Supporting Information

Catalytic Activation of *cis*-Vicinal Diols by Boronic Acids: Site-Selective Acylation of Carbohydrates

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1. General information

NMR spectra were recorded on Agilent Technologies 400-MR DD2 (400 MHz for ¹H, 100 MHz for ¹³C), 400-MR (400 MHz for ¹H, 100 MHz for ¹³C), NMR DD2 400NB (128 MHz for ¹¹B) spectrometers. ¹H-NMR data are reported as follows; chemical shift in parts per million (ppm) downfield or upfield from $CDCl_3$ (δ 7.26), CD₃OD (δ 3.31) integration, multiplicity (br = broad, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quin = quintet, sext = sextet, sep = septet, dd = double doublet, ddd = double d triplet, dt = double triplet, dq = double quartet, and m = multiplet), and coupling constants (Hz). ¹³C-NMR chemical shifts are reported in ppm downfield or upfield from CDCl₃ (δ 77.0) or CD₃OD (δ 49.0). ¹¹B-NMR chemical shifts are reported in ppm downfield or upfield from PhB(OH)₂ (δ 28.82). Mass spectra were measured with JEOL JMS-AX505HA, JMS-700 MStation, and JEOL JMS-T100LP spectrometers. Melting points (mp) were obtained on Stanford Research Systems MPA100 melting point apparatus. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Merck 60F-254 or Fuji NH KP20610 (NH) precoated silica gel plates and were visualized by fluorescence quenching under UV light. Column chromatography was performed using Silica Gel 60N (spherical, neutral, 63-210 µm) (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.) and Silica Gel NH (Fuji Silysia Chemical LTD, HU50100, DM1020). Air- and/or moisture-sensitive reactions were carried out under argon or nitrogen atmosphere using oven-dried glassware. Boronic acid $1a^1$ and $1b^2$, borinic acid SI-2³ and SI-3³ were synthesized according to the literature.

2. Supplementary information

SI-Table 1. Initial solvent screening for site-selective benzoylation of 2a.

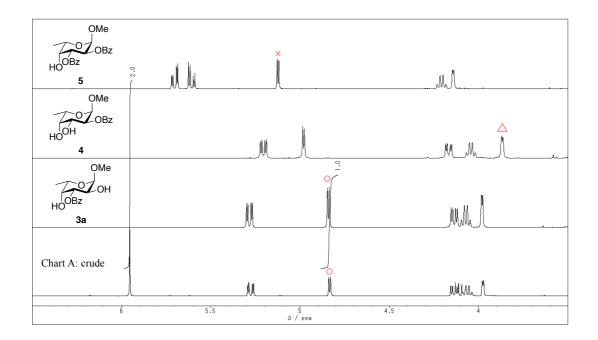
OMe HO ^{OH} 2a	1c (5.0 mol%) BZCI (1.5 equiv) Pr ₂ NEt (1.5 equiv) solvent (0.2 M) rt, 4 h 3a	
entry	solvent	yield (%) ^a
1	CH ₂ Cl ₂	>99
2	DCE	91
3	CH ₃ CN	96
4	THF	89
5	1,4-dioxane	78
6	toluene	55
7	EtOAc	49
8	acetone	46
9	DMF	3

^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture.

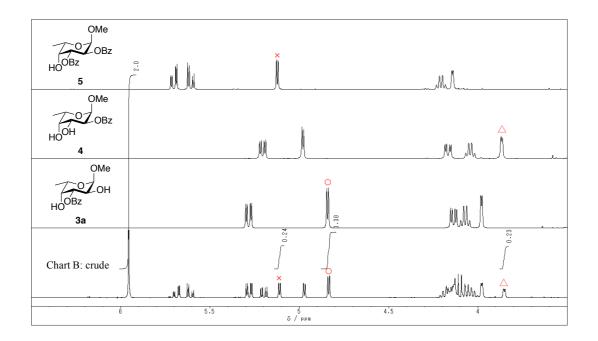
SI-Table 2. Optimization of base for site-selective benzoylation of 2a.

НО	OMe OH 2a	1c (5.0 mol%) BzCl (1.5 equiv) base (1.5 equiv) CH ₂ Cl ₂ (0.2 M) rt, 4 h	OMe HOOBZ HOOH 3a 4	OMe OMe OBz + OBz HO ^{OBz} 5
-	entry	base	yield(3a / 4 / 5)(%) ^a	total (%) ^a
	1	ⁱ Pr ₂ NEt	>99 / _/ _	>99
	2	DABCO	44/9/7	60
	3	NEt ₃	38 / 23 / 24	85
	4	2,6-lutidine	94/1/2	97
	5	2,4,6-collidine	94/2/2	98
	6	pyridine	46 / 16 / 15	77
	7	imidazole	15 / 12 / 24	51
	8	1-methylimidazole	17 / 25 / 51	93
	9	1,2-dimethylimidazol	e 16 / 41 / 24	81

^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture.

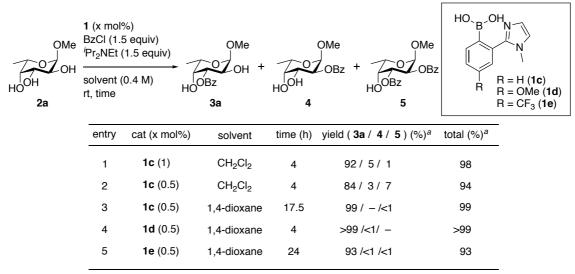


SI-Figure 1. Chart A: ¹H-NMR spectrum of crude reaction mixture for site-selective benzoylation of 2a by using *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine as base (**SI-Table 2**, entry 1).



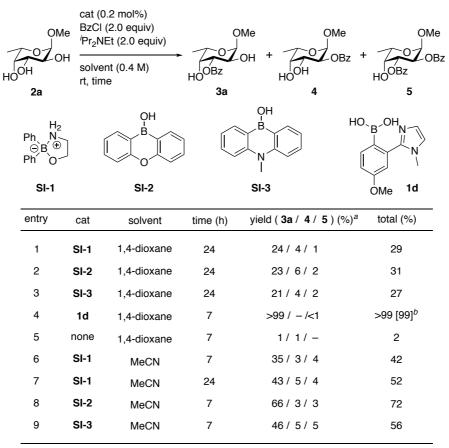
SI-Figure 2. Chart B: ¹H-NMR spectrum of crude reaction mixture for site-selective benzoylation of **2a** by using triethylamine as base (**SI-Table 2**, entry 3).

SI-Table 3. Optimization of reaction conditions for site-selective benzoylation of 2a.



^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture.

SI-Table 4. Comparision of catalysts for site-selective benzoylation of 2a.

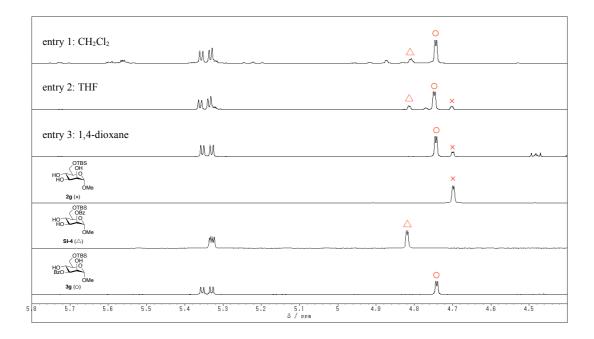


^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture. ^bIsolated yield of **3a**.

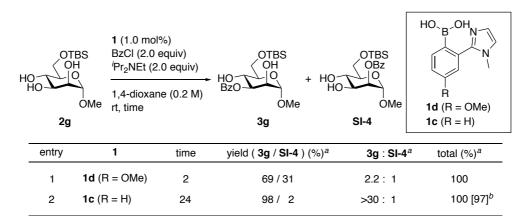
SI-Table 5. Solvent screening for site-selective benzoylation of 2g.

HOT	OTBS OH OH OMe 2g	1c (5.0 mol ⁴ BzCl (1.5 ec ⁷ Pr ₂ NEt (1.5 solvent (0.2 rt, time	equiv) equiv) HC	OTBS OH OH OMe 3g	OTBS OBz OMe SI-4		
	entry	solvent	time (h)	yield (3g / SI-4) (%) ^a	3g : SI-4	total (%) ^a	
	1	CH ₂ Cl ₂	22	73 / 8	9.1 : 1	81	
	2	THF	4	72 / 14	5.1 : 1	86	
	3	1,4-dioxane	4	83 / 1	>30 : 1	84	

^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture.

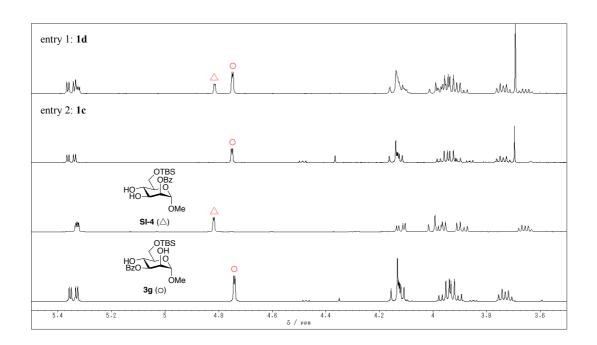


SI-Figure 3. ¹H-NMR spectra of crude reaction mixtures for SI-Table 5.



SI-Table 6. Optimization of catalyst for site-selective benzoylation of 2g.

^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture. ^bIsolated yield of **3g**.

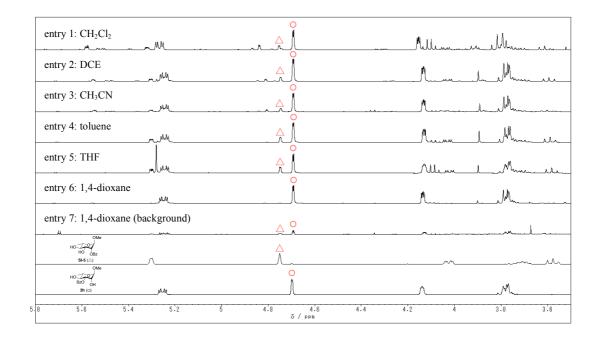


SI-Figure 4. ¹H-NMR spectra of crude reaction mixtures for SI-Table 6.

SI-Table 7. Solvent screening for site-selective benzoylation of 2h.

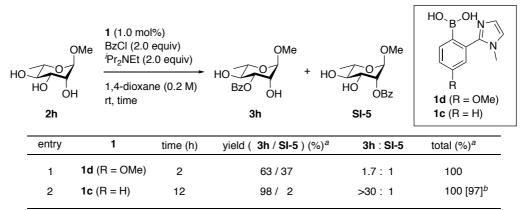
HO HO Zh	OMe DH	1c (5.0 mol BzCl (1.5 e Pr ₂ NEt (1.5 solvent (0.2 rt, time	quiv) 5 equiv	/) HO Bz	OH	OMe OBz	
er	ntry	solvent	1c	time (h)	yield (3h / SI-5) (%) ^a	3h : SI-5	total (%) ^a
	1	CH ₂ Cl ₂	+	4	54 / 14	3.9 : 1	68
:	2	DCE	+	4	72 / 13	5.5 : 1	85
:	3	CH ₃ CN	+	4	66 / 12	5.5 : 1	78
	4	toluene	+	4	62 / 15	4.1:1	77
	5	THF	+	4	74 / 25	3.0 : 1	99
	61	,4-dioxane	+	4	84 / 1	>30 : 1	85
	71	,4-dioxane	-	24	2/1	2:1	3

^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture.

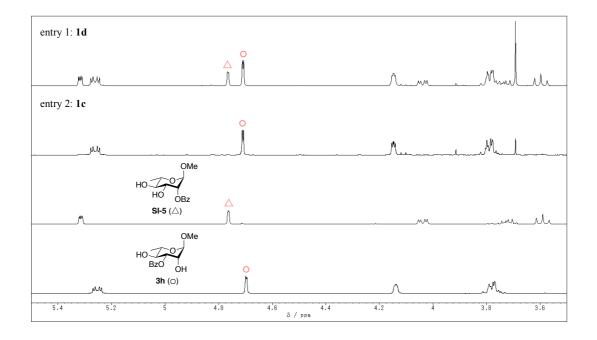


SI-Figure 5. ¹H-NMR spectra of crude reaction mixtures for SI-Table 7.

SI-Table 8. Optimization of catalyst for site-selective benzoylation of 2h.



^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture. ^bIsolated yield of **3h**.

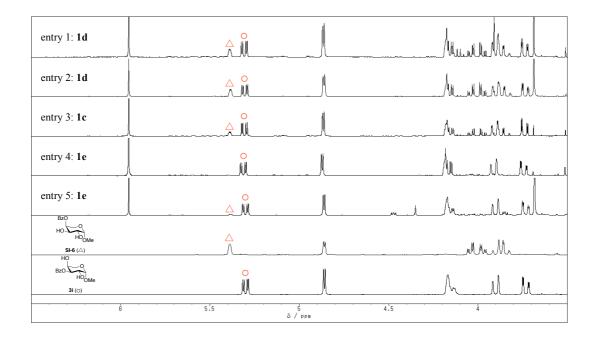


SI-Figure 6. ¹H-NMR spectra of crude reaction mixtures for SI-Table 8.

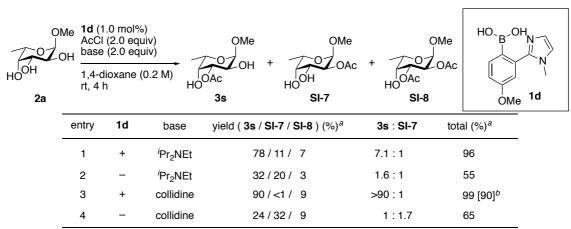
HO HO HO HO OMe 2i	1 (x mol%) BzCl (2.0 equiv) [/] Pr ₂ NEt (2.0 equiv) 1,4-dioxane (0.2 M rt, time	BzO-	HO _{OMe} +	BzO HO HO HO OMe SI-6	HO B OH N	
entry	1 (x mol%)	time (h)	yield (3i / SI-6) (%) ^a 3i : SI-	6 total yield (%) ^a	
1	1d (0.5)	2	53 / 45	1.2 : 1	98	
2	1d (1.0)	2	60 / 40	1.5 : 1	100	
3	1c (1.0)	15	73 / 23	3.2 : 1	96	
4	1e (1.0)	24	43 / 1	>30 : 1	44	
5	1e (2.0)	24	94 / 6	16 : 1	100 [93] ^b	

SI-Table 9. Optimization of catalyst for site-selective benzoylation of 2i.

^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture. ^bIsolated yield of **3i**.

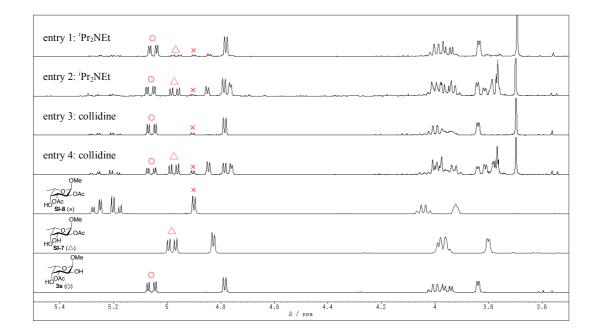


SI-Figure 7. ¹H-NMR spectra of crude reaction mixtures for SI-Table 9.



SI-Table 10. Optimization of base for site-selective acetylation of 2a.

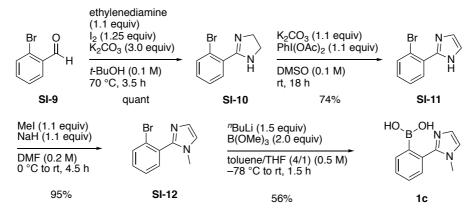
^aDetermined by ¹H-NMR of crude mixture. ^bIsolated yield of **3s**.



SI-Figure 8. ¹H-NMR spectra of crude reaction mixtures for SI-Table 10.

3. Preparation of boronic acid 1c, 1d and 1e

Preparation of (2-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)boronic acid (1c)⁴



Ethylenediamine (2.01 mL, 29.7 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of 2-bromobenzaldehyde (**SI-9**) (5.00 g, 27.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in *t*-BuOH (270 mL, 0.1 M). After stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes under nitrogen, I₂ (8.57 g, 33.8 mmol, 1.25 equiv) ⁵ and K₂CO₃ (11.2 g, 81.0 mmol, 3.0 equiv) were added. After stirring at 70 °C for 3 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of sat. Na₂SO₃ aq. and the resulting mixture was extracted three times with chloroform. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq. and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude imidazoline **SI-10** (7.01 g). The resulting crude material was used in the next step without further purification.

PhI(OAc)₂ (4.88 g, 15.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv)⁵ was added to a stirred solution of the crude imidazoline **SI-10** (3.10 g, 13.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and K₂CO₃ (2.08 g, 15.1 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in DMSO (138 mL, 0.1 M). After stirring at room temperature for 18 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of sat. NaHCO₃ aq. and the resulting mixture was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by recrystallization from chloroform to give **SI-11** (2.27 g, 10.2 mmol, 74%) as a white solid.

Data for SI-11: R_f = 0.40 (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 142-145 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H) 7.62 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23–7.18 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.6, 133.7, 131.5, 130.5, 129.8, 127.9, 119.2; IR (KBr) ν = 3140, 3019, 2965, 2897, 2801, 1560, 1489, 1446, 1408, 1360, 1171, 1103, 1026, 959, 767, 731, 645 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₉H₈⁷⁹BrN₂ [M+H]⁺ 222.9871, found 222.9867.

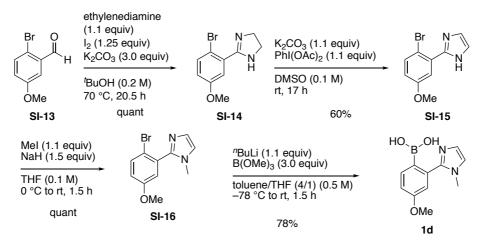
A solution of imidazole **SI-11** (2.00 g, 8.96 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DMF (22 mL, 0.4 M) was added to a stirred suspension of NaH (237 mg, 9.86 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in DMF (22 mL, 0.4 M). After stirring at 0 °C for 30 minutes, iodomethane (0.61 mL, 9.86 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added. After stirring at room temperature for 4 hours, the resulting mixture was poured onto ice and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (CHCl₃ : methanol = 20 : 1) to give **SI-12** (2.03 g, 8.56 mmol, 95%) as a pale yellow oil.

Data for SI-12: $R_f = 0.40 (20/1 \text{ CHCl}_3 / \text{MeOH})$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.66 (br d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (br t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dt, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.7, 132.6, 132.4, 132.3, 130.8, 128.2, 127.3, 124.4, 120.9, 33.4; IR (neat) v = 3383, 3106, 3057, 2948, 1659, 1596, 1562, 1496, 1464, 1436, 1403, 1281, 1136, 1029, 1016, 765, 733, 644 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₀H₁₀⁷⁹BrN₂ [M+H]⁺ 237.0027, found 237.0022.

n-BuLi in *n*-hexane (1.60 M, 3.96 mL, 6.33 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **SI-12** (1.00 g, 4.22 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry toluene/THF (4 / 1, 8.4 mL, 0.5 M) at -78 °C under argon. After stirring at -78 °C for 30 minutes, B(OMe)₃ (0.941 mL, 8.44 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added at -78 °C, and then the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After stirring for 1 hour, the mixture was concentrated. The resulting crude material was purified by amino silica gel chromatography (dichloromethane to dichloromethane : methanol = 50 : 1) to give **1c** (477 mg, 2.36 mmol, 56%) as a white solid.

Data for **1c**: R_f (NH) = 0.20 (20/1 CH₂Cl₂ / MeOH); 125 °C (decomp.); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.74 (br d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (br d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 134.6, 133.6, 132.8, 130.5, 127.0, 121.9, 121.7, 35.3; IR (KBr) v = 3372, 3114, 3093, 3049, 2929, 2888, 2818, 1564, 1510, 1463, 1432, 1360, 1295, 1278, 1210, 1166, 1118, 997, 954, 801, 738, 718, 648 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₀H₁₂¹¹BN₂O₂ [M+H]⁺203.0992, found 203.0986.

Preparation of (4-Methoxy-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)boronic acid (1d)



Ethylenediamine (1.37 mL, 20.4 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of 2-bromo-5-methoxybenzaldehyde (SI-13) (3.98 g, 18.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in *t*-BuOH (93 mL, 0.2 M). After stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes under nitrogen, I₂ (5.87 g, 23.1 mmol, 1.25 equiv)⁵ and K₂CO₃ (7.66 g, 55.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv) were added. After stirring at 70 °C for 20 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of sat. Na₂SO₃ aq. and the resulting mixture was extracted three times with chloroform. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq. and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude imidazoline SI-14 (4.73 g). The resulting crude material was used in the next step without further purification.

PhI(OAc)₂ (4.03 g, 12.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv) ⁵ was added to a stirred solution of imidazoline **SI-14** (2.90 g, 11.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and K_2CO_3 (1.73 g, 12.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in DMSO (114 mL, 0.1 M). After stirring at room temperature for 17 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of sat. NaHCO₃ aq. and the resulting mixture was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by recrystallization from chloroform to give **SI-15** (1.73 g, 6.84 mmol, 60%) as a white solid.

Data for **SI-15**: $R_f = 0.10$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 162-165 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (s, 2H), 6.79 (dd, J = 8.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 160.5, 146.4, 135.3, 134.0, 117.84, 117.80, 112.9, 56.1; IR (KBr) $\nu = 3011$, 2962, 1593, 1557, 1487, 1465, 1105, 1017, 861, 809, 766, 628 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₀H₁₀⁷⁹BrN₂O [M+H]⁺ 252.9977, Found 252.9979.

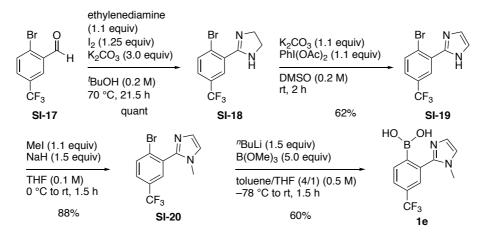
A solution of imidazole **SI-15** (100 mg, 0.395 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (2 mL, 0.2 M) was added to a stirred suspension of NaH (14.2 mg, 0.593 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in THF (2.0 mL, 0.2 M). After stirring at 0 °C for 30 minutes, iodomethane (27.1 μ L, 0.435 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added. After stirring at room temperature for 1 hour, the resulting mixture was poured onto ice and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 2) to give **SI-16** (107 mg, 0.401 mmol, >99%) as a pale yellow oil.

Data for SI-16: $R_f = 0.20 (1/2 n-hexane / EtOAc)$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 8.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.54 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.7, 146.7, 133.2, 133.0, 128.2, 120.9, 117.4, 117.2, 114.6, 55.5, 33.4; IR (neat) v = 3344, 2951, 1598, 1572, 1460, 1434, 1285, 1238, 1209, 1178, 1091, 1208, 728 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₂⁷⁹BrN₂O [M+H]⁺ 267.0133, Found 267.0123.

n-BuLi in *n*-hexane (1.60 M, 257 μ L, 0.411 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **SI-16** (100 mg, 0.374 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry toluene/THF (4 / 1, 0.75 mL, 0.5 M) at -78 °C under argon. After stirring at -78 °C for 30 minutes, B(OMe)₃ (125 μ L, 1.12 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added at -78 °C, and then the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After stirring for 1 hour, the mixture was concentrated. The resulting crude material was purified by amino silica gel chromatography (dichloromethane to dichloromethane : methanol = 50 : 1) to give **1d** (67.3 mg, 0.290 mmol, 78%) as a pale yellow solid.

Data for 1d: R_f (NH) = 0.37 (20/1 CH₂Cl₂ / MeOH); 144 °C (decomp.); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 161.2, 151.8, 133.0, 132.4, 126.4, 121.4, 115.8, 108.6, 55.9, 35.2; IR (KBr) ν = 3114, 3087, 2931, 2826, 1513, 1309, 1294, 1215, 1162, 1108, 1091, 1045, 985, 856, 811, 727 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₄¹¹BN₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ 233.1097, Found 233.1089.

Preparation of (2-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)boronic acid (1e)



Ethylenediamine (0.580 mL, 8.69 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of 2-bromo-5-trifluorobenzaldehyde (SI-17) (2.00 g, 7.90 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in *t*-BuOH (40 mL, 0.2 M). After stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes under nitrogen, I₂ (2.51 g, 9.88 mmol, 1.25 equiv)⁵ and K₂CO₃ (3.28 g, 23.7 mmol, 3.0 equiv) were added. After stirring at 70 °C for 21 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of sat. Na₂SO₃ aq. and the resulting mixture was extracted three times with chloroform. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq. and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give crude imidazoline SI-18 (2.48 g). The resulting crude material was used in the next step without further purification.

PhI(OAc)₂ (1.40 g, 4.35 mmol, 1.1 equiv) ⁵ was added to a stirred solution of imidazoline **SI-18** (1.16 g, 3.95 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and K₂CO₃ (602 mg, 4.35 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in DMSO (19.8 mL, 0.2 M). After stirring at room temperature for 2 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of sat. NaHCO₃ aq. and the resulting mixture was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by recrystallization from chloroform to give **SI-19** (713 mg, 2.45 mmol, 62%) as a pale yellow solid.

Data for **SI-19**: $R_f = 0.40$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 170-175 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.3 (br, 1H) 8.56 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (br, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.3, 134.5, 134.3, 131.3, 130.5 (q, ² $J_{C-F} = 33.2$ Hz), 128.4 (q, ³ $J_{C-F} = 3.8$ Hz), 126.0 (q, ³ $J_{C-F} = 3.5$ Hz), 123.4 (q, ¹ $J_{C-F} = 271.5$ Hz), 122.6 (q, ⁴ $J_{C-F} = 1.5$ Hz); IR (KBr) v = 3034, 2798, 1612,

1402, 1327, 1185, 1123, 1076, 1029, 971, 828, 730 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{10}H_7^{79}BrF_3N_2 [M+H]^+$ 290.9745, Found 290.9744.

A solution of imidazole **SI-19** (100 mg, 0.344 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (1.7 mL, 0.2 M) was added to a stirred suspension of NaH (12.4 mg, 0.516 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in THF (1.7 mL, 0.2 M). After stirring at 0 °C for 30 minutes, iodomethane (23.5 μ L, 0.378 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added. After stirring at room temperature for 1 hour, the resulting mixture was poured onto ice and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **SI-20** (91.8 mg, 0.301 mmol, 88%) as a pale yellow oil.

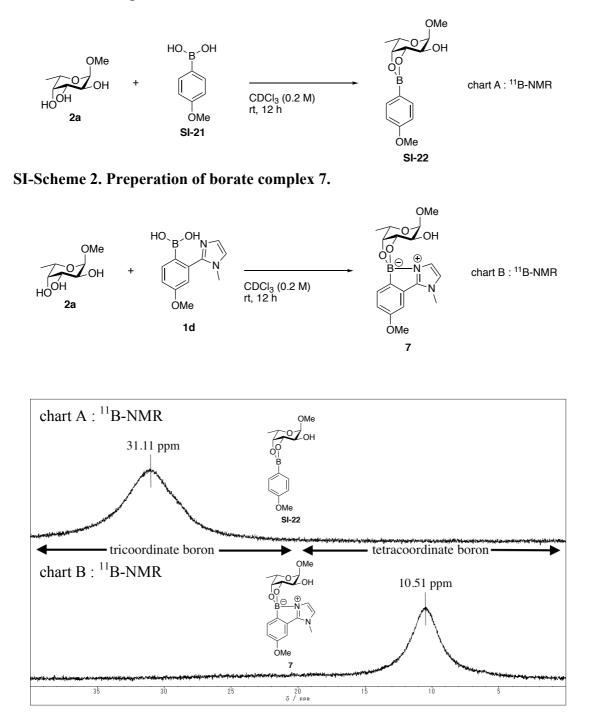
Data for **SI-20**: $R_f = 0.25$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.3, 133.39, 133.36, 130.0 (q, ² $J_{C-F} = 33.2$ Hz), 129.5 (q, ³ $J_{C-F} = 3.8$ Hz), 128.7, 128.4 (q, ⁴ $J_{C-F} = 1.5$ Hz), 127.4 (q, ³ $J_{C-F} = 3.5$ Hz), 123.4 (q, ¹ $J_{C-F} = 271.5$ Hz), 121.4, 33.5; IR (neat) v = 1610, 1327, 1280, 1258, 1174, 1131, 1022, 908, 830, 750, 689 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₉⁷⁹BrF₃N₂ [M+H]⁺ 304.9901, Found 304.9902.

n-BuLi in *n*-hexane (1.55 M, 194 μ L, 0.300 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of **SI-20** (61.0 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry toluene/THF (4 / 1, 0.4 mL, 0.5 M) at -78 °C under argon. After stirring at -78 °C for 30 minutes, B(OMe)₃ (111 μ L, 1.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv) was added at -78 °C, and then the resulting mixture was warmed to room temperature. After stirring for 1 hour, the mixture was concentrated. The resulting crude material was purified by amino silica gel chromatography (dichloromethane to dichloromethane : methanol = 50 : 1) to give **1e** (32 mg, 1.20 mmol, 60%) as a pale yellow amorphous material.

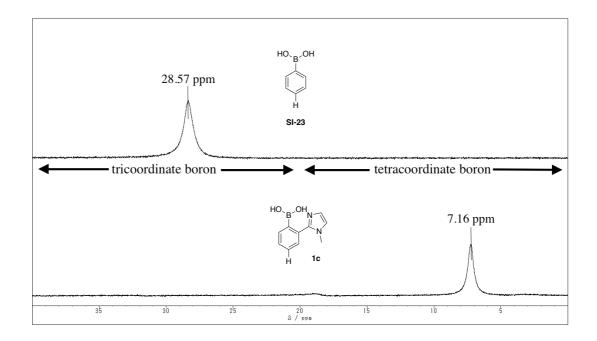
Data for **1e**: R_f (NH) = 0.43 (20/1 CH₂Cl₂ / MeOH); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.72 (br d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (br d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 150.6, 132.7, 132.0, 131.1 (q, ² J_{C-F} = 32.0 Hz), 127.4 (q, ³ J_{C-F} = 4.0 Hz), 127.3, 125.7 (q, ¹ J_{C-F} = 270.1 Hz), 121.7, 118.1 (q, ³ J_{C-F} = 4.0 Hz), 35.4; IR (neat) v = 3107, 2957, 1563, 1460, 1394, 1330, 1121, 989, 834, 730, 664, 583 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₁¹¹BF₃N₂O₂ [M+H]⁺ 271.0866, Found 271.0859.

4. Supplementary data for boronic acids

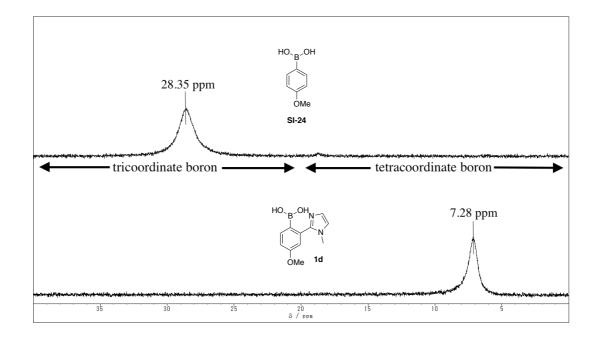
SI-Scheme 1. Preperation of boronic ester SI-22.



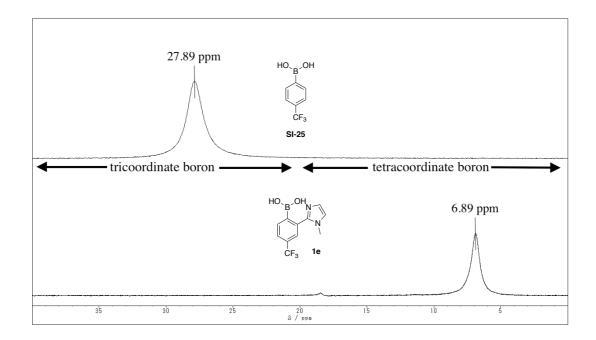
SI-Figure 9. Chart A: ¹¹B-NMR spectrum of SI-22. Chart B: ¹¹B-NMR spectrum of 7.



SI-Figure 10.¹¹B-NMR spectra of SI-23 and 1c in CD₃OD.



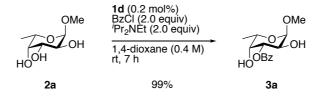
SI-Figure 11.¹¹B-NMR spectra of SI-24 and 1d in CD₃OD.



SI-Figure 12. ¹¹B-NMR spectra of SI-25 and 1e in CD₃OD.

5. Boronic acid catalyzed site-selective benzoylation of 2a (Table 1)

Methyl 3-*O*-benzoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3a**)⁶



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl α-L-fucopyranoside (2a) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid 1d (0.002)Μ in 1,4-dioxane, 200 μL, 0.400 µmol, 0.2 mol%) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane (300 μ L, total 0.4 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 7 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1:1) to give **3a** (56.3 mg, 0.199 mmol, 99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3a**: $R_f = 0.28$ (1/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 81-84 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 184.0^\circ$ (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10–8.08 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.43 (m, 2H), 5.28 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.84 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.14 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 4.07 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.98 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.13 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H, *H*-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 133.3, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 99.7, 74.5, 70.8, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3470, 2937, 1709, 1451, 1280, 1128, 1052, 961, 848, 756, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₈NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 305.1001, found 305.0994.

Methyl 2-*O*-benzoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (4)

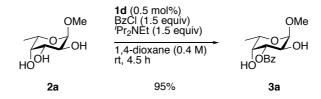
Determine the probability of th

Methyl 2,3-O-dibenzoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (5)

Methyl 2,3,4-*O*-tribenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (6)

OMe Data for 6: colorless oil; $R_f = 0.28$ (10/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -251.7° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13–8.11 (m, 2H), 8.00–7.98 (m, 2H), 7.81–7.79 (m, 2H), 7.64–7.59 (m, 1H), 7.53– 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.44–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.26–7.22 (m, 2H), 5.97 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 5.77 (dd, J = 3.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 5.66 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 5.25 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.40 (dq, J = 6.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.48 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, *H*-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 166.0, 165.6, 133.33, 133.25, 133.0, 129.9, 129.8, 129.6, 129.4, 129.3, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 97.6, 72.0, 69.4, 68.7, 64.7, 55.6, 16.1; IR (neat) v = 2938, 1727, 1602, 1452, 1285, 1108, 1071, 1053, 1027, 759, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NaO₈ [M+Na]⁺ 513.1525, found 513.1520.

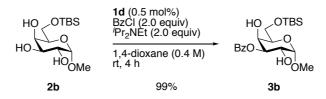
6. Gram-scale synthesis (Scheme 1)



Benzoyl chloride (9.86 mL, 8.42 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (1.00 g, 5.61 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (6.5 mg, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (1.47 mL, 8.42 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane (14 mL, 0.4 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 4.5 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (10 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 1) to give **3a** (1.51 g, 5.35 mmol, 95%) as a colorless amorphous material.

7. Boronic acid catalyzed site-selective mono-benzoylation of carbohydrates (Scheme 2)

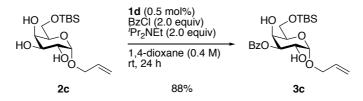
Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl- α -D-galactopyranoside (**3b**)⁶



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)- α -D-galactopyranoside (**2b**) (61.7 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 500 μ L, 1.00 μ mol, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 4 hours, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 3 : 1) to give **3b** (81.9 mg, 0.199 mmol, 99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3b**: $R_f = 0.30 (2/1 n-hexane / EtOAc)$; mp 98-101 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} + 128.3^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13–8.10 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.47–7.43 (m, 2H), 5.27 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.91 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.32 (br d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.25 (dt, J = 10.4, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.95 (dd, J = 10.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, H-6), 3.90 (dd, J = 10.8, 4.4 Hz, 1H, H-6), 3.86–3.84 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.12 (br, 1H, OH-4), 2.06 (br, 1H, OH-2), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.101 (s, 3H), 0.099 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 133.2, 129.9, 129.8, 128.4, 99.9, 74.2, 69.34, 69.28, 67.4, 63.6, 55.4, 25.8, 18.3, -5.52, -5.54; IR (KBr) v = 3569, 3304, 2937, 2853, 1771, 1450, 1318, 1292, 1253, 1143, 1092, 1054, 1038, 837, 773, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₀H₃₂NaO₇Si [M+Na]⁺ 435.1815, found 435.1805.

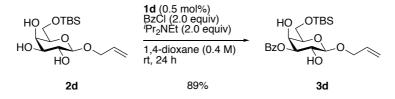
Allyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl- α -D-galactopyranoside (**3c**)



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of allyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)- α -D-galactopyranoside (**2c**) (66.9 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 500 µL, 1.00 µmol, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give **3c** (77.2 mg, 0.176 mmol, 88%) as a white solid.

Data for **3c**: $R_f = 0.45$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 60-64 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} + 127.5^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.12–8.10 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 2H), 5.93 (dddd, J = 17.2, 10.4, 6.1, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 5.23 (ddt, J = 10.4, 1.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.32 (br d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 4.28–4.23 (m, 2H, *H*-2, *H*-6), 4.10–4.04 (m, 1H, *H*-6), 3.93–3.87 (m, 3H, *H*-5, OC*H*₂CHCH₂), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.09 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 133.5, 133.2, 129.9, 129.8, 128.3, 117.9, 98.1, 74.2, 69.6, 69.3, 68.7, 67.3, 63.6, 25.8, 18.2, -5.53, -5.54; IR (KBr) v = 3527, 3450, 2930, 2857, 1701, 1281, 1254, 1094, 1028, 933, 839, 777, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₃₄NaO₇Si [M+Na]⁺ 461.1972, found 461.1967.

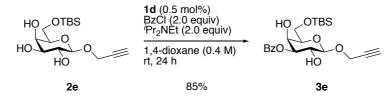
Allyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (**3d**)



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of allyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)- β -D-galactopyranoside (**2d**) (66.9 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 500 µL, 1.00 µmol, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give **3d** (78.1 mg, 0.178 mmol, 89%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3d**: $R_f = 0.23$ (4/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{24} + 17.1^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11–8.09 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 2H), 5.95 (dddd, J = 17.2, 10.0, 6.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (ddt, J = 10.4, 1.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.44 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.41 (ddt, J = 12.4, 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 4.16 (ddt, J = 12.4, 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, J = 10.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.95 (dd, J = 10.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.89 (dd, J = 10.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.59 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 2.84 (br, 1H, OH), 2.47 (br, 1H, OH), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.09 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 133.7, 133.3, 129.9, 129.7 128.4, 118.0, 102.3, 75.8, 74.0, 70.1, 69.4, 68.0, 62.8, 25.8, 18.3, -5.50; IR (neat) v = 3480, 2954, 2929, 2884, 2857, 1719, 1452, 1281, 1111, 1071, 997, 930, 839, 780, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₃₄NaO₇Si [M+Na]⁺ 461.1972, found 461.1966.

Propargyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (**3e**)



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of propargyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)- β -D-galactopyranoside (**2e**) (66.5 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 500 µL, 1.00 µmol, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give **3e** (74.1 mg, 0.170 mmol, 85%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3e**: $R_f = 0.18$ (4/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{24} - 7.4^\circ$ (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11–8.08 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 2H), 5.11 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 3.1 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.62 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.46 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CCH), 4.40 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CCH), 4.29 (br, 1H, *H*-4), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 7.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.95 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 5.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.89 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.63–3.60 (m, 1H, *H*-5), 2.49 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CC*H*), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 133.3, 129.9, 129.6, 128.4, 101.0, 78.5, 75.7, 75.4, 74.0, 69.1, 68.0, 62.8, 55.7, 25.8, 18.2, -5.51; IR (neat) v = 3452, 2930, 1714, 1280, 1109, 839, 781, 713 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₃₂NaO₇Si [M+Na]⁺ 459.1815, found 459.1819.

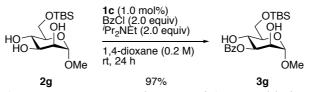
Phenylthio 6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (3f)

$$HO OTBS HO HO OTBS HO HO OTBS HO TI d (0.5 mol%) BZCI (2.0 equiv) Pr_2NEt (2.0 equiv) T,4-dioxane (0.4 M) HO OTBS BZO OTBS HO HO OTBS HO HO OTBS BZO OTBS HO HO OTBS BZO OTB$$

Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of phenylthio 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)- β -D-galactopyranoside (**2f**) (77.3 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 500 µL, 1.00 µmol, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give **3f** (81.7 mg, 0.167 mmol, 83%) as a white solid.

Data for **3f**: $R_f = 0.33$ (4/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 76-80 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} +9.6^\circ$ (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10–8.07 (m, 2H), 7.62–7.59 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.53 (m, 1H), 7.44–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.30 (m, 3H), 5.11 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.65 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.35 (br, 1H, *H*-4), 4.09 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 4.00 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.93 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 4.3 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.65–3.63 (m, 1H, *H*-5), 3.15 (br, 1H, O*H*-4), 2.54 (br, 1H, O*H*-2), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 3H), 0.10 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 133.3, 132.7, 131.8, 129.9, 129.6, 129.0, 128.4, 128.1, 89.0, 77.6, 77.1, 68.7, 67.2, 63.6, 25.8, 18.2, –5.51, –5.53; IR (KBr) v = 3512, 2928, 2856, 1703, 1279, 1104, 1071, 839, 778, 743, 714, 689 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₃₄NaO₆SSi [M+Na]⁺ 513.1743, found 513.1736.

Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl- α -D-mannopyranoside (**3g**)⁶

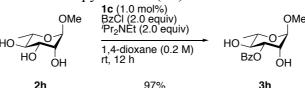


Benzoyl chloride (46.9 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)- α -D-mannopyranoside (**2g**) (61.7 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1c** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give **3g** (79.6 mg, 0.193 mmol, 97%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3g**: $R_f = 0.25$ (4/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +31.7° (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11–8.08 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 2H), 5.34 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 3.3 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.74 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.13 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 4.13 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 5.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.92 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 5.3 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.75–3.71 (m, 1H, *H*-5), 3.42 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 133.3, 129.9, 129.7, 128.4, 100.6, 75.0, 71.4, 69.2, 68.0, 64.4, 55.0, 25.9, 18.3, -5.47; IR (neat) v = 3478, 2929, 2857, 1703, 1603, 1452, 1281, 1109, 973, 838, 758, 713, 668 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₀H₃₂NaO₇Si [M+Na]⁺ 435.1815, found 435.1809.

Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside (SI-4)

Data for SI-4: colorless oil; $R_f = 0.28$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{24}$ +11.8° (c = 1.0, CH₃OH); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06–8.03 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 2H), 5.33 (dd, J = 3.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 4.82 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.12 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 3.99 (t, J =9.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 3.97 (dd, J = 10.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.89 (dd, J = 10.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 3.66 (dt, J = 9.6, 4.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.40 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 133.3, 129.9, 129.6, 128.4, 98.7, 72.2, 71.0, 70.4, 70.2, 64.1, 55.1, 25.9, 18.3, -5.43, -5.48; IR (neat) v = 3429, 2954, 2929, 2856, 1724, 1603, 1452, 1363, 1272, 1116, 1072, 972, 837, 778, 711, 685 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₀H₃₂NaO₇Si [M+Na]⁺ 435.1815, found 435.1806. Methyl 3-*O*-benzoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (**3h**)⁶

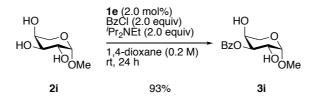


Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α-L-rhamnopyranoside (2h) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid 1c mL, (0.002)Μ in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 2.00μmol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 12 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3h** (54.8 mg, 0.194 mmol, 97%) as a white solid.

Data for **3h**: $R_f = 0.37$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 68-71 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -52.8^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (br d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.44 (br t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (dd, J = 9.5, 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.70 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.14 (br, dd, J = 3.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.79–3.76 (m, 2H, *H*-4, *H*-5), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.47 (br, 1H, OH), 2.28 (br, 1H, OH), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, *H*-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.9, 133.5, 129.8, 129.5, 128.5, 100.6, 75.5, 71.4, 69.7, 68.4, 55.0, 17.6; IR (KBr) v = 3423, 2979, 2938, 1709, 1452, 1319, 1282, 1130, 1282, 1130, 1056, 986, 806, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₈NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 305.1001, found 305.0993.

Methyl 2-*O*-benzoyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside (SI-5)

Methyl 3-*O*-benzoyl- β -L-arabinopyranoside (**3i**)⁶

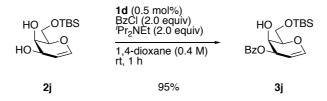


Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl β-L-arabinopyranoside (2i) (32.8 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid 1e (0.004)Μ 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 4.002.0 mol%) in umol. and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3i** (49.9 mg, 0.186 mmol, 93%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3i**: $R_f = 0.32$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +214.8° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10–8.07 (m, 2H), 7.60–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.43 (m, 2H), 5.30 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.86 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.17 (br, 1H, H-4), 4.14 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.90 (br d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.73 (dd, J = 12.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.47 (s, 3H), 2.32 (br, 1H, OH), 2.16 (br, 1H, OH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 133.4, 129.8, 129.6, 128.4, 100.1, 73.6, 68.2, 67.5, 62.3, 55.6; IR (neat) v = 3454, 2934, 1717, 1452, 1317, 1282, 1142, 1065, 1034, 995, 765, 715 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₃H₁₆NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 291.0845, found 291.0842.

Methyl 4-O-benzoyl-β-L-arabinopyranoside (SI-6)

6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl-D-galactal (3j)

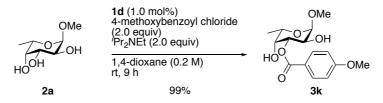


Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of phenyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-D-galactal (**2j**) (52.1 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 500 µL, 1.00 µmol, 0.5 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 1 hour, the resulting mixture was diluted with chloroform and washed with 1 M HCl, sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 15 : 1) to give **3j** (69.2 mg, 0.0.190 mmol, 95%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3j**: $R_f = 0.18 (10/1 n$ -hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{23} -67.6^\circ (c = 1.0, CHCl_3)$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09–8.07 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 2H), 6.52 (dd, J = 6.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.68 (dt, J = 4.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.81 (dt, J = 6.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.41 (br, 1H, H-4), 4.08–4.02 (m, 2H, H-5, H-6), 3.92 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-6), 2.94 (d, J = 3.6, 1H, OH-4), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 146.1, 133.2, 129.9, 129.8, 128.4, 98.6, 75.9, 68.1, 64.1, 62.9, 25.8, 18.3, -5.48, -5.50; IR (neat) v = 3493, 2929, 2885, 2857, 1720, 1644, 1603, 1471, 1452, 1273, 1110, 1028, 839, 779, 713, 549, 496 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₈NaO₅Si [M+Na]⁺ 387.1604, found 387.1595.

8. Boronic acid catalyzed site-selective mono-acylations of 2a (Scheme 3)

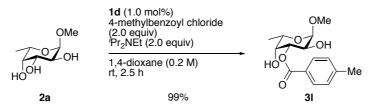
Methyl 3-O-4-methoxybenzoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (3k)



4-Methoxybenzoyl chloride (54.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 9 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3k** (61.8 mg, 0.198 mmol, 99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3k**: $R_f = 0.39$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 88-92 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 163.2^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (dt, J = 9.6, 2.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (dt, J = 9.6, 2.8 Hz, 2H), 5.24 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.82 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.11 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.05 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.96 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 2.22 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 163.6, 131.9, 122.0, 113.7, 99.7, 74.2, 70.9, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 55.4, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3338, 2993, 2942, 2842, 1694, 1606, 1579, 1514, 1421, 1364, 1286, 1265, 1169, 1129, 1044, 963, 842, 770, 683, 615, 500 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₂₀NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 335.1107, found 335.1094.

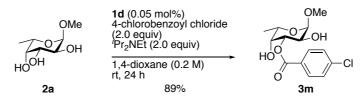
Methyl 3-O-4-methylbenzoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (31)



4-Methylbenzoyl chloride (52.9 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 2.5 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3l** (58.7 mg, 0.198 mmol, 99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3I**: $R_f = 0.39$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 108-111 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 175.8^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.83 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.12 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.05 (dq, J = 6.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.96 (dd, J = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.45 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.09 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.30 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 144.1, 129.9, 129.1, 126.9, 99.7, 74.3, 70.9, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 21.7, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3380, 2992, 2979, 2938, 1705, 1638, 1612, 1449, 1365, 1282, 1181, 1125, 1036, 963, 845, 761, 681, 640 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₂₀NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 319.1158, found 319.1148.

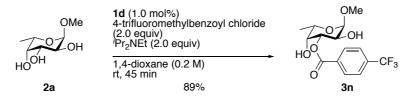
Methyl 3-O-4-chlorobenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (3m)



4-Chlorobenzoyl chloride (51.1 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 50.0 μ L, 0.100 μ mol, 0.05 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane (950 μ L, total 0.20 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3m** (56.4 mg, 0.178 mmol, 89%) as a white solid.

