

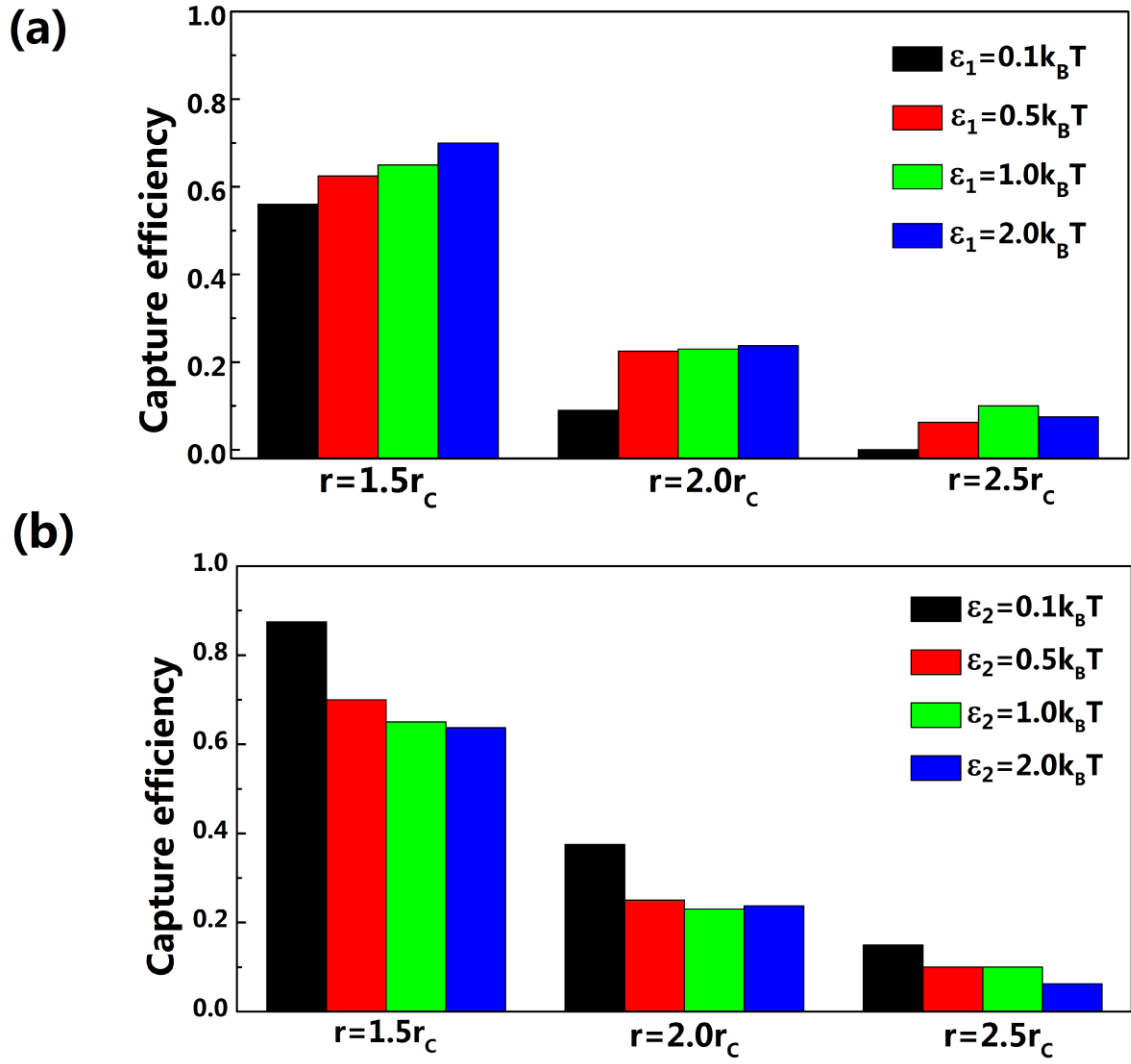
## Supporting Information

# Computational design of functionalized substrate for capturing nanoparticles with specific size and shape

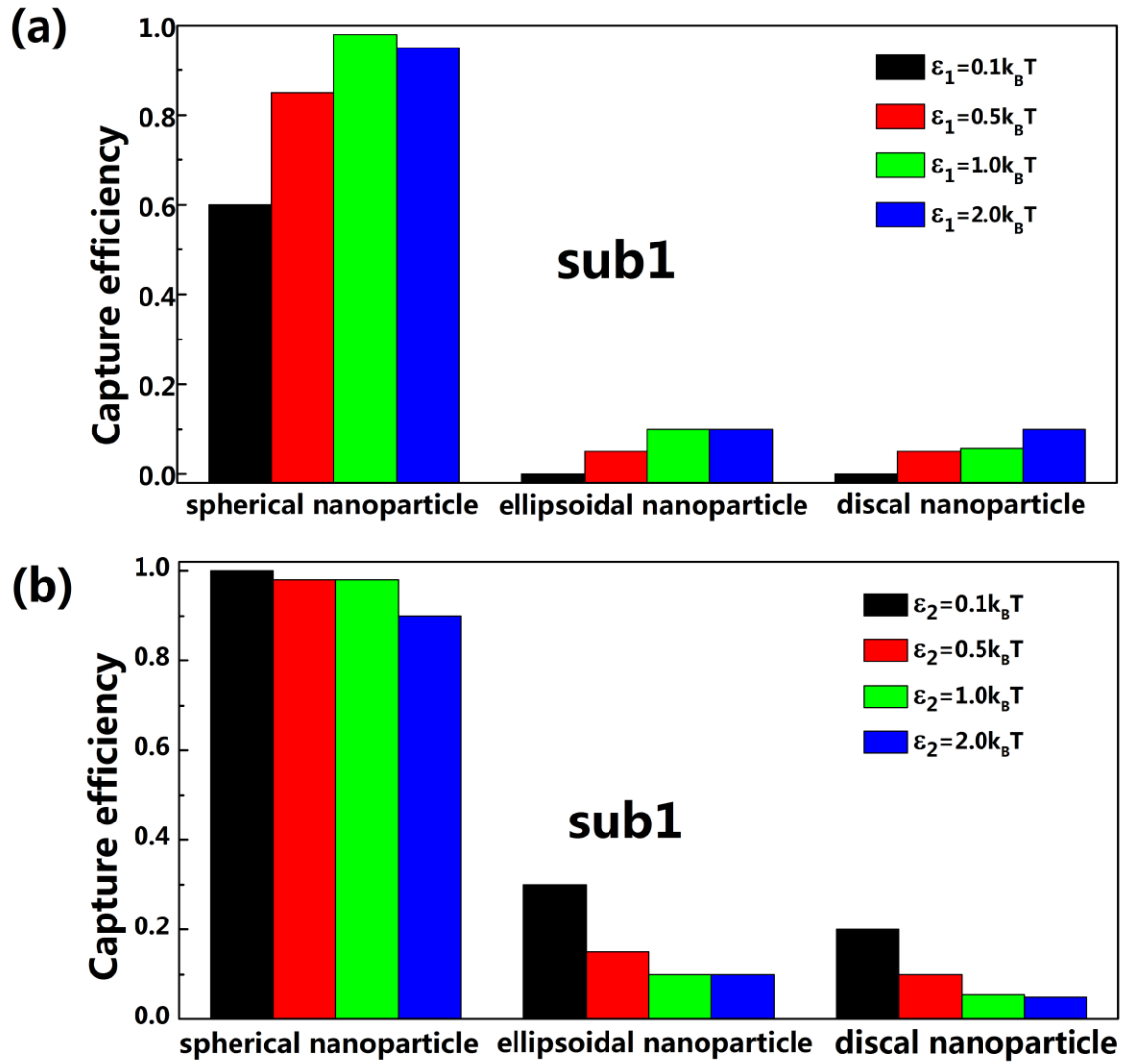
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**Figure S1.** The capture efficiency of spherical nanoparticles as a function of the nanoparticle size under different interaction parameters. (a) The strength of the attractive interaction ( $\epsilon_1$ ) between the nanoparticle and the specific part of copolymers changes from 0.1  $k_B T$  to 2.0  $k_B T$ , where the strength of the repulsive interaction ( $\epsilon_2$ ) between the nanoparticle and the non-specific part of copolymers is fixed as 1.0  $k_B T$ . (b) The repulsive interaction ( $\epsilon_2$ ) changes from 0.1  $k_B T$  to 2.0  $k_B T$ , where the strength of attractive interaction ( $\epsilon_1$ ) is fixed as 1.0  $k_B T$ .



**Figure S2.** The capture efficiency of nanoparticles with different shapes under different interaction parameters when the hole in the substrate is sphere. (a) The strength of the attractive interaction ( $\epsilon_1$ ) between the nanoparticle and the specific part of copolymers changes from 0.1  $k_B T$  to 2.0  $k_B T$ , where the strength of the repulsive interaction ( $\epsilon_2$ ) between the nanoparticle and the non-specific part of copolymers is fixed as 1.0  $k_B T$ . (b) The repulsive interaction ( $\epsilon_2$ ) changes from 0.1  $k_B T$  to 2.0  $k_B T$ , where the strength of attractive interaction ( $\epsilon_1$ ) is fixed as 1.0  $k_B T$ .