Supporting Information for

Catalytic Enantioselective Diels-Alder Reactions of Benzoquinones and Vinylindoles with Chiral Magnesium Phosphate Complexes

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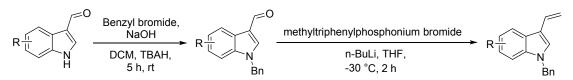
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1. General Considerations

General Methods. ¹H, ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AVANCE IIITM HD NanoBAY (400 MHz)and Bruker AVANCE III (600 MHz) instruments with chemical shifts reported relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS). Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to residual solvent signals for ¹H and ¹³C NMR (¹H NMR: 7.26 ppm for CDCl₃, 7.16 ppm for C₆D₆, 2.50 ppm for DMSO-d₆, 2.05 ppm for acetone-d₆; ¹³C NMR: 77.0 ppm for CDCl₃, 128.0 ppm for C₆D₆, 39.5 ppm for DMSO-d₆, 29.8 ppm for acetone-d₆). The HRMS data were measured on a Thermo Fisher Q Exactive HF LC-MS. Optical rotations were measured on a Rudolph Research Analytical Autopol IV polarimeter (λ 589) using a 700-µL cell with a path length of 1dm. The enantiomeric excess (ee) of the products was determined by chiral stationary phase HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H or Chiralpak OD-H or Chiralpak IA-H columns), using a UV detector operating at 254 nm. Melting points were measured on a Büchi smp-20 apparatus.

Materials. All reactions were carried out in flame-dried or oven-dried screw-cap test tubes and were allowed to proceed under a dry argon atmosphere with magnetic stirring. Analytical grade solvents and commercially available reagents were used as received, unless otherwise stated. Solvents were purified by passing through the column of activated alumina before use. Chromatographic purifications were performed using 200-300 mesh silica. Molecular Sieves (4Å) were flame-dried under high vacuum before use. Catalysts were prepared in some steps from (*R*)-BINOL, respectively, following literature procedures.¹ 3-Vinylindoles **2a-2r** were prepared by a Wittig reaction from the corresponding aldehydes, following a literature procedure as outlined below, and were stored at -20 °C. Racemic samples were prepared using Magnesium TRIP-Phosphoric Acid as a catalyst at room temperature.

2. General procedure for preparation of the 3-vinylindoles substrates Synthesis of 3-vinylindoles substrates:



A) General procedure for protection of 3-vinylindoles:²

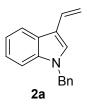
To a flame – dried flask equipped with a stir bar was added the corresponding enone (1 equiv) and DCM. Sodium hydroxide (2.5 equiv) and tetrabutylammonium hydrogensulfate (TBAH) (0.2 equiv) were then added as single portions. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen atmosphere for 0.5 hour. Benzyl bromide (1.2 equiv) was then added dropwise and the reaction was allowed to stir for 5 hours. After completion, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution and then dried

over Na_2SO_4 . After solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, the crude product was purified via flash column chromatography with a gradient of an appropriate eluent on silica gel (petroleum ether – ethyl acetate, 4:1).

B) The preparation of 3-vinylindoles through a Wittig reaction:³

To a solution of methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (1.5 equiv) in anhydrous THF under argon at -30 °C, n-BuLi (2.5 M in n-hexane; 1.5 equiv) was slowly added. The mixture was stirred at the indicated temperature for 1h. Then the solution of an indole-3-carboxaldehyde (1 equiv) in anhydrous THF was added dropwise to the ylide formed, the reaction was stirred at -30 °C for 1h. The resulting suspension was poured into Ether-H₂O (300:1, 30mL). The precipitate was filtered through a funnel and the filtrate was dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated under vacuum, the crude product was purified by flash chromatography on neutral aluminium oxide (petroleum ether – ethyl acetate, 30:1) and recrystallization give product **2a-2r**.

1-benzyl-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2a)



White solid, 249mg, yield: 85%; M.P.: 76 – 78 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (dd, *J* = 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 5.15 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.20, 137.14, 129.34, 128.85, 127.77, 127.64, 126.88, 126.44, 122.32,

120.34, 120.21, 114.84, 110.39, 110.00, 50.06. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{15}N$ [M+H]⁺: 234.1277, found: 234.1279.

1-benzyl-4-bromo-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2b)

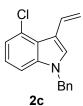


2b

Yellow solid, 339mg, yield: 87%; M.P.: 52 – 54 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.15 (m, 5H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 5.02 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.70, 135.54, 128.42, 127.84, 126.84, 125.68, 125.22, 124.10, 123.42,

121.61, 115.39, 113.56, 109.84, 108.24, 49.26. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}BrN [M+H]^+$: 312.0382, found: 312.0384.

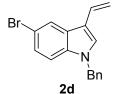
1-benzyl-4-chloro-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2c)



Yellow solid, 265mg, yield: 79%; M.P.: 48 - 50 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 - 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 2H), 5.08 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.95, 136.66, 129.59, 128.92, 127.92, 126.80, 126.77, 125.86, 122.39, 121.07,

115.94, 110.95, 108.75, 50.33. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}CIN$ [M+H]⁺: 268.0888, found: 268.0890.

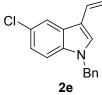
1-benzyl-5-bromo-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2d)



White solid, 328mg, yield: 84%; M.P.: 50 – 52 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.24 (m, 4H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.14 – 7.03 (m, 3H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.4 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H), 5.17 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

136.63, 135.77, 128.93, 128.60, 128.45, 127.95, 126.78, 125.12, 122.89, 114.46, 113.62, 111.45, 111.13, 50.28. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}BrN$ [M+H]⁺: 312.0382, found: 312.0386.

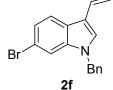
1-benzyl-5-chloro-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2e)



White solid, 278mg, yield: 83%; M.P.: 42 - 44 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.14 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (d, *J* = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

136.68, 135.53, 128.94, 128.68, 128.68, 127.95, 127.42, 126.80, 126.04, 122.58, 119.84, 114.53, 111.03, 111.02, 50.30. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}CIN [M+H]^+$: 268.0888, found: 268.0891.

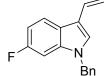
1-benzyl-6-bromo-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2f)



White solid, 328mg, yield: 84%; M.P.: 94 – 95 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.34 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 7.04 (m, 3H), 6.82 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.65 (d, *J* = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.96,

136.53, 128.97, 128.74, 127.97, 126.80, 125.28, 123.42, 121.51, 115.96, 115.06, 112.91, 111.14, 50.09. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}BrN$ [M+H]⁺: 312.1382, found: 312.0390.

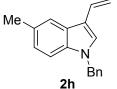
1-benzyl-6-fluoro-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2g)



White solid, 274mg, yield: 87%; M.P.: 93 – 95 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (dd, J = 9.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (ddd, J = 9.4, 6.2, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (dd, J = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.66

2g (dd, J = 17.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 5.16 (dd, J = 11.3, 1.0Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.76, 159.18, 137.27, 136.60, 128.97, 128.92, 127.98, 127.88, 127.86, 126.83, 122.95, 121.14, 121.07, 115.01, 110.79, 108.88, 108.71, 96.56, 96.39, 50.26. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₁₄FN [M+H]⁺: 252.1183, found: 252.1184.

1-benzyl-5-methyl-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2h)



White solid, 270mg, yield: 87%; M.P.: $47 - 49 \,^{\circ}$ C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.17 (t, $J = 4.1 \,$ Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, $J = 7.0 \,$ Hz, 2H), 7.05 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (dd, J =17.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 5.17 (dd, J = 11.3, 1.4 Hz,

1H), 2.50 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.19, 134.50, 128.41, 128.38, 127.72, 126.69, 126.59, 125.71, 125.56, 122.75, 118.99, 113.22, 108.93, 108.58, 48.99, 20.56, 20.53. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇N [M+H]⁺: 248.1434, found: 248.1436.

1-benzyl-5-methoxy-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2i)

1-benzyl-6-methoxy-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2j)

MeO N Bn

2j

White solid, 267mg, yield: 81%; M.P.: 59 – 61°C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.11 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.83 (ddd, J = 15.4, 10.2, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (dd, J = 17.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 5.12 (dd, J = 11.3, 1.3

Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.55, 138.11, 137.07, 129.45, 128.85, 127.74, 126.86, 121.03, 120.75, 114.88, 110.15, 109.63, 108.24, 93.75, 55.67, 50.01. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇NO [M+H]⁺: 264.1383, found: 264.1385.

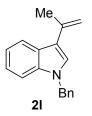
1-benzyl-7-methyl-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2k)

N Me Bn 1 2k

White solid, 267mg, yield: 86%; M.P.: $64 - 66 \, {}^{\circ}C. \, {}^{1}H \, \text{NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 7.05 (td, J = 7.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (ddd, J = 15.3, 13.4, 5.7 Hz, 4H), 5.66 (dd, J = 17.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (s, 2H), 5.14 (dd, J = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H). ${}^{13}C \, \text{NMR}$ (151 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 139.29, 135.85, 129.25, 129.09, 128.92, 127.62, 127.45, 125.51, 125.25, 121.34, 120.44, 118.14, 114.73, 110.46, 52.29, 19.62. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇N [M+H]⁺: 248.1434, found: 248.1436.

1-benzyl-3-(prop-1-en-2-yl)-1H-indole (2l)⁴

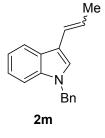


To a flame – dried flask equipped with a stir bar was added the 1-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethan-1-one (1 equiv) and DCM. Sodium hydroxide (2.5 equiv) and tetrabutylammonium hydrogensulfate (TBAH) (0.2 equiv) were then added as single portions. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen atmosphere for 0.5 hour. Benzyl bromide (1.2 equiv) was then

added dropwise and the reaction was allowed to stir for 5 hours. After completion, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH_4CI solution and extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution and then dried over Na_2SO_4 . After solvent was removed by rotary evaporation, the crude product was purified via flash column chromatography with a gradient of an appropriate eluent on silica gel (petroleum ether – ethyl acetate, 4:1).

To a stirred suspension of methyltriphenylphoshonium bromide (1.5 equiv) in THF, cooled to 0 °C, n-BuLi (1.5 equiv, 2.5 M in hexanes) was slowly added. The resulting yellow suspension was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, then 1-(1-benzyl-1H-indol-3-yl) ethan-1-one (1.0 equiv) was added in one portion. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, and then it poured into Ether-H₂O (300:1, 30 mL). The precipitate was filtered through a funnel and the filtrate was dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated under vacuum; the crude product was purified by flash chromatography on neutral aluminium oxide (petroleum ether-ethyl acetate, 30:1) to give the title compound in 67% yield as a white solid. 208mg. M.P.: 88 – 90 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.26 (m, 7H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 5.62 (s, 1H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.64, 136.18, 127.71, 127.58, 126.58, 125.76, 125.64, 125.06, 120.99, 120.08, 119.07, 116.45, 108.86, 108.54, 48.91, 22.26. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇N [M+H]⁺: 248.1434, found: 248.1437.

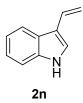
(E/Z)-1-benzyl-3-(prop-1-en-1-yl)-1H-indole (2m)⁵



To a suspension of ethyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (1.5 equiv) in THF (20 mL) was added phenyllithium in 2.5 M n-BuLi solution (1.5 equiv) at room temperature and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The solution was cooled to -78 °C and an indole-3-carboxaldehyde (1 equiv) in THF (10 mL) was added dropwise. After stirring for 5 min at -78 °C and then the mixture was stirred for overnight at room temperature. After cooling to

0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched by saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and extracted with Et₂O (×3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on neutral aluminium oxide (elution with hexane) to give **2m** as a 4:1 *E/Z* mixture in 57% yield. 212mg. M.P.: 66 – 68 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 0.2H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 0.8H), 7.27 (dt, J = 18.5, 5.3 Hz, 4H), 7.22 – 7.09 (m, 5H), 6.67 (dd, J = 11.3, 0.9 Hz, 0.8H), 6.56 (dd, J = 15.9, 1.5 Hz, 0.2H), 6.19 (dq, J = 15.9, 6.6 Hz, 0.2H), 5.75 (dq, J = 11.3, 7.0 Hz, 0.8H), 5.34 (s, 1.6H), 5.27 (s, 0.4H), 1.91 (dt, J = 8.2, 2.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.42, 135.94, 128.80, 128.78, 128.22, 127.64, 126.82, 126.71, 126.02, 123.15, 122.45, 122.17, 122.07, 120.47, 120.17, 119.76, 119.58, 119.22, 113.08, 109.80, 109.61, 50.15, 49.97, 18.99, 15.69. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇N [M+H]⁺: 248.1434, found: 248.1440.

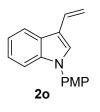
3-vinyl-1H-indole (2n)



White solid, 319mg, yield: 89%; M.P.: 80 – 81 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 6.89 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.78, 129.45, 125.67, 123.47, 122.53, 120.38, 120.13, 115.88, 111.33, 110.79. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₀H₉N [M+H]⁺: 143.1890,

found: 143.1883.

1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-vinyl-1H-indole (20)³



1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde (1.5 equiv), CuOAc (1.1 equiv) and the 4-iodoanisole (1.0 equiv) were placed in a reaction vessel under a stream of argon. The reaction vessel was evacuated and backfilled with argon. Anhydrous DMA (10 mL) was then added by syringe at room temperature under a stream of argon and the mixture was stirred under argon at 160 °C for 48 h. After

this period, the reaction was then allowed to cool to room temperature and had been treated with a saturated aqueous NH_4CI solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel with a mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate (5:1) as eluent to give the product for the next step.

And then to a solution of methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (1.5 equiv) in anhydrous THF under argon at -30 °C, n-BuLi (2.5 M in n-hexane; 1.5 equiv) was slowly added. The mixture was stirred at the indicated temperature for 1h. Then the solution of the product of the last step (1 equiv) in anhydrous THF was added dropwise to the ylide formed, the reaction was stirred at -30 °C for 1h. The resulting suspension was poured into Ether-H₂O (300:1, 30 mL). The precipitate was filtered through a funnel and the filtrate was dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated under vacuum; the crude product was purified by flash chromatography on neutral aluminium oxide (petroleum ether-ethyl acetate, 30:1) and recrystallization give **2o** as a white solid in 62% yield. 233mg. M.P.: 56 – 58 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.15 (dq, *J* = 5.6, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 6.97 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.86 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 158.42, 137.25, 132.32, 129.08, 127.45, 126.68, 126.07, 122.71, 120.68, 120.26, 115.83, 114.78, 111.08, 110.68, 55.63. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₁₅NO [M+H]⁺: 250.1226, found: 250.1224.

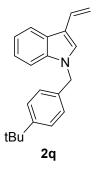
1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2p)



Following the general procedure, the title compound was obtained from 1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde and 4-methoxybenzyl bromide as a white solid in 85% yield. 281mg. M.P.: 66 – 68 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.90 – 6.77 (m, 3H), 5.67 (d, *J* = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 5.13 (d, *J*

= 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.19, 137.15, 129.38, 129.07, 128.36, 127.49, 126.48, 122.23, 120.31, 120.15, 114.70, 114.20, 110.25, 110.01, 109.94, 55.33, 55.31, 49.56. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇NO [M+H]⁺: 264.1383, found: 264.1385.

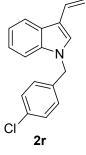
1-(4-(tert-butyl)benzyl)-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2q)



Following the general procedure, the title compound was obtained between 1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde and 4-tert-butylbenzyl bromide as a white solid in 85% yield. 308mg. M.P.: 51 - 53 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (dd, J = 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (dd, J = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (dd, J = 17.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 5.13 (dd, J = 11.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.76, 137.27, 134.14, 129.38, 127.56, 126.68, 126.46 125.74, 122.23,

120.29, 120.13, 114.81, 110.26, 109.99, 49.71, 34.55, 31.35. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{21}H_{23}N$ [M+H]⁺: 290.1903, found: 290.1904.

1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2r)



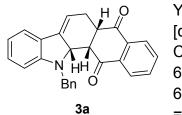
Following the general procedure, the title compound was obtained from 1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde and 4-chlorobenzyl chloride as a white solid in 76% yield. 255mg. M.P.: 59 – 61 °C. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 4H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 11.3 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (dd, *J* = 17.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 2H), 5.17 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.03, 135.62, 133.59, 129.12, 129.01, 128.14,

127.30, 126.50, 122.43, 120.39, 120.32, 115.13, 110.66, 109.82, 49.45. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{17}H_{14}CIN [M+H]^+$: 268.0888, found:268.0891.

3. General procedure for the organocatalytic, enantioselective Diels-Alder reaction

4 Å MS (30 mg) were added to a reaction tube and flame dried in situ. Then substrate **1a-1i** (1 equiv, 0.05 mmol), catalyst Mg[**P4**]₂ (3.6 mg, 5 mol%) and **2a-2r** (1.5 equiv, 0.075 mmol) were added, and then the tube was removed under argon. The resulting mixture was stirred at -25 °C for 10 min. Then anhydrous methylcyclohexane (1 mL) was added via a syringe. The mixture was then stirred overnight at the same temperature to give the crude product. The crude product was purified by washing with hexane and MeOH to give the pure D-A corresponding product **3a-3i** and **4b-4r**. Then the product **3a-3i** and **4b-4r** was analyzed by HPLC.

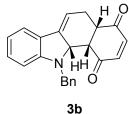
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho[2,3-*a*]car bazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (3a)



Yellow solid, 18mg, yield: 91%; M.P.: 141 – 143 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +281.7°(c 0.43, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 8H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.58 – 6.46 (m, 2H), 5.75 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (dd, *J* = 50.2, 15.7 Hz, 2H), 4.12 – 4.06 (m, 1H), 3.34 (t, *J* =

5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (dd, J = 13.8, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.55 – 2.39 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.25, 196.57, 154.00, 140.59, 138.75, 137.99, 137.65, 129.88, 128.64, 127.73, 127.44, 125.90, 120.50, 118.38, 109.88, 109.07, 64.68, 52.37, 47.51, 46.30, 26.94. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₁NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 392.1645, found: 392.1647. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 96% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak AD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 12.4 min, t₂ (major) = 14.9 min.

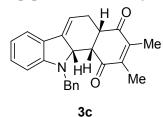
(4a*S*,11a*S*,11b*S*)-11-benzyl-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benzo[*a*]carbazol e-1,4(4a*H*)-dione (3b)



Red solid, 17mg, yield: 98%; M.P.: 128-130 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +280°(c 0.25, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.26 (m, 6H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 50.2 Hz, 2H), 5.74 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (dd, *J* = 50.2, 15.7 Hz, 2H), 4.13 – 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.34 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, *J* =

13.3, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.55 – 2.40 (m, 2H).¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.22, 196.54, 154.01, 140.59, 138.79, 138.00, 137.66, 129.88, 128.64, 127.74, 127.43, 125.90, 120.49, 118.37, 109.86, 109.05, 64.69, 52.36, 47.52, 46.27, 26.95. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₃H₁₉NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 342.1489, found: 342.1496. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 97% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak OD column (30% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 22.1 min, t₂ (major) = 33.3 min.

(4a*S*,11a*S*,11b*S*)-11-benzyl-2,3-dimethyl-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benz o[*a*]carbazole-1,4(4a*H*)-dione (3c)

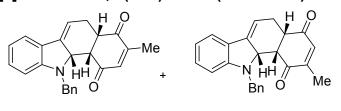


Yellow solid, 18mg, yield: 95%; M.P.: 150 – 152 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = +174.3°(c 0.54, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dt, *J* = 24.8, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 5.71 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (q, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 4.10 – 4.03 (m, 1H), 3.32 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.20 –

3.15 (m, 1H), 2.48 (ddt, J = 18.5, 7.4, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (dtd, J = 13.3, 8.7, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 1.87 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.98, 197.18, 153.84, 146.13, 141.89, 138.81, 138.03, 129.80, 128.57, 127.79, 127.38, 125.93, 120.47, 118.17, 109.77, 108.70, 64.50, 51.87, 47.51, 45.73, 27.42, 13.15, 12.61. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₅H₂₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 370.1802, found: 370.1810. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 98% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak OD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm t₁ (minor) = 11.5 min, t₂ (major) = 13.4 min.

