Supporting Information

Efficiently Improving the Stability of Inverted Perovskite Solar Cells by Employing Polyethylenimine-Modified Carbon Nanotubes as Electrodes

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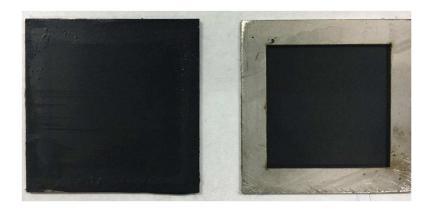


Figure S1. The physical photograph of CSCNT films (Left: front side; Right: back side) on the metal frame.

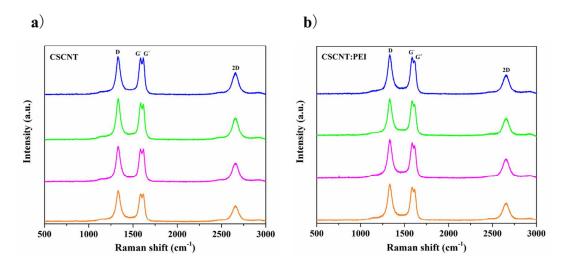


Figure S2. Raman spectra of CSCNT a) before and b) after PEI modification.

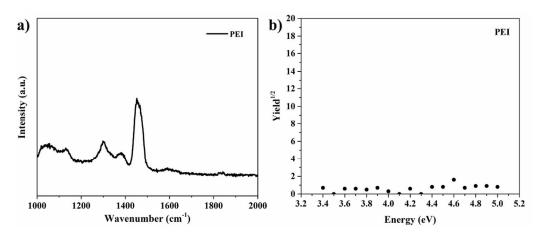


Figure S3. a) Raman spectra and b) PESA spectra of PEI.

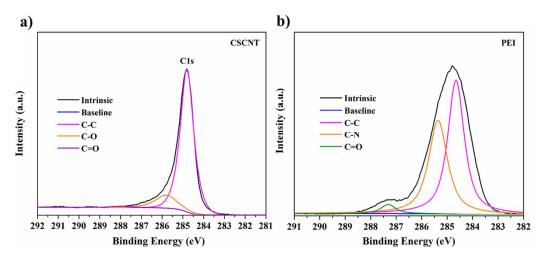


Figure S4. Deconvolution of C1s XPS spectra of a) CSCNT and b) PEI.

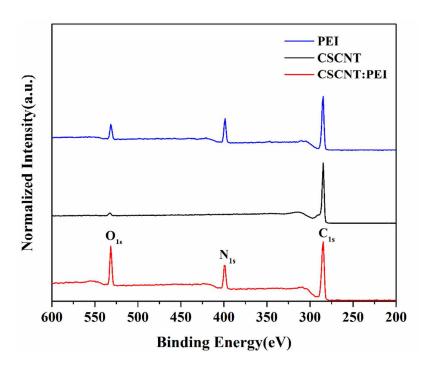


Figure S5. XPS wide scan survey spectra of PEI, CSCNT and CSCNT:PEI.

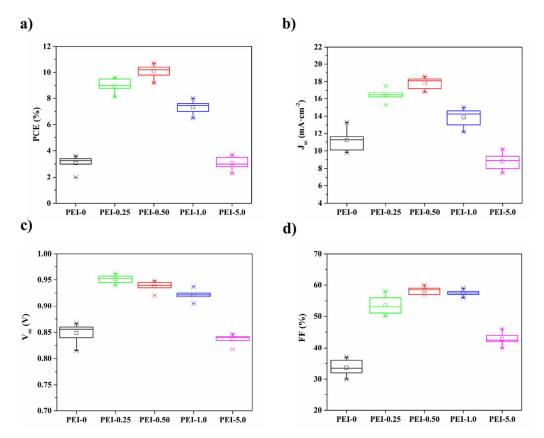


Figure S6. Photovoltaic parameters of PSCs based on CSCNT electrodes with different PEI modification concentration: a) PCE b) $J_{\rm sc}$ c) $V_{\rm oc}$ d) FF. The device parameters were selected randomly from 10 devices fabricated on 10 different FTO substrates.

