SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Synthesis of 12-*O*-Mono- and Di-glycosyl-oxystearates, a New Class of Agonists for the C-type Lectin Receptor Mincle

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Materials and methods

All of the used chemical reagents were of analytical grade and used as obtained from commercial companies including: Sigma-Aldrich (2,4,6-Tri-tert-butylpyrimidine-TTBP, dibutyltin(IV) oxide), Merk (benzyl bromide), Tokyo chemical industry (isomaltose, trifluoroacetic anhydride, tetrabutylammonium iodide (Bu₄NI), hydrogen bromide (30% in acetic acid, ca. 5.1mol/l), Funakoshi (gentiobiose octa-acetate), Wako (maltose monohydrate, cellobiose, Pd/C 10%, sodium methoxide, sodium hydride, sodium carbonate, melibiose, ethanne thiol, mannose), Kishida chemical (Mannitol), Nacalai techtesque (silver carbonate, meta-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (m-CPBA), Chemical Chameleon (galactose). Solvents used in water sensitive reactions were in commercial available anhydrous solvents, and further dried over 3Å molecular sieves (for benzaldehyde and dichloromethane) or 4 Å molecular sieves (for other solvents). All of the reactions were followed by analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC-Merck GF254). TLC plates were visualized under UV light, and/or treated with a solution of ethanol-sulphuric acid (95:5) which was followed by heating to observe. Column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 (230-240 mesh, Machery & Nagel). NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian 400 MHz spectrometer or Varian 600 MHz spectrometer in the deuterated chloroform (CDCl₃), Methanol-d4 (CD₃OD), and Pyridine-d₅ with residual protonated solvent as internal standard. The abbreviations for multiplicity are: s = singlet, d = doublet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets, dq = dq doublet of quartets, t = triplet, td = triplet of doublets, q = quartet, quint = quintet, m = multiplet, and br = broad. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were conducted with the positive ionizing mode by using electro-spray ionization and a time-of-flight mass analyzer (ESI-TOFMS) (Errors were less than 4 ppm).

General procedure 1 (for benzoylation)

The suspension of free sugar (1mmol) in pyridine (5ml) was dropwise added benzoyl chloride (1.5 *eq.* per hydroxyl group) at 0 °C, and stirred overnight at rt.. The reaction mixture was followed by TLC, and quenched by ice-cold water. After filtered, the

remaining gum was dissolved in CHCl₃, added water, and evaporated at 80 °C until dry as white amorphous solid.

General procedure 2 (for Debenzoylation)

The starting material (10 mg) was treated with the suspension of NaOMe in methanol (0.4 M, 1ml). The resulting mixture was stirred vigorously in for 30 minutes, neutralized by Amberlite IR 120 ion-exchange, and filtered off the ion exchanger. The filtrate was concentrated in rotary evaporator, and followed by flash chromatography to obtain the desire product.

General procedure 3 (for Bromination)

The benzoylated or acetylated compound (0.5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.8 ml) was dropwise treated with HBr/ HOAc (0.5 ml, 30% w/w) at rt., stirred, and followed by TLC until completion. Upon completion (~2 hr), the reaction was quenched by ice cold water (10 ml), extracted with Et₂O (60 ml), washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (3*15 ml). The organic phase was separated, dried with Na₂SO₄, concentrated in rotary evaporator, and purified by column chromatography to afford the brominated compound.

General procedure 4 (for benzylation)

The NaH (2 eq. per hydroxyl group) was prewashed with hexane, dried in *in vacuo*, suspended in anhydrous DMF. The prepared NaH was then added to the suspension of the indicated compound in anhydrous DMF (*N*, *N*-dimethylformamide) at rt. to provide the final concentration of 0.2 M of the indicated compound. The resulting suspension was stirred for 45 minutes, cooled in ice bath, and dropwise treated with benzyl bromide (1.5 eq. per hydroxyl group). After 20 minutes, the ice bath was removed, and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at rt.. Methanol was slowly added to reaction mixture to destroy the excess NaH, and the solvent was co-evaporated with toluene in evaporator

until dryness. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, and washed twice with cold water, saturated solution of NaHCO₃, and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, and removed by evaporator. The residue was purified by column chromatography to furnish the benzylated product.

General procedure 5 (for the mannosyl sulfoxide)

The *m*-CPBA (1.02 *eq.*) was added to the stirred solution of ethyl 1-thiomannopyranoside (1.1 mmol, 1 *eq.*) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at -78 °C. After flushed with argon gas, the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 4 hr, warmed t-*O*-20 °C, and quenched with saturated aq. Na₂CO₃. The solution was washed twice with saturated aq. Na₂CO₃, brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The organic phase was concentrated in evaporator and the residue was recrystallized with the ethyl acetate and hexane system to provide the mannosyl sulfoxide as a white solid.

Glycosylation 6 (for the sulfoxide glycosylation)

a) The prepared mixture of indicated sulfoxide donor (1.0 eq., 0.78 mmol), TTBP (2 eq.), and MS₄A (1.0 weight eq.) in anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (20 ml) was stirred for 3 hr under argon gas at -78 °C before being dropwise treated with Tf₂O (1.3 eq.) at this temperature. After 15 minutes, the appropriate acceptor in anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (2 eq., 0.5 M.) was cooled, and injected dropwise into the mixture. The resulting solution was further stirred for 5 hr at -78 °C, slowly warmed t-*O*-30 °C, quenched with cooled MeOH, and filtered off MS₄A. The filtrate was washed twice with saturated Na₂CO₃, once with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The organic phase was concentrated in rotary evaporator, and the residue was purified by column chromatography over silica gel to afford the corresponding glycosylated product. b) Similar protocol 6a. However, the equivalent of reagents were changed to be: sulfoxide donor (2.0 *eq.*, 0.78 mmol), TTBP (4 *eq.*), MS₄A (1.0 weight *eq.*), Tf₂O (2.6 *eq.*), and the appropriate acceptor (1 *eq.*).

General procedure 7 (for deprotection of benzyl or benzylidene protected group)

The starting material (10 mg) was treated with the suspension of the 10% Pd/C (100 mg) in the heterogeneous mixture of the EtOAC/ THF/ n-propanol/ H_2O (4.5 ml, 2:1:1:1). After degasification, the hydrogenation was initiated under an atmosphere of H_2 (1 atm) at rt., and followed by TLC until completion (48 hr). The catalyst was separated by filtration through a filter paper, and washed twice by both THF and H_2O . The combined filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, dried in *vacuo*. 2 days, and purified by silica gel and/or RP8 and/or sephadex chromatography columns to obtain the deprotected product.

General procedure 8 (for glycosylation by Koenigs–Knorr approach)

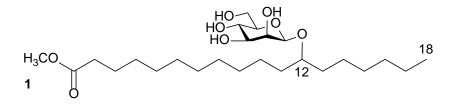
A mixture of acceptor (0.3 mmol, 1 *eq.*), glycosyl bromide (1.2 - 1.6 *eq.*), and MS4A (2g) in anhydrous CH_2Cl_2 (10 ml) was stirred 3 hr at rt. The reaction mixture was quickly added AgClO₄ (1.5 *eq.*) and Ag₂CO₃ (1.5 *eq.*), flushed with argon, and stirred at rt. until completion (5 hr). The filtrate of the reaction mixture was evaporated in rotary evaporator, and purified by both silica gel and/or RP8 chromatography columns to provide the desired product.

General procedure 9 (for deprotection of *p*-methoxyl benzyl protected group)

The DDQ (59.2 mg, 0.261 mmol, 2.3 *eq.*) was charged into the solution of the starting material in a mixture of CH₂Cl₂/H₂O (5.3 ml, 17/1) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was kept

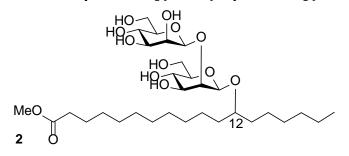
on stirring at this temperature for 30 minutes and then at rt. for 1 hour. The resulting mixture was quenched with saturated aq. Na₂CO₃, and extracted twice with CHCl₃. The combined organic phase was then washed twice with saturated aq. Na₂CO₃, brine. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and removed by evaporator. The solid residue was purified by column chromatography over silica gel to furnish the product.

12-*O*-β-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (1)



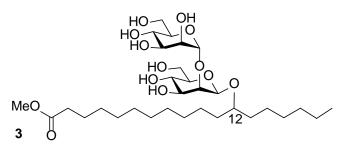
Compound **17** (11.9 mg, 15.9 µmol) was hydrogenolysis using general procedure 7 to afford compound **1** in 91% yield (6.9 mg, 14.4 µmol) as white solid [Scheme 1, (e)]. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, py-d5) δ 4.92 (s, 1H, H1), 4.51 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H4), 4.49 – 4.42 (m, 2H, H2, H6), 4.30 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 5.4 Hz, 1H, H6), 4.14 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 3.3 Hz, 1H, H3), 3.95 – 3.90 (m, 1H, H12), 3.87 – 3.81 (m, 1H, H5), 3.61 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.27 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, CH_{2α}), 1.77 – 1.01 (m, 28H), 0.78 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, py-d5) δ 174.21 (CO), 100.57 (C1, ¹J_{C1H1} = 155.36), 79.00 (C12), 78.36 (C5), 75.41 (C3), 72.52 (C2), 68.58 (C4), 62.59 (C6), 51.34 (OCH₃), 35.27, 33.99, 31.87, 29.99, 29.69, 29.68, 29.64, 29.52, 29.32, 29.14, 25.49, 25.16, 25.05, 22.69, 14.11 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₅H₄₈NaO₈⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 499.3241 and found 499.3258 (Δ = 3.40 ppm).

12-O-(2-O-β-D-mannopyranosyl)-β-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (2)



Compound 21 (18.1 mg, 16.7 µmol) was followed general procedure 7, and purified by the reverse phase HPLC to afford compound 2 as white solid in 80% yield (8.5mg, 13.3 µmol). NMR data of compound 2 was measured at 30 °C and 25 °C in pyridine [Scheme 1, (e)]. At 30 °C: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, py-d5) δ 5.46 (s, 1H, H1[°]), 4.99 (s, 1H, H1), 4.73 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H, H2[`]), 4.67 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.53 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H4[`]), 4.50 -4.44 (m, 2H, H6, H6⁽⁾), 4.36 - 4.29 (m, 2H, H4, H6⁽⁾), 4.21 (dd, J = 11.6, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H6), 4.11 (td, J = 9.4, 3.3 Hz, 2H, H3, H3`), 3.96 (quint, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, H12), 3.89 (ddd, J = 9.4, 5.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H5'), 3.83 (ddd, J = 9.1, 6.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.62 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.30 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH_{2 α}), 1.77 – 1.10 (m, 34H), 0.84 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, py-d5) δ 174.25 (CO), 102.07 (C1', ¹J_{C'1H'1}=159.57), 99.82 (C1, ¹J_{C 1H1} =156.05), 78.93 (C2), 78.62 (C5'), 78.51 (C12), 78.43 (C5), 75.20 (C3'), 74.19 (C3), 71.52 (C2'), 68.89 (C4), 68.14 (C4'), 62.44 (C6), 62.20 (C6'), 51.30 (OCH₃), 34.79, 33.92, 33.36, 31.78, 29.87, 29.62, 29.60, 29.52, 29.42, 29.25, 29.06, 25.22, 25.08, 24.97, 22.63, 14.05 (CH₃). At 25 °C: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, py-d5) δ 5.41 (s, 1H, H1'), 4.95 (s, 1H, H1), 4.69 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, H2'), 4.64 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.48 - 4.40 (m, 3H, 1H, 1H), 4.48 - 4.40 (m, 3H)H4', H6, H6'), 4.32 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H4), 4.25 (dd, J = 11.8, 5.9 Hz, 1H, H6'), 4.17 (dd, J = 11.7, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H6), 4.10 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H3), 4.08 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.3)Hz, 1H, H3'), 3.93 (quint, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, H12), 3.87 - 3.78 (m, 2H, H5', H5), 3.61 (s, 1H, OCH₃), 2.26 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, CH_{2 α}), 1.70 – 1.03 (m, 28H), 0.80 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, py-d5) δ 174.25 (CO), 102.07 (C1', ¹J_{C'1H'1}=158.84), 99.82 (C1, ¹J_{C 1H1} =156.30), 78.93 (C2), 78.62 (C12), 78.51 (C5'), 78.43 (C5), 75.20 (C3'), 74.19 (C3), 71.52 (C2'), 68.89 (C4), 68.14 (C4'), 62.44 (C6), 62.20 (C6'), 51.30 (OCH₃), 34.79, 33.92, 33.36, 31.78, 29.87, 29.62, 29.60, 29.52, 29.42, 29.25, 29.06, 25.22, 25.08, 24.97, 22.63, 14.05 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈ O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3798 (Δ = 4.23 ppm).

12-O-(2-O-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-β-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (3)

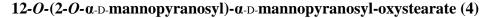


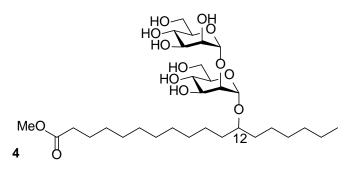
Compound **24** (22.4 g, 18.2 μ mol) was removed benzoyl protecting group by using general procedure 2 to provided intermediate as off white solid in 90% yield (13.4 mg, 16 μ mol). This intermediate was followed the general procedure 7 to afford compound **3** as white solid in 84% yield (8.7 mg, 13.6 μ mol) [Scheme S1, (d)]. The NMR data was measured in pyridine and CD₃OD.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 5.21 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H, H1'), 4.57 (s, 1H, H1), 4.12 (dt, J = 9.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H5'), 3.98 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H, H2), 3.95 (dd, J = 3.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H, H2'), 3.86 (dd, J = 11.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.83 - 3.75 (m, 2H, H3',H4', H6'), 3.74 - 3.67 (m, 3H, H6, H6', H12), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.59 - 3.55 (m, 2H, H4, H3), 3.19 (ddd, J = 8.6, 5.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H5), 2.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.58 (m, 3H), 1.49 (m, 3H), 1.42 – 1.17 (m, 22H), 0.92 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.05 (CO), 102.56 (C1', ¹ $J_{C'1H'1}=177.5$), 100.64 (C1, ¹ $J_{C 1H1}=154.0$), 80.74 (C12), 78.51 (C5),

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77.37 (C2), 76.20 (C3), 73.42 (C5'), 72.46 (C3'), 72.17 (C2'), 69.03 (C4), 67.95 (C4'), 63.12 (C6), 62.43 (C6'), 51.96 (OCH₃), 35.99, 34.82, 34.70, 33.05, 30.92, 30.76, 30.69, 30.59, 30.39, 30.20, 26.45, 26.06, 26.03, 23.73, 14.45 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈ O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3796 (Δ = 3.93 ppm).

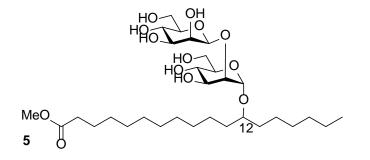




Compound **27** (18.7 mg, 15.2 µmol) was removed the benzoyl protecting group by using general procedure 2 to provide the intermediate as white syrup in 61% yield (7.6 mg, 9.3 µmol) [Scheme S1, (h), i)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (dd, J = 7.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.17 (m, 8H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.81 (s, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dd, J = 9.4, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.10 – 3.99 (m, 2H) 3.99 – 3.86 (m, 5H), 3.85 – 3.67 (m, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.59 (s, 1H), 3.52 – 3.43 (m, 1H), 2.25 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.79 – 1.33 (m, 6H), 1.22 (s, 22H), 0.84 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH_3). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₄₅H₆₈O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 839.4552 and found 839.4525 (Δ = 3.22 ppm). This intermediate (7.6 mg, 9.3 µmol) was followed general procedure 7 to afford compound **4** as off white solid in 72% yield (4.25 mg, 6.7 µmol) [Scheme S1, (h), ii)]. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃ = 9/1) δ 5.12 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H, H1), 4.96 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H1⁺), 3.97 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H2⁺), 3.83 – 3.77 (m, 3H, H6^a, H6^{+a}, H5⁺), 3.76 (dd, J = 3.27 (m, 4H, H12, H4, H4⁺, H3), 2.31 (t, J = 7.5

Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.63 – 1.44 (m, 6H), 1.43 – 1.22 (m, 22H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). (*Value with the same letter may be exchangeable*). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃ = 9/1) δ 176.02 (CO), 104.07 (C1', ¹ $J_{C'1H'1} = 168.2$), 98.64 (C1, ¹ $J_{C 1H1} = 170.1$), 81.01 (C2), 78.76 (C12), 74.74 (C3), 74.69 (C3'), 72.35 (C5), 72.15 (C5), 71.82 (C2'), 68.81 (C4), 68.56 (C4'), 62.84 (C6, C6'), 51.98 (OCH₃), 35.55, 34.79, 34.06, 32.94, 30.91, 30.67, 30.60, 30.53, 30.49, 30.31, 30.13, 26.50, 25.99, 25.97, 23.67, 14.45 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3770 (Δ = 0.0 ppm).

12-*O*-(2-*O*-β-D-mannopyranosyl)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (5)



Compound **28** (15 mg, 13.8 µmol) was followed general procedure 7 to afford compound **5** as off white solid in 75% yield (6.6 mg, 10.3 µmol) [Scheme S1, (j)]. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD/CDCl₃ = 9/1) 4.97 (s, 1H, H1), 4.62 (s, 1H, H1'), 3.98 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H2), 3.92 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H, H2'), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H6'), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 1.7 Hz, 2H, H6), 3.74 – 3.66 (m, 4H, H6', H5, H4, H12), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.61 (dt, *J* = 9.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H3), 3.57 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H4'), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H3'), 3.23 (ddd, *J* = 9.6, 6.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H5'), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, 2H, CH_{2α}), 1.64 – 1.45 (m, 6H), 1.44 – 1.20 (m, 22H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 M

Η

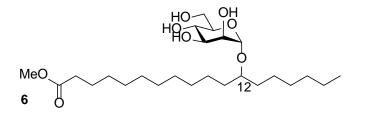
Ζ

,

12

62.63 (C6'), 62.31 (C6), 51.97 (OCH₃), 35.51, 34.78, 33.97, 32.88, 30.84, 30.62, 30.55, 30.48, 30.45, 30.26, 30.09, 26.40, 26.01, 25.92, 23.63, 14.43, 1.47 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: $C_{31}H_{58}O_{13}Na^+$ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3777 (Δ = 1.06 ppm).

