# **Supporting Information**

# Highly Regio- and Enantio-Selective Dienylation of p-Quinone Methides Enabled by Organocatalyzed Isomerization/Addition Cascade of Allenoates

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# **Table of Contents**

1. General information	<b>S2</b>
2. The condition optimizations (Table S1-S2)	<b>S</b> 3
3. Experimental procedure and characterization data	<b>S4</b>
4. References	S48
5. X-ray data of compound 3a and 5o'	S49
6. NMR Spectra	S53
7. Deuterium-labeling experiments	S92

# **<u>1. General Informations</u>**

Unless otherwise mentioned, all reactions were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere under anhydrous conditions and all reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers without further purification. Solvent purification was conducted according to Purification of Laboratory Chemicals (Peerrin, D. D.; Armarego, W. L. and Perrins, D. R., Pergamon Press: Oxford, 1980). Yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically (<sup>1</sup>H NMR) homogeneous materials. Optical rotations were determined at 589 nm (sodium D line) by using a Perkin-Elmer-341 MC digital polarimeter;  $[\alpha]_D$ -values are given in unit of 10 deg<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> g<sup>-1</sup>. Chiral HPLC was performed on Agilent 1290 Infinity II LC System with chiral columns [Chiralpak IB-H, IC-H and AD-H columns 4.6 x 250 mm, (Daicel Chemical Ind., Ltd.)]. Commercially obtained reagents were used without further purification. All these reactions were monitored by TLC with silica-gel-coated plates. Flash column chromatography was carried out by using silica gel at increased pressure.

Catalysts **CP3-CP10** were purchased from J&K Chemical Ltd., STREM or Alfa Aesar companies and used directly without further purification. **S1** and different aldehydes **S2** were purchased from Energy Chemical Company and used directly.

**CP1**<sup>[1]</sup> and **CP2**<sup>[2]</sup> were prepared according to the previously reported procedures.

Compounds *p*-quinone methides  $\mathbf{1}^{[3]}$  and  $\delta$ -allenoates  $\mathbf{2}^{[4]}$  were prepared according to the previously reported procedures. Compounds  $\mathbf{1a-1t}$ ,<sup>[3]</sup>  $\mathbf{2a}^{[4]}$  and  $\mathbf{4}^{[5]}$  are known products, The known **S3(a-g)** and **S4(a-d)** were prepared according to the previously reported procedures <sup>[6]</sup>

All the racemic products were carried out with triphenylphosphine  $PPh_3$  (20 mol%) or diphenylmethylphosphine  $Ph_2MeP$  (20 mol%) as catalyst in toluene at room temperature.

# 2. The condition optimizations

# Table S1

<sup>t</sup> Bu Ph	<sup>t</sup> Bu + δ	$\alpha$ $CO_2R^1$ $CO_2R^1$	P-( CP10 (R hiral phosphine (	)-SITCP 10 mol%) T, 12 h	<sup>'</sup> Bu <sup>'</sup> E → Ph <sup>'</sup> Z	su [ Ph	Ph -
1a		2a		(2)	Ja [ ■ 17) > 20:1	CO₂R <sup>1</sup>	allenoate intramolecular
		- 1		(21	<b>=, 42</b> ), <b>&gt;</b> 20.1		isomerization
entry <sup>a</sup>	cat.*	2: R'	solvent	T (°C)	additive	yield <sup>b</sup> (%)	ee <sup>c</sup> (%)
1	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	DCM	20	-	64	57
2	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	THF	20	-	24	67
3	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	Et <sub>2</sub> O	20	-	42	62
4	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	benzene	20	-	47	71
5	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	chlorobenzene	20	-	62	70
6	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	<i>p</i> -xylene	20	-	69	71
7	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	o-xylene	20	-	82	67
8 <sup>f</sup>	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	toluene	20	H <sub>2</sub> O	16	80
9 <sup>f</sup>	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	toluene	20	(R)-BINOL	16	70
10 <sup>r</sup>	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	toluene	20	benzoic acid	<u>_</u> e	-
11	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	toluene	20	4A MS	73	77
12 <sup>9</sup>	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	toluene	0	4A MS	65	82
13 <sup>9</sup>	CP10	<b>2a</b> : Bn	o-xylene	0	4A MS	68	65
149	CP10	2a: Bn	toluene	-20	4A MS	8	75
15 <sup>9</sup>	CP10	2a-1: Et	toluene	0	4A MS	65	81
169	CP10	2a-2: 'Bu	toluene	U	4A MS	/2	11
1/9	CP10	2a-3: CH(Ph	) <sub>2</sub> toluene	0	4A MS	85	79

<sup>a</sup> All reactions were carried out with **1a** (0.1 mmol), **2a** (0.12 mmol), catalyst (10 mol%) in corresponding solvent (1.0 mL); <sup>b</sup> Isolated yield; <sup>c</sup> Determined by chiral HPLC; <sup>d</sup> Obtained an allenotae isomerized product; <sup>e</sup> Trace product, starting materials recover; <sup>f</sup> Adding 20 mol% additives to the reaction system. <sup>g</sup> The reaction run 48 hours.

#### Table S2



<sup>a</sup> All reactions were carried out with **1a** (0.1 mmol), **2b** (0.2 mmol), (R)-SITCP (10 mol%) in corresponding solvent (1.0 mL) at indicated solvent; <sup>b</sup> Isolated yield; <sup>c</sup> Determined by chiral HPLC; <sup>d</sup> Repeat result in parentheses. <sup>e</sup> Diluted in 2 mL *p*-Xylene, without 4A MS as additive. <sup>f</sup> Diluted in 4 mL toluene, without 4A MS as additive. <sup>g</sup> Diluted in 6 mL toluene, without 4A MS as additive.

# 3. Experimental procedure and characterization datas



General procedure (I) for the synthesis of *p*-QM (1a-1r)<sup>[3]</sup>

To a solution of 2,6-di-*tert*-butylphenol **S-1** (10 mmol) in toluene (30 mL) was added different aldehyde **S-2** (10 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated in a dry Schlenk tube to reflux. Piperidine (20 mmol) was added drop wise slowly (approx. 0.5 h), and the reaction mixture continued to reflux for 12 h. After the mixture had cooled just below the boiling point of toluene, acetic anhydride (20 mmol) was added, and then the solution was stirred for one hour. The residue was extracted three times with dichloromethane. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine sequentially, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (pure PE to PE/EA = 200:1,  $R_f$  = 0.9-0.6) to afford the corresponding product yellow to red solid **1a-1r** (Known products).



In a Dean-Stark apparatus, 3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde (20 mmol, 5.56 g) and PTSA (1 mmol, 190 mg) were dissolved in toluene (60 mL) under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere and heated to reflux. To the stirred solution was added glycol (40 mmol, 2.23 mL). After stirred overnight,  $K_2CO_3$  (4.0 mmol, 552 mg) was added and stirring was continued for 1 h. Then, the mixture was filtered and the solvents were removed under reduce pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography (PE/EA = 10/1) to obtain the pure product **SI-1** (white solid, 3.9 g, 61% yield).