Data for **3m**: $R_f = 0.39$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 134-137 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -175.2^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.25 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.83 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.11 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.06 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.97 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.08 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.6, 139.8, 131.2, 128.8, 128.2, 99.7, 74.8, 70.8, 67.1, 65.7, 55.6, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3512, 3435, 2982, 2941, 2923, 2835, 1708, 1594, 1400, 1359, 1312, 1279, 1091, 1052, 959, 850, 761, 679 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₇ClNaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 339.0611, found 339.0603.

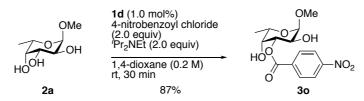
Methyl 3-*O*-4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3n**)



4-Trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride (59.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 45 minutes, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3n** (62.5 mg, 0.178 mmol, 89%) as a white solid.

Data for **3n**: $R_f = 0.39$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 121-124 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -157.9^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.29 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.85 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.13 (dd, J = 10.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.08 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.99 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.47 (s, 3H), 2.04 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.31 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.2, 134.8 (q, ² $_{J_{C-F}} = 32.5$ Hz), 133.0 (q, ⁴ $_{J_{C-F}} = 1.3$ Hz), 130.3, 125.5 (q, ³ $_{J_{C-F}} = 3.9$ Hz), 123.5 (q, ¹ $_{J_{C-F}} = 271.6$ Hz), 99.6, 75.2, 70.8, 67.1, 65.8, 55.6, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3529, 3430, 2934, 1709, 1414, 1335, 1290, 1168, 1121, 1054, 961, 866, 776, 752, 709 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₇F₃NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 373.0875, found 373.0859.

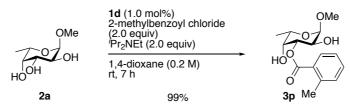
Methyl 3-O-4-nitrobenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (30)



4-Nitrobenzoyl chloride (74.2 mg, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 30 minutes, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3o** (56.7 mg, 0.173 mmol, 87%) as a white solid.

Data for **3o**: $R_f = 0.37$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 133-136 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -185.2^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29–8.24 (m, 4H), 5.29 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.85 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.13 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.09 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.99 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.48 (s, 3H), 2.05 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.31 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.6, 150.7, 135.2, 131.0, 123.5, 99.6, 75.6, 70.8, 67.0, 65.8, 55.6, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3524, 3434, 2984, 2942, 2839, 1708, 1608, 1525, 1352, 1306, 1282, 1129, 1090, 1048, 959, 863, 759, 719, 684 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₇NNaO₈ [M+Na]⁺ 350.0852, found 350.0847.

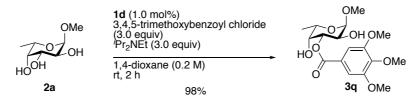
Methyl 3-O-2-methylbenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3p**)



2-Methylbenzoyl chloride (52.0 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 7 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3p** (58.7 mg, 0.198 mmol, 99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3p**: $R_f = 0.39$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 94-97 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 175.9^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98–7.96 (m, 1H), 7.44–7.39 (m, 1H), 7.27–7.24 (m, 2H), 5.29 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.84 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.11 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.08 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.99 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.47 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 1.94 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.31 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.4, 140.3, 132.3, 131.7, 130.7, 129.3, 125.8, 99.7, 74.3, 70.9, 67.2, 65.7, 55.6, 21.7, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3491, 2993, 2920, 2831, 1693, 1601, 1443, 1358, 1303, 1270, 1192, 1144, 1093, 1046, 959, 754, 740 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₂₀NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 319.1158, found 319.1148.

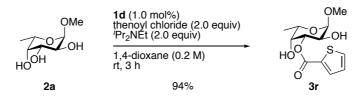
Methyl 3-O-3,4,5-trimethylgalloyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3q**)



3,4,5-Trimethylgalloyl chloride (138 μ L, 0.600 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 0.00200 mmol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (105 μ L, 0.600 mmol, 3.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 2 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3q** (70.3 mg, 0.196 mmol, 98%) as a white solid.

Data for **3q**: $R_f = 0.34$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 132-136 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -142.4^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (s, 2H), 5.25 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.84 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.13 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.08 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.98 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.90 (s, 6H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 2.00 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.31 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.0, 152.9, 142.6, 124.7, 107.1, 99.7, 74.8, 70.8, 67.1, 65.7, 60.9, 56.3, 55.5, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3312, 2943, 1703, 1590, 1508, 1459, 1418, 1362, 1337, 1231, 1130, 1037, 1007, 965, 868, 774 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₄NaO₉ [M+Na]⁺ 395.1318, found 395.1299.

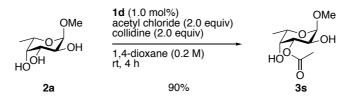
Methyl 3-O-2-thenoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (3r)



2-Thenoyl chloride (42.5 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α-L-fucopyranoside (2a) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid 1d (0.002)Μ 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00mol%) in umol. 1.0 and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 3 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 1) to give **3r** (54.2 mg, 0.189 mmol, 94%) as a white solid.

Data for **3r**: $R_f = 0.38$ (1/2 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 124-126 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 176.6^\circ$ (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (dd, *J* = 4.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.83 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.10 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 4.06 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.97 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 3.46 (s, 3H), 2.02 (br, 2H, O*H*-2, O*H*-4), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, *H*-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9, 134.1, 133.1, 133.0, 127.9, 99.7, 74.8, 70.9, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3357, 2992, 2938, 1710, 1525, 1450, 1419, 1364, 1260, 1170, 1088, 1041, 1006, 963, 859, 761, 749, 681, 636, 491 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₁₆NaO₆S [M+Na]⁺ 311.0565, found 311.0551.

Methyl 3-*O*-acetyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3s**)



Acetyl chloride (28.3 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 4 hours, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3s** (39.6 mg, 0.180 mmol, 90%) as a white solid.

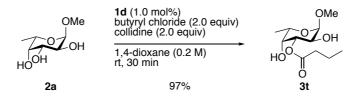
Data for **3s**: $R_f = 0.24$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 112-114 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ -213.4° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.06 (dd, J = 10.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.79 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.00 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.95 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.84 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.91 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.28 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.9, 99.6, 73.8, 70.8, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 21.1, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3499, 3435, 2989, 2969, 2947, 2920, 2849, 1711, 1388, 1261, 1085, 1261, 1085, 1028, 963, 803, 755, 646, 483 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₉H₁₆NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 243.0845, found 243.0839.

Methyl 2-*O*-acetyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**SI-7**)

OME Data for SI-7: colorless amorphous material; $R_f = 0.20 (1/2 \text{ } n\text{-hexane } / EtOAc)$; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -182.3^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ SI-7 EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{23} -182.3^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.98 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.83 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.99-3.94 (m, 2H, H-3, H-5), 3.80 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.36 (s, 3H), 3.00 (br, 1H, OH), 2.89 (br, 1H, OH), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.7, 97.3, 72.4, 71.6, 68.6, 65.4, 55.3, 21.1, 16.0; IR (neat) v = 3561, 3330, 2993, 2924, 1736, 1490, 1366, 1249, 1193, 1163, 1141, 1098, 1054, 997, 961, 926, 896, 869, 804, 674, 419 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₉H₁₆NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 243.0845, found 243.0837.

Methyl 2,3-*O*-diacetyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**SI-8**)

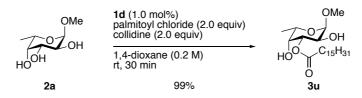
OMe Data for SI-8: colorless oil; $R_f = 0.36$ (1/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ -158.1° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.26 (dd, J = 10.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.19 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.90 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.04 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.92 (br, 1H, H-4), 3.38 (s, 3H), 2.11 (br, 1H, OH-4), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 1.28 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.5, 170.0, 97.2, 70.7, 70.6, 68.1, 65.2, 55.3, 20.9, 20.8, 15.9; IR (neat) v = 3495, 2939, 1742, 1373, 1234, 1197, 1164, 1120, 1056, 966, 931, 770 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₈NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 285.0950, found 285.0944. Methyl 3-O-butyryl- α -L-fucopyranoside (3t)



Butyryl chloride (41.8 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 30 minutes, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 1) to give **3t** (48.1 mg, 0.194 mmol, 97%) as a colorless amorphous material.

Data for **3t**: $R_f = 0.23$ (1/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{23} -169.5^{\circ}$ (*c* = 1.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.08 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.79 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 3.99 (br q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.95 (dt, *J* = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.83 (br t, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.41 (dt, *J* = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (dt, *J* = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (br d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H, OH-2), 1.94 (br d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, OH-4), 1.69 (sext, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, *H*-6), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.5, 99.7, 73.5, 70.9, 67.1, 65.6, 55.5, 36.2, 18.5, 16.0, 13.6; IR (neat) ν = 3486, 2936, 1720, 1289, 1159, 1051, 961, 871 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₂₀NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 271.1158, found 271.1158.

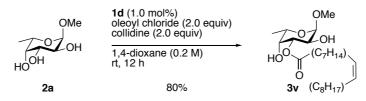
Methyl 3-O-palmitoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (3u)



Palmitoyl chloride (121 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%, 0.2 M) and collidine (53.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 30 minutes, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3u** (82.4 mg, 0.198 mmol, 99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3u**: $R_f = 0.20$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 66-68 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ -111.4° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.08 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.79 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.01 (br q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.95 (dt, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.84 (br t, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.42 (dt, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (dt, J = 15.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (br d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, OH-2), 1.94 (br d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, OH-4), 1.65 (quint, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, *H*-6), 1.25 (br s, 24H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.7, 99.7, 73.5, 70.9, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 34.3, 31.9, 29.67, 29.66, 29.65, 29.63, 29.62, 29.58, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2, 29.1, 25.0, 22.6, 16.0, 14.1; IR (KBr) v =3518, 3436, 2915, 2847, 1708, 1467, 1425, 1383, 1343, 1245, 1225, 1204, 1186, 1155, 1090, 1062, 1003, 967, 769, 720 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₄₄NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺439.3036, found 439.3030.

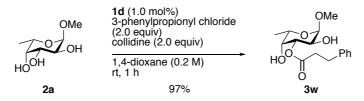
Methyl 3-O-oleoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3v**)



Oleoyl chloride (132 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 12 hours, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 4 : 1) to give **3v** (70.9 mg, 0.160 mmol, 80%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3v**: $R_f = 0.30 (2/1 \text{ n-hexane / EtOAc}); [\alpha]_D^{23} -109.5° ($ *c* $= 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) <math>\delta$ 5.37–5.28 (m, 2H), 5.05 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.77 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 3.99 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.94 (dt, *J* = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.82 (br, 1H, *H*-4), 3.42 (s, 3H), 2.42 (quin, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (quin, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.01–1.97 (m, 6H), 1.64 (quin, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.29–1.26 (m, 23H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.7, 123.0, 129.7, 99.7, 73.5, 70.8, 67.1, 65.6, 55.4, 34.3, 31.9, 29.7, 29.6, 29.5, 29.3, 29.12, 29.05, 29.0, 27.2, 27.1, 24.9, 22.6, 16.0, 14.1; IR (neat) v = 3460, 2926, 2854, 1737, 1465, 1383, 1364, 1194, 1163, 1055, 961, 759, 723, 680 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₄₆NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 465.3192, found 465.3185.

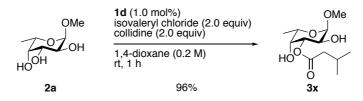
Methyl 3-O-3-phenylpropionyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3**w)



3-Phenylpropionyl chloride (59.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 1 hour, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 1) to give **3w** (60.2 mg, 0.194 mmol, 97%) as a white solid.

Data for **3w**: $R_f = 0.38$ (1/2 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 108-110 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -151.4^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32–7.28 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.20 (m, 3H), 5.02 (dd, J = 10.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.76 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.95 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.92 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.68 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.01 (dt, J = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dt, J = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dt, J = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dt, J = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.7, 140.2, 128.5, 128.3, 126.4, 99.6, 73.9, 70.7, 66.9, 65.6, 55.5, 35.8, 31.0, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3374, 3005, 2938, 2890, 1697, 1415, 1390, 1359, 1309, 1198, 1166, 1091, 1069, 960, 758, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₂NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 333.1314, found 333.1298.

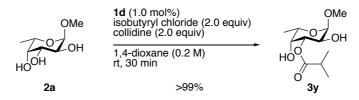
Methyl 3-O-isovaleryl- α -L-fucopyranoside (3x)



Isovaleryl chloride (48.7 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%, 0.2 M) and collidine (53.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 1 hour, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3x** (50.4 mg, 0.192 mmol, 96%) as a white solid.

Data for **3x**: $R_f = 0.30$ (1/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 92-94 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ -192.3° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.09 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.79 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.01 (br q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.95 (dt, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.84 (br t, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.32 (dd, J = 14.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (dd, J = 14.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.19–2.09 (m, 1H), 1.93 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, OH-2), 1.88 (br d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6), 0.99 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.9, 99.7, 73.5, 71.0, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 43.4, 25.9, 22.33, 22.32, 16.0; IR (KBr) $\nu = 3472$, 2958, 1719, 1368, 1296, 1052, 961, 871 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₂₂NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 285.1314, found 285.1315.

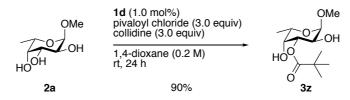
Methyl 3-*O*-isobutyryl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3**y)



Isobutyryl chloride (42.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 30 minutes, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 1) to give **3y** (50.0 mg, 0.201 mmol, >99%) as a white solid.

Data for **3y**: $R_f = 0.25$ (1/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 97-100 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ -200.8° (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.05 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.79 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.01 (br q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.96 (dt, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.84 (br, 1H, *H*-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.66 (sept, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.94 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, OH-2), 1.92 (br d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, OH-4), 1.28 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, *H*-6), 1.21 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.0, 99.7, 73.5, 70.9, 67.2, 65.7, 55.5, 34.1, 19.01, 19.00, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3480, 2938, 1728, 1196 1158, 1051, 961, 758 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₂₀NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 271.1158, found 271.1163.

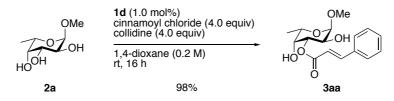
Methyl 3-*O*-pivaloyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3**z)



Pivaloyl chloride (73.1 μ L, 0.600 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (79.8 μ L, 0.600 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the resulting mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel by using pipette and washed with ethyl acetate and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3z** (47.3 mg, 0.180 mmol, 90%) as a white solid.

Data for **3z**: $R_f = 0.45$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 96-98 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 188.1^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.04 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.78 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.01 (br q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.96 (br, 1H, H-2), 3.83 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 1.89 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6), 1.25 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.3, 99.7, 73.5, 70.9, 67.2, 65.7, 55.5, 39.0, 27.2, 16.0; IR (KBr) $\nu = 3465$, 2929, 1734, 1191, 1050, 961, 755 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₂₂NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺285.1314, found 285.1328.

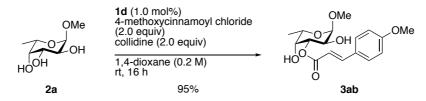
Methyl 3-*O*-cinnamoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3aa**)



Cinnamoyl chloride (133 mg, 0.800 mmol, 4.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (106 µL, 0.800 mmol, 4.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3aa** (60.4 mg, 0.196 mmol, 98%) as a colorless amorphous material.

Data for **3aa**: $R_f = 0.25 (1/1 \ n$ -hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{23} -190.5^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (d, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.40–7.38 (m, 3H), 6.54 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.83 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.08–4.03 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 3.93 (br d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.46 (s, 3H), 1.97 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 145.9, 134.2, 130.5, 128.9, 128.2, 117.5, 99.7, 74.0, 70.9, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 16.0; IR (neat) v = 3463, 2933, 1698, 1636, 1313, 1161, 1051, 961, 768 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₀NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 331.1158, found 331.1164.

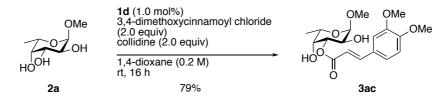
Methyl 3-O-4-methoxycinnamoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (3ab)



4-Methoxycinnamoyl chloride (78.7 mg, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3ab** (64.2 mg, 0.190 mmol, 95%) as a colorless amorphous material.

Data for **3ab**: $R_f = 0.18 (2/1 \ n$ -hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{24} -183.3^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (d, $J = 16.0 \ Hz$, 1H), 7.46 (d, $J = 8.8 \ Hz$, 2H), 6.88 (d, $J = 8.8 \ Hz$, 2H), 6.39 (d, $J = 16.0 \ Hz$, 1H), 5.16 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.81 (d, $J = 4.0 \ Hz$, 1H, H-1), 4.06 (dt, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.04 (br q, $J = 6.8 \ Hz$, 1H, H-5), 3.92 (br, 1H, H-4), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.19 (br, 1H, OH-4), 2.14 (d, $J = 10.4 \ Hz$, 1H, OH-2), 1.29 (d, $J = 6.8 \ Hz$, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 161.5, 145.6, 129.9, 126.9, 114.8, 114.3, 99.7, 73.8, 70.8, 67.1, 65.7, 55.5, 55.3, 16.0; IR (neat) v = 3461, 2936, 1699, 1605, 1514, 1423, 1255, 1174, 1053, 961, 830, 756 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₂NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 361.1263, found 361.1255.

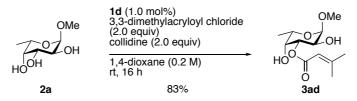
Methyl 3-O-3,4-dimethoxycinnamoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3ac**)



3,4-Dimethoxycinnamoyl chloride (90.7 mg, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3ac** (58.2 mg, 0.158 mmol, 79%) as a colorless amorphous material.

Data for **3ac**: $R_f = 0.43$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 142.7^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.82 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.06 (dd, J = 10.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.04 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.93 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 2.21 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 151.3, 149.1, 145.8, 127.1, 122.9, 115.0, 110.9, 109.5, 99.7, 73.9, 70.8, 67.1, 65.7, 55.9, 55.8, 55.5, 16.0; IR (neat) v = 3483, 2937, 1703, 1633, 1599, 1514, 1465, 1262, 1159, 1140, 1052, 809, 755 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₄NaO₈ [M+Na]⁺ 391.1369, found 391.1367.

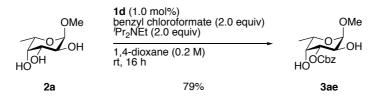
Methyl 3-*O*-3,3-dimethylacryloyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ad**)



3,3-Dimethylacryloyl chloride (44.5 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and collidine (53.2 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3ad** (43.2 mg, 0.166 mmol, 83%) as a white solid.

Data for **3ad**: $R_f = 0.37$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 91-93 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -209.9^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.80 (sep, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.80 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.02 (br q, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.98 (dt, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.87 (br t, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.18 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 2.00 (br d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, OH-2), 1.92 (br d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, OH-4), 1.92 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 158.7, 115.5, 99.7, 72.8, 71.0, 67.2, 65.7, 55.5, 27.5, 20.4, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3574, 3369, 2984, 2937, 1714, 1652, 1450, 1383, 1234, 1197, 1151, 1087, 1039, 960, 853, 750 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₂H₂₀NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺ 283.1158, found 283.1154.

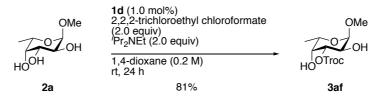
Methyl 3-O-benzyloxycarbonyl-a-L-fucopyranoside (3ae)



Benzyl chloroformate (56.4 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 μ mol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3ae** (49.1 mg, 0.157 mmol, 79%) as a colorless amorphous material.

Data for **3ae**: $R_f = 0.37$ (1/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 138.6^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40–7.34 (m, 5H), 5.21 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.80 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.02 (dd, J = 10.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.99 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.92 (br d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, *H*-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.00 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, *H*-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.9, 134.8, 128.64, 128.61, 128.4, 99.6, 77.9, 70.5, 70.1, 67.0, 65.6, 55.5, 16.0; IR (neat) v = 3471, 2937, 1743, 1455, 1387, 1269, 1055, 963, 758 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₂₀NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 335.1107, found 335.1119.

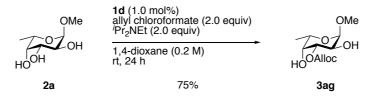
Methyl 3-O-2,2,2-trichloroethyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (3af)



2,2,2-Trichloroethyl chloroformate (53.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 0.00200 mmol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (chloroform : methanol = 100 : 1) to give **3af** (57.5 mg, 0.163 mmol, 81%) as a white solid.

Data for **3af**: $R_f = 0.39$ (20/1 CHCl₃ / MeOH); mp 114-117 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -127.6^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.94 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.83 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.75 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.99 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.96 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.14 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.8, 99.5, 94.2, 79.1, 77.0, 70.3, 66.9, 65.7, 55.5, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3521, 3403, 2992, 2919, 1761, 1449, 1388, 1274, 1248, 1168, 1140, 1054, 964, 825, 764, 733, 713, 568 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₀H₁₅³⁵Cl₃NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 374.9781, found 374.9777.

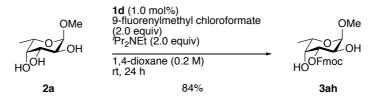
Methyl 3-O-allyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (3ag)



Allyl chloroformate (42.1 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl α-L-fucopyranoside (2a) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid 1d 1.4-dioxane. 1.00 mL, 0.00200 mmol. 1.0 (0.002)Μ in mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO3 aq., water and brine, dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 1 : 1) to give **3ag** (39.4 mg, 0.150 mmol, 75%) as a white solid.

Data for **3ag**: $R_f = 0.40 (1/2 n$ -hexane / EtOAc); mp 112-114 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} -171.1^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.94 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (dq, J = 17.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (dq, J = 10.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.80 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.65 (dt, J = 5.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.99 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.92 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.01 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.7, 131.2, 119.3, 99.6, 77.8, 70.5, 68.9, 67.0, 65.6, 55.5, 16.0; IR (KBr) $\nu = 3575$, 3345, 2986, 2941, 2839, 1740, 1458, 1389, 1277, 1199, 1159, 1089, 1054, 960, 786, 764 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₈NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 285.0950, found 285.0946.

Methyl 3-O-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (3ah)

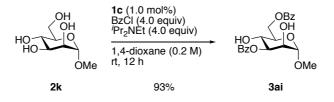


9-Fluorenylmethyl chloroformate (51.7 mg, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (0.002 M in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 mL, 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 24 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3ah** (67.1 mg, 0.168 mmol, 84%) as a white solid.

Data for **3ah**: $R_f = 0.50 (1/2 n$ -hexane / EtOAc); mp 174-178 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23} - 121.3^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.81 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.51 (dd, J = 10.4, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (dd, J = 10.4, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.98 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.90 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.44 (s, 3H), 2.06 (br, 2H, OH-2, OH-4), 1.30 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, H-6); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.9, 143.3, 143.1, 141.3, 141.2, 127.9, 127.2, 125.2, 125.1, 120.04, 120.02, 99.6, 77.9, 70.5, 70.1, 67.0, 65.7, 55.5, 46.7, 16.0; IR (KBr) v = 3510, 3429, 2988, 2936, 2892, 2839, 1728, 1450, 1393, 1282, 1202, 1164, 1096, 1058, 969, 759, 736 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₄NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺ 423.1420, found 423.1414.

9. Boronic acid catalyzed site-selective dibenzoylations (Scheme 4)

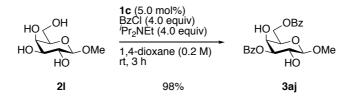
Methyl 3,6-*O*-dibenzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside (**3ai**)



Benzoyl chloride (93.8 µL, 0.800 mmol, 4.0 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α-D-mannopyranoside (2k) (38.8 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid 1c mL. (0.002)Μ in 1,4-dioxane, 1.00 2.00 µmol, 1.0 mol%) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 12 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3ai** (74.4 mg, 0.185 mmol, 93%) as a colorless oil.

Data for **3ai**: $R_f = 0.31 (2/1 n$ -hexane / EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{24} + 61.9^\circ$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08–8.05 (m, 4H), 7.58–7.53 (m, 2H), 7.44–7.39 (m, 4H), 5.36 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.78 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.73 (dd, J = 12.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.61 (dd, J = 12.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H-6), 4.17 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.13 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.61 (ddd, J = 9.8, 5.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 166.7, 133.4, 133.2, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 129.5, 128.41, 128.39, 100.7, 75.0, 70.9, 69.3, 65.9, 64.0, 55.0; IR (neat) v = 3454, 1714, 1452, 1277, 1117, 1059, 757, 712 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₁H₂₂NaO₈ [M+Na]⁺ 425.1212, found 425.1202.

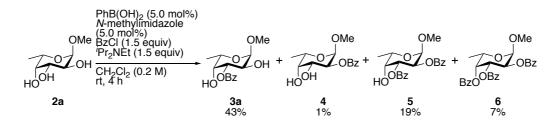
Methyl 3,6-*O*-dibenzoyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (**3aj**)⁶



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 µL, 0.400 mmol, 4.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl β -D-galactopyranoside (**2l**) (19.4 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1c** (1.01 mg, 5.00 µmol, 5.0 mol%) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 µL, 0.400 mmol, 4.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane (0.5 mL, 0.2 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 3 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (hexane : ethyl acetate = 2 : 1) to give **3aj** (29.3 mg, 0.0982 mmol, 98%) as a white solid.

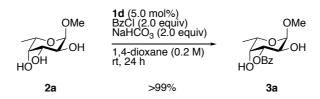
Data for **3aj**: $R_f = 0.13$ (2/1 *n*-hexane / EtOAc); mp 132-134 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ -5.6° (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10–8.08 (m, 2H), 8.04–8.02 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 4H), 5.14 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.65 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 4.56 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-6), 4.36 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-1), 4.24 (br, 1H, *H*-4), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 7.7 Hz, 1H, *H*-2), 3.97 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, *H*-5), 3.59 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 166.1, 133.5, 133.3, 129.9, 129.7, 129.5, 129.4, 128.46, 128.45, 104.3, 75.4, 72.3, 69.4, 67.2, 62.6, 57.2; IR (KBr) v = 3548, 2920, 1715, 1450, 1284, 1121, 1070, 712, 772 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₁H₂₂NaO₈ [M+Na]⁺ 425.1212, found 425.1202.

10. Control experiments for mechanistic studies (Scheme 5)a) PhB(OH)₂ / *N*-methylimidazole as catalyst



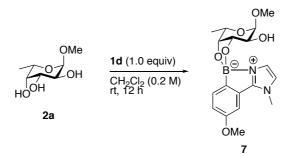
Benzoyl chloride (17.6 µL, 0.150 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added to a stirred mixture of methyl α-L-fucopyranoside (2a) (17.8 mg, 0.100 mmol, 1.0 equiv), phenyl boronic acid (0.610 mg, 5.00 µmol, 5.0 mol%), N-methylimidazole (0.01 M in dichloromethane, 0.5 mL, 5.00 µmol, 5 mol%) and N,N-diisopropylethylamine (26.1 µL, 0.150 mmol, 1.5 equiv) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 4 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO3 aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The yields were ¹H-NMR determined by analysis of crude product mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane as an internal standard.

b) 1d as catalyst with NaHCO₃



Benzoyl chloride (46.9 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), boronic acid **1d** (2.32 mg, 10.0 μ mol, 5.0 mol%), and NaHCO₃ (33.6 mg, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane (1.0 mL, 0.2 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 4 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The yield was determined by ¹H-NMR analysis of crude product mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane as an internal standard.

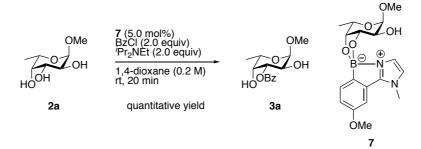
Preparation of 7



Methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (17.6 mg, 0.100 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and boronic acid **1d** (23.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were dissolved in dry dichloromethane (0.5 mL, 0.2 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 12 hours, the resulting mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude material was used in the next reaction without further purification.

Data for 7: $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -67.3° (*c* = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (br, 1H, *H*-1), 4.34 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H, *H*-3), 4.19–4.15 (m, 2H, *H*-4, *H*-5), 4.02 (br, 1H, *H*-2), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 2.62 (br, 1H, OH-2), 1.32 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.6, 132.5, 131.6, 123.7, 121.2, 114.3, 107.7, 98.8, 75.9, 75.1, 71.1, 65.6, 55.5, 55.2, 34.5, 16.4; IR (neat) v = 3404, 2934, 1614, 1567, 1515, 1255, 1173, 1074, 982, 752 cm⁻¹; HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₄¹¹BN₂O₆ [M+H]⁺ 375.1727, found 375.1727.

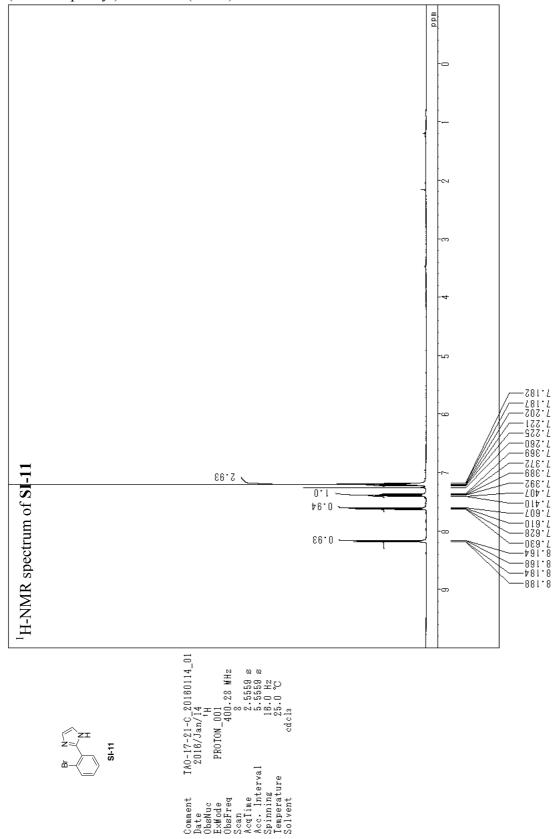
c) 7 as catalyst

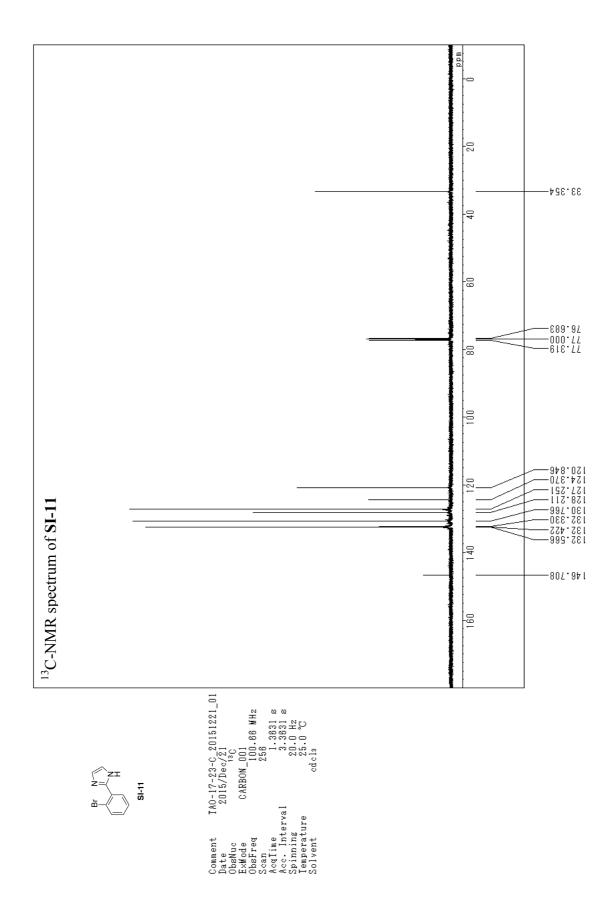


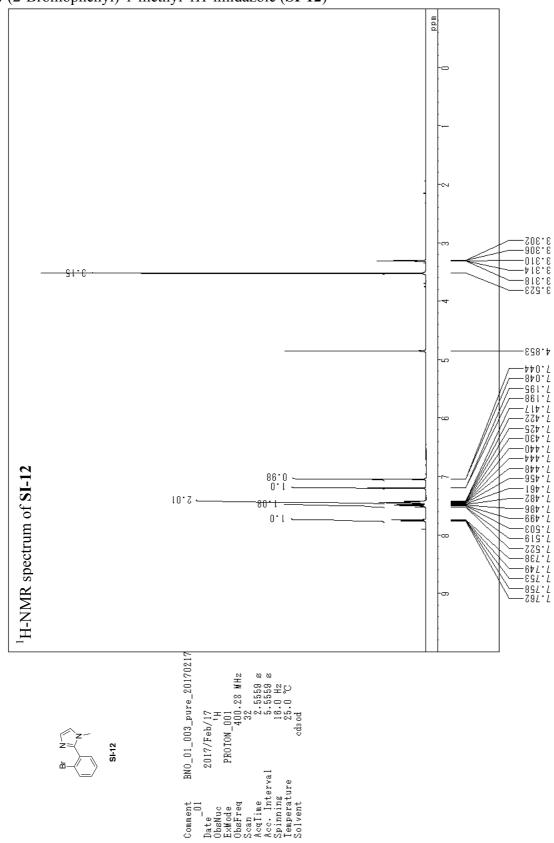
Benzoyl chloride (46.9 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to a stirred solution of methyl α -L-fucopyranoside (**2a**) (35.6 mg, 0.200 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **7** (3.74 mg, 10.0 μ mol, 5.0 mol%), and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (69.6 μ L, 0.400 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in dry 1,4-dioxane (1.0 mL, 0.2 M) under ambient atmosphere. After stirring for 4 hours, the reaction was quenched by addition of 1 M HCl (2.0 mL) and the resulting mixture was extracted two times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with sat. NaHCO₃ aq., water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The yield was determined by ¹H-NMR analysis of crude product mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane as an internal standard.

11. ¹H, ¹H-¹H COSY, ¹³C NMR spectra

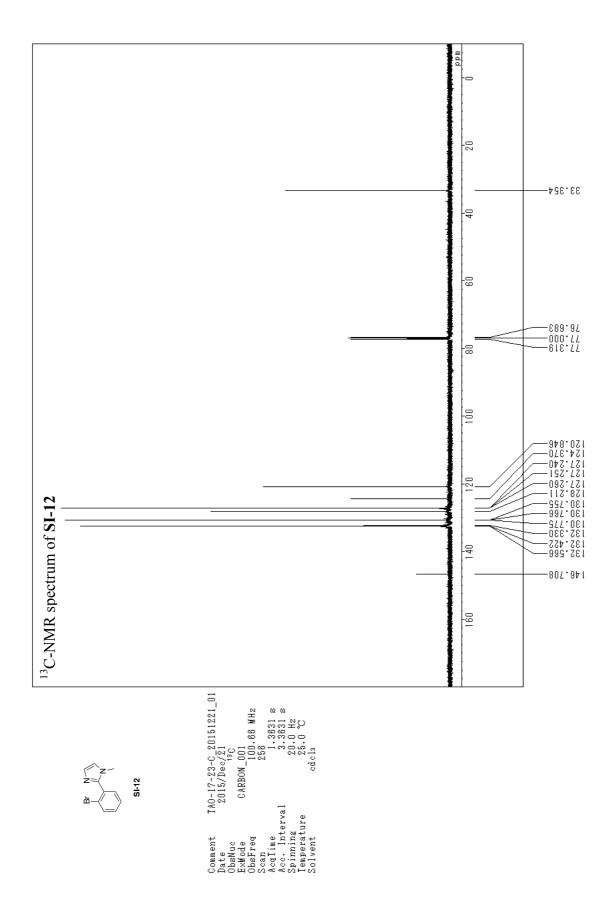
2-(2-Bromophenyl)imidazole (SI-11)

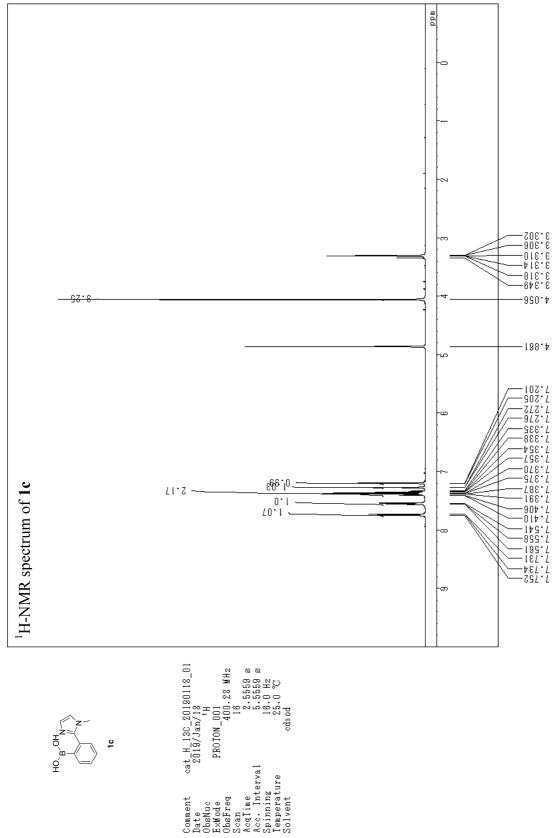




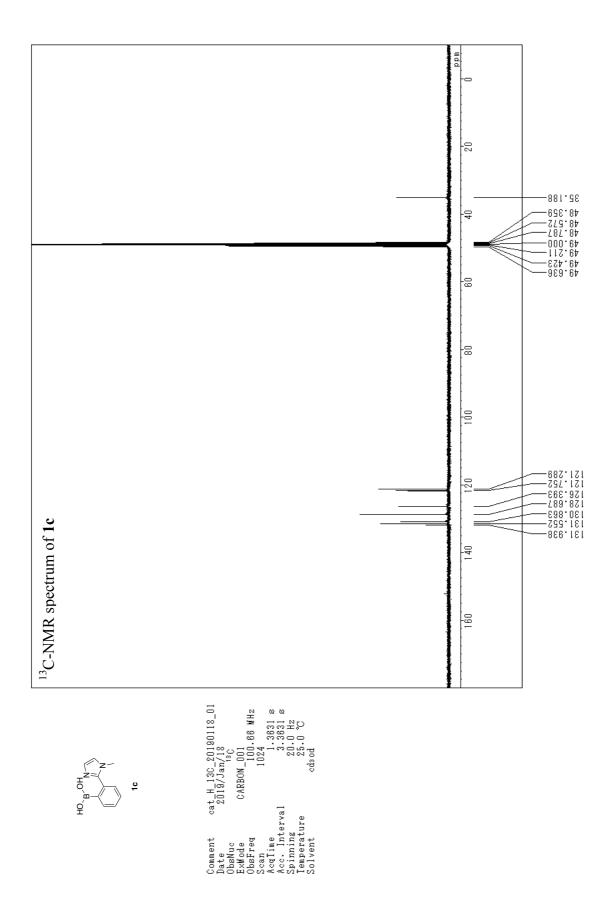


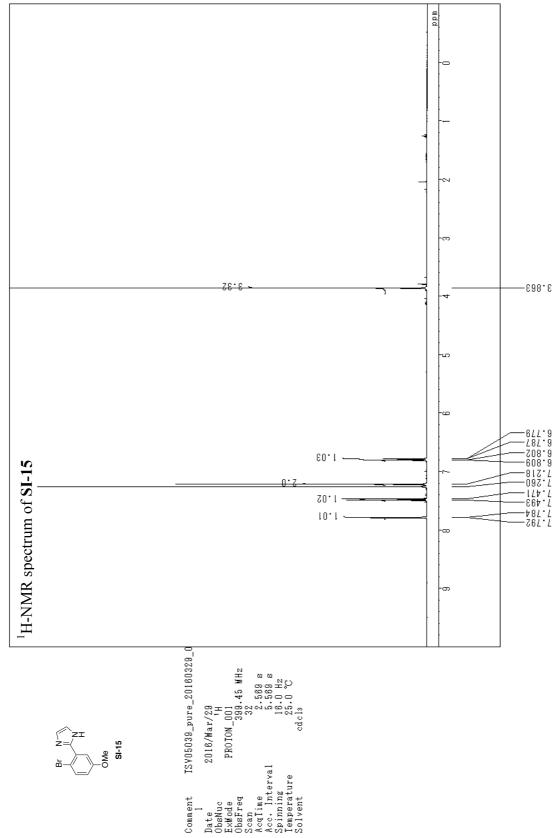
2-(2-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole (SI-12)



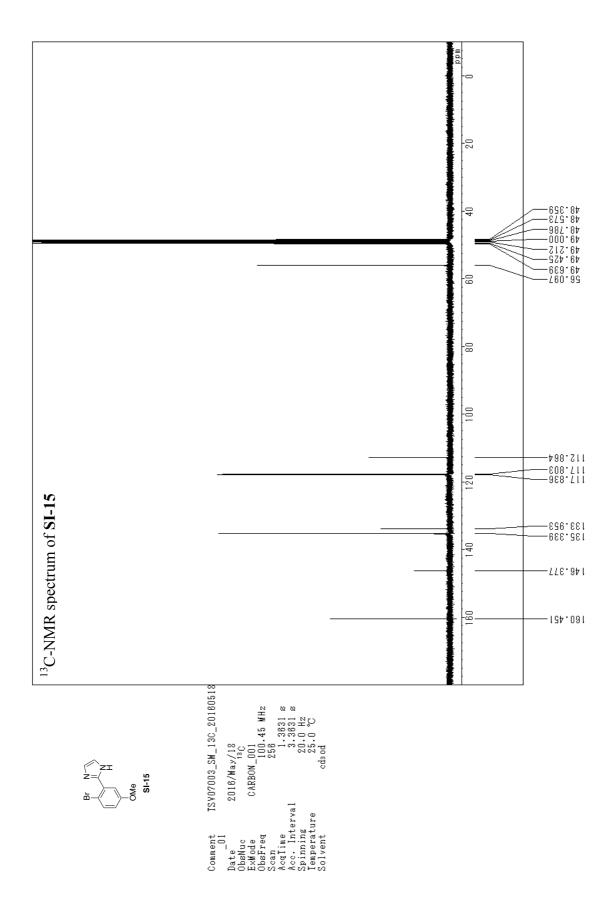


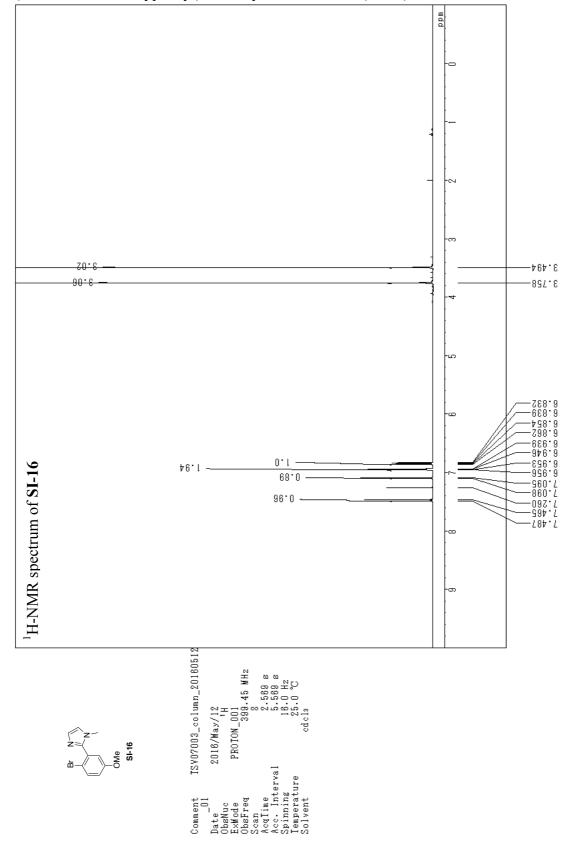
(2-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)boronic acid (1c)



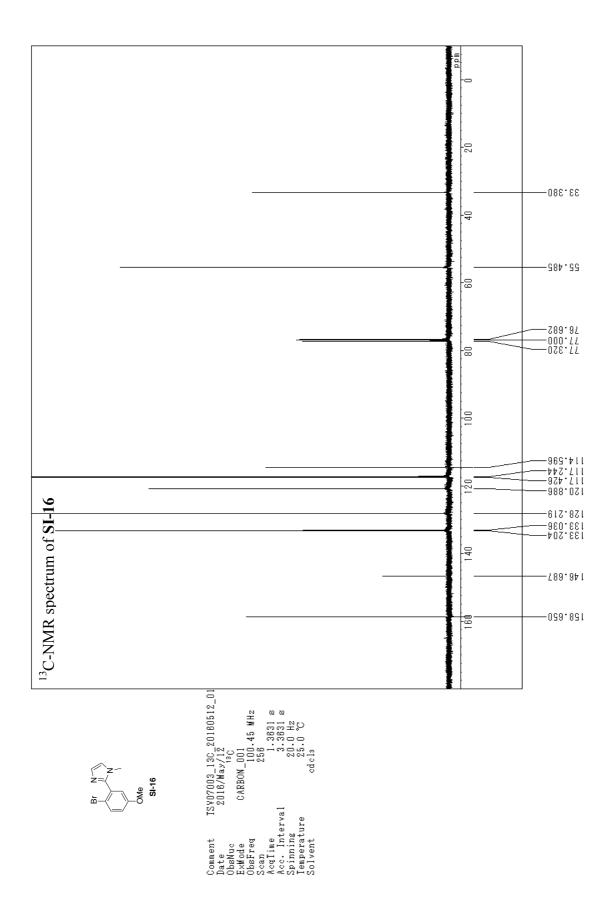


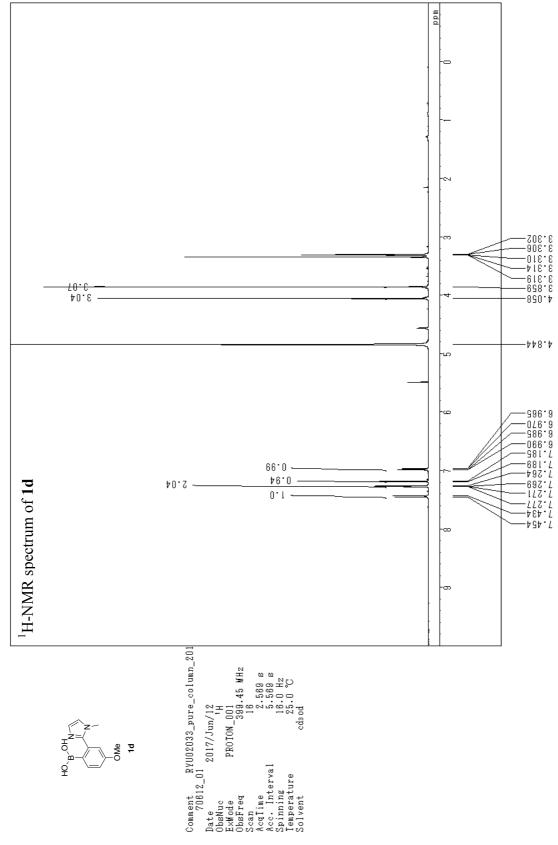
2- (2-Bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-imidazole (SI-15)