12-*O*-α-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (6)

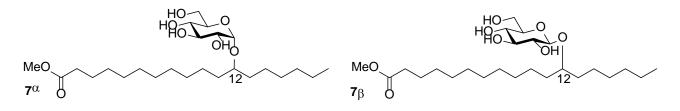


The preparation of the compound **6** was followed the procedure described in Scheme S2, including the benzoylation of D-mannose by the general procedure 1, the bromination by general procedure 3, the glycosylation by general procedure 8 (glycosylation by Köenings-Knorr approach), and the debenzoylation by general procedure 2 to furnish the compound **6** as white syrup in 65% in total yield. NMR data was measured in pyridine and CD₃OD. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, py-d5) δ 5.47 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H, H1), 4.67 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H4), 4.54 (dd, J = 9.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H3), 4.52 (dd, J = 3.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H2), 4.47 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H6), 4.39 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 5.3 Hz, 1H, H6), 4.36 – 4.32 (m, 1H, H5), 3.91 – 3.85 (m, 1H, H12), 3.62 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.29 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH_{2α}), 1.70 – 1.38 (m, 6H), 1.31 – 1.07 (m, 22H), 0.76 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).¹³C NMR (151 MHz, py-d5) δ 174.22 (CO), 99.93 (C1, ¹*J*_{C1H1}=165.5), 76.91 (C12), 75.29 (C5), 72.79 (C3), 72.43 (C2), 68.57 (C4), 62.66 (C6), 51.37 (OCH₃), 34.93, 34.05, 33.27, 31.92, 30.02, 29.72, 29.66, 29.64, 29.56, 29.52, 29.39, 29.21, 25.84, 25.12, 22.81, 14.17 (CH₃). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD3OD) 4.85 (s, 1H, H1), δ 3.79 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.75 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H2), 3.73 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.69 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 3.5

Hz, 1H, H3), 3.67 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H12), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.64 – 3.62 (m, 1H, H4), 3.62 – 3.60 (m, 1H, H5), 2.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, CH_{2α}), 1.65 – 1.46 (m, 6H), 1.45 – 1.11 (m, 22H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.00 (CO), 100.36 (C1), 78.55 (C12), 74.81 (C5), 72.77 (C2), 72.66 (C3), 68.47 (C4), 62.80 (C6), 51.96 (OCH₃), 35.71, 34.80, 34.04, 33.00, 30.92, 30.68, 30.62, 30.59, 30.55, 30.36, 30.18, 26.60, 26.02, 25.93, 23.73, 14.46 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈ O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 499.3241 and found 499.3265 (Δ = 4.81 ppm).

12-*O*- α/β -D-glucopyranosyl-oxystearate (7 $\alpha/7\beta$)

The preparation of glucosyl analogues **43** and **44** were followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 57% total yield $(7\alpha/7\beta = 1/2)$ (Scheme S2).

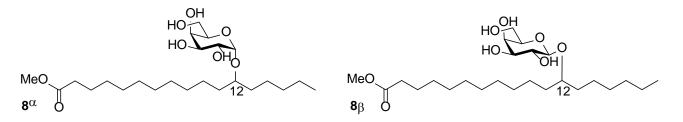


Characterization of compound **7a**: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.90 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H1 α), 3.76 (dd, J = 11.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.69 – 3.60 (m, 7H), 3.36 (dt, J = 5.8, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, CH_{2 α}), 1.64 – 1.47 (m, 6H), 1.46 – 1.25 (m, 22H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHZ, CD₃OD) δ 176.03 (CO), 98.75, 78.84, 75.05, 73.77, 73.68, 71.73, 62.53, 51.96 (OCH₃), 35.71, 34.81, 34.15, 33.02, 30.99, 30.67, 30.64, 30.60, 30.56, 30.36, 30.19, 26.69, 26.03, 25.94, 23.75, 14.46 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₅H₄₈O₈Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 499.3241 and found 499.3264 (Δ = 4.61 ppm).

Characterization of compound **7** β : ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.30 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1_{β}), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.72- 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.36-14 3.28 (m, 2H), 3.23 (ddd, J = 9.4, 5.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (dd, J = 9.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.65 – 1.47 (m, 6H), 1.44 – 1.26 (m, 22H) 0.90 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH_3). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.02 (CO), 103.38 (C1), 80.44 (C12), 78.19, 77.72, 75.31, 71.80, 62.93, 51.96 (OCH₃), 35.91, 34.94, 34.81, 33.02, 30.86, 30.72, 30.69, 30.68, 30.58, 30.38, 30.19, 26.29, 26.03, 23.72, 14.45 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: $C_{25}H_{48}O_8Na^+$ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 499.3241 and found 499.3255 ($\Delta = 2.80$ ppm).

12-*O*-α/β-D-galactopyranosyl-oxystearate (8α/8β)

The preparation of galatosyl analogues 8α and 8β were followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 71% total yield ($8\alpha/8\beta = 1/5.3$) (Scheme S2).



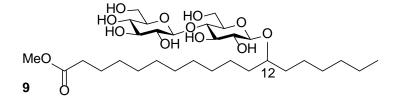
Characterization of compound **8a**: ¹H NMR (600 MHZ, CD₃OD) δ 4.92 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H1 α), 3.93 – 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.76 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.71 – 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.65 – 3.62 (m, 1H), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH_{2 α}), 1.67 – 1.47 (m, 6H), 1.46 – 1.28 (m, 22H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).¹³C NMR (151 MHZ, CD₃OD) δ 176.02 (CO), 99.00 (C1), 78.78 (C12), 72.34 (C5), 71.58 (C3), 71.02 (C4), 70.34 (C2), 62.52 (C6), 51.95 (OCH₃), 35.69, 34.81, 34.11, 33.01, 30.98, 30.67, 30.64, 30.62, 30.56, 30.36, 30.19, 26.71, 26.03, 25.93, 23.74, 14.45 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₅H₄₈O₈Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 499.3241 and found 499.3265 (Δ = 4.81 ppm).

Characterization of compound **8** β : ¹H NMR (600 MHZ, CD₃OD) δ 4.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, H1_β), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 6.3 Hz, 1H, H), 3.72 – 3.67

(m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.49 – 3.43 (m, 3H, H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH_{2 α}), 1.65 – 1.46 (m, 6H), 1.46 – 1.24 (m, 22H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.00 (CO), 104.06 (C1), 80.44 (C12), 76.29, 75.10, 72.76, 70.10, 62.17, 51.96 (OCH₃), 35.94, 35.00, 34.81, 33.02, 30.85, 30.72, 30.70, 30.68, 30.59, 30.38, 30.19, 26.24, 26.08, 26.03, 23.72, 14.46 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₅H₄₈O₈Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 499.3241 and found 499.3255 ($\Delta = 2.8$ ppm).

12-*O*-β-D-cellobiosyl-oxystearate (9)

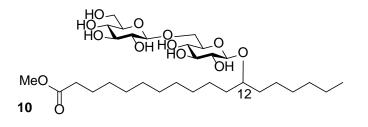
The preparation of compound **9** was followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 38% yield (Scheme S2).



¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.43 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H1'), 4.33 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1), 3.88 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 2.6 Hz, 1H, H6'), 3.86 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 2H, H6), 3.70 – 3.64 (m, 5H, H6', H12, CH₃OCO), 3.57 (t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H4), 3.51 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H3), 3.39 – 3.35 (m, 2H, H3', H5), 3.35 – 3.33 (m, 1H, H5'), 3.33 – 3.30 (m, 1H, H4') 3.25 – 3.21 (m, 2H, H2, H2'), 2.31 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 5.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂ α), 1.64 – 1.46 (m, 6H), 1.46 – 1.24 (m, 22H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.00 (CO), 104.62 (C1'), 103.35 (C1), 81.13^a (C4), 80.71^a (C12), 78.10^b (C5'), 77.85^b (C5), 76.51 ^c(C3), 76.26^c (C3'), 74.96^d (C2), 74.92^d (C2'), 71.35 (C4'), 62.42^e (C6), 62.21^e (C6'), 51.97 (CH₃OCO), 35.89, 35.00, 34.81, 33.01, 30.82, 30.70, 30.68, 30.67, 30.57, 30.37, 30.18, 26.26, 26.05, 26.03, 23.71, 14.46 (CH₃).(Value with the same letter may be

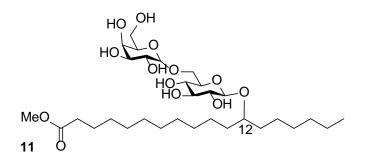
exchangeable). (ESI-TOF) MS: $C_{31}H_{58}NaO_{13}^+$ calculated for $(M+Na)^+$ was 661.3770 and found 661.3798 ($\Delta = 4.23$ ppm).

12-*O*-β-D-gentiobiosyl-oxystearate (10)



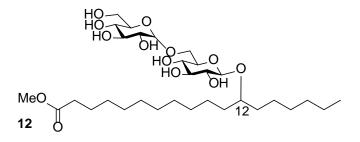
The preparation of compound **10** was followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 43% yield (Scheme S2). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.40 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1[']), 4.31 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1), 4.10 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H, H6[']), 3.81 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.74 – 3.60 (m, 5H, H12, H6['], CH₃OCO), 3.44 – 3.39 (m, 1H, H5), 3.38 – 3.33 (m, 3H, H3, H3['], H4), 3.29 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, H4[']), 3.28 – 3.24 (m, 1H, H5[']), 3.21 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H, H2[']), 3.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, H2), 2.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂ α), 1.64 – 1.46 (m, 6H), 1.46 – 1.23 (m, 22H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.07 (CO), 104.99 (C1[']), 103.28 (C1), 80.36 (C12), 78.07^a (C3), 78.00^a (C3[']), 77.98^a (C5[']), 77.01 (C5), 75.26^b (C2), 75.15^b (C2[']), 71.64^c (C4[']), 71.61^c (C4), 69.97 (C6), 62.80 (C6[']), 51.97 (CH₃OCO), 35.93, 34.93, 34.83, 33.03, 30.96, 30.77, 30.74, 30.71, 30.61, 30.40, 30.21, 26.41, 26.05, 25.98, 23.72, 14.46 (CH₃). (*Value with the same letter may be exchangeable*). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈NaO₁₃⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3803 (Δ = 4.99 ppm).

12-*O*-β-D-melibiosyl-oxystearate (11)



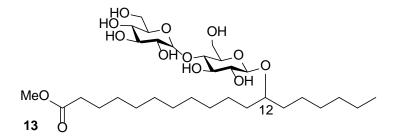
The preparation of compound **11** was followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 44% yield (Scheme S2). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.88 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H1'), 4.33 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.91 – 3.90 (m, 1H, H4'), 3.88 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H, H5'), 3.77 – 3.75 (m, 2H, H2', H3'), 3.71 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 2.0 Hz, 2H, H6'), 3.69 – 3.64 (m, 5H, H12, H6, CH₃OCO), 3.48 – 3.43 (m, 1H, H5), 3.41 – 3.34 (m, 2H, H3, H4), 3.20 – 3.16 (m, 1H, H2), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂ α), 1.64 – 1.48 (m, 6H), 1.31 (s, 22H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.04 (CO), 103.79 (C1), 100.26 (C1'), 81.20 (C12), 78.14 (C3), 76.14 (C5), 75.25 (C2), 72.18 (C5'), 71.68 (2C, C4, C3'), 71.10 (C4'), 70.49 (C2'), 67.59 (C6), 62.73 (C6'), 51.98 (CH₃OCO), 49.00, 35.90, 35.01, 34.81, 33.00, 30.94, 30.72, 30.70, 30.58, 30.38, 30.19, 26.36, 26.03, 26.02, 23.70, 14.46 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈NaO₁₃⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3795 (Δ = 3.78 ppm).

12-*O*-β-D-isomaltosyl-oxystearate (12)



The preparation of compound **12** was followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 70% yield (Scheme S2). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 4.85 (H1', suppressed by CD₃OD), 4.34 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1), 3.99 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.79 (dd, J = 11.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H6'), 3.72 – 3.62 (m, 8H, H5, H5', H6, H6', H12, CH₃OCO), 3.48 – 3.41 (m,, 2H, H4, H3'), 3.38 – 3.29 (m, 3H, H3, H2', H4'), 3.18 (dd, J = 9.2, 7.9 Hz, 1H, H2), 2.31 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.65 – 1.49 (m, 6H), 1.46 – 1.24 (m, 22H), 0.91 (dd, J = 8.2, 5.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 176.04 (CO), 103.64 (C1), 100.11 (C1'), 80.90 (C12), 78.20 (C3), 76.20 (C3'), 75.33^a (C2), 75.27^a (C5), 73.85 (C2'), 73.48 (C5'), 71.63^b (C4'), 71.42^b (C4), 67.40 (C6), 62.56 (C6'), 51.98 (CH₃OCO), 49.43, 49.28, 49.14, 49.00, 48.86, 48.72, 48.57, 35.85, 34.93, 34.82, 33.01, 30.93, 30.73, 30.72, 30.69, 30.60, 30.39, 30.20, 26.27, 26.03, 25.99, 23.71, 14.46 (CH₃) (*Value with the same letter may be exchangeable*). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₁H₅₈NaO₁₃⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3797 ($\Delta = 4.08$ ppm).

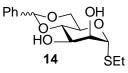
12-*O*-β-D-maltosyl-oxystearate (13)



The preparation of compound **13** was followed the Koenigs–Knorr approach in 70% total yield (Scheme S2). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 5.16 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H1'), 4.32 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H1), 3.89 – 3.80 (m, 3H, H6, H6'), 3.72 –3.64 (m, 6H, H5', H6', H12, CH₃OCO) 3.61 (t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H, H3, H3'), 3.55 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H4), 3.44 (dd, *J* = 9.7, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H2'), 3.34 (ddd, *J* = 9.6, 4.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H, H5), 3.26 (t, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H4'), 3.21 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 7.8 Hz, 1H, H2), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂ α), 1.67 – 1.48 (m, 6H), 1.45 – 1.23 (m, 22H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD)

δ 176.01 (CO), 103.40 (C1), 102.87 (C1'), 81.36 (C4), 80.63 (C12), 77.90 (C3), 76.49 (C5), 75.08 (C3'), 74.86 (C2), 74.73 (C5'), 74.16 (C2'), 71.51 (C4'), 62.76 (C6'), 62.32 (C6), 51.97 (*C*H₃OCO), 35.89, 34.94, 34.81, 33.01, 30.84, 30.71, 30.68, 30.67, 30.57, 30.37, 30.18, 26.26, 26.03, 23.71, 14.46 (*C*H₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: $C_{31}H_{58}NaO_{13}^+$ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 661.3770 and found 661.3801 (Δ = 4.69 ppm).

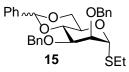




The preparation of the known Ethyl 4,6-*O*-benzylidene-1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside **14** was developed from several previous reports [Scheme 1, (a)].²⁻⁴ Hence, the dried crude of per benzoyl mannose prepared from the free-D-mannose (4.371 g, 24.3 mmol) by the general procedure 1 in round bottom flask was flushed with argon and dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (218 ml). This stirred solution was sequentially treated with Boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (5.5 ml, 43.7 mmol), Ethane thiol (3.6 ml, 48.5 mmol) at -5 °C, and kept for 5 minutes at this temperature. The reaction mixture was then stirred at 50 °C for 4 hr and neutralized with Et₃N (the reaction color was change from brown to transparent yellow). The organic solvent was removed by evaporator, and the solid residue was followed with general procedure 2 to generate ethyl 1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside intermediate in 80.4% yield (4.374 g, 19.5 mmol) [Scheme 1, (a), i) ii) iii)]. Proton NMR data of the known ethyl 1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside intermediate: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 5.16 (br, 1H, H1), 3.89 – 3.52 (m, 6H), 2.67 – 2.43 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, SCH₂CH₃).

This powdered intermediate was then added to a solid mixture of benzaldehyde (dried by $MS_{3}A$, 7.5 ml, 73.4 mmol) and $ZnCl_2$ (2.516 g, 18.5 mmol) which was prepared by being stirred at room temperature for 2 minutes and applied in ultrasound for 2 minutes. The resulting mixture was flushed with argon, stirred for 30 seconds, subjected to ultrasound for 1 minute, and immediately quenched by 10 ml of ice-cold water. The reaction mixture was extracted with the solvent mixture of chloroform and methanol (900 ml, 30:1). The organic phase was concentrated in rotary evaporator, and purified by column chromatography to give 14 as a white solid in 53% yield (3.222 g, 10.3 mmol, equal to 61 % conversion yield based on recovered ethyl 1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside intermediate) [Scheme 1, (a), iv)]. The Proton NMR data of the compound 14: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 5.55 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.35 (s, 1H, H1), 4.29 – 4.17 (m, 2H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (t, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (br, 1H, OH), 2.73 – 2.53 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.29 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H, SCH₂CH₃). (This data was comparable with reference).⁵ (ESI-TOF) MS: $C_{15}H_{20}O_5SNa^+$ calculated for $(M+Na)^+$ was 335.0924 and found 335.0925 (Δ = 0.30 ppm).

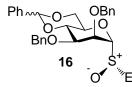
Ethyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside (15)



Compound **14** (2.248 g, 7.2 mmol) was benzylated by general procedure 4 to afford the ethyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-1-thio- α -D-mannopyranoside **15** as an off white syrup in 91% yield (3.217 g, 6.5 mmol) (Scheme S1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 – 7.22 (m, 13H), 5.63 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.29 (s, 1H, H1), 4.82 – 4.69 (m, 3H, CH₂Ar), 4.62 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.32 – 4.14 (m, 3H), 3.95 – 3.85 21

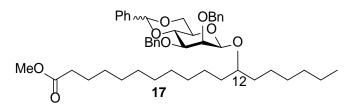
(m, 3H), 2.66 – 2.48 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.23 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H, SCH₂CH₃). (This data was comparable with reference).⁶ (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₉H₃₂O₅SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 515.1863 and found 515.1861 ($\Delta = 0.39$ ppm).

Ethyl 2,3-Di-*O*-benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-1-deoxy-1-thio-α_{-D}-mannopyranoside Soxide(16)



Compound **16** was prepared in 83% yield (2.746 g, 5.4 mmol) from compound **15** (3.205 g, 6.5 mmol) by general procedure 5 as a white solid (Scheme 1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.22 (m, 15H), 5.63 (s, 1H, CHAr), 4.83 (t, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ar), 4.69 (t, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ar), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.34 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.85 – 3.66 (m, 2H), 2.97 – 2.84 (m, 1H, SCH₂CH₃), 2.70 – 2.57 (m, 1H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.34 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CH₃)). (This data was comparable with reference).⁷ (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₉H₃₂O₆SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 531.1812 and found 531.1794 (Δ = 3.39 ppm).

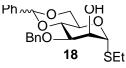
12-O-4,6-O-benzylidene-2,3-O-benzyl-β-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (17)



General procedure 6a using 400 mg of donor **16** was employed to generate compound **17** in 44% yield (256 mg, 344 μ mol) as an off white syrup. (General procedure 6b did archive in the 57% yield) (Scheme 1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 – 7.24 (m, 15H), 5.63

(s, 1H, CHAr), 5.00 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.35 – 4.27 (m, 1H), 4.23 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (t, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.67 – 3.58 (m, 2H), 3.39 – 3.28 (m, 1H), 2.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.74 – 1.43 (m, 6H), 1.30 (s, 22H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H, CH_3). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₄₆H₆₄O₈Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 767.4493 and found 767.4457 ($\Delta = 4.69$ ppm).

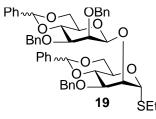
Ethyl 4, 6-O-benzylidene-3-O-benzyl-1-deoxy-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside (18)



A solution of intermediate **14** (150 mg, 480 µmol) and BuSn₂O (143.9 mg, 576 µmol) in 6 ml of Toluene was refluxed for 3 hr at 130 °C, and then removed the solvent by evaporator. The white solid residue was dried completely in *vacuo*. for 30 minutes, added CsF (148.9 mg, 979 µmol), and dried again in *vacuo*. at 40 °C for 30 minutes. The dried solid was flushed with argon, dissolved in 3.5 ml of DMF, and then dropwise treated with benzyl bromide (125 µl, 1.1 mmol) at 0 °C. After 30 minutes, the resulting mixture was turned to rt., and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was poured in to sat. NaHCO₃, extracted by CHCl₃, washed with brine, and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic phase was evaporated by rotary evaporator, and purified by column chromatography to give compound **18** as white syrup in 98% yield (189.1 mg, 470 µmol) (Scheme 1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 – 7.28 (m, 8H), 5.62 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.37 (s, 1H, H1), 4.86 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.71 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.29 – 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.18 – 4.10 (m, 2H), 3.94 – 3.84 (m, 2H), 2.81 (br, 1H, OH), 2.74 – 2.52 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.29 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H, SCH₂CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₂₂H₂₆O₅SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 425.1393 and found 425.1377 ($\Delta = 3.76$ ppm).