A mixture of **SI-1** (2.44 g, 7.5 mmol), TMSCl (11.25 mmol, 1.43 mL), DIPEA (11.25 mmol, 1.85 mL) in THF (15 mL) was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature and then the solids were removed by filtration and the solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude TMS protecting product was cooled to -78  $^{\circ}$ C. 2.5M <sup>*n*</sup>BuLi (7.5 mmol, 3.0 mL) was slowly added and the mixture was allowed warm to room temperature for 3 hours. After quenching with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solids were removed by filtration and the solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (PE/EA = 12/1) to afford product **SI-2** (white solid, 1.74 g, 73% yield).

A mixture of **SI-2** (5.5 mmol, 1.74 g), TMSCl (8.26 mmol, 1.05 mL), DIPEA (8.26 mmol, 1.36 mL) in THF (15 mL) was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature and then the solids were removed by filtration and the solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude product was then cooled to -78 °C. 2.5M "BuLi (4.92 mmol, 3.1 mL) was slowly added and the mixture was allowed warm to room temperature for 3 hours. After quenching with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solids were removed by filtration and the solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation to obtain a slight pink solid. The solid was washed with a small amount of n-hexane (5 mL) and filtered to afford white solid product **SI-3** (1.08 g, 63% yield).

**SI-3** (3.5 mmol, 1.08 g) was dissolved in acetone, and PTSA (0.35 mmol, 66 mg) was added. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and diluted with EtOAc and  $H_2O$ . The mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ . The

solids were removed by filtration and the solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue **SI-4** (white solid, 901 mg, 97% yield) was pure enough for next step.

**SI-4** (3.38 mmol, 0.9 g) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (15 mL) at 0  $^{\circ}$ C under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. Then PhMgBr (3 M in Et<sub>2</sub>O, 13.54 mmol, 4.5 mL) was slowly added. Then the reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 hour and quenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. After extraction with EtOAc, the mixture was washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solids were removed by filtration and the solution was concentrated by rotary evaporation. The residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (PE/EA = 20/1) to afford product **SI-5** (yellowish oil, 1.0 g, 86% yield).

A mixture of **SI-5** (1.0 mmol, 344 mg), Et<sub>3</sub>N (2.2 mmol, 0.3 mL) in dry DCM (15 mL) was slowly added MsCl (1.1 mmol, 90 L) at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed warm to room temperature and stirred for 30 mins. The mixture was then diluted with DCM and H<sub>2</sub>O, then the mixture was extracted with DCM, and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The mixture was filtrated and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude product **1s** (yellow solid, 330 mg) was used directly without any purification.



Compound **1s**: This is a known compound, yellow solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.87 (dd,  $J_1 = 0.8$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.41 (m, 5H), 7.35 (dd,  $J_1 = 0.4$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 0.25 (s, 9H), 0.22 (s, 9H). The data was in accordance with reported ref[3b]

General procedure (II) for the synthesis of  $\delta$ -substituted allenoates (2a-2i)<sup>[4]</sup>



To a solution of phosphine ylide **S3** (5 or 10 mmol) in DCM (40 mL) was added 3-arylpropanoyl chloride **S4** (1.1 eq.) and triethylamine (1.1 eq.) sequentially under nitrogen protection at 0  $^{\circ}$ C, then the reaction mixture was allowed warm to room temperature. After two to three hours later (TLC monitor), Et<sub>2</sub>O was added to the

reaction mixture and filter to remove the white salt (Et<sub>3</sub>N·HCl). The organic phase was then concentrated on a rotary evaporator under reduce pressure and the residue was subjected to purification by column chromatography (PE/Et<sub>2</sub>O: 20/1 to 10/1,  $R_f$  = 0.5-0.6) to afford the corresponding allenoate product **2**. (all the allenoates contain an alkynyl isomer as minor products, inseparable).

#### Phenyl 5-phenylpenta-2,3-dienoate (2b)



Compound **2b** (2.12 g, 85% yield, allenoate: isomer = >19:1) was obtained as a yellowish oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-b** (10 mmol, 3.96 g) and **S4-a** (11 mmol, 1.65 mL) stirred for 3 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.12 (m, 2H), 5.89 (dt,  $J_I = 6.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dt,  $J_I = 2.8$  Hz,  $J_2 = 6.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.48 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.8, 164.4, 150.8, 138.3, 129.4, 128.6, 128.5, 126.7, 125.8, 121.5, 95.4, 88.3, 34.0; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2917, 1957, 1739, 1724, 1590, 1488, 1451, 1409, 1195, 1128, 748, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>15</sub>O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 251.1072, found: 251.1067.

# Metyl-4-(5-phenoxy-5-penta-2,3-dien-1-yl)benzene (2c)



Compound **2c** (2.01 g, 76% yield, allenoate:isomer = 5.6:1) was obtained as a yellowish oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-b** (10 mmol, 3.96 g) and **S4-b** (11 mmol, 1.82 g) stirred for 3 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 4H), 5.87 (dt,  $J_I = 6.0$ 

Hz,  $J_2 = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 5.79 (dt,  $J_1 = 2.8$  Hz,  $J_2 = 6.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.44 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.8, 164.4, 150.8, 136.3, 135.3, 129.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.4, 127.8, 126.1, 125.8, 121.5, 121.3, 95.6, 88.2, 33.6, 21.0; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2917, 1957, 1723, 1491, 1231, 1194, 1160, 1127, 802, 686 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 265.1229, found: 265.1221.

1-Bromo-4-(5-phenoxy-5-penta-2,3-dien-1-yl)benzene (2d)



Compound **2d** (2.69 g, 82% yield, allenoate: isomer = 4.7:1) was obtained as a yellowish oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-b** (10 mmol, 3.96 g) and **S4-c** (11 mmol, 2.46 g) stirred for 3 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.46-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.13 (m, 2H), 5.90-5.81 (m, 2H), 3.54-3.43 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.8, 164.1, 150.6, 137.2, 131.5, 130.3, 129.4, 125.8, 121.4, 94.9, 88.5, 33.3; **IR** (neat) v 3032, 2918, 1960, 1723, 1488, 1409, 1194, 1129, 1011, 802, 686 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Br<sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 329.0177, found: 329.0170.

