Supporting Information of

Synthesis and Aggregation Behavior of Poly(arylene alkenylene)s and Poly(arylene alkylene)s Having Dialkoxyphenylene and Aromatic Diimide Groups

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Figure S1.	¹ H NMR spectra (a) of poly(1a-IA) before Soxhlet extraction	
	(b) of a soluble fraction of the polymer obtained by Soxhlet	
	extraction for 20 h using THF as the solvent	1
Figure S2.	¹ H NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA)	2
Figure S3.	¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA)	2
Figure S4.	¹ H NMR spectrum of poly(1a-IIA)	3
Figure S5.	¹ H NMR spectrum of poly(1c-IA)	3
Figure S6.	¹ H NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA-H)	4
Figure S7.	¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA-H)	4
Figure S8.	¹ H NMR spectrum of poly(1c-IA-H)	5
Figure S9.	¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum of poly(1c-IA-H)	5
Figure S10.	¹ H NMR spectrum of poly(1a-IIA-H)	6
Figure S11.	¹³ C{ ¹ H} NMR spectrum of poly(1a-IIA-H)	6
Figure S12.	MALDI-TOF Mass of poly(1a-IA)	7
Figure S13.	MALDI-TOF Mass of poly(1a-IIA)	8
Figure S14.	(a)ESI-MS spectrum of poly(1a-IA). (b) Observed isotope	
	pattern for 1:1 adduct of 1a and IA . (c) Calculated isotope	9
	pattern for the cyclic 1:1 adduct.	9
Figure S15.	(a)ESI-MS spectrum of poly(1a-IIA). (b) Observed isotope	
	pattern for 1:1 adduct of 1a and IIA . (c) Calculated isotop	е
	pattern for the cyclic 1:1 adduct.	12
Figure S16.	Results of light scattering measurement for poly(1a-IC).	14
Figure S17.	WXRD for poly(1a-IC)	15

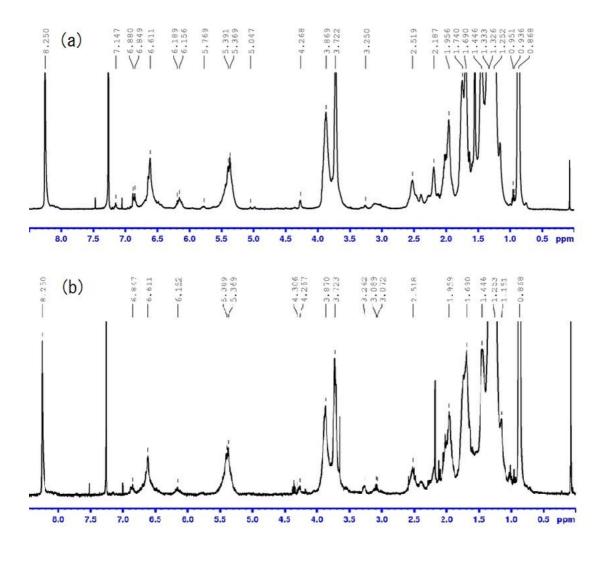


Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectra of poly(**1a-IA**) (a) before Soxhlet extraction ($M_n = 7600$, PDI = 4.6) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t), (b) of soluble fraction obtained by Soxhlet extraction for 20 h using THF as the solvent ($M_n = 5100$, PDI = 2.7) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t).

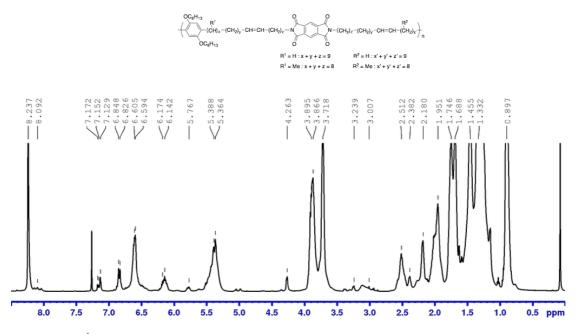


Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

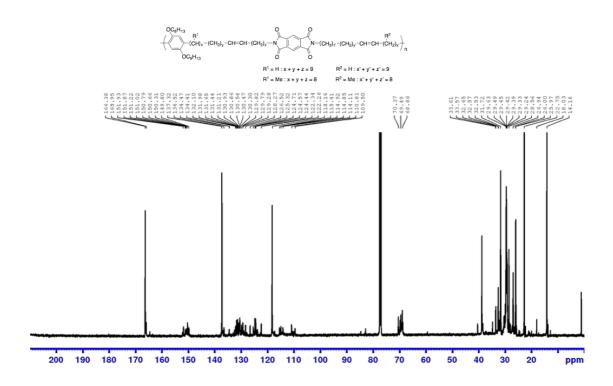


Figure S3. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA) (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

