

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

HYBRID MATERIALS FROM POLY[VINYL CHLORIDE] AND ORGANOGELES

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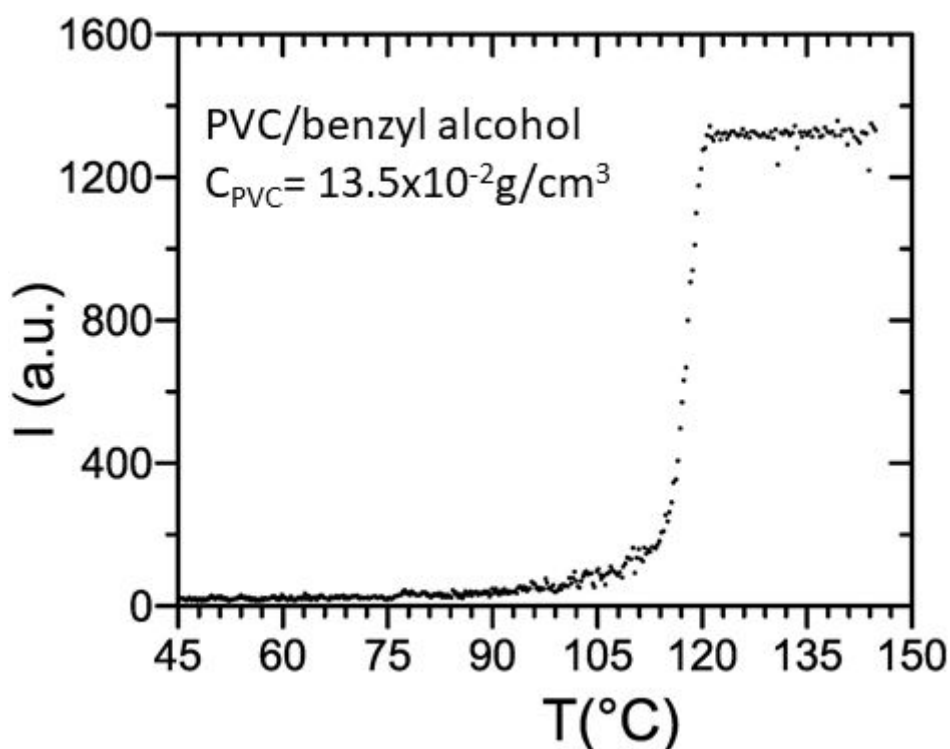


Figure S1: Turbidimetry experiments for determining the phase transition in PVC/benzyl alcohol systems at a cooling rate of about 1.4-1.5°C/min..