Ethyl 4,6-*O*-benzylidene-2-*O*-[4,6-*O*-benzylidene-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-β-D-

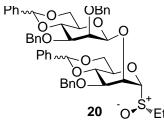
mannopyranosyl]-3-O- benzyl-1-thio-a-d-mannopyranoside (19)



The coupling of α -mannosyl sulfoxides **16** (109.8 mg, 216 µmol) and acceptor **18** (174.8 mg, 431 µmol) by general procedure 6a gave compound **19** as off white solid in 51% yield (91.1 mg, 109 µmol) (Scheme 1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67– 7.10 (m, 25H), 5.53 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.42 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.25 (s, 1H, H1), 4.98 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.90 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.72 – 4.53 (m, 4H, CH₂Ar), 4.28 (s, 1H), 4.24 – 4.10 (m, 4H), 4.10 – 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.93 (s, 1H), 3.82 (dd, J = 24.7, 10.2 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (t, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dd, J = 11.2, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.64 – 2.46 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.42 – 1.15 (m, 3H, SCH₂CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₄₉H₅₂O₁₀SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 855.3173 and found 855.3158 (Δ = 1.75 ppm).

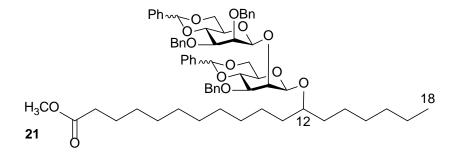
Ethyl 4,6-*O*-benzylidene-2-*O*-[4,6-*O*-benzylidene-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-β-D-

mannopyranosyl]-3-*O*- benzyl-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside S-Oxide (20)



Compound **19** (89 mg, 106 µmol) was oxidized by general procedure 5 to furnish the compound **20** as a white solid in 78% yield (70.6 mg, 83 µmol) (Scheme 1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 – 7.20 (m, 25H), 5.58 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.48 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.05 – 4.91 (m, 2H), 4.89 – 4.57 (m, 6H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.31 – 4.05 (m, 5H), 3.98 (s, 1H), 3.81 (t, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.76 – 3.57 (m, 3H), 3.39 – 3.29 (m, 1H), 3.03 – 2.88 (m, 1H, SCH₂CH₃), 2.74 – 2.63 (m, 1H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.39 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, SCH₂CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₄₉H₅₂O₁₁SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 871.3123 and found 871.3116 (Δ = 0.8 ppm).

12-*O*-(3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-2-*O*-(2,3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene -β-Dmannopyranosyl)-β-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (21).

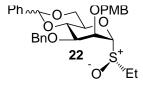


The sulfoxide **20** (50.1 mg, 59 μ mol) was followed general procedure 6a to afford the glycosylated product **21** as off white syrup in 38% yield (24.2 mg, 22 μ mol) [Scheme 1, (d)]. ¹ H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 11.6, 7.7 Hz, 4H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 6H), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 7H), 5.54 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.36 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.02 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.91 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.78 (s, 1H, H1'), 4.72 (s, 2H, CH₂Ar), 4.50 (q, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ar), 4.43 (s, 1H, H1) 4.22 (td, *J* = 10.5, 4.7 Hz, 2H, H6'), 4.16 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.91

H4'), 4.12 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H2'), 4.09 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H2), 3.97 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H4), 3.87 (t, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.66 (t, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H, H6), 3.58 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.57 – 3.55 (m, 1H, H12), 3.55 – 3.53 (m, 1H, H₃), 3.48 (dd, J = 9.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H, H3'), 3.28 – 3.21 (m, 2H), H5, H5'), 2.21 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H, CH_{2a}), 1.58 – 1.00 (m, 28H, CH_2) 0.81 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH_3). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.40(CO), 139.24, 138.93, 138.55, 137.87, 137.69, 128.99, 128.91, 128.65, 128.35, 128.33, 128.27, 128.23, 127.69, 127.56, 127.48, 127.39, 103.85, 103.83 (C1'), 101.66 (CHAr), 101.51 (CHAr), 100.71 (C1), 79.93 (C12), 78.54 (C4), 78.46 (C4'), 77.87 (C3'), 77.75 (C2), 76.43 (C3), 75.89 (C2'), 74.81 (CH₂Ar), 71.93 (CH₂Ar), 71.30 (CH₂Ar) 68.98 (C6), 68.91 (C6'), 67.85 (C5'), 67.62 (C5), 51.55(OCH₃), 34.96, 34.24 (CH_{2a}), 33.82, 31.93, 29.89, 29.83, 29.62, 29.55, 29.44, 29.30, 25.33, 25.19, 25.09, 22.76, 14.21 (CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₆₆H₈₄O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 1107.5804 and found 1107.5801 (Δ = 0.27 ppm).

Ethyl4,6-O-benzylidene-3-O-Benzyl-2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-1-thio-α-D-

mannopyranoside S-oxide (22)



The suspension of NaH in anhydrous DMF (49.4 mg, 1.2 mmol, prepared as described in general procedure 4) was added to a stirred solution of intermediate **18** (249 mg, 617 μ mol) and Bu₄NI (40.7mg, 110 μ mol) in anhydrous DMF in ice-bath (6.6 ml in final volume). The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously for 30 minutes and dropwise charged with PMBCl (109 μ l, 773 μ mol). The resulting mixture was stirred further one

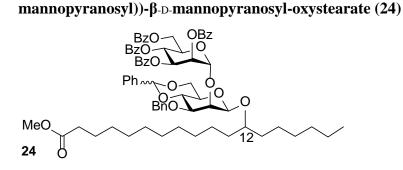
hour in ice-bath and took out ice-bath to let the reaction run overnight at rt. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH (0.5 mL), extracted with ice-cold water (45 ml) and CHCl₃ (3*30ml), and washed with sat. NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic phase was concentrated on rotary evaporator, dried in *vacuo*. for 1 days, and purified by column chromatography over silica gel to furnish the compound Ethyl 4,6-O-benzylidene-3-Obenzyl-2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside as a syrup in 81% yield (261.4 mg, 0.5 mmol) [Scheme S1, (a), i)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 - 7.24 (m, 10H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.64 (s, 1H, CHAr), 5.28 (s, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 4.61 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 - 4.14 (m, 3H),3.91 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.68 – 2.44 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 1.25 (t, J = 7.5Hz, 3H, SCH₂CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₀H₃₄O₆SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 545.1968 and found 545.1972 ($\Delta = 0.73$ ppm). This intermediate was followed the general procedure 5 to afford the compound 22 as a white solid in 91% yield (243.4 mg 452 μ mol) [Scheme S1, (a), ii)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 7.43 -7.29 (m, 10H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 4.80 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (s, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.86 – 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.76 – 3.67 (m, 1H), 2.93 (m, 1H), 2.74 – 2.60 (m, 1H), 1.37 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₀H₃₄O₇SNa⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 561.1917 and found 561.1901 (Δ = 2.85 ppm).

12-O-(4, 6-O-benzylidene-3-O-benzyl)-β-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (23)

OH _[O MeO 12 Ю 23

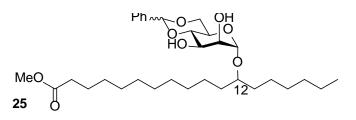
27

The preparation of the compound 23 was initiated with the glycosylation of the donor 22 (241 mg, 447 µmol) and the methyl 12-hydroxystearate as an acceptor (general procedure 6a) to afford intermediate 12-O-(4, 6-O-benzylidene-3-O-benzyl-2-O-p-methoxybenzyl)- β -D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate as an off white syrup in 25% yield (87.6 mg, 113 μ mol) [Scheme S1, (b), i)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.45 – 7.23 (m, 10H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.61 (s, 1H, CHAr), 4.92 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H),4.27 (dd, J = 9.8, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (t, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.65 - 3.53 (m, 2H), 3.35 - 3.25 (m, 1H), 2.30 (t, J = 7.3Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.68 – 1.50 (m, 6H), 1.51 – 1.20 (m, 22H), 0.91 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H, CH_3). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₄₇H₆₆O₉Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 797.4599 and found 797.4605 ($\Delta = 0.75$ ppm). This intermediate was followed the general procedure 9 to furnish the compound 23 as an off white syrup in 79.5% yield (59 mg, 0.09 mmol) [Scheme S1, (b), ii)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.43 – 7.23 (m, 8H), 5.60 (s, 1H, CHAr), 4.87 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.29 (dd, J = 9.9, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 3.87 (t, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.7 1– 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.38 – 3.26 (m, 1H), 2.53 (br, 1H, OH), 2.30 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.68 – 1.40 (m, 6H), 1.27 (s, 22H), 0.89 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H, CH_3). (ESI-TOF) MS: $C_{39}H_{58}O_8$ Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 677.4024 and found 677.4037 (Δ = 1.92 ppm)



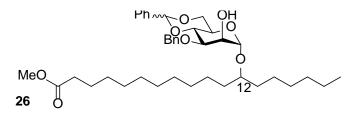
The general procedure 8 using the methyl 12-hydroxystearate as an acceptor and per-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-mannopyranosyl bromide as a donor was used to synthesize compound **24** as a syrup in 89% yield (44.4 mg, 36 µmol) [Scheme S1, (c)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62 – 7.46 (m, 5H), 7.46 – 7.30 (m, 10H), 7.30 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.19 – 7.08 (m, 3H), 6.19 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 2H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 4.74 – 4.62 (m, 2H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.38 – 4.31 (m, 1H), 4.31 – 4.21 (m, 2H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.41 – 3.30 (m, 1H), 2.27 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H, CH₂ α) 1.63 – 1.17 (m, 28H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₇₃H₈₄O₁₇Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was1255.5601 and found 1255.5572 (Δ = 2.31 ppm).

12-*O*-(4,6-*O*-benzylidene)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (25)



The procedure developed for compound **14** was employed to prepare the compound **25** in 31% yield (55 mg, 97.4 µmol, equal to 57 % conversion yield based on recovered **6**). Thus, the intermediate **6** (150 mg, 314.7 µmol) was initially mixed with 41 mg of ZnCl₂. The resulting mixture was then flushed with argon, added 120 µl of dried benzaldehyde, stirred for 30 seconds, subjected to ultrasound for 1 minute, immediately quenched by 10 ml of ice-cold water, and purified as the procedure developed for compound **14** [Scheme S1, (e)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 5.48 (s, 1H, CHAr), 4.86 (s, 1H, H1), 4.15 (dd, *J* = 9.7, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.08 – 3.96 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 1H), 3.87 – 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.77 – 3.69 (m, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.53 (quint, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (d, *J* = 18.0 Hz, 2H, OH), 2.22 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH_{2α}), 1.60 – 1.35 (m, 6H), 1.34 – 1.11 (m, 22H), 0.82 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H, CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₂H₅₂ O₈Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 587.3554 and found 587.3559 (Δ = 0.85 ppm).

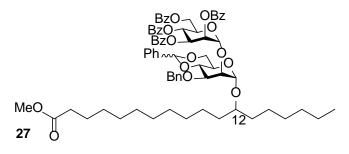
12-O-(4,6-O-benzylidene-3-O-benzyl)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (26)



The procedure used to prepare compound **18** was employed to prepare compound **26** in 84% yield as white syrup (48.8 mg, 74.5 μ mol) from the intermediate **25** (50 mg, 88 μ mol) [Scheme S1, (f)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 5.58 (s, 1H, CHAr), 4.92 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H, H1), 4.85 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.70 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ar), 4.20 (dd, J = 9.9, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.93 – 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.80 (t, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 1H, OCH₃), 3.57 (quint, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (s, 1H, OH), 2.27 (t, J = 7.5

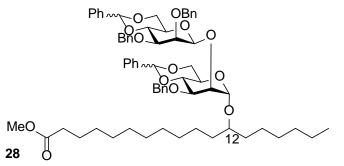
Hz, 2H, $CH_{2\alpha}$), 1.64 – 1.53 (m, 1H, 3H), 1.53 – 1.39 (m, 3H), 1.37 – 1.14 (m, 22H), 0.85 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₃₉H₅₈O₈Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 677.4024 and found 677.4010 ($\Delta = 2.07$ ppm).

12-*O*-(4,6-*O*-benzylidene-3-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-(2,3,4,6-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl))α-D-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (27)



The acceptor **26** (10 mg, 15.3 µmol) and per-*O*-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl bromide as a donor (15.2 mg, 0.023 mmol) were used to synthesize compound **27** as off white syrup in 99% yield (18.7 mg, 15.2 µmol) by general procedure 8) [Scheme S1, (g)]. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 – 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.98 – 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.91 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.75 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.55 – 7.40 (m, 5H), 7.39 – 7.15 (m, 15H), 7.12 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 6.04 (t, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 5.88 – 5.84 (m, 1H), 5.69 (s, 1H), 5.35 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 18.1, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.46 – 4.38 (m, 2H), 4.21 (dt, *J* = 8.7, 6.3 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.93 – 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.54 – 3.46 (m, 1H), 2.21 – 2.15 (m, 2H, CH_{2α}), 1.54 – 1.31 (m, 6H), 1.31 – 1.09 (m, 22H), 0.83 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₇₃H₈₄O₁₇Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 1255.5601 and found 1255.5672 (Δ = 2.31ppm).

12-O-(3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-O-(2,3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-β-D-



mannopyranosyl))-a-d-mannopyranosyl-oxystearate (28)

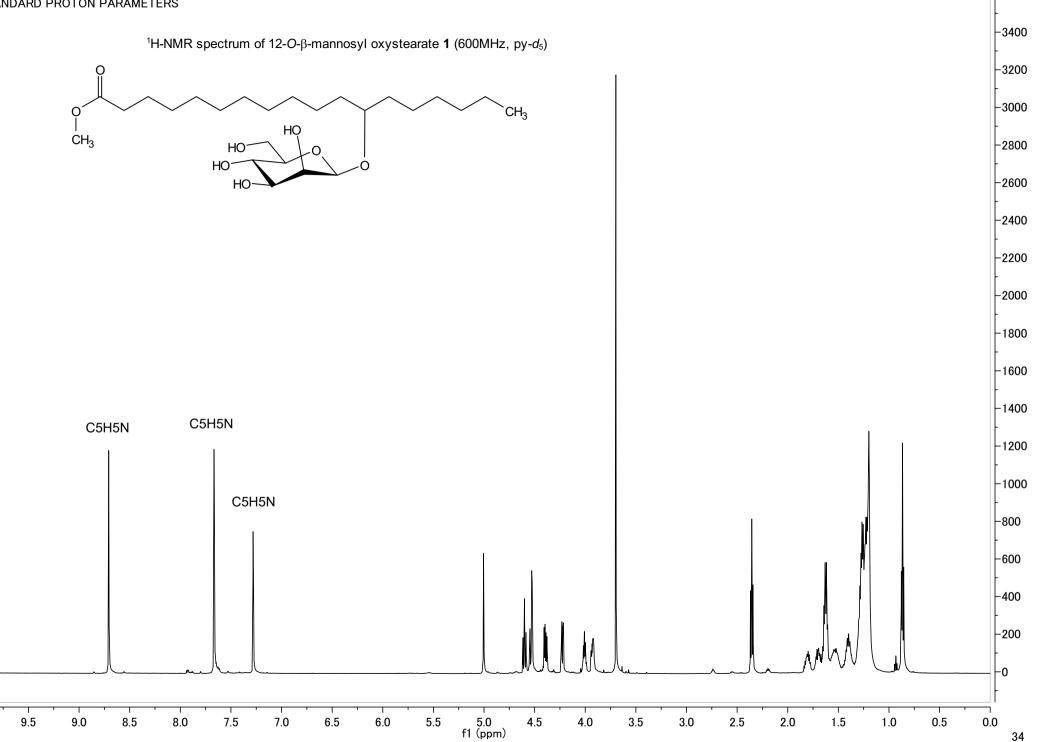
The donor **16** (36 mg, 71 µmol) was coupled with acceptor **26** by the general procedure 6b to afford the resulting adduct **28** as an off white syrup in 73% yield (29.9 mg, 27.5 µmol)) [Scheme S1, (i)]. ¹ H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 6H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.29 (m, 6H), 7.29 – 7.18 (m, 11H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 5.47 (s, 1H), 5.02 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.15 (m, 4H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.98 – 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.86 (td, *J* = 10.0, 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (t, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, CH_{2a}), 1.63 – 1.52 (m, 3H), 1.51 – 1.35 (m, 3H), 1.24 (s, 22H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, CH₃). (ESI-TOF) MS: C₆₆H₈₄O₁₃Na⁺ calculated for (M+Na)⁺ was 1107.5804 and found 1107.5801 (Δ = 0.27 ppm).

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compounds 1-13

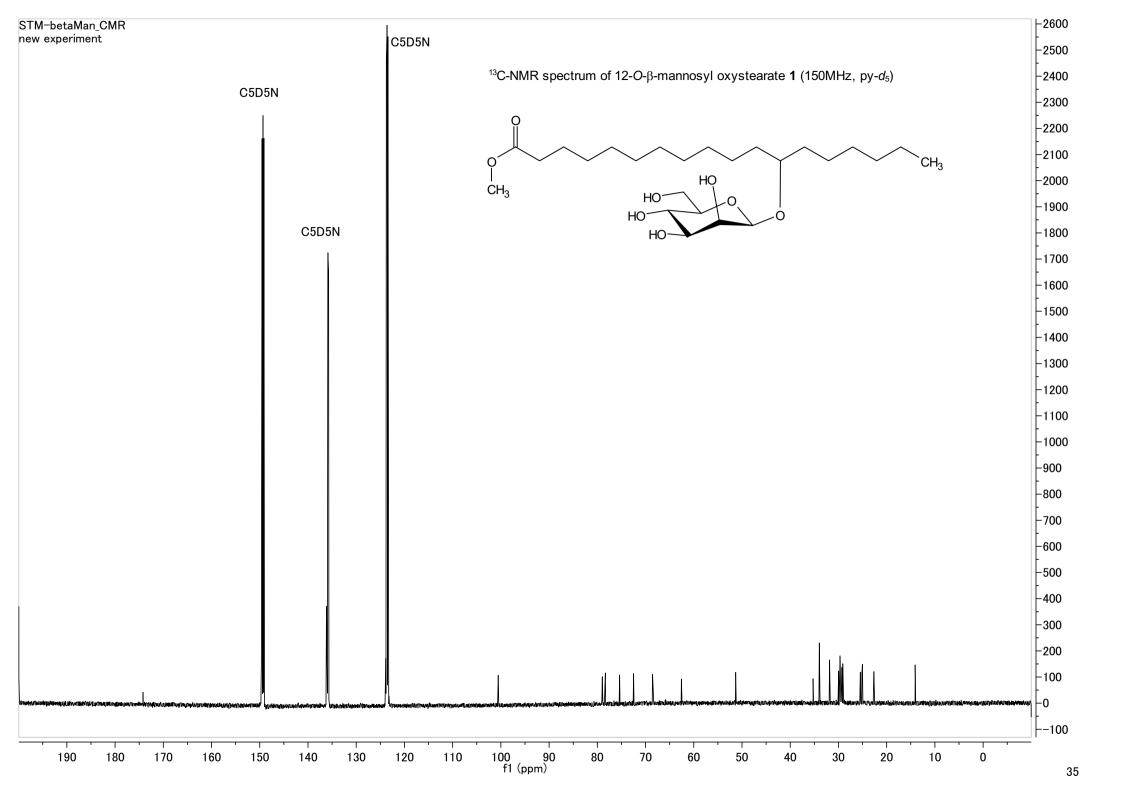
All spectra were processed using MestReNova v11.0.4 (Mestrelab Research S.L.).