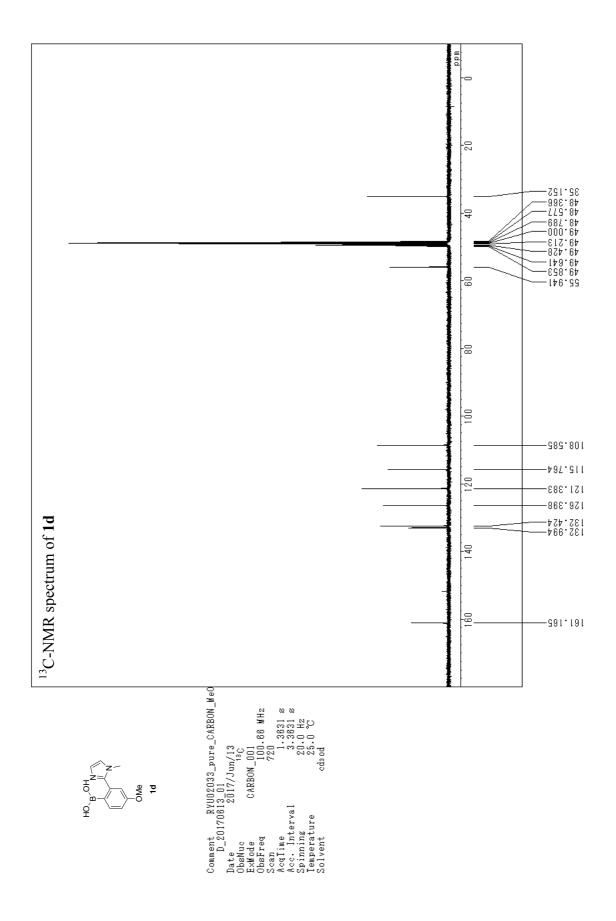


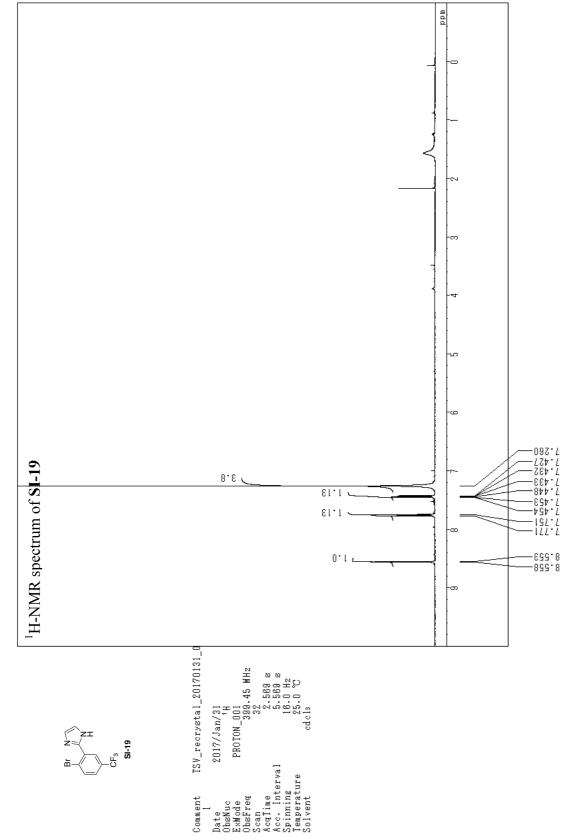
2-(2-Bromo-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole (SI-16)



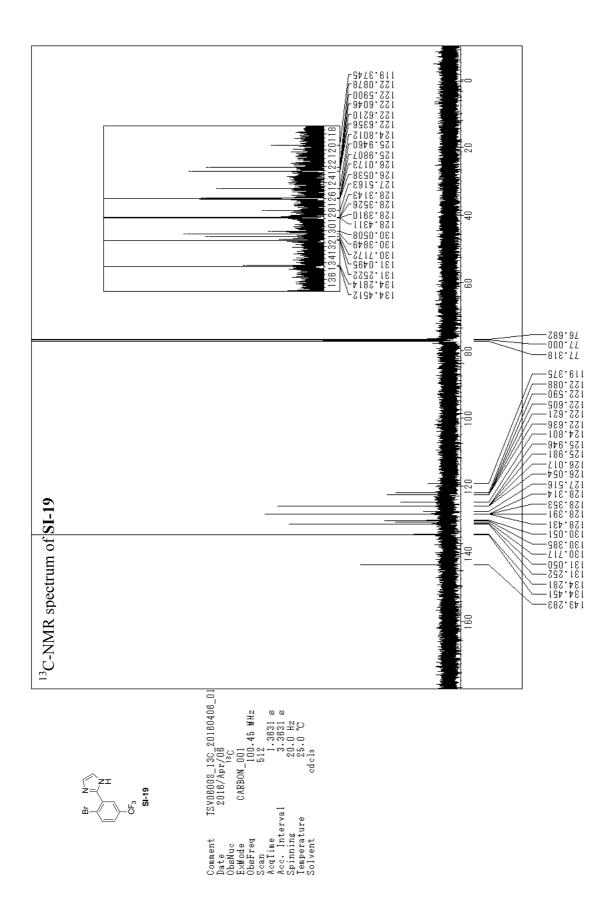


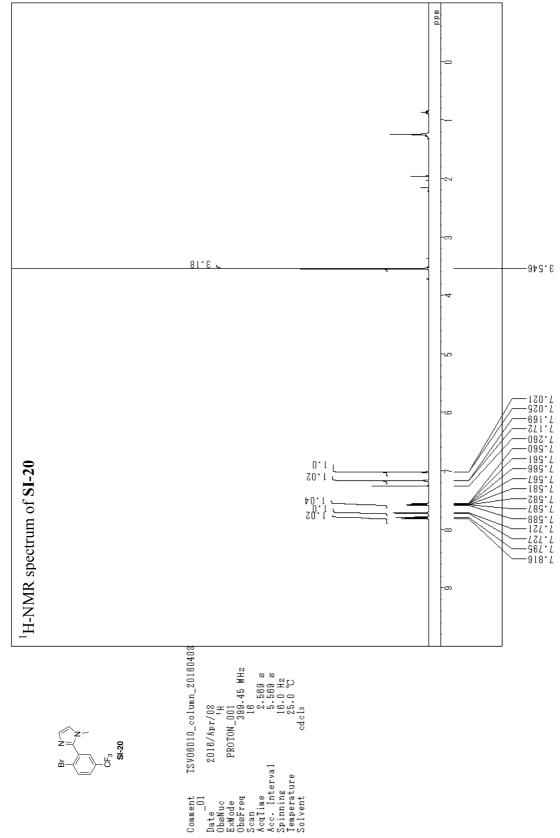
(4-Methoxy-2-(1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)phenyl)boronic acid (1d)



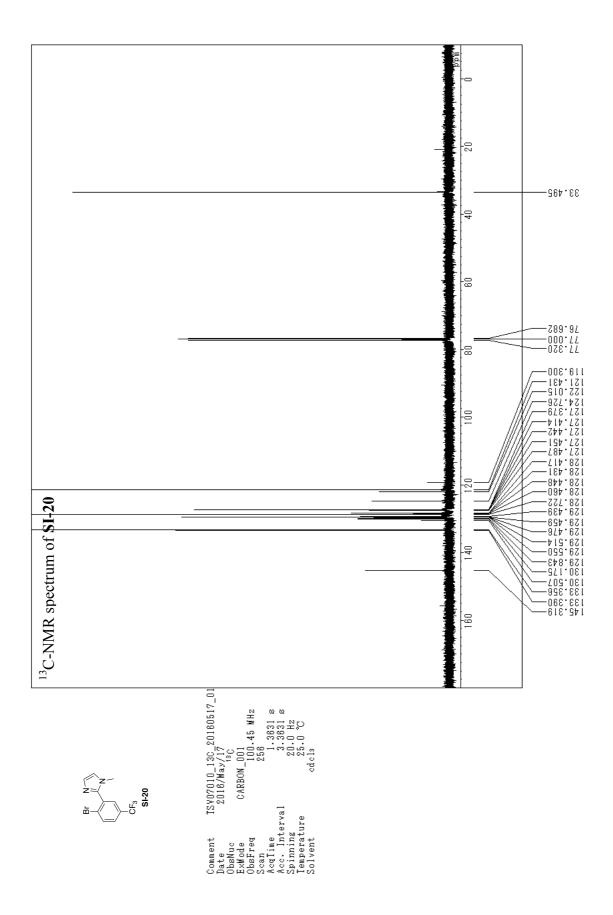


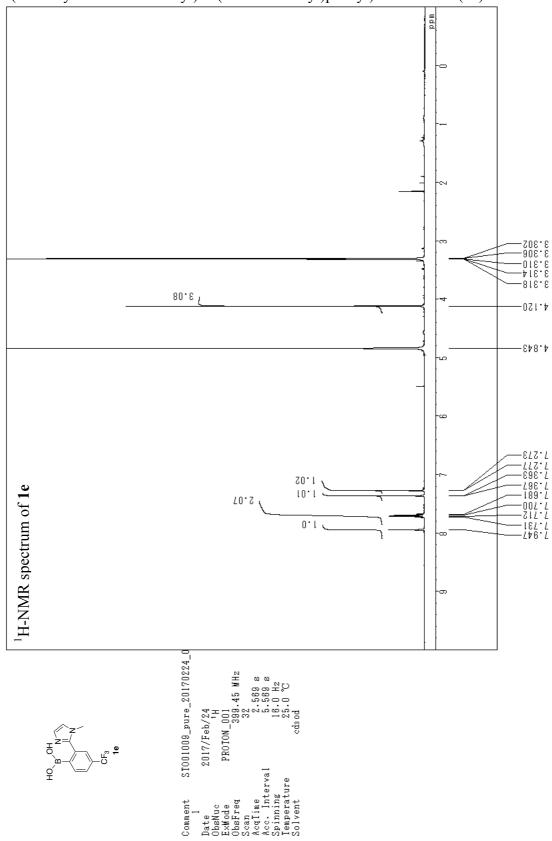
2-(2-Bromo-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1*H*-imidazole (**SI-19**)



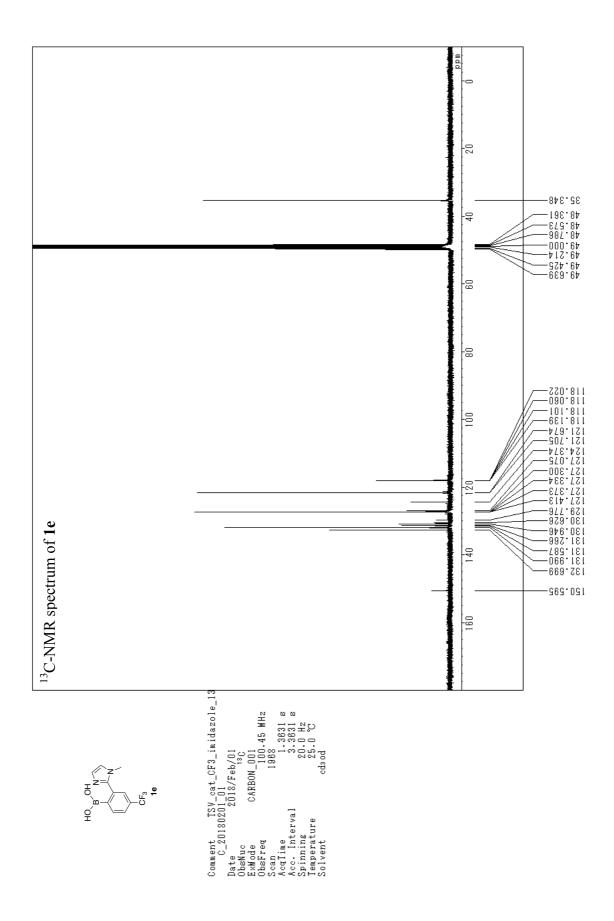


2-(2-Bromo-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-imidazole (SI-20)

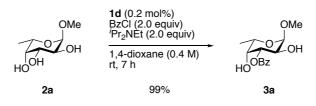


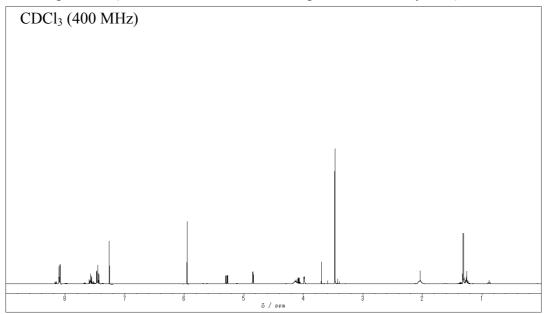


(2-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)boronic acid (1e)

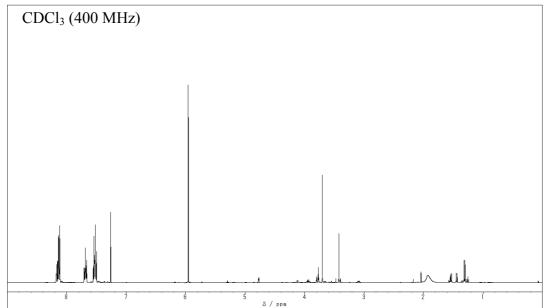


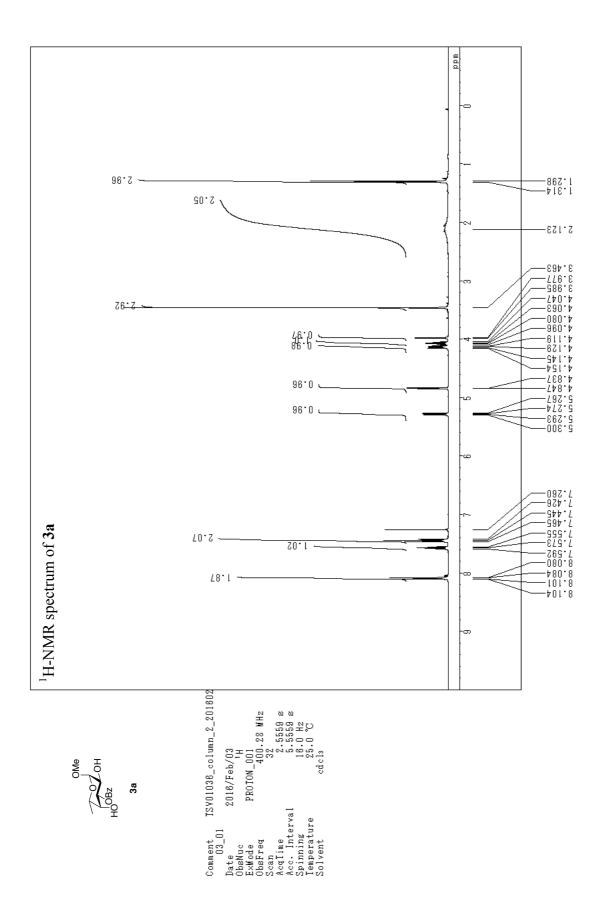
Methyl 3-*O*-benzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3a**)

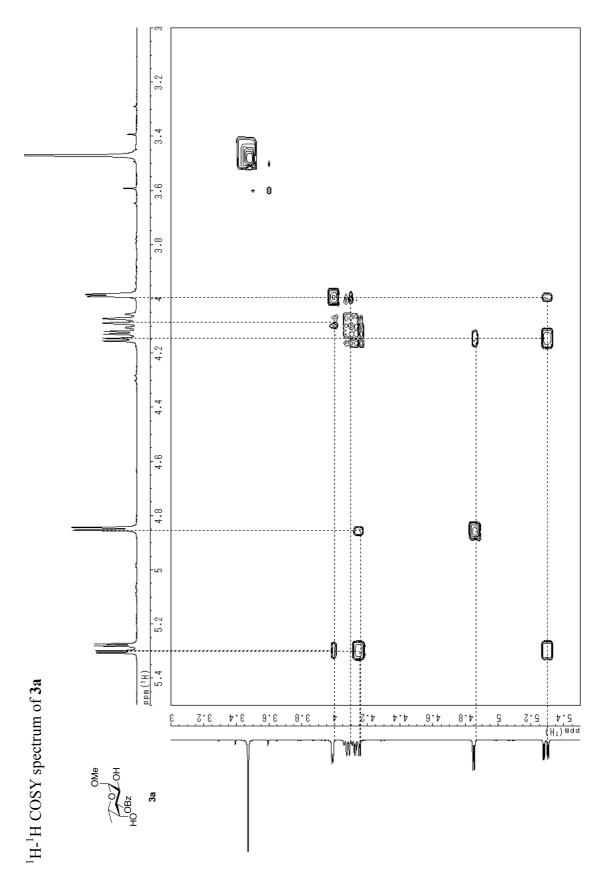




¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

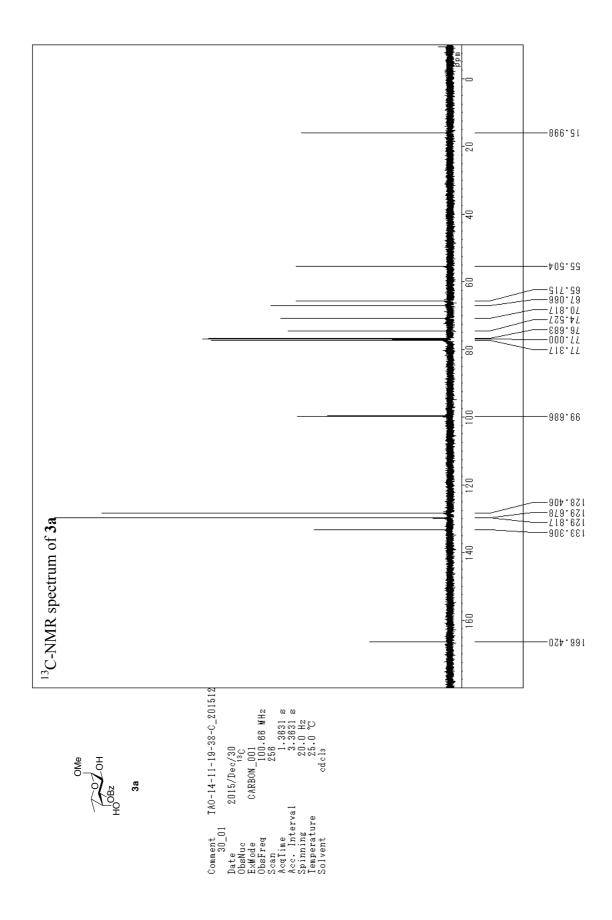


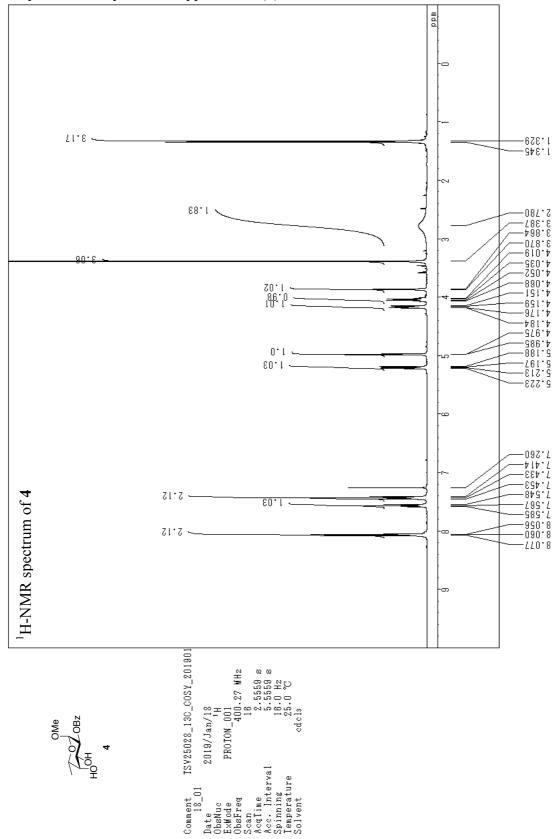




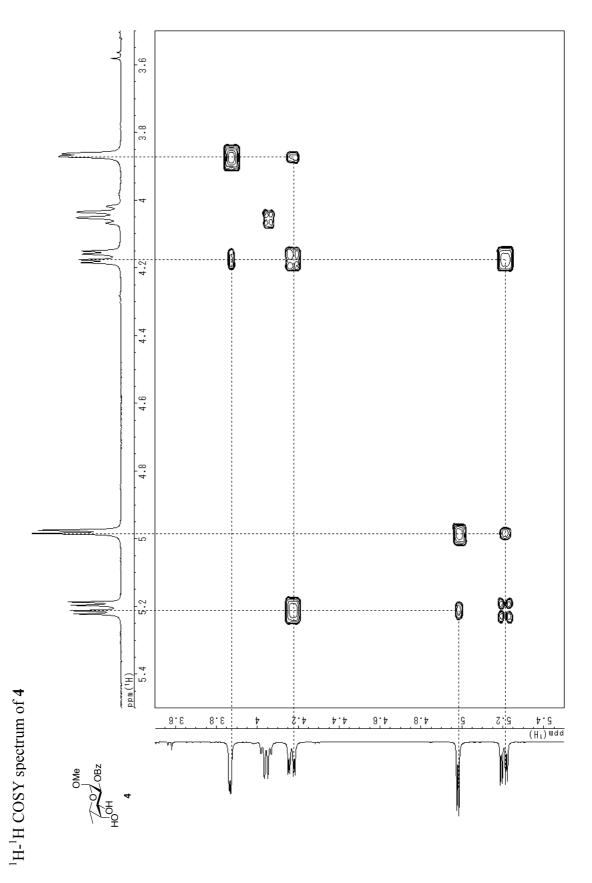


S83

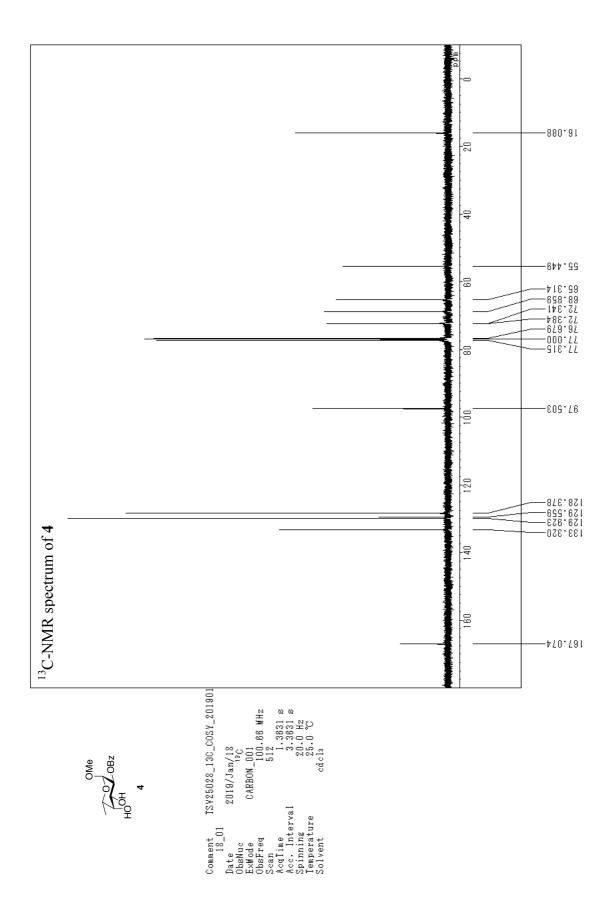


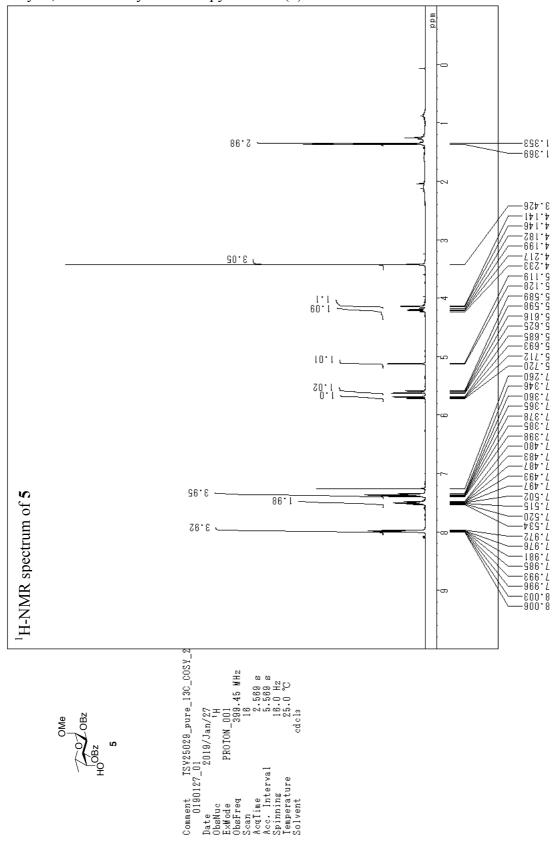


Methyl 2-O-benzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (4)

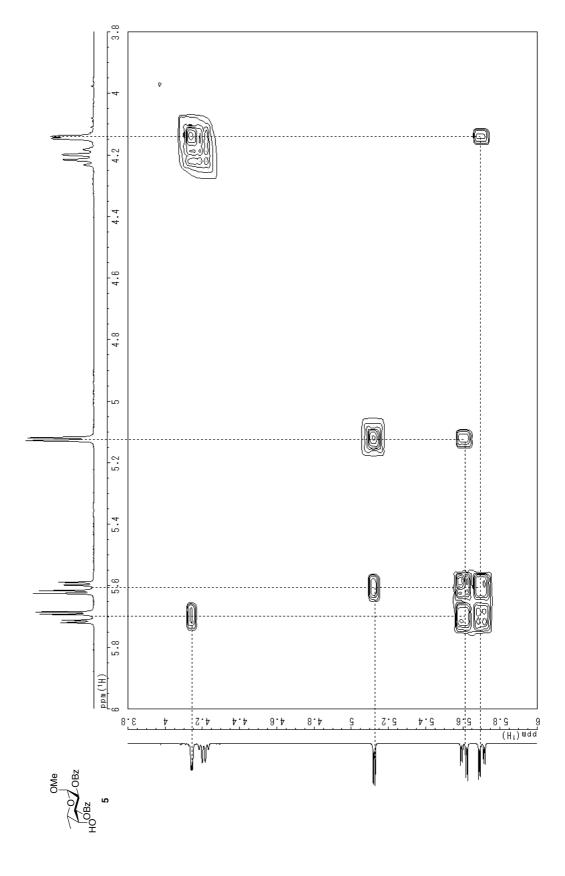


S86

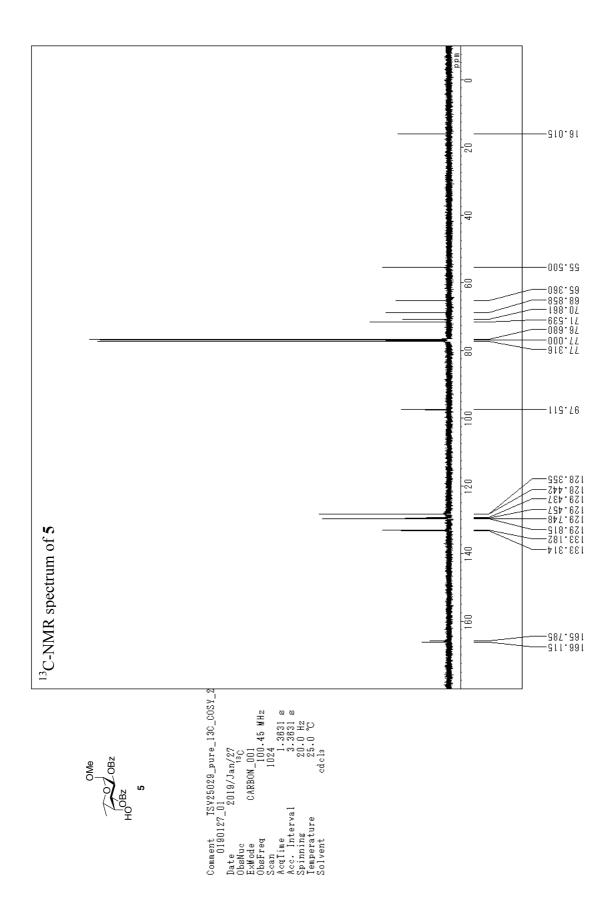


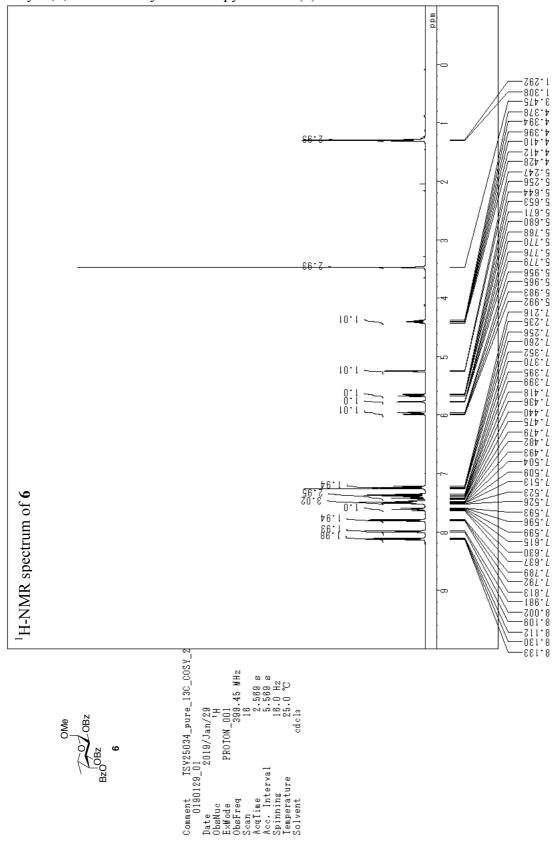


Methyl 2,3-*O*-dibenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (5)

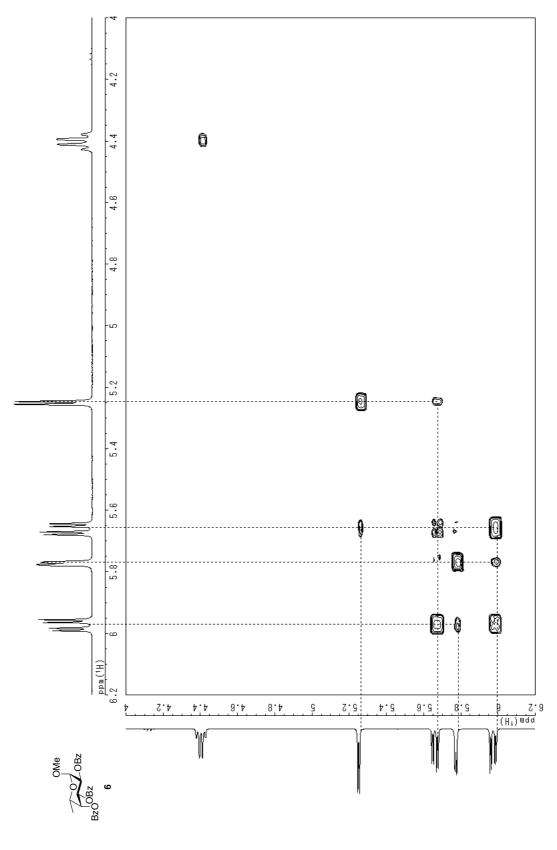


¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of 5

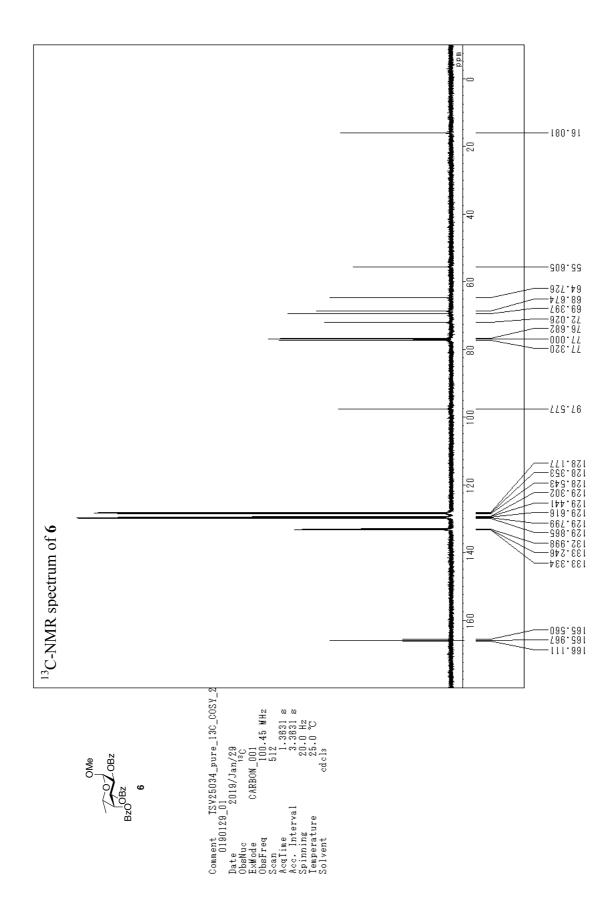




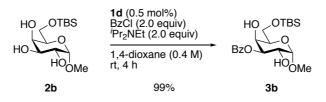
Methyl 2,3,4-*O*-tribenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (6)

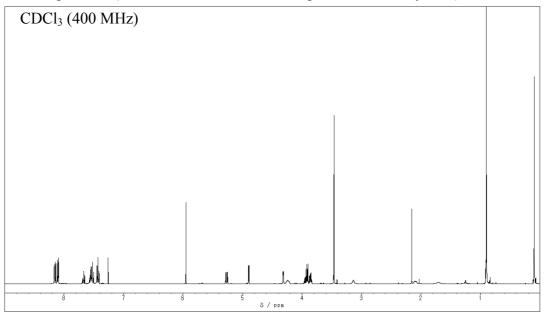


¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of 6

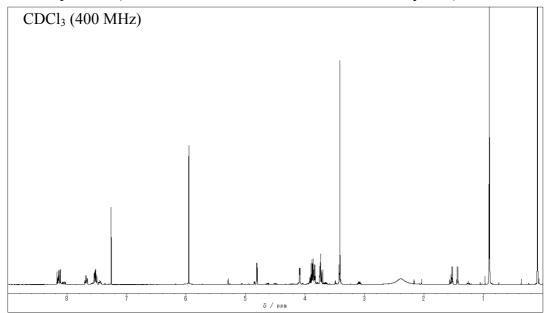


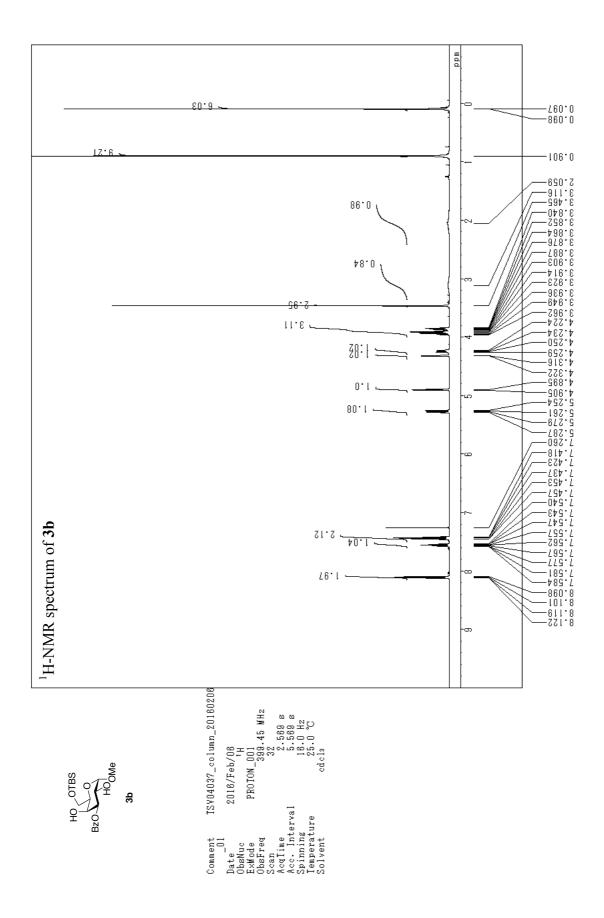
Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-galactopyranoside (**3b**)

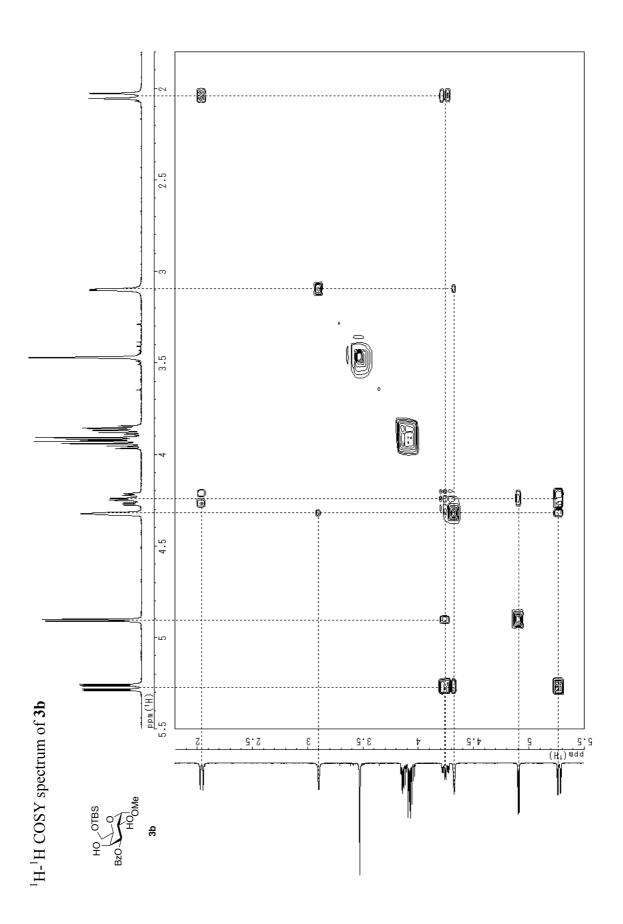


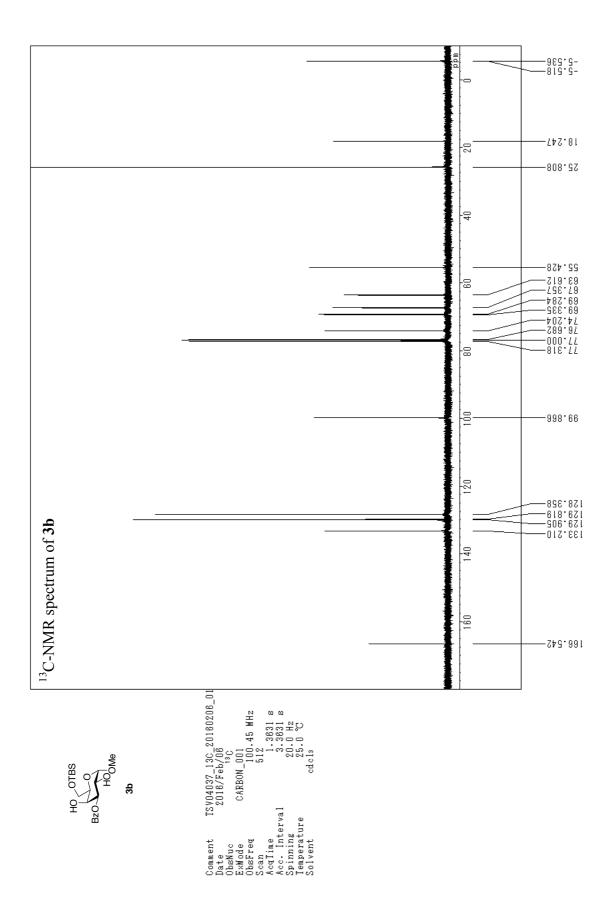


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)



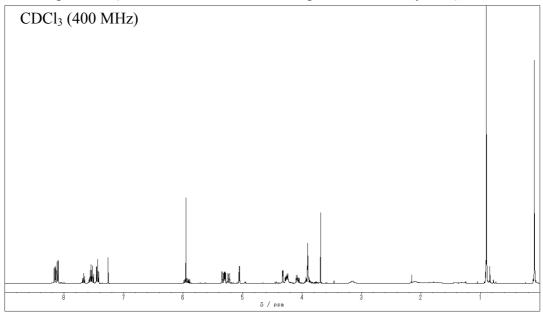




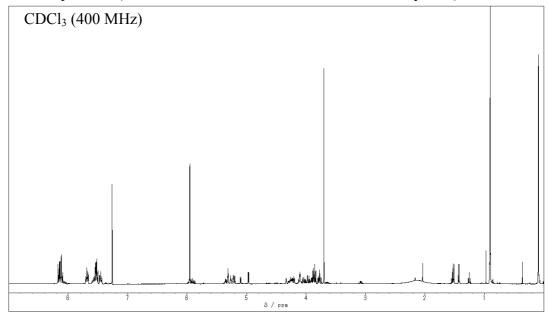


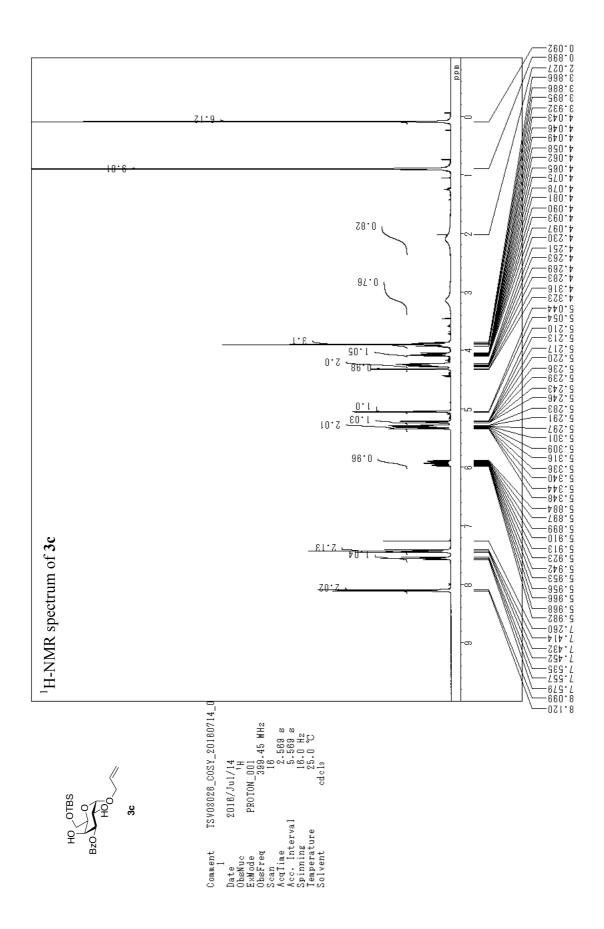
Allyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-galactopyranoside (**3c**)

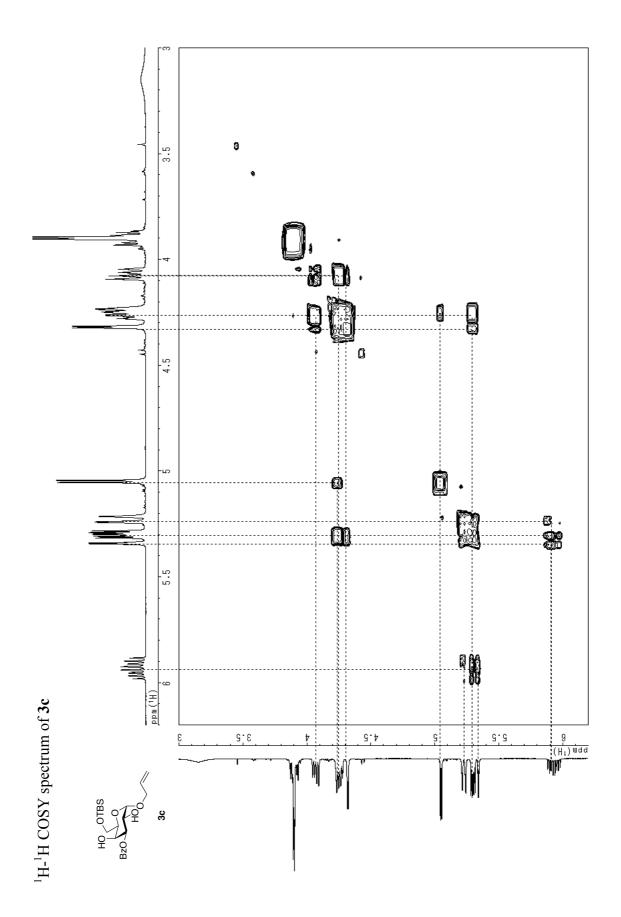


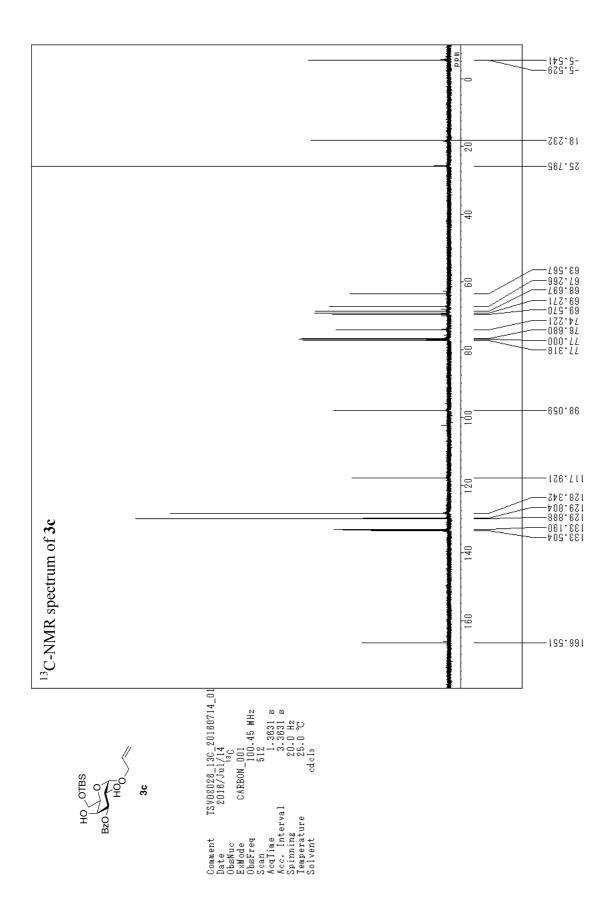


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

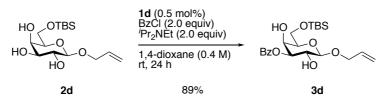


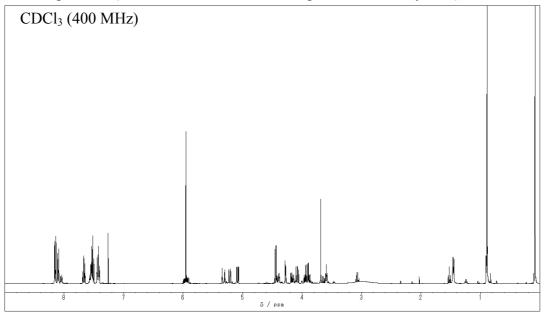




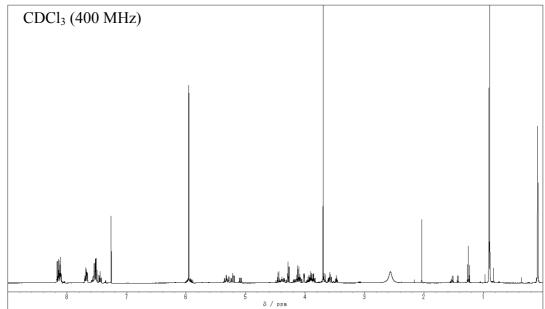


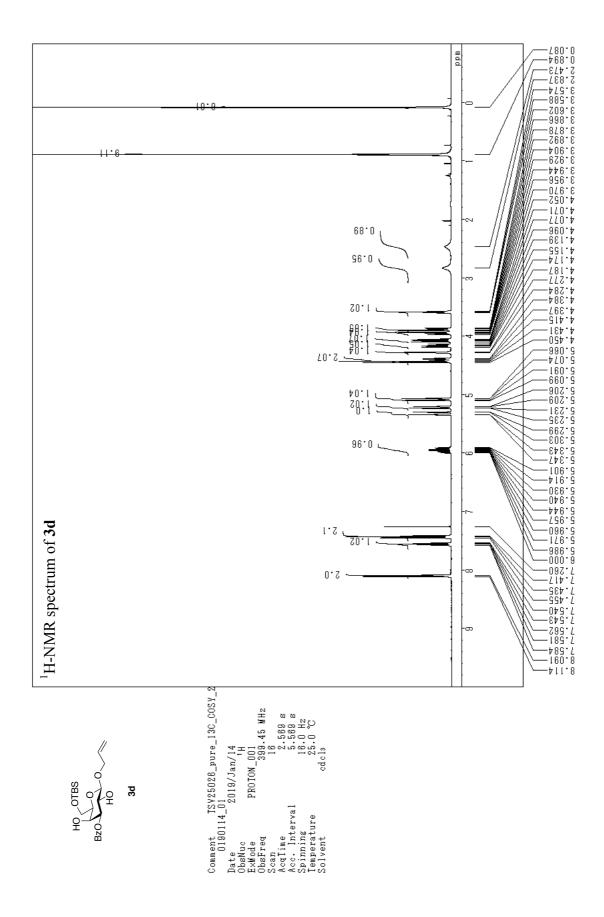
Allyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (**3d**)