(4aS,11aS,11bS)-11-benzyl-3-methyl-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benzo[*a*]carbazole-1,4(4a*H*)-dione and

(4aS,11aS,11bS)-11-benzyl-2-methyl-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benzo [*a*]carbazole-1,4 (4a*H*)-dione (3d and 3d')



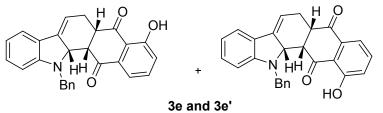
3d and 3d'

Orange solid, 17mg, yield: 93%; M.P.: 174 - 176 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = +180.0°(c 0.5, CHCl₃,). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 6H), 7.18 - 7.08 (m, 1H),

6.74-6.61 (m, 2H), 6.36 (d, J = 39.3 Hz, 1H), 5.77 – 5.68 (m, 1H), 4.53 – 4.34 (m, 2H), 4.11 – 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.32 (dt, J = 34.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.20 – 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.50 (ddd, J = 14.8, 7.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (dtd, J = 13.5, 8.9, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (t, J = 13.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.00, 197.51, 153.85, 151.12, 138.65, 137.98, 137.42, 134.53, 129.81, 128.79, 128.57, 127.87, 127.74, 125.96, 120.49, 118.34, 118.12, 109.91, 108.87, 76.70, 64.57, 52.14, 47.81, 46.34, 27.12, 16.10. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₁NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 356.1645, found: 356.1653. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 82% and 96% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, 3d: t₁ (minor) = 7.8 min, t₂ (major) = 8.5 min; 3d': t₁ (minor) = 9.9 min, t₂ (major) = 10.6 min.

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-4-hydroxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphth

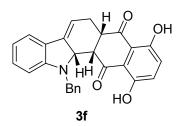
o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione and (5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-1-hydroxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]-carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (3e and 3e')



Orange solid, 17mg, yield: 85%; M.P.: 179 – 181 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = +172.0°(c 0.42, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.89 (s,

0.87H), 11.81 (s, 0.05H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.11 (m, 5H), 6.78 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 5.68 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.53 – 4.37 (m, 2H), 4.24 – 4.22 (m, 0.07H), 4.20 – 4.13 (m, 0.93H), 3.49 (t, J = 4.3 Hz, 0.07H), 3.46 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 0.93H), 3.36 – 3.27 (m, 1H), 2.77 – 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.41 – 2.30 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.10, 197.71, 160.88, 153.82, 138.96, 137.96, 136.64, 132.58, 130.19, 128.69, 127.66, 127.53, 125.86, 124.50, 120.51, 118.67, 118.30, 109.71, 108.69, 65.29, 52.28, 47.21, 46.37, 26.66. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₁NO₃ [M+H]⁺: 408.1594, found: 408.1605. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 97% and 97% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak AD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 365 nm, 3e: t₁ (minor) = 9.07 min, t₂ (major) = 11.48 min; 3e': t₁ (minor) = 10.13 min, t₂ (major) = 13.23 min.

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-1,4-dihydroxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-na phtho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (3f)

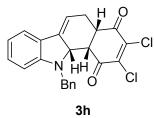


Purple solid, 20mg, yield: 96%; M.P.: 182 - 184 °C. [α]²⁰_D = +251.3°(c 0.19, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.39 (s, 1H), 11.60 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.23 - 7.14 (m, 5H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (s, 1H), 4.47 (dd, *J* = 46.4, 15.8 Hz, 2H), 4.26 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 3.44 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.28 - 3.19 (m, 1H),

2.77 – 2.68 (m, 1H), 2.42 – 2.35 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 204.01, 200.62, 172.84, 155.90, 154.36, 153.88, 138.83, 137.96, 134.62, 130.17, 128.98, 128.66, 128.01, 127.62, 127.51, 125.81, 120.50, 118.35, 114.09, 111.99, 111.87, 109.54, 108.73, 65.04, 52.32, 46.44, 45.86, 27.51. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₁NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 424.1543, found: 424.1548. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 85% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 8.92 min, t₂ (major) = 11.21 min.

(4aS,11aS,11bS)-11-benzyl-2,3-dichloro-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1H-benz

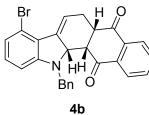
o[a]carbazole-1,4(4aH)-dione (3h)



Red brown solid, 15mg, yield: 75%; M.P.: $134 - 136 \,^{\circ}$ C. [α]²⁰_D = +146.3°(c 0.35, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 - 7.26 (m, 6H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 - 5.68 (m, 1H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 - 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.35 (td, *J* = 8.3, 5.4

Hz, 1H), 3.29 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.61 – 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.45 – 2.37 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.57, 185.91, 153.88, 144.91, 142.50, 138.97, 137.72, 130.21, 128.73, 127.82, 127.68, 125.58, 120.61, 118.68, 109.32, 109.15, 64.63, 52.52, 47.42, 45.21, 26.92. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₃H₁₇Cl₂NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 410.0709, found: 410.0709. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 29% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 7.88 min, t₂ (major) = 8.82 min.

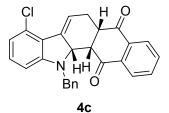
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-8-bromo-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho [2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4b)



Yellow solid, 22mg, yield: 92%; M.P.: 152 – 154 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = +120.4°(c 0.51, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 8.01 (m, 1H), 7.91 – 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.72 (dd, *J* = 5.3, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, *J* =

3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.51 – 4.40 (m, 2H), 4.31 – 4.27 (m, 1H), 3.59 (t, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, J = 15.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.78 – 2.71 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.30 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.05, 194.80, 155.76, 137.44, 137.08, 135.16, 134.63, 134.08, 132.42, 130.25, 128.71, 127.48, 127.25, 126.37, 122.40, 117.97, 114.70, 106.92, 64.78, 51.38, 47.15, 46.86, 27.12. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₀BrNO₂ [M+H]⁺: 470.0750, found: 470.0752. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 91% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 9.67 min, t₂ (major) = 10.53 min.

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-8-chloro-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho [2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4c)

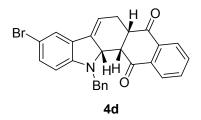


Yellow solid, 20mg, yield: 96%; M.P.: 182 – 184 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +208.9°(c 0.37, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 – 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.93 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.79 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 33.5 Hz, 5H), 7.01 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (dd, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (dd, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.46

42.2, 15.9 Hz, 2H), 4.34 – 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.73 – 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.45 – 3.25 (m, 1H), 2.86 – 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.45 – 2.13 (m, 1H). 13 C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.13, 194.92, 155.48, 137.47, 136.47, 135.14, 134.68, 134.13, 132.38,

130.08, 129.70, 128.72, 127.50, 127.26, 126.38, 122.87, 119.19, 114.94, 106.43, 64.74, 51.43, 47.16, 46.84, 27.27. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{27}H_{20}CINO_2$ [M+H]⁺: 426.1255, found: 426.1256. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 93% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 9.23 min, t₂ (major) = 10.00 min.

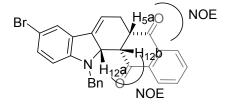
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-9-bromo-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho [2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4d)



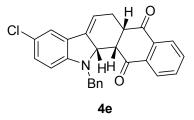
Yellow solid, 23mg, yield: 96%; M.P.: 150 - 152 °C. [α]²⁰_D = +116.7°(c 0.6, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 - 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.89 - 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.74 - 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dt, *J* = 15.0, 7.3 Hz, 4H), 7.23 - 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (q, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (s,

2H), 4.21 (p, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (ddd, J = 10.8, 7.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.70 – 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.35 – 2.26 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.92, 194.84, 152.76, 137.52, 135.18, 134.65, 134.06, 132.25, 128.69, 128.19, 127.58, 127.52, 127.24, 126.35, 123.38, 111.13, 109.96, 109.93, 65.04, 51.77, 47.41, 47.09, 26.88. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₀BrNO₂ [M+H]⁺: 470.0750, found: 470.0753. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 95% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 11.01 min, t₂ (major) = 15.31 min.

The relative configuration of the title compound was tentatively assigned by means of NMR NOESY experiments. Irradiation at 3.35 ppm (H₅a) gives a signal at 4.21 ppm (H₁₂b). Irradiation at 4.21 ppm (H₁₂b) gives signals at 3.35 ppm (H₅a) and 3.53 ppm (H₁₂a). Therefore, a 5a,12b-*cis* and 12a,12b-*cis* configuration can be assumed.



(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-9-chloro-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho [2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4e)

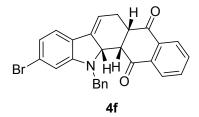


Yellow solid, 21mg, yield: 98%; M.P.: 161 – 163 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +140.0°(c 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.92 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.77 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.18 (m, 6H), 7.07 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 4.22

(p, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (ddd, J = 10.7, 7.8, 4.7 Hz,

1H), 2.67 (ddt, J = 19.5, 7.8, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (ddt, J = 19.5, 10.7, 4.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.88, 193.81, 151.39, 136.64, 136.61, 134.21, 133.61, 133.02, 131.35, 128.41, 127.66, 126.58, 126.48, 126.21, 125.32, 121.98, 119.49, 110.05, 108.41, 64.20, 50.98, 46.41, 46.15, 25.87. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₀CINO₂ [M+H]⁺: 426.1255, found: 426.1259. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 96% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 11.61 min, t₂ (major) = 15.70 min.

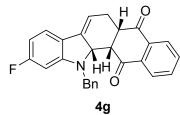
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-10-bromo-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4f)



Yellow solid, 22mg, yield: 95%; M.P.: 152 - 154°C. [α]²⁰_D= +232.2°(c 0.31, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 - 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.89 - 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.74 - 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.29 - 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.86 -6.77 (m, 2H), 5.67 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H),

4.27 – 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.51 (t, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.39 – 3.28 (m, 1H), 2.67 – 2.62 (m, 1H), 2.33 – 2.20 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.01, 194.90, 154.82, 137.61, 137.33, 135.15, 134.69, 134.10, 132.34, 128.75, 127.58, 127.26, 126.36, 125.19, 123.73, 121.43, 120.86, 111.43, 110.46, 64.90, 51.44, 47.34, 47.01, 26.87. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₀BrNO₂ [M+H]⁺: 470.0750, found: 470.0767. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 90% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak OD column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (major) = 14.57 min, t₂ (minor) = 21.78 min.

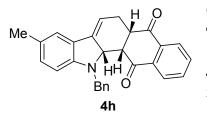
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-10-fluoro-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4g)



Yellow solid, 20mg, yield: 96%; M.P.: 152 - 154 °C. [α]²⁰_D= +280.0°(c 0.1, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 - 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.90 - 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.74 - 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.29 (dd, *J* = 12.8, 7.2 Hz, 4H), 7.24 - 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.43 - 6.32 (m, 2H), 5.61 (q, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.48 - 4.41 (m, 2H), 4.25 (p, *J* = 3.9

Hz, 1H), 3.54 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (ddd, J = 10.8, 8.0, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (ddt, J = 15.1, 7.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.33 – 2.24 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.10, 194.95, 137.55, 137.36, 135.17, 134.65, 134.09, 132.39, 128.74, 127.59, 127.57, 127.25, 126.37, 122.11, 121.24, 121.17, 109.02, 104.61, 104.46, 96.30, 96.12, 65.25, 51.49, 47.40, 47.01, 26.82. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₀FNO₂ [M+H]⁺: 410.1551, found: 410.1554. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 85% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak OD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (major) = 12.74 min, t₂ (minor) = 19.19 min.

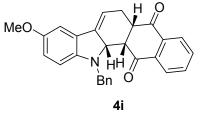
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-9-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho [2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4h)



Orange solid, 19mg, yield: 95%; M.P.: 162 - 164°C. [α]²⁰_D= +181.4°(c 0.47, CHCI₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCI₃) δ 8.12 - 8.07 (m, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 - 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.5

Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.65 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 1H), 3.46 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d, J = 19.0 Hz, 1H), 2.35 – 2.23 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.35, 194.99, 152.04, 138.85, 138.35, 135.42, 134.57, 133.87, 132.37, 130.46, 128.56, 127.76, 127.58, 127.31, 127.15, 126.34, 120.99, 109.16, 108.93, 65.55, 52.95, 47.70, 47.51, 26.92, 20.78. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 406.1802, found: 406.1812. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 92% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (10% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 10.59 min, t₂ (major) = 15.50 min.

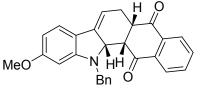
(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-9-methoxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-napht ho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4i)



Orange solid, 19mg, yield: 92%; M.P.: 144 – 146 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_D$ = +176.7°(c 0.43, CHCl₃, 85% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 – 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.91 – 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.75 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 –

6.73 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 4.14 – 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.44 – 3.31 (m, 2H), 2.71 – 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.31 (ddd, J = 15.0, 9.9, 4.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.20, 195.03, 153.27, 148.80, 138.86, 138.44, 135.49, 134.57, 133.85, 132.35, 128.55, 127.84, 127.34, 127.14, 126.32, 116.23, 110.13, 109.69, 106.04, 66.23, 66.18, 56.10, 56.05, 54.00, 47.73, 26.92. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺: 422.1751, found: 422.1760. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 85% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 13.42 min, t₂ (major) = 18.99 min.

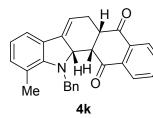
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-10-methoxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naph tho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4j)



4j

Orange solid, 20mg, yield: 93%; M.P.: 140 – 142 °C. [α]²⁰_D= +210.0°(c 0.29, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 – 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.89 – 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.72 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.25 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 6.33 - 6.18 (m, 2H), 5.51 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.51 - 4.40 (m, 2H), 4.25 - 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.55 - 3.44 (m, 1H), 3.33 (dd, J = 14.9, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.72 - 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.32 - 2.24 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.42, 195.08, 162.04, 155.34, 138.14, 137.91, 135.29, 134.57, 133.96, 132.44, 128.65, 127.67, 127.41, 127.19, 126.36, 121.15, 119.41, 107.08, 103.72, 94.91, 65.37, 55.38, 51.79, 47.56, 47.19, 26.85. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺: 422.1751, found: 422.1748. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 96% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak AD column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (major) = 22.08 min, t₂ (minor) = 30.04 min.

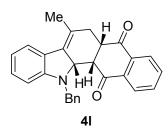
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-11-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4k)



Yellow solid, 20mg, yield: 98%; M.P.: 163 - 165 °C. [α]²⁰_D = +140.0°(c 0.5, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 - 7.96 (m, 1H), 7.89 - 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.69 (q, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 3Hz, 3H), 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.4 Hz,

1H), 4.92 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 4.11 – 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.34 (dd, J = 15.5, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.70 – 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.30 – 2.24 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.40, 195.12, 152.66, 139.69, 139.28, 135.39, 134.55, 133.87, 133.23, 132.45, 128.57, 127.26, 126.24, 126.23, 120.97, 119.53, 118.34, 108.78, 67.42, 55.55, 48.14, 47.70, 26.89, 19.51. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 406.1802, found: 406.1804. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 97% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (10% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 8.73 min, t₂ (major) = 9.45 min.

(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-7-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho [2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4I)

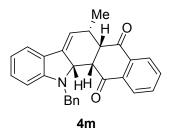


Yellow solid, 19mg, yield: 93%; M.P.: 139 - 141 °C. [α]²⁰_D= +157.5°(c 0.57, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 - 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.87 - 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 14.9 Hz, 3H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (q, *J* = 16.1

Hz, 2H), 4.26 - 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.55 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.37 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.69 - 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.25 - 2.17 (m, 1H), 1.88 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.26, 195.02, 154.33, 138.17, 135.52, 134.58, 133.90, 132.45, 131.07, 128.84, 128.59, 127.58, 127.23, 127.11, 126.98, 126.37, 123.81, 120.69, 117.90, 108.25, 65.88, 52.07, 47.55, 47.02, 33.91, 18.99. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 406.1802, found: 406.1805. The enantiomeric excess

was determined to be >99% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (10% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t_1 (minor) = 10.65 min, t_2 (major) = 16.05 min.

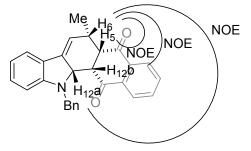
(5a*S*,6*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-6-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naph tho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4m)



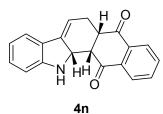
Orange solid, 14mg, yield: 70%; M.P.: 136 – 138 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +135.6°(c 0.64, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 23.7, 7.3 Hz, 3H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.74 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 5.61 – 5.55 (m, 1H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 33.3 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz,

1H), 3.49 (t, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (dd, J = 10.0, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.56 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.56, 194.71, 154.05, 138.15, 137.72, 135.38, 134.45, 133.88, 132.89, 129.92, 128.60, 127.71, 127.36, 127.15, 126.32, 126.02, 120.53, 118.22, 115.84, 108.81, 65.05, 56.17, 52.36, 48.80, 32.94, 20.04. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 406.1802, found: 406.1806. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 83% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak OD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 365 nm, t₁ (minor) = 11.82 min, t₂ (major) = 17.83 min.

The relative configuration of the title compound was tentatively assigned by means of NMR NOESY experiments. Irradiation at 2.5 ppm (H_{5a}) gives a signal at 2.93 ppm ($H_{12}b$), 3.49 ppm ($H_{12}b$) and 4.17 ppm ($H_{12}a$). Therefore, a 5a,6,12a,12b-*cis* configuration can be assumed.



(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,1 3(5a*H*)-dione (4n)

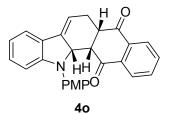


Orange solid, 12mg, yield: 77%; M.P.: 137 – 139 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +233.1°(c 0.36, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 – 8.01 (m, 1H), 7.96 – 7.87 (m, 1H), 7.77 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.33 (s, 1H), 3.90 (t, *J* =

5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (dd, J = 14.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.66 – 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.46 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.79, 195.21, 133.56, 133.11, 131.96,

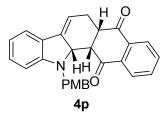
128.55, 126.16, 125.52, 119.67, 118.96, 111.14, 109.90, 58.61, 47.93, 46.23, 25.55. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{20}H_{15}NO_2$ [M+H]⁺: 302.1176, found: 302.1172. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 48% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 4.69 min, t₂ (major) = 6.30 min.

(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-napht ho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (40)



1H), 4.79 – 4.73 (m, 1H), 3.95 – 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.48 (ddd, J = 12.2, 7.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (ddt, J = 14.9, 7.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.43 – 2.33 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.28, 195.04, 151.78, 138.43, 135.46, 134.59, 134.09, 132.44, 129.74, 127.27, 126.53, 125.43, 120.58, 118.33, 114.86, 109.62, 108.52, 65.36, 55.49, 47.50, 46.65, 27.12. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₁NO₃ [M+Na]⁺: 430.1414, found: 430.1413. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 5% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 12.41 min, t₂ (major) = 13.49 min.

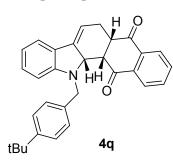
(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-(4-methoxybenzyl)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-napht ho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4p)



Orange solid, 20mg, yield: 93%; M.P.: 133 - 135 °C. [α]²⁰_D= +121.7°(c 0.86, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 3.8 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (dd, *J* = 21.8, 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.67 (dd, *J*

= 6.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (dd, J = 45.4, 15.5 Hz, 2H), 4.18 – 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.49 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (ddd, J = 12.2, 7.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.68 – 2.63 (m, 1H), 2.34 – 2.26 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.36, 195.07, 158.87, 153.96, 138.73, 135.35, 134.60, 133.94, 132.38, 129.98, 129.83, 128.95, 127.18, 126.35, 126.21, 120.47, 118.18, 113.96, 109.43, 108.94, 64.96, 55.24, 51.72, 47.68, 47.32, 26.92. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺: 422.1751, found: 422.1752. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 91% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (10% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 19.13 min, t₂ (major) = 24.57 min.

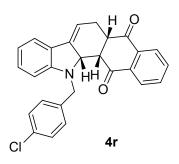
(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-(4-(tert-butyl)benzyl)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-nap htho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4q)



Yellow solid, 21mg, yield: 94%; M.P.: 146 – 148 °C. $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +160.2°(c 0.62, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.88 – 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.72 (ddd, *J* = 6.1, 5.4, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 4.9 Hz, 2H), 5.69 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, *J* = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.39 – 3.33 (m, 2H), 2.67

(ddd, J = 15.6, 7.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (ddd, J = 15.6, 7.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.21 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.26, 195.01, 153.95, 150.41, 138.66, 135.56, 135.01, 134.51, 133.76, 132.31, 129.81, 127.71, 127.11, 126.26, 126.14, 125.45, 120.46, 118.12, 109.42, 108.77, 65.00, 51.81, 47.67, 47.32, 34.40, 31.21, 26.89, 22.66, 14.12. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₁H₂₉NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 448.2271, found: 448.2276. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 96% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (15% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 8.06 min, t₂ (major) = 10.37 min.