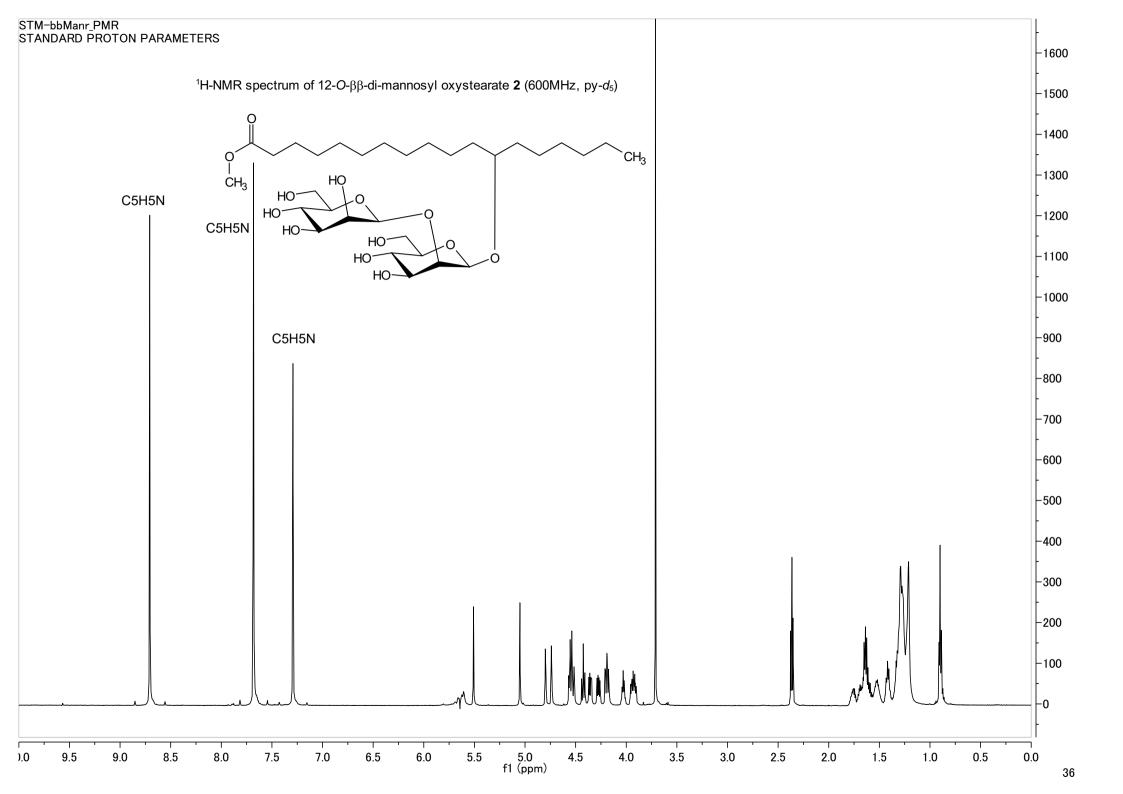
STM-betaMan_PMR2 STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

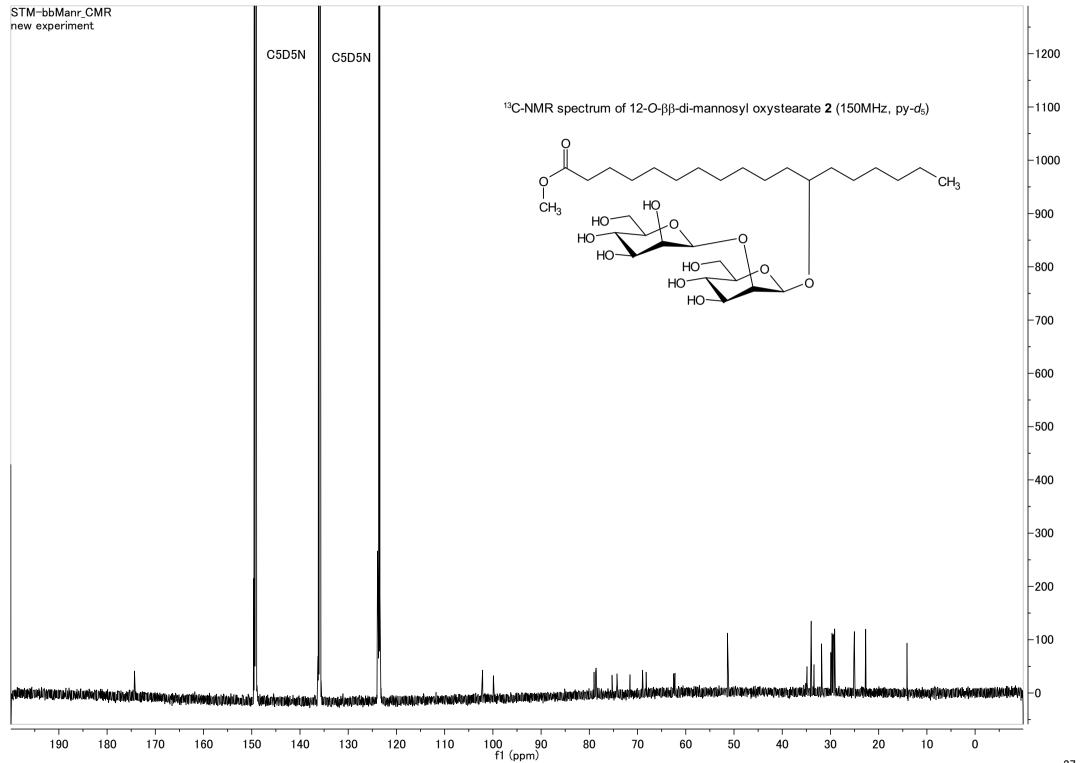
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-3600

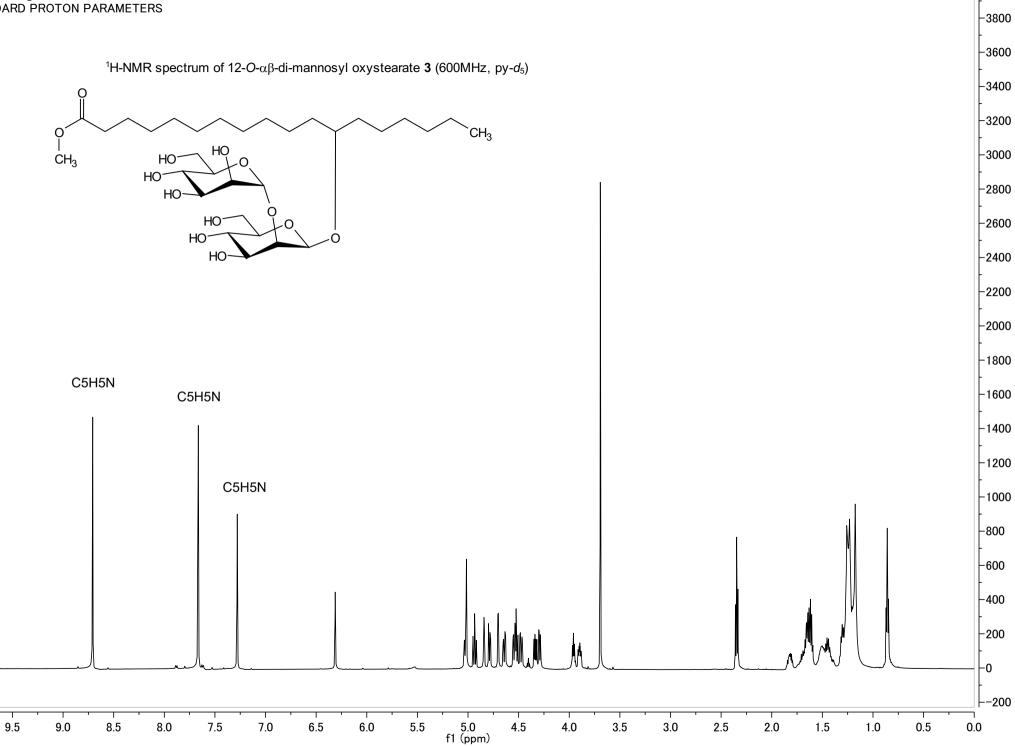


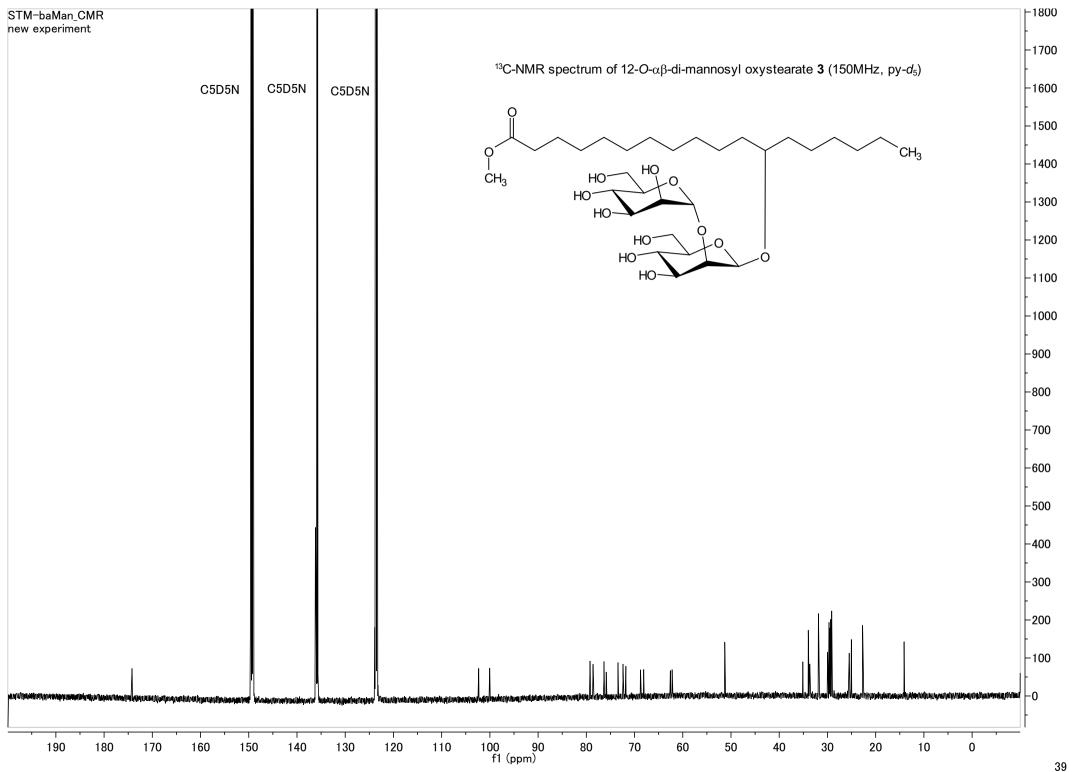


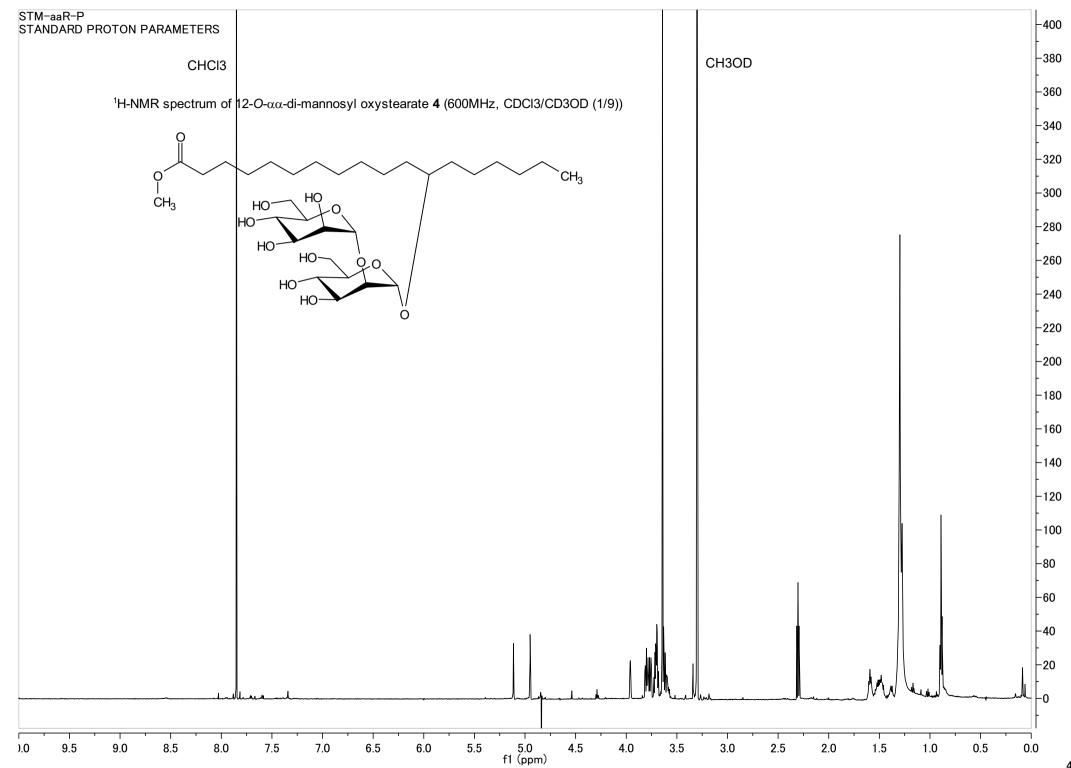


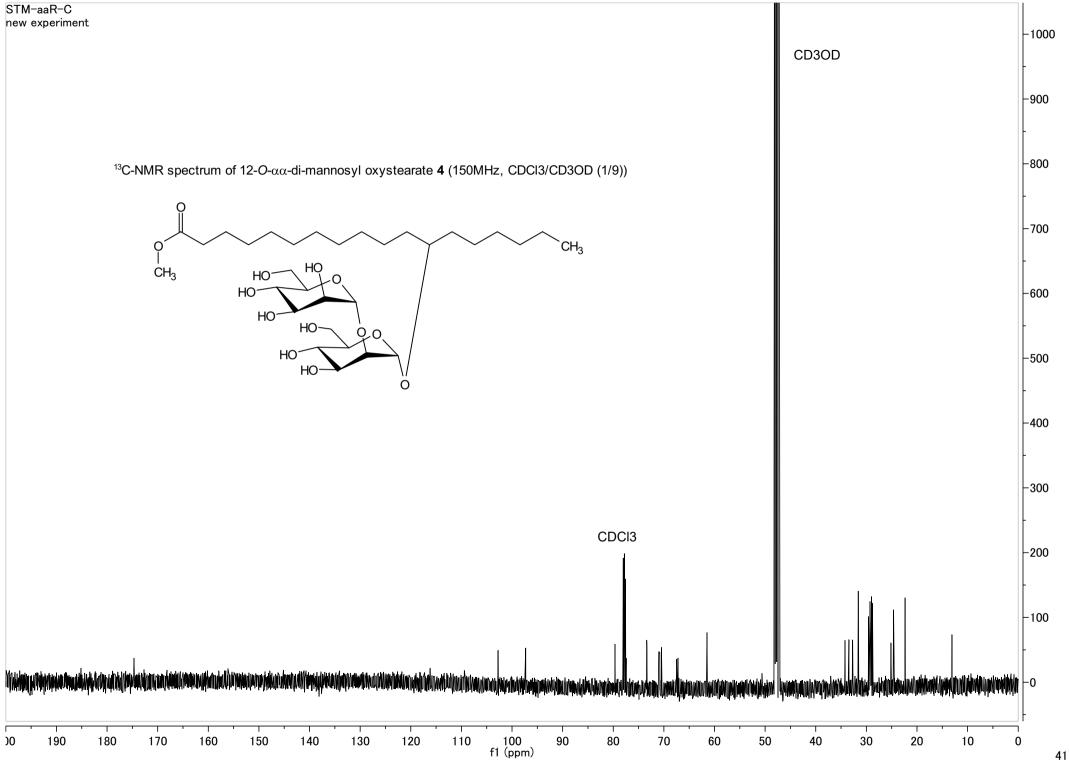
STM-baMan_PMR STANDARD PROTON PARAMETERS

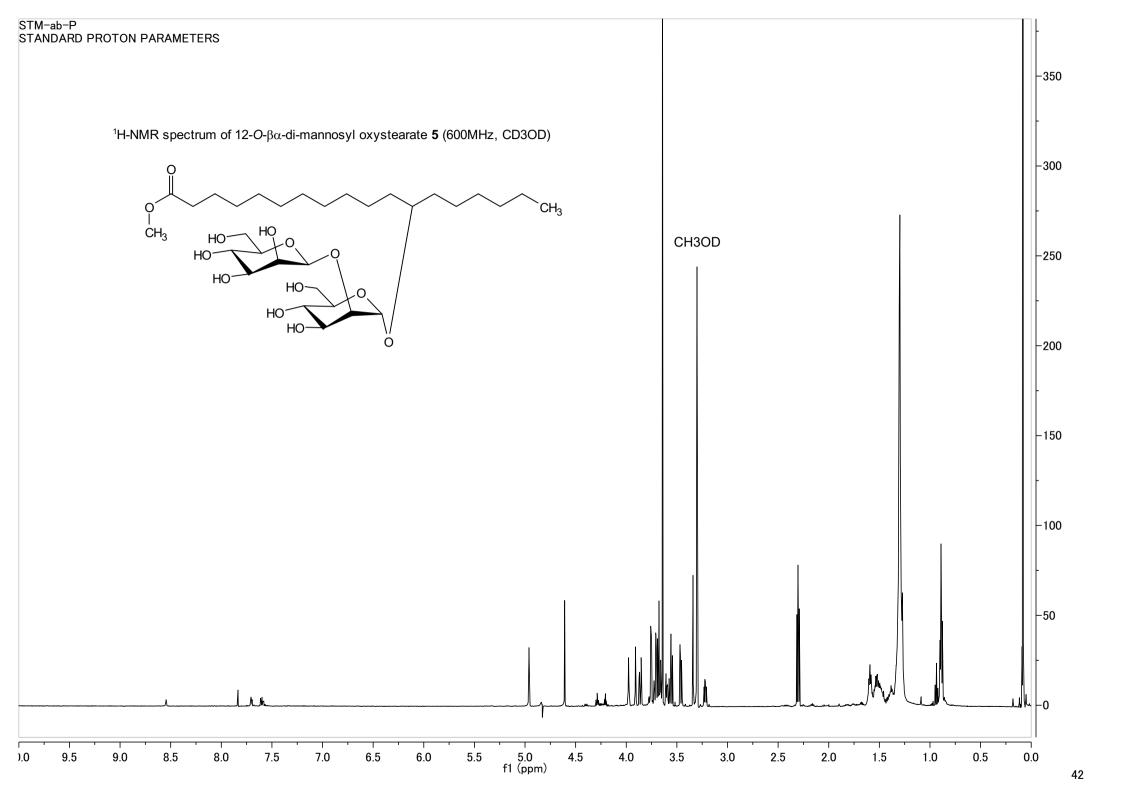
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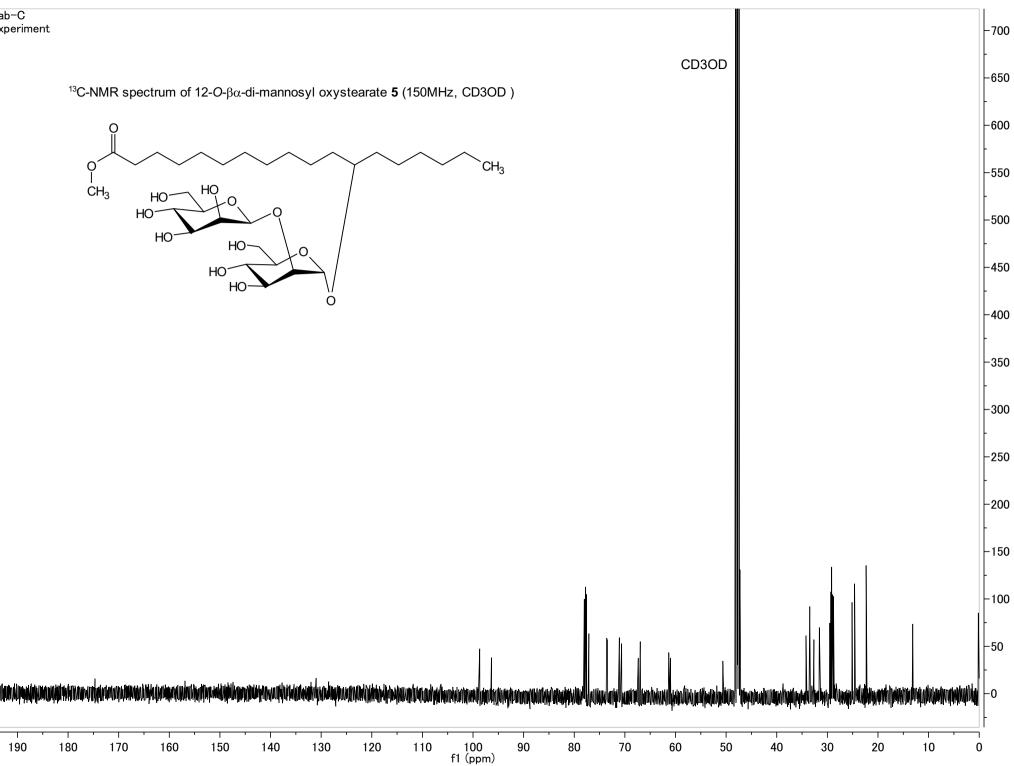


