Supporting Information

High-Rate and Long-Life Sodium-Ion Batteries Based on Sponge-Like 3D Porous Na-Rich Ferric Pyrophosphate Cathode Material

Renming Zhan^{a,b}, Youquan Zhang^{a,b}, Hao Chen^{a,b}, Qiuju Xu^{a,b}, Qianru Ma^{a,b}, Wei Gao^{a,b}, Tingting Yang^{a,b}, Jian Jiang^{a,b}, Shujuan Bao^{a,b,*}, Maowen Xu^{a,b,*}

^a Institute for Clean Energy and Advanced Materials, Faculty of Materials and Energy, Southwest University, Chongqing 400715, P. R. China.

^b Chongqing Key Laboratory for Advanced Materials and Technologies of Clean Energies, Chongqing 400715, P. R. China.

* Corresponding author. E-mail: baoshj@swu.edu.cn; xumaowen@swu.edu.cn

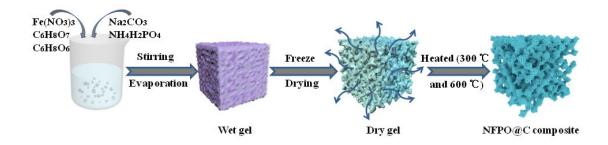


Figure S1. Schematic illustration of the formation mechanism of sponge-like NFPO@SC nano-particles.

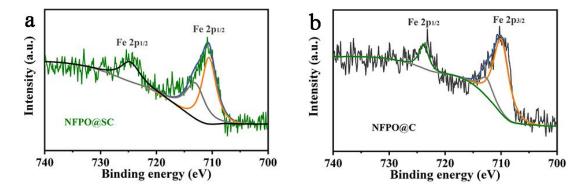


Figure S2. XPS narrow spectra of Fe 2p for NFPO@SC (a) and NFPO@C (b).

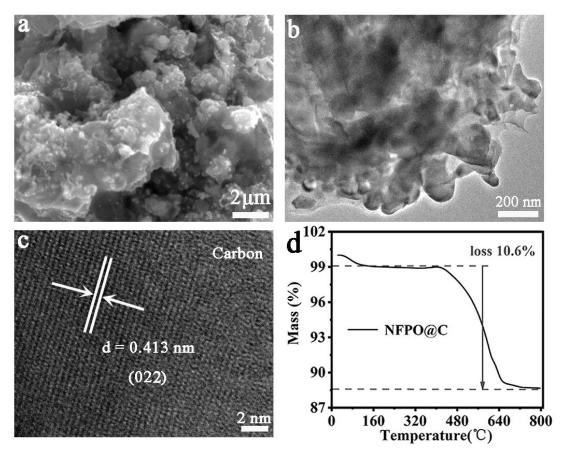


Figure S3. (a) SEM image of NFPO@C at low resolution; (b) TEM image of NFPO@C at low resolution; (c) TEM image of NFPO@C at high resolution; (d) Carbon content of NFPO@C analyzed by thermogravimetric (TGA) measurements.

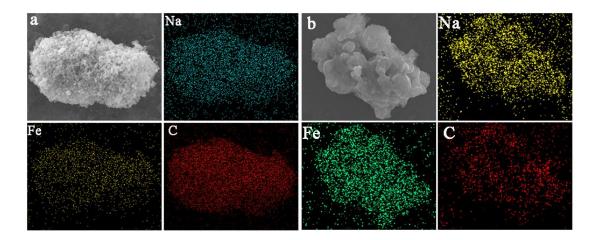


Figure S4. EDS images of NFPO@SC and NFPO@C (a, b).

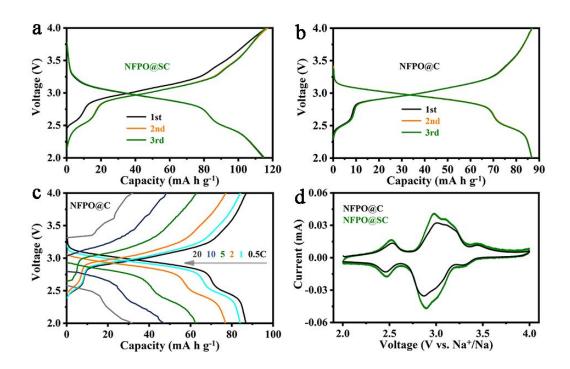


Figure S5. (a and b) Voltage vs. specific capacity profiles (first to third cycles) of NFPO@SC and NFPO@C, respectively; (c) Charge-discharge profiles of NFPO@C at different C-rates; (d) Cyclic voltammograms (CV) of NFPO@C and NFPO@SC.