Fluoro-4-(5-phenoxy-5-penta-2,3-dien-1-yl)benzene (2e)



Compound **2e** (2.44 g, 91% yield, allenoate: isomer = 5.0:1) was obtained as a yellowish oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-b** (10 mmol, 3.96 g) and **S4-d** (11 mmol, 1.86 g) stirred for 2 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.13-7.11 (m, 2H), 7.02-6.97 (m, 2H), 5.87 (dt,  $J_I = 6.0$ 

Hz,  $J_2 = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.79 (dt,  $J_1 = 2.8$  Hz,  $J_2 = 6.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.44 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C **NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.8, 164.3, 161.7 (d, J = 243.4 Hz), 150.8, 133.9 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 130.1 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 129.4, 125.9, 121.5, 115.3 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 95.4, 88.5, 33.2; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -116.07 to -116.13 (m) ppm; **IR** (neat) v 3042, 2917, 1960, 1725, 1593, 1508, 1491, 1412, 1223, 1194, 1160, 1129, 821, 686 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>2</sub>F<sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 269.0978, found: 269.0972.

p-Tolyl 5-phenylpenta-2,3-dienoate (2f)



Compound **2f** (830 mg, 63% yield, allenoate: isomer = 5.8:1) was obtained as a yellowish oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-c** (5 mmol, 2.05 g) and **S4-a** (5.5 mmol, 0.82 mL) stirred for 2 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.31-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.91-5.85 (m, 1H), 5.80-5.77 (m, 1H), 3.57-3.48 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.7, 164.6, 148.6, 138.4, 135.4, 129.9, 128.6, 128.5, 126.7, 121.2, 95.3, 88.3, 34.0, 20.9; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2917, 1957, 1723, 1599, 1505, 1451, 1193, 1127, 1030, 698 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 265.1229, found: 265.1220.

4-Methoxyphenyl 5-phenylpenta-2,3-dienoate (2g)



Compound **2g** (1.74 g, 62% yield, allenoate: isomer = 16.7:1) was obtained as a yellow oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-d** (10 mmol, 4.26 g) and **S4-a** (11 mmol, 1.65 mL) stirred for 2 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.34-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.93-6.89 (m, 2H), 5.88 (dt,  $J_1$  = 6.4 Hz,  $J_2$  = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (dt,  $J_1$  = 2.8 Hz,  $J_2$  = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.59-3.48 (m,

2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.7, 164.8, 157.2, 144.3, 138.4, 128.6, 128.5, 126.7, 122.3, 114.4, 95.3, 88.3, 55.6, 34.0; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2917, 1957, 1728, 1598, 1505, 1451, 1234, 1192, 1127, 1031, 697 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 281.1178, found: 281.1169.

# 3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl 5-phenylpenta-2,3-dienoate (2h)



Compound **2h** (1.79 g, 58% yield, allenoate: isomer = 2.4:1) was obtained as a yellow oil following the general procedure from **S3-e** (10 mmol, 4.56 g) and **S4-a** (11 mmol, 1.65 mL) stirred for 3 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.45-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1H), 6.36 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.31-6.30 (m, 2H), 5.89 (dt, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 6.0 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (dt, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 2.8 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 6H), 3.57-3.52 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  213.8, 171.2, 164.2, 161.0, 152.3, 140.0, 138.3, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.9, 126.7, 126.4, 100.1, 98.3, 98.2, 95.4, 88.2, 55.5, 55.4, 36.0, 34.0, 30.9; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2937, 1957, 1737, 1612, 1474, 1426, 1208, 1155, 1132, 1059, 830, 697 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 311.1283, found: 311.1274.

### 4-Chlorophenyl 5-phenylpenta-2,3-dienoate (2i)



Compound **2i** (1.46 g, 52% yield, allenoate: isomer = 8.3:1) was obtained as a yellowish oil following the *general procedure II* from **S3-f** (10 mmol, 4.3 g) and **S4-a** (11 mmol, 1.65 mL) stirred for 3 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.06 (m, 2H), 5.93-5.87 (m, 1H), 5.79-5.76 (m, 1H), 3.57-3.48 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  214.0, 164.1,

149.3, 138.3, 131.1, 129.5, 128.6, 128.5, 127.9, 126.8, 122.9, 95.6, 88.1, 34.0; **IR** (neat) v 3025, 2920, 1960, 1734, 1486, 1201, 1127, 1087, 1014, 737, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for  $C_{17}H_{12}O_3Cl^{-}$  [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 283.0526, found: 283.0527.

General procedure (III) for enantioselective dienylation to prepare 3 and 5.



Compounds *p*-quinone methides **1** (0.1 mmol), (*R*)-SITCP (0.01 mmol) and anhydrous toluene (4.0 mL) were added into a pre-heated Schlenk tube and cooled to 0 °C, then allenoate **2** (0.2 mmol) was added to the above mixture under nitrogen protection. The reaction mixture was stirred at this temperature for the indicated time (TLC monitored). The reaction mixture was then concentrated on a rotary evaporator under reduce pressure and the residue was subjected to purification by column chromatography (PE/EA: 100/1-20/1) to afford the corresponding product **3** or **5**.





Compound **3a** (37.7 mg, 65% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2a** (0.12 mmol, 32 mg, 30 µL) stirred for 12 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.25 (m, 9H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 5.99 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 1.37 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C

**NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.1, 156.1, 152.5, 142.9, 142.2, 140.3, 136.4, 135.7, 131.6, 129.6, 129.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.24, 128.16, 128.1, 127.8, 126.6, 126.2, 121.1, 66.0, 59.9, 34.5, 30.5; **IR** (neat) v 3624, 2957, 1697, 1621, 1494, 1434, 1375, 1262, 1234, 1149, 1121, 991, 771, 694 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **Mp**: 122-124 °C. **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na<sup>+</sup> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: 581.3032, found: 581.3026.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +1.2$  (c 0.27, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 82% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 15.528 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 14.896 \text{ min}.$ 





#### **Enantiomeric Sample 3a**



#### (S)-Phenyl





Compound **3b** (39.1 mg, 69% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.49 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$ ,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.23-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 6.09 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 1.40 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 156.9, 152.4, 150.8, 144.0, 141.9, 140.0, 135.6, 131.4, 129.4, 129.2, 128.8, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 126.5, 126.1, 125.5, 121.6, 120.4, 59.8, 34.3, 30.3; IR (neat) v 3630, 2957, 1726, 1621, 1590, 1491, 1434, 1231, 1194, 1160, 1115, 751, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MP: 77-79 °C. HRMS Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Na<sup>+</sup> [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>: 567.2875, found: 567.2871.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$  = +10.5 (c 0.2, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 270 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 21.825 min,  $t_{major}$  = 14.707 min.



# **Racemic Sample of 3b**

**Enantiomeric Sample of 3b** 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-(p-tolyl)hex a-2,4-dienoate (3c)



Compound **3b** (34.5 mg, 62% yield) was obtained as a white solid following the *general procedure III* from **1b** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2c** (0.2 mmol, 53 mg, 50 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.50 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6, J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.10-7.04 (m, 6H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.03 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.6, 157.0, 152.4, 150.8, 144.3, 142.1, 137.7, 137.1, 135.5, 131.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 127.8, 126.5, 126.1, 125.5, 121.6, 120.0, 59.7, 34.3, 30.3, 21.2; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 2920, 1728, 1621, 1491, 1434, 1234, 1195, 1160, 1116, 1128, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 46-47 °C. **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>4</sub>IO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 557.3056, found: 557.3061.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$  = +5.9 (c 0.46, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 91% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 22.510 min,  $t_{major}$  = 14.354 min.