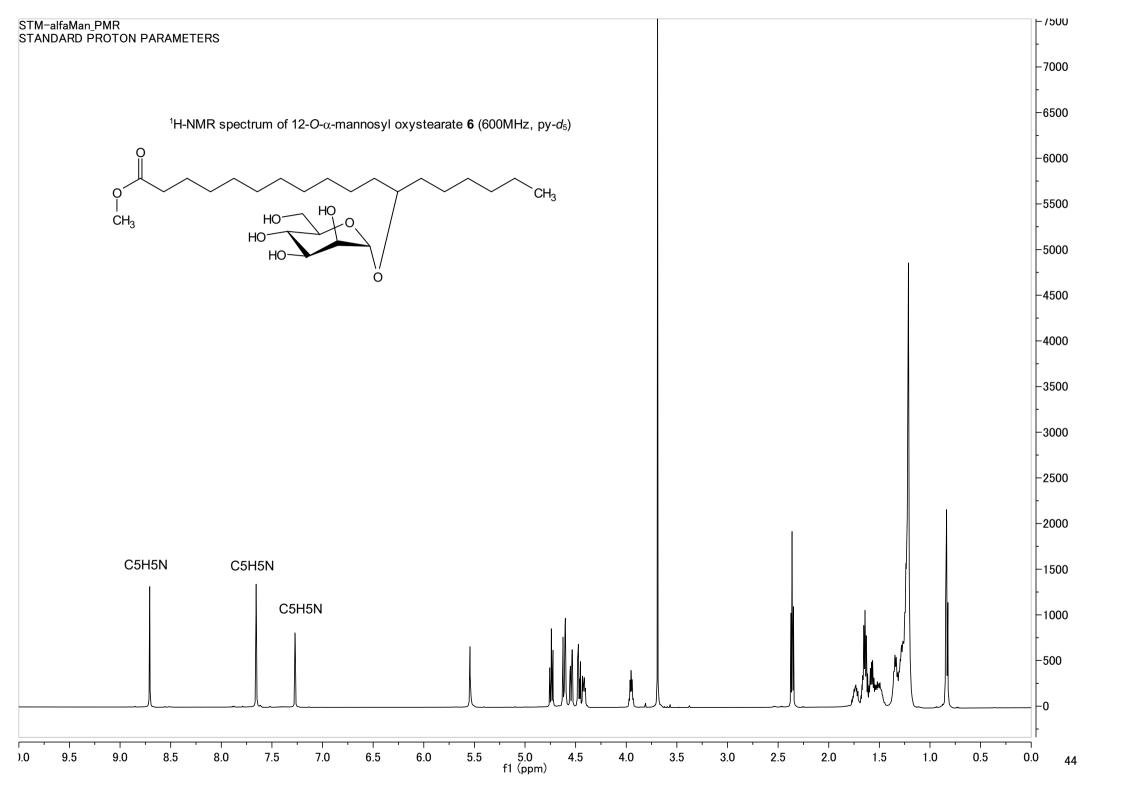


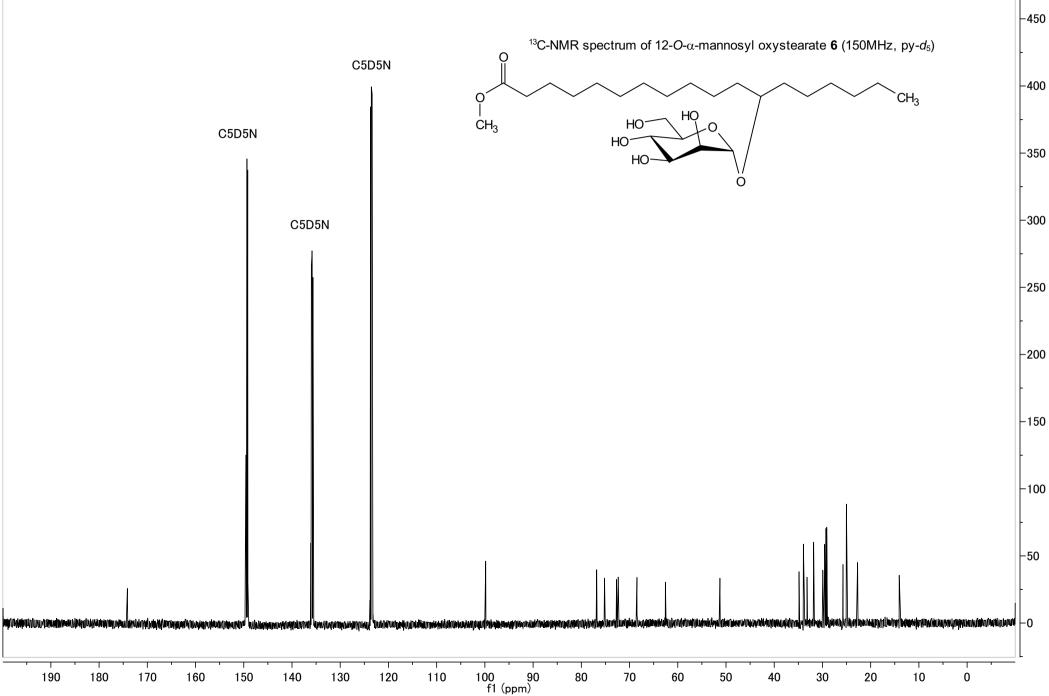




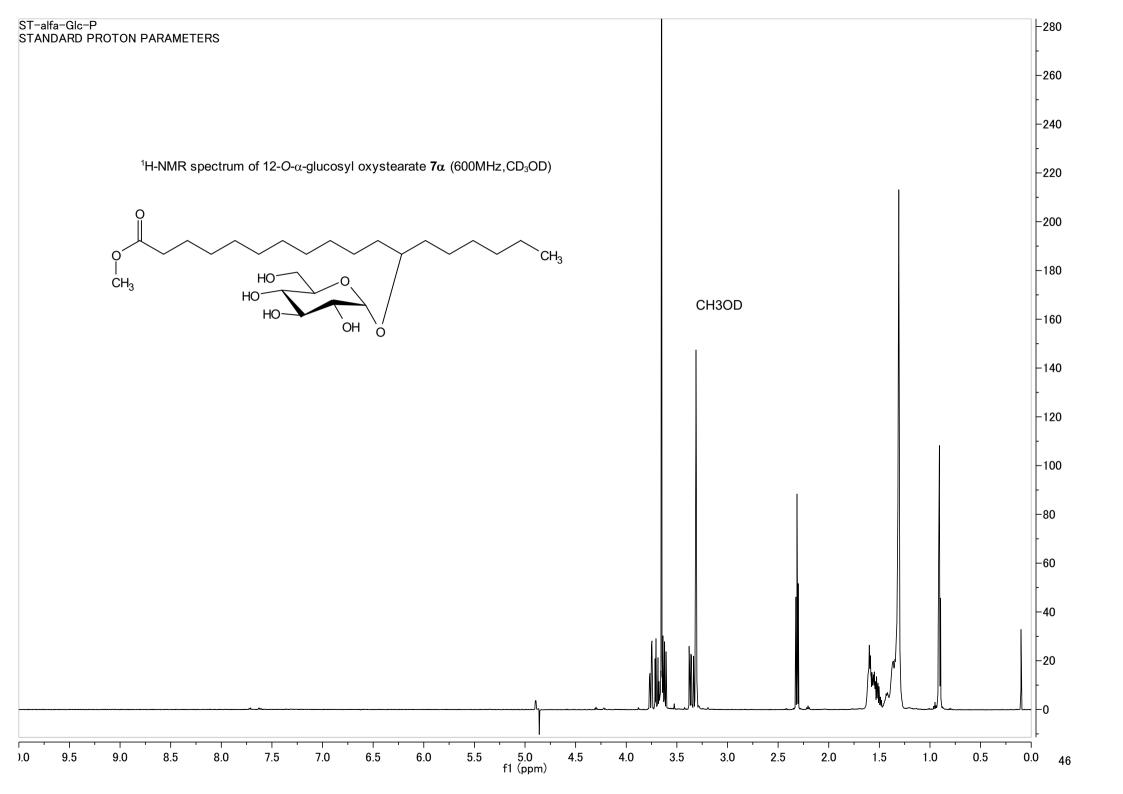
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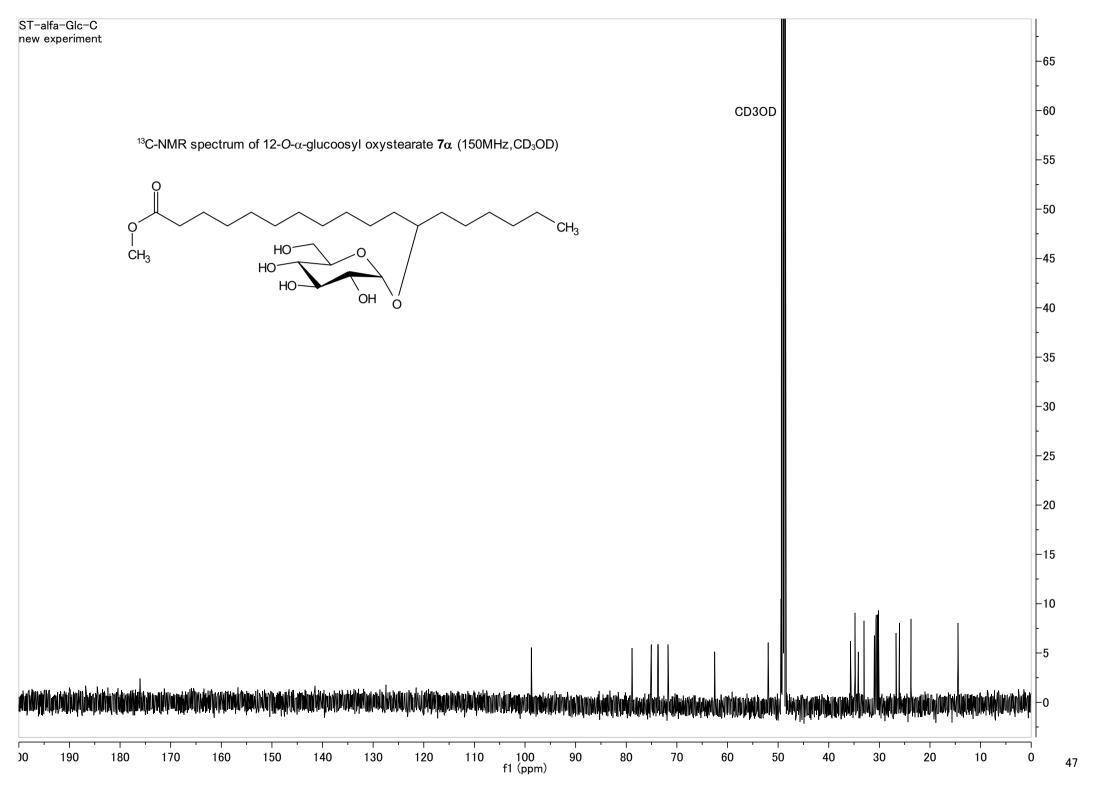