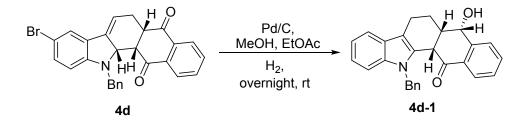
(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-(4-chlorobenzyl)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4r)



Yellow solid, 19mg, yield: 90%; M.P.: 162 - 164 °C. [α]²⁰_D= +220.0°(c 0.5, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 - 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.87 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, *J* = 5.6, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 2H), 4.22 - 4.16 (m, 1H), 3.59 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H),

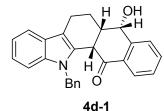
3.43 - 3.36 (m, 1H), 2.68 (ddt, J = 14.8, 7.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.37 - 2.29 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.12, 194.91, 153.74, 138.50, 136.87, 135.26, 134.66, 134.06, 133.00, 132.41, 129.87, 128.83, 127.24, 126.36, 126.19, 120.52, 118.48, 109.76, 108.74, 65.49, 51.90, 47.61, 47.27, 26.93. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₀CINO₂ [M+H]⁺: 426.1255, found: 426.1260. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 79% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (10% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 15.82 min, t₂ (major) = 23.34 min.

4. General procedure for the reduction reaction of 4d⁶



4d (70mg, 0.15mmol) was completely dissolved in EtOAc, and then 10 mol% Pd/C (70mg, 0.033mol) was added as a single portion. Anhydrous MeOH was then added by syringe at room temperature under a stream of hydrogen and the mixture was stirred overnight under hydrogen gas. The mixture was filtered through Celite, and the solvents were removed via rotary evaporation. The product was purified by flash chromatography (petroleum ether-ethyl acetate, 3:1) to give 50mg (85%) of a yellow solid.

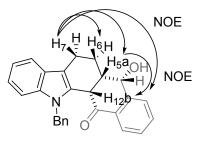
(5S,5aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-5-hydroxy-5,5a,6,7,12,12b-hexahydro-13*H*-napht ho[2,3-a]carbazol-13-one (4d-1)



Light yellow solid, 34mg, yield: 85%; M.P.: 190 - 192°C. [α]²⁰_D= +193.7°(c 0.32, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.26 - 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 7.4

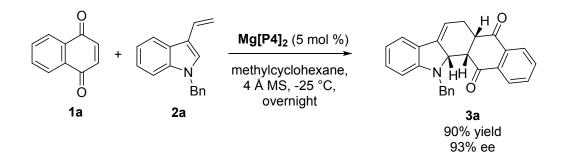
Hz, 2H), 5.61 (dd, J = 44.3, 17.5 Hz, 2H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 3.75 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (dd, J = 16.0, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 16.5, 10.6 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dd, J = 13.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (dt, J = 12.9, 6.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.28, 143.61, 138.70, 137.39, 134.64, 132.64, 130.11, 128.76, 127.85, 127.45, 127.14, 126.71, 125.96, 125.68, 121.70, 119.08, 118.35, 110.52, 109.69, 69.82, 47.14, 45.99, 43.71, 29.73, 20.46, 18.78. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 394.1802, found: 394.1800. The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 93% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak IA column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 11.00 min, t₂ (major) = 13.50 min.

The relative configuration of the title compound was tentatively assigned by means of NMR NOESY experiments. Irradiation at 2.14 ppm (H₇) gives signals at 1.43 ppm (H₆) and 2.76 ppm (H₅a) and at 2.92 ppm (H₁₂b). Irradiation at 2.76 ppm (H₅a) gives signals at 2.92 ppm (H₁₂b). Therefore, a 5a,12b-*cis* configuration can be assumed.



5. A detailed synthetic method example at a minimum 1 mmol scale

A representative example: 4 Å MS (30 mg) was added to a reaction tube and flame dried in situ. The tube was back-filled with argon and substrate 1a (1 equiv, 1 mmol), catalyst Mg[P4]₂ (360 mg, 5 mol%) and 2a (1.5 equiv, 1.25 mmol) were added. The resulting mixture was stirred at -25 °C for 10 min. Then anhydrous methylcyclohexane (100 mL) was added via a syringe. The mixture was then stirred overnight at the same temperature to give the crude product. The crude product was purified by washing with hexane and MeOH to give the product 3a. Then the product 3a was analyzed by HPLC. Yellow solid, 353mg, yield: 90%, The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 93% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak AD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t₁ (minor) = 12.4 min, t₂ (major) = 14.9 min. The ee value has a slight decrease from 96% to 93%.



(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphtho[2,3-*a*]car bazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (3a)

Yellow solid, 353mg, Yield: 90%, The enantiomeric excess was determined to be 93% by HPLC analysis on Chiralpak AD column (20% isopropanol/hexane, 1 mL/min), UV 254 nm, t_1 (minor) = 12.5 min, t_2 (major) = 14.9 min. The ee value has a slight decreased from 96% to 93%.

6. References

(1) Klussmann, M.; Ratjen, L.; Hoffmann, S.; Wakchaure, V.; Goddard, R.; Benjamin List. Synthesis of TRIP and Analysis of Phosphate Salt Impurities. *Synlett* **2010**, *14*, 2189-2192.

(2) Nguyen, T. N.; Nguyen, T. S.; May, J. A. Brønsted Acid Catalyzed Homoconjugate Addition of Organotrifluoroborates to Arylated Cyclopropyl Ketones. *Org. Lett.* **2016**, *18*, 3786-3789.

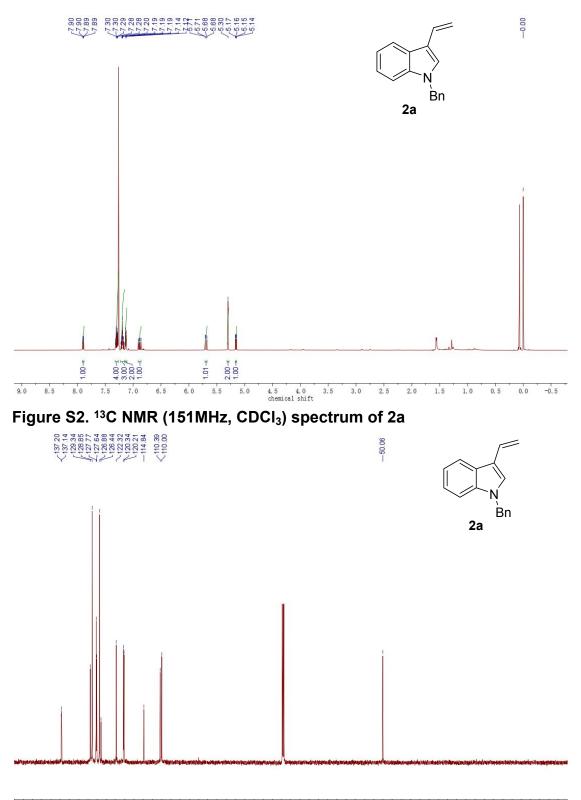
(3) Cao, Y. J.; Cheng, H. G.; Lu, L. Q.; Zhang, J. J.; Cheng, Y.; Chen, J. R.; Xiao, W. J. Organocatalytic Multiple Cascade Reactions: A New Strategy for the Construction of Enantioenriched Tetrahydrocarbazoles. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2011**, *353*, 617-623

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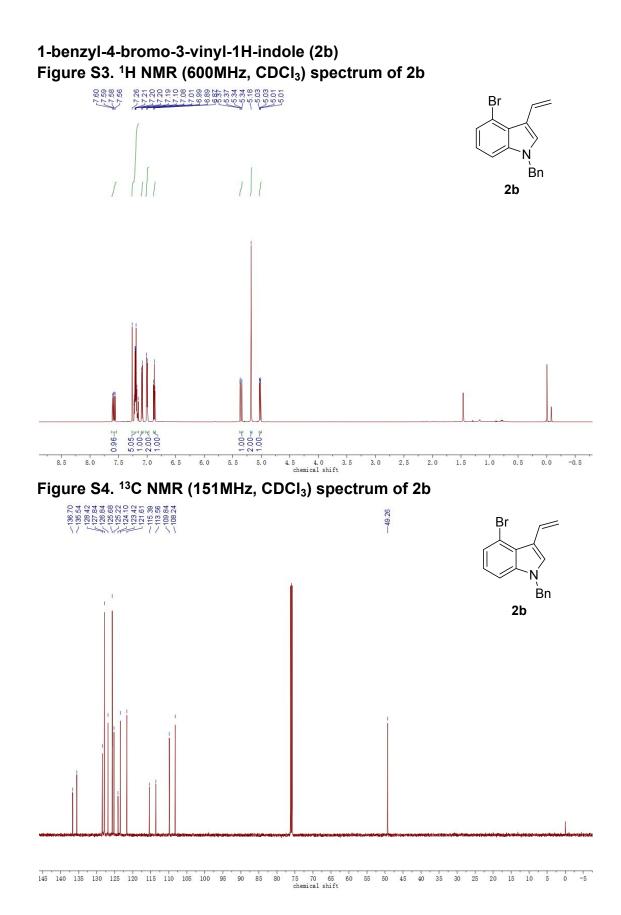
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(6) Peat, A. J.; Buchwald, S. L.; Novel Syntheses of Tetrahydropyrroloquinolines: Applications to Alkaloid Synthesis. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1996**, *118*, 1028-1030.

7. Copies of NMR spectra and HPLC Chromatograms 1-benzyl-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2a) Figure S1. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 2a

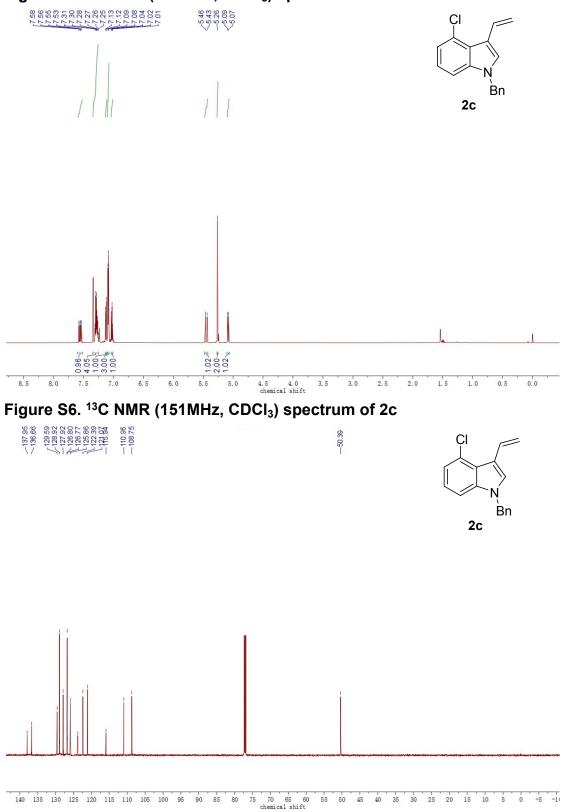


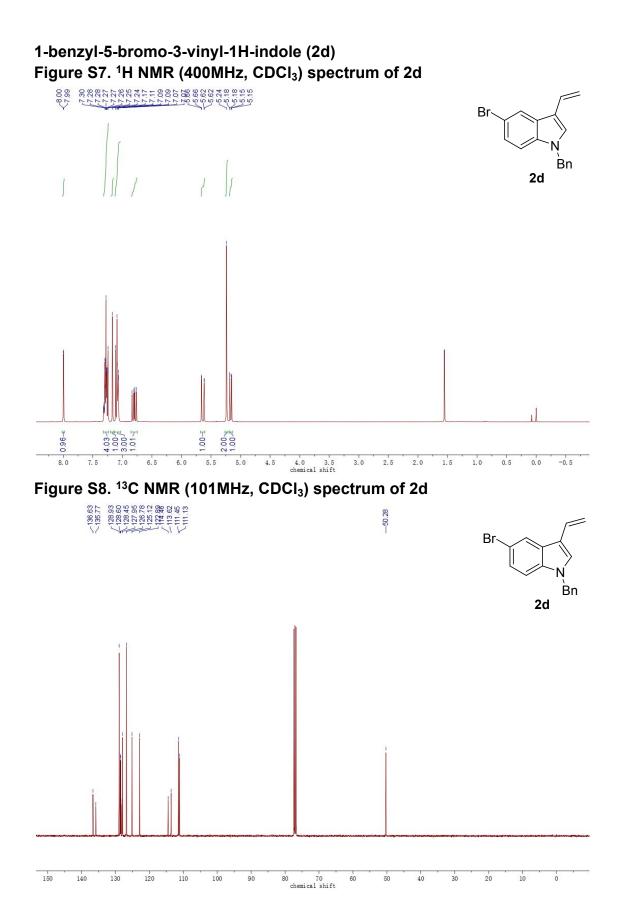
50 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110 105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 (chemical shift

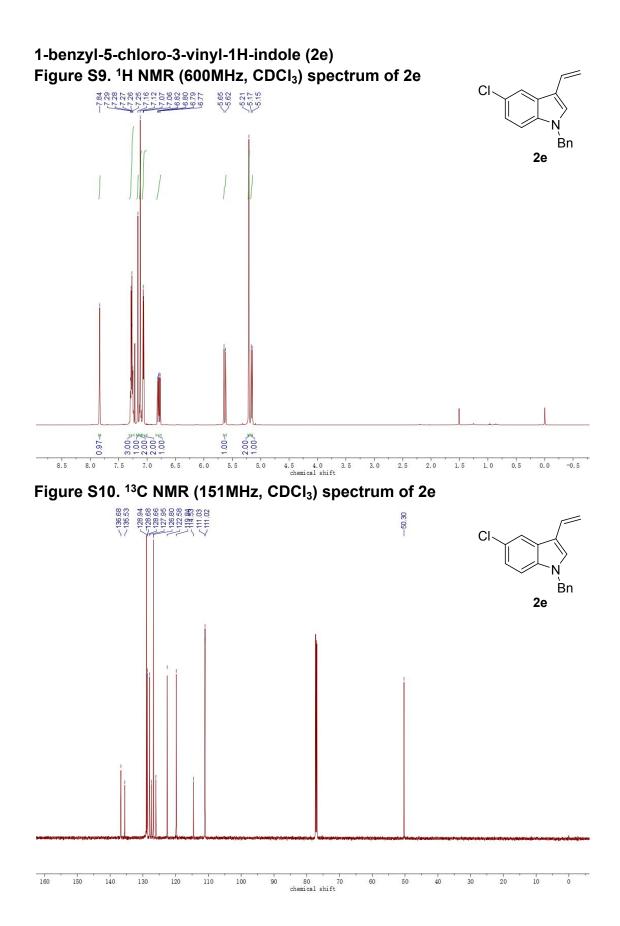


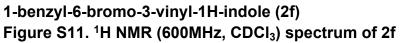
S24

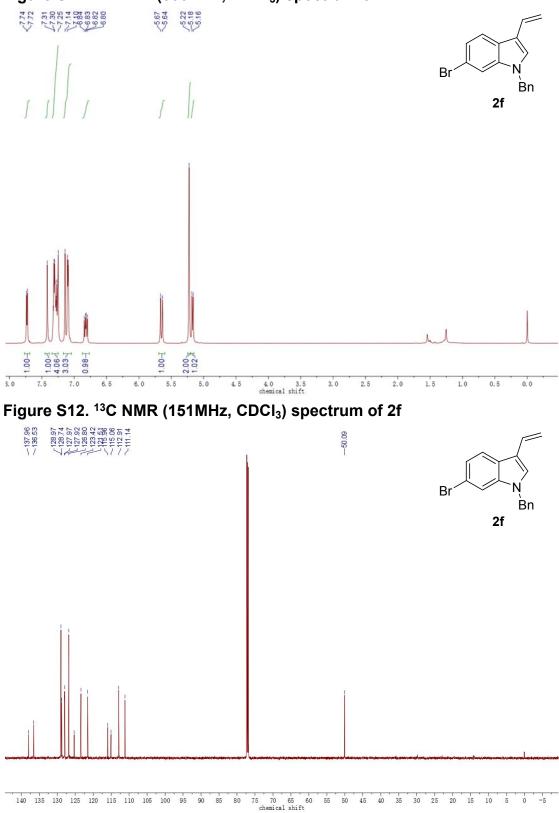
1-benzyl-4-chloro-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2c) Figure S5. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 2c



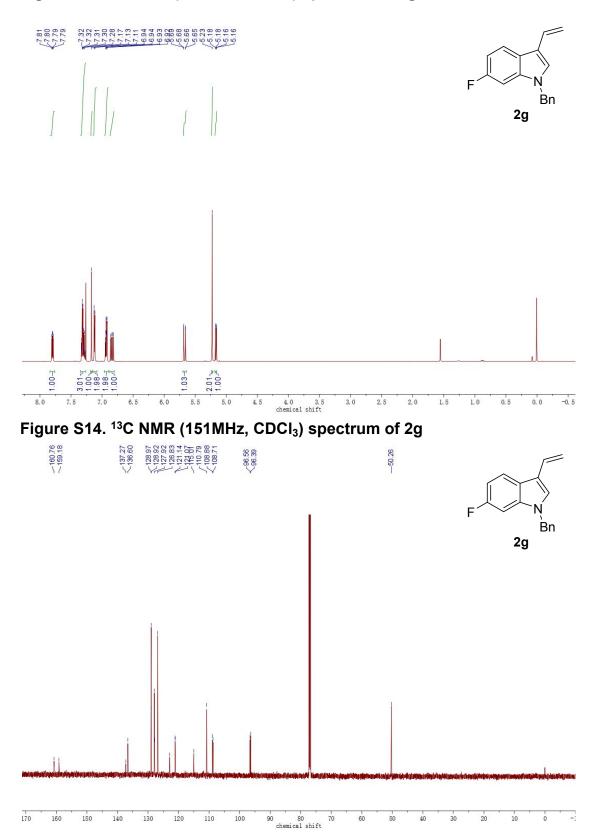


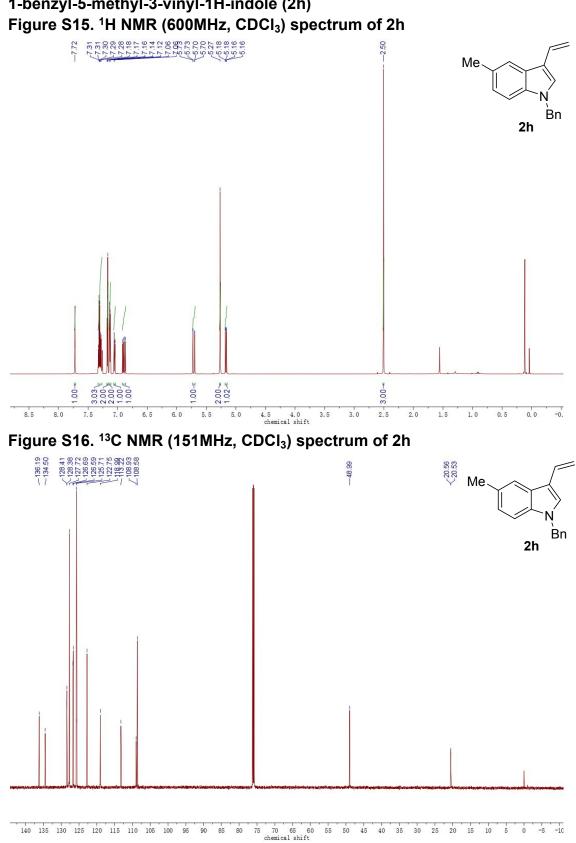




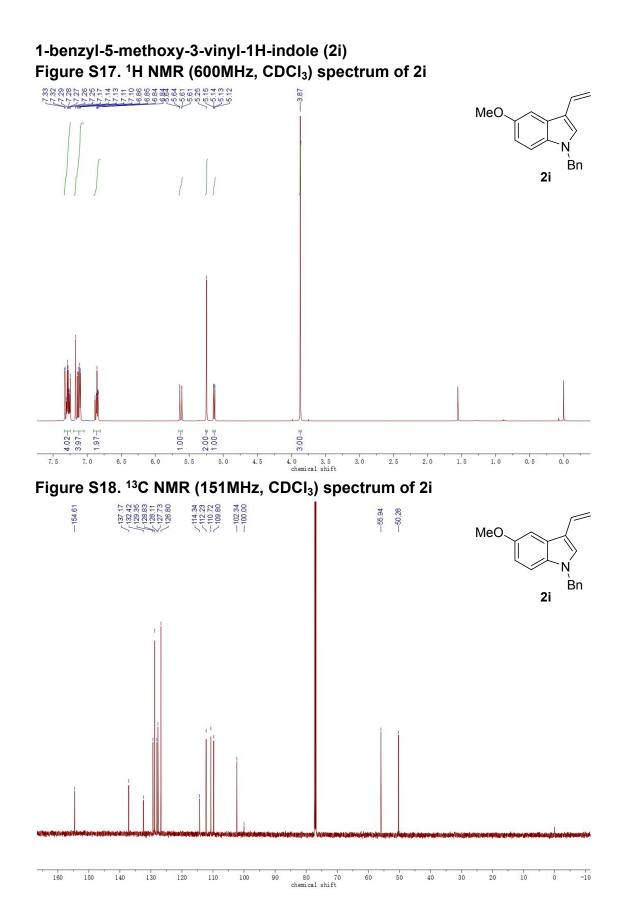


1-benzyl-6-fluoro-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2g) Figure S13. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 2g