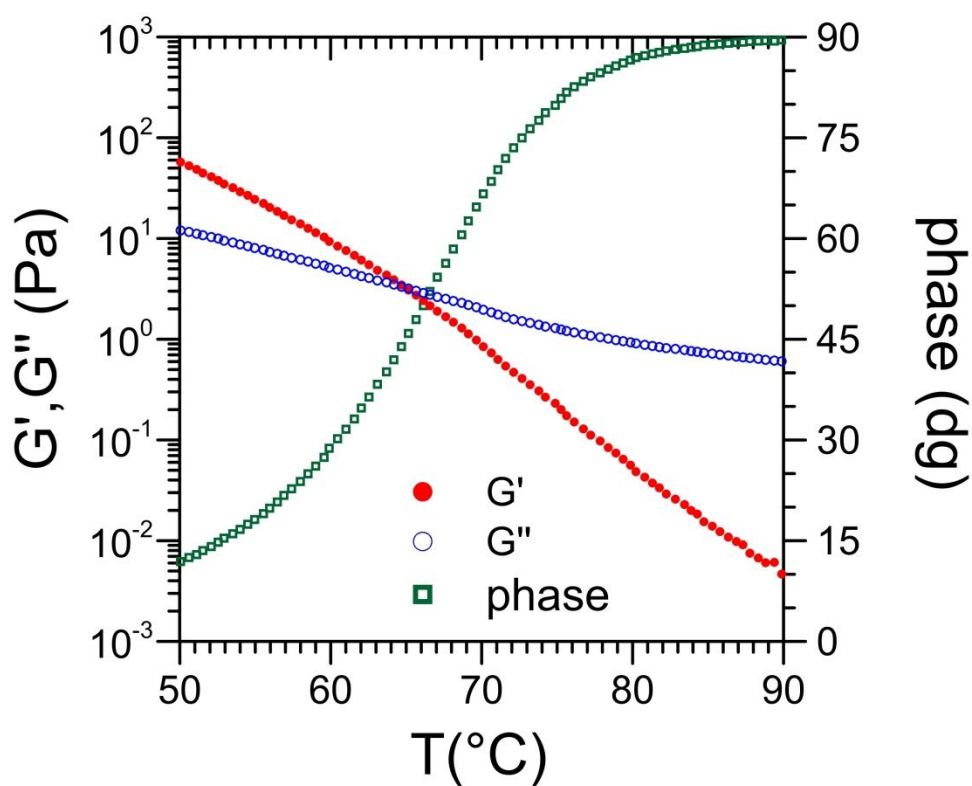


Figure S2: Rheological experiments (plate-plate) for determining the gelation point in PVC/bromobenzene systems at a frequency of 1 Hz.