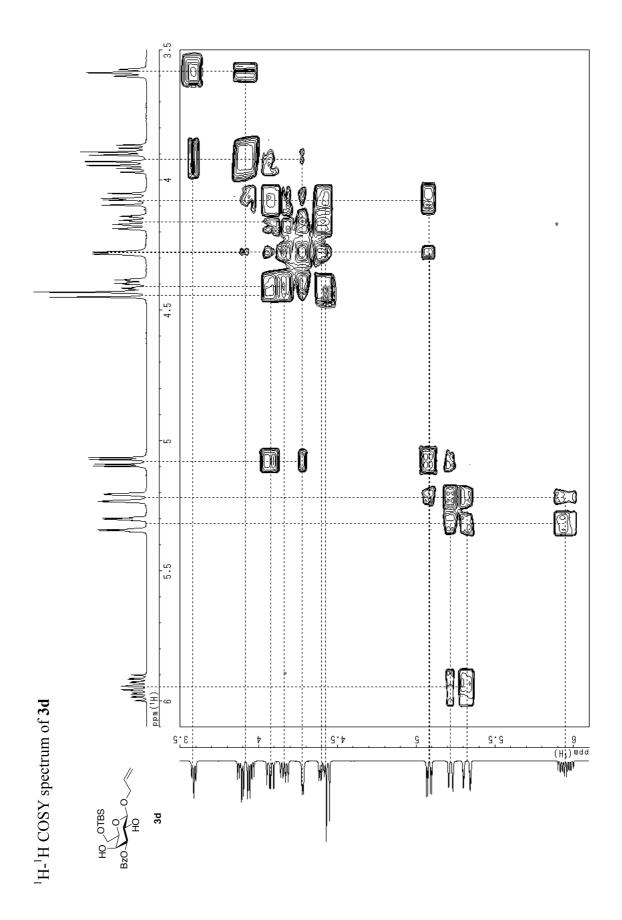


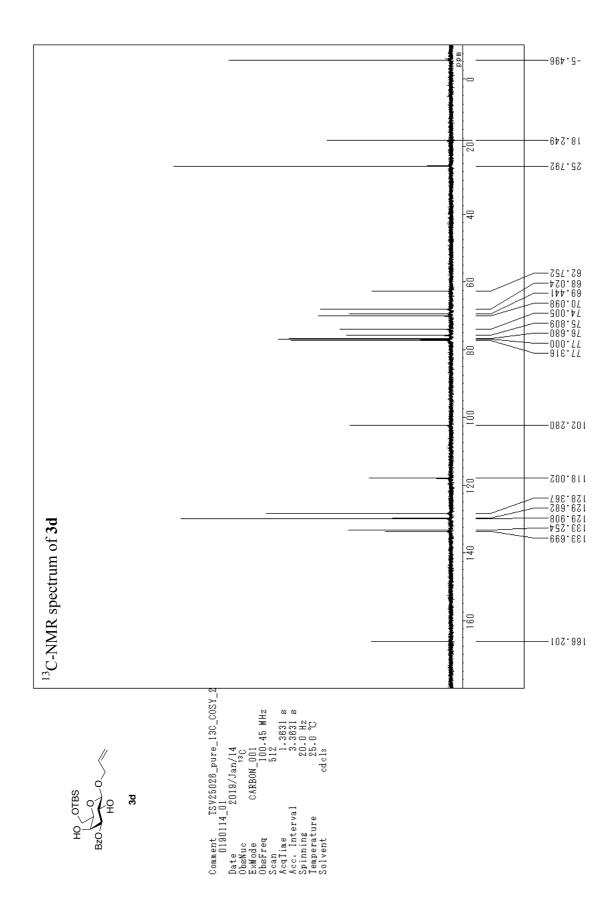


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

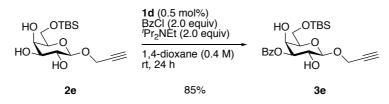


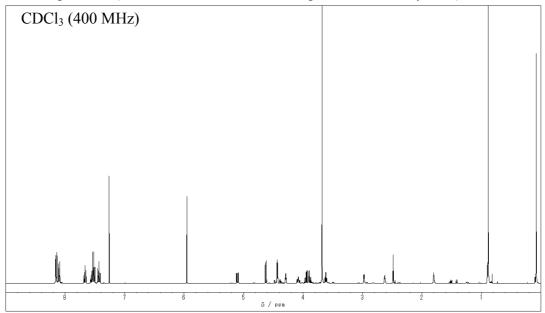




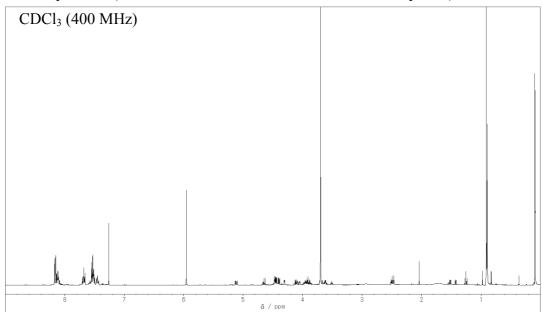


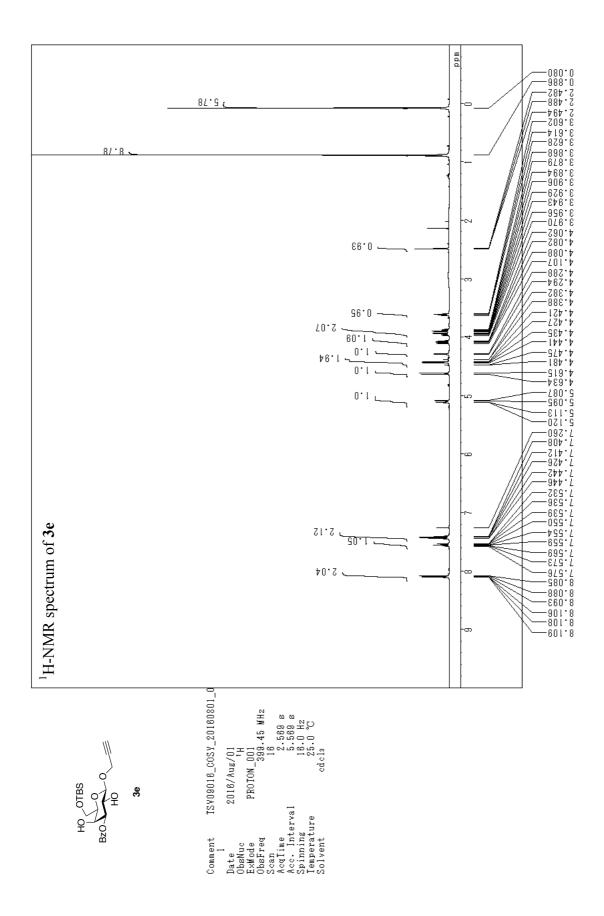
Propargyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (**3e**)

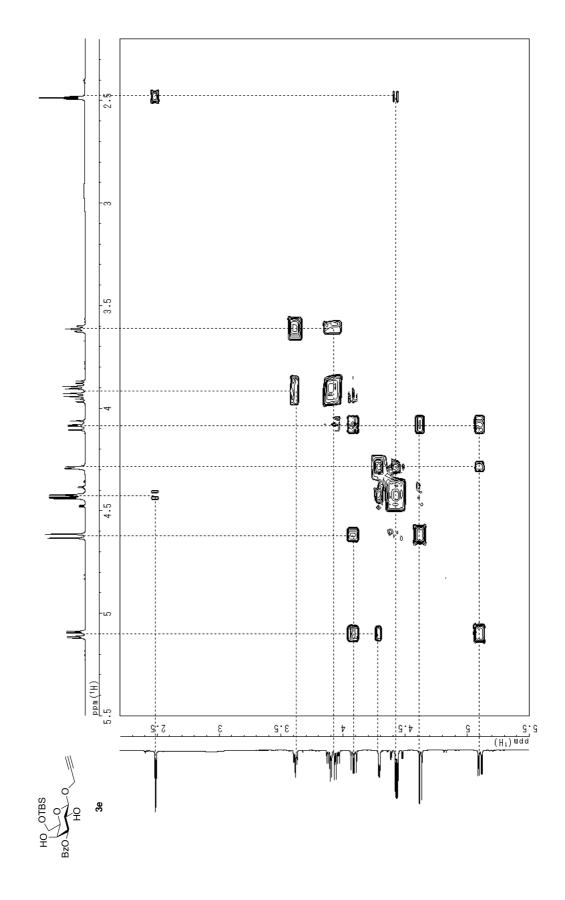




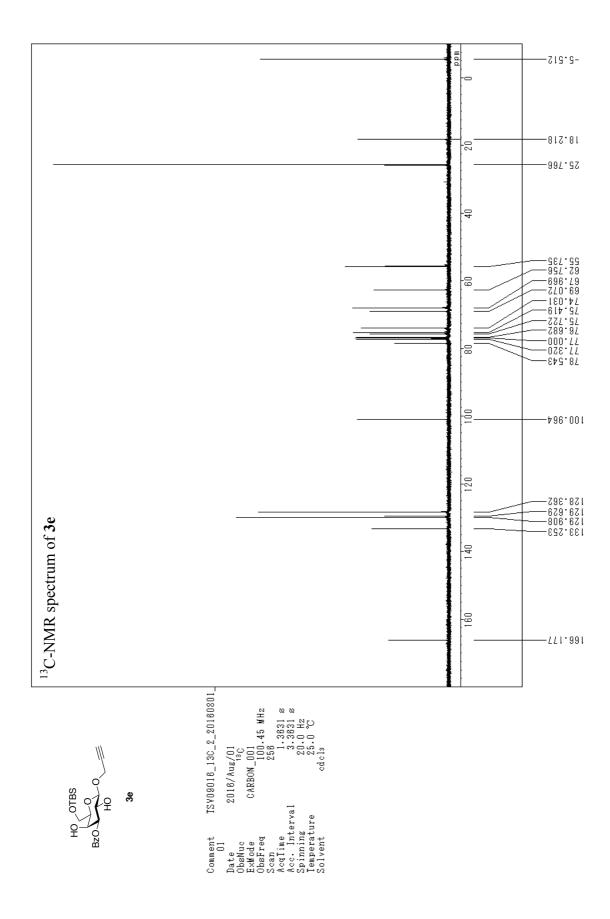
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)



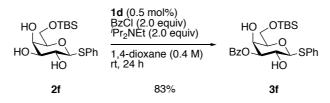




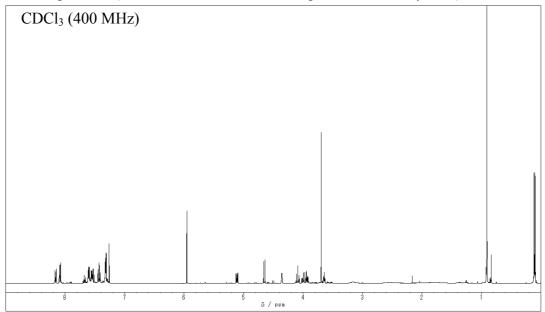
¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of **3e**



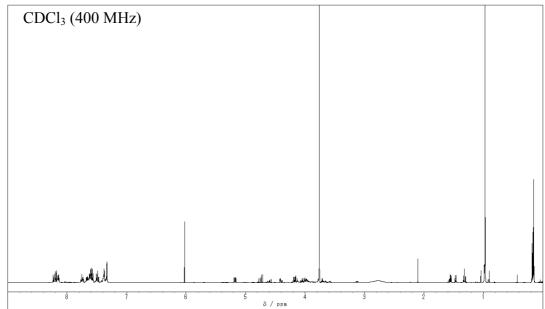
Phenylthio 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (**3f**)

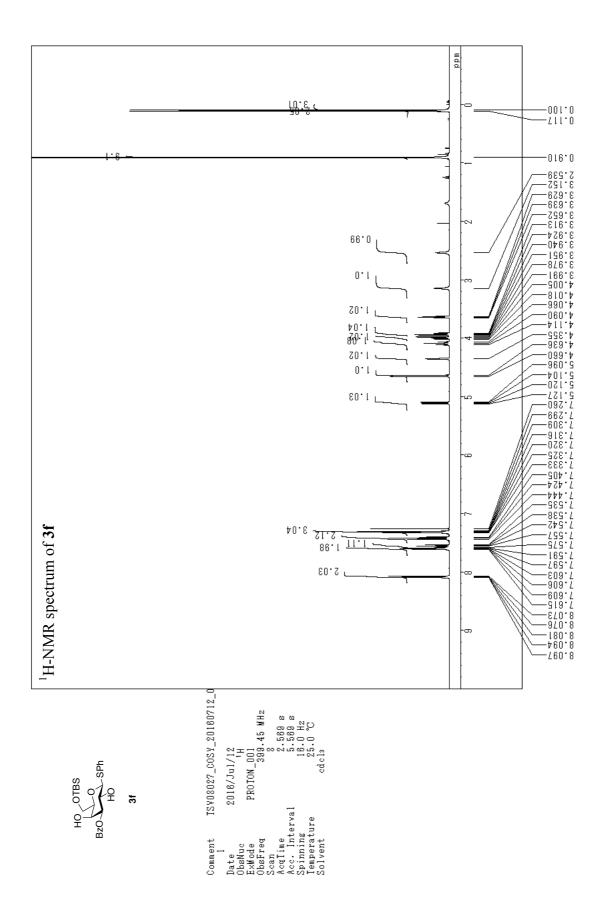


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)

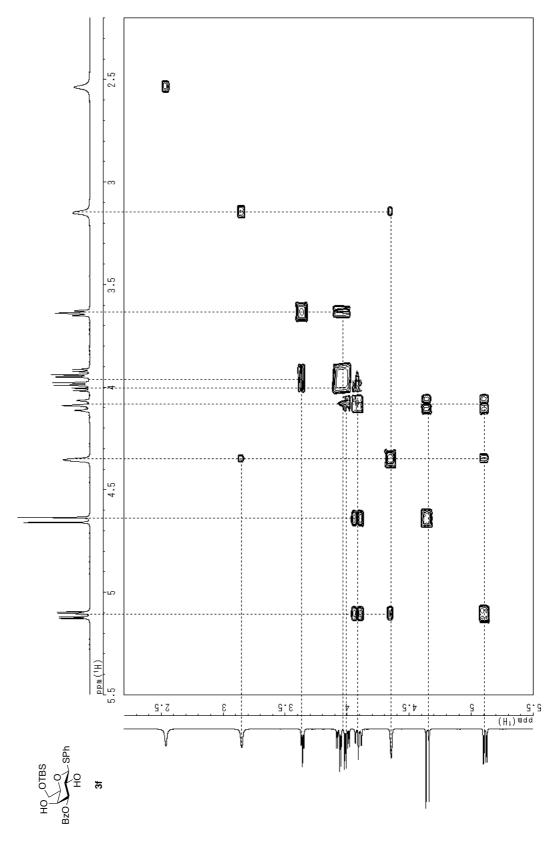


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

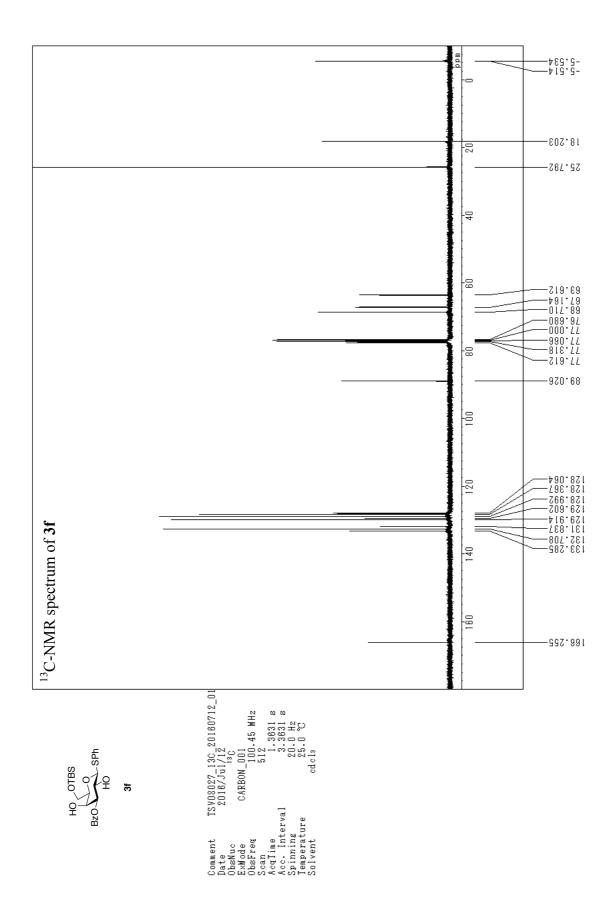




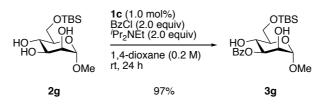
S111



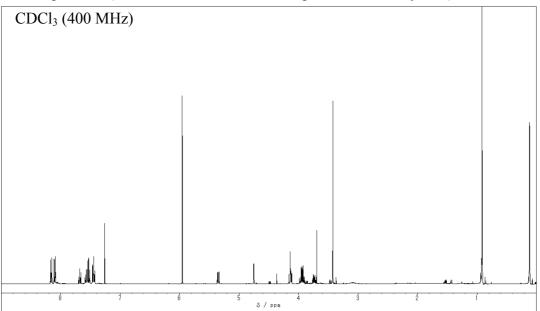




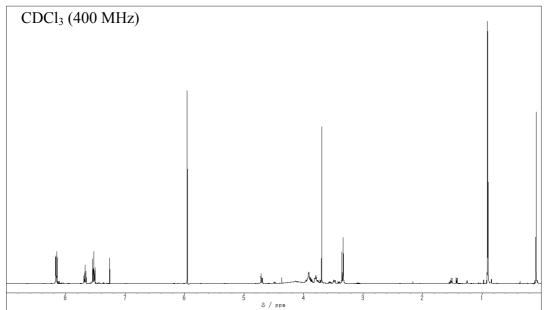
Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside (**3g**)

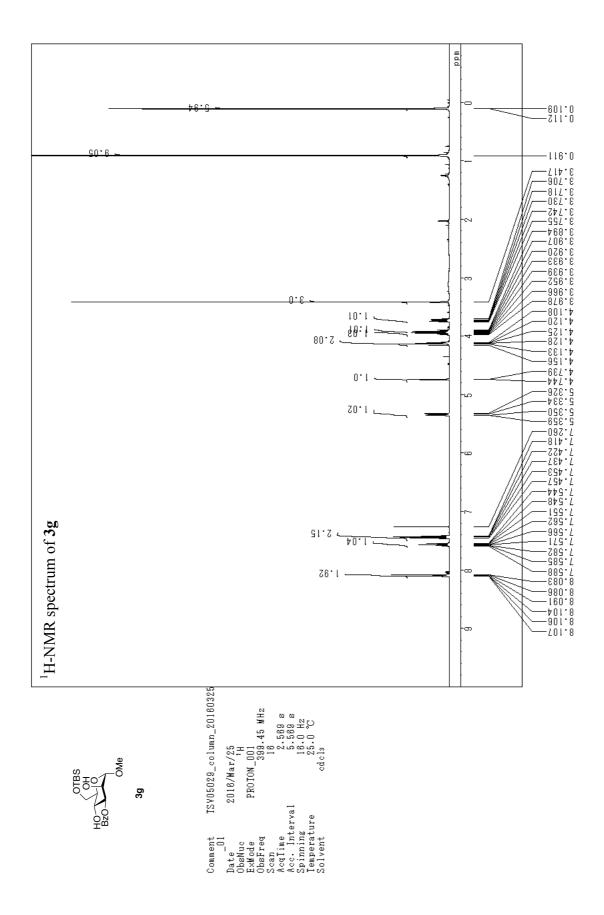


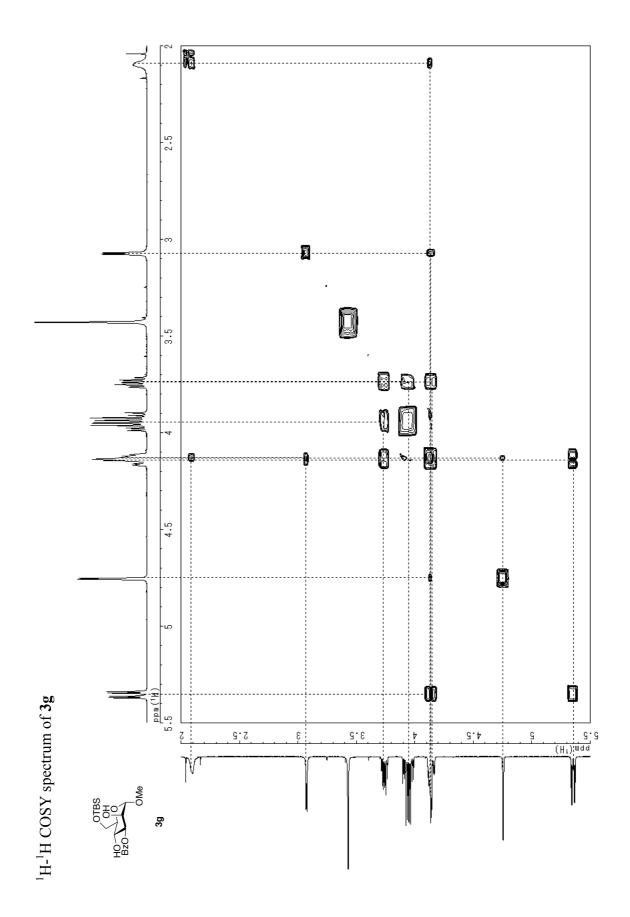
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1c)

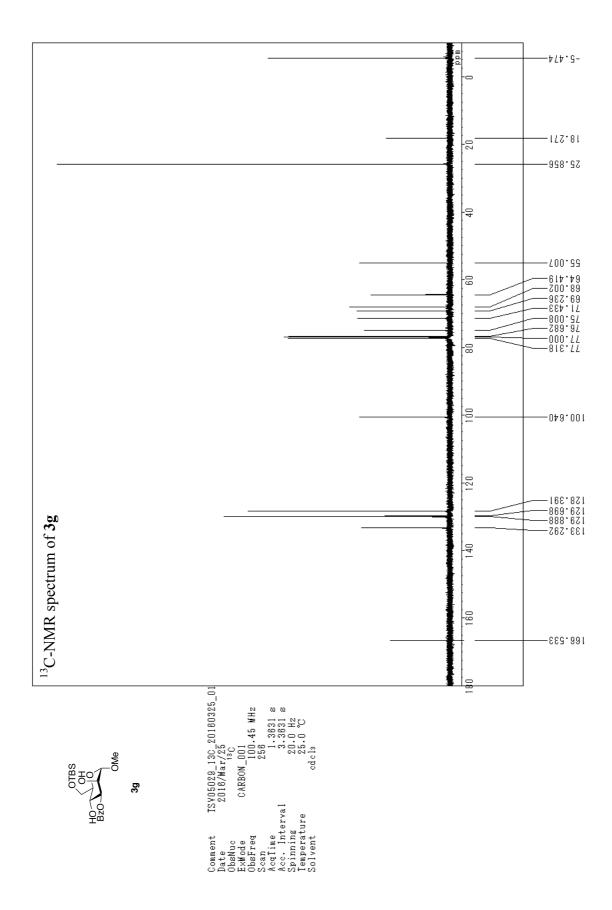


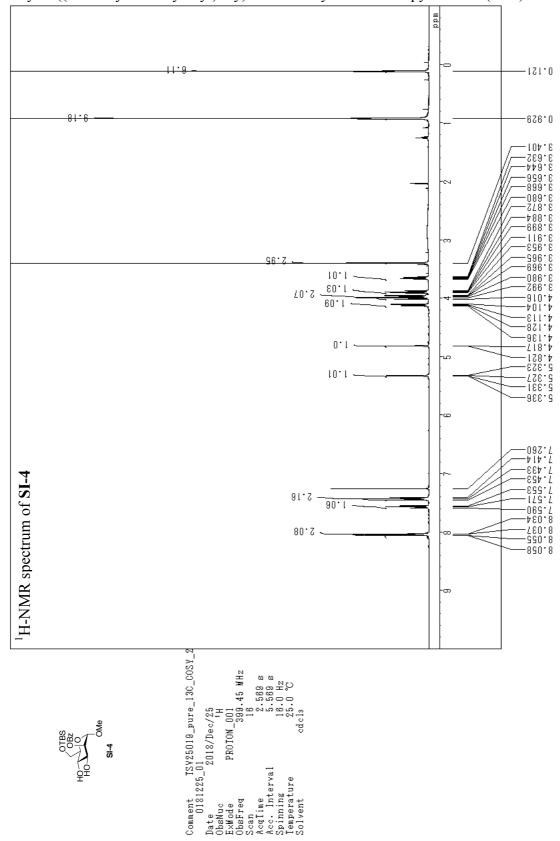
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1c**)



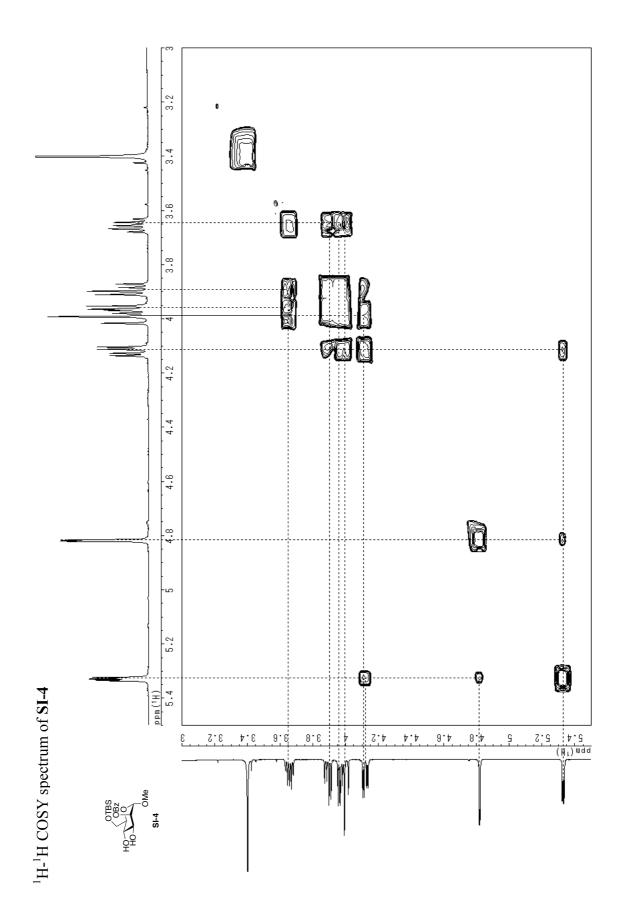


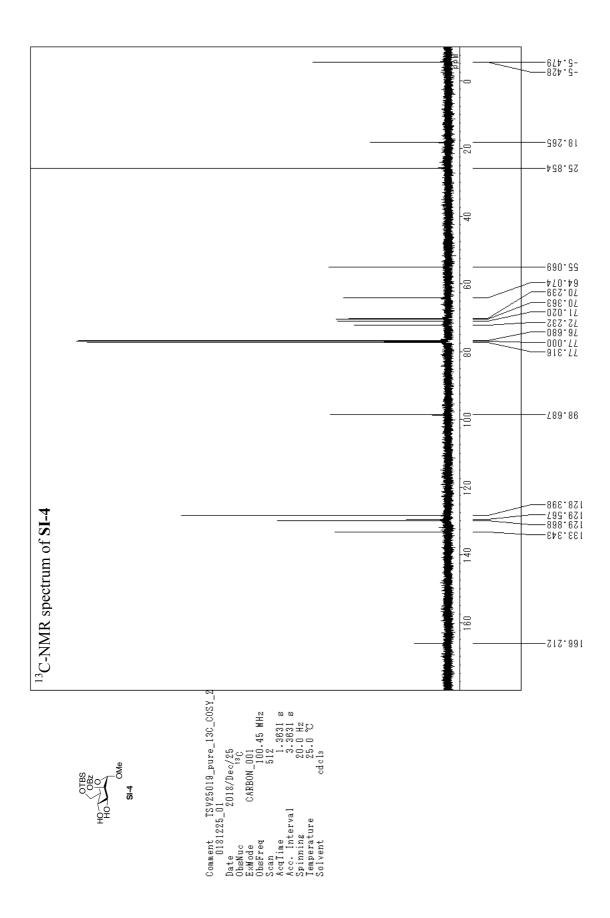




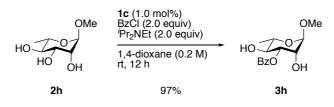


Methyl 6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside (SI-4)

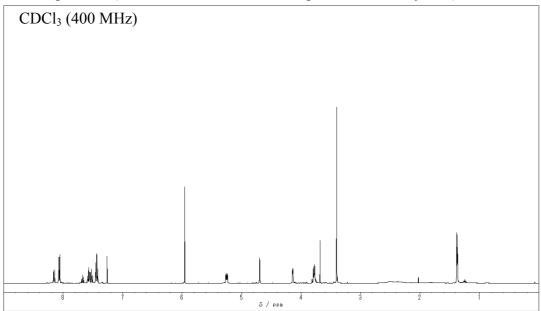




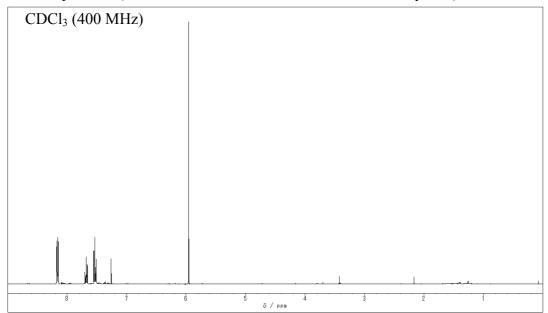
Methyl 3-*O*-benzoyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside (**3h**)

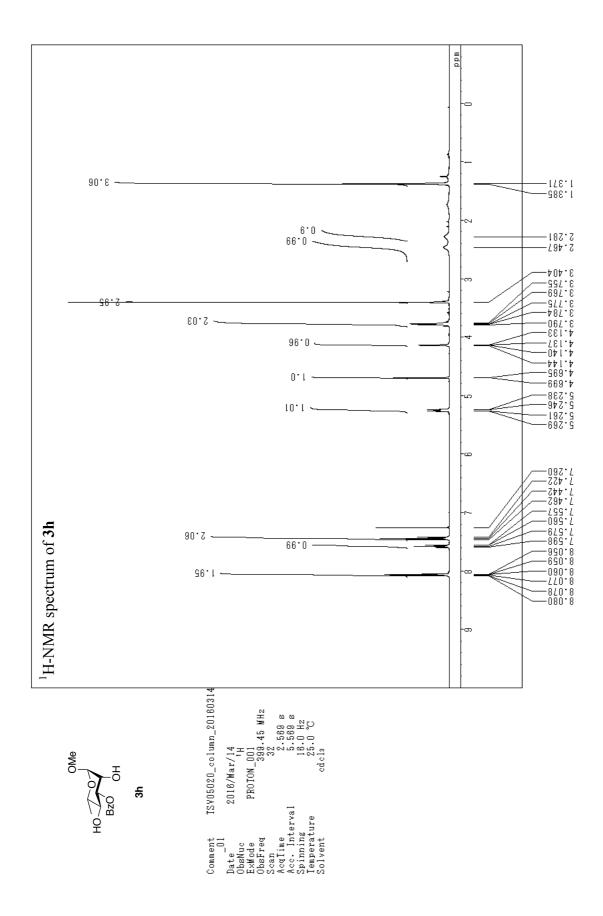


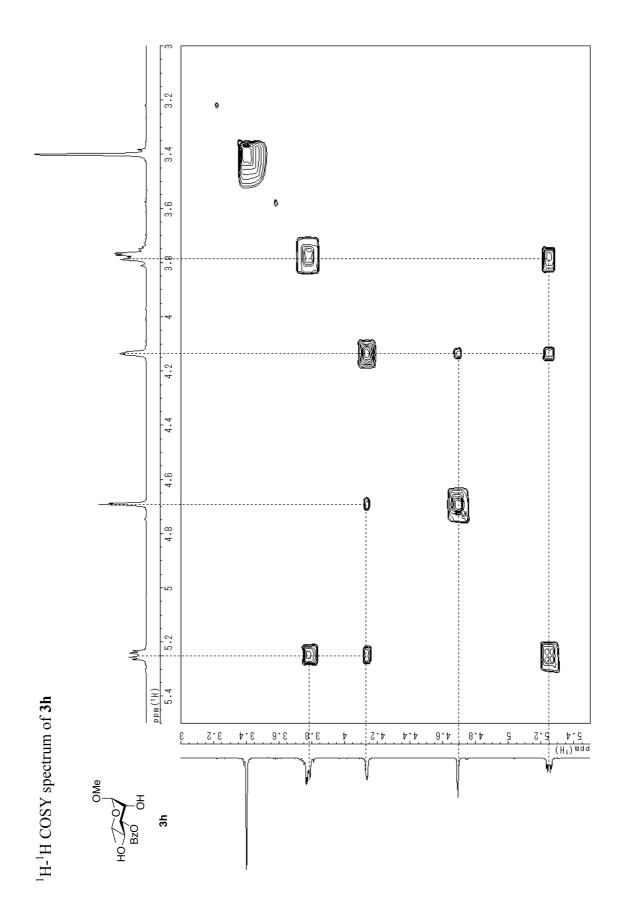
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1c)

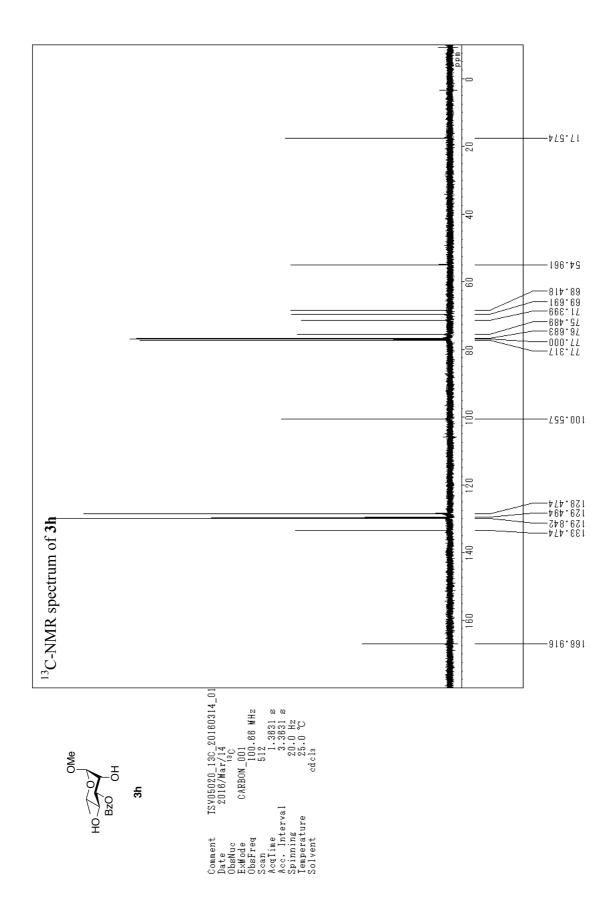


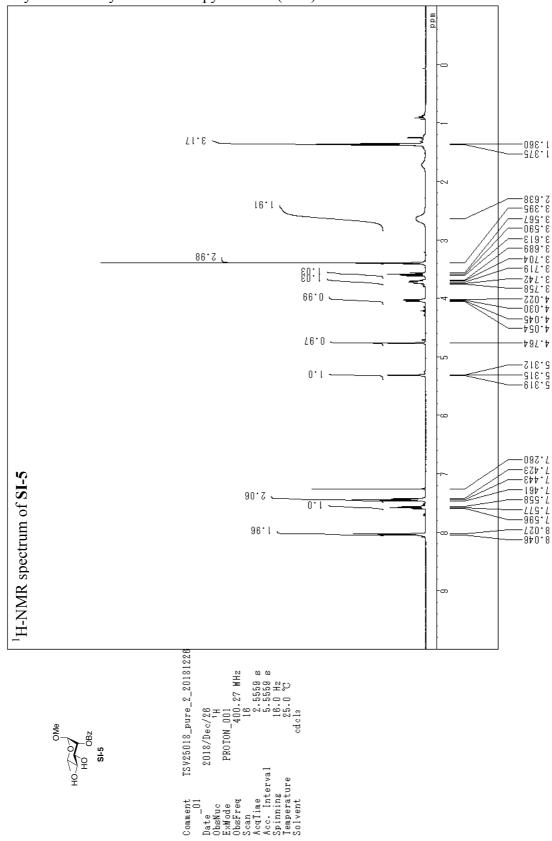
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1c**)



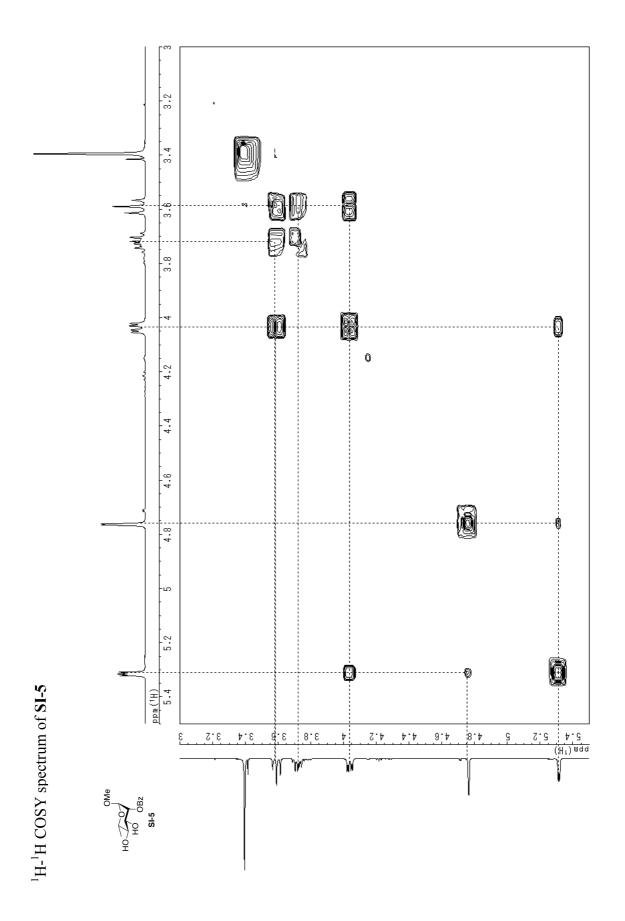


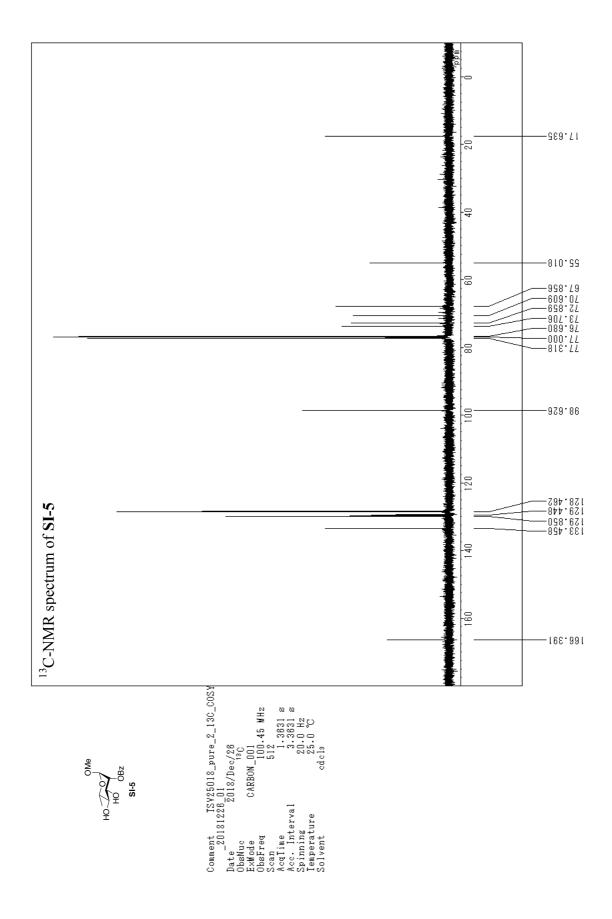




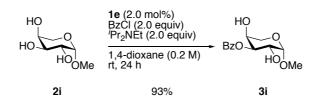


Methyl 2-O-benzoyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside (SI-5)

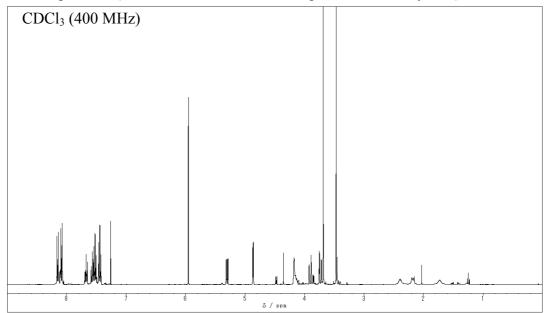




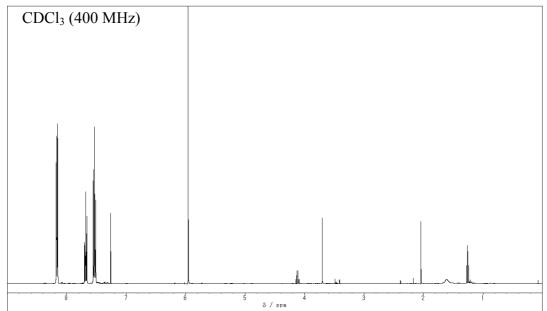
Methyl 3-*O*-benzoyl-β-D-arabinopyranoside (3i)

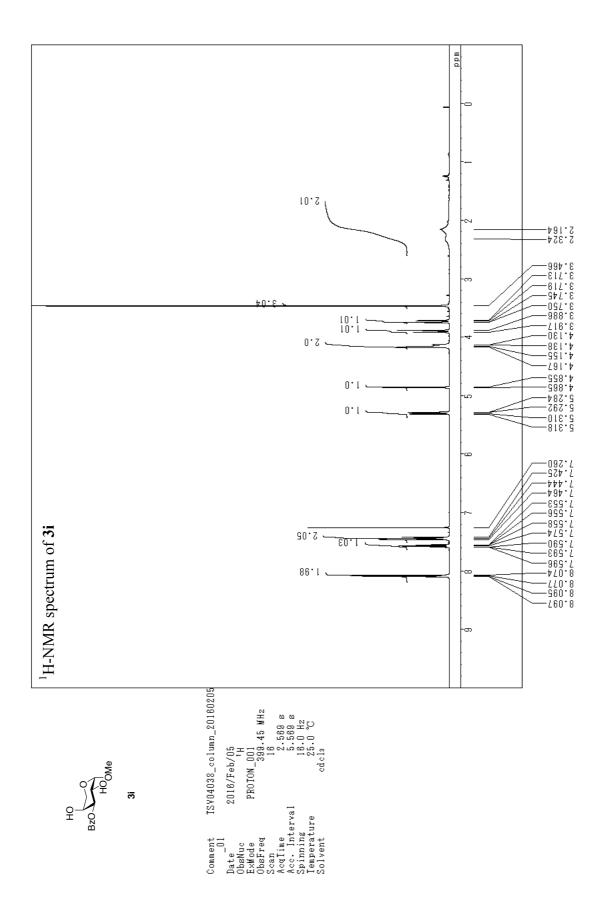


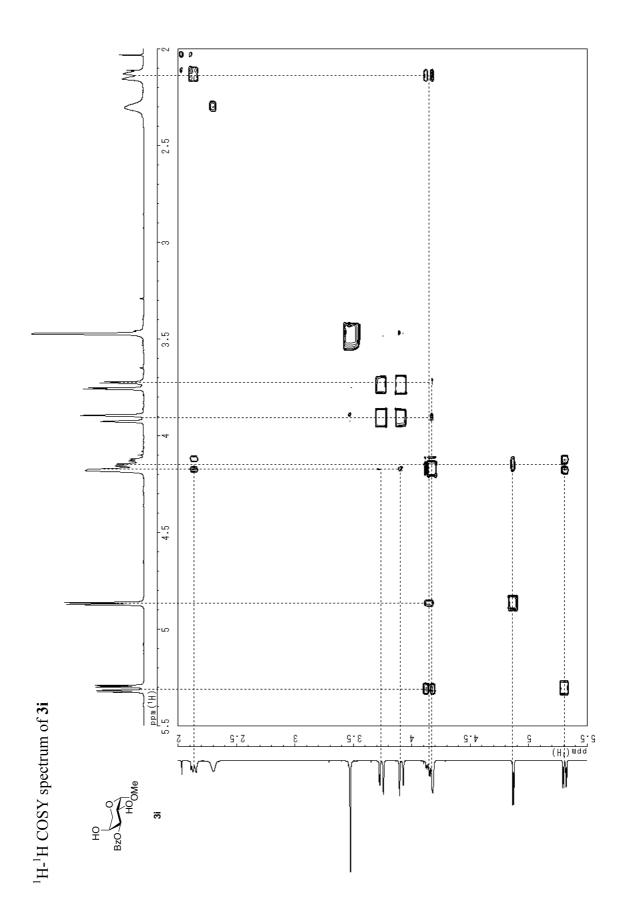
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1e**)

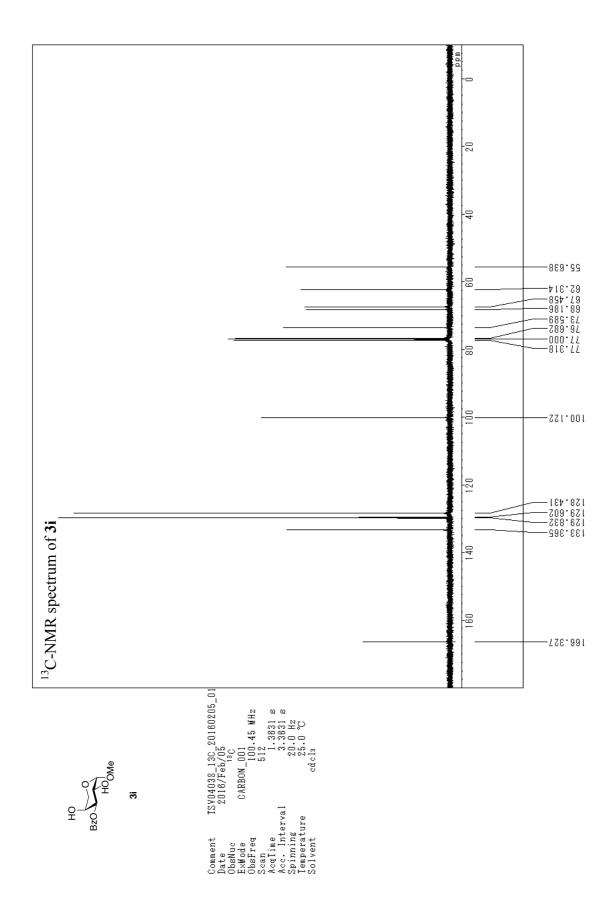


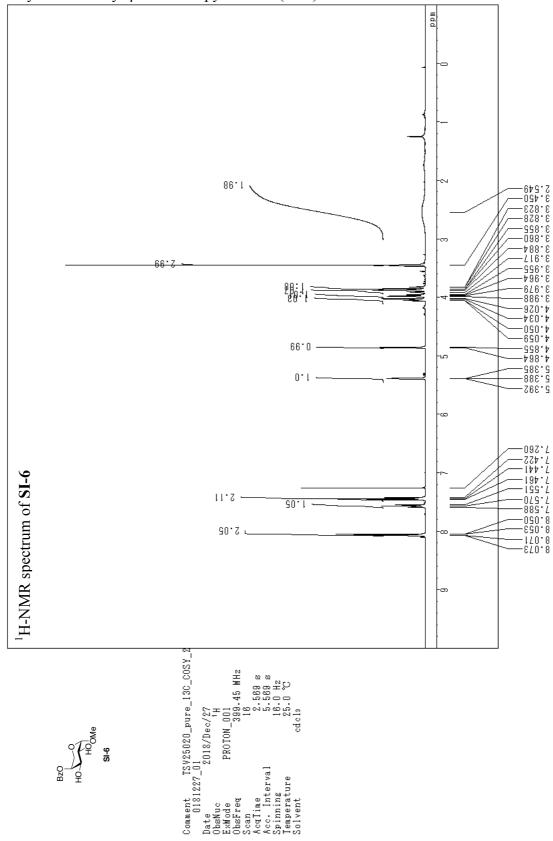
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1e**)