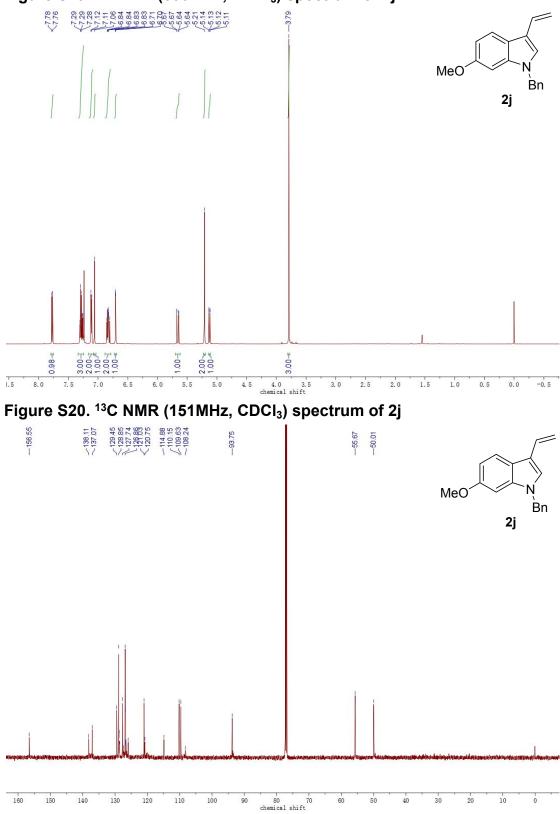


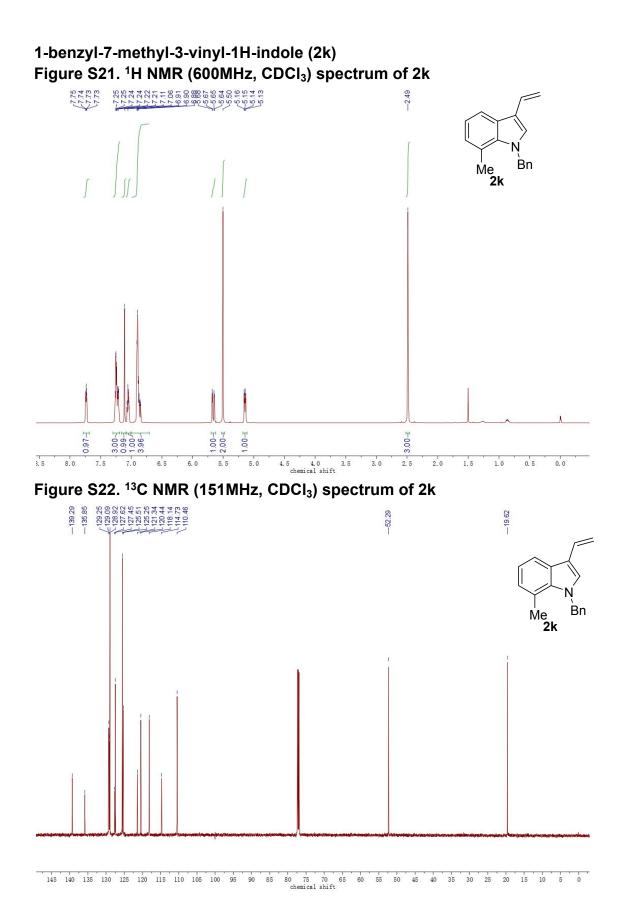


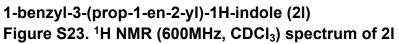
1-benzyl-5-methyl-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2h)

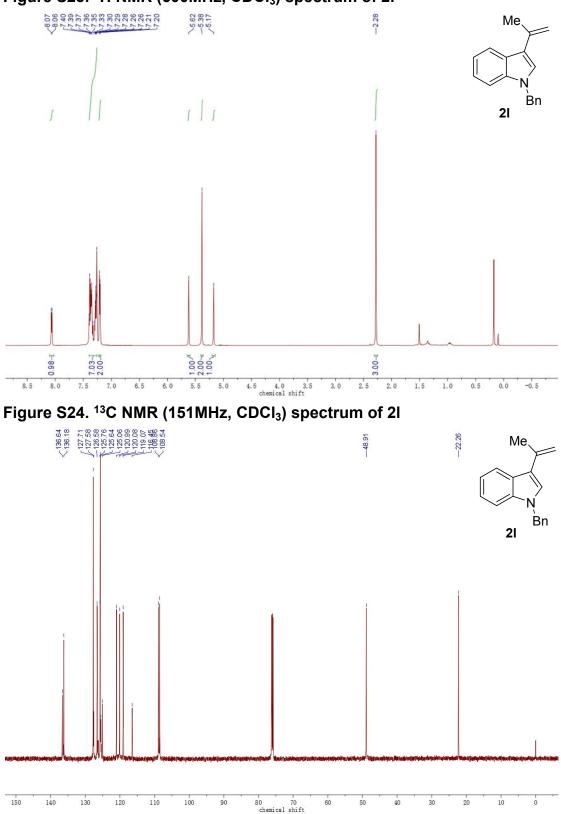


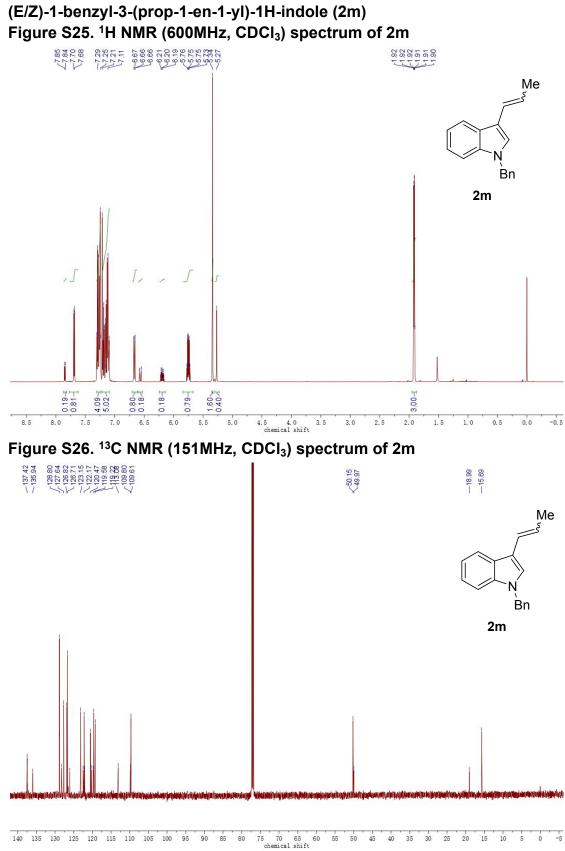




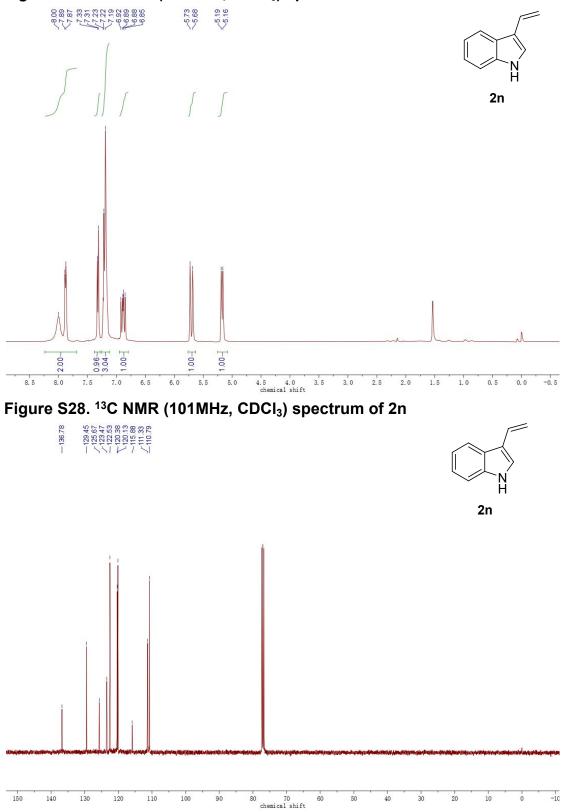


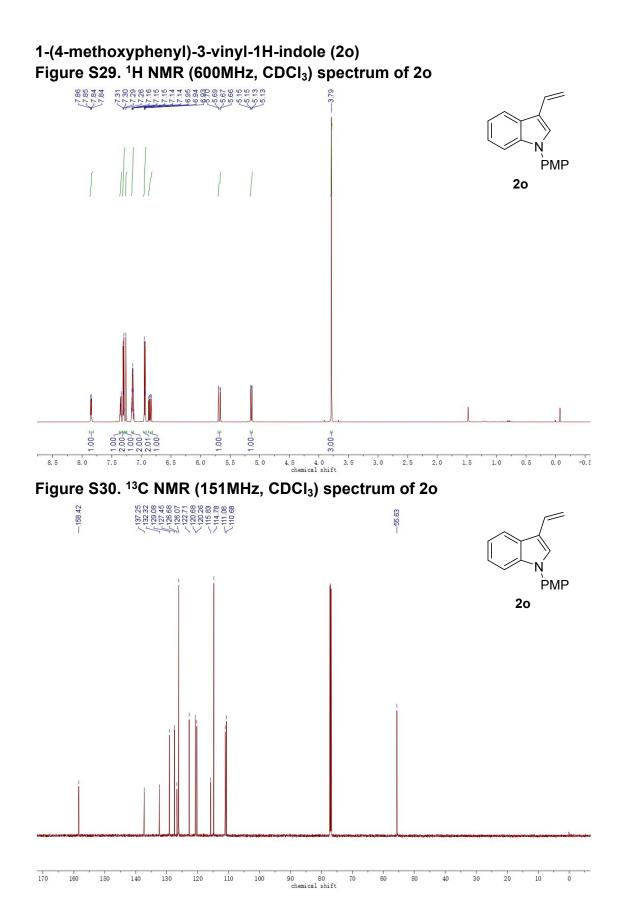


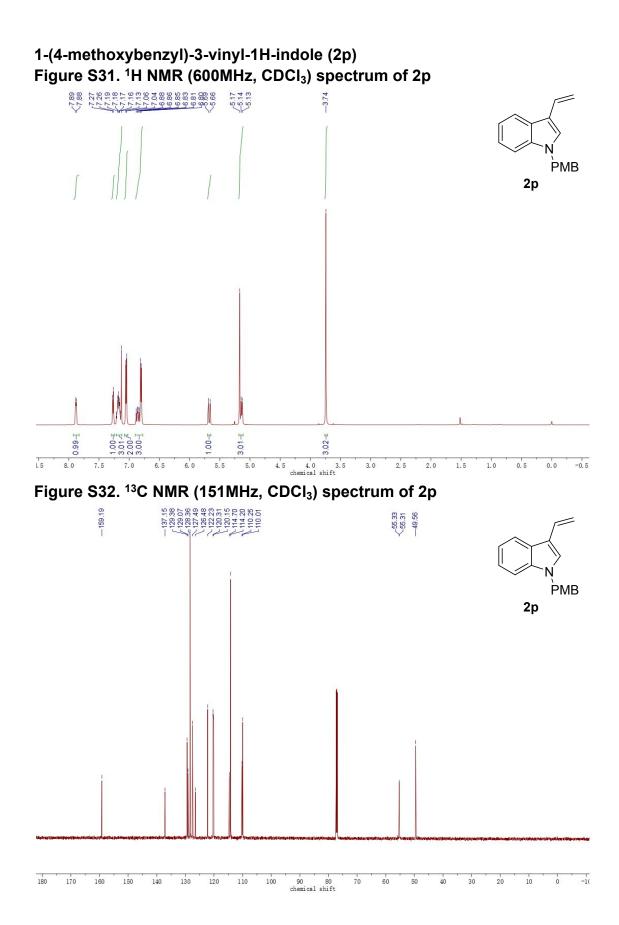


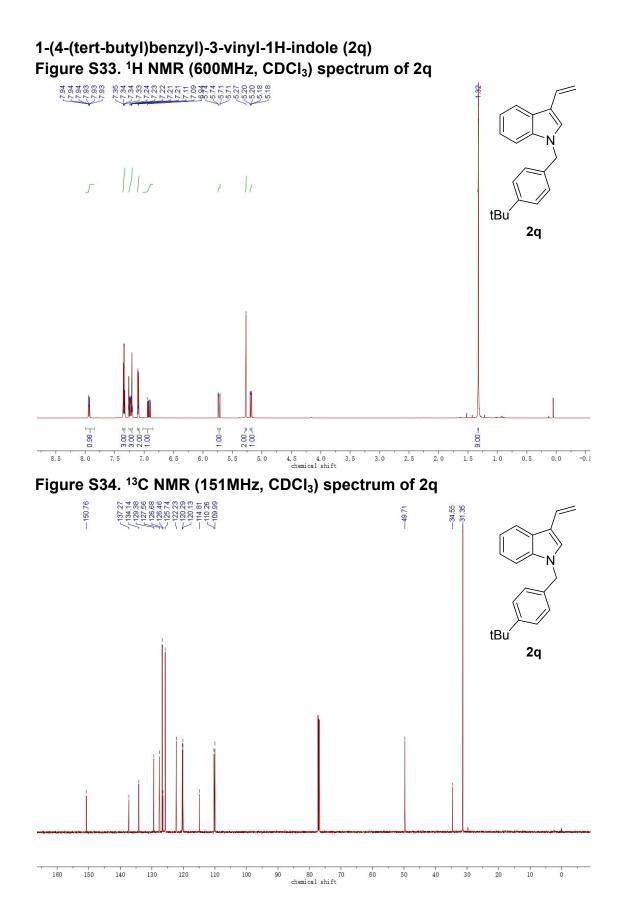


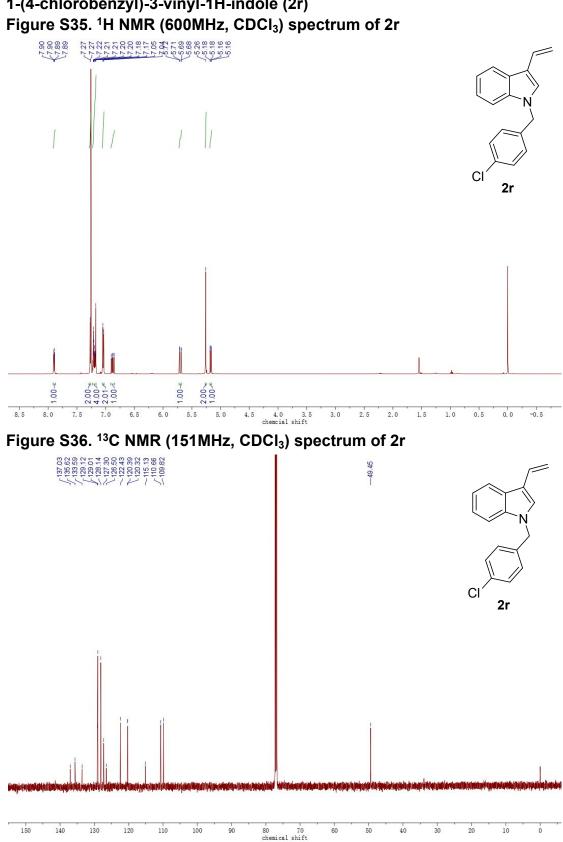
3-vinyl-1H-indole (2n) Figure S27. ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 2n











1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-vinyl-1H-indole (2r)

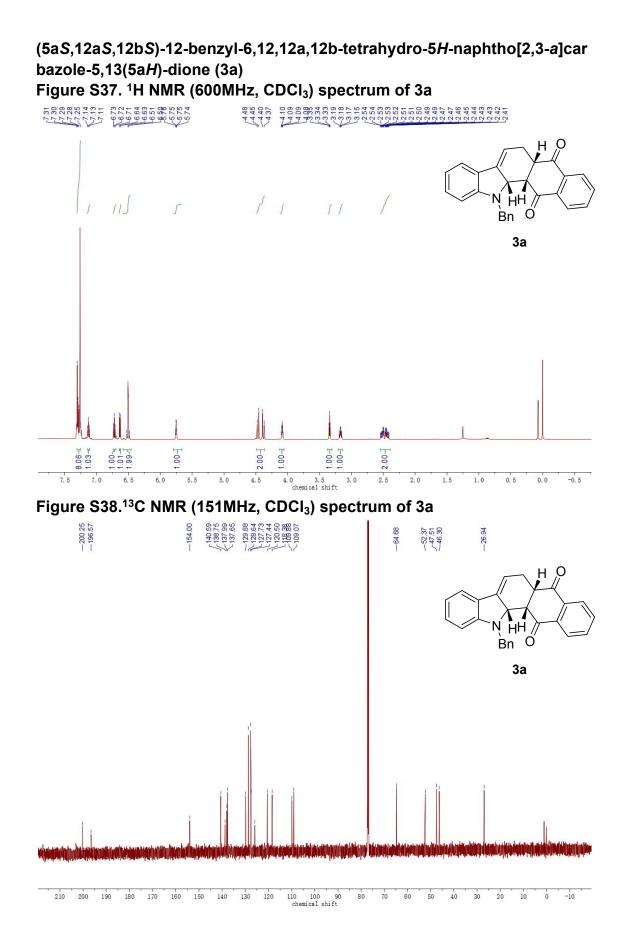
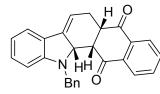
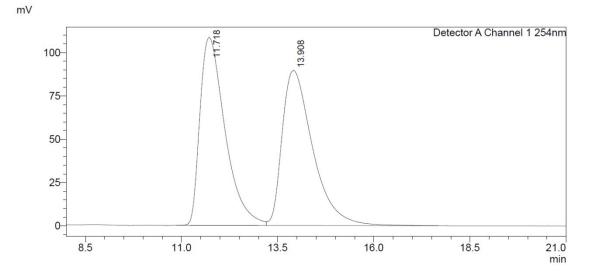


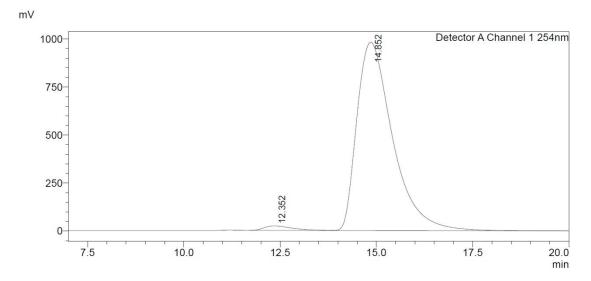
Figure S39. HPLC spectrum of 3a



3a (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral)



Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Conc.	Area%
1	11.7 <mark>1</mark> 8	4924652	108350	49.796	49.796
2	13.908	4965098	89467	50.204	50.204
Total		9889750	197817		100.000



Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Conc.	Area%
1	12.352	1171623	22960	1.818	1.818
2	14.852	63284870	980067	98.182	98.182
Total		64456493	1003026		100.000

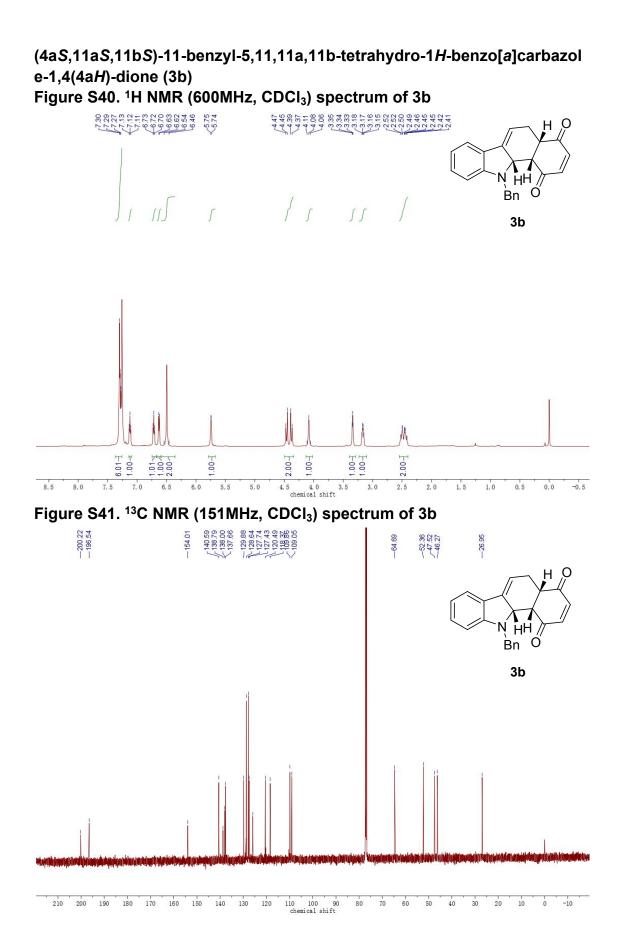
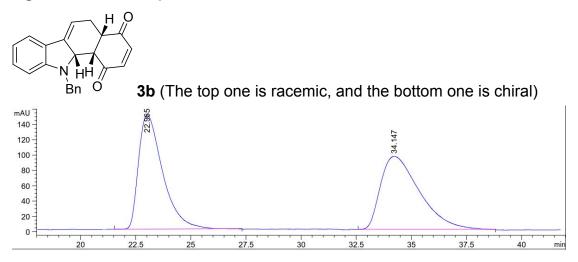
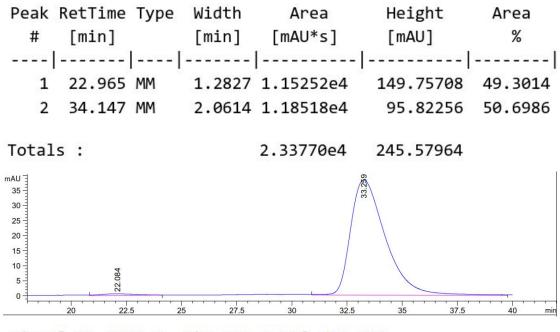