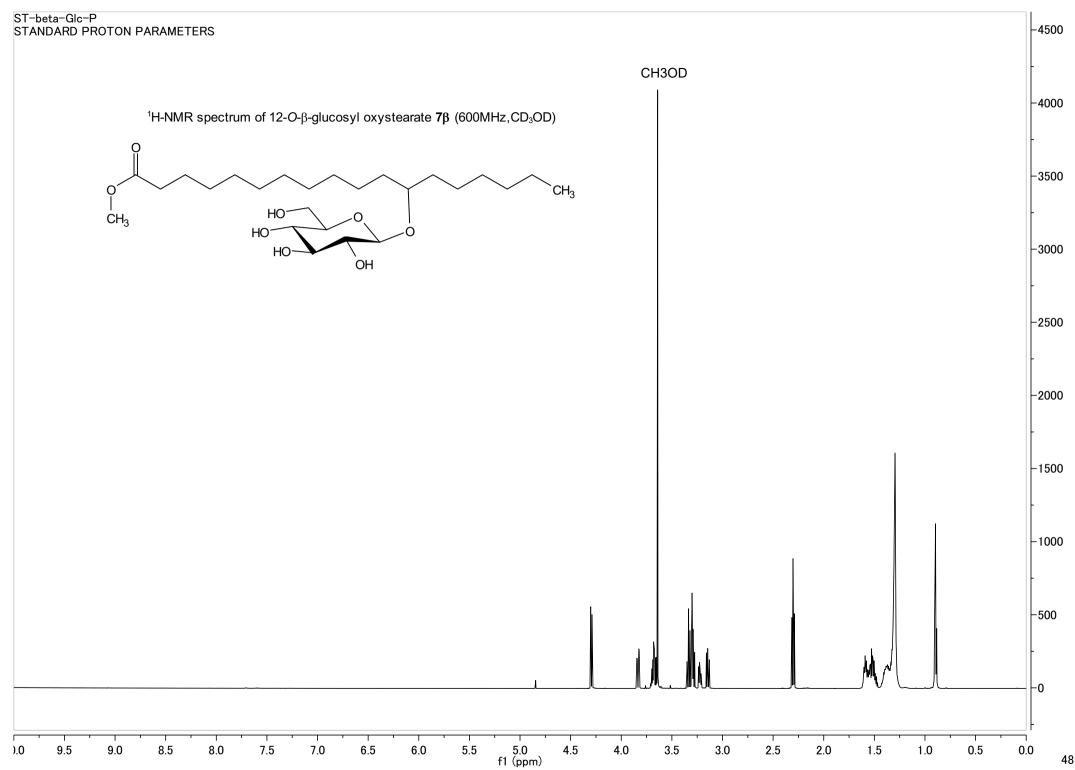


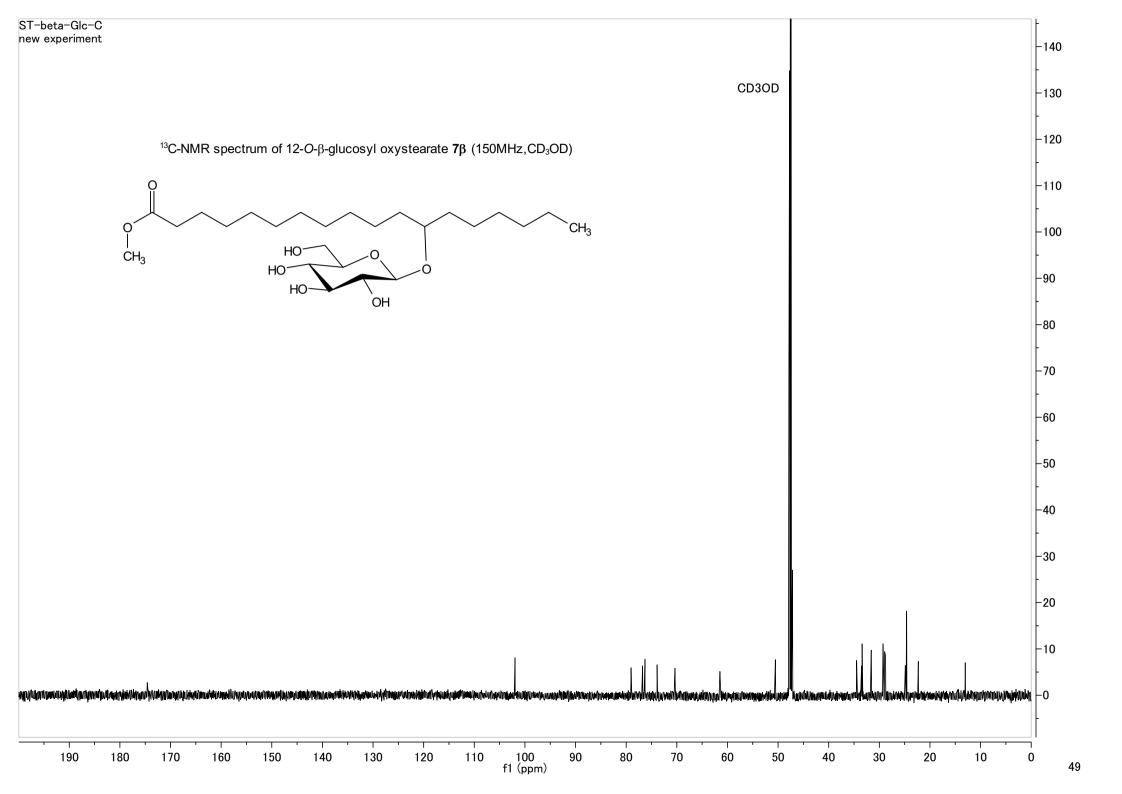


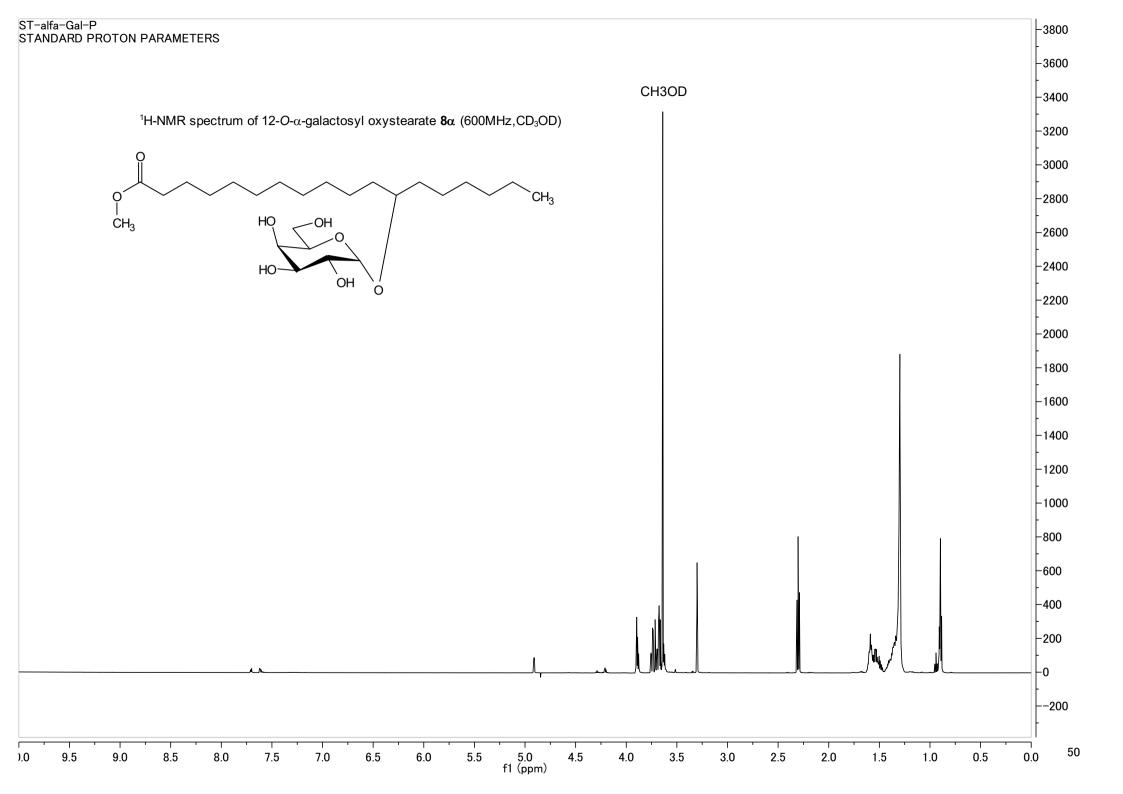
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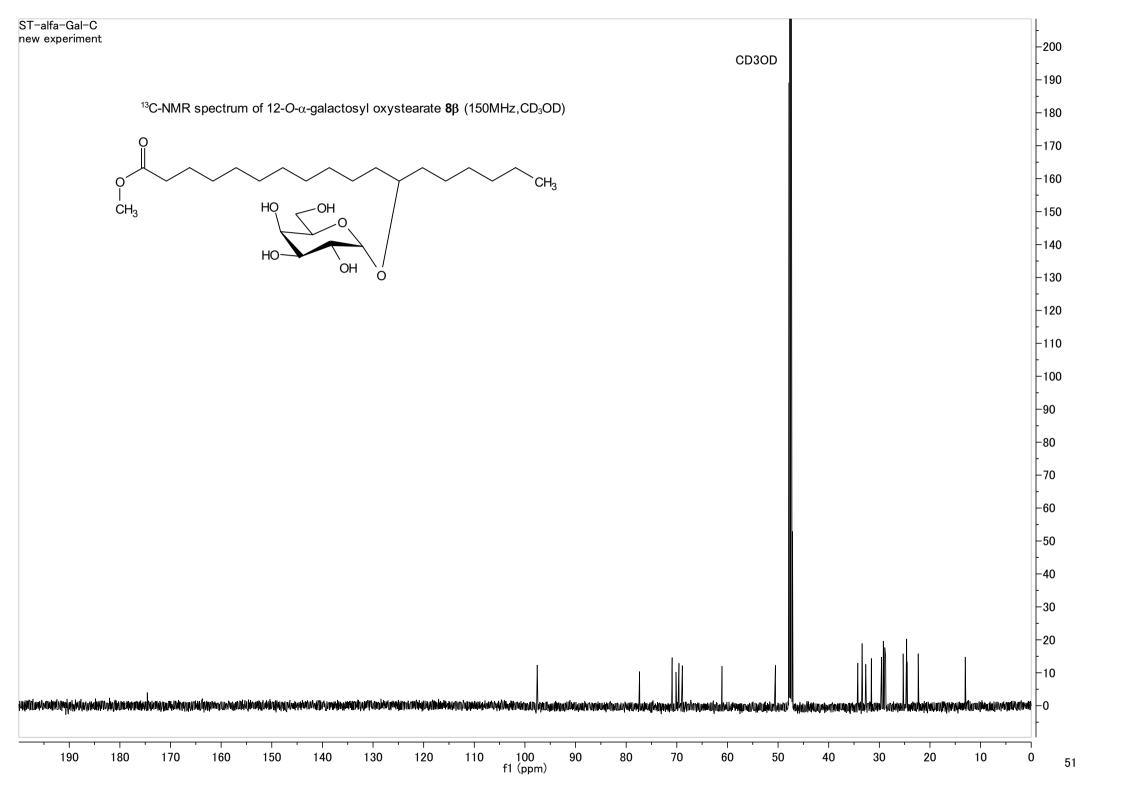