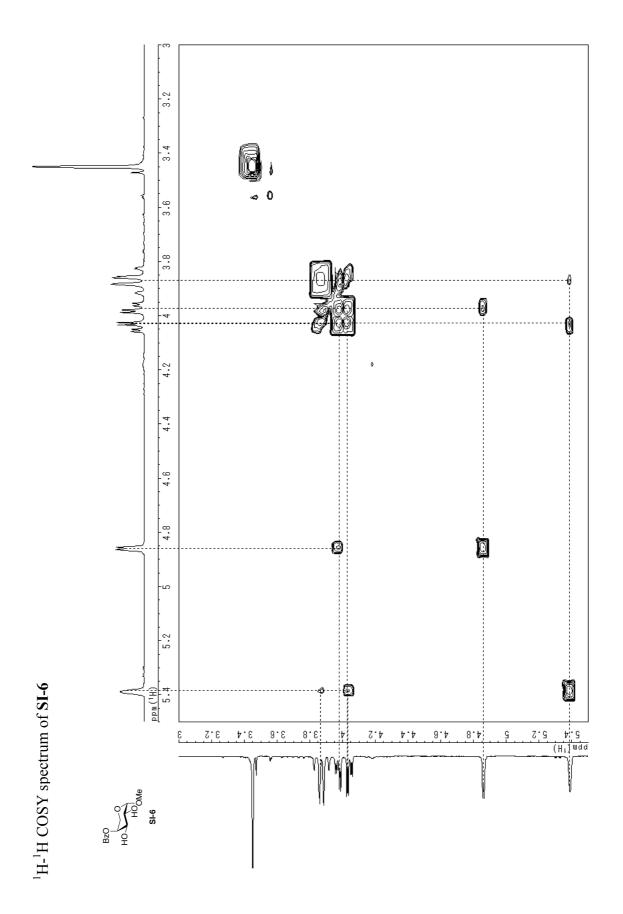


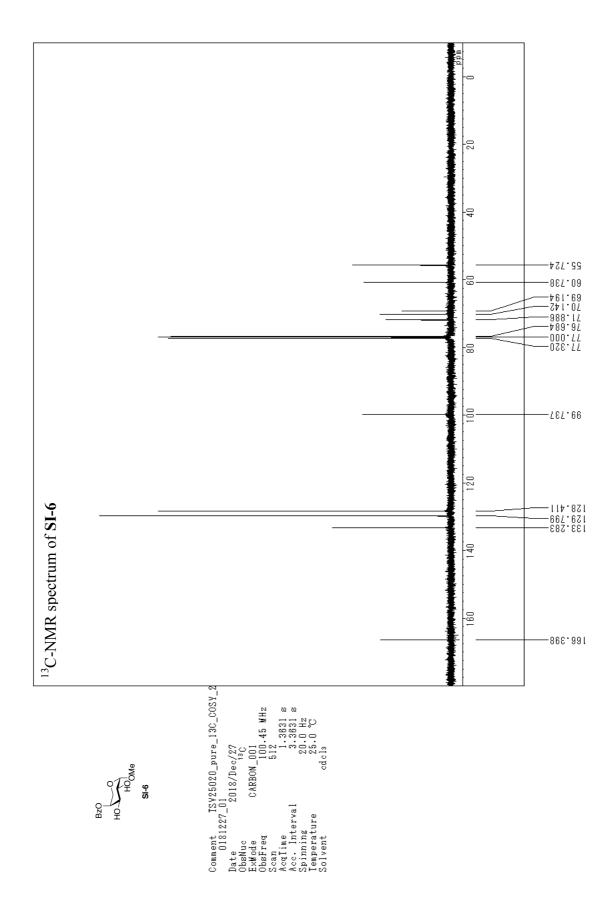




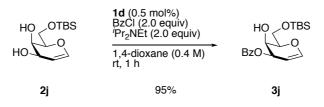


Methyl 4-*O*-benzoyl-β-L-arabinopyranoside (SI-6)

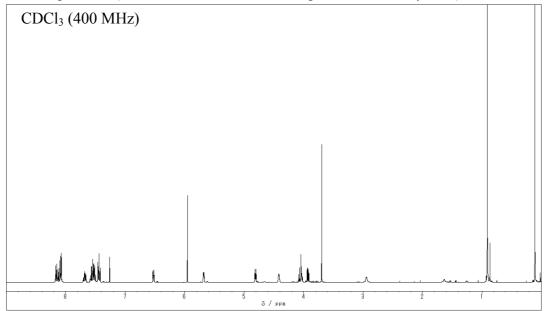




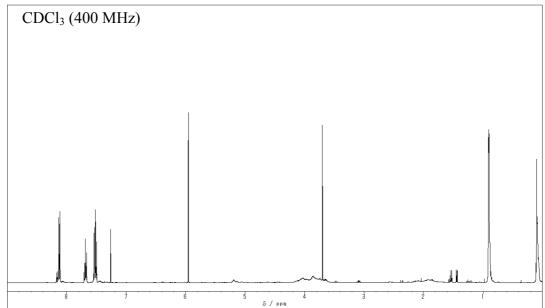
6-((*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-3-O-benzoyl-D-galactal (3j)

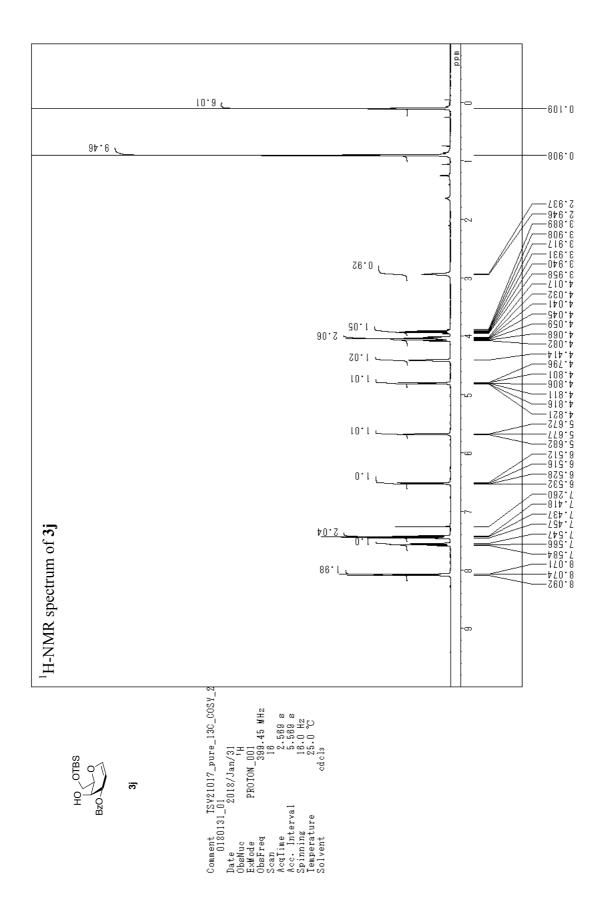


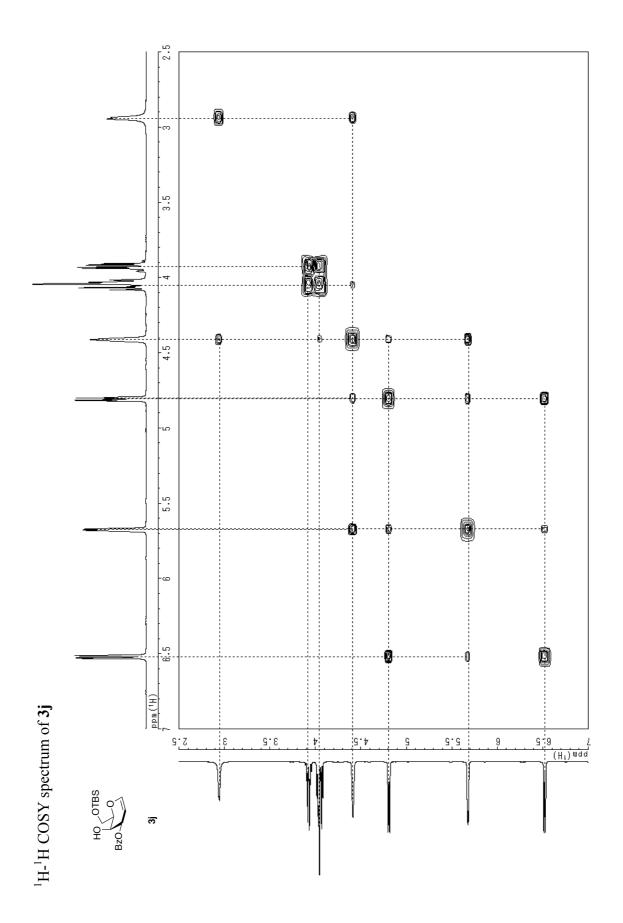
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1d)



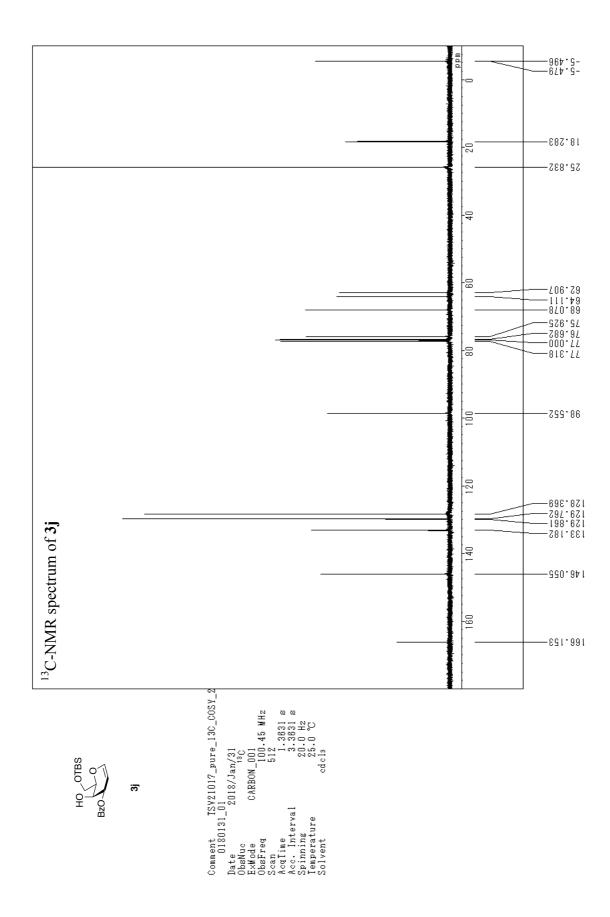
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)



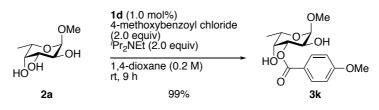




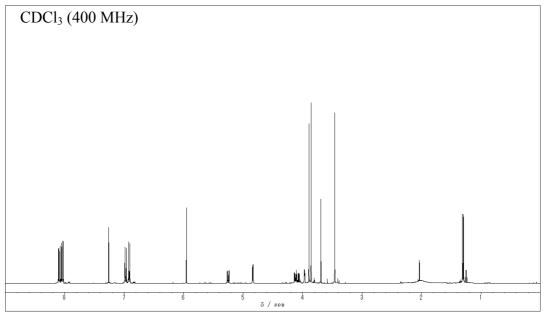
S137



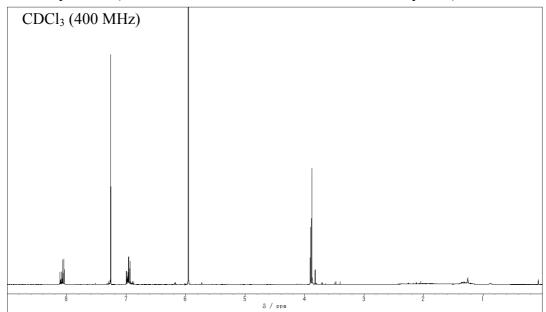
Methyl 3-*O*-4-methoxybenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3k**)

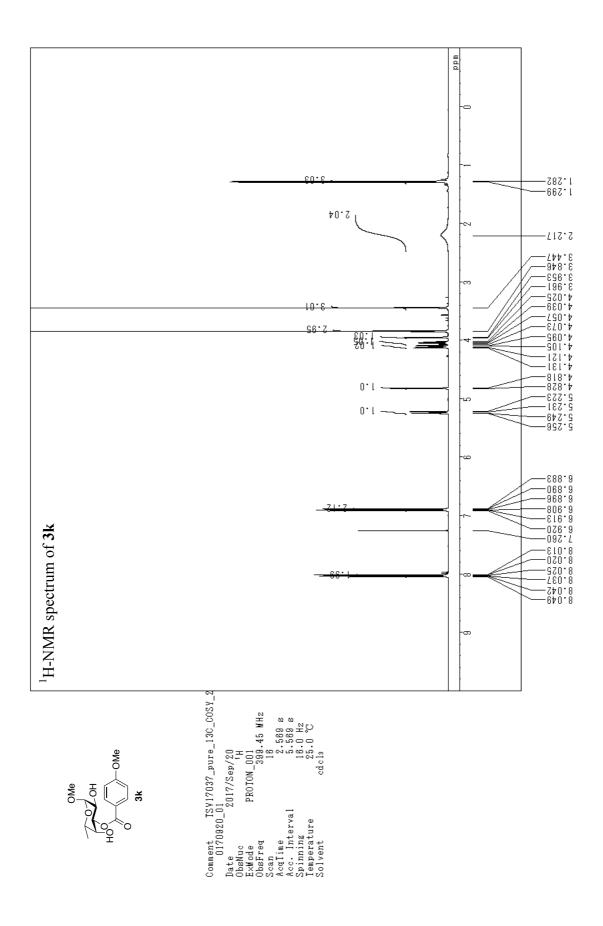


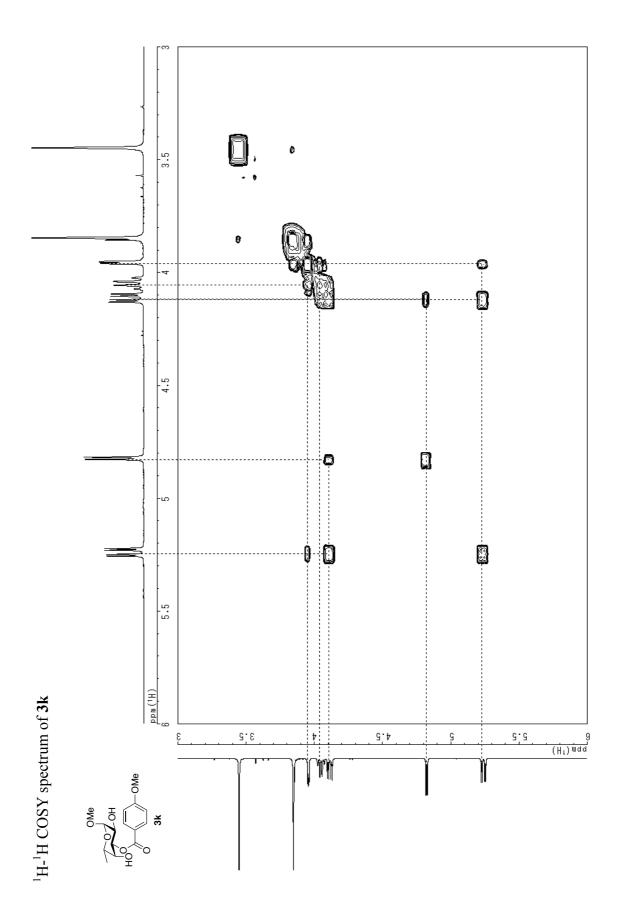
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



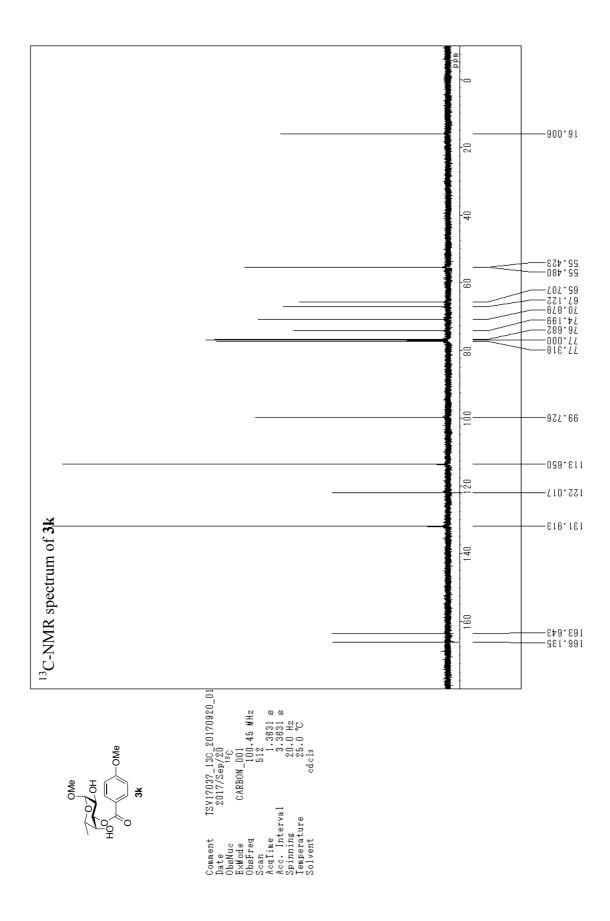
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)



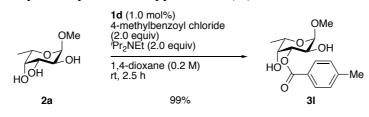




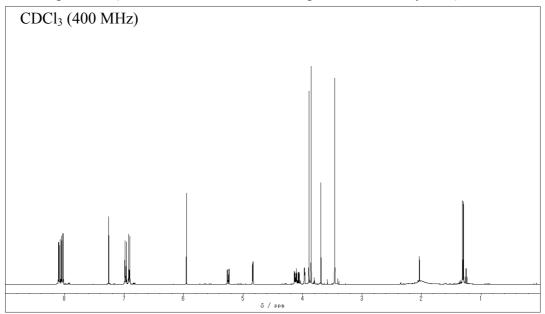
S141



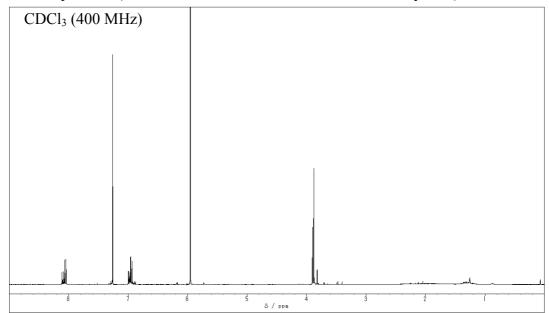
Methyl 3-*O*-4-methylbenzoyl -α-L-fucopyranoside (**3I**)

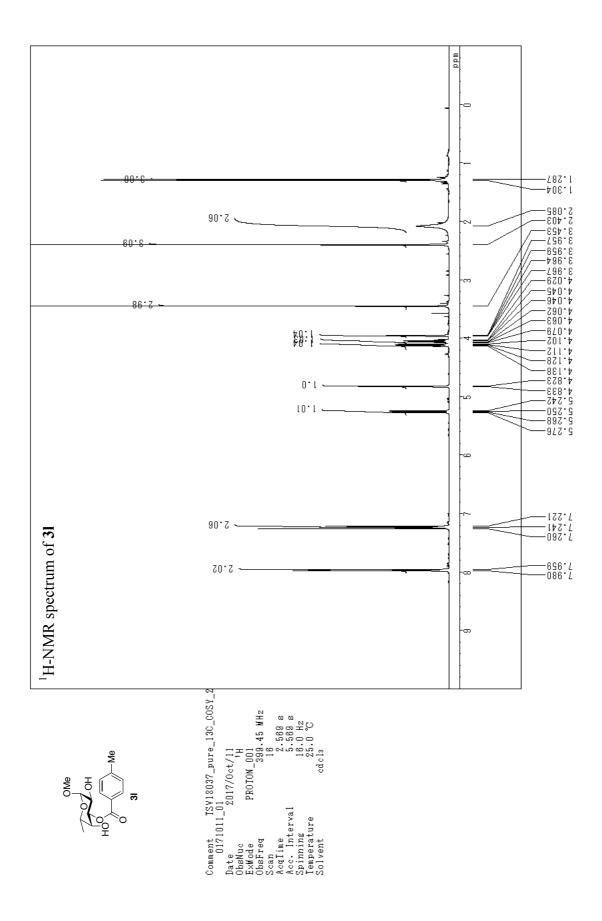


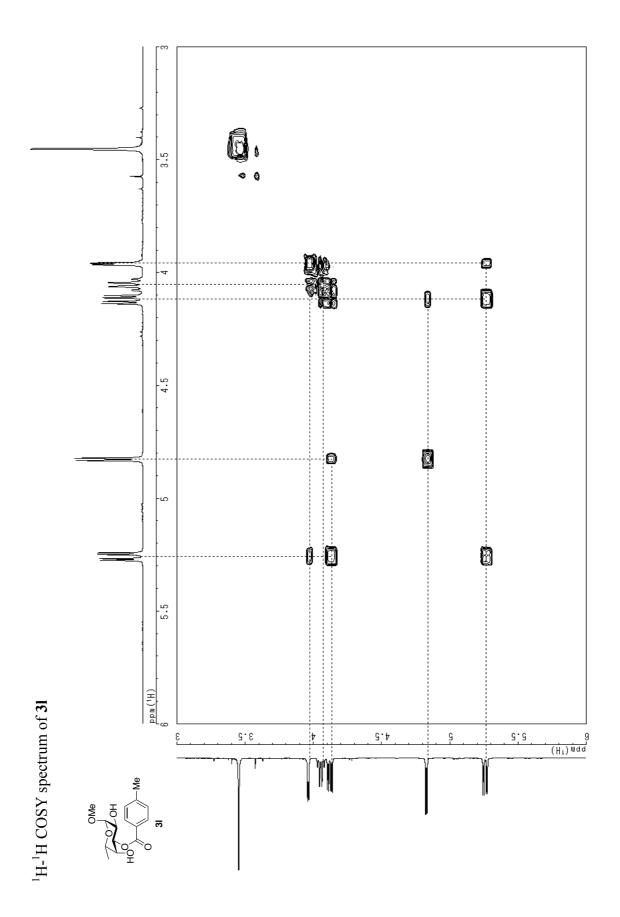
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)

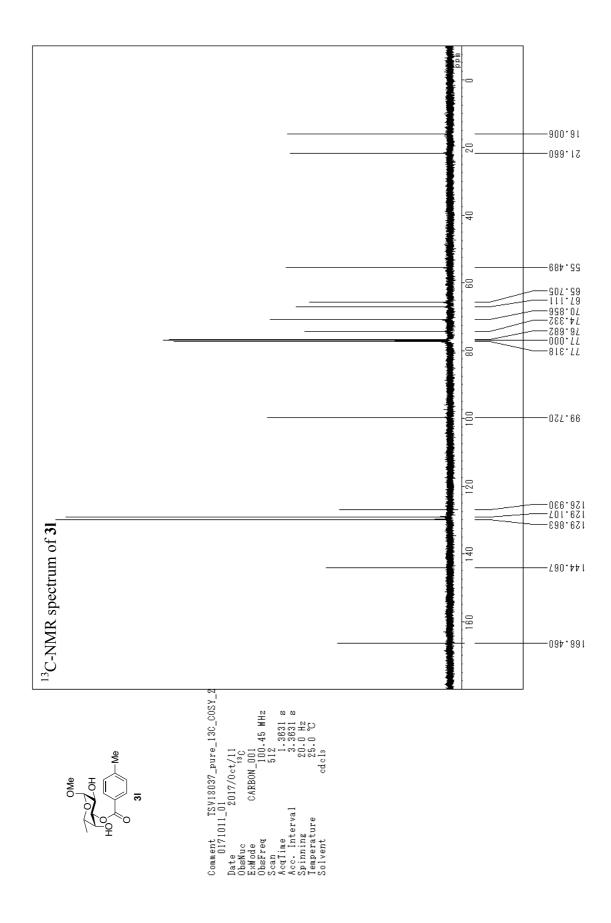


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

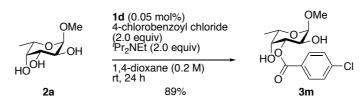




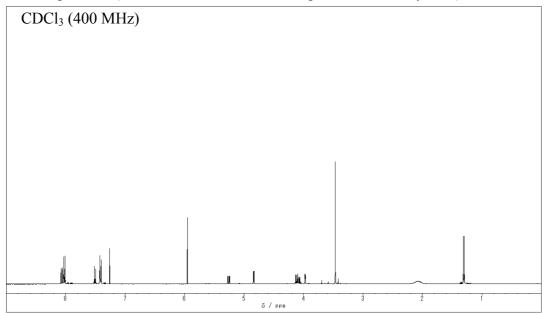


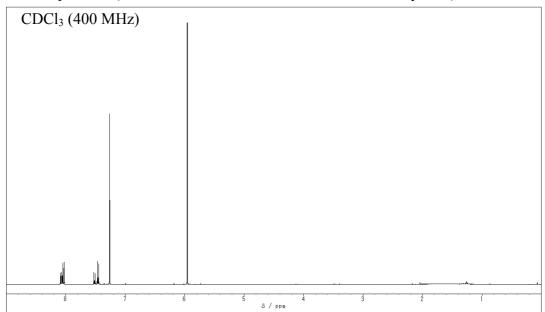


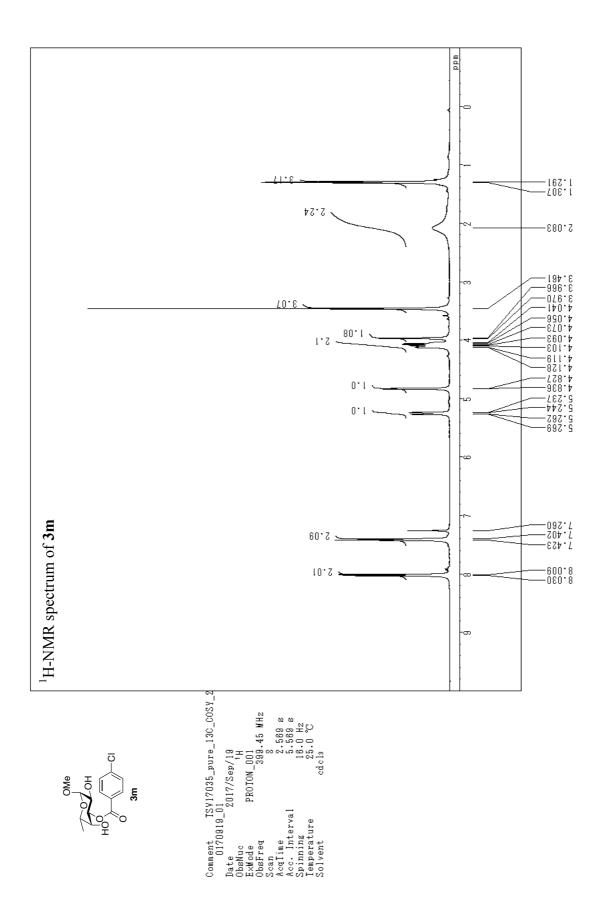
Methyl 3-*O*-4-chlorobenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3m**)

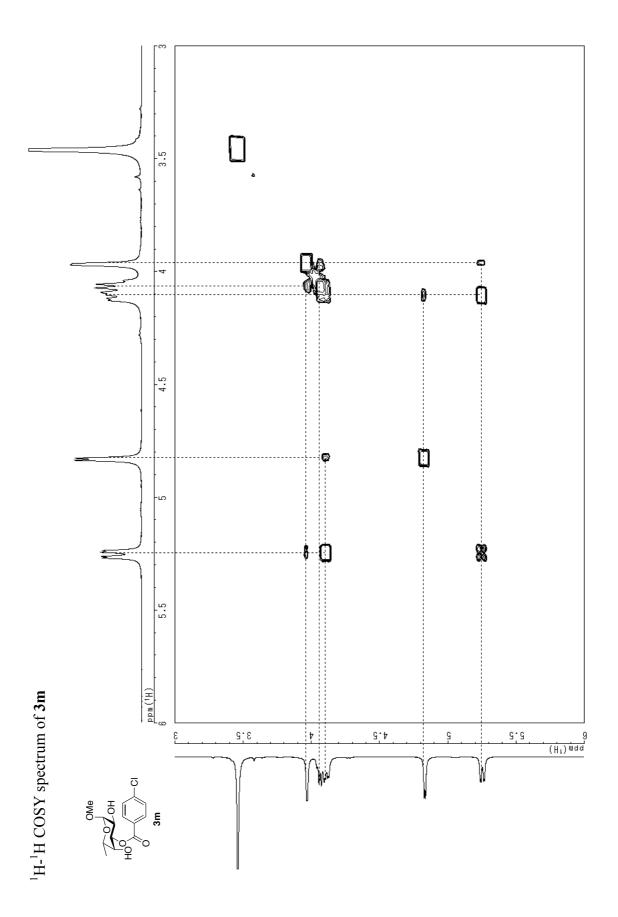


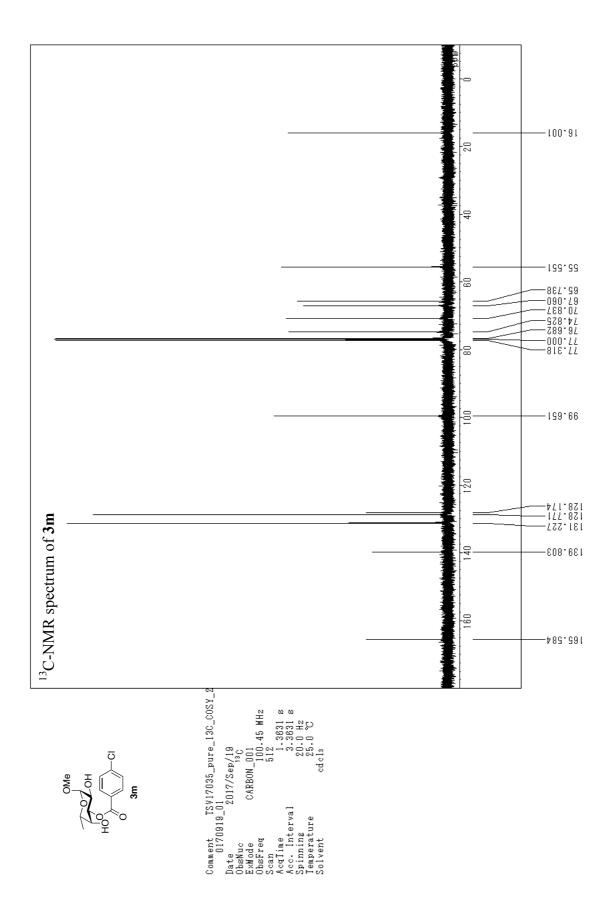
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



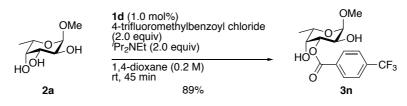




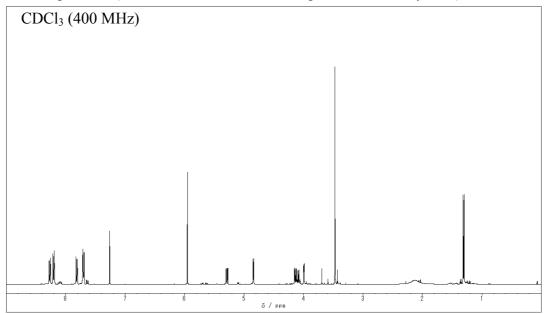


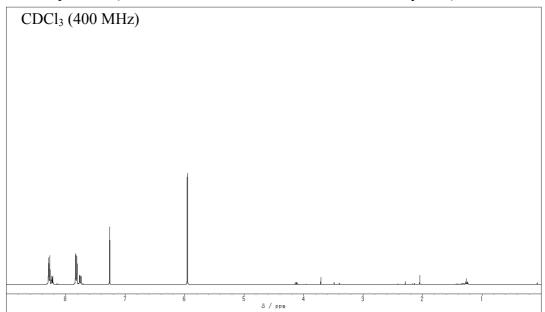


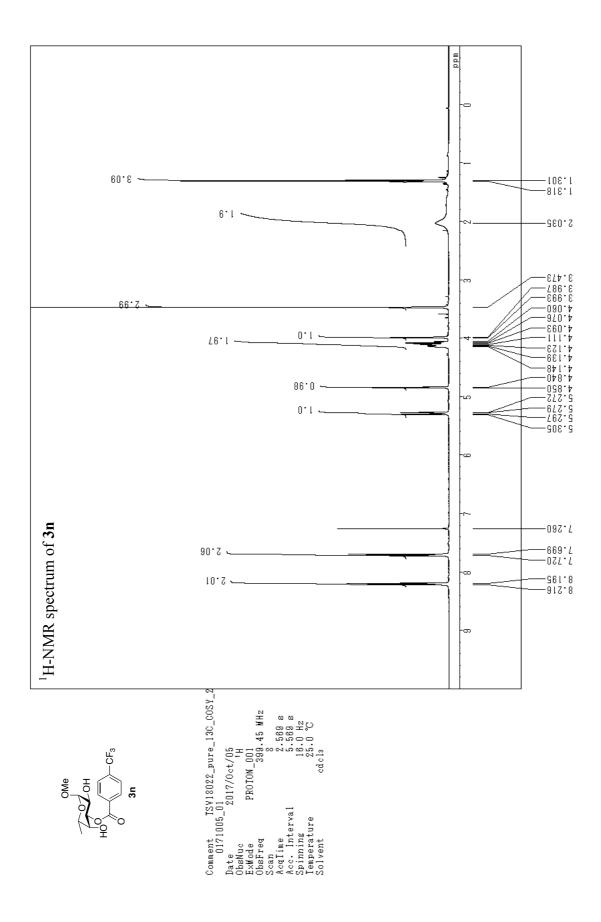
Methyl 3-*O*-4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (**3n**)

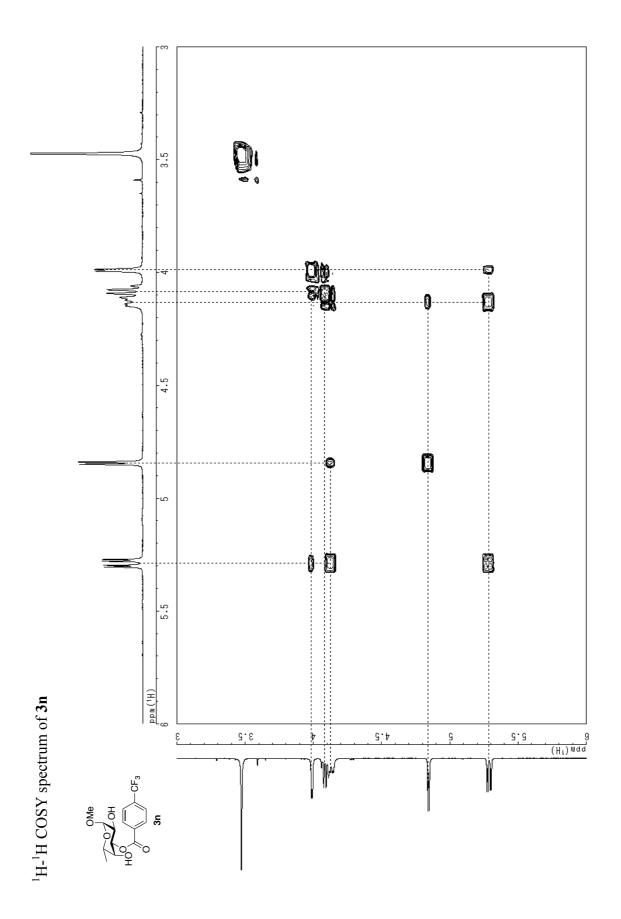


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)

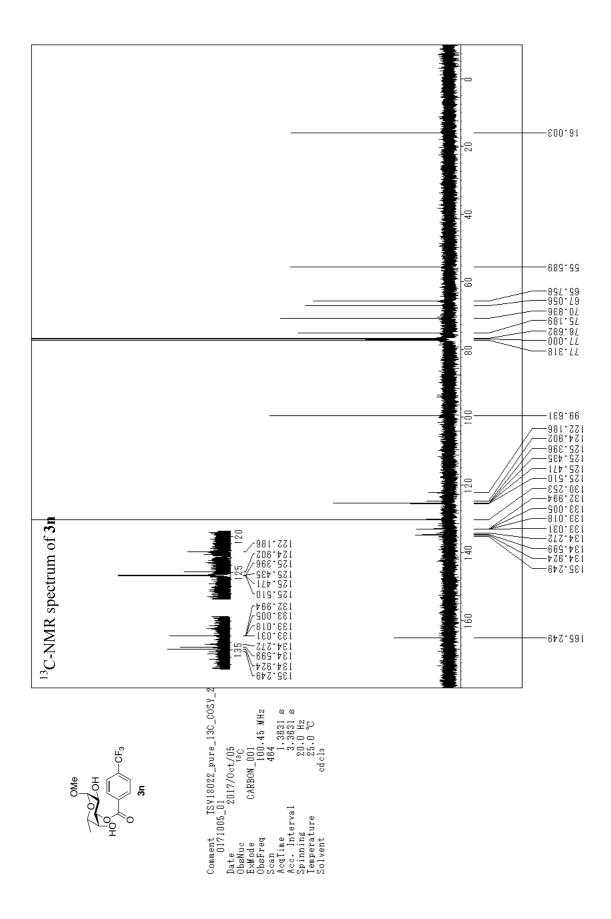




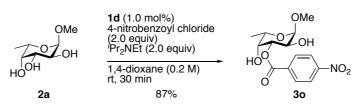




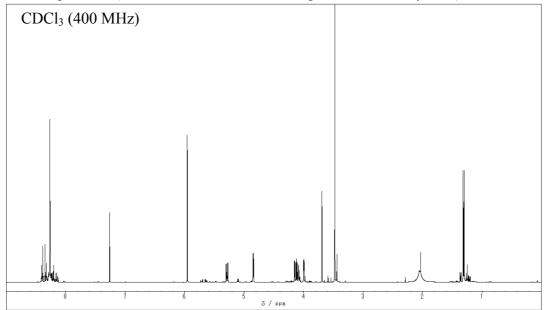
S153

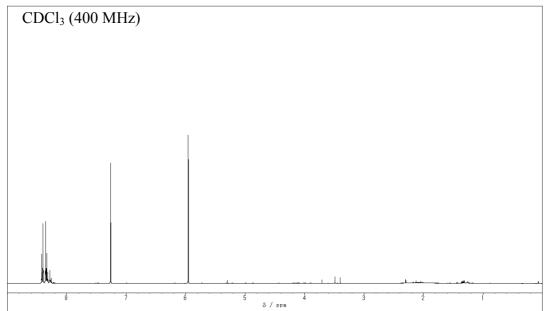


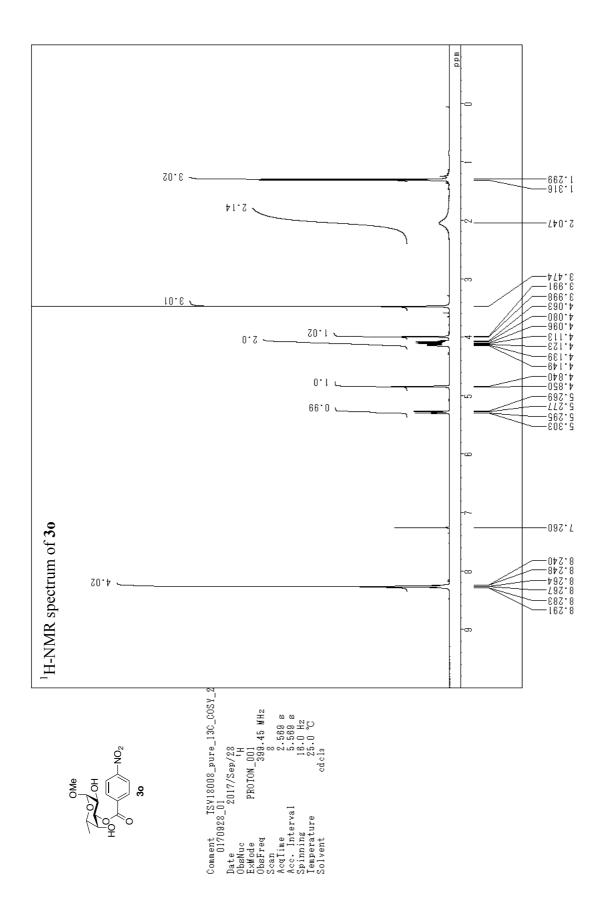
Methyl 3-*O*-4-nitrobenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**30**)

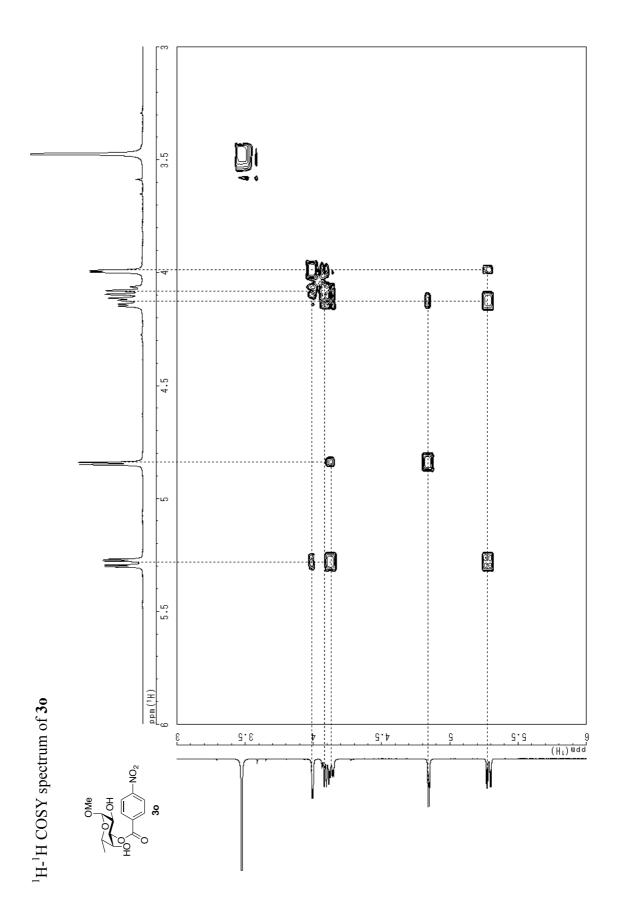


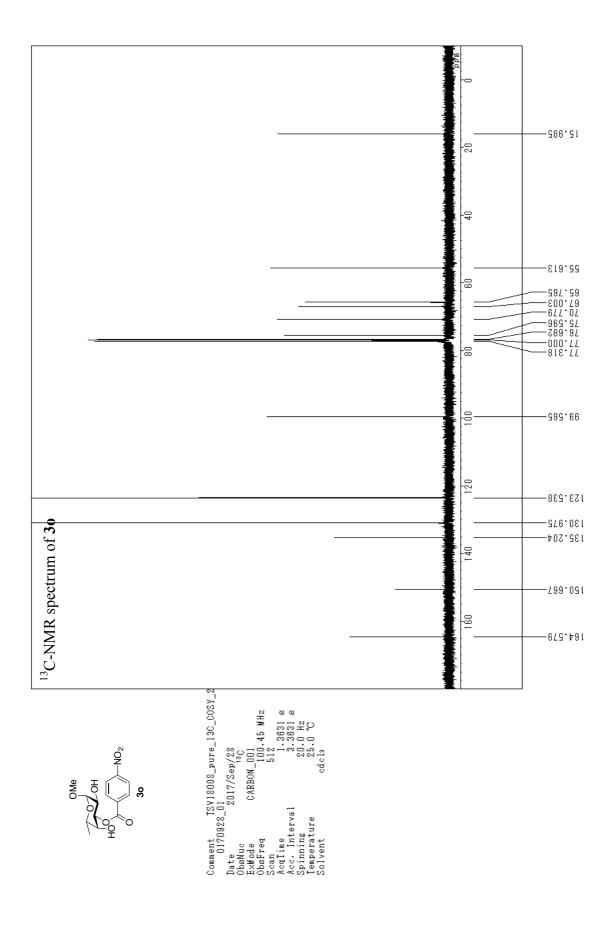
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1d)



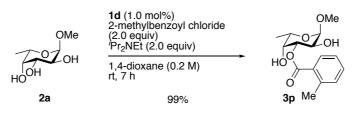




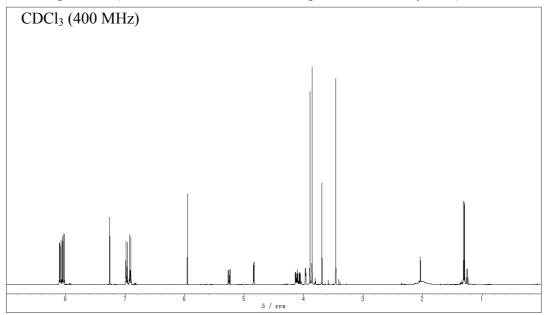


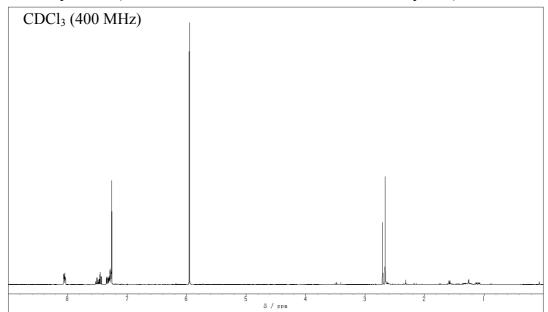


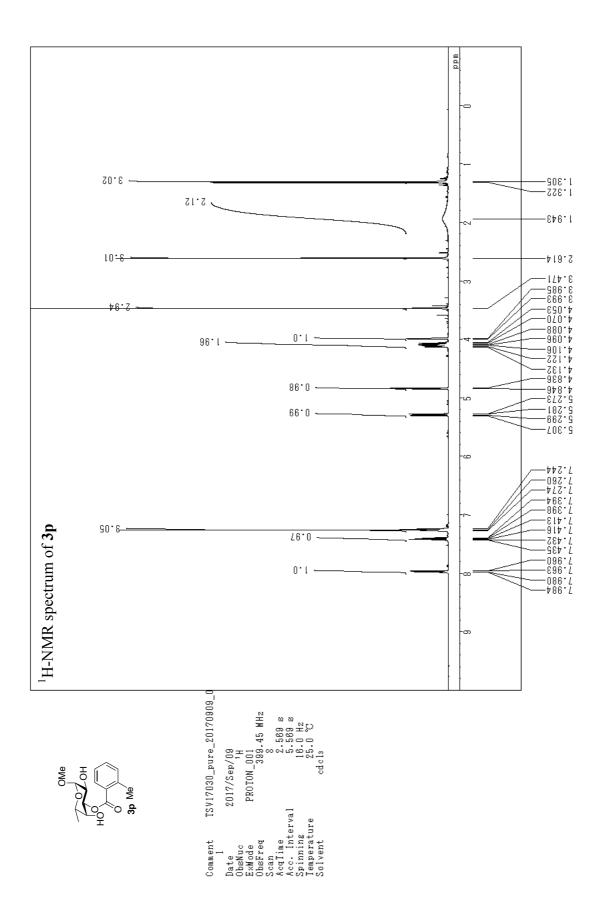
Methyl 3-*O*-2-methylbenzoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3p**)

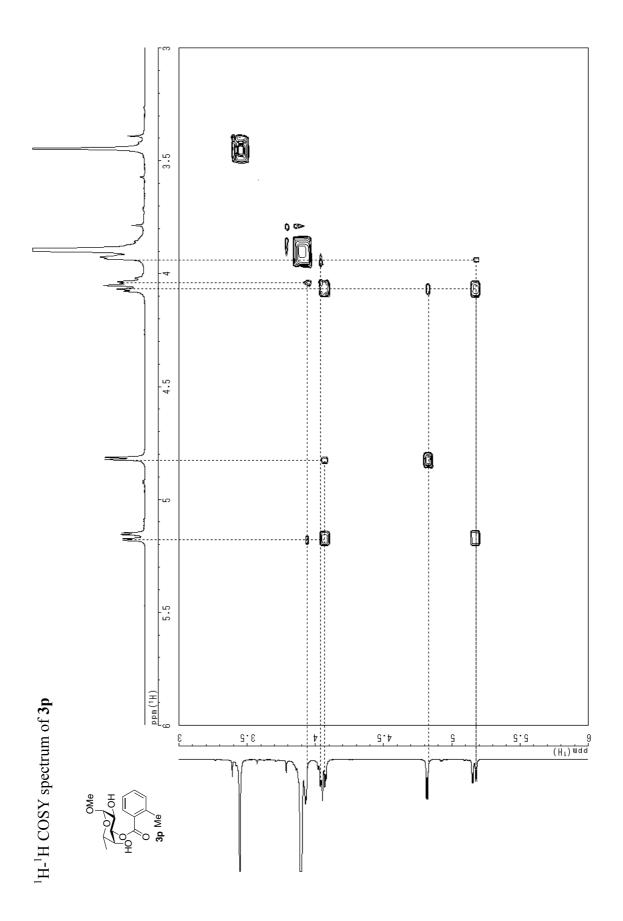


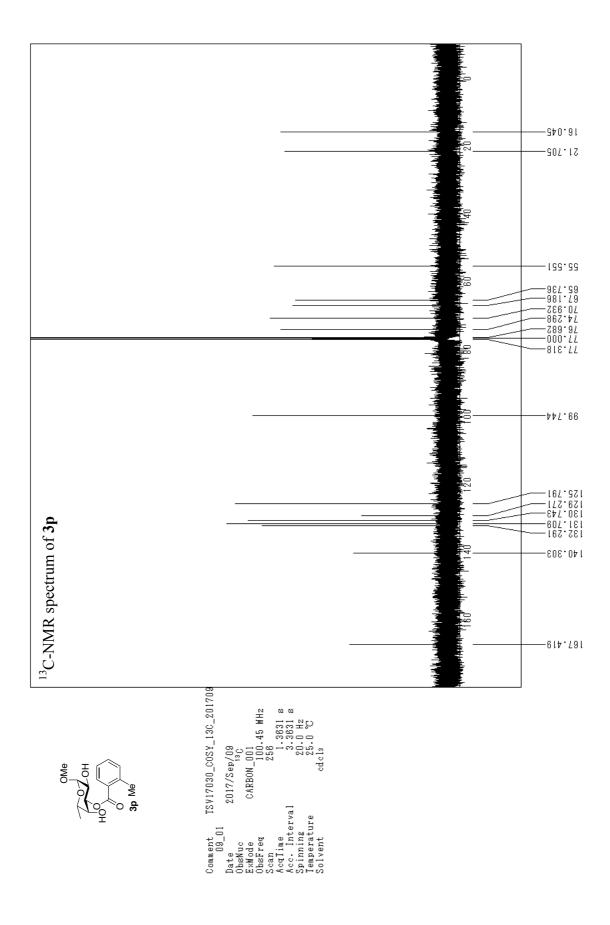
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