Figure S42. HPLC spectrum of 3b



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % # [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] 22.084 MM 1.9017 63.66054 5.57939e-1 1.4867 1 1.8366 4218.44775 2 33.259 MM 38.28151 98.5133 Totals : 4282.10829 38.83945

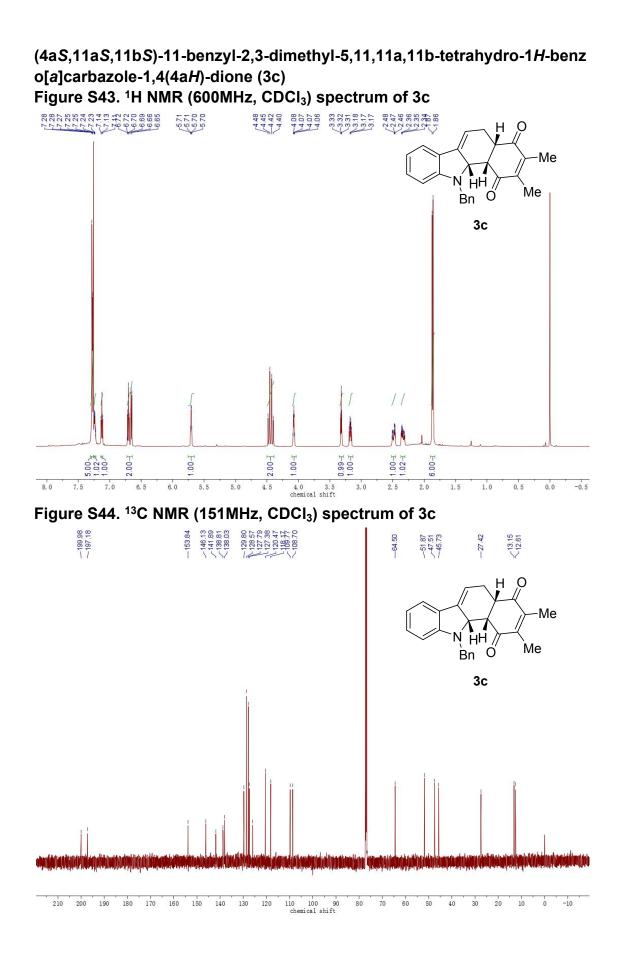
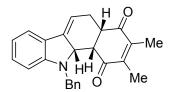
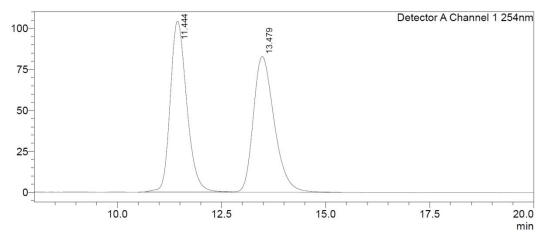


Figure S45. HPLC spectrum of 3c



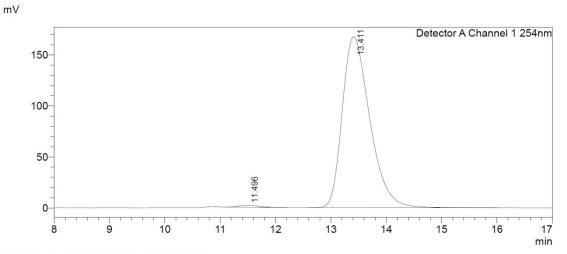
3c (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral)

mV



Detector A Channel 1 254nm

Peak	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%	Conc.
1	11.444	2887145	1 <mark>04188</mark>	49.983	49.983
2	13.479	2889104	82711	50.017	50.017
Total		5776249	186898	100.000	



Detector A Channel 1 254nm

Peak	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%	Conc.
1	11.496	47770	1870	0.819	0.819
2	13.411	5782979	167468	99.181	99.181
Total		5830749	169338	100.000	

(4aS,11aS,11bS)-11-benzyl-3-methyl-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benzo[*a*]carbazole-1,4(4a*H*)-dione and

(4aS,11aS,11bS)-11-benzyl-2-methyl-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benzo[*a*]carba-zole-1,4(4a*H*)-dione (3d and 3d')

Figure S46. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 3d and 3d'

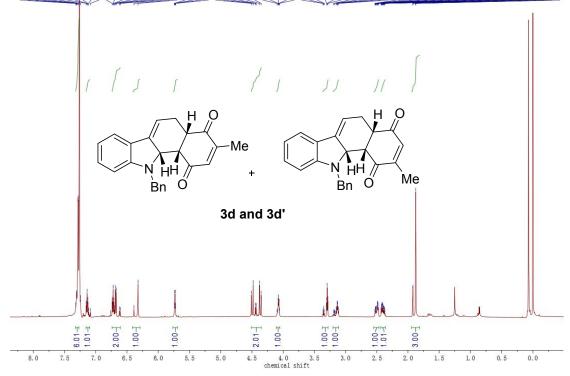


Figure S47. ¹³C NMR (151MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 3d and 3d'

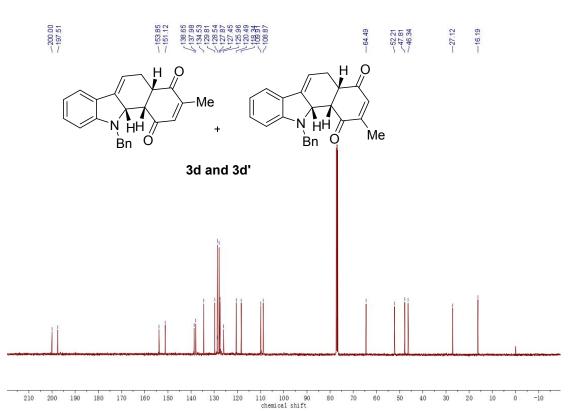
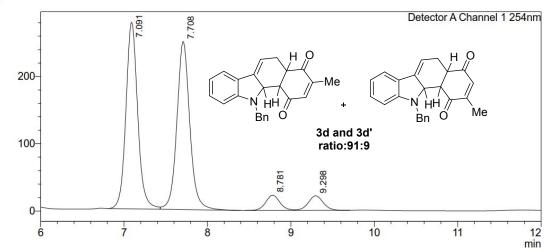


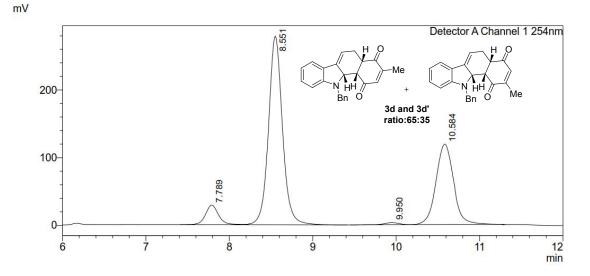
Figure S48. HPLC spectrum of 3d and 3d'

3d and 3d' (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral) $_{\rm mV}$



Detector A Channel 1 254nm

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Conc.	Area%
1	7.091	2717134	277432	45.524	45.524
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Conc.	Area%
2	7.708	2707090	250094	45.356	45.356
3	8.781	271620	22759	4.551	4.551
4	9.298	272688	21752	4.569	4.569
Total		5968532	572036		100.000



Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Conc.	Area%
1	7.789	317341	28955	5.740	5.740
2	8.551	3265517	278780	59.066	59.066
3	9.950	42335	3202	0.766	0.766
4	10.584	1903352	118724	34.428	34.428
Total		5528545	429661		100.000

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-4-hydroxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione and

(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-1-hydroxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-naphth o[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (3e and 3e')

Figure S49. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 3e and 3e'

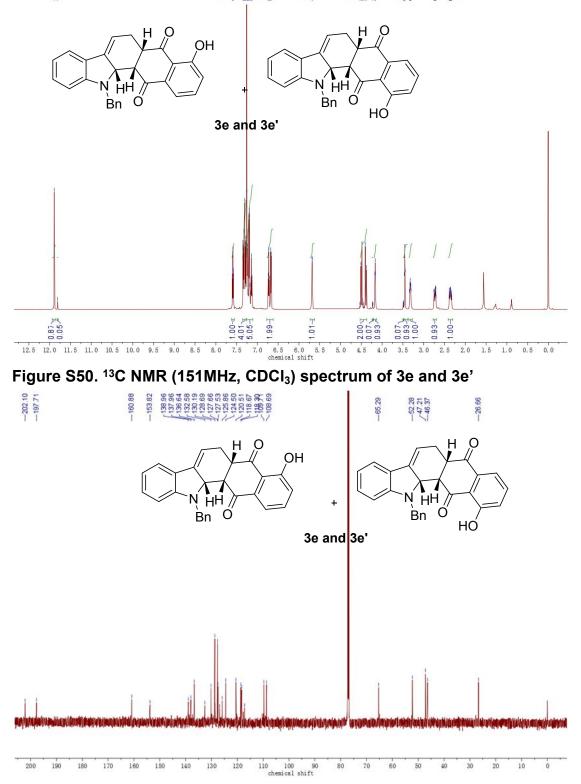
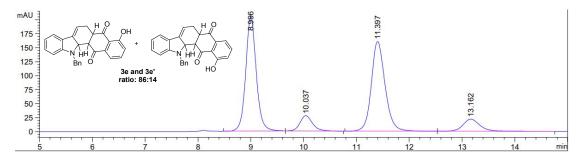
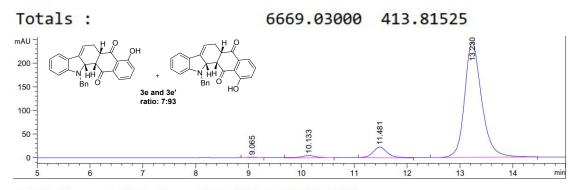


Figure S51. HPLC spectrum of 3e and 3e' 3e and 3e' (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral)



Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=365,4 Ref=off

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	8.996	BB	0.2121	2841.61572	204.51073	42.6091
2	10.037	BB	0.2481	446.62421	27.40537	6.6970
3	11.397	BB	0.2749	2897.87451	160.30252	43.4527
4	13.162	BB	0.3389	482.91556	21.59663	7.2412



Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=365,4 Ref=off

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	9.065	MM	0.2078	10.39936	8.34021e-1	0.1736
2	10.133	MM	0.3292	94.03818	4.76059	1.5697
3	11.481	MM	0.3166	426.49530	22.44905	7.1192
4	13.230	MM	0.3748	5459.86328	242.75932	91.1375
Total	.s :			5990.79612	270.80299	

(5a*S*,12a*S*,12b*S*)-12-benzyl-1,4-dihydroxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5*H*-na phtho[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (3f)

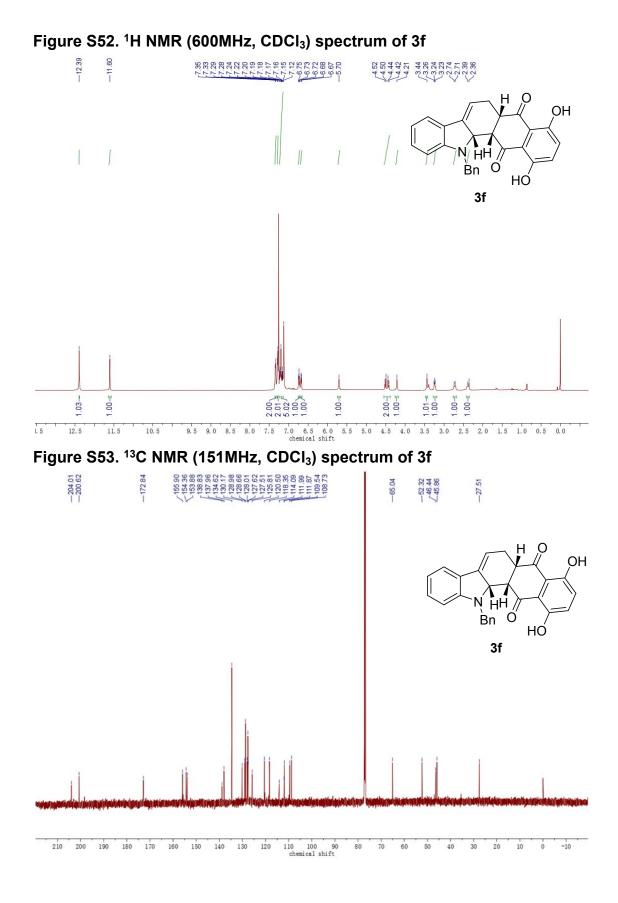
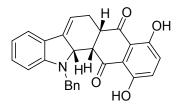
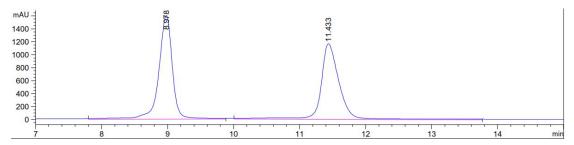


Figure S54. HPLC spectrum of 3f

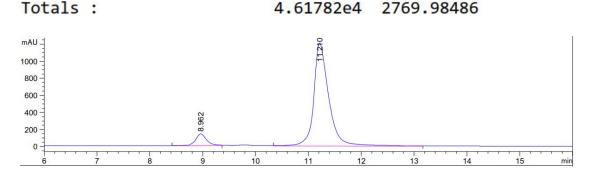


3f (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral)



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime	e Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
# [min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1 8.97	B MM	0.2428	2.33431e4	1602.43994	50.5501
2 11.43	8 MM	0.3260	2.28351e4	1167.54492	49.4499



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] % # [min] 8.962 MM 0.2403 1989.16333 137.96635 7.6068 1 2 11.210 MM 0.3329 2.41606e4 1209.45483 92.3932 Totals : 2.61498e4 1347.42119

(4aS,11aS,11bS)-11-benzyl-2,3-dichloro-5,11,11a,11b-tetrahydro-1*H*-benz

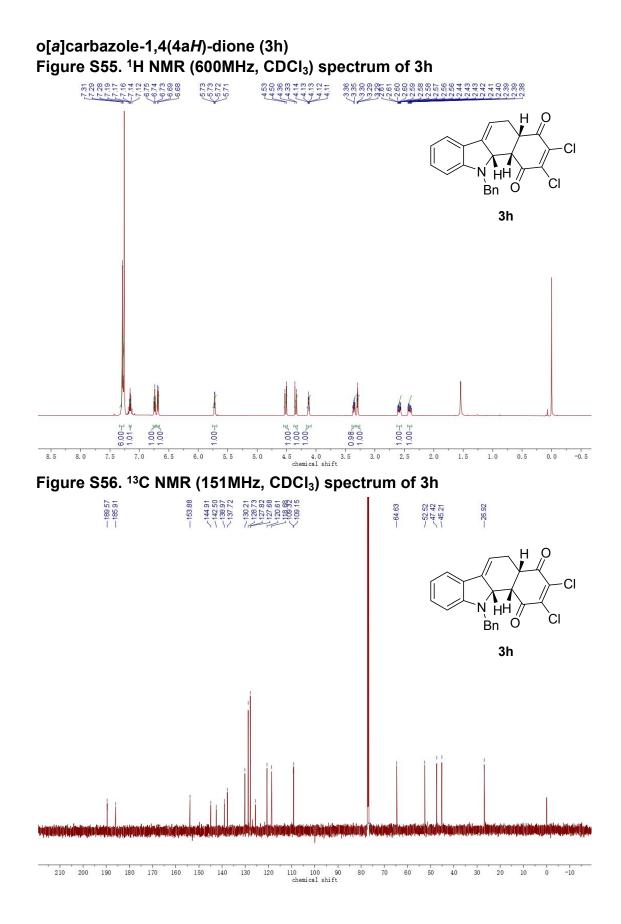
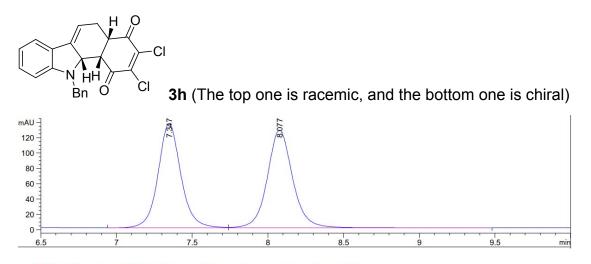
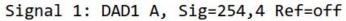
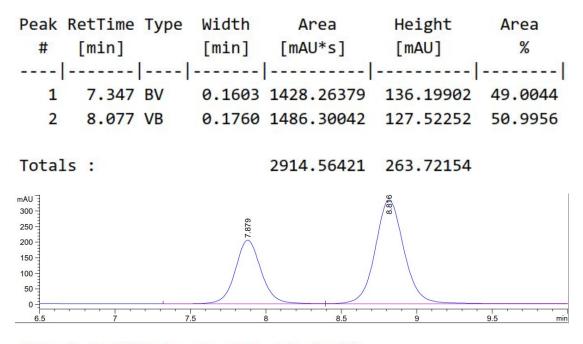


Figure S57. HPLC spectrum of 3h







Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Peak R	etTime Type	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]	[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
-					
1	7.879 BV	0.1811	2436.79175	204.38507	35.5032
2	8.816 VB	0.2029	4426.79883	333.43723	64.4968
Totals	:		6863.59058	537.82230	

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-8-bromo-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho

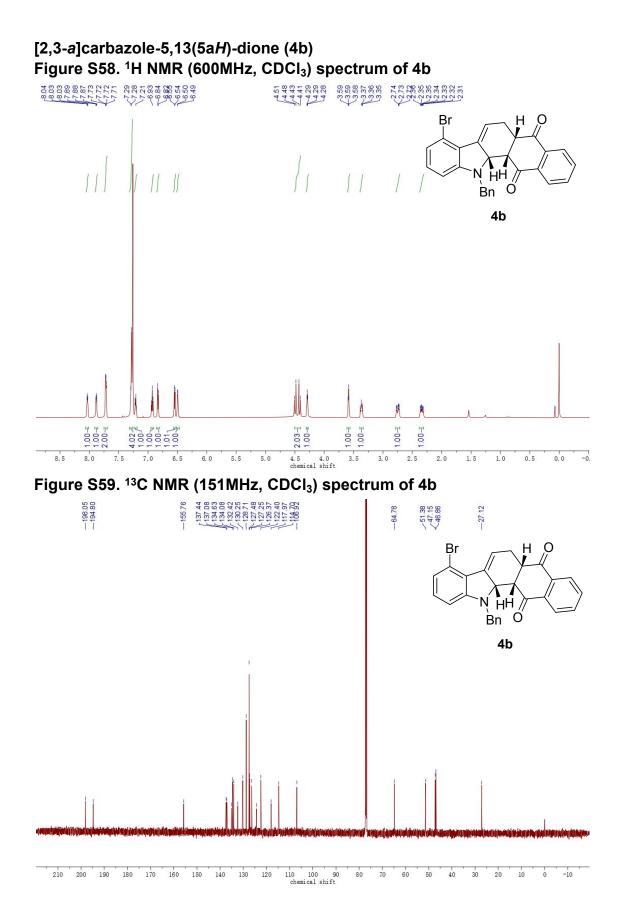
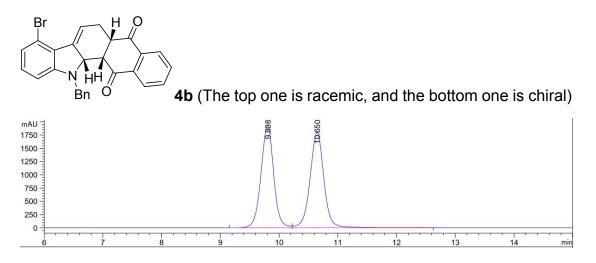


Figure S60. HPLC spectrum of 4b



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] # 1 9.808 BV 0.2290 2.90761e4 1938.37561 49.5564 2 10.650 VBA 0.2501 2.95966e4 1797.44495 50.4436 Totals : 5.86726e4 3735.82056 mAU = 2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 500 0 10 11 13 14