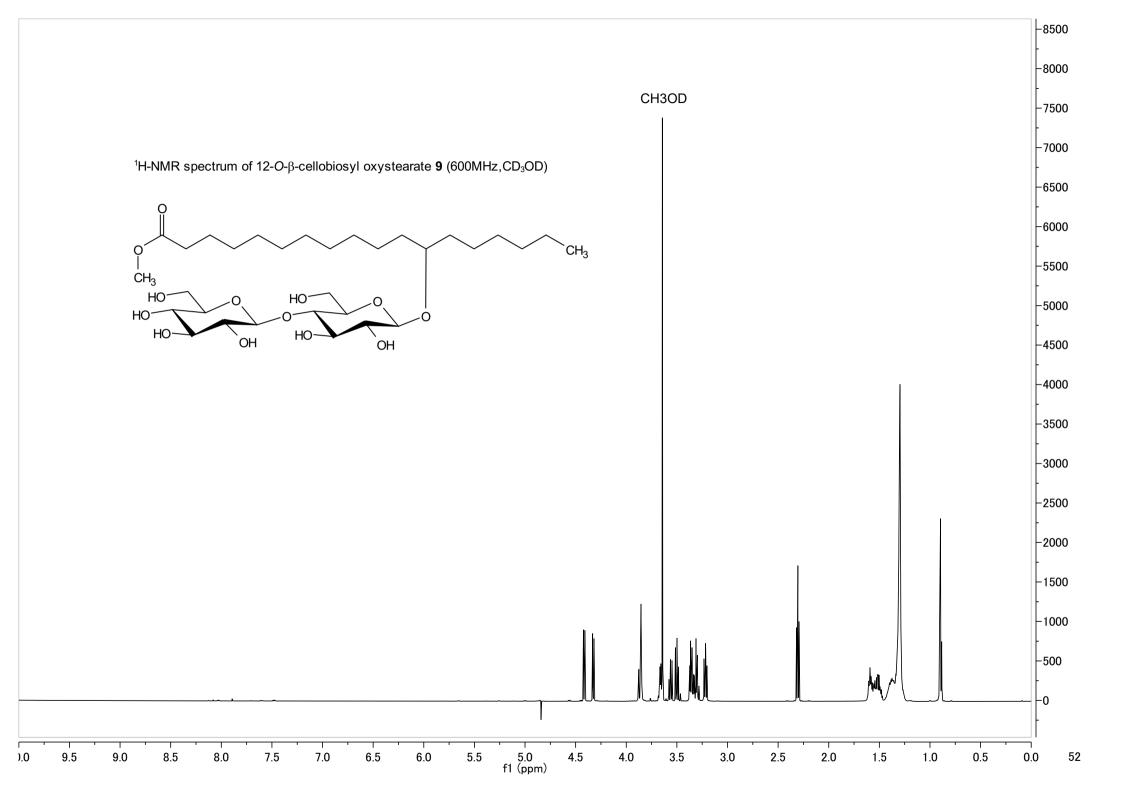


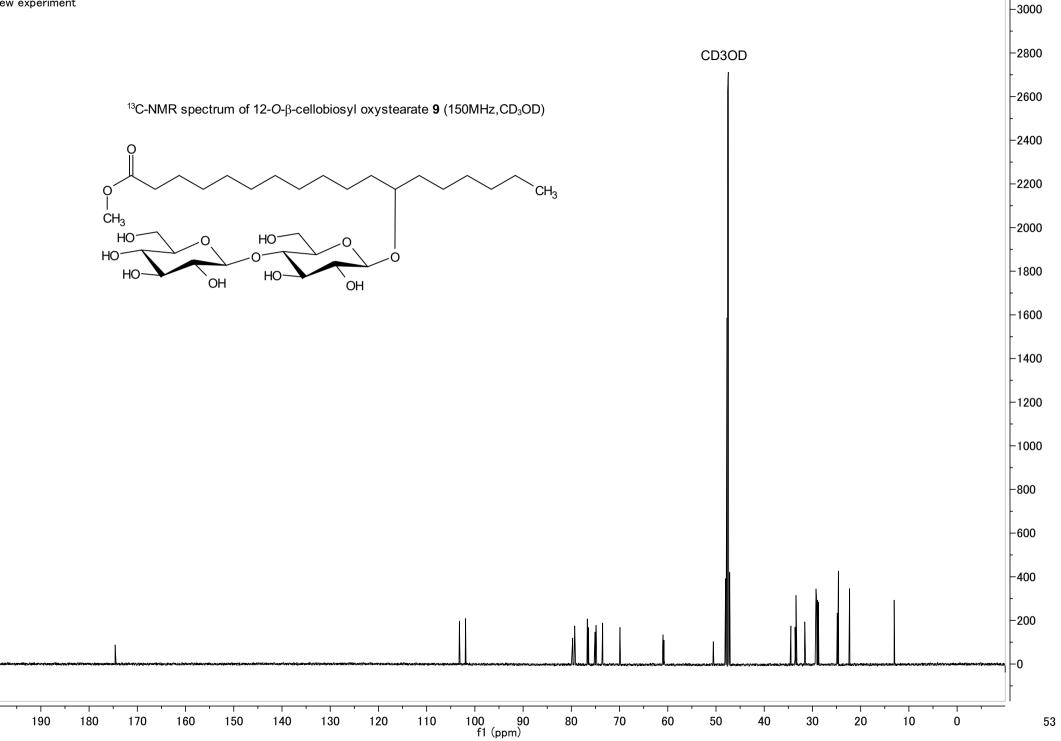


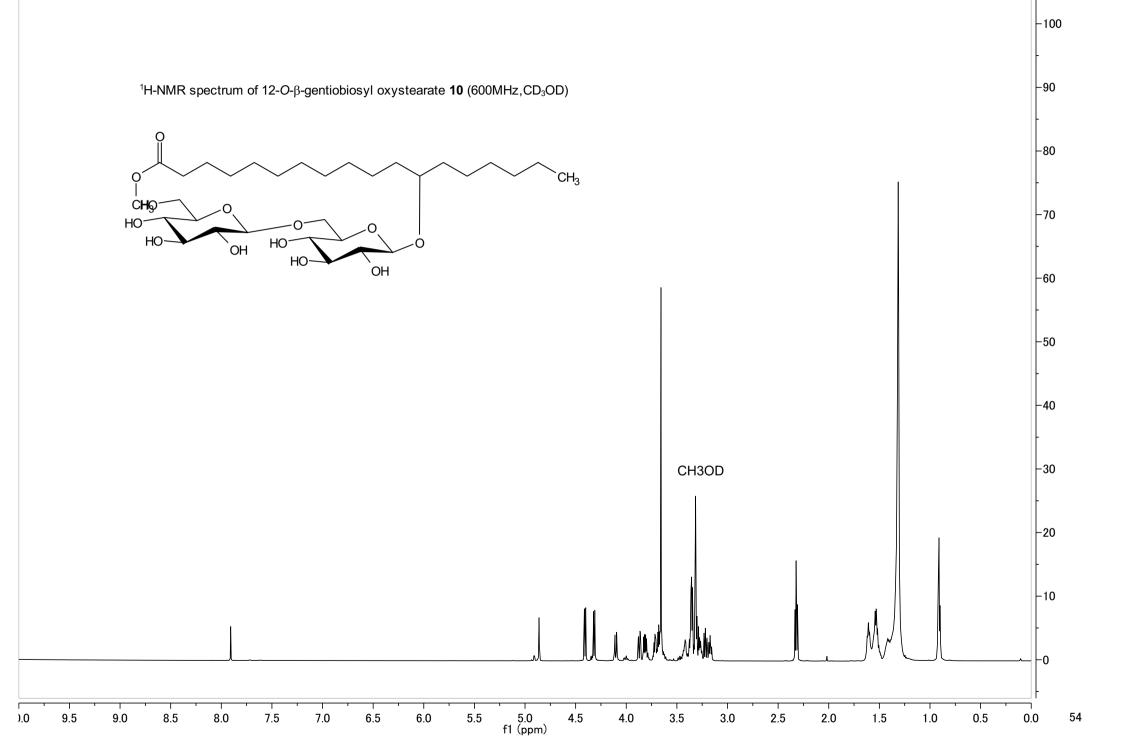


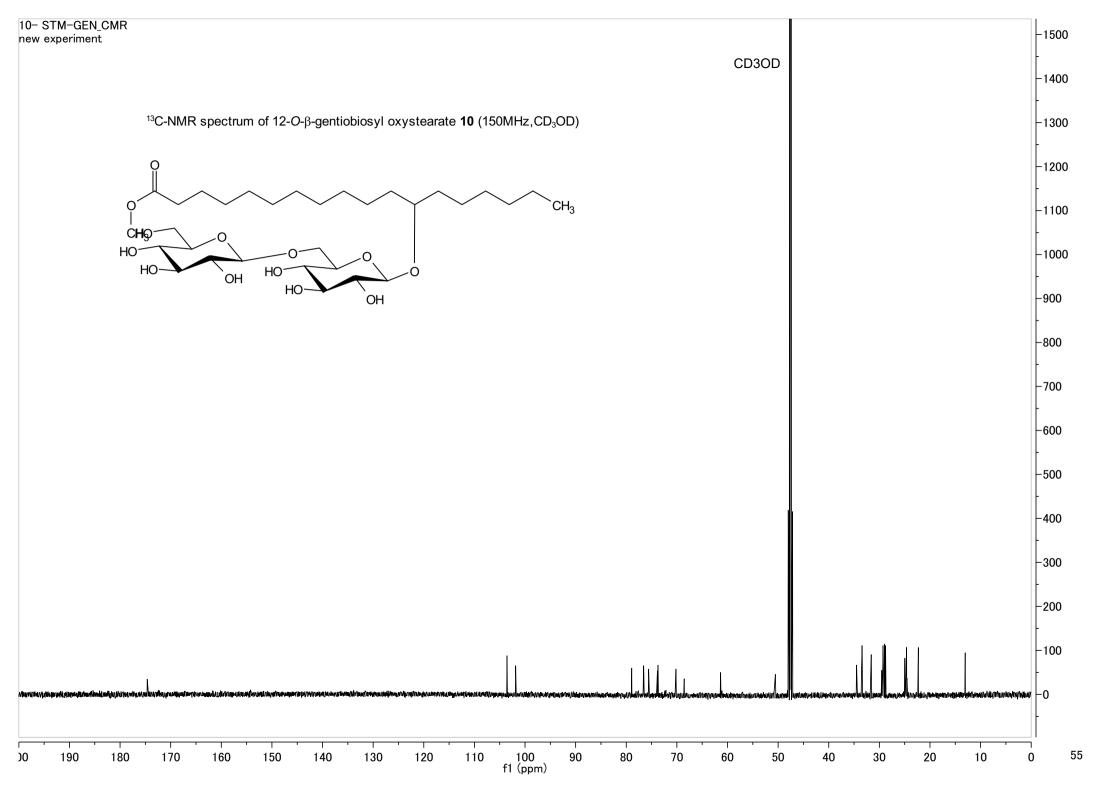


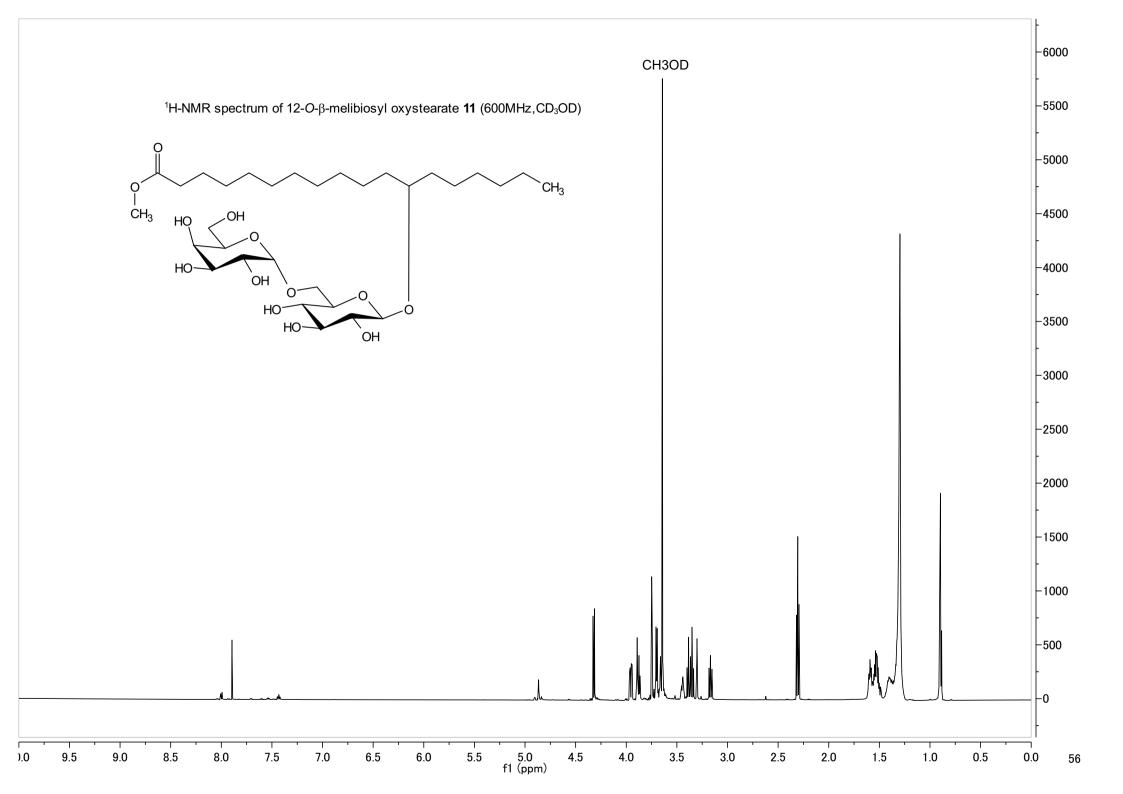


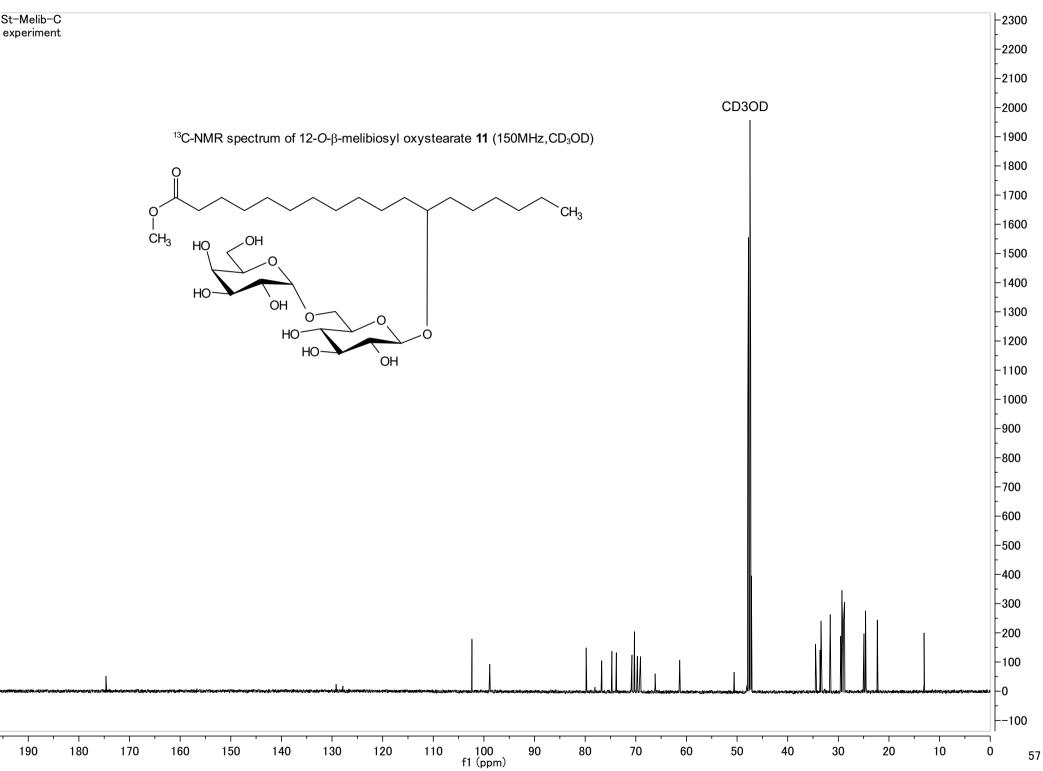


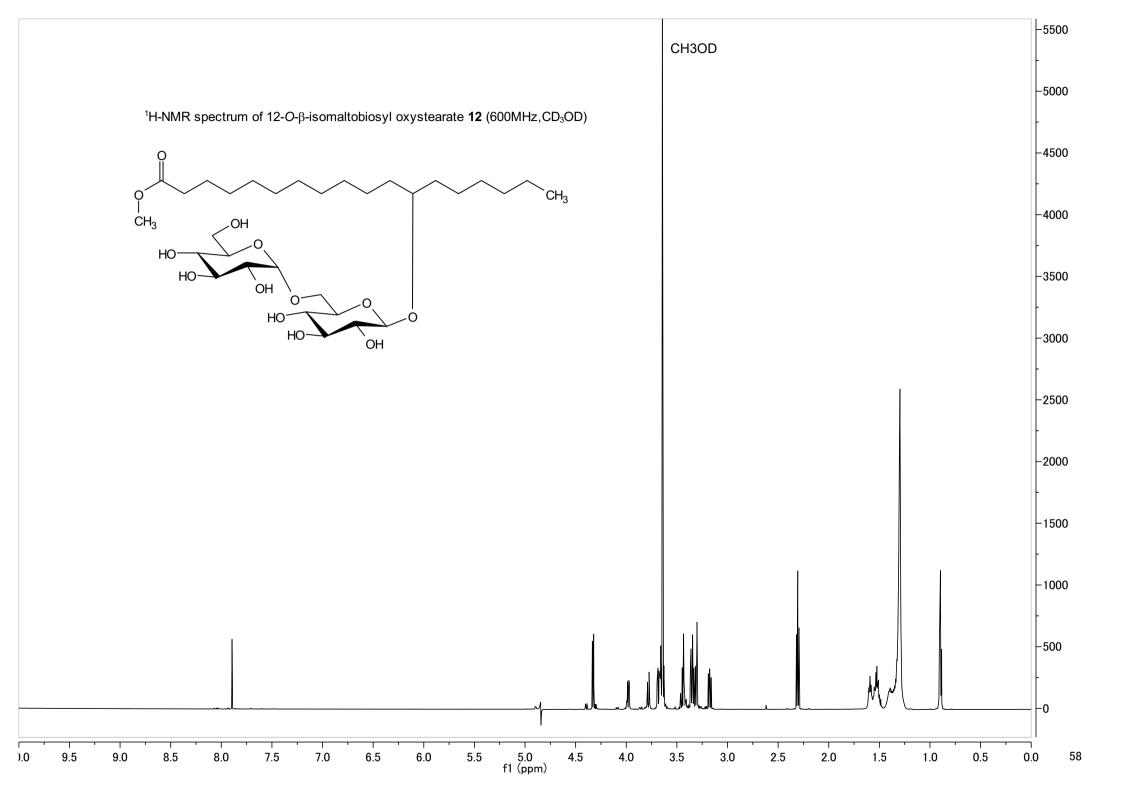


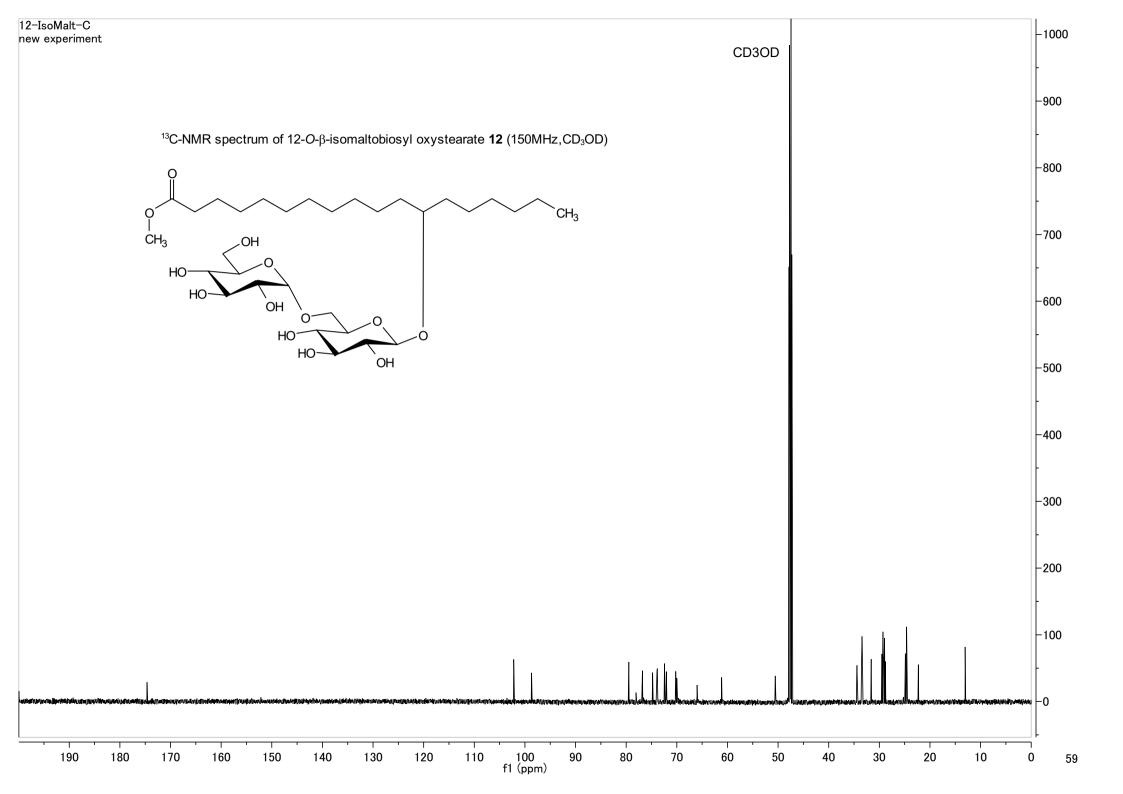


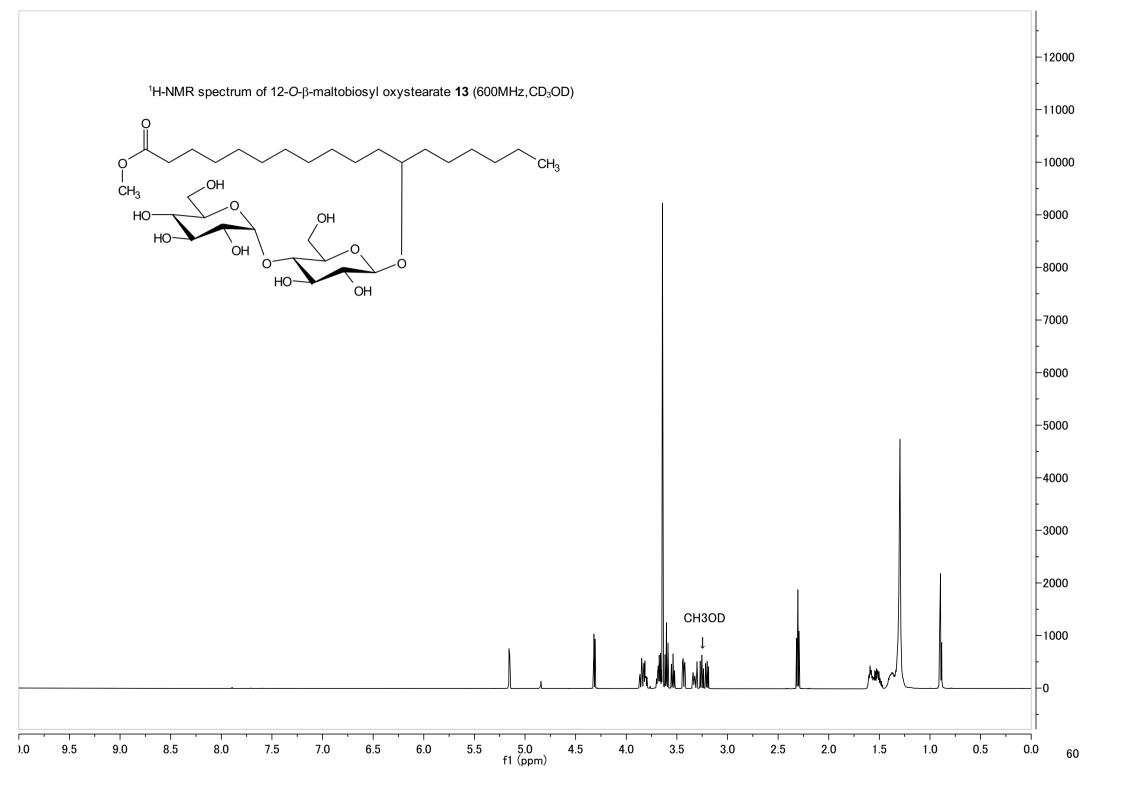




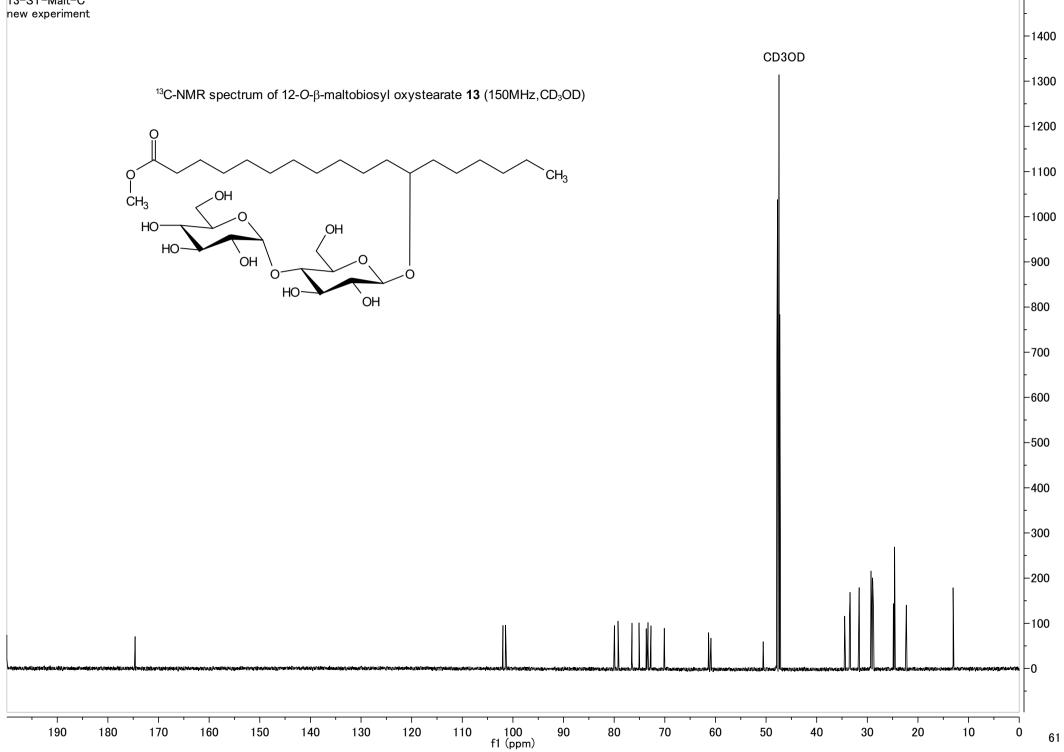






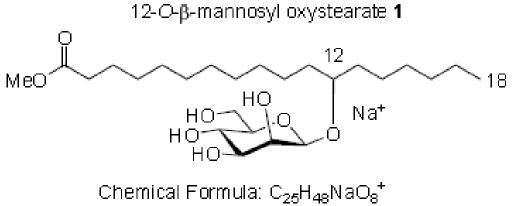


13-ST-Malt-C new experiment



ESI-TOFMS spectra of compounds 1-13

Analysis Info Acquisition Date 2017/03/15 15:57:19 Analysis Name C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\20170315\STb ma-pos.d Method esi_pos_low.m Operator **BDAL** STb ma Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF Sample Name 10326 Comment **Acquisition Parameter** Source Type FSI Ion Polarity Positive Set Nebulizer 0.4 Bar 180 °C Focus Active Set Dry Heater Scan Begin 100 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Scan End 950 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Set Divert Valve Waste Intens. +MS, 0.2-0.4min #(14-25) x10⁵ 5-4-499.3276 3-2 1-413.2708 519.2017 0-460 420 440 480 520 540 560 580 400 5Ö0 m/z Meas. # Formula m/z Me rdb NeР mSi Std I Std Std I Std Std err m/z [pp an Ru Conf gma Mean VarNo m/z Comb Diff err le m/z Dev m] rm [pp m] 499.3276 0.0004 C 25 H 48 Na O 8 499.3241 5.12 0.0078 0.0035 0.0039 1 -6.9 -7.1 1.5 0.8427 ok even



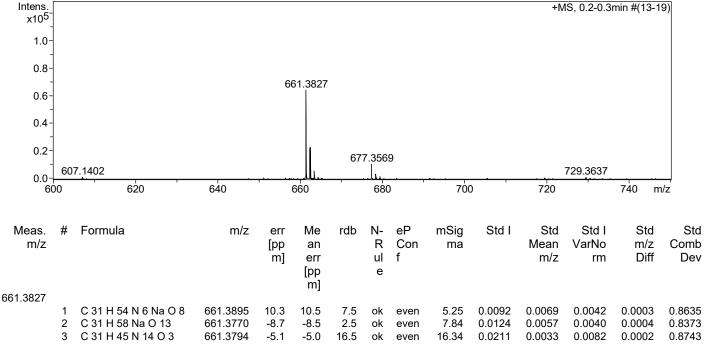
Exact Mass: 499.3241

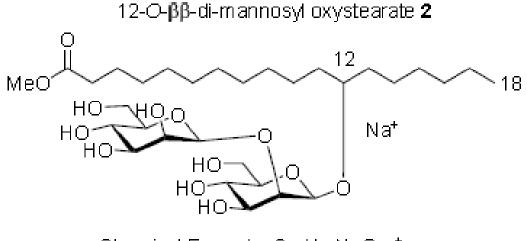
Analysis Info

Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

Acquisition Date 2017/03/15 16:27:16 C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\20170315\ST bb 2ma -pos.d esi_pos_low.m Operator **BDAL** ST bb 2ma pos Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF

Acquisition Parameter Source Type FSI Ion Polarity Positive Set Nebulizer 0.4 Bar 180 °C Focus Active Set Dry Heater Scan Begin 100 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Scan End 950 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Set Divert Valve Waste





Chemical Formula: C31H58NaO13+ Exact Mass: 661.3770

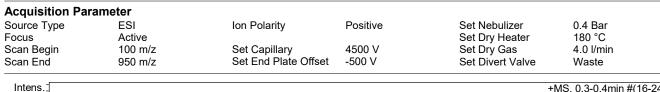
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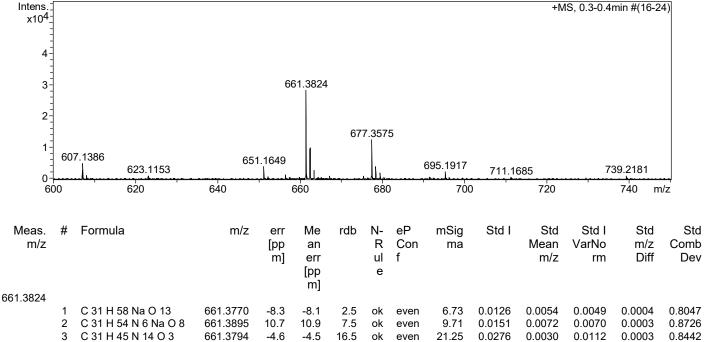
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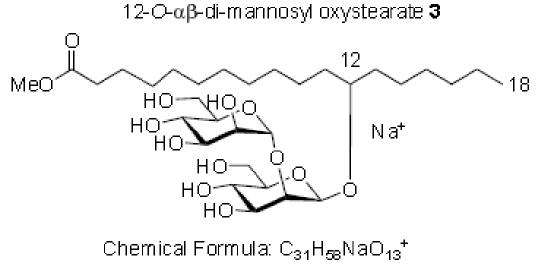
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BDAL Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF

10326



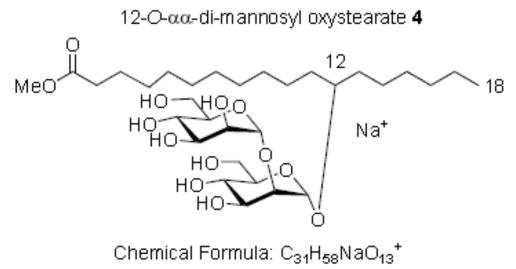




Exact Mass: 661.3770

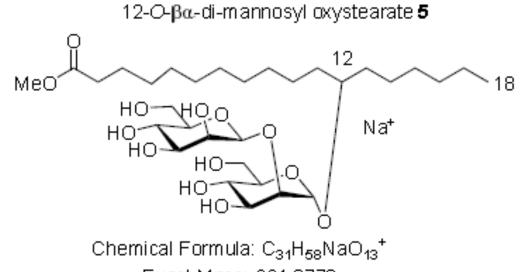
Analysis Info Acquisition Date 2017/08/21 16:13:36 C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\Huy-20170821\24-pos.d Analysis Name Method Operator esi_pos_wide.m **BDAL** Sample Name 24 Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF 10326 Comment Acquisition Parameter 0.4 Bar 200 °C Ion Polarity Source Type FSI Positive Set Nebulizer Not active Set Dry Heater Focus Scan Begin 50 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Set Divert Valve Scan End 2000 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Source Intens.-+MS, 0.2-0.4min #(13-22) x10⁴ 3 661.3772 2 1 729.3663 607.1336 651.1587 695.1864 0-620 700 720 640 680 740 600 660 m/z