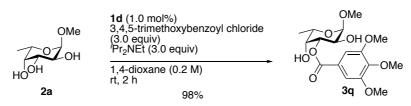




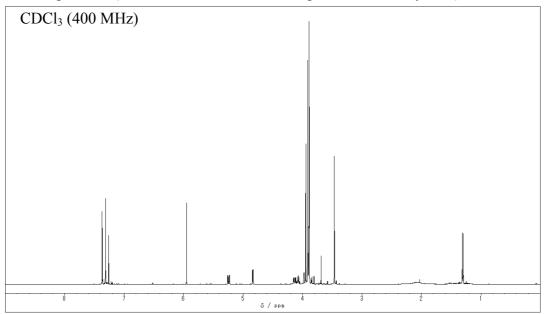


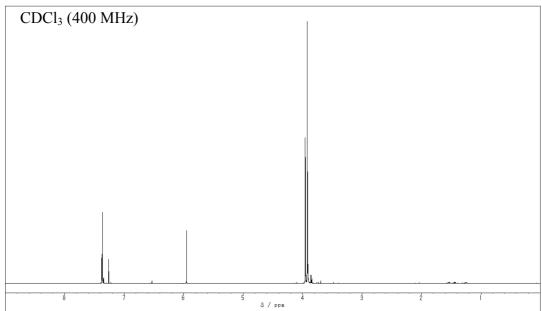


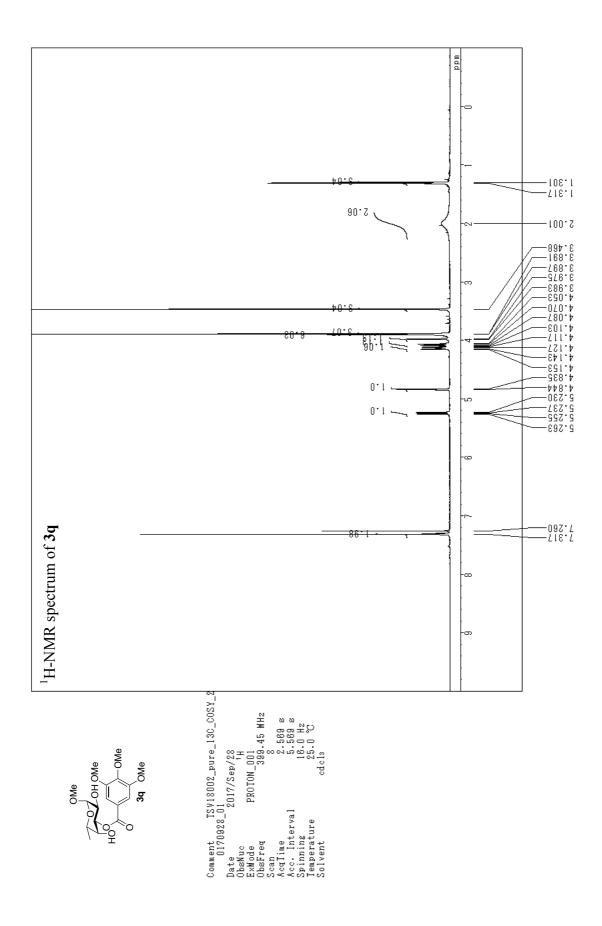
Methyl 3-*O*-3,4,5-trimethylgalloyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3q**)

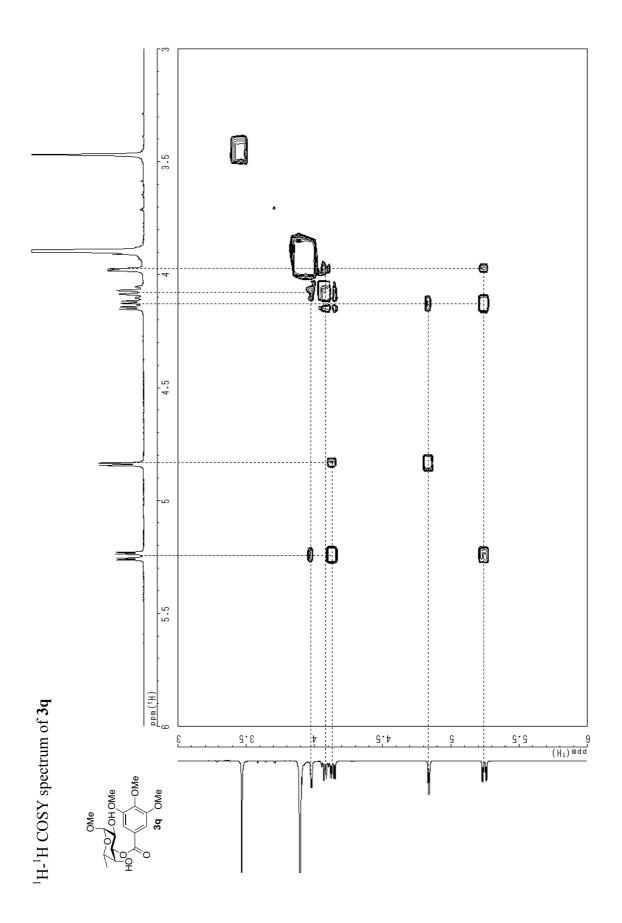


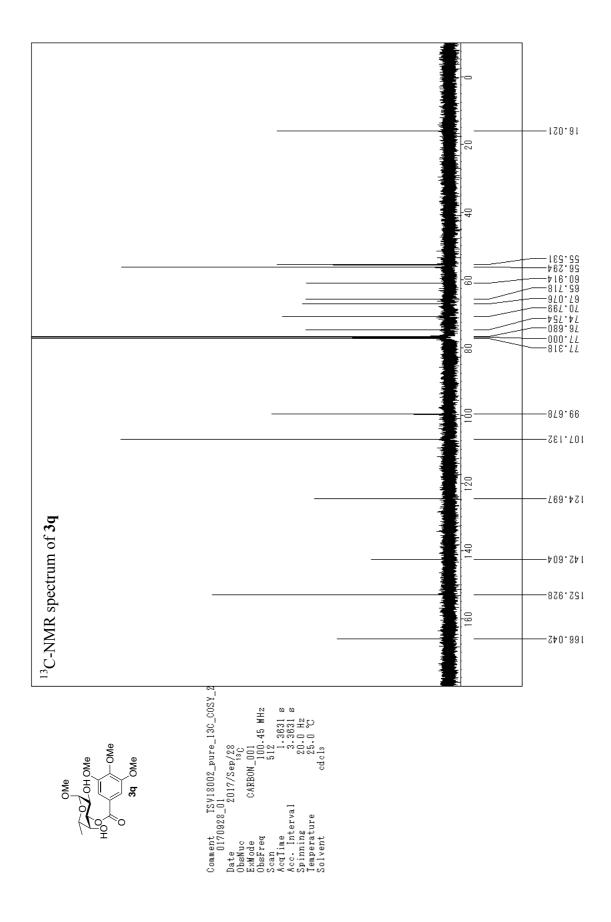
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



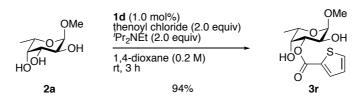




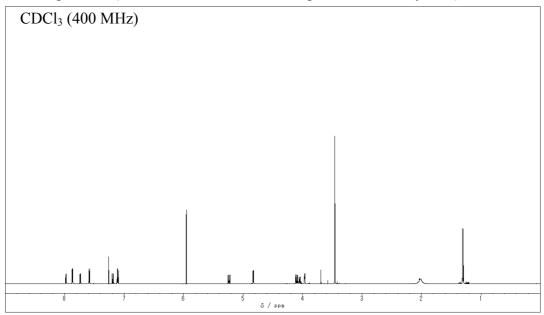


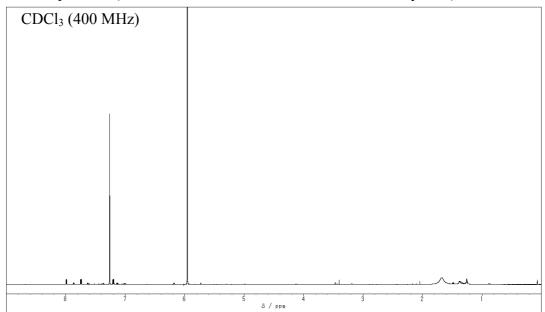


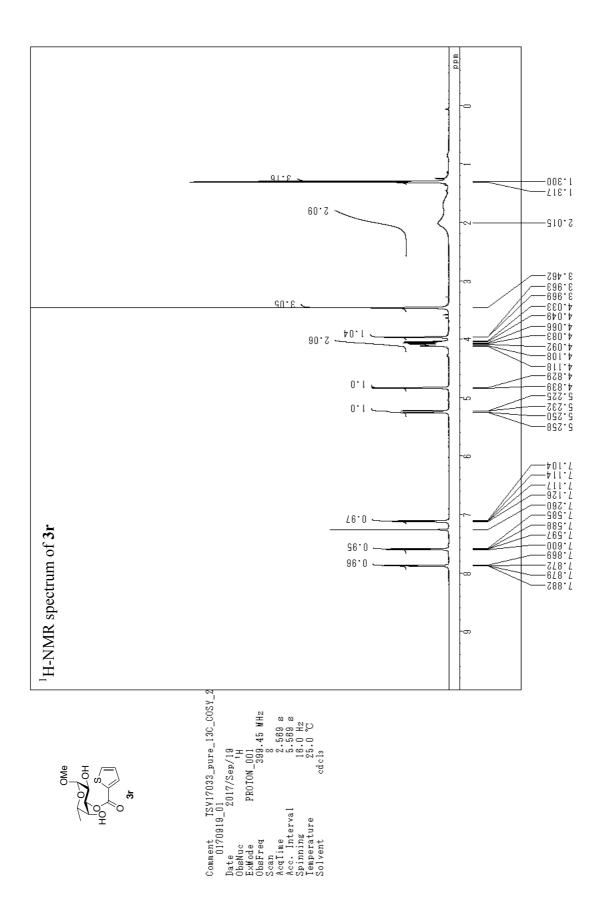
Methyl 3-*O*-2-thenoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3r**)

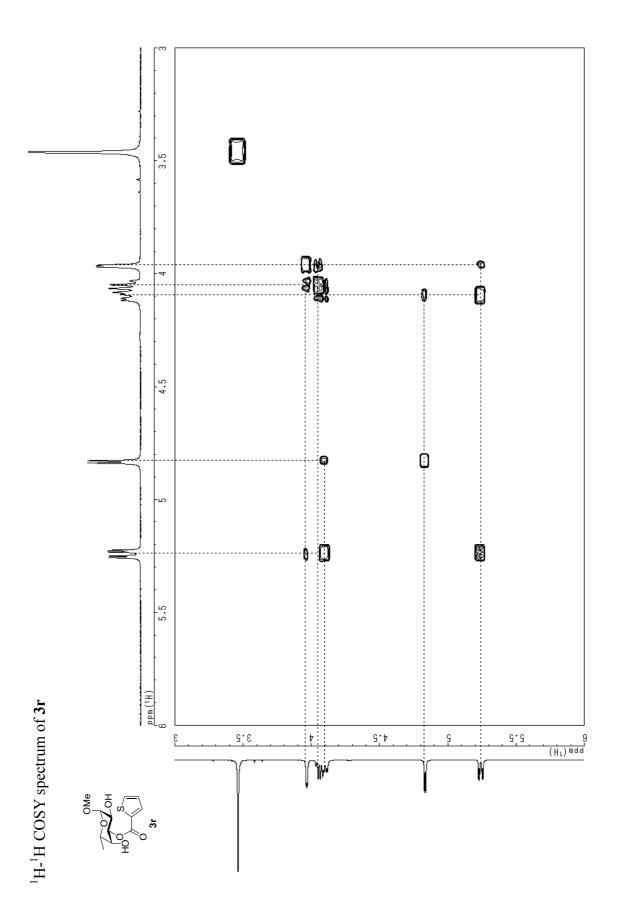


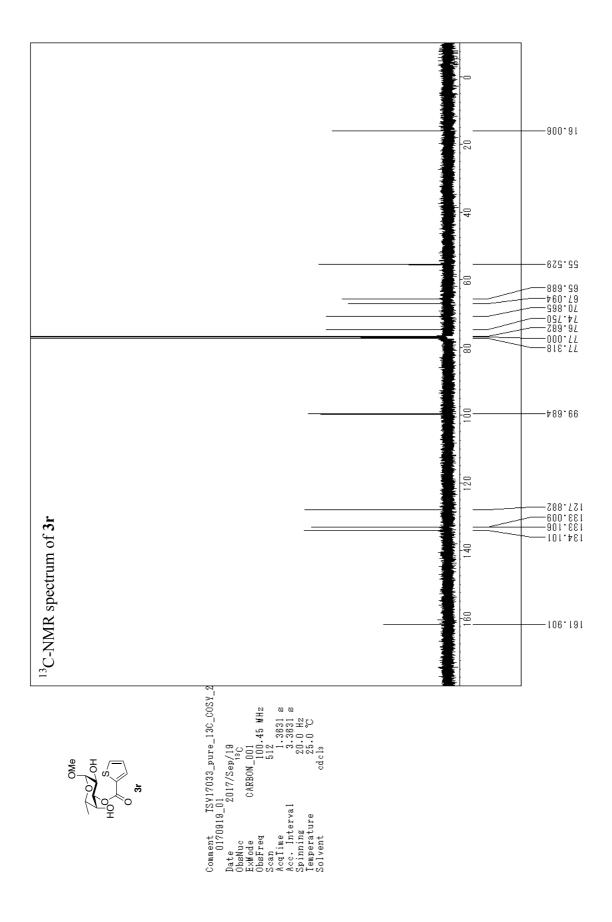
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



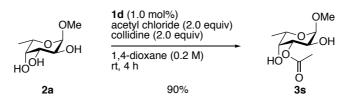


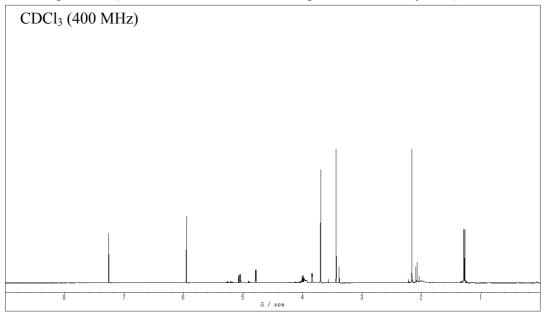




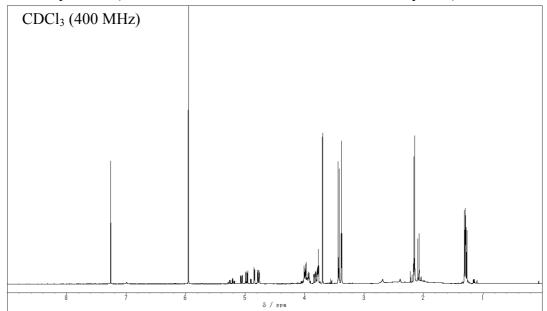


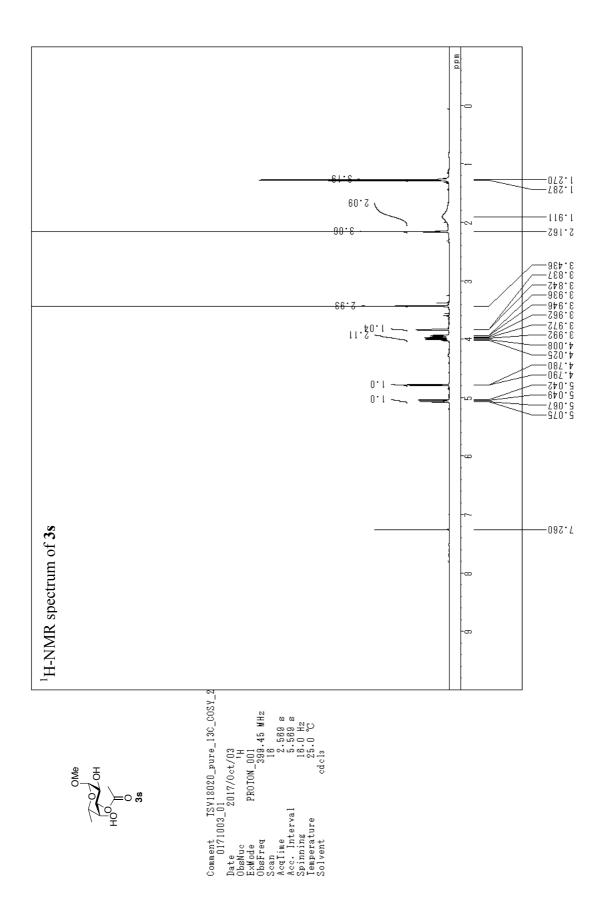
Methyl 3-*O*-acetyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3s**)

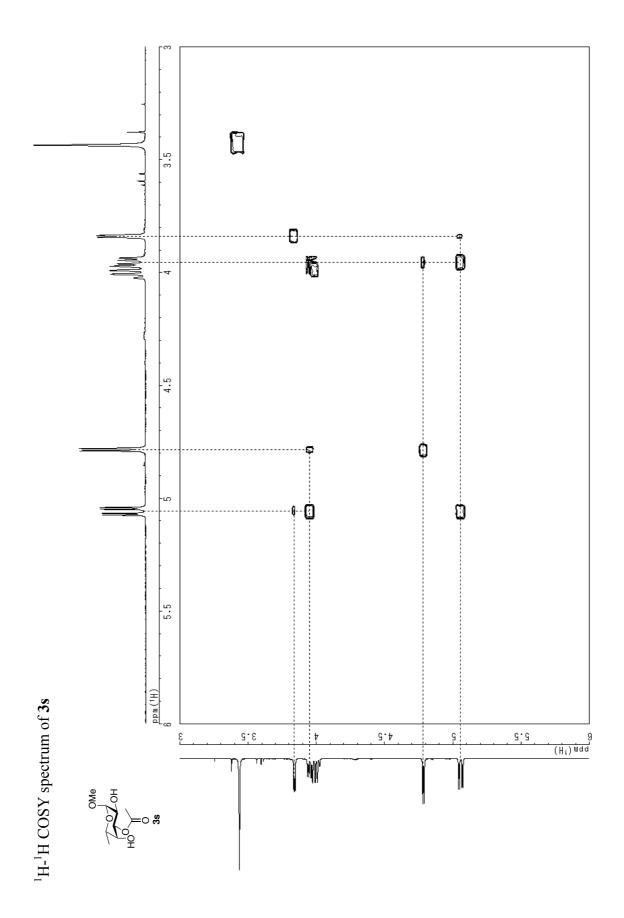


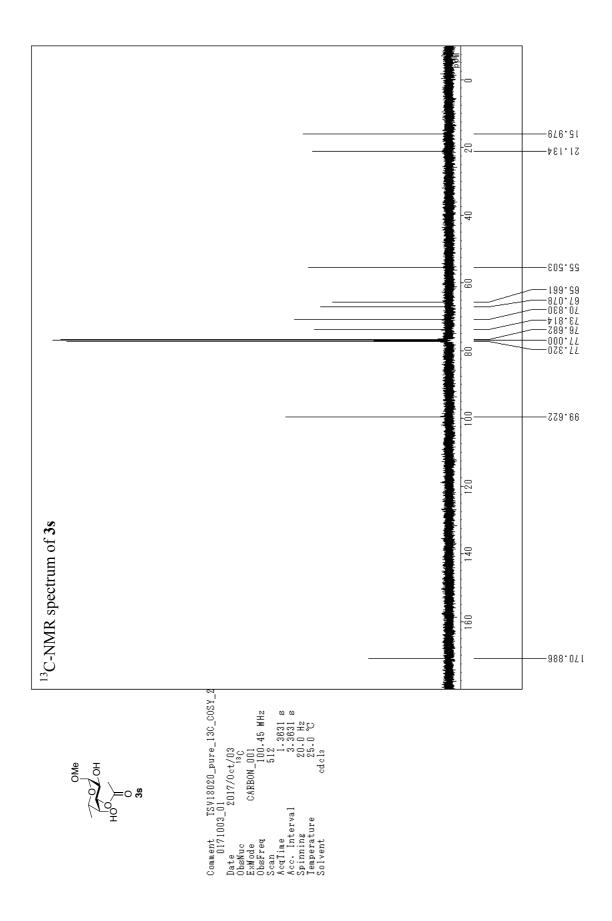


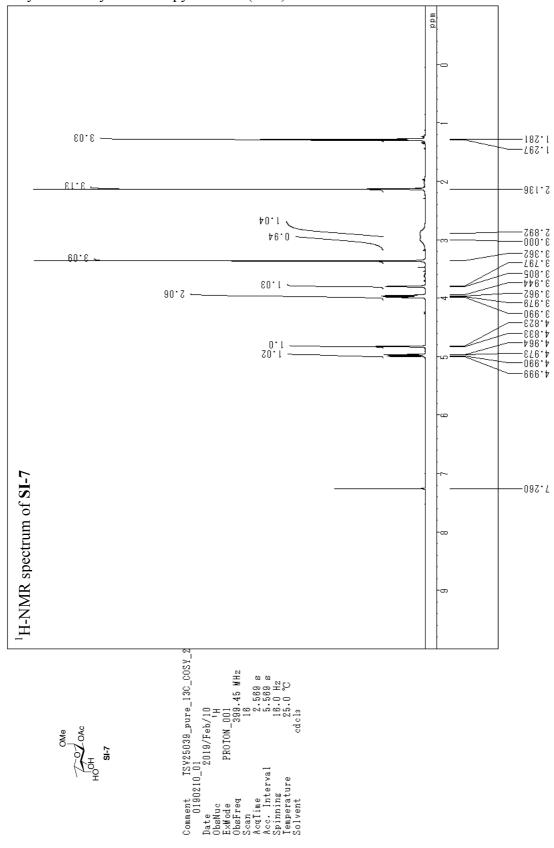
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)



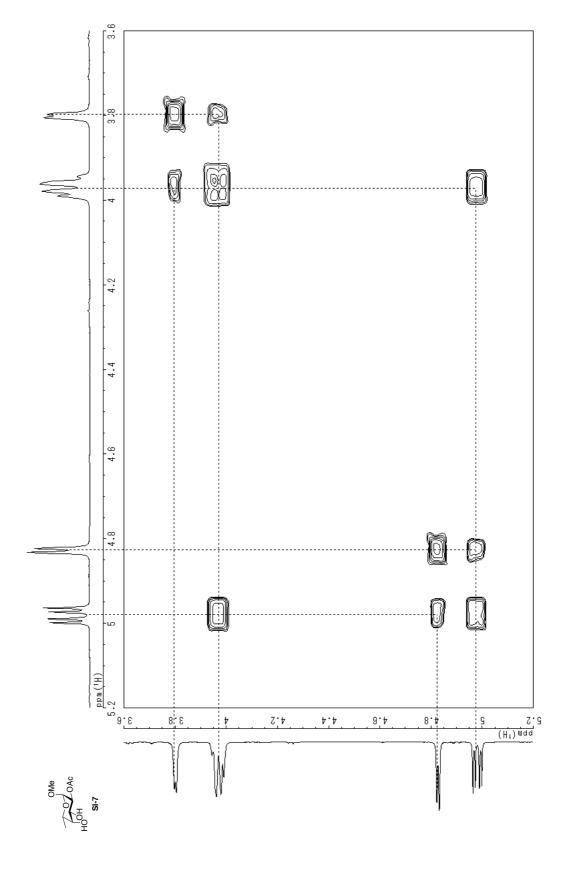




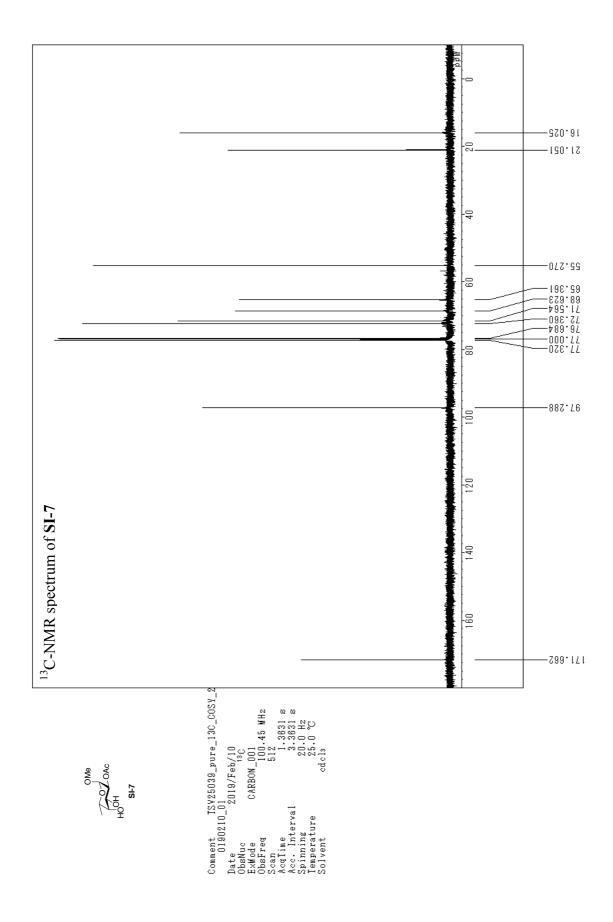


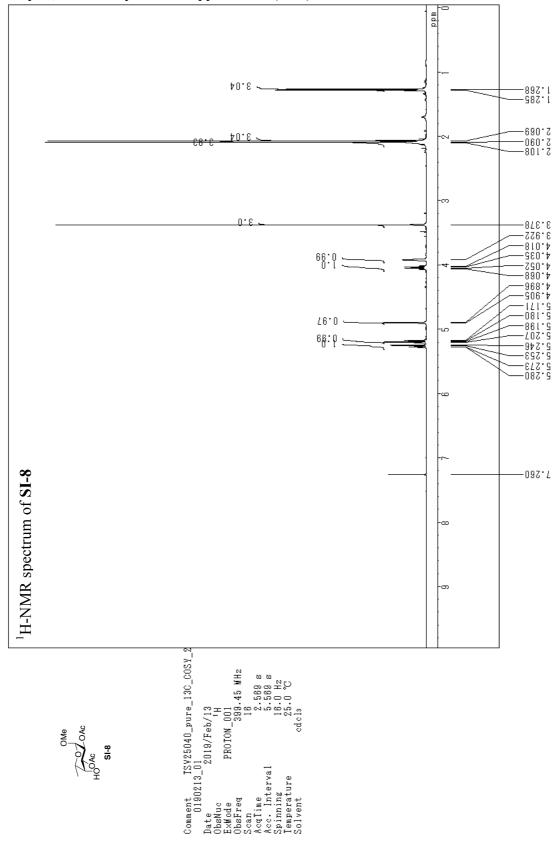


Methyl 2-*O*-acetyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**SI-7**)

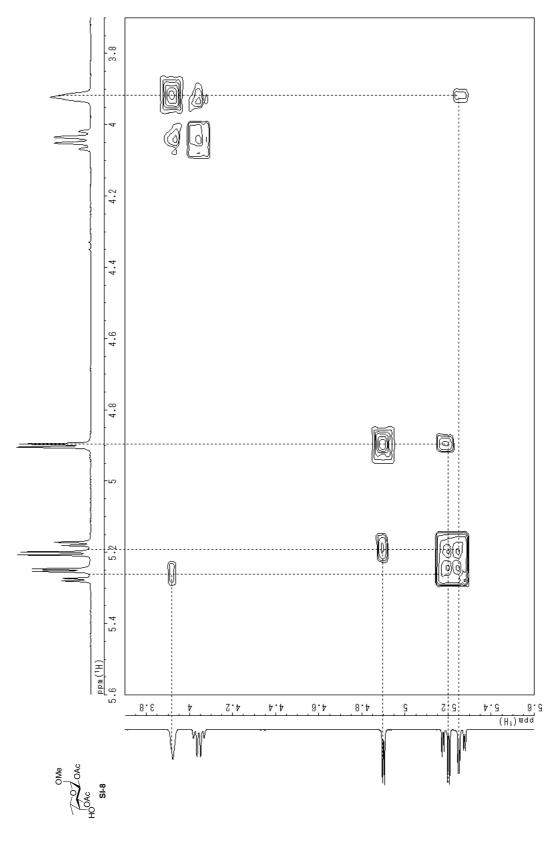


¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of **SI-7**

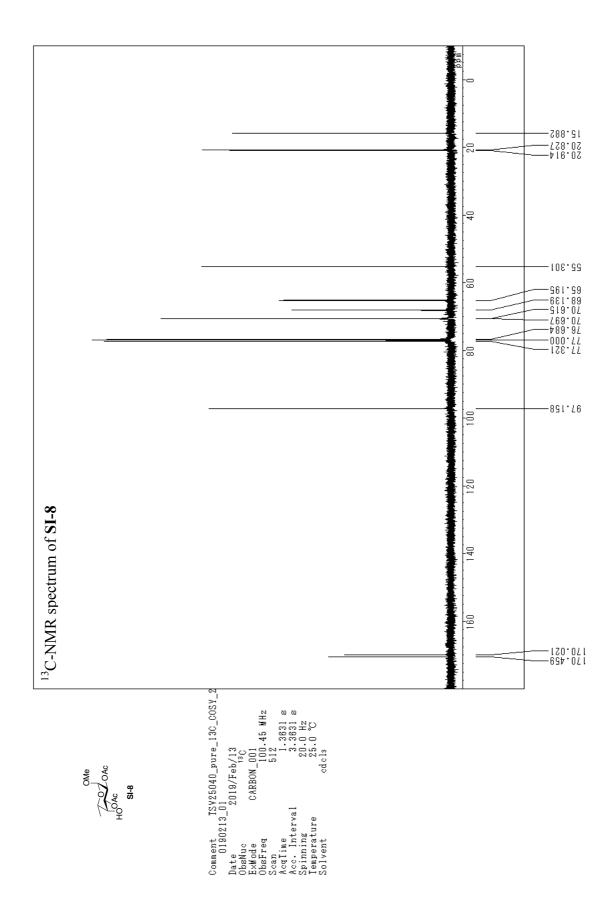




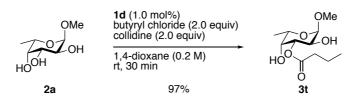
Methyl 2,3-O-diacetyl- α -L-fucopyranoside (SI-8)



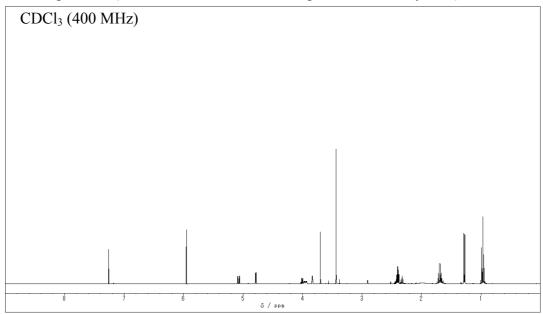
¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of SI-8

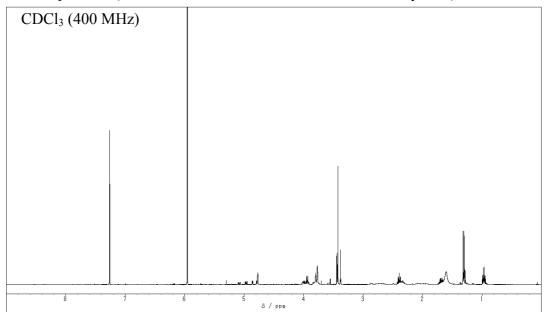


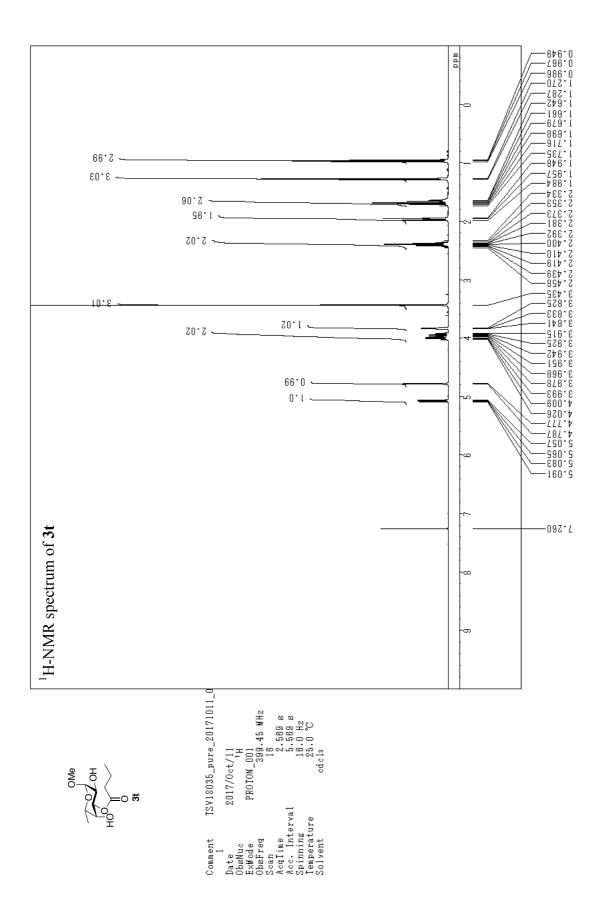
Methyl 3-*O*-butyryl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3t**)

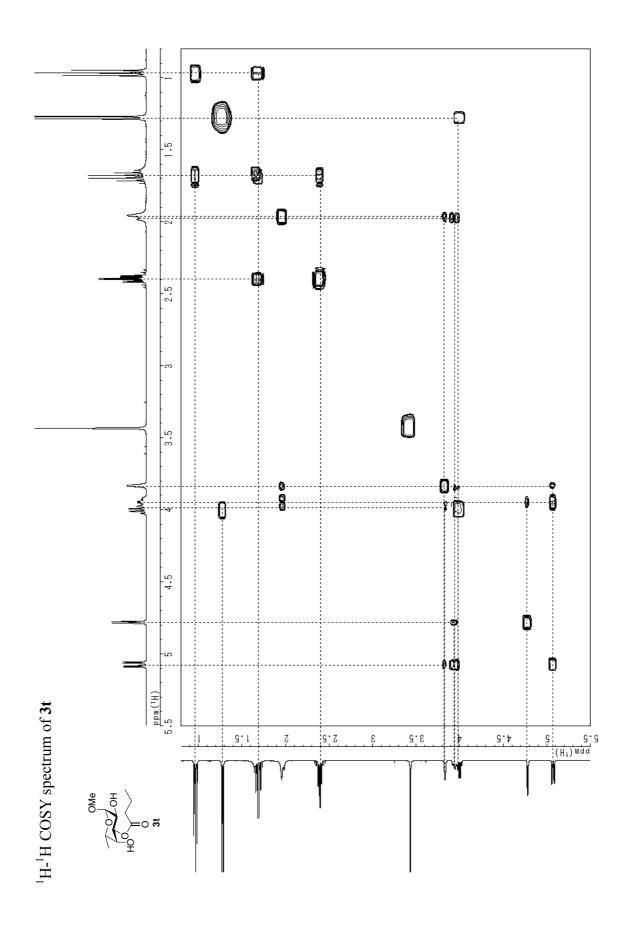


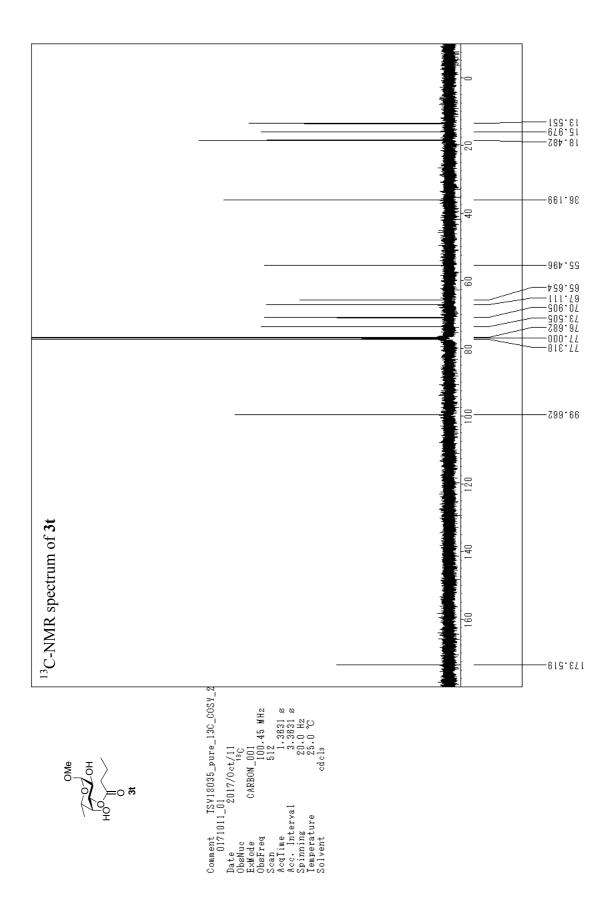
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



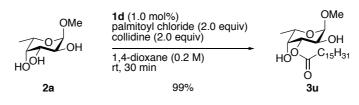




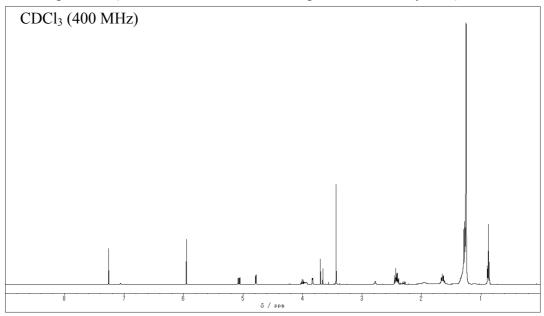


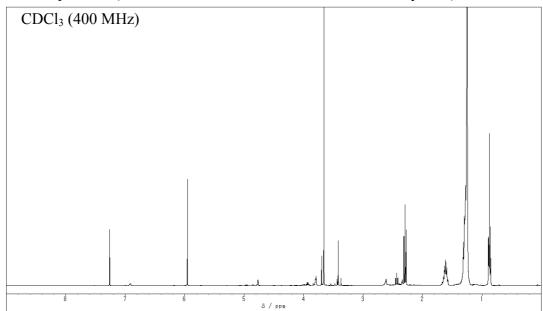


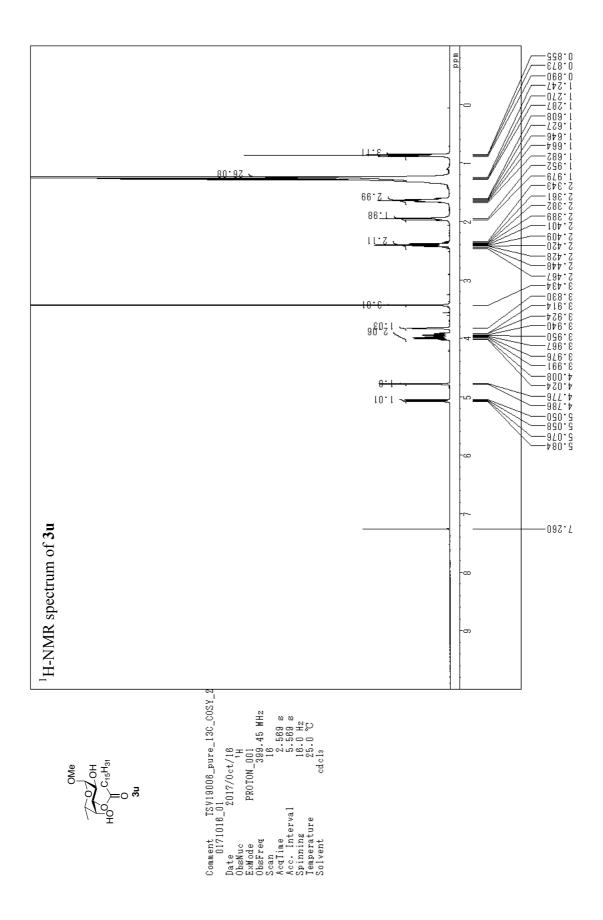
Methyl 3-*O*-palmitoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3u**)

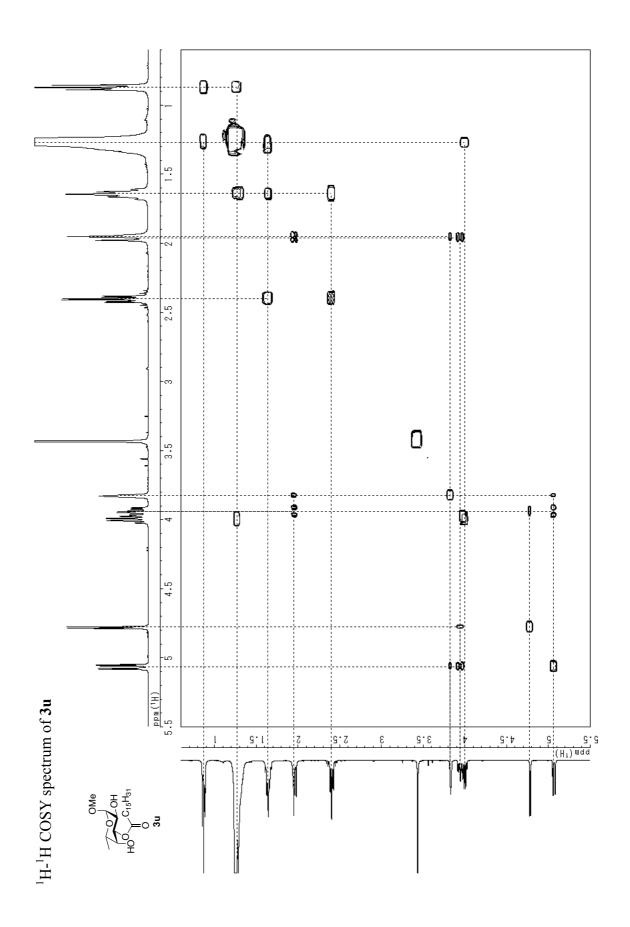


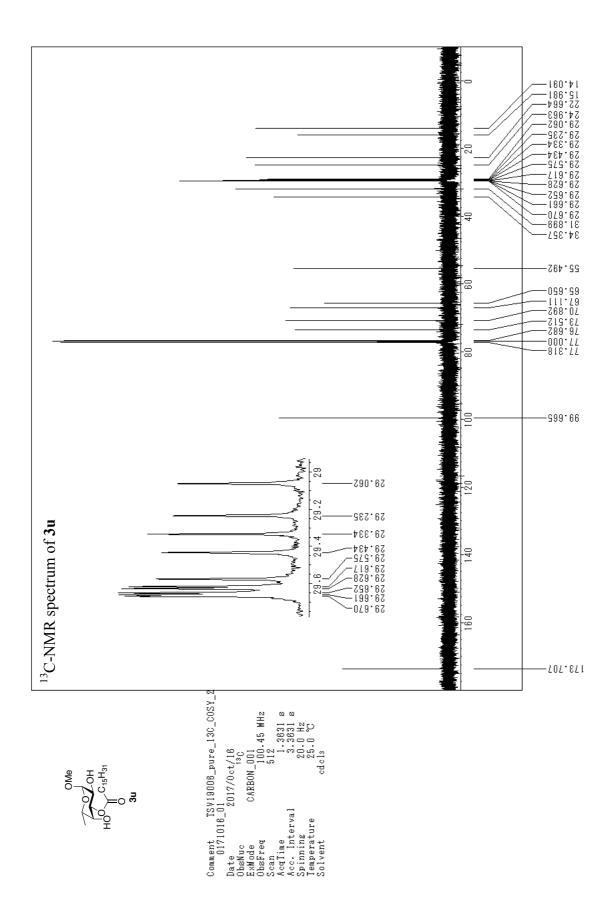
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1d)



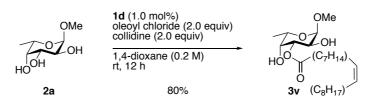




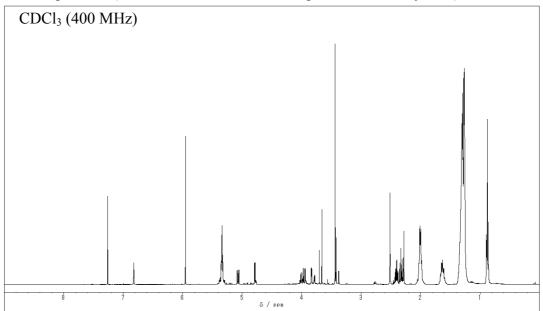


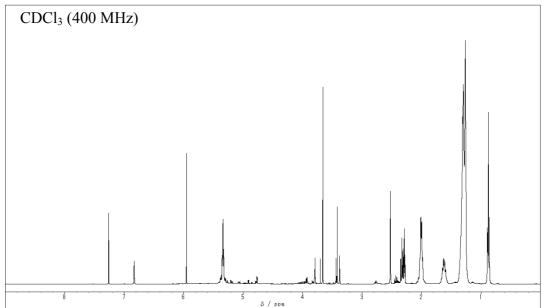


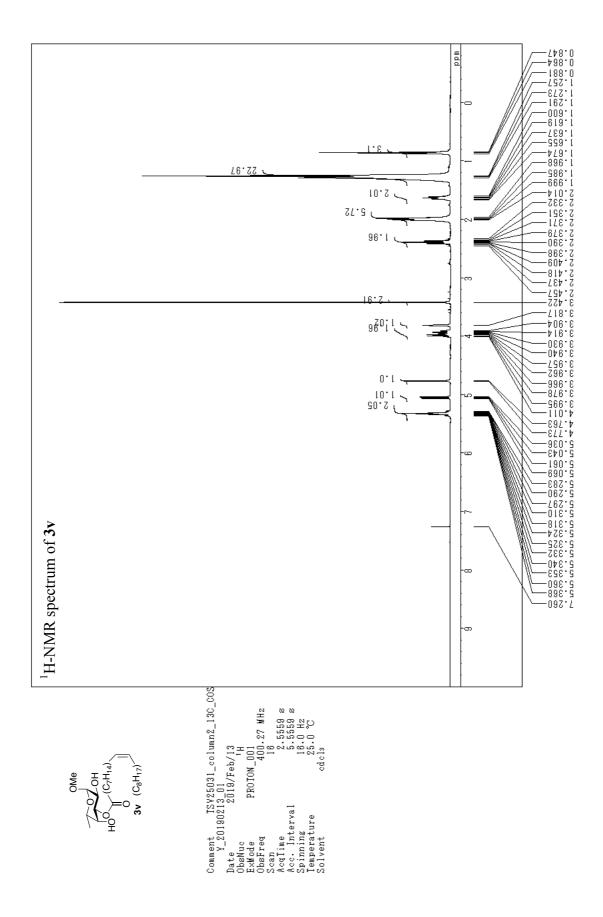
Methyl 3-*O*-oleoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3v**)