# **Enantiomeric Sample of 3c**



# (S) - Phenyl (2E, 4Z) - 5 - (4 - bromophenyl) - 6 - (3, 5 - di - tert - butyl - 4 - hydroxyphenyl) - 6 - particular (4, 5) -

# henylhexa-2,4-dienoate (3d)



Compound 3d (49.7 mg, 81% yield) was obtained as a corlorless solid following the

*general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2d** (0.2 mmol, 66 mg, 65 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.06-7.01 (m, 4H), 6.91 (s, 2H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 155.4, 152.5, 150.7, 143.3, 141.5, 138.9, 135.7, 131.4, 130.9, 130.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.4, 128.3, 126.7, 126.0, 125.6, 122.0, 121.6, 121.1, 59.8, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1728, 1621, 1489, 1434, 1234, 1195, 1160, 1119, 1008, 737, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 49-51 °C. **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Br<sup>-1</sup> (M-H)<sup>-</sup>: 621.2004, found: 621.2008.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$  = +3.3 (c 0.21, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 96% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 28.545 min,  $t_{major}$  = 14.808 min.





(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-ph enylhexa-2,4-dienoate (3e)



Compound **3e** (39.2 mg, 70% yield) was obtained as a white solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2e** (0.2 mmol, 54 mg, 50 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.41 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.2, J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.17 (m, 4H), 7.13-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.06-7.04 (m, 2H), 6.99-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 6.07 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 162.3 (d, J = 246.2 Hz), 155.7, 152.5, 150.7, 143.6, 141.6, 135.9, 135.7, 131.1, 130.5 (d, J = 8 Hz), 129.4, 129.3, 128.4, 128.1, 126.6, 126.0, 125.6, 121.5, 120.7, 115.2 (d, J = 21.5 Hz), 60.0, 34.3, 30.3; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CFCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -110.96 to -110.90 (m); **IR** (neat) v 3630, 2957, 1725, 1621, 1595, 1505, 1491, 1432, 1231, 1195, 1158, 1116, 844, 734, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 65-66 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>F<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 561.2809, found: 561.2811.

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +6.7$  (c 0.15, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 31.153 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 14.768 \text{ min}.$ 



# **Racemic Sample of 3e**

# **Enantiomeric Sample of 3e**



(S)-*p*-Tolyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-diphenylhexa-2,4-di enoate (3f)



Compound **3f** (31.7 mg, 57% yield) was obtained as a white solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2f** (0.2 mmol, 53 mg, 50 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.45 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6, J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 4H), 6.94-6.92 (m, 4H), 6.05 (d, J = 11.6, 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.8, 156.7, 152.4, 148.5, 143.8, 142.0, 140.0, 135.6, 135.1, 131.4, 129.8, 129.4, 128.8, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 126.5, 126.1, 121.2, 120.5, 59.8, 34.3, 30.3, 20.8; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2954, 1728, 1621, 1505, 1434, 1197, 1115, 768, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 56-57 **C**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>41</sub>O<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 557.3062, found: 557.3061.

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +12.8 (c 0.25, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 17.718 min,  $t_{major}$  = 14.282 min. **Racemic Sample of 3f** 



(S)-4-Methoxyphenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-diphenyl hexa-2,4-dienoate (3g)



Compound **3g** (30.3 mg, 53% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2g** (0.2 mmol, 56 mg, 55  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.46 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 6H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (s, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s,

1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.9, 157.0, 156.7, 152.4, 144.3, 143.8, 141.9, 140.0, 135.6, 131.4, 129.4, 128.8, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 126.5, 126.1, 122.3, 120.5, 114.3, 59.8, 55.5, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3627, 2957, 1725, 1624, 1502, 1434, 1234, 1194, 1118, 1033, 836, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 68-70 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>41</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 573.3005, found: 573.3012.  $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +6.7$  (c 0.37, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 96% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 48.130$  min,  $t_{major} = 22.237$  min.







(S)-4-Chlorophenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-diphenylhe xa-2,4-dienoate (3h)



Compound **3h** (28.2 mg, 47% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2g** (0.2 mmol, 62 mg, 60 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.44 (dd,  $J_I$  = 11.6 Hz,  $J_2$  = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.18 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 6.30 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.05 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 6H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 161.0, 157.0, 152.4, 152.3, 144.1, 141.9, 140.0, 135.6, 131.3, 129.4, 128.8, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 126.5, 126.1, 120.3, 100.2, 98.1, 59.8, 55.4, 53.4, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2917, 1957, 1739, 1724, 1590, 1488, 1451, 1409, 1195, 1128, 748, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 66-68 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>40</sub>H<sub>43</sub>O<sub>5</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 603.3110, found: 603.3118.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +6.9$  (c 1.3, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 98% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 15.057$  min,  $t_{major} = 13.902$  min.



# **Racemic Sample of 3h**

**Enantiomeric Sample of 3h** 



(S)-4-Chlorophenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5,6-diphenylhe xa-2,4-dienoate (3i)



Compound **3i** (15.6 mg, 27% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2i** (0.2 mmol, 57 mg, 55 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.45 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 3H), 7.16-7.14 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 6.06 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.3, 157.4, 152.4, 149.3, 144.5, 141.9, 140.0, 135.6, 131.3, 130.8, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 126.6, 126.1, 122.9, 119.9, 59.9, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3028, 2917, 1957, 1739, 1724, 1590, 1488, 1451, 1409, 1195, 1128, 748, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 54-55 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Cl<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 577.2509, found: 577.2516.  $[\alpha]_{20}^{20} = +3.7$  (c 0.4, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 15.057$  min,  $t_{major} = 13.902$  min.

# **Racemic Sample of 3i**



**Enantiomeric Sample of 3i** 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(4-bromophenyl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-p henylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5b)



Compound **5b** (42.8 mg, 69% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1b** (0.1 mmol, 37.2 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.48-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.36-7.28 (m,

5H), 7.21-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.06 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 6.91 (s, 2H), 6.04 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 156.1, 152.6, 150.7, 143.7, 141.1, 139.7, 135.8, 131.4, 131.2, 130.8, 129.3, 128.8, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 125.9, 125.6, 121.6, 120.8, 120.4, 59.2, 34.4, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3626, 2957, 1728, 1621, 1488, 1432, 1234, 1198, 1161, 1119, 765, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 67-69 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Br<sup>-</sup>[M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 621.2004, found: 621.2010.

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +19.3 (c 0.15, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 38.638 min,  $t_{major}$  = 18.527 min.