Meas. m/z 661.3772	#	Formula	m/z	err [pp m]	Me an err [pp m]	rdb	N- R ul e	eP Conf	mSig ma	Std I	Std Mean m/z	Std I VarNo rm	Std m/z Diff	Std Comb Dev
001.3772		C 31 H 58 Na O 13 C 31 H 45 N 14 O 3	661.3770 661.3794	-0.3 3.3	-0.2 3.4	2.5 16.5	ok ok	even even	4.02 25.77	0.0063 0.0336	0.0005 0.0023	0.0034 0.0124	0.0005 0.0005	0.8427 0.9962



Exact Mass: 661.3770

Analysis Info Acquisition Date 2017/08/21 16:51:19 C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\Huy-20170821\29-pos.d Analysis Name Method esi_pos_wide.m Operator **BDAL** Sample Name 29 Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF 10326 Comment Acquisition Parameter Source Type FSI Ion Polarity Positive Set Nebulizer 0.4 Bar Not active 200 °C Focus Set Dry Heater Scan Begin 50 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Scan End 2000 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Set Divert Valve Source Intens. +MS, 0.3-0.4min #(18-23) x10⁴ 1.5 661.3778 1.0 0.5 671.0013 738.4431 634.8797 702.8643 0.0 620 640 700 720 600 660 680 740 m/z Meas. # Formula m/z Me rdb NeР mSig Std I Std Std I Std Std err R m/z [pp an Conf ma Mean VarNo m/z Comb Diff err ul m/z rm Dev m] [pp е m] 661.3778 0.0007 C 31 H 58 Na O 13 661.3770 0.0061 0.0012 0.0023 -1.3 -1.5 2.5 3.47 0.8427 1 ok even



Exact Mass: 661.3770

2

C 31 H 45 N 14 O 3

661.3794

2.3

2.1

16.5

ok

even

20.32

0.0264

0.0014

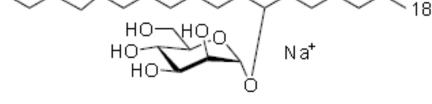
0.0097

0.0007

0.9745

Analysis Info Acquisition Date 2017/03/15 15:49:42 Analysis Name C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\20170315\STa ma-pos.d Method esi_pos_low.m Operator **BDAL** STa ma Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF Sample Name 10326 Comment **Acquisition Parameter** 0.4 Bar Source Type FSI Ion Polarity Positive Set Nebulizer 180 °C Focus Active Set Dry Heater Scan Begin 100 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Scan End 950 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Set Divert Valve Waste Intens. +MS, 0.3-0.4min #(15-24) x10⁵ 6 499.3275 4 2 413.2693 0 460 520 420 440 480 540 560 580 400 5Ö0 m/z Meas. # Formula m/z Me rdb NeР mSi Std I Std Std I Std Std err m/z [pp an Ru Conf gma Mean VarNo m/z Comb Diff err le m/z Dev m] rm [pp m] 499.3275 499.3241 0.0013 C 25 H 48 Na O 8 3.93 0.0059 0.0033 0.0033 1 -6.7 -6.6 1.5 0.8427 ok even

12-O-α-mannosyl oxystearate **6**



Chemical Formula: C₂₅H₄₈NaO₈⁺ Exact Mass: 499.3241

Bruker Compass DataAnalysis 4.0

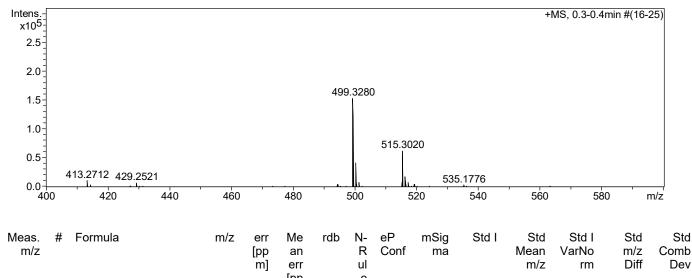
MeO

Analysis Info

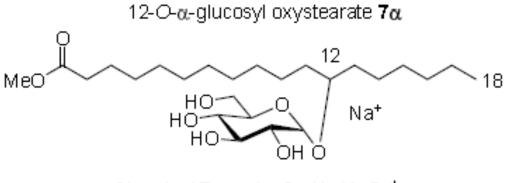
Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

Acquisition Date 2017/03/15 16:18:31 C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\20170315\ST a gu-pos.d esi_pos_low.m Operator **BDAL** ST a gu pos Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF

Acquisition Parameter Source Type FSI Ion Polarity Positive Set Nebulizer 0.4 Bar 180 °C Focus Active Set Dry Heater Scan Begin 100 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Scan End 950 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Set Divert Valve Waste

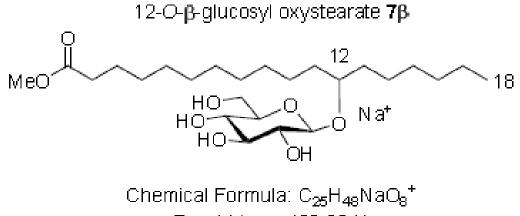


499.3280					[pp m]		е							
499.3200	-	C 25 H 48 Na O 8 C 24 H 39 N 10 O 2	499.3241 499.3252	-7.7 -5.6	-8.1 -6.0	1.5 10.5	ok ok	even even	5.40 19.56	0.0088 0.0275	0.0041 0.0031	0.0037 0.0122	0.0008 0.0011	0.8723 0.9536



Chemical Formula: C25H48NaO8+ Exact Mass: 499.3241

Analysis Info 2017/03/15 16:14:50 Acquisition Date Analysis Name C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\20170315\STb gu-pos.d Method esi_pos_low.m Operator **BDAL** Sample Name STb gu pos Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF 10326 Comment **Acquisition Parameter** Source Type FSI Ion Polarity Positive Set Nebulizer 0.4 Bar 180 °C Focus Active Set Dry Heater Scan Begin 100 m/z Set Capillary 4500 V Set Dry Gas 4.0 l/min Scan End 950 m/z Set End Plate Offset -500 V Set Divert Valve Waste Intens. +MS, 0.3-0.4min #(17-25) x10⁵ 1.5 499.3285 1.0 0.5 515.3025 413.2739 0.0 420 440 460 480 540 580 400 5Ö0 5Ż0 560 m/z Meas. # Formula m/z Me rdb NeР mSig Std I Std Std I Std Std err R VarNo m/z [pp an Conf ma Mean m/z Comb err ul m/z Diff Dev rm m] [pp е m] 499.3285 C 18 H 39 N 14 O 3 0.0036 499.3324 7.0 0.0158 0.0080 0.0019 7.7 6.5 8.78 0.7842 1 ok even 2 C 17 H 43 N 10 O 7 499.3311 5.1 4.3 1.5 ok even 21.18 0.0344 0.0023 0.0148 0.0019 0.8013 3 C 24 H 39 N 10 O 2 499.3252 -6.7 -7.4 10.5 22.77 0.0327 0.0038 0.0143 0.0019 0.8487 ok even

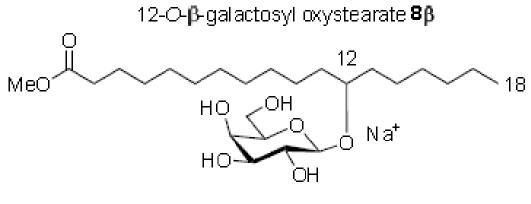


Exact Mass: 499.3241

Analysis Info							Acqu	isition Date	2017/	/03/15 16	:10:32	
Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment	C:\Users\Tom M esi_pos_low.m STa ga pos	IIYAMOTO\	Desktop\0	OL_201	8\ESIN	1S\2017(Oper		BDAL		10326	
Acquisition Par	ameter											
Source Type	ESI	lon	Polarity		Positi	ve		Set Nebuliz		0.4 Ba		
⁻ ocus Scan Begin	Active 100 m/z	Sol	Capillary		4500	V		Set Dry Hea Set Dry Gas		180 °C 4.0 l/m		
Scan End	950 m/z		End Plate	Offset	-500 \			Set Divert V		Waste		
x10 ⁵ 3												
2- 1- 413.2 0- 400	2708 429.2466 420 440	460	48		499.328	515.30		<u>35.1766</u> 540	560	5	80 r	n/z
1 413.2 400	429.2400 1lı	460 m/z	err M [pp a m] e [p	30	500	515.30	5	540 Std I	560 Std Mean m/z	Std I VarNo rm	50 r Std m/z Diff	n/z Co

Exact Mass: 499.3241

Analysis Info								Acquisi	tion Date	2017/0	3/15 16:0	06:27	
Analysis Name Vethod	C:\Users\Tom MI` esi_pos_low.m	YAMOTO\D	esktop\	OL_201	8\ES	IMS\2		15\STb Operat	•	l BDAL			
Sample Name Comment	STb ga pos						I	nstrum	ient / Ser	# micrO1	ΓOF	10326	
Acquisition Par					Dur) - 4 N 1 - 1 1'		0.4		
Source Type Focus	ESI Active	Ion F	Polarity		Pos	itive			Set Nebuliz Set Dry Hea		0.4 Bar 180 °C		
Scan Begin	100 m/z		Capillary	0.5	450			S	Set Dry Gas	S	4.0 l/mi	n	
Scan End	950 m/z	Set	End Plate	Onset	-500) V		5	Set Divert V	/alve	Waste		
Intens x10 ⁵										+M	IS, 0.2-0.4	min #(13-2	24)
-													
6-													
_					499.32 I	293							
4-					499.32	293							
4-					499.32	293							
_					499.32								
4- - 2-	2732				499.32		15.3022 						
4- 2- 0-413.	2732	460	4			5	_ 		540		-, -, -, -, 58	0	
4- 2- 413 :	2732 420 440	460	4	80	499.32	5	15.3022 		540	560	58	0 ['] m	n/z
4- 2- 0-413 400	420 440			- 80		5	520						
4- 2- 0-413. 400 Meas. # Fo	<u> </u>	- 460 m/z	err	80 Mea		5) N-	520 eP	mSi	540 Std I	Std	Std I	Std	S
4- 2- 0-413 400	420 440			Mea n err [pp		5	520	mSi gm a					
4- 2- 0-413. 400 Meas. # Fo m/z	420 440		err [pp	80 Mea n err		5) N- R	eP Con	gm		Std Mean	Std I VarNo	Std m/z	Coi
4- 2- 0 400 Meas. # Fo m/z	420 440		err [pp	Mea n err [pp		N- R ul	eP Con	gm		Std Mean	Std I VarNo	Std m/z	Col

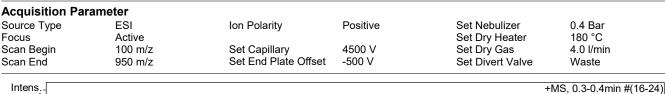


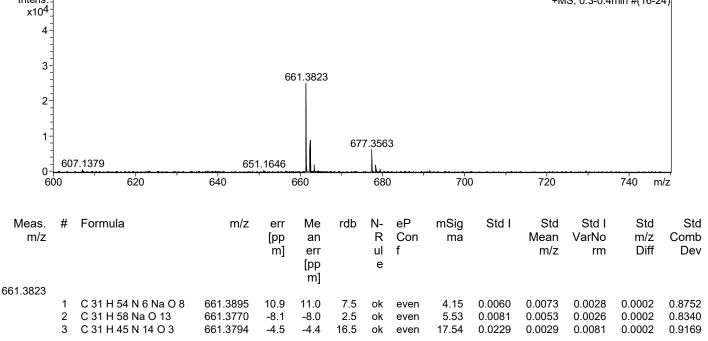
Chemical Formula: C₂₅H₄₈NaO₈⁺ Exact Mass: 499.3241

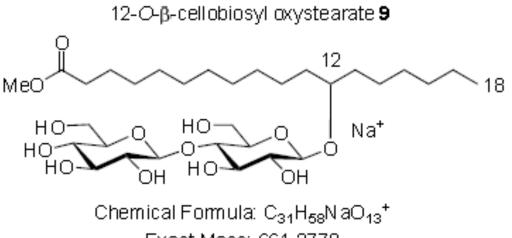
Analysis Info

Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

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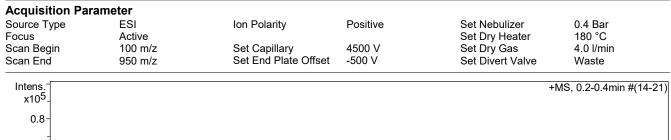




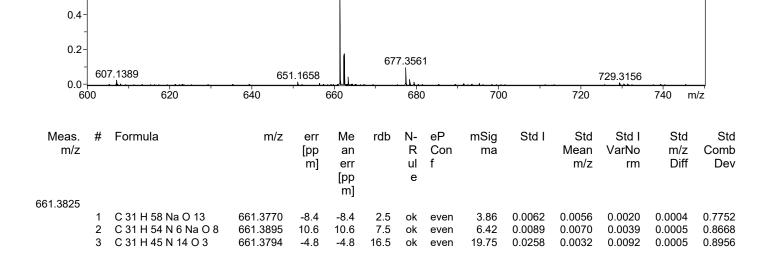


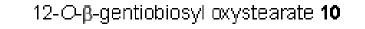
Exact Mass: 661.3770

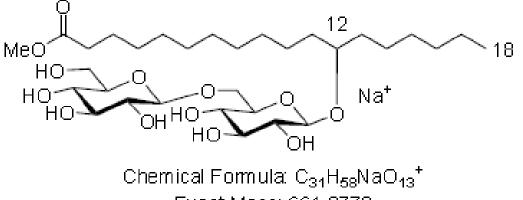
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661.3825







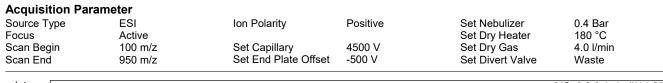
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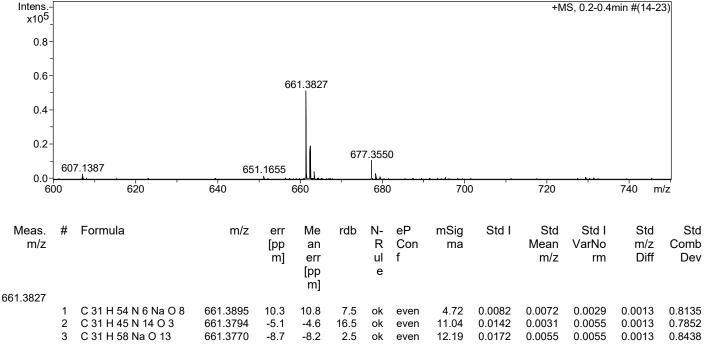
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Analysis Info

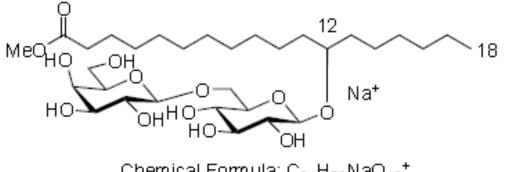
Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

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12-O-β-melibiosyl oxystearate 11

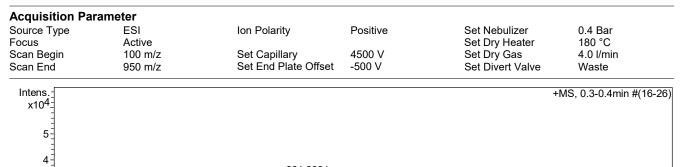


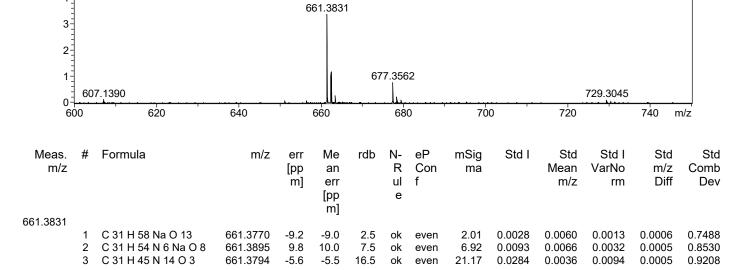
Chemical Formula: C31H58NaO13+ Exact Mass: 661.3770

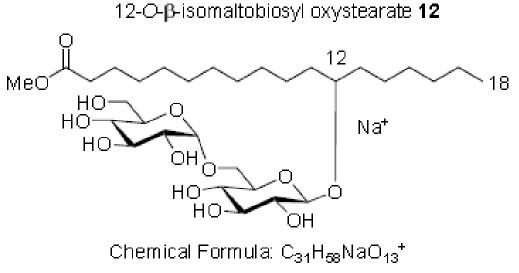
Analysis Info

Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

Acquisition Date 2017/03/15 16:33:43 C:\Users\Tom MIYAMOTO\Desktop\OL_2018\ESIMS\20170315\ST b IsoMaltpos.d esi_pos_low.m Operator **BDAL** ST b IsoMalt pos Instrument / Ser# micrOTOF





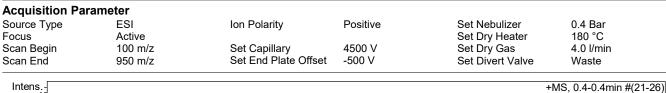


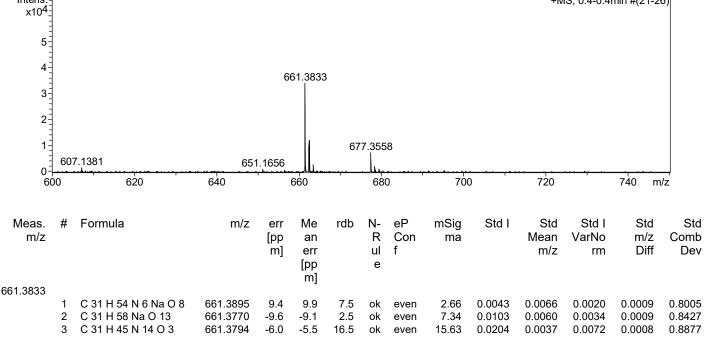
Exact Mass: 661.3770

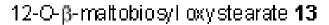
Analysis Info

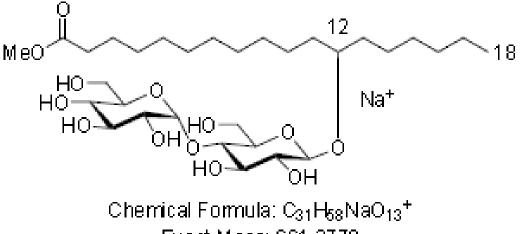
Analysis Name Method Sample Name Comment

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Exact Mass: 661.3770

Bioassay of synthesized compounds

The chemical study achieved thirteen compounds for further analyses on the structureactivity relationship with Mincle which was evaluated through the ability to induce the nuclear factor of activated T cells (NFAT)-green fluorescent protein (GFP) activation through Mincle. Briefly,

the 2B4-NFAT-GFP reporter cells expressing mouse or human Mincle were prepared as previously described.⁸ For the *in vitro* stimulation, the synthesized glycolipids and TDB were dissolved in chloroform: methanol (2:1; v/v), diluted with isopropanol, added on 96-well plates at 20 μ l/well, and followed by evaporation of the solvent as previously described.⁹ 2B4-NFAT-GFP reporter cells were incubated for 16 hr at 37°C, and the GFP expression of reporter cells was evaluated by FACSCalibur flow cytometer (BD Biosciences).

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