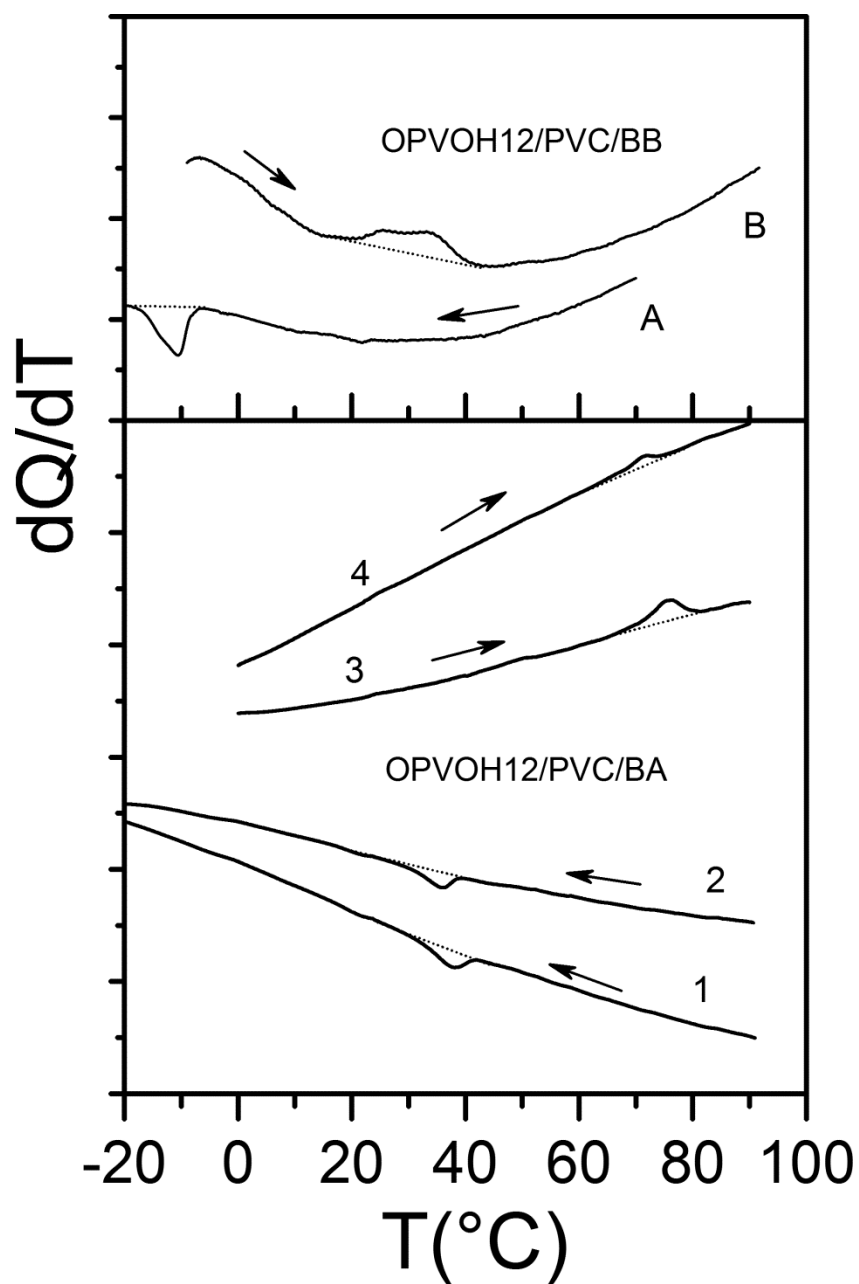


Figure S3: **(top)** DSC traces for OPVOH12/PVC/bromobenzene gels with $C_{OPV} = 0.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$ and $C_{PVC} = 4.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$, A= cooling and B= heating; **(bottom)** DSC traces for OPVOH12/benzyl alcohol gels 1= cooling, 3= heating, and OPVOH12/PVC/benzyl alcohol systems, 2= cooling and 4= heating. In all cases $C_{OPV} = 0.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$ while $C_{PVC} = 4.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$.

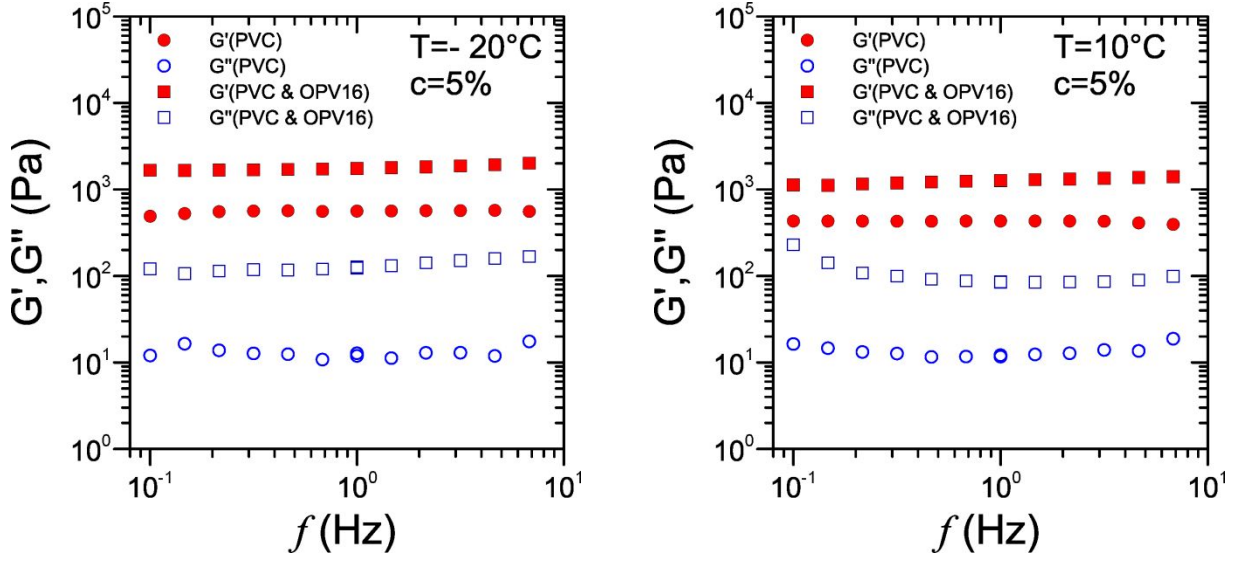


Figure S4: G' and G'' as a function of frequency for the pure 5% PVC gels ($\circ$ and $\bullet$) and the corresponding hybrid gel, namely $C_{\text{OPV}} = 0.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$ and $C_{\text{PVC}} = 4.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$ ($\blacksquare$ and $\square$). Temperature as indicated.