# **Racemic Sample of 5b**







henylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5c)



Compound **5c** (42.1 mg, 73% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1c** (0.1 mmol, 32.8 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.47 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.13 (m, 5H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.06 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 1.40 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 156.2, 152.6, 150.7, 143.7, 140.6, 139.7, 135.8, 132.3, 130.9, 130.8, 129.3, 128.8, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 125.94, 125.88, 125.6, 121.6, 120.8, 59.1, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1725, 1624, 1593, 1488, 1434, 1231, 1194, 1160, 1118, 751, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 61-63 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Cl<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 577.2509, found: 577.2515.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +22.7$  (c 0.15, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 90% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 23.491 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 15.839 \text{ min}.$ 



### **Racemic Sample of 5c**

**Enantiomeric Sample of 5c** 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-ph enylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5d)



Compound **5d** (42.6 mg, 76% yield) was obtained as a white solid following the *general procedure III* from **1d** (0.1 mmol, 31.2 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.46 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 6H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 6.04 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 161.5 (d, J = 243.8 Hz), 156.6, 152.5, 150.8, 143.8, 139.8, 137.6, 135.7, 131.2, 130.9 (d, J = 7.9 Hz), 129.3, 128.8, 128.2, 128.0 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 125.9, 125.6, 121.6, 120.6, 115.2 (d, J = 21.1 Hz), 59.0, 34.3, 30.3; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CFCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -116.24 to -116.31 (m); **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1728, 1621, 1505, 1491, 1432, 1231, 1194, 1158, 1115, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 50-52 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>F<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 561.2805, found: 561.2810.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +29.7$  (c 0.31, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for 94% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,





(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-6-(4-(trifluoro methyl)phenyl)hexa-2,4-dienoate (5e)



Compound **5e** (38.4 mg, 63% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1e** (0.1 mmol, 36.2 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.56 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 6.03 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 155.7, 152.7, 150.7, 146.3, 143.6, 139.5, 135.9. 130.4, 129.7, 129.3, 128.79 (q, J = 32.2 Hz), 128.77, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.5 (q, J = 270.5 Hz), 126.0, 125.6, 125.3 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 121.5, 121.0, 59.5, 34.4, 30.3; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CFCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -62.2; **IR** (neat) v 3632, 2957, 1731, 1621, 1491, 1434, 1324, 1197, 1160, 1121, 1067, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 82-83 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>F<sub>3</sub> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 611.2773, found: 611.2769.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +19.1$  (c 1.1, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 95% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 22.317 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 15.000 \text{ min}.$ 









#### (S)-Phenyl

(2E,4Z)-6-(4-cyanophenyl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenylhexa-2 ,4-dienoate (5f)



Compound **5f** (46.5 mg, 82% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1f** (0.1 mmol, 31.9 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.14 (m, 3H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 2H), 6.90 (s, 2H), 6.03 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.3, 155.0, 152.8, 150.7, 147.7, 143.3, 139.3, 136.0, 132.2, 130.2, 130.0, 129.3, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 125.9, 125.6, 121.5, 121.3, 118.9, 110.4, 59.7, 34.4, 30.2; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 2225, 1728, 1624, 1488, 1434, 1197, 1160, 1118, 737, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 75-77 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>38</sub>NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 568.2852, found: 568.2848.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +1.7$  (c 0.3, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 92% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 26.584 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 20.529 \text{ min}.$ 



#### **Racemic Sample of 5f**

#### **Enantiomeric Sample of 5f**



# (S)-Phenyl

(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-phenylhexa-2, 4-dienoate (5g)



Compound **5g** (41.2 mg, 70% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **1g** (0.1 mmol, 33.9 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.17 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (dd,  $J_1 = 12.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.05 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 1.40 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.3, 154.9, 152.9, 150.7, 149.9, 146.6, 143.3, 139.2, 136.1, 130.2, 129.9, 129.3, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 125.9, 125.6, 123.6, 121.5, 121.4, 57.5, 34.4, 30.2; **IR** (neat) v 3626, 2957, 1725, 1624, 1519, 1488, 1434, 1344, 1194, 1160, 1118, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 74-76 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>NO<sub>5</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 588.2750, found: 588.2756.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -1.33$  (c 0.2, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 95/5, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 56.861 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 35.358 \text{ min}.$ 





(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-6-(p-tolyl)hex a-2,4-dienoate (5h)



Compound **5h** (35.6 mg, 64% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1h** (0.1 mmol, 30.8 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.47 (dd,  $J_1$  = 11.6 Hz,  $J_2$  = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.13-7.05 (m, 6H),

6.95 (s, 2H), 6.08 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.6, 157.2, 152.3, 150.8, 144.1, 140.1, 138.9, 136.0, 135.5, 131.5, 129.3, 129.0, 128.8, 128.1, 127.8, 126.0, 125.5, 121.6, 120.3, 59.5, 34.3, 30.3, 21.0; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1729, 1621, 1488, 1435, 1231, 1198, 1161, 1156, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 49-51 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>41</sub>O<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 557.3060, found: 557.3061.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +6.2$  (c 0.26, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 91% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 22.241 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 14.382 \text{ min}.$ 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5phenylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5i)



Compound **5i** (24.6 mg, 43% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1i** (0.1 mmol, 32.4 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.47 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.21-7.10 (m, 5H), 7.06 (dd,  $J_I = 1.2$  Hz,  $J_2 = 8.8$  Hz, 2H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 6.85 (dd,  $J_I = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 6.4$  Hz, 2H), 6.06 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.6, 158.1, 157.3, 152.3, 150.8, 144.1, 140.1, 135.6, 134.0, 131.7, 130.4, 129.2, 128.8, 128.1, 127.8, 126.0, 125.5, 121.6, 120.3, 113.7, 59.0, 55.2, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2954, 1728, 1621, 1508, 1488, 1434, 1248, 1197, 1160, 1119, 1033, 734, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 62-63 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>41</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 573.3005, found: 573.3010.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$  = -2.0 (c 0.3, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 92% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 40.024 min,  $t_{major}$  = 22.619 min.





#### **Enantiomeric Sample 5i**



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3-bromophenyl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-p henylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5j)



Compound **5j** (40.3 mg, 65% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1j** (0.1 mmol, 37.2 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.48 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 7H), 7.27-7.14 (m, 5H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 6.07 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 1.41 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 155.9, 152.6, 150.7, 144.4, 143.7, 139.6, 135.8, 132.5, 130.6, 129.8, 129.7, 129.3, 128.8, 128.2, 128.0, 126.0, 125.5, 122.5, 121.5, 120.9, 59.4, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1731, 1621, 1590, 1488, 1434, 1234, 1197, 1160, 1118, 756, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 67-69 **°C**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Br<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 621.2004, found: 621.1999.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +2.8$  (c 0.32, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 97% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 32.882 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 15.556 \text{ min}.$ 

#### **Racemic Sample of 5j**



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(2-bromophenyl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-p

henylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5k)



Compound **5k** (25.4 mg, 41% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1k** (0.1 mmol, 37.2 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 3H), 7.00-6.99 (m, 3H), 5.96 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 1.40 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 155.1, 152.6, 150.8, 143.9, 142.0, 139.7, 135.8, 133.1, 131.3, 129.8, 129.3, 129.0, 128.1, 127.4,

127.2, 126.44, 126.39, 125.6, 125.5, 121.6, 120.6, 58.9, 34.4, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1732, 1621, 1488, 1434, 1194, 1160, 1118, 748, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 65-67 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for  $C_{38}H_{38}O_3Br^-$  [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 621.2004, found: 621.2012.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +18.9$  (c 0.44, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 16.154$  min,  $t_{major} = 14.954$  min.