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	9.667	MM	0.2334	2424.0472	238.15424	4.6713
2	10.527	MM	0.2818	4.94683e4	2925.92139	95.3287
Total	s :			5.18923e4	3164.07562	

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-8-chloro-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho

[2,3-*a*]carbazole-5,13(5a*H*)-dione (4c) Figure S61. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 4c

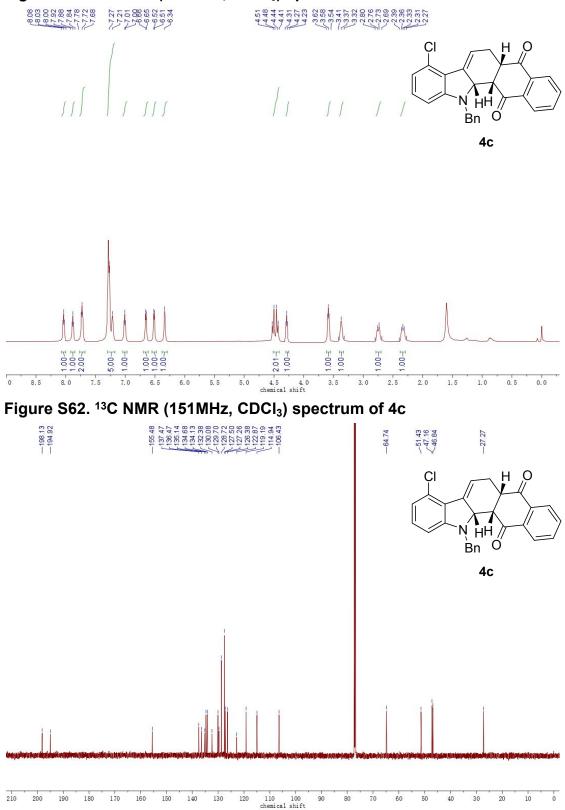
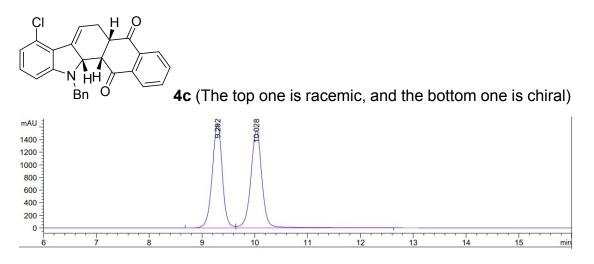
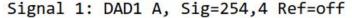
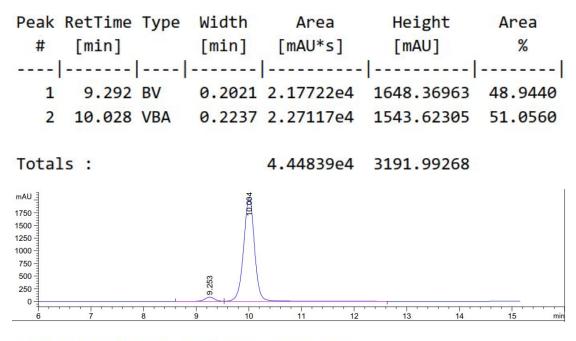


Figure S63. HPLC spectrum of 4c







Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU*s] % # [min] [mAU] 1 9.253 BV 0.1997 1111.04224 85.43491 3.6090 2 10.004 VBA 0.2208 2.96744e4 2051.11548 96.3910 Totals : 3.07854e4 2136.55039

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-9-bromo-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho

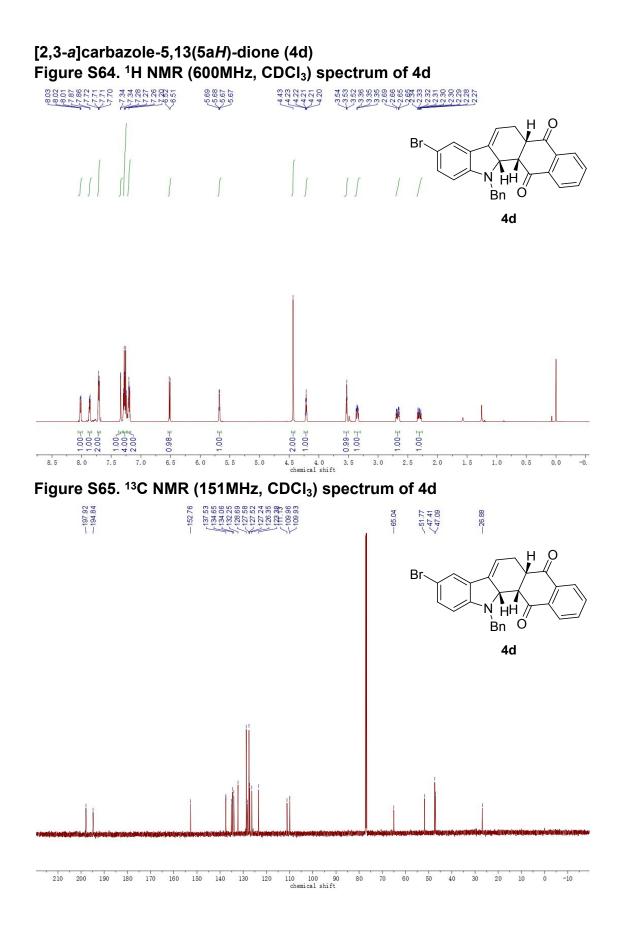


Figure S66. HPLC spectrum of 4d

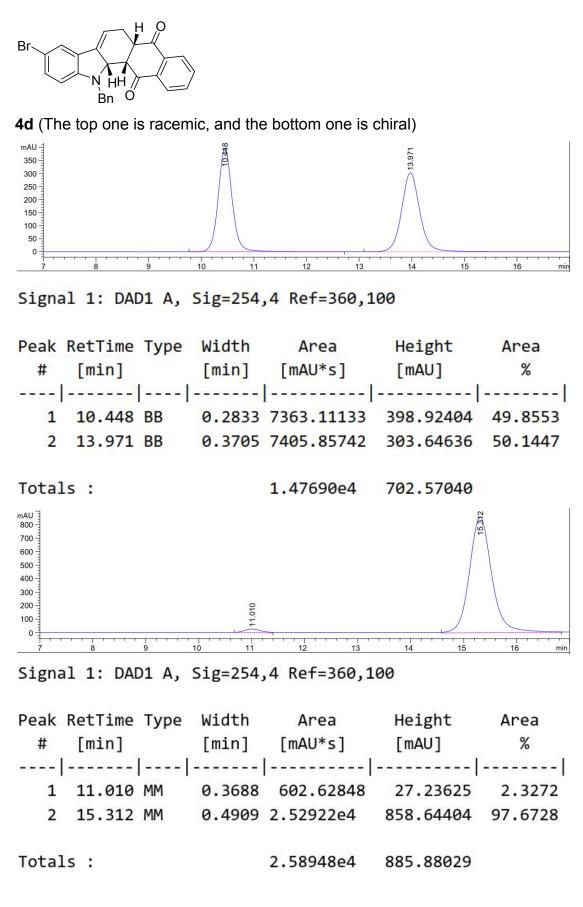
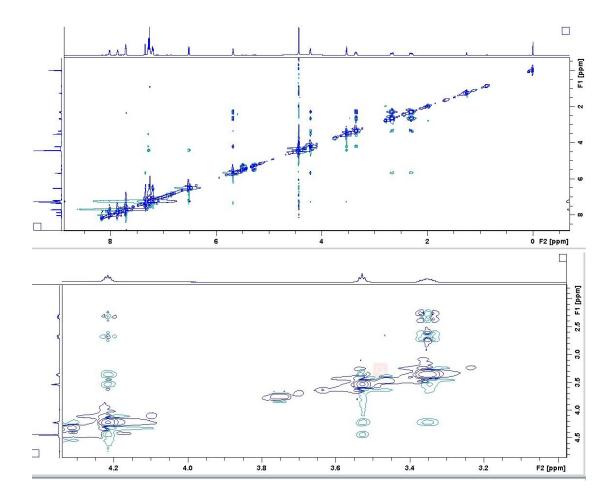
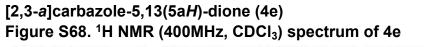


Figure S67. NOESY NMR (600MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 4d



(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-9-chloro-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho



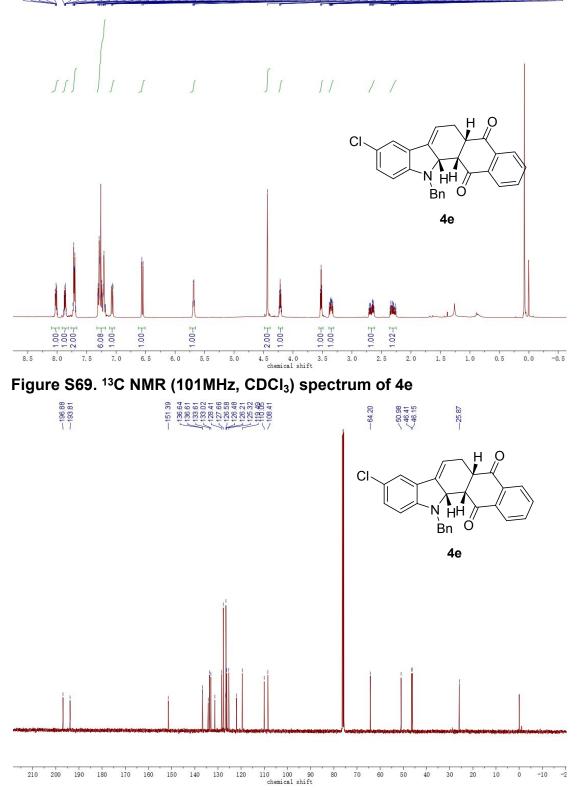
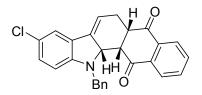
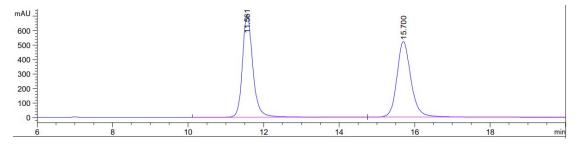
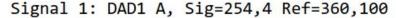


Figure S70. HPLC spectrum of 4e



4e (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral)

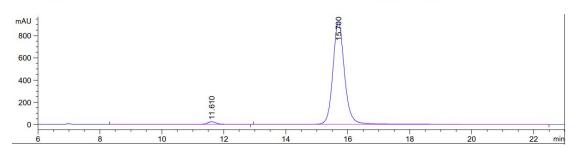




Peak RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
# [min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
	-				
1 11.561	VB R	0.2896	1.36232e4	710.90973	49.9336
2 15.700	BB	0.3979	1.36595e4	521.02631	50.0664



2.72827e4 1231.93604



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % # [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] 541.36572 1 11.610 VB R 0.2971 24.35772 2.1802 2 15.700 BB 0.3982 2.42892e4 925.33527 97.8198 Totals : 2.48306e4 949.69299

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-10-bromo-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphth

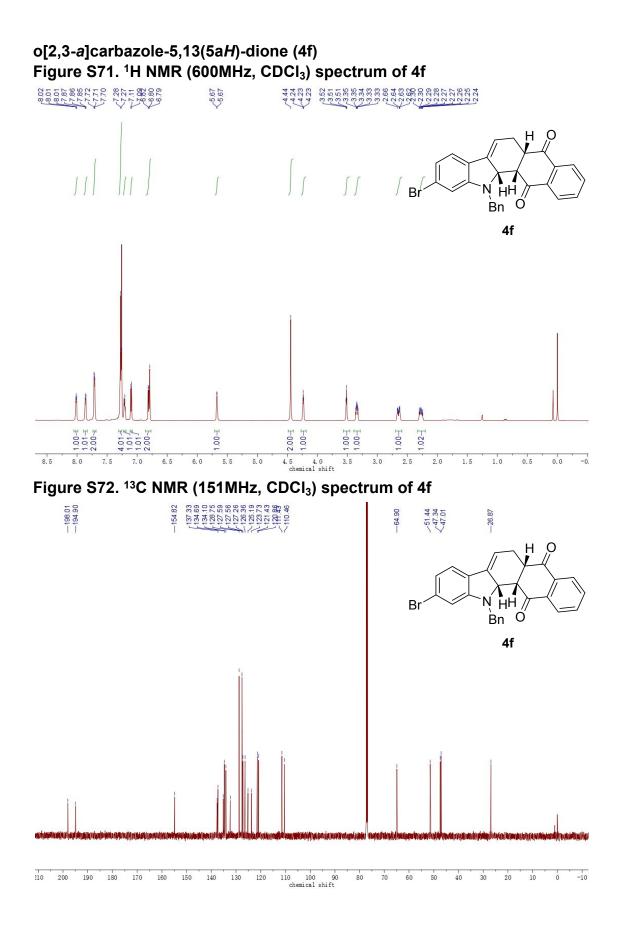
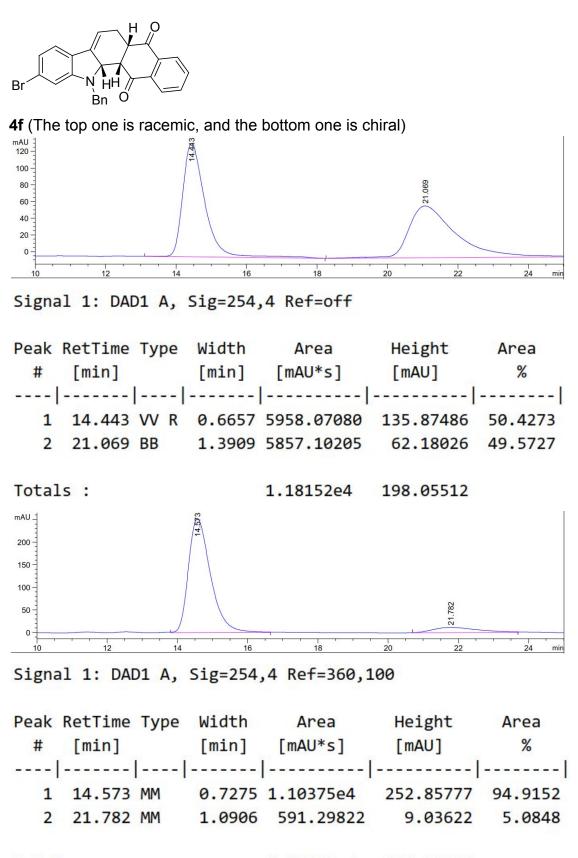


Figure S73. HPLC spectrum of 4f



Totals : 1.16288e4 261.89399

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-10-fluoro-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphth

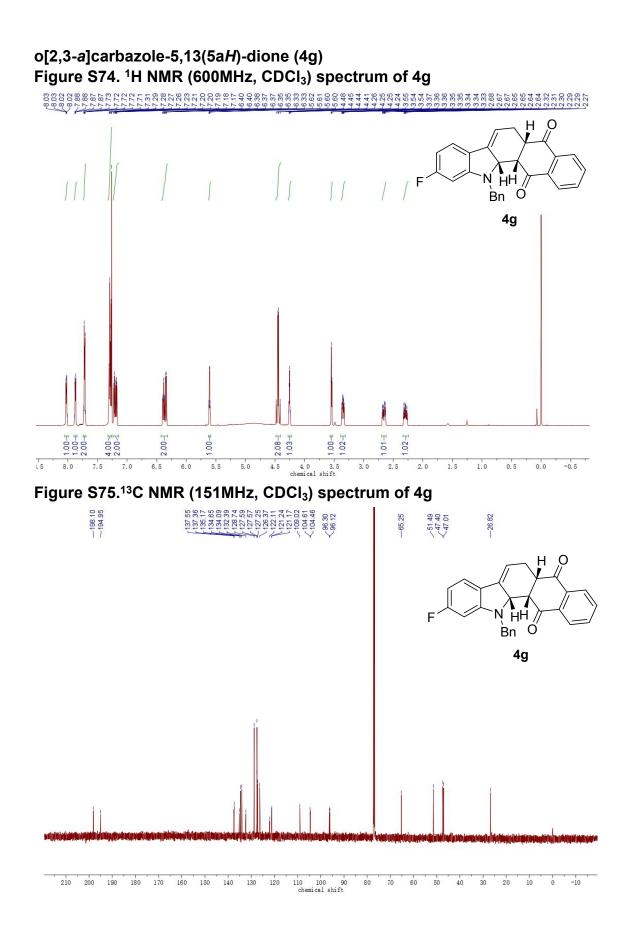
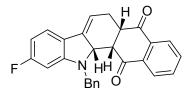
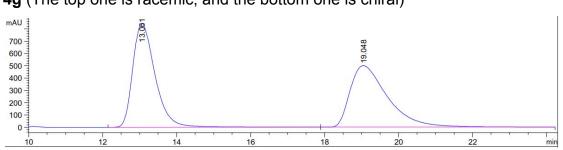
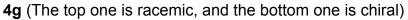
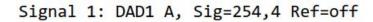


Figure S76. HPLC spectrum of 4g

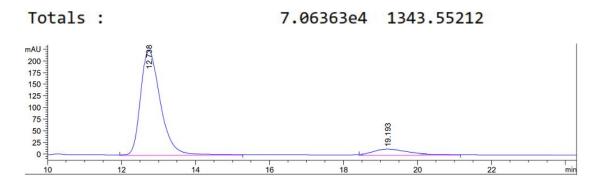








Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area	
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%	
1	13.061	BB	0.6443	3.53337e4	844.13593	50.0221	
2	19.048	BBA	1.0727	3.53025e4	499.41620	49.9779	



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	12.738	MM	0.6232	8451.62891	226.03871	92.6269
2	19.193	MM	0.9740	672.75415	11.51143	7.3731
Totals :				9124.38306	237.55014	

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-9-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho

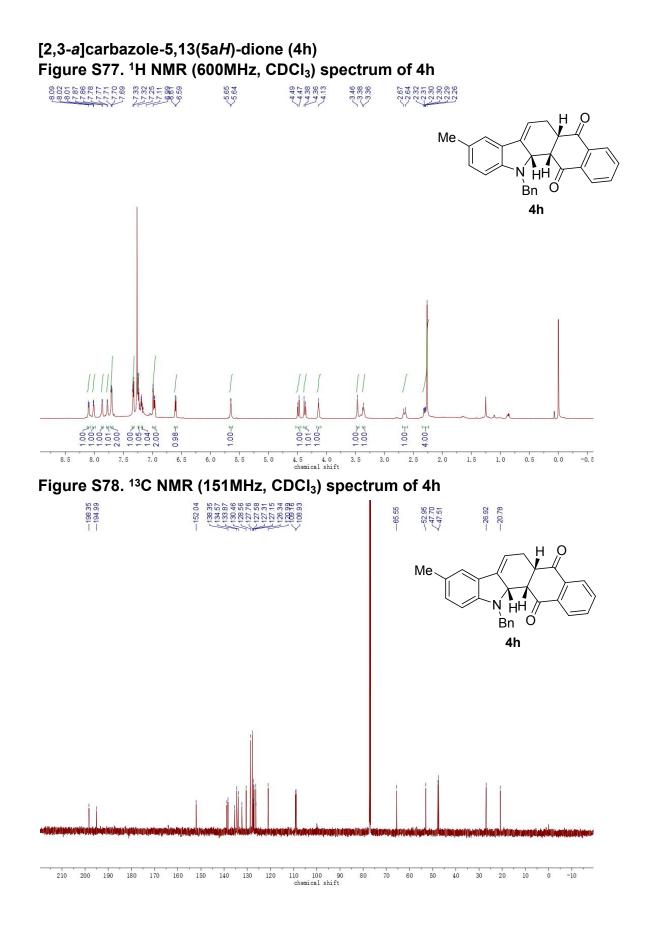
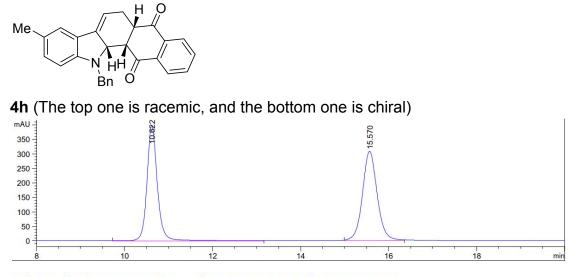
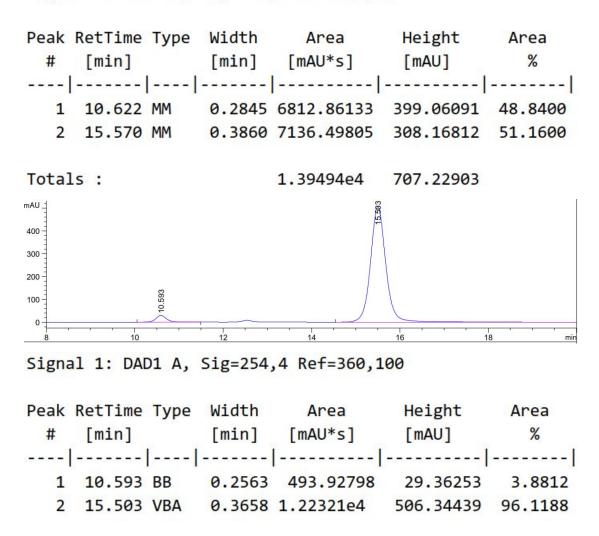