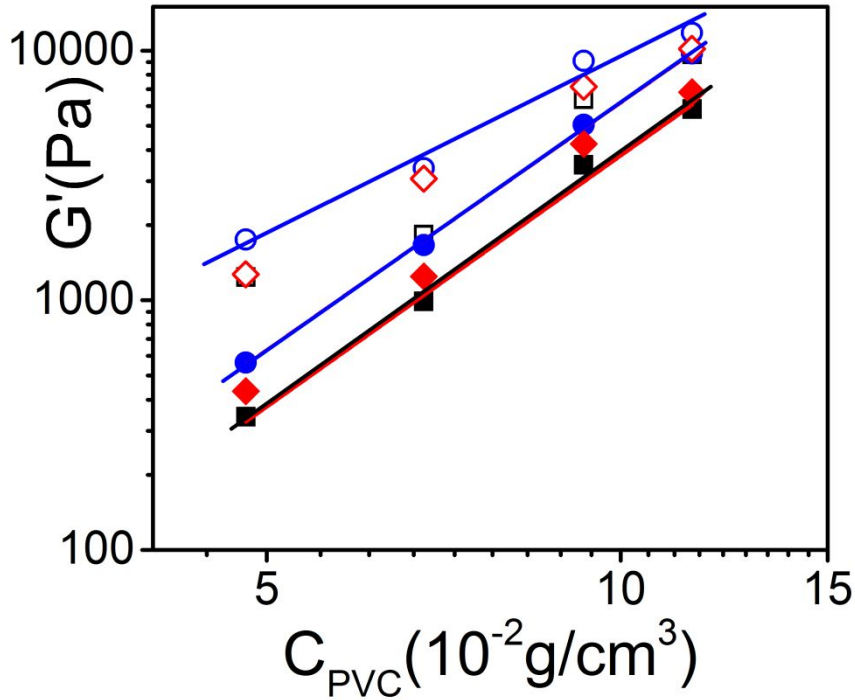


Figure S5: Elastic modulus vs PVC concentration in bromobenzene. Filled symbols = PVC/bromobenzene gels. Open symbols the hybrid gel PVC/OPVOH16/bromobenzene. $\bullet$ = -20°C , $\blacklozenge$ = 10°C , $\blacksquare$ = 20°C . The straight lines highlight the variation for the pure PVC gels.

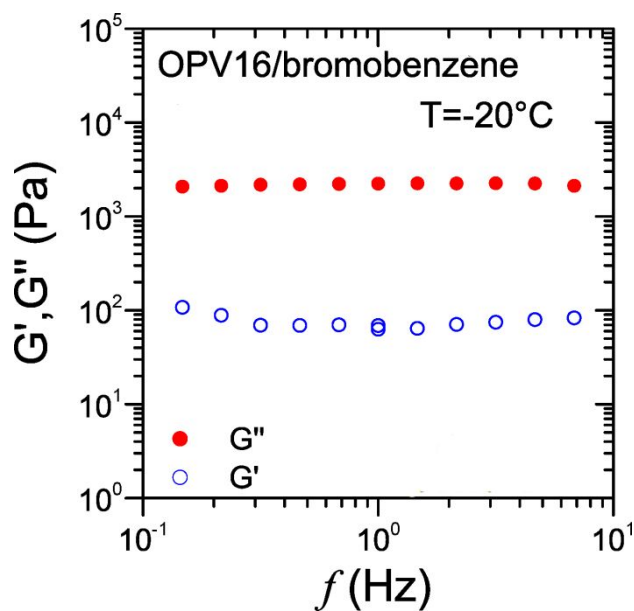


Figure S6: G' and G'' as a function of frequency for the pure 0.4% OPVOH gels (○ and ●) ($C_{OPV} = 0.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$). Temperature as indicated.

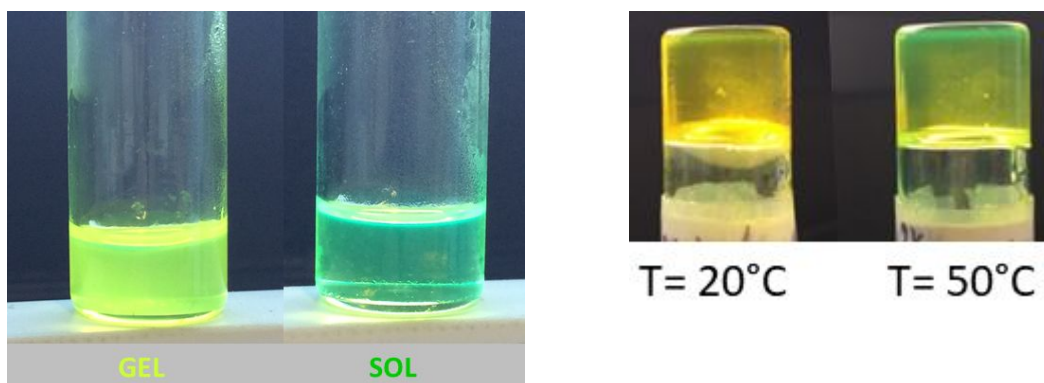


Figure S7: change of colour at the SOL-GEL transition in bromobenzene. The gels are yellowish while the sols are rather greenish. *left* OPVOH/BBZ $C_{OPVOH} = 0.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$; *right* the hybrid system PVC/OPVOH/Bromobenzene, $C_{OPVOH} = 0.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$, $C_{PVC} = 12.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g/cm}^3$ Temperatures as indicated. At $T = 50^\circ\text{C}$ the OPVOH gel is molten whereas the PVC gel is unaltered.