# Racemic Sample 5k



**Enantiomeric Sample 5k** 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-(naphthalen-2-yl)-5-p henylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5l)


Compound **51** (36.5 mg, 62% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **11** (0.1 mmol, 34.4 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.84-7.75 (m, 3H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.53-7.39 (m, 5H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (s, 2H), 6.12 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 156.6, 152.5, 150.8, 144.0, 140.0, 139.6, 135.7, 133.4, 132.3, 131.2, 129.3, 128.8, 128.2, 127.9, 127.6, 126.2, 125.9, 125.6, 125.5, 121.6, 120.5, 59.9, 34.3, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2960, 1728, 1621, 1488, 1434, 1234, 1194, 1160, 1115, 748, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 62-64 **C**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>41</sub>O<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 593.3056, found: 593.3063.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +18.5$  (c 0.2, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 52.316$  min,  $t_{major} = 21.136$  min.



### **Racemic Sample of 51**

**Enantiomeric Sample of 51** 



#### (S)-Phenyl

(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-6-(pyridin-3-yl)hexa-2,4dienoate (5m)



Compound **5m** (40.8 mg, 75% yield) was obtained as a brown solid following the *general procedure III* from **1m** (0.1 mmol, 29.5 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.48-8.47 (m, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.06-7.04 (m, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.04 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 155.4, 152.7, 150.9, 150.7, 147.9, 143.5, 139.3, 137.6, 136.7, 136.0, 130.1, 129.3, 128.8, 128.3, 128.1, 125.9, 125.6, 123.2, 121.5, 121.1, 57.3, 34.4, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 1728, 1624, 1491, 1434, 1262, 1197, 1160, 1118, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 69-71 **C**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>38</sub>NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 544.2852, found: 544.2857.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +5.3$  (c 0.3, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 95% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 99/1, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor} = 54.389 \text{ min}, t_{maior} = 23.636 \text{ min}.$ 







(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-6-(1-tosyl-1Hindol-3-yl)hexa-2,4-dienoate (5n)



Compound **5n** (43.4 mg, 59% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **1n** (0.1 mmol, 48.7 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 2H),

6.99-6.94 (m, 3H), 5.97 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 153.6, 152.8, 150.7, 144.9, 143.6, 139.6, 135.9, 135.0, 130.4, 129.8, 129.5, 129.3, 128.7, 128.3, 128.1, 127.3, 126.7, 126.13, 126.07, 125.6, 125.4, 124.9, 123.4, 121.5, 120.9, 120.1, 114.1, 50.9, 34.4, 30.3, 21.6; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2954, 1728, 1624, 1488, 1434, 1369, 1192, 1172, 1118, 980, 745 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 85-87 °C.; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>46</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 736.3097, found: 736.3101.

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +66.2 (c 0.5, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 94% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 95/5, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 30.042 min,  $t_{major}$  = 42.305 min.





(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(5-chloro-1-tosyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydro

#### xyphenyl)-5-phenylhexa-2,4-dienoate (50)



Compound **50** (40.0 mg, 52% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **10** (0.1 mmol, 52.1 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 7H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.07-7.03 (m, 3H), 6.96 (s, 2H), 5.95 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.3, 153.3, 152.9, 150.7, 145.2, 143.4, 139.3, 136.0, 134.7, 134.2, 131.6, 129.9, 129.34, 129.29, 129.2, 128.7, 128.4, 128.2, 127.4, 127.3, 126.6, 125.6, 125.4, 125.2, 121.5, 121.2, 119.8, 115.2, 50.7, 34.4, 30.3, 21.6; **IR** (neat) v 3626, 2957, 1725, 1624, 1491, 1440, 1372, 1197, 1118, 810, 669 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 89-91 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>45</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>SCl<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 770.2707, found: 770.2713.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$  = +62.3 (c 0.35, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 98% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 95/5, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 35.638 min,  $t_{major}$  = 38.609 min.





**Enantiomeric Sample of 50** 



(S)-Ethyl(2E,4Z)-6-(5-chloro-1-tosyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydrox yphenyl)-5-phenylhexa-2,4-dienoate (50')



Compound **50**' (41.8 mg, 58% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **10** (0.1 mmol, 52.1 mg) and **2k** (0.2 mmol, 40 mg, 40 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 M, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.93 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.14-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 2H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 18H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (400 M, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.0, 152.9, 152.0, 145.1, 141.4, 139.5, 136.0, 134.7, 134.2, 131.7, 129.9, 129.4, 129.3, 128.7, 128.3, 128.0, 127.5, 127.4, 126.6, 125.5, 125.4, 125.2, 122.2, 119.9, 115.1, 60.2, 50.7, 34.4, 30.3, 21.5, 14.2. **IR** (neat)  $\upsilon$  3626, 2957, 1711, 1621, 1432, 1265, 1172, 1118, 980, 807, 669 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 190-192 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>45</sub>O<sub>5</sub>NSCl<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 722.2713, found: 722.2711;

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +48.7 (c 0.15, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 93% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel AD-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 90/10, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 5.776 min,  $t_{major}$  = 6.420 min. **Racemic Sample of 50'** 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(6-bromo-1-tosyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-6-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydro xyphenyl)-5-phenylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5p)



Compound **5p** (51.2 mg, 63% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1p** (0.1 mmol, 56.5 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.21 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.44 (dd,  $J_1 = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.15-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.06-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H),

6.95 (s, 2H), 5.94 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 153.4, 152.9, 150.7, 145.3, 143.4, 139.3, 136.5, 136.0, 134.8, 130.0, 129.30, 129.27, 129.2, 128.7, 128.4, 128.2, 127.4, 126.8, 126.7, 126.5, 125.7, 125.6, 125.4, 121.5, 121.3, 121.1, 118.7, 117.1, 50.8, 34.4, 30.3, 21.6; **IR** (neat) v 3629, 2957, 2920, 1731, 1621, 1595, 1491, 1434, 1372, 1259, 1194, 1118, 807, 667 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 80-82 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>45</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>BrS<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 814.2207, found: 814.2207.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$  = +70.2 (c 0.25, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 96% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 95/5, 0.5 mL/min, 230 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 24.166 min,  $t_{major}$  = 22.923 min.