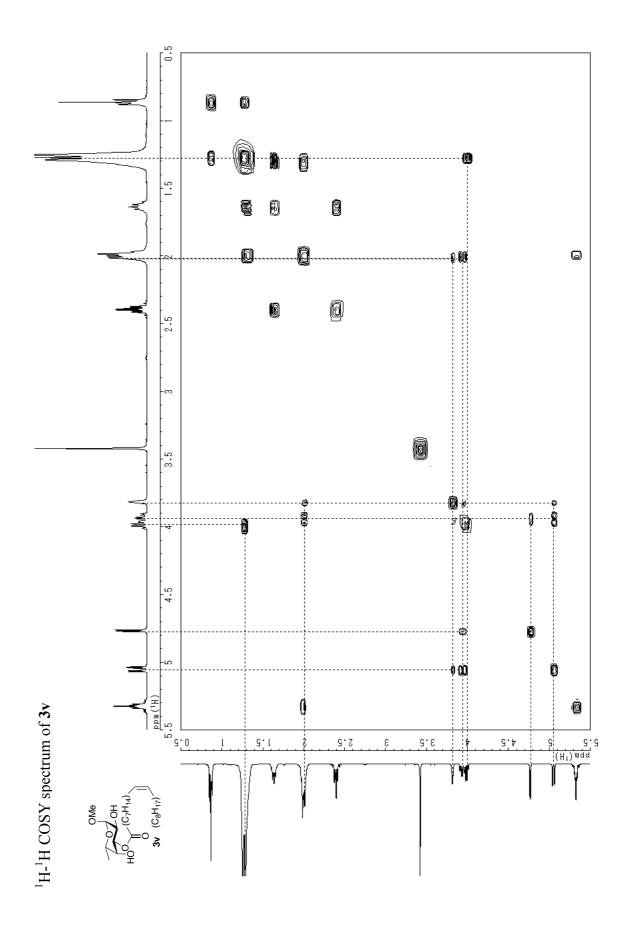


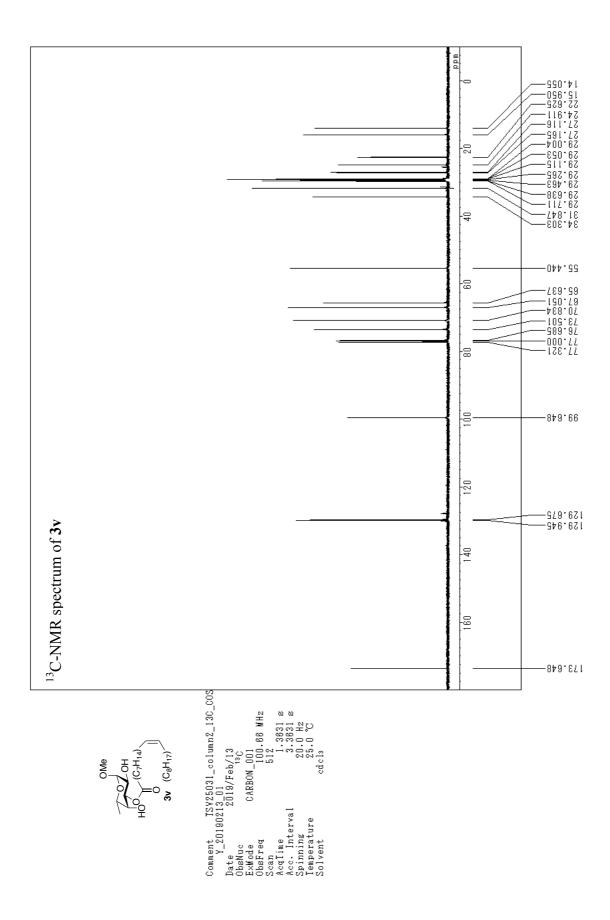
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



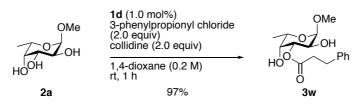


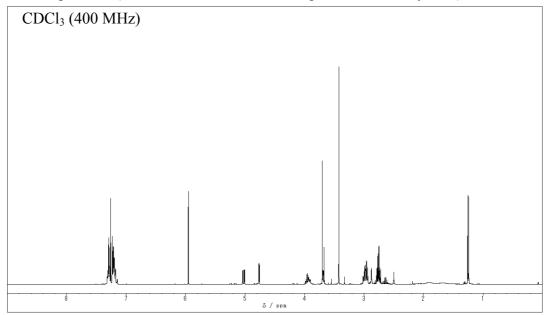




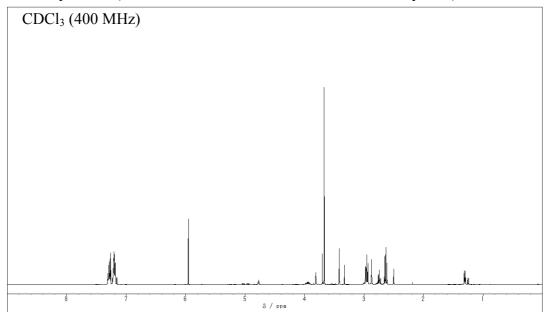


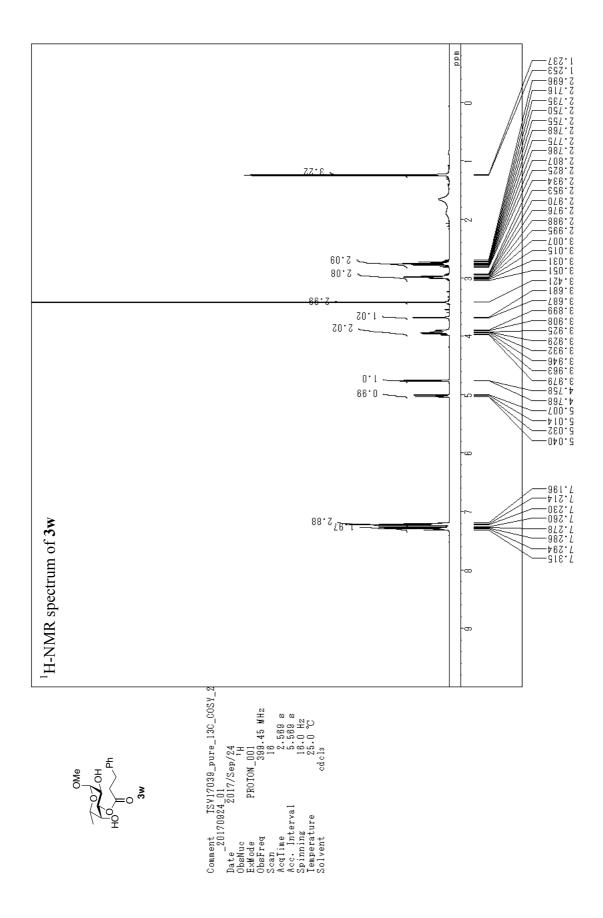
Methyl 3-*O*-3-phenylpropionyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3w**)

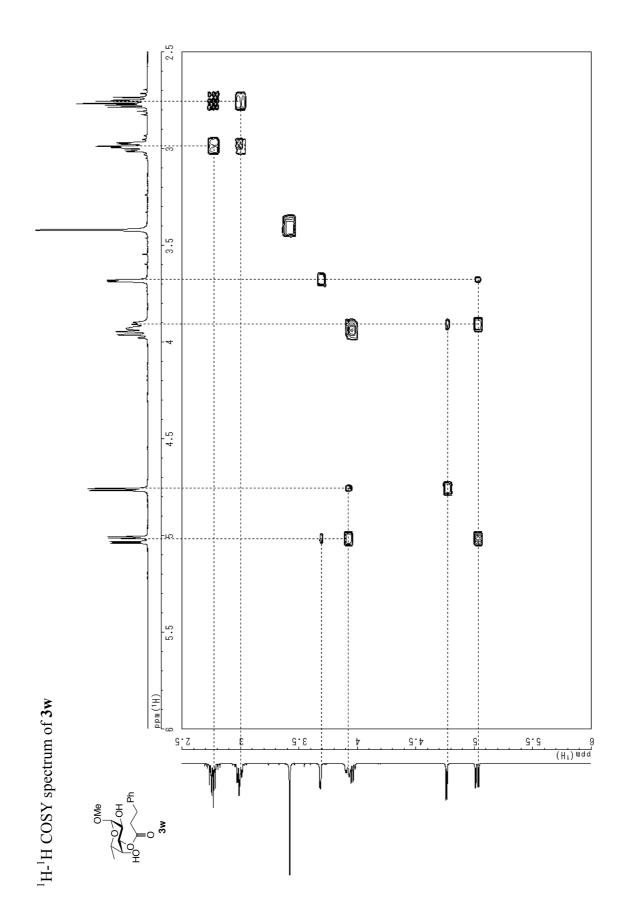


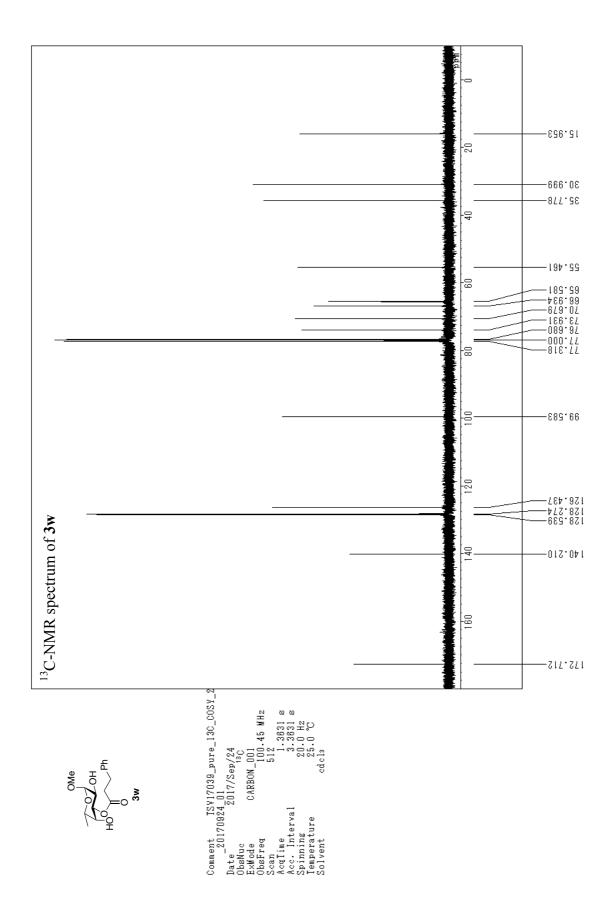


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

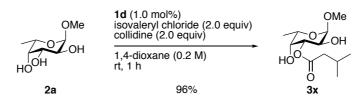


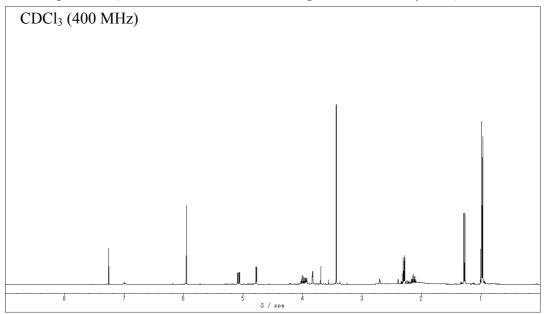




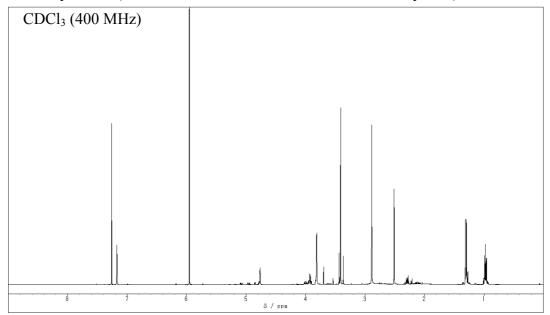


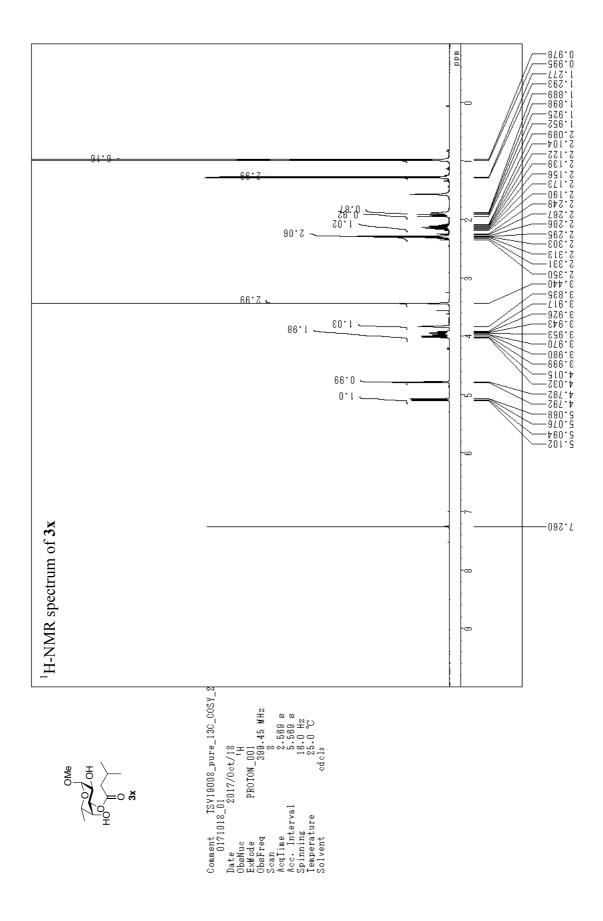
Methyl 3-O-isovaleryl- α -L-fucopyranoside (3x)

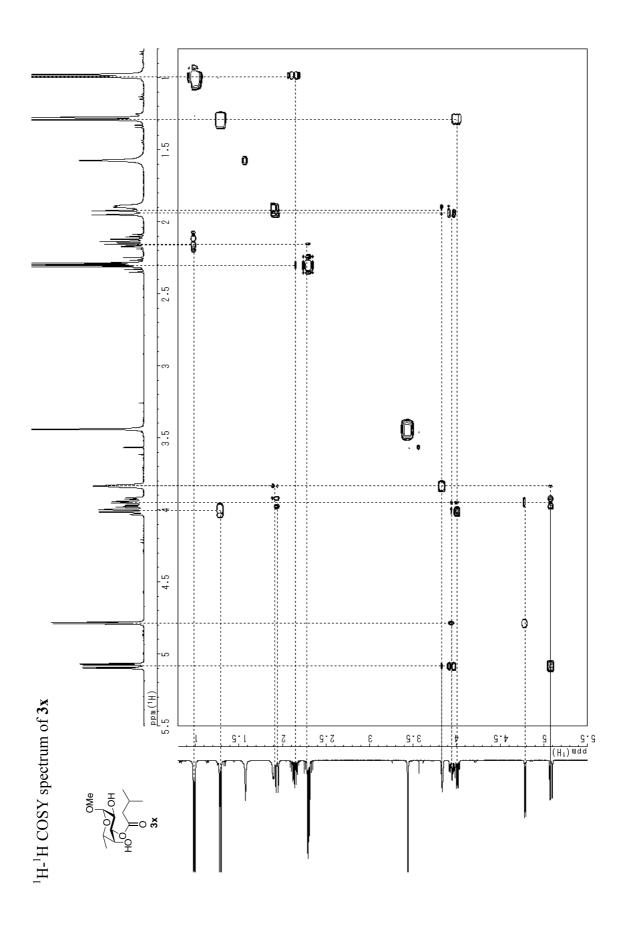


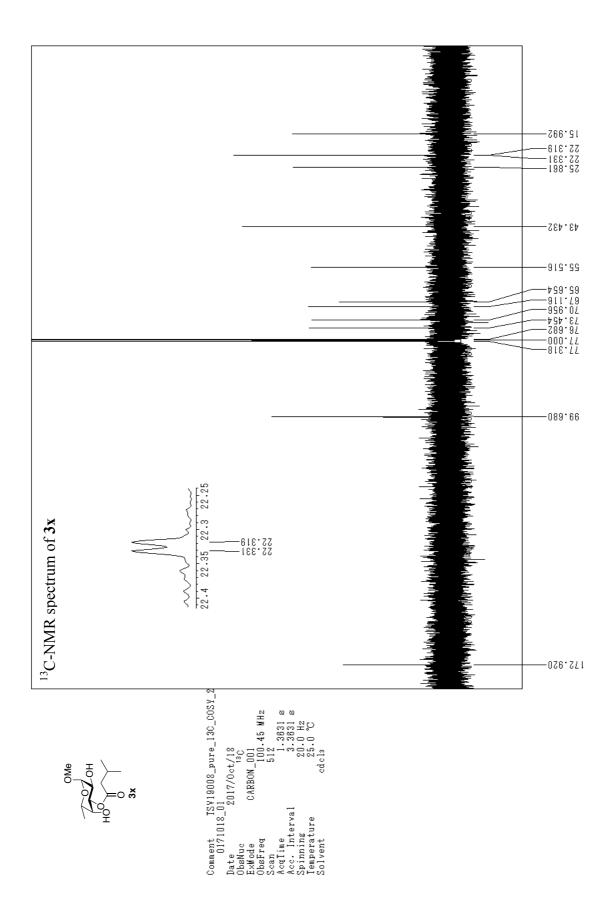


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

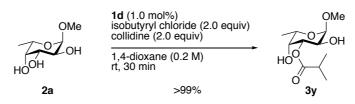




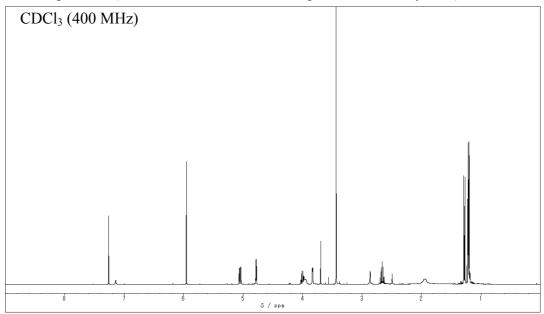


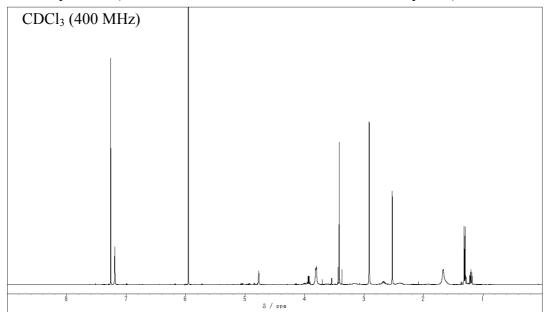


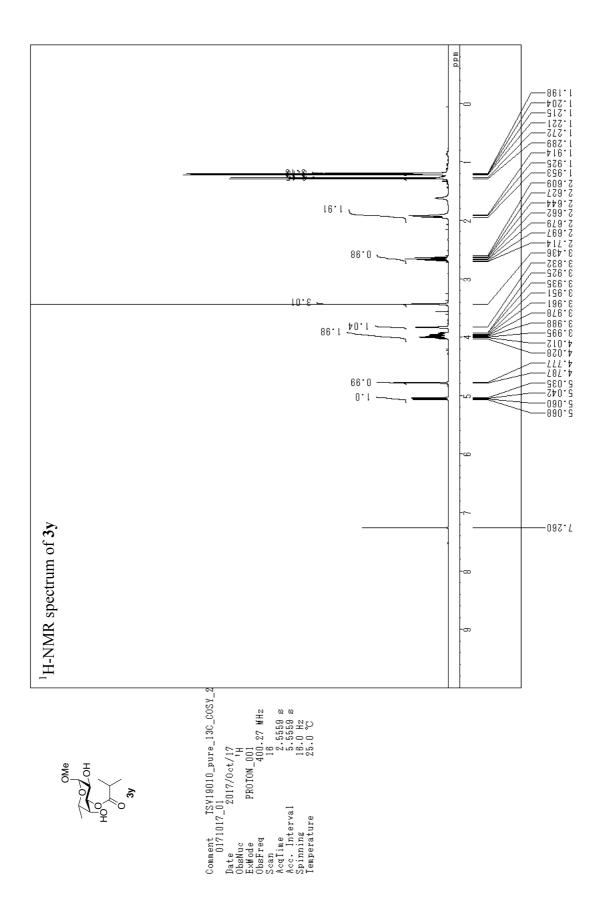
Methyl 3-*O*-isobutyryl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3**y)

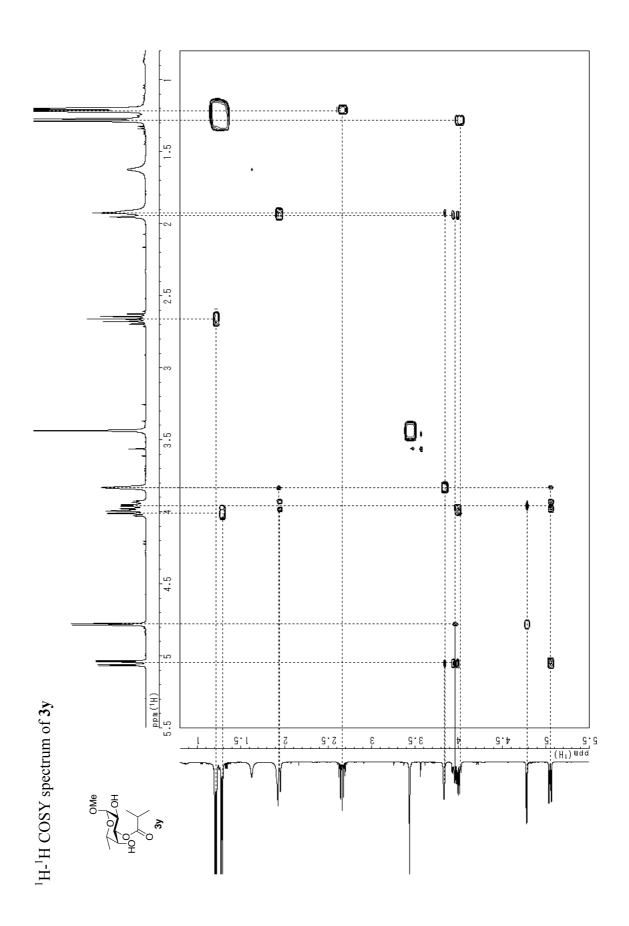


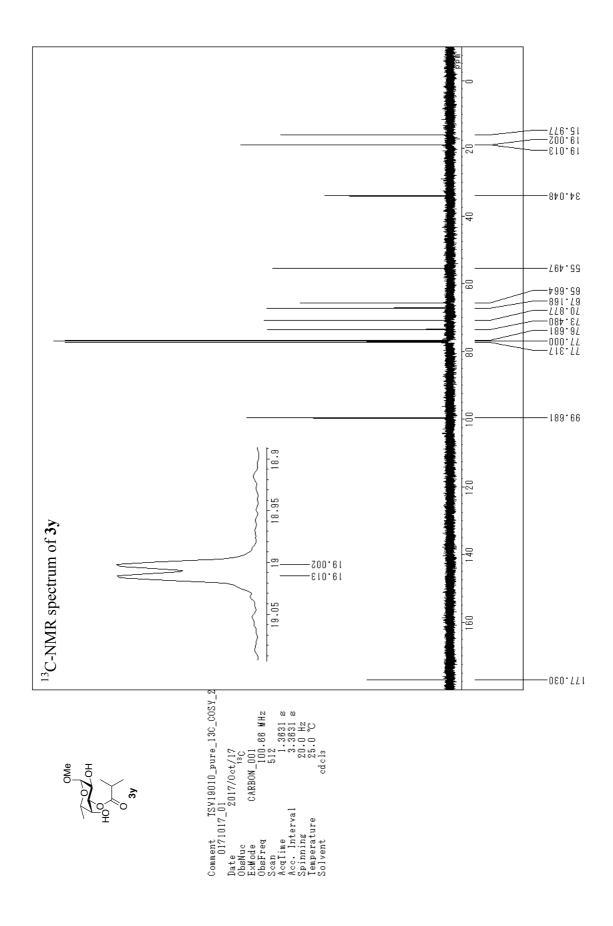
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1d)



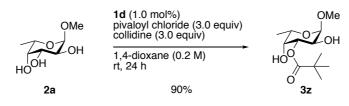




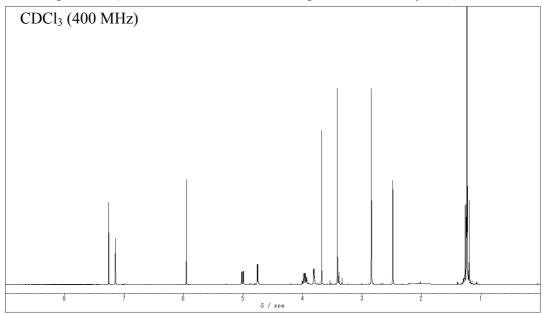


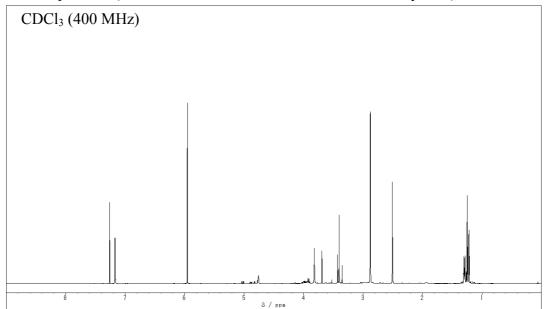


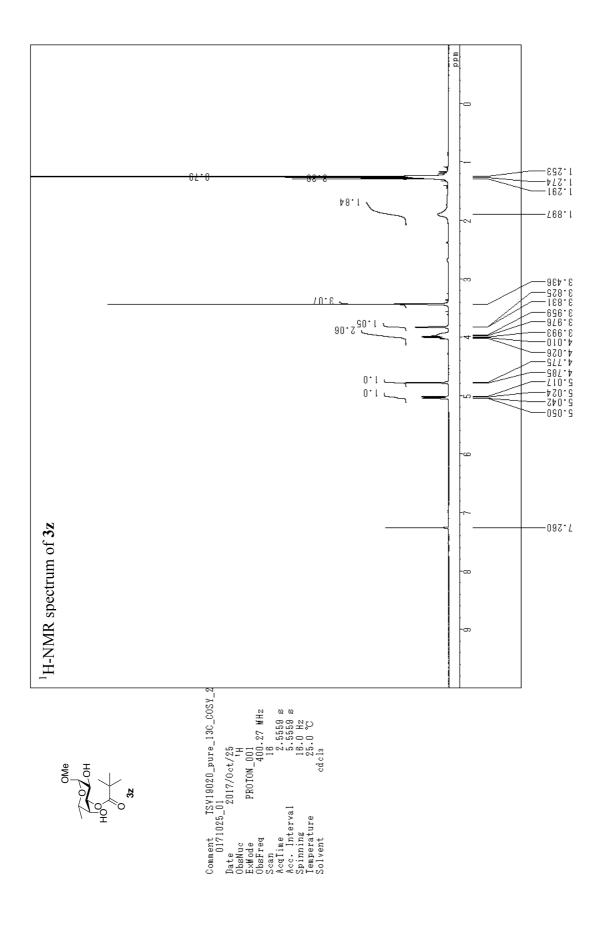
Methyl 3-*O*-pivaloyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3z**)

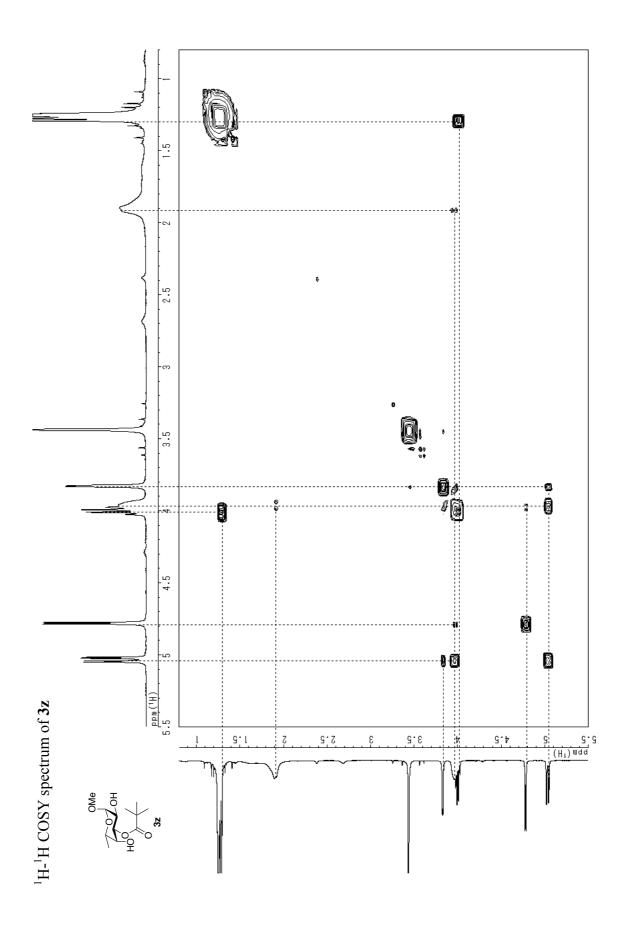


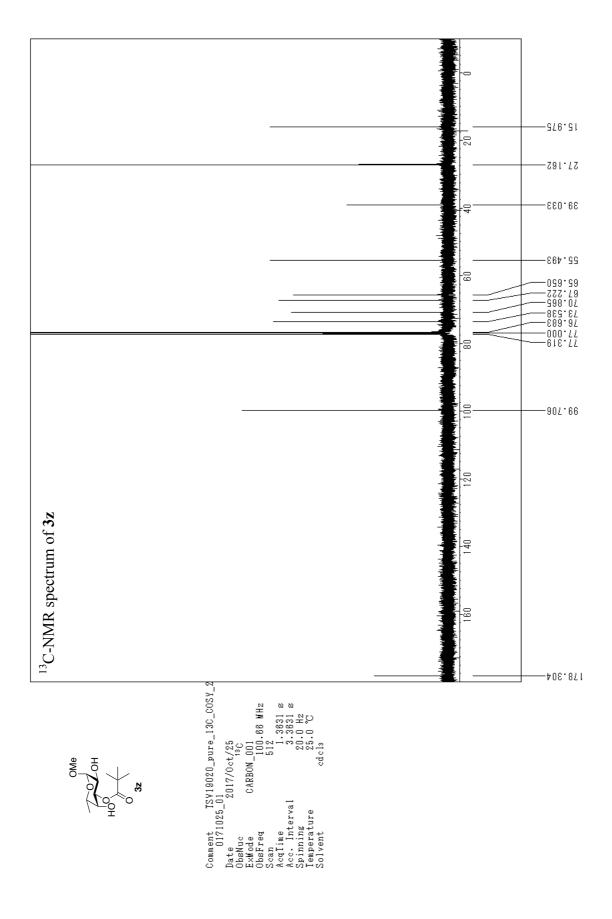
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)



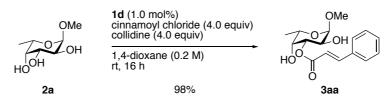


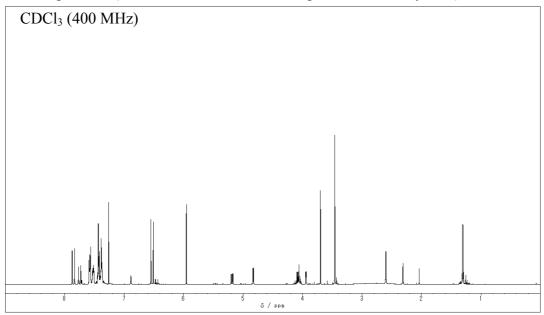




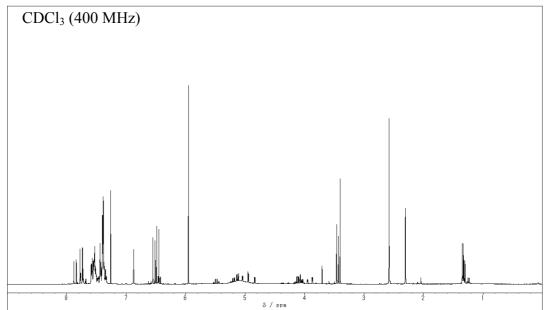


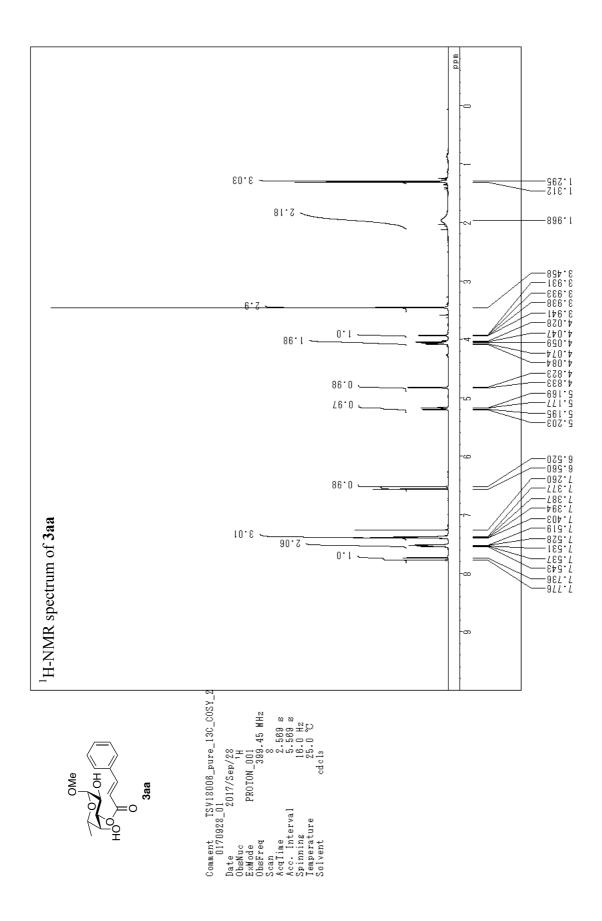
Methyl 3-*O*-cinnamoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3aa**)

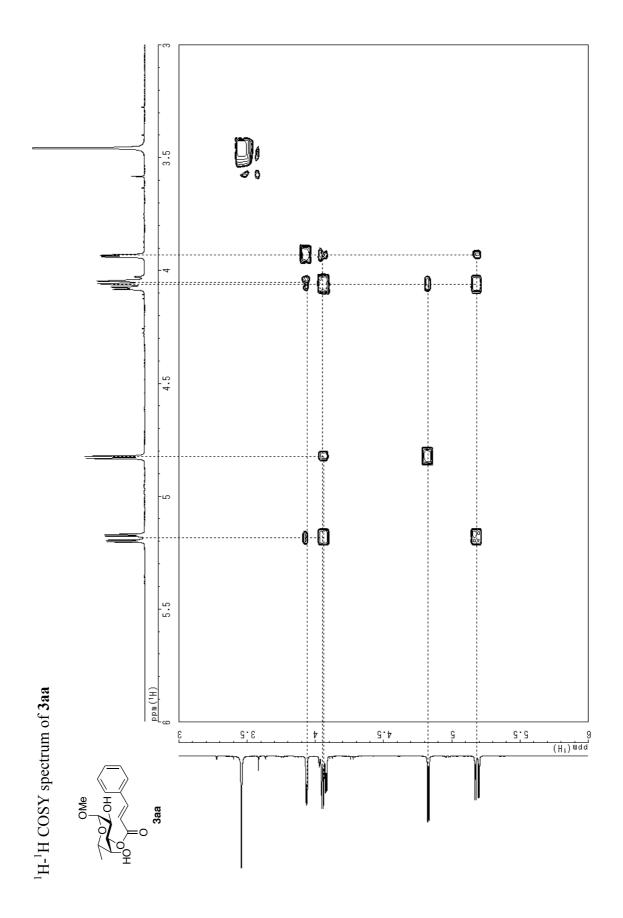


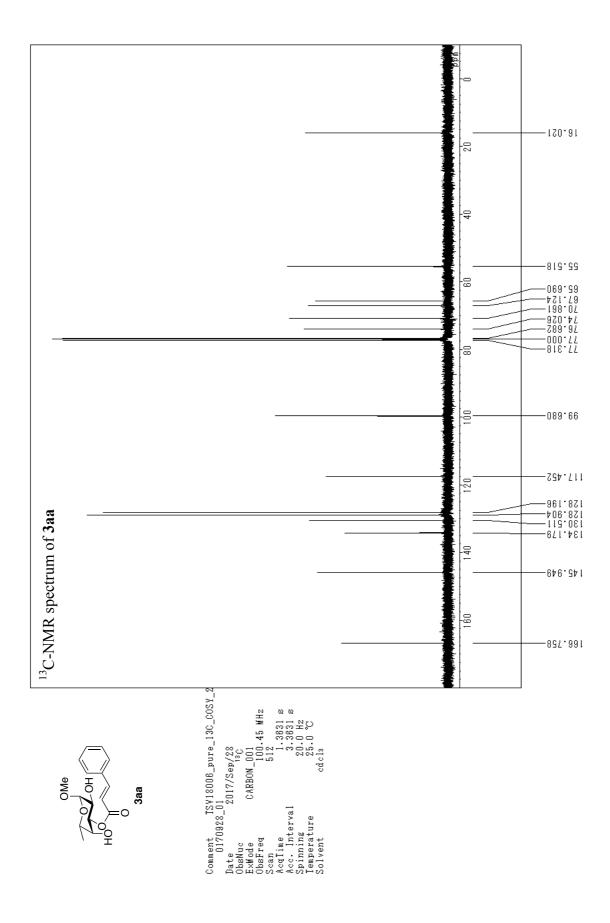


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

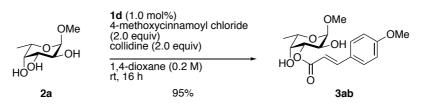


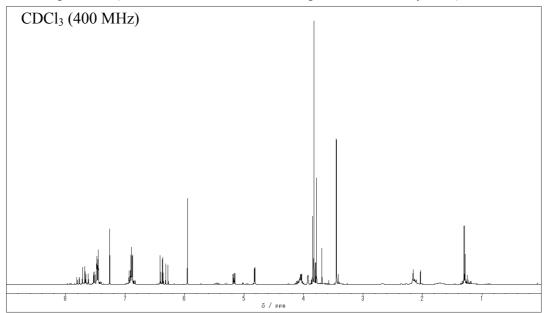




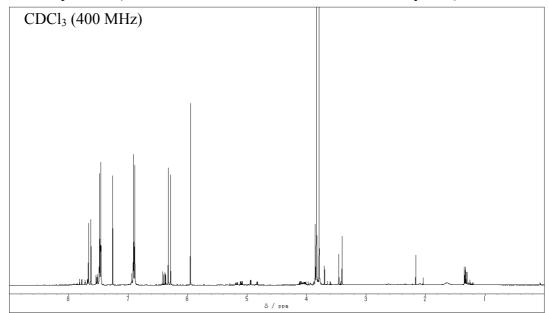


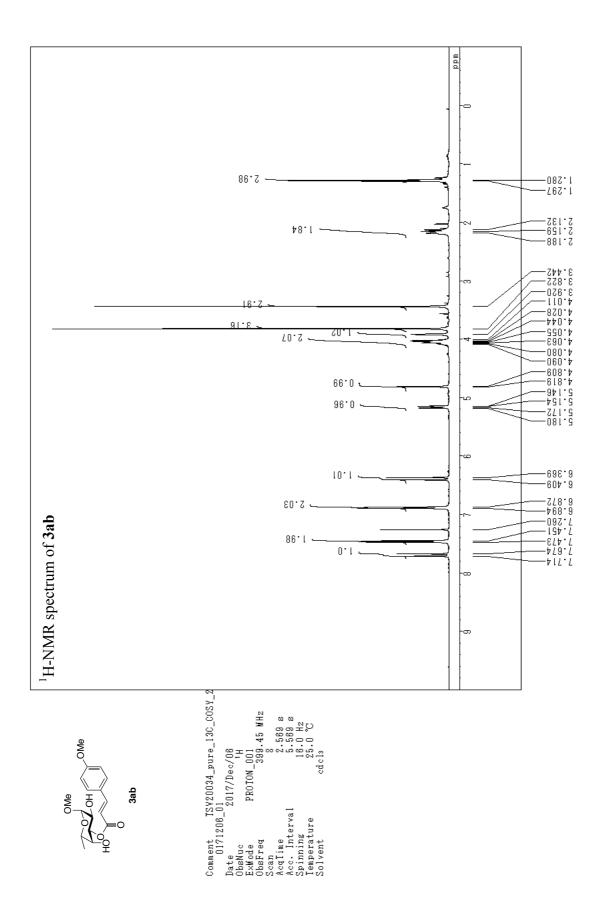
Methyl 3-*O*-4-methoxycinnamoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ab**)

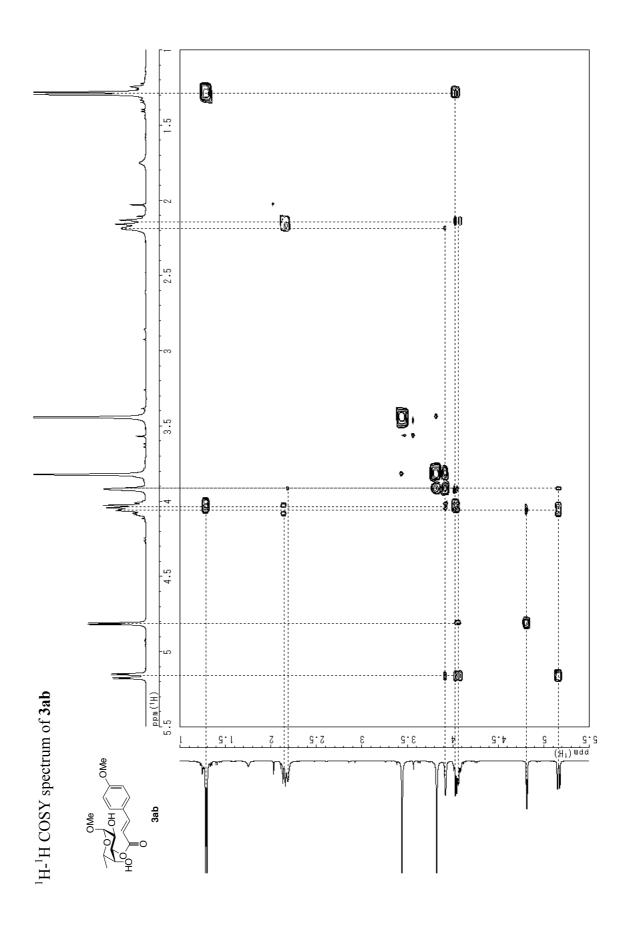


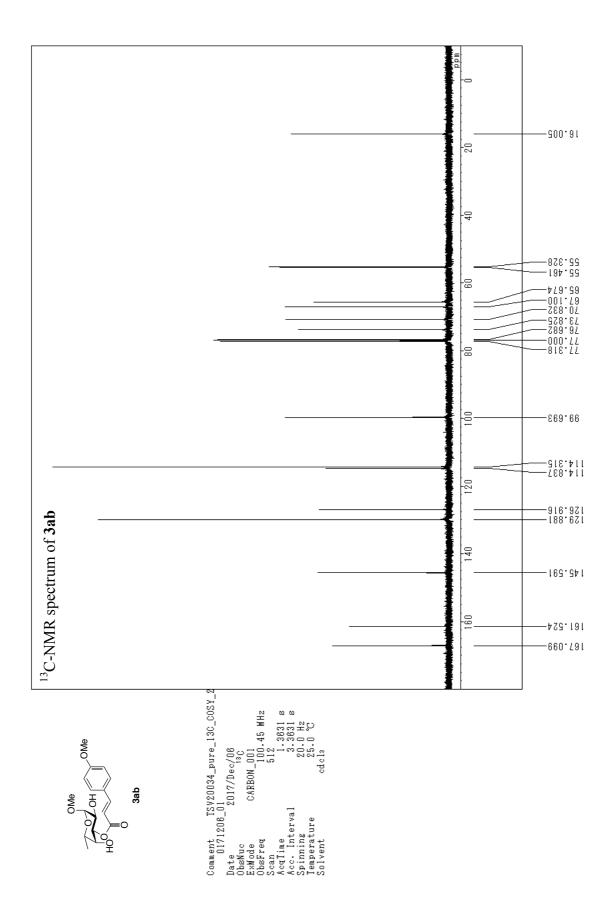


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

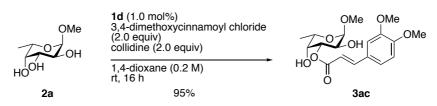


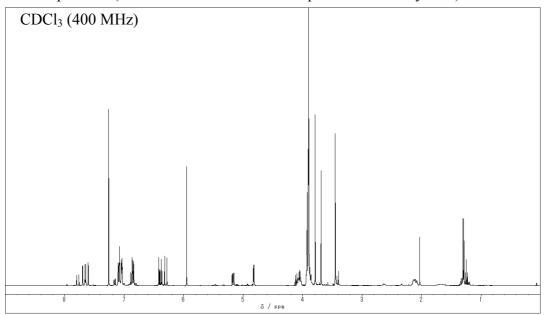




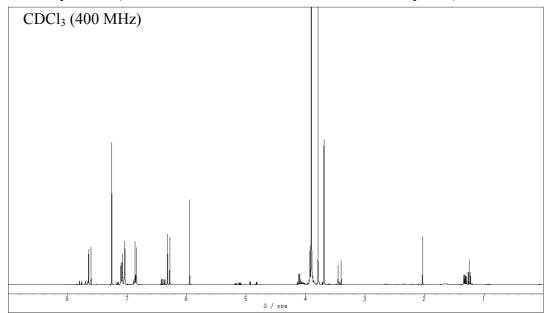


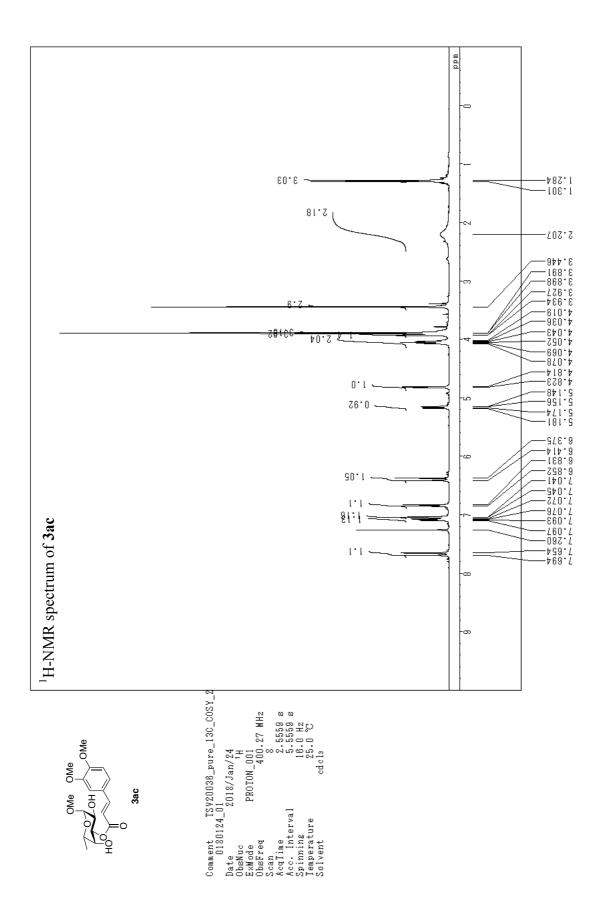
Methyl 3-*O*-3,4-dimethoxycinnamoyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ac**)