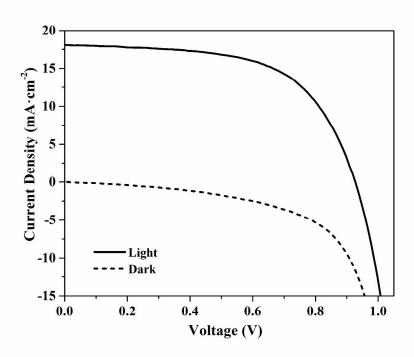


Figure S7. *J-V* curves of CSCNT:PEI based solar cells under light (solid line) and dark (dashed line).

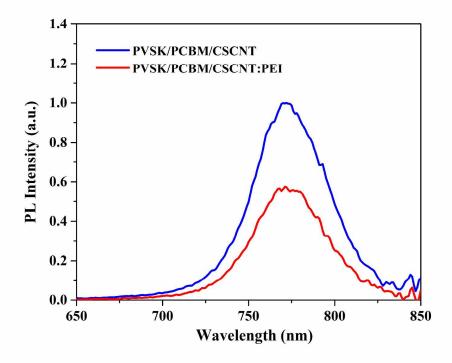


Figure S8. Steady-state PL spectra of the perovskite/PCBM/CSCNT (blue line) and perovskite/PCBM/CSCNT:PEI (red line).

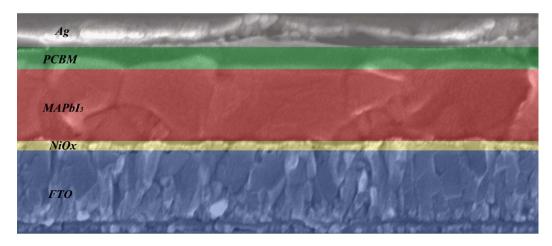


Figure S9. Typical cross-sectional SEM image of the PSC based on Ag electrode.

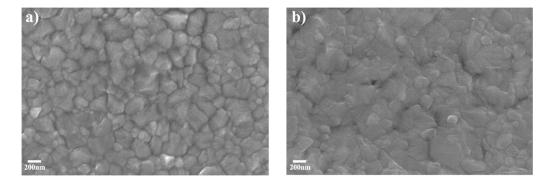


Figure S10. SEM images of the MAPbI₃ films in FTO/NiO_x/MAPbI₃/PCBM/Ag a) before and b) after thermal treatment at 60 °C for 96 h.

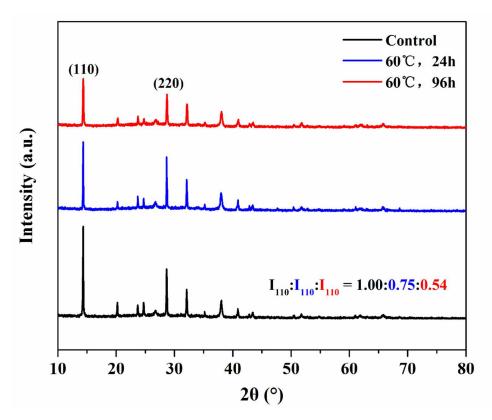


Figure S11. XRD spectra of MAPbI₃ films in FTO/NiO_x/MAPbI₃/PCBM/Ag with different ageing condition.

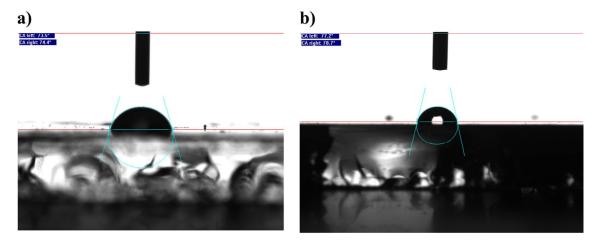


Figure S12. Contact angle image of water droplet on the surface of a) CSCNT:PEI and b) Ag.

Table S1. R_s and R_{sh} from the slop of J-V curves of the cells at V_{oc} and J_{sc} point

PEI concentration (wt %)	$R_{\rm s}(\Omega\cdot{\rm cm}^2)$	$R_{\rm sh}~(\Omega\cdot{\rm cm}^2)$
0	25.7	173.1
0.25	12.2	861.3
0.5	6.1	655.4
1.0	15.64	242.1
5.0	24.6	241.5

 $R_{\rm s}$: series resistance; $R_{\rm sh}$: shunt resistance.