**Racemic Sample of 5p** 



xyphenyl)-5-phenylhexa-2,4-dienoate (5q)



Compound **5q** (39.0 mg, 48% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid following the *general procedure III* from **1q** (0.1 mmol, 56.5 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (dd,  $J_1 = 12.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.28-7.14 (m, 8H), 7.07-7.05 (m, 2H), 7.01 (s, 3H), 5.89 (s, 1H), 5.76 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.42 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 154.8, 152.7, 150.7, 145.4, 143.9, 139.2, 137.1, 135.9, 134.5, 130.3, 129.9, 129.31, 129.29, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.1, 126.7, 126.1, 125.9, 125.7, 125.6, 121.6, 120.7, 114.7, 113.3, 50.3, 34.4, 30.4, 21.6; IR (neat) v 3629, 2957, 2920, 1728, 1621, 1593, 1491, 1434, 1372, 1237, 1192, 1172, 1160, 1118, 985, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 78-81 **C**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>45</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>BrS<sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 814.2207, found: 814.2206.

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +234.4 (c 0.4, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 97% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 95/5, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 22.365 min,  $t_{major}$  = 24.559 min.



#### **Racemic Sample of 5q**

**Enantiomeric Sample of 5q** 



(S)-Phenyl(2E,4Z)-6-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diisopropylphenyl)-5,6-diphenylhexa-2,4-die noate (5r)



Compound **5r** (29.0 mg, 57% yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid following the *general procedure III* from **1r** (0.1 mmol, 26.6 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45 µL) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.48 (dd,  $J_I = 11.6$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 6H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 2H), 6.84 (s, 2H), 6.05 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 3.16-3.06 (m, 2H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 12H); <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.5, 156.8, 150.8, 148.6, 144.0, 142.0, 140.0, 133.5, 132.6, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.9, 126.6, 125.5, 124.7, 121.6, 120.5, 59.7, 27.2, 22.74, 22.67; **IR** (neat) v 3499, 2960, 2923, 1731, 1652, 1618, 1593, 1491, 1457, 1265, 1197, 1160, 1118, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 65-66 **°**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>35</sub>O<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 515.2592, found: 515.2595.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +1.0$  (c 0.4, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 95% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 95/5, 0.3 mL/min, 254 nm,

 $t_{minor} = 22.238 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 19.670 \text{ min}.$ 

#### **Racemic Sample of 5r**







Compound **5s** (38.2 mg, 66% yield) was obtained as a colorless oil following the *general procedure III* from **1s** (0.1 mmol, 32.6 mg) and **2b** (0.2 mmol, 50 mg, 45  $\mu$ L) stirred for 48 hours. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.48 (dd,  $J_1$  = 11.6 Hz,  $J_2$  = 15.2

Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.24 (m, 7H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 6H), 7.12 (s, 2H), 7.07-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.06 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 0.30 (s, 100)18H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 165.5, 164.0, 156.5, 150.8, 143.9, 141.7, 139.9, 137.7, 132.3, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 126.6, 125.5, 123.9, 121.6, 120.6, 59.2, -0.6; **IR** (neat) v 3604, 2954, 2920, 1728, 1621, 1590, 1491, 1401, 1242, 1197, 1160, 1112, 855, 836, 697 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>39</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 575.2443, found: 575.2450.

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +16.3$  (c 0.4, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 94% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column,  $\text{Hexane}^{i}$ PrOH = 95/5, 0.5 mL/min, 270 nm,  $t_{minor} = 7.067 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 8.050 \text{ min}.$ 



**Racemic Sample of 5S** 

#### General procedure for the subgram-scale reaction



Enlarging the reaction scale up to 1.0 mmol afforded compound **5g** in 63% yield and 93% ee value under reducing the catalyst loading to 5 mol% following the *general procedure III* from **1g** (1.0 mmol, 339 mg) and **2b** (1.5 mmol, 380 mg).

#### Transformation experiments to afford compounds 6 and 7



To a solution of **5g** (0.1 mmol, 59 mg) in toluene (3.0 mL) was added AlCl<sub>3</sub> (0.3 mmol, 40 mg) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was vigorously stirred for 12 hours, then quenched by saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous. The resulting mixture was extracted with EA twice (5 mLx2). The combined organic phases were collected and dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The organic phase was then concentrated on a rotary evaporator under reduce pressure and the residue was subjected to purification by column chromatography (PE/EA: 4/1,  $R_f = 0.3$ ) to afford the corresponding product **6** as a brown solid.

Compound **6** (85% yield, 40.5 mg): <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.18-8.15 (m, 2H), 7.47 (dd,  $J_I = 11.2$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.27 (m, 7H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.82-6.78 (m, 2H), 6.03 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.4, 155.0, 154.5, 150.6, 149.3, 146.7, 143.1, 139.0, 131.5, 130.6, 130.2, 129.3, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 125.7, 123.7, 121.6, 121.5, 115.8, 58.6; **IR** (neat) v 3420, 2957, 2923, 1723, 1618, 1593, 1514, 1344, 1262, 1194, 1118, 853, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 106-109 **C**; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>5</sub><sup>-</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 476.1504, found: 476.1495.

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -1.6$  (c 0.25, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 92% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel AD-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 90/10, 0.5 mL/min, 230 nm,  $t_{minor} = 26.392 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 37.115 \text{ min}.$ 



 $O_2N$ 

5g

CO<sub>2</sub>Ph





O<sub>2</sub>N

To a solution of **5g** (0.1 mmol, 59 mg) in toluene (3.0 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1.0 M in toluene, 0.4 mmol, 40  $\mu$ L) at 0 °C. After addition of DIBAL-H, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature for 2 hours, then quenched by

OН

7

82% yield, 91% ee

saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aq. The resulting mixture was extracted with EA twice (5 mLx2). The combined organic phases were collected and dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The organic phase was then concentrated on a rotary evaporator under reduce pressure and the residue was subjected to purification by column chromatography (PE/EA: 6/1, R<sub>f</sub> = 0.4) to afford the corresponding product **7** as a yellowish solid.

Compound **7** (82% yield, 40.8 mg): <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.15-8.11 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.13-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.91 (s, 2H), 6.28-6.22 (m, 1H), 5.83 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dt,  $J_1 = 6.0$  Hz,  $J_2 = 15.2$  Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 4.09 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (s, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 152.6, 150.9, 146.4, 145.2, 140.4, 135.9, 133.2, 130.6, 130.3, 128.9, 128.5, 128.2, 127.2, 126.0, 123.4, 63.4, 59.2, 34.4, 30.3; **IR** (neat) v 3389, 2957, 2920, 1519, 1434, 1344, 1234, 1152, 974, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; **MP**: 61-63 °C; **HRMS** Calcd. for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>36</sub>NO<sub>4</sub><sup>-1</sup> [M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 498.2649, found: 498.2654.

 $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{\rm D}$  = -1.2 (c 0.25, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for 91% ee; Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralcel IB-H column, Hexane/<sup>*i*</sup>PrOH = 90/10, 0.5 mL/min, 230 nm,  $t_{minor}$  = 40.071 min,  $t_{major}$  = 37.600 min.