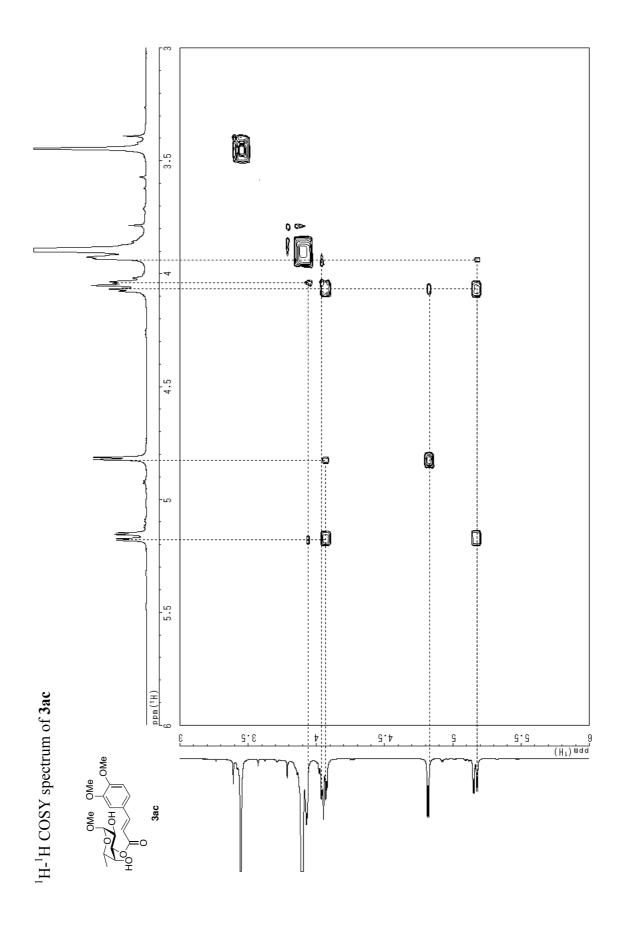


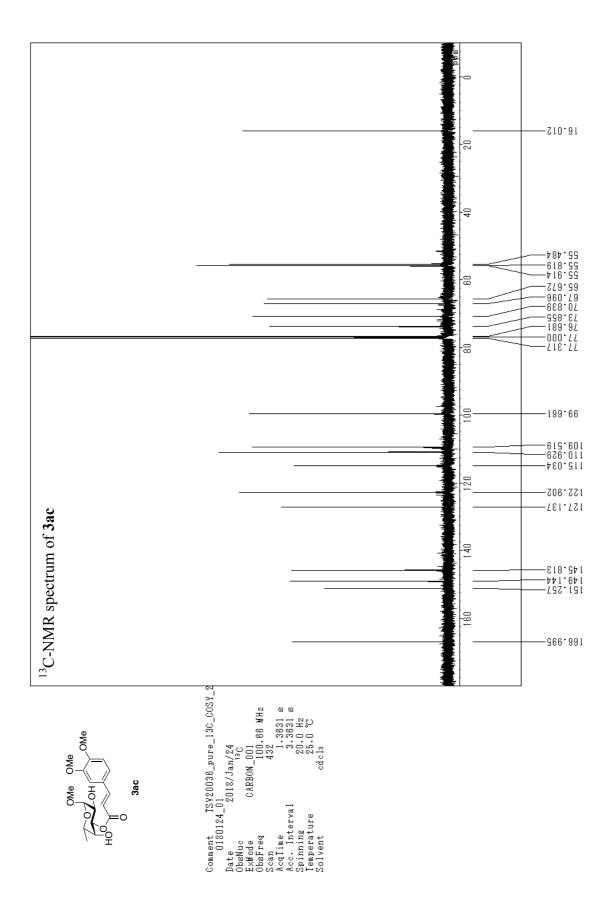


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

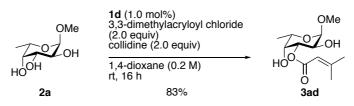




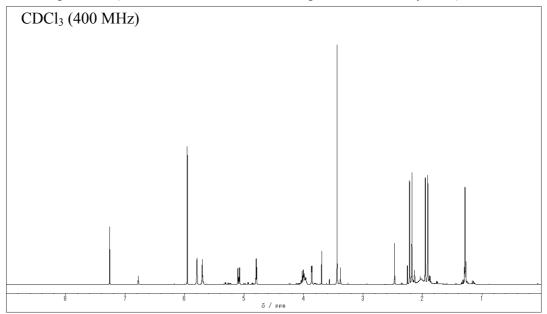




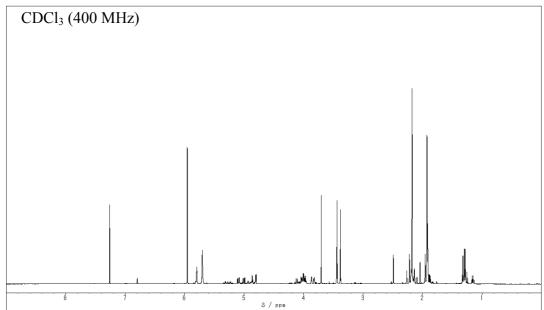
Methyl 3-*O*-3,3-dimethylacryloyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ad**)

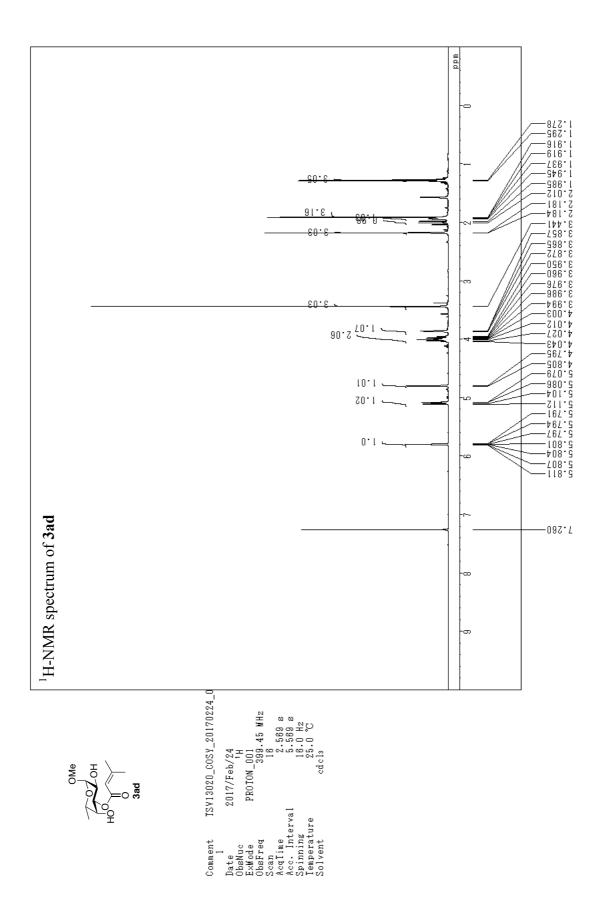


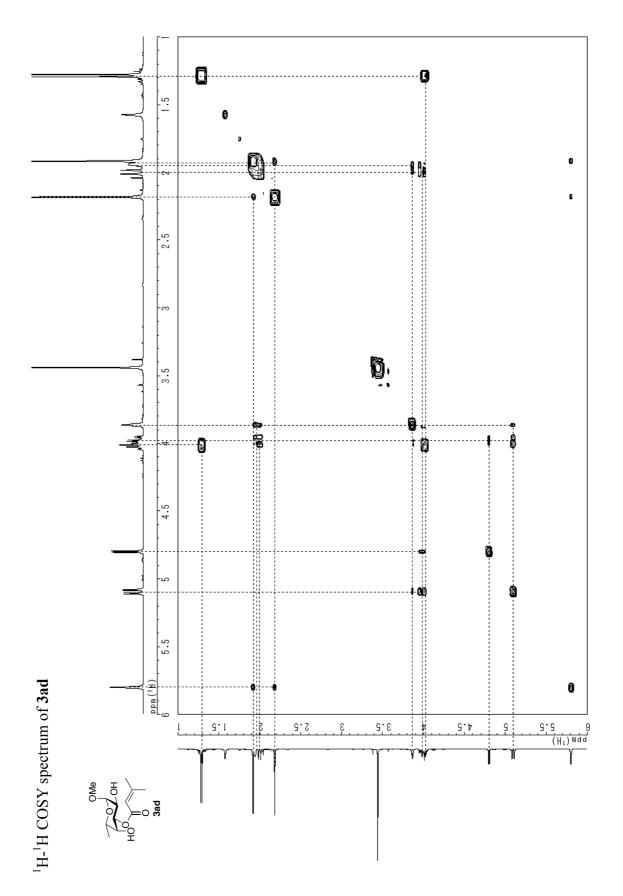
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst 1d)



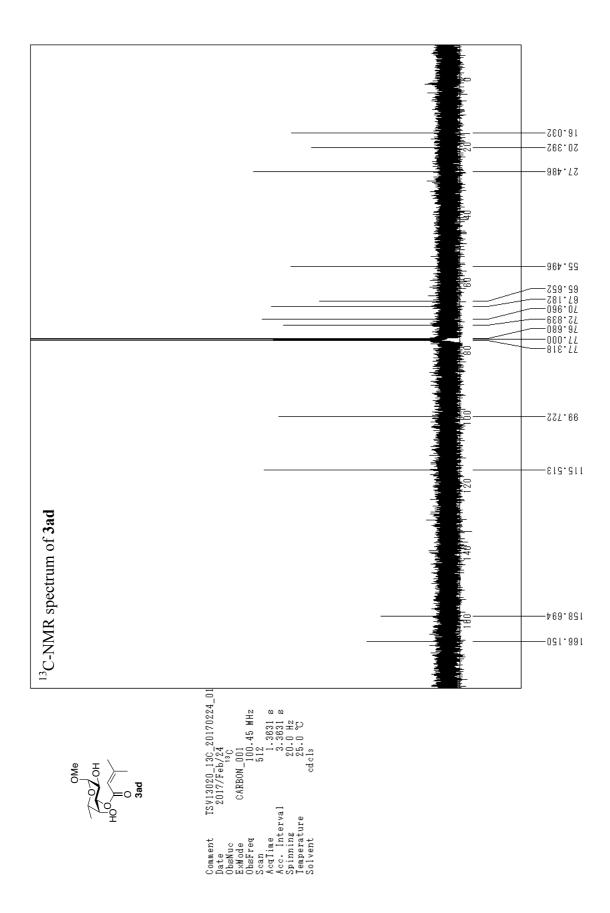
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)



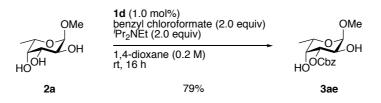


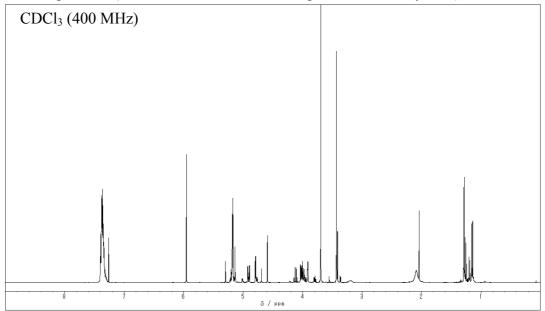




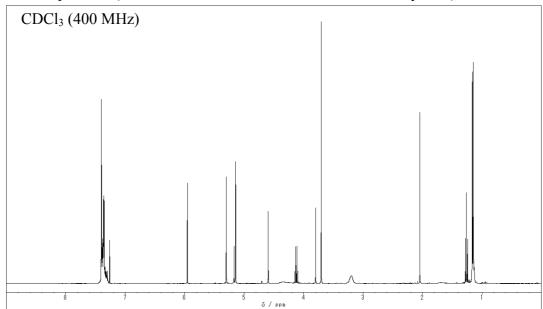


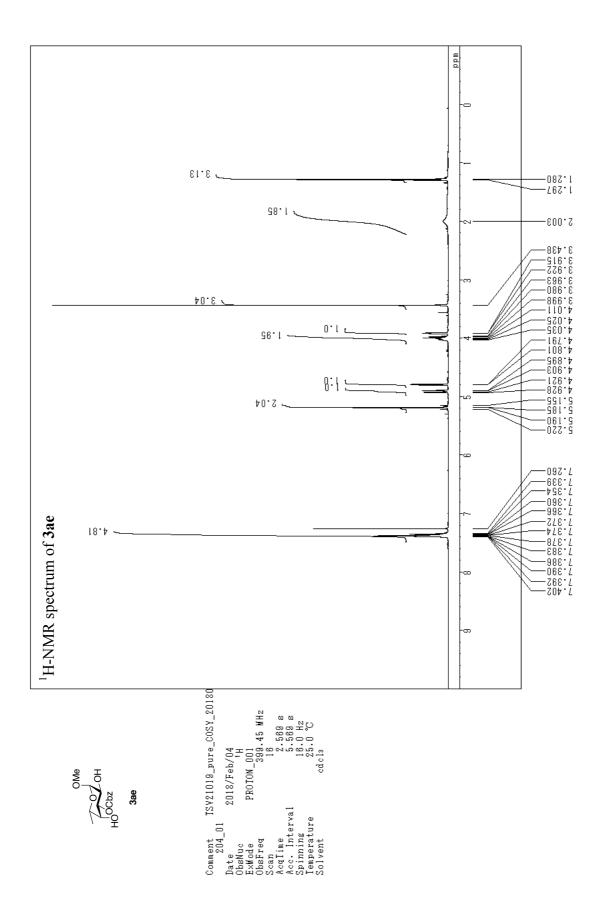
Methyl 3-*O*-benzyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ae**)

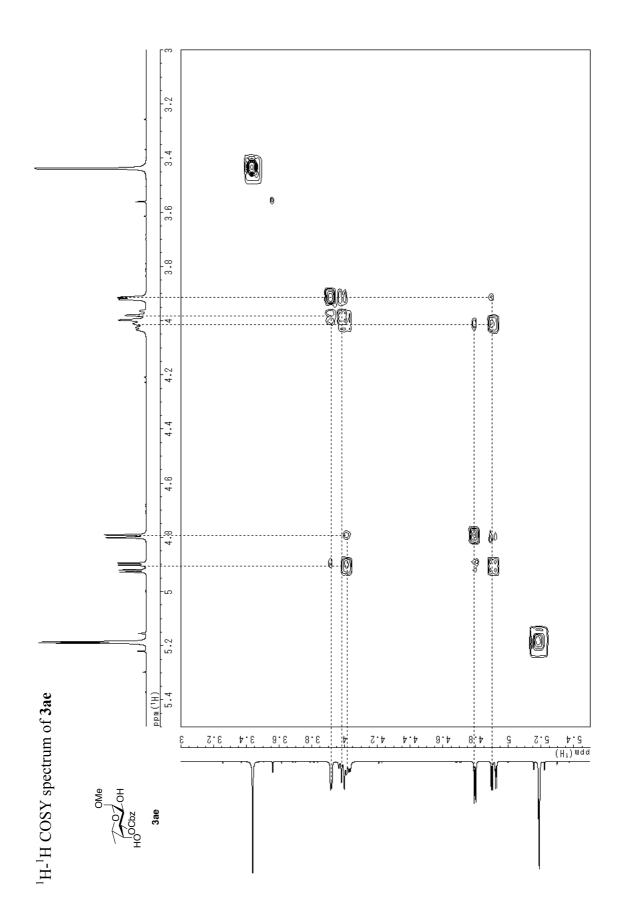


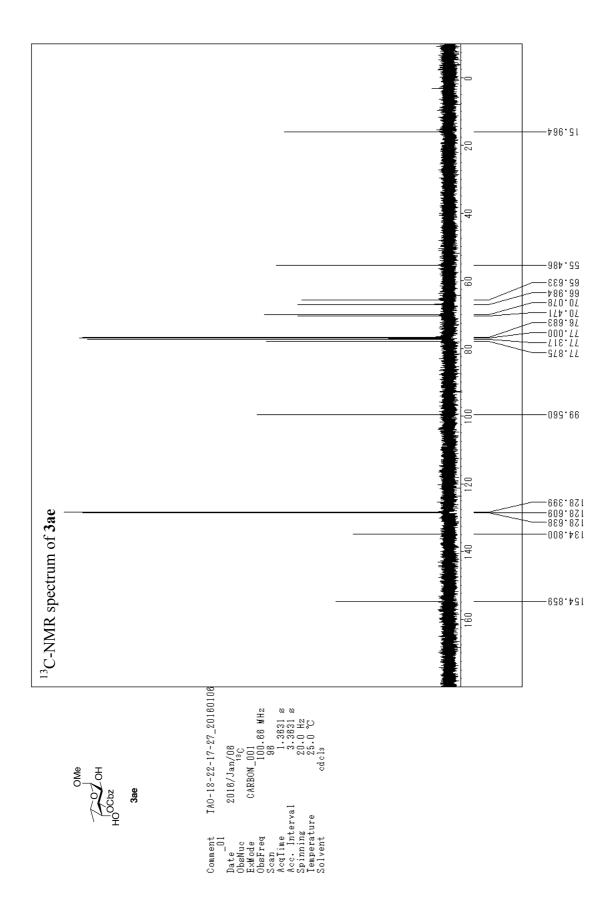


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

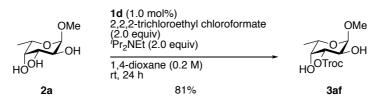


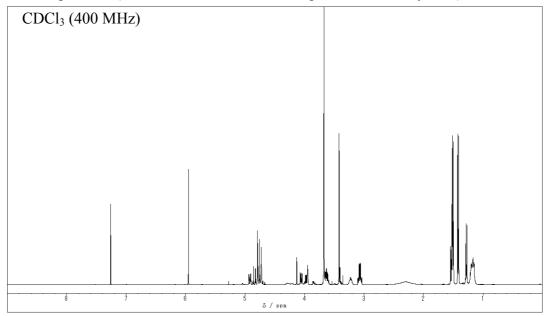




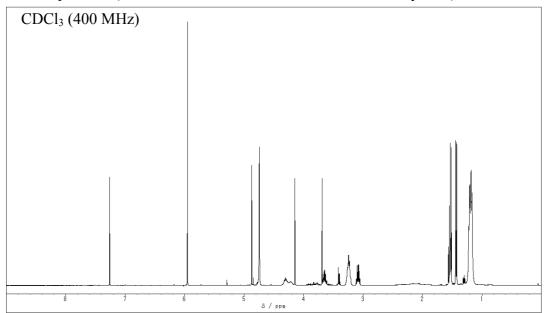


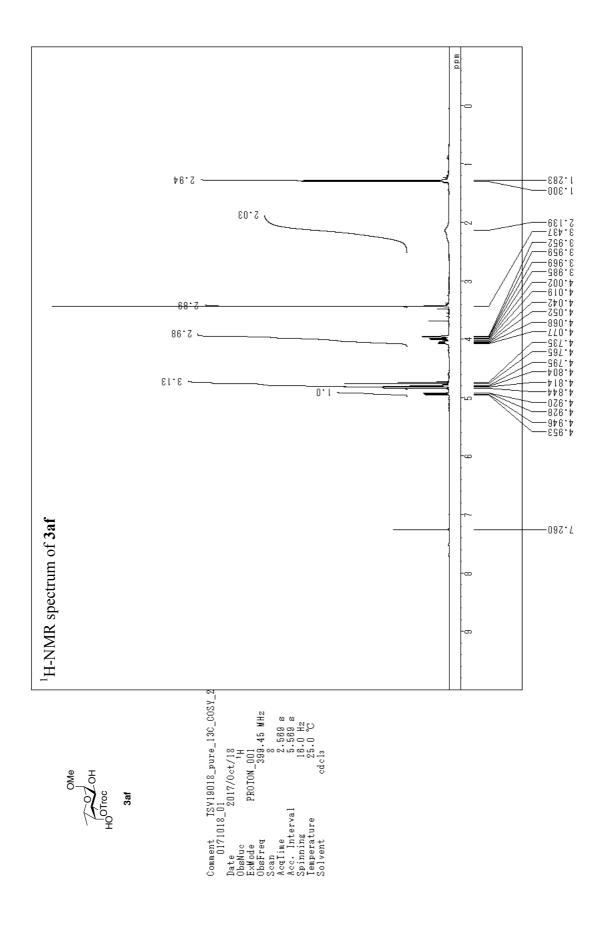
Methyl 3-*O*-2,2,2-trichloroethyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3af**)

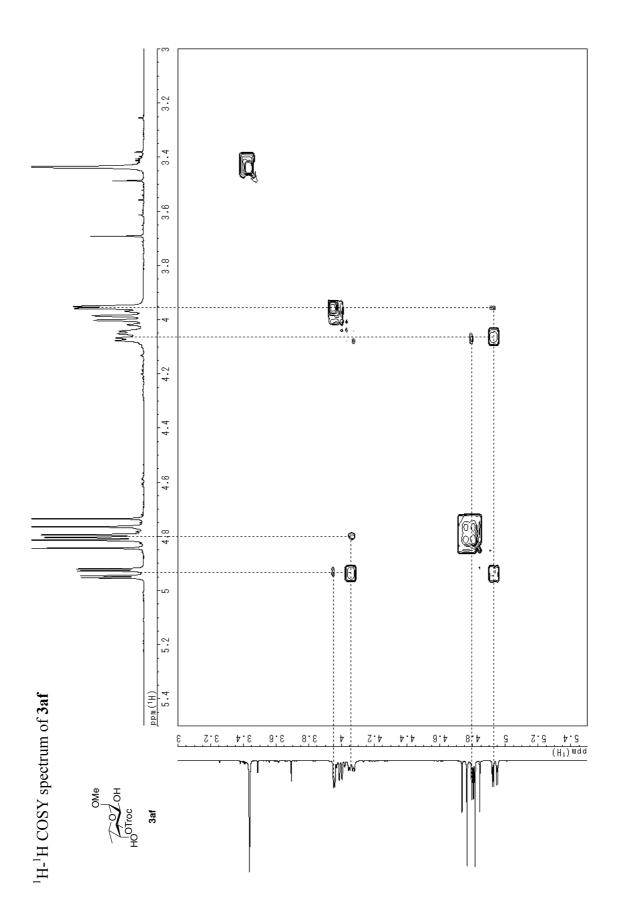


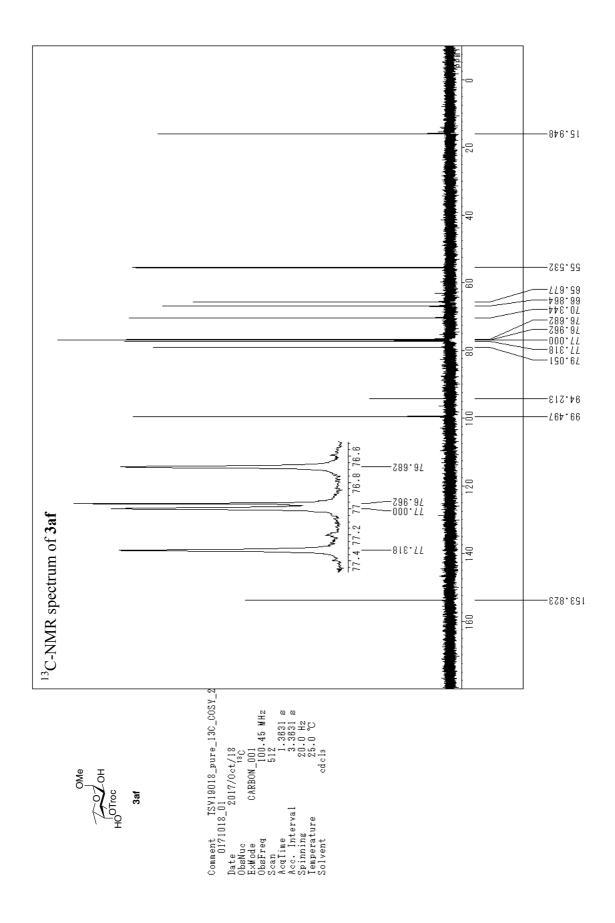


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

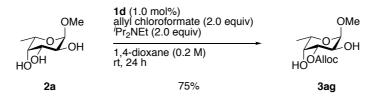




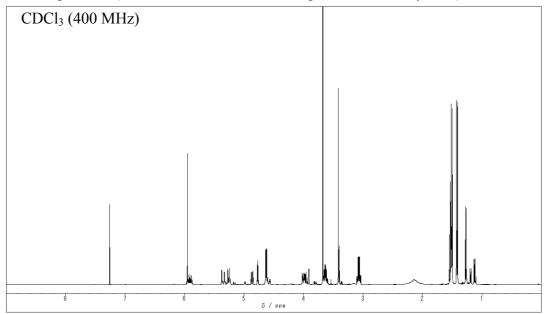




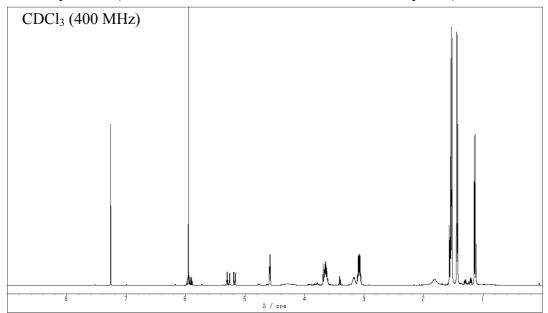
Methyl 3-*O*-allyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ag**)

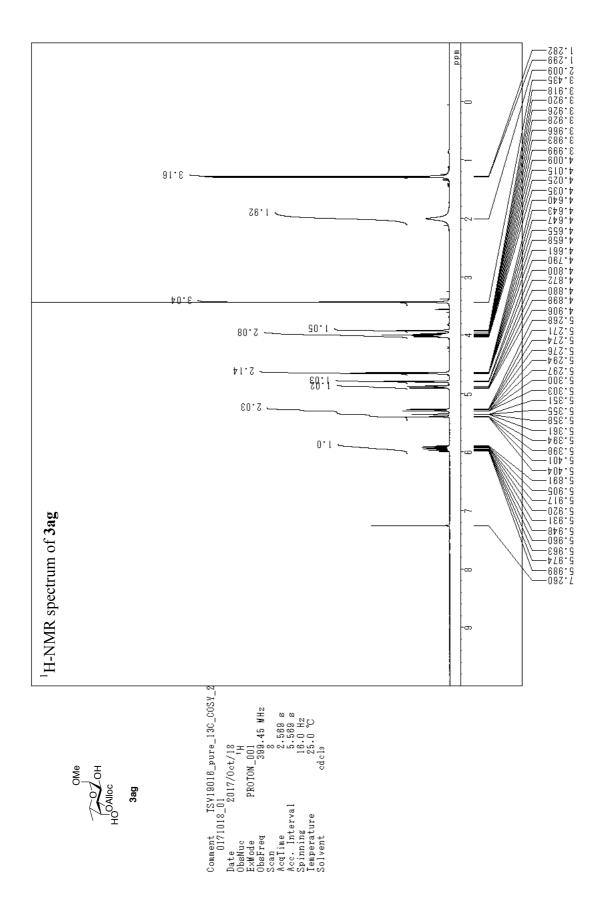


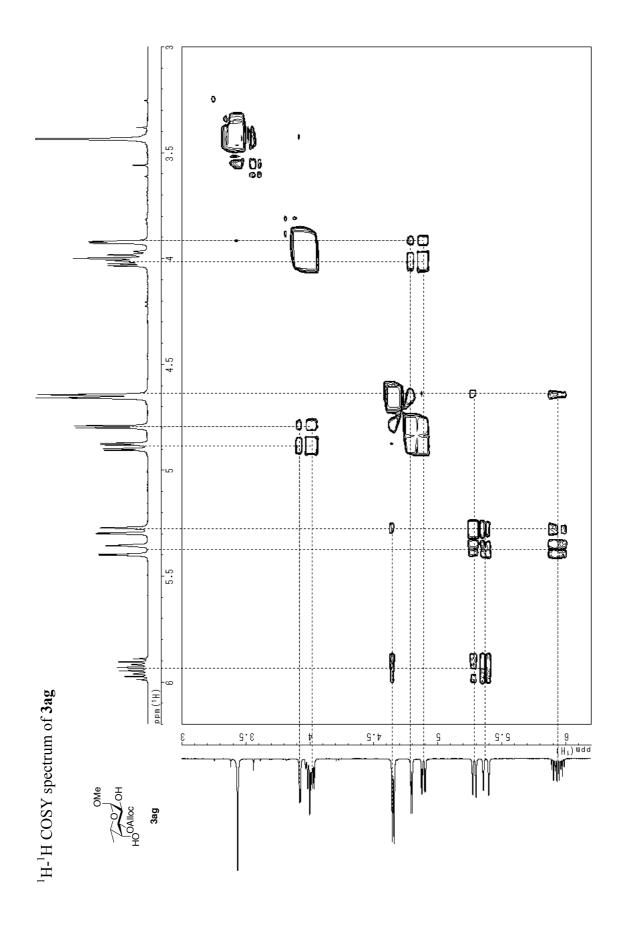
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1d**)

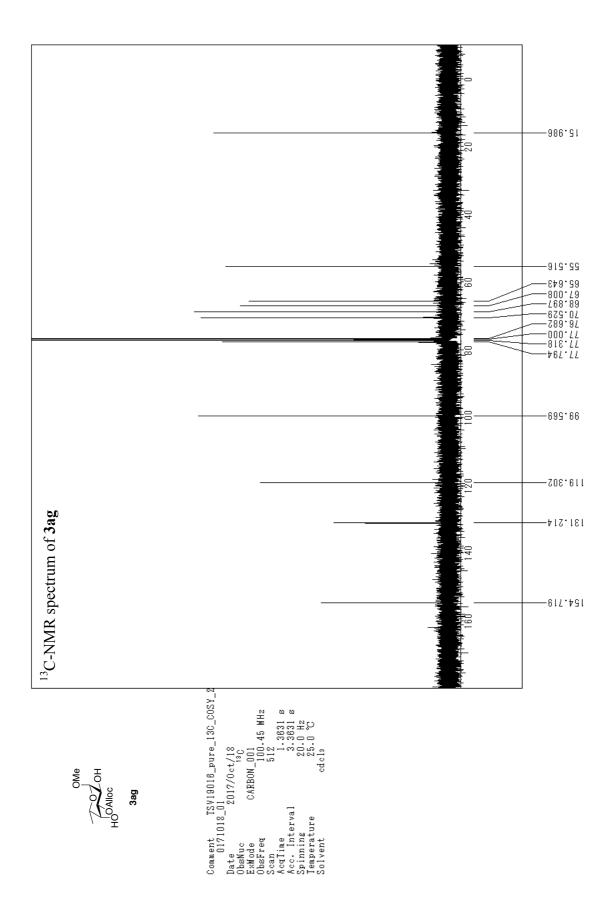


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

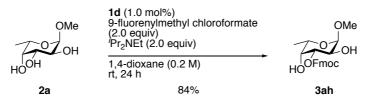


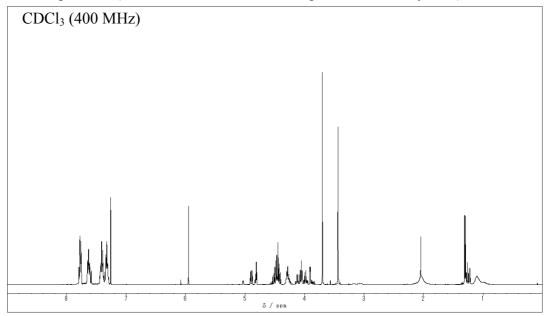




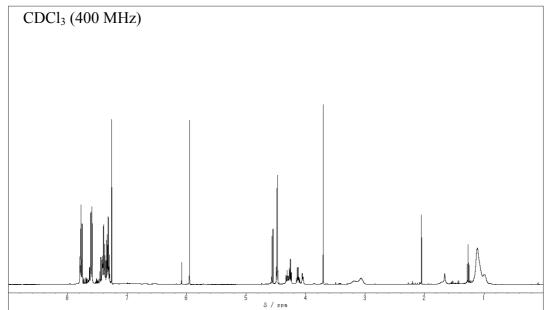


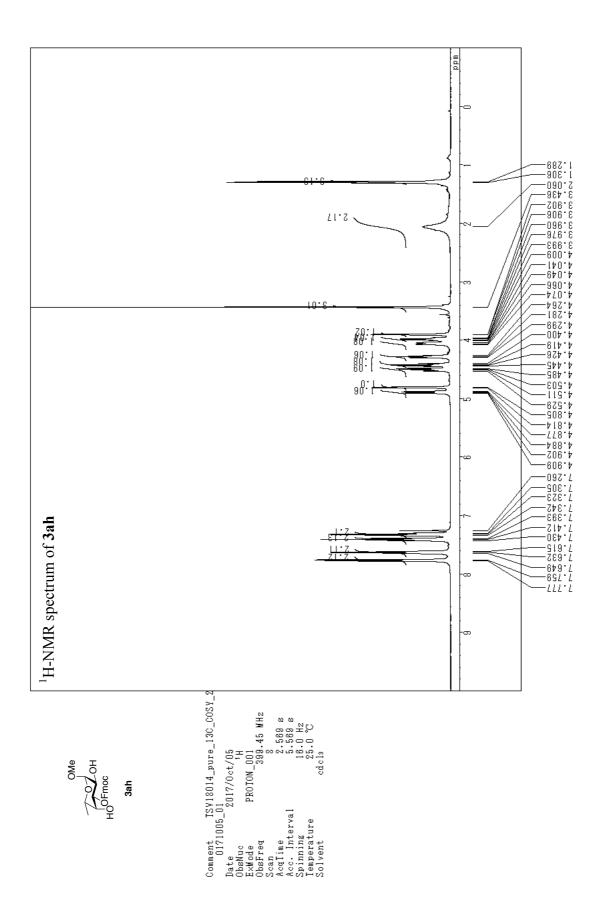
Methyl 3-*O*-9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl-α-L-fucopyranoside (**3ah**)

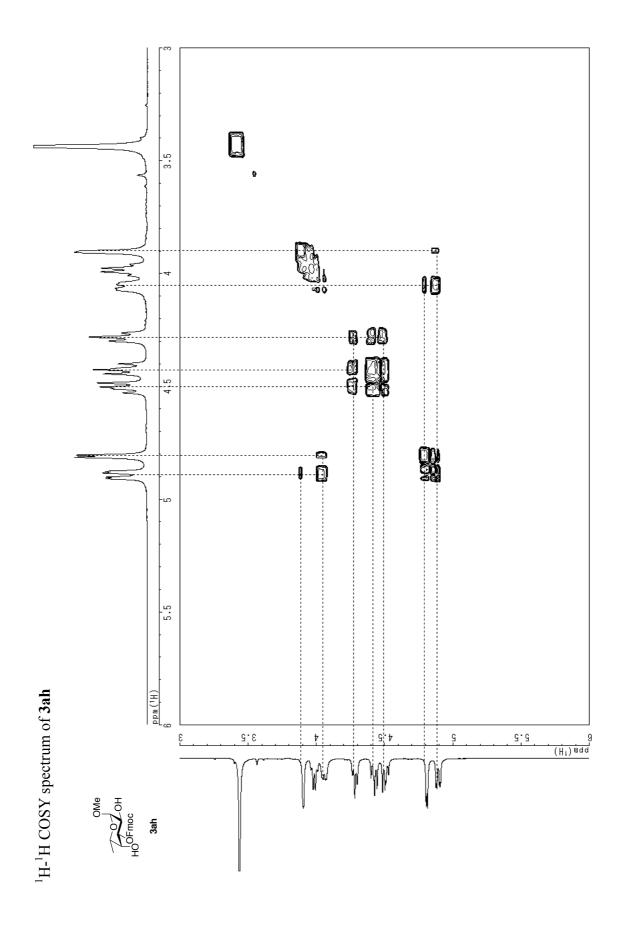


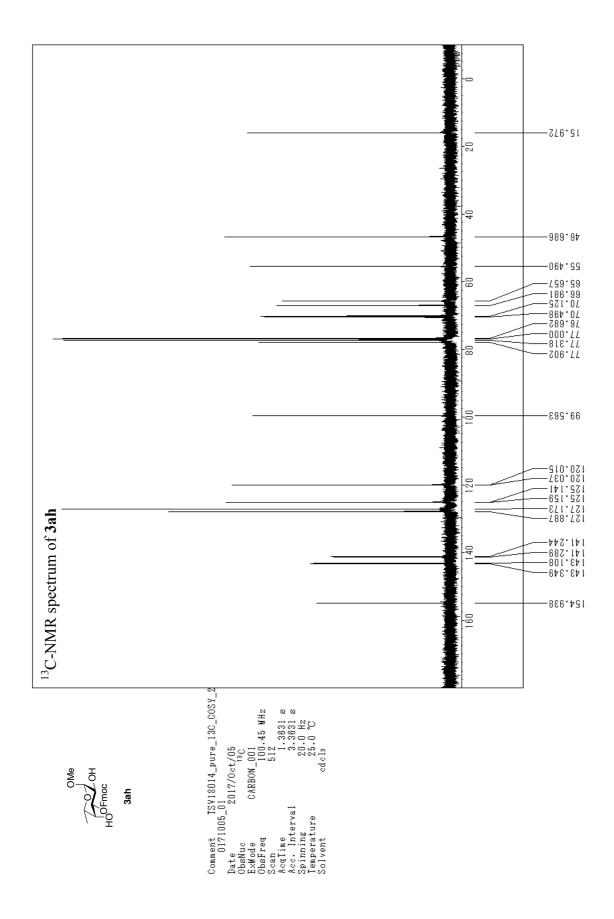


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1d**)

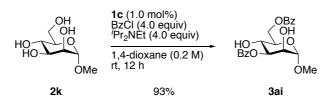




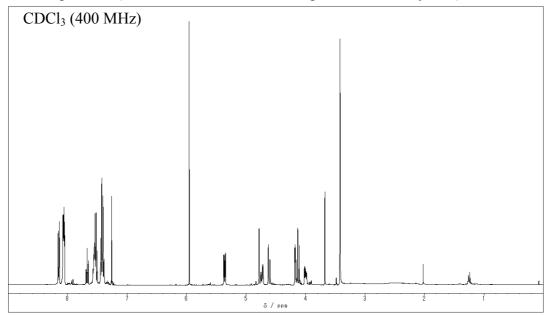




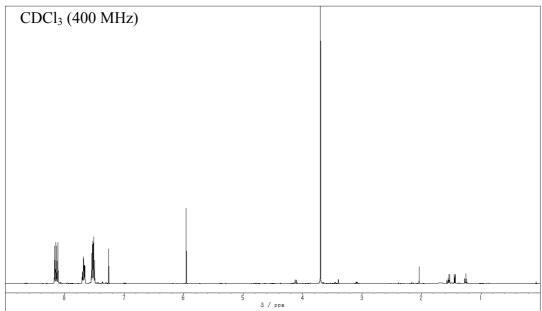
Methyl 3,6-*O*-dibenzoyl- α -D-mannopyranoside (**3ai**)

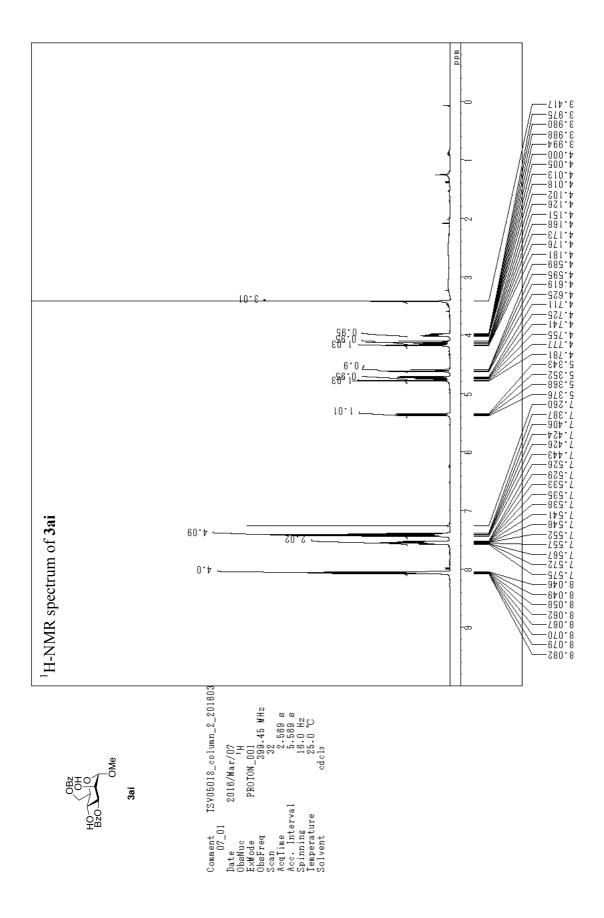


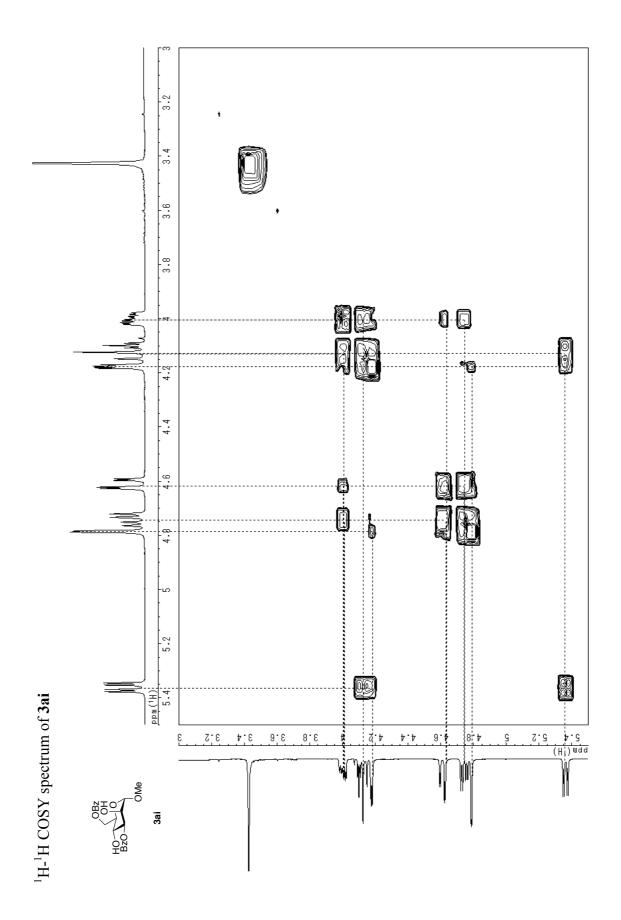
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1c**)



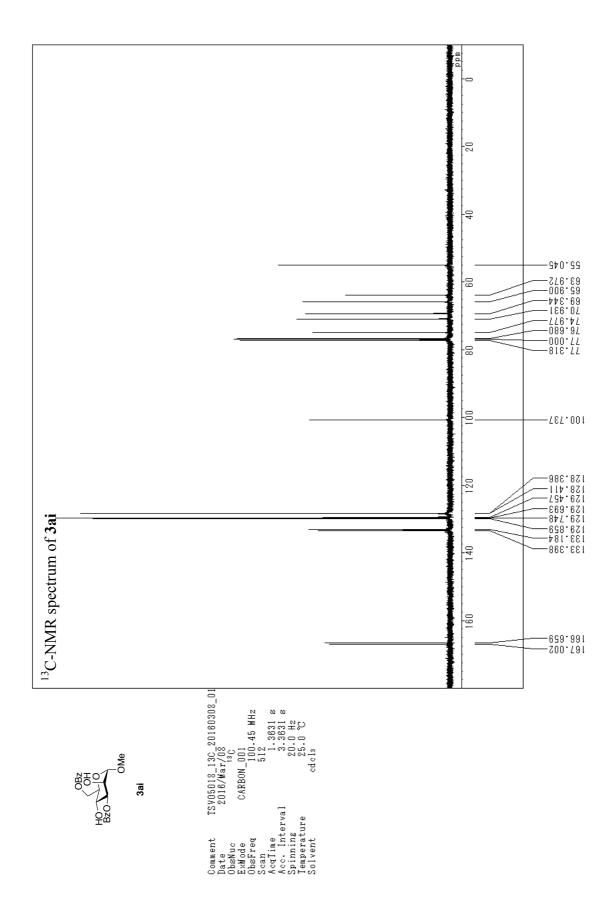
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1c**)



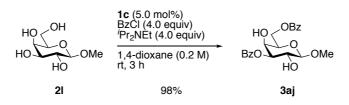




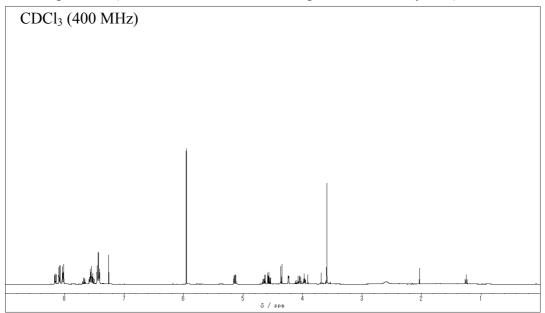
S243



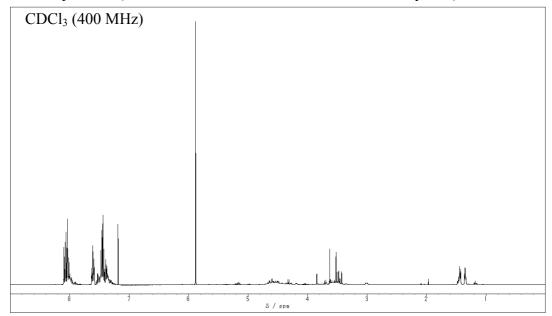
Methyl 3,6-*O*-dibenzoyl-β-D-galactopyranoside (**3aj**)

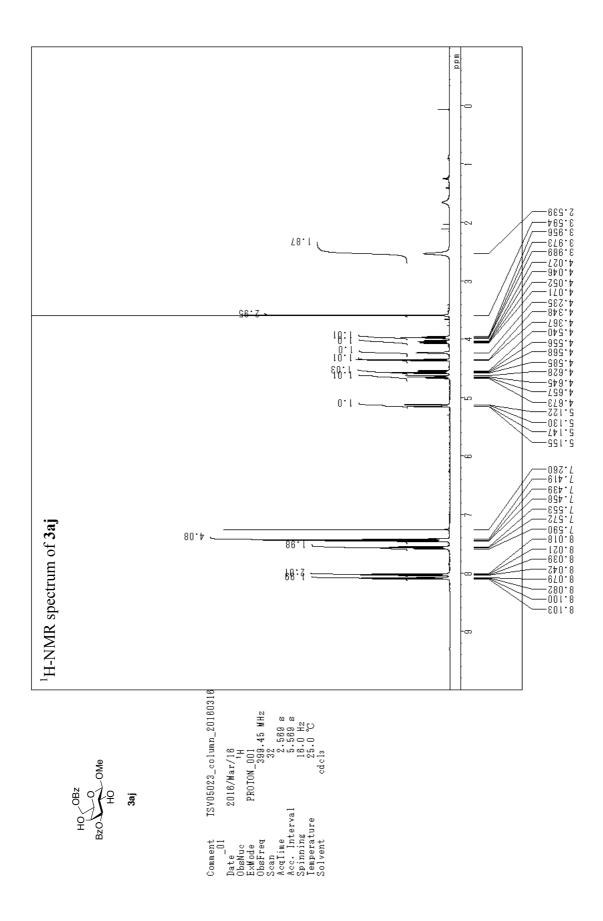


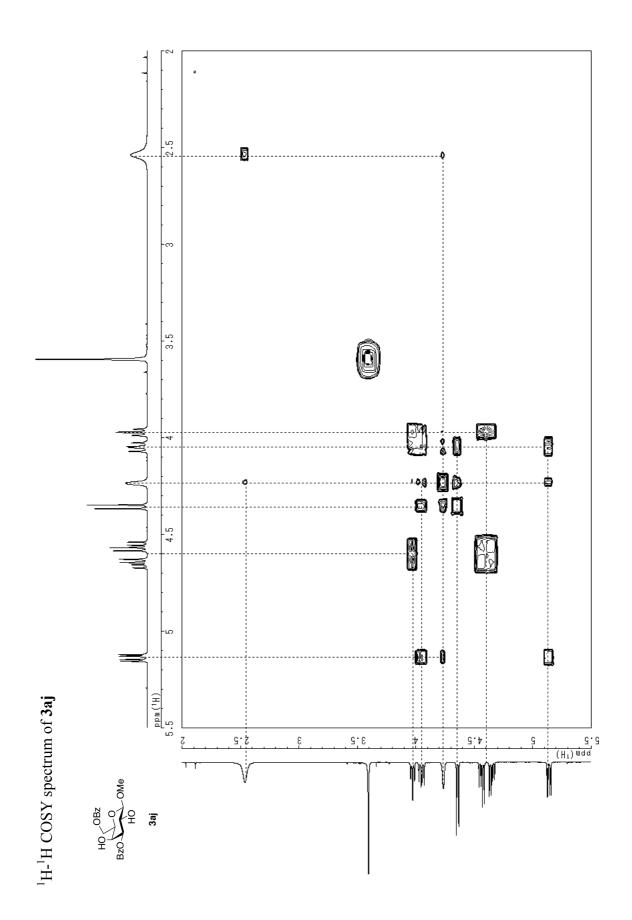
¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the presence of catalyst **1c**)

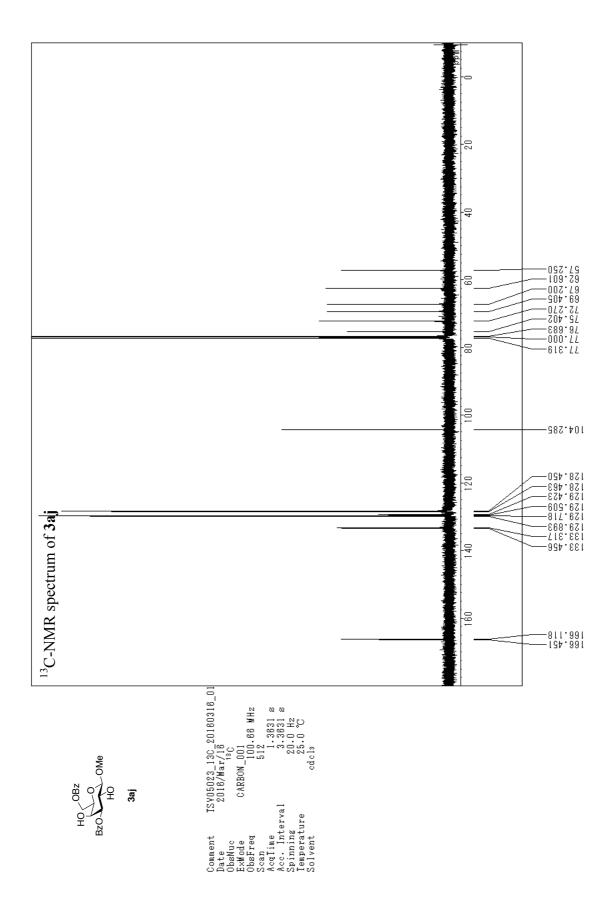


¹H-NMR spectrum (crude reaction mixture in the absence of catalyst **1c**)









12. References

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