Table S1: List of the formation and melting temperatures (T_{for} and T_{m}) corresponding to the maximum of the DSC trace, together with the formation and melting enthalpies (ΔH_{m} and ΔH_{for}). The PVC concentrations as expressed in 10^{-2}g/cm^3 are as follows in increasing order: 4.8 (5%), 6.8 (7.5%), 9.3 (10%), 11.5 (12.5%), 13.5 (15%), respectively. The OPVOH concentration is always $0.4 \times 10^{-2}\text{g/cm}^3$.

Sample	T_{m} (°C)	T_{for} (°C)	ΔH_{m} (J/g)	ΔH_{for} (J/g)
pure OPVOH C12	121	113	78	-80
pure OPVOH C16	118	112	101	-101
BENZYL ACOHOL (BA)				
0,4% OPVOH12/BA	74	44	0.37	-0.38
5%PVC/OPVOH12/BA	75	44	0.57	-0.53
7.5%PVC/OPVOH12/BA	66	36	0.3	-0.34
10%PVC/OPVOH12/BA	73	43	0.55	-0.52
12.5%PVC/OPVOH12/BA	71	38	0.14	-0.16
15%PVC/OPVOH12/BA	65	37	0.22	-0.22
0,4% OPVOH16/BA	68	45	0.41	-0.42
5%PVC/OPVOH16/BA	70	40	0.18	-0.53
7.5%PVC/OPVOH16/BA	70	44	0.13	-0.16
10%PVC/OPVOH16/BA	65	40	0.22	-0.24
12.5%PVC/OPVOH16/BA	70	42	0.2	-0.26
15%PVC/OPVOH16/BA	72	42	0.2	-0.23
BROMOBENZENE (BB)				
0,4% OPVOH12/BB	40	-10	0.2	-0.17
5%PVC/OPVOH12/BB	32	-14	0.13	-0.16
7.5%PVC/OPVOH12/BB	32	-16	0.04	-0.11
10%PVC/OPVOH12/BB	36	-11	0.19	-0.19
12.5%PVC/OPVOH12/BB	39	-9	0.27	-0.24
15%PVC/OPVOH12/BB	42	-15	0.08	-0.07
0,4% OPVOH16/BB	37	4	0.18	-0.25
5%PVC/OPVOH16/BB	38	0	0.11	-0.15
7.5%PVC/OPVOH16/BB	38	-1	0.11	-0.13
10%PVC/OPVOH16/BB	38	-1	0.11	-0.16
12.5%PVC/OPVOH16/BB	35	-2	0.1	-0.09
15%PVC/OPVOH16/BB	40	0	0.16	-0.17

Table S2: values of G' for top: pure PVC/bromobenzene gels and bottom: PVC/OPVOH/bromobenzene hybrids.

$10^2 \times C_{PVC} \text{ g/cm}^3$	$G'_{PVC}(-20^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$	$G'_{PVC}(10^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$	$G'_{PVC}(20^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$
4.8	560	430	340
6.8	1670	1250	990
9.3	5050	4230	3480
11.5	9750	6820	5820

$10^2 \times C_{PVC} \text{ g/cm}^3$	$G'_{hyb}(-20^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$	$G'_{hyb}(10^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$	$G'_{hyb}(20^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$
4.8	1750	1270	1240
6.8	3380	3070	1830
9.3	9090	7170	6370
11.5	11770	10170	9637

$10^2 \times C_{OPVOH} \text{ g/cm}^3$	$G'_{OPVOH}(-20^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$	$G'_{OPVOH}(10^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$	$G'_{OPVOH}(20^\circ\text{C}), \text{ Pa}$
0.4	2240	980	880