#### **Racemic sample of 7**

Enantiomeric sample of 7



### 4. References

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# 5. X-ray data



# Crystal data and structure refinement for compound 3a.

Identification code	exp_8822
Empirical formula	$C_{39}H_{42}NO_3$
Formula weight	558.73
Temperature/K	293(2)
Crystal system	N/A
Space group	P21
a/Å	9.6333(6)
b/Å	16.6755(10)
c/Å	10.1957(6)
α/°	90.00
β/°	97.399(6)
$\gamma^{\prime \circ}$	90.00
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1624.20(17)
Z	2
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.142
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	0.547
F(000)	600.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.01$
Radiation	$CuK\alpha \ (\lambda = 1.54184)$
$2\Theta$ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	8.74 to 132.98
Index ranges	$\textbf{-}11 \leq h \leq 10, \textbf{-}19 \leq k \leq 19, \textbf{-}12 \leq l \leq 8$
Reflections collected	6333
Independent reflections	4596 [ $R_{int} = 0.0286$ , $R_{sigma} = N/A$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	4596/1/387

Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.037
Final R indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0545, wR_2 = 0.1107$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0815, wR_2 = 0.1330$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.19/-0.12
Flack parameter	-0.0(4)



Crystal data and structure refinement for compound 5o'.		
Identification code	181205a	
Empirical formula	C <sub>43</sub> H <sub>46</sub> ClNO <sub>5</sub> S	
Formula weight	724.32	
Temperature/K	298(2)	
Crystal system	N/A	
Space group	P-1	
a/Å	10.4270(9)	
b/Å	13.9139(11)	
c/Å	14.0151(12)	
α/°	76.993(10)	
β/°	85.818(2)	
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	82.698(2)	
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1963.0(3)	
Z	2	
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.225	
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	0.195	
F(000)	768.0	
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.20\times 0.17\times 0.06$	
Radiation	MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	
$2\Theta$ range for data collection/°	4.84 to 50.04	
Index ranges	$-12 \le h \le 12, -16 \le k \le 16, -16 \le l \le 10$	

Reflections collected	9917
Independent reflections	6839 [ $R_{int} = 0.0307$ , $R_{sigma} = N/A$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	6839/0/460
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.023
Final R indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0548, wR_2 = 0.0592$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.1246 \ wR_2 = 0.0666$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.20/-0.15

## A plausible transition state



Scheme S1 A plausible transition state

The plausible transition state of this reaction is illustrated in Scheme S1 which may account for the stereoselectivity. The p-QMs approach the zwitterionic intermediate from (R)-SITCP and allenoate to form the corresponding products through less steric hindrance face due to the zwitterionic species stereochemistry, which is accordance with our experimental results.

# 6. NMR Spectra



 $^{1}$ H and  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra of compound **2b** 



 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound 2c











<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra of compound **2e** 





 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound 2f













 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound 2i













 $^1\text{H}\text{,}~^{13}\text{C}$  and  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of compound 3e



 $^{1}$ H and  $^{13}$ C NMR spectra of compound **3f** 







<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of compound **3h**


<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of compound **3i** 



 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound 5b



 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound 5c



## --116.24 --116.25 --116.26 --116.29 --116.29 --116.30



4.5 4.0 f1 (ppm) 8.0 6.5 5.5 5.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.0 0.5 1.5

0.0



 $^1\text{H}\text{, }^{13}\text{C}$  and  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectra of compound 5e



 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound 5f



 $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra of compound  $\mathbf{5g}$ 































 $^1\mathrm{H}$  and  $^{13}\mathrm{C}$  NMR spectra of compound  $\mathbf{5o}$ 



















-0.296







## 7. Deuterium-labeling experiments (<sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR of 3f)



To identify the different protons, we run a  ${}^{1}\text{H}{}^{-1}\text{H}$  COSY NMR (400M, CDCl<sub>3</sub>). It clearly shows a signal of allylic proton "H<sup>3</sup>" interact with diaryl substituted proton "H<sup>4</sup>" labelled as red cycle; The asterisk is the residue DCM peak.

## Deuterium-labeling of product 3a' and 5g'



Compound **1a** or **1g** (0.1 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (0.02 mmol) and anhydrous toluene (1.0 mL) were added into a dry Schlenk tube, then  $\delta$ -substituted allenic ester **2a** or **2b** (0.2 mmol) and D<sub>2</sub>O (0.6 mmol, 6 equiv.) were added subsequently under nitrogen

atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 48 h under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was then concentrated on a rotary evaporator under reduced pressure and the residue was subjected to purification by column chromatography (PE/EA =  $100/1 \sim 50/1$ ) to afford the corresponding product **3a'** or **5g'**.

The crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400M) spectra showed that the phenol -OH group was completely deuterated (100% -OD group), during column chromatography on silica gel the –OD group exchanged to –OH again.

Comound **3a'**: <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37-7.34 (m, 1.37H, 63%D), 7.33-7.25 (m, 9H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.00-5.98 (m, 1H), 5.87-5.83 (m, 0.22H, 78%D), 5.19 (s, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 1.37 (s, 18H).



Comound **5g**': <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.17 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.49-7.42 (m, 0.49H, 51%D), 7.38-7.27 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.05-6.01 (m, 1.26H, 74%D), 5.33 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 1.39 (s, 18H).



7.5 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 fl (ppm)



<sup>7.7 7.6 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8</sup> fl (ppm)

Synthesis of deuterated allenoate 2a-D1 and 2a-D2



Compounds S1-D, S2-D and S3-D were known compound and prepared according to the previous literatures (For S1-D see: *Chem. Sci.* 2014, *5*, 2416; *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1983, *24*, 743; For S2-D see: *Adv. Synth. Catal.* 2018, 360, 2303; For S3-D see: *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2017, 139, 13969).

The deuterated ratio of allenoate **2a-D1** and **2a-D2** decrease was due to H/D exchange during purification process on silica gel. And the deuterated allenoates containing small amount of isomers.



Comound **3a-D1** (51% yield, 29 mg) was obtained as a slurry oil following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2a-D1** (0.2 mmol, 52 mg): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.40-7.36 (m, 1.72H, 28%D), 7.33-7.25 (m, 9H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 6.00-5.98 (m, 1H), 5.88-5.84 (m, 0.22H, 78%D), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 18H).



Comound **3a-D2** (35% yield, 20 mg) was obtained as a slurry oil following the *general procedure III* from **1a** (0.1 mmol, 29.4 mg) and **2a-D2** (0.2 mmol, 52 mg): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37-7.33 (m, 1.25H, 75%D), 7.32-7.26 (m, 9H), 7.20-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.14-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 5.99-5.96 (m, 0.24H, 76%D), 5.86-5.82 (m, 0.76H, 24%D), 5.18 (s, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 5.09 (s, 1H), 1.36 (s, 18H).







