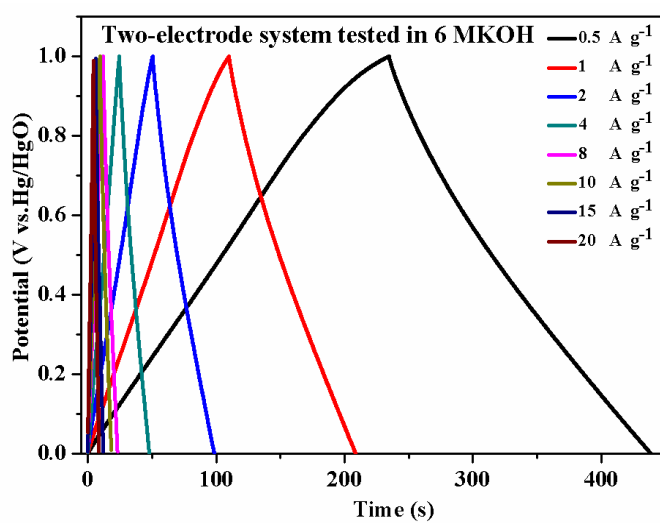


Fig. S4 The GCD curves of NSHPC-700 electrode measured in a two-electrode system in 6 M KOH aqueous electrolyte.

Table S1 The specific capacitance of NSHPC-700 electrode at different current density measured in a two-electrode system in 6 M KOH aqueous electrolyte.

Current density (A g ⁻¹)	0.5	1	2	4	8	10
Specific capacitance (F g ⁻¹)	204	200	196	189	188	188