Figure S79. HPLC spectrum of 4h



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100



Totals : 1.27261e4 535.70692

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-9-methoxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-napht

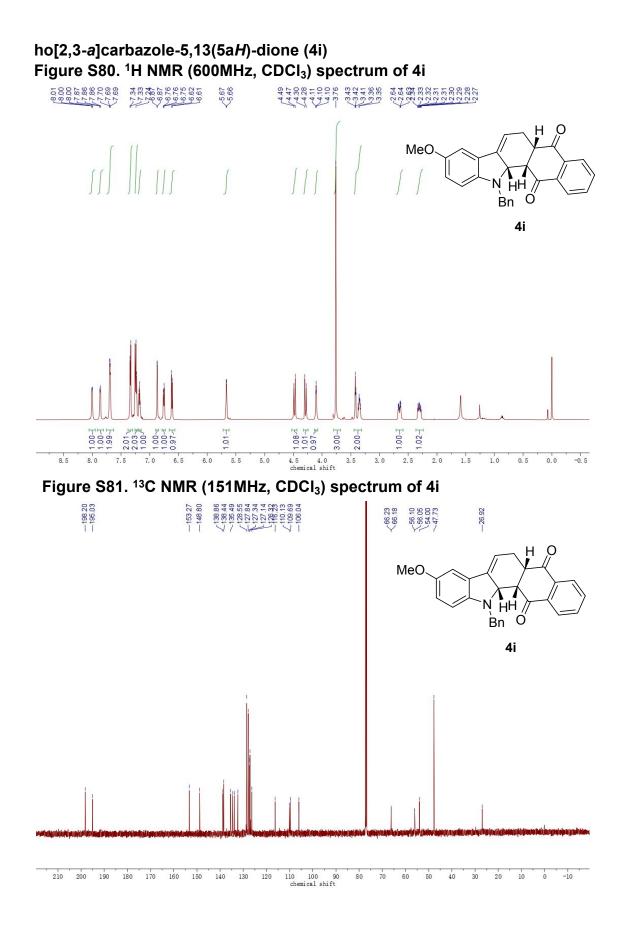
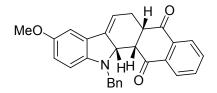
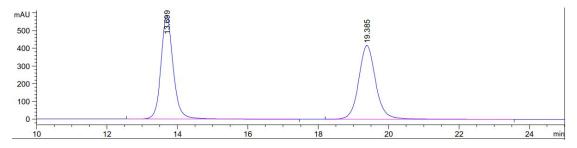
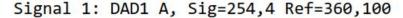


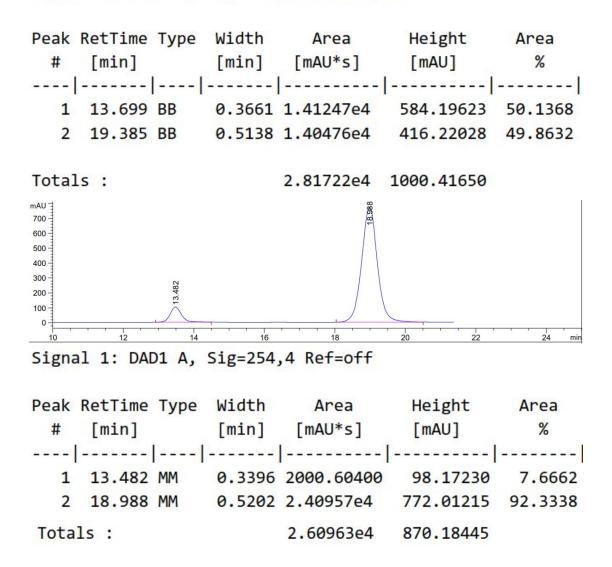
Figure S82. HPLC spectrum of 4i



4i (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral)







(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-10-methoxy-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naph

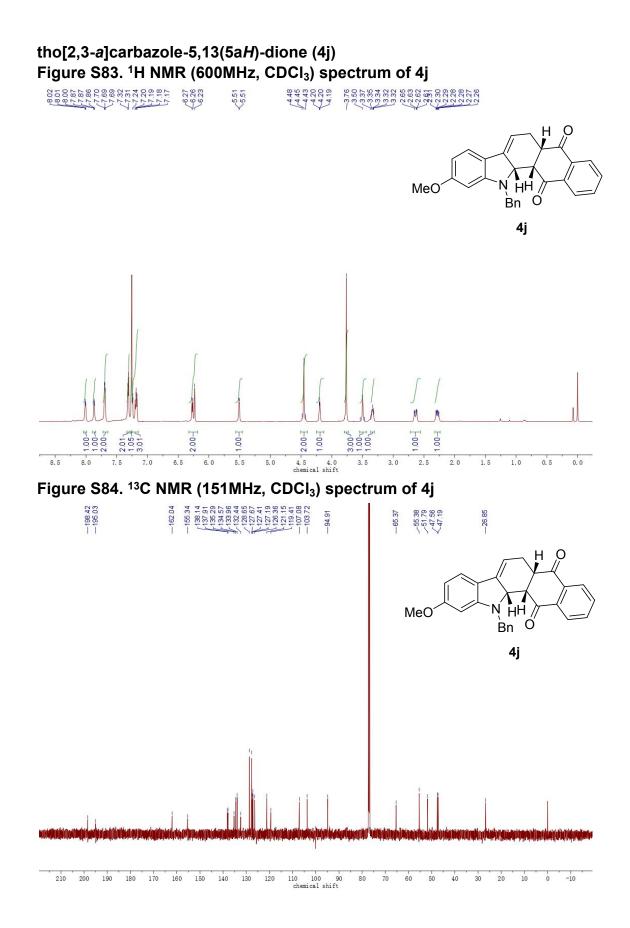
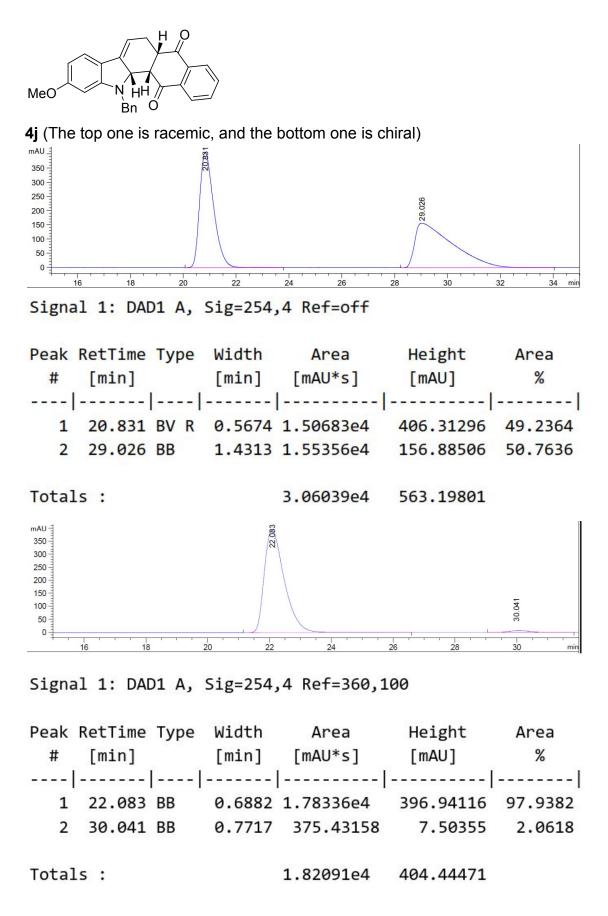


Figure S85. HPLC spectrum of 4j



(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-11-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphth

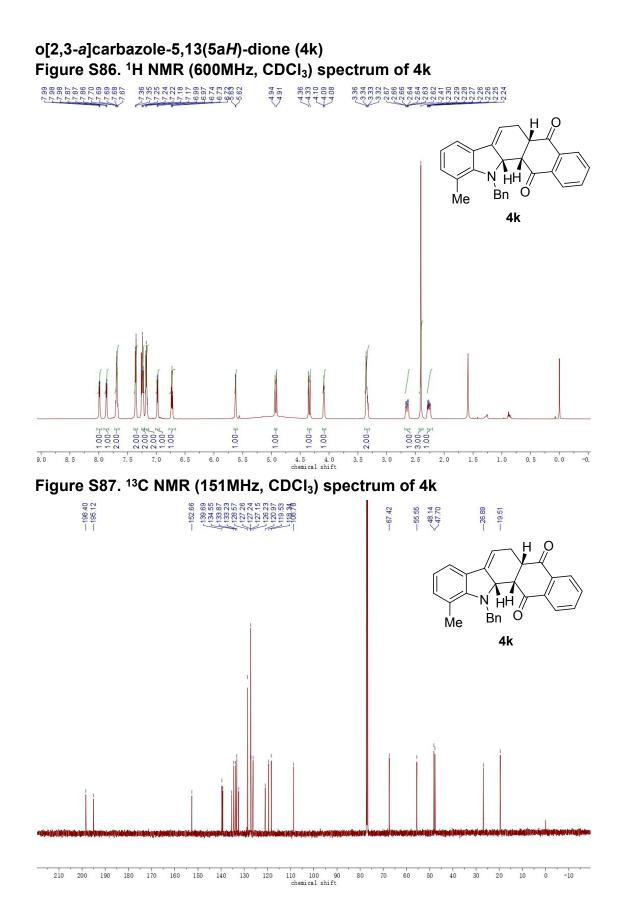
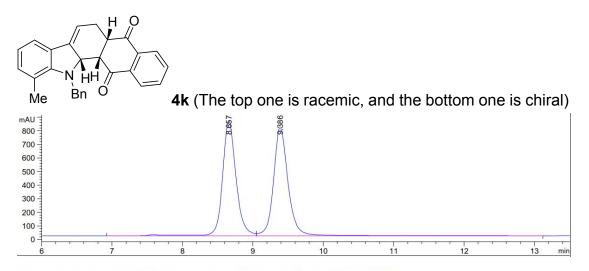
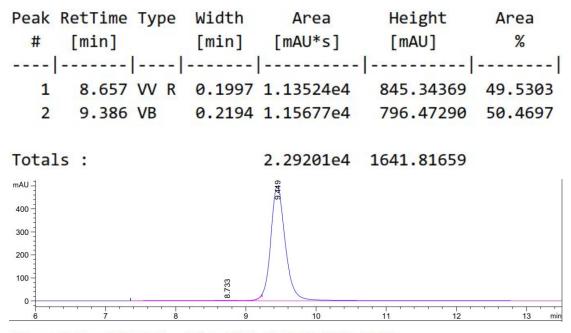


Figure S88. HPLC spectrum of 4k







Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak Re	etTime	Тур	e	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]			[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
			-				
1	8.733	BV	Е	0.7853	112.09278	1.77371	1.5031
2	9.449	VB	R	0.2217	7345.20850	499.02661	98.4969
Totals					7457.30128	500.80032	

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-7-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho

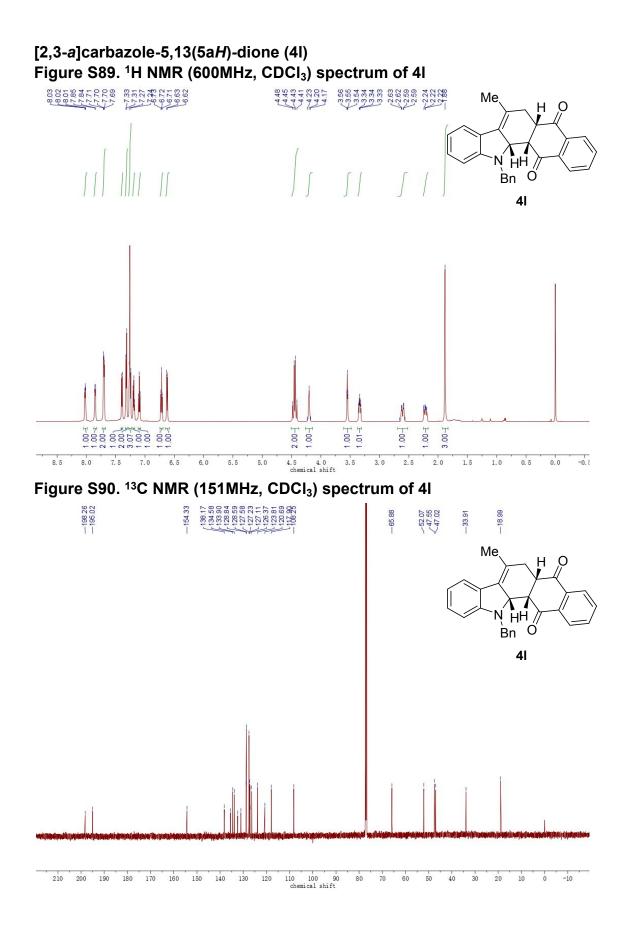
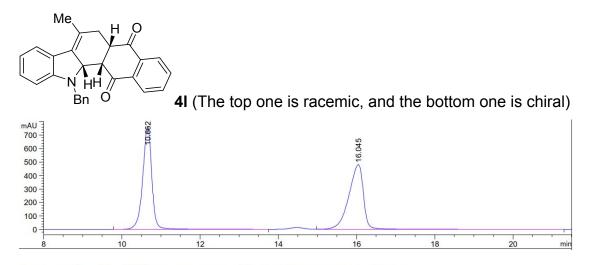
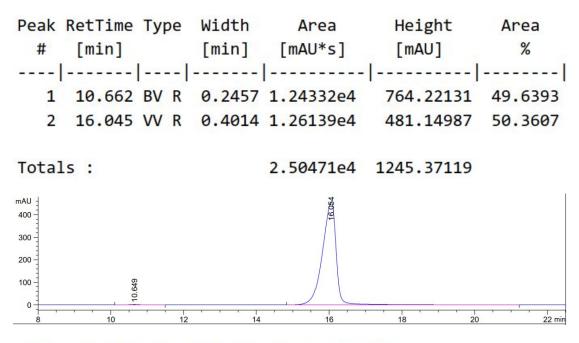


Figure S91. HPLC spectrum of 4I



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [mAU*s] % # [min] [min] [mAU] 10.649 BB 0.2534 1.71062 1 28.65150 0.2381 16.054 BV R 0.4026 1.20055e4 456.49075 2 99.7619 Totals : 1.20342e4 458.20138

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-6-methyl-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho

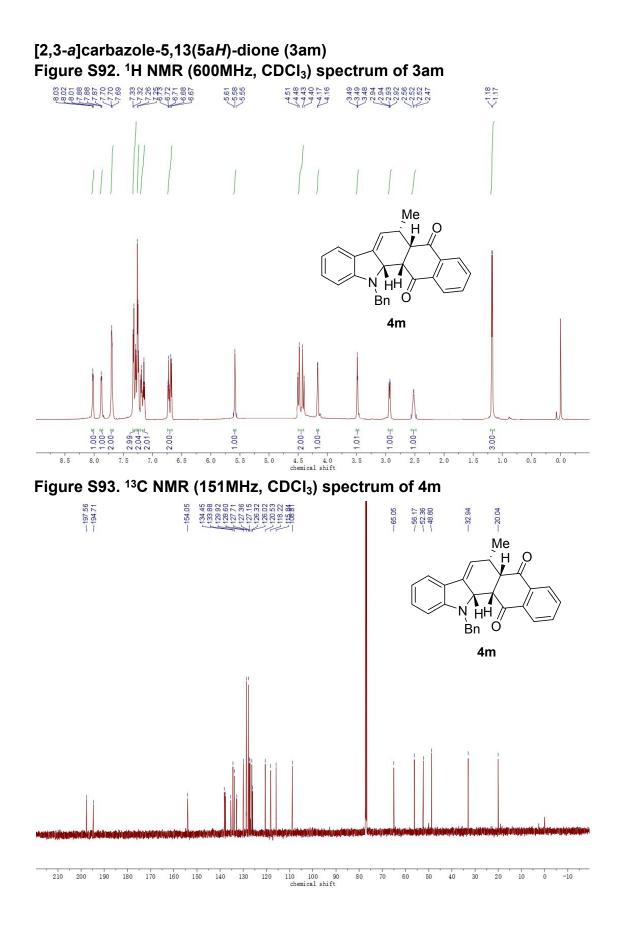
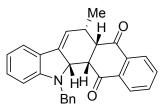
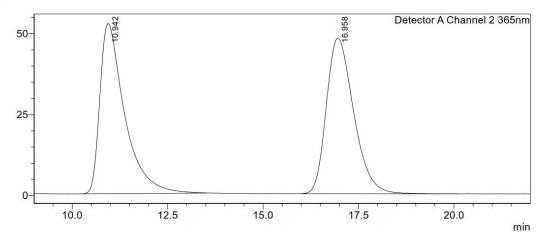


Figure S94. HPLC spectrum of 4m



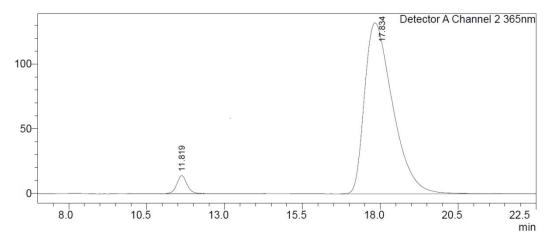
4m (The top one is racemic, and the bottom one is chiral) $_{\rm mV}$



Detector A Channel 2 365nm

Peak	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%	Conc.
1	10.942	2364876	52549	49.655	49.655
2	16.958	2397699	48054	50.345	50.345
Total		4762576	100604	100.000	

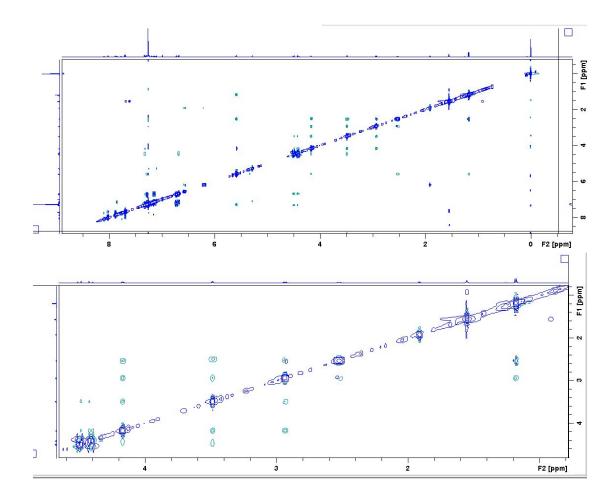
mV



Detector A Channel 2 365nm

Peak	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%	Conc.
1	11.816	741878	26012	8.186	8.186
2	17.834	8320937	131985	91.814	91.814
Total		9062815	157997	100.000	

Figure S95. NOESY NMR (600MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 4m



(5aS,12aS,12bS)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-naphtho[2,3-a]carbazole-5,1

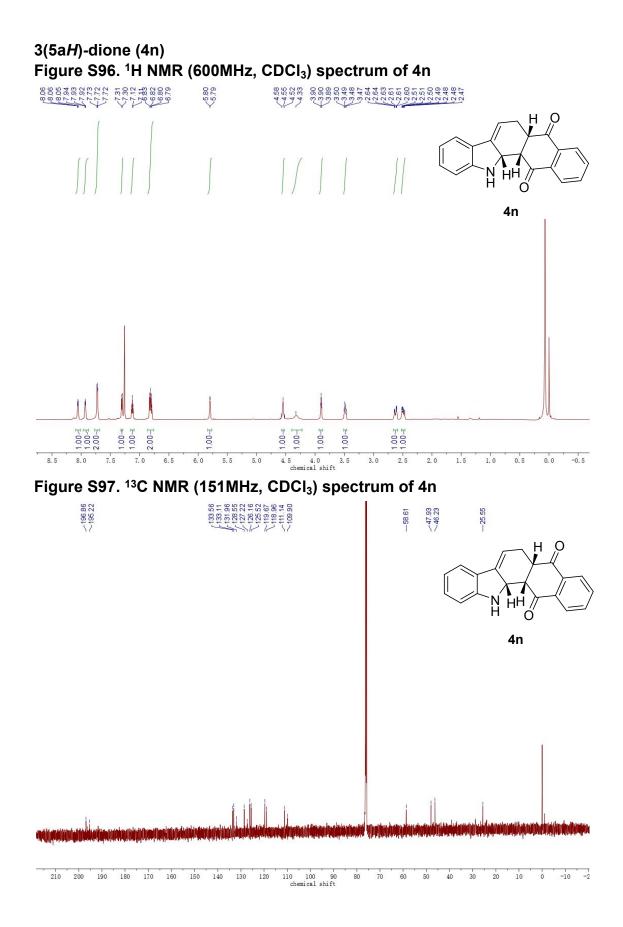
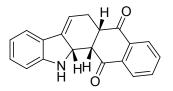
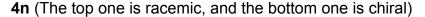
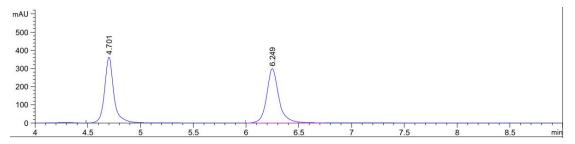
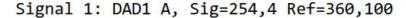