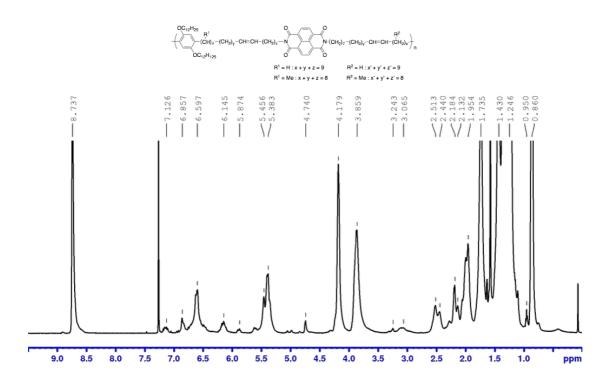


Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum of poly(1a-IIA) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

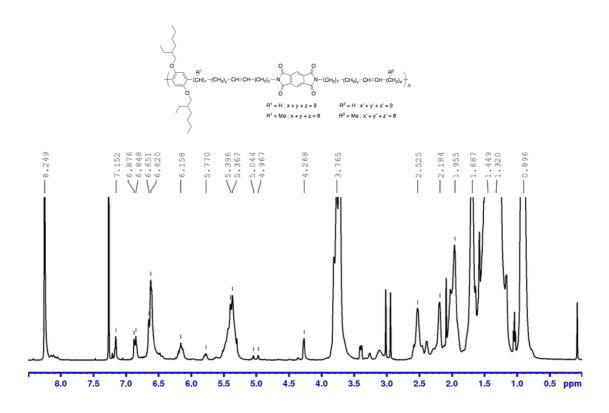


Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectrum of poly(1c-IA))(500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

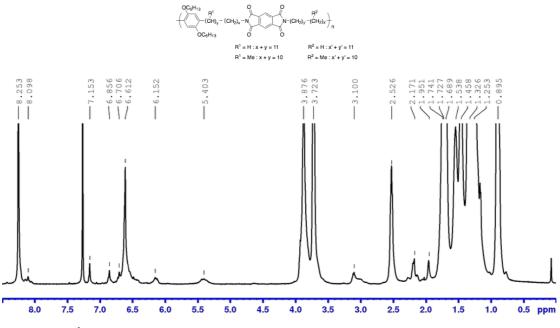


Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA-H) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

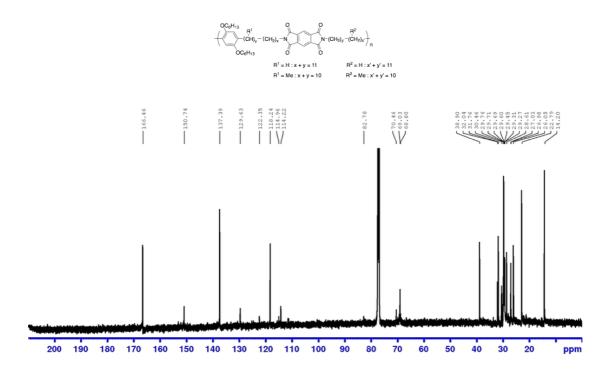


Figure S7. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of poly(1b-IA-H) (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

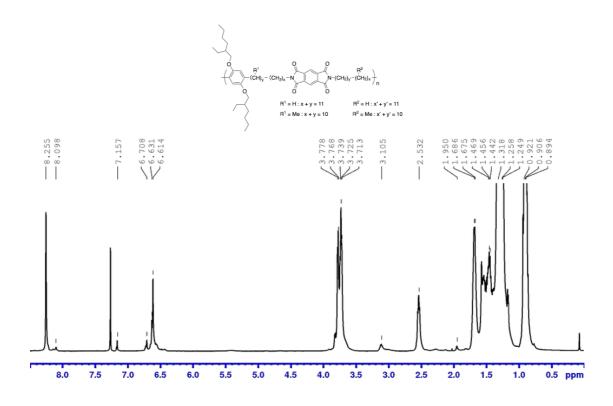


Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum of poly(1c-IA-H) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