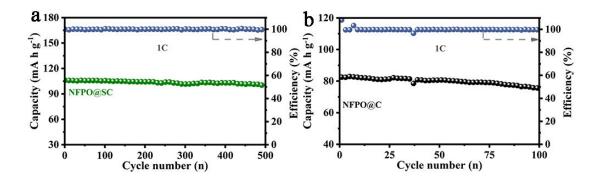


Figure S6. (a, b) Cycling stability and corresponding Coulombic efficiency of NFPO@SC electrode and NFPO@C at 1 C, respectively.

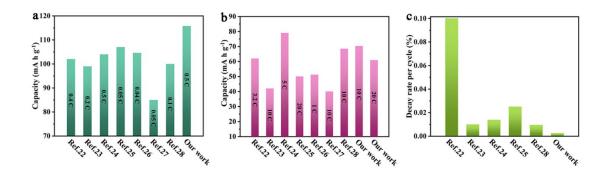


Figure S7. Comparisons of performance with others ferric sodium pyrophosphate electrodes (a) at low rate, (b) at high rate, (c) decay rate per cycle.

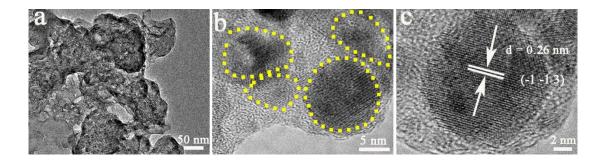


Figure S8. Morphology of NFPO@SC after circulation.

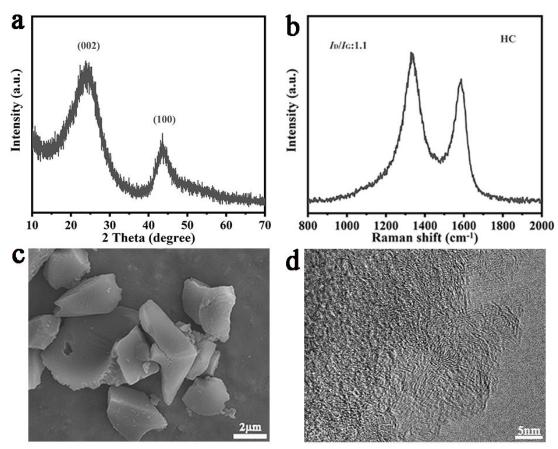


Figure S9. (a) XRD pattern of hard carbon; (b) Raman spectra of hard carbon.(c) FESEM pattern of hard carbon; (d) HRTEM image of hard carbon.

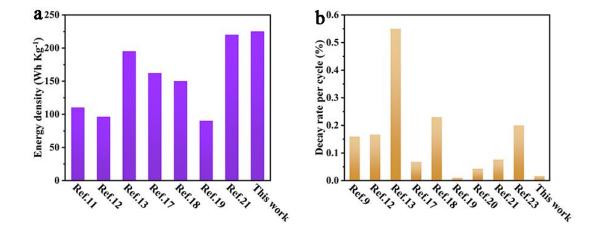


Figure S10. Comparisons of full battery energy density (a) and decay rate per cycle (b) with other works.

Table S1. Kinetic parameters of NFPO@C and NFPO@SC obtained from equivalent circuit fitting.

Cathode material	$Ret(\Omega)$	Zw (\O)
NFPO@C	547	887
NFPO@SC	488	653

 $\label{eq:continuous_processes} \textbf{Table S2.} \ \ \text{The } \ D_{Na^+} \ \ \text{values for the electrochemistry processes of NFPO@C} \ \ \text{and NFPO@SC}$

Cathode material	Diffusion coefficient (cm ² s ⁻¹)	
NFPO@C	2.34x10 ⁻¹²	
NFPO@SC	3.47x10 ⁻¹¹	