## Supporting Information Near- and Mid-IR Gas-Phase Absorption Spectra of H<sub>2</sub>@C<sup>+</sup><sub>60</sub>-He.

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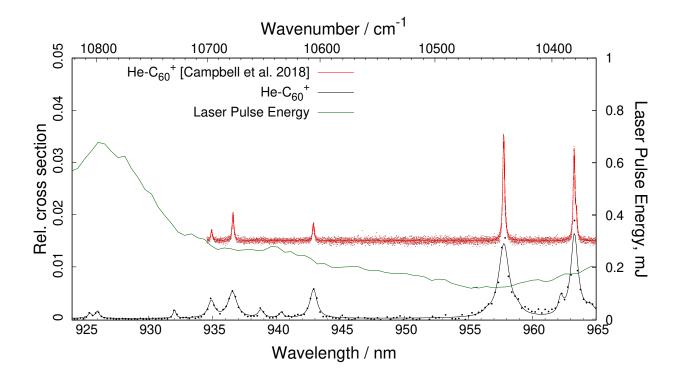


Figure S1: Comparison of our near-IR data to the Campbell and Maier<sup>1</sup>. Here the vacuum wavelengths were converted to the air wavelengths, used in Campbell and Maier<sup>1</sup>. The data points from Campbell and Maier<sup>1</sup> have been digitized using *WebPlotDigitizer*.<sup>3</sup>

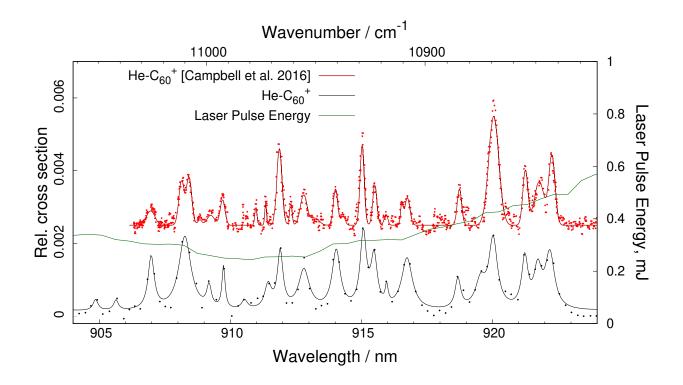


Figure S2: Comparison of our near-IR data to the Campbell et al.<sup>2</sup>. Here the vacuum wavelengths were converted to the air wavelengths used in Campbell et al.<sup>2</sup>. The data points from Campbell et al.<sup>2</sup> have been digitized using *WebPlotDigitizer*.<sup>3</sup>

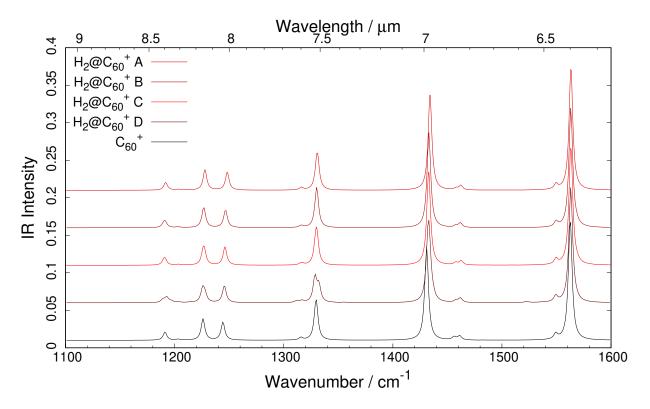


Figure S3: Calculated harmonic frequencies (RI-DFT BP86/def2-SVP, D3 dispersion correction<sup>4</sup>) of isomers with different H<sub>2</sub> orientations inside  $C_{60}^+$ . The calculated spectrum was broadened by Lorentzian functions with a 4 cm<sup>-1</sup> FWHM. The potential energy surface for H<sub>2</sub> inside  $C_{60}^+$  is very shallow, hindering a proper geometry optimization. Therefore, we took few H<sub>2</sub>@C<sub>60</sub><sup>+</sup> isomers, which are not the real ground states due to the presence of imaginary frequencies, corresponding to H<sub>2</sub> motion inside C<sub>60</sub><sup>+</sup>. Nevertheless, the applied level of theory does not predict considerable influence of H<sub>2</sub> on the C-C stretching (tangential) vibrational modes.

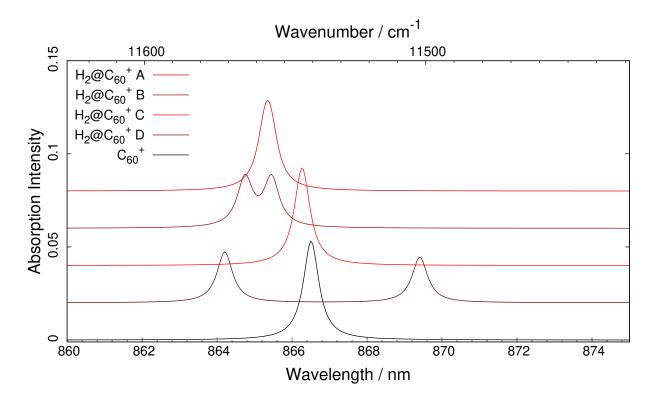


Figure S4: Calculated 0-0 vertical electronic transitions, corresponding to the  $C_{60}^+$  ${}^2E_{1g} \leftarrow {}^2A_{1u}$  absorption (TDDFT BP86/def2-SVP)<sup>4</sup> for the same H<sub>2</sub>@C<sub>60</sub><sup>+</sup> isomers as in Fig. S3. The calculated spectrum was broadened by Lorentzian functions with a 0.5 nm FWHM: oscillator strength x Lorentzian function. Most of the calculated absorption wavelengths show a blue shift relative to the  $C_{60}^+$  absorption, which is also observed in the experiment.

## References

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