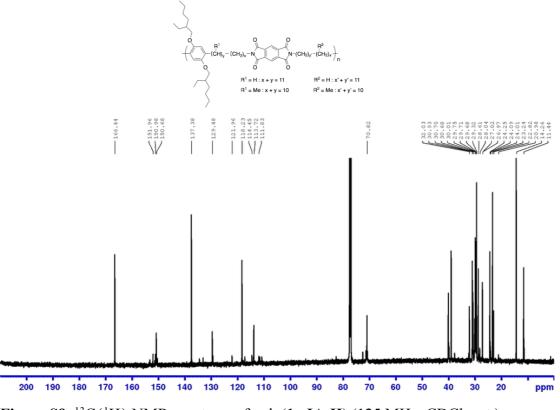


Figure S9. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of poly(1c-IA-H) (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

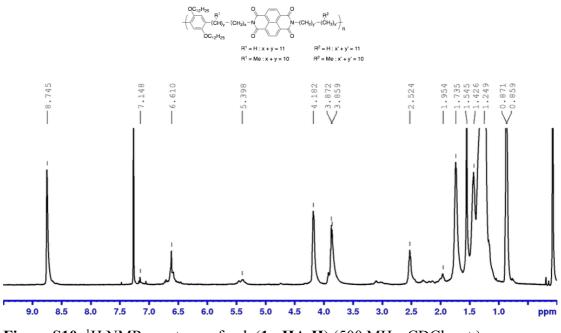


Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of poly(1a-IIA-H) (500 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

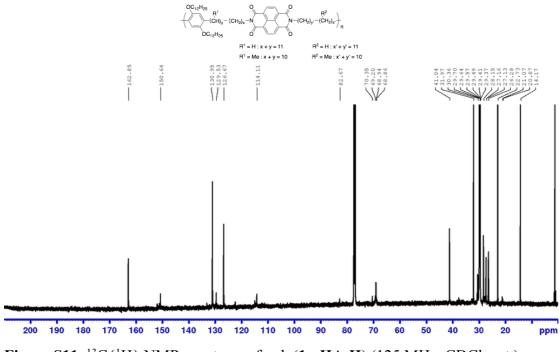


Figure S11. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of poly(1a-IIA-H) (125 MHz, CDCl₃, r.t.).

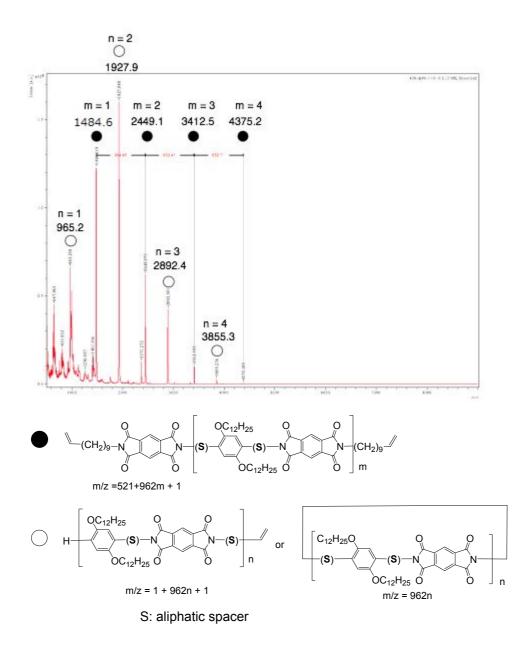


Figure S12. MALDI-TOF Mass of poly(**1a-IA**) (10 mg/mL polymer samples in THF solution with 10 mg/mL DCTB as matrix). Contents of the cyclic oligomers were not determined because of the absence for the information of the isotope pattern.

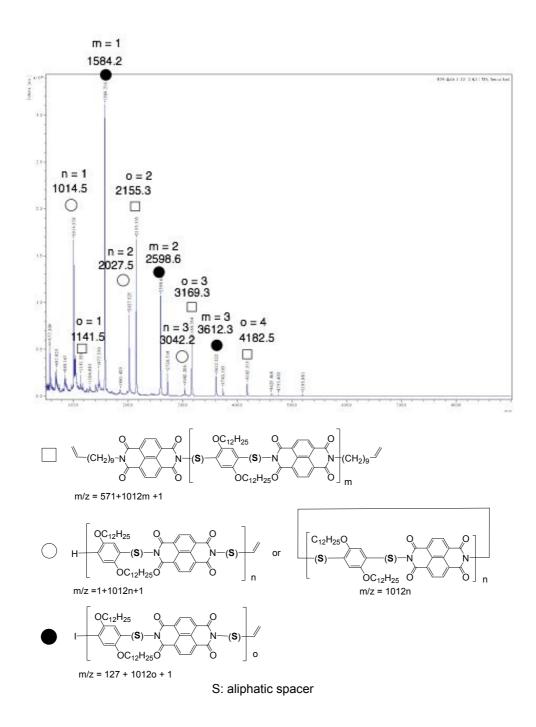


Figure S13. MALDI-TOF Mass of poly(**1a-IIA**) (10 mg/mL polymer samples in THF solution with 10 mg/mL DCTB as matrix). Contents of the cyclic oligomers were not determined because of the absence for the information of the isotope pattern.