Figure S98. HPLC spectrum of 4n

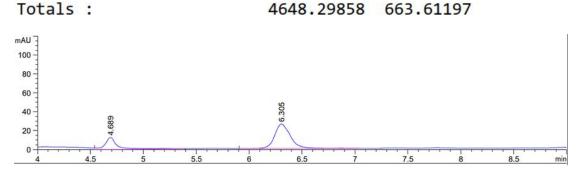








Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	4.701	MM	0.1032	2256.42188	364.25891	48.5430
2	6.249	MM	0.1332	2391.87671	299.35306	51.4570



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] # 4.689 VV R 0.1100 104.23135 12.66841 26.0547 1 2 6.305 BV 0.1630 295.81680 25.95681 73.9453 Totals : 400.04816 38.62521

(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-napht

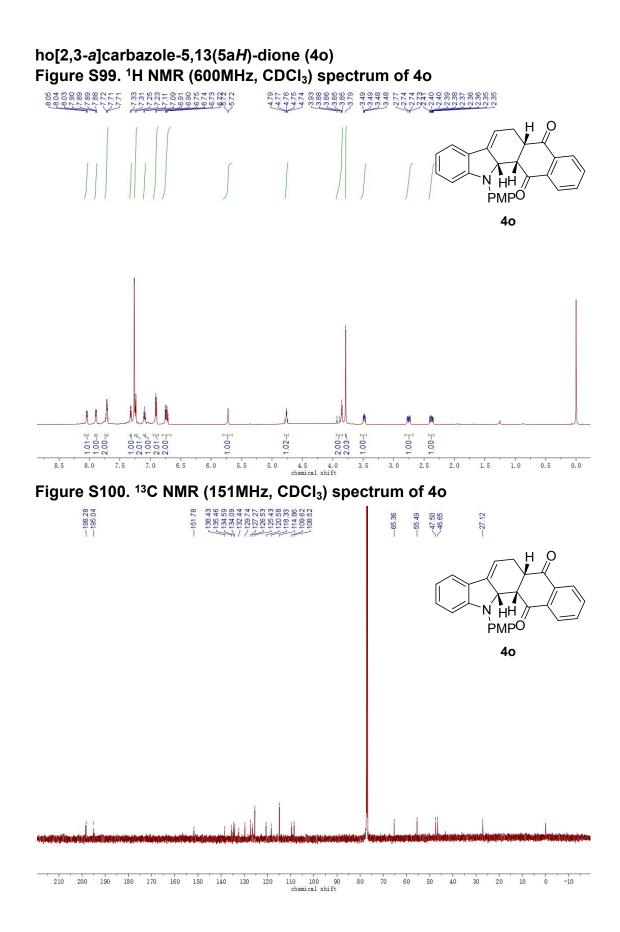
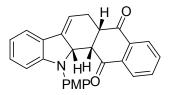
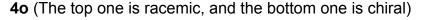
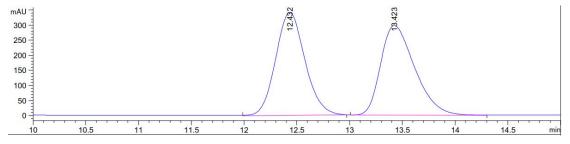


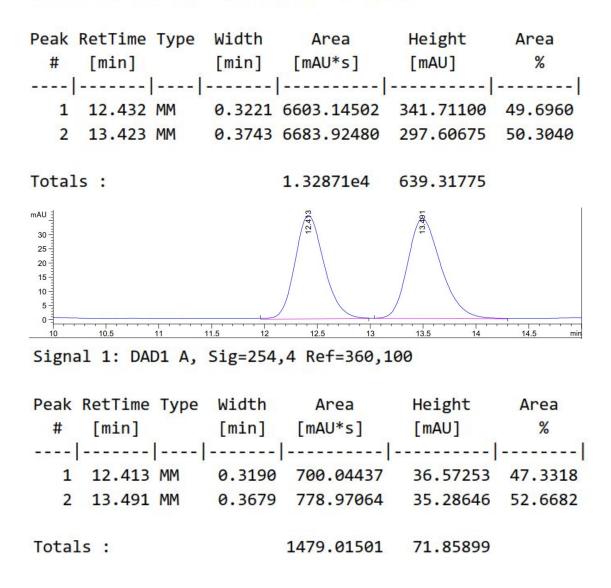
Figure S101. HPLC spectrum of 4o













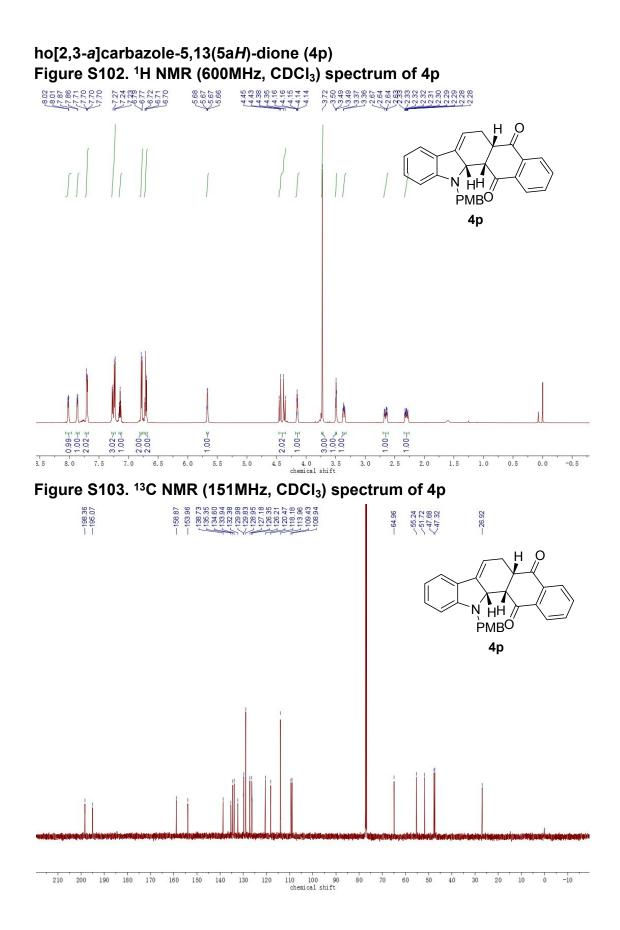
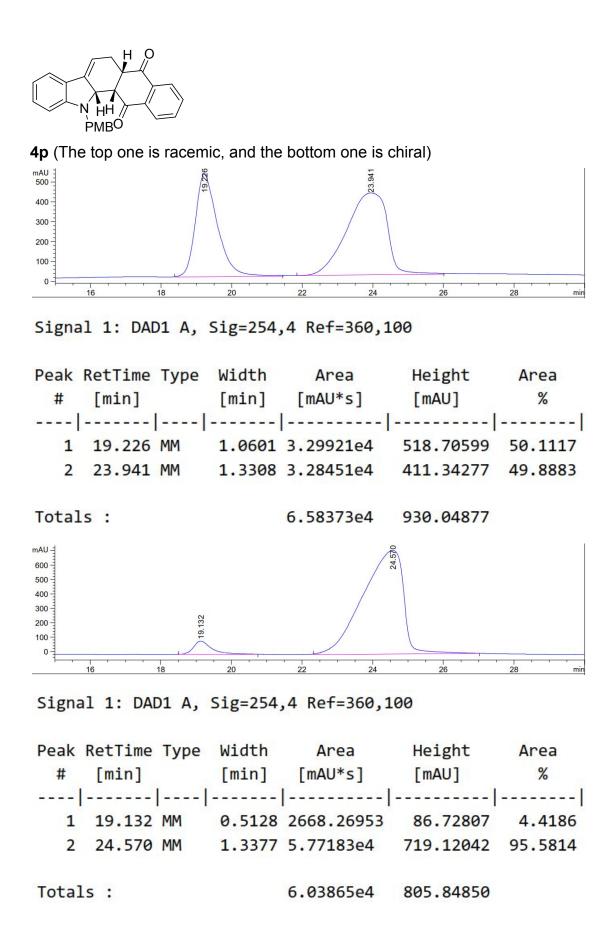


Figure S104. HPLC spectrum of 4p



(5aS,12aS,12bS)-12-(4-(tert-butyl)benzyl)-6,12,12a,12b-tetrahydro-5H-nap

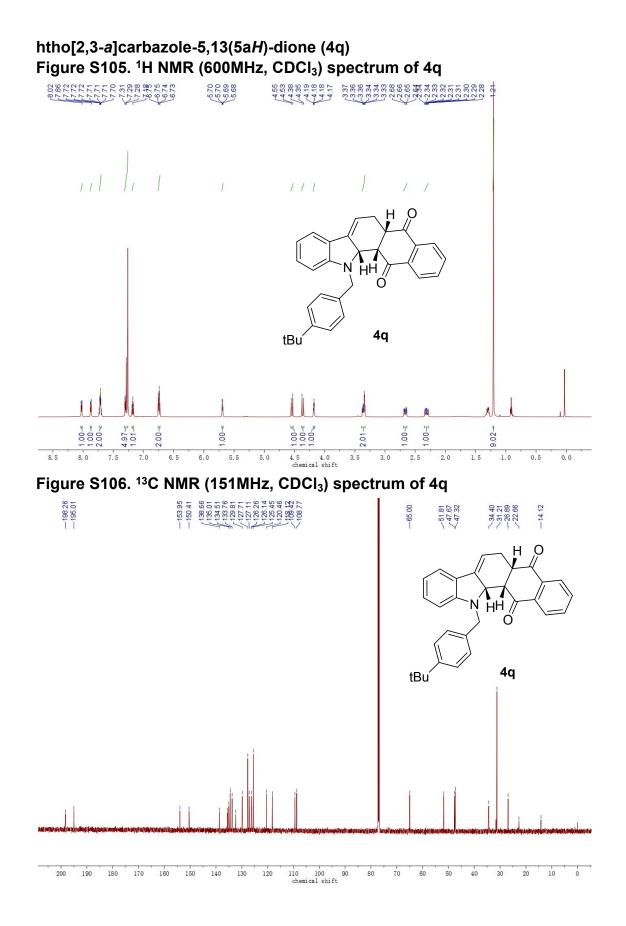
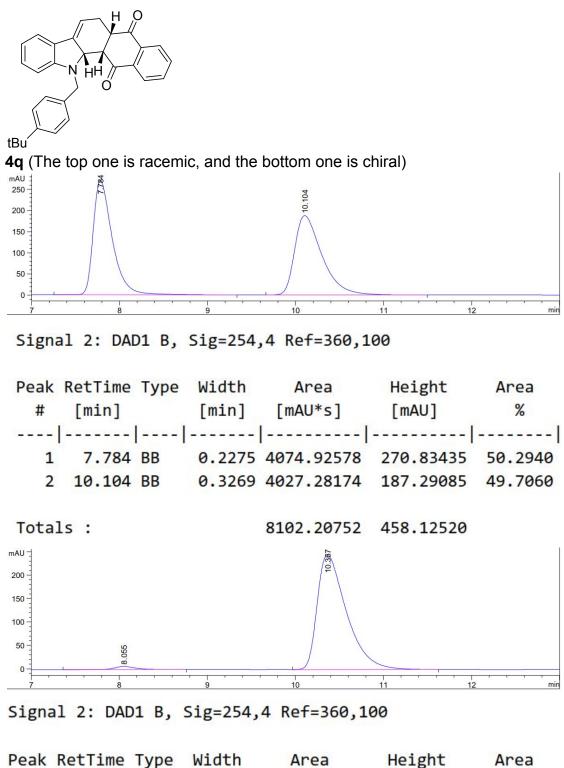


Figure S107. HPLC spectrum of 4q



Peak RetTime Type Width % [mAU*s] # [min] [min] [mAU] 8.055 BB 0.2533 110.80417 6.55222 1.9271 1 2 10.367 BB 0.3464 5639.04834 245.14120 98.0729 5749.85251 251.69343 Totals :

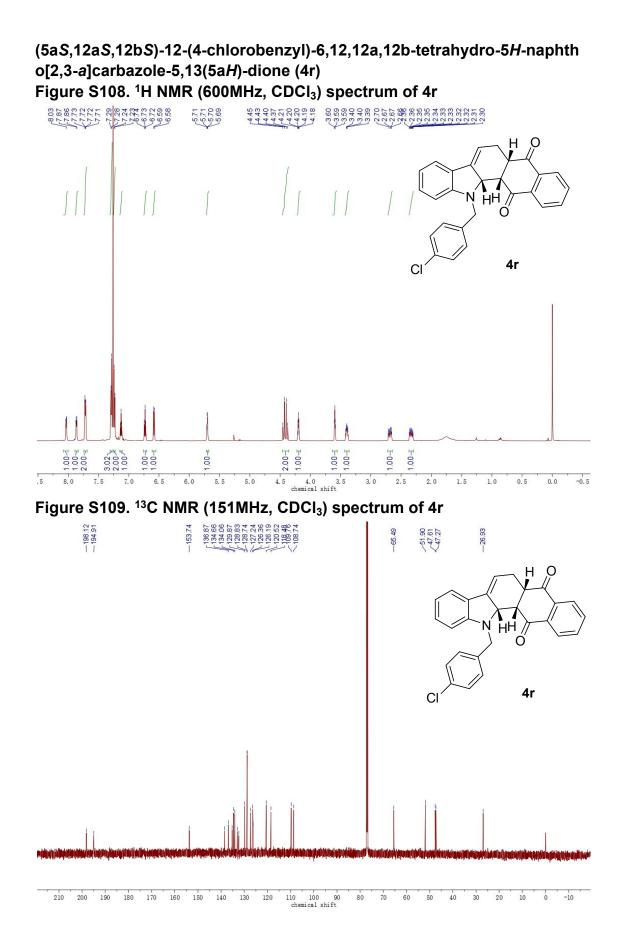
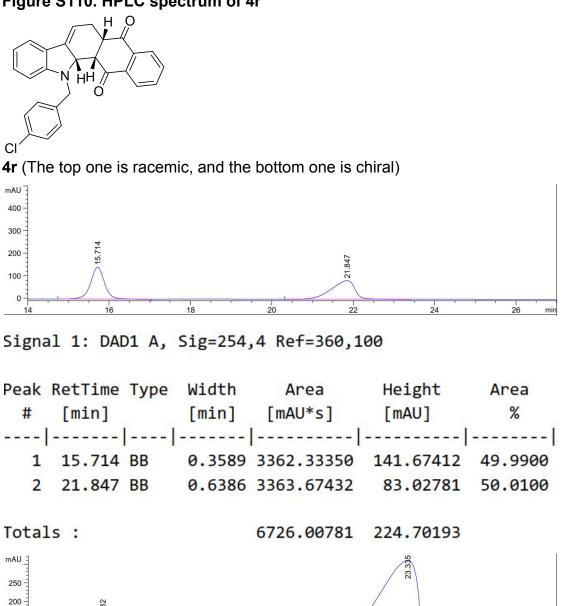
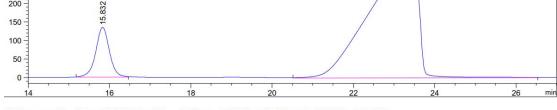


Figure S110. HPLC spectrum of 4r





Signal 2: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % [mAU*s] # [min] [min] [mAU] 1 15.832 MM 0.3890 3133.49341 134.24651 10.6499 2 23.335 MM 1.4104 2.62892e4 310.66104 89.3501 Totals : 2.94227e4 444.90755

(5S,5aS,12bS)-12-benzyl-5-hydroxy-5,5a,6,7,12,12b-hexahydro-13*H*-napht ho[2,3-*a*]carbazol-13-one (4d-1) Figure S111. ¹H NMR (600MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 4d-1

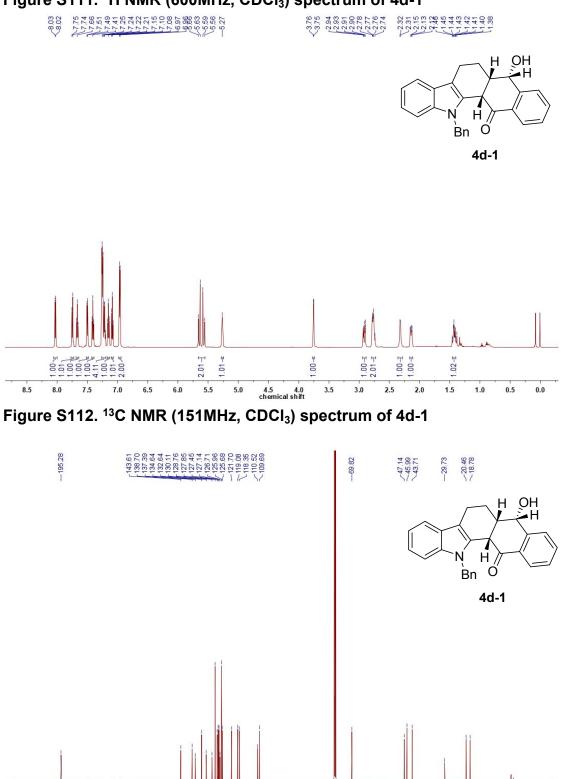
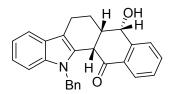
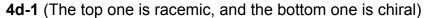
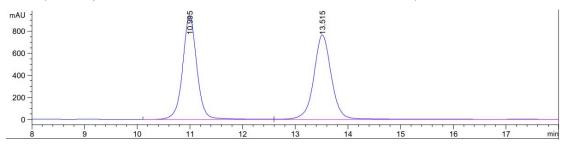


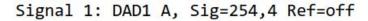


Figure S113. HPLC spectrum of 4d-1





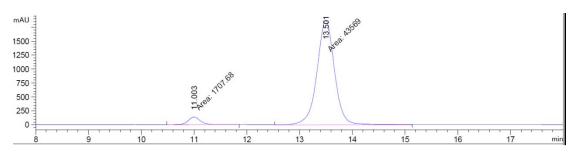




Peak	RetTime	Туре	Width	Area	Height	Area
#	[min]		[min]	[mAU*s]	[mAU]	%
1	10.995	BV	0.2874	1.76746e4	939.91205	49.4886
2	13.515	VV R	0.3543	1.80398e4	766.24023	50.5114

Totals :

3.57144e4 1706.15228



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off

Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area % [min] [min] [mAU*s] # [mAU] 11.003 MM 0.1947 1707.68250 146.18575 3.7717 1 2 13.501 MM 0.3888 4.35690e4 1867.72107 96.2283 Totals : 4.52767e4 2013.90681

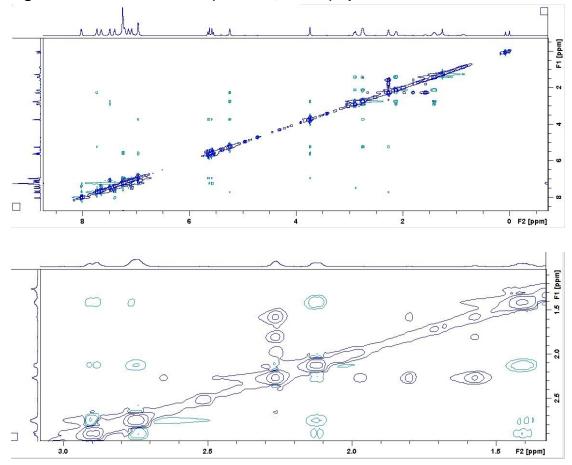
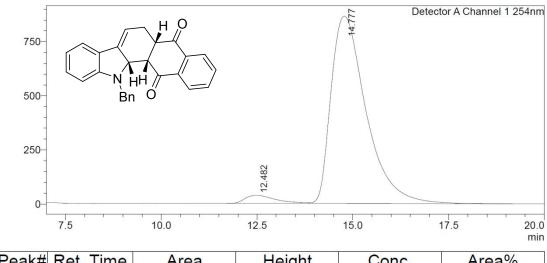


Figure S114. NOESY NMR (600MHz, CDCI₃) spectrum of 4d-1

Figure S115. HPLC spectrum of 3a at a minimum 1 mmol scale $_{\rm mV}$



Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Conc.	Area%
1	12.482	2040286	37118	3.567	3.567
2	14.777	55155904	864956	96.433	96.433
Total		57196190	902073		100.000