ESI-MASS for poly(1a-IA)

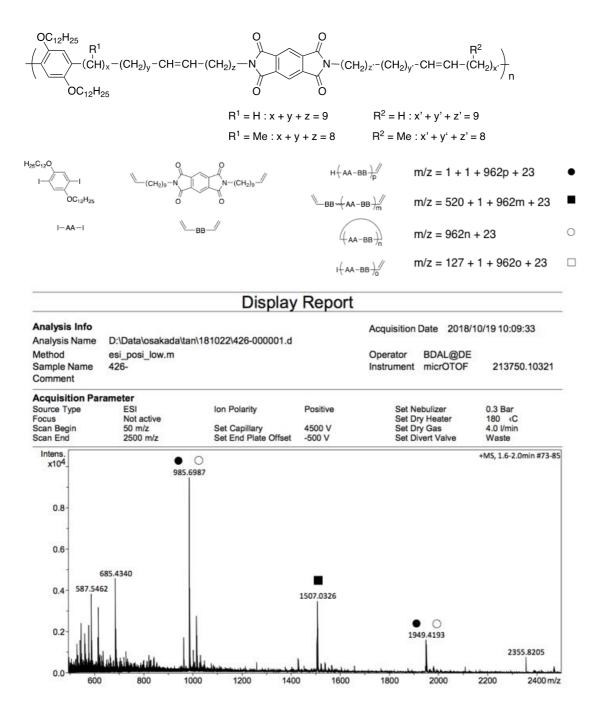


Figure S14. (a)ESI-MS spectrum of poly(1a-IA) ($M_n = 7600$, PDI = 4.6 by GPC).

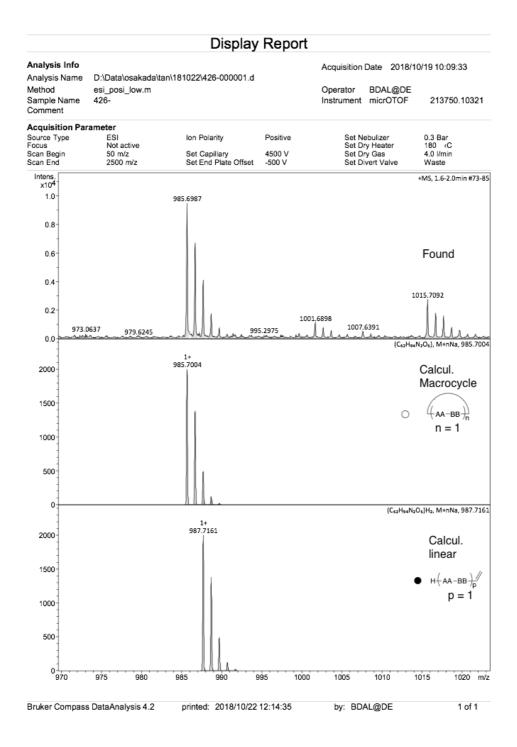


Figure S14. (b) Observed and simulated isotope pattern for 1:1 adduct of **1a** and **IA**. Na⁺ is derived from the ion source, sodium trifluoroacetate.

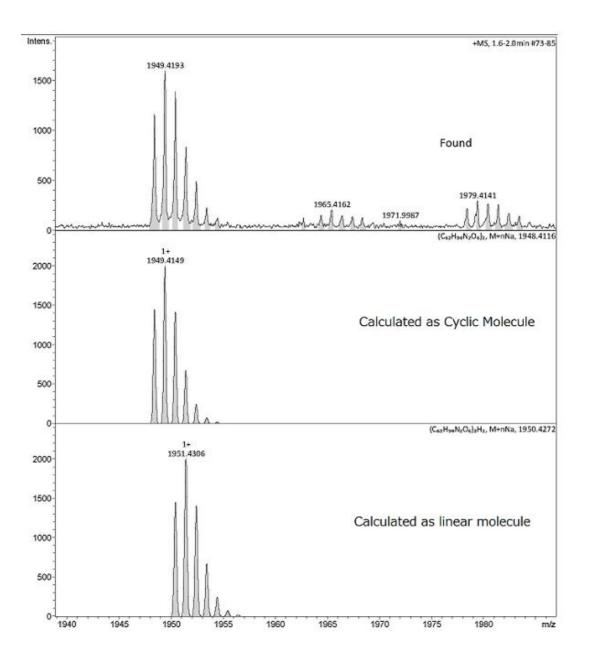
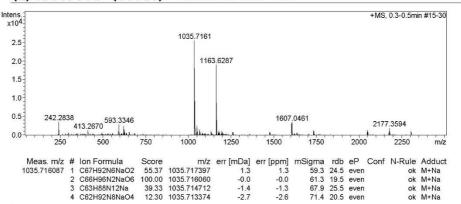


Figure S14. (c) Observed and simulated isotope pattern for 2:2 adduct of 1a and IA.



(a) Observed (total) TDCMAS ESI-TOF

(b) Peaks of 1:1 adduct TDCMAS ESI-TOF

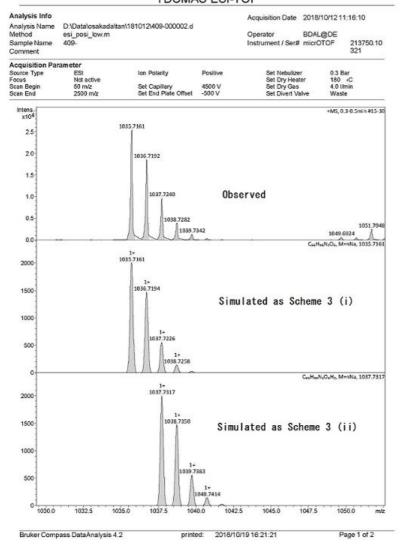


Figure S15. (a)ESI-MS spectrum of poly(**1a-IIA**) ($M_n = 3800$, PDI = 1.7 by GPC). (b) Observed and simulated isotope pattern for 1:1 adduct of **1a** and **IIA**. Na⁺ is derived from the ion source, sodium trifluoroacetate.

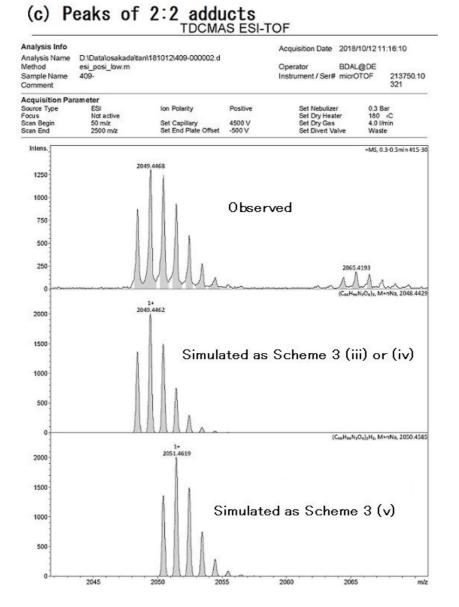
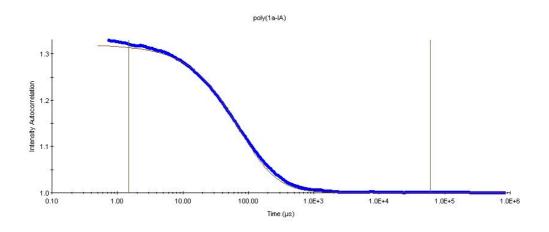
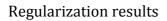
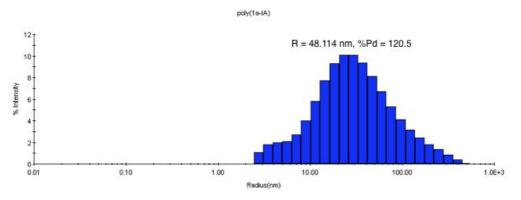


Figure S15. (c) Observed and simulated isotope pattern for 2:2 adduct of 1a and IIA.

Correlation Function







The DynaPro NanoStar of Wyatt Technology Corporation was used for the

Figure S16. Results of light scattering measurement for poly(1a-IC).

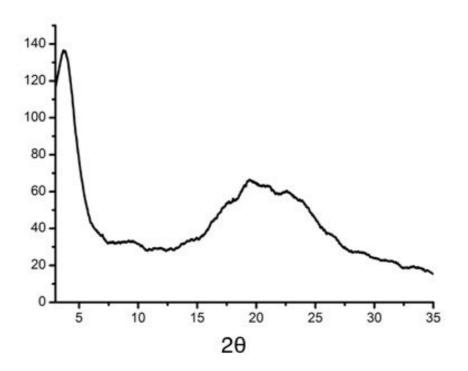


Figure S17. WXRD for poly